

117TH CONGRESS
2D SESSION

S. 4484

To amend the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 to clarify the fiduciary duty of plan administrators to select and maintain investments based solely on pecuniary factors, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

JUNE 23, 2022

Mr. DAINES introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions

A BILL

To amend the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 to clarify the fiduciary duty of plan administrators to select and maintain investments based solely on pecuniary factors, and for other purposes.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

4 This Act may be cited as the “Securing Employee
5 Retirement Returns Act”.

1 **SEC. 2. FIDUCIARY DUTY REGARDING THE CONSIDERATION**
2 **OF CERTAIN FACTORS IN INVESTMENT DECISIONS FOR EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS.**
3

4 (a) IN GENERAL.—Subsection (a) of section 404 of
5 the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974
6 (29 U.S.C. 1104) is amended by adding at the end the
7 following new paragraph:

8 “(3)(A) The duties under paragraph (1) shall include
9 the duty to select and maintain investments (including
10 designated investment alternatives for purposes of a de-
11 fined contribution plan) based, except as provided in sub-
12 paragraph (B) or (C), solely on pecuniary factors.

13 “(B) Notwithstanding subparagraph (A), when
14 choosing between or among investment alternatives that
15 a fiduciary is unable to distinguish on the basis of pecu-
16 niary factors alone, the fiduciary may use non-pecuniary
17 factors as the deciding factor in the selection or mainte-
18 nance of an investment if the fiduciary documents the fol-
19 lowing:

20 “(i) Why pecuniary factors were not sufficient
21 to select or maintain the investment.

22 “(ii) How the chosen non-pecuniary factor is
23 consistent with the interests of participants and
24 beneficiaries in their retirement income or financial
25 benefits under the plan.

1 “(C) Notwithstanding subparagraph (A), when se-
 2 lecting or maintaining designated investment alternatives
 3 for purposes of a defined contribution plan that permits
 4 a participant or beneficiary to choose from a broad range
 5 of designated investment alternatives, a fiduciary may se-
 6 lect or maintain an investment in an investment fund,
 7 product, or model portfolio that considers, or indicates the
 8 use of, non-pecuniary factors, if—

9 “(i) in selecting or maintaining such invest-
 10 ment, the fiduciary otherwise satisfies the duties
 11 under paragraph (1) (including, as applicable, sub-
 12 paragraph (B) of this paragraph); and

13 “(ii) the investment is not added or retained as,
 14 or as a component of, a qualified default investment
 15 alternative of the defined contribution plan.

16 “(D) For purposes of this paragraph:

17 “(i) The term ‘broad range’ has the meaning
 18 given such term in section 2550.404c-1(b)(3) of title
 19 29, Code of Federal Regulations (or successor regu-
 20 lations).

21 “(ii) The term ‘pecuniary factor’ means a factor
 22 that a fiduciary prudently determines is expected to
 23 have a material effect on the risk or return of an in-
 24 vestment based on appropriate investment horizons
 25 consistent with the plan’s investment objectives and

1 the plan's funding policy established pursuant to
2 section 402(b)(1).

3 “(iii) The term ‘qualified default investment al-
4 ternative’ has the meaning given such term in sec-
5 tion 2550.404c-5(e)(4) of title 29, Code of Federal
6 Regulations (or successor regulations).”.

7 (b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendment made by
8 this section shall apply to investments made after the date
9 of enactment of this Act.

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