FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

47 CFR Ch. I

Unified Agenda of Federal Regulatory and Deregulatory Actions—Spring 2024

AGENCY: Federal Communications Commission.

ACTION: Semiannual Regulatory Agenda.

SUMMARY: In the Spring and Fall of each year, the Federal Communications Commission publishes in the **Federal Register** a list in the Unified Agenda of those major items and other significant regulatory proceedings under development or review that pertain to the Regulatory Flexibility Act (5 U.S.C. 602). The Unified Agenda also provides the Code of Federal Regulations citations and legal authorities that govern these proceedings. The complete Unified Agenda will be published on the internet in a searchable format at *www.reginfo.gov.*

ADDRESSES: Federal Communications Commission, 45 L Street NE, Washington, DC 20554.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Andrea Brown, Program Specialist, Office of Communications Business Opportunities, Federal Communications Commission, 45 L Street NE, Washington, DC 20554, (202) 418–1663.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Unified Agenda of Major and Other Significant Proceedings

The Commission encourages public participation in its rulemaking process. To help keep the public informed of significant rulemaking proceedings, the Commission has prepared a list of important proceedings now in progress. The General Services Administration publishes the Unified Agenda in the **Federal Register** in the spring and fall of each year.

The following terms may clarify the status of the proceedings included in this report:

Docket Number—assigned to a proceeding if the Commission has issued either a Notice of Proposed Rulemaking or a Notice of Inquiry concerning the matter under consideration. The Commission has used docket numbers since January 1, 1978. Docket numbers consist of the last two digits of the calendar year in which the docket was established plus a sequential number that begins at 1 with the first docket initiated during a calendar year (*e.g.*, Docket No. 15–1 or Docket No. 17–1). The abbreviation for the responsible bureau usually precedes the docket number, as in "MB Docket No. 15-137," which indicates that the responsible bureau is the Media Bureau. A docket number consisting of only five digits (e.g., Docket No. 29622) indicates that the docket was established before January 1, 1978.

Notice of Inquiry (NOI)—the Commission will issue an NOI when it is seeking information on a broad subject or trying to generate ideas on a given topic. Interested parties may submit comments during the specified comment period.

Notice of Proposed Rulemaking (NPRM)—the Commission will issue an NPRM when it is proposing new rules or changes to existing rules and regulations. Before any changes are made, the Commission requests interested parties to submit written comments on the proposed rules or revisions.

Further Notice of Proposed Rulemaking (FNPRM)—the Commission will issue an FNPRM when it is seeking additional information from the public and requests the public to submit comments in the proceeding.

Memorandum Opinion and Order (MO&O)—the Commission will issue an MO&O in response to a petition for rulemaking, to conclude an inquiry, modify a decision, amend a Report and Order, or state that the Report and Order will not be changed.

Rulemaking (RM) Number—assigned to a proceeding after the appropriate bureau or office has reviewed a petition for rulemaking, but before the Commission has acted on the petition.

Report and Order (R&O)—the Commission may issue an R&O that will either adopt new rules, change existing rules, or state that no rule or regulation changes will be made.

Sanford S. Williams,

Deputy Chief of Staff for Chairwoman Rosenworcel.

CONSUMER AND GOVERNMENTAL AFFAIRS BUREAU—LONG-TERM ACTIONS

Sequence No.	Title	Regulation Identifier No.
262	Rules and Regulations Implementing the Telephone Consumer Protection Act (TCPA) of 1991 (CG Dock- et No. 02–278).	3060–Al14
263	Rules and Regulations Implementing Section 225 of the Communications Act (Telecommunications Relay Service) (CG Docket No. 03–123).	3060-AI15
264	Structure and Practices of the Video Relay Service (VRS) Program (CG Docket No. 10-51)	3060-AJ42
265	Implementation of the Middle-Class Tax Relief and Job Creation Act of 2012/Establishment of a Public Safety Answering Point Do-Not-Call Registry (CG Docket No. 12–129).	3060–AJ84
266	Implementation of Sections 716 and 717 of the Communications Act of 1934, as Enacted by the Twenty- First Century Communications and Video Accessibility Act of 2010 (CG Docket No. 10–213).	3060-AK00
267	Misuse of Internet Protocol (IP) Captioned Telephone Service; Telecommunications Relay Services and Speech-to-Speech Services; CG Docket No. 13-24.	3060-AK01
268	Advanced Methods to Target and Eliminate Unlawful Robocalls (CG Docket No. 17-59)	3060-AK62
269	Empowering Broadband Consumers Through Transparency (CG Docket No 22-2)	3060-AL33
270	Targeting and Eliminating Unlawful Text Messages, CG Docket 21-403, Notice of Proposed Rulemaking	3060-AL49
271	Misuse of Internet Protocol (IP) Relay Service; CG Docket No. 12-38	3060-AL58
272	Compensation for Internet Protocol Captioned Telephone Service, (CG Docket No. 22-408)	3060-AL59
273	Access to Video Conferencing, (CG Docket No. 23–161)	3060–AL66

ECONOMICS—LONG-TERM ACTIONS

Sequence No.	Title	Regulation Identifier No.
274	Development of Nationwide Broadband Data to Evaluate Reasonable and Timely Deployment of Ad- vanced Services to All Americans.	3060–AJ15

ECONOMICS—LONG-TERM ACTIONS—Continued

Sequence No.	Title	Regulation Identifier No.
275		3060–AJ82
276	Docket No. 12–268). Broadband Data Collection	3060–AL42

OFFICE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY-LONG-TERM ACTIONS

Sequence No.	Title	Regulation Identifier No.
277 278 279	Unlicensed White Space Device Operations in the Television Bands, ET Docket No. 20-36	3060–Al52 3060–AK96 3060–AL22 3060–AL23
280 281	ment Authorization and Competitive Bidding Programs; ET Docket No. 21-232, EA Docket No. 21-233.	3060-AL23
282 283	FCC Seeks to Enable State-of-the-Art Radar Sensors in 60 GHz Band (ET Docket No. 21–264) FCC Proposes to Update Equipment Authorization Rules to Incorporate New and Revised Industry Stand- ards, (ET Docket No. 21–363).	3060–AL36 3060–AL39
284 285	Allocation of Spectrum for Non-Federal Space Launch Operations (ET Docket No. 13–115) FCC Implements and Proposes Final Acts of the WRC–19 and WRC–15, ET Docket No. 21–120 & 21– 121, and RM–11785.	3060–AL44 3060–AL77

MEDIA BUREAU-LONG-TERM ACTIONS

Sequence No.	Title	Regulation Identifier No.
286 287	Revision of EEO Rules and Policies (MB Docket No. 98–204) Establishment of Rules for Digital Low-Power Television, Television Translator, and Television Booster	3060–AH95 3060–Al38
	Stations (MB Docket No. 03–185).	
288	Authorizing Permissive Use of the "Next Generation" Broadcast Television Standard (GN Docket No. 16– 142).	3060–AK56
289	2018 Quadrennial Regulatory Review of the Commission's Broadcast Ownership Rules (MB Docket 18– 349).	3060–AK77
290	Equal Employment Opportunity Enforcement (MB Docket 19–177)	3060–AK86
291	Duplication of Programming on Commonly Owned Radio Stations (MB Docket No. 19–310)	3060-AL19
292	Sponsorship Identification Requirements for Foreign Government-Provided Programming (MB Docket No. 20–299).	3060-AL20
293	FM Broadcast Booster Stations (MB Docket 20–401)	3060-AL21
294	Amendment of Part 73 Rules to Update Television and Class A Television Broadcast Station Rules, and Rules Applicable to All Broadcast Stations (MB Docket No. 22–227).	3060-AL50
295	Implementation of the Low Power Protection Act, MB Docket No. 23-126	3060-AL63
296	Video Description, MB Docket No. 11–43	3060–AL64
297	2022 Quadrennial Review of Media Ownership Rules, MB Docket No. 22-459	3060-AL65
298	Modifying Rules for FM Terrestrial Digital Audio Broadcasting Systems, MB Docket No. 22–405	3060-AL70
299	Customer Rebates for Undelivered Video Programming During Blackouts, MB Docket No 24-20	3060-AL71
300	Priority Application Review for Broadcast Stations That Provide Local Journalism or Other Locally Origi- nated Programming, MB Docket No 24–14.	3060-AL72
301	Cable Operator and DBS Provider Billing Practices, MB Docket No 23-405	3060-AL73
302	Reporting Requirements for Commercial Television Broadcast Station Blackouts, MB Docket No 23-427	3060-AL74
303	All-In Pricing for Cable and Satellite Television Service, MB Docket No 23-203	3060-AL75

OFFICE OF MANAGING DIRECTOR-LONG-TERM ACTIONS

Sequence No.	Title	Regulation Identifier No.
304	Assessment and Collection of Regulatory Fees	3060–AK64

OFFICE OF INTERNATIONAL AFFAIRS-LONG-TERM ACTIONS

Sequence No.	Title	Regulation Identifier No.
305	Process Reform for Executive Branch Review of Certain FCC Applications and Petitions Involving Foreign Ownership, IB Docket No. 16–155.	3060-AL12

OFFICE OF INTERNATIONAL AFFAIRS—LONG-TERM ACTIONS—Continued

Sequence No.	Title	Regulation Identifier No.
306	Review of International Section 214 Authorizations to Assess Evolving National Security, Law Enforce- ment, Foreign Policy, and Trade Policy Risks, IB Docket No 23–119, MD Docket No 23–134.	3060–AL76

PUBLIC SAFETY AND HOMELAND SECURITY BUREAU-LONG-TERM ACTIONS

Sequence No.	Title	Regulation Identifier No.
307	Wireless E911 Location Accuracy Requirements: PS Docket No. 07-114	3060-AJ52
308	Improving Outage Reporting for Submarine Cables and Enhancing Submarine Cable Outage Data; GN Docket No. 15–206.	3060–AK39
309	Amendments to Part 4 of the Commission's Rules Concerning Disruptions to Communications: (PS Dock- et No. 15–80, 18–336, 23–5).	3060-AK40
310	New Part 4 of the Commission's Rules Concerning Disruptions to Communications; ET Docket No. 04-35	3060–AK41
311	Wireless Emergency Alerts (WEA): PS Docket No. 15–91, 15–94, 22–329	3060–AK54
312	911 Fee Diversion Rulemaking: PS Docket Nos. 20–291, 09–14	3060-AL31
313	Resilient Networks, Amendments to Part 4 of the Commission's Rules Concerning Disruptions to Commu- nications: PS Docket No 21–346.	3060-AL43
314	Location-Based Routing for Wireless 911 Calls (P.S. Docket 18-64)	3060-AL52
315	Next Generation 9-1-1, PS Docket No. 21-479, FCC 23-47	3060-AL67

SPACE BUREAU—LONG-TERM ACTIONS

Sequence No.	Title	Regulation Identifier No.
316	Update to Parts 2 and 25 Concerning NonGeostationary, Fixed-Satellite Service Systems, and Related Matters: IB Docket No. I6–408.	3060-AK59
317	Amendment of Parts 2 and 25 of the FCC Rules to Facilitate the Use of Earth Stations in Motion Commu- nicating With Geostationary Orbit Space Stations in FSS Bands: IB Docket No. 17–95.	3060-AK84
318	Facilitating the Communications of Earth Stations in Motion With Non-Geostationary Orbit Space Stations: IB Docket No. 18–315.	3060–AK89
319 320	Space Innovation; Mitigation of Orbital Debris in the New Space Age: IB Docket Nos. 18–313, 22–271 Parts 2 and 25 to Enable GSO FSS in the 17.3–17.8 GHz Band, Modernize Rules for 17/24 GHz BSS Space Stations, and Establish Off-Axis Uplink Power Limits for Extended Ka-Band FSS (IB Doc. No. 20–330).	3060–AK90 3060–AL28
321	Revising Spectrum Sharing Rules for Non-Geostationary Orbit, Fixed-Satellite Service Systems: IB Dock- et No. 21–456.	3060-AL41
322	Expediting Initial Processing of Satellite and Earth Station Applications; Space Innovation, IB Docket Nos. 22–411 and 22–271.	3060-AL51
323	Amendment of Parts 2 and 25 of the Commission's Rules to Enable NGSO Fixed-Satellite Service (Space-to-Earth) Operations in the 17.3–17.8 GHz Band.	3060–AL79

WIRELESS TELECOMMUNICATIONS BUREAU—LONG-TERM ACTIONS

Sequence No.	Title	Regulation Identifier No.
324	Amendment of Parts 1, 2, 22, 24, 27, 90, and 95 of the Commission's Rules to Improve Wireless Cov- erage Through the Use of Signal Boosters (WT Docket No. 10-4).	3060–AJ87
325	Promoting Technological Solutions to Combat Wireless Contraband Device Use in Correctional Facilities; GN Docket No. 13–111.	3060-AK06
326	Promoting Investment in the 3550–3700 MHz Band; GN Docket No. 17–258	3060-AK12
327	Updating Part 1 Competitive Bidding Rules (WT Docket No. 14–170)	3060-AK28
328	Use of Spectrum Bands Above 24 GHz for Mobile Services—Spectrum Frontiers: WT Docket 10–112	3060–AK44
329	Expanding Flexible Use of the 3.7 to 4.2 GHz Band: GN Docket No. 18–122	3060-AK76
330	Amendment of the Commission's Rules to Promote Aviation Safety: WT Docket No. 19–140	3060-AK92
331	Implementation of State and Local Governments' Obligation to Approve Certain Wireless Facility Modifica- tion Requests Under Section 6409(a) of the Spectrum Act of 2012 (WT Docket No.19–250).	3060-AL29
332	Expanding Flexible Use of the 12.2–12.7 GHz Band, et al., WT Docket No. 20–443, et al	3060-AL40
333		3060-AL57
334		3060-AL68
335	Single Network Future: Supplemental Coverage from Space, GN Docket No. 23-65	3060-AL69
336	Modifying Emissions Limits for the 24.25–24.45 GHz and 24.75–25.25 GHz Bands (ET Docket No. 21– 186).	3060–AL80
337	Alaska Connect Fund Notice of Proposed Rulemaking	3060-AL81
338	Indian Peak Properties LLC Petitions for Declaratory Ruling Seeking Preemption Under The Rule Gov- erning Over-the-Air Reception Devices.	3060-AL82

WIRELINE COMPETITION BUREAU—LONG-TERM ACTIONS

Sequence No.	Title	Regulation Identifier No.
339	Telecommunications Carriers' Use of Customer Proprietary Network Information and Other Customer In- formation (CC Docket No. 96–115), Data Breach Reporting Requirements (WC Docket No. 22–21).	3060–AG43
340	Local Telephone Networks That LECs Must Make Available to Competitors	3060–AH44
341	Jurisdictional Separations	3060–AJ06
342	Rates for Inmate Calling Services; WC Docket No. 12–375; Incarcerated People's Communications Serv- ices; Implementation of the Martha Wright-Reed Act, WC Docket No. 23–62.	3060–AK08
343	Comprehensive Review of the Part 32 Uniform System of Accounts (WC Docket No. 14-130)	3060–AK20
344	Restoring Internet Freedom, WC Docket No. 17–108; Protecting and Promoting the Open Internet, GN Docket No. 14–28; Safeguarding and Securing the Open Internet, WC Docket No. 23–320.	3060–AK21
345	Technology Transitions; GN Docket No 13–5, WC Docket No. 05–25; Accelerating Wireline Broadband Deployment by Removing Barriers to Infrastructure Investment; WC Docket No. 17–84.	3060-AK32
346	Numbering Policies for Modern Communications, WC Docket No. 13-97	3060–AK36
347	Implementation of the Universal Service Portions of the 1996 Telecommunications Act	3060–AK57
348	Toll Free Assignment Modernization and Toll-Free Service Access Codes: WC Docket No. 17–192, CC Docket No. 95–155.	3060–AK91
349	Establishing the Digital Opportunity Data Collection; WC Docket Nos. 19–195 and 11–10	3060–AK93
350	Call Authentication Trust Anchor	3060-AL00
351	Implementation of the National Suicide Improvement Act of 2018, 988 Suicide Prevention Hotline (WC Docket 18–336, PS Docket No. 23.5, PS Docket No. 15–80).	3060-AL01
352	Modernizing Unbundling and Resale Requirements in an Era of Next-Generation Networks and Services	3060-AL02
353	Establishing a 5G Fund for Rural America; GN Docket No. 20–32	3060–AL15
354	Protecting Consumers From SIM Swap and Port-Out Fraud, WC Docket No. 21–341	3060–AL34
355		3060–AL48

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION (FCC)

Consumer and Governmental Affairs Bureau

Long-Term Actions

262. Rules and Regulations Implementing the Telephone Consumer Protection Act (TCPA) of 1991 (CG Docket No. 02–278) [3060–AI14]

Legal Authority: 47 U.S.C. 227 Abstract: In this docket, the Commission considers rules and policies to implement the Telephone Consumer Protection Act of 1991 (TCPA). The TCPA places requirements on robocalls (calls using an automatic telephone dialing system, an autodialer, a prerecorded or, an artificial voice), telemarketing calls, and unsolicited fax advertisements.

Timetable:

Action	Date	FR Cite
NPRM	10/08/02	67 FR 62667
FNPRM	04/03/03	68 FR 16250
Order	07/25/03	68 FR 44144
Order Effective	08/25/03	
Order on Recon-	08/25/03	68 FR 50978
sideration.		
Order	10/14/03	68 FR 59130
FNPRM	03/31/04	69 FR 16873
Order	10/08/04	69 FR 60311
Order	10/28/04	69 FR 62816
Order on Recon-	04/13/05	70 FR 19330
sideration.		
Order	06/30/05	70 FR 37705
NPRM	12/19/05	70 FR 75102
Public Notice	04/26/06	71 FR 24634
Order	05/03/06	71 FR 25967
NPRM	12/14/07	72 FR 71099

Action	Date	FR
Declaratory Ruling	02/01/08	73 FR
R&O	07/14/08	73 FR
Order on Recon-	10/30/08	73 FR
sideration.		
NPRM	03/22/10	75 FR
R&O	06/11/12	77 FR
Public Notice	06/30/10	75 FR
Public Notice (Re-	10/03/12	77 FR
consideration		
Petitions Filed).	10/10/10	77 60
Announcement of	10/16/12	77 FR
Effective Date.	10/18/12	
Opposition End Date.	10/10/12	
Rule Corrections	11/08/12	77 FR
Declaratory Ruling	11/29/12	// 111
(release date).	11/20/12	
Declaratory Ruling	05/09/13	
(release date).		
Declaratory Ruling	10/09/15	80 FR
and Order.		
NPRM	05/20/16	81 FR
Declaratory Ruling	07/05/16	
R&O	11/16/16	81 FR
Public Notice	06/28/18	83 FR
Public Notice	10/03/18	
Declaratory Ruling	12/06/19	
Declaratory Ruling	12/09/19	
Order	03/17/20	
Declaratory Ruling	03/20/20	
Declaratory Ruling	06/25/20	
Declaratory Ruling	06/25/20	
and Order.	00/00/00	
Order on Recon-	08/28/20	
sideration.	00/04/00	
Declaratory Ruling Declaratory Ruling	09/04/20 09/21/20	
NPRM	10/09/20	85 FR
Public Notice	12/17/20	
Declaratory Ruling	12/17/20	
Declaratory Ruling	01/15/21	
Order on Recon	02/12/21	86 FR
R&O	02/12/21	86 FR
100	52/25/21	00111

Cite	Action	Date	FR Cite
8 6041 8 40183 8 64556	Public Notice (Re- consideration Petitions Filed).	04/12/21	86 FR 18934
13471	Declaratory Ruling and Order.	12/14/22	87 FR 76425
34233	Order on Recon- sideration and	01/20/23	88 FR 3668
8 60343	Declaratory Rul-		
	ing. NPRM	06/29/23	88 FR 42034
8 63240	NPRM Report and Order	06/16/23 12/18/23	88 FR 20800 88 FR 5098
	FNPRM Report and Order	12/18/23 03/05/24	88 FR 5177 89 FR 15756
8 66935	Next Action Unde- termined.	To Be [Determined

R 61129 R 31889 R 80594 R 26284	Regulatory Flexibility Analysis Required: Yes. Agency Contact: Kristi Thornton, Deputy Division Chief, Federal Communications Commission, 45 L Street NE, Washington, DC 20554, Phone: 202 418–2467, Email: kristi.thornton@fcc.gov. RIN: 3060–AI14
	263. Rules and Regulations Implementing Section 225 of the Communications Act (Telecommunications Relay Service) (CG Docket No. 03–123) [3060–AI15]
R 64091	Legal Authority: 47 U.S.C. 151; 47 U.S.C. 154; 47 U.S.C. 225 Abstract: This proceeding continues the Commission's inquiry into improving the quality of telecommunications relay service (TRS)
R 9299 R 11443	and furthering the goal of functional equivalency, consistent with Congress'

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mandate that TRS the use of existing			Action	Date	FR Cite	Action	Date	FR Cite
discourage or imp	pair the de	velopment of	Public Notice Public Notice	08/05/08 10/10/08	73 FR 45354 73 FR 60172	NPRM Comment Period End.	01/21/14	
new technology. Commission expl	ores ways	to improve	Order 2nd R&O and	10/23/08 12/30/08	73 FR 63078 73 FR 79683	Announcement of Effective Date.	07/11/14	79 FR 40003
emergency prepar facilities and serv	vices, new '	TRS	Order on Re- consideration.	12/00/00	7011170000	Announcement of Effective Date.	08/28/14	79 FR 51446
technologies, pub information and o			Order Public Notice	05/06/09 05/07/09	74 FR 20892 74 FR 21364	Correction—An- nouncement of	08/28/14	79 FR 51450
related to paymer TRS Fund.	nts from th	e Interstate	NPRM Public Notice	05/21/09 05/21/09	74 FR 23815 74 FR 23859	Effective Date. Technical Amend-	09/09/14	79 FR 53303
Timetable:			Public Notice Order	06/12/09 07/29/09	74 FR 28046 74 FR 37624	ments. Public Notice	09/15/14	79 FR 54979
Action	Date	FR Cite	Public Notice Order	08/07/09 09/18/09	74 FR 39699 74 FR 47894	R&O and Order FNPRM	10/21/14	79 FR 62875 79 FR 62935
NPRM	08/25/03	68 FR 50993	Order Public Notice	10/26/09 05/12/10	74 FR 54913 75 FR 26701	FNPRM Comment	12/22/14	7911102900
R&O, Order on Reconsideration.	09/01/04	69 FR 53346	Order Denying	07/09/10	7511120701	Period End. Final Action (An-	10/30/14	79 FR 64515
FNPRM Public Notice	09/01/04 02/17/05	69 FR 53382 70 FR 8034	Stay Motion (Release Date).			nouncement of Effective Date).		
Declaratory Rul-	02/25/05	70 FR 9239	Order	08/13/10 09/03/10	75 FR 49491 75 FR 54040	Final Rule Effec-	10/30/14	
ing/Interpreta- tion.			Order NPRM	11/02/10	75 FR 67333	tive. FNPRM	11/08/15	80 FR 72029
Public Notice Order	03/07/05 03/23/05	70 FR 10930 70 FR 14568	NPRM Order	05/02/11 07/25/11	76 FR 24442 76 FR 44326	FNPRM Comment	01/01/16	
Public Notice/An-	04/06/05	70 FR 17334	Final Rule (Order)	09/27/11	76 FR 59551	Period End. Public Notice	01/20/16	81 FR 3085
nouncement of Date.			Final Rule; An- nouncement of	11/22/11	76 FR 72124	Public Notice Comment Pe-	02/16/16	
Order Order on Recon-	07/01/05 08/31/05	70 FR 38134 70 FR 51643	Effective Date. Proposed Rule	02/28/12	77 FR 11997	riod End.		
sideration.			(Public Notice).			R&O FNPRM	03/21/16 08/24/16	81 FR 14984 81 FR 57851
R&O Order	08/31/05 09/14/05	70 FR 51649 70 FR 54294	Proposed Rule (FNPRM).	02/01/12	77 FR 4948	FNPRM Comment	09/14/16	
Order	09/14/05	70 FR 54298	First R&O Public Notice	07/25/12 10/29/12	77 FR 43538 77 FR 65526	Period End. NOI and FNPRM	04/12/17	82 FR 17613
Public Notice R&O/Order on Reconsideration.	10/12/05 12/23/05	70 FR 59346 70 FR 76208	Order on Recon- sideration.	12/26/12	77 FR 75894	NOI and FNPRM Comment Pe-	05/30/17	
Order	12/28/05	70 FR 76712	Order	02/05/13	78 FR 8030	riod End. R&O	04/13/17	82 FR 17754
Order NPRM	12/29/05 02/01/06	70 FR 77052 71 FR 5221	Order (Interim Rule).	02/05/13	78 FR 8032	R&O	04/27/17	82 FR 19322
Declaratory Rul- ing/Clarification.	05/31/06	71 FR 30818	NPRM	02/05/13 03/07/13	78 FR 8090 78 FR 14701	FNPRM FNPRM Comment	04/27/17 07/11/17	82 FR 19347
FNPRM	05/31/06 06/01/06	71 FR 30848 71 FR 31131	Effective Date. NPRM Comment	03/13/13		Period End. R&O	06/23/17	82 FR 28566
Declaratory Rul-	06/21/06	71 FR 35553	Period End.			Public Notice Public Notice—	07/21/17 07/25/17	82 FR 33856 82 FR 34471
ing/Dismissal of Petition.			FNPRM FNPRM Comment	07/05/13 09/18/13	78 FR 40407	Correction.		02 111 04471
Clarification	06/28/06	71 FR 36690	Period End. R&O	07/05/13	78 FR 40582	Public Notice Comment Pe-	07/31/17	
Declaratory Ruling on Reconsider-	07/06/06	71 FR 38268	R&O	08/15/13	78 FR 49693	riod End.	08/17/17	
ation. Order on Recon-	08/16/06	71 FR 47141	FNPRM FNPRM Comment	08/15/13 09/30/13	78 FR 49717	Public Notice— Correction	00/17/17	
sideration.			Period End.		70 ED 52604	Comment Pe- riod End.		
MO&O Clarification	08/16/06 08/23/06	71 FR 47145 71 FR 49380	R&O FNPRM	08/30/13 09/03/13	78 FR 53684 78 FR 54201	R&O	08/22/17	82 FR 39673
FNPRM Final Rule; Clari-	09/13/06 02/14/07	71 FR 54009 72 FR 6960	NPRM FNPRM Comment	10/23/13 11/18/13	78FR 63152	Announcement of Effective Date.	10/17/17	82 FR 48203
fication.			Period End.			Public Notice; Pe-	10/25/17	82 FR 49303
Order R&O	03/14/07 08/06/07	72 FR 11789 72 FR 43546	Petiton for Recon- sideration; Re-	12/16/13	78 FR 76096	tition for Recon- sideration.		
Public Notice	08/16/07	72 FR 46060	quest for Com-			Oppositions Due Date.	11/20/17	
Order Public Notice	11/01/07 01/04/08	72 FR 61813 73 FR 863	ment. Petition for Re-	12/16/13	78 FR 76097	R&O and Declara-	06/27/18	83 FR 30082
R&O/Declaratory Ruling.	01/17/08	73 FR 3197	consideration; Request for			tory Ruling. FNPRM	07/18/18	83 FR 33899
Order	02/19/08	73 FR 9031	Comment.	40/00/15		FNPRM Comment	11/15/18	
Order R&O	04/21/08 04/21/08	73 FR 21347 73 FR 21252	Request for Clari- fication; Re-	12/30/13	78 FR 79362	Period End. Public Notice	08/23/18	83 FR 42630
Order	04/23/08	73 FR 21843	quest for Com-			Public Notice Op- position Period	09/17/18	
Public Notice Order	04/30/08 05/15/08	73 FR 23361 73 FR 28057	ment; Correc- tion.			End.		
Declaratory Ruling FNPRM	07/08/08 07/18/08	73 FR 38928 73 FR 41307	Petition for Re- consideration	01/10/14		Announcement of Effective Date.	02/04/19	84 FR 1409
R&O	07/18/08	73 FR 41286	Comment Pe-			R&O	03/08/19	84 FR 8457
Public Notice	08/01/08	73 FR 45006	riod End.	l	I	FNPRM	03/14/19	84 FR 9276

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FNPRM Comment 0 Period End. R&O 0 FNPRM 0	Date 04/29/19 06/06/19	FR Cite	Action Final Rule; An- nouncement of	Date 03/08/23	FR Cite 88 FR 14251	Action Declaratory Ruling	Date 05/07/10	FR Cite 75 FR 25255
Period End. R&O 0 FNPRM 0 Petition for Recon 0 Request for	06/06/19			03/08/23	88 FR 14251	, ,		75 FR 25255
R&O0FNPRM0Petition for Recon0Request for0		- · · · · · · ·	nouncement of					
FNPRM0Petition for Recon0Request for0						Declaratory Ruling	07/13/10 07/13/10	75 FR 39945 75 FR 39859
Petition for Recon 0 Request for	06/06/19	84 FR 26364 84 FR 26379	Effective Date. Report and Order	08/01/23	88 FR 50053	Order Notice of Inquiry	07/19/10	75 FR 41863
Request for	06/18/19	84 FR 28264	NPRM	08/07/23	88 FR 52088	NPRM	08/23/10	75 FR 51735
Comment.			NPRM Comment	09/06/23		Interim Final Rule	02/15/11	76 FR 8659
			Period End.			Public Notice	03/02/11	76 R 11462
	07/15/19		NPRM Reply	10/06/23		R&O	05/02/11 05/02/11	76 FR 24393
Comment Pe- riod End.			Comment Pe-			FNPRM	05/02/11	76 FR 24437 76 FR 24442
	08/05/19		riod End. Report and Order	10/19/23	88 FR 71994	R&O (Correction)	05/27/11	76 FR 30841
Period End.			Final Rule; An-	12/21/23	88 FR 88257	Order	07/25/11	76 FR 44326
	01/06/20	85 FR 462	nouncement of			2nd R&O	08/05/11	76 FR 47469
	01/09/20	85 FR 1125	Effective Date.			Order (Interim	08/05/11	76 FR 47476
	01/09/20	85 FR 1134	Correction; Tech-	02/08/24	89 FR 8549	Final Rule).	00/00/11	
NPRM Comment 0 Period End.	02/13/20		nical Amend-			Final Rule; An- nouncement of	09/26/11	76 FR 59269
	02/19/20	85 FR 9392	ments. NPRM	03/14/24	89 FR 18589	Effective Date.		
Effective Date.	2/10/20	001110002	NPRM Comment	03/14/24 04/15/24	09 FN 10009	Final Rule; Peti-	09/27/11	76 FR 59557
	05/06/20	85 FR 26857	Period End.	04/10/24		tion for Recon-		
moval of com-			NPRM Reply	04/29/24		sideration; Pub-		
pliance notices.			Comment Pe-			lic Notice.		
	05/08/20	85 FR 27309	riod End.			Oppositions Due	10/07/11	
Final Rule; correc- 0 tion.	08/26/20	85 FR 52489	Report and Order	03/21/24	89 FR 20125	Date. Final Rule; Clari-	10/31/11	76 FR 67070
	0/14/20	85 FR 64971	Next Action Unde-	To Bo I	Determined	fication (MO&O).	10/31/11	
on Recon.	10/14/20	0011104071	termined.	TO De l	Jelenninen	FNPRM	10/31/11	76 FR 67118
	0/23/20	85 FR 67447				Interim Final Rule;	11/03/11	76 FR 68116
nouncement of			Regulatory Flex	vihility And	alvsis	Announcement		
effective and			Required: Yes.	<i>monny</i> 2110	119313	of Effective		
compliance			Agency Contac	t. Michael	Spott	Date.	11/04/11	
dates. FNPRM 0	02/01/21	86 FR 7681	Deputy Chief, Dis			Final Rule; An- nouncement of	11/04/11	76 FR 68328
	04/02/21	00 FH 7001	Federal Commun			Effective Date.		
Period End.	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		45 L Street NE, W			Final Rule; An-	11/07/11	76 FR 68642
)2/22/21	86 FR 10458	Phone: 202 418–1			nouncement of		
tition for Recon-			michael.scott@fce		1.	Effective Date.		
sideration.			Eliot Greenwal	0	Chief	FNPRM Comment	12/30/11	
Oppositions Due 0 Date.	03/19/21		Disability Rights			Period End.	02/01/12	77 ED 4049
	02/23/21	86 FR 10844	Communications			FNPRM FNPRM Comment	02/01/12 03/19/12	77 FR 4948
	03/19/21	86 FR 14859	Street NE, Washin			Period End.	00/10/12	
	05/03/21		Phone: 202 418–2			Final Rule; Cor-	03/27/12	77 FR 18106
Period End.			eliot.greenwald@			rection.		
-	06/04/21	86 FR 29969	<i>RIN:</i> 3060–AI1	0		Correcting	06/07/12	77 FR 33662
	06/15/21	86 FR 31668				Amendments.	07/05/10	
)7/07/21)7/15/21	86 FR 35632 86 FR 37328	264. Structure an			Order (Release Date).	07/25/12	
	07/30/21	00 FH 37320	Video Relay Serv			Correcting	10/04/12	77 FR 60630
Comment Pe-	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		(CG Docket No. 1	0–51) [306	0–AJ42]	Amendments.	10/04/12	
riod End.			Legal Authority	7.47 U S C	151.47	Public Notice	10/29/12	77 FR 65526
Public Notice 0	08/09/21		U.S.C. 154; 47 U.			Comment Period	11/29/12	
Comment Pe-			303(r)	0.0. 220, 1		End.		
riod End.	0/05/04	00 ED 54074	<i>Abstract:</i> The C	Commission	n takos a	FNPRM	07/05/13	78 FR 40407
Order on Recon; 1 Correction.	0/05/21	86 FR 54871	fresh look at its V			R&O FNPRM Comment	07/05/13 09/18/13	78 FR 40582
	0/05/21	86 FR 64440	it is available to a			Period End.	09/10/13	
)1/18/22	0011101110	spectrum of eligit			Public Notice	09/11/13	78 FR 55696
Period End.			innovation, and i			Public Notice	09/15/14	79 FR 54979
	07/18/22	87 FR 42656	to be less suscept			Comment Period	10/10/14	
	09/21/22	87 FR 57645	fraud, and abuse			End.		
	1/25/22	87 FR 72409	program and thre			Final Action (An-	10/30/14	79 FR 64515
	2/08/22	87 FR 75199	viability. The Cor			nouncement of Effective Date).		
Period End.	2100/20		considers the mo			Final Rule Effec-	10/30/14	
	01/31/23	88 FR 6220	efficient way to n			tive.	10/00/14	
	2/27/23		to determine what			FNPRM	11/18/15	80 FR 72029
position Period			efficient, and tran			FNPRM Comment	02/01/16	
End.			methodology. In a			Period End.		_
	02/02/23	88 FR 7049	Commission look			R&O	03/21/16	81 FR 14984
NPRM 0					5	FNPRM	00/01/16	81 FR 57851
NPRM 0 NPRM Comment 0	04/03/23			ity of VRS			08/24/16	01 FR 57051
NPRM 0 NPRM Comment 0 Period End.)4/03/23		measure the qual ensure a better co		so as to	FNPRM Comment Period End.	09/14/16	01 FR 57651

Action	Date	FR Cite
	05/20/17	
NOI and FNPRM Comment Pe-	05/30/17	
riod End.		
R&O	04/13/17	82 FR 17754
R&O	04/27/17	82 FR 19322
FNPRM	04/27/17	82 FR 19347
FNPRM Comment	07/01/17	
Period End.		
Order	06/23/17	82 FR 28566
Public Notice	07/21/17	82 FR 33856
Public Notice Comment Pe-	07/31/17	
riod End.		
Public Notice Cor-	07/25/17	82 FR 34471
rection.	07/23/17	0211104471
Public Notice Cor-	08/17/17	
rection Com-	00,11,11	
ment Period		
End.		
R&O and Order	08/22/17	82 FR 39673
Announcement of	10/17/17	82 FR 48203
Effective Date.		
Public Notice; Pe-	10/25/17	82 FR 49303
tition for Recon-		
sideration.		
Oppositions Due	11/20/17	
Date.	06/06/10	84 FR 26364
R&O FNPRM	06/06/19 06/06/19	84 FR 26364
FNPRM Comment	08/05/19	04 FN 203/9
Period End.	00/03/13	
Report & Order	05/08/20	85 FR 27309
R&O and Order	10/14/20	85 FR 64971
on Recon.		
Final rule; an-	10/23/20	85 FR 67447
nouncement of		
effective and		
compliance		
dates.	/ /	
FNPRM	02/01/21	86 FR 7681
FNPRM Comment	04/02/21	
Period End. Public Notice; Pe-	02/22/21	86 FR 10458
tition for Recon-	02/22/21	00 FN 10430
sideration.		
Oppositions Due	03/19/21	
Date.	00/10/21	
NPRM	03/19/21	86 FR 14859
NPRM Comment	05/03/21	
Period End.		
NPRM	06/04/21	86 FR 29969
NPRM Correction	06/15/21	86 FR 31668
NPRM Correction	07/30/21	
Comment Pe-		
riod End.	07/07/04	
Order on Recon	07/07/21	86 FR 35632
Order on Recon; Correction.	10/05/21	86 FR 54871
Report & Order	09/21/22	87 FR 57645
Report & Order	11/25/22	87 FR 72409
NPRM	12/08/22	87 FR 75199
NPRM Comment	02/06/23	
Period End.		
Public Notice	01/31/23	88 FR 6220
Public Notice Op-	02/27/23	
position Period		
End.		
Final Rule; An-	03/08/23	88 FR 14251
nouncement of		
Effective Date.	04/05/00	
Public Notice Public Notice	04/25/23 05/09/23	88 FR 24986
Comment Pe-	03/08/23	
riod End.		
		'

Action	Date	FR Cite
Public Notice Reply Comment Period End.	05/19/23	
Report and Order	10/19/23	88 FR 71994
Final Rule Effec- tive.	12/21/23	88 FR 88257
Correction; Tech- nical Amend- ments.	02/08/24	89 FR 8549
NPRM	03/14/24	89 FR 18589
NPRM Comment Period End.	04/15/24	
NPRM Reply Comment Pe- riod End	04/29/24	
Report and Order	03/21/24	89 FR 20125
Next Action Unde- termined.	To Be I	Determined

Agency Contact: Eliot Greenwald, Deputy Chief, Disability Rights Office, Federal Communications Commission, 45 L Street NE, Washington, DC 20554, Phone: 202 418–2235, Email: eliot.greenwald@fcc.gov. RIN: 3060-AJ42

265. Implementation of the Middle-**Class Tax Relief and Job Creation Act** of 2012/Establishment of a Public Safety Answering Point Do-Not-Call Registry (CG Docket No. 12-129) [3060-AJ84]

Legal Authority: Pub. L. 112-96, sec. 6507

Abstract: The Middle Class Tax Relief and Job Creation Act of 2012 required the Commission to create a Do-Not-Call Registry for public safety answering point (PSAP) telephone numbers and to prohibit the use of automated dialing equipment to place calls to PSAP numbers on the Registry. In this docket, the Commission adopted rules and policies implementing these statutory requirements. Timetable:

Action	Date	FR Cite
NPRM R&O Correction Amendments. Announcement of Effective Date. FNPRM FNPRM Comment Period End.	06/21/12 10/29/12 02/13/13 03/26/13 11/01/21 12/01/21	77 FR 37362 77 FR 71131 78 FR 10099 78 FR 18246 86 FR 60189
Next Action Unde- termined.	To Be I	Determined

Regulatory Flexibility Analysis Required: Yes.

Agency Contact: Richard D. Smith, Special Counsel, Consumer Policy **Division**, Federal Communications

Commission, 45 L Street NE, Washington, DC 20554, Phone: 717 338-2797, Fax: 717 338-2574, Email: richard.smith@fcc.gov. RIN: 3060-AJ84

266. Implementation of Sections 716 and 717 of the Communications Act of 1934. as Enacted by the Twenty-First **Century Communications and Video** Accessibility Act of 2010 (CG Docket No. 10-213) [3060-AK00]

Legal Authority: 47 U.S.C. 151; 47 U.S.C. 154; 47 U.S.C. 255; 47 U.S.C. 617 to 619

Abstract: These proceedings implement sections 716, 717, and 718 of the Communications Act, which were added by the Twenty-First Century Communications and Video Accessibility Act of 2010 (CVAA), related to the accessibility of advanced communications services and equipment (section 716), recordkeeping and enforcement requirements for entities subject to sections 255, 716, and 718 (section 717), and accessibility of internet browsers built into mobile phones (section 718).

Timetable:

Action	Date	FR Cite
NPRM NPRM Comment Period Ex- tended.	03/14/11 04/12/11	76 FR 13800 76 FR 20297
NPRM Comment Period End.	05/13/11	
FNPRM R&O FNPRM Comment Period End.	12/30/11 12/30/11 03/14/12	76 FR 82240 76 FR 82354
Announcement of Effective Date.	04/25/12	77 FR 24632
2nd R&O R&O on Remand, Declaratory Rul- ing, and Order.	05/22/13 04/13/15	78 FR 30226 80 FR 19738
Public Notice Public Notice Comment Pe- riod End.	05/19/22 07/18/22	87 FR 30442
Report and Order NPRM NPRM Comment Period End. NPRM Reply Comment Pe- riod End.	08/01/23 08/07/23 09/06/23 10/06/23	88 FR 50053 88 FR 52088
Next Action Unde- termined.	To Be I	Determined

Regulatory Flexibility Analysis Required: Yes.

Agency Contact: Ike Ofobike, Attorney Advisor, Consumer & Governmental Affairs Bureau, Federal Communications Commission, 45 L Street NE, Washington, DC 20554,

Phone: 202 418–1028, Email: ike.ofobike@fcc.gov. Darryl Cooper, Attorney, Disability Rights Office, CGB, Federal Communications Commission, 45 L Street NE, Washington, DC 20554, Phone: 202 418–7131, Email: darryl.cooper@fcc.gov. RIN: 3060–AK00

267. Misuse of Internet Protocol (IP) Captioned Telephone Service; Telecommunications Relay Services and Speech-to-Speech Services; CG Docket No. 13–24 [3060–AK01]

Legal Authority: 47 U.S.C. 151; 47 U.S.C. 154; 47 U.S.C. 225

Abstract: The Federal Communications Commission (FCC) initiated this proceeding in its effort to ensure that internet-Protocol Captioned Telephone Service (IP CTS) is provided effectively and in the most efficient manner. In doing so, the FCC adopted rules to address certain practices related to the provision and marketing of IP CTS, as well as compensation of TRS providers. IP CTS is a form of relay service designed to allow people with hearing loss to speak directly to another party on a telephone call and to simultaneously listen to the other party and read captions of what that party is saying over an IP-enabled device. To ensure that IP CTS is provided efficiently to persons who need to use this service, the Commission adopted rules establishing several requirements and issued an FNPRM to address additional issues.

Timetable:

Action	Date	FR Cite
NPRM	02/05/13	78 FR 8090
Order (Interim Rule).	02/05/13	78 FR 8032
Order	02/05/13	78 FR 8030
Announcement of Effective Date.	03/07/13	78 FR 14701
NPRM Comment Period End.	03/12/13	
R&O	08/30/13	78 FR 53684
FNPRM	09/03/13	78 FR 54201
FNPRM Comment Period End.	11/18/13	
Petition for Re- consideration Request for Comment.	12/16/13	78 FR 76097
Petition for Re- consideration Comment Pe- riod End.	01/10/14	
Announcement of Effective Date.	07/11/14	79 FR 40003
Announcement of Effective Date.	08/28/14	79 FR 51446
Correction—An- nouncement of Effective Date.	08/28/14	79 FR 51450

Action	Date	FR Cite
Technical Amend-	09/09/14	79 FR 53303
ments. R&O and Declara-	06/27/18	83 FR 30082
tory Ruling. FNPRM	07/18/18	83 FR 33899
Public Notice	07/18/18	83 FR 42630
Public Notice Op-	09/17/18	0011142000
position Period	00/17/10	
End.		
FNPRM Comment	11/15/18	
Period End.		
Announcement of	02/04/19	84 FR 1409
Effective Date.		
R&O	03/08/19	84 FR 8457
FNPRM	03/14/19	84 FR 9276
FNPRM Comment	04/29/19	
Period End.		
Petition for Recon	06/18/19	84 FR 28264
Request for Comment.		
Petition for Recon	07/15/19	
Comment Pe-	07/13/19	
riod End.		
R&O	01/06/20	85 FR 462
Announcement of	02/19/20	85 FR 9392
Effective Date.		
Final Rule; Re-	05/06/20	85 FR 26857
moval of Com-		
pliance Notes.		
Final Rule; correc-	08/26/20	85 FR 52489
tion.	10/14/00	
R&O and Order on Recon.	10/14/20	85 FR 64971
FNPRM	02/01/21	86 FR 7681
Public Notice; Pe-	02/22/21	86 FR 10458
tition for Recon-	02/22/21	0011110400
sideration.		
NPRM	03/19/21	86 FR 14859
Oppositions Due	03/19/21	
Date.		
FNPRM Comment	04/02/21	
Period End.	05/00/04	
NPRM Comment	05/03/21	
Period End. Public Notice	07/15/21	86 FR 37328
Public Notice	07/15/21	00 FN 3/320
Comment Pe-	00/03/21	
riod End.		
Report & Order	09/21/22	87 FR 57645
NPRM	12/08/22	87 FR 75199
NPRM Comment	02/06/23	
Period End.		
Public Notice	01/31/23	88 FR 6220
Public Notice Op-	02/27/23	
position Period End.		
NPRM	02/02/23	88 FR 7049
NPRM Comment	04/03/23	001117040
Period End.	0 1,00,20	
Order on Recon-	02/22/23	88 FR 10853
sideration.		
Final Rule; An-	03/08/23	88 FR 14251
nouncement of		
Effective Date.		
Final Rule; An-	12/21/23	88 FR 88257
nouncement of		
Effective Date. Correction; Tech-	02/08/24	89 FR 8549
nical Amend-	02/00/24	09 I N 0049
ments.		
Next Action Unde-	To Be I	Determined
termined.		

Regulatory Flexibility Analysis Required: Yes.

Ågency Contact: Michael Scott, Deputy Chief, Disability Rights Office, Federal Communications Commission, 45 L Street NE, Washington, DC 20554, *Phone:* 202 418–1264, *Email: michael.scott@fcc.gov.* Eliot Greenwald, Deputy Chief, Disability Rights Office, Federal

Communications Commission, 45 L Street NE, Washington, DC 20554, Phone: 202 418–2235, Email: eliot.greenwald@fcc.gov. RIN: 3060–AK01

268. Advanced Methods To Target and Eliminate Unlawful Robocalls (CG Docket No. 17–59) [3060–AK62]

Legal Authority: 47 U.S.C. 201 and 202; 47 U.S.C. 227; 47 U.S.C. 251(e)

Abstract: The Telephone Consumer Protection Act of 1991 restricts the use of robocalls autodialed or prerecorded calls in certain instances. In CG Docket No. 17-59, the Commission considers rules and policies aimed at eliminating unlawful robocalling. Among the issues it examines in this docket are whether to allow carriers to block calls that purport to be from unallocated or unassigned phone numbers through the use of spoofing, whether to allow carriers to block calls based on their own analyses of which calls are likely to be unlawful and whether to establish a database of reassigned phone numbers to help prevent robocalls to consumers, who did not consent to such calls. Timetable:

	Action	Date	FR Cite
'328	NPRM/NOI 2nd NOI NPRM Comment	05/17/17 07/13/17 07/31/17	82 FR 22625
7645 5199	Period End. FNPRM R&O 2nd FNPRM	01/08/18 01/12/18 04/23/18	83 FR 770 83 FR 1566 83 FR 17631
20	2nd FNPRM Comment Pe- riod End.	06/07/18	
)49	2nd FNPRM Reply Comment Period End.	07/09/18	
853	2nd R&O 3rd FNPRM Declaratory Ruling	03/26/19 06/24/19 06/24/19	84 FR 11226 84 FR 29478 84 FR 29387
251	Public Notice Seeking Input on Report.	12/30/19	
8257	Public Notice Seeking Com- ment on Reas-	01/24/20	
649	signed Num- bers.		
	Public Notice Seeking Com-	02/26/20	
k	ment on RND Cost/Fee Struc- ture.		

Action	Date	FR Cite
Public Notice Es- tablishing Guidelines for RND.	04/16/20	
Report	06/25/20	
3rd NPRM Com-	06/26/20	
ment Date.	00/20/20	
Announcement of Compliance Dates.	06/26/20	85 FR 38334
3rd R&O, Order of Reconsider- ation, 4th	07/31/20	85 FR 46063
FNPRM.		
4th R&O (release	12/30/20	
date).	00/00/04	
Public Notice	02/08/21	86 FR 8558
Public Notice	04/13/21	
Public Notice	06/15/21	
Public Notice	10/01/21	86 FR 61077
5th FNPRM	10/26/21	86 FR 59084
Public Notice	12/29/21	
Order on Recon- sideration, 6th FNPRM, Waiver Order.	12/30/21	86 FR 74399
Public Notice	02/08/22	87 FR 7044
Seventh Further	05/19/22	87 FR 42670
Notice of Pro- posed Rule- making.		
Sixth Report and Order.	05/19/22	87 FR 42916
Public Notice	08/24/22	87 FR 51920
Public Notice	11/18/22	87 FR 69206
Seventh Report	05/19/23	88 FR 43489
and Order (Pro-		
posed Rule).		
Eighth Further Notice, and Third Notice of Inquiry (Final Rule).	05/19/23	88 FR 43446
Next Action Unde-	То Ве Г	Determined
termined.		

Agency Contact: Jerusha Burnett, Attorney Advisor, Federal Communications Commission, 45 L Street NE, Washington, DC 20554, Phone: 202 418–0526, Email: jerusha.burnett@fcc.gov. RIN: 3060–AK62

269. Empowering Broadband Consumers Through Transparency (CG Docket No. 22–2) [3060–AL33]

Legal Authority: Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act, Pub. L. 117– 58, 135 Stat. 429, 60504(a) (2021)

Abstract: In this docket, the Commission adopted rules requiring broadband internet access service providers (ISPs) to display, at the point of sale, labels to disclose to consumers certain information about prices, introductory rates or promotions, data allowances, broadband speeds, and

management practices, among other things. <i>Timetable:</i>		
Action	Date	FR Cite
NPRM NPRM Comment Period End.	02/07/22 03/09/22	87 FR 6827
NPRM Reply Comment Pe- riod End.	03/24/22	
Report & Order and FNPRM.	12/16/22	87 FR 77048
FNPRM Comment Period Ex- tended.	01/04/23	
FNPRM Comment Period End.	03/16/23	
Petition for Re- consideration.	01/31/23	88 FR 6219
Petition for Re- consideration Comment Pe- riod End.	02/27/23	
Order Order of Recon- sideration.	08/07/23 09/18/23	88 FR 52043 88 FR 63853
Next Action Unde- termined.	To Be I	Determined

Regulatory Flexibility Analysis Required: Yes.

Agency Contact: Zac Champ, Deputy Division Chief, Consumer & Governmental Affairs Bureau, Federal Communications Commission, 45 L Street NE, Washington, DC 20554, Phone: 202 418–1495, Email: zac.champ@fcc.gov.

Erica McMahon, Attorney Advisor, Federal Communications Commission, Consumer and Governmental Affairs Bureau, 45 L Street NE, Washington, DC 20554, Phone: 202 418–0346, Email: erica.mcmahon@fcc.gov. RIN: 3060–AL33

270. Targeting and Eliminating Unlawful Text Messages, CG Docket 21–403, Notice of Proposed Rulemaking [3060–AL49]

Legal Authority: 47 U.S.C. 154(i), 227(e), 251(e), 303

Abstract: In this docket, the Commission considers rules and policies concerning the ability for mobile wireless service providers to block illegal text messages.

Timetable:

Action	Date	FR Cite
NPRM Report & Order FNPRM NPRM Final Rule; An- nouncement of Effective Date.	09/27/22 03/17/23 03/17/23 01/26/24 01/26/24	87 FR 61271 88 FR 21497 88 FR 20800 89 FR 5177 89 FR 5098

Action	Date	FR Cite
Final Rule; An- nouncement of Effective Date.	03/01/24	89 FR 15061
Next Action Unde- termined.	To Be I	Determined

Regulatory Flexibility Analysis Required: Yes.

Agency Contact: Mika Savir, Attorney, Federal Communications Commission, 45 L Street NE, Washington, DC 20554, Phone: 202 418–0384, Email: mika.savir@fcc.gov. RIN: 3060–AL49

271. Misuse of Internet Protocol (IP) Relay Service; CG Docket No. 12–38 [3060–AL58]

Legal Authority: 47 U.S.C. 151; 47 U.S.C. 152 and 154; 47 U.S.C. 225; 47 U.S.C. 616

Abstract: Title IV of the Americans with Disabilities Act requires the Federal Communications Commission to ensure the availability of telecommunications relay services. IP Relay is a form of TRS that permits an individual with a hearing or a speech disability to communicate in text using an Internet Protocol-enabled device via the internet. In CG Docket No. 12-38, the Commission considers rules and policy for the provision of IP Relay, including the process for registering users for IP CTS and the methodology for determining TRS Fund support. The Commission takes these steps to ensure the provision of IP Relay in a functionally equivalent manner to persons who are deaf, hard of hearing, deaf blind or have speech disabilities. In doing so, the Commission balances several different factors including regulating the recovery of costs caused by the service, encouraging the use of existing technology and not discouraging or impairing the development of improved technology, and ensuring IP Relay is available, to the extent possible and in the most efficient manner.

Timetable:

Action	Date	FR Cite
Public Notice Public Notice Comment Pe- riod End.	02/08/12 03/20/12	77 FR 11997
Final Rule Final Rule Effec- tive.	07/25/12 07/25/12	77 FR 43538
NPRM NPRM Comment Period End	03/19/21 05/03/21	86 FR 14859
Final Rule	11/25/22	87 FR 72409

Action	Date	FR Cite
Final Rule Effec- tive.	12/27/22	
Next Action Unde- termined.	To Be Determined	

Âgency Contact: Michael Scott, Deputy Chief, Disability Rights Office, Federal Communications Commission, 45 L Street NE, Washington, DC 20554, Phone: 202 418–1264, Email: michael.scott@fcc.gov. RIN: 3060–AL58

272. Compensation for Internet Protocol Captioned Telephone Service, (CG Docket No. 22–408) [3060–AL59]

Legal Authority: 47 U.S.C. 151 and 152; 47 U.S.C. 225

Abstract: Title IV of the Americans with Disabilities Act requires the Federal Communications Commission to ensure the availability of telecommunications relay. Internet Protocol Captioned Telephone Services (IP CTS) is a form of relay service designed to allow people with hearing loss to speak directly to another party on a telephone call and to simultaneously listen to the other party and read captions of what that party is saying over an IP-enabled device. In CG Docket No. 22-408, the Commission considers rules and policy for the adoption of a compensation methodology and compensation levels for Telecommunications Relay Services (TRS) Fund support of providers of IP CTS.The Commission takes these steps to ensure the provision of IP CTS in a functionally equivalent manner to persons who are deaf, hard of hearing, deaf, blind or have speech disabilities. In doing so, the Commission balances several different factors including regulating the recovery of costs caused by the service, encouraging the use of existing technology and not discouraging or impairing the development of improved technology, and ensuring IP CTS is available, to the extent possible and in the most efficient manner.

Timetable:

Action	Date	FR Cite
NPRM	02/02/23	88 FR 7049
Next Action Unde- termined.	To Be [Determined

Regulatory Flexibility Analysis Required: Yes.

Âgency Contact: Michael Scott, Deputy Chief, Disability Rights Office, Federal Communications Commission, 45 L Street NE, Washington, DC 20554, Phone: 202 418–1264, Email: michael.scott@fcc.gov. RIN: 3060–AL59

273. Access to Video Conferencing, (CG Docket No. 23–161) [3060–AL66]

Legal Authority: 47 U.S.C. 151 and 152; 47 U.S.C. 225 ; 47 U.S.C. 617

Abstract: Section 716 of the Twenty-First Century Communications and Video Accessibility Act of 2010 (CVAA) (47 U.S.C. 617) requires the Federal **Communications Commission to ensure** the accessibility and usability of advanced communications services (ACS), including interoperable video conferencing services (IVCS), for individual with disabilities, unless such requirements are not achievable. IVCS is defined by the CVAA as a service that provides real-time video communications, including audio, to enable users to share information of the user's choosing." In CG Docket No. 23-161, the Commission considers rules and policies for the adoption of usability and accessibility requirements for IVCS and the integration of IVCS with telecommunications relay services (TRS). The Commission takes these steps to ensure that IVCS are accessible to and usable by persons with disabilities and that users of TRS are able to participate in video conferencing services in a functionally equivalent manner to persons without hearing and speech disabilities. In doing so, the Commission balances several different factors including regulating IVCS, encouraging the use of advanced technology, not discouraging or impairing the development of improved technology, and ensuring IVCS are accessible to and usable by persons with disabilities.

Timetable:

Action	Date	FR Cite
Report and Order NPRM NPRM Comment Period End. NPRM Reply Comment Pe- riod End.	08/01/23 08/07/23 09/06/23 10/06/23	88 FR 50053 88 FR 52088
Next Action Unde- termined.	To Be I	Determined

Regulatory Flexibility Analysis Required: Yes.

Agency Contact: Ike Ofobike, Attorney Advisor, Consumer & Governmental Affairs Bureau, Federal Communications Commission, 45 L Street NE, Washington, DC 20554, Phone: 202 418–1028, Email: ike.ofobike@fcc.gov. RIN: 3060–AL66

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION (FCC)

Economics

Long-Term Actions

274. Development of Nationwide Broadband Data To Evaluate Reasonable and Timely Deployment of Advanced Services to All Americans [3060–AJ15]

Legal Authority: 15 U.S.C. 251; 47 U.S.C. 252; 47 U.S.C. 257; 47 U.S.C. 271; 47 U.S.C. 1302; 47 U.S.C. 160(b); 47 U.S.C. 161(a)(2)

Abstract: The 09/09/2022 Order ended the collection of broadband deployment data through Form 477. Broadband and voice subscribership data will continue to be submitted through Form 477. Beginning with data as of December 31, 2022, and beyond, Form 477 subscribership data is submitted in the Broadband Data Collection (BDC) filing system. The Form 477 filing system remains open for filers to submit and make corrections to filings through June 30, 2022. *Timetable:*

Action Date FR Cite NPRM 05/16/07 72 FR 27519 Order 07/02/08 73 FR 37861 73 FR 60997 Order 10/15/08 NPRM 02/08/11 76 FR 10827 Order 06/27/13 78 FR 49126 NPRM 08/24/17 82 FR 40118 NPRM Comment 09/25/17 Period End. NPRM Reply 10/10/17 Comment Period End. **R&O and FNPRM** 84 FR 43764 08/22/19 Order 12/16/22 87 FR 76949 Next Action Unde-To Be Determined termined.

Regulatory Flexibility Analysis Required: Yes.

Agency Contact: Suzanne Mendez, Associate Division Chief, OEA, Federal Communications Commission, 45 L Street NE, Washington, DC 20554, Phone: 202 418–0941, Email: suzanne.mendez@fcc.gov. RIN: 3060–AJ15

275. Expanding the Economic and Innovation Opportunities of Spectrum Through Incentive Auctions (GN Docket No. 12–268) [3060–AJ82]

Legal Authority: 47 U.S.C. 309(j)(8)(G); 47 U.S.C. 1452

Abstract: In February 2012, the Middle-Class Tax Relief and Job Creation Act was enacted (Pub. L. 112-96, 126 Stat. 156 (2012)). Title VI of that statute, commonly known as the Spectrum Act, provides the Commission with the authority to conduct incentive auctions to meet the growing demand for wireless broadband. Pursuant to the Spectrum Act, the Commission may conduct incentive auctions that will offer new initial spectrum licenses subject to flexible-use service rules on spectrum made available by licensees that voluntarily relinquish some or all of their spectrum usage rights in exchange for a portion, based on the value of the relinquished rights as determined by an auction, of the proceeds of bidding for the new licenses. In addition to granting the Commission general authority to conduct incentive auctions, the Spectrum Act requires the Commission to conduct an incentive auction of broadcast TV spectrum and sets forth special requirements for such an auction.

The Spectrum Act requires that the BIA consist of a reverse auction "to determine the amount of compensation that each broadcast television licensee would accept in return for voluntarily relinquishing some or all of its spectrum usage rights" and a forward auction of licenses in the reallocated spectrum for flexible-use services, including mobile broadband. Broadcast television licensees who elected to voluntarily participate in the auction had three bidding options: go off-the-air, share spectrum with another broadcast television licensee, or move channels to the upper or lower VHS band in exchange for receiving part of the proceeds from auctioning that spectrum to wireless providers. The Spectrum Act also authorized the Commission to reorganize the 600 MHz band following the BIA including, as necessary, reassigning full power and Class A television stations to new channels in order to clear the spectrum sold in the BIA. That post-auction reorganization (known as the repack) is currently underway and all of the stations who were assigned new channels are scheduled to have vacated their preauction channels by July 3, 2020, pursuant to a 10-phase transition schedule adopted by the Commission.

In May 2014, the Commission adopted a Report and Order that laid out the general framework for the BIA. The auction started on March 29, 2016, with the submission of initial commitments by eligible broadcast licensees. The BIA ended on April 13, 2017, with the release of the Auction Closing and Channel Reassignment Public Notice

that also marked the start of the 39month transition period during which 987 of the full power and Class A television stations remaining on-the-air will transition their stations to their post-auction channel assignments in the reorganized television band. Pursuant to the Spectrum Act, the Commission will reimburse 957 of those full power and Class A stations for the reasonable costs associated with relocating to their postauction channel assignments and will reimburse multichannel video programming distributors for their costs associated with continuing to carry the signals of those stations.

In March 2018, the Consolidated Appropriations Act (Pub. L. 115–141, at Div. E, Title V, 511, 132 Stat. 348 (2018), codified at 47 U.S.C. 1452(j)-(n)) (the Reimbursement Expansion Act or REA), extended the deadline for reimbursement of eligible entities from April 2020 to no later than July 3, 2023, and also expanded the universe of entities eligible for reimbursement to include low-power television stations and TV translator stations displaced by the BIA for their reasonably incurred costs to relocate to a new channel, and FM broadcast stations for their reasonably incurred costs for facilities necessary to reasonably minimize disruption of service as a result of the post-auction reorganization of the television band. On March 15, 2019, the Commission adopted a Report and Order setting rules for the reimbursement of eligible costs to those newly eligible entities.

Timetable:

Action	Date	FR Cite
NPRM R&O Final Rule NPRM R&O	11/21/12 08/15/14 10/11/17 08/27/18 03/26/19	77 FR 69933 79 FR 48441 82 FR 47155 83 FR 43613 84 FR 11233
Next Action Unde- termined.	To Be I	Determined

Regulatory Flexibility Analysis Required: Yes.

Ågency Contact: Jean L. Kiddoo, Chair, Broadband Data Task Force, OEA, Federal Communications Commission, 45 L Street NE, Washington, DC 20554, *Phone:* 202 418–7757, *Email: jean.kiddoo@fcc.gov.*

RIN: 3060–AJ82

276. Broadband Data Collection [3060-AL42]

Legal Authority: 47 U.S.C. 151 to 154; 47 U.S.C. 157; 47 U.S.C. 201; 47 U.S.C. 254; 47 U.S.C. 301; 47 U.S.C. 303; 47 U.S.C. 309; 47 U.S.C. 319; 47 U.S.C. 332; 47 U.S.C. 641 to 646 *Abstract:* The Commission has long recognized that precise, granular data on the availability of fixed and mobile broadband are vital to bringing digital opportunity to all Americans, no matter where they live, work, or travel.

On March 23, 2020, the Broadband Deployment Accuracy and Technological Availability Act (Broadband DATA Act) was signed into law requiring the Commission to create a new set of broadband availability maps. Among other things, the Broadband DATA Act requires the Commission to collect standardized, granular data on the availability and quality of both fixed and mobile broadband internet access services, to create a common dataset of all locations where fixed broadband internet access service can be installed (the Broadband Serviceable Location Fabric or Fabric), and to create publicly available coverage maps. The Act further requires the Commission to establish processes for members of the public and other entities to (1) provide verified data for use in the coverage maps; (2) challenge the coverage maps, the broadband availability data submitted by broadband internet access service providers (providers), and the Fabric; and (3) submit specific crowdsource information about the development and availability of broadband service.

In July 2020, implementing the Broadband DATA Act and building off of an August 2019 Report and Order and Notice of Proposed Rulemaking, the Commission adopted a Second Report and Order and Third Further Notice of Proposed Rulemaking that adopted rules for the collection and verification of improved, more precise data on both fixed broadband availability. In January 2021, the Commission released a Third Report and Order that established new requirements for the BDC and took additional steps to implement the Broadband DATA Act. The rules to specify which fixed and mobile providers are required to report broadband availability data and expanded the reporting and certification requirements for filing data in the BDC. It also adopted standards for collecting verified broadband data from state, local, and Tribal governmental entities and certain third parties, and for identifying locations that would be included in the Fabric. Importantly, in the Third Report and Order, the Commission also established processes for verifying the accuracy of providersubmitted data and the Fabric, including challenge processes which invite input from the public and other stakeholders in order to improve the accuracy of the maps.

Implementing the Broadband DATA Act and these new rules, the Commission created a new data platform and system to collect and map availability data collected from over 2,500 providers and for consumers and other stakeholders to submit challenges to that data; established the Fabric dataset of locations upon which to overlay provider availability data; and established a dedicated help center to provide technical assistance to providers, consumers, and other stakeholders.

In July 2021, the Wireless Telecommunications Bureau (WTB), Office of Economics and Analytics (OEA), and Office of Engineering and Technology (OET) released a Public Notice seeking comment on the technical requirements for the mobile challenge, verification, and crowdsourcing processes required under the Broadband DATA Act for the new Broadband Data Collection (BDC). In March 2022, the Broadband Data Task Force (Task Force), WTB, OEA, and OET released a detailed order, technical appendix, rules, and technical data specifications setting forth technical requirements and specifications for the mobile challenge, verification, and crowdsource processes required by the Act.

To help facilitate the mobile challenge process, in April 2022, the Task Force and OET issued a Public Notice announcing the technical requirements and procedures for approving thirdparty mobile speed test procedures for use in collecting and submitting mobile network performance data as part of the BDC. To assist entities that choose to file mobile challenges in bulk, in September 2022 the Task Force and WTB established a process for entities to use their own software and hardware to collect on-the-ground mobile speed test data for use in the BDC mobile challenge process.

Also in April 2022, the Task Force, WCB, WTB, OEA, and OET released a Public Notice providing details on the procedures for state, local, and Tribal governmental entities to submit verified availability data through the BDC system.

To clarify the Commission's rules for filing data in the BDC, in July 2022, WCB, WTB, OEA, and the Taskforce issued a Declaratory Ruling on certain aspects of a rule regarding the engineering certification in BDC filings and issued a limited waiver of the requirement that providers have an engineer certification their biannual BDC filings for the first three filing cycles of the BDC. On June 15, 2022, the FCC Enforcement Bureau issued an Enforcement Advisory reminding all facilities-based providers of their duty to timely file complete and accurate data in the BDC by September 1, 2022.

In February 2022, the Commission announced that the initial filing window of the BDC would open on June 30, 2022, and that availability data as of June 30 were due no later than September 1, 2022. In September 2022, the Commission announced that as of September 12, 2022, state, local, and Tribal governments, service providers, and other entities may begin to file bulk challenges to location data in the Fabric.

In November 2022, the Commission released a pre-production draft of its new National Broadband Map displaying version 1 of the Fabric overlayed with provider reported availability data as of June 30, 2022. The new map was the most comprehensive, granular, and standardized data the Commission had ever published on broadband availability.

With the launch of the pre-production draft map, the Commission began accepting challenges to provider reported availability data, as well as individual consumer challenges to the location data in the Fabric. To date, the mapping team has reviewed and processed more than 4 million availability challenges. Most of those challenges have already been resolved and the majority have led to updates in the data on the map showing where broadband is available.

The Commission adopted an Order in December 2022, to sunset the Form 477 broadband deployment data collection and eliminate a largely duplicative requirement on providers. As a result, providers will no longer be required to submit Form 477 broadband deployment data, but must still submit broadband and voice subscription data using the FCC Form 477. To further streamline the FCC's data collection efforts the BDC system allows filers to submit both their BDC data and 477 subscription data as a combined filing using a single interface.

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Commission to collect standardized. granular data on the availability and quality of both fixed and mobile broadband internet access services, to create a common dataset of all locations where fixed broadband internet access service can be installed (the Broadband Serviceable Location Fabric or Fabric), and to create publicly available coverage maps. The Act further requires the Commission to establish processes for members of the public and other entities to (1) provide verified data for use in the coverage maps; (2) challenge the coverage maps, the broadband availability data submitted by broadband internet access service providers (providers), and the Fabric; and (3) submit specific crowdsource information about the development and availability of broadband service.

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The second version of the Fabric was made available to providers and other stakeholders in December 2022. This updated Fabric contained a net increase of more than one million new serviceable locations, as compared to the initial version. It also reflected the outcome of over 1 million location challenges. The second filing window of the BDC opened on January 3, 2023, and required all fixed and mobile providers to submit broadband availability data as of December 31, 2022, no later than March 1, 2023. On May 30, 2023, the National Broadband Map was updated to reflect availability data as of December 31, 2022, and version 2 of the Fabric

On July 3, 2023, the Commission announced the opening of the third filing window for broadband availability data as of June 30, 2023. The BDC will continue to collect updated availability data from providers every 6 months. Updates to the National Broadband Map will be iterative and ongoing. The challenge processes will also continue

on an ongoing basis in order to allow the public to provide input and help improve the accuracy of the National Broadband Map. Timetable:

Action	Date	FR Cite
NPRM NPRM Comment Period End.	08/03/17 09/25/17	82 FR 40118
Report & Order Second Further Notice of Pro- posed Rule- making.	08/01/19 08/01/19	84 FR 43705 84 FR 43764
Second Further NPRM Com- ment Period End.	10/07/19	
2nd R&O	07/16/20	85 FR 50886
3rd FNPRM 3rd R&O	07/16/20 01/13/21	85 FR 50911 86 FR 18124
Public Notice Public Notice Comment Pe- riod End.	07/16/21 09/27/21	86 FR 40398
Order Order	03/09/22 12/16/22	87 FR 21476 87 FR 76949
Next Action Unde- termined.	To Be I	Determined

Regulatory Flexibility Analysis Required: Yes.

Agency Contact: Jean L. Kiddoo, Chair, Broadband Data Task Force, OEA, Federal Communications Commission. 45 L Street NE, Washington, DC 20554, Phone: 202 418–7757, Email: jean.kiddoo@fcc.gov.

Eduard Bartholme, Senior Outreach Director, Broadband Data Task Force, **OEA**, Federal Communications Commission, 45 L Street NE, Washington, DC 20554, Phone: 202 418-1463, Email: eduard.bartholme@fcc.gov.

Kimia Nikseresht, Legal Advisor, Broadband Data Task Force, OEA, Federal Communications Commission, 45 L Street NE, Washington, DC 20554, Phone: 202 418–1636, Email: kimia.nikseresht@fcc.gov.

RIN: 3060-AL42

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION (FCC)

Office of Engineering and Technology

Long-Term Actions

277. Unlicensed Operation in the TV Broadcast Bands (ET Docket No. 04-186) [3060-AI52]

Legal Authority: 47 U.S.C. 154(i); 47 U.S.C. 302; 47 U.S.C. 303(e) and 303(f); 47 U.S.C. 303(r); 47 U.S.C. 307

Abstract: The Commission adopted rules to allow unlicensed radio transmitters to operate in the broadcast

television spectrum at locations where that spectrum is not being used by licensed services. (This unused TV spectrum is often termed "white spaces.") This action will make a significant amount of spectrum available for new and innovative products and services, including broadband data and other services for businesses and consumers. The actions taken are a conservative first step that includes many safeguards to prevent harmful interference to incumbent communications services. Moreover, the Commission will closely oversee the development and introduction of these devices to the market and will take whatever actions may be necessary to avoid and, if necessary, correct any interference that may occur. The Second Memorandum Opinion and Order finalizes rules to make the unused spectrum in the TV bands available for unlicensed broadband wireless devices. This particular spectrum has excellent propagation characteristics that allow signals to reach farther and penetrate walls and other structures. Access to this spectrum could enable more powerful public internet connectionssuper Wi-Fi hot spots—with extended range, fewer dead spots, and improved individual speeds as a result of reduced congestion on existing networks. This type of "opportunistic use" of spectrum has great potential for enabling access to other spectrum bands and improving spectrum efficiency. The Commission's actions here are expected to spur investment and innovation in applications and devices that will be used not only in the TV band, but eventually in other frequency bands as well. This Order addressed five petitions for reconsideration of the Commission's decisions in the Second Memorandum Opinion and Order ("Second MO&O") in these proceeding and modified rules in certain respects. In particular, the Commission: (1) increased the maximum height above average terrain (HAAT) for sites where fixed devices may operate; (2) modified the adjacent channel emission limits to specify fixed rather than relative levels; and (3) slightly increased the maximum permissible power spectral density (PSD) for each category of TV bands device. These changes will result in decreased operating costs for fixed TVBDs and allow them to provide greater coverage, thus increasing the availability of wireless broadband services in rural and underserved areas without increasing the risk of interference to incumbent services. The Commission also revised and amended several of its rules to better effectuate

the Commission's earlier decisions in this docket and to remove ambiguities. *Timetable:*

Action	Date	FR Cite
NPRM	06/18/04	69 FR 34103
First R&O	11/17/06	71 FR 66876
FNPRM	11/17/06	71 FR 66897
R&O and MO&O	02/17/09	74 FR 7314
Petitions for Re-	04/13/09	74 FR 16870
consideration.		
Second MO&O	12/06/10	75 FR 75814
Petitions for Re-	02/09/11	76 FR 7208
consideration.		
2 Order on Re-	05/17/12	77 FR 29236
consideration,		
FNPRM, and		
Order.		
FNPRM—Pro-	06/01/22	87 FR 33109
posed Rule.		
		I
Next Action Unde-	To Be I	Determined
termined.		

Regulatory Flexibility Analysis Required: Yes.

Âgency Contact: Hugh Van Tuyl, Electronics Engineer, Federal Communications Commission, 45 L Street NE, Washington, DC 20554, Phone: 202 418–7506, Fax: 202 418– 1944, Email: hugh.vantuyl@fcc.gov. RIN: 3060–AI52

278. Use of the 5.850–5.925 GHz Band; (ET Docket No. 19–138), FCC 19–129 [3060–AK96]

Legal Authority: 47 U.S.C. 1; 47 U.S.C. 4(i); 47 U.S.C. 301; 47 U.S.C. 302; 47 U.S.C. 303; 47 U.S.C. 316; 47 U.S.C. 332; 47 CFR 1.411

Abstract: In this proceeding, we repurpose 45 megahertz of the 5.850– 5.925 GHz band (the 5.9 GHz band) to allow for the expansion of unlicensed mid-band spectrum operations, while continuing to dedicate 30 megahertz of spectrum for vital intelligent transportation system (ITS) operations. In addition, to promote the most efficient and effective use of this ITS spectrum, we are requiring the ITS service to use cellular vehicle-toeverything (C-V2X) based technology at the end of a transition period. By splitting the 5.9 GHz band between unlicensed and ITS uses, today's decision puts the 5.9 GHz band in the best position to serve the needs of the American public.

In the Further Notice, the Commission addresses issues remaining to finalize the restructuring of the 5.9 GHz band. Specifically, the Commission addresses: The transition of ITS operations in the 5.895- 5.925 GHz band from Dedicated Short Range Communications (DSRC) based technology to Cellular Vehicle-to-Everything (C–V2X) based technology; the codification of C–V2X technical parameters in the Commission's rules; other transition considerations; and the transmitter power and emissions limits, and other issues, related to full-power outdoor unlicensed operations across the entire 5.850–5.895 GHz portion of the 5.9 GHz band. The Commission modified the Further Notice released on November 20, 2020, with an Erratum released on December 11, 2020. The Commission released a Second Erratum on February 9, 2021. The corrections from these errata are included in this document.

Timetable:

	Action	Date	FR Cite
_	NPRM NPRM Comment Period End.	02/06/20 03/09/20	85 FR 6841
-	FNPRM R&O & Order of Proposed Modi- fication.	05/03/21 05/03/21	86 FR 23323 86 FR 23281
	Next Action Unde- termined.	To Be I	Determined

Regulatory Flexibility Analysis Required: Yes.

Agency Contact: Howard Griboff, Attorney Advisor, Federal Communications Commission, 45 L Street NE, Washington, DC 20554, *Phone:* 202 418–0657, *Fax:* 202 418– 2824, *Email: howard.griboff@fcc.gov. RIN:* 3060–AK96

279. Unlicensed White Space Device Operations in the Television Bands, ET Docket No. 20–36 [3060–AL22]

Legal Authority: 47 U.S.C.154(i); 47 U.S.C. 201; 47 U.S.C. 302a; 47 U.S.C. 303; 47 U.S.C. 1.407 and 1.411

Abstract: In this proceeding, the Commission revises its rules to provide additional opportunities for unlicensed white space devices operating in the broadcast television bands (TV bands) to deliver wireless broadband services in rural areas and applications associated with the Internet of Things (IoT). This region of the spectrum has excellent propagation characteristics that make it particularly attractive for delivering communications services over long distances, coping with variations in terrain, as well as providing coverage into and within buildings. We offer several proposals to spur continued growth of the white space device ecosystem, especially for providing affordable broadband service to rural and underserved communities that can help close the digital divide.

Timetable:

Action	Date	FR Cite
NPRM	04/03/20	85 FR 18901

Action	Date	FR Cite	Timetable:
NPRM Comment Period End.	04/03/20		Action
Report & Order R&O—Final Rule FNPRM—Pro- posed Rule.	01/12/21 01/12/21 02/25/21	86 FR 2278 86 FR 2278 86 FR 11490	NPRM and NOI NPRM Commer Period End. Report & Order
2nd Order on Recon, FNPRM, and Order.	06/01/22	87 FR 33109	and FNPRM. FNPRM—Pro- posed Rule. Report & Order-
Order of Recon- sideration, R&O, MO&O— Final Rule.	05/22/23	88 FR 32682	Final Rule. Next Action Und termined.
Next Action Unde- termined.	To Be I	Determined	Regulatory .

Agency Contact: Hugh Van Tuyl, Electronics Engineer, Federal Communications Commission, 45 L Street NE, Washington, DC 20554, Phone: 202 418-7506, Fax: 202 418-1944, Email: hugh.vantuyl@fcc.gov. RIN: 3060-AL22

280. Protecting Against National Security Threats to the **Communications Supply Chain** Through the Equipment Authorization and Competitive Bidding Programs; ET Docket No. 21–232, EA Docket No. 21– 233 [3060-AL23]

Legal Authority: secs. 4(i), 301, 302, 303, 309(j), 312, and 316 of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, 47 U.S.C. secs. 154(i), 301, 302a, 303, 309(j), 312, 316, and sec. 1.411

Abstract: In this proceeding, the Commission proposes prohibiting the authorization of any communications equipment on the list of equipment and services (Covered List) that the Commission maintains pursuant to the Secure and Trusted Communications Networks Act of 2019. Such equipment has been found to pose an unacceptable risk to the national security of the United States or the security and safety of United States persons. We also seek comment on whether and under what circumstances we should revoke any existing authorizations of such covered communications equipment. We invite comment on whether we should require additional certifications relating to national security from applicants who wish to participate in Commission auctions. In the Notice of Inquiry, we seek comment on other actions the Commission should consider taking to create incentives in its equipment authorization processes for improved trust through the adoption of cybersecurity best practices in consumer devices.

	Action	Date	FR Cite
'8 '8 90	NPRM and NOI NPRM Comment Period End.	08/19/21 09/20/21	86 FR 46644
09	Report & Order and FNPRM.	11/25/22	
	FNPRM—Pro- posed Rule.	03/08/23	88 FR 14312
82	Report & Order— Final Rule.	02/06/23	88 FR 7592
	Next Action Unde- termined.	To Be [Determined

Regulatory Flexibility Analysis Required: Yes.

Agency Contact: Jamie Coleman, Attorney Advisor, Federal Communications Commission, 45 L Street NE, Washington, DC 20554, Phone: 202 418-2705, Email: jaime.coleman@fcc.gov.

RIN: 3060-AL23

281. Wireless Microphones in the TV Bands (ET Docket No. 21-115), 600 MHz Guard Band, 600 MHz Duplex Gap, and the 941.5–944 MHz, 944–952 MHz. 952.850-956.250 MHz. 956.45-959.85 MHz, 1435-1525 MHz [3060-AL27

Legal Authority: 47 U.S.C. secs. 154(i), 201, 302a, 303, and secs. 1.407 and 1.411

Abstract: In this proceeding, the Commission seeks to enhance the spectral efficiency of wireless microphones by permitting a recently developed type of wireless microphone system, termed herein as a Wireless Multi-Channel Audio System (WMAS), to operate in certain frequency bands. This emerging technology would enable more wireless microphones to operate in the spectrum available for wireless microphone operations, and thus advances an important Commission goal of promoting efficient spectrum use. The Commission proposes to revise the applicable technical rules for operation of low-power auxiliary station (LPAS) devices to permit WMAS to operate in the broadcast television (TV) bands and other LPAS frequency bands on a licensed basis. The Commission also proposes to update the existing LPAS and wireless microphone rules to reflect the end of the post-Incentive auction transition period and update references to international wireless microphone standards.

Timetable:

Action	Date	FR Cite
NPRM	07/01/21	86 FR 35046

Action	Date	FR Cite
NPRM Comment Period End.	08/02/21	
Next Action Unde- termined.	To Be Determined	

Regulatory Flexibility Analysis Required: Yes.

Ågency Contact: Hugh Van Tuyl, **Electronics Engineer**, Federal Communications Commission, 45 L Street NE, Washington, DC 20554, Phone: 202 418-7506, Fax: 202 418-1944, Email: hugh.vantuyl@fcc.gov. RIN: 3060-AL27

282. FCC Seeks To Enable State-of-the-Art Radar Sensors in 60 GHz Band (ET Docket No. 21-264) [3060-AL36]

Legal Authority: 47 U.S.C. 154(i), 201, 302a, 303, and secs. 1.407 and 1.411

Abstract: In this preceding, the Commission proposes to revise the Commission's rules to provide expanded operational flexibility to unlicensed field disturbance sensor (FDS) devices (e.g., radars) that operate in the 57-64 GHz band (60 GHz band). The Commission's proposal recognizes the increasing practicality of using mobile radar devices in the 60 GHz band to perform innovative and lifesaving functions, including gesture control, detection of unattended children in vehicles, and monitoring of vulnerable medical patients, and it is designed to stimulate the development of new products and services in a wide variety of areas to include, for example, personal safety, autonomous vehicles, home automation, environmental control, and healthcare monitoring, while also ensuring coexistence among unlicensed FDS devices and current and future unlicensed communications devices in the 60 GHz band. Timetable:

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Action	Date	FR Cite
NPRM NPRM Comment Period End.	08/19/21 10/18/21	86 FR 46661
Report and Order—Final Rule.	07/24/23	88 FR 47384
2nd Report and Order—Final Rule.	08/23/23	88 FR 47384
Next Action Unde- termined.	To Be I	Determined

Regulatory Flexibility Analysis Required: Yes.

Agency Contact: Anh Wride, **Electronics Engineer**, Federal Communications Commission, 445 12th Street SW, Washington, DC 20554,

Phone: 202 418–0577, Fax: 202 418– 1944, Email: anh.wride@fcc.gov. Thomas Struble, Federal Communications Commission, 45 L Street NE, Washington, DC 20554, Phone: 202 418–2470, Email: thomas.struble@fcc.gov. RIN: 3060–AL36

283. FCC Proposes To Update Equipment Authorization Rules To Incorporate New and Revised Industry Standards, (ET Docket No. 21–363) [3060–AL39]

Legal Authority: 47 U.S.C. 154(i), 301, 302a, 303, and secs. 1.407 and 1.411

Abstract: We propose targeted updates to our rules to incorporate four new and updated standards that are integral to the testing of equipment and accreditation of laboratories that test RF devices.

Timetable:

Action	Date	FR Cite
NPRM NPRM Comment Period End.	03/17/22 04/16/22	87 FR 15180
Next Action Unde- termined.	To Be Determined	

Regulatory Flexibility Analysis Required: Yes.

Âgency Contact: Brian Butler, Engineer, Federal Communications Commission, 45 L Street NE, Washington, DC 20554, Phone: 202 418– 2702, Email: brian.butler@fcc.gov. RIN: 3060–AL39

284. Allocation of Spectrum for Non-Federal Space Launch Operations (ET Docket No. 13–115) [3060–AL44]

Legal Authority: 47 U.S.C. 151, 152, 154(i), 155(c), 301, 303(c), 303(f), and 303(r)

Abstract: In this proceeding, the Federal Communications Commission (Commission) takes steps towards establishing a spectrum allocation and licensing framework that will provide regulatory certainty and improved efficiency and that will promote innovation and investment in the United States commercial space launch industry. In the Further Notice of Proposed Rulemaking, the Commission seeks comment on the definition of space launch operations, the potential allocation of spectrum for the commercial space launch industry, including the 420-430 MHz, 2025-2110 MHz, and 5650–5925 MHz bands. In addition, the Commission seeks comment on establishing service rules, including licensing and technical rules and coordination procedures, for the use of spectrum for commercial space

launch operations. Finally, the Commission seeks to refresh the record on potential ways to facilitate Federal use of commercial satellite services in what are currently non-Federal satellite bands and enable more robust federal use of the 399.9–400.05 MHz band. *Timetable*:

Action	Date	FR Cite
NPRM and NOI FNPRM—Pro- posed Rule. Report & Order— Final Rule. Order on Recon., R&O, MO&O, and Final Rule.	07/01/13 06/10/21 06/28/21 06/21/23	78 FR 39200 86 FR 30860 86 FR 33902 88 FR 32682
Next Action Unde- termined.	To Be I	Determined

Regulatory Flexibility Analysis Required: Yes.

Agency Contact: Nicholas Oros, Supervisory Attorney Advisor, Federal Communications Commission, 45 L Street NE, Washington, DC 20554, Phone: 202 418–0636, Email: nicholas.oros@fcc.gov. RIN: 3060–AL44

285. • FCC Implements and Proposes Final Acts of the WRC–19 and WRC–15, ET Docket No. 21–120 & 21–121, and RM–11785 [3060–AL77]

Legal Authority: Part 2—47 U.S.C. 154; 47 U.S.C. 302a and 303; 47 U.S.C. 336

Abstract: In this document, the Federal Communications Commission (Commission) makes non-substantive. editorial revisions to the Commission's Table of Frequency Allocations (Allocation Table), primarily to reflect decisions from the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference 2019 (WRC19 Final Acts). The purpose of this administrative action is to revise the Allocation Table by updating the International Table of Frequency Allocations (International Table) portion of the Allocation Table to reflect the International Telecommunication Union's (ITU's) Table of Frequency Allocations in its Radio Regulations (Edition of 2020) (Radio Regulations), and by making updates and corrections in the United States Table of Frequency Allocations (U.S. Table) portion of the Allocation Table. The Commission also proposes implementation of certain allocation decisions from the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference 2015 (WRC15 Final Acts) concerning portions of the radio spectrum between 5330.5 kHz and 29.5 GHz, other spectrum allocation changes,

and related updates to the Commission's service rules. *Timetable:*

Action	Date	FR Cite
NPRM NPRM Comment Period End. Final Action Final Action Effec- tive.	09/29/23 12/28/23 09/28/23 10/30/23	88 FR 67160 88 FR 73810 88 FR 67514
Next Action Unde- termined.	To Be I	Determined

Regulatory Flexibility Analysis Required: Yes.

Âgency Contact: Patrick Forster, Electronics Engineer, Federal Communications Commission, 45 L Street NE, Washington, DC 20554, Phone: 202 418–7061, Email: pforster@ fcc.gov. RIN: 3060–AL77

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION (FCC)

Media Bureau

Long-Term Actions

286. Revision of EEO Rules and Policies (MB Docket No. 98–204) [3060–AH95]

Legal Authority: 47 U.S.C. 151; 47 U.S.C. 154; 47 U.S.C. 257; 47 U.S.C. 301; 47 U.S.C. 303; 47 U.S.C. 307 to 309; 47 U.S.C. 334; 47 U.S.C. 403; 47 U.S.C. 554

Abstract: FCC authority to govern Equal Employment Opportunity (EEO) responsibilities of cable television operators was codified in the Cable Communications Policy Act of 1984. This authority was extended to television broadcast licensees and other multi-channel video programming distributors (MVPDs) in the Cable and Television Consumer Protection Act of 1992. In the Second Report and Order, the FCC adopted new EEO rules and policies. This action was in response to a decision of the U.S. Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit that found prior EEO rules unconstitutional. In 2004, the Third Report and Order adopted revised forms for broadcast station and MVPD Annual Employment Reports. The Fourth Report and Order reinstated the collection of workforce composition data for television and radio broadcasters. The Second Further Notice of Proposed Rulemaking sought to refresh the record on the collection of workforce composition data for MVPDs. Timetable:

Action	Date	FR Cite
NPRM	01/14/02	67 FR 1704

Action	Date	FR Cite	
Second R&O and Third NPRM.	01/07/03	68 FR 670	
Correction	01/13/03	68 FR 1657	
Fourth NPRM	06/23/04	69 FR 34986	
Third R&O	06/23/04	69 FR 34950	
FNPRM	08/31/21	86 FR 48610	
FNPRM Comment Period End.	09/30/21		
Fourth Report and Order, Order of Recon., and 2nd FNPRM.	02/22/24		
Next Action Unde- termined.	To Be I	Determined	

Agency Contact: Radhika Karmarkar, Chief, Industry Analysis Division, Media Bureau, Federal Communications Commission, 45 L Street NE, Washington, DC 20554, Phone: 202 418-1523, Email: radhika.karmarkar@ fcc.gov.

RIN: 3060-AH95

287. Establishment of Rules for Digital Low-Power Television, Television Translator, and Television Booster Stations (MB Docket No. 03-185) [3060-AI38]

Legal Authority: 47 U.S.C. 309; 47 U.S.C. 336

Abstract: This proceeding initiated the digital television conversion for lowpower television (LPTV) and television translator stations. The rules and policies adopted as a result of this proceeding provide the framework for these stations' conversion from analog to digital broadcasting. The revised rules reflect an effort to simplify, streamline, and modernize existing rules and procedures that will enable stations to comply with licensing requirements more easily through familiar and low-cost measures.

Timetable:

Action	Date	FR Cite
NPRM	09/26/03	68 FR 55566
NPRM Comment Period End.	11/25/03	
R&O	11/29/04	69 FR 69325
FNPRM and	10/18/10	75 FR 63766
MO&O.		
2nd R&O	07/07/11	76 FR 44821
3rd NPRM	11/28/14	79 FR 70824
NPRM Comment	12/29/14	
Period End.		
NPRM Reply	01/12/15	
Comment Pe-		
riod End.		
3rd R&O	02/01/16	81 FR 5041
4th NPRM	02/01/16	81 FR 5086
Comment Period End.	02/22/16	
NPRM	12/23/19	84 FR 70489

Action	Date	FR Cite
5th NPRM Report and Order	06/17/22 05/12/23	87 FR 36440 88 FR 30654
Next Action Unde- termined.	To Be I	Determined

Regulatory Flexibility Analysis Required: Yes.

Agency Contact: Shaun Maher, Attorney, Video Division, Federal Communications Commission, Media Bureau, 45 L. Street NE, Washington, DC 20554, Phone: 202 418-2324, Fax: 202 418–2827, Email: shaun.maher@ fcc.gov.

RIN: 3060-AI38

288. Authorizing Permissive Use of the "Next Generation" Broadcast **Television Standard (GN Docket No.** 16-142) [3060-AK56]

Legal Authority: 47 U.S.C. 151; 47 U.S.C. 154; 47 U.S.C. 157; 47 U.S.C. 301; 47 U.S.C. 303; 47 U.S.C. 307 to 309; 47 U.S.C. 316; 47 U.S.C. 319; 47 U.S.C. 325(b); 47 U.S.C. 336; 47 U.S.C. 399(b); 47 U.S.C. 403; 47 U.S.C. 534; 47 U.S.C. 535

Abstract: In this proceeding, the Commission seeks to authorize television broadcasters to use the "Next Generation" ATSC 3.0 broadcast television transmission standard on a voluntary, market-driven basis, while they continue to deliver currentgeneration digital television broadcast service to their viewers. In the Report and Order, the Commission adopted rules to afford broadcasters flexibility to deploy ATSC 3.0-based transmissions, while minimizing the impact on, and costs to, consumers and other industry stakeholders.

Timetable:

Action	Date	FR Cite
NPRM	03/10/17	82 FR 13285
NPRM Comment	05/09/17	
Period End.		
FNPRM	12/20/17	82 FR 60350
R&O	02/02/18	83 FR 4998
FNPRM Comment	02/20/18	
Period End.		
FNPRM Reply	03/20/18	
Comment Pe-		
riod End.		
NPRM	05/13/20	85 FR 28586
2nd R&O Order	07/17/20	85 FR 43478
on Recon.		
Report & Order	04/22/21	86 FR 21217
FNPRM	12/13/21	86 FR 70793
ENPRM Comment	02/11/22	
Period End.	0	
3rd FNPRM	07/07/22	87 FR 40464
3rd R&O	07/17/23	88 FR 45347
4th FNPRM	07/17/23	88 FR 45378
	01/11/20	0011140070
Next Action Unde-	To Be I	Determined
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termineu.		

Regulatory Flexibility Analysis Required: Yes.

Agency Contact: Ty Bream, Attorney Advisor, Industry Analysis Div., Federal Communications Commission, 45 L Street NE, Washington, DC 20554, Phone: 202 418-0644, Email: ty.bream@ fcc.gov.

RIN: 3060-AK56

289. 2018 Quadrennial Regulatory **Review of the Commission's Broadcast Ownership Rules (MB Docket 18–349)** [3060-AK77]

Legal Authority: 47 U.S.C. 151; 47 U.S.Č. 152(a); 47 U.S.C. 154(i); 47 U.S.C. 257; 47 U.S.C. 303; 47 U.S.C. 307; 47 U.S.C. 309 and 310; 47 U.S.C. 403; sec. 202(h) of the Telecommunications Act

Abstract: Section 202(h) of the Telecommunications Act of 1996 requires the Commission to review its broadcast ownership rules every 4 years and to determine whether any such rules are necessary in the public interest as the result of competition. The rules subject to review in the 2018 quadrennial review are the Local Radio Ownership Rule, the Local Television Ownership Rule, and the Dual Network Rule. Based on a careful review of the record, the Commission found that the existing rules, with some minor modifications, remain necessary in the public interest.

Timetable:

Action	Date	FR Cite
NPRM Report and Order	02/28/19 02/15/24	84 FR 6741 89 FR 12196
Next Action Unde- termined.	To Be Determined	

Regulatory Flexibility Analysis Required: Yes.

Agency Contact: Radhika Karmarkar, Chief, Industry Analysis Division, Media Bureau, Federal Communications Commission, 45 L Street NE, Washington, DC 20554, Phone: 202 418-1523, Email: radhika.karmarkar@ fcc.gov.

RIN: 3060-AK77

290. Equal Employment Opportunity Enforcement (MB Docket 19–177) [3060-AK86]

Legal Authority: 47 U.S.C. 151; 47 U.S.C. 154(i); 47 U.S.C. 154(j); 47 U.S.C. 334; 47 U.S.C. 554

Abstract: In this proceeding, the Commission seeks comment on ways in which it can make improvements to equal employment opportunity (EEO) compliance and enforcement.

Timetable:

Action	Date	FR Cite
NPRM	07/22/19	84 FR 35063
Next Action Unde- termined.	To Be I	Determined

Āgency Contact: Radhika Karmarkar, Chief, IAD, Media Bureau, Federal Communications Commission, 45 L Street NE, Washington, DC 20554, *Phone:* 202 418–1523, *Email: radhika.karmarkar@fcc.gov. RIN:* 3060–AK86

291. Duplication of Programming on Commonly Owned Radio Stations (MB Docket No. 19–310) [3060–AL19]

Legal Authority: 47 U.S.C. 151; 47 U.S.C. 154(i) and 154(j) and 303(r); 47 U.S.C. 303(r)

Abstract: In this proceeding, the Commission eliminated the radio duplication rule. The rule bars sameservice (AM or FM) commercial radio stations from duplicating more than 25% of their total hours of programming in an average broadcast week if the stations have 50% or more contours overlap and are commonly owned or subject to a time brokerage agreement. Petitions for reconsideration are pending.

Timetable:

Action	Date	FR Cite
NPRM Report & Order	12/23/19 10/22/20	84 FR 70485 85 FR 67303
Next Action Unde- termined.	To Be Determined	

Regulatory Flexibility Analysis Required: Yes.

Agency Contact: Radhika Karmarkar, Chief, Industry Analysis Division, Media Bureau, Federal Communications Commission, 45 L Street NE, Washington, DC 20554, *Phone:* 202 418– 1523, *Email: radhika.karmarkar@ fcc.gov.*

RIN: 3060–AL19

292. Sponsorship Identification Requirements for Foreign Government-Provided Programming (MB Docket No. 20–299) [3060–AL20]

Legal Authority: 47 U.S.C. 151 and 154; 47 U.S.C. 155; 47 U.S.C. 301 and 303; 47 U.S.C. 307 and 309 ; 47 U.S.C. 310; 47 U.S.C. 334; 47 U.S.C. 336 and 339

Abstract: In this proceeding, the Commission modifies its rules to require specific disclosure requirements for broadcast programming that is paid for, or provided by a foreign government or its representative. Timetable:

Timetuble.		
Action	Date	FR Cite
NPRM R&O Second NPRM	11/24/20 06/17/21 11/17/22	85 FR 74955 86 FR 32221 87 FR 68960
Next Action Unde- termined.	To Be I	Determined

Regulatory Flexibility Analysis Required: Yes.

Âgency Contact: Radhika Karmarkar, Chief, IAD, Media Bureau, Federal Communications Commission, 45 L Street NE, Washington, DC 20554, Phone: 202 418–1523, Email: radhika.karmarkar@fcc.gov. RIN: 3060–AL20

293. FM Broadcast Booster Stations (MB Docket No. 20–401) [3060–AL21]

Legal Authority: 47 U.S.C. 151; 47 U.S.C. 154 and 157; 47 U.S.C. 301 to 303; 47 U.S.C. 307 to 309; 47 U.S.C. 316 and 319; 47 U.S.C. 324

Abstract: In this proceeding, the Commission seeks comment on a proposal to amend its rules to enable FM broadcasters to use FM booster stations to air geo-targeted content (*e.g.*, news, weather, and advertisements) independent of the signals of its primary station within different portions of the primary station's protected service contour for a limited period of time during the broadcast hour.

Timetable:

Action	Date	FR Cite
NPRM	01/11/21	86 FR 1909
Next Action Unde- termined.	To Be I	Determined

Regulatory Flexibility Analysis Required: Yes.

Ågency Contact: Al Shuldiner, Division Chief, Audio Div., Media Bureau, Federal Communications Commission, 45 L Street NE, Washington, DC 20554, *Phone:* 202 418– 2700, *Email: albert.shuldiner@fcc.gov. RIN:* 3060–AL21

294. Amendment of Part 73 Rules To Update Television and Class A Television Broadcast Station Rules, and Rules Applicable to All Broadcast Stations (MB Docket No. 22–227) [3060– AL50]

Legal Authority: 47 U.S.C. 151 and 154; 47 U.S.C. 301 and 303; 47 U.S.C. 307 to 308; 47 U.S.C. 309 to 310; 47 U.S.C. 316 and 319; 47 U.S.C. 336

Abstract: In this proceeding, the Commission seeks to adopt revisions to rules in part 0, part 27, subparts E, H, I, J, and L of part 73, and certain parts

of parts 74 and 90 in light of the fact that all television services have ceased analog operations. The Commission proposes to amend section headings and language in rules to remove references to DTV, digital, and analog television service, as these distinctions are no longer necessary. The Commission also propose to delete outdated rules that are no longer valid given changes in Commission-adopted policy. The Commission also proposes other nonsubstantive, technical revisions. The Commission also proposes to update rules to reference the current designation for form numbers (e.g., FCC Form 2100) and by requiring electronic filing in the Commission's Licensing and Management System. The Commission also propose to make corrections or updates, inter alia, to section headings, spelling, contact information, and rule cross-references. or to language inadvertently omitted from a rule.

Timetable:

Action	Date	FR Cite
NPRM Report and Order	02/09/23 02/01/24	88 FR 8636 89 FR 7224
Next Action Unde- termined.	To Be I	Determined

Regulatory Flexibility Analysis Required: Yes.

Agency Contact: Emily Harrison, Attorney Advisor, Media Bureau, Federal Communications Commission, 45 L Street NE, Washington, DC 20554, *Phone:* 202 418–1665, *Email: emily.harrison@fcc.gov.*

Joyce Bernstein, Attorney Advisor, Media Bureau, Federal Communications Commission, 45 L Street NE, Washington, DC 20554, *Phone:* 202 418– 1647, *Email: joyce.bernstein@fcc.gov. RIN:* 3060–AL50

295. Implementation of the Low Power Protection Act, MB Docket No. 23–126 [3060–AL63]

Legal Authority: 47 U.S.C. 151 and 152; 47 U.S.C. 154(i) and 154(j); 47 U.S.C. 303; 47 U.S.C. 307 and 309; 47 U.S.C. 311 and 336(f)

Abstract: In this proceeding, the Commission seeks to implement the Low Power Protection Act (LPPA) consistent with Congressional direction. The LPPA provides certain low power television stations with an opportunity to apply for primary spectrum use status as Class A television stations. In the Report and Order, the Commission established the Class A eligibility requirements and the process for submitting applications. *Timetable*:

Action	Date	FR Cite
NPRM Report and Order	04/14/23 01/10/24	88 FR 2980 89 FR 1466
Next Action Unde- termined.	To Be Determined	

Agency Contact: Kim Matthews, Attorney, Policy Division, Federal Communications Commission, Media Bureau, 45 L Street NE, Washington, DC 20554, Phone: 202 418-2154, Fax: 202 418-2053, Email: kim.matthews@ fcc.gov.

RIN: 3060-AL63

66930

296. Video Description, MB Docket No. 11-43 [3060-AL64]

Legal Authority: 47 U.S.C. 613

Abstract: In this proceeding, the Commission seeks to expand audio description requirements to additional market areas. The proposed expansion would help ensure that a greater number of individuals who are blind or visually impaired can be connected, informed, and entertained by television programming.

Timetable:

Action	Date	FR Cite
NPRM Report and Order	03/29/23 10/27/23	88 FR 18505 88 FR 73758
Next Action Unde- termined.	To Be Determined	

Regulatory Flexibility Analysis Required: Yes.

Agency Contact: Diana Sokolow, Attorney, Policy Division, Federal Communications Commission, Media Bureau, 45 L Street NE, Washington, DC 20554, Phone: 202 418-2120, Email: diana.sokolow@fcc.gov.

RIN: 3060-AL64

297. 2022 Quadrennial Review of Media Ownership Rules, MB Docket No. 22-459 [3060-AL65]

Legal Authority: 202(h) of the Telecommunications Act of 1996

Abstract: Section 202(h) of the **Telecommunications Act of 1996** requires the Commission to review its media ownership rules every four years to determine whether they remain necessary in the public interest as the result of competition. This proceeding will examine the media ownership rules in light of the media landscape of 2022 and beyond.

Timetable:

Action	Date	FR Cite
Public Notice	01/17/23	88 FR 2595
Next Action Unde- termined.	To Be I	Determined

Regulatory Flexibility Analysis Required: Yes.

Agency Contact: Ty Bream, Attorney Advisor, Industry Analysis Div., Federal Communications Commission, 45 L Street NE, Washington, DC 20554, Phone: 202 418–0644, Email: ty.bream@ fcc.gov.

RIN: 3060-AL65

298. • Modifying Rules for FM **Terrestrial Digital Audio Broadcasting** Systems, MB Docket No. 22-405 [3060-AL70]

Legal Authority: 47 U.S.C. 151; 47 U.S.C. 154(i) and 154(j); 47 U.S.C. 301 and 302(a)

Abstract: In this proceeding, the Commission proposes changes to the digital audio broadcasting technical rules that would permit additional FM stations to increase FM hybrid digital effective radiated power beyond the existing levels without the need for individual Commission authorization. In addition, the Commission propose to allow a digital FM station to operate with asymmetric power on the digital sidebands. These rule changes are intended to improve digital FM signal quality and minimize the effect of the digital FM station signal on adjacent channel FM transmissions. Timetable:

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Action	Date	FR Cite
NPRM	08/22/23	88 FR 57033
Next Action Unde- termined.	To Be I	Determined

Regulatory Flexibility Analysis Required: Yes. Âgency Contact: Al Shuldiner, Division Chief, Audio Div., Media **Bureau**, Federal Communications Commission, 45 L Street NE, Washington, DC 20554, Phone: 202 418-2700, Email: albert.shuldiner@fcc.gov. RIN: 3060-AL70

299. • Customer Rebates for **Undelivered Video Programming** During Blackouts, MB Docket No. 24-20 [3060-AL71]

Legal Authority: 47 U.S.C. 151; 47 U.S.C. 154(i) and 154(j); 47 U.S.C. 303 and 335(a)

Abstract: In this proceeding, the Commission seeks comment on whether to require cable operators and direct broadcast satellite (DBS) providers to

give their subscribers rebates when those subscribers are deprived of video programming they expect to receive during programming blackouts that result from failed retransmission consent negotiations or failed nonbroadcast carriage negotiations. In the event that such a requirement is adopted, the Commission seeks comment below on how to apply the rule, and whether to specify the method that cable operators and DBS providers use to offer the rebates and if so, how they should issue rebates. The Commission also seeks comment on its our authority to adopt a rebate rule. The Commission also invites comment on any other proposals to ensure that subscribers are made whole when they lose access to programming that they expected to receive in exchange for paying a monthly subscription fee when they signed up for service.

Timetable:

Action	Date	FR Cite
NPRM	02/07/24	89 FR 8385
Next Action Unde- termined.	To Be Determined	

Regulatory Flexibility Analysis Required: Yes.

Agency Contact: Brendan Murray, Deputy Division Chief, Policy Division, Media Bureau, Federal Communications Commission, 45 L Street NE, Washington, DC 20554, Phone: 202 418-1573, Email: brendan.murray@fcc.gov.

RIN: 3060-AL71

300. • Priority Application Review for **Broadcast Stations That Provide Local** Journalism or Other Locally Originated Programming, MB Docket No. 24–14 [3060-AL72]

Legal Authority: 47 U.S.C. 151; 47 U.S.C. 152; 47 U.S.C. 154(i) and 154(j); 47 U.S.C. 303

Abstract: This proceeding addresses certain billing practices of cable and direct broadcast satellite (DBS) service providers that penalize subscribers for terminating video service or switching video service providers. Comment is sought on proposals to protect consumers and promote competition in the video programming marketplace. The proposed customer service protection rules include prohibiting cable operators and DBS service providers from imposing early termination fees and billing cycle fees on subscribers.

Timetable:

Action	Date	FR Cite
NPRM	01/05/24	89 FR 740
Next Action Unde- termined.	To Be I	Determined

Âgency Contact: Katie Costello, Policy Division, Media Bureau, Federal Communications Commission, Media Bureau, 45 L Street NE, Washington, DC 20554, Phone: 202 418–2233, Fax: 202 418–1069, Email: katie.costello@fcc.gov. RIN: 3060–AL72

301. • Cable Operator and DBS Provider Billing Practices, MB Docket No. 23–405 [3060–AL73]

Legal Authority: 47 U.S.C. 151; 47 U.S.C. 154(i) ; 47 U.S.C. 303(v) and 335(a); 47 U.S.C. 552(b)

Abstract: This proceeding addresses certain billing practices of cable and direct broadcast satellite (DBS) service providers that penalize subscribers for terminating video service or switching video service providers. Comment is sought on proposals to protect consumers and promote competition in the video programming marketplace. The proposed customer service protection rules include prohibiting cable operators and DBS service providers from imposing early termination fees and billing cycle fees on subscribers.

Timetable:

Action	Date	FR Cite
NPRM	01/05/24	89 FR 740
Next Action Unde- termined.	To Be [Determined

Regulatory Flexibility Analysis Required: Yes.

Agency Contact: Katie Costello, Policy Division, Media Bureau, Federal Communications Commission, Media Bureau, 45 L Street NE, Washington, DC 20554, Phone: 202 418–2233, Fax: 202 418–1069, Email: katie.costello@fcc.gov. RIN: 3060–AL73

302. • Reporting Requirements for Commercial Television Broadcast Station Blackouts, MB Docket No. 23– 427 [3060–AL74]

Legal Authority: 47 U.S.C. 151; 47 U.S.C. 154(i); 47 U.S.C. 301 and 303; 47 U.S.C. 307; . . .

Abstract: In this proceeding, the Commission proposes a reporting framework for TV station blackouts occurring on video service platforms offered by cable operators, satellite TV providers, and other multichannel video programming distributors (MVPDs). The proposed reporting framework would require MVPDs to publicly report to the Commission the beginning and end of any qualifying blackout of a commercial broadcast television station, or stations, and disclose either publicly or confidentially the number of subscribers affected by the blackout.

Timetable:

Action	Date	FR Cite
NPRM	01/26/24	89 FR 42277
Next Action Unde- termined.	To Be Determined	

Regulatory Flexibility Analysis Required: Yes.

Agency Contact: Brooke Olaussen, Policy Division, Media Bureau, Federal Communications Commission, 45 L Street NE, Washington, DC 20554, Phone: 202 418–1060, Email: brooke.olaussen@fcc.gov.

RIN: 3060-AL74

303. • All-In Pricing for Cable and Satellite Television Service, MB Docket No. 23–203 [3060–AL75]

Legal Authority: 47 U.S.C. 151; 47 U.S.C. 154(i); 47 U.S.C. 303 and 316; 47 U.S.C. 335(a); . . .

Abstract: In this proceeding, the Commission proposes to require cable operators and direct broadcast satellite providers to specify the all-in price for video programming as a prominent single line item on subscribers' bills and in promotional materials that state a price.

Timetable:

Action	Date	FR Cite
NPRM	06/30/23	88 FR 42277
Next Action Unde- termined.	To Be I	Determined

Regulatory Flexibility Analysis Required: Yes.

Agency Contact: Brendan Murray, Deputy Division Chief, Policy Division, Media Bureau, Federal Communications Commission, 45 L Street NE, Washington, DC 20554, *Phone:* 202 418– 1573, *Email: brendan.murray@fcc.gov*.

RIN: 3060-AL75

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION (FCC)

Office of Managing Director

Long-Term Actions

304. Assessment and Collection of Regulatory Fees [3060–AK64]

Legal Authority: 47 U.S.C. 159

Abstract: Section 9 of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended (47 U.S.C. 159), requires the Federal Communications Commission to recover the cost of its activities by assessing and collecting annual regulatory fees from beneficiaries of the activities.

Timetable:

Action	Date	FR Cite
NPRM	06/06/17	82 FR 26019
R&O	09/22/17	82 FR 44322
NPRM	06/14/18	83 FR 27846
NPRM Comment Period End.	06/21/18	
R&O	09/18/18	83 FR 47079
NPRM	06/05/19	84 FR 26234
NPRM Comment Period End.	06/07/19	
R&O	09/26/19	84 FR 50890
NPRM	05/08/20	85 FR 32256
R&O	06/22/20	85 FR 37364
NPRM	05/13/21	86 FR 26262
R&O	05/17/21	86 FR 26677
NPRM	09/21/21	86 FR 52429
R&O	09/22/21	86 FR 52742
NPRM Comment Period End.	10/21/21	
NPRM	06/28/22	87 FR 38588
Report & Order	09/14/22	87 FR 56494
NPRM	06/01/23	88 FR 36154
NPRM Comment Period End.	06/29/23	
Report and Order	09/15/23	88 FR 63694
Next Action Unde- termined.	To Be I	Determined

Regulatory Flexibility Analysis Required: Yes.

Agency Contact: Roland Helvajian, Office of the Managing Director, Federal Communications Commission, 445 12th Street SW, Washington, DC 20554, Phone: 202 418–0444, Email: roland.helvajian@fcc.gov.

RIN: 3060-AK64

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION (FCC)

Office of International Affairs

Long-Term Actions

305. Process Reform for Executive Brance Review of Certain FCC Applications and Petitions Involving Foreign Ownership, IB Docket No. 16– 155 [3060–AL12]

Legal Authority: 47 U.S.C. 154(l); 47 U.S.C. 154(j); 47 U.S.C. 214; 47 U.S.C. 303; 47 U.S.C. 309; 47 U.S.C. 310; 47 U.S.C. 413; 47 U.S.C. 34–39; E.O. 10530; 3 U.S.C. 301

Abstract: In this proceeding, the Commission considers rules and procedures that streamline and improve the timeliness and transparency of the process by which the Commission refers certain applications and petitions for declaratory ruling to the Executive Branch agencies for assessment of any national security, law enforcement, foreign policy or trade policy issues related to foreign investment in the applicants and petitioners. The Commission, in this proceeding, also adopted Standard Questions that certain applicants with reportable foreign ownership will be required to answer as part of the Executive Branch review process of their applications.

Timetable:

Action	Date	FR Cite
NPRM NPRM Comment Period End.	06/24/16 09/02/16	81 FR 46870
Public Notice Public Notice Comment Pe- riod End.	04/27/20 09/02/20	85 FR 29914
Report & Order Public Notice Public Notice Comment Pe- riod End.	10/01/20 12/30/20 04/19/21	85 FR 76360 85 FR 12312
Secord Report and Order Adopted.	09/30/21	86 FR 68428
Second R&O Re- leased.	10/01/21	86 FR 68428
Next Action Unde- termined.	To Be I	Determined

Regulatory Flexibility Analysis Required: Yes.

Agency Contact: Arthur T. Lechtman, Attorney Advisor, Federal Communications Commission, International Bureau, 45 L Street NE, Washington, DC 20554, *Phone:* 202 418– 1465, *Fax:* 202 418–0175, *Email: arthur.lechtman@fcc.gov.*

RIN: 3060-AL12

306. • Review of International Section 214 Authorizations To Assess Evolving National Security, Law Enforcement, Foreign Policy, and Trade Policy Risks, IB Docket No. 23–119, MD Docket No. 23–134 [3060–AL76]

Legal Authority: 47 U.S.C. 154(i) and 154(j); 47 U.S.C. 201 and 214; 47 U.S.C. 218 and 219; 47 U.S.C. 403 and 413 Abstract: By this Notice, the

Commission proposes rules that would require carriers to renew, every 10 years, their international section 214 authority. In the alternative, the Commission seeks comment on adopting rules that would require all international section 214 authorization holders to periodically update information enabling the Commission to review the public interest and national security implications of those authorizations based on that updated information. Through these proposals, the Commission seeks to ensure that the Commission is exercising appropriate oversight of international section 214 authorization holders to safeguard U.S. telecommunications networks.

Timetable:

termined.

Action	Date	FR Cite
NPRM NPRM Comment Period End.	06/01/23 10/02/23	88 FR 50486
Next Action Unde-	To Be Determined	

Regulatory Flexibility Analysis Required: Yes. Agency Contact: Gabrielle Kim, Attorney Advisor, Office of International Affairs, Federal Communications Commission, 45 L Street NE, Washington, DC 20554, Phone: 202 418–0730, Email: gabrielle.kim@fcc.gov. RIN: 3060–AL76

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION (FCC)

Public Safety and Homeland Security Bureau

Long-Term Actions

307. Wireless E911 Location Accuracy Requirements: PS Docket No. 07–114 [3060–AJ52]

Legal Authority: 47 U.S.C. 151; 47 U.S.C. 154; 47 U.S.C. 332

Abstract: This rulemaking is related to the proceedings in which the FCC previously acted to improve the quality of all emergency services. Wireless carriers must provide specific automatic location information in connection with 911 emergency calls to Public Safety Answering Points (PSAPs). Wireless licensees must satisfy enhanced 911 location accuracy standards at either a county-based or a PSAP-based geographic level.

Timetable:

Action	Date	FR Cite
NPRM	06/20/07	72 FR 33948
R&O	02/14/08	73 FR 8617
Public Notice	09/25/08	73 FR 55473
FNPRM; NOI	11/02/10	75 FR 67321
Public Notice	11/18/09	74 FR 59539
2nd R&O	11/18/10	75 FR 70604
Second NPRM	08/04/11	76 FR 47114
Second NPRM	11/02/11	7011147114
Comment Pe-	11,02,11	
riod End.		
Final Rule	04/28/11	76 FR 23713
NPRM, 3rd R&O,	09/28/11	76 FR 59916
and 2nd	00/20/11	7011100010
FNPRM.		
3rd FNPRM	03/28/14	79 FR 17820
Order Extending	06/10/14	79 FR 33163
Comment Pe-	00,10,11	/011100100
riod.		
3rd FNPRM Com-	07/14/14	
ment Period	01/14/14	
End.		
Public Notice (Re-	11/20/14	
lease Date).		
Public Notice	12/17/14	
Comment Pe-		
riod End.		
4th R&O	03/04/15	80 FR 11806
Final Rule	08/03/15	80 FR 45897
Order Granting	07/10/17	
Waiver.		
NPRM	09/26/18	83 FR 54180
4th NPRM	03/18/19	84 FR 13211
5th R&O	01/16/20	85 FR 2660
5th NPRM	01/16/20	85 FR 2683
5th NPRM Com-	03/16/20	
ment Period		
End.		
6th R&O and	08/28/20	85 FR 53234
Order on Recon.		
Order of Recon-	01/01/21	86 FR 8714
sideration.		
Next Action Unde-	To Be I	Determined
termined.		

Regulatory Flexibility Analysis Required: Yes.

Ågency Contact: Brenda Boykin, Deputy Chief, Policy & Licensing Division, Public Safety and Homeland Security Bureau, Federal Communications Commission, 45 L Street NE, Washington, DC 20554, Phone: 202 418–2062, Email: brenda.boykin@fcc.gov. RIN: 3060–AJ52

308. Improving Outage Reporting for Submarine Cables and Enhancing Submarine Cable Outage Data; GN Docket No. 15–206 [3060–AK39]

Legal Authority: 47 U.S.C. 151; 47 U.S.C. 154; 47 U.S.C. 34 to 39; 47 U.S.C. 301

Abstract: This proceeding takes steps toward assuring the reliability and resiliency of submarine cables, a critical piece of the Nation's communications infrastructure, by proposing to require submarine cable licensees to report to the Commission when outages occur and communications are disrupted. The Commission's intent is to enhance national security and emergency preparedness by these actions. In December 2019, the Commission adopted an Order on Reconsideration that modifies the requirement for submarine cable licensees to report outages to the Commission.

The compliance date for the new mandatory submarine cable outage reporting rules was October 28, 2021. *Timetable:*

Action Date FR Cite NPRM (Release 09/18/15 Date). R&O 06/24/16 81 FR 52354 Petitions for 09/08/16 Recon. Petitions for 10/17/16 81 FR 75368 Recon-Public Comment. Order on Recon. 12/20/19 84 FR 15733 PRA Approval for 03/25/21 new collection. Public Notice re 04/28/21 effective date. **Compliance Date** 10/28/21 for New Rules. Next Action Unde-To Be Determined termined.

Regulatory Flexibility Analysis Required: Yes.

Âgency Contact: Scott Cinnamon, Attorney-Advisor, Federal Communications Commission, 45 L Street NE, Washington, DC 20554, Phone: 202 418–2319, Email: scott.cinnamon@fcc.gov. RIN: 3060–AK39

309. Amendments to Part 4 of the Commission's Rules Concerning Disruptions to Communications: (PS Docket No. 15–80, 18–336, 23–5) [3060– AK40]

Legal Authority: sec. 1, 4(i), 4(j), 4(o), 251(e)(3), 254, 301, 303(b), 303(g), 303(r), 307, 309(a), 309(j); 316, 332, 403, 615a–1, and 615c of Pub. L. 73–416, 4 Stat. 1064, as amended; and sec. 706 of Pub. L. 104–104, 110 Stat. 56; 47 U.S.C. 151, 154(i)–(j) & (o), 251(e)(3), 254, 301, 303(b), 303(g), 303(r), 307; 309(a), 309(j), 316, 332, 403, 615a–1, 615c, and 1302, unless otherwise noted

Abstract: The 2004 Report and Order (R&O) extended the Commission's communication disruptions reporting rules to non-wireline carriers and

streamlined reporting through a new electronic template (see docket ET Docket 04–35). In 2015, this proceeding, PS Docket 15–80, was opened to amend the original communications disruption reporting rules from 2004 in order to reflect technology transitions observed throughout the telecommunications sector. The Commission seeks to further study the possibility to share the reporting database information and access with State and other Federal entities. In May 2016, the Commission released a Report and Order, FNPRM, and Order on Reconsideration (see also Dockets 11-82 and 04-35). The R&O adopted rules to update the part 4 requirements to reflect technology transitions. The FNPRM sought comment on sharing information in the reporting database. Comments and replies were received by the Commission in August and September 2016.

In March 2020, the Commission adopted a Second Further Notice of Proposed Rulemaking in PS Docket No. 15–80 that proposed a framework to provide state and federal agencies with access to outage information to improve their situational awareness while preserving the confidentiality of this data, including proposals to: provide direct, read-only access to NORS and DIRS filings to qualified agencies of the 50 states, the District of Columbia, Tribal nations, territories, and federal government; allow these agencies to share NORS and DIRS information with other public safety officials that reasonably require NORS and DIRS information to prepare for and respond to disasters; allow participating agencies to publicly disclose NORS or DIRS filing information that is aggregated and anonymized across at least four service providers; condition a participating agency's direct access to NORS and DIRS filings on their agreement to treat the filings as confidential and not disclose them absent a finding by the Commission that allows them to do so; and establish an application process that would grant agencies access to NORS and DIRS after those agencies certify to certain requirements related to maintaining confidentiality of the data and the security of the databases. In March 2021, the Commission adopted the proposed information sharing framework with some modifications in a Second Report and Order. In April 2021, in a Notice of Proposed Rulemaking, the Commission proposed to codify a rule adopted in 2016 that exempts satellite and terrestrial wireless providers from reporting outages that potentially affect special offices and

facilities, as defined in Commission rules. This proceeding addresses the Commission's efforts to improve the utility of its efforts to track network outages and disruptions and does not promote the administration's specified priorities.

In May 2021, the California Public Utilities Commission (CPUC) filed a Petition for Reconsideration (PFR) requesting that the Commission reconsider its decision in the Second Report and Order to maintain the presumption of confidentiality applied to NORS and DIRS filings. The Commission sought comment on the PFR's requests.

Timetable:

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Action	Date	FR Cite
NPRM, 2nd R&O, Order on Becon	06/16/15	80 FR 34321
NPRM Comment Period End.	07/31/15	
R&O FNPRM, 1 Part 4 R&O, Order on Recon	07/12/16 08/11/16	81 FR 45055 81 FR 45059
Order Denying Reply Comment Deadline Exten- sion Request.	09/08/16	
FNPRM Comment Period End.	09/12/16	
Announcement of Effective Date for Rule Changes in R&O.	06/22/17	82 FR 28410
Announcement of Effective Date for Rule Changes in R&O.	06/22/17	82 FR 28410
Second Further NPRM.	02/28/20	85 FR 17818
Second Further NPRM Com- ment Period End.	06/01/20	
2nd R&O	04/29/21	86 FR 22796
3rd NPRM CPUC PFR Com- ment Period End.	06/30/21 08/23/21	86 FR 34679 86 FR 40801
Next Action Unde- termined.	To Be I	Determined

Regulatory Flexibility Analysis Required: Yes.

Agency Contact: Logan Bennett, Attorney Advisor, Public Safety and Homeland Security Bureau, Federal Communications Commission, 45 L Street NE, Washington, DC 20554, *Phone:* 202 418–7790, *Email: logan.bennett@fcc.gov.*

Saswat Misra, Attorney-Advisor, Public Safety and Homeland Security Bureau, Federal Communications Commission, 45 L Street NE, Washington, DC 20554, *Phone:* 202 418– 0944, *Email: saswat.misra@fcc.gov. RIN:* 3060–AK40

310. New Part 4 of the Commission's Rules Concerning Disruptions to Communications; ET Docket No. 04–35 [3060–AK41]

Legal Authority: 47 U.S.C. 154 and 155; 47 U.S.C. 201; 47 U.S.C. 251; 47 U.S.C. 307; 47 U.S.C. 316

Abstract: The proceeding creates a new part 4 in title 47 and amends part 63.100. The proceeding updates the Commission's communication disruptions reporting rules for wireline providers formerly in 47 CFR 63.100 and extends these rules to other nonwireline providers. Through this proceeding, the Commission streamlines the reporting process through an electronic template. The Report and Order received several petitions for reconsideration, of which two were eventually withdrawn. In 2015, seven were addressed in an Order on Reconsideration and in 2016 another petition was addressed in an Order on Reconsideration. One petition (CPUC Petition) remains pending regarding NORS database sharing with States, which is addressed in a separate proceeding, PS Docket 15-80. To the extent the communication disruption rules cover VoIP, the Commission studies and addresses these questions in a separate docket, PS Docket 11-82.

In May 2016, the Commission released a Report and Order, FNPRM, and Order on Reconsideration (see Dockets 11–82 and 15–80). The Order on Reconsideration addressed outage reporting for events at airports, and the FNPRM sought comment on database sharing. The Commission received comments and replies in August and September 2016.

Timetable:

Action	Date	FR Cite
NPRM	03/26/04	69 FR 15761
R&O	11/26/04	69 FR 68859
Denial for Petition	12/02/04	
for Partial Stay.		
Seek Comment	02/02/10	
on Petition for		
Recon.		
Reply Period End	03/19/10	
Seek Comment	07/02/10	
on Broadband		
and Inter-		
connected		
VOIP Service		
Providers.		
Reply Period End	08/16/12	
2nd R&O, and	06/16/15	80 FR 34321
Order on		
Recon, NPRM.	07/10/10	
R&O	07/12/16	81 FR 45055

Action	Date	FR Cite	Action	Date	FR Cite
FNPRM, 1 Part 4 R&O, Order on Becon.	08/11/16	81 FR 45095, 81 FR 45055	NPRM Reply Comment Pe- riod End.	02/12/16	
Order Denying Extension of Time to File Reply Com-	09/08/16		Order FNPRM Comment Period End.	12/08/16 09/29/16 12/08/16	81 FR 75710 81 FR 78539
Announcement of Effective Date for Rule	06/22/17	82 FR 28410	Petition for Recon Order on Recon 2nd R&O and 2nd Order on Recon.	12/19/16 02/04/17 02/28/18	81 FR 91899 82 FR 57158 83 FR 8619
Changes in R&O.			Public Notice Public Notice Comment Pe-	04/26/18 05/29/18	83 FR 18257
Next Action Unde- termined.	To Be I	Determined	riod End. Public Notice Reply Comment	06/11/18	

Period End.

Report and Order

and FNPRM.

FNPRM

FNPRM

FNPRM

Report and Order

Correction

Next Action Unde-

termined.

Regulatory Flexibility Analysis Required: Yes.

Agency Contact: Logan Bennett, Attorney Advisor, Public Safety and Homeland Security Bureau, Federal Communications Commission, 45 L Street NE, Washington, DC 20554, Phone: 202 418–7790, Email: logan.bennett@fcc.gov. RIN: 3060–AK41

311. Wireless Emergency Alerts (WEA):

PS Docket No. 15–91, 15–94, 22–329 [3060–AK54]

Legal Authority: Pub. L. 109–347, title VI: 47 U.S.C. 151: 47 U.S.C. 154(i)

Abstract: This proceeding was initiated to improve Wireless Emergency Alerts (WEA) messaging, ensure that WEA alerts reach only those individuals to whom they are relevant, and establish an end-to-end testing program based on advancements in technology.

In April 2023, the Commission released an FNPRM seeking comment on proposals to make WEA alerts understandable to people with disabilities and people with native languages other than English and Spanish, communities that would otherwise be underserved by WEA.

In October 2023, the Commission adopted a Report and Order adopting some of the proposals from the April FNPRM. Proposals adopted include making WEA multilingual, including location-aware maps with alerting, permitting two live WEA tests per county or county equivalent per year, and creating a publicly available WEA Database which will include information about where WEA is and is not available and by what providers. *Timetable:*

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Action	Date	FR Cite
NPRM NPRM Comment Period End.	11/19/15 01/13/16	80 FR 77289

Regulatory Flexibility Analysis Required: Yes. Agency Contact: Michael Antonino,

06/17/21

04/21/22

11/23/22

06/21/23

12/15/23

01/17/24

86 FR 46783

87 FR 30857

87 FR 71539

88 FR 40606

88 FR 86824

89 FR 2885

To Be Determined

Attorney Advisor, PSHSB, Federal Communications Commission, 45 L Street NE, Washington, DC 20554, *Phone:* 202 418–7965, *Email: michael.antonino@fcc.gov.*

James Wiley, Deputy Division Chief, Public Safety and Homeland Security Bureau, Federal Communications Commission, 45 L Street NE, Washington, DC 20554, *Phone:* 202 418– 1678, *Email: james.wiley@fcc.gov. RIN:* 3060–AK54

312. 911 Fee Diversion Rulemaking: PS Docket Nos. 20–291, 09–14 [3060–AL31]

Legal Authority: Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2021, Pub. L. 116– 260, Division FF, title 1X, sec. 902, Don't Break Up the T-Band Act of 2020 (sec. 902)

Abstract: In 2020, Congress adopted the "Don't Break Up the T-Band Act" (section 902) to help address the diversion of 911 fees by states and other jurisdictions for purposes unrelated to 911. Among other requirements, Congress mandated that the Commission should issue final rules designating the uses of 911 fees by states and taxing jurisdictions that constitute 911 fee diversion for purposes of 47 U.S.C. 615a-1, as amended by section 902. The Commission initiated this proceeding and issued new rules at 47 CFR 9.21–9.26 that: (1) clarify the purposes and functions for which expenditures of 911 fees are acceptable and which would be considered

unacceptable and constitute diversion, with illustrative, non-exhaustive examples of each; (2) establish a declaratory ruling process for providing further guidance to states and taxing jurisdictions on fee diversion issues; and (3) codify the specific obligations and restrictions that section 902 imposes on states and taxing jurisdictions, including those that engage in diversion as defined by the Commission's rules.

Timetable:

Action	Date	FR Cite
Notice of Inquiry	10/02/20	
NOI Comment Period End.	11/02/20	
NOI Reply Com- ment Period End.	12/02/20	
NPRM	02/17/21	86 FR 12399
NPRM Comment Period End.	03/23/21	
NPRM Reply Comment Pe- riod End.	04/02/21	86 FR 12399
Report & Order	06/25/21	86 FR 45892
R&O Erratum	08/12/21	86 FR 45892
Petition for Recon	12/22/21	86 FR 72546
Oppositions to Petition for Recon.	01/06/22	
Replies to Oppo- sitions to Peti- tion for Recon.	01/18/22	
Next Action Unde- termined.	To Be I	Determined

Regulatory Flexibility Analysis Required: Yes.

Ågency Contact: Brenda Boykin, Deputy Chief, Policy & Licensing Division, Public Safety and Homeland Security Bureau, Federal Communications Commission, 45 L Street NE, Washington, DC 20554, *Phone:* 202 418–2062, *Email: brenda.boykin@fcc.gov. RIN:* 3060–AL31

313. Resilient Networks, Amendments to Part 4 of the Commission's Rules Concerning Disruptions to Communications; PS Docket No. 21–346 [3060–AL43]

Legal Authority: 47 U.S.C. 1; 47 U.S.C. 4(i) and 4(o); 47 U.S.C. 201(b) and 214(d); 47 U.S.C. 218 and 251(e)(3); 47 U.S.C. 301; 47 U.S.C. 303(b) and 303(g); 47 U.S.C. 303(j) and 303(r); 47 U.S.C. 307; 47 U.S.C. 309(a) and 309(j); 47 U.S.C. 316 and 332; 47 U.S.C. 403; 47 U.S.C. 615a–1 ; 47 U.S.C. 615c of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended; 47 U.S.C. 154(i)–(j) and (o); 47 U.S.C. 151; 47 U.S.C 4(j); . . .

Abstract: In October 2021, the Commission adopted a Notice of Proposed Rulemaking (NPRM) to investigate ways to improve the reliability and resiliency of communications networks during emergencies and ways to ensure that communications services remain operational when disasters strike. The NPRM sought comment on: (i) potential improvements to the voluntary Wireless **Resiliency Cooperative Framework** (Framework), including evaluating what triggers its activation, its scope of participants, whether existing Framework elements can be strengthened, any gaps that need to be addressed, and whether the public would benefit from codifying some or all of the Framework, (ii) ways to enhance the information available to the Commission through Network Outage Reporting System (NORS) and Disaster Information Reporting System (DIRS) during disasters and network outages to improve situational awareness, and (iii) communications resiliency strategies for power outages, including improved coordination between communications service providers and power companies and deploying onsite backup power or other alternative measures to reduce the frequency, duration, or severity of power-related disruptions to communications services.

In June 2022, the Commission adopted a Report & Order (R&O) and Further Notice of Proposed Rulemaking (FNPRM) following up on and further addressing matters related to the Framework. The R&O introduced the Mandatory Disaster Response Initiative (MDRI), which largely codified the Framework's five substantive provisions as mandatory, extended the reach of these provisions to all facilities-based mobile wireless providers, expanded the real-world criteria that trigger activation of the MDRI (as compared to the Framework) and introduced new provisions requiring providers to test their roaming capabilities and report on the performance of their implementation of the MDRI to the Commission after disaster events. The FNPRM examined whether and how the new reporting requirement can be standardized to ensure that the Commission obtains vital and actionable information on the performance of providers' implementation of the MDRI in the aftermath of exigency, while also minimizing associated burdens. This proceeding addresses network reliability in the context of public safety and does not promote the administration's specified priorities.

In October 2022, CTIA and the Competitive Carriers Association (CCA) filed a Petition for Clarification and Partial Reconsideration in response to the 2022 Resilient Networks R&O.

Particularly, Petitioners asked that the Commission: (1) provide a list of potential providers to which the MDRI may apply; (2) provide sufficient time for wireless providers to achieve compliance (by requesting 12 months for non-small providers and 18 months for small providers); (3) align the definitions of "non-small" and "small" with the Commission's existing definitions of "nationwide" and "nonnationwide" as used in the 911 context; (4) establish the process in which the Public Safety and Homeland Security Bureau (Bureau) will inform providers that the MDRI is active; and (5) affirm that Office of Management and Budget (OMB) review is required for all information collection obligations and that the Commission will treat all roaming arrangements as presumptively confidential under Section 4.17(d). A draft Order on Reconsideration was circulated for Commission consideration on July 28, 2023.

Timetable:

Action	Date	FR Cite
NPRM	10/01/21	86 FR 61103
NPRM Comment Period End.	01/14/22	
FNPRM	06/27/22	87 FR 59379
R&O	06/27/22	87 FR 59329
FNPRM Comment Period End.	10/31/22	
FNPRM Reply Comment Pe- riod End.	11/29/22	
Petition for Re- consideration.	10/31/22	
Public Notice Comment.	12/02/22	87 FR 7102
Extends Deadline to File Replies.	12/19/22	87 FR 79263
Next Action Unde- termined.	To Be I	Determined

Regulatory Flexibility Analysis Required: Yes.

Agency Contact: Logan Bennett, Attorney Advisor, Public Safety and Homeland Security Bureau, Federal Communications Commission, 45 L Street NE, Washington, DC 20554, *Phone:* 202 418–7790, *Email: logan.bennett@fcc.gov. RIN:* 3060–AL43

314. Location-Based Routing for Wireless 911 Calls (P.S. Docket 18–64) [3060–AL52]

Legal Authority: 47 U.S.C. 151; 47 U.S.C. 152(a); 47 U.S.C. 154(i); 47 U.S.C. 160; 47 U.S.C. 201; 47 U.S.C. 214; 47 U.S.C. 222; 47 U.S.C. 251(e); 47 U.S.C. 301 to 303; 47 U.S.C. 307; 47 U.S.C. 309; 47 U.S.C. 316 and 332; 47 U.S.C. 615; 47 U.S.C. 615a; 47 U.S.C. 615b; 47 U.S.C. 615c

Abstract: In this proceeding, the Federal Communications Commission proposes rules to more precisely route wireless 911 calls and texts to Public Safety Answering Points (PSAPs), which can result in faster response times during emergencies. Wireless 911 calls have historically been routed to PSAPs based on the location of the cell tower that handles the call. Sometimes, however, the 911 call is routed to the wrong PSAP because the cell tower is not in the same jurisdiction as the 911 caller. This can happen, for instance, when an emergency call is placed near a county border. These misrouted 911 calls must be transferred from one PSAP to another, which consumes time and resources and can cause confusion and delay in emergency response. The Notice of Proposed Rulemaking (NPRM) proposes to require wireless and covered text providers to deploy technology that supports location-based routing, a method that relies on precise information about the location of the wireless caller's device, on some networks and to use location-based routing to route 911 voice calls and texts originating on those networks when caller location is accurate and timely. In addition, the NPRM proposes to require CMRS and covered text providers to deliver 911 calls, texts, and associated routing information in internet Protocol (IP) format upon request of certain 911 authorities.

Timetable:

Action	Date	FR Cite
NPRM NPRM Comment Period End. Reply Comments	01/17/23 02/16/23 03/20/23	88 FR 2565
Due. Report and Order	03/13/24	89 FR 18488
Next Action Unde- termined.	To Be Determined	

Regulatory Flexibility Analysis Required: Yes.

Ågency Contact: Brenda Boykin, Deputy Chief, Policy and Licensing Div, PSHSB, Federal Communications Commission, 45 L Street NE, Washington, DC 20554, Phone: 202 418-2062, Email: brenda.boykin@fcc.gov. RIN: 3060-AL52

315. Next Generation 9-1-1, PS Docket No. 21-479, FCC 23-47 [3060-AL67]

Legal Authority: Not Yet Determined Abstract: The Federal Communications Commission (the FCC or Commission) proposes rules that will advance the nationwide transition to

Next Generation 911 (NG911). The Notice of Proposed Rulemaking (NPRM)

proposes requiring certain service providers to complete all translation and routing to deliver 911 calls in the requested internet Protocol (IP)-based format to an Emergency Services IP network (ESInet) or other designated point(s) that allow emergency calls to be answered upon request of 911 authorities who have certified the capability to accept IP-based 911 communications. In addition, the NPRM proposes to require service providers to transmit all 911 calls to destination point(s) in those networks designated by a 911 authority upon request of 911 authorities who have certified the capability to accept IP-based 911 communications. Finally, the NPRM proposes that in the absence of agreements by states or localities on alternative cost recovery mechanisms, service providers must cover the costs of transmitting 911 calls to the point(s) designated by a 911 authority. In addition, the NPRM seeks comment on promoting diversity and inclusion.

Timetable:

Action	Date	FR Cite
NPRM	07/10/23	88 FR 43514
Next Action Unde- termined.	To Be Determined	

Regulatory Flexibility Analysis Required: Yes. Ågency Contact: Brenda Boykin, Deputy Chief, Policy & Licensing Division, Public Safety and Homeland Security Bureau, Federal Communications Commission, 45 L Street NE, Washington, DC 20554,

Phone: 202 418-2062, Email: brenda.boykin@fcc.gov.

RIN: 3060-AL67

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS **COMMISSION (FCC)**

Space Bureau

Long-Term Actions

316. Update to Parts 2 and 25 **Concerning Nongeostationary, Fixed-**Satellite Service Systems, and Related Matters: IB Docket No. I6-408 [3060-AK59]

Legal Authority: 47 U.S.C. 154(i); 47 U.S.C. 303; 47 U.S.C. 316

Abstract: On January 11, 2017, the Commission began a rulemaking to update its rules and policies concerning non-geostationary-satellite orbit (NGSO), fixed-satellite service (FSS) systems and related matters. The Commission proposed among other things, to provide for more flexible use

of the 17.8-20.2 GHz bands for FSS, promote shared use of spectrum among NGSO FSS satellite systems, and remove unnecessary design restrictions on NGSO FSS systems. The Commission subsequently adopted a Report and Order establishing new sharing criteria among NGSO FSS systems and providing additional flexibility for FSS spectrum use. The Commission also released a Further Notice of Proposed Rulemaking proposing to remove the domestic coverage requirement for NGSO FSS systems and later adopted a Second Report and Order removing this requirement.

Timetable:

Action	Date	FR Cite
NPRM NPRM Comment Period End.	01/11/17 04/10/17	82 FR 3258
FNPRM R&O FNPRM Comment Period End.	11/15/17 12/18/17 01/02/18	82 FR 52869 82 FR 59972
2nd R&O	02/21/21	86 FR 11642
Next Action Unde- termined.	To Be I	Determined

Regulatory Flexibility Analysis Required: Yes.

Agency Contact: Clay DeCell, Attorney Advisor, Federal Communications Commission, International Bureau, 45 L Street NE, Washington, DC 20554, Phone: 202 418-0803, Email: clay.decell@fcc.gov. RIN: 3060-AK59

317. Amendment of Parts 2 and 25 of the FCC Rules to Facilitate the Use of **Earth Stations in Motion Communicating With Geostationary Orbit Space Stations in FSS Bands: IB** Docket No. 17-95 [3060-AK84]

Legal Authority: 47 U.S.C. 154(i); 47 U.S.C. 157(a); 47 U.S.C. 303; 47 U.S.C. 308(b); 47 U.S.C. 316

Abstract: In June 2017, the Commission began a rulemaking to streamline, consolidate, and harmonize rules governing earth stations in motion (ESIMs) used to provide satellite-based services on ships, airplanes and vehicles communicating with geostationarysatellite orbit (GSO), fixed-satellite service (FSS) satellite systems. In September 2018, the Commission adopted rules governing communications of ESIMs with GSO satellites. These rules addressed communications in the conventional C-, Ku-, and Ka-bands, as well as portions of the extended Ku-band. At the same time, the Commission also released a Further Notice of Proposed Rulemaking that sought comment on

allowing ESIMs to operate in all of the frequency bands in which earth stations at fixed locations operating in GSO FSS satellite networks can be blanketlicensed. Specifically, comment was sought on expanding the frequencies available for communications of ESIMs with GSO FSS satellites to include the following frequency bands: 10.7–10.95 GHz, 11.2–11.45 GHz, 17.8–18.3 GHz, 18.8–19.3 GHz, 19.3–19.4 GHz, 19.6– 19.7 GHz (space-to-Earth); and 28.6– 29.1 GHz (Earth-to-space).

Timetable:

Action	Date	FR Cite
NPRM NPRM Comment Period End	06/16/17 08/30/17	82 FR 27652
OMB-approval for Information Col- lection of R&O Comment Pe- riod End.	08/28/18	
FNPRM R&O FNPRM Comment Period End.	07/24/20 07/24/20 09/22/20	85 fr 44818 85 FR 44772
Next Action Unde- termined.	To Be Determined	

Regulatory Flexibility Analysis Required: Yes.

Agency Contact: Cindy Spiers, Attorney Advisor, Federal Communications Commission, International Bureau, 45 L Street NE, Washington, DC 20554, *Phone:* 202 418– 1593, *Email: cindy.spiers@fcc.gov. RIN:* 3060–AK84

318. Facilitating the Communications of Earth Stations in Motion With Non-Geostationary Orbit Space Stations: IB Docket No. 18–315 [3060–AK89]

Legal Authority: 47 U.S.C. 154(i); 47 U.S.C. 157(a); 47 U.S.C. 303; 47 U.S.C. 308(b); 47 U.S.C. 316

Abstract: In November 2018, the Commission adopted a notice of proposed rulemaking that proposed to expand the scope of the Commission's rules governing ESIMs operations to cover communications with NGSO FSS satellites. Comment was sought on establishing a regulatory framework for communications of ESIMs with NGSO FSS satellites that would be analogous to that which exists for ESIMs communicating with GSO FSS satellites. In this context, comment was sought on: (1) allowing ESIMs to communicate in many of the same conventional Kuband, extended Ku-band, and Ka-band frequencies that were allowed for communications of ESIMs with GSO FSS satellites (with the exception of the 18.6-18.8 GHz and 29.25-29.5 GHz frequency bands); (2) extending blanket

licensing to ESIMs communicating with NGSO satellites; and (3) revisions to specific provisions in the Commission's rules to implement these changes. The specific frequency bands for communications of ESIMs with NGOS FSS satellites on which comment was sought are as follows: 10.7–11.7 GHz; 11.7–12.2 GHz; 14.0–14.5 GHz; 17.8– 18.3 GHz; 18.3–18.6 GHz; 18.8–19.3 GHz; 19.3–19.4 GHz; 19.6–19.7 GHz; 19.7–20.2 GHz; 28.35–28.6 GHz; 28.6– 29.1 GHz; and 29.5–30.0 GHz. *Timetable:*

Action	Date	FR Cite
NPRM NPRM Comment Period End.	12/28/18 03/13/19	83 FR 67180
R&O	07/24/20	
Next Action Unde- termined.	To Be I	Determined

Regulatory Flexibility Analysis Required: Yes.

Âgency Contact: Cindy Spiers, Attorney Advisor, Federal Communications Commission, International Bureau, 45 L Street NE, Washington, DC 20554, *Phone:* 202 418– 1593, *Email: cindy.spiers@fcc.gov. RIN:* 3060–AK89

319. Space Innovation; Mitigation of Orbital Debris in the New Space Age: IB Docket Nos. 18–313, 22–271 [3060– AK90]

Legal Authority: 47 U.S.C. 154; 47 U.S.C. 157; 47 U.S.C. 301; 47 U.S.C. 302; 47 U.S.C. 303; 47 U.S.C. 307; 47 U.S.C. 308; 47 U.S.C. 309; 47 U.S.C. 310; 47 U.S.C. 319; 47 U.S.C. 332; 47 U.S.C. 336; 47 U.S.C. 605; 47 U.S.C. 721

Abstract: The Commission's current orbital debris rules were first adopted in 2004. Since then, significant changes have occurred in satellite technologies and market conditions, particularly in Low Earth Orbit, *i.e.*, below 2000 kilometers altitude. These changes include the increasing use of lower cost small satellites and proposals to deploy large constellations of non-geostationary satellite orbit (NGSO) systems, some involving thousands of satellites.

The NPRM proposes changes to improve disclosure of debris mitigation plans. The NPRM also makes proposals and seeks comment related to satellite disposal reliability and methodology, appropriate deployment altitudes in low-Earth-orbit, and on-orbit lifetime, with a particular focus on large NGSO satellite constellations. Other aspects of the NPRM include new rule proposals for geostationary orbit satellite (GSO) license term extension requests, and consideration of disclosure requirements related to several emerging technologies and new types of commercial operations, including rendezvous and proximity operations.

The Report and Order in this proceeding adopted a number of these proposals. In addition a Further Notice of Proposed Rulemaking sought comment on topics such as collision risk and casualty risk for multi-satellite systems, de-orbit timelines, maneuverability requirements, and indemnification and post mission disposal bond issues. The Commission issued a Second Report and Order adopting a 5-year de-orbit timeframe for satellites ending their missions in or passing through the low-Earth Orbit region.

Three petitions for reconsideration were filed in response to the initial Report and Order, which were all subsequently denied.

Timetable:

Action	Date	FR Cite
NPRM	02/19/19 05/06/19	84 FR 4742
Period End.		
R&O	08/25/20	85 FR 52422
FNPRM	08/25/20	85 FR 52455
FNPRM Comment Period End.	10/09/20	
Second R&O	09/29/22	
Notice of Petition for Reconsider- ation.	11/09/20	85 FR 71296
Denial of Recon- sideration.	02/22/24	89 FR 13276
Next Action Unde- termined.	To Be [Determined

Regulatory Flexibility Analysis Required: Yes.

Âgency Contact: Alexandra Horn, Attorney Advisor, Federal Communications Commission, 45 L Street NE, Washington, DC 20554, Phone: 202 418–1376, Email: alexandra.horn@fcc.gov. RIN: 3060–AK90

320. Parts 2 and 25 To Enable GSO FSS in the 17.3–17.8 GHz Band, Modernize Rules for 17/24 GHz BSS Space Stations, and Establish Off-Axis Uplink Power Limits for Extended KA-Band FSS (IB Doc. No. 20–330) [3060–AL28]

Legal Authority: 47 U.S.C. 154(i); 47 U.S.C. 303(r); 47 U.S.C. 309(j)

Abstract: This item addresses the addition of an allocation in the 17.3–17.7 GHz and 17.7–17.8 GHz bands to the fixed-satellite service in the spaceto-Earth direction. The Notice of Proposed Rulemaking proposes to add these allocations to the U.S. Table of Frequency Allocations (non-Federal), and proposes modification of existing

technical rules to prevent harmful interference between services in these bands.

Timetable:

Action	Date	FR Cite
NPRM NPRM Comment Period End.	02/01/21 03/03/21	86 FR 7660
NPRM Reply Comment Pe- riod End.	03/18/21	
R&O	09/03/22	
Erraturn	09/03/22	
Next Action Unde- termined.	To Be I	Determined

Regulatory Flexibility Analysis Required: Yes.

Âgency Contact: Stephanie Neville, Attorney Advisor, Satellite Programs and Policy Div., Space Bureau, Federal Communications Commission, 45 L Street NE, Washington, DC 20554, Phone: 202 418-1672, Email: stephanie.neville@fcc.gov.

Sean O'More, Attorney Advisor, International Bureau, Federal Communications Commission, 45 L Street NE, Washington, DC 20554, Phone: 245 418-2453, Email: sean.omore@fcc.gov. RIN: 3060-AL28

321. Revising Spectrum Sharing Rules for Non-Geostationary Orbit, Fixed-Satellite Service Systems: IB Docket No. 21-456 [3060-AL41]

Legal Authority: 47 U.S.C. 154(i); 47 U.S.C. 157(a); 47 U.S.C. 303; 47 U.S.C. 308(b); 47 U.S.C. 316

Abstract: In 2021, the Commission released a Notice of Proposed Rulemaking (NPRM) seeking comment on revisions to the spectrum sharing requirements among non-geostationary satellite orbit (NGSŎ), fixed-satellite service (FSS) systems. The NPRM proposed that the Commission's existing spectrum sharing mechanism for NGSO FSS systems will be limited to those systems approved in the same processing round. The NPRM also proposed to adopt a rule providing that later-round NGSO FSS systems will have to protect earlier-round systems, and invited comment on how to define such protection. In addition, the NPRM sought comment on whether to sunset, after a period of time, the interference protection afforded to an NGSO FSS system because of its processing round status.

In 2023, the Commission released a Report and Order (R&O) in this proceeding. The R&O adopted rules clarifying protection obligations between NGSO FSS systems authorized

through different processing rounds by using a degraded throughput methodology, and subjected those protections to a sunset period. After the sunset period, new entrants authorized in later processing rounds would share spectrum on an equal basis with earlierround incumbents. The R&O also clarified that all NGSO FSS operators licensed or granted market access in the United States must coordinate with each other in good faith, regardless of their processing round status, and explained the Commission's expectations for information sharing during this goodfaith coordination. In an accompanying Further Notice of Proposed Rulemaking (FNPRM), the Commission sought comment on which specific metrics should be used to define the protection afforded to an earlier-round NGSO FSS system from a later-round system, and sought specific comment on implementation of the degraded throughput methodology.

Timetable:

Action	Date	FR Cite
NPRM NPRM Comment Period End.	01/24/22 03/25/22	87 FR 3481
Report and Order FNPRM FNPRM Comment Period End.	06/20/23 06/21/23 09/05/23	88 FR 39783 88 FR 40142
Next Action Unde- termined.	To Be I	Determined

Regulatory Flexibility Analysis Required: Yes.

Ågency Contact: Clay DeCell, Attorney Advisor, Federal Communications Commission, International Bureau, 45 L Street NE, Washington, DC 20554, Phone: 202 418-0803, Email: clay.decell@fcc.gov. RIN: 3060-AL41

322. Expediting Initial Processing of Satellite and Earth Station **Applications; Space Innovation, IB** Docket Nos. 22-411 and 22-271 [3060-AL51]

Legal Authority: 47 U.S.C. 154(i) and 157(a); 47 U.S.C. 303 and 308(b)

Abstract: In December 2022, the Commission adopted a Notice of Proposed Rulemaking to seek comment on changes to its rules, policies, or practices to facilitate the acceptance for filing of satellite and earth station applications under 47 CFR part 25. In September 2023 the Commission adopted a Report and Order implementing its proposed changes as well as establishing timeframes for placing space and earth stations on public notice, creating a new,

streamlined processing framework for earth station operators to add satellite points of communication, and establishing a Transparency Initiative led by the Space Bureau to provide clarity and access to applicants. The Commission also adopted a Further Notice of Proposed Rulemaking to seek comment on additional proposed changes to further expedite satellite and earth station licensing.

Timetable:

Action	Date	FR Cite
NPRM NPRM Comment Period End.	01/17/23 04/03/23	88 FR 2590
FNPRM	12/08/23	
Report and Order—Final Rule.	01/05/24	
FNPRM Comment Period End.	02/06/24	
Next Action Unde- termined.	To Be [Determined

Regulatory Flexibility Analysis Required: Yes.

Agency Contact: Julia Malette, Attorney Advisor, Space Bureau, Federal Communications Commission, 45 L Street NE, Washington, DC 20554. Phone: 202 418–2453, Email: julia.malette@fcc.gov.

Clay DeCell, Attorney Advisor, Federal Communications Commission, International Bureau, 45 L Street NE, Washington, DC 20554, Phone: 202 418-0803, Email: clay.decell@fcc.gov. RIN: 3060-AL51

323. • Amendment of Parts 2 and 25 of the Commission's Rules To Enable NGSO Fixed-Satellite Service (Space-to-Earth) Operations in the 17.3-17.8 GHz Band [3060-AL79]

Legal Authority: 47 U.S.C. 154(i); 47 U.S.C. 157(a); 47 U.S.C. 303(c) and 303(f),; 47 U.S.C. 303(g) and 303(r)

Abstract: Amendment of Parts 2 and 25 of the Commission's Rules to Enable NGSO Fixed-Satellite Service (Space-to-Earth) Operations in the 17.3-17.8 GHz Band.

Timetable:

Action	Date	FR Cite
NPRM NPRM Comment Period End. NPRM Reply Comment End.	10/26/22 12/27/22 01/24/23	87 FR 64750
Next Action Unde- termined.	To Be I	Determined

Regulatory Flexibility Analysis Required: Yes.

Agency Contact: Stephanie Neville, Attorney Advisor, Satellite Programs and Policy Div., Space Bureau, Federal Communications Commission, 45 L Street NE, Washington, DC 20554, Phone: 202 418–1672, Email: stephanie.neville@fcc.gov. RIN: 3060–AL79

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION (FCC)

Wireless Telecommunications Bureau

Long-Term Actions

324. Amendment of Parts 1, 2, 22, 24, 27, 90, and 95 of the Commission's Rules to Improve Wireless Coverage Through the Use of Signal Boosters (WT Docket No. 10–4) [3060–AJ87]

Legal Authority: 15 U.S.C. 79; 47 U.S.C. 151; 47 U.S.C. 154(i); 47 U.S.C. 154(j); 47 U.S.C. 155; 47 U.S.C. 157; 47 U.S.C. 225; 47 U.S.C. 227; 47 U.S.C. 303(r)

Abstract: This action adopts new technical, operational, and registration requirements for signal boosters. It creates two classes of signal boosters consumer and industrial—with distinct regulatory requirements for each, thereby establishing a two-step transition process for equipment certification for both consumer and industrial signal boosters sold and marketed in the United States.

Timetable:

Action	Date	FR Cite
NPRM R&O Petition for Re- consideration.	05/10/11 04/11/13 06/06/13	76 FR 26983 78 FR 21555 78 FR 34015
Order on Recon- sideration.	11/08/14	79 FR 70790
FNPRM 2nd R&O and 2nd FNPRM.	11/28/14 03/23/18	79 FR 70837 83 FR 17131
Next Action Unde- termined.	To Be I	Determined

Regulatory Flexibility Analysis Required: Yes.

Agency Contact: Morgan Mendenhall, Attorney Advisor, Wireless Bureau, Federal Communications Commission, 45 L Street NE, Washington, DC 20554, Phone: 202 418–0154, Email: morgan.mendenhall@fcc.gov. Jaclyn Rosen, Federal Communications Commission, Wireless Telecommunications Bureau, 45 L Street NE, Washington, DC 20554, Phone: 202 418–0154, Email:

jaclyn.rosen@fcc.gov. RIN: 3060–AJ87

325. Promoting Technological Solutions to Combat Wireless Contraband Device Use in Correctional Facilities; GN Docket No. 13–111 [3060–AK06]

Legal Authority: 47 U.S.C. 151 to 152; 47 U.S.C. 154(i); 47 U.S.C. 154(j); 47 U.S.C. 301; 47 U.S.C. 303(a); 47 U.S.C. 303(b); 47 U.S.C. 307 to 310; 47 U.S.C. 332; 47 U.S.C. 302(a)

Abstract: In the 2017 Report and Order, 82 FR 22742, the Commission addressed the problem of illegal use of contraband wireless devices by inmates in correctional facilities by streamlining the process of deploying contraband wireless device interdiction systems (CIS)—systems that use radio communications signals requiring Commission authorization-in correctional facilities. In particular, the Commission eliminated certain filing requirements and provides for immediate approval of the lease applications needed to operate these systems. In the 2017 Further Notice, 82 FR 22780, the Commission sought comment on a process for wireless providers to disable contraband wireless devices once they have been identified. The Commission also sought comment on additional methods and technologies that might prove successful in combating contraband device use in correctional facilities, and on various other proposals related to the authorization process for CISs and their deployment.

In the Second Report and Order, the Commission takes further steps to facilitate the deployment and viability of technological solutions used to combat contraband wireless devices in correctional facilities. The Second Report and Order adopts a framework requiring the disabling of contraband wireless devices detected in correctional facilities upon satisfaction of certain criteria, and the Commission addresses issues involving oversight, wireless provider liability, and treatment of 911 calls. The Second Report and Order further adopts rules requiring advance notice of certain wireless provider network changes to promote and maintain contraband interdiction system effectiveness. In the Second Further Notice of Proposed Rulemaking, the Commission takes further steps to facilitate the deployment and viability of technological solutions used to combat contraband wireless devices in correctional facilities. The Second Further Notice of Proposed Rulemaking seeks further comment on the relative effectiveness, viability, and cost of additional technological solutions to combat contraband phone use in

correctional facilities previously identified in the record. *Timetable:*

Action	Date	FR Cite
NPRM	06/18/13	78 FR 36469
NPRM Comment Period End.	08/08/13	
FNPRM	05/18/17	82 FR 22780
R&O Final Rule Effec-	05/18/17	82 FR 22742
tive (Except for Rules Requiring OMB Approval).	06/19/17	
FNPRM Comment Period End.	07/17/17	
Final Rule Effec- tive for 47 CFR 1.9020(n), 1.9030(m), 1.9035 (o), and 20.23(a).	10/20/17	82 FR 48773
Final Rule Effec- tive for 47 CFR 1.902(d)(8), 1.9035(d)(4), 20.18(a), and 20.18(r).	02/12/18	
2nd FNPRM	08/13/21	86 FR 44681
2nd R&O 2nd FNPRM Comment Pe- riod End.	08/13/21 09/13/21	86 FR 44635
Final Rules Effec- tive (except for those requiring OMB approval).	09/13/21	
Reply Comment Period End.	10/12/21	
Final Rule Effec- tive.	05/03/22	87 FR 26139
Next Action Unde- termined.	To Be I	Determined

Regulatory Flexibility Analysis Required: Yes.

Âgency Contact: Melissa Conway, Attorney Advisor, Mobility Div., Wireless Bureau, Federal Communications Commission, 445 12th Street SW, Washington, DC 20554, Phone: 202 418–2887, Email: melissa.conway@fcc.gov. RIN: 3060–AK06

326. Promoting Investment in the 3550–

3700 MHz Band; GN Docket No. 17–258 [3060–AK12]

Legal Authority: 47 U.S.C. 151 and 152; 47 U.S.C. 154(i); 47 U.S.C. 154(j) ; 47 U.S.C. 302(a); 47 U.S.C. 303 and 304; 47 U.S.C. 307(e); 47 U.S.C. 316

Abstract: The Report and Order and Second Further Notice of Proposed Rulemaking (NPRM) adopted by the Commission established a new Citizens Broadband Radio Service for shared wireless broadband use of the 3550 to 3700 MHz band. The Citizens Broadband Radio Service is governed by a three-tiered spectrum authorization framework to accommodate a variety of commercial uses on a shared basis with incumbent Federal and non-Federal users of the band. Access and operations will be managed by a dynamic spectrum access system. The three tiers are: Incumbent Access, Priority Access, and General Authorized Access. Rules governing the Citizens Broadband Radio Service are found in part 96 of the Commission's rules.

The Order on Reconsideration and Second Report and Order addressed several Petitions for Reconsideration submitted in response to the Report and Order and resolved the outstanding issues raised in the Second Further Notice of Proposed Rulemaking.

The 2017 NPRM sought comment on limited changes to the rules governing Priority Access Licenses in the band, adjacent channel emissions limits, and public release of base station registration information.

The 2018 Report and Order addressed the issues raised in the 2017 NPRM and implemented changes rules governing Priority Access Licenses in the band and public release of base station registration information.

On July 2020, the Commission commenced an auction of Priority Access Licenses in the band. "Winning bidders were announced on September 2, 2020".

Timetable:

Action	Date	FR Cite
NPRM	01/08/13	78 FR 1188
NPRM Comment Period End.	03/19/13	
FNPRM	06/02/14	79 FR 31247
FNPRM Comment Period End.	08/15/14	
R&O and 2nd	06/15/15	80 FR 34119
FNPRM.		
2nd FNPRM Comment Pe-	08/14/15	
riod End.		
Order on Recon	07/26/16	81 FR 49023
and 2nd R&O.	11/28/17	82 FR 56193
NPRM Comment	01/29/18	
Period End. R&O	12/07/18	83 FR 6306
nau	12/07/10	03 FH 0300
Next Action Unde- termined.	To Be I	Determined

Regulatory Flexibility Analysis Required: Yes.

Ågency Contact: Paul Powell, Assistant Chief, Mobility Division, WTB, Federal Communications Commission, Wireless Telecommunications Bureau, 45 L Street NE, Washington, DC 20554, *Phone:* 202 418–1613 *Email: paul.powell@fcc.gov.*

RIN: 3060–AK12

327. Updating Part 1 Competitive Bidding Rules (WT Docket No. 14–170) [3060–AK28]

Legal Authority: 47 U.S.C. 151; 47 U.S.C. 154(i); 47 U.S.C. 303(r); 47 U.S.C. 309(j); 47 U.S.C. 316

Abstract: This proceeding was initiated to revise some of the Commission's general part 1 rules governing competitive bidding for spectrum licenses to reflect changes in the marketplace, including the challenges faced by new entrants, as well as to advance the statutory directive to ensure that small businesses, rural telephone companies, and businesses owned by members of minority groups and women are given the opportunity to participate in the provision of spectrum-based services. In July 2015, the Commission revised its competitive bidding rules, specifically adopting revised requirements for eligibility for bidding credits, a new rural service provider bidding credit, a prohibition on joint bidding agreements and other changes.

Timetable:

Action	Date	FR Cite
NPRM Public Notice Public Notice R&O Public Notice on Petitions for Re- consideration.	11/14/14 03/16/15 04/23/15 09/18/15 11/10/15	79 FR 68172 80 FR 15715 80 FR 22690 80 FR 56764 80 FR 69630
Next Action Unde- termined.	To Be Determined	

Regulatory Flexibility Analysis Required: Yes. Agency Contact: Kelly Quinn, Assistant Chief, Auctions and Spectrum Access Division, Federal Communications Commission, 445 12th Street SW, Washington, DC 20554, Phone: 202 418–0660, Email: kelly.quinn@fcc.gov. RIN: 3060–AK28

328. Use of Spectrum Bands Above 24 GHz for Mobile Services—Spectrum Frontiers: WT Docket 10–112 [3060– AK44]

Legal Authority: 47 U.S.C. 151 to 154; 47 U.S.C. 157; 47 U.S.C. 160; 47 U.S.C. 201; 47 U.S.C. 225; 47 U.S.C. 227; 47 U.S.C. 301 and 302; 47 U.S.C. 302(a); 47 U.S.C. 303 and 304; 47 U.S.C. 307; 47 U.S.C. 309 and 310; 47 U.S.C. 316; 47 U.S.C. 319; 47 U.S.C. 332; 47 U.S.C. 336; 47 U.S.C. 1302

Abstract: In this proceeding, the Commission adopted service rules for licensing of mobile and other uses for millimeter wave (mmW) bands. These high frequencies previously have been best suited for satellite or fixed microwave applications; however, recent technological breakthroughs have newly enabled advanced mobile services in these bands, notably including very high speed and low latency services. This action will help facilitate Fifth Generation mobile services and other mobile services. In developing service rules for mmW bands, the Commission will facilitate access to spectrum, develop a flexible spectrum policy, and encourage wireless innovation.

Timetable:

Action	Date	FR Cite
NPRM NPRM Comment Period End.	01/13/16 02/26/16	81 FR 1802
FNPRM Comment Period End.	08/24/16 09/30/16	81 FR 58269
FNPRM Reply Comment Pe- riod End.	10/31/16	
R&O	11/14/16	81 FR 79894
R&O	01/02/18	83 FR 37
FNPRM	01/02/18	83 FR 85
FNPRM Comment Period End.	01/23/18	
R&O	07/20/18	83 FR 34478
FNPRM	07/20/18	83 FR 34520
FNPRM Comment Period End.	09/28/18	
R&O	02/05/19	84 FR 1618
R&O	05/01/19	84 FR 18405
NPRM–Correction	04/25/19	84 FR 17360
Next Action Unde- termined.	To Be I	Determined

Regulatory Flexibility Analysis Required: Yes.

Ågency Contact: John Schauble, Deputy Chief, Broadband Division, Federal Communications Commission, 45 L Street NE, Washington, DC 20554, Phone: 202 418–0797, Email: john.schauble@fcc.gov. RIN: 3060–AK44

329. Expanding Flexible Use of the 3.7 to 4.2 GHz Band: GN Docket No. 18–122 [3060–AK76]

Legal Authority: 47 U.S.C. 151 to 153; 47 U.S.C. 154(i); 47 U.S.C. 157; 47 U.S.C. 201; 47 U.S.C. 301 to 304; 47 U.S.C. 307 to 310; 47 U.S.C. 1302; . . .

Abstract: In the 2020 Report and Order, the Commission adopted rules to make 280 megahertz of mid-band spectrum available for flexible use (plus a 20-megahertz guard band) throughout the contiguous United States. Pursuant to the Report and Order, existing fixed satellite service (FSS) and fixed services (FS) must relocate operations out of the lower portion of the 3.7–4.0 GHz band. The Commission will issue flexible use licenses in the 3.7–3.98 GHz portion of the band in the contiguous United States via a system of competitive bidding. The Commission established rules to govern the transition including optional payments for satellite operators that choose to relocate on an accelerated schedule and provide reimbursement to FSS operators and their associated earth stations for reasonable expenses incurred to facilitate the transition. The Report and Order also established service and technical rules for the new flexible use licenses that will be issued in the 3.7–3.98 GHz portion of the band. "On December 8, 2020, the Commission began an auction of licenses in the 3.7-3.98 GHz portion of the band. The winning bidders were announced on February 24, 2021".

Timeťable:

Action	Date	FR Cite
NPRM	08/29/18	83 FR 44128
NPRM Comment Period End.	11/27/18	
Public Notice	05/20/19	84 FR 22733
Certifications and Data Filing	05/28/19	
Deadline. Public Notice	06/03/19	84 FR 22514
Public Notice	07/03/19	04 FN 22314
Comment Pe- riod End.		
Public Notice	07/18/19	
Reply Comment Period End.		
R&O	04/23/20	85 FR 22804
Next Action Unde- termined.	To Be I	Determined

Regulatory Flexibility Analysis Required: Yes.

Ågency Contact: Paul Powell, Assistant Chief, Mobility Division, WTB, Federal Communications Commission, Wireless Telecommunications Bureau, 45 L Street NE, Washington, DC 20554, Phone: 202 418–1613, Email: paul.powell@fcc.gov. RIN: 3060–AK76

330. Amendment of the Commission's Rules To Promote Aviation Safety: WT Docket No. 19–140 [3060–AK92]

Legal Authority: 47 U.S.C. 154; 47 U.S.C. 303; 307(e)

Abstract: The Federal Communications Commission regulates the Aviation Radio Service, a family of services using dedicated spectrum to enhance the safety of aircraft in flight, facilitate the efficient movement of aircraft both in the air and on the ground, and otherwise ensure the reliability and effectiveness of aviation communications. Recent technological advances have prompted the Commission to open this new rulemaking proceeding to ensure the timely deployment and use of today's state-of-the-art safety-enhancing technologies. With this Notice of Proposed Rulemaking, the Commission proposes changes to its part 87 Aviation Radio Service rules to support the deployment of more advanced avionics technology, increase the efficient use of limited spectrum resources, and generally improve aviation safety.

Timetable:

Action	Date	FR Cite
NPRM NPRM Comment Period End. NPRM Reply Comment Pe- riod End.	07/02/19 09/03/19 09/30/19	84 FR 31542
Next Action Unde- termined.	To Be Determined	

Regulatory Flexibility Analysis Required: Yes.

Âgency Contact: Jeff Tobias, Attorney Advisor, Federal Communications Commission, Wireless Telecommunications Bureau, 45 L Street NE, Washington, DC 20554, Phone: 202 418–1617, Email: jeff.tobias@fcc.gov. RIN: 3060–AK92

331. Implementation of State and Local Governments' Obligation To Approve Certain Wireless Facility Modification Requests Under Section 6409(a) of the Spectrum Act of 2012 (WT Docket No. 19–250) [3060–AL29]

Legal Authority: 47 U.S.C. chs. 2, 5, 9, 13; 28 U.S.C. 2461, unless otherwise noted.

Abstract: In this proceeding, the Commission seeks to reduce regulatory barriers to wireless infrastructure deployment by further streamlining the state and local government review process for modifications to existing wireless infrastructure under section 6409(a) of the Spectrum Act of 2012.

Timetable:

Action	Date	FR Cite
NPRM Declaratory Ruling NPRM Comment Period End.	07/02/20 07/27/20 08/03/20	85 FR 39859 85 FR 45126
R&O Petition for Recon	12/03/20 03/03/21	85 FR 78005 86 FR 12898
Next Action Unde- termined.	To Be Determined	

Regulatory Flexibility Analysis Required: Yes.

Agency Contact: Allison Jones, Associate Division Chief, CIPD, Wireless Bureau, Federal Communications Commission, 45 L Street NE, Washington, DC 20554, *Phone:* 202 418– 1571, *Email: allison.jones@fcc.gov.*

Garnet Hanly, Divísion Chief, Wireless Bureau, Federal Communications Commission, 45 L Street NE, Washington, DC 20554, *Phone:* 202 418–0995, *Email:* garnet.hanly@fcc.gov. *RIN:* 3060–AL29

332. Expanding Flexible Use of the 12.2–12.7 GHz Band, et al., WT Docket No. 20–443, ET AL [3060–AL40]

Legal Authority: 47 U.S.C. 151; 47 U.S.C. 152; 47 U.S.C. 153; 47 U.S.C. 154; 47 U.S.C. 155; 47 U.S.C. 157; 47 U.S.C. 301; 47 U.S.C. 302; 47 U.S.C. 303; 47 U.S.C. 304; 47 U.S.C. 307; 47 U.S.C. 309; 47 U.S.C. 310; 47 U.S.C. 316

Abstract: The Federal **Communications Commission** (Commission or FCC) finds that it is not in the public interest to add a mobile allocation to permit a two-way terrestrial 5G service in the 12.2 GHz band based on the current record and seeks further comment on how it could facilitate more robust terrestrial operations in the 12.212.7 GHz band. The item specifically seeks comment on how its proposals may promote or inhibit advances in diversity, equity, inclusion, and accessibility, as well as the scope of the Commission's relevant legal authority.

Timetable:

Action	Date	FR Cite
NPRM NPRM Comment Period End.	03/08/21 04/07/21	86 FR 13266
NPRM Reply Comment Pe- riod End	05/07/21	
NPRM	04/16/21	86 FR 20111
NPRM Extension Comment Pe- riod End.	05/07/21	
NPRM Extension Reply Comment Period End.	06/07/21	
NPRM Denial of Further Exten- sion of Dead- lines for Filing Comments and Reply Com- ments	05/27/21	86 FR 28520
NPRM NPRM Extension Reply Comment Period.	06/22/21 07/07/21	86 FR 32669
Report and Order	07/10/23	88 FR 43462
FNPRM	07/10/23	88 FR 43502
FNPRM Comment Period End.	08/09/23	
FNPRM Reply Comment Pe- riod End.	09/08/23	

Action	Date	FR Cite	
NPRM NPRM Comment Period End.	09/18/23 09/08/23	88 FR 63890	Fina Or
Next Action Unde- termined.	To Be Determined		Next tei

Agency Contact: Madelaine Maior, Assistant Division Chief, Broadband Div., WTB, Federal Communications Commission, 45 L Street NE, Washington, DC 20554, Phone: 202 418– 1466, Email: madelaine.maior@fcc.gov. RIN: 3060–AL40

333. Facilitating Shared Use in the 3100–3550 MHz Band [3060–AL57]

Legal Authority: 47 U.S.C. 151 and 152; 47 U.S.C. 154(i); 47 U.S.C. 155(c) and 157; 47 U.S.C. 301 and 303; 47 U.S.C. 307 and 308; 47 U.S.C. 309; 47 U.S.C. 309(j)(3)(B) and 309(j)(4)(D); 47 U.S.C. 310 and 316; 47 U.S.C. 923(g) and 928; 47 U.S.C. 1502; Pub. L. 115– 141, sec. 603; Pub. L. 116–260, sec. 905

Abstract: In the 3.45 GHz Band Second R&O, the Commission adopted rules to make 100 megahertz of midband spectrum available for flexible use throughout the contiguous United States. To facilitate this goal, the Commission previously had determined that secondary, nonfederal radiolocation licensees in the band would be relocated to the 2.9-3.0 GHz band. In the 3.45 GHz Band Second R&O, the Commission further determined that secondary, non-federal radiolocation authorizations would sunset 180 days after new 3.45 GHz Service licenses are granted in the band. On January 4, 2022, the auction for these new licenses concluded and licenses were granted on May 4, 2022. The non-federal radiolocation authorizations sunset on October 31, 2022.

Timetable:

Action	Date	FR Cite
NPRM NPRM Comment Period End.	01/22/20 03/23/20	85 FR 3579
Final Rule	10/09/20	85 FR 64062
Report & Order and FNPRM.	10/21/20	85 FR 66888
FNPRM Comment Period End.	11/20/20	
Correction to Final Rule.	11/03/20	85 FR 69515
Report & Order, Order on Re- consideration and Order of Proposed Modi- fication.	04/07/21	86 FR 17920

Action	Date	FR Cite
Final Rule and Order.	12/22/22	87 FR 78579
Next Action Unde- termined.	To Be I	Determined

Regulatory Flexibility Analysis Required: Yes.

Agency Contact: Morgan Mendenhall, Attorney Advisor, Wireless Bureau, Federal Communications Commission, 45 L Street NE, Washington, DC 20554, Phone: 202 418–0154, Email: morgan.mendenhall@fcc.gov. RIN: 3060–AL57

334. Shared Use of the 42–42.5 GHz Band (WT Docket No. 23–158, GN Docket No. 14–177) [3060–AL68]

Legal Authority: 47 U.S.C. 151 thru 152; 47 U.S.C. 154; 47 U.S.C. 301 and 302a; 47 U.S.C. 303 and 304; 47 U.S.C. 307 and 309

Abstract: The Federal **Communications Commission seeks** comment on how innovative, nonexclusive spectrum access models might be deployed in the 42 GHz band (42-42.5 GHz) to provide increased access to high-band spectrum, particularly by smaller wireless service providers, and to support efficient, intensive use of the band. The Commission also seeks comment on how potential sharing and licensing regimes might lower barriers to entry for smaller or emerging wireless service providers, encourage competition, and prevent spectrum warehousing.

Timetable:

Action	Date	FR Cite
NPRM NPRM Comment Period End. NPRM Reply Comment Pe- riod End.	07/31/23 08/30/23 09/29/23	88 FR 49423
Next Action Unde- termined.	To Be I	Determined

Regulatory Flexibility Analysis Required: Yes.

Ågency Contact: Catherine Schroeder, Attorney Advisor, Broadband Div., Wireless Bureau, Federal Communications Commission, 45 L Street NE, Washington, DC 20554, Phone: 202 428–1956, Email: catherine.schroeder@fcc.gov. Katherine Schroder, Attorney, Federal Communications Commission, Common Carrier Bureau, 45 L Street NE, Washington, DC 20554, Phone: 202 418– 7400, Email: klschrod@fcc.gov. RIN: 3060–AL68

335. • Single Network Future: Supplemental Coverage From Space, GN Docket No. 23–65 [3060–AL69]

Legal Authority: 47 U.S.C. 151; 47 U.S.C. 154(i); 47 U.S.C. 157; 47 U.S.C. 301 and 303; 47 U.S.C. 307 and 308; 47 U.S.C. 309 and 310

Abstract: In the 2023 Notice of Proposed Rulemaking, the Commission proposed a new regulatory framework for Supplemental Coverage from Space (SCS) that would facilitate the integration of satellite and terrestrial networks through partnerships between satellite operators and terrestrial service providers on flexible-use spectrum licensed to terrestrial services. The proposed framework would enable expanded coverage to a terrestrial licensee's subscribers, especially in remote, unserved, and underserved areas, and would increase the availability of emergency communications.

In the 2024 Report and Order, the Commission adopted a regulatory framework for SCS that will serve important public interest goals, including expanding the reach of communications services, particularly emergency services, so that connectivity and emergency assistance is available in more remote places. The framework will also spur advancements in space-based technologies that will position the United States as a global leader in this arena, and promote the innovative and efficient use of our nation's spectrum resources. The Commission authorized SCS only in certain spectrum bands and only where one or more terrestrial licensees together holding all licenses on the relevant channel throughout a defined geographically independent area lease access to their spectrum rights to a participating satellite operator. The Report and Order also imposed technical rules in an effort to mitigate harmful interference.

In the Report and Order, in recognition that this new offering has the potential to bring life-saving connectivity to remote areas, the Commission adopted interim 911 call and text routing requirements to ensure that help is available to those who need it today while the Commission works toward enabling automatic locationbased routing of all emergency communications. In the 2024 Further Notice of Proposed Rulemaking, the Commission sought to further develop the record on 911 service for SCS connections, including the use of location-based routing to route SCS voice calls directly to an appropriate Public Safety Answering Point. In addition, the Commission sought further comment on procedures related to the protection of radio astronomy.

Timetable:

Action	Date	FR Cite	
NPRM NPRM Comment Period End. Report and Order FNPRM FNPRM Comment Period End.	04/12/23 06/12/23 03/15/24 03/15/24 04/15/24	88 FR 21944	N
Final Rule Effec- tive (Rules Re- quiring OMB Approval).	To Be I	Determined	

Regulatory Flexibility Analysis Required: Yes.

Agency Contact: Jonathan Markman, Attorney Advisor, Mobility Division, Wireless Bureau, Federal Communications Commission, 45 L Street NE, Washington, DC 20554, Phone: 202 418–7090, Email: jonathan.markman@fcc.gov.

RIN: 3060–AL69

336. • Modifying Emissions Limits For the 24.25–24.45 GHz and 24.75–25.25 GHz Bands (ET Docket No. 21–186) [3060–AL80]

Legal Authority: 47 U.S.C. 154(i); 47 U.S.C. 201; 47 U.S.C. 302; 47 U.S.C. 302(a) and 302(r) ; 47 U.S.C. 308; 47 U.S.C. 309; 47 U.S.C. 333

Abstract: In this Notice of Proposed Rulemaking, the Federal **Communications Commission propose** to implement certain decisions regarding the 24.25–27.5 GHz band made in the World Radiocommunication Conference held by the International Telecommunication Union (ITU) in 2019 (WRC-19). Specifically, it proposes to align part 30 of the Commission's rules for mobile operations with the Resolution 750 limits on unwanted emissions into the passive 23.6-24.0 GHz band that were adopted at WRC-19. These proposed rule changes would help to facilitate the protection of passive sensors used for weather forecasting and scientific research in the 23.6 GHz–24.0 GHz band, while continuing to promote flexible commercial use of the 24.25-24.45 GHz and 24.75-25.25 GHz bands.

Timetable:

Action	Date	FR Cite
NPRM	01/29/24	89 FR 5440
NPRM Comment	02/28/24	09111 0440
Period End.	03/14/24	
NPRM Reply Comment End.	03/14/24	

Action	Date	FR Cite
Interim Final Rule Comment Pe- riod End.	02/08/24	89 FR 8621
Next Action Unde- termined.	To Be [Determined

Regulatory Flexibility Analysis Required: Yes. Agency Contact: Simon Banyai,

Attorney Advisor, Broadband Division, Wireless Bureau, Federal Communications Commission, 45 L Street NE, Washington, DC 20554, *Phone:* 202 418–1443, *Email:* simon.banyai@fcc.gov. *RIN:* 3060–AL80

337. • Alaska Connect Fund Notice of Proposed Rulemaking [3060–AL81]

Legal Authority: 47 U.S.C. 151 thru 152; 47 U.S.C. 154 thru 155; 47 U.S.C. 201 thru 206; 47 U.S.C. 214; 47 U.S.C. 218 thru 220; 47 U.S.C. 251 thru 252; 47 U.S.C. 254 and 256; 47 U.S.C. 301 and 303; 47 U.S.C. 309; 47 U.S.C. 332; 47 U.S.C. 403

Abstract: On October 19, 2023, the Commission adopted a Notice of Proposed Rulemaking to explore how the universal service high-cost support program can continue funding fixed and mobile broadband services in Alaska one of the hardest to serve areas in the country. The Commission sought comment to better understand the changes, including technology and the broadband funding landscape, that have occurred in Alaska since 2016 when the Commission adopted the currently operative, ten-year Alaska Plan, which, alongside two other fixed-high cost programs in Alaska, is scheduled to wind-down in the next few years. The proposed rulemaking sought comment on a number of issues to help the Commission determine the most effective methodologies and uses for future universal service funding for high-cost fixed and mobile services in Alaska. As part of the rulemaking, the Commission will leverage data from the agency's new and improved broadband coverage map and broadband funding map, which provide a more accurate picture of where service is and is not, and where deployment has already been funded, in Alaska.

Timetable:

Action	Date	FR Cite
NPRM NPRM Comment Period End.	11/17/23 02/15/24	88 FR 80238
Next Action Unde- termined.	To Be Determined	

Regulatory Flexibility Analysis Required: Yes.

Agency Contact: Matt Warner, Attorney Advisor, Wireless Bureau, Federal Communications Commission, 45 L Street NE, Washington, DC 20554, *Phone:* 202 418–2419, *Email: matthew.warner@fcc.gov. RIN:* 3060–AL81

338. • Indian Peak Properties LLC Petitions for Declaratory Ruling Seeking Preemption Under the Rule Governing Over-the-Air Reception Devices [3060–AL82]

Legal Authority: 47 U.S.C. 151; 47 U.S.C. 154(i) and 154(j); 47 U.S.C. 155(c); 47 U.S.C. 201(b); 47 U.S.C. 202(a); 47 U.S.C. 205; 47 U.S.C. 251; 47 U.S.C. 253; 47 U.S.C. 303; 47 U.S.C. 316; 47 U.S.C. 332; Pub. L. 104–104, 207, 706, 110 Stat. 56, 114, 153

Abstract: In its Application for Review, Indian Peak sought review of decisions by the Wireless Telecommunications Bureau and the Media Bureau to deny its petition for protection under the Over-the-Air-Reception-Device (OTARD) rule of antennas it had placed on the roof of a single family home in a residential neighborhood. Indian Peak was operating the home as a commercial communications site. The Order on Review denies in part and dismisses in part the application for review. In denying the application for review. the Order on Review clarifies that to qualify for protection under the OTARD rule, the equipment must benefit a human end-user on the premises.

Section 207 of the **Telecommunications Act of 1996** directed the Commission to promulgate regulations to prohibit restrictions that impair a viewer's ability to receive video programming services through devices designed for over-the-air reception of television broadcast signals, multichannel multipoint distribution service, or direct broadcast satellite services. To meet this requirement, the Commission adopted the OTARD rule. The Commission subsequently expanded the scope of the rule so that it now covers wireless broadband antennas including hub and relay antennas. Beginning in 2004, when the rule was expanded to cover equipment designed to receive wireless broadband signal, the Commission began using the term customer in place of viewer.

The facts pled by Indian Peak were vague but indicated that the property was largely an unmanned communications site with equipment that was controlled remotely by offsite personnel. In the Order on Review, the Commission clarifies that the use of the term viewer in section 207 of the Telecommunications Act of 1996 signaled Congress's intent to protect the rights of a human being to receive signal, and therefore to qualify for protection under the OTARD rule an applicant must plead facts sufficient to establish that the equipment provides signal to a human end-user on the premises. The Commission's use of the term customer in place of viewer does not alter this basic requirement of the rule.

Timetable:

Action	Date	FR Cite
Next Action Unde- termined.	To Be I	Determined

Regulatory Flexibility Analysis Required: Yes.

Âgency Contact: Allison Jones, Associate Division Chief, CIPD, Wireless Bureau, Federal Communications Commission, 45 L Street NE, Washington, DC 20554, Phone: 202 418– 1571, Email: allison.jones@fcc.gov. RIN: 3060–AL82

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION (FCC)

Wireline Competition Bureau

Long-Term Actions

339. Telecommunications Carriers' Use of Customer Proprietary Network Information and Other Customer Information (CC Docket No. 96–115), Data Breach Reporting Requirements (WC Docket No. 22–21) [3060–AG43]

Legal Authority: 47 U.S.C. 151; 47 U.S.C. 154; 47 U.S.C. 222; 47 U.S.C. 272; 47 U.S.C. 303(r)

Abstract: The Commission adopted rules implementing the new statutory framework governing carrier use and disclosure of customer proprietary network information (CPNI) created by section 222 of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended. CPNI includes, among other things, to whom, where, and when a customer places a call, as well as the types of service offerings to which the customer subscribes and the extent to which the service is used.

Timetable:

Action	Date	FR Cite
NPRM	05/28/96 02/25/97	61 FR 26483 62 FR 8414
Second R&O and	02/25/97 04/24/98	63 FR 20364
FNPRM. Order on Recon	10/01/99	64 FR 53242
Final Rule, An-	01/26/01	66 FR 7865
nouncement of Effective Date.		

Action	Date	FR Cite
Clarification Order and Second NPRM.	09/07/01	66 FR 50140
Third R&O and Third FNPRM.	09/20/02	67 FR 59205
NPRM	03/15/06	71 FR 13317
NPRM	06/08/07	72 FR 31782
Final Rule, An- nouncement of Effective Date.	06/08/07	72 FR 31948
Public Notice	07/13/12	77 FR 35336
Final Rule	09/21/17	82 FR 44188
NPRM	01/23/23	88 FR 3953
NPRM Comment Period End.	02/23/23	
NPRM Reply Comment Pe- riod End.	03/24/23	
Report and Order	02/12/24	89 FR 9968
Next Action Unde- termined.	To Be I	Determined

Regulatory Flexibility Analysis Required: Yes. Agency Contact: Melissa Kirkel,

Deputy Division Chief, Wireline Competition Bureau, Federal Communications Commission, Wireline Competition Bureau, 45 L Street NE, Washington, DC 20554, *Phone:* 202 418– 7958, *Fax:* 202 418–1413, *Email: melissa.kirkel@fcc.gov. RIN:* 3060–AG43

340. Local Telephone Networks That LECs Must Make Available to Competitors [3060–AH44]

Legal Authority: 47 U.S.C. 251 Abstract: The Commission adopted rules applicable to incumbent local exchange carriers (LECs) to permit competitive carriers to access portions of the incumbent LECs' networks on an unbundled basis. Unbundling allows competitors to lease portions of the incumbent LECs' network to provide telecommunications services. These rules, adopted in dockets CC 96–98, WC 01–338, and WC 04–313, are intended to accelerate the development of local exchange competition.

Timetable:

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Action	Date	FR Cite
Second FNPRM Fourth FNPRM Errata Third R&O and Fourth FNPRM.	04/26/99 01/14/00 01/18/00	64 FR 20238 65 FR 2367 65 FR 2542
Second Errata Third R&O and Fourth FNPRM.	01/18/00	65 FR 2542
Supplemental Order.	01/18/00	65 FR 2542
Third R&O Correction Supplemental Order Clarifica- tion.	01/18/00 04/11/00 06/20/00	65 FR 2542 65 FR 19334 65 FR 38214

Action	Date	FR Cite
Public Notice	02/01/01	66 FR 8555
Public Notice	03/05/01	66 FR 18279
Public Notice	04/10/01	
Public Notice	04/23/01	
Public Notice	05/14/01	
NPRM	01/15/02	67 FR 1947
Public Notice	05/29/02	
Public Notice	08/01/02	
Public Notice	08/13/02	
NPRM	08/21/03	68 FR 52276
R&O and Order	08/21/03	68 FR 52276
on Remand.		
Errata	09/17/03	
Report	10/09/03	68 FR 60391
Order	10/28/03	
Order	01/09/04	
Public Notice	01/09/04	
Public Notice	02/18/04	
Order	07/08/04	
Second R&O	07/08/04	69 FR 43762
Order on Recon	08/09/04	69 FR 54589
Interim Order	08/20/04	69 FR 55111
NPRM	08/20/04	69 FR 55128
Public Notice	09/10/04	
Public Notice	09/13/04	
Public Notice	10/20/04	
Order on Recon	12/29/04	69 FR 77950
Order on Remand	02/04/04	
Public Notice	04/25/05	70 FR 29313
Public Notice	05/25/05	70 FR 34765
Declaratory Ruling	05/26/11	
NPRM	01/06/20	85 FR 472
NPRM Comment	03/06/20	
Period End.		
Report & Order	01/08/21	86 FR 1636
Next Action Unde- termined.	To Be I	Determined

Regulatory Flexibility Analysis Required: Yes.

Ågency Contact: Edward Krachmer, Deputy Division Chief, Wireline Competition Bureau, Federal Communications Commission, Wireline Competition Bureau, 45 L Street NE, Washington, DC 20554, *Phone:* 202 418– 1525, *Email: edward.krachmer@fcc.gov. RIN:* 3060–AH44

341. Jurisdictional Separations [3060– AJ06]

Legal Authority: 47 U.S.C. 151; 47 U.S.C. 154(i) and 154(j); 47 U.S.C. 205; 47 U.S.C. 221(c); 47 U.S.C. 254; 47 U.S.C. 403; 47 U.S.C. 410

Abstract: Jurisdictional separations is the process, pursuant to part 36 of the Commission's rules, by which incumbent local exchange carriers apportion regulated costs between the intrastate and interstate jurisdictions. In 1997, the Commission initiated a proceeding seeking comment on the extent to which legislative changes, technological changes, and marketplace changes warrant comprehensive reform of the separations process. In 2001, the Commission adopted the Federal-State Joint Board on Jurisdictional Separations' Joint Board's recommendation to impose an interim freeze on the part 36 category relationships and jurisdictional cost allocation factors for a period of 5 years, pending comprehensive reform of the part 36 separations rules. In 2006, the Commission issued an Order and Further Notice of Proposed Rulemaking that extended the separations freeze for a period of 3 years and sought comment on comprehensive reform. In 2009, the Commission issued a Report and Order extending the separations freeze an additional year to June 2010. In 2010, the Commission issued a Report and Order extending the separations freeze for an additional year to June 2011. In 2011, the Commission adopted a Report and Order extending the separations freeze for an additional year to June 2012. In 2012, the Commission issued a Report and Order extending the separations freeze for an additional 2 years to June 2014. In 2014, the Commission issued a Report and Order extending the separations freeze for an additional 3 years to June 2017.

In 2016, the Commission issued a Report and Order extending the separations freeze for an additional 18 months until January 1, 2018. In 2017, the Joint Board issued a Recommended Decision recommending changes to the part 36 rules designed to harmonize them with the Commission's previous amendments to its part 32 accounting rules. In February 2018, the Commission issued a Notice of Proposed Rulemaking proposing amendments to part 36 consistent with the Joint Board's recommendations. In October 2018, the Commission issued a Report and Order adopting each of the Joint Board's recommendations and amending the Part 36 consistent with those recommendations. In July 2018, the Commission issued a Notice of Proposed Rulemaking proposing to extend the separations freeze for an additional 15 years and to provide rateof-return carriers that had elected to freeze their category relationships a time limited opportunity to opt out of that freeze. In December 2018, the Commission issued a Report and Order extending the freeze for up to 6 years until December 31, 2024, and granting rate-of-return carriers that had elected to freeze their category relationships a onetime opportunity to opt out of that freeze.

On March 31, 2020, the United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit affirmed the Commission's December 2018 Report and Order.

Timetable:

Action	Date	FR Cite
NPRM NPRM Comment Period End.	11/05/97 12/10/97	62 FR 59842
Order Order and FNPRM.	06/21/01 05/26/06	66 FR 33202 71 FR 29882
Order and FNPRM Com- ment Period End.	08/22/06	
R&O R&O R&O R&O R&O R&O R&O Recommended	05/15/09 05/25/10 05/27/11 05/23/12 06/13/14 06/02/17 10/27/17	74 FR 23955 75 FR 30301 76 FR 30840 77 FR 30410 79 FR 36232 82 FR 25535
Decision. NPRM NPRM Comment Period End.	03/13/18 04/27/18	83 FR 10817
NPRM NPRM Comment Period End.	07/27/18 09/10/18	83 FR 35589
R&O Announcement of OMB Approval.	12/11/18 02/15/19 03/01/19	83 FR 63581 84 FR 4351 84 FR 6977
Next Action Unde- termined.	To Be Determined	

Regulatory Flexibility Analysis Required: Yes.

Agency Contact: Irina Asoskov, Assistant Division Chief, Pricing Policy Div. Wireline Bureau, Federal Communications Commission, 45 L Street NE, Washington, DC 20554, *Phone:* 202 418–7122, *Fax:* 202 418– 1413, *Email: irina.asoskov@fcc.gov.*

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342. Rates for Inmate Calling Services; WC Docket No. 12–375; Incarcerated People's Communications Services; Implementation of the Martha Wright-Reed Act, WC Docket No. 23–62 [3060– AK08]

Legal Authority: 47 U.S.C. 151 and 152; 47 U.S.C. 154(i) and (j); 47 U.S.C. 201(b); 47 U.S.C. 218; 47 U.S.C. 220; 47 U.S.C. 276; 47 U.S.C. 403; 47 CFR 64; Martha Wright-Reed Just and Reasonable Communications Act of 2022; Pub. L. 117–338, 136 Stat. 6156; 47 U.S.C. 152(b) and 153(1)(E); 47 U.S.C. 276(b)(1)(A) and (d)

Abstract: In the Second Report and Order, the Federal Communications Commission (the Commission) adopted rule changes to ensure that rates for both interstate and intrastate inmate calling

services (ICS) are fair, just, and reasonable limits on ancillary service charges imposed by ICS providers. In the Second Report and Order, the Commission set caps on all interstate and intrastate calling rates for ICS, established a tiered rate structure based on the size and type of facility being served, limited the types of ancillary services that ICS providers may charge for and capped the charges for permitted fees, banned flat-rate calling, facilitated access to ICS by people with disabilities by requiring providers to offer free or steeply discounted rates for calls using TTY, and imposed reporting and certification requirements to facilitate continued oversight of the ICS market. In the Third Further Notice portion of the item, the Commission sought comment on ways to promote competition for ICS, video visitation, and rates for international calls, and considered an array of solutions to further address areas of concern in the ICS industry. In an Order on Reconsideration, the Commission amended its rate caps and the definition of "mandatory tax or mandatory fee".

On June 13, 2017, the D.C. Circuit vacated the rate caps adopted in the Second Report and Order, as well as reporting requirements related to video visitation. The court held that the Commission lacked jurisdiction over intrastate ICS calls and that the rate caps the Commission adopted for interstate calls were arbitrary and capricious. The court also remanded the Commission's caps on ancillary fees. On September 26, 2017, the court denied a petition for rehearing en banc. On December 21, 2017, the court issued two separate orders: one vacating the 2016 Order on Reconsideration insofar as it purported to set rate caps on inmate calling services, and one dismissing as moot challenges to the Commission's First Report and Order on ICS.

Ôn February 4, 2020, the Commission's Wireline Competition Bureau (WCB) released a Public Notice seeking to refresh the record on ancillary service charges imposed in connection with ICS.

On August 6, 2020, the Commission adopted a Report and Order on Remand and a Fourth Further Notice of Proposed Rulemaking responding to remands by the D.C. Circuit and proposing to comprehensively reform rates and charges for the ICS within the Commission's jurisdiction. The Report and Order on Remand found that the Commission's five permitted ancillary service charges: (1) automated payment fees; (2) fees for single-call and related services; (3) live agent fees; (4) paper bill/statement fees; and (5) third-party financial transaction fees generally, cannot be practically segregated between interstate and intrastate inmate telephone calls, except in a limited number of cases. Accordingly, the Commission prohibited ICS providers from imposing ancillary service fees higher than the Commission's caps, or imposing fees for additional ancillary services unless imposed in connection with purely intrastate inmate telephone service calls.

The Order also reinstated a rule prohibiting providers from marking up third-party fees for single-call services; reinstated rule language that prohibits providers from marking up mandatory taxes or fees that they pass on to inmate telephone service consumers; and amended certain of the ICS rules consistent with the D.C. Circuit's mandates to reflect that the Commission's rate and fee caps on ICS apply only to interstate and international inmate calling.

The Fourth Further Notice of Proposed Rulemaking proposed to substantially reduce the interstate rate cap for inmate telephone calls from the current interim rate caps of \$0.21 per minute for debit or prepaid calls and \$0.25 per minute for collect calls for all types of correctional facilities, to permanent rate caps of \$0.14 per minute for all interstate calls from prisons and \$0.16 for all interstate calls from jails. The Fourth Further Notice of Proposed Rulemaking also proposed to adopt rate caps for international ICS calls for the first time based on the proposed interstate rate caps, plus the amount that the provider must pay its underlying international service provider for an international call. It also proposed a waiver process for providers that believe the Commission's rate caps would not allow them to recover their costs of serving a particular facility or contract. Finally, it sought comment on a further mandatory data collection to continue efforts to reform these rates and fees.

On November 23, 2020, Global Tel*Link Corporation (GTL) filed a petition for reconsideration of the August 6, 2020 Order on Remand. On December 3, 2020, the Commission established the opposition and reply comment dates for the petition.

On May 24, 2021, the Commission released the Third Report and Order, Order on Reconsideration and Fifth Further Notice of Proposed Rulemaking. In the Third Report and Order, the Commission: (1) substantially reduced the interim rate caps for interstate ICS from prisons and larger jails (those with 1,000 or more incarcerated people) from \$0.21 per minute for debit and prepaid

calls and \$0.25 per minute for collect calls to new uniform interim interstate caps of \$0.12 per minute for prisons and \$0.14 per minute for larger jails; (2) maintained the interim interstate rate cap of \$0.21 for jails with less than 1,000 incarcerated people because of insufficient record evidence to determine providers' costs of serving those facilities at the time; (3) eliminated separate treatment of collect calls, resulting in a uniform interim interstate rate cap for all types of calls at each facility; (4) reformed the treatment of site commission payments by specifying that providers may pass through to consumers (without any markup) site commission payments that are mandated by federal, state, or local law and that providers may pass through to consumers no more than \$ 0.02 per minute site commission payments resulting from contractual obligations negotiated between providers and correctional officials; (5) capped, for the first time, international calling rates at all facilities at the applicable facility's total interstate rate cap, plus the amount the inmate calling services provider pays to its underlying wholesale carriers for completing international calls; (6) reformed the ancillary service charge caps for thirdparty financial transaction fees, including those related to calls that are billed on a per-call basis; and (7) adopted a new mandatory data collection to obtain more uniform cost data based on consistent, prescribed allocation methodologies to determine just and reasonable, permanent, interstate and international cost-based rates for facilities of all sizes.

In the Order on Reconsideration, the Commission denied GTL's petition for reconsideration of a single sentence from the 2020 Remand Order, in which the Commission reminded providers that the jurisdictional nature of a call, that is whether it is interstate or intrastate, depends on the physical location of the endpoints of the call and not on whether the area code or NXX prefix of the telephone number associated with the account are associated with a particular state. The Commission determined that the end-toend analysis has been, and remains, the generally applicable test for all telecommunications carriers in determining the jurisdiction of their calls and the Commission continues to use the traditional end-to-end jurisdictional analysis in setting rates for calls placed by ICS consumers.

In the Fifth Further Notice, the Commission proposed to amend its rules to require calling service providers to provide access to all forms of

Telecommunications Relay Services, including internet-based services, to facilitate greater accessibility for incarcerated people with hearing and speech disabilities. The Commission also sought comment on: (1) the methodology the Commission should use to set permanent per-minute rate caps for interstate and international inmate calling services; (2) site commission costs for facilities of all sizes and site commission reform generally; (3) the costs of providing services to jails with average daily populations of fewer than 1,000 incarcerated people; (4) whether and how the Commission should reform the ancillary service charge caps and how the Commission can curtail potentially abusive practices related to these charges; (5) whether to institute a recurring periodic data collection; and (6) whether some providers have market power in the bidding process, thereby impacting the competitiveness of the bidding process.

On September 22, 2021, WCB and the Office of Economics and Analytics (OEA), (collectively, WCB/OEA) issued a Public Notice seeking comment on the contours and specific requirements of the Third Mandatory Data Collection, including proposed instructions and a proposed template for that collection. In issuing this Public Notice, WCB/OEA were acting pursuant to the Commission's directive, made in the 2021 ICS Order, that the new data collection obtain data on providers' operations, costs, demand, and revenues, among other information. As the Commission explained in that Order, the collected information would allow the Commission to set permanent interstate and international inmate calling services rate caps and to evaluate and, if warranted, revise the ancillary service charge caps.

On December 15, 2021, WCB/OEA issued a Public Notice seeking comment on revised requirements for ICS Annual Reports, including proposed instructions, templates, and a provider certification. Specifically, the Public Notice proposed changes in the reporting requirements to align them with ICS rule changes adopted in the 2021 ICS Order.

On January 18, 2022, WCB adopted an Order implementing the Third Mandatory Data Collection and adopted accompanying instructions, reporting templates, and a certification form. The collected information would allow the Commission to set permanent interstate and international inmate calling services rate caps and to evaluate and, if warranted, revise the current ancillary service charge caps. On February 9, 2022, WCB released a public notice announcing that the providers' mandatory data collection responses will be due no later than June 30, 2022.

On June 24, 2022, WCB adopted an Order implementing revisions to its annual reporting requirements, including accompanying instructions, reporting templates, and a certification form. The revisions were consistent with changes made in the Third Report and Order.

On September 30, 2022, the Commission released the Fourth Report and Order, and Sixth Further Notice of Proposed Rulemaking. The Report and Order required ICS providers to provide access to all relay services eligible for **Telecommunications Relav Services** fund support in any correctional facility that is located where broadband is available and is part of a correctional system with 50 or more incarcerated people. This included the ability to place point-to-point video calls using American Sign Language. The rules also restricted provider charges for relay services and point-to-point video calls. More generally, the rules reduced certain charges and curtailed abusive practices related to ICS to ease the financial burdens on all incarcerated people and their families. To ensure that the rates, terms, and practices related to interstate and international ICS are just and reasonable, the Order prohibited providers from taking control of funds in inactive calling accounts until at least 180 calendar days of continuous inactivity had passed, after which providers are required to refund the balance or dispose of the funds in accordance with applicable state law. The Order also lowered the current ancillary fee caps on charges for single call services, and lowered the cap on provider charges for processing credit card, debit card, and other payments to calling services accounts. Finally, the Commission revised the definitions of "Prison" and "Jail" in its rules to conform with the Commission's intent in adopting them in 2015.

In the Sixth Further Notice, the Commission sought additional comment on whether to allow enterprise registration for internet Protocol Captioned Telephone Service in carceral settings and how to address the special circumstances faced by some ICS providers in jurisdictions with average daily populations of fewer than 50 incarcerated persons. This Notice sought comment on refining the rules adopted in the Fifth Report and Order concerning the treatment of balances in inactive accounts. It also sought comment on expanding the breadth and

scope of the Commission's consumer disclosure requirements. The Commission asked for comment on how it should use the data filed in response to the Third Mandatory Data Collection to establish just and reasonable permanent caps on interstate and international rates and associated ancillary service charges consistent with the Telecommunications Act of 1934 (the Act). The Commission invited further comment on allowing ICS providers to offer pilot programs allowing consumers to purchase calling services under alternative pricing structures.

On March 17, 2023, the Commission opened a new docket, WC Docket No. 23-62, and released a Notice of Proposed Rulemaking and Order to begin implementation of the Martha Wright-Reed Just and Reasonable Communications Act of 2022, which was signed into law on January 5, 2023. The Martha Wright-Reed Act expands the Commission's authority over rates charged for incarcerated people's communications services, including intrastate services, and directs the Commission to adopt just and reasonable rates and charges for incarcerated people's audio and video communications services not earlier than 18 months and not later than 24 months after the date of its enactment. The Notice seeks comment on (1) the expansion of the Commission's authority over incarcerated people's communications services to include advanced communications services (including audio and video services) and intrastate services; (2) the meaning of "just and reasonable" in the context of the Act's other provisions; (3) the rate-making methodology the Commission should use to fulfill its mandate to ensure that rates and charges for incarcerated people's communications services are just and reasonable; (4) the safety and security costs necessary for the provision of incarcerated people's communications services; and (5) the actions the Commission should take to ensure that incarcerated people's communications services are accessible to, and usable by, people with communication disabilities. The accompanying Order reaffirmed the Commission's prior delegation of data collection authority to WCB/OEA and directed staff to initiate a collection of provider data to inform the Commission's responsibilities to implement the requirements of the Martha Wright-Reed Act.

[Note: The Commission has historically used the term inmate calling services" or ICS" when referencing payphone service in the incarceration context. With the passage of the Martha Wright-Reed Act, the Commission now uses the term incarcerated people's communications services'' or IPCS'' instead of inmate calling services'' or ICS'' to refer to the broader range of communications services and providers subject to the Commission's jurisdiction as a result of the Act.]

On April 28, 2023, the Wireline Competition Bureau and the Office of Economics and Analytics released a Public Notice seeking comment on a proposal to update the Commission's Third Mandatory Data Collection to encompass and collect data on all incarcerated people's communications services (IPCS) from all providers of those services subject to the Commission's expanded authority under the Martha Wright-Reed Just and Reasonable Communications Act. The proposed modifications included collecting information concerning any audio or video communications service used by incarcerated people for the purpose of communicating with nonincarcerated individuals, regardless of technology used. The Public Notice also sought comment on proposed modifications to the instructions, reporting template, and certification form to implement the modified mandatory data collection.

On July 26, 2023, the Wireline Competition Bureau and the Office of Economics and Analytics released an Order adopting the modifications to the Third Mandatory Data Collection proposed in the April 28, 2023, Public Notice. The modifications included collecting information concerning any audio or video communications service used by incarcerated people for the purpose of communicating with nonincarcerated individuals, regardless of technology used. The Order adopted the proposed instructions, reporting template, and certification form.

On August 3, 2023, the Wireline Competition Bureau and the Consumer and Governmental Affairs Bureau released a Public Notice seeking comment on proposed revisions to the Annual Reports and Annual Certifications that the Commission requires certain providers of IPCS to submit. The Public Notice proposed changes to the Annual Reports to (1) reflect expanded reporting requirements regarding access to IPCS by persons with communication disabilities and (2) seek data about video IPCS necessary to implement the Martha Wright-Reed Just and Reasonable Communications Act. The Public Notice also sought comment on proposed modifications to the instructions, reporting templates, and

certification form for the Annual Reports data collection.

On October 31, 2023, IPCS providers filed their data submissions in response to the 2023 Mandatory Data Collection. Commission staff processed the submissions and on March [XX], 2024, WCB/OEA released a Public Notice announcing the availability of the preliminary 2023 Mandatory Data Collection database to eligible individuals pursuant to protective order. Commission Chairwoman Rosenworcel hosted IPCS listening sessions on October 27, 2023 in Chicago, IL and on February 1, 2024 in Charleston, SC.

Timetable:

Action FR Cite Date NPRM 78 FR 4369 01/22/13 FNPRM 11/13/13 78 FR 68005 R&O 11/13/13 78 FR 67956 **FNPRM** Comment 12/20/13 Period End. 79 FR 69682 2nd FNPRM 11/21/14 01/15/15 2nd FNPRM Comment Period End. 2nd FNPRM 01/20/15 **Reply Comment** Period End. 3rd FNPRM 12/18/15 80 FR 79020 2nd R&O 12/18/15 80 FR 79136 3rd FNPRM Com-01/19/16 ment Period End. 3rd FNPRM Reply 02/08/16 Comment Period End. 81 FR 62818 Order on Recon-09/12/16 sideration. 03/01/17 82 FR 12182 Announcement of OMB Approval. Correction to An-03/08/17 82 FR 12922 nouncement of OMB Approval. Announcement of 02/06/20 85 FR 6947 OMB Approval. Public Notice 02/19/20 85 FR 9444 Public Notice 03/20/20 Comment Period End. **Public Notice** 04/06/20 **Reply Comment** Period End. 07/15/20 Letter R&O on Remand 08/06/20 85 FR & 4th FNPRM. 67450; 85 FR 67480; 85 FR 73233 Order 09/01/20 Public Notice 09/24/20 85 FR 66512 Public Notice 10/23/20 Letter 11/13/20 Public Notice 12/03/20 85 FR 83000 Order Extending 12/17/20 **Reply Comment** Deadline. Public Notice 01/08/21

	Action	Date	FR Cite	Action	Date	FR Cite
•	Comment Period End on 12/3/	01/11/21		Next Action Unde- termined.	To Be I	Determined
	2020, Public Notice End. Comment Period End on 12/3/ 2020, Public Notice End.	01/21/21		Regulatory Flex Required: Yes. Agency Contac Deputy Division (<i>t:</i> David Ze Chief, PPD	esiger, , WCB,
	Public Notice 5th FNPRM 3rd R&O 3rd R&O	03/03/21 07/28/21 07/28/21 07/28/21	86 FR 40416 86 FR 40682 86 FR 40340	Federal Commun Wireline Compet Street NE, Washin Phone: 202 418–2	ition Burea ngton, DC 2	nu, 45 L 20554,
	Order Public Notice (MDC). 5th NPRM Com-	08/10/21 09/22/21 09/27/21	86 FR 48952 86 FR 54897	david.zesiger@fcc Erik Raven-Har Division Chief, Pr Wireline Comp.,	isen, Assis ricing Polic	
	ment Period End.			Communications Street NE, Washin	Commissi	
_	Order Extending Reply Comment Deadline.	10/15/21	86 FR 60438	Phone: 202 418–1 hansen@fcc.gov. RIN: 3060–AK0	532, <i>Emai</i>	
5	5th NPRM Reply Comment Pe- riod End.	10/27/21		343. Comprehens 32 Uniform Syste	ive Reviev	
6	Comment Period End on 09/22/	11/04/21		Docket No. 14–13 Legal Authority	80) [3060–A	AK20]
2	2021, Public Notice End. Reply Comment Period on 09/ 22/2021, Public	11/19/21		U.S.C. 154(i); 47 219 and 220 <i>Abstract:</i> The C rulemaking proce	U.S.C. 201 Commission reding to re	(b); 47 U.S.C. n initiates a eview the
0	Notice End. 5th NPRM Reply Comment Pe-	12/17/21		Uniform System of consider ways to compliance burde	minimize	the
6	riod End. Public Notice on Annual Reports.	01/04/22	87 FR 212	exchange carriers the Agency retain	while ens	uring that
	Comment Period End on 01/04/ 2022, Public	01/12/22		information it nee regulatory duties. Commission's act	In light of ions in are	the as of price
B 2	Notice End. Reply Period on 01/04/2022, Public Notice	01/27/22		cap regulation, un and intercarrier c the Commission s appropriate to str	ompensati stated that	on reform, it is likely
2	End. Order Adopting MDC.	03/22/22	87 FR 16560	rules even though not have eliminat	n those refo ed the nee	orms may d for
	Order Adopting Annual Reports Revisions.	08/02/22	87 FR 47103	accounting data f Commission's and are divided into t	alysis and	proposals
	4th R&O 6th FNPRM NPRM—Pro- posing Imple- mentation of	09/30/22 09/30/22 04/07/23	88 FR 20804	Commission prop USOA accounting preserving their e Second, the Comm focused comment	g rules whi existing stru mission see	ile ucture. eks more
	Martha Wright- Reed Act. Public Notice— Proposing 2023	05/03/23	88 FR 27850	requirements nee carriers to addres regulatory obligat Commission seek	ded for pri s our statu ions. Thire	ce cap tory and d, the
•	MDC. Order—Adopting 2023 Mandatory	08/03/23	88 FR 51240	related issues, inc requirements, rate	cluding sta e effects,	te
~	Data Collection. Public Notice— Proposing An-	08/09/23	88 FR 53850	implementation, records, and legal On February 23	l authority.	
2	nual Report Re- visions. Public Notice	09/21/23	88 FR 65134	Commission adop Order that revised substantially redu	oted a Repo d the part 3	ort and 32 USOA to
0	Public Notice NPRM Public Notice Public Notice	10/20/23 01/16/24 01/25/24 02/28/24	89 FR 2514	for both price cap carriers. First, the USOA for all carr	and rate-c Order stre iers. In ado	of-return eamlines the dition, the
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generally accepted accounting principles, or GAAP. Second, the Order allows price cap carriers to use GAAP for all regulatory accounting purposes as long as they comply with targeted accounting rules, which are designed to mitigate any impact on pole attachment rates. Alternatively, price cap carriers can elect to use GAAP accounting for all purposes other than those associated with pole attachment rates and continue to use the part 32 accounts for pole attachment rates for up to 12 years. Third, the Order addresses several miscellaneous issues, including referral to the Federal-State Joint Board on Separations the issue of examining jurisdictional separations rules in light of the reforms adopted to part 32.

On June 5, 2017, NCTA-The internet & Television Association filed a petition for reconsideration of the Report and Order requesting that the Commission: (a) clarify that parties making pole attachments will have access to all accounting information needed to verify the reasonableness of pole attachment rates; and (b) establish additional substantive protections to ensure that pole attachment rates based on GAAP are consistent with the requirements of Section 224 of the Communication Act and the assurances contained in the Part 32 Order. Oppositions to that petition were due on July 21, 2017, and replies were due on July 31, 2017.

Timetable:

Action	Date	FR Cite
NPRM	09/15/14	79 FR 54942
NPRM Comment Period End.	11/14/14	
NPRM Reply Comment Pe- riod End.	12/15/14	
R&O	04/04/17	82 FR 20833
Petition for Re- consideration.	06/05/17	82 FR 31282
Comment Period on Petition for Reconsideration End.	07/21/17	
Reply Comment Period on Peti- tion for Recon- sideration End.	07/31/17	
Next Action Unde- termined.	To Be I	Determined

Regulatory Flexibility Analysis Required: Yes.

Ågency Contact: William A. Kehoe III, Senior Counsel, Policy & Program Planning Division, Federal Communications Commission, Wireline Competition Bureau, 45 L Street NE, Washington, DC 20554, Phone: 202 418– 7122, Email: william.kehoe@fcc.gov.

RIN: 3060–AK20

344. Restoring Internet Freedom, WC Docket No. 17–108; Protecting and Promoting the Open Internet, GN Docket No. 14–28; Safeguarding and Securing the Open Internet, WC Docket No. 23–320 [3060–AK21]

Legal Authority: 47 U.S.C. 151; 47 U.S.C. 154(i) and (j); 47 U.S.C. 201(b)

Abstract: The Commission proposed to reestablish the framework the Commission adopted in 2015 to classify broadband internet access service as a telecommunications service and to classify mobile broadband internet access service as a commercial mobile service. The Commission also proposed to forbear from 26 Title II provisions, and clarify that the Commission will not regulate rates or require network unbundling. Finally, the Commission proposed to reestablish a national regulatory approach to protect the open internet by preventing broadband internet access service providers from engaging in practices harmful to consumers, including: (1) proposing to reinstate straightforward, clear rules that prohibit blocking, throttling, or engaging in paid or affiliated prioritization arrangements; (2) proposing to reinstate a general conduct standard that would prohibit unreasonable interference or unreasonable disadvantage to consumers or edge providers; and (3) proposing to retain the disclosure requirements under the current transparency rule and seeking comment on the means of disclosure, the interplay between the transparency rule and the broadband label requirements, and any additional enhancements or changes.

Timetable:

Action	Date	FR Cite
NPRM NPRM Comment Period End.	07/01/14 07/18/14	79 FR 37448
NPRM Reply Comment Pe- riod End.	09/15/14	
R&O on Remand, Declaratory Rul- ing, and Order.	04/13/15	80 FR 19737
NPRM NPRM Comment Period End.	06/02/17 07/03/17	82 FR 25568
Declaratory Rul- ing, R&O, and Order.	02/22/18	83 FR 7852
Order on Remand NPRM NPRM Comment Period End.	01/07/21 11/03/23 12/14/23	86 FR 994 88 FR 76048
NPRM Reply Comment Pe- riod End.	01/17/24	

Action	Date	FR Cite
Next Action Unde- termined.	To Be I	Determined

Regulatory Flexibility Analysis Required: Yes.

Âgency Contact: Melissa Kirkel, Deputy Division Chief, Wireline Competition Bureau, Federal Communications Commission, Wireline Competition Bureau, 45 L Street NE, Washington, DC 20554, *Phone: 202 418– 7958, Fax: 202 418–1413, Email: melissa.kirkel@fcc.gov. RIN: 3060–AK21*

345. Technology Transitions; GN Docket No. 13–5, WC Docket No. 05–25; Accelerating Wireline Broadband Deployment by Removing Barriers to Infrastructure Investment; WC Docket No. 17–84 [3060–AK32]

Legal Authority: 47 U.S.C. 214; 47 U.S.C. 251

Abstract: On April 20, 2017, the Commission adopted a Notice of Proposed Rulemaking, Notice of Inquiry, and Request for Comment (Wireline Infrastructure NPRM, NOl, and RFC) seeking input on a number of actions designed to accelerate: (1) the deployment of next-generation networks and services by removing barriers to infrastructure investment at the Federal, State, and local level; (2) the transition from legacy copper networks and services to next-generation fiber-based networks and services; and (3) the reduction of Commission regulations that raise costs and slow, rather than facilitate, broadband deployment.

On November 16, 2017, the Commission adopted a Report and Order (R&O), Declaratory Ruling, and Further Notice of Proposed Rulemaking (Wireline Infrastructure Order) that takes a number of actions and seeks comment on further actions designed to accelerate the deployment of nextgeneration networks and services through removing barriers to infrastructure investment.

The Wireline Infrastructure Order took a number of actions. First, the Report and Order revised the pole attachment rules to reduce costs for attachers, reforms the pole access complaint procedures to settle access disputes more swiftly, and increases access to infrastructure for certain types of broadband providers. Second, the Report and Order revised the section 214(a) discontinuance rules and the network change notification rules, including those applicable to copper retirements, to expedite the process for carriers seeking to replace legacy network infrastructure and legacy

services with advanced broadband networks and innovative new services. Third, the Report and Order reversed a 2015 ruling that discontinuance authority is required for solely wholesale services to carrier-customers. Fourth, the Declaratory Ruling abandoned the 2014 ''functional test'' interpretation of when section 214 discontinuance applications are required, bringing added clarity to the section 214(a) discontinuance process for carriers and consumers alike. Finally, the Further Notice of Proposed Rulemaking sought comment on additional potential pole attachment reforms, reforms to the network change disclosure and section 214(a) discontinuance processes, and ways to facilitate rebuilding networks impacted by natural disasters. Various parties filed a Petition for Review of the Wireline Infrastructure Order in the U.S. Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit. The Ninth Circuit denied the Petition on January 23, 2020 on the grounds that the parties lacked standing.

On June 7, 2018, the Commission adopted a Second Report and Order (Wireline Infrastructure Second Report and Order) taking further actions designed to expedite the transition from legacy networks and services to next generation networks and advanced services that benefit the American public and to promote broadband deployment by further streamlining the section 214(a) discontinuance rules, network change disclosure processes, and part 68 customer notification process.

The Wireline Infrastructure NPRM, NOI, and RFC sought comment on additional issues not addressed in the November Wireline Infrastructure Order or the June Wireline Infrastructure Second Report and Order. It sought comment on changes to the Commission's pole attachment rules to: (1) streamline the timeframe for gaining access to utility poles; (2) reduce charges paid by attachers for work done to make a pole ready for new attachments; and (3) establish a formula for computing the maximum pole attachment rate that may be imposed on an incumbent LEC.

The Wireline Infrastructure NPRM, NOI, and RFC also sought comment on whether the Commission should enact rules, consistent with its authority under section 253 of the Act, to promote the deployment of broadband infrastructure by preempting State and local laws that inhibit broadband deployment. It also sought comment on whether there are State laws governing the maintenance or retirement of copper facilities that serve as a barrier to deploying next-generation technologies and services that the Commission might seek to preempt.

Previously, in November 2014, the Commission adopted a Notice of Proposed Rulemaking and Declaratory Ruling that: (1) proposed new backup power rules; (2) proposed new or revised rules for copper retirements and service discontinuances; and (3) adopted a functional test in determining what constitutes a service for purposes of section 214(a) discontinuance review. In August 2015, the Commission adopted a Report and Order, Order on Reconsideration, and Further Notice of Proposed Rulemaking that: (i) lengthened and revised the copper retirement process; (ii) determined that a carrier must obtain Commission approval before discontinuing a service used as a wholesale input if the carrier's actions will discontinue service to a carrier-customer's retail end users; (iii) adopted an interim rule requiring incumbent LECs that seek to discontinue certain TDM-based wholesale services to commit to certain rates, terms, and conditions; (iv) proposed further revisions to the copper retirement discontinuance process; and (v) upheld the November 2014 Declaratory Ruling. In July 2016, the Commission adopted a Second Report and Order, Declaratory Ruling, and Order on Reconsideration that: (i) adopted a new test for obtaining streamlined treatment when carriers seek Commission authorization to discontinue legacy services in favor of services based on newer technologies; (ii) set forth consumer education requirements for carriers seeking to discontinue legacy services in favor of services based on newer technologies; (iii) allowed notice to customers of discontinuance applications by email; (iv) required carriers to provide notice of discontinuance applications to Tribal entities; (v) made a technical rule change to create a new title for copper retirement notices and certifications; and (vi) harmonized the timeline for competitive LEC discontinuances caused by incumbent LEC network changes.

On August 2, 2018, the Commission adopted a Third Report and Order and Declaratory Ruling (Wireline Infrastructure Third Report and Order) establishing a new framework for the vast majority of pole attachments governed by Federal law by instituting a one-touch make-ready regime, in which a new attacher may elect to perform all simple work to prepare a pole for new wireline attachments in the communications space. This new framework includes safeguards to

promote coordination among parties and ensures that new attachers perform work safely and reliably. The Commission retained its multi-party pole attachment process for attachments that are complex or above the communications space of a pole, but made significant modifications to speed deployment, promote accurate billing, expand the use of self-help for new attachers when attachment deadlines are missed, and reduce the likelihood of coordination failures that lead to unwarranted delays. The Commission also improved its pole attachment rules by codifying and redefining Commission precedent that requires utilities to allow attachers to overlash existing wires, thus maximizing the usable space on the pole; eliminating outdated disparities between the pole attachment rates that incumbent carriers must pay compared to other similarlysituated cable and telecommunications attachers; and clarifying that the Commission will preempt, on an expedited case-by-case basis, State and local laws that inhibit the rebuilding or restoration of broadband infrastructure after a disaster. The Commission also adopted a Declaratory Ruling that interpreted section 253(a) of the Communications Act to prohibit State and local express and *de facto* moratoria on the deployment of telecommunications services or facilities and directed the Wireline **Competition and Wireless** Telecommunications Bureaus to act promptly on petitions challenging specific alleged moratoria. Numerous parties filed appeals of the Wireline Înfrastructure Third Report and Order, and the appeals were consolidated in the U.S. Court of Appeals of the Ninth Circuit. On August 12, 2020, the Ninth Circuit issued an opinion upholding the Wireline Infrastructure Third Report and Order in all respects.

On August 8, 2018, Public Knowledge filed a Petition for Reconsideration of the Second Report and Order and Motion to Hold in Abeyance. On October 20, 2020, the Wireline Competition Bureau (Bureau) adopted a Declaratory Ruling, Order on Reconsideration, and Order. In the Declaratory Ruling, the Bureau clarified that any carrier seeking to discontinue legacy voice service to a community or part of a community that is the last retail provider of such legacy TDM service to that community or part of the community is subject to the Commission's technology transition discontinuance rules, including the requirements to receive streamlined treatment of its discontinuance

application. In the Order on Reconsideration, the Bureau denied the Public Knowledge Petition for Reconsideration because all of Public Knowledge's arguments were fully considered, and rejected, by the Commission in the underlying proceeding. It also dismissed as moot the accompanying motion to have the Commission hold that *Order* in abeyance pending the outcome of the appeal that the Ninth Circuit ultimately denied.

In September 2019, CTIA filed a Petition for Declaratory Ruling seeking clarification of certain issues raised in the 2018 Third Report and Order. On July 29, 2020, the Wireline Competition Bureau issued a Declaratory Ruling clarifying that (1) the imposition of a blanket ban by a utility on attachments to any portion of a utility pole is inconsistent with the federal requirement that a denial of access . . be specific to a particular request; and (2) while utilities and attachers have the flexibility to negotiate terms in their pole attachment agreements that differ from the requirements in the Commission's rules, a utility cannot use its significant negotiating leverage to require an attacher to give up rights to which the attacher is entitled under the rules without the attacher obtaining a corresponding benefit.

On July 20, 2020, the Wireline Competition Bureau issued a Public Notice seeking comment on a Petition for Declaratory Ruling filed on July 16, 2020, by NCTA The internet & Television Association. NCTA asked the Commission to declare that: (1) pole owners must share in the cost of pole replacements in unserved areas pursuant to section 224 of the Communications Act, section 1.1408(b) of the Commission's rules, and Commission precedent; (2) pole attachment complaints arising in unserved areas should be prioritized through placement on the Accelerated Docket under section 1.736 of the Commission's rules; and (3) section 1.1407(b) of the Commission's rules authorizes the Commission to order any pole owner to complete a pole replacement within a specified period of time or designate an authorized contractor to do so. Comments on the NCTA Petition were due by September 2, 2020, and reply comments by September 17, 2020.

On January 19, 2021, WCB released a Declaratory Ruling on the subject of pole replacements. WCB declined to rule on the NCTA Petition, finding that the questions raised were better suited to a rulemaking. However, in response to the Petition's record, WCB issued a narrow clarification: a utility may not impose the entire cost of a pole replacement on a requesting attacher when the attacher is not the sole cause of the pole replacement (for instance, where the pole has been red-tagged *i.e.*, placed on a utility's pole replacement schedule due to non-compliance with safety standards).

On July 23, 2021, the Wireline Competition Bureau issued a Public Notice seeking comment on a Petition for Declaratory Ruling filed by the Edison Electric Institute asking the Commission to declare that: (1) when the Commission determines that a pole attachment rate, term, or condition is unjust and unreasonable and orders a refund pursuant to section 1.1407(a)(3)of the Commission's rules, the applicable statute of limitations is the same as the two-year period prescribed by section 415(b) of the Act; and (2) refunds in pole attachment complaint proceedings are not appropriate for any period preceding good-faith notice of a dispute. Deadlines for filing comments and reply comments were set for August 23, 2021, and September 10, 2021, respectively.

In March 2022, the Commission began the rulemaking contemplated by the January 2021 Declaratory Ruling, by adopting a Second Further Notice of Proposed Rulemaking seeking comment on several issues relating to pole replacements, including (1) whether and to what extent utilities directly benefit from various types of pole replacements in situations where a pole replacement is not necessitated solely by a new attachment request: (2) whether requiring utilities to pay a portion of the costs of a pole replacement would positively or negatively affect negotiations of pole attachment agreements and broadband deployment; (3) what measures the Commission could adopt to expedite the resolution of pole replacement disputes; and (4) what scope of refunds the Commission should order when it determines that a pole attachment rate, term, or condition is unjust and unreasonable. Comments on the Second FNPRM were due on June 27, 2022, while reply comments were due on August 26, 2022.

On December 13, 2023, the Commission adopted a Fourth Report and Order, Declaratory Ruling, and Third Further Notice of Proposed Rulemaking seeking that takes a number of actions, makes a number of clarifications, and seeks comment on further actions designed to accelerate the deployment of next-generation networks and services trough removing barriers to infrastructure investment.

On January 19, 2024, the Wireline Competition Bureau issued a Public Notice seeking comment on a Petition for Reconsideration filed by the Edison Electric Institute asking the Commission to reconsider the Declaratory Ruling to (1) clearly define the narrow circumstances in which a utility pole owner is required to provide a copy of its easement to an attacher that seeks to access a pole within such easement; and (2) remove or clarify its ruling that a pole replacement is not 'necessitated solely' by an attachment requires if a utility's previous or contemporaneous change to its internal construction standards necessitates replacement of an existing pole. Deadlines for filing comments and reply comments were set for February 13, 2024 and February 23, 2024, respectively.

On February 16, 2024, the Wireline Competition Bureau issued a Public Notice seeking comment on a Petition for Reconsideration filed by the Concerned Coalition of Utilities asking the Commission to reconsider the Fourth Report and Order to eliminate the requirement that utilities submit a copy of period pole inspection reports to attaching entities. Deadlines for filing comments and reply comments were set for March 15, 2024 and March 25, 2024, respectively.

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Action	Date	FR Cite
NPRM NPRM Comment Period End.	01/06/15 02/05/15	80 FR 450
NPRM Reply Comment Pe- riod End.	03/09/15	
FNPRM	09/25/15	80 FR 57768
R&O	09/25/15	80 FR 57768
FNPRM Comment Period End.	10/26/15	
FNPRM Reply Comment Pe- riod End.	11/24/15	
2nd R&O	09/12/16	81 FR 62632
NPRM	05/16/17	82 FR 224533
NPRM Comment Period End.	06/15/17	
NPRM Reply Comment Pe- riod End.	07/17/17	
R&O	12/28/17	82 FR 61520
FNPRM Comment Period End.	01/17/18	
FNPRM Reply Comment Pe- riod End.	02/16/18	
2nd R&O	07/09/18	83 FR 31659
3rd R&O	09/14/18	83 FR 46812
NCTA Public No- tice.	07/20/20	
CTIA Declaratory Ruling.	07/29/20	
Declaratory Ruling	01/19/21	

Action	Date	FR Cite
Order on Recon- sideration.	02/02/21	86 FR 8872
EEI Public Notice EEI Public Notice Comment Pe- riod End.	07/23/21 08/23/21	
EEI Public Notice Reply Comment Period End.	09/10/21	
Second FNPRM Second Further NPRM Com- ment Period End.	03/18/22 06/27/22	87 FR 25181
Second Further NPRM Reply Comment Pe- riod End.	08/26/22	
4th Report and Order, Declara- tory Ruling.	01/11/24	89 FR 2151
4th Report and Order, Declara- tory Ruling, Er- ratum.	01/12/24	89 FR 1859
Public Notice Public Notice Comment Pe- riod End.	01/29/24 02/13/24	89 FR 5439
Public Notice Reply Comment Period End.	02/23/24	
Public Notice Public Notice Comment Pe- riod End.	02/29/24 03/15/24	89 FR 14797
Public Notice Reply Comment Period End.	03/25/24	
Next Action Unde- termined.	To Be I	Determined

Âgency Contact: Michele Berlove, Assistant Division Chief, Competition Policy Div., WCB, Federal Communications Commission, Wireline Competition Bureau, 45 L Street NE, Washington, DC 20554, Phone: 202 418– 1477, Email: michele.berlove@fcc.gov. RIN: 3060–AK32

346. Numbering Policies for Modern Communications, WC Docket No. 13–97 [3060–AK36]

Legal Authority: 47 U.S.C. 151; 47 U.S.C. 153 to 154; 47 U.S.C. 201 to 205; 47 U.S.C. 251; 47 U.S.C. 303(r)

Abstract: This Order establishes a process to authorize interconnected VoIP providers to obtain North American Numbering Plan (NANP) telephone numbers directly from the numbering administrators, rather than through intermediaries. Section 52.15(g)(2)(i) of the Commission's rules limits access to telephone numbers to entities that demonstrate they are authorized to provide service in the area

for which the numbers are being requested. The Commission has interpreted this rule as requiring evidence of either a State certificate of public convenience and necessity (CPCN) or a Commission license. Neither authorization is typically available in practice to interconnected VoIP providers. Thus, as a practical matter, generally only telecommunications carriers are able to provide the proof of authorization required under our rules, and thus able to obtain numbers directly from the numbering administrators. This Order establishes an authorization process to enable interconnected VoIP providers that choose direct access to request numbers directly from the numbering administrators. Next, the Order sets forth several conditions designed to minimize number exhaust and preserve the integrity of the numbering system.

The Order requires interconnected VoIP providers obtaining numbers to comply with the same requirements applicable to carriers seeking to obtain numbers. These requirements include any State requirements pursuant to numbering authority delegated to the States by the Commission, as well as industry guidelines and practices, among others. The Order also requires interconnected VoIP providers to comply with facilities readiness requirements adapted to this context, and with numbering utilization and optimization requirements. As conditions to requesting and obtaining numbers directly from the numbering administrators, interconnected VoIP providers are also required to: (1) provide the relevant State commissions with regulatory and numbering contacts when requesting numbers in those states; (2) request numbers from the numbering administrators under their own unique OCN; (3) file any requests for numbers with the relevant State commissions at least 30 days prior to requesting numbers from the numbering administrators; and (4) provide customers with the opportunity to access all abbreviated dialing codes (N11 numbers) in use in a geographic area.

The Order also modifies Commission's rules in order to permit VoIP Positioning Center (VPC) providers to obtain pseudo-Automatic Number Identification (p-ANI) codes directly from the numbering administrators for purposes of providing E911 services.

Based on experiences and review of the direct access authorization process established by the 2015 Order, the Commission adopted a FNPRM which proposes clarifications and revisions to the Commission's rules to better ensure

that interconnected VoIP providers that obtain direct access authorization to not facilitate illegal robocalls, spoofing, or fraud, pose national security risks, or evade or abuse intercarrier compensation requirements. The FNPRM proposes to require additional certifications as part of the direct access authorization applications process, that would include certification of compliance with anti-robocalling obligations. The FNPRM also proposes to clarify that applicants disclose foreign ownership information on their direct access application. It would also propose to generally refer those applications with 10% or greater foreign ownership to the Executive Branch agencies for their review, consistent with the Commission's referral of other types of applications. The FNPRM also propose to clarify that holders of a direct access authorization must update the Commission and applicable states within 30 days of changes to ownership information submitted to the Commission. The FNPRM further proposes to clarify that Commission staff retain the authority to determine when to accept filings as complete and proposes to direct Commission staff to reject an application if an applicant has engaged in behavior contrary to the public interest or has been found to originate or transmit illegal robocalls. Finally, the FNPRM seeks comment on whether to expand the direct access authorization to one-way VoIP providers or other entities that use numbering resources.

In 2023, the Commission established by Second Report and Order modifications to and clarifications of the direct access authorization rules to reduce access to telephone numbers by potential perpetrators of illegal robocalls. Such changes include certifications to be made by applicants affirming compliance with the Commission's preexisting requirements concerning STIR/SHAKEN caller ID authentication and Robocall Mitigation Database filings.

The Order also adopts important guardrails to protect national security, law enforcement, and numbering resources. These changes include foreign ownership and control disclosures, certification of compliance with State numbering requirements, certification of compliance with the Commission's rules pertaining to access arbitrage, and ensuring the accuracy of application contents upon application as well as after the authorization is granted.

The Order also codifies Bureau staff review, rejection, and authorization revocation matters. The item also includes an FNPRM which proposes a 30-day deadline for existing authorization holders to comply with rule changes. The FNPRM also proposes a delegation of authority to the Numbering Administrator via public notice to suspend all pending and future requests for numbers if the new information submitted by an existing authorization holder indicates a material change or raises a public interest concern. The FNPRM further proposes that authorization holders continue to use numbers pending Bureau investigation.

The Second FNPRM also proposes that new applicants be required to disclose initial service area where numbers will be used. The FNPRM also proposes that authorizations holders that sell or lease numbers be required to obtain the direct access certification requirements from the indirect access recipients, retain copies, and file with the Commission a list of the indirect access recipients. The FNPRM also seeks comment on enforcement actions that the Commission could take against applicants and authorization holders for violation of the direct access authorization rules.

Timetable:

Action	Date	FR Cite
NPRM	06/19/13	78 FR 36725
NPRM Comment Period End.	07/19/13	
R&O	10/29/15	80 FR 66454
FNPRM (Release Date).	08/06/21	86 FR 51081
FNPRM (Com- ment Period End).	10/14/21	86 FR 51081
Second FNPRM	10/30/23	88 FR 74098
Second Report and Order.	11/20/23	88 FR 80617
Second FNPRM Comment Pe- riod Ends.	11/29/23	
Next Action Unde- termined.	To Be Determined	

Regulatory Flexibility Analysis Required: Yes.

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347. Implementation of the Universal Service Portions of the 1996 Telecommunications Act [3060–AK57]

Legal Authority: 47 U.S.C. 151 et seq. Abstract: The Telecommunications Act of 1996 expanded the traditional goal of universal service to include

increased access to both telecommunications and advanced services such as high-speed internet for all consumers at just, reasonable, and affordable rates. The Act established principles for universal service that specifically focused on increasing access to evolving services for consumers living in rural and insular areas, and for consumers with lowincomes. Additional principles called for increased access to high-speed internet in the nation's schools, libraries, and rural healthcare facilities. The FCC established four programs within the Universal Service Fund to implement the statute: Connect America Fund (formally known as High-Cost Support) for rural areas; Lifeline (for low-income consumers), including initiatives to expand phone service for Native Americans; Schools and Libraries (E-rate); and Rural Healthcare.

The Universal Service Fund is paid for by contributions from telecommunications carriers, including wireline and wireless companies, and interconnected Voice over internet Protocol (VoIP) providers, including cable companies that provide voice service, based on an assessment on their interstate and international end-user revenues. The Universal Service Administrative Company, or USAC, administers the four programs and collects monies for the Universal Service Fund under the direction of the FCC.

On July 21, 2023, the Commission released an NPRM and Order taking steps to further enhance Tribal applicants' access to the E-Rate program to encourage greater Tribal participation in the program

On July 24, 2023, the Commission adopted plan to bring reliable broadband to rural communities.

On October 20, 2023, the Commission kicked off rulemaking to explore innovative ways to continue to address Alaska's unique connectivity challenges.

On November 8, 2023, the Commission proposed to permit eligible schools and libraries to receive E-Rate support for Wi-Fi hotspots and wireless internet services that can be used offpremises.

On November 13, 2023, the Commission proposed a three-year pilot program within the Universal Service Fund (USF) to provide up to \$200 million available to support cybersecurity and advanced firewall services for eligible schools and libraries.

On December 14, 2023, the Commission adopted rules for further improvements to Rural Health Care Program.

On December 27, 2023, the Commission deferred the commencement of the next fiveyear deployment obligation term for legacy rate-of-return carriers receiving Connect America Fund Broadband Loop Support (CAF BLS) in 2024 until January 1, 2025.

Timetable:

Action	Date	FR Cite
R&O and FNPRM NPRM Comment	01/13/17 02/13/17	82 FR 4275
Period End. NPRM Reply Comment Pe-	02/27/17	
riod End. R&O and Order	03/21/17	82 FR 14466
on Recon. Order on Recon	05/19/17	82 FR 22901
Order on Recon	06/08/17	82 FR 26653
Memorandum, Opinion & Order.	06/21/17	82 FR 228224
NPRM	07/30/19	84 FR 36865
NPRM	08/21/19	84 FR 43543
R&O and Order on Recon.	11/07/19	84 FR 59937
Order on Recon	12/09/19	84 FR 67220
R&O	12/20/19	84 FR 70026
R&O	12/27/19	84 FR 71308
R&O Report & Order	01/17/20 03/10/20	85 FR 3044 85 FR 13773
Report & Order	05/11/20	85 FR 19892
Declaratory Rul-	08/04/20	85 FR 48134
ing/2nd FNPRM.		
Public Notice Report & Order	03/22/21 04/09/21	86 FR 15172 86 FR 18459
on Recon.	04/09/21	00 FN 10459
R&O	05/28/21	86 FR 29136
2nd R&O	07/14/21	86 FR 37061
Public Notice	08/02/21	86 FR 41408
NPRM Order	10/14/21 12/14/21	86 FR 57097 86 FR 70983
NPRM	01/27/22	87 FR 4182
FNPRM	03/15/22	87 FR 14422
NPRM	06/16/22	87 FR 36283
NPRM	06/23/22	87 FR 37459
2nd R&O 3rd R&O	09/06/22 09/06/22	87 FR 54311 87 FR 54401
Further Notice of	11/19/22	87 FR 67660
Proposed Rule-		
making.		
Public Notice	01/06/23	88 FR 1035
NPRM Public Notice	03/13/23 04/11/23	88 FR 14529 88 FR 21580
Report and Order on Review.	05/05/23	88 FR 28993
Order	06/05/23	88 FR 36510
Report and Order, NPRM, and NOI.	08/18/23	88 FR 56579
Report and Order, NPRM, and	08/23/23	88 FR 57383
NOI. Report and Order, and FNPRM.	11/13/23	88 FR 77522
Report and Order, and NPRM.	11/17/23	88 FR 80238
NPRM	12/07/23	88 FR 85157
NPRM	12/09/23	88 FR 90141

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Action	Date	FR Cite
3rd Report and Order.	01/11/24	89 FR 1834
Report and Order	01/31/24	89 FR 6021
Next Action Unde- termined.	To Be I	Determined

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RIN: 3060-AK57

348. Toll Free Assignment Modernization and Toll-Free Service Access Codes: WC Docket No. 17–192, CC Docket No. 95–155 [3060–AK91]

Legal Authority: 47 U.S.C. 151; 47 U.S.C. 154(i); 47 U.S.C. 201(b); 47 U.S.C. 251(e)(1)

Abstract: In this Report and Order (Order), the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) initiates an auction to distribute certain toll-free numbers. The numbers to be auctioned will be in the new 833 toll free code for which there have been multiple, competing requests.

By using an auction, the FCC will ensure that sought-after numbers are awarded to the parties that value them most. In addition, the FCC will reserve certain 833 numbers for distribution to government and non-profit entities that request them for public health and safety purposes. The FCC will study the results of the auction to determine how to best use the mechanism to distribute toll-free numbers equitably and efficiently in the future as well. Revenues from the auction will be used to defray the cost of toll-free numbering administration, reducing the cost of numbering for all users. The Order establishing the toll-free number auction will also authorize and accommodate the use of a secondary market for numbers awarded at auction to further distribute these numbers to the entities that value them most. The Order also adopted several definitional and technical updates to improve clarity and flexibility in toll-free number assignment.

The Commission sought comment and then adopted auctions procedures and deadlines on August 2, 2019. Bidding for the auction occurred on December 17, 2019, and Somos issued an announcement of the winning bidders on December 20, 2019. On December 16, 2019, to facilitate the preparation of its study of the auction, the Bureau charged the North American Numbering Council, via its Toll Free Access Modernization Working Group, to issue a report evaluating various aspects of the 833 Auction, and recommending improvements for any future toll free number auctions.

On January 16, 2020, Somos released all of the 833 Auction data for public review. On March 13, 2020, the Bureau invited public comment on the 833 Auction in preparation for issuing a report on the lessons learned from the Auction. Comments were due on April 13, 2020. On July 14, 2020, the North American Numbering Council approved the Toll-Free Assignment Modernization Working Group's report, Perspectives on the December 2019 Auction of Numbers in the 833 Numbering Plan Area.

On January 15, 2021, the Bureau released a report that examined various aspects of this toll-free number assignment experiment, including lessons learned, examination of auction outcomes, and recommendations for future toll free number assignment. The Bureau concluded that the 833 Auction was a successful experiment that provided invaluable experience and data that can facilitate further Commission efforts to continue to modernize tol-free number allocation in the future.

Timetable:

Action	Date	FR Cite
NPRM NPRM Comment Period End.	10/13/17 11/13/17	82 FR 47669
Final Rule	10/23/18	83 FR 53377
Next Action Unde- termined.	To Be I	Determined

Regulatory Flexibility Analysis Required: Yes.

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RIN: 3060-AK91

349. Establishing the Digital Opportunity Data Collection; WC Docket Nos. 19–195 and 11–10 [3060– AK93]

Legal Authority: 47 U.S.C. 35 to 39; 47 U.S.C. 154; 47 U.S.C. 211; 47 U.S.C. 219; 47 U.S.C. 220; 47 U.S.C. 402(b)2(B); Pub. L. 104–104; 47 U.S.C. 151–154; 47 U.S.C. 157; 47 U.S.C. 201; 47 U.S.C. 254; 47 U.S.C. 301; 47 U.S.C. 303; 47 U.S.C. 309; 47 U.S.C. 319; 47 U.S.C. 332; 47 U.S.C. 641 to 646; Pub. L 116–130; . . .

Abstract: The Commission has long recognized that precise, granular data on the availability of fixed and mobile broadband are vital to bringing digital opportunity to all Americans, no matter where they live, work, or travel.

On March 23, 2020, the Broadband Deployment Accuracy and Technological Availability Act (Broadband DATA Act) was signed into law requiring the Commission to create a new set of broadband availability maps. Among other things, the Broadband DATA Act requires the Commission to collect standardized, granular data on the availability and quality of both fixed and mobile broadband internet access services, to create a common dataset of all locations where fixed broadband internet access service can be installed (the Broadband Serviceable Location Fabric or Fabric), and to create publicly available coverage maps. The Act further requires the Commission to establish processes for members of the public and other entities to (1) provide verified data for use in the coverage maps; (2) challenge the coverage maps, the broadband availability data submitted by broadband internet access service providers (providers), and the Fabric; and (3) submit specific crowdsource information about the development and availability of broadband service.

In July 2020, implementing the Broadband DATA Act and building off of an August 2019 Report and Order and Notice of Proposed Rulemaking, the Commission adopted a Second Report and Order and Third Further Notice of Proposed Rulemaking that adopted rules for the collection and verification of improved, more precise data on both fixed and mobile broadband availability. In January 2021, the Commission adopted a Third Report and Order establishing new requirements for the BDC and took additional steps to implement the Broadband DATA Act. The Third Report and Order adopted rules to specify which fixed and mobile providers are required to report broadband availability data and expanded the reporting and certification requirements for filing data in the BDC.

It also adopted standards for collecting verified broadband data from State, local, and Tribal governmental entities and certain third parties, and for identifying locations that would be included in the Fabric. Importantly, the Commission also established processes for verifying the accuracy of provider submitted data and the Fabric, including challenge processes which invite input from the public and other stakeholders in order to improve the accuracy of the maps.

To implement the Broadband DATA Act and these new rules, the Commission created a new data platform and system to collect and map availability data collected from over 2,500 providers and for consumers and other stakeholders to submit challenges to that data; created a Fabric dataset of locations upon which to overlay provider availability data; and established a dedicated help center to provide technical assistance to providers, consumers, and other stakeholders.

In July 2021, the Wireless Telecommunications Bureau (WTB), Office of Economics and Analytics (OEA), and Office of Engineering and Technology (OET) released a Public Notice seeking comment on the technical requirements for the mobile challenge, verification, and crowdsourcing processes required under the Broadband DATA Act for the new Broadband Data Collection (BDC). In March 2022, the Broadband Data Task Force (Task Force), WTB, OEA, and OET released a detailed order, technical appendix, rules, and technical data specifications setting forth technical requirements and specifications for the mobile challenge, verification, and crowdsource processes required by the Act.

To clarify the Commission's rules for filing data in the BDC, in July 2022, WCB, WTB, OEA, and the Task Force issued a Declaratory Ruling on certain aspects of a rule regarding the engineering certification in BDC filings and issued a limited waiver of the requirement that providers have an engineer certification their biannual BDC filings for the first three filing cycles of the BDC. The Task Force adopted an Order in November 2023 to extend the waiver, with new conditions, for an additional three filing periods. In addition, staff worked closely with ISPs to ensure that they were equipped with the technical information and training to participate in the BDC's complex data collection by effectively and accurately reporting where they do, and do not, offer internet services. FCC staff and its contractors made phone calls and sent

a series of emails to every ISP that previously filed Form 477 data to remind them of their obligation to file data by September 1, 2022-the initial filing deadline—and to make them aware of the many technical assistance resources that the FCC has made available, including filing instructions, FAQs, knowledge base articles, web tutorials, filing workshops, and a dedicated BDC Help Center offering both Tier 1 and Tier 2 support to entities seeking to file availability data or challenges including GIS support. Additionally, FCC staff has attended numerous conferences, ex parte meetings, and conference calls with individual providers and industry organizations.

In November 2022, the Commission released a pre-production draft of its new National Broadband Map displaying version 1 of the Fabric overlayed with provider reported availability data as of June 30, 2022. The new map is the most comprehensive, granular, and standardized data the Commission has ever published on broadband availability. This date also marked the beginning of the BDC processes by which consumers, governmental entities, and other third parties can file bulk and individual challenges to the fixed and mobile availability data and the Fabric data. Updates to the National Broadband Map are iterative and ongoing. The challenge processes will also continue on an ongoing basis in order to allow the public to provide input and help improve the accuracy of the National Broadband Map.

State, local, and Tribal governmental entities are encouraged to participation in the bulk challenge and crowdsource processes where the location or availability data on the map appeared imprecise. To assist with this process, staff have hosted technical assistance workshops and video tutorials to assist parties seeking to file challenges to the Fabric and fixed and mobile availability data. Additionally, the Task Force has released video tutorials and knowledge base articles to assist fixed and mobile providers with responding to challenges.

In December 2022, the Commission adopted and Order, to sunset the Form 477 broadband deployment data collection and eliminate a largely duplicative requirement on providers. As a result, providers will no longer be required to submit Form 477 broadband deployment data, but must still submit broadband and voice subscription data using the FCC Form 477. To further streamline the FCC's data collection efforts the BDC system allows filers to submit both their BDC data and 477 subscription data as a combined filing using a single interface. *Timetable:*

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Action	Date	FR Cite
NPRM NPRM Comment Period End.	08/03/17 09/25/17	82 FR 40118
Report & Order Second Further Notice of Pro- posed Rule- making.	08/01/19 08/01/19	84 FR 43705 84 FR 43764
Second Further NPRM Com- ment Period End.	10/07/19	
2nd R&O	07/16/20	85 FR 50886
3rd FNPRM	07/16/20	85 FR 50911
3rd FNPRM Com- ment Period End.	09/08/20	
3rd R&O	01/13/21	86 FR 18124
Public Notice	07/16/21	86 FR 40398
Public Notice Comment Pe- riod End.	09/27/21	
Order	03/09/22	87 FR 21476
Order	12/16/22	87 FR 76949
Order	11/30/23	
Next Action Unde- termined.	To Be I	Determined

Regulatory Flexibility Analysis Required: Yes.

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350. Call Authentication Trust Anchor [3060–AL00]

Legal Authority: 47 U.S.C. 201; 47 U.S.C. 251; 47 U.S.C. 227; 47 U.S.C. 227; 47 U.S.C. 227b; 47 U.S.C. 503

Abstract: On June 6, 2019, the Commission adopted a Declaratory Ruling and Third Further Notice of Proposed Rulemaking (CG Docket No. 17–59, WC Docket No. 17–97) that proposed and sought comment on mandating implementation of STIR/ SHAKEN in the event that major voice service providers did not voluntarily implement the framework by the end of 2019.

On December 30, 2019, Congress enacted the Pallone-Thune Telephone Robocall Abuse Criminal Enforcement and Deterrence (TRACED) Act. Along with numerous other provisions directed at addressing robocalls, the TRACED Act directs the Commission to require all voice service providers to implement STIR/SHAKEN in the Internet Protocol (IP) portions of their networks, and to implement an effective caller ID authentication framework in the non-IP portions of their networks. The TRACED Act further creates processes by which voice service providers may be exempt from this mandate if the Commission determines they have achieved certain implementation benchmarks, and by which voice service providers may be granted a delay in compliance based on a finding of undue hardship because of burdens or barriers to implementation or based on a delay in development of a caller ID authentication protocol for calls delivered over non-IP networks.

On March 31, 2020, the Commission adopted a Report and Order and Further Notice of Proposed Rulemaking (WC Docket Nos. 17–97, 20–67). The Report and Order mandated that all originating and terminating voice service providers implement the STIR/SHAKEN caller ID authentication framework in the IP portions of their networks by June 30, 2021. In the Further Notice the Commission sought comment on proposals to further promote caller ID authentication and implement the TRACED Act.

On September 29, 2020, the Commission adopted a Second Report and Order (WC Docket No. 17-97). The Second Report and Order implemented rules (1) granting extensions for compliance with the STIR/SHAKEN implementation mandate for small voice service providers, voice service providers that cannot obtain a SPC token from the Governance Authority, services scheduled for section 214 discontinuance, for those portions of a voice service provider's network that rely on non-IP technology, and establishing a process for individual voice service providers to seek provider specific extensions; (2) requiring voice service providers using non-IP technology either to upgrade their networks to IP to enable STIR/SHAKEN implementation, or work to develop non-IP caller ID authentication technology and implement a robocall mitigation program in the interim; (3) establishing a process where by a voice service provider may be exempt from the STIR/SHAKEN implementation mandate if the provider has achieved certain implementation benchmarks; (4) prohibiting voice service providers from imposing line item charges on consumer and small business subscribers for caller ID authentication; and (5) requiring intermediate providers to implement STIR/SHAKEN. On May 20, 2021, the Commissioned released a Third Further Notice of Proposed Rulemaking proposing to shorten the small provider extension from two years to one for a

subset of small voice service providers that are at a heightened risk of originating an especially large amount of robocall traffic.

On January 13, 2021, the Commission adopted a Second Further Notice of Proposed Rulemaking proposing and seeking comment on a limited role for the Commission to oversee certificate revocation decisions by the private STIR/SHAKEN Governance Authority that would have the effect of placing providers in noncompliance with the Commission's rules. On August 5, 2021, the Commission adopted a Third Report and Order which adopted rules creating this oversight role.

On September 30, 2021, the Commission adopted a Fourth Further Notice of Proposed Rulemaking proposing to require gateway providers to apply STIR/SHAKEN caller ID authentication to, and perform robocall mitigation on, foreign-originated calls with U.S. numbers, seeking comment on revisions to the information that filers must submit to the Robocall Mitigation Database, and clarifying the obligations of voice service providers and intermediate providers with respect to calls to and from Public Safety Answer Points and other emergency services providers.

On December 9, 2021, the Commission adopted a Fourth Report and Order adopting rules requiring nonfacilities based small voice providers implement SITR/SHAKEN by June 30, 2022, and requiring small voice providers of any kind suspected of originating illegal robocalls to implement STIR/SHAKEN on an accelerated timeline.

On May 19, 2022, the Commission adopted a Fifth Report and Order, Order on Reconsideration, Order, and Fifth Further Notice of Proposed Rulemaking. The Fifth Report and Order and Order required gateway providers to submit a certification to the Robocall Mitigation Database, implement STIR/SHAKEN caller ID authentication as well as several other requirements, including an obligation to mitigate illegal robocall traffic and submit a mitigation plan to the Robocall Mitigation Database regardless of their STIR/SHAKEN implementation status. The Order on Reconsideration expanded the obligation of domestic providers to block calls carrying US NANP numbers from foreign providers not listed in the Robocall Mitigation Database. The Fifth Further Notice of Proposed Rulemaking sought comment on further steps to combat illegal robocalls, including extending requirements for authentication and filing in the Robocall Mitigation Database, requiring

additional measures for robocall mitigation, enhancing enforcement mechanisms and other related issues aimed at closing existing potential loopholes.

On March 16, 2023, the Commission adopted a Sixth Report and Order and Further Notice of Proposed Rulemaking. The Sixth Report and Order required intermediate providers to implement STIR/SHAKEN caller ID authentication for certain calls, expanded robocall mitigation requirements for all providers, and adopted more robust enforcement tools. The Sixth Further Notice of Proposed Rulemaking seeks comment on additional measures to combat illegal robocalls, including whether any changes should be made to the Commission's rules to permit, prohibit, or limit the use of third-party caller ID authentication solutions and whether to eliminate the STIR/SHAKEN implementation extension for providers that cannot obtain Service Provider Code tokens, which are necessary to participate in the STIR/SHAKEN caller ID authentication framework".

On May 18, 2023, the Commission adopted a Seventh Repot and Order. The Seventh Report and Order required voice service providers and nongateway intermediate providers to commit in their Robocall Mitigation Database certification to respond to traceback requests from the Commission, law enforcement, and the industry traceback consortium within 24 hours.

Timetable:

Action	Date	FR Cite
NOI	07/14/17	
DR and 3rd FNPRM.	06/06/19	84 FR 29478
NPRM	06/24/19	84 FR 29478
NPRM Comment Period End.	08/23/19	
3rd FNPRM Com- ment Period End.	08/23/19	
R&O and FNPRM	03/31/20	85 FR 22029
FNPRM Comment Period End.	05/29/20	
2nd R&O	09/29/20	85 FR 73360
2nd FNPRM	01/13/21	86 FR 9894
2nd FNPRM Comment Pe- riod.	03/19/21	
3rd FNPRM	05/20/21	86 FR 30571
3rd R&O	08/05/21	86 FR 48511
3rd FNPRM Com- ment Period End.	08/19/21	
4th FNPRM	10/01/21	86 FR 59084
4th FNPRM Com- ment Period End.	11/26/21	
4th R&O	12/09/21	

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Action	Date	FR Cite
5th R&O, Order on Reconsider- ation.	05/19/22	87 FR 42916
5th FNPRM	05/19/22	87 FR 42670
5th FNPRM Com- ment Period End.	09/16/22	
6th Report and Order.	03/16/23	88 FR 40096
6th FNPRM 6th FNPRM Com- ment Period	03/16/23 07/05/23	88 FR 29035
End. 7th Report and Order.	05/18/23	88 FR 43446
Next Action Unde- termined.	To Be Determined	

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351. Implementation of the National Suicide Improvement Act of 2018, 988 Suicide Prevention Hotline (WC Docket 18–336, PS Docket No. 23.5, PS Docket No. 15–80) [3060–AL01]

Legal Authority: 47 U.S.C. 201; 47 U.S.C. 251

Abstract: On August 14, 2018, Congress passed the National Suicide Hotline Improvement Act (Act). Public Law 115-233, 132 Stat. 2424 (2018). The purpose of the Act was to study and report on the feasibility of designating a 3-digit dialing code to be used for a national suicide prevention and mental health crisis hotline system by considering each of the current N11 designations. The Act directed the Commission to: (1) conduct a study that examines the feasibility of designating a simple, easy-to-remember, 3-digit dialing code to be used for a national suicide prevention and mental health crisis hotline system; and (2) analyze how well the current National Suicide Prevention Lifeline is working to address the needs of veterans. The Act also directed the Commission to coordinate with the Department of Health and Human Services' Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA), the Secretary of Veterans Affairs, and the North American Numbering Council (NANC) in conducting the study, and to produce a report on the study by August 14, 2019.

On August 14, 2019, the Wireline Competition Bureau and Office of Economics and Analytics submitted its report to Congress recommending that: (1) a 3-digit dialing code be used for a national suicide prevention and mental health crisis hotline system; and (2) the Commission should initiate a rulemaking proceeding to consider designating 988 as the 3-digit code.

On December 12, 2019, the Commission released a notice of proposed rulemaking (NPRM) proposing to designate 988 as a new, nationwide, 3-digit dialing code for a suicide prevention and mental health crisis hotline. WC Docket No. 18–336. The NPRM proposes that calls made to 988 be directed to the existing National Suicide Prevention Lifeline, which is made up of an expansive network of over 170 crisis centers located across the United States, and to the Veterans Crisis Line. The NPRM also proposes to require all telecommunications carriers and interconnected VoIP service providers to make, within 18 months, any changes necessary to ensure that users can dial 988 to reach the National Suicide Prevention Lifeline and Veterans Crisis Line.

On July 16, 2020, the Commission adopted an Order designating 988 as the 3-digit number to reach the Lifeline and Veterans Crisis Line (800–273–TALK or 800–273–8255) and requiring all telecommunications carriers, interconnected voice over internet Protocol (VoIP) providers, and one-way VoIP providers to make any network changes necessary to ensure that users can dial 988 to reach the Lifeline by July 16, 2022.

On October 16, 2020, the Communications Equality Advocates filed a petition for partial reconsideration of the FCC's July 16, 2020 Report and Order. In their petition, Communications Equality Advocates requested that the FCC revise the Order to mandate text-to-988 and direct video calling (DVC) requirements and to have such requirements be implemented on the same timeline as voice calls to 988, by July 16, 2022.

On October 17, 2020, Congress enacted the National Suicide Hotline Designation Act of 2020 (2020 Act). Public Law 116–172, 134 Stat. 832 (2020). The 2020 Act, among other things, designates 988 as the universal telephone number within the United States for the purpose of the national suicide prevention and mental health crisis hotline system operating through the National Suicide Prevention Lifeline," with designation occurring one year after enactment.

On November 9, 2020, pursuant to 2020 Act's requirements that the Commission submit a report on the feasibility and cost of attaching an automatic dispatchable location with 988 calls, the Commission issued a Public Notice that sought comment on these issues.

On April 22, 2021, the Commission adopted a Further Notice of Proposed Rulemaking (FNPRM) that proposes to require text service providers support text messages to 988 by routing texts to the toll free number.

On November 19, 2020, pursuant to 2020 Act's requirements that the Commission submit a report on the feasibility and cost of attaching an automatic dispatchable location with 988 calls, the Commission issued a Public Notice that sought comment on these issues. A Report to Congress regarding geolocation was released on April 15, 2021.

On April 22, 2021, the Commission adopted a Further Notice of Proposed Rulemaking (FNPRM) that proposes to require text service providers support text messages to 988 by routing texts to the toll free number. On November 19, 2021, the Commission adopted an Order requiring the industry to enable texting to 988 by the same deadline as for voice calls, July 16, 2022.

On May 24, 2022, the Commission, following up on its report to Congress, hosted a forum in coordination with the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services and the U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs that convened various stakeholders to discuss issues surrounding geolocation. Participants included state and local entities; suicide prevention and mental health experts and advocates; communications industry leaders; and technical experts. The Commission opened the event to the public via live feed on the Commission's website, and audience members submitted questions to panelists by email.

On October 14, 2022, in accordance with the National Suicide Hotline Designation Act of 2020, the Wireline Competition Bureau submitted its first 988 Fee Accountability Report to Congress reporting on the collection and distribution of 988 fees and charges by the states, the District of Columbia, U.S. territories, and Tribal authorities for the period of January 1, 2021 to December 31, 2021.

On January 26, 2023, the Commission adopted a Notice of Proposed Rulemaking to help ensure that the public has access to the 988 Suicide & Crisis Lifeline if a service outage occurs. Those rules were adopted on July 20, 2023.

On October 17, 2023, in accordance with the National Suicide Hotline Designation Act of 2020, the Wireline Competition Bureau submitted its second 988 Fee Accountability Report to Congress reporting on the collection and distribution of 988 fees and charges by the states, the District of Columbia, U.S. territories, and Tribal authorities for the period of January 1, 2022 to December

31, 2022. On October 30, 2023, the Commission released an Erratum amending Appendix A of the July 2023 Report and Order.

Timetable:

Action	Date	FR Cite
NPRM	01/15/20	85 FR 2359
NPRM Comment Period End.	03/16/20	
Report & Order	07/16/20	
PFR	10/16/20	
Oppositions Due	12/02/20	
Public Notice	12/08/20	85 FR 79014
Replies Due	12/14/20	
Public Notice	01/11/21	
Comment Pe- riod End.		
FNPRM	06/11/21	86 FR 31404
FNPRM Comment Period End.	08/10/21	
Report & Order	11/19/21	
NPRM	01/27/23	88 FR 20790
NPRM Comment Period End.	05/08/23	
NPRM Reply Comment Pe- riod End.	06/06/23	
Report and Order	07/21/23	
Erratum	10/23/23	88 FR 2503
Next Action Unde- termined.	To Be Determined	

Regulatory Flexibility Analysis Required: Yes.

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352. Modernizing Unbundling and Resale Requirements in an ERA of Next-Generation Networks and Services [3060–AL02]

Legal Authority: 47 U.S.C. 10; 47 U.S.C. 251

Abstract: On November 22, 2019, the Commission adopted a Notice of Proposed Rulemaking (NPRM) seeking comment on proposals to update the unbundling and avoided-cost resale obligations stemming from the 1996 Act and applicable only to incumbent LECs. Many of these obligations appear to no longer be necessary in many geographic areas due to vigorous competition for mass market broadband services in urban areas and numerous intermodal voice capabilities and services. But recognizing that rural areas pose special challenges for broadband deployment, the NPRM did not propose any change to unbundling requirements for broadband-capable loops in rural areas. The NPRM sought to promote the Commission's efforts to reduce unnecessary and outdated regulatory burdens that appear to discourage the deployment of next-generation networks, delay the IP transition, unnecessarily burden incumbent LECs with no similar obligations placed on their competitors, and no longer benefit consumers or serve the purpose for which they were intended.

On October 27, 2020, the Commission adopted a Report and Order (1) eliminating unbundling requirements, subject to a reasonable transition period, for enterprise-grade DS1 and DS3 loops where there is evidence of actual and potential competition, for broadbandcapable DS0 loops and associated subloops in the most densely populated areas, and for voice-grade narrowband loops nationwide, but preserving unbundling requirements for DS0 loops in less densely populated areas and DS1 and DS3 loops in areas without sufficient evidence of competition; (2) eliminating unbundling requirements for network interface devices and multiunit premises subloops; (3) eliminating unbundled dark fiber transport provisioned from wire centers within a half-mile of competitive fiber networks, but providing an eight-year transition period for existing circuits so as to avoid stranding investment and last-mile deployment by competitive LECs that may harm consumers; (4) eliminating unbundling requirements for operations support systems, except where carriers are continuing to manage UNEs and for purposes of local interconnection and local number portability; and (5) eliminating remaining avoided-cost resale requirements. The Report and Order ended unbundling and resale requirements where they stifle technology transitions and broadband deployment, but preserved unbundling requirements where they are still necessary to realize the 1996 Act's goal of robust intermodal competition benefiting all Americans.

Timetable:

Action	Date	FR Cite
NPRM NPRM Comment Period End. Report & Order Petition for Re- consideration filed by Sonic Telecom.	01/06/20 03/06/20 01/08/21 09/29/22	85 FR 472 86 FR 1636

Action	Date	FR Cite
Replies to Oppo- sitions to Peti- tion for Recon- sideration.	10/04/22	
Next Action Unde- termined.	To Be Determined	

Regulatory Flexibility Analysis Required: Yes.

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353. Establishing a 5G Fund for Rural America; GN Docket No. 20–32 [3060– AL15]

Legal Authority: 47 U.S.C. 154(i); 47 U.S.C. 214; 47 U.S.C. 254; 47 U.S.C. 303(r); 47 U.S.C. 403

Abstract: The 5G Fund for Rural America will distribute up to \$9 billion in universal service support through competitive bidding in two phases to bring mobile voice and 5G broadband service to rural areas of the country. 5G public interest obligations and performance requirements imposed on carriers continuing to receive legacy mobile high-cost support will help ensure that the areas they serve enjoy the benefits that 5G promises.

Timetable:

Action	Date	FR Cite
NPRM Final Action	05/26/20 11/25/20	85 FR 31616 85 FR 75770
Next Action Unde- termined.	To Be Determined	

Regulatory Flexibility Analysis Required: Yes.

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354. Protecting Consumers From SIM Swap and Port-Out Fraud, WC Docket No. 21–341 [3060–AL34]

Legal Authority: 47 U.S.C. 151, 154, 201, 222, 251, 303(r), 332

Abstract: The Commission revised its Customer Proprietary Network Information (CPNI) and Local Number Portability (LNP) rules to require wireless providers to adopt secure methods of authenticating a customer before redirecting a customer's phone number to a new device or provider. The Commission also required wireless providers to immediately notify customers whenever a SIM change or port-out request is made on customers' accounts, and take additional steps to protect customers from SIM swap and port-out fraud. In a Further Notice of Proposed Rulemaking, the Commission sought comment on whether to harmonize the existing requirements governing customer access to CPNI with the SIM change authentication and protection measures, and on what steps the Commission can take to harmonize government efforts to address SIM swap and port-out fraud.

Timetable:

Action	Date	FR Cite
NPRM NPRM Comment Period End.	10/15/21 12/15/21	86 FR 57390
Report and Order FNPRM FNPRM Comment Period End. FNPRM Reply Comment Pe- riod End.	12/18/23 12/14/23 01/16/24 02/12/24	88 FR 85794 88 FR 86614
Next Action Unde- termined.	To Be Determined	

Regulatory Flexibility Analysis Required: Yes.

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355. Supporting Survivors of Domestic and Sexual Violence (WC Docket No. 22–238,11–42, 21–450) [3060–AL48]

Legal Authority: 47 U.S.C. 151.201(b); 47 U.S.C. 301 and 303; 47 U.S.C. 307 and 309; 47 U.S.C. 316 and 345; 47 U.S.C. 403 and sec. 5(b); Pub. L. 117– 223 and 136 Stat. 2280

Abstract: On July 14, 2022, the Commission initiated an inquiry into steps that the Commission could take to assist survivors of domestic violence. In the Notice of Inquiry, the Commission sought information on the scope of connectivity-based difficulties survivors face, as well as potential means by which current Commission programs could be better adapted and new programs could be developed to address survivors' needs. In particular, the Commission sought comment relating to potentially developing a centralized database of telephone numbers relating to domestic abuse support that could be

used by service providers to prevent survivors' communications with support organizations from appearing on logs of calls and text messages that may be available to abusers.

In the NPRM, the Commission begins the process of implementing the Safe Connections Act of 2022 (Safe Connections Act), enacted on December 7, 2022. The legislation amends the Communications Act of 1934 (Communications Act) to require mobile service providers to separate the line of a survivor of domestic violence (and other related crimes and abuse), and any individuals in the care of the survivor, from a mobile service contract shared with an abuser within two business days after receiving a request from the survivor. The Safe Connections Act also directs the Commission to issue rules, within 18 months of the statute's enactment, implementing the line separation requirement. Further, the legislation also requires the Commission to open a rulemaking within 180 days of enactment to consider whether to, and how the Commission should. establish a central database of domestic abuse hotlines to be used by service providers and require such providers to omit, subject to certain conditions, any records of calls or text messages to the hotlines from consumer-facing call and text message logs. The NPRM proposes rules as directed by these statutory requirements.

On November 16, 2023, the Commission released a Report and Order. The rules largely track the statutory language, with key additions and clarifications to address privacy, account security, fraud detection, and operational or technical infeasibility. Among other things, the Commission established requirements regarding the information that survivors must submit to request a line separation and the options providers must offer to survivors making a line separation request. The Commission also adopted requirements regarding communications with consumers and survivors and restrictions on various practices in connection with line separation requests. In addition, the Commission required covered providers to train employees who may interact with survivors on how to assist them or direct them to other employees who have received such training. The Commission also delineated the financial responsibilities for monthly service costs and mobile device following a line separation, and established a compliance date of July 14, 2024, six months after the effective date of the Report and Order. Further, the Commission designated the Lifeline

program to support emergency communications service for survivors that have pursued the line separation process and are suffering a financial hardship. The Commission directed USAC to develop processes to allow survivors experiencing financial hardship to apply for and enroll in the Lifeline program, and to transition survivors from emergency communications support at the end of the six-month emergency support period mandated by the Safe Connections Act. [1] With regard to protecting the privacy of calls and text messages to domestic violence hotlines, the Commission required covered providers and wireline, fixed wireless, and fixed satellite providers of voice service to: (1) omit from consumerfacing logs of calls and text messages any records of calls or text messages to covered hotlines in the central database established by the Commission; and (2) maintain internal records of calls and text messages excluded from consumerfacing logs of calls and text messages. Providers were generally given 12 months to comply with these requirements, except that small service providers were given 18 months.

[1] Id. at paras. 167–73. In addition to these provisions, the Commission also considered matters relating to protecting the privacy of calls and text messages to domestic violence hotlines. In the Safe Connections Report and Order, the Commission required covered providers and wireline, fixed wireless, and fixed satellite providers of voice service to: (1) omit from consumer-facing logs of calls and text messages any records of calls or text messages to covered hotlines in the central database established by the Commission; and (2) maintain internal records of calls and text messages excluded from consumer-facing logs of calls and text messages. Id. at 59-76, paras. 105–49. Providers were generally given 12 months to comply with these requirements, except that small service providers were given 18 months. Id. at 70–74, paras. 137–44.

Timetable:

Action	Date	FR Cite
NOI	08/18/22	
Comment Period End.	08/18/22	
Reply Comment Period End.	09/19/22	
NPRM	02/17/23	88 FR 15558
NPRM Comment Period End.	04/10/23	
Reply Comment Period End.	05/10/23	
Report and Order	11/16/23	88 FR 84406

Action	Date	FR Cite
Next Action Unde- termined.	To Be Determined	

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