Total Annual Burden Cost

CISA assumes that respondents are generally Site Security Officers (SSOs), although other types of respondents may also complete this instrument (e.g., State, and local government employees and contractors). For the purpose of this notice, CISA maintains this assumption. To estimate the total annual burden, CISA multiplied the annual burden of 10,000 hours by the loaded average hourly wage rate of SSOs of \$101.87 per hour.7 Therefore, the total annual burden cost for the CVI Authorization instrument is \$1,018,700 [10,000 total annual burden hours × \$101.87 per hour].

Analysis

Agency: Department of Homeland Security, Cybersecurity and Infrastructure Agency, Infrastructure Security Division.

Title: CFATS Chemical-Terrorism Vulnerability Information.

OMB Number: 1670-0015.

Instrument: Chemical-Terrorism Vulnerability Information Training and Authorized User Application.

Frequency: "On occasion" and "Other".

 $\label{eq:Affected Public: Business or other for-profit.} Affected \textit{Public:} \textit{Business or other for-profit.}$

Number of Respondents: 20,000 respondents (rounded estimate).

Estimated Time per Respondent: 0.50 hours.

Total Burden Hours: 10,000 annual burden hours.

Total Burden Cost (capital/startup): \$0.

Total Recordkeeping Burden: \$0. Total Burden Cost: \$1,001,275.

Robert J. Costello,

Chief Information Officer, Department of Homeland Security, Cybersecurity and Infrastructure Security Agency.

[FR Doc. 2024-20828 Filed 9-12-24; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 9111-LF-P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Fish and Wildlife Service

[FWS-R4-ES-2024-N046; FXES11140400000-245-FF04E00000]

Endangered Species; Recovery Permit Applications

AGENCY: Fish and Wildlife Service, Interior.

ACTION: Notice of receipt of permit applications; request for comments.

SUMMARY: We, the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, have received applications for permits to conduct activities intended to enhance the propagation or survival of endangered species under the Endangered Species Act. We invite the public and local, State, Tribal, and Federal agencies to comment on these applications. Before issuing any of the requested permits, we will take into consideration any information that we receive during the public comment period.

DATES: We must receive written data or comments on the applications by October 15, 2024.

ADDRESSES:

Reviewing Documents: Submit requests for copies of applications and other information submitted with the applications to Karen Marlowe (see FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT). All requests and comments should specify the applicant's name and application number (e.g., Mary Smith, ESPER0001234).

Submitting Comments: If you wish to comment, you may submit comments by one of the following methods:

• Email (preferred method): permitsR4ES@fws.gov. Please include your name and return address in your email message. If you do not receive a confirmation from the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service that we have received your email message, contact us directly at the telephone number listed in FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT.

• *U.S. mail:* U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Regional Office, Ecological Services, 1875 Century Boulevard, Atlanta, GA 30345 (Attn: Karen Marlowe, Permit Coordinator).

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Karen Marlowe, Permit Coordinator, via telephone at 404–679–7097 or via email at *karen_marlowe@fws.gov*. Individuals in the United States who are deaf, deafblind, hard of hearing, or have a speech disability may dial 711 (TTY, TDD, or TeleBraille) to access telecommunications relay services. Individuals outside the United States should use the relay services offered

within their country to make international calls to the point-ofcontact in the United States.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: We, the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, invite review and comment from the public and local, State, Tribal, and Federal agencies on applications we have received for permits to conduct certain activities with endangered and threatened species under section 10(a)(1)(A) of the Endangered Species Act of 1973, as amended (ESA; 16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.), and our regulations in the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) at 50 CFR part 17. Documents and other information submitted with the applications are available for review, subject to the requirements of the Privacy Act of 1974, as amended (5 U.S.C. 552a), and the Freedom of Information Act (5 U.S.C. 552).

Background

With some exceptions, the ESA prohibits take of listed species unless a federal permit is issued that authorizes such take. The definition of "take" in the ESA includes hunting, shooting, harming, wounding, or killing, and also such activities as pursuing, harassing, trapping, capturing, or collecting.

A recovery permit issued by us under section 10(a)(1)(A) of the ESA authorizes the permittee to take endangered or threatened species while engaging in activities that are conducted for scientific purposes that promote recovery of species or for enhancement of propagation or survival of species. These activities often include the capture and collection of species, which would result in prohibited take if a permit were not issued. Our regulations implementing section 10(a)(1)(A) of the ESA for these permits are found at 50 CFR 17.22 for endangered wildlife species, 50 CFR 17.32 for threatened wildlife species, 50 CFR 17.62 for endangered plant species, and 50 CFR 17.72 for threatened plant species.

Permit Applications Available for Review and Comment

The ESA requires that we invite public comment before issuing these permits. Accordingly, we invite local, State, Tribal, and Federal agencies, and the public to submit written data, views, or arguments with respect to these applications. The comments and recommendations that will be most useful and likely to influence agency decisions are those supported by quantitative information or studies. Proposed activities in the following permit requests are for the recovery and enhancement of propagation or survival of the species in the wild.

⁷The wage used for an SSO equals that of Managers, All (11–9199), with a load factor of 1.4481 to account for benefits in addition to wages https://www.bls.gov/oes/2023/may/oes119199.htm. The load factor is estimated by dividing total compensation by total wages and salaries for the Management, Professional and Related series (\$72/\$49.72), which can be found at https://www.bls.gov/news.release/eccc.t04.htm.

Permit application No.	Applicant	Species	Location	Activity	Type of take	Permit action
ES27608B-2	McGehee Engineering Corporation; Jasper, AL.	Tricolored bat (Perimyotis subflavus).	Alabama, Mississippi, and Tennessee.	Presence/ probable ab- sence sur- veys.	Enter hibernacula, capture, handle, identify, band, radio tag, and release.	Renewal and amendment.
ES54578B-3	Mary Frazer; Raleigh, NC.	Tricolored bat (Perimyotis subflavus).	Alabama, Arkansas, Connecticut, Delaware, District of Columbia, Florida, Georgia, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Lou- isiana, Maine, Maryland, Massa- chusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York. North Carolina, North Dakota, Ohio, Oklahoma, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Carolina, South Dakota, Tennessee, Texas, Vermont, Vir- ginia, West Virginia, Wisconsin, and Wyoming.	Presence/ probable ab- sence sur- veys.	Enter hibernacula, capture, handle, identify, band, radio tag, and release.	Renewal and amendment.
ES119937-5	Susan Loeb; Clemson, SC.	Gray bat (Myotis grisescens), Indiana bat (Myotis sodalis), northern long-eared bat (Myotis septentrionalis), and tricolored bat (Perimyotis subflavus).	Alabama, Arkansas, Colorado, Connecticut, Delaware, District of Columbia, Florida, Georgia, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Nebraska, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New Mexico, New York, North Carolina, Ohio, Oklahoma, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Carolina, South Dakota, Tennessee, Texas, Vermont, Virginia, West Virginia, Wisconsin, and Wyoming.	Presence/ probable ab- sence sur- veys and scientific re- search.	Enter hibernacula or maternity roost caves, capture, handle, identify, band, radio tag, collect hair samples, light tag, wing punch, and release.	Renewal and amendment.
ES64393C-2	Vanasse Hangen Brustlin, Inc.; Ra- leigh, NC.	Gray bat (Myotis grisescens), Indiana bat (Myotis sodalis), northern long-eared bat (Myotis septentrionalis), tricolored bat (Perimyotis subflavus), and Virginia big-eared bat (Corynorhinus townsendii virginianus).	Alabama, Arkansas, Connecticut, Delaware, District of Columbia, Florida, Georgia, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Lou- isiana, Maine, Maryland, Massa- chusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, North Dakota, Ohio, Oklahoma, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Carolina, South Dakota, Tennessee, Vermont, Virginia, West Virginia, Wisconsin, and Wyoming.	Presence/ probable ab- sence sur- veys.	Enter hibernacula or maternity roosts, cap- ture with mist nets or harp traps, handle, identify, band, radio tag, and release.	Renewal and amendment.
PER0018443-1	U.S. Army Engineer Research and Development Center; Vicksburg, MS.	Balcones spike (Fusconaia iheringi), false spike (Fusconaia mitchelli), Guadalupe orb (Cyclonaias necki), Guadalupe fatmucket (Lampsilis bergmanni), Ouachita fanshell (Cyprogenia sp. cf. aberti), Texas fatmucket (Lampsilis bracteata), Texas fawnsfoot (Truncilla macrodon), Texas pimpleback (Cyclonaias petrina), and western fanshell (Cyprogenia aberti).	Alabama, Kansas, Louisiana, Missouri, Oklahoma, and Texas.	Presence/ probable ab- sence sur- veys.	Capture, handle, identify, and release.	Amendment.

Permit application No.	Applicant	Species	Location	Activity	Type of take	Permit action
ES02200B-5	Atlanta Botan- ical Garden; Atlanta, GA.	Helonias bullata (swamp pink), Hudsonia montana (mountain golden heather), Isotria medeoloides (small whorled pogonia), Platanthera integrilabia (white fringeless orchid), Sarracenia oreophila (green pitcher plant), Spiraea virginiana (Virginia spiraea), Trillium persistens (persistent trillium), Trillium reliquum (relict trillium), and Xyris tennesseensis (Tennessee yellow-eyed grass).	Federal lands in Alabama, Georgia, North Carolina, and Tennessee.	Long-term storage, arti- ficial propa- gation, ex situ safe- guarding, and genomic studies.	Remove and reduce to possession (collect) seeds, leaves, root tips, pollen, and stem cuttings.	Renewal.
PER11488797-0	North Carolina State Uni- versity; Ra- leigh, NC.	Red wolf (Canis rufus)	Red Wolf SAFE facilities and North Carolina.	Evaluation of cortisol values.	Collect hair samples	New.
PER3315996-0	Domonique DiLandro; Holly Springs, NC.	Indiana bat (<i>Myotis</i> sodalis).	Alabama, Arkansas, Connecticut, Delaware, Georgia, Illinois, Indi- ana, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Maryland, Michigan, Mississippi, Missouri, Nebraska, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, Ohio, Oklahoma, Pennsylvania, South Carolina, Tennessee, Vermont, Virginia, West Virginia, and Wis- consin.	Presence/ probable ab- sence sur- veys.	Enter roosts (bridges, culverts, and abandoned buildings), capture, handle, identify, band, radio tag, and release.	New.
ES88778B-3	John Lamb; Decherd, TN.	Gray bat (Myotis grisescens), Indiana bat (Myotis sodalis), and northern long- eared bat (Myotis septentrionalis).	Tennessee	Presence/ probable ab- sence sur- veys.	Enter hibernacula or maternity roost caves, capture, handle, iden- tify, band, radio tag, and release.	Renewal and amendment.
ES81492B-2	Biotope For- estry & En- vironmental, LLC; Nacogdoch- es, TX.	Tricolored bat (Perimyotis subflavus).	Alabama, Arkansas, Connecticut, Delaware, District of Columbia, Florida, Georgia, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, North Dakota, Ohio, Oklahoma, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Carolina, South Dakota, Tennessee, Vermont, Virginia, West Virginia, Wisconsin, and Wyoming.	Presence/ probable ab- sence sur- veys.	Capture, handle, identify, band, radio tag, and release.	Amendment.
PER5292605-0	Amanda Mil- ler; Win- chester, TN.	Gray bat (Myotis grisescens), Indiana bat (Myotis sodalis), and northern long- eared bat (Myotis septentrionalis).	Arkansas, Colorado, Georgia, Flor- ida, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Mississippi, Missouri, North Caro- lina, Oklahoma, Pennsylvania, South Carolina, Texas, and Vir- ginia.	Presence/ probable ab- sence sur- veys.	Capture, handle, iden- tify, band, radio tag, and release.	New.
ES 75551C-1	Phillip Arant; Fair- mont,WV.	Tricolored bat (Perimyotis subflavus).	Alabama, Arkansas, Connecticut, Delaware, District of Columbia, Florida, Georgia, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, North Dakota, Ohio, Oklahoma, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Carolina, South Dakota, Tennessee, Vermont, Virginia, West Virginia, Wisconsin, and Wyoming.	Presence/ probable ab- sence sur- veys.	Capture, handle, iden- tify, band, radio tag, and release.	Renewal and amendment.

Permit application No.	Applicant	Species	Location	Activity	Type of take	Permit action
ES 88796C-3	Geological Survey of Alabama; Tuscaloosa, AL.	Fish: Blue shiner (Cyprinella caerulea), Cahaba shiner (Notropis cahabae), goldline darter (Percina aurolineata), rush darter (Etheostoma phytophilum), trispot darter (E. trisella), vermilion darter (E. chermocki), and wa- tercress darter (E. nuchale); Mussels: Alabama moccasinshell (Medionidus acutissimus), Coosa moccasinshell (M. parvulus), dark pigtoe (Pleurobema furvum), finelined pocketbook (Hamiota altilis), Georgia pigtoe (Pleurobema hanleyianum), heavy pigtoe (P. taitianum), inflated heelsplitter (Potamilus inflatus), orangenacre mucket (Hamiota perovalis), ovate clubshell (Pleurobema perovatum), southern acornshell (Epioblasma othcaloogensis), southern clubshell (Pleurobema decisum), southern combshell (Epioblasma penita), southern pigtoe (Pleurobema georgianum), tri- angular kidneyshell (Ptychobranchus greenii), and upland combshell (Epioblasma	Alabama	Presence/ probable ab- sence sur- veys and monitoring.	Fish: capture, handle, identify and release; Mussels: capture, handle, identify, mark, release, and collect relic shells.	Renewal and amendment.
ES 824723-12	Archbold Expeditions, Inc; Venus, FL.	metastriata). Birds: Florida grass- hopper sparrow (Ammodramus savannarum floridanus), Florida scrub jay (Aphelocoma coerulescens), and red-cockaded wood- pecker (Picoides bo- realis); Reptile: East- ern indigo snake (Drymarchon couperi); Plants: Cladonia perforata (Florida per- forate cladonia), Dicerandra christmanii (Garrett's mint), Polygala lewtonii (Lewton's milkwort), and Ziziphus celata (Florida ziziphus).	Florida	Population manage- ment and monitoring, genetic analyses, studies on habitat use, germination experi- ments, prop- agation, and reintroduc- tion.	Birds: Red-cockaded woodpeckers: capture, band, construct and monitor artificial nest cavities and restrictors, translocate, collect blood, and salvage non-viable eggs; Florida scrub jays: capture, band, collect blood and feathers, radio-tag, provide supplemental food, and administer lvermectin; Florida grasshopper sparrows: capture, band, collect blood, salvage non-viable eggs, collect eggs and nestlings to be swapped with captive eggs and/or nestlings; Eastern indigo snake: capture, handle, take skin swabs, release, and salvage; Plants: collect seeds, leaves, stem cuttings, and portions of thallus.	Renewal and amendment.

Permit application No.	Applicant	Species	Location	Activity	Type of take	Permit action
ES63633A-7	Biodiversity Research Institute; Portland, ME.	Tricolored bat (Perimyotis subflavus).	Alabama, Arkansas, Connecticut, Delaware, District of Columbia, Florida, Georgia, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Lou- isiana, Maine, Maryland, Massa- chusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, North Dakota, Ohio, Oklahoma, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Carolina, South Dakota, Tennessee, Vermont, Virginia, West Virginia, Wisconsin, and Wyoming.	Presence/ probable ab- sence sur- veys.	Enter hibernacula, capture with mist nets or harp traps, handle, identify, band, radio tag, and release.	Renewal and amendment.

Public Availability of Comments

Written comments we receive become part of the administrative record associated with this action. Before including your address, phone number, email address, or other personal identifying information in your comment, you should be aware that your entire comment—including your personal identifying information—may be made publicly available at any time. While you can ask us in your comment to withhold your personal identifying information from public review, we cannot guarantee that we will be able to do so. All submissions from organizations or businesses, and from individuals identifying themselves as representatives or officials of organizations or businesses, will be made available for public disclosure in their entirety.

Next Steps

If we decide to issue a permit to an applicant listed in this notice, we will publish a notice in the **Federal Register**.

Authority

We publish this notice under section 10(c) of the Endangered Species Act of 1973, as amended (16 U.S.C. 1531 *et seq.*).

Daniel Elbert,

Acting Deputy Assistant Regional Director, Ecological Services, Southeast Region. [FR Doc. 2024–20786 Filed 9–12–24; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4333-15-P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Bureau of Land Management [BLM NV FRN; MO# 4500181312]

Notice of Availability of the Record of Decision and Approved Resource Management Plan Amendment for the Greenlink West Transmission Project in Clark, Esmeralda, Lyon, Mineral, Nye, Storey, and Washoe Counties, Nevada

AGENCY: Bureau of Land Management,

Interior.

ACTION: Notice of availability.

SUMMARY: The Bureau of Land Management (BLM) announces the availability of the Record of Decision (ROD) for the Approved Resource Management Plan (RMP) and associated Final Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the Greenlink West Transmission Project located in Clark, Esmeralda, Lyon, Mineral, Nye, Storey, and Washoe Counties, Nevada. The Acting Deputy Secretary of the Interior signed the ROD on September 9, 2024, which constitutes the decision of the BLM and two other Department of Interior agencies (National Park Service, Bureau of Indian Affairs) and makes the Approved RMP Amendments for the BLM effective immediately. The Department of Energy/National Nuclear Security Administration, as a Cooperating Agency, also signed the ROD that constitutes the decision for the Department of Energy/National Nuclear Security Administration on September 9, 2024.

DATES: The Acting Deputy Secretary of the Interior, representative of the lead federal agency (BLM), signed the ROD/Approved RMP Amendment on September 9, 2024.

ADDRESSES: The ROD/Approved RMP Amendment is available online at https://eplanning.blm.gov/eplanning-ui/ project/2017391/510. Printed copies of the ROD/Approved RMP Amendment are available for public inspection at the Nevada State Office, 1340 Financial Boulevard, Reno, Nevada or can be provided upon request by contacting Brian Buttazoni, Project Manager, at: 775–861–6491.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Brian Buttazoni, Project Manager, telephone (775) 861–6491; address 1340 Financial Boulevard, Reno, Nevada 89502; email BLM_NV_greenlinkwest@blm.gov. Individuals in the United States who are deaf, blind, hard of hearing, or have a speech disability may dial 711 (TTY, TDD, or TeleBraille) to access telecommunications relay services for contacting Mr. Buttazoni. Individuals outside the United States should use the relay services offered within their country to make international calls to the point-of-contact in the United States.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Acting Deputy Secretary of the Interior has approved the RMP Amendments to re-classify the visual resources management classification of certain segments, and to make modifications to certain Section 368 corridors, which required amending the existing 2001 Carson City Consolidated RMP, 1997 Tonopah RMP and ROD, the 1998 ROD for the Approved Las Vegas RMP and Final EIS, and 2009 Approved RMP Amendment(s)/ROD for Designation of Energy Corridors on BLM-Administered Lands in the 11 Western States.

The ROD allows the BLM and three other federal agencies (National Park Service, Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA), and Department of Energy/National Nuclear Security Administration) to issue their agency-specific authorizations for their segments within their jurisdiction for the construction, operation and maintenance, and decommissioning of the 472-mile long transmission project and ancillary facilities. As reflected in the ROD, the BIA is only authorized to grant the rights-of-way (ROW) across those Tribal