## 10. Signs and Symbols

- **10.1.** The increased use of signs and symbols and their importance in technical and scientific work have emphasized the necessity of standardization on a national basis and of the consistent use of the standard forms.
- **10.2.** Certain symbols are standardized—number symbols (the digits, 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9); letter symbols (the letters of the alphabet, a, b, c, d, etc.); and graphic symbols (the mathematical signs +, -,  $\pm$ ,  $\times$ ,  $\div$ ).
- **10.3.** The signs +, -,  $\pm$ ,  $\times$ , and  $\div$ , etc., are closed against accompanying figures and symbols. When the  $\times$  is used to indicate "crossed with" (in plant or animal breeding) or magnification, it will be separated from the accompanying words by a space.

i-vii+1-288 pages	Early June × Bright (crossed with)
The equation A+B	× 4 (magnification)
The result is $4\times4$	miles ÷ gallons
20.000+5.000	

## Symbols with figures

- **10.4.** In technical publications the degree mark is used in lieu of the word *degree* following a figure denoting measurement.
- **10.5.** Following a figure, the spelled form is preferred. The percent symbol is used in areas where space will not allow the word *percent* to be used.

In that period the price rose 12, 15, and 19 percent. *not* In that period the price rose 12 percent, 15 percent, and 19 percent.

**10.6.** Any symbol set close up to figures, such as the degree mark, number mark, dollar mark, or cent mark, is used before or after each figure in a group or series.

\$5 to \$8 price range	but
5'–7' long, <i>not</i> 5–7' long	§ 12 (thin space)
3¢ to 5¢ (no spaces)	¶ 1951 (thin space)
±2 to ±7; 2°±1°	from 15 to 25 percent
#61 to #64	45 to 65 °F not 45° to 65° F

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## Letter symbols

**10.7.** Letter symbols are set in italic (see rule 10.8) or in roman (see rule 9.56) without periods and are capitalized only if so shown in copy, since the capitalized form may have an entirely different meaning.

## **Equations**

- **10.8.** In mathematical equations, use italic for all letter symbols—capitals, lowercase, small capitals, and superiors and inferiors (exponents and subscripts); use roman for figures, including superiors and inferiors.
- **10.9.** If an equation or a mathematical expression needs to be divided, break before +, -, =, etc. However, the equal sign is to clear on the left of other beginning mathematical signs.
- **10.10.** A short equation in text should not be broken at the end of a line. Space out the line so that the equation will begin on the next line; or better, center the equation on a line by itself.
- **10.11.** An equation too long for one line is set flush left, the second half of the equation is set flush right, and the two parts are balanced as nearly as possible.
- **10.12.** Two or more equations in a series are aligned on the equal signs and centered on the longest equation in the group.
- **10.13.** Connecting words of explanation, such as *hence*, *therefore*, and *similarly*, are set flush left either on the same line with the equation or on a separate line.
- **10.14.** Parentheses, braces, brackets, integral signs, and summation signs should be of the same height as the mathematical expressions they include.
- **10.15.** Inferiors precede superiors if they appear together; but if either inferior or superior is too long, the two are aligned on the left.

## **Chemical symbols**

**10.16.** The names and symbols listed below are approved by the International Union of Pure and Applied Chemistry. They are set in roman without periods.

Element	Symbol	Atomic No.	Element	Symbol	Atomic No.
Actinium	Ac	89	Mendelevium	Md	101
Aluminum	Al	13	Mercury	Hg	80
Americium	Am	95	Molybdenum	Mo	42
Antimony	Sb	51	Moscovium	Mc	115
Argon	Ar	18	Neodymium	Nd	60
Arsenic	As	33	Neon	Ne	10
Astatine	At	85	Neptunium	Np	93
Barium	Ba	56	Nickel	Ni	28
Berkelium	Bk	97	Nihonium	Nh	113
Beryllium	Be	4	Niobium	Nb	41
Bismuth		83	Nitrogen	N	7
Bohrium		107	II -	No	102
Boron	В	5	Oganesson	Og	118
Bromine	Br	35	Osmium	Os	76
Cadmium	Cd	48	II -10-	O	8
Calcium	Ca	20		Pd	46
Californium	Cf	98	1	P	15
Carbon	C	6	Platinum	Pt	78
Cerium	Ce	58	Plutonium	Pu	94
Cesium	Cs	55	Polonium	Po	84
Chlorine	Cl	17	Potassium	K	19
Calcale	Cr	24		Pr	59
Cobalt	Co	27	Promethium	Pm	61
Copernicium	Cn	112	II .	Pa	91
Copper	Cu	29 96		Ra	88
Curium	Cm Ds	110		Rn	86 75
Darmstadtium	Db	105		Re Rh	45
Dubnium		66			111
Dysprosium	Dy Es	99		Rg Rb	37
Erbium	Er	68	RubidiumRuthenium	Ru	44
Europium	l	63		Rf	104
Fermium	Fm	100		Sm	62
Flerovium	Fl	114		Sc	21
Fluorine	F	9	Seaborgium	Sg	106
Francium	-	87	Selenium	Se	34
Gadolinium		64		Si	14
Gallium	Ga	31	Silver	Ag	47
Germanium	Ge	32	Sodium	Na	11
Gold	Au	79	Strontium	Sr	38
Hafnium	1 2	72	Sulfur	S	16
Hassium		108		Ta	73
Helium	He	2	Technetium	Tc	43
Holmium	Но	67	Tellurium	Te	52
Hydrogen	Н	1	Tennessine	Ts	117
Indium	In	49	Terbium	Tb	65
Iodine		53	Thallium	Tl	81
Iridium	Ir	77	Thorium	Th	90
Iron	Fe	26	Thulium	Tm	69
Krypton	Kr	36	Tin	Sn	50
Lanthanum	La	57	Titanium	Ti	22
Lawrencium		103	Tungsten	W	74
Lead	Pb	82	II .	U	92
Lithium		3	Vanadium	V	23
Livermorium		116	ll -	Xe	54
Lutetium		71	Ytterbium	Yb	70
Magnesium		12	Yttrium	Y	39
Manganese	Mn	25	Zinc	Zn	30
Meitnerium	Mt	109	Zirconium	Zr	40

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## Standardized symbols

**10.17.** Symbols duly standardized by any national scientific, professional, or technical group are accepted as preferred forms within the field of the group. The issuing office desiring or requiring the use of such standardized symbols should see that copy is prepared accordingly.

## Signs and symbols

**10.18.** The following list contains some signs and symbols frequently used in printing. The forms and style of many symbols vary with the method of reproduction employed. It is important that editors and writers clearly identify signs and symbols when they appear within a manuscript.

#### ACCENTS

- / acute
- → breve
- cedilla
- circumflex
- · dieresis
- grave
- macrontilde

## ARROWS

- → direction
- direction
   directi
- direction
- direction
- direction
- bold arrow
  open arrow
- = reversible reaction

#### BULLETS

- solid circle; bullet
- bold center dot
- movable accent

#### CHEMICAL

- % salinity
- m minim
- # exchange
- † gas

## CIRCLED SYMBOLS

- O angle in circle
- © circle with parallel rule
- triangle in circle
- O dot in circle

- dot in triangle in circle
- eross in circle
- © copyright
- ① Ceres
- ② Pallas
- JunoVesta

#### CODE

- · No. 1 6 pt. code dot
- No. 2 8 pt. code dotNo. 3 10 pt. code dot
- No. 4 8 pt. code dot
- No. 4 10 pt. code dot
- \_ No. 1 6 pt. code dash
- \_ No. 2 8 pt. code dash
- No. 3 10 pt. code dash
- No. 4 8 pt. code dash
- No. 4 10 pt. code dash

#### COMPASS

- ° degree
- ? degree with period
- ' minute
- ' minute with period
- " second
- " second with period canceled second

#### DECORATIVE

- bold cross
- ross patte
- cross patte
- cross patte

- (184 N)
- key
- (206 N)

# ¶ paragraph

## ELECTRICAL

- R reluctance
- · reaction goes both right and left
  - reaction goes both up and down
- ! reversible
- → direction of flow; yields
- → direct current
- direct current
- ⇔ electrical current
- = reversible reaction
- = alternating current
- ⇒ alternating current
- reversible reaction beginning at right
- $\Omega$  ohm; omega
- $M\Omega$  megohm; omega  $\mu\Omega$  microohm; mu
- omega
- ω angular frequency, solid angle; omega
- Φ magnetic flux; phi
- Ψ dielectric flux; electrostatic flux; psi
- γ conductivity;

#### ELECTRICAL-Con.

- p resistivity; rho
- A equivalent conductivity
- HP horsepower

#### MATHEMATICAL

- vinculum (above letters)
- -: difference, excess
- parallel
- s parallels
- ≠ not parallels
- | absclute value
- multiplied by
- is to; ratio
- + divided by
- : therefore: hence
- :: proportion; as
- ≪ is dominated by
- > greater than
- regreater than
- ≥ greater than or equal
- ≥ greater than or equal
- ≥ greater than or less than
- > is not greater than
- < less than
- □ less than
- ≤ less than or greater than
- ≼ is not less than
- ≼ smaller than
- < less than or equal to
- ≤ less than or equal to
- or  $\geq$  greater than or equal to
- equal to or less than
- ≡ equal to or less than
- equal to or less than
- 5 equal to or greater than
- is not less than equal to or greater than
- ⊥ perpendicular to
- assertion sign

#### MATHEMATICAL-Con.

- = approaches a limit
- ✓ equal angles
- ≠ not equal to
- identical with
- ≠ not identical with
- N/ score
- ≈ or = nearly equal to
- = equal to
- ~ difference
- ~ perspective to
- ≈ congruent to approximately equal
- △ difference between
- geometrically equivalent to
- included in
- ) excluded from
- is contained in
- U logical sum or union
- n logical product or intersection
- √ radical
- √ root
- square root
- cube root
- √ fourth root
- √ fifth root
- - base (2.718) of natural of system logarithms; epsilon
- € is a member of; dielectric constant: mean error; epsilon
- + plus
- + bold plus
- minus
- bold minus
- / shill(ing); slash; virgule
- ± plus or minus
- ∓ minus or plus
- × multiplied by
- = bold equal
- number per per
- % percent
- f integral
- single bond
- single bond
- single bond

#### MATHEMATICAL-Con.

- || double bond
- double bond
- // double bond > benzene ring
- d or δ differential: varia-
- tion d Italian differential
- approaches limit of
- ~ cycle sine
- horizontal integral
- ∝ variation; varies as
- II product
- summation of;
- sum; sigma ! or L factorial product

### MEASURE

- pound
- 3 dram
- f 3 fluid dram
- 3 ounce
- f 5 fluid ounce
- O pint

#### MISCELLANEOUS

- section
- dagger
- double dagger
- account of
- % care of
- M score
- paragraph
- Anglo-Saxon
- center line
- ď conjunction perpendicular to
- or "ditto
- ∝ variation
- R recipe
- ∃ move right
- [ move left O or ⊙ or ① annual
- ⊙ or ② biennial
- Element of
- 3 scruple
- f function ! exclamation mark
- plus in square
- 2 perennial

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#### PLANETS-Con. MISCELLANEOUS-Con. J Jurassic diameter Ulunar halo Triassic mean value of c U lunar corona Permian mathmodifier Ceres mathmodifier Pennsylvanian Juno M Mississippian dot in square **PUNCTUATION** △ dot in triangle D Devonian Silurian | braces O Ordovician @ at [ ] brackets € Cambrian MONEY () parentheses p€ Precambrian () square parentheses: cent C Carboniferous angle brackets ¥ ven inverted exclamation pound sterling mark VERTICAL. m mills inverted question 5 unit vertical mark 8 point vertical MUSIC 9 unit vertical SEX natural o or ∂ male flat WEATHER male, in charts sharp T thunder 9 female PLANETS O female, in charts sheet lightning Mercury of hermaphrodite sheet lightning Q Venus 1 precipitate SHAPES @ Earth @ rain o Mars floating ice crystals solid diamond Jupiter ice needles open diamond Saturn ▲ hail Ь O circle Uranus ⊗ sleet solid triangle Ψ Neptune ∞ glazed frost △ triangle dragon's head, as-⊔ hoarfrost square cending node ∨ frostwork solid square dragon's tail, de-\* snow or sextile ☐ parallelogram scending node snow on ground conjunction ત → drifting snow (low) double rectangle & opposition = fog \* solid star O or O Sun ∞ haze ☆ open star O Sun's lower limb △ Aurora \_ right angle Sun's upper limb ∠ angle (1) solar corona ZODIAC √ check e solar halo √ check Aries: Ram Moon ß German ss Taurus: Bull new Moon ß italic German ss II Gemini; Twins ) first quarter Cancer; Crab solid index first quarter solid index Ω Leo; Lion third quarter index Virgo; Virgin 0 last quarter Libra: Balance index last quarter M Scorpio; Scorpion 1 last quarter GEOLOGIC SYSTEMS 1 1 Sagittarius; Archer O full Moon V Capricornus; Goat Q Quaternary full Moon Aquarius; Water bearer Т Tertiary eclipse of Moon X Pisces; Fishes K Cretaceous

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Standard letter symbols used by the Geological Survey on geologic maps. Capital letter indicates the system and one or more lowercased letters designate the formation and member where used.