

112TH CONGRESS
1ST SESSION

H. R. 2123

To amend the Public Health Service Act to improve the diagnosis and treatment of hereditary hemorrhagic telangiectasia, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

JUNE 3, 2011

Mr. GALLEGLY (for himself, Mr. WU, and Mr. HIMES) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Energy and Commerce, and in addition to the Committee on Ways and Means, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

A BILL

To amend the Public Health Service Act to improve the diagnosis and treatment of hereditary hemorrhagic telangiectasia, and for other purposes.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

4 This Act may be cited as the “Hereditary Hemor-
5 rhagic Telangiectasia Diagnosis and Treatment Act of
6 2011”.

7 **SEC. 2. FINDINGS.**

8 The Congress finds as follows:

1 (1) Hereditary hemorrhagic telangiectasia
2 (“HHT”) is a largely undiagnosed or misdiagnosed
3 vascular genetic bleeding disorder that causes abnor-
4 malities of the blood vessels. A person with HHT
5 has the tendency to form blood vessels that lack the
6 capillaries between an artery and vein. HHT can
7 cause spontaneous hemorrhage or stroke when brain
8 or lung arteriovenous malformations, which are tan-
9 gled blood vessels, rupture unexpectedly, in all age
10 groups. In addition to hemorrhagic stroke, embolic
11 stroke and brain abscess occur in approximately
12 30% of persons with HHT caused by artery-vein
13 malformations in the lung (due to lack of capillaries
14 between the arterial and venous systems which nor-
15 mally filter out clots and bacteria), causing disability
16 and sudden premature death.

17 (2) One in 5,000 American children and adults
18 suffer from HHT.

19 (3) Studies have found an increase in morbidity
20 and mortality rates for individuals who suffer from
21 HHT.

22 (4) Due to the widespread lack of knowledge,
23 accurate diagnosis, and appropriate intervention, 90
24 percent of HHT-affected families are at risk for pre-

1 ventable life-threatening and disabling medical inci-
2 dents such as stroke.

3 (5) Early detection, screening, and treatment
4 can prevent premature deaths, spontaneous hemor-
5 rhage, hemorrhagic stroke, embolic stroke, brain ab-
6 scess, and other long-term health care complications
7 resulting from HHT.

8 (6) HHT is an important health condition with
9 serious health consequences which are amenable to
10 early identification and diagnosis with suitable tests,
11 and acceptable and available treatments in estab-
12 lished treatment centers.

13 (7) Timely identification and management of
14 HHT cases is an important public health objective
15 because it will save lives, prevent disability, and re-
16 duce direct and indirect health care costs expendi-
17 tures.

18 (8) Without a new program for early detection,
19 screening, and treatment, 14,000 children and
20 adults who suffer from HHT in the population today
21 will suffer premature death and disability.

22 **SEC. 3. PURPOSE.**

23 The purpose of this Act is to create a federally led
24 and financed initiative for early diagnosis and appropriate
25 treatment of hereditary hemorrhagic telangiectasia that

1 will result in the reduction of the suffering of families,
2 prevent premature death and disability, and lower health
3 care costs through proven treatment interventions.

4 **SEC. 4. NATIONAL INSTITUTES OF HEALTH.**

5 Part B of title IV of the Public Health Service Act
6 (42 U.S.C. 284 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end
7 the following:

8 **“SEC. 409K. HEREDITARY HEMORRHAGIC TELANGIECTASIA.**

9 “(a) HHT INITIATIVE.—

10 “(1) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary shall es-
11 tablish and implement an HHT initiative to assist in
12 coordinating activities to improve early detection,
13 screening, and treatment of people who suffer from
14 HHT. Such initiative shall focus on—

15 “(A) advancing research on the causes, di-
16 agnosis, and treatment of HHT, including
17 through the conduct or support of such re-
18 search; and

19 “(B) increasing physician and public
20 awareness of HHT.

21 “(2) CONSULTATION.—In carrying out this sub-
22 section, the Secretary shall consult with the Director
23 of the National Institutes of Health and the Director
24 of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.

25 “(b) HHT COORDINATING COMMITTEE.—

1 “(1) ESTABLISHMENT.—Not later than 60 days
2 after the date of the enactment of this section, the
3 Secretary, in consultation with the Director of the
4 National Institutes of Health, shall establish a com-
5 mittee to be known as the HHT Coordinating Com-
6 mittee.

7 “(2) MEMBERSHIP.—

8 “(A) IN GENERAL.—The members of the
9 Committee shall be appointed by the Secretary,
10 in consultation with the Director of the Na-
11 tional Institutes of Health, and shall consist of
12 12 individuals who are experts in HHT or
13 arteriovenous malformation (AVM) as follows:

14 “(i) Four representatives of HHT
15 Treatment Centers of Excellence des-
16 igned under section 317U(c)(1).

17 “(ii) Four experts in vascular, molec-
18 ular, or basic science.

19 “(iii) Four representatives of the Na-
20 tional Institutes of Health.

21 “(B) CHAIR.—The Secretary shall des-
22 ignate the Chair of the Committee from among
23 its members.

24 “(C) INTERIM MEMBERS.—In place of the
25 4 members otherwise required to be appointed

1 under paragraph (2)(A)(i), the Secretary may
2 appoint 4 experts in vascular, molecular, or
3 basic science to serve as members of the Com-
4 mittee during the period preceding designation
5 and establishment of HHT Treatment Centers
6 of Excellence under section 317U.

7 “(D) PUBLICATION OF NAMES.—Not later
8 than 30 days after the establishment of the
9 Committee, the Secretary shall publish the
10 names of the Chair and members of the Com-
11 mittee on the Website of the Department of
12 Health and Human Services.

13 “(E) TERMS.—The members of the Com-
14 mittee shall each be appointed for a 3-year term
15 and, at the end of each such term, may be re-
16 appointed.

17 “(F) VACANCIES.—A vacancy on the Com-
18 mittee shall be filled by the Secretary in the
19 same manner in which the original appointment
20 was made.

21 “(3) RESPONSIBILITIES.—The Committee shall
22 develop and coordinate implementation of a plan to
23 advance research and understanding of HHT by—

24 “(A) conducting or supporting basic,
25 translational, and clinical research on HHT

1 across the relevant national research institutes,
2 national centers, and offices of the National In-
3 stitutes of Health, including the National
4 Heart, Lung, and Blood Institute; the National
5 Institute of Neurological Disorders and Stroke;
6 the National Institutes of Diabetes and Diges-
7 tive and Kidney Diseases; the Eunice Kennedy
8 Shriver National Institute of Child Health and
9 Human Development; the National Cancer In-
10 stitute; and the Office of Rare Diseases; and

11 “(B) conducting evaluations and making
12 recommendations to the Secretary, the Director
13 of the National Institutes of Health, and the
14 Director of the National Cancer Institute re-
15 garding the prioritization and award of Na-
16 tional Institutes of Health research grants re-
17 lating to HHT, including with respect to grants
18 for—

19 “(i) expand understanding of HHT
20 through basic, translational, and clinical
21 research on the cause, diagnosis, preven-
22 tion, control, and treatment of HHT;

23 “(ii) training programs on HHT for
24 scientists and health professionals; and

1 “(iii) HHT genetic testing research to
2 improve the accuracy of genetic testing.

3 “(c) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

4 “(1) The term ‘Committee’ means the HHT
5 Coordinating Committee established under sub-
6 section (b).

7 “(2) The term ‘HHT’ means hereditary hemor-
8 rhagic telangiectasia.”.

9 **SEC. 5. CENTERS FOR DISEASE CONTROL AND PREVEN-**
10 **TION.**

11 Part B of title III of the Public Health Service Act
12 is amended by inserting after section 317T (42 U.S.C.
13 247b–22) the following:

14 **“SEC. 317U. HEREDITARY HEMORRHAGIC**
15 **TELANGIECTASIA.**

16 “(a) IN GENERAL.—With respect to hereditary hem-
17 orrhagic telangiectasia (in this section referred to as
18 ‘HHT’), the Director of the Centers for Disease Control
19 and Prevention (in this section referred to as the ‘Direc-
20 tor’) shall carry out the following activities:

21 “(1) The conduct of population screening de-
22 scribed in subsection (c).

23 “(2) The identification and conduct of inves-
24 tigations to further develop and support guidelines

1 for diagnosis of, and intervention for, HHT, includ-
2 ing cost-benefit studies.

3 “(3) The development of a standardized survey
4 and screening tool on family history.

5 “(4) The establishment, in collaboration with a
6 voluntary health organization representing HHT
7 families, of an HHT resource center within the Cen-
8 ters for Disease Control and Prevention to provide
9 comprehensive education on, and disseminate infor-
10 mation about, HHT to health professionals, pa-
11 tients, industry, and the public.

12 “(5) The conduct or support of public aware-
13 ness programs in collaboration with medical, genetic,
14 and professional organizations to improve the edu-
15 cation of health professionals about HHT.

16 “(b) COLLABORATIVE APPROACHES.—The Director
17 shall carry out this section through collaborative ap-
18 proaches within the National Center on Birth Defects and
19 Developmental Disabilities and the Division for Heart Dis-
20 ease and Stroke Prevention of the Centers for Disease
21 Control and Prevention.

22 “(c) POPULATION SCREENING.—In carrying out pop-
23 ulation screening under subsection (a)(1), the Director
24 shall—

1 “(1) designate and provide funding for a suffi-
2 cient number of HHT Treatment Centers of Excel-
3 lence to improve patient access to information, treat-
4 ment, and care by HHT experts;

5 “(2) conduct surveillance by means of a re-
6 gional population study, supplemented by sentinel
7 health care provider or center surveillance, and by
8 administrative database analyses as useful, to accu-
9 rately identify—

10 “(A) the prevalence of HHT; and

11 “(B) the prevalence of hemorrhagic and
12 embolic stroke, and brain abscess, resulting
13 from HHT;

14 “(3) include HHT screening questions in the
15 Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System survey
16 conducted by the Centers for Disease Control and
17 Prevention in order to screen a broader population
18 and more accurately determine the prevalence of
19 HHT;

20 “(4) provide data collected under paragraph
21 (2)(B) to the Paul Coverdell National Acute Stroke
22 Registry to facilitate—

23 “(A) analyses of the natural history of
24 hemorrhagic and embolic stroke in HHT; and

1 “(B) development of screening and artery-
2 vein malformation treatment guidelines specific
3 to prevention of complications from HHT;

4 “(5) develop and implement programs, targeted
5 for physicians and health care professional groups
6 likely to be accessed by families with HHT, to in-
7 crease HHT diagnosis and treatment rates through
8 the—

9 “(A) establishment of a partnership with
10 HHT Treatment Centers of Excellence des-
11 ignated under paragraph (1) through the cre-
12 ation of an international database of patients
13 assessed at such HHT Treatment Centers of
14 Excellence (including with respect to phenotype
15 information, genotype information, transfusion
16 dependence, and radiological findings);

17 “(B) integration of such database with—

18 “(i) the universal data collection sys-
19 tem used by the Centers for monitoring he-
20 mophilia with the blood disorders; and

21 “(ii) the Paul Coverdell National
22 Acute Stroke Registry; and

23 “(C) inclusion of other medical providers
24 who treat HHT patients; and

1 “(6) use existing administrative databases on
2 non-HHT Treatment Center of Excellence pa-
3 tients—

4 “(A) to learn about the natural history of
5 HHT and the efficacy of various treatment mo-
6 dalities; and

7 “(B) to better inform and develop screen-
8 ing and treatment guidelines associated with
9 improvement in health care outcomes, and re-
10 search priorities relevant to HHT.

11 “(d) ELIGIBILITY FOR DESIGNATION AS HHT
12 TREATMENT CENTER OF EXCELLENCE.—In carrying out
13 subsection (c)(1), the Director may designate as an HHT
14 Treatment Center of Excellence only academic health cen-
15 ters demonstrating each of the following:

16 “(1) The academic health center possesses a
17 team of medical experts capable of providing com-
18 prehensive evaluation, treatment, and education to
19 individuals with known or suspected HHT and their
20 health care providers.

21 “(2) The academic health center has sufficient
22 personnel with knowledge about HHT, or formal col-
23 laboration with one or more partnering organizations
24 for personnel or resources, to be able to—

1 “(A) respond in a coordinated, multidisci-
2 plinary way to patient inquiries; and

3 “(B) coordinate evaluation, treatment, and
4 education of patients and their families in a
5 timely manner.

6 “(3) The academic health center has the fol-
7 lowing personnel, facilities, and patient volume:

8 “(A) A medical director with—

9 “(i) specialized knowledge of the main
10 organ manifestations of HHT; and

11 “(ii) the ability to coordinate the mul-
12 tidisciplinary diagnosis and treatment of
13 patients referred to the center.

14 “(B) Administrative staff with—

15 “(i) sufficient knowledge to respond to
16 patient inquiries and coordinate patient
17 care in a timely fashion; and

18 “(ii) adequate financial support to
19 allow the staff to commit at least 25 to 50
20 of their time on the job to HHT.

21 “(C) An otolaryngologist with experience
22 and expertise in the treatment of recurrent epi-
23 staxis in HHT patients.

1 “(D) An interventional radiologist with ex-
2 perience and expertise in the treatment of pul-
3 monary arteriovenous malformations (AVM).

4 “(E) A genetic counselor or geneticist with
5 the expertise to provide HHT-specific genetic
6 counseling to patients and families.

7 “(F) On-site facilities to screen for all
8 major organ manifestations of HHT.

9 “(G) A patient volume of at least 25 new
10 HHT patients per year.

11 “(H) Established mechanisms to coordi-
12 nate surveillance and outreach with HHT pa-
13 tient advocacy organizations.”.

14 **SEC. 6. ADDITIONAL HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES AC-**
15 **TIVITIES.**

16 With respect to hereditary hemorrhagic telangiectasia
17 (in this section referred to as “HHT”), the Secretary of
18 Health and Human Services, acting through the Adminis-
19 trator of the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services,
20 shall award grants on a competitive basis—

21 (1) for an analysis by grantees of the Medicare
22 Provider Analysis and Review (MEDPAR) file to de-
23 velop preliminary estimates on the total costs to the
24 Medicare program under title XVIII of the Social
25 Security Act for items, services, and treatments for

1 HHT furnished to individuals with HHT who are
2 entitled to benefits under part A of title XVIII of
3 the Social Security Act or enrolled under part B of
4 such title; and

5 (2) to make recommendations regarding an en-
6 hanced data collection protocol to permit a more
7 precise determination of the total costs described in
8 paragraph (1).

9 **SEC. 7. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.**

10 (a) IN GENERAL.—To carry out section 409K of the
11 Public Health Service Act as added by section 4 of this
12 Act, section 317U of the Public Health Service Act as
13 added by section 5 of this Act, and section 6 of this Act,
14 there is authorized to be appropriated \$5,000,000 for each
15 of fiscal years 2012 through 2016.

16 (b) RESOURCE CENTER.—Of the amount authorized
17 to be appropriated under subsection (a) for each of fiscal
18 years 2012 through 2016, \$1,000,000 shall be for car-
19 rying out section 317U(a)(4) of the Public Health Service
20 Act, as added by section 5 of this Act.

21 (c) OFFSET.—There is authorized to be appropriated
22 to the Department of Health and Human Services for sal-
23 aries and expenses of the Department for each of fiscal
24 years 2012 through 2016 the amount that is \$5,000,000

- 1 less than the amount appropriated for such salaries and
- 2 expenses for fiscal year 2011.

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