requests for repatriation are received, the HUA must determine the most appropriate requestor prior to repatriation. Requests for joint repatriation of the human remains are considered a single request and not competing requests. The HUA is responsible for sending a copy of this notice to the Indian Tribes and Native Hawaiian organizations identified in this notice.

Authority: Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act, 25 U.S.C. 3003, and the implementing regulations, 43 CFR 10.10.

Dated: December 11, 2024.

Melanie O'Brien,

Manager, National NAGPRA Program. [FR Doc. 2024–29950 Filed 12–17–24; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4312-52-P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

National Park Service

[NPS-WASO-NAGPRA-NPS0039216; PPWOCRADN0-PCU00RP14.R50000]

Notice of Intended Repatriation: The Children's Museum of Indianapolis, Indianapolis, IN

AGENCY: National Park Service, Interior.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: In accordance with the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), The Children's Museum of Indianapolis intends to repatriate a certain cultural item that meets the definition of an unassociated funerary object and that has a cultural affiliation with the Indian Tribes or Native Hawaiian organizations in this notice.

DATES: Repatriation of the cultural item in this notice may occur on or after January 17, 2025.

ADDRESSES: Jennifer Noffze, The Children's Museum of Indianapolis, 3000 N Meridian Street, Indianapolis, IN 46208, telephone (317) 334–3722, email jenn@childrensmuseum.org.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This notice is published as part of the National Park Service's administrative responsibilities under NAGPRA. The determinations in this notice are the sole responsibility of The Children's Museum of Indianapolis, and additional information on the determinations in this notice, including the results of consultation, can be found in the summary or related records. The National Park Service is not responsible for the determinations in this notice.

Abstract of Information Available

A total of one cultural item has been requested for repatriation. The one unassociated funerary object is a red and brown stone animal effigy pipe. It was found in a mound near Marietta, Ohio, prior to 1900, and it was formerly a part of the Judge Claude U. Stone Collection at Peoria, Illinois. It was donated to the museum in 1968 by Earl Townsend, Jr. Marietta, Ohio is part of the ancestral homelands of the Shawnee Nation, which includes the Eastern Shawnee Tribe of Oklahoma and the Absentee-Shawnee Tribe of Indians of Oklahoma.

Determinations

The Children's Museum of Indianapolis has determined that:

- The one unassociated funerary object described in this notice is reasonably believed to have been placed intentionally with or near human remains, and are connected, either at the time of death or later as part of the death rite or ceremony of a Native American culture according to the Native American traditional knowledge of a lineal descendant, Indian Tribe, or Native Hawaiian organization. The unassociated funerary object has been identified by a preponderance of the evidence as related to human remains, specific individuals, or families, or removed from a specific burial site or burial area of an individual or individuals with cultural affiliation to an Indian Tribe or Native Hawaiian organization.
- There is a reasonable connection between the cultural item described in this notice and the Absentee-Shawnee Tribe of Indians of Oklahoma and the Eastern Shawnee Tribe of Oklahoma.

Requests for Repatriation

Additional, written requests for repatriation of the cultural item in this notice must be sent to the authorized representative identified in this notice under ADDRESSES. Requests for repatriation may be submitted by any lineal descendant, Indian Tribe, or Native Hawaiian organization not identified in this notice who shows, by a preponderance of the evidence, that the requestor is a lineal descendant or a culturally affiliated Indian Tribe or Native Hawaiian organization.

Repatriation of the cultural item in this notice to a requestor may occur on or after January 17, 2025. If competing requests for repatriation are received, The Children's Museum of Indianapolis must determine the most appropriate requestor prior to repatriation. Requests for joint repatriation of the cultural item

are considered a single request and not competing requests. The Children's Museum of Indianapolis is responsible for sending a copy of this notice to the Indian Tribes and Native Hawaiian organizations identified in this notice and to any other consulting parties.

Authority: Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act, 25 U.S.C. 3004 and the implementing regulations, 43 CFR 10.9.

Dated: December 11, 2024.

Melanie O'Brien,

Manager, National NAGPRA Program. [FR Doc. 2024–29945 Filed 12–17–24; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4312–52–P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

National Park Service

[NPS-WASO-NAGPRA-NPS0039210; PPWOCRADN0-PCU00RP14.R50000]

Notice of Inventory Completion: Fowler Museum at UCLA, Los Angeles, CA

AGENCY: National Park Service, Interior. **ACTION:** Notice.

SUMMARY: In accordance with the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), the Fowler Museum at UCLA has completed an inventory of human remains and associated funerary objects and has determined that there is a cultural affiliation between the human remains and associated funerary objects and Indian Tribes or Native Hawaiian organizations in this notice.

DATES: Repatriation of the human remains and associated funerary objects in this notice may occur on or after January 17, 2025.

ADDRESSES: Allison Fischer-Olson, Fowler Museum at UCLA, Box 951549, Los Angeles, CA 90095–1549, telephone (310) 825–1864, email afischerolson@ arts.ucla.edu.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This notice is published as part of the National Park Service's administrative responsibilities under NAGPRA. The determinations in this notice are the sole responsibility of the Fowler Museum at UCLA, and additional information on the determinations in this notice, including the results of consultation, can be found in its inventory or related records. The National Park Service is not responsible for the determinations in this notice.

Abstract of Information Available

Three bags and 2,125 individual associated funerary objects are flake tools, flakes, cores, hammerstones, an

ash/clay chunk, groundstone fragments, utilized flakes, post fragments, manos and mano fragments, shell beads, pestles and pestle fragments, battered rock, projectile points, core tools, bone awls and awl fragments, worked bone, polished bone, chipping debitage, stone fragments, faunal bone, gorges, arrow shaft straightener, burned and unburned acorns, bone whistle parts, a dirt root cast, charcoal beam fragments, scrapers, mortars, pounders, baked clay, cobbles, charcoal, boiling stones, and shell fragments. Of the total associated funerary objects, three bags and 62 individual items are present. The associated funerary objects were recovered from the Case Site (4-TEH-S246), which is located in southern Tehama County near Vina, California. In 1965, UCLA Archaeological Survey excavated the site under the direction of Donald S. Miller and Phil Burnham. The collection was recorded as never having been received until a small portion was found mixed with another accession/ collection. The remainder may have been retained by the property owner. Human remains were found at the site by the property owner but are not present. During consultations, the Tribal Representative from Paskenta Band of Nomlaki Indians identified this as a Wintun site that is within the ancestral territory of the Tribe. Due to the presence of human remains, the representative identified the entire site, and any material found there, as culturally sensitive. There is no known use of potentially hazardous substances for treatment of the associated funerary objects.

Human remains representing, at least, two individuals have been identified. The 169 bags and 516 individual associated funerary objects are flakes, cores, core tools, faunal bone, bone awls and awl fragments, cobbles, fire stones, manos and mano fragments, choppers, pounding stones, acorns, projectile points and point fragments, hammerstones, nodules, bone whistle parts, flake tools, scrapers, clay fragments, metal fragments, shell pendants, fishhooks, modified bone, fire fractured stone, pestles and pestle fragments, beads, groundstone fragments, stone fragments/samples, digging stones, stone rings, shell fragments, worked flakes, boiling stones, sharpening tools, organics, charcoal, and soil samples. The human remains and associated funerary objects were recovered from the Bambauer Site (4-TEH-S247), which is located in southern Tehama County near Hamilton City, California. In 1965, UCLA Archaeological Survey excavated the

site under the direction of Donald S. Miller and Thomas Durbin. The collection is noted as initially going to California State University, Chico under the care of Keith Johnson until 2003, when it was received at UCLA, During 2024 consultations, human remains were located mixed in with faunal bone. Human remains were also recovered in 1974 excavations of the same site. which were repatriated to the Paskenta Band of Nomlaki Indians in 2023. In a 1965 site report, excavation director Thomas Durbin states that 4-TEH-S247 is known to be a Wintun site. During consultations, the Tribal Representative from Paskenta Band of Nomlaki Indians also identified this as a Wintun site that is within the ancestral territory of the Tribe. Due to the presence of human remains, the representative identified the entire site, and any material found there, as culturally sensitive. There is no known use of potentially hazardous substances for treatment of the human remains or associated funerary objects. No lineal descendant can be determined.

Cultural Affiliation

Based on the information available and the results of consultation, cultural affiliation is clearly identified by the information available about the human remains and associated funerary objects described in this notice.

Determinations

The Fowler Museum at UCLA has determined that:

- The human remains described in this notice represent the physical remains of two individuals of Native American ancestry.
- The 172 bags and 2,641 individual objects described in this notice are reasonably believed to have been placed intentionally with or near individual human remains at the time of death or later as part of the death rite or ceremony.
- There is a connection between the human remains and associated funerary objects described in this notice and the Paskenta Band of Nomlaki Indians of California.

Requests for Repatriation

Written requests for repatriation of the human remains and associated funerary objects in this notice must be sent to the authorized representative identified in this notice under **ADDRESSES**. Requests for repatriation may be submitted by:

- 1. Any one or more of the Indian Tribes or Native Hawaiian organizations identified in this notice.
- 2. Any lineal descendant, Indian Tribe, or Native Hawaiian organization

not identified in this notice who shows, by a preponderance of the evidence, that the requestor is a lineal descendant or an Indian Tribe or Native Hawaiian organization with cultural affiliation.

Repatriation of the human remains and associated funerary objects described in this notice to a requestor may occur on or after January 17, 2025. If competing requests for repatriation are received, the Fowler Museum at UCLA must determine the most appropriate requestor prior to repatriation. Requests for joint repatriation of the human remains and associated funerary objects are considered a single request and not competing requests. The Fowler Museum at UCLA is responsible for sending a copy of this notice to the Indian Tribes and Native Hawaiian organizations identified in this notice.

Authority: Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act, 25 U.S.C. 3003, and the implementing regulations, 43 CFR 10.10.

Dated: December 11, 2024.

Melanie O'Brien,

 $\label{eq:Manager} Manager, National NAGPRA\ Program. \\ [FR Doc.\ 2024–29939\ Filed\ 12–17–24;\ 8:45\ am]$

BILLING CODE 4312-52-P

INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION

[Investigation No. 337-TA-1428]

Certain Women's Flats With Colored Outsoles Thereof; Notice of Institution of Investigation

AGENCY: U.S. International Trade Commission.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: Notice is hereby given that a complaint was filed with the U.S. International Trade Commission on November 13, 2024, under section 337 of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended, on behalf of Gavrieli Brands LLC of Culver City, California. An amended complaint was filed on November 20, 2024. A supplement to the amended complaint was filed on December 2, 2024. The complaint, as amended and supplemented, alleges violations of section 337 based upon the importation into the United States, the sale for importation, and the sale within the United States after importation of certain women's flats with colored outsoles thereof by reason of infringement of the claim of one or more of U.S. Design Patent No. D681,928 (the "'928 patent"), U.S. Design Patent No. D844,950 (the "'950 patent"), U.S. Design Patent No. D844,951 (the "'951