in a fluid-resistant polyurethane-coated ticking with a zipper; with welded seams on the ticking, which are two or more layers of coated material thermally fused together with a permanent bond; with attachment fasteners extending from the bottom of the surface comprised of snaps or plastic hook(s); with a unique device identifier label for medical devices issued by an FDA-accredited agency and listed in the FDA-administered Global Unique Device Identification Database.

Foam Surfaces with all the following characteristics: with a nominal thickness of 6.5 inches or less; with a foam core that has articulation lines cut into the foam and/or die-cut construction in a portion of the foam to allow movement of the surface; enclosed in a fluid-resistant polyurethane-coated ticking with a zipper; with the ticking made of material meeting ASTM F1671B-07 requirements for porosity and ISO 10993 requirements for biocompatibility; with welded seams on the ticking, which are two or more layers of coated material thermally fused together with a permanent bond; with brackets or attachment knobs embedded in the surface core to allow the surface to be firmly affixed to the hospital bed frame; with a unique device identifier label for medical devices issued by an FDA-accredited agency and listed in the FDA-administered Global Unique Device Identification Database, where the label includes the manufacturer's name and address as well as the product's name, date of manufacture, serial number, and Global Trade Identification Number (GTIN).

The products subject to this investigation are currently classifiable under Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS) subheadings: 9404.21.0010, 9404.21.0013, 9404.21.0095, 9404.29.1005, 9404.29.1013, 9404.29.1095, 9404.29.9085, 9404.29.9087, and 9404.29.9095. Products subject to this investigation may also enter under HTSUS subheadings: 9401.41.0000, 9401.49.0000, and 9401.99.9081. Although the HTSUS subheadings are provided for convenience and customs purposes, the written description of the merchandise subject to this investigation is dispositive.

### Appendix II

# List of Topics Discussed in the Final Decision Memorandum

I. Summary

II. Background

III. Changes Since the *Preliminary*Determination

IV. Discussion of the Issues

Comment 1: Level of Trade (LOT)

Comment 2: Whether to Use Comotex Sistemas Del Descanso, S.L. Unipersonal's (Comotex) Reported General and Administrative (G&A)

Expense Comment 3: Whether to Use the Revised

Sales and Cost Databases Comment 4: Whether to Exclude Home Market Sample Sales

V. Recommendation

[FR Doc. 2024–15987 Filed 7–19–24; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-DS-P

### **DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE**

### **International Trade Administration**

[A-201-859]

## Mattresses From Mexico: Final Affirmative Determination of Sales at Less-Than-Fair Value

**AGENCY:** Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

**SUMMARY:** The U.S. Department of Commerce (Commerce) determines that imports of mattresses from Mexico are being, or are likely to be, sold in the United States at less-than-fair value (LTFV). The period of investigation is July 1, 2022, through June 30, 2023.

DATES: Applicable July 22, 2024.

### FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Dakota Potts or Benjamin Blythe, AD/CVD Operations, Office IV, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482–0223 and (202) 482–3457, respectively.

### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

### **Background**

On March 1, 2024, Commerce published the preliminary determination in this LTFV investigation of mattresses from Mexico. Commerce invited interested parties to comment on the *Preliminary Determination*.

A summary of the events that occurred since Commerce published the Preliminary Determination, as well as a full discussion of the issues raised by parties for this final determination, may be found in the Issues and Decision Memorandum.<sup>3</sup> The Issues and Decision Memorandum is a public document and is on file electronically via Enforcement and Compliance's Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Centralized Electronic Service System (ACCESS). ACCESS is available to registered users at https://access.trade.gov. In addition, a complete version of the Issues and Decision Memorandum can be accessed

directly at https://access.trade.gov/public/FRNoticesListLayout.aspx.

## Scope of the Investigation

The products covered by this investigation are mattresses from Mexico. For a complete description of the scope of this investigation, *see* Appendix I.

## **Scope Comments**

During the course of this investigation, Commerce received scope comments from parties. Commerce issued a Preliminary Scope Decision Memorandum to address these comments and set aside a period of time for parties to address scope issues in scope-specific case and rebuttal briefs.4 We received comments from parties on the Preliminary Scope Decision Memorandum, which we addressed in the Final Scope Decision Memorandum. 5 We made changes to the scope of the investigation from the scope published in the Preliminary Determination, as noted in Appendix I.

### Verification

Commerce conducted verification of the information relied upon in making its final determination in this investigation, in accordance with section 782(i) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act). Specifically, we conducted on-site verifications of the home market sales, U.S. sales, and cost of production responses submitted by Ureblock S.A. de C.V. and Espumas de Oriente S.A. de C.V. (collectively, Ureblock/Espumas), using standard verification procedures, including an examination of relevant sales and accounting records, and original source documents provided by the respondents.6

### **Analysis of Comments Received**

All issues raised in the case and rebuttal briefs submitted by the interested parties in this investigation are addressed in the Issues and Decision Memorandum. A list of the issues

¹ See Mattresses from Mexico: Preliminary Affirmative Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value, 89 FR 15152 (March 1, 2024) (Preliminary Determination), and accompanying Preliminary Decision Memorandum.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> See Preliminary Determination, 89 FR at 15153.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> See Memorandum, "Issues and Decision Memorandum for the Final Affirmative Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value in the Investigation of Mattresses from Mexico," dated concurrently with, and hereby adopted by, this notice (Issues and Decision Memorandum).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> See Memorandum, "Mattresses from Bosnia and Herzegovina, Bulgaria, Burma, India, Indonesia, Italy, Kosovo, Mexico, Philippines, Poland, Slovenia, Spain, and Taiwan: Preliminary Scope Decision Memorandum," dated February 23, 2024 (Preliminary Scope Decision Memorandum).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> See Memorandum, "Mattresses from Bosnia and Herzegovina, Bulgaria, Burma, India, Indonesia, Italy, Kosovo, Mexico, Philippines, Poland, Slovenia, Spain, and Taiwan: Final Scope Decision Memorandum," dated May 8, 2024 (Final Scope Decision Memorandum).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> See Memoranda, "Verification of the Sales Response of Ureblock S.A. de C.V. and its affiliates in the Less-Than-Fair-Value Investigation of Mattresses from Mexico," and "Verification of the Cost Response of Ureblock S.A. de CV in the Antidumping Duty Investigation of Mattresses from Mexico," dated April 16 and 23, 2024, respectively.

addressed in the Issues and Decision Memorandum is attached to this notice as Appendix II.

# **Changes Since the Preliminary Determination**

We have made certain changes to the margin calculations for Ureblock/ Espumas since the *Preliminary Determination*. For a discussion of these changes, *see* the Issues and Decision Memorandum.

## Use of Adverse Facts Available (AFA)

As discussed in the Preliminary Determination, Commerce assigned a mandatory respondent in this investigation, GAIM Regiomontana S.A. de C.V. (GAIM), and a voluntary respondent in this investigation, Colchones Wendy S.A. de C.V. (Wendy), an estimated weighted-average dumping margin on the basis of AFA, pursuant to sections 776(a) and (b) of the Act.7 There is no new information on the record that would cause us to revisit our decision in the Preliminary Determination. Accordingly, for the reasons explained in the Preliminary Determination, and consistent with Commerce's practice, as AFA, we assigned GAIM and Wendy the highest corroborated dumping margin alleged in the petition.8

# All-Others Rate

Section 735(c)(5)(A) of the Act provides that the estimated weighted-average dumping margin for all other producers and exporters not individually investigated shall be equal to the weighted average of the estimated weighted-average dumping margins established for exporters and producers individually investigated excluding rates that are zero, de minimis, or determined entirely under section 776 of the Act.

In this investigation, Commerce assigned a rate based entirely on facts available to Wendy and GAIM.

Therefore, the only rate that is not zero, de minimis, or based entirely on facts otherwise available is the rate calculated for Ureblock/Espumas. Consequently, the rate calculated for Ureblock/
Espumas is also assigned as the rate for all other producers and exporters.

#### **Final Determination**

The final estimated dumping margins are as follows:

Exporter/producer	Estimated weighted- average dumping margin (percent)
Ureblock S.A. de C.V./Espumas de Oriente S.A. de C.V GAIM Regiomontana S.A. de	37.59
C.V	* 61.97
Colchones Wendy S.A. de C.V	* 61.97
All Others	37.59

<sup>\*</sup> Rate based on facts available with adverse inferences.

### Disclosure

Commerce intends to disclose its calculations and analysis performed to interested parties in this final determination within five days of any public announcement, or if there is no public announcement, within five days of the date of the publication of this notice in the **Federal Register**, in accordance with 19 CFR 351.224(b).

# Continuation of Suspension of Liquidation

In accordance with section 735(c)(1)(B) of the Act, Commerce will instruct U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) to continue to suspend liquidation of subject merchandise as described in Appendix I of this notice, which were entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption, on or after March 1, 2024, the date of publication of the *Preliminary Determination* in the **Federal Register**.

Pursuant to section 735(c)(1)(B)(ii) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.210(d), upon the publication of this notice, we will instruct CBP to require a cash deposit for estimated antidumping duties for such entries as follows: (1) the cash deposit rates for the respondents listed in the table above are the companyspecific estimated weighted-average dumping margins listed for the respondents in the table; (2) if the exporters are not the respondents listed in the table above, but the producers are, then the cash deposit rate will be the company-specific estimated weighted-average dumping margins listed for the producer of the subject merchandise in the table above; and (3) the cash deposit rate for all other producers and exporters is the all-others estimated weighted-average dumping margin listed in the table above.

These suspension of liquidation instructions will remain in effect until further notice.

# **International Trade Commission (ITC) Notification**

In accordance with section 735(d) of the Act, Commerce will notify the ITC of its final affirmative determination of sales at LTFV. Because Commerce's final determination is affirmative, in accordance with section 735(b)(2) of the Act, the ITC will make its final determination as to whether the domestic industry in the United States is materially injured, or threatened with material injury, by reason of imports or sales (or the likelihood of sales) for importation of mattresses no later than 45 days after this final determination. If the ITC determines that such injury does not exist, this proceeding will be terminated, all cash deposits posted will be refunded, and suspension of liquidation will be lifted. If the ITC determines that such injury does exist, Commerce will issue an antidumping duty order directing CBP to assess, upon further instruction by Commerce, antidumping duties on all imports of the subject merchandise entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after the effective date of the suspension of liquidation, as discussed in the "Continuation of Suspension of Liquidation" section above.

### Administrative Protective Order (APO)

This notice serves as the only reminder to parties subject to an APO of their responsibility concerning the disposition of proprietary information disclosed under APO in accordance with 19 CFR 351.305(a)(3). Timely notification of the return, or destruction, of APO materials, or conversion to judicial protective order, is hereby requested. Failure to comply with the regulations and the terms of an APO is a violation subject to sanction.

### **Notification to Interested Parties**

This determination is issued and published in accordance with sections 735(d) and 777(i) of the Act, and 19 CFR 351.210(c).

Dated: July 15, 2024.

## Ryan Majerus,

Deputy Assistant Secretary for Policy and Negotiations, performing the non-exclusive functions and duties of the Assistant Secretary for Enforcement and Compliance.

## Appendix I

### Scope of the Investigation

The products covered by this investigation are all types of youth and adult mattresses. The term "mattress" denotes an assembly of materials that at a minimum includes a "core," which provides the main support system of the mattress, and may consist of innersprings, foam, other resilient filling, or

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> See Preliminary Determination, 89 FR at 15153.

<sup>8</sup> See, e.g., Welded Stainless Pressure Pipe from Thailand: Final Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value, 79 FR 31093 (May 30, 2014), and accompanying Issues and Decision Memorandum (IDM) at Comment 3; see also Petitioners' Letter, "Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Petitions," dated July 28, 2023, at 16–19; and Checklist, "Antidumping Duty Investigation Initiation Checklist," dated August 17, 2023; and Petitioner's Letter, "Mattress Petitioners' Response to the Department of Commerce's Supplemental Questions," dated August 7, 2023, at Exhibit 3.

a combination of these materials. Mattresses also may contain: (1) "upholstery," the material between the core and the top panel of the ticking on a single-sided mattress, or between the core and the top and bottom panel of the ticking on a double-sided mattress; and/or (2) "ticking," the outermost layer of fabric or other material (e.g., vinyl) that encloses the core and any upholstery, also known as a cover.

The scope of this investigation is restricted to only "adult mattresses" and "youth mattresses." "Adult mattresses" are frequently described as "twin," "extra-long twin," "full," "queen," "king," or "California king" mattresses. "Youth mattresses" are typically described as "crib," "toddler," or "youth" mattresses. All adult and youth mattresses are included regardless of size and size description or how they are described (e.g., frameless futon mattress and tri-fold mattress).

The scope encompasses all types of "innerspring mattresses," "non-innerspring mattresses," and "hybrid mattresses." "Innerspring mattresses" contain innersprings, a series of metal springs joined together in sizes that correspond to the dimensions of mattresses. Mattresses that contain innersprings are referred to as "innerspring mattresses" or "hybrid mattresses." "Hybrid mattresses" contain two or more support systems as the core, such as layers of both memory foam and innerspring units.

"Non-innerspring mattresses" are those that do not contain any innerspring units. They are generally produced from foams (e.g., polyurethane, memory (viscoelastic), latex foam, gel infused viscoelastic (gel foam), thermobonded polyester, polyethylene) or other resilient filling.

Mattresses covered by the scope of this investigation may be imported independently, as part of furniture or furniture mechanisms (e.g., convertible sofa bed mattresses, sofa bed mattresses imported with sofa bed mechanisms, corner group mattresses, day-bed mattresses, roll-away bed mattresses, high risers, trundle bed mattresses, crib mattresses), or as part of a set (in combination with a "mattress foundation"). "Mattress foundations" are any base or support for a mattress. Mattress foundations are commonly referred to as "foundations," "boxsprings," "platforms," and/or "bases." Bases can be static, foldable, or adjustable. Only the mattress is covered by the scope if imported as part of furniture, with furniture mechanisms, or as part of a set, in combination with a mattress foundation.

Excluded from the scope of this investigation are "futon" mattresses. A "futon" is a bi-fold frame made of wood, metal, or plastic material, or any combination thereof, that functions as both seating furniture (such as a couch, love seat, or sofa) and a bed. A "futon mattress" is a tufted mattress, where the top covering is secured to the bottom with thread that goes completely through the mattress from the top through to the bottom, and it does not contain innersprings or foam. A futon mattress is both the bed and seating surface for the futon.

Also excluded from the scope are airbeds (including inflatable mattresses) and waterbeds, which consist of air- or liquid-filled bladders as the core or main support system of the mattress.

Also excluded is certain multifunctional furniture that is convertible from seating to sleeping, regardless of filler material or components, where such filler material or components are upholstered, integrated into the design and construction of, and inseparable from, the furniture framing, and the outermost layer of the multifunctional furniture converts into the sleeping surface. Such furniture may, and without limitation, be commonly referred to as "convertible sofas," "sofabeds," "sofa chaise sleepers," "futons," "ottoman sleepers," or a like description.

Also excluded from the scope of this investigation are any products covered by the existing antidumping duty orders on uncovered innerspring units from the People's Republic of China, South Africa, and the Socialist Republic of Vietnam. See Uncovered Innerspring Units from the People's Republic of China, South Africa, and Socialist Republic of Vietnam: Continuation of Antidumping Duty Orders, 84 FR 55285 (October 16, 2019).

Also excluded from the scope of this investigation are bassinet pads with a nominal length of less than 39 inches, a nominal width of less than 25 inches, and a nominal depth of less than 2 inches.

Additionally, also excluded from the scope of this investigation are "mattress toppers." A "mattress topper" is a removable bedding accessory that supplements a mattress by providing an additional layer that is placed on top of a mattress. Excluded mattress toppers have a height of four inches or less.

Also excluded from the scope are the following hospital and patient care setting surfaces. Products that fall within the below categories and meet all of the exclusion factors in the respective category qualify for such exclusion, regardless of whether they may be referenced as a mattress.

Air Surfaces with all of the following characteristics: with the foot end comprised of either die-cut construction foam or air bladders to allow extension and retraction of the surface; enclosed in a fluid-resistant polyurethane-coated ticking with a zipper; with welded seams on the ticking, which are two or more layers of coated material thermally fused together with a permanent bond; with the core including air bladders, with or without foam inside; with a unique device identifier label for medical devices issued by an FDA-accredited agency and listed in the FDA-administered Global Unique Device Identification Database.

Stretcher Surfaces with all of the following characteristics: with a nominal thickness of 5 inches or less; with the foam core width tapered at one end; enclosed in a fluid-resistant polyurethane-coated ticking with a zipper; with welded seams on the ticking, which are two or more layers of coated material thermally fused together with a permanent bond; with the exterior of the ticking containing a welded flap to cover the ticking zipper; with loop velcro attached to the ticking to allow for the stretcher surface

to be firmly affixed to the stretcher; with a unique device identifier label for medical devices issued by an FDA-accredited agency and listed in the FDA-administered Global Unique Device Identification Database.

Birthing Bed Surfaces with all of the following characteristics: with a nominal thickness of 5 inches or less; with a foam core in two pieces that have either a Vshaped cutout or U-Shaped cutout; enclosed in a fluid-resistant polyurethane-coated ticking with a zipper; with welded seams on the ticking, which are two or more layers of coated material thermally fused together with a permanent bond; with attachment fasteners extending from the bottom of the surface comprised of snaps or plastic hook(s); with a unique device identifier label for medical devices issued by an FDA-accredited agency and listed in the FDA-administered Global Unique Device Identification Database.

Foam Surfaces with all the following characteristics: with a nominal thickness of 6.5 inches or less; with a foam core that has articulation lines cut into the foam and/or die-cut construction in a portion of the foam to allow movement of the surface; enclosed in a fluid-resistant polyurethane-coated ticking with a zipper; with the ticking made of material meeting ASTM F1671B-07 requirements for porosity and ISO 10993 requirements for biocompatibility; with welded seams on the ticking, which are two or more layers of coated material thermally fused together with a permanent bond; with brackets or attachment knobs embedded in the surface core to allow the surface to be firmly affixed to the hospital bed frame; with a unique device identifier label for medical devices issued by an FDA-accredited agency and listed in the FDA-administered Global Unique Device Identification Database, where the label includes the manufacturer's name and address as well as the product's name, date of manufacture, serial number, and Global Trade Identification Number (GTIN).

The products subject to this investigation are currently classifiable under Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS) subheadings: 9404.21.0010, 9404.21.0013, 9404.21.0095, 9404.29.1005, 9404.29.1013, 9404.29.1095, 9404.29.9085, 9404.29.9087, and 9404.29.9095. Products subject to this investigation may also enter under HTSUS subheadings: 9401.41.0000, 9401.49.0000, and 9401.99.9081. Although the HTSUS subheadings are provided for convenience and customs purposes, the written description of the merchandise subject to this investigation is dispositive.

### Appendix II

## List of Topics Discussed in the Issues and Decision Memorandum

I. Summary

II. Background

III. Period of Investigation

IV. Scope of Investigation

V. Changes Since the *Preliminary* Determination

VI. Affiliation/Single Entity

VII. Discussion of the Issues

Comment 1: Whether Commerce Should Make a Level of Trade (LOT) Adjustment for Certain Retail Sales in the Home Market Comment 2: Whether Certain Ureblock/
Espumas Record Data Issues Warrant the
Use of Adverse Facts Available (AFA)
Comment 3: Whether Commerce Should
Correct Two Ministerial Errors in its
Analysis of Ureblock's Databases
Comment 4: Whether Commerce Should
Apply GAIM's AFA Rate to Kuka
Comment 5: Whether Commerce Should
Select Kuka as the Second Mandatory
Respondent in the Investigation
VIII. Recommendation

[FR Doc. 2024–15986 Filed 7–19–24; 8:45 am] **BILLING CODE 3510–DS–P** 

#### **DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE**

### National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

[RTID 0648- XE064]

Magnuson-Stevens Fishery
Conservation and Management Act;
General Provisions for Domestic
Fisheries; Applications for Exempted
Fishing Permits

**AGENCY:** National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

**ACTION:** Notice; request for comments.

**SUMMARY:** In the spring of 2024, two exempted fishing permits (EFP) applications were submitted to NMFS to request exemption from regulations pertaining to the use of authorized gear types under the Fishery Management Plan for U.S. West Coast Fisheries for Highly Migratory Species (HMS FMP). The applicants propose to test the effects and economic viability of using alternative fishing practices to harvest swordfish and other HMS off the U.S. West Coast. Specifically, the applications propose fishing with standard and linked deep-set buoy gear (DSBG) at night, a practice otherwise known as night-set buoy gear (NSBG). During the June 2024 Pacific Fishery Management Council (Council) meeting, the Council made recommendations to NMFS regarding the two applications for EFPs. NMFS has determined that these applications warrant consideration and is requesting public comment on them.

**DATES:** Comments must be submitted in writing by August 21, 2024.

ADDRESSES: You may submit comments on this document, identified by NOAA–NMFS–2024–0080, by any of the following methods:

Electronic Submission: Submit all electronic public comments via the Federal e-Rulemaking Portal. Go to https://www.regulations.gov and enter NOAA–NMFS–2024–0080 in the Search box. Click on the "Comment" icon, complete the required fields, and enter or attach your comments.

Mail: Submit written comments to Chris Fanning, NMFS West Coast Region, 501 W Ocean Blvd., Suite 4200, Long Beach, CA 90802. Include the identifier "NOAA–NMFS–2024–0080" in the comments.

Instructions: Comments sent by any other method, to any other address or individual, or received after the end of the comment period, may not be considered by NMFS. All comments received are a part of the public record, and will generally be posted for public viewing on https://www.regulations.gov without change. All personal identifying information (e.g., name, address, etc.), confidential business information, or otherwise sensitive information submitted voluntarily by the sender will be publicly accessible. NMFS will accept anonymous comments (enter "N/ A" in the required fields if you wish to remain anonymous).

## FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Chris Fanning, NMFS, West Coast Region, 562–980–4198, *Chris.Fanning@noaa.gov.* 

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On May 8, 2023, NMFS published a final rule implementing amendment 6 to the HMS FMP (88 FR 29545). These regulations, which became effective on June 7, 2023, authorize the use of standard and linked DSBG for targeting swordfish and other HMS in Federal waters off of California and Oregon. The regulations include various gear specification requirements and operational requirements (e.g., prohibiting vessels from deploying their gear at night). See 50 CFR 660.715.

The two applications <sup>1</sup> specifically request exemption from 50 CFR 660.715(c)(3) that limits gear deployment and retrieval to daytime hours between sunrise and sunset.

Aside from the regulatory exemptions being sought for the proposed activities in the applications described above, vessels fishing under an EFP would be subject to all other regulations implemented at 50 CFR part 660, subpart K and 50 CFR part 300, subpart C. This includes measures to protect sea turtles, marine mammals, and seabirds.

At this time, NMFS is requesting public comment on the two NSBG EFP applications discussed above. NMFS will consider the Council's recommendation, along with public comments, when determining whether to issue these EFPs.

NMFS will consider all public comments submitted in response to this Federal Register notice prior to issuance of any EFP. NMFS has already analyzed the effects of issuing EFPs for NSBG, in accordance with the National Environmental Policy Act and NOAA's Administrative Order 216–6A. NMFS has also evaluated the proposed fishing practices for compliance with other applicable laws, including section 7(a)(2) of the Endangered Species Act (16 U.S.C. 1531 *et seq.*), which requires the agency to consider whether the proposed action is likely to jeopardize the continued existence and recovery of any endangered or threatened species or result in the destruction or adverse modification of critical habitat.

Authority: 16 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.

Dated: July 16, 2024.

### Lindsay Fullenkamp,

Acting Director, Office of Sustainable Fisheries, National Marine Fisheries Service. [FR Doc. 2024–16004 Filed 7–19–24; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-22-P

### **DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE**

### Office of the Secretary

[Docket ID: DoD-2023-OS-0071]

## Submission for OMB Review; Comment Request

**AGENCY:** Office of the Under Secretary of Defense for Personnel and Readiness (OUSD(P&R)), Department of Defense (DoD).

**ACTION:** 30-Day information collection notice.

**SUMMARY:** The DoD has submitted to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for clearance the following proposal for collection of information under the provisions of the Paperwork Reduction Act.

**DATES:** Consideration will be given to all comments received by August 21, 2024.

ADDRESSES: Written comments and recommendations for the proposed information collection should be sent within 30 days of publication of this notice to www.reginfo.gov/public/do/PRAMain. Find this particular information collection by selecting "Currently under 30-day Review—Open for Public Comments" or by using the search function.

#### FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Reginald Lucas, (571) 372–7574, whs.mc-alex.esd.mbx.dd-dod-information-collections@mail.mil.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** *Title; Associated Form; And Omb Number*:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> https://www.pcouncil.org/documents/2024/05/ g-3-attachment-1.pdf/, and https:// www.pcouncil.org/documents/2024/05/g-3attachment-2.pdf/.