## S. 2807

To ensure that the victims and victims' families of the November 5, 2009, attack at Fort Hood, Texas, receive the same treatment, benefits, and honors as those Americans who have been killed or wounded in a combat zone overseas and their families.

## IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

November 20, 2009

Mr. Cornyn (for himself, Mrs. Hutchison, Mr. Inhofe, Mr. Lieberman, Mr. Cochran, and Mr. Burr) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Armed Services

## A BILL

To ensure that the victims and victims' families of the November 5, 2009, attack at Fort Hood, Texas, receive the same treatment, benefits, and honors as those Americans who have been killed or wounded in a combat zone overseas and their families.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Fort Hood Victims
- 5 and Families Benefits Protection Act".

## 1 SEC. 2. FINDINGS; SENSE OF CONGRESS.

- 2 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following find-3 ings:
- (1) Fort Hood, Texas, has played a highly prominent role in the Global War on Terror, deploying more members of the Armed Forces into overseas theaters of combat since September 11, 2001, than any other United States military installation.
  - (2) The members of the Armed Forces and community of Fort Hood have answered the call to service with honor and distinction, and the post has paid a steep price, suffering more combat casualties in Operation Iraqi Freedom and Operation Enduring Freedom than any other United States military installation.
    - (3) In the wake of the brutal September 11, 2001, terrorist attacks on the United States, the Federal Government set a historical precedent when it awarded the victims of those attacks who were members of the Armed Forces with the Purple Heart medal and the victims of those attacks who were civilian employees of the Department of Defense with the Secretary of Defense Medal for the Defense of Freedom.

- 1 (4) In the aftermath of the attack that occurred 2 at Fort Hood, Texas, on November 5, 2009, this 3 precedent should be followed.
- 4 (b) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of Con-5 gress that—
  - (1) any member of the Armed Forces or civilian employee of the Department of Defense who was killed or wounded in the attack that occurred at Fort Hood, Texas, on November 5, 2009, and the family members of those victims, should receive the same treatment and benefits as the victims and families of victims of the September 11, 2001, terrorist attacks on the United States:
    - (2) these Americans have made tremendous sacrifices, and the United States should provide them with the maximum level of benefits available, identical to the level of benefits available to those who have been killed or wounded in an overseas combat zone such as Iraq or Afghanistan; and
    - (3) the Department of Defense should duly honor the Americans who were killed or injured in the attack at Fort Hood with awards that serve to recognize their physical sacrifices, including the Purple Heart Medal for members of the Armed Forces and the Secretary of Defense Medal for the Defense

1	of Freedom for civilian employees of the Department
2	of Defense.
3	SEC. 3. TREATMENT OF MEMBERS OF THE ARMED FORCES
4	AND CIVILIAN EMPLOYEES OF THE DEPART-
5	MENT OF DEFENSE WHO WERE KILLED OR
6	WOUNDED IN THE NOVEMBER 5, 2009, AT-
7	TACK AT FORT HOOD, TEXAS.
8	(a) Treatment.—For purposes of all applicable
9	Federal laws, regulations, and policies, a member of the
10	Armed Forces or civilian employee of the Department of
11	Defense who was killed or wounded in the attack that oc-
12	curred at Fort Hood, Texas, on November 5, 2009, shall
13	be deemed as follows:
14	(1) In the case of a member, to have been killed
15	or wounded in a combat zone as the result of an act
16	of an enemy of the United States.
17	(2) In the case of a civilian employee of the De-
18	partment of Defense—
19	(A) to have been killed or wounded while
20	serving with the Armed Forces in a contingency
21	operation; and
22	(B) to have been killed or wounded in a
23	terrorist attack.
24	(b) Exception.—Subsection (a) shall not apply to
25	a member of the Armed Forces whose death or wound as

- 1 described in that subsection is the result of the willful mis-
- 2 conduct of the member.

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