

financial information that is privileged or confidential, and subsection 552b(c)(9)(B), which permits closure to protect information that would be likely to significantly frustrate implementation of a proposed agency action were it to be disclosed prematurely. The closed session of the meeting will involve committee discussions and guidance regarding U.S. Government strategies and policies.

The open session will be accessible via teleconference. To join the conference, submit inquiries to TAC@bis.doc.gov.

A limited number of seats will be available for members of the public to attend the open session in person. Reservations are not accepted.

Special Accommodations: Individuals requiring special accommodations to access the public meeting should contact TAC@bis.doc.gov no later than Tuesday, December 3, 2024, so that appropriate arrangements can be made.

To the extent that time permits, members of the public may present oral statements to the Committee. The public may submit written statements at any time before or after the meeting. However, to facilitate distribution of materials to the Committee members, the Committee suggests that members of the public forward their materials prior to the meeting to Ms. Springer via email. Material submitted by the public will be made public and therefore should not contain confidential information. Meeting materials from the public session will be accessible via the Technical Advisory Committee (TAC) site at <https://tac.bis.doc.gov>, within 30 days after the meeting.

The Deputy Assistant Secretary for Administration, performing the non-exclusive functions and duties of the Chief Financial Officer and Assistant Secretary for Administration, with the concurrence of the delegate of the General Counsel, formally determined on September 23, 2024, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 1009(d), that the portion of the meeting dealing with pre-decisional changes to the Commerce Control List and the U.S. export control policies shall be exempt from the provisions relating to public meetings found in 5 U.S.C. 1009(a)(1) and 1009(a)(3). The remaining portions of the meeting will be open to the public.

Meeting cancellation: If the meeting is cancelled, a cancellation notice will be posted on the TAC website at <https://tac.bis.doc.gov>.

For more information, contact TAC@bis.doc.gov.

Kevin Coyne,

Committee Liaison Officer.

[FR Doc. 2024–27368 Filed 11–20–24; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510–JT–P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

[A–533–502]

Welded Carbon Steel Standard Pipes and Tubes From India: Notice of Court Decision Not in Harmony With the Results of Antidumping Administrative Review; Notice of Amended Final Results

AGENCY: Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

SUMMARY: On November 7, 2024, the U.S. Court of International Trade (CIT) issued its final judgment in *Garg Tube Export LLP and Garg Tube Limited v. United States*, Court No. 21–00169, sustaining the U.S. Department of Commerce’s (Commerce) first and second remand results pertaining to the administrative review of the antidumping duty (AD) order on welded carbon steel standard pipes and tubes (pipe and tube) from India covering the period May 1, 2018, through April 30, 2019. Commerce is notifying the public that the CIT’s final judgment is not in harmony with Commerce’s final results of the administrative review and that Commerce is amending the final results with respect to the dumping margin assigned to Garg Tube Limited and Garg Tube Export LLP (collectively, Garg Tube).

DATES: Applicable November 17, 2024.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Dmitry Vladimirov, AD/CVD Operations, Office I, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482–0665.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

On March 19, 2021, Commerce published its *Final Results* in the 2018–2019 AD administrative review of pipe and tube from India.¹ Commerce

¹ See *Welded Carbon Steel Standard Pipes and Tubes from India: Final Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review; 2018–2019*, 86 FR 14872 (March 19, 2021) (*Final Results*), and accompanying Issues and Decision Memorandum.

calculated a weighted-average dumping margin of 13.90 percent for Garg Tube.²

Garg Tube appealed Commerce’s *Final Results*. On February 3, 2023, the CIT granted Commerce’s request for a voluntary remand to recalculate Garg Tube’s weighted-average dumping margin established in the *Final Results* without making a cost-based particular market situation (PMS) adjustment.³ In its final results of the first remand redetermination, issued in March 2023, Commerce reversed a PMS adjustment made to the cost of production (COP) in the *Final Results* and recalculated Garg Tube’s weighted-average dumping margin accordingly.⁴

On April 8, 2024, the CIT remanded the *Final Results* to Commerce, holding that it was not reasonably discernable from Commerce’s analysis which statutory provision under section 776 of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act), it was relying upon in applying partial adverse facts available (AFA) with respect to COP for pipe and tube sourced from an unaffiliated supplier.⁵ The CIT further held that to the extent that Commerce relied on section 776(a) of the Act, Commerce must further support its determination by addressing the *Mueller*⁶ factors, and to the extent Commerce relied on section 776(b) of the Act, Commerce must explain why Garg Tube did not act to the best of its ability and do all that it could to cooperate.⁷

In its final results of the second remand redetermination, issued in July 2024, Commerce clarified its methodology and, under respectful protest, modified the margin calculations for Garg Tube by relying on facts available, with no adverse inference, to fill the gap in the record on the unaffiliated supplier’s missing COP information caused by its non-cooperation.⁸ The CIT sustained

² *Id.* at 14873.

³ See *Garg Tube Export LLP and Garg Tube Limited v. United States*, Court No. 21–00169 (CIT February 3, 2023); see also Commerce’s February 2, 2023, consent motion for a voluntary remand (the CIT granted the motion without modification).

⁴ See *Final Results of Redetermination Pursuant to Court Remand, Garg Tube Export LLP and Garg Tube Limited v. United States*, Court No. 21–00169, (CIT February 3, 2023), dated March 16, 2023.

⁵ See *Garg Tube Export LLP and Garg Tube Limited v. United States*, 698 F. Supp. 3d 1230 (CIT 2024) (*Garg Tube*).

⁶ See *Mueller Comercial de Mexico, S. de R.L. de C.V. v. United States*, 753 F.3d 1227 (Fed. Cir. 2014) (*Mueller*).

⁷ See *Garg Tube*.

⁸ See *Final Results of Redetermination Pursuant to Court Remand, Garg Tube Export LLP and Garg Tube Limited v. United States*, 698 F. Supp. 3d 1230 (CIT 2024), dated July 8, 2024.

Commerce’s final results of the first and second redeterminations.⁹

Timken Notice

In its decision in *Timken*,¹⁰ as clarified by *Diamond Sawblades*,¹¹ the U.S. Court of Appeals for the Federal Circuit held that, pursuant to sections 516A(c) and (e) of the Act, Commerce must publish a notice of court decision that is not “in harmony” with a Commerce determination and must suspend liquidation of entries pending a “conclusive” court decision. The CIT’s November 7, 2024, judgment constitutes a final decision of the CIT that is not in harmony with Commerce’s *Final Results*. Thus, this notice is published in fulfillment of the publication requirements of *Timken*.

Amended Final Results

Because there is now a final court judgment, Commerce is amending its *Final Results* with respect to Garg Tube as follows:

Producer or exporter	Weighted-average dumping margin (percent)
Garg Tube Export LLP and Garg Tube Limited	4.25

Cash Deposit Requirements

Because Garg Tube does not have a superseding cash deposit rate, *i.e.*, there have not been final results published in a subsequent administrative review, we will issue revised cash deposit instructions to U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP).

Liquidation of Suspended Entries

At this time, Commerce remains enjoined by CIT order from liquidating entries that were produced and/or exported by Garg Tube, and were entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption during the period May 1, 2018, through April 30, 2019. These entries will remain enjoined pursuant to the terms of the injunction during the pendency of any appeals process.

In the event the CIT’s ruling is not appealed, or, if appealed, upheld by a final and conclusive court decision, Commerce intends to instruct CBP to assess antidumping duties on

⁹ See *Garg Tube Export LLP and Garg Tube Limited v. United States*, Court No. 21–00169, Slip Op. 24–124 and Judgment Order (CIT November 7, 2024).

¹⁰ See *Timken Co. v. United States*, 893 F.2d 337 (Fed. Cir. 1990) (*Timken*).

¹¹ See *Diamond Sawblades Manufacturers Coalition v. United States*, 626 F.3d 1374 (Fed. Cir. 2010) (*Diamond Sawblades*).

unliquidated entries of subject merchandise produced and/or exported by Garg Tube in accordance with 19 CFR 351.212(b). We will instruct CBP to assess antidumping duties on all appropriate entries covered by this review when the importer-specific *ad valorem* assessment rate is not zero or *de minimis*. Where an import-specific *ad valorem* assessment rate is zero or *de minimis*,¹² we will instruct CBP to liquidate the appropriate entries without regard to antidumping duties.

Notification to Interested Parties

This notice is issued and published in accordance with sections 516A(c) and (e) and 777(i)(1) of the Act.

Dated: November 15, 2024.

Abdelali Elouaradia,

Deputy Assistant Secretary for Enforcement and Compliance.

[FR Doc. 2024–27319 Filed 11–20–24; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510–DS–P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

[A–821–838, C–821–839]

Ferrosilicon From the Russian Federation: Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Orders

AGENCY: Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

SUMMARY: Based on affirmative final determinations by the U.S. Department of Commerce (Commerce) and the U.S. International Trade Commission (ITC), Commerce is issuing antidumping duty (AD) and countervailing duty (CVD) orders on ferrosilicon from the Russian Federation (Russia).

DATES: Applicable November 21, 2024.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Jacob Saude, AD/CVD Operations, Office VII, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482–0981.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

In accordance with sections 705(d), 735(d), and 777(i) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act), on September 18, 2024, Commerce published its affirmative final determination of sales at less than fair value and its final affirmative determination that countervailable

subsidies are being provided to producers and exporters of ferrosilicon from Russia.¹ As part of these determinations, Commerce made affirmative critical circumstances findings for the Russia-wide entity in the AD investigation and for Russian Ferro Alloys Inc./RFA International LP and all other producers and/or exporters in the CVD investigation.

On November 4, 2024, the ITC notified Commerce of its affirmative final determination that an industry in the United States is materially injured within the meaning of sections 705(b)(1)(A)(i) and 735(b)(1)(A)(i) of the Act, by reason of imports of ferrosilicon that are subsidized by the government of Russia and sold in the United States at less than fair value.² On November 8, 2024, in accordance with section 735(d) of the Act, the ITC published in the **Federal Register** its affirmative final injury determination in these investigations in which it found that an industry in the United States is materially injured by reason of imports of ferrosilicon from Russia.³ In addition, the ITC found that critical circumstances do not exist with regard to imports from Russia.⁴

Scope of the Orders

The product covered by these orders is ferrosilicon from Russia. For a complete description of the scope of the orders, *see* the appendix to this notice.

Antidumping Duty Order

On November 4, 2024, in accordance with section 735(d) of the Act, the ITC notified Commerce of its final determination that an industry in the United States is materially injured within the meaning of section 735(b)(1)(A)(i) of the Act by reason of imports of ferrosilicon that are sold in the United States at less than fair value. Therefore, in accordance with sections 735(c)(2) and 736 of the Act, Commerce is issuing this AD order. Because the ITC determined that imports of ferrosilicon from Russia are materially injuring a U.S. industry, unliquidated entries of such merchandise from Russia, entered or withdrawn from

¹ See *Ferrosilicon from the Russian Federation: Final Affirmative Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value and Final Affirmative Determination of Critical Circumstances*, 89 FR 76450 (September 18, 2024); *see also* *Ferrosilicon from the Russian Federation: Final Affirmative Countervailing Duty Determination and Final Affirmative Determination of Critical Circumstances*, 89 FR 76454 (September 18, 2024).

² See ITC Letter, “Notification of ITC Final Determination,” dated November 4, 2024.

³ See *Ferrosilicon from Russia*, 89 FR 88814 (November 8, 2024) (*ITC Final Determination*).

⁴ *Id.*

¹² See 19 CFR 351.106(c)(2).