

are straight but not perpendicular to the crown, instead intersecting with the crown at an angle ranging from 30 degrees to 75 degrees. The hog rings subject to the exclusion are collated using glue, adhesive, or tape. The hog rings subject to this exclusion have either a 90 degree blunt point or 15–75 degree divergent point.

Certain collated steel staples subject to this *Order* are currently classifiable under subheading 8305.20.0000 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS). While the HTSUS subheading and ASTM specification are provided for convenience and for customs purposes, the written description of the subject merchandise is dispositive.

Final Determination of No Shipments

In the *Preliminary Results*, Commerce determined that Best Nail/Shaoxing Bohui had no shipments of certain collated steel staples during the POR, based on Best Nail/Shaoxing Bohui's timely submitted no-shipment certification and our analysis of information from U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP). We received no comments with respect to our preliminary finding. Therefore, for these final results, we continue to determine that Best Nail/Shaoxing Bohui had no shipments of subject merchandise during the POR.³

Assessment Rates

Commerce shall determine, and CBP shall assess, antidumping duties on all appropriate entries in accordance with section 751(a)(2)(C) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act), and 19 CFR 351.212(b). As Commerce continues to find that Best Nail/Shaoxing Bohui did not have any shipments of subject merchandise during the POR, we will instruct CBP to assess any suspended entries of subject merchandise associated with Best Nail/Shaoxing Bohui at the China-wide rate (*i.e.*, 112.01 percent).

Commerce intends to issue assessment instructions to CBP no earlier than 35 days after the date of publication of these final results of review in the **Federal Register**. If a timely summons is filed at the U.S. Court of International Trade, the assessment instructions will direct CBP not to liquidate relevant entries until the

time for parties to file a request for a statutory injunction has expired (*i.e.*, within 90 days of publication).

Cash Deposit Requirements

The following cash deposit requirements will be effective for all shipments of subject merchandise entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after the publication date of the final results of this administrative review, as provided by section 751(a)(2)(C) of the Act: (1) Best Nail/Shaoxing Bohui's cash deposit rate will continue to be its existing rate, 0.0 percent;⁴ (2) for previously investigated or reviewed Chinese and non-Chinese exporters for which a review was not requested and that received a separate rate in a prior segment of this proceeding, the cash deposit rate will continue to be the existing exporter-specific rate published for the most recently-completed period; (3) for all Chinese exporters of subject merchandise that have not been found to be entitled to a separate rate, the cash deposit rate will be the rate for the China-wide entity; and (4) for all non-Chinese exporters of subject merchandise that have not received their own rate, the cash deposit rate will be the rate applicable to the Chinese exporter that supplied that non-Chinese exporter. These deposit requirements, when imposed, shall remain in effect until further notice.

Notification to Importers Regarding the Reimbursement of Duties

This notice serves as a final reminder to importers of their responsibility under 19 CFR 351.402(f)(2) to file a certificate regarding the reimbursement of antidumping and/or countervailing duties prior to liquidation of the relevant entries during this POR. Failure to comply with this requirement could result in Commerce's presumption that reimbursement of antidumping and/or countervailing duties occurred and the subsequent assessment of double antidumping duties.

Administrative Protective Order

This notice also serves as a final reminder to parties subject to administrative protective orders (APO) of their responsibility concerning the return or destruction of proprietary information disclosed under APO in accordance with 19 CFR 351.305(a)(3), which continues to govern business

proprietary information in this segment of the proceeding. Timely written notification of the return or destruction of APO materials, or conversion to judicial protective order, is hereby requested. Failure to comply with the regulations and terms of an APO is a sanctionable violation.

Notification to Interested Parties

We are issuing and publishing this notice in accordance with sections 751(a)(1) and 777(i)(1) of the Act, and 19 CFR 351.213(h) and 19 CFR 351.221(b)(5).

Dated: July 1, 2024.

Ryan Majerus,

Deputy Assistant Secretary for Policy and Negotiations, performing the non-exclusive functions and duties of the Assistant Secretary for Enforcement and Compliance.

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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

[C–475–819, C–489–806]

Certain Pasta From Italy and the Republic of Türkiye: Final Results of the Expedited Fifth Sunset Reviews of the Countervailing Duty Orders

AGENCY: Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

SUMMARY: The U.S. Department of Commerce (Commerce) finds that revocation of the countervailing duty orders on certain pasta from Italy and the Republic of Türkiye (Türkiye) would be likely to lead to continuation or recurrence of net countervailable subsidies at the rates indicated in the “Final Results of Expedited Sunset Reviews” section of this notice.

DATES: Applicable July 9, 2024.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Blair Hood, AD/CVD Operations, Office I, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482–8329.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

On July 24, 1996, Commerce published the countervailing duty orders on certain pasta from Italy and Türkiye.¹ On March 1, 2024, Commerce

³ See Best Nail/Shaoxing Bohui's Letter, “Submission of Statement of No Shipment,” dated October 11, 2023; see also Memoranda, “No Shipment Inquiry for Zhejiang Best Nail Industrial Co., Ltd. and Shaoxing Bohui Import & Export Co., Ltd. during the period 07/01/2022 through 06/30/2023,” dated November 6, 2023; and “Placing CBP Entry Documents on the Record,” dated January 19, 2024.

⁴ See *Certain Collated Steel Staples from the People's Republic of China: Final Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review; Final Determination of No Shipments; and Partial Rescission; 2020–2021*, 88 FR 8800, 8801 (February 10, 2023).

¹ See *Notice of Countervailing Duty Order and Amended Final Affirmative Countervailing Duty Determination: Certain Pasta (“Pasta”) from Italy*, 61 FR 38544 (July 24, 1996); see also *Notice of Countervailing Duty Order: Certain Pasta (“Pasta”)*

initiated the fifth sunset reviews of the *Orders*, pursuant to section 751(c) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act).² Commerce received a timely notice of intent to participate in each of these reviews from 8th Avenue Food & Provisions, Inc., Philadelphia Macaroni Company, and Winland Foods, Inc. (collectively, the domestic interested parties) within the deadline specified in 19 CFR 351.218(d)(1)(i).³ The domestic interested parties claimed interested party status under section 771(9)(C) of the Act.⁴

Commerce received adequate substantive responses from the domestic interested parties within the 30-day deadline specified in 19 CFR 351.218(d)(3)(i).⁵ Commerce did not receive substantive responses from any government or respondent interested party to these proceedings. On April 23, 2024, Commerce notified the U.S. International Trade Commission that it did not receive an adequate substantive response from other interested parties.⁶ As a result, in accordance with section 751(c)(3)(B) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.218(e)(1)(ii)(C)(2), Commerce conducted expedited, *i.e.*, 120-day, sunset reviews of the *Orders*.

Scope of the Orders

The product covered by the *Orders* is certain pasta. For a full description of the scope of the *Orders*, see the Issues and Decision Memoranda.⁷

Analysis of the Comments Received

A complete discussion of all issues raised in these sunset reviews, including the likelihood of continuation or recurrence of subsidization in the event of revocation of the *Orders* and the net countervailable subsidy rates likely to prevail if the *Orders* were to be revoked, is provided in the Issues and Decision Memoranda. A list of topics discussed in the Issues and Decision

Memoranda is included as the appendix to this notice. The Issues and Decision Memoranda are public documents and on file electronically via Enforcement and Compliance’s Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Centralized Electronic Service System (ACCESS). ACCESS is available to registered users at <https://access.trade.gov>. In addition, a complete version of each Issues and Decision Memorandum can be accessed directly at <https://access.trade.gov/public/FRNoticesListLayout.aspx>.

Final Results of Sunset Reviews

Pursuant to sections 751(c)(1) and 752(b) of the Act, Commerce determines that revocation of the *Order* with respect to Italy would be likely to lead to continuation or recurrence of a countervailable subsidies at the following net countervailable subsidy rates:

Company	Subsidy rate (percent <i>ad valorem</i>)
Agritalia, S.r.l	10.45
Arrighi S.p.A. Industrie Alimentari	10.34
De Matteis Agroalimentare S.p.A	9.64
Delverde, S.r.l	13.25
F.lli DeCecco di Filippo Fara S. Martino S.p.A	9.90
Industria Alimentare Colavita, S.p.A	9.50
Isola del Grano, S.r.L	17.19
Italpast S.p.A	17.19
Italpasta S.r.l	10.34
La Molisana Alimentari S.p.A	11.31
Labor, S.r.L	17.19
Molino e Pastificio DeCecco S.p.A. Pescara	9.90
Pastificio Guido Ferrara	8.83
Pastificio Campano, S.p.A	9.96
Pastificio Riscossa F.lli Mastromauro S.r.L	14.30
Tamma Industrie Alimentari di Capitanata	13.25
All Others	11.01

Pursuant to sections 751(c)(1) and 752(b) of the Act, Commerce determines that revocation of the *Order* with respect to Türkiye would be likely to lead to continuation or recurrence of a countervailable subsidies at the following net countervailable subsidy rates:

Company	Subsidy rate (percent <i>ad valorem</i>)
Filiz Gıda Sanayi ve Ticaret A.S	1.73
Maktas Makarnacılık ve Ticaret A.S	13.19
Oba Makarnacılık Sanayi ve Ticaret	13.18
All Others	8.95

Administrative Protective Order

This notice serves as the only reminder to parties subject to an administrative protective order (APO) of their responsibility concerning the disposition of proprietary information disclosed under APO in accordance with 19 CFR 351.305(a). Timely written notification of the return or destruction of APO materials or conversion to judicial protective order is hereby requested. Failure to comply with the regulations and terms of an APO is a violation which is subject to sanction.

Notification to Interested Parties

We are issuing and publishing these final results in accordance with sections 751(c), 752(c), and 777(i)(1) of the Act, and 19 CFR 351.218.

Dated: July 1, 2024.

Ryan Majerus,

Deputy Assistant Secretary for Policy and Negotiations, performing the non-exclusive functions and duties of the Assistant Secretary for Enforcement and Compliance.

Appendix

List of Topics Discussed in the Issues and Decision Memoranda

- I. Summary
- II. Background
- III. Scope of the *Order*
- IV. History of the *Order*
- V. Legal Framework
- VI. Discussion of the Issues
 - 1. Likelihood of Continuation or Recurrence of a Countervailable Subsidy
 - 2. Net Countervailable Subsidy Rates Likely to Prevail
 - 3. Nature of the Subsidies
- VII. Final Results of Expedited Sunset Review
- VIII. Recommendation

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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

[A–570–898]

Chlorinated Isocyanurates From the People’s Republic of China: Preliminary Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review; 2022–2023

AGENCY: Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

SUMMARY: The U.S. Department of Commerce (Commerce) preliminarily determines that chlorinated isocyanurates (chlorinated isos) from the People’s Republic of China (China) were sold in the United States at less than normal value (NV) during the

¹ *from Turkey*, 61 FR 38546 (July 24, 1996) (collectively, *Orders*).

² See *Initiation of Five-Year (Sunset) Reviews*, 89 FR 15139 (March 1, 2024).

³ See Domestic Interested Parties’ Letter, “Notice of Intent to Participate,” dated March 14, 2024.

⁴ *Id.* at 3.

⁵ See Domestic Interested Parties’ Letter, “Substantive Response,” dated March 29, 2024.

⁶ See Commerce’s Letter, “Sunset Reviews Initiated on March 1, 2024,” dated April 23, 2024.

⁷ See Memoranda, “Issues and Decision Memorandum for the Final Results of the Expedited Fifth Sunset Review of the Countervailing Duty Order on Certain Pasta from Italy,” dated concurrently with, and hereby adopted by, this notice; and “Issues and Decision Memorandum for the Final Results of the Expedited Fifth Sunset Review of the Countervailing Duty Order on Certain Pasta from the Republic of Türkiye,” dated concurrently with, and hereby adopted by, this notice (collectively, Issues and Decision Memoranda).