

Estimated Total Annual Burden on Respondents: 218,364 hours.

Copies of this information collection can be obtained from Katherine Anne Mathis, RD Innovation Center—Regulations Management Division, Telephone: 202–713–7565, email: Katherine.mathis@usda.gov.

All responses to this notice will be summarized and included in the request for OMB approval. All comments will also become a matter of public record.

Kathryn E. Dirksen Londrigan,

Administrator, Rural Business-Cooperative Service, USDA Rural Development.

[FR Doc. 2024–12228 Filed 6–3–24; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3410–XY–P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

Notice of Scope Rulings

AGENCY: Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

DATES: Applicable June 4, 2024.

SUMMARY: The U.S. Department of Commerce (Commerce) hereby publishes a list of scope rulings and circumvention determinations made during the period October 1, 2023, through December 31, 2023. We intend to publish future lists after the close of the next calendar quarter.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Marcia E. Short, AD/CVD Operations, Customs Liaison Unit, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20230; telephone: 202–482–1560.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

Commerce regulations provide that it will publish in the **Federal Register** a list of scope rulings on a quarterly basis.¹ Our most recent notification of scope rulings was published on December 13, 2023.² This current notice covers all scope rulings made by Enforcement and Compliance between October 1, 2023, and December 31, 2023.

¹ See 19 CFR 351.225(o).

² See *Notice of Scope Rulings*, 88 FR 86320 (December 13, 2023).

Scope Rulings Made October 1, 2023, Through December 31, 2023

Bahrain

A–525–001 and C–525–002: Common Alloy Aluminum Sheet From Bahrain

Requestor: FCC Metals LLC. Finished aluminum coil for use in roofing products is covered by the scope of the antidumping and countervailing duty orders on common alloy aluminum sheet from Bahrain because the merchandise produced and exported from Bahrain and further processed in Jordan entered the United States as in-scope merchandise; November 8, 2023.

India

A–533–883 and C–533–884: Glycine From India

Requestor: GEO Specialty Chemicals, Inc. Calcium glycinate is not covered by the scope of the antidumping or countervailing duty orders on glycine from India, because calcium glycinate is a precursor of glycine and calcium glycinate is not a type of glycine; October 11, 2023.

A–533–865 and C–533–866: Certain Cold-Rolled Steel Flat Products From India

Requestor: SIGMA Corporation. An end module side cover and certain cable tray connection brackets are not covered by the scope of the antidumping or countervailing duty orders on certain cold-rolled steel flat products from India because they are not cold-rolled flat-rolled steel products but are components of modular battery storage assemblies; December 13, 2023.

Japan

A–588–878: Glycine From Japan

Requestor: GEO Specialty Chemicals, Inc. Calcium glycinate is not covered by the scope of the antidumping duty order on glycine from Japan because calcium glycinate is a precursor of glycine and calcium glycinate is not a type of glycine; October 11, 2023.

People's Republic of China (China)

C–570–081: Glycine From China

Requestor: GEO Specialty Chemicals, Inc. Calcium glycinate is not covered by the scope of the countervailing duty order on glycine from China because calcium glycinate is a precursor of glycine and calcium glycinate is not a type of glycine; October 11, 2023.

A–570–967 and C–570–968: Aluminum Extrusions From China

Requestor: Wagner Spray Tech Corporation. Wagner Spray Tech Corporation's part number 805–324

manifold is covered by the scope of the antidumping and countervailing duty orders on aluminum extrusions from China because it does not satisfy the design and testing requirements that would qualify for the “finished heat sink” exception to the orders; October 17, 2023.

A–570–890: Woodend Bedroom Furniture From China

Requestor: Moe's Home Collection Inc. Certain case pieces of furniture are covered by the scope of the antidumping duty order on wooden bedroom furniture from China because they are physically consistent with certain types of wooden bedroom furniture, in some cases were suitable for storing clothes, and were advertised as bedroom furniture; November 22, 2023.

A–570–131 and C–570–132: Twist Ties From China

Requestor: Essential Ribbons, Inc. The twist tie component of twist ties attached with bows are covered by the orders. Commerce determined the twist tie component was within the scope of the orders based on an analysis under 19 CFR 351.225(k)(3). First, Commerce examined the merchandise as a whole and found it had multiple components because it was described as having two pieces with different functions and the pieces were either not attached or attached by a single stitch. Then Commerce examined the twist tie component and found it was explicitly covered by the scope in both function and physical description. Finally, Commerce examined if the inclusion of the twist tie with the attachable bow resulted in an exclusion of the scope inquiry merchandise from the scope of the orders. Since there is no exclusion for a twist tie that is a component of merchandise that has a bow, Commerce found the twist tie was not excluded from the orders. The twist tie component of twist ties attached with bows is, therefore, covered by the scope of the orders; November 27, 2023.

A–570–095 and C–570–096: Aluminum Wire and Cable From China

Requestor: Imperium Cables, LLC. (Imperium). Imperium's Type SER and Type URD aluminum conductor cables that are manufactured in Korea by Pusan Cables & Engineering Co., Ltd., and incorporate aluminum wire cable that is produced in China by Hebei Huatong Wires and Cables Group Co., Ltd. (Hebei Huatong), are not covered by the scope of the antidumping and countervailing duty orders, because the aluminum wire produced by Hebei

Huatong is uninsulated and, therefore, does not meet the criterion of the scope. The scope of the orders provides that “at least one of the electrical conductors is insulated.” December 4, 2023.

A–570–117: Wood Mouldings and Millwork Products From China

Requestor: Chicago Dowel Company Inc. Small diameter wood dowels are covered by the scope of the antidumping and countervailing duty orders on wood mouldings and millwork products from China because they are made of wood, continuously shaped wood, and in the form of dowels: December 11, 2023.

Taiwan

A–583–865: Certain Carbon Alloy Steel Threaded Rod From Taiwan

Requestor: Component Technology International, Inc. Four types of collared studs (*i.e.*, part numbers 2003.1027CTI, 2012.0306, 1405307CTI, and 1448160CTI) are not covered by the scope of the antidumping duty order because they are headed, not straight, and three of the four parts do not have a circular diameter. The scope excludes headed products and secondary sources support finding that these four types of certain collared studs are headed, and, thus, not covered. We issued the final decision on October 6, 2023.

A–583–865: Certain Carbon Alloy Steel Threaded Rod From Taiwan

Requestor: Component Technology International, Inc. Five types of collared studs (*i.e.*, part numbers AF020710, B34–6005, 5445362/CTI, 2003.2021, and HW100149) are not covered by the scope of the antidumping duty order because they are headed, not straight, and do not have a circular diameter. The scope excludes headed products and secondary sources support finding that these five types of certain collared studs are headed, and, thus, not covered. We issued the final decision on November 17, 2023.

Thailand

A–549–837: Glycine From Thailand

Requestor: GEO Specialty Chemicals, Inc. Calcium glycinate is not covered by the scope of the antidumping duty order on glycine from Thailand because calcium glycinate is a precursor of glycine and calcium glycinate is not a type of glycine: October 11, 2023.

Notification to Interested Parties

Interested parties are invited to comment on the completeness of this list of completed scope inquiries and scope/circumvention inquiry

combinations made during the period October 1, 2023, through December 31, 2023. Any comments should be submitted to the Deputy Assistant Secretary for AD/CVD Operations, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, via email to CommerceCLU@trade.gov.

This notice is published in accordance with 19 CFR 351.225(o).

Dated: May 29, 2024.

James Maeder,

Deputy Assistant Secretary for Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Operations.

[FR Doc. 2024–12171 Filed 6–3–24; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510–DS–P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

Fermi Research Alliance, et al.; Notice of Decision on Application for Duty-Free Entry of Scientific Instruments

This is a decision pursuant to section 6(c) of the Educational, Scientific, and Cultural Materials Importation Act of 1966 (Pub. L. 89–651, as amended by Pub. L. 106–36; 80 Stat. 897; 15 CFR part 301). On *March 22, 2024*, the Department of Commerce published a notice in the **Federal Register** requesting public comment on whether instruments of equivalent scientific value, for the purposes for which the instruments identified in the docket(s) below are intended to be used, are being manufactured in the United States. See *Application(s) for Duty-Free Entry of Scientific Instruments, 89FR20426–27, (Notice)*. We received no public comments regarding the instruments in docket numbers: 24–001; 24–002; 24–005; 24–007. We did receive comments, from SRI International, regarding the instruments in docket numbers: 24–003; 24–004; 24–006; and 24–008.

Comments: In its comments regarding the instruments in docket numbers: 24–003; 24–004; 24–006; and 24–008, SRI International claims that currently, no domestic manufacturer offers an off-the-shelf or custom-made item of equivalent scientific value. Decision: Approved. We know of no instrument of equivalent scientific value to the foreign instrument described below, for such purposes as this is intended to be used, that was being manufactured in the United States at the time of order.

Docket Number: 24–001. Applicant: Fermi Research Alliance, P.O. Box 500, Batavia, IL 60510. Instrument: Helium Refrigeration/Liquification Plant and accompanying accessories. Manufacturer: Air Liquide, France. Intended Use: The PIP II linear

accelerator will provide unparalleled achievement in particle acceleration. These accelerated particles will be born at the FNAL site in Batavia, IL and accelerated via the PIP II linear accelerator through the Earth approximately 900 miles west into the Deep Underground Neutrino Experiment (DUNE) located in Lead, SD, to discover whether neutrinos violate the fundamental matter-antimatter symmetry of physics. The design, research, development, and results from the construction and use of the PIP II Linear Accelerator will be the subject of high energy physics and physics engineering courses at dozens of domestic and international institutions of higher education. No specific course titles are available at this time, but the information will be extensively discussed and challenged at college and university classrooms for years to come.

Docket Number: 24–002. Applicant: Washington University in St. Louis, One Brookings Drive, St. Louis, MO 63130–4899. Instrument: Two-Dimensional Material Metallographic Microscopic Transfer System. Manufacturer: HIGH HOPE ZHONGDING CORPORATION, China. Intended Use: The instrument is intended to be used for all general two-dimensional (2D) materials like graphene, molybdenum sulfide, black phosphorus, 2D magnetic et al., to perform a comprehensive set of optical experiments aimed at elucidating optical and magnetic properties of superlattices based on 2D materials et al. The main objective is to create new quantum materials as designed, to study exotic quantum states, which is crucial for the evolution of optical, electronic and information technologies of the future. This transfer stage is particularly developed for cutting-edge technology in the fabrication and manipulation of two-dimensional materials, which is crucial for researchers in these fields.

Docket Number: 24–003. Applicant: University of Colorado JILA Department, Campus Box 440 UCB, JILA Building, Room S/175, Boulder, CO 80309. Instrument: Narrow Linewidth Laser. Manufacturer: Shanghai Precilasers Technology Co, Ltd., China. Intended Use: The instrument will be intended to be used for Quantum simulation using Lithium atoms in a cryogenic environment. Ultracold Lithium atoms will be used for studies of the Fermi-Hubbard model, which are an ideal platform for such studies due to their broadly tunable interactions with Feshbach resonances. Observation will determine whether low temperature phases of the Fermi-Hubbard model can be revealed by performing our experiments within a cryogenically