#### **DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE**

# International Trade Administration [C-570-107]

Wooden Cabinets and Vanities and Components Thereof From the People's Republic of China: Final Results of Countervailing Duty Administrative Review; 2022

**AGENCY:** Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

SUMMARY: The U.S. Department of Commerce (Commerce) determines that certain producers and exporters of wooden cabinets and vanities and components thereof (wooden cabinets) from the People's Republic of China (China) received countervailable subsidies during the period of review (POR) January 1, 2022, through December 31, 2022.

DATES: Applicable November 12, 2024. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Michael Romani or Suresh Maniam, AD/CVD Operations, Office I, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482–0198 or (202) 482–1603, respectively.

### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

#### **Background**

On May 2, 2024, Commerce published the *Preliminary Results* of this administrative review in the **Federal Register** and invited comments from interested parties. For a complete description of the events that occurred since the *Preliminary Results, see* the Issues and Decision Memorandum. Commerce conducted this review in accordance with section 751(a)(1)(A) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act).

### Scope of the Order

The products covered by the *Order* are wooden cabinets from China. For a full description of the scope of the order, *see* the Issues and Decision Memorandum.

#### **Analysis of Comments Received**

All issues raised by the interested parties in their case and rebuttal briefs are addressed in the Issues and Decision Memorandum. The topics discussed and the issues raised by parties to which we responded in the Issues and Decision Memorandum are listed in the appendix to this notice. The Issues and Decision Memorandum is a public document and is on file electronically via Enforcement and Compliance's Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Centralized Electronic Service System (ACCESS). ACCESS is available to registered users at https://access.trade.gov. In addition, a complete version of the Issues and Decision Memorandum can be accessed directly at https://access.trade.gov/ public/FRNoticesListLayout.aspx.

#### **Changes Since the Preliminary Results**

Based on our analysis of comments received from interested parties, we made changes to the net countervailable subsidy rates for The Ancientree Cabinet Co., Ltd. (Ancientree) and Yixing Pengjia Cabinetry Co., Ltd. (Pengjia). For a discussion of these changes, see the Issues and Decision Memorandum.

#### Methodology

Commerce conducted this administrative review in accordance with section 751(a)(1)(A) the Act. For each of the subsidy programs found to be countervailable, we determine that there is a subsidy, i.e., a governmentprovided financial contribution that gives rise to a benefit to the recipient, and that the subsidy is specific.3 In making this final determination, Commerce relied, in part, on facts otherwise available, including with an adverse inference, pursuant to sections 776(a) and (b) of the Act. For a full description of the methodology underlying all of Commerce's conclusions, see the Issues and Decision Memorandum.

# Companies Not Selected for Individual Review

The statute and Commerce's regulations do not address the establishment of a rate to be applied to companies not selected for individual examination when Commerce limits its examination in an administrative review pursuant to section 777A(e)(2) of the Act. However, Commerce normally determines the rates for non-selected companies in reviews in a manner that

is consistent with section 705(c)(5) of the Act, which provides the basis for calculating the all others rate in an investigation. Section 705(c)(5)(A)(i) of the Act instructs Commerce, as a general rule, to calculate the all-others rate equal to the weighted average of the countervailable subsidy rates established for exporters and producers individually investigated, excluding any zero or *de minimis* countervailable subsidy rates, and any rates determined entirely on the basis of facts available.

There are seven companies for which a review was requested and not rescinded, and which were not selected as mandatory respondents or found to be cross-owned with a mandatory respondent. In this review, the rates for Ancientree and Pengjia were above *de minimis* and not based entirely on facts available. Therefore, we are applying to the non-selected companies the average of the net subsidy rates calculated for Ancientree and Pengjia, which we calculated using the publicly-ranged sales data submitted by Ancientree and Pengjia.<sup>4</sup>

# Final Results of Administrative Review

Commerce determines that the following net countervailable subsidy rates exist for the period January 1, 2022, through December 31, 2022:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See Wooden Cabinets and Vanities and Components Thereof from the People's Republic of China: Preliminary Results and Partial Rescission of Countervailing Duty Administrative Review; 2022, 89 FR 35782 (May 2, 2024) (Preliminary Results), and accompanying Preliminary Decision Memorandum.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> See Memorandum, "Issues and Decision Memorandum for the Final Results of the Countervailing Duty Administrative Review of Wooden Cabinets and Vanities and Components Thereof from the People's Republic of China; 2022," dated concurrently with, and hereby adopted by, this notice (Issues and Decision Memorandum).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> See sections 771(5)(B) and (D) of the Act regarding financial contribution; section 771(5)(E) of the Act regarding benefit; and section 771(5A) of the Act regarding specificity.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> With two respondents under examination, Commerce normally calculates: (A) a weightedaverage of the estimated subsidy rates calculated for the examined respondents; (B) a simple average of the estimated subsidy rates calculated for the examined respondents; and (C) a weighted average of the estimated subsidy rates calculated for the examined respondents using each company's publicly-ranged U.S. sale quantities for the merchandise under consideration. Commerce then compares (B) and (C) to (A) and selects the rate closest to (A) as the most appropriate rate for all other producers and exporters. See, e.g., Ball Bearings and Parts Thereof from France, Germany, Italy, Japan, and the United Kingdom: Final Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Reviews, Final Results of Changed-Circumstances Review, and Revocation of an order in Part, 75 FR 53661, 53663 (September 1, 2010).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> This company was formerly known as Yixing Pengjia Cabinetry Co., Ltd. *See* Pengjia's Letter "Section III," dated January 4, 2024, at 2 and Exhibit 5.1.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Commerce previously found Shanghai Beautystar Cabinetry Co., Ltd. to be a cross-owned affiliate with Jiangsu Sunwell Cabinetry Co Ltd. See Wooden Cabinets and Vanities and Components Thereof from the People's Republic of China: Preliminary Results of Countervailing Duty Administrative Review, Rescission of Administrative Review in Part, and Intent To Rescind in Part: 2021 88 FR 29084 (May 5, 2023). and accompanying Preliminary Decision Memorandum at 33, unchanged in Wooden Cabinets and Vanities and Components Thereof from the People's Republic of China: Final Results and Partial Recission of Countervailing Duty Administrative Review, 2021, 88 FR 76732 (November 7, 2023).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>This rate is based on the rate for the respondents that were selected for individual review, excluding

Producer/exporter	Subsidy rate (percent ad valorem)
The Ancientree Cabinet Co., Ltd	11.9
The Ancientree Cabinet Co., Ltd	0.9
Jiangsu Sunwell Cabinetry Co Ltd 5	163.4
Taizhou Overseas Trading Company Ltd	163.4
Taishan Oversea Trading Company Ltd	163.40
Review-Specific Average Rate Applicable to the Following Companies 7	
or the second of	
	10.9
	10.9 <i>i</i> 10.9 <i>i</i>
Fujian Dushi Wooden Industry Co., Ltd	10.9
Fujian Dushi Wooden Industry Co., Ltd	10.9 10.9
	10.9 10.9 10.9

#### Disclosure

Commerce intends to disclose the calculations and analysis performed for these final results of review within five days of the date of publication of this notice in the **Federal Register**, in accordance with 19 CFR 351.224(b).

#### Assessment

In accordance with section 751(a)(2)(C) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.212(b)(2), Commerce shall determine, and U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) shall assess, countervailing duties on all appropriate entries covered by this review. Commerce intends to issue assessment instructions to CBP no earlier than 35 days after publication of the final results of this review in the **Federal Register**. If a timely summons is filed at the U.S. Court of International Trade, the assessment instructions will direct CBP not to liquidate relevant entries until the time for parties to file a request for a statutory injunction has expired (i.e., within 90 days of publication).

# **Cash Deposit Requirements**

In accordance with section 751(a)(1) and (a)(2)(C) of the Act, Commerce also intends to instruct CBP to collect cash deposits of estimated countervailing duties in the amounts shown above for the companies listed above for shipments of subject merchandise entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after the date of publication of these final results of review. For all non-reviewed firms, we will instruct CBP to continue to collect cash deposits of estimated countervailing duties at the all-others rate or the most recent company-specific rate applicable to the company, as appropriate. These cash deposit

requirements, when imposed, shall remain in effect until further notice.

#### Certification

Following the publication of this notice, the importer, or the importer's agent, must continue to submit any required certifications to CBP as part of the entry process by uploading them into the document imaging system in CBP's Automated Commercial Environment at the time of entry summary filing. Consistent with CBP's procedures, importers shall also identify entries required to have certifications by using importers' additional declaration (record 54) AD/CVD Certification Designation (type code 06) when filing entry summary.<sup>8</sup>

#### Administrative Protective Order

This notice also serves as a final reminder to parties subject to an administrative protective order (APO) of their responsibility concerning the destruction of proprietary information disclosed under APO in accordance with 19 CFR 351.305(a)(3). Timely written notification of the return or destruction of APO materials or conversion to judicial protective order, is hereby requested. Failure to comply with the regulations and terms of an APO is a violation subject to sanction.

# **Notification to Interested Parties**

The final results are issued and published in accordance with sections 751(a)(1) and 777(i)(1) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.221(b)(5).

Dated: November 5, 2024.

#### Abdelali Elouaradia,

Deputy Assistant Secretary for Enforcement and Compliance.

#### **Appendix**

# List of Topics Discussed in the Issues and Decision Memorandum

- I. Summary
- II. Background
- III. Scope of the *Order*
- IV. Non-Selected Companies Under Review
- V. Subsidies Valuation
- VI. Use of Facts Otherwise Available and Application of Adverse Inferences
- VII. Analysis of Programs VIII. Discussion of Issues
- Comment 1: Whether Commerce Should Calculate a Land Purchase Benefit for Jiangsu Yunru
- Comment 2: Whether Commerce Should Apply Adverse Facts Available (AFA) to the Export Buyer's Credit (EBC) Program for Ancientree
- Comment 3: Whether Commerce Should Revise the Calculation of the Benchmark Interest Applied to Ancientree's Policy Loans
- Comment 4: Whether Commerce should Rely on Freightos Data in its Ocean Freight Benchmarks
- Comment 5: Whether Commerce should Exclude Pengjia's Sales that Are Not Related to Productive Activities
- Comment 6: Whether Species Specific Sawnwood Benchmarks are Appropriate
- Comment 7: Whether Commerce Should Continue to Countervail the Provision of Certain Inputs for LTAR Based on AFA
- Comment 8: Whether Commerce Should Revise the Calculation of the Benefit for the Provision of Electricity for LTAR Program for Ancientree
- Comment 9: Whether Commerce Should Apply AFA to the Provision of Electricity for LTAR
- Comment 10: Whether Commerce Should Apply AFA to the Provision of Water for LTAR

rates that are zero, *de minimis*, or based entirely on facts available. *See* section 705(c)(5)(A) of the Act.

\*\*See Cargo System Messaging Service #59384253, dated 02/12/2024; *see also Announcing an Importer's Additional Declaration in the Automated* 

Commercial Environment Specific to Antidumping/ Countervailing Duty Certifications, 89 FR 7372 (February 2, 2024).

Comment 11: Whether Income Tax
Reductions under Article 28 of the
Enterprise Income Tax is Specific
Comment 12: Whether It is Appropriate to
Consider Other Subsidies

IX. Recommendation

[FR Doc. 2024–26175 Filed 11–8–24; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–DS–P

#### **DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE**

#### **International Trade Administration**

[C-533-821, C-560-813]

Certain Hot-Rolled Carbon Steel Flat Products From India and Indonesia: Final Results of the Expedited Fourth Sunset Reviews of the Countervailing Duty Orders

**AGENCY:** Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

SUMMARY: The U.S. Department of Commerce (Commerce) finds that revocation of the countervailing duty (CVD) orders on certain hot-rolled carbon steel flat products (hot-rolled steel) from India and Indonesia would be likely to lead to continuation or recurrence of countervailable subsidies at the levels indicated in the "Final Results of the Sunset Reviews" section of this notice.

DATES: Applicable November 12, 2024.

#### FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Peter Zukowski, AD/CVD Operations, Office III, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482–0189.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

#### **Background**

On December 3, 2001, Commerce published the Orders on hot-rolled steel from India and Indonesia. On July 1, 2024, Commerce published the notice of initiation of the fourth five-year (sunset) reviews of the Orders, pursuant to section 751(c) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act).<sup>2</sup> From July 15 through July 16, 2024, Commerce received notices of intent to participate from Cleveland-Cliffs Inc.,3 Nucor Corporation,<sup>4</sup> United States Steel Corporation,<sup>5</sup> Steel Dynamics, Inc., and SSAB Enterprises, LLC 6 (collectively, the domestic interested parties), within the deadline specified in 19 CFR 351.218(d)(1)(i). Each of the domestic interested parties claimed interested party status under section 771(9)(C) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.102(b)(29)(v) as producers of the domestic like product.

On July 31, 2024, Commerce received adequate substantive responses from the domestic interested parties within the 30-day deadline specified in 19 CFR 351.218(d)(3)(i).7 Commerce did not receive a substantive response from any other interested party to this proceeding. On August 21, 2024, Commerce notified the U.S. International Trade Commission that it did not receive an adequate substantive response from respondent interested parties.8 As a result, Commerce conducted expedited (120-day) sunset reviews of the Orders, pursuant to section 751(c)(3)(B) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.218(e)(1)(ii)(B)(2) and (C)(2).

On July 22, 2024, Commerce tolled certain deadlines in this administrative proceeding by seven days. The deadline for these final results is now November 5, 2024.

#### **Scope of the Orders**

The merchandise covered by the *Orders* is certain hot-rolled carbon steel flat products from India and Indonesia. For a complete description of the scope of the *Orders*, see the Issues and Decision Memorandum.<sup>10</sup>

#### **Analysis of Comments Received**

A complete discussion of all issues raised in these sunset reviews. including the likelihood of continuation or recurrence of subsidization in the event of revocation of the Orders and the countervailable subsidy rates likely to prevail if the Orders were to be revoked, is provided in the Issues and Decision Memorandum. A list of the topics discussed in the Issues and Decision Memorandum is attached as an appendix to this notice. The Issues and Decision Memorandum is a public document and is on file electronically via Enforcement and Compliance's Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Centralized Electronic Service System (ACCESS), which is available to registered users at https://access. trade.gov. In addition, complete versions of the Issues and Decision Memorandum can be accessed directly at https://access.trade.gov/public/ FRNoticesListLayout.aspx.

# **Final Results of Sunset Reviews**

Pursuant to sections 751(c) and 752(b) of the Act, Commerce determines that revocation of the CVD orders on hotrolled steel from India would be likely to lead to continuation or recurrence of a countervailable subsidies at the following net countervailable subsidy rates:

Producers/exporters	Net countervailable subsidy rate (percent ad valorem)
Essar Steel Limited	336.62
Ispat Industries Limited	360.23
Steel Authority of India Limited	346.61
Tata Iron and Steel Company Limited	337.51
All Others	344.44

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See Notice of Amended Final Determination and Notice of Countervailing Duty Orders: Certain Hot-Rolled Carbon Steel Flat Products from India and Indonesia, 66 FR 60198 (December 3, 2001) (Orders).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> See Initiation of Five-Year (Sunset) Reviews, 89 FR 54435 (July 1, 2024).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> See Cleveland-Cliffs Inc.'s Letter, "Notice of Intent to Participate in Sunset Reviews," dated July 15, 2024.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> See Nucor Corporation's Letters, "Hot-Rolled Carbon Steel Flat Products from India: Notice of Intent to Participate in Sunset Review," dated July 15, 2024; and "Hot-Rolled Carbon Steel Flat

Products from Indonesia: Notice of Intent to Participate in Sunset Review," dated July 15, 2024.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> See United States Steel Corporation's Letter, "Notice of Intent to Participate," dated July 16, 2024.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> See Steel Dynamics, Inc. and SSAB Enterprises, LLC's Letters, "Certain Hot-Rolled Carbon Steel Flat Products from India: Notice of Intent to Participate," dated July 16, 2024; and "Certain Hot-Rolled Carbon Steel Flat Products from Indonesia: Notice of Intent to Participate," dated July 16, 2024.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> See Domestic Interested Parties' Letter, "Domestic Industry Substantive Response," dated July 31, 2024.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup>8 See Commerce's Letter, "Sunset Reviews for July 2024," dated August 21, 2024.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> See Memorandum, "Tolling of Deadlines for Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Proceedings," dated July 22, 2024.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> See Memorandum, "Issues and Decision Memorandum for the Final Results of the Expedited Fourth Sunset Reviews of the Countervailing Duty Orders on Certain Hot-Rolled Carbon Steel Flat Products from India and Indonesia," dated concurrently with, and adopted by, this notice.