SUBCHAPTER B—PROCUREMENT PRACTICES AND COST ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

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AUTHORITY: Public Law 111-350, 124 Stat. 3677, 41 U.S.C. 1502.

SOURCE: 57 FR 14153, Apr. 17, 1992, unless otherwise noted.

Subpart 9903.1—General

9903.101 Cost Accounting Standards.

Public Law 100-679 (41 U.S.C. 422) requires certain contractors and subcontractors to comply with Cost Accounting Standards (CAS) and to disclose in writing and follow consistently their cost accounting practices.

9903.102 OMB approval under the Paperwork Reduction Act.

The Paperwork Reduction Act of 1980 (Pub. L. 96-511) imposes a requirement on Federal agencies to obtain approval from the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) before collecting information from ten or more members of the public. The information collection and recordkeeping requirements contained in this regulation have been approved by OMB. OMB has assigned Control Numbers 0348-0051 and 0348-0055 to the paperwork, recordkeeping and forms associated with this regulation.

[57 FR 14153, Apr. 17, 1992, as amended at 59 FR 55753, Nov. 8, 1994]

Subpart 9903.2—CAS Program Requirements

9903.201 Contract requirements.

9903.201-1 CAS applicability.

(a) This subsection describes the rules for determining whether a proposed contract or subcontract is exempt from CAS. (See 9904 or 9905, as applicable.) Negotiated contracts not exempt in accordance with 9903.201-1(b) shall be subject to CAS. A CAS-covered contract may be subject to full, modified or other types of CAS coverage.

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The rules for determining the applicable type of CAS coverage are in 9903.201-2.

- (b) The following categories of contracts and subcontracts are exempt from all CAS requirements:
 - (1) Sealed bid contracts.
- (2) Negotiated contracts and subcontracts not in excess of the Truth in Negotiations Act (TINA) threshold, as adjusted for inflation (41 U.S.C. 1908 and 41 U.S.C. 1502(b)(1)(B)). For purposes of this paragraph (b)(2), an order issued by one segment to another segment shall be treated as a subcontract.
- (3) Contracts and subcontracts with small businesses.
- (4) Contracts and subcontracts with foreign governments or their agents or instrumentalities or, insofar as the requirements of CAS other than 9904.401 and 9904.402 are concerned, any contract or subcontract awarded to a foreign concern.
- (5) Contracts and subcontracts in which the price is set by law or regulation.
- (6) Contracts and subcontracts authorized in 48 CFR 12.207 for the acquisition of commercial items.
- (7) Contracts or subcontracts of less than \$7.5 million, provided that, at the time of award, the business unit of the contractor or subcontractor is not currently performing any CAS-covered contracts or subcontracts valued at \$7.5 million or greater.
 - (8)-(12) [Reserved]
- (13) Subcontractors under the NATO PHM Ship program to be performed outside the United States by a foreign concern.
 - (14) [Reserved]
- (15) Firm-fixed-price contracts or subcontracts awarded on the basis of adequate price competition without submission of certified cost or pricing

[57 FR 14153, Apr. 17, 1992; 57 FR 34167, Aug. 3, 1992, as amended at 58 FR 58801, Nov. 4, 1993; 59 FR 55753, Nov. 8, 1994; 60 FR 16540, Mar. 30, 1995; 61 FR 39361, July 29, 1996; 62 FR 31295, June 6, 1997; 65 FR 36769, June 9, 2000; 70 FR 29458, May 23, 2005; 72 FR 32810, June 44, 2007; 72 FR 36369, July 3, 2007; 76 FR 40819, July 12, 2011; 76 FR 49368, Aug. 10, 2011; 83 FR 8635, Feb. 28, 2018; 83 FR 33148, July 17, 2018]

9903.201-2 Types of CAS coverage.

- (a) Full coverage. Full coverage requires that the business unit comply with all of the CAS specified in part 9904 that are in effect on the date of the contract award and with any CAS that become applicable because of later award of a CAS-covered contract. Full coverage applies to contractor business units that—
- (1) Receive a single CAS-covered contract award of \$50 million or more; or
- (2) Received \$50 million or more in net CAS-covered awards during its preceding cost accounting period.
- (b) Modified coverage. (1) Modified CAS coverage requires only that the contractor comply with Standard 9904.401, Consistency in Estimating, Accumulating, and Reporting Costs, Standard 9904.402, Consistency in Allocating Costs Incurred for the Same Purpose, Standard 9904.405, Accounting for Unallowable Costs and Standard 9904.406, Cost Accounting Standard— Cost Accounting Period. Modified, rather, than full, CAS coverage may be applied to a covered contract of less than \$50 million awarded to a business unit that received less than \$50 million in net CAS-covered awards in the immediately preceding cost accounting period.
- (2) If any one contract is awarded with modified CAS coverage, all CAS-covered contracts awarded to that business unit during that cost accounting period must also have modified coverage with the following exception: if the business unit receives a single CAS-covered contract award of \$50 million or more, that contract must be subject to full CAS coverage. Thereafter, any covered contract awarded in the same cost accounting period must also be subject to full CAS coverage.
- (3) A contract awarded with modified CAS coverage shall remain subject to such coverage throughout its life regardless of changes in the business unit's CAS status during subsequent cost accounting periods.
- (c) Coverage for educational institutions—(1) Regulatory requirements. Parts 9903 and 9905 apply to educational institutions except as otherwise provided in this paragraph (c) and at 9903.202–1(f).
- (2) Definitions. (i) The following term is prominent in parts 9903 and 9905.

Other terms defined elsewhere in this chapter 99 shall have the meanings ascribed to them in those definitions unless paragraph (c)(2)(ii) of this subsection below requires otherwise.

Educational institution means a public or nonprofit institution of higher education, e.g., an accredited college or university, as defined in section 1201(a) of Public Law 89–329, November 8, 1965, Higher Education Act of 1965; (20 U.S.C. 1141(a)).

(ii) The following modifications of terms defined elsewhere in this chapter 99 are applicable to educational institutions:

Business unit means any segment of an educational institution, or an entire educational institution which is not divided into segments.

Segment means one of two or more divisions, campus locations, or other subdivisions of an educational institution that operate as independent organizational entities under the auspices of the parent educational institution and report directly to an intermediary group office or the governing central system office of the parent educational institution. Two schools of instruction operating under one division, campus location or other subdivision would not be separate segments unless they follow different cost accounting practices. for example, the School of Engineering should not be treated as a separate segment from the School of Humanities if they both are part of the same division's cost accounting system and are subject to the same cost accounting practices. The term includes Government-owned contractor-operated (GOCO) facilities, Federally Funded Research and Developments Centers (FFRDCs), and joint ventures and subsidiaries (domestic and foreign) in which the institution has a majority ownership. The term also includes those joint ventures and subsidiaries (domestic and foreign) in which the institution has less than a majority of ownership, but over which it exercises

(3) Applicable standards. Coverage for educational institutions requires that the business unit comply with all of the CAS specified in part 9905 that are in effect on the date of the contract award and with any CAS that become

applicable because of later award of a CAS-covered contract. This coverage applies to business units that receive negotiated contracts in excess of the Truth in Negotiations Act (TINA) threshold, as adjusted for inflation (41 U.S.C. 1908 and 41 U.S.C. 1502(b)(1)(B)), except for CAS-covered contracts awarded to FFRDCs operated by an educational institution.

- (4) FFRDCs. Negotiated contracts awarded to an FFRDC operated by an educational institution are subject to the full or modified CAS coverage prescribed in paragraphs (a) and (b) of this subsection. CAS-covered FFRDC contracts shall be excluded from the institution's universe of contracts when determining CAS applicability and disclosure requirements for contracts other than those to be performed by the FFRDC.
- (5) Contract clauses. The contract clause at 9903.201–4(e) shall be incorporated in each negotiated contract and subcontract awarded to an educational institution when the negotiated contract or subcontract price exceeds the Truth in Negotiations Act (TINA) threshold, as adjusted for inflation (41 U.S.C. 1908 and 41 U.S.C. 1502(b)(1)(B)). For CAS-covered contracts awarded to an FFRDC operated by an educational institution, however, the full or modified CAS contract clause specified at 9903.201–4(a) or (c), as applicable, shall be incorporated.
- (6) Continuity in fully CAS-covered contracts. Where existing contracts awarded to an educational institution incorporate full CAS coverage, the contracting officer may continue to apply full CAS coverage, as prescribed at 9903.201–2(a), in future awards made to that educational institution.
- (d) Subcontracts. Subcontract awards subject to CAS require the same type of CAS coverage as would prime contracts awarded to the same business unit. In measuring total net CAS-covered awards for a year, a transfer by one segment to another shall be deemed to be a subcontract award by the transferor.
- (e) Foreign concerns. Contracts with foreign concerns subject to CAS shall only be subject to Standard 9904.401,

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Consistency in Estimating, Accumulating, and Reporting Costs, and Standard 9904.402, Consistency in Allocating Costs Incurred for the Same Purpose.

[57 FR 14153, Apr. 17, 1992, as amended at 58 FR 58801, Nov. 4, 1993; 58 FR 65556, Dec. 15, 1993; 59 FR 48569, Sept. 22, 1994; 59 FR 55753, Nov. 8, 1994; 65 FR 36769, June 9, 2000; 72 FR 32810, June 14, 2007; 76 FR 40819, July 12, 2011]

9903.201-3 Solicitation provisions.

- (a) Cost Accounting Standards Notices and Certification. (1) The contracting officer shall insert the provision set forth below, Cost Accounting Standards Notices and Certification, in solicitations for proposed contracts subject to CAS as specified in 9903.201. The provision allows offerors to—
- (i) Certify their Disclosure Statement status;
 - (ii) [Reserved]
- (iii) Claim exemption from full CAS coverage and elect modified CAS coverage when appropriate; and
- (iv) Certify whether award of the contemplated contract would require a change to existing cost accounting practices.
- (2) If an award to an educational institution is contemplated prior to July 1, 1997, the contracting officer shall use the basic provision set forth below with its Alternate I, unless the contract is to be performed by an FFRDC (see 9903.201(c)(5)), or the provision at 9903.201(c)(6) applies.

COST ACCOUNTING STANDARDS NOTICES AND CERTIFICATION (JUL 2011)

NOTE: This notice does not apply to small businesses or foreign governments.

This notice is in three parts, identified by Roman numerals I through III.

Offerors shall examine each part and provide the requested information in order to determine Cost Accounting Standards (CAS) requirements applicable to any resultant contract.

If the offeror is an educational institution, Part II does not apply unless the contemplated contract will be subject to full or modified CAS-coverage pursuant to 9903.201–2(c)(5) or 9903.201–2(c)(6).

I. Disclosure Statement—Cost Accounting Practices and Certifications

(a) Any contract in excess of the Truth in Negotiations Act (TINA) threshold, as adjusted for inflation (41 U.S.C. 1908 and 41 U.S.C. 1502(b)(1)(B)), resulting from this so-

licitation, except for those contracts which are exempt as specified in 9903.201-1.

(b) Any offeror submitting a proposal which, if accepted, will result in a contract subject to the requirements of 48 CFR, chapter 99 must, as a condition of contracting, submit a Disclosure Statement as required by 9903.202. When required, the Disclosure Statement must be submitted as a part of the offeror's proposal under this solicitation unless the offeror has already submitted a Disclosure Statement disclosing the practices used in connection with the pricing of this proposal. If an applicable Disclosure Statement has already been submitted, the offeror may satisfy the requirement for submission by providing the information requested in paragraph (c) of Part I of this provision.

CAUTION: In the absence of specific regulations or agreement, a practice disclosed in a Disclosure Statement shall not, by virtue of such disclosure, be deemed to be a proper, approved, or agreed-to-practice for pricing proposals or accumulating and reporting contract performance cost data.

- (c) Check the appropriate box below:
- ☐ (1) Certificate of Concurrent Submission of Disclosure Statement.

The offeror hereby certifies that, as a part of the offer, copies of the Disclosure Statement have been submitted as follows: (i) Original and one copy to the cognizant Administrative Contracting Officer (ACO) or cognizant Federal agency official authorized to act in that capacity, as applicable, and (ii) one copy to the cognizant Federal auditor.

(Disclosure must be on Form No. CASB DS-1 or CASB DS-2, as applicable. Forms may be obtained from the cognizant ACO or cognizant Federal agency official acting in that capacity and/or from the looseleaf version of the Federal Acquisition Regulation.)

Date of Disclosure Statement:

Name and Address of Cognizant \overline{ACO} or Federal Official where filed:

The offeror further certifies that the practices used in estimating costs in pricing this proposal are consistent with the cost accounting practices disclosed in the Disclosure Statement.

☐ (2) Certificate of Previously Submitted Disclosure Statement. The offeror hereby certifies that the required Disclosure Statement was filed as follows:

Date of Disclosure Statement:

Name and Address of Cognizant ACO or Federal Official where filed:

The offeror further certifies that the practices used in estimating costs in pricing this proposal are consistent with the cost accounting practices disclosed in the applicable Disclosure Statement.

 $\hfill \square$ (3) Certificate of Monetary Exemption.

The offeror hereby certifies that the offeror, together with all divisions, subsidiaries, and affiliates under common control, did not receive net awards of negotiated prime contracts and subcontracts subject to CAS to taling \$50 million or more in the cost accounting period immediately preceding the period in which this proposal was submitted.

The offeror further certifies that if such status changes before an award resulting from this proposal, the offeror will advise the Contracting Officer immediately.

 \square (4) Certificate of Interim Exemption.

The offeror hereby certifies that (i) the offeror first exceeded the monetary exemption for disclosure, as defined in (3) above, in the cost accounting period immediately preceding the period in which this offer was submitted and (ii) in accordance with 9903.202-1, the offeror is not yet required to submit a Disclosure Statement. The offeror further certifies that if an award resulting from this proposal has not been made within 90 days after the end of that period, the offeror will immediately submit a revised certificate to the Contracting Officer, in the form specified under subparagraph (c)(1) or (c)(2) of Part I of this provision, as appropriate, to verify submission of a completed Disclosure Statement.

CAUTION: Offerors currently required to disclose because they were awarded a CAS-covered prime contract or subcontract of \$50 million or more in the current cost accounting period may not claim this exemption (4). Further, the exemption applies only in connection with proposals submitted before expiration of the 90-day period following the cost accounting period in which the monetary exemption was exceeded.

II. Cost Accounting Standards—Eligibility for Modified Contact Coverage

If the offeror is eligible to use the modified provisions of 9903.201-2(b) and elects to do so, the offeror shall indicate by checking the box below. Checking the box below shall mean that the resultant contract is subject to the Disclosure and Consistency of Cost Accounting Practices clause in lieu of the Cost Accounting Standards clause.

☐ The offeror hereby claims an exemption from the Cost Accounting Standards clause under the provisions of 9903.201–2(b) and certifies that the offeror is eligible for use of the Disclosure and Consistency of Cost Accounting Practices clause because during the cost accounting period immediately preceding the period in which this proposal was submitted, the offeror received less than \$50 million in awards of CAS-covered prime contracts and subcontracts. The offeror further certifies that if such status changes before an award resulting from this proposal, the offeror will advise the Contracting Officer immediately.

CAUTION: An offeror may not claim the above eligibility for modified contract coverage if this proposal is expected to result in the award of a CAS-covered contract of \$50 million or more or if, during its current cost accounting period, the offeror has been awarded a single CAS-covered prime contract or subcontract of \$50 million or more.

III. Additional Cost Accounting Standards Applicable to Existing Contracts

The offeror shall indicate below whether award of the contemplated contract would, in accordance with subparagraph (a)(3) of the Cost Accounting Standards clause, require a change in established cost accounting practices affecting existing contracts and subcontracts.

□ Yes □ No

(End of provision)

Alternate I (OCT 1994). Insert the following subparagraph (5) at the end of Part I of the basic clause:

☐ (5) Certificate of Disclosure Statement Due Date by Educational Institution. If the offeror is an educational institution that, under the transition provisions of 9903.202–1(f), is or will be required to submit a Disclosure Statement after receipt of this award, the offeror hereby certifies that (check one and complete):

 \square (a) A Disclosure Statement filing Due Date of ____ has been established with the cognizant Federal agency.

☐ (b) The Disclosure Statement will be submitted within the six month period ending ____ months after receipt of this award.

Name and Address of Cognizant ACO or Federal Official where Disclosure Statement is to be filed:

(End of Alternate I)

[57 FR 14153, Apr. 17, 1992; 57 FR 34079, Aug. 3, 1992, as amended at 58 FR 58802, Nov. 4, 1993; 58 FR 61844, Nov. 23, 1993; 58 FR 65556, Dec. 15, 1993; 59 FR 55754, Nov. 8, 1994; 61 FR 39361, July 29, 1996; 65 FR 36769, June 9, 2000; 72 FR 32810, June 14, 2007; 76 FR 40819, July 12, 2011]

9903.201-4 Contract clauses.

(a) Cost Accounting Standards. (1) The contracting officer shall insert the clause set forth below, Cost Accounting Standards, in negotiated contracts, unless the contract is exempted (see 9903.201-1), the contract is subject to modified coverage (see 9903.201-2), or

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the clause prescribed in paragraph (e) of this section is used.

(2) The clause below requires the contractor to comply with all CAS specified in part 9904, to disclose actual cost accounting practices (applicable to CAS-covered contracts only), and to follow disclosed and established cost accounting practices consistently.

COST ACCOUNTING STANDARDS (JUL 2011)

- (a) Unless the contract is exempt under 9903.201-1 and 9903.201-2, the provisions of 9903 are incorporated herein by reference and the Contractor in connection with this contract, shall—
- (1) (CAS-covered Contracts Only) By submission of a Disclosure Statement, disclosed in writing the Contractor's cost accounting practices as required by 9903.202-1 through 9903.202-5 including methods of distinguishing direct costs from indirect costs and the basis used for allocating indirect costs. The practices disclosed for this contract shall be the same as the practices currently disclosed and applied on all other contracts and subcontracts being performed by the Contractor and which contain a Cost Accounting Standards (CAS) clause. If the Contractor has notified the Contracting Officer that the Disclosure Statement contains trade secrets, and commercial or financial information which is privileged and confidential, the Disclosure Statement shall be protected and shall not be released outside of the Government.
- (2) Follow consistently the Contractor's cost accounting practices in accumulating and reporting contract performance cost data concerning this contract. If any change in cost accounting practices is made for the purposes of any contract or subcontract subject to CAS requirements, the change must be applied prospectively to this contract and the Disclosure Statement must be amended accordingly. If the contract price or cost allowance of this contract is affected by such changes, adjustment shall be made in accordance with subparagraph (a)(4) or (a)(5) of this clause, as appropriate.
- (3) Comply with all CAS, including any modifications and interpretations indicated thereto contained in part 9904, in effect on the date of award of this contract or, if the Contractor has submitted cost or pricing data, on the date of final agreement on price as shown on the Contractor's signed certificate of current cost or pricing data. The Contractor shall also comply with any CAS (or modifications to CAS) which hereafter become applicable to a contract or subcontract of the Contractor. Such compliance shall be required prospectively from the date of applicability of such contract or subcontract.

- (4)(i) Agree to an equitable adjustment as provided in the Changes clause of this contract if the contract cost is affected by a change which, pursuant to subparagraph (a)(3) of this clause, the Contractor is required to make to the Contractor's established cost accounting practices.
- (ii) Negotiate with the Contracting Officer to determine the terms and conditions under which a change may be made to a cost accounting practice, other than a change made under other provisions of subparagraph (a)(4) of this clause; provided that no agreement may be made under this provision that will increase costs paid by the United States.
- (iii) When the parties agree to a change to a cost accounting practice, other than a change under subdivision (a)(4)(i) of this clause, negotiate an equitable adjustment as provided in the Changes clause of this contract.
- (5) Agree to an adjustment of the contract price or cost allowance, as appropriate, if the Contractor or a subcontractor fails to comply with an applicable Cost Accounting Standard, or to follow any cost accounting practice consistently and such failure results in any increased costs paid by the United States. Such adjustment shall provide for recovery of the increased costs to the United States, together with interest thereon computed at the annual rate established under section 6621(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (26 U.S.C. 6621(a)(2)) for such period, from the time the payment by the United States was made to the time the adjustment is effected. In no case shall the Government recover costs greater than the increased cost to the Government, in the aggregate, on the relevant contracts subject to the price adjustment, unless the Contractor made a change in its cost accounting practices of which it was aware or should have been aware at the time of price negotiations and which it failed to disclose to the Govern-
- (b) If the parties fail to agree whether the Contractor or a subcontractor has complied with an applicable CAS in part 9904 or a CAS rule or regulation in part 9903 and as to any cost adjustment demanded by the United States, such failure to agree will constitute a dispute under the Contract Disputes Act (41 U.S.C. 601).
- (c) The Contractor shall permit any authorized representatives of the Government to examine and make copies of any documents, papers, or records relating to compliance with the requirements of this clause.
- (d) The contractor shall include in all negotiated subcontracts which the Contractor enters into, the substance of this clause, except paragraph (b), and shall require such inclusion in all other subcontracts, of any tier, including the obligation to comply with all CAS in effect on the subcontractor's award date or if the subcontractor has submitted

cost or pricing data, on the date of final agreement on price as shown on the subcontractor's signed Certificate of Current Cost or Pricing Data. If the subcontract is awarded to a business unit which pursuant to 9903.201-2 is subject to other types of CAS coverage, the substance of the applicable clause set forth in 9903.201-4 shall be inserted. This requirement shall apply only to negotiated subcontracts in excess of the Truth in Negotiations Act (TINA) threshold. as adjusted for inflation (41 U.S.C. 1908 and 41 U.S.C. 1502(b)(1)(B)), except that the requirement shall not apply to negotiated subcontracts otherwise exempt from the requirement to include a CAS clause as specified in 9903 201-1

(End of clause)

(b) [Reserved]

- (c) Disclosure and Consistency of Cost Accounting Practices. (1) The contracting officer shall insert the clause set forth below, Disclosure and Consistency of Cost Accounting Practices, in negotiated contracts when the contract amount is over the Truth in Negotiations Act (TINA) threshold, as adjusted for inflation (41 U.S.C. 1908 and 41 U.S.C. 1502(b)(1)(B)), but less than \$50 million, and the offeror certifies it is eligible for and elects to use modified CAS coverage (see 9903.201–2, unless the clause prescribed in paragraph (d) of this subsection is used).
- (2) The clause below requires the contractor to comply with CAS 9904.401, 9904.402, 9904.405, and 9904.406, to disclose (if it meets certain requirements) actual cost accounting practices, and to follow consistently disclosed and established cost accounting practices.

DISCLOSURE AND CONSISTENCY OF COST ACCOUNTING PRACTICES (JUL 2011)

- (a) The Contractor, in connection with this contract, shall— $\,$
- (1) Comply with the requirements of 9904.401, Consistency in Estimating, Accumulating, and Reporting Costs; 9904.402, Consistency in Allocating Costs Incurred for the Same Purpose; 9904.405, Accounting for Unallowable Costs; and 9904.406, Cost Accounting Standard—Cost Accounting Period, in effect on the date of award of this contract, as indicated in part 9904.
- (2) (CAS-covered Contracts Only) If it is a business unit of a company required to submit a Disclosure Statement, disclose in writing its cost accounting practices as required by 9903.202–1 through 9903.202–5. If the Contractor has notified the Contracting Officer that the Disclosure Statement contains

trade secrets and commercial or financial information which is privileged and confidential, the Disclosure Statement shall be protected and shall not be released outside of the Government.

- (3)(i) Follow consistently the Contractor's cost accounting practices. A change to such practices may be proposed, however, by either the Government or the Contractor, and the Contractor agrees to negotiate with the Contracting Officer the terms and conditions under which a change may be made. After the terms and conditions under which the change is to be made have been agreed to, the change must be applied prospectively to this contract, and the Disclosure Statement, if affected, must be amended accordingly.
- (ii) The Contractor shall, when the parties agree to a change to a cost accounting practice and the Contracting Officer has made the finding required in 9903.201-6(c) that the change is desirable and not detrimental to the interests of the Government, negotiate an equitable adjustment as provided in the Changes clause of this contract. In the absence of the required finding, no agreement may be made under this contract clause that will increase costs paid by the United States.
- (4) Agree to an adjustment of the contract price or cost allowance, as appropriate, if the Contractor or a subcontractor fails to comply with the applicable CAS or to follow any cost accounting practice, and such failure results in any increased costs paid by the United States. Such adjustment shall provide for recovery of the increased costs to the United States, together with interest thereon computed at the annual rate established under section 6621(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (26 U.S.C. 6621(a)(2)) for such period, from the time the payment by the United States was made to the time the adjustment is effected.
- (b) If the parties fail to agree whether the Contractor has complied with an applicable CAS rule, or regulation as specified in parts 9903 and 9904 and as to any cost adjustment demanded by the United States, such failure to agree will constitute a dispute under the Contract Disputes Act (41 U.S.C. 601).
- (c) The Contractor shall permit any authorized representatives of the Government to examine and make copies of any documents, papers, and records relating to compliance with the requirements of this clause.
- (d) The Contractor shall include in all negotiated subcontracts, which the Contractor enters into, the substance of this clause, except paragraph (b), and shall require such inclusion in all other subcontracts of any tier, except that—
- (1) If the subcontract is awarded to a business unit which pursuant to 9903.201–2 is subject to other types of CAS coverage, the substance of the applicable clause set forth in 9903.201–4 shall be inserted.

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- (2) This requirement shall apply only to negotiated subcontracts in excess of the Truth in Negotiations Act (TINA) threshold, as adjusted for inflation (41 U.S.C. 1908 and 41 U.S.C. 1502(b)(1)(B)).
- (3) The requirement shall not apply to negotiated subcontracts otherwise exempt from the requirement to include a CAS clause as specified in 9903.201–1.

(End of clause)

(d) [Reserved]

- (e) Cost Accounting Standards—Educational Institutions. (1) The contracting officer shall insert the clause set forth below, Cost Accounting Standards—Educational Institution, in negotiated contracts awarded to educational institutions, unless the contract is exempted (see 9903.201–1), the contract is to be performed by an FFRDC (see 9903.201–2(c)(5)), or the provision at 9903.201–2(c)(6) applies.
- (2) The clause below requires the educational institution to comply with all CAS specified in part 9905, to disclose actual cost accounting practices as required by 9903.202-1(f), and to follow disclosed and established cost accounting practices consistently.

COST ACCOUNTING STANDARDS—EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS (JUL 2011)

- (a) Unless the contract is exempt under 9903.201–1 and 9903.201–2, the provisions of part 9903 are incorporated herein by reference and the Contractor in connection with this contract, shall—
- (1) (CAS-covered Contracts Only) If a business unit of an educational institution required to submit a Disclosure Statement, disclose in writing the Contractor's cost accounting practices as required by 9903.202-1 through 9903.202-5 including methods of distinguishing direct costs from indirect costs and the basis used for accumulating and allocating indirect costs. The practices disclosed for this contract shall be the same as the practices currently disclosed and applied on all other contracts and subcontracts being performed by the Contractor and which contain a Cost Accounting Standards (CAS) clause. If the Contractor has notified the Contracting Officer that the Disclosure Statement contains trade secrets, and commercial or financial information which is privileged and confidential, the Disclosure Statement shall be protected and shall not be released outside of the Government.
- (2) Follow consistently the Contractor's cost accounting practices in accumulating and reporting contract performance cost data concerning this contract. If any change

- in cost accounting practices is made for the purposes of any contract or subcontract subject to CAS requirements, the change must be applied prospectively to this contract and the Disclosure Statement, if required, must be amended accordingly. If an accounting principle change mandated under Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-21. Cost Principles for Educational Institutions, requires that a change in the Contractor's cost accounting practices be made after the date of this contract award, the change must be applied prospectively to this contract and the Disclosure Statement, if required, must be amended accordingly. If the contract price or cost allowance of this contract is affected by such changes, adjustment shall be made in accordance with subparagraph (a)(4) or (a)(5) of this clause, as appropriate.
- (3) Comply with all CAS, including any modifications and interpretations indicated thereto contained in 48 CFR part 9905, in effect on the date of award of this contract or, if the Contractor has submitted cost or pricing data, on the date of final agreement on price as shown on the Contractor's signed certificate of current cost or pricing data. The Contractor shall also comply with any CAS (or modifications to CAS) which hereafter become applicable to a contract or subcontract of the Contractor. Such compliance shall be required prospectively from the date of applicability to such contract or subcontract.
- (4)(i) Agree to an equitable adjustment as provided in the Changes clause of this contract if the contract cost is affected by a change which, pursuant to subparagraph (a)(3) of this clause, the Contractor is required to make to the Contractor's established cost accounting practices.
- (ii) Negotiate with the Contracting Officer to determine the terms and conditions under which a change may be made to a cost accounting practice, other than a change made under other provisions of subparagraph (a)(4) of this clause; provided that no agreement may be made under this provision that will increase costs paid by the United States.
- (iii) When the parties agree to a change to a cost accounting practice, other than a change under subdivision (a)(4)(i) or (a)(4)(iv) of this clause, negotiate an equitable adjustment as provided in the Changes clause of this contract.
- (iv) Agree to an equitable adjustment as provided in the Changes clause of this contract, if the contract cost is materially affected by an OMB Circular A-21 accounting principle amendment which, on becoming effective after the date of contract award, requires the Contractor to make a change to the Contractor's established cost accounting practices.
- (5) Agree to an adjustment of the contract price or cost allowance, as appropriate, if the

Contractor or a subcontractor fails to comply with an applicable Cost Accounting Standard, or to follow any cost accounting practice consistently and such failure results in any increased costs paid by the United States, Such adjustment shall provide for recovery of the increased costs to the United States, together with interest thereon computed at the annual rate established under section 6621(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (26 U.S.C. 6621(a)(2)) for such period. from the time the payment by the United States was made to the time the adjustment is effected. In no case shall the Government recover costs greater than the increased cost to the Government, in the aggregate, on the relevant contracts subject to the price adjustment, unless the Contractor made a change in its cost accounting practices of which it was aware or should have been aware at the time of price negotiations and which it failed to disclose to the Govern-

- (b) If the parties fail to agree whether the Contractor or a subcontractor has complied with an applicable CAS or a CAS rule or regulation in 9903 and as to any cost adjustment demanded by the United States, such failure to agree will constitute a dispute under the Contract Disputes Act (41 U.S.C. 601).
- (c) The Contractor shall permit any authorized representatives of the Government to examine and make copies of any documents, papers, or records relating to compliance with the requirements of this clause.
- (d) The Contractor shall include in all negotiated subcontracts which the Contractor enters into, the substance of this clause, except paragraph (b), and shall require such inclusion in all other subcontracts, of any tier, including the obligation to comply with all applicable CAS in effect on the subcontractor's award date or if the subcontractor has submitted cost or pricing data, on the date of final agreement on price as shown on the subcontractor's signed Certificate of Current Cost or Pricing Data, except that—
- (1) If the subcontract is awarded to a business unit which pursuant to 9903.201-2 is subject to other types of CAS coverage, the substance of the applicable clause set forth in 9903.201-4 shall be inserted; and
- (2) This requirement shall apply only to negotiated subcontracts in excess of the Truth in Negotiations Act (TINA) threshold, as adjusted for inflation (41 U.S.C. 1908 and 41 U.S.C 1502(b)(1)B)).
- (3) The requirement shall not apply to negotiated subcontracts otherwise exempt from the requirement to include a CAS clause as specified in 9903.201–1.

(End of clause)

(f) Disclosure and Consistency of Cost Accounting Practices—Foreign Concerns. (1) The contracting officer shall insert the clause set forth below, Disclosure and Consistency of Cost Accounting Practices—Foreign Concerns, in negotiated contracts when the contract is with a foreign concern and the contract is not otherwise exempt under 9903.201–1 (see 9903.201–2(e)).

(2) The clause below requires the contractor to comply with 9904.401 and 9904.402, to disclose (if it meets certain requirements) actual cost accounting practices, and to follow consistently disclosed and established cost accounting practices.

DISCLOSURE AND CONSISTENCY OF COST ACCOUNTING PRACTICES—FOREIGN CONCERNS (JUL, 2011)

- (a) The Contractor, in connection with this contract. shall—
- (1) Comply with the requirements of 9904.401, Consistency in Estimating, Accumulating, and Reporting Costs; and 9904.402, Consistency in Allocating Costs Incurred for the Same Purpose, in effect on the date of award of this contract, as indicated in part 9904.
- (2) (CAS-covered Contracts Only) If it is a business unit of a company required to submit a Disclosure Statement, disclose in writing its cost accounting practices as required by 9903.202-1 through 9903.202-5. If the Contractor has notified the Contracting Officer that the Disclosure Statement contains trade secrets and commercial or financial information which is privileged and confidential, the Disclosure Statement shall be protected and shall not be released outside of the Government.
- (3)(i) Follow consistently the Contractor's cost accounting practices. A change to such practices may be proposed, however, by either the Government or the Contractor, and the Contractor agrees to negotiate with the Contracting Officer the terms and conditions under which a change may be made. After the terms and conditions under which the change is to be made have been agreed to, the change must be applied prospectively to this contract, and the Disclosure Statement, if affected, must be amended accordingly.
- (ii) The Contractor shall, when the parties agree to a change to a cost accounting practice and the Contracting Officer has made the finding required in 9903.201-6(c) that the change is desirable and not detrimental to the interests of the Government, negotiate an equitable adjustment as provided in the Changes clause of this contract. In the absence of the required finding, no agreement may be made under this contract clause that will increase costs paid by the United States.
- (4) Agree to an adjustment of the contract price or cost allowance, as appropriate, if the

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Contractor or a subcontractor fails to comply with the applicable CAS or to follow any cost accounting practice, and such failure results in any increased costs paid by the United States. Such adjustment shall provide for recovery of the increased costs to the United States, together with interest thereon computed at the annual rate established under section 6621(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (26 U.S.C. 6621(a)(2)) for such period, from the time the payment by the United States was made to the time the adjustment is effected.

- (b) If the parties fail to agree whether the Contractor has complied with an applicable CAS rule, or regulation as specified in parts 9903 and 9904 and as to any cost adjustment demanded by the United States, such failure to agree will constitute a dispute under the Contract Disputes Act (41 U.S.C. 601).
- (c) The Contractor shall permit any authorized representatives of the Government to examine and make copies of any documents, papers, and records relating to compliance with the requirements of this clause.
- (d) The Contractor shall include in all negotiated subcontracts, which the Contractor enters into, the substance of this clause, except paragraph (b), and shall require such inclusion in all other subcontracts of any tier, except that—
- (1) If the subcontract is awarded to a business unit which pursuant to 9903.201–2 is subject to other types of CAS coverage, the substance of the applicable clause set forth in 9903.201–4 shall be inserted.
- (2) This requirement shall apply only to negotiated subcontracts in excess of the Truth in Negotiations Act (TINA) threshold, as adjusted for inflation (41 U.S.C. 1908 and 41 U.S.C. 1502(b)(1)
- (3) The requirement shall not apply to negotiated subcontracts otherwise exempt from the requirement to include a CAS clause as specified in 9903.201–1.

(End of clause)

[73 FR 15940, Mar. 26, 2008, as amended at 76 FR 40819, July 12, 2011]

9903.201-5 Waiver.

- (a) The head of an executive agency may waive the applicability of the Cost Accounting Standards for a contract or subcontract with a value of less than \$15 million, if that official determines, in writing, that the business unit of the contractor or subcontractor that will perform the work—
- (1) Is primarily engaged in the sale of commercial items: and
- (2) Would not otherwise be subject to the Cost Accounting Standards under this Chapter.

- (b) The head of an executive agency may waive the applicability of the Cost Accounting Standards for a contract or subcontract under exceptional circumstances when necessary to meet the needs of the agency. A determination to waive the applicability of the Cost Accounting Standards by the agency head shall be set forth in writing, and shall include a statement of the circumstances justifying the waiver.
- (c) The head of an executive agency may not delegate the authority under paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section, to any official below the senior policymaking level in the agency.
- (d) The head of each executive agency shall report the waivers granted under paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section, for that agency, to the Cost Accounting Standards Board, on an annual basis, not later than 90 days after the close of the Government's fiscal year.
- (e) Upon request of an agency head or his designee, the Cost Accounting Standards Board may waive all or any part of the requirements of 9903.201–4(a), Cost Accounting Standards, or 9903.201–4(c), Disclosure and Consistency of Cost Accounting Practices, with respect to a contract subject to the Cost Accounting Standards. Any request for a waiver shall describe the proposed contract or subcontract for which the waiver is sought and shall contain—
- (1) An unequivocal statement that the proposed contractor or subcontractor refuses to accept a contract containing all or a specified part of a CAS clause and the specific reason for that refusal:
- (2) A statement as to whether the proposed contractor or subcontractor has accepted any prime contract or subcontract containing a CAS clause;
- (3) The amount of the proposed award and the sum of all awards by the agency requesting the waiver to the proposed contractor or subcontractor in each of the preceding 3 years;
- (4) A statement that no other source is available to satisfy the agency's needs on a timely basis:
- (5) A statement of alternative methods considered for fulfilling the need

and the agency's reasons for rejecting them:

- (6) A statement of steps being taken by the agency to establish other sources of supply for future contracts for the products or services for which a waiver is being requested; and
- (7) Any other information that may be useful in evaluating the request.
- (f) Except as provided by the Cost Accounting Standards Board, the authority in paragraph (e) of this section shall not be delegated.

[65 FR 36770, June 9, 2000]

9903.201-6 Findings.

- (a) Required change—(1) Finding. Prior to making any equitable adjustment under the provisions of paragraph (a)(4)(i) of the contract clause set forth in 9903.201-4(a) or 9903.201-4(e), or paragraph (a)(3)(i) of the contract clause set forth in 9903.201-4(c), the Contracting Officer shall make a finding that the practice change was required to comply with a CAS, modification or interpretation thereof, that subsequently became applicable to the contract; or, for planned changes being made in order to remain CAS compliant, that the former practice was in compliance with applicable CAS and the planned change is necessary for the contractor to remain in compliance.
- (2) Required change means a change in cost accounting practice that a contractor is required to make in order to comply with applicable Standards, modifications. interpretations orthereto, that subsequently become applicable to an existing CAS-covered contract due to the receipt of another CAS-covered contract or subcontract. It also includes a prospective change to a disclosed or established cost accounting practice when the cognizant Federal agency official determines that the former practice was in compliance with applicable CAS and the change is necessary for the contractor to remain in compliance.
- (b) Unilateral change—(1) Findings. Prior to making any contract price or cost adjustment(s) under the change provisions of paragraph (a)(4)(ii) of the contract clause set forth in 9903.201–4(a) or 9903.201–4(e), or paragraph (a)(3)(ii) of the contract clause set forth in 9903.201–4(c), the Contracting

Officer shall make a finding that the contemplated contract price and cost adjustments will protect the United States from payment of increased costs, in the aggregate; and that the net effect of the adjustments being made does not result in the recovery of more than the estimated amount of such increased costs.

- (2) Unilateral change by a contractor means a change in cost accounting practice from one compliant practice to another compliant practice that a contractor with a CAS-covered contract(s) elects to make that has not been deemed desirable by the cognizant Federal agency official and for which the Government will pay no aggregate increased costs.
- (3) Action to preclude the payment of aggregate increased costs by the Government. In the absence of a finding pursuant to paragraph (c) of this subsection that a compliant change is desirable, no agreement may be made with regard to a change to a cost accounting practice that will result in the payment of aggregate increased costs by the United States. For these changes, the cognizant Federal agency official shall limit upward contract price adjustments to affected contracts to the amount of downward contract price adjustments of other affected contracts, i.e., no net upward contract price adjustment shall be permitted.
- (c) Desirable change—(1) Finding. Prior to making any equitable adjustment under the provisions of paragraph (a)(4)(iii) of the contract clause set forth in 9903.201–4(a) or 9903.201–4(e), or paragraph (a)(3)(ii) of the contract clause set forth in 9903.201–4(c), the cognizant Federal agency official shall make a finding that the change to a cost accounting practice is desirable and not detrimental to the interests of the Government.
- (2) Desirable change means a compliant change to a contractor's established or disclosed cost accounting practices that the cognizant Federal agency official finds is desirable and not detrimental to the Government and is therefore not subject to the no increased cost prohibition provisions of CAS-covered contracts affected by the change. The cognizant Federal agency official's finding need not be based

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solely on the cost impact that a proposed practice change will have on a contractor's or subcontractor's current CAS-covered contracts. The change to a cost accounting practice may be determined to be desirable even though existing contract prices and/or cost allowances may increase. The determination that the change to a cost accounting practice is desirable, should be made on a case-by-case basis.

- (3) Once a determination has been made that a compliant change to a cost accounting practice is a desirable change, associated management actions that also have an impact on contract costs should be considered when negotiating contract price or cost adjustments that may be needed to equitably resolve the overall cost impact of the aggregated actions.
- (4) Until the cognizant Federal agency official has determined that a change to a cost accounting practice is deemed to be a desirable change, the change shall be considered to be a change for which the Government will not pay increased costs, in the aggregate.

(d) Noncompliant cost accounting practices—(1) Findings. Prior to making any contract price or cost adjustment(s) under the provisions of paragraph (a)(5) of the contract clause set forth in 9903.201-4(a) or 9903.201-4(e), or paragraph (a)(4) of the contract clause set forth in 9903.201-4(c), the Contracting Officer shall make a finding that the contemplated contract price and cost adjustments will protect the United States from payment of increased costs, in the aggregate; and that the net effect of the adjustments being made does not result in the recovery of more than the estimated amount of such increased costs. While individual contract prices, including cost ceilings or target costs, as applicable, may be increased as well as decreased to resolve an estimating noncompliance, the aggregate value of all contracts affected by the estimating noncompliance shall not be increased.

[65 FR 37571, June 14, 2000]

9903.201-7 Cognizant Federal agency responsibilities.

(a) The requirements of part 9903 shall, to the maximum extent prac-

ticable, be administered by the cognizant Federal agency responsible for a particular contractor organization or location, usually the Federal agency responsible for negotiating indirect cost rates on behalf of the Government. The cognizant Federal agency should take the lead role in administering the requirements of part 9903 and coordinating CAS administrative actions with all affected Federal agencies. When multiple CAS-covered contracts or more than one Federal agency are involved, agencies should discourage Contracting Officers from individually administering CAS on a contract-bycontract basis. Coordinated administrative actions will provide greater assurances that individual contractors follow their cost accounting practices consistently under all their CAS-covered contracts and that changes in cost accounting practices or CAS noncompliance issues are resolved, equitably, in a uniform overall manner.

(b) Federal agencies shall prescribe regulations and establish internal policies and procedures governing how agencies will administer the requirements of CAS-covered contracts, with particular emphasis on inter-agency coordination activities. Procedures to be followed when an agency is and is not the cognizant Federal agency should be clearly delineated. Internal agency policies and procedures shall provide for the designation of the agency office(s) or officials responsible for administering CAS under the agency's CAS-covered contracts at each contractor business unit and the delegation of necessary contracting authority to agency individuals authorized to administer the terms and conditions of CAS-covered contracts, e.g., Administrative Contracting Officers (ACOs) or other agency officials authorized to perform in that capacity. Agencies are urged to coordinate on the development of such regulations.

[59 FR 55756, Nov. 8, 1994]

9903.201-8 Compliant accounting changes due to external restructuring activities.

The contract price and cost adjustment requirements of this part 9903 are

not applicable to compliant cost accounting practice changes directly associated with external restructuring activities that are subject to and meet the requirements of 10 U.S.C. 2325.

[65 FR 37472, June 14, 2000]

9903.202 Disclosure requirements.

9903.202-1 General requirements.

- (a) A Disclosure Statement is a written description of a contractor's cost accounting practices and procedures. The submission of a new or revised Disclosure Statement is not required for any non-CAS-covered contract or from any small business concern.
- (b) Completed Disclosure Statements are required in the following circumstances:
- (1) Any business unit that is selected to receive a CAS-covered contract or subcontract of \$50 million or more shall submit a Disclosure Statement before award.
- (2) Any company which, together with its segments, received net awards of negotiated prime contracts and subcontracts subject to CAS totaling \$50 million or more in its most recent cost accounting period, must submit a Disclosure Statement before award of its first CAS-covered contract in the immediately following cost accounting period. However, if the first CAS-covered contract is received within 90 days of the start of the cost accounting period, the contractor is not required to file until the end of 90 days.
- (c) When a Disclosure Statement is required, a separate Disclosure Statement must be submitted for each segment whose costs included in the total price of any CAS-covered contract or subcontract exceed the Truth in Negotiations Act (TINA) threshold, as adjusted for inflation (41 U.S.C. 1908 and 41 U.S.C. 1502(b)(1)(B)) unless
- (i) The contract or subcontract is of the type or value exempted by 9903.201– 1 or
- (ii) In the most recently completed cost accounting period the segment's CAS-covered awards are less than 30 percent of total segment sales for the period and less than \$10 million.
- (d) Each corporate or other home office that allocates costs to one or more disclosing segments performing CAS-

covered contracts must submit a Part VIII of the Disclosure Statement.

- (e) Foreign contractors and subcontractors who are required to submit a Disclosure Statement may, in lieu of filing a Form No CASB-DS-1, make disclosure by using a disclosure form prescribed by an agency of its Government, provided that the Cost Accounting Standards Board determines that the information disclosed by that means will satisfy the objectives of Public Law 100-679. The use of alternative forms has been approved for the contractors of the following countries:
 - (1) Canada.
 - (2) Federal Republic of Germany.
 - (3) United Kingdom.
- (f) Educational institutions—disclosure requirements. (1) Educational institutions receiving contracts subject to the CAS specified in part 9905 are subject to the requirements of 9903.202, except that completed Disclosure Statements are required in the following circumstances.
- (2) Basic requirement. For CAS-covered contracts placed on or after January 1, 1996, completed Disclosure Statements are required as follows:
- (i) Any business unit of an educational institution that is selected to receive a CAS-covered contract or subcontract in excess of the Truth in Negotiations Act (TINA) threshold, as adjusted for inflation (41 U.S.C. 1908 and 41 U.S.C. 1502(b)(1)(B)), and is part of a college or university location listed in Exhibit A of Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-21 shall submit a Disclosure Statement before award. A Disclosure Statement is not required; however, if the listed entity can demonstrate that the net amount of Federal contract and financial assistance awards received during its immediately preceding cost accounting period was less than \$25 million.
- (ii) Any business unit that is selected to receive a CAS-covered contract or subcontract of \$25 million or more shall submit a Disclosure Statement before award.
- (iii) Any educational institution which, together with its segments, received net awards of negotiated prime contracts and subcontracts subject to CAS totaling \$25 million or more in its most recent cost accounting period, of

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which, at least one award exceeded \$1 million, must submit a Disclosure Statement before award of its first CAS-covered contract in the immediately following cost accounting period. However, if the first CAS-covered contract is received within 90 days of the start of the cost accounting period, the institution is not required to file until the end of 90 days.

- (3) Transition period requirement. For CAS-covered contracts placed on or before December 31, 1995, completed Disclosure Statements are required as follows:
- (i) For business units that are selected to receive a CAS-covered contract or subcontract in excess of the Truth in Negotiations Act (TINA) threshold, as adjusted for inflation (41 U.S.C. 1908 and 41 U.S.C. 1502(b)(1)(B)), and are part of the first 20 college or university locations (i.e., numbers 1 through 20) listed in Exhibit A of OMB Circular A-21, Disclosure Statements shall be submitted within six months after the date of contract award.
- (ii) For business units that are selected to receive a CAS-covered contract or subcontract in excess of the Truth in Negotiations Act (TINA) threshold, as adjusted for inflation (41 U.S.C. 1908 and 41 U.S.C. 1502(b)(1)(B)), and are part of a college or university location that is listed as one of the institutions numbered 21 through 50, in Exhibit A of OMB Circular A-21, Disclosure Statements shall be submitted during the six month period ending twelve months after the date of contract award.
- (iii) For business units that are selected to receive a CAS-covered contract or subcontract in excess of the Truth in Negotiations Act (TINA) threshold, as adjusted for inflation (41 U.S.C. 1908 and 41 U.S.C. 1502(b)(1)(B)), and are part of a college or university location that is listed as one of the institutions numbered 51 through 99, in Exhibit A of OMB Circular A-21, Disclosure Statements shall be submitted during the six month period ending eighteen months after the date of contract award.
- (iv) For any other business unit that is selected to receive a CAS-covered contract or subcontract of \$25 million or more, a Disclosure Statement shall

be submitted within six months after the date of contract award.

- (4) Transition period due dates. The educational institution and cognizant Federal agency should establish a specific due date within the periods prescribed in 9903.202–1(f)(3) when a Disclosure Statement is required under a CAS-covered contract placed on or before December 31, 1995.
- (5) Transition period waiver authority. For a CAS-covered contract to be awarded during the period January 1, 1996, through June 30, 1997, the awarding agency may waive the preaward Disclosure Statement submission requirement specified in 9903.202-1(f)(2) when a due date for the submission of a Disclosure Statement has previously been established by the cognizant Federal agency and the educational institution under the provisions of 9903.202-1(f) (3) and (4).

CAUTION: This waiver authority is not available unless the cognizant Federal agency and the educational institution have established a disclosure statement due date pursuant to a written agreement executed prior to January 1, 1996, and award is made prior to the established disclosure statement due date.

[57 FR 14153, Apr. 17, 1992; 57 FR 34167, Aug. 3, 1992, as amended at 58 FR 58802, Nov. 4, 1993; 59 FR 55756, Nov. 8, 1994; 65 FR 36770, June 9, 2000; 70 FR 29458, May 23, 2005; 72 FR 32812, June 14, 2007; 72 FR 35307, June 27, 2007; 76 FR 40820, July 12, 2011]

9903.202-2 Impracticality of submission.

The agency head may determine that it is impractical to secure the Disclosure Statement, although submission is required, and authorize contract award without obtaining the Statement. He shall, within 30 days of having done so, submit a report to the Cost Accounting Standards Board setting forth all material facts. This authority may not be delegated.

9903.202-3 Amendments and revisions.

Contractors and subcontractors are responsible for maintaining accurate Disclosure Statements and complying with disclosed practices. Amendments and revisions to Disclosure Statements may be submitted at any time and may be proposed by either the contractor or

the Government. Resubmission of complete, updated, Disclosure Statements is discouraged except when extensive changes require it to assist the review process.

9903.202-4 Privileged and confidential information.

If the offeror or contractor notifies the contracting officer that the Disclosure Statement contains trade secrets and commercial or financial information, which is privileged and confidential, the Disclosure Statement shall be protected and shall not be released outside the Government.

9903.202-5 Filing Disclosure Statements.

- (a) Disclosure must be on Form Number CASB DS-1 or CASB DS-2, as applicable. Forms may be obtained from the cognizant Federal agency (cognizant ACO or cognizant Federal agency official authorized to act in that capacity) or from the looseleaf version of the Federal Acquisition Regulation. When requested in advance by a contractor, the cognizant Federal agency may authorize contractor disclosure based on computer generated reproductions of the applicable Disclosure Statement Form.
- (b) Offerors are required to file Disclosure Statements as follows:
- (1) Original and one copy with the cognizant ACO or cognizant Federal agency official acting in that capacity, as applicable; and
- (2) One copy with the cognizant Federal auditor.
- (c) Amendments and revisions shall be submitted to the ACO or agency official acting in that capacity, as applicable, and the Federal auditor of the currently cognizant Federal agency.

[59 FR 55757, Nov. 8, 1994]

9903.202-6 Adequacy of Disclosure Statement.

Federal agencies shall prescribe regulations and establish internal procedures by which each will promptly determine on behalf of the Government, when serving as the cognizant Federal agency for a particular contractor location, that a Disclosure Statement has adequately disclosed the practices required to be disclosed by the Cost Ac-

counting Standards Board's rules, regulations and Standards. The determination of adequacy shall be distributed to all affected agencies. Agencies are urged to coordinate on the development of such regulations.

[59 FR 55757, Nov. 8, 1994]

9903.202-7 [Reserved]

9903.202-8 Subcontractor Disclosure Statements.

- (a) The contractor or higher tier subcontractor is responsible for administering the CAS requirements contained in subcontracts.
- (b) If the subcontractor has previously furnished a Disclosure Statement to an ACO, the subcontractor may satisfy the submission requirement by identifying to the contractor or higher tier subcontractor the ACO to whom it was submitted.
- (c)(1) If the subcontractor considers the Disclosure Statement (or other similar information) privileged or confidential, the subcontractor may submit it directly to the ACO and auditor cognizant of the subcontractor, notifying the contractor or higher tier subcontractor. A preaward determination of adequacy is not required in such cases. Instead, the ACO cognizant of the subcontractor shall
- (i) Notify the auditor that the adequacy review will be performed during the postaward compliance review and, upon completion,
- (ii) Notify the subcontractor, the contractor or higher tier subcontractor, and the cognizant ACOs of the findings.
- (2) Even though a Disclosure Statement is not required, a subcontractor may
- (i) Claim that CAS-related reviews by contractors or higher tier subcontractors would reveal proprietary data or jeopardize the subcontractor's competitive position and
- (ii) Request that the Government perform the required reviews.
- (d) When the Government requires determinations of adequacy or inadequacy, the ACO cognizant of the subcontractor shall make such recommendation to the ACO cognizant of the prime contractor or next higher tier subcontractor. ACOs cognizant of

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higher tier subcontractors or prime contractors shall not reverse the determination of the ACO cognizant of the subcontractor.

9903.202-9 Illustration of Disclosure Statement Form, CASB-DS-1.

The data which are required to be disclosed are set forth in detail in the Disclosure Statement Form, CASB-DS-1, which is illustrated below:

FORM APPROVED OMB NUMBER 0348-0051

COST ACCOUNTING STANDARDS BOARD DISCLOSURE STATEMENT REQUIRED BY PUBLIC LAW 100-679		MENT	INDEX	
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COST ACCOUNTING STANDARDS BOARD DISCLOSURE STATEMENT REQUIRED BY PUBLIC LAW 100-679

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- This Disclosure Statement has been designed to meet the requirements of Public Law 100-679, and persons completing it are to describe the contractor and its contract cost accounting practices. For complete regulations, instructions and timing requirements concerning submission of the Disclosure Statement, refer to Section 9903.202 of Chapter 99 0f Title 48 CFR (48 CFR 9903.202).
- 2. Part I of the Statement provides general information concerning each reporting unit (e.g., segment, Corporate or other intermediate level home office, or a business unit). Parts II through VII pertain to the types of costs generally incurred by the segment or business unit directly performing Federal contracts or similar cost objectives. Part VIII pertains to the types of costs that are generally incurred by a Home office and are allocated to one or more segments performing Federal contracts. For a definition of the term "home office" see 48 CFR 9904.403.
- 3. Each segment or business unit required to disclose its cost accounting practices should complete the Cover Sheet, the Certification, and Parts I through VII.
- 4. Each home office required to disclose its cost accounting practices for measuring, assigning and allocating its costs to segments performing Federal contracts or similar cost objectives shall complete the Cover Sheet, the Certification, Part I and Part VIII of the Disclosure Statement. Where a home office either establishes practices or procedures for the types of costs covered by Parts V, VI and VII, or incurs and then allocates these types of cost to its segments, the home office may complete Parts V, VI and VII to be included in the Disclosure Statement submitted by its segments. While a home office may have more than one segment submitting Disclosure Statements, only one Statement needs to be submitted to cover the home office operations.
 - 5. The Statement must be signed by an authorized signatory of the reporting unit.
- 6. The Disclosure Statement should be answered by marking the appropriate line or inserting the applicable letter code which describes the segment's (reporting unit's) cost accounting practices.
- 7. A number of questions in this Statement may need narrative answers requiring more space than is provided. In such instances, the reporting unit should use the attached continuation sheet provided. The continuation sheet may be reproduced locally as needed. The number of the question involved should be indicated and the same coding required to answer the questions in the Statement should be used in presenting the answer on the continuation sheet. Continuation sheets should be inserted at the end of the pertinent Part of the Statement. On each continuation sheet, the reporting unit should enter the next sequential page number for that Part and, on the last continuation sheet used, the words "End of Part" should be inserted after the last entry.
- 8. Where the cost accounting practice being disclosed is clearly set forth in the contractor's existing written accounting policies and procedures, such documents may be cited on a continuation sheet and incorporated by reference at the option of the contractor. In such cases, the contractor should provide the date of issuance and effective date for each accounting policy and/or procedures document cited. Alternatively, copies of the relevant parts of such documents may be attached as appendices to the pertinent Disclosure Statement Part. Such continuation sheets and appendices should be labeled and cross-referenced with the applicable Disclosure Statement number and follow the page number specified in paragraph 7. Any supplementary comments needed to adequately describe the cost accounting practice being disclosed should also be provided.
- Disclosure Statements must be amended when cost accounting practices are changed to comply with a new CAS or when practices are changed with or without knowledge of the Government (Also see 48 CFR 9903.202-3).

COST ACCOUNTING STANDARDS BOARD DISCLOSURE STATEMENT GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS REQUIRED BY PUBLIC LAW 100-679 Amendments shall be submitted to the same offices to which submission would have been made were an original Disclosure Statement filed. 11. Each amendment, or set of amendments should be accompanied by an amended cover sheet (indicating revision number and effective date of the change) and a signed certification. For all resubmissions, on each page, insert "Revision Number ___ " and "Effective Date ___ " in the Item Description block; and, insert a revision, mark (e.g., "R") in the right hand margin of any line that is revised. Completely resubmitted Disclosure Statements must be accompanied by similar notations identifying the items which have been changed. 12. Use of this Disclosure Statement, amended February 1996, shall be phased in as follows: A. New Contractors. This form shall be used by new contractors when they are initially required to disclose their cost accounting practices pursuant to 9903.202-1. B. Existing Contractors. If a contractor has disclosed its cost accounting practices on a prior edition of the Disclosure Statement (CASB DS-1), such disclosure shall remain in effect until the contractor amends or revises a significant portion of the Disclosure Statement in accordance with CAS 9903.202-3. Minor amendments to an existing DS-1 may continue to be made using the prior form. However, when a substantive change is made, a complete Disclosure Statement must be filed using this form. In any event, all contractors and subcontractors must submit a new Disclosure Statement (this version of the CASB DS-1) not later than the beginning of the contractor's next full fiscal year after December 31, 1998.

FORM CASB DS-1 (REV 2/96)

ATTACHMENT -

(ii)

Blank Continuation Sheet

	TOTAL OCCUPATION OF TANDARDS OF THE TANDARDS	CONTINUATION SHEET NAME OF REPORTING UNIT		
	COST ACCOUNTING STANDARDS BOARD DISCLOSURE STATEMENT REQUIRED BY PUBLIC LAW 100-679			
Item No.	Item des	cription		

9903.202-9

cc	OST ACCOUNTING STANDARDS BOARD DISCLOSURE STATEMENT REQUIRED BY PUBLIC LAW 100-679	COVER SHEET AND CERTIFICATION				
0.1	Company or Reporting Unit.					
	Name					
	Street Address					
	City, State, & Zip Code					
	Division or Subsidiary of (if applical	ble)				
0.2	Reporting Unit: (Mark one.)					
	A. Business Unit comprising an entire business organization which is not divided into segments. B.1. Corporate Home Office 2. Intermediate Level Home Office 3. Segment or business unit reporting directly to a home office.					
0.3	Official to Contact Concerning this Statem	ent.				
	Name and Title					
	Phone number (including area code	and extension)				
0.4	Statement Type and Effective Date:					
	A. (Mark type of submission. (a) Original Statemen (b) Revised Statemen	t				
	B. Effective Date of this State	ment/Revision:				
0.5	Statement Submitted To (Provide office na extension):	me, location and telephone number, include area code an				
	(a) Cognizant Federal Agency: (b) Cognizant Federal Auditor:	:				
		CERTIFICATION				
	revision, is the complete and accurate disc	and belief this Statement, as amended in the case of a losure as of the above date by the above-named es, as required by the Disclosure Regulation (48 CFR rds Board under P.L. 100-679.				
		(Name)				
		(Title)				
	THE PENALTY FOR MAKING A FALSE STATEM	IENT IN THIS DISCLOSURE IS PRESCRIPED IN 18 H S.C. & 100				

C	OST ACCOUNTING STANDARDS BOARD	PART I - GENERAL INFORMATION			
	DISCLOSURE STATEMENT REQUIRED BY PUBLIC LAW 100-679	NAME OF REPORTING UNIT			
Item No.	Item description				
	Part I Instructions				
	Sales data for this part should cover the most recently completed fiscal year of the reportin unit. "Government CAS Covered Sales" includes sales under both prime contracts and subcontracts. "Annual CAS Covered Sales" includes intracorporate transactions.				
1.1.0	Type of Business Entity of Which the Reporting	Unit is a Part. (Mark one.)			
	A. Corporation B. Partnership C. Proprietorship D. Not-for-profit organization E. Joint Venture F. Federally Funded Research and Development Center (FFRDC) Y. Other (Specify)				
1.2.0	Predominant Type of Government Sales. (Mar	k one.) 1/			
1.3.0	A. Manufacturing B. Research and Developme C. Construction D. Services Y. Other (Specify) Annual CAS Covered Government Sales as Per (Mark one. An estimate is permitted for this s	rcentage of Total Sales (Government and Commercial).			
	A. Less than 10% B. 10%-50% C. 51%-80% D. 81% - 95% E. Over 95%				
1.4.0	Description of Your Cost Accounting System for Government Contracts and Subcontracts. (Mark that appropriate line(s) and if more than one is marked, explain on a continuation sheet.) 1/				
	A. Standard costs - Job ord B. Standard costs - Process C. Actual costs - Job order D. Actual costs - Process Y. Other(s) 2/	der s			
1	2/ Describe on a Continuation Sheet.				

9903.202-9

cos	ST ACCOUNTING STANDARDS BOARD DISCLOSURE STATEMENT	PART I - GENERAL INFORMATION NAME OF REPORTING UNIT				
F	REQUIRED BY PUBLIC LAW 100-679					
item No.	Item description					
1.5.0	Identification of Differences Between Contract Cost Accounting and Financial Accounting Records.					
	List on a continuation sheet, the types of costs charged to Federal contracts that are supported by memorandum records and identify the method used to reconcile with the entity's financial accounting records.					
1.6.0	<u>Unallowable Costs.</u> Costs that are not reimbursable as allowable costs under the terms and conditions of Federal awards are identified as follows: (Mark all that apply and if more than one is marked, describe on a continuation sheet the major cost groupings, organizations, or other criteria for using each marked technique.)					
1.6.1	Incurred costs.					
	A Specifically identification accounting records	ed and recorded separately in the formal financial .				
	B Identified in separately maintained accounting records or workpapers.					
	C Identifiable through use of less formal accounting techniques that per verification.					
	D Determinable by ot	Determinable by other means. 1/				
1.6.2	Estimated costs.					
	A By designation and description (in backup data, workpapers, etc) when specifically been identified and recognized in making estimates.					
		ny other estimating technique employed to provide ition of any unallowable amounts pertinent to the estimate				
	C Other. <u>1</u> /					
1.7.0	Fiscal Year: (Specific reporting purposes, e.g., 1/1 to 12/31.)	fy twelve month period used for financial accounting and				
1.7.1	.1 Cost Accounting Period: (Specify period. If the cost accounting period use the accumulation and reporting of costs under Federal contracts is other than the fiscal year id in Item 1.7.0, explain circumstances on a continuation sheet.)					
	1/ Describe on a Continuation Sheet.					

FORM CASB DS-1 (REV 2/96)

1 - 2

	COST ACCOUNTING STANDARDS BOARD	PART II - DIRECT COSTS			
	DISCLOSURE STATEMENT REQUIRED BY PUBLIC LAW 100-679	NAME OF REPORTING UNIT			
Item . No.	Item description				
	Part II Inst				
	and Other Direct Costs.	f direct costs, i.e., Direct Material, Direct Labor,			
	It is not the intent here to spell out or define the three elements of direct costs. Rather, each contractor should disclose practices based on its own definitions of what costs are, or will be, charged directly to Federal contracts or similar cost objectives as Direct Material, Direct Labor, or Other Direct Costs. For example, a contractor may charge or classify purchased labor of a direct nature as "Direct Material" for purposes of pricing proposals, requests for progress payments, claims for cost reimbursement, etc.; some other contractor may classify the same cost as "Direct Labor," and still another as "Other Direct Costs." In these circumstances, it is expected that each contractor will disclose practices consistent with its own classifications of Direct Material, Direct Labor, and Other Direct Costs.				
2.1.0	<u>Description of Direct Material.</u> Direct material as used here is <u>not</u> limited to those items of material actually incorporated into the end product; they also include material, consumable supplies, and other costs when charged to Federal contracts or similar cost objectives as Direct Material. (Describe on a continuation sheet the principal classes or types of material and services which are charged as direct material; group the material and service costs by those which are incorporated in an end product and those which are not.)				
2.2.0	Method of Charging Direct Material.				
2.2.1	Direct Charge Not Through an Inventory Account at one is marked, explain on a continuation sheet.)	(Mark the appropriate line(s) and if more than			
	A Standard costs (Describe the	type of standards used.) 1/			
	B. Actual Costs Y. Other(s) 1/				
	Z. Not applicable				
2.2.2	Charged Direct from a Contractor-owned Inventory Account at: (Mark the appropriate line(s) and if more than one is marked, explain on a continuation sheet.)				
	A Standard costs 1/				
	B. Average Costs 1/				
	C. First in, first out				
	D. Last in, first out Y. Other(s) 1/				
	Z. Not applicable				
	1/ Describe on a Continuation Sheet.				
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	L				

<u> </u>	COST ACCOUNTING STANDARDS BOARD	PART II - DIRECT COSTS				
	DISCLOSURE STATEMENT REQUIRED BY PUBLIC LAW 100-679	NAME OF REPORTING UNIT				
Item No.	Item desci	ription				
2.3.0	Timing of Charging Direct Material. (Mark the appropriate line(s) to indicate the point in time at whice direct material are charged to Federal contracts or similar cost objectives, and if more than one line marked, explain on a continuation sheet.)					
	C. When material is issued or rele cost objective	When both the material and invoice are received When material is issued or released to a process, batch, or similar intermediate cost objective When material is issued or released to a final cost objective When invoices are paid Other(s) 1/				
2.4.0	Variances from Standard Costs for Direct Material. (Do not complete this item unless you use a standard cost method, i.e., you have marked Line A of Item 2.2.1, or 2.2.2. Mark the appropriate line(s) in Items 2.4.1, 2.4.2, and 2.4.4, and if more than one line is marked, explain on a continuation sheet.)					
2.4.1	Type of Variance.					
2.4.2	A. Price B. Usage C. Combined (A and B) Y. Other(s) 1/ Level of Production Unit used to Accumulate Variance	e. Indicate which level of production unit is used				
	as a basis for accumulating material variances.	·				
2.4.3	A. Plant-wide Basis B. By Department C. By Product or Product Line Y. Other(s) 1/ Method of Disposing of Variance. Describe on a con-	tinuation sheet the basis for, and the frequency				
	of, the disposition of the variance.					
2.4.4	Revisions. Standard costs for direct materials are rev	ised:				
	A. Semiannually B. Annually C. Revised as needed, but at leas Y. Other(s) 1/	it once annually				
	1/ Describe on a Continuation Sheet.					

	COST ACCOUNTING STANDARDS BOARD	PART II	- DIRECT COSTS			
	DISCLOSURE STATEMENT REQUIRED BY PUBLIC LAW 100-679	NAME OF REPORTING UNIT				
Item No.	Item description					
2.5.0	Method of Charging Direct Labor: (Mark the appropriate line(s) for each Direct Labor Category to show how such labor is charged to Federal contracts or similar cost objectives, and if more than o line is marked, explain on a continuation sheet. Also describe on a continuation sheet the principa classes of labor rates that are, or will be applied to Manufacturing Labor, Engineering Labor, and Other Direct Labor, in order to develop direct labor costs.					
		Manufacturing	Direct Labor Catego Engineering	Other Direct		
	A. Individual/actual rates B. Average rates — uncompensated overtime hours included in	Martin State Comments	were relative to the control of the			
	computation 1/ C. Average rates – uncompensated overtime hours excluded from computation		-			
	D. Standard costs/rates 1/ Y. Other(s) 1/ Z. Labor category is not applicable					
2.6.0	Variances from Standard Costs for Direct Labor, standard costs/rate method, i.e., you have marked Mark the appropriate line(s) in each column of Its marked, explain on a continuation sheet.)	ed Line D of Iter	n 2.5.0 for any d	irect labor category		
2.6.1	Type of Variance.					
		Manufacturing	Direct Labor Categor	Other Direct		
	A. Rate B. Efficiency C. Combined (A and B) Y. Other(s) 1/ Z. Labor category is not applicable					
	1/ Describe on a Continuation Sheet.					

	COST ACCOUNTING STANDARDS BOARD	PART II -	DIRECT COST	s	İ		
	DISCLOSURE STATEMENT REQUIRED BY PUBLIC LAW 100-679	NAME OF REPORTING UNIT					
item No.	ltem o	description					
2.6.2	Level of Production Unit used to Accumulate Variance. Indicate which level of production unit is used						
	as a basis for accumulating the labor variances.						
		Manufacturing	Direct Labor Cate Engineering	Other Direct			
	A. Plant-wide basis B. By department C. By product or product line						
! !	Y. Other(s) 1/ Z. Labor category is not applicable						
2.6.3	Method of Disposing of Variance. Describe on a of, the disposition of the variance.	a continuation sh	neet the basis f	or, and the frequer	тсу		
2.6.4	Revisions. Standard costs for direct labor are re	evised:					
2.7.0	A. Semiannually B. Annually C. Revised as needed, but a Y. Other(s) 1/ Description of Other Direct Costs. Other signific contracts or other final cost objectives. Describ	cant items of co	st directly iden	tified with Federal			
	other costs that are always charged directly, the e.g., fringe benefits, travel costs, services, subc	at is, identified s contracts, etc.	pecifically with	n final cost objectiv	es,		
2.7.1	When Employee Travel Expenses for lodging and or similar cost objectives the charge is based on		e charged direc	ct to Federal contra	icts		
	A. Actual Costs B. Per Diem Rates C. Lodging at actual costs a Y. Other Method 1/ Z. Not Applicable	and subsistence	at per diem				
2.8.0	Credits to Contract Costs. When Federal contract following circumstances, are the rates of direct applicable indirect costs always the same as the circumstance, and for each "No" answer, explainted charge.)	labor, direct ma ose for the origin	terials, other d nal charges? (M	irect costs and fark one line for ea	ch		
	Circumstance	<u>A.</u>	Yes B.	. No Z. Not Appl	licable		
	(a) Transfers to other jobs/contracts						
	(b) Unused or excess materials remainin upon completion of contract			h vidali ANTON			
	1/ Describe on a Continuation Sheet.						

		UNTING STANDARDS BOARD LOSURE STATEMENT	PART III - DIRECT VS. INDIRECT COSTS			
		BY PUBLIC LAW 100-679	NAME OF REPORT	TING UNIT		
Item No.		Item d	lescription			
3.1.0	Criteria for Determining How Costs are Charged to Federal Contracts Or Similar Cost Objectives. Describe on a continuation sheet your criteria for determining when costs incurred for the same purpose, in like circumstances, are treated either as direct costs only or as indirect costs only with respect to final cost objectives.					
3.2.0	Treatment of Costs of Specified Functions, Elements of Cost, or Transactions. (For each of the functions, elements of cost or transactions listed in Items 3.2.1, 3.2.2, and 3.2.3, enter one of the Codes A through F, or Y, to indicate how the item is treated. Enter Code Z in those lines that are not applicable to you. Also, specify the name(s) of the indirect pool(s) (as listed in 4.1.0, 4.2.0 and 4.3.0) for each function, element of cost, or transaction coded E or F. If Code E, Sometimes direct/Sometimes indirect, is used, explain on a continuation sheet the circumstances under which both direct and indirect allocations are made.)					
		Treatment Code				
	A. Direct material B. Direct labor C. Direct material and labor D. Other direct costs E. Sometimes direct/Sometimes indire F. Indirect only Y. Other(s) 1/ Z. Not applicable			ct/Sometimes indirect		
3.2.1		lements of Cost, ons Related to ial	Treatment Code	Name of Pool(s)		
	, (a)	Cash Discounts on Purchases	and the same of th			
	(b)	Freight in		-		
	(c)	Income from Sale of Scrap	-			
	(d)	Income from Sale of Salvage	******			
	(e)	Incoming Material Inspection (receiving)	-			
	(f)	Inventory adjustment				
	(g)	Purchasing	WATER TO THE PARTY THE PAR			
	(h)	Trade Discounts, Refunds, Rebates, and Allowances on Purchases				

		INTING STANDARDS BOARD OSURE STATEMENT	PART III - DIRECT VS. INDIRECT COSTS NAME OF REPORTING UNIT			
	REQUIRED	BY PUBLIC LAW 100-679	NAME OF REPOR	RTING UNIT		
tem No.	Item description					
3.2.2	Functions, Elements of Cost, or Transactions Related to Direct Labor		Treatment Code	Name of Pool(s)		
	(a)	Incentive Compensation				
	(ь)	Holiday Differential (Priemium Pay)				
	(c)	Vacation Pay	THE SAME PARKS			
	(d)	Overtime Premium Pay				
	(e)	Shift Premium Pay	and the second			
	(f)	Pension Costs				
	(g)	Post Retirement Benefits Other Than Pensions				
	(h)	Health Insurance	and the second			
	(i)	Life Insurance				
	(i)	Other Deferred Compensation 1/		·		
	(k)	Training	***			
	(1)	Sick Leave	-			
		olex center		•		

		JNTING STANDARDS BOARD	PART III - DIRECT VS. INDIRECT COSTS NAME OF REPORTING UNIT		
		LOSURE STATEMENT BY PUBLIC LAW 100-679			
Item No.	Item description				
3.2.3	Functions, Elements of Cost, or Transactions - Miscellaneous		Treatment Code	Name of Pool(s)	
	(a)	Design Engineering (in-house)			
	(ь)	Drafting (in-house)	-		
	(c)	Computer Operations (in-house)			
	(d)	Contract Administration			
	(e)	Subcontract Administration Costs			
	(f)	Freight Out (finished product)			
	(g)	Line (or production) Inspection			
	(h)	Packaging and Preservation			
	(i)	Preproduction Costs and Start-up Cost	s		
	(j)	Departmental Supervision			
	(k)	Professional Services (consultant fees)			
	(1)	Purchased Labor of Direct Nature (on premises)			
	(m)	Purchased Labor of Direct Nature (off premises)			
	′ (n)	Rearrangement Costs			
	(o)	Rework Costs			
	(p)	Royalties			
	(p)	Scrap Work			
	(r)	Special Test Equipment			
	(s)	Special Tooling			
	(t)	Warranty Costs	ATTACA MARKATANA		
	(u)	Rental Costs			
	(v)	Travel and Subsistence	and the second		
	(w)	Employee Severance Pay	-		
	(x)	Security Guards			

	COST ACCOUNTING STANDARDS BOARD DISCLOSURE STATEMENT REQUIRED BY PUBLIC LAW 100-679				PART IV - INDIRECT COSTS NAME OF REPORTING UNIT				
ltem No.		Item description							
			Part IV I	structions					
	engineering, a and expense p first category	nd compa nool costs of indirec	arable indirect costs, (ii) general a , as defined in Item 4.3.0. The t costs.	nd administrative term "overhead," :	three categories: (i) manufacturing, (G&A) expenses, and (iii) service central used in this part, refers only to the section with Items 4.1.0, 4.2.0 and				
	A. B. C. D. E. F.	Total direct and ap Value input subco Total input Prime labor Procedirect overh	•	H. L. J. K. L. M. O. P. Y.	Direct labor dollers Direct labor hours Machine hours Usage Unit of production Direct material cost Total payroll dollars (direct and indirect employees) Headcount or number of employees (direct and indirect employees) Square feet Other(s), or more than one basis (Describe on a continuation sheet.) Pool not applicable				
4.1.0	(G&A) expensional business unit several pools pool listed incoherence objectives.	may have such as a ficate the diso, for e	are allocated to final cost objecti a only a single pool encompassin manufacturing overhead, enginee base used for allocating such p	ves without any ing g all of its overhea ring overhead, ma cooled expenses to major functions, a	other than general and administrative intermediate allocations. A segment or ad costs or alternatively it may have iterial handling overhead, etc. For each Federal contracts or similar cost scrivities, and elements of cost include additional space is required. Allocation Base Code				
	1.	(a)	Major functions, activities, an elements of cost included:	d					
		(b)	Description/Make up of the	_					
			allocation base:						

			STANDARDS BOARD	PART IV - INDIRECT COSTS		
			E STATEMENT BLIC LAW 100-679	NAME OF REPORTING UNIT		
Item No.	Item description					
4.1.0	Continued.			Allocation <u>Base Code</u>		
	2.					
		(a)	Major functions, activities, and elements of cost included:	1		
				- -		
		(b)	Description/Make up of the allocation base:			
				-		
4.2.0	that describ selected inc cost objecti activities, a if direct lab	e(s) the licate the ives. Als nd eleme or dollars	manner in which G&A expenses a e base(s) used for allocating such so, for each category of pool(s) se ents of cost included, and (b) the s are used, are fringe benefits incl	Select among the three categories of pools below are allocated. For each category of pool(s) pooled expenses to Federal contracts or similar elected, indicate (a) the major functions, make up of the allocation base(s). For example, luded? If a total cost input base is used, is the sheet if additional space is required.		
	Sino	gle Pool	Containing G&A Expenses Only	Allocation Base Code		
	(a)		or functions, activities, and nents of cost included:			
	(b)	Des	cription/Make up of the allocation	base:		

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	DISCI	OSURE	STANDARDS BOARD STATEMENT LIC LAW 100-679	PART IV - INDIRECT	
Item No.			Item des	cription	
4.2.0	Continued.	Allocation Base Code			
	(a)		functions, activities, and nts of cost included:		
	(b)	Descr	iption/Make up of the allocatio	n base:	
	Special Allocations 1.				Allocation Base Code
		(a)	Major functions, activities, a elements of cost included:	and 	
	2.	(b)	Description/Make up of the	allocation base:	
	2.	(a)	Major functions, activities, elements of cost included:	and	
		(b)	Description/Make up of the	allocation base:	

IV - 3

CASB, OFPP, OMB

	DISCL	OSURE	STANDARDS BOARD STATEMENT BLIC LAW 100-679	PART IV - INDIRECT COSTS NAME OF REPORTING UNIT						
ltem No.	Item description									
4.3.0	Service Cente	Service Center and Expense Pool Allocation Bases.								
	Service centers are departments or other functional units which perform specific technical and/or administrative services primarily for the benefit of other units within a reporting unit. Expense pools are pools of indirect costs that are allocated primarily to other units within a reporting unit. Examples of service centers are data processing centers, reproduction services and communications services. Examples of expense pools are use and occupancy pools and fringe benefit pools.									
	Category Code									
	specific final co overhead pool) and (ii) only to	st object for subs several	tives as direct costs and partially to sequent reallocation to several final a other indirect cost pools (such as a pool) for subsequent reallocation to	are, or can be, charged or allocated (i) other indirect cost pools (such as a m osst objectives, referred to herein as C manufacturing overhead pool, engineer several final cost objectives, referred	anufac ategory ing ove	turing 'A', erhead				
	_		Rate Co							
				redetermined billing or costing rates to or allocate on an actual basis (Rate Coo		or				
	Code A or B to	describ	for charging or allocating service ce e the costing method used. Also, for	nter or expense pool costs. Enter in C						
		seet if ac		the make up of the allocation base. It Category Code(1)	Alloca tion Base Code	Rate Code				
		seet if ac	nd elements of cost included, and (b) difficient space is required.	the make up of the allocation base. I Category Code	Alloca tion Base Code	Rate Code				
	continuation sh	seet if ac	nd elements of cost included, and (b) difficient space is required.	the make up of the allocation base. I Category Code	Alloca tion Base Code	Rate Code				
	continuation sh	Service	ad elements of cost included, and (b) diffitional space is required. a Center or ense Pool Major functions, activities,	the make up of the allocation base. It Category Code	Alloca tion Base Code	Rate Code				
	continuation sh	Servic Expe	d elements of cost included, and (b) diffitional space is required. a Center or ense Pool Major functions, activities, and elements of cost included:	the make up of the allocation base. It Category Code	Alloca tion Base Code	Rate Code				
	continuation sh	Servic Expe	d elements of cost included, and (b) diffitional space is required. a Center or ense Pool Major functions, activities, and elements of cost included:	the make up of the allocation base. It Category Code	Alloca tion Base Code	Rate Code				
	continuation sh	Servic Expe	d elements of cost included, and (b) diffitional space is required. a Center or ense Pool Major functions, activities, and elements of cost included:	the make up of the allocation base. It Category Code	Alloca tion Base Code	Rate Code				
	continuation sh	Service Expe	d elements of cost included, and (b) diffitional space is required. ca Center or ense Pool Major functions, activities, and elements of cost included: Description/Make up of the allocate and the space and the	the make up of the allocation base. It Category Code(1)	Alloca tion Base Code	Rate Code				

		OUNTING STANDARDS BOARD	PART IV - INDIRECT COSTS					
	DISC	CLOSURE STATEMENT D BY PUBLIC LAW 100-679	NAME OF REPORTING UNIT					
item No.	Item description							
4.4.0	Treatment of \	n or Overabsorption). Where predeten	mined billing or					
4.4.0	costing rates a	rare used to charge costs of service centers te Code A in Column (3) of Item 4.3.0), va nore than one is marked, explain on a conti	and expense pools to Federal contracts riances from actual costs are: (Mark ti	s or other indirect				
	A. Prorated to users on the basis of charges made, at least once annually B. All charged or credited to indirect cost pool(s) at least once annually Y. Other(s) 1/							
	Z.	to reporting unit						
4.5.0	Application of	Overhead and G&A Rates to Specified Tran	nsactions or Costs.					
	establishing a other than the rate" or "more where, as in s	tem is directed to ascertaining your practic separate indirect cost pool, allocation is ma normal full rate for that pool. In the case then full rate" should be used to describe ome cases of off-site activities, etc., a separate is lower than the "in-house" rate.	ade from an established overhead or Gi of such a special allocation, the terms the practice. The terms do <u>not</u> apply	"less than full to situations				
	indicate your i entered, identi applicable. If	ach of the transactions or costs listed below indirect cost allocation practice with respectify on a continuation sheet the pool(s) repo Codes B or C, less than or more than the fife expenses that are covered by such a rate.	t to that transaction or cost. If Code A rted under items 4.1.0, 4.2.0, and 4.3 ull rate, is entered, describe on a conti	.0, which are				
	Rate Code							
		العالم rate pecial allocation at less than full rate [,] Z. Transaction or cost is no	C. Special allocation at more than to D. No overhead or G&A is applied to applicable to reporting unit	full rate				
	T	saction or Cost to Which		Rate				
		ect Costs May be Allocated		Code				
	(a)	Subcontract costs						
	(b)							
		Purchased Labor						
	(c)	Government-furnished materials						
	(d)	Government-furnished materials Self-constructed depreciable assets						
	(d) (e)	Government-furnished materials Self-constructed depreciable assets Labor on installation of assets						
	(d) (e) (f)	Government-furnished materials Self-constructed depreciable assets						
	(d) (e)	Government-furnished materials Self-constructed depreciable assets Labor on installation of assets Off-site work	licate on a					
	(d) (e) (f) (g)	Government-furnished materials Self-constructed depreciable assets Labor on installation of assets Off-site work Interorganizational transfers out Interorganizational transfers in (Also ind continuation sheet the basis used by yo	u as transferee					
	(d) (e) (f) (g)	Government-furnished materials Self-constructed depreciable assets Labor on installation of assets Off-site work Interorganizational transfers out Interorganizational transfers in (Also ind continuation sheet the basis used by yo to charge the cost or price of interogram	u as transferee izational					
	(d) (e) (f) (g)	Government-furnished materials Self-constructed depreciable assets Labor on installation of assets Off-site work Interorganizational transfers out Interorganizational transfers in (Also ind continuation sheet the basis used by yo to charge the cost or price of interogran transfers to Federal contracts or similar	u as transferee vizational cost					
	(d) (e) (f) (g)	Government-furnished materials Self-constructed depreciable assets Labor on installation of assets Off-site work Interorganizational transfers out Interorganizational transfers in (Also ind continuation sheet the basis used by yo to charge the cost or price of interogram transfers to Federal contracts or similar objectives. If the charge is based on co	u as transferee uizational cost ost, indicate					
	(d) (e) (f) (g) (h)	Government-furnished materials Self-constructed depreciable assets Labor on installation of assets Off-site work Interorganizational transfers out Interorganizational transfers in (Also ind continuation sheet the basis used by yo to charge the cost or price of interogram transfers to Federal contracts or similar objectives. If the charge is based on whether the transferor's G&A expenses	u as transferee uzational cost sst, indicate are included.)					
	(d) (e) (f) (g)	Government-furnished materials Self-constructed depreciable assets Labor on installation of assets Off-site work Interorganizational transfers out Interorganizational transfers in (Also ind continuation sheet the basis used by yo charge the cost or price of interogran transfers to Federal contracts or similar objectives. If the charge is based on contheter transferor's G&A expenses Other transactions or costs (Enter Code	u as transferee uizational cost sst, indicate : are included.) B or C on this					
	(d) (e) (f) (g) (h)	Government-furnished materials Self-constructed depreciable assets Labor on installation of assets Off-site work Interorganizational transfers out Interorganizational transfers in (Also ind continuation sheet the basis used by yo to charge the cost or price of interogran transfers to Federal contracts or similar objectives. If the charge is based on contents on the cost of the transferor's G&A expenses Other transactions or costs (Enter Code line if there are other transactions or co	u as transferee izzational cost ost, indicate : are included.) B or C on this sts to which					
	(d) (e) (f) (g) (h)	Government-furnished materials Self-constructed depreciable assets Labor on installation of assets Off-site work Interorganizational transfers out Interorganizational transfers in (Also Indicontinuation sheet the basis used by you charge the cost or price of interogram transfers to Federal contracts or similar objectives. If the charge is based on content the transfer of SGA expenses Other transactions or costs (Enter Code line if there are other transactions or certifications of certifications or certifications of certifications or certification	wu as transforce vizational cost ost, indicate are included.) B or C on this sists to which all rate is					
	(d) (e) (f) (g) (h)	Government-furnished materials Self-constructed depreciable assets Labor on installation of assets Off-site work Interorganizational transfers out Interorganizational transfers in (Also ind continuation sheet the basis used by yo to charge the cost or price of interogran transfers to Federal contracts or similar objectives. If the charge is based on contents on the cost of the transferor's G&A expenses Other transactions or costs (Enter Code line if there are other transactions or co	uu as transferee uizational cost ost, indicate are included.) B or C on this sts to which uilt rate is s on a					
	(d) (e) (f) (g) (h)	Government-furnished materials Self-constructed depreciable assets Labor on installation of assets Off-site work Interorganizational transfers out Interorganizational transfers in (Also ind continuation sheet the basis used by yo to charge the cost or price of interogran transfers to Federal contracts or similar objectives. If the charge is based on or whether the transferor's G&A expenses Other transactions or costs (Enter Code line if there are other transactions or coetine if there are other transactions or costs fenter less than full rate or more than full applied. List such transactions or costs	uu as transferee iizational cost ost, indicate are included.) B or C on this ists to which ull rate is on a be the major					
	(d) (e) (f) (g) (h)	Government-furnished materials Self-constructed depreciable assets Labor on installation of assets Off-site work Interorganizational transfers out Interorganizational transfers in (Also ind continuation sheet the basis used by yo to charge the cost or price of interogram transfers to Federal contracts or similar objectives. If the charge is based on contents to the transactions or costs [Enter Code line if there are other transactions or cost for more than fix applied. List such transactions or costs continuation sheet, and for each describe the second of the continuation sheet, and for each describe of the second of the continuation sheet, and for each describe of the continuation sheet.	uu as transforce izzational cost ost, indicate are included.) B or C on this ists to which ill rate is on a be the major ste. If there					

	COST ACCOUNTING STANDARDS BOARD			PART IV - INDIRECT COSTS		
	DISCI	LOSURE S	STATEMENT IC LAW 100-679	NAME OF REPORTING UNIT		
item No.	Item description					
4.6.0	requirements	for the a ocable ma &D and E	llocation of IR&D and B&P cost unufacturing, engineering, and/o B&P projects were under contra	Bid and Proposal (B&P) Costs. Definitions of and its are contained in 48 CFR 9904.420. The full or other overhead is applied to IR&D and B&P ct, and the "burdened" IR&D and B&P costs are:		
	A.	. ——	Allocated to Federal contracts composite pool with G&A exp	or similar cost objectives by means of a enses.		
	В.	. —	Allocated to Federal contracts separate pool.	or similar cost objectives by means of a		
	C.		Transferred to the corporate of benefiting segments.	or home office level for reallocation to the		
	Y.	-	Other <u>1</u> /			
	Z.		Not applicable			
4.7.0	Cost of Capi undistributed	ital Comm I facilities	nitted to Facilities. In accordan capital items are allocated to	ce with instructions for Form CASB-CMF, overhead and G&A expense pools: (Mark one.)		
	A.	·		sed to absorb the actual depreciation or ties; <u>land is assigned in the same manner as the</u>		
	В.		On a basis not identical to the amortization from these facility difference for each step of the	at used to absorb the actual depreciation or ties. (Describe on a continuation sheet the e allocation process.)		
	c.		By the "alternative allocation CASB-CMF.	process" described in instructions for Form		
	Z.		Not applicable.			
	1/ Describe on a Continuation Sheet.					

	COST ACCOUNTING STANDARDS BOARD	PART V - DEPRECIATION AND CAPITALIZATION PRACTICES		
	DISCLOSURE STATEMENT REQUIRED BY PUBLIC LAW 100-679	NAME OF REPORTING UNIT		
item No.	Item des	cription		
	Part V Ins	tructions		
	Where a home office either establishes prac covered in this Part or incurs and then allocates the complete this Part to be included in the submission General Instructions.	se costs to its segments, the home office may		
5.1.0	Depreciating Tangible Assets for Government Control listed on Page, enter a code from A through H in depreciation (Code F for assets that are expensed); the basis for determining useful life; a code from A depreciation methods or use charges are applied to (4) indicating whether or not residual value is dedurent Code Y in each column of an asset category. Enter Code Z in Column (1) only, if an asset category.	n Column (1) describing the method of a code from A through C in Column (2) describing through C in Column (3) describing how property units; and a Code A, B or C in Column ted from the total cost of depreciable assets. where another or more than one method applies.		
	Column (1)—Depreciation Method Code	Column (2)-Useful Life Code		
	A. Straight Line B. Declining balance C. Sum-of-the years digits D. Machine hours E. Unit of production F. Expensed at acquisition G. Use charge H. Method of depreciation used under the applicable Internal Revenue Procedures Y. Other or more than one method 1/ Z. Asset category is not applicable	A. Replacement experience adjusted by expected changes in periods of usefulness B. Term of Lease C. Estimated on the basis of Asset Guidelines under Internal Revenue Procedures Y. Other, or more than one method 1/		
	Column (3)-Property Units Code	Column (4)-Residual Value Code		
	A. Individual units are accounted for separately B. Applied to groups of assets with similar service lives C. Applied to groups of assets with varying service lives Y. Other or more than one method 1/	A. Residual value is estimated and deducted B. Residual value is covered by the depreciation method (e.g., declining balance) C. Residual value is estimated but not deducted in accordance with the provisions of 48 CFR 9904.409 1/ Y. Other or more than one method 1/		
	1/ Describe on a Continuation Sheet.			

		DUNTING STANDARDS BOARD	PART V -		ATION AND JZATION P	
		CLOSURE STATEMENT ED BY PUBLIC LAW 100-679	NAME OF	REPORTI	NG UNIT	
Item No.		ltem c	lescription			
5.1.0	Continued.		n			Positive.
			Depreciation Method	Life	Property Units	Residual Value
	Ass	et Category	Code	Code	Code	Code
			(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
	(a)	Land improvements	April 1971			
	(b)	Building				
	(c)					
		Leasehold improvements				
		Machinery and equipment Furniture and fixtures				-
	(f)	Automobiles and trucks		-		
		Data processing equipment				
	(i)	Programming/reprogramming costs				
	(i)	Patterns and dies				
	(k)					
	(1)	Other depreciable asset categories				
		(Enter Code Y on this line if other				
		asset categories are used and enumerate on a continuation sheet				
1		each such asset category and the				
		applicable codes. Otherwise enter				
		Code Z.)				
5.2.0	the same for	n Practices for Costing, Financial Acc or costing Federal contracts as for fina ach line under Financial Accounting ar his item.)	ancial accounting	g and inco	ome tax? (Mark either (A)
	Fin	ancial Accounting	A. Yes		B. <u>No</u>	
	(a)	Methods	Manager and			
	(b)	Useful lives	-			
	(c)					
	(d)	Residual values				
	Inc	ome Tax	A. <u>Yes</u>		B. <u>No</u>	
	(e)	Methods	Montestalista			
	(f)	Useful lives	Manage Common			
	(g)	Property units				
	(h)	Residual values				
1	-					

	COST ACCOUNTIN	IG STANDARDS BOARD	PART V -	DEPRECIATION AND CAPITALIZATION PRACTICES	
	DISCLOSU	RE STATEMENT PUBLIC LAW 100-679	NAME OF	REPORTING UNIT	
Item No.	Item description				
5.3.0	Fully Depreciated (Mark one.)	Assets. Is a usage charge for full	y depreciated	d assets charged to Federal contracts?	
	A B Z.	_ Yes <u>1</u> / _ No Not applicable			
5.4.0	Treatment of Gain the appropriate lin	s and Losses on Disposition of Deels and if more than one is mark	epreciable Pro ed, explain o	operty. Gains and losses are: (Mark n a continuation sheet.)	
	A	Credited or charged currently depreciation of the assets w		e overhead or G&A pools to which the	
	В	Taken into consideration in twhere trade-in is involved	the depreciati	ion cost basis of the new items,	
	c	Not accounted for separatel	, but reflect	ed in the depreciation reserve account	
	Y	Other(s) 1/			
	z	Not applicable			
5.5.0	regarding capitalize the same specifies	expensing of Specified Costs. (M lation or expensing of specified co d cost is sometimes expensed and tinuation sheet the circumstances	osts incurred d sometimes		
	Cost	A. <u>E</u>	xpensed	B. Capitalized	
	(a) Fr	eight-in			
ļ	(b) Sa	les taxes	· ·		
	(c) Ex	cise taxes			
	(d) A	chitect-engineer fees			
	(e) O	verhauls (extraordinary repairs)	-		
	1/ Describe on a	Continuation Sheet.			

	COST ACCOUNTING STANDARDS BOARD	PART V - DEPRECIATION AND CAPITALIZATION PRACTICES				
	DISCLOSURE STATEMENT REQUIRED BY PUBLIC LAW 100-679	NAME OF REPORTING UNIT				
item No.	Item description					
5.6.0	<u>Criteria for Capitalization.</u> Enter (a) the minimum doll addition, alteration and improvement of depreciable a of expected life years of capitalized assets.					
	If more than one dollar amount or number ap your depreciable assets, and enumerate on a number of years for each category or subcate for the majority of assets.					
	(a) Minimum dollar amount capitalize	ed				
	(b) Minimum service life years					
5.7.0	Group or Mass Purchase. Are group or mass purchase which individually are less than the capitalization among yes is marked, provide the minimum aggregate dollar	ount indicated above, capitalized? (Mark one. If				
	A Yes					
	Minimum aggreg	gate dollar amount capitalized				
	B No					
1						

	DISC	UNTING STANDARDS BOARD LOSURE STATEMENT	NAME OF DEDOCTING	LIMIT	
	REQUIRED	BY PUBLIC LAW, 100-679	NAME OF REPORTING	i UNII	
tem lo.		Item de	escription		
		Part VI I	nstructions		
	in this Part o	re a home office either establishes pra or incurs and then allocates these cost oe included in the submission by the s	s to its segments, the hom	e office may	complete
6.1.0	each column any unused	harging and Crediting Vacation, Holid of Items 6.1.1, 6.1.2, 6.1.3 and 6.1 or unpaid vacation, holiday, or sick pa	.4 to indicate the method t	ised to charg	e, or credit
	continuation	sheet.)		Salar	ied
	İ			Non-	
6.1.1	Charges for	Vacation Pay	Hourly (1)	exempt <u>1</u> / (2)	Exempt <u>1</u> (3)
	Α.	When Accrued (earned)			
	В.	When Taken			
	Y.	Other(s) 2/			
6.1.2	Charges for	Holiday Pay			
	A.	When Accrued (earned)	-		-
	В.	When Taken			
	Y.	Other(s) 2/		· ——	
6.1.3	Charges for	Sick Pay			
	A.	When Accrued (eamed)			-
	В.	When Taken		,	
	Y.	Other(s) 2/	-	-	
6.1.4		Jnused or Unpaid oliday, or Sick Pay			
	Α.	Credited to Accounts Originally charged at Least Once Annually			
	В.	Credited to Indirect Cost Pools at Least Once Annually	***************************************		
	C.	Carried Over to Future Cost			
	Υ.	Accounting Periods 2/ Other(s) 2/			
	Z.	Not Applicable			
				-	
		the definition of Non-exempt and Exe C. 206.	mpt salaries, see the Fair L	abor Standar	ls Act, 29
	3/ Dag	ribe on a Continuation Sheet			

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	DISCLOSURE	STANDARDS BOARD STATEMENT BLIC LAW 100-679	PART VI - OTHER COSTS AND CREDITS NAME OF REPORTING UNIT		
	NEUVIKED BY PU	DIG DATE 100-0/3	The orthogolar		
Item No.	Item description				
6.2.0			fit <u>Plans.</u> Costs of such plans are charged to if more than one is marked, explain on a		
	Α.	When actual payments are ma	ade directly to employees		
	В	When accrued (book accrual of	or funds set aside but no trust fund involved)		
	c	When contributions are made	to a nonforfeitable trust fund		
	D	Not charged			
	Y	Other(s) 1/			
	z	Not applicable			
6.3.0	Severance Pay and Early Retirement. Costs of normal turnover severance pay and early retiremen incentive plans, as defined in FAR 31.2 or other pertinent procurement regulations, which are cha directly or indirectly to Federal contracts, are based on: (Mark the appropriate line(s) and if more one is marked, explain on a continuation sheet.)				
	A	Actual payments made			
	В	Accrued amounts on the basis	s of past experience		
	C Not charged				
	Y Other(s) <u>1</u> /				
	Z	Not applicable			
6.4.0	incidental or miscella	neous receipts, such as revenue n related costs have been alloca	indicate the method used to account for s from renting real and personal property or ted to Federal contracts. If more than one is		
	A	The entire amount of the rece which related costs have been	ipt is credited to the same indirect cost pools to n charged		
	В	related part of the receipt is c	pipt includes an allowance for profit, the cost- redited to the same indirect cost pools to which ed; the profits are credited to Other		
	с	The entire amount of the rece Income	ipt is credited directly to Other (Miscellaneous)		
	Y	Other(s) 1/			
	z	Not applicable			
	1/ Describe on a Co	ntinuation Sheet.			

	COST ACCOUNTING STAI DISCLOSURE STA REQUIRED BY PUBLIC I	TEMENT	PART VI - OTHER COSTS AND CREDITS NAME OF REPORTING UNIT				
Item No.	Item description						
6.5.0	<u>Proceeds from Employee Welfare Activities.</u> Employee welfare activities include all of those activities set forth in FAR 31.2. (Mark the appropriate line(s) to indicate the practice followed in accounting for the proceeds from such activities. If more than one is marked, explain on a continuation sheet.)						
	pro	Proceeds are turned over to an employee-welfare organization or fund; such proceeds are reduced by all applicable costs such as depreciation, heat, light and power					
	B Sar	ne as above, except the pro	ceeds are not reduced by all applicable costs				
		ceeds are credited at least of ich costs have been charged	once annually to the appropriate cost pools to				
	D Pro	ceeds are credited to Other	(Miscellaneous) Income				
	Y O#	ner(s) <u>1</u> /					
	Z Not	t applicable					
	1/ Describe on a Continua	ation Sheet.					

CASB, OFPP, OMB

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	COST ACCOU	NTING STANDARDS BOARD	PART VII - DEFERRED COMPENSATION AND INSURANCE COST				
	DISCLOSURE STATEMENT REQUIRED BY PUBLIC LAW 100-679 NAME OF REPORTING UNIT						
Item No.	Item description						
	Part VII Instructions						
	This part covers the measurement and assignment of costs for employee pensions, post retirement benefits other than pensions (including post retirement health benefits), certain other types of deferred compensation, and insurance. Some organizations may incur all of these costs at the corporate or home office level, while others may incur them at subordinate organizational levels. Still others may incur a portion of these costs at the corporate level and the balance at subordinate organizational levels.						
	Where the segment (reporting unit) does not directly incur such costs, the segment should, on a continuation sheet, identify the organizational entity that incurs and records such costs, and should require that entity to complete the applicable portions of this Part VII. Each such entity is to fully disclose the methods and techniques used to measure, assign, and allocate such costs to the segment(s) performing Federal contracts or similar cost objectives. Necessary explanations required to achieve that objective should be provided by the entity on a continuation sheet.						
	Where a home office either establishes practices or procedures for the types of costs covered in this Part VII or incurs and then allocates those costs to its segments, the home office may complete this Part to be included in the submission by the segment as indicated on page (i) 4., General Instructions .						
7.1.0	plans whose	with Costs Charged to Federal Contr costs are charged to Federal contracts nber of plans.)	acts. Identify the types and number of pension or similar cost objectives: (Mark applicable line(s)				
		Type of Pension Plan	Number of Plans				
	A.	Defined-Contribution Plan (Other tha	n ESOPs (see 7.5.0))				
		 Non-Qualified Qualified 					
1	В.	Defined-Benefit Plan					
		Non-Qualified a. Costs are measured and b. Costs are measured and					
1		(pay-as-you-go) basis 2. Qualified					
		a. Trusteed (Subject to ERIb. Fully-insured plan (Exem	SA's minimum funding requirements) ot from ERISA's minimum funding				
		c. Collectively bargained pl contribution plan	a defined-contribution plan an treated as a defined-				
	Υ.	Other <u>1</u> /					
	Z.	Not Applicable (Proceed to Ite	m 7.2.0)				
	1/ Describe on a Continuation Sheet.						

		UNTING STANDARDS BOARD	PART VII - DEFERRED COMPENSATION AND INSURANCE COST	
		CLOSURE STATEMENT O BY PUBLIC LAW 100-679	NAME OF REPORTING UNIT	
ltem No.	Hem description			
7.1.1	General Plan li	nformation. On a continuation sheet for e	each plan identified in item 7.1.0, provide the following	
	A. The plan name			
	В.	The Employer Identification Number (El any	(N) of the plan sponsor as reported on IRS Form 5500, if	
	C.	The plan number as reported on IRS Fo	orm 5500, if any	
	D.	is there a funding agency established f	or the plan?	
	E.	Indicate where costs are accumulated: (1) Home Office (2) Segment		
	F.		fits to any other plan, identify the other plan(s).	
7.1.2	numerous plan largest dollar sheet the basi fiscal year. (I three plans, in	ns are listed under 7.1.0.A., 7.1.0.B.2.b., amounts of costs charged to Federal cont is for the contribution (including treatment if there are not more than three plans, pro	Plans treated as Defined-Contribution Plans. Where or 7.1.0.B.2.c., for those plans which represent the racts, or similar cost objectives, describe on a continuatio of dividends, credits, and forfeitures) required for each vide information for all the plans. If there are more than ans that in the aggregate account for at least 80 percent a segment or business unit.)	
	Z	Not applicable. (Proceed to Ite	em 7.1.3)	
7.1.3	treated as def represent the below on a co there are mon	fined-contribution plans reported under 7.1 largest dollar amounts of costs charged to ontinuation sheet. (If there are not more to the than three plans, information should be	ed under 7.1.0.B. (excluding certain defined-benefit plans 0.B.2.b. and 7.1.0.B.2.c.), for those plans which o Federal contracts, provide the information requested than three plans, provide information for all the plans. If provided for those plans that in the aggregate account fo allocable to this segment or business unit.):	
	Α.	used to value ancillary benefits, for ea actuarial value of assets. Also, if appl	ctuarial cost method used, including the cost method(s) ch plan. Include the method used to determine the icable, include whether normal cost is developed as a lev salary. For plans listed under 7.1.0.8.1.b., enter "pay-as	
	В.	assumptions are made for each plan. assumptions, but provide a description	events or conditions for which significant actuarial Do not include the current numeric values of the of the basis used for determining these numeric values. luate the validity of an actuarial assumption. For plans pplicable.	
	c.	on the basis of a readily determinable value. If no, describe how the market	ets. Indicate if all assets of the funding agency are value market price. If yes, indicate the basis for the market values are determined for those assets that do not have plans listed under 7.1.0.B.1.b., entor "not applicable".	
	D.	Basis for Cost Computation. Indicate	whether the cost for the segment is determined as:	
		An allocated portion of the to A separately computed pensionsegments.	tal pension plan cost. on cost for one or more segments. If so, identify theser	

COST ACCOUNTING STANDARDS BOARD			PART VII - DEFERRED COMPENSATION AND INSURANCE COST
		LOSURE STATEMENT BY PUBLIC LAW 100-679	NAME OF REPORTING UNIT
ltem No.		Item descri	iption
7.2.0	Charged to Fe number of PR retiree benefit	ederal Contracts. Identify the accounting IB plans whose costs are charged to Fed ts are provided as an integral part of an rees, report that plan under 7.3.0. (Mar	including post-retirement health care benefits) g method used to determine the costs and the eral contracts or similar cost objectives. Where employee group insurance plan that covers k applicable line(s) and enter number of plans.)
		Method Used to Determine Costs	Number of Plans
	A.	Accrual Accounting	
	В.	Cash (pay-as-you-go) Accounting	
	C.	Purchased Insurance from unrelated In	surer
	D.	Purchased Insurance from Captive Insu	urer
	E.	Self-Insurance (including insurance	
	_	obtained through Captive Insurer)	
	F.	Terminal Funding	-
	Y. Z.	Other 1/ Not Applicable (Proceed to Item	730
-	۷.	Not Applicable (Froceed to Itel	17.5.0)
7.2.1		Plan Information. On a continuation she information grouped by method used to	et for each plan identified in item 7.2.0, provide determine costs:
	Α.	The plan name	
-	В.	The Employer Identification Number (E 5500, if any	(IN) of the plan sponsor as reported on IRS Form
	C.	The plan number as reported on IRS F	orm 5500, if any
	D.	Is there a funding agency or funded re	serve established for the plan?
	E.	Indicate where costs are accumulated: (1) Home Office (2) Segment	
	F.	Are benefits provided pursuant to a westablished practice, briefly describe.	ritten plan or an established practice? If
	G.	plan is operated as an employee group under 7.2.0.Y., indicate whether the p	c., 7.2.0.D., or 7.2.0.E., indicate whether the binsurance program. If this PRB plan is listed plan is operated as a group insurance program. group insurance program, report this plan under no, report the plan under 7.2.2.
	1/ Describe	on a Continuation Sheet.	

		UNTING STANDARDS BOARD	PART VII - DEFERRED COMPENSATION AND INSURANCE COST
		LOSURE STATEMENT D BY PUBLIC LAW 100-679	NAME OF REPORTING UNIT
Item No.		Item des	cription
7.2.2	largest dollar the informati information t those plans t	amounts of costs charged to Federal of on below on a continuation sheet. (If the for all the plans. If there are more than	r 7.2.0, for those plans which represent the contracts, or other similar cost objectives, provide there are not more than three plans, provide three plans, information should be provided for st 80 percent of those PRB costs allocable to this
	Α.	benefit, as appropriate. Include the assets. Identify the amortization me under 7.2.0.B., enter "cash account	actuarial cost method used for each plan or each method used to determine the actuarial value of thods and periods used, if any. For plans listed ing". For plans listed under 7.2.0.F., enter amortization methods and periods used, if any.
	В.	actuarial assumptions are made for values of the assumptions, but prov these numeric values. Also, describ	e events or conditions for which significant each plan. Do not include the current numeric ide a description of the basis used for determining e the criteria used to evaluate the validity of an er 7.2.0.B. or 7.2.0.F., enter "not applicable".
	C.	plan: (For plans under 7.2.0.B. or 7. 1. Describe the criteria for or p	mation on the funding practice for the costs of the 2.0.F., enter "not applicable".) ractice of funding the measured and assigned cost; ual, funding is made pursuant to VEBA or 401(h)
		rules. 2. Briefly describe the funding a 3. Are all assets valued on the yes, indicate the basis used	arrangement. basis of a readily determinable market price? If for the market value. If no, describe how the or those assets that are not valued on the basis of
	D.	Basis for Cost Computation. Indicatas:	te whether the cost for the segment is determined
		 An allocated portion of the t A separately computed PRB those segments. 	otal PRB plan cost cost for one or more segments. If so, identify
	E.	Forfeitability. Does each participant benefit or account balance? If no, e	have a non-forfeitable contractual right to their explain.
	Z.	Not applicable, proceed to it	em 7.3.0.

	COST ACCOUNTING STANDARDS BOARD	PART VII - DEFERRED COMPENSATION AND INSURANCE COST				
	DISCLOSURE STATEMENT REQUIRED BY PUBLIC LAW 100-679	NAME OF REPORTING UNIT				
ltem No.	Item description					
7.3.0	Employee Group Insurance Charged to Federal Contrae organization provide group insurance coverage to fix e surgical, medical, disability, accident, and similar plant the coverage was previously described in 7.2.0.) A. Yes (Complete Item 7.3.1) B. No (Proceed to Item 7.4.0)	mployees? (Includes coverage for life, hospital,				
7.3.1	Employee Group Insurance Programs. For each program that covers a category of insured risk (e.g., life, hospital, surgical, medical, disability, accident, and similar programs for both active and retired employees), provide the information below on a continuation sheet, using the codes described below: (If there are not more than three policies or self-insurance plans that comprise the program, provide information for all the policies and self-insurance plans. If there are more that three policies or self-insurance plans, information should be provided for those policies and self-insurance plans that in the aggregate account for at least 80 percent of the costs allocable to this segment or business unit for the program that covers each category of insured risk identified.)					
	Description of Employee Group Insurance Prog	ram:				
	Policy or Self- Cost Cost Inclusions Plan Accumulation Basis Retire (1) (2) (3)	es Basis Loss Expenses				
	Column (1) – <u>Cost</u>	<u>Accumulation</u>				
	Enter Code A, B, or Y, as appropriate.					
	A. Costs are accumulated at the Home 0 B. Costs are accumulated at Segment Y. Other 1/	ffice.				
	Column (2) <u>C</u>	Cost Basis				
	Enter code A, B, C, or Y, as appropriate.					
	Purchased Insurance from unrelated th Self-insurance C. Purchased Insurance from a captive in: Y. Other 1/					
	1/ Describe on a Continuation Sheet.					

	COST ACCOUNTING STANDARDS BOARD	PART VII - DEFERRED COMPENSATION AND INSURANCE COST				
	DISCLOSURE STATEMENT REQUIRED BY PUBLIC LAW 100-679	NAME OF REPORTING UNIT				
ltem	Item description					
No.	Continued.					
7.3.1						
	Column	(3) - Includes Retirees				
	Enter code A, B, C, or Y, as appropriate.					
	A. No, does not include benefits fo	r retirees.				
	B. Yes, PRB benefits for retirees th	at are a part of a policy or coverage for both active employees				
	and retirees are reported here in					
	1	e a part of a PRB plan previously reported under 7.2.0.				
	Y. Other <u>1</u> /					
	Column (4) – <u>P</u>	urchased Insurance Rating Basis				
	For each plan listed enter code A, B, C,	Y, or Z, as appropriate.				
	A. Retrospective Rating (also called experience rating plan or retention plan).					
	B. Manually Rated					
	C. Community Rated					
	Y. Other, or more than one type _	<u>!</u> /				
	Z. Not applicable					
	Column (5) - Projected Average Loss					
	For each self-insured group plan, or the self-insured portion of purchased insurance, enter code A, B, C,					
	Y, or Z, as appropriate.					
	A. Self-insurance costs represent the projected average loss for the period estimated					
	of the cost of comparable purch					
		on the contractor's experience, relevant industry experience, and lance with accepted actuarial principles.				
		d to represent the projected average loss for the period.				
	C. Actual payments are considered Y. Other, or more than one metho					
	Z. Not applicable	• 1,				
	<u>Column (6) – In</u>	surance Administration Expenses				
	For each self-insured group plan, or the D, Y, or Z, as appropriate, to indicate h	self-insured portion of purchased insurance, enter code A, B, C ow administrative costs are treated.				
	A. Separately identified and accum	nulated in indirect cost pool(s).				
	B. Separately identified, accumula	ited, and allocated to cost objectives either at the segment and/ ecation method on a Continuation Sheet).				
		ncluded in indirect cost pool(s). (Describe pool(s) on a				
		r or third party (Describe accumulation and allocation process of				
	Y. Other <u>1</u> /					
	Z. Not applicable					
	1/ Describe on a Continuation Sheet.					

	COST ACCOUNTING STANDARDS BOARD		PART VII - DEFERRED COMPENSATION AND INSURANCE COST
		SURE STATEMENT Y PUBLIC LAW 100-679	NAME OF REPORTING UNIT
ltem No.	Item description		
7.4.0	Deferred Compensation, as defined in CAS 9904.415. Does your organization award deferred compensation, other than ESOPs, which is charged to Federal contracts or similar cost objectives? (Mark one.)		Does your organization award deferred Federal contracts or similar cost objectives?
	A.	Yes (Complete Item 7.4.1.)	
	В.	No (Proceed to Item 7.5.0.)	
7.4.1		formation. On a continuation sheet for i, provide the following information:	r all deferred compensation plans, as defined by
	A.	The plan name	
	В.	The Employer Identification Number (E 5500, if any	IN) of the plan sponsor as reported on IRS Form
	C.	The plan number as reported on IRS F	orm 5500, if any
	D.	Indicate where costs are accumulated	
		(1) Home office (2) Segment	·
	E.	Are benefits provided pursuant to a w established practice, briefly describe .	ritten plan or an established practice? If
7.4.2	Deferred Compensation Plans. Where numerous plans are listed under 7.4.1, for those plans which represent the largest dollar amounts of costs charged to Federal contracts, or other similar cost objectives, provide the information below on a continuation sheet. (If there are not more than three plans, provide information for all the plans. If there are more than three plans, information should be provided for those plans that in the aggregate account for at least 80% of these deferred compensation costs allocable to this segment or business unit):		
	A.	Description of Plan.	
		 Stock Options Stock Appreciation Rights Cash Incentive Other (explain) 	
	В.	Method of Charging Costs to Federal	Contracts or Similar Cost Objectives.
		Costs charged when accrued a Costs charged when accrued a Costs charged when paid to e Other (explain)	and the accrual is partially funded or not funded

	COST ACCOUNTING STANDARDS BOARD		PART VII - DEFERRED COMPENSATION AND INSURANCE COST		
		LOSURE STATEMENT DISTRIBUTION BY PUBLIC LAW 100-679	NAME OF REPORTING UNIT		
Item No.	Item description				
7.5.0	Employee St	ock Ownership Plans (ESOPs). Does you	ur organization make contributions to fund ESOPs racts or similar cost objectives? (Mark one)		
	Α.	Yes (Proceed to Item 7.5.1)			
	B No (Proceed to Item 7.6.0)				
7.5.1	General Plan	Information. On a continuation sheet,	for all ESOPs provide the following information:		
	Α.	The plan name			
	B. The Employer Identification Number (EIN) of the plan sponsor as reported on IRS Form 5500, if any				
	C. The plan number as reported on IRS Form 5500, if any				
	D. Indicate where costs are accumulated: (1) Home office (2) Segment				
	E. Are benefits provided pursuant to a written plan or an established practice? If established practice, briefly describe.				
	F.	F. Indicate whether the ESOP plan is a defined-contribution plan subject to CAS 9904.412. (Answer Yes or No).			
	G.	G. Indicate whether the ESOP is leveraged or nonleveraged.			
	н.	H. <u>Valuation of Stock or Non-Cash Assets</u> . Are the plan assets valued on the basis of a readily determinable market price? If yes, indicate the basis for the market value. If no, indicate how the market value is determined for those assets that do not have a readily determinable market price.			
	 Forfeitures and Dividends. Describe the accounting treatment for forfeitures and dividends, on both allocated and unallocated shares, in the measurement of ESOP costs charged directly or indirectly to Federal contracts or similar cost objectives for each plan identified. 				
	J.	Administrative Costs. Describe how identified, grouped, and accumulated	the costs of administration of each plan listed ar l.		

	COST ACCOUNTING STANDARDS BOARD	PART VII - DEFERRED COMPENSATION AND INSURANCE COST			
	DISCLOSURE STATEMENT REQUIRED BY PUBLIC LAW 100-679	NAME OF REPORTING UNIT			
Item No.	Item description				
7.6.0	Worker's Compensation, Liability, and Property Insurance. Does your organization have insurance coverage regarding worker's compensation, liability and property insurance? A Yes (Complete Item 7.6.1.) B No (Proceed to Part VIII)				
7.0.1	Worker's Compensation, Liability and Property Insurance Coverage. For each line of insurance that covers a category of insured risk (e.g., worker's compensation, fire and similar perils, automobile liability and property damage, general liability), provide the information below on a continuation sheet using the codes described below: (If there are not more than three policies or self-insurance plans that are applicable to the line of insurance, provide information for all the policies and self-insurance plans. If there are more than three policies or insurance plans, information should be provided for those policies and self-insurance plans that in the aggregate account for at least 80 percent of the costs allocable to this segment or business unit for each line of insurance identified.)				
	Description of Line of Insurance Coverage:				
	Crediting Self-Insurance of Dividende Projected Insurance Policy or Self- Cost Cost and Earned Average Administrative Insurance Plan Accumulation Basis Refunds Loss Expenses (1) (2) (3) (4) (5)				
	Column (1) Cos	t Accumulation			
	Enter code A, B, or Y, as appropriate.				
	A. Costs are accumulated at the Home Office. B. Costs are accumulated at Segment Y. Other 1/				
	Column (2) – <u>Cost Basis</u>				
	Enter code A, B, C, or Y, as appropriate.				
	A. Purchased Insurance from unrelated third party B. Self-insurance C. Purchased Insurance from a captive insurer Y. Other 1/1				
	1/ Describe on a Continuation Sheet.				

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		UNTING STANDARDS BOARD	PART VII - DEFERRED COMPENSATION AND INSURANCE COST		
		CLOSURE STATEMENT O BY PUBLIC LAW 100-679	NAME OF REPORTING UNIT		
item No.		Item desc	ription		
7.6.1	Continued.				
	Column (3) – <u>Crediting of Dividends and Eamed Refunds</u>				
	For each line of coverage listed, enter code A, B, C, D, E, Y, or Z, as appropriate.				
	A. Credited directly or indirectly to Federal contracts or similar cost objectives in the year				
	В.	earned Credited directly or indirectly to Feder	ral contracts or similar cost objectives in the year		
	C.	received, not necessarily in the year			
	C.	insurance	currently reflect the net annual cost of the		
	D.	Not credited or refunded to the contra accordance with 48 CFR 9904.416-5	actor but retained by the carriers as reserves in (0(a)(1)(iv)		
	E.	Manually Rated - not applicable			
	Y. Z.	Other, or more than one <u>1</u> / Not applicable			
		· ·			
	Column (4) Projected Average Loss				
	For each self-insured group plan, or the self-insured portion of purchased insurance, enter code A, B, C, Y, or Z, as appropriate.				
	A.	Costs that represent the projected av	erage loss for the period estimated on the basis insurance.		
	В.	 Costs that are based on the contractor's experience, relevant industry experience, an anticipated conditions in accordance with generally accepted actuarial principles and 			
	C.	practices. C. The actual amount of losses are considered to represent the projected average loss for the period.			
	Y.	Other, or more than one method. 1/			
	Z. Not applicable				
		Column (5) – Insurance A	dministration Expenses		
	For each self-insured group plan, or the self-insured portion of purchased insurance, enter code A, B, C, D, Y, or Z, as appropriate, to indicate how administrative costs are treated.				
	A.	Separately identified and accumulated	d in indirect cost pool(s).		
	 Separately identified, accumulated, and allocated to cost objectives either at the segment and/or home office level (Describe allocation method on a Continuation 				
	C.	Sheet). Not separately identified, but include Continuation Sheet).	d in indirect cost pool(s). (Describe pool(s) on a		
	D.		ird party. (Describe accumulation and altocation		
	Y.	Other <u>1</u> /			
	Z.	Not applicable			
	1/ Desc	cribe on a Continuation Sheet.			

CASB, OFPP, OMB 9903.202-9

	COST ACCOUNTING STANDARDS BOARD DISCLOSURE STATEMENT REQUIRED BY PUBLIC LAW 100-679 PART VIII - HOME OFFICE EXPENSES NAME OF REPORTING UNIT		
item No.	Item description		
	Part VIII Instructions		
	FOR HOME OFFICE, AS APPLICABLE (Includes home office type operations of subsidiarie joint ventures, pertnerships, etc.). 1/		
	This part should be completed only by the office of a corporation or other business entity where such an office is responsible for administering two or more segments, where it allocates its costs to such segments and where at least one of the segments is required to file Parts I through VII of the Disclosure Statement.		
	Data for this part should cover the reporting unit's (corporate or other intermediate level home office's) most recently completed fiscal year. For a corporate (home) office, such data should cover the entire corporation. For a intermediate level home office, they should cover the subordinate organizations administered by that group office.		
8.1.0	Organizational Structure.		
	On a continuation sheet, provide the following information:		
	In column (1) list segments and other intermediate level home offices reporting to thome office. In column (2) insert "yes" or "no" to indicate if reporting units have recorded any CAS-covered Government Sales, and In column (3) provide the percentage of annual CAS-covered Government Sales as Percentage of Total Sales (Government and Commercial), if applicable, as follows:		
	A. Less than 10% B. 10%-50% C. 51%-80% D. 81%-95% E. Over 95% Segment or CAS Covered Government Sales as a Other Intermediary Home Office Government Sales Percentage of Total Sales (1) (2) (3)		
8.2.0	Other Applicable Disclosure Statement Parts. (Refer to page (i) 4., General Instructions, and Parts V, VI and VII of the Disclosure Statement. Indicate below the parts that the reporting unit has completed concurrently with Parts I and VIII.)		
	A. Part V - Depreciation and Capitalization Practices B. Part VI - Other Costs and Credits C. Part VII - Deferred Compensation and Insurance Costs Z. Not Applicable		
	1/ For definition of home office see 48 CFR 9904.403.		

	DISC	UNTING STANDARDS BOARD LOSURE STATEMENT D BY PUBLIC LAW 100-679	PART VIII - HOME OFFICE EXPENSES NAME OF REPORTING UNIT		
item No.		Item des	cription		
8.3.0	Expenses or Pools of Expenses and Methods of Allocation.				
	For classification purposes, three methods of allocation, defined as follows are to be used:				
	(i) Directly Allocated—those expenses that are charged to specific corporate segments or other intermediate level home offices based on a specific identification of costs incurred, as described in 9904.403;				
	(ii)	•	individual or groups of expenses which are s beneficial or causal relationships, as described in		
	(iii)		enses which are allocated to all segments by ne total activity of such segments.		
		Allocation E	Base Codes		
	A. Sales				
	B.				
	C. Total Cost Input (Direct Material, Direct Labor, Other Direct Costs, and Applicable Overhead)				
	D. Total Cost Incurred (Total Cost Input Plus G&A Expenses)				
	E. Prime Cost (Direct Material, Direct Labor, and Other Direct Costs				
	F.	Three factor formula (CAS 9904.40)			
	G.	Processing or Conversion Cost (Dire	ct Labor and Applicable Overhead)		
	Н.	Direct Labor Dollars			
	l.	Direct Labor Hours			
	J.	Machine Hours			
	K.	Usage			
	L. Unit of Production				
	M. Direct Material Cost N. Total Payroll Dollars (Direct and Indirect Employees)				
	0.	•			
	P.				
	Q. Value Added				
	Y. Other, or More than One Basis 1/				
	of expenses listed, also in addition, for or Y, to indice example, if of items listed then list those	or the name of the expense pool(s). Findicate as item (a) the major functions, items listed under 8.3.2 and 8.3.3 ent cate the basis of allocation and describ direct labor dollars are used, are ovetim under 8.3.2 and 8.3.3, if a pool is not se reporting units either receiving or no	headings 8.3.1, 8.3.2, and 8.3.3 enter the type or each of the types of expense or expense pools activities, and elements of cost included. In er one of the Allocation Base Codes A through Q, e as item (b) the make up of the base(s). For e premiums, fringe benefits, etc. included? For allocated to all reporting units listed under 8,1.0, t receiving an allocation. Also identify special ement charges (see 9904.403-40(c)(3)).		
	1/ Describe	on a Continuation Sheet.			

CASB, OFPP, OMB

	DISC	UNTING STANDARDS BOARD LOSURE STATEMENT D BY PUBLIC LAW 100-679	PART VIII - HOME OFFICE EXPENSES NAME OF REPORTING UNIT
item No.	Item description		ription
		Type of Expenses or Name of Pool of	Expenses
8.3.1	Directly Alloc	cated	
	1.		
	(a)	Major functions, activities, and element	ents of cost include:
	2.		
	(a)	Major functions, activities, and element	ents of cost include:
8.3.2	Homogeneou	us Expense Pools	Allocation Base Code
	1.		
	(a)	Major functions, activities, and element	ents of cost include:
	(b)	Description/Make up of the allocation	n base:
	2.		
	(a)	Major functions, activities, and elem	
	(b)	Description/Make up of the allocation	n base:

		UNTING STANDARDS BOARD	PART VIII - HOME OFFICE EXPENSES	
		BY PUBLIC LAW 100-679	NAME OF REPORTING UNIT	
tem Vo.		Item de	escription	
8.3.3	Residual Exp	onses	Allocation Base Code	
	(a)	Major functions, activities, and ele		
	(Б)	Description/Make up of the allocati	on base:	
	1			
3.4.0	office, identi	<u>xponses.</u> If there are normally transf fy on a continuation sheet the classifi I the expense.	ers of expenses from reporting units to this home cation of the expense and the name of the report	
3.4.0	office, identi	fy on a continuation sheet the classifi	ers of expenses from reporting units to this home cation of the expense and the name of the report	
8.4.0	office, identi	fy on a continuation sheet the classifi	ers of expenses from reporting units to this home cation of the expense and the name of the report	
3.4.0	office, identi	fy on a continuation sheet the classifi	ers of expenses from reporting units to this home cation of the expense and the name of the report	
3.4.0	office, identi	fy on a continuation sheet the classifi	ers of expenses from reporting units to this home cation of the expense and the name of the report	

FORM CASB DS-1 (REV 2/96)

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[61 FR 7621, Feb. 28, 1996]

9903.202-10 Illustration of Disclosure Statement Form, CASB DS-2.

The data which are required to be disclosed by educational institutions

are set forth in detail in the Disclosure Statement Form, CASB DS-2, which is illustrated below:

FORM APPROVED OMB NUMBER 0348-0055

DISCLO REQUIRED E	TING STANDARDS BOARD SURE STATEMENT BY PUBLIC LAW 100-679 DNAL INSTITUTIONS	INDEX	
GENERAL I	NSTRUCTIONS	••••••	(i)
COVER SH	EET AND CERTIFICATION	N	C-1
PARTI	General Information		I-1
PART II	Direct Costs		11-1
PART III	Indirect Costs		III-1
PART IV	Depreciation and Use A	llowances	IV-1
PART V	Other Costs and Credits	s	V-1
PART VI	Deferred Compensation	and Insurance Costs	VI-1
PART VII	Central System or Grou	p Expenses	VII-1

COST ACCOUNTING STANDARDS BOARD
DISCLOSURE STATEMENT
REQUIRED BY PUBLIC LAW 100-679
EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. This Disclosure Statement has been designed to meet the requirements of Public Law 100-679, and persons completing it are to describe the educational institution and its cost accounting practices. For complete regulations, instructions and timing requirements concerning submission of the Disclosure Statement, refer to Section 9903.202 of Chapter 99 of Title 48 CFR (48 CFR 9903).
- 2. Part I of the Statement provides general information concerning each reporting unit (e.g., segments, business units, and central system or group (intermediate administration) offices). Parts II through VI pertain to the types of costs generally incurred by the segment or business unit directly performing under Federally sponsored agreements (e.g., contracts, grants and cooperative agreements). Part VII pertains to the types of costs that are generally incurred by a central or group office and are allocated to one or more segments performing under Federally sponsored agreements.
- 3. Each segment or business unit required to disclose its cost accounting practices should complete the Cover Sheet, the Certification, and Parts I through VI.
- 4. Each central or group office required to disclose its cost accounting practices for measuring, assigning and allocating its costs to segments performing under Federally sponsored agreements should complete the Cover Sheet, the Certification, Part I and Part VII of the Disclosure Statement. Where a central or group office incurs the types of cost covered by Parts IV, V and VI, and the cost amounts allocated to segments performing under Federally sponsored agreements are material, such office(s) should complete Parts IV, V, or VI for such material elements of cost. While a central or group office may have more than one reporting unit submitting Disclosure Statements, only one Statement needs to be submitted to cover the central or group office operations.
- The Statement must be signed by an authorized signatory of the reporting unit.
- 6. The Disclosure Statement should be answered by marking the appropriate line or inserting the applicable letter code which describes the segment's (reporting unit's) cost accounting practices.
- 7. A number of questions in this Statement may need narrative answers requiring more space than is provided. In such instances, the reporting unit should use the attached continuation sheet provided. The continuation sheet may be reproduced locally as needed. The number of the question involved should be indicated and the same coding required to answer the questions in the Statement should be used in presenting the answer on the continuation sheet. Continuation sheets should be inserted at the end of the pertinent Part of the Statement. On each continuation sheet, the reporting unit should enter the next sequential page number for that Part and, on the last continuation sheet used, the words "End of Part" should be inserted after the last entry.

FORM CASB DS-2 (REV 10/94)

COST ACCOUNTING STANDARDS BOARD DISCLOSURE STATEMENT REQUIRED BY PUBLIC LAW 100-679 EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- 8. Where the cost accounting practice being disclosed is clearly set forth in the institution's existing written accounting policies and procedures, such documents may be cited on a continuation sheet and incorporated by reference. In such cases, the reporting unit should provide the date of issuance and effective date for each accounting policy and/or procedures document cited. Alternatively, copies of the relevant parts of such documents may be attached as appendices to the pertinent Disclosure Statement Part. Such continuation sheets and appendices should be labeled and cross-referenced with the applicable Disclosure Statement item number. Any supplementary comments needed to fully describe the cost accounting practice being disclosed should also be provided.
- 9. Disclosure Statements must be amended when disclosed practices are changed to comply with a new CAS or when practices are changed with or without agreement of the Government (Also see 48 CFR 9903.202-3).
- 10. Amendments shall be submitted to the same offices to which submission would have to be made were an original Disclosure Statement being filed.
- 11. Each amendment should be accompanied by an amended cover sheet (indicating revision number and effective date of the change) and a signed certification. For all resubmissions, on each page, insert "Revision Number ____ " and "Effective Date ___ " in the Item Description block; and, insert "Revised" under each Item Number amended. Resubmitted Disclosure Statements must be accompanied by similar notations identifying the items which have been changed.

ATTACHMENT - Blank Continuation Sheet

FORM CASB DS-2 (REV 10/94)

cos	T ACCOUNTING STANDARDS BOARD	CONTINUATION SHEET
	DISCLOSURE STATEMENT	NAME OF REPORTING UNIT
H	EQUIRED BY PUBLIC LAW 100-679 EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS	NAME OF REPORTING UNIT
Item	EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS	
No.		Item Description
l		
		·
FORM C	ASB DS-2 (REV 10/94)	-

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	COST ACCOUNTING STANDARDS BOARD DISCLOSURE STATEMENT REQUIRED BY PUBLIC LAW 100-679 EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS		COVER SHEET AND CERTIFICATION	
0.1	Educa	tional Institution		
	(a)	Name		
	(b)	Street Address		
	(c)	City, State and ZIP Code		
	(d)	(d) Division or Campus of (if applicable)		
0.2	Report	ing Unit is: (Mark one.)	
	A. Independently Administered Public Institution B. Independently Administered Nonprofit Institution C. Administered as Part of a Public System D. Administered as Part of a Nonprofit System E. Other (Specify)			
0.3	Official	to Contact Concerning	this Statement:	
	(a) 1	Name and Title	·	
	(b) F	Phone Number (include	area code and extension)	
0.4	Statem	ent Type and Effective	Date:	
	Α. (Mark type of submissio	n. If a revision, enter number)	
	-	a) Original Sta b) Amended S	stement Statement; Revision No.	
	B. E	ffective Date of this St	atement: (Specify)	
0.5	Statement Submitted To (Provide office name, location and telephone number, include area code and extension):		ide office name, location and telephone number, in):	
	Ä. C	Cognizant Federal Agend	cy:	
	B. C	ognizant Federal Audito	or:	
FORM CA	SB DS-2 (RE	V 10/94) (D-1	

COST ACCOUNTING STANDARDS BOARD DISCLOSURE STATEMENT	
REQUIRED BY PUBLIC LAW 100-679 EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS	COVER SHEET AND CERTIFICATION
CER	RTIFICATION
amended in the case of a Rev the date of certification showr accounting practices, as re	st of my knowledge and belief this Statement, as ision, is the complete and accurate disclosure as of a below by the above-named organization of its cost quired by the Disclosure Regulations (48 CFR inting Standards Board under 41 U.S.C. § 422.
Date of Certification:	
(5	Signature)
(Prin	at or Type Name)
	(Title)
IS PRI	LISE STATEMENT IN THIS DISCLOSURE ESCRIBED IN S.C. § 1001
FORM CASE DS-2 (REV 10/94)	C-2

Cos	T ACCOUNTING STANDARDS BOARD PART I - GENERAL INFORMATION					
RI	EQUIRED BY PUBLIC LAW 100-679 NAME OF REPORTING UNIT EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS					
item No.	Item Description					
	Part I					
1.1.0	<u>Description of Your Cost Accounting System</u> for recording expenses charged to Federally sponsored agreements (e.g., contracts, grants and cooperative agreements). (Mark the appropriate line(s) and if more than one is marked, explain on a continuation sheet.)					
	A Accrual					
	B Modified Accrual Basis 1/					
	C Cash Basis					
	Y Other <u>1</u> /					
1.2.0	Integration of Cost Accounting with Financial Accounting. The cost accounting system is: (Mark one. If B or C is marked, describe on a continuation sheet the costs which are accumulated on memorandum records.)					
	A Integrated with financial accounting records (Subsidiary cost accounts are all controlled by general ledger control accounts.)					
	B Not integrated with financial accounting records (Cost data are accumulated on memorandum records.)					
	C Combination of A and B					
1.3.0	<u>Unallowable Costs</u> . Costs that are not reimbursable as allowable costs under the terms and conditions of Federally sponsored agreements are: (Mark one)					
	A. Specifically identified and recorded separately in the formal financial accounting records. 1/					
	B Identified in separately maintained accounting records or workpapers. $\underline{1}/$					
	C Identifiable through use of less formal accounting techniques that permit audit verification. 1/					
	D Combination of A, B or C 1/					
	E Determinable by other means. 1/					
ODM O	1/ Describe on a Continuation Sheet. ASB DS-2 (REV 10/94) I-1					

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RE	FACCOUNTING STANDARDS BOARD DISCLOSURE STATEMENT QUIRED BY PUBLIC LAW 100-679 EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS	PART I - GENERAL INFORMATION NAME OF REPORTING UNIT				
ltern No.		Item Description				
1.3.1	Treatment of Unallowable Costs. (Explain on a continuation sheet how unallowable costs and directly associated costs are treated in each allocation base and indirect expense pool, e.g., when allocating costs to a major function or activity; when determining indirect cost rates; or, when a central office or group office allocates costs to a segment.)					
1.4.0	Cost Accounting Period: (Specify the twelve month period used for the accumulation and reporting of costs under Federally sponsored agreements, e.g., 7/1 to 6/30. If the cost accounting period is other than the institution's fiscal year used for financial accounting and reporting purposes, explain circumstances on a continuation sheet.)					
1.5.0	regulations which influence the	dentify on a continuation sheet any State laws or e institution's cost accounting practices, e.g., State and any applicable statutory limitations or special rosts.				
	1/ Describe on a Continuation	Sheet.				
ORM C	ASB DS-2 (REV 10/94)	1-2				

COST ACCOUNTING STANDARDS BOARD DISCLOSURE STATEMENT PART II- DIRECT COSTS						
REQUIRED BY PUBLIC LAW 100-679 EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS		NAME OF REPORTING UNIT				
Item No.	Item Description					
	Instructions for Part II					
	Institutions should disclose what costs are, or will be, charged directly to Federally sponsored agreements or similar cost objectives as Direct Costs. It is expected that the disclosed cost accounting practices (as defined at 48 CFR 9903.302-1) for classifying costs either as direct costs or indirect costs will be consistently applied to all costs incurred by the reporting unit.					
2.1.0	Criteria for Determining How Costs are Charged to Federally Sponsored Agreements or Similar Cost Objectives. (For all major categories of cost under each major function or activity such, as instruction, organized research, other sponsored activities and other institutional activities, describe on a continuation sheet, your criteria for determining when costs incurred for the same purpose, in like circumstances, are treated either as direct costs only or as indirect costs only with respect to final cost objectives. Particular emphasis should be placed on items of cost that may be treated as either direct or indirect costs (e.g., Supplies, Materials, Salaries and Wages, Fringe Benefits, etc.) depending upon the purpose of the activity involved. Separate explanations on the criteria governing each direct cost category identified in this Part II are required. Also, list and explain if there are any deviations from the specified criteria.)					
2.2.0	Description of Direct Materials. All materials and supplies directly identified with Federally sponsored agreements or similar cost objectives. (Describe on a continuation sheet the principal classes of materials which are charged as direct materials and supplies.)					
2.3.0	Method of Charging Direct Materials and Supplies. (Mark the appropriate line(s) and if more than one is marked, explain on a continuation sheet.)					
2.3.1	Direct Purchases for Projects a	are Charged to Projects at:				
	A Actual Invoiced Costs B Actual Invoiced Costs Net of Discounts Taken Y Other(s) 1/ Z Not Applicable					
2.3.2	Inventory Requisitions from Central or Common, Institution-owned Inventory. (Identify the inventory valuation method used to charge projects):					
	A First In, First Out B Last In, First Out C Average Costs 1/ D Predetermined Costs 1/ Y Other(s) 1/ Z Not Applicable					
	1/ Describe on a Continuation Sheet.					
FORM C	FORM CASB DS-2 (REV 10/94) II-1					

cos	T ACCOUNTING STANDARDS BOARD DISCLOSURE STATEMENT	PART II- DI	RECT COST	s		
RE	QUIRED BY PUBLIC LAW 100-679 EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS	NAME OF R	EPORTING L	INIT		
Item No.		Item Desc	ription			
2.4.0	Description of Direct Persons with Federally sponsored agreement of the person fringe benefits costs, if any, ware charged as direct persons	reements on al services within each	r similar co compensa major insti	ost objec ition cos	tives. (D ts, includi	Describe on a ng applicable
2.5.0	Method of Charging Direct Salaries and Wages. (Mark the appropriate line(s) for each Direct Personal Services Category to identify the method(s) used to charge direct salary and wage costs to Federally sponsored agreements or similar cost objectives. If more than one line is marked in a column, fully describe on a continuation sheet, the applicable methods used.)					
			Direct Faculty (1)	Personal S Staff (2)	Students (3)	oory Other 1/ (4)
	A. Payroll Distribution Metho (Individual time card/actua hours and rates)					
	 B. Plan - Confirmation (Budg planned or assigned work activity, updated to reflec significant changes) 		Mark and the second second			
	 C. After-the-fact Activity Re- (Percentage Distribution of employee activity) 					
	D. Multiple Confirmation Rec (Employee Reports prepar each academic term, to account for employee's activities, direct and indir charges are certified separ	ed				
	Y. Other(s) <u>1</u> /					
	1/ Describe on a Continuatio	n Sheet.				

FORM CASB DS-2 (REV 10/94)

REG	ACCOUNTING STANDARDS BOARD DISCLOSURE STATEMENT QUIRED BY PUBLIC LAW 100-679 EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS	PART II- DIRECT COSTS NAME OF REPORTING UNIT			
Item No.		Item Description			
2.5.1	Salary and Wage Cost Distrib	oution Systems.			
	by all employees compensat continuation sheet, the types	activity, are the methods marked in Item 2.5.0 used ed by the reporting unit? (If "NO", describe on a of employees not included and describe the methods e their salary and wage costs to direct and indirect			
	Yes No				
2.5.2	Salary and Wage Cost Accum	nulation System.			
	(Within each major function or activity, describe, on a continuation sheet, the specific accounting records or memorandum records used to accumulate and record the share of the total salary and wage costs attributable to each employee's direct (Federally sponsored projects, non-sponsored projects or similar cost objectives) and indirect activities. Indicate how the salary and wage cost distributions are reconciled with the payroll data recorded in the institution's financial accounting records.)				
2.6.0	sponsored agreements or sin sheet <u>all</u> of the different types as direct costs, e.g., actual of sabbatical leave, premium pa	Benefits Costs. All fringe benefits that are and wages and are charged directly to Federally nilar cost objectives. (Describe on a continuation s of fringe benefits which are classified and charged or accrued costs of vacation, holidays, sick leave, ay, social security, pension plans, post-retirement health insurance, training, tuition, tuition remission,			
2.6.1	each type of fringe benefit cos allocated (for definitions, See	nge Benefits. (Describe on a continuation sheet, how it identified in item 2.6.0. is measured, assigned and a 9903.302-1); first, to the major functions (e.g., nen to individual projects or direct cost objectives			
2.7.0	Federally sponsored agreement sheet the principal classes of	osts. All other items of cost directly identified with its or similar cost objectives. (List on a continuation other costs which are charged directly, e.g., travel, its, subcontracts, malpractice insurance, etc.)			

COST ACCOUNTING STANDARDS BOARD DISCLOSURE STATEMENT		DART II DIRECT	COSTS			
REQUIRED BY PUBLIC LAW 100-679		PART II- DIRECT COSTS NAME OF REPORTING UNIT				
l RE	EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS					
lte m						
No.		Item Description				
2.8.0	<u>Cost Transfers</u> . When Federally sponsored agreements or similar cost objectives are credited for cost transfers to other projects, grants or contracts, is the credit amount for direct personal services, materials, other direct charges and applicable indirect costs always based on the same amount(s) or rate(s) (e.g., direct labor rate, indirect costs) originally used to charge or allocate costs to the project (Consider transactions where the original charge and the credit occur in different cost accounting periods). (Mark one, if "No", explain on a continuation sheet how the credit differs from original charge.)					
	Yes No					
2.9.0	Interorganizational Transfers supplies, and services which a of the educational institution indicate the basis used by interorganizational transfers sponsored agreements or sim in a column, explain on a cor	are, or will be tran	nsferred to propriate like to charge upplies, and the contract of the contract	you from oth ne(s) in eac ge the cost id services	er segments h column to or price of to Federally	
			Materials (1)	Supplies (2)	Services (3)	
	 At full cost <u>excluding</u> indicosts attributable to ground central office expenses. 		***************************************	-		
	 At full cost <u>including</u> indir costs attributable to grou central office expenses. 	ect p or	AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF THE			
	 C. At established catalog or price or prices based on a competition. 					
	Y. Other(s) <u>1</u> /					
	 Interorganizational transfender not applicable 	ers are				
	1/ Describe on a Continuatio	n Sheet.				
FORM C	CASB DS-2 (REV 10/94)	11-4				

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	NAME OF REPORTING UNIT
DUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS	
	Item Description
Institutions should discidentified and accumulated in applicable indirect cost pools activity, how service center of specific indirect cost pools are rates that are used to allocat agreements or similar final converse additional space explanation to ensure clarity The following Allocation Items 3.1.0 and 3.3.0. A. Direct Charge or Alloca	n Base Codes are provided for use in connection with ation usis Cost Basis (head count) (full-time equivalent basis) ead count) (full-time equivalent basis) com and work performed
	sheet, the category and subgrouping(s) of expense tion base(s) used.
	Institutions should discidentified and accumulated in applicable indirect cost pools activity, how service center of specific indirect cost pools and areas that are used to allocat agreements or similar final converse additional space explanation to ensure clarity. The following Allocation Items 3.1.0 and 3.3.0. A. Direct Charge or Allocation Items 3.1.0 and 3.3.0. A. Direct Charge or Allocation Items 3.1.0 and 3.3.0. A. Direct Charge or Allocation Items 3.1.0 and 3.3.0. A. Direct Charge or Allocation Items 3.1.0 and 3.3.0. A. Direct Charge or Allocation Items 3.1.0 and 3.3.0. A. Direct Charge or Allocation Items 3.1.0 and 3.3.0. A. Direct Charge or Allocation Items 3.1.0 and 3.3.0. A. Direct Charge or Allocation Items 3.1.0 and 3.3.0. A. Direct Charge or Allocation Items 3.1.0 and 3.3.0. A. Direct Charge or Allocation Items 4.0.0 and 3.3.0. A. Direct Charge or Allocation Items 5.0.0 and 5.0

COST ACCOUNTING STANDARDS BOARD DISCLOSURE STATEMENT		PART III- INDIRECT COSTS				
REQUIRED BY PUBLIC LAW 100-679		NAME OF REPORTING UNIT				
	EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS	<u> </u>				
Item No.	Item Description					
-						
3.1.0	Indirect Cost Categories - Accumulation and Allocation. This item is directed at the identification, accumulation and allocation of all indirect costs of the institution. (Under the column heading, "Accumulation Method," insert "Yes" or "No" to indicate if the cost elements included in each indirect cost category are identified, recorded and accumulated in the institution's formal accounting system. If "No," describe on a continuation sheet, how the cost elements included in the indirect cost category are identified and accumulated. Under the column heading "Allocation Base," enter one of the allocation base codes A through P, Y, or Z, to indicate the basis used for allocating the accumulated costs of each indirect cost category to other applicable indirect cost categories, indirect cost pools, other institutional activities, specialized service facilities and other service centers. Under the column heading "Allocation Sequence," insert 1, 2, or 3 next to each of the first three indirect cost categories to indicate the sequence of the allocation process. If cross-allocation techniques are used, insert "CA." If an indirect cost category listed in this section is not used, insert "NA.")					
	Indirect Cost Category		Accumulation Method	Allocation Base Code	Aliocation Sequence	
	(a) Depreciation/Use Allowar Building Equipment Capital Improvements to I Interest 1/					
	(b) Operation and Maintenan	ce				
	(c) General Administration ar Expense	nd General			-	
	(d) Departmental Administrat	tion				
	(e) Sponsored Projects Admir	nistration				
	(f) Library		-	-		
	(g) Student Administration a	nd Services				
	(h) Other <u>1</u> /					
	1/ Describe on a Continuatio	n Sheet.				
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COS	T ACCOUN	TING STANDARDS BOARD SURE STATEMENT	PART III- INDII	BECT C	2720				
l	REQUIRED BY PUBLIC LAW 100-679		NAME OF REPORTING UNIT						
Bi		ONAL INSTITUTIONS	NAME OF REPO	JATING	OIVII				
Item		Item Description							
No.			item bescript						
3.2.0	performants	rice Centers. Service or orm specific technical or r units within a reporting to "specialized service facili es identified below should er listed. The column nun ide the codes. Explain of ged to users on a basis of not applicable.)	administrativunit. Service (ities" defined be inserted onbers corresponding a Continua	e service service services in Second to the services of the services in Second to the services in Second to the services in Second to the seco	ces pri includation J appropri he para heet if	marily le "rech of Cir riate lin agraph any o	for the solution of the forest solutions of the solutions	e bene centers A-21. each so d below service	efit of s" and (The ervice v that es are
	(a)	Scientific Computer Op	erations						
	(b)	Business Data Processi	ng	-					
	(c)	Animal Care Facilities		-			-		
	(d)	Other Service Centers of Annual Operating Budg exceeding \$1,000,000 that generate significant charges to Federally sponsored agreements either as a direct or indirect cost. (Specify below; use a Continuat Sheet, if necessary)	ets or t					_	
	(1)	Category Code: Use code "A" objectives; code "B" if billed onl to both direct and indirect cost	y to indirect cost objectives.	categorie.	s or indir	ect cost	pools; co	ode "C" i	if billed
	(2)	Burden Code: Code *A* cent partial allocation of indirect cos	er receives an allo ts; Code "C" no	cation of allocation	all appli on of ind	cable ind irect cos	irect cos ts.	ts; Code	* "B" -
	(3)	Billing Rate Code: Code "A" - b on projected costs; Code "C" - Code "D" - billings are based or a Continuation Sheet).	oilling rates are bas rates are based o n the actual costs	ed on his n a comb of the bil	torical co ination o ling perio	osts; Cod if historic id; Code	le "B" - ical and p	rates are rojected her (exp	based costs; lain on
	(4)	<u>User Charges Code</u> : Code "A" users are charged at different re	 all users are chates than other us 	arged at ers (expl	the same ain on a	billing ra Continua	ates; Co tion She	de "B" - et).	- some
	(5)	Actual Costs vs. Revenues Cor (expenditures) at least annually; annually.	de: Code "A" - Code "B" - billings	billings (r s are com	evenues pared to) are cor actual co	npared t sts less t	to actual frequenti	costs by than
	(6)	Variance Code: Code "A" – Ani (as credits or charges); Code "E future periods; Code "C" – anni other (explain on a Continuation	3° variances are outlined	carried t	noward a	as adjusti	ments to	billing i	rate of
FORM	CASB DS-	2 (REV 10/94)	111-3						

COS	T ACCOUNTING STANDARDS BOARD DISCLOSURE STATEMENT	PART III- INDIRECT COSTS					
RF	OUIRED BY PUBLIC LAW 100-679	NAME OF REPORTING UNIT					
"	EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS						
Item No.		Item Description					
3.3.0	Indirect Cost Pools and Alloc	ation Bases					
	costs, excluding service cer accumulated indirect costs objectives within each major pools, enter the applicable Al the basis used for allocatin	(Identify all of the indirect cost pools established for the accumulation of indirect costs, excluding service centers, and the allocation bases used to distribute accumulated indirect costs to Federally sponsored agreements or similar cost objectives within each major function or activity. For all applicable indirect cost pools, enter the applicable Allocation Base Code A through P, Y, or Z, to indicate the basis used for allocating accumulated pool costs to Federally sponsored agreements or similar cost objectives.)					
	Indirect Cost Pools	Allocation Base Code					
	A. Instruction						
	On-Campus Off-Campus Other 1/						
	B. Organized Research						
	On-Campus Off-Campus Other 1/						
	C. Other Sponsored Activitie	s					
	On-Campus Off-Campus Other 1/						
	D. Other Institutional Activiti	es <u>1</u> ;					
3.4.0	and 3.2.0, describe on a conti	<u>Pools</u> . (For each pool identified under Items 3.1.0 inuation sheet the major organizational components, d elements of cost included.)					
	1/ Describe on a Continuatio	n Sheet.					
FORM	CASB DS-2 (REV 10/94)	111-4					

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cos	T ACCOUNTING STANDARDS BOARD	DART III INDIDECT COSTS	
DISCLOSURE STATEMENT REQUIRED BY PUBLIC LAW 100-679		PART III- INDIRECT COSTS NAME OF REPORTING UNIT	
HE HE	EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS	TANKE OF THE OTTHIS OWN	
Item	EDUCATION C. III	<u> </u>	
No.		Item Description	
3.5.0	Composition of Allocation Bases. (For each allocation base code used in Items 3.1.0 and 3.3.0, describe on a continuation sheet the makeup of the base. For example, if a modified total direct cost base is used, specify which of the elements of direct cost identified in Part II, Direct Costs, that are included, e.g., materials, salaries and wages, fringe benefits, travel costs, and excluded, e.g., subcontract costs over first \$25,000. Where applicable, explain if service centers are included		
	or excluded. Specify the benefitting functions and activities included. If any cost objectives are excluded from the allocation base, such cost objectives and the alternate allocation method used should be identified. If an indirect cost allocation is based on Cost Analysis Studies, identify the study, and fully describe the study methods and techniques applied, the composition of the specific allocation base used, and the frequency of each recurring study.		
3.6.0	Are appropriate direct costs o	Programs That Pay Less Than Full Indirect Costs. fall programs and activites included in the indirect less of whether allocable indirect costs are fully organizations?	
	A. Yes		
	B No 1/ 1/ Describe on a Continuation	s Sheet.	
	_		
FORM	CASB DS-2 (REV 10/94)	111-5	

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9903.202-10

cos	T ACCOUNTING STANDARDS BOARD DISCLOSURE STATEMENT	PART IV- DEPR	ECIATION AND USE ALLOWANCE	S
RE	REQUIRED BY PUBLIC LAW 100-679 EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS NAME OF REPORTING UNIT			
Item No.	Item Description			
140.		Part IV		***************************************
4.1.0	Depreciation Charged to Federally Sponsored Agreements or Similar Cost Objectives. (For each asset category listed below, enter a code from A through C in Column (1) describing the method of depreciation; a code from A through D in Column (2) describing the basis for determining useful life; a code from A through C in Column (3) describing how depreciation methods or use allowances are applied to property units; and Code A or B in Column (4) indicating whether or not the estimated residual value is deducted from the total cost of depreciable assets. Enter Code Y in each column of an asset category where another or more than one method applies. Enter Code Z in Column (1) only, if an asset category is not applicable.)			
	Asset Category	Depreciation Method (1)		Residual Value (4)
	(a) Land Improvements (b) Buildings (c) Building Improvements (d) Leasehold Improvemen (e) Equipment (f) Furniture and Fixtures (g) Automobiles and Truck (h) Tools (i) Enter Code Y on this lir if other asset categorie are used and enumerat on a continuation sheet each such asset catego and the applicable code (Otherwise enter Code	s ————————————————————————————————————		
	Column (1)-Depreciation Method Code A. Straight Line B. Expensed at Acquisition C. Use Allowance Y. Other or more than one method 1/		Column (2)—Useful Life Code A. Replacement Experience B. Term of Lease C. Estimated service life D. As prescribed for use allowance by Management and Budget Circular	No. A-21
	0.1 (2) December 11.5 C. 1		Y. Other or more than one method	1/
	Column (3)—Property Unit Code A. Individual units are accounted for se B. Applied to groups of assets with sin service lives C. Applied to groups of assets with val service lives Y. Other or more than one method 1/	nilar rying	Column (4)—Residual Value Code A. Residual value is deducted B. Residual value is not deducted Y. Other or more than one method	<u>1</u> /
	1/ Describe on a Continuation Sheet.	IV 1		

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1 608	DISCLOSURE STATEMENT	PART IV- DEPRECIATION AND USE ALLOWANCES
RI	EQUIRED BY PUBLIC LAW 100-679	NAME OF REPORTING UNIT
	EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS	
Item No.		tem Description
4.1.1	Asset Valuations and Useful Lives. Are the asset valuations and useful lives used in your indirect cost proposal consistent with those used in the institution's financial statements? (Mark one.)	
	A Yes B No <u>1</u> /	
4.2.0	Fully Depreciated Assets. Is a usage charge for fully depreciated assets charged to Federally sponsored agreements or similar cost objectives? (Mark one. If yes, describe the basis for the charge on a continuation sheet.)	
	A Yes B No	
4.3.0	Treatment of Gains and Losses losses are: (Mark the appropri on a continuation sheet.)	on Disposition of Depreciable Property. Gains and ate line(s) and if more than one is marked, explain
	B Credited or depreciation C Taken into new items,	1
4.4.0	<u>Criteria for Capitalization</u> . (Enter (a) the minimum dollar amount of expenditures which are capitalized for acquisition, addition, alteration, donation and improvement of capital assets, and (b) the minimum number of expected life years of assets which are capitalized. If more than one dollar amount or number applies, show the information for the majority of your capitalized assets, and enumerate on a continuation sheet the dollar amounts and/or number of years for each category or subcategory of assets involved which differs from those for the majority of assets.)	
	A. Minimum Dollar Amount B. Minimum Life Years	
4.5.0	<u>Group or Mass Purchase</u> . Are similar items, which individually above, capitalized? (Mark one.)	group or mass purchases (initial complement) of are less than the capitalization amount indicated
	A Yes <u>1</u> / B No	
	1/ Describe on a Continuation S	Sheet.
FORM C	ASB DS-2 (REV 10/94)	V-2

cos	DIST ACCOUNTING STANDARDS BOARD	HER COSTS AND CREDITS
RF	DISCLOSURE STATEMENT PART V- OTI REQUIRED BY PUBLIC LAW 100-679 NAME OF REF	
	EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS	
Item No.	Item Descrip	ition
	Part V	
5.1.0	Method of Charging Leave Costs. Do you sabbatical leave costs to sponsored agreed (i.e., when the leave is taken or paid), or or the leave is earned)? (Mark applicable line	ments on the cash basis of accounting the accrual basis of accounting (when
	A Cash	
	B Accrual <u>1</u> /	
5.2.0	Applicable Credits. This item is directed a as defined in Section C of OMB Circular Apurchase discounts, insurance refunds, libr (Indicate how the principal types of credits receives are usually handled.)	-21 and other incidental receipts (e.g., rary fees and fines, parking fees, etc.).
	A The credits/receipts are indirect costs to which	e offset against the specific direct or they relate.
	B The credits/receipts are indirect pool.	handled as a general adjustment to the
	C The credits/receipts are against costs.	treated as income and are not offset
	D Combination of method	s <u>1</u> /
	Y Other <u>1</u> /	
	1/ Describe on a Continuation Sheet.	
FORM C	CASB DS-2 (REV 10/94) V-1	

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COST ACCOUNTING STANDARDS BOARD DISCLOSURE STATEMENT		PART VI- DEFERRED COMPENSATION AND INSURANCE COSTS	
R	EQUIRED BY PUBLIC LAW 100-679		
	EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS NAME OF REPORTING UNIT		
Item No.		Item Description	
-			
	1	Since for Boar M	
	Instruc	tions for Part VI	
	This part covers the measurement and assignment of costs for employee pensions, post retirement benefits other than pensions (including post retirement health benefits) and insurance. Some organizations may incur all of these costs at the main campus level or for public institutions at the governmental unit level, while others may incur them at subordinate organization levels. Still others may incur a portion of these costs at the main campus level and the balance at subordinate organization levels.		
	Where the segment (reporting unit) does not directly incur such costs, the segment should, on a continuation sheet, identify the organizational entity that incurs and records such costs. When the costs allocated to Federally sponsored agreements are material, and the reporting unit does not have access to the information needed to complete an item, the reporting unit should require that entity to complete the applicable portions of this Part VI. (See item 4, page (i), General Instructions)		
6.1.0	Pension Plans.		
6.1.1	Defined-Contribution Pension Plans. Identify the types and number of pension plans whose costs are charged to Federally sponsored agreements. (Mark applicable line(s) and enter number of plans.)		
	Type of Plan	Number of Plans	
		yees participate inernment Retirement Plan(s)	
	other defined cor	FIAA/CREF plan or ntribution plan that n organization not e institution	
	C Institution has its Contribution Plar		
6.1.2	Defined-Benefit Pension Plan. (For each defined-benefit plan (other than plans that are part of a State or Local government pension plan) describe on a continuation sheet the actuarial cost method, the asset valuation method, the criteria for changing actuarial assumptions and computations, the amortization periods for prior service costs, the amortization periods for actuarial gains and losses, and the funding policy.)		
EODM (1/ Describe on a Continuation Sheet.		
FUHM (CASB DS-2 (REV 10/94)	VI-1	

	ST ACCOUNTING STANDARDS BOARD DISCLOSURE STATEMENT	PART VI-
	EQUIRED BY PUBLIC LAW 100-679	DEFERRED COMPENSATION AND INSURANCE COSTS
	EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS	NAME OF REPORTING UNIT
item No.		Item Description
		nem beschphon
6.2.0	Post Retirement Benefits Other Than Pensions (including post retirement health care benefits) (PRBs). (Identify on a continuation sheet all PRB plans whose costs are charged to Federally sponsored agreements. For each plan listed, state the plan name and indicate the approximate number and type of employees covered by each plan.)	
	Z. [] Not Applicable	
6.2.1	Determination of Annual PRB Costs. (On a continuation sheet, indicate whether PRB costs charged to Federally sponsored agreements are determined on the cash or accrual basis of accounting. If costs are accrued, describe the accounting practices used, including actuarial cost method, the asset valuation method, the criteria for changing actuarial assumptions and computations, the amortization periods for prior service costs, the amortization periods for actuarial gains and losses, and the funding policy.)	
6.3.0	Self-Insurance Programs (Employee Group Insurance). Costs of the self-insurance programs are charged to Federally sponsored agreements or similar cost objective: (Mark one.)	
	C. When contributio D. When the benefit E. When amounts an	ook accrual only) ns are made to a nonforfeitable fund ns are made to a forfeitable fund s are paid to an employee re paid to an employee welfare plan an one method 1/
5.4.0	<u>Self-Insurance Programs</u> (W Insurance.)	orker's Compensation, Liability and Casualty
5.4.1	Worker's Compensation and Li charged to Federally sponsored	ability. Costs of such self-insurance programs are agreements or similar cost objectives: (Mark one.)
	B When provisions for the liability	aid or losses are incurred (no provision for reserves) or reserves are recorded based on the present value
	undiscounted valu	for reserves are recorded based on the full or e, as contrasted with present value, of the liability et aside or contributions are made to a fund n one method 1/
	1/ Describe on a Continuation	Sheet.

cos	COST ACCOUNTING STANDARDS BOARD PART VI- DISCLOSURE STATEMENT DEFERRED COMPENSATION AND INSURANCE COSTS		
RE	REQUIRED BY PUBLIC LAW 100-679 EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS NAME OF REPORTING UNIT		
Item	EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTI	ONS NAME OF REPORTING UNIT	
No.		Item Description	
6.4.2	Casualty Insurance Federally sponsore	ce. Costs of such self-insurance programs are charged to ed agreements or similar cost objectives: (Mark one.)	
	Α	When losses are incurred (no provision for reserves)	
	В	When provisions for reserves are recorded based on replacement costs	
	C	When provisions for reserves are recorded based on reproduction costs new less observed depreciation (market value) excluding the value of land and other indestructibles.	
	D	Losses are charged to fund balance with no charge to contracts and grants (no provision for reserves)	
	Y	Other or more than one method $1/$	
	Z	Not Applicable	
	1/ Describe on a C	continuation Sheet.	
FORM C	ASB DS-2 (REV 10/94)	VI-3	

	DISCLO	ITING STANDARDS BOARD DSURE STATEMENT BY PUBLIC LAW 100-679	PART VII- CENTRAL SYSTEM OR GROUP EXPENSES NAME OF REPORTING UNIT
EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS			
Item No.	Item Description		
			FRAL SYSTEM OFFICE, OR GROUP (INTERMEDIATE
		ADMINISTRATION) OF	FFICE, AS APPLICABLE.
		Instruc	tions for Part VII
	adm and	up office of an education in the second of the second in t	mpleted <u>only</u> by the central system office or a onal system when that office is responsible for gments, where it allocates its costs to such segments segments is required to file Parts I through VI of the
	The reporting unit (central system or group office) should disclose how costs of services provided by the reporting unit are, or will be, accumulated and allocated to applicable segments of the institution. For a central system office, disclosure should cover the entire institution. For a group office, disclosure should cover all of the subordinate organizations administered by that group office.		
7.1.0	<u>Orga</u>	nizational Structure.	
	On a continuation sheet, list all segments of the university or university system, including hospitals, Federally Funded Research and Development Centers (FFRDC's), Government-owned Contractor-operated (GOCO) facilities, and lower-tier group offices serviced by the reporting unit.		
7.2.0	Cost Accumulation and Allocation.		
	On a continuation sheet, provide a description of:		
	Α.	The services provided to (including hospitals, FFI	to segments of the university or university system RDC's, GOCO facilities, etc.), in brief.
ĺ	В.	How the costs of the se	ervices are identified and accumulated.
	C	The basis used to all segments.	ocate the accumulated costs to the benefitting
	D.		sferred from a segment <u>to</u> the central system office ministrative office, and which are reallocated to none, so state.
	E.		fees that are charged to a segment(s) in lieu of a is and the basis of such charges. If none, so state.
ORM C	ASB DS-2	(REV 10/94)	VII-1

[59 FR 55757, Nov. 8, 1994]

CASB, OFPP, OMB 9903.301

Subpart 9903.3—CAS Rules and **Regulations**

9903.301 Definitions.

(a) The definitions set forth below apply to this chapter 99.

Accrued benefit cost method.9904.412-30.

Accumulating costs. See 9904.401-30.

Actual cash value. See 9904.416-30.

Actual cost. See 9904.401-30 for the broader definition and 9904.407-30 for a more restricted definition applicable only to the standard on the use of standard costs for direct material and direct labor.

Actuarial assumption. See 9904.412-30 or 9904.413-30.

Actuarial cost method. See 9904.412-30 or 9904.413-30.

Actuarial gain and loss. See 9904.412-30 or 9904.413–30.

Actuarial liability. See 9904.412-30 or

9904.413-30. Actuarial valuation. See 9904.412-30 or

9904.413-30. Allocate. See 9904.402-30, 9904.403-30,

9904.406–30, 9904.410-30, 9904.411-30, 9904.418-30 or 9904.420-30.

Asset accountability unit. See 9904.404-

Assignment of cost to cost accounting periods. See 9903.302-1(b).

Bid and proposal (B&P) cost. See 9904.420-30.

Business unit. See 9904.410-30, 9904.411-30 or 9904.414-30.

CAS-covered contract, as used in this part, means any negotiated contract or subcontract in which a CAS clause is required to be included.

Category of material. See 9904.411-30.

Change to a cost accounting practice. See 9903.302-2.

Compensated personal absence. See 9904.408-30.

Cost accounting practice. See 9903.302-1.

Cost input. See 9904.410-30.

Cost objective. See 9904.402-30, 9904.406-30, 9904.410-30 or 9904.411-30.

Cost of capital committed to facilities. See 9904.414-30.

Currently performing, as used in this part, means that a contractor has been awarded a contract, but has not yet received notification of final acceptance of all supplies, services, and data deliverable under the contract (including options).

Deferred compensation. See 9904.415-30. Defined-benefit pension plan. 9904.412-30.

Defined-contribution pension plan. See 9904.412-30.

Direct cost. See 9904.402-30 or 9904.418-30.

Directly associated cost. See 9904.405-30.

Disclosure statement, as used in this part, means the Disclosure Statement required by 9903.202-1.

Entitlement. See 9904.408-30.

Estimating costs. See 9904.401-30.

Expressly unallowable See 9904.405-30.

Facilities capital. See 9904.414-30.

Final cost objective. See 9904.402-30 or 9904.410-30.

Fiscal year. See 9904.406-30.

Funded pension cost. See 9904.412-30.

Funding agency. See 9904.412-30.

General and administrative (G&A) expense. See 9904.410-30 or 9904.420-30.

Home office. See9904.403-30 9904.420-30.

Immediate-gain actuarial cost method. See 9904.413-30.

Independent research and development (IR&D) cost. See 9904.420-30.

Indirect cost. See 9904.402-30, 9904.405-30, 9904.418-30 or 9904.420-30.

Indirect cost pool. See 9904.401-30, 9904.402-30, 9904.406-30 or 9904.418-30.

Insurance administration expenses. See 9904.416-30.

Intangible capital asset. See 9904.414-30 or 9904.417-30.

Labor cost at standard. See 9904.407–30. Labor-rate standard. See 9904.407–30.

Labor-time standard. See 9904.407–30. Material cost at standard. See 9904.407-

30. Material inventory record. See 9904.411-

30. Material-price standard. See 9904.407-

30. Material-quantity See standard.

9904.407-30. Measurement of cost. See 9904.302-1(c).

Moving average cost. See 9904.411-30. Multiemployer pension plan.

9904.412-30. Negotiated subcontract, as used in this part, means any subcontract except a

firm fixed-price subcontract made by a contractor or subcontractor after receiving offers from at least two persons

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not associated with each other or with such contractor or subcontractor, providing

- (1) The solicitation to all competitors is identical,
- (2) Price is the only consideration in selecting the subcontractor from among the competitors solicited, and
- (3) The lowest offer received in compliance with the solicitation from among those solicited is accepted.

Net awards, as used in this chapter, means the total value of negotiated CAS-covered prime contract and subcontract awards, including the potential value of contract options, received during the reporting period minus cancellations, terminations, and other related credit transactions.

Normal cost. See 9904.412–30 or 9904.413–30.

Operating revenue. See 9904.403-30.

Original complement of low cost equipment. See 9904.404–30.

Pay-as-you-go cost method. See 9904.412-30.

Pension plan. See 9904.412–30 or 9904.413–30.

Pension plan participant. See 9904.413-30.

Pricing. See 9904.401-30.

Production unit. See 9904.407-30.

Projected average loss. See 9904.416–30. Projected benefit cost method. See 9904.412–30 or 9904.413–30.

Proposal. See 9904.401-30.

Repairs and maintenance. See 9904.404–30.

Reporting costs. See 9904.401-30.

Residual value. See 9904.409-30.

Segment. See 9904.403-30, 9904.410-30, 9904.413-30 or 9904.420-30.

Self-insurance. See 9904.416–30.

Self-insurance charge. See 9904.416–30. Service life. See 9904.409–30.

Small business, as used in this part, means any concern, firm, person, corporation, partnership, cooperative, or other business enterprise which, under 15 U.S.C. 637(b)(6) and the rules and regulations of the Small Business Administration in part 121 of title 13 of the Code of Federal Regulations, is determined to be a small business concern for the purpose of Government contracting.

Spread-gain actuarial cost method. See 9904.413–30.

Standard cost. See 9904.407-30.

Tangible capital asset. See 9904.403–30, 9904.404–30, 9904.409–30, 9904.414–30 or 9904.417–30.

Termination gain or loss. See 9904.413–30.

Unallowable cost. See 9904.405-30.

Variance. See 9904.407-30.

Weighted average cost. See 9904.411-30.

(b) The definitions set forth below are applicable exclusively to educational institutions and apply to this chapter 99.

Business unit. See 9903.201–2(c)(2)(ii).

Educational institution. See 9903.201–2(c)(2)(i).

Intermediate cost objective. See 9905.502-30(a)(7).

Segment. See 9903.201-2(c)(2)(ii).

[57 FR 14153, Apr. 17, 1992, as amended at 58 FR 58802, Nov. 4, 1993; 59 FR 55770, Nov. 8, 1994; 61 FR 39361, July 29, 1996]

9903.302 Definitions, explanations, and illustrations of the terms, "cost accounting practice" and "change to a cost accounting practice."

9903.302-1 Cost accounting practice.

Cost accounting practice, as used in this part, means any disclosed or established accounting method or technique which is used for allocation of cost to cost objectives, assignment of cost to cost accounting periods, or measurement of cost.

- (a) Measurement of cost, as used in this part, encompasses accounting methods and techniques used in defining the components of cost, determining the basis for cost measurement, and establishing criteria for use of alternative cost measurement techniques. The determination of the amount paid or a change in the amount paid for a unit of goods and services is not a cost accounting practice. Examples of cost accounting practices which involve measurement of costs are—
- (1) The use of either historical cost, market value, or present value;
- (2) The use of standard cost or actual cost; or
- (3) The designation of those items of cost which must be included or excluded from tangible capital assets or pension cost.
- (b) Assignment of cost to cost accounting periods, as used in this part, refers

to a method or technique used in determining the amount of cost to be assigned to individual cost accounting periods. Examples of cost accounting practices which involve the assignment of cost to cost accounting periods are requirements for the use of specified accrual basis accounting or cash basis accounting for a cost element.

(c) Allocation of cost to cost objectives, as used in this part, includes both direct and indirect allocation of cost. Examples of cost accounting practices involving allocation of cost to cost objectives are the accounting methods or techniques used to accumulate cost, to determine whether a cost is to be directly or indirectly allocated to determine the composition of cost pools, and to determine the selection and composition of the appropriate allocation base.

9903.302-2 Change to a cost accounting practice.

Change to a cost accounting practice, as used in this part, means any alteration in a cost accounting practice, as defined in 9903.302-1, whether or not such practices are covered by a Disclosure Statement, except for the following:

- (a) The initial adoption of a cost accounting practice for the first time a cost is incurred, or a function is created, is not a change in cost accounting practice. The partial or total elimination of a cost or the cost of a function is not a change in cost accounting practice. As used here, function is an activity or group of activities that is identifiable in scope and has a purpose or end to be accomplished.
- (b) The revision of a cost accounting practice for a cost which previously had been immaterial is not a change in cost accounting practice.

$9903.302\hbox{--}3$ Illustrations of changes which meet the definition of "change to a cost accounting practice."

(a) The method or technique used for measuring costs has been changed.

Description	Accounting treatment
(1) Contractor changes its actuarial cost method for computing pension costs	(1)(i) Before change: The contractor computed pension costs using the aggregate cost method. (ii) After change: The contractor computes pension cost using the unit credit method.
(2) Contractor uses standard costs to account for its direct labor. Labor cost at standard was computed by multiplying labor-time standard by actual labor rates. The contractor changes the computation by multiplying labor-time standard by labor-rate standard.	(2)(i) Before change: Contractor's direct labor cost was measured with only one component set at standard. (ii) After change: Contractor's direct labor cost is measured with both the time and rate components set at standard.

(b) The method or technique used for assignment of cost to cost accounting periods has been changed.

Description	Accounting treatment
(1) Contractor changes his established criteria for capitalizing certain classes of tangible capital assets whose acquisition costs totaled \$1 million per cost accounting period.	(1)(i) Before change: Items having acquisition costs of between \$200 and \$400 per unit were capitalized and depreciated over a number of cost accounting periods. (ii) After change: The contractor charges the value of assets costing between \$200 and \$400 per unit to an indirect expense pool which is allocated to the cost objectives of the cost accounting period in which the cost was incurred.
(2) Contractor changes his methods for computing depreciation for a class of assets.	(2)(i) Before change: The contractor assigned depreciation costs to cost accounting periods using an accelerated method. (ii) After change: The contractor assigns depreciation costs to cost accounting periods using the straight line method.

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Description	Accounting treatment
(3) Contractor changes his general method of determining asset lives for classes of assets acquired prior to the effective date of CAS 409.	(3)(i) Before change: The contractor identified the cost accounting periods to which the cost of tangible capital assets would be assigned using guideline class lives provided in IRS Rev. Pro. 72–10. (ii) After change: The contractor changes the method by which he identifies the cost accounting periods to which the costs of tangible capital assets will be assigned. He now uses the expected actual lives based on past usage.
(c) The method or technique used for all	llocating costs has been changed.
Description	Accounting treatment
(1) Contractor changes his method of allocating G&A expenses under the requirements of Cost Accounting Standard 410.	(1)(i) Before change: The contractor operating under Cost Accounting Standard 410 has been allocating his general and administrative expense pool to final cost objectives on a total cost input base in compliance with the Standard. The contractor's business changes substantially such that there are significant new projects which have only insignificant quantities of material. (ii) After change: After the addition of the new work, an evaluation of the changed circumstances reveals that the continued use of a total cost input base would result in a significant distortion in the allocation of the G&A expense pool in relation to the benefits received. To remain in compliance with Standard 410, the contractor alters his G&A allocation base from a total cost input base to a value added base.
(2) The contractor changes the accounting for hardware common to all projects.	(2)(i) Before change: The contractor allocated the cost of purchased or requisitioned hardware directly to projects. (ii) After change: The contractor charges the cost of purchased or requisitioned hardware to an indirect expense pool which is allocated to projects using an appropriate allocation base.
(3) The contractor merges operating segment A and B which use different cost accounting practices in accounting for manufacturing overhead costs.	(3)(i) Before change: In segment, A, the costs of the manufacturing overhead pool have been allocated to final cost objectives using a direct labor hours base; in segment B, the costs of the manufacturing overhead pool have been allocated to final cost objectives using a direct labor dollars base. (ii) After change: As a result of the merger of operations, the combined segment decides to allocate the cost of the manufacturing overhead pool to all final cost objectives, using a direct labor dollars base. Thus, for those final cost objectives referred to in segment A, the cost of the manufacturing overhead pool will be allocated to the final cost objectives of segment A using a direct labor dollars base instead of a direct labor hours base.

$9903.302\hbox{--}4$ Illustrations of changes which do not meet the definition of "Change to a cost accounting practice."

Description	Accounting treatment
(a) Changes in the interest rate levels in the national economy have invalidated the prior actuarial assumption with respect to anticipated investment earnings. The pension plan admin- istrators adopted an increased (decreased) interest rate ac- tuarial assumption. The company allocated the resulting pen- sion costs to all final cost objectives.	(a) Adopting the increase (decrease) in the interest rate actuarial assumption is not a change in cost accounting practice.
(b) The basic benefit amount for a company's pension plan is increased from \$8 to \$10 per year of credited service. The change increases the dollar amount of pension cost allo- cated to all final cost objectives.	(b) The increase in the amount of the benefits is not a change in cost accounting practice.
(c) A contractor who has never paid pensions establishes for the first time a pension plan. Pension costs for the first year amounted to \$3.5 million.	(c) The initial adoption of an accounting practice for the first time incurrence of a cost is not a change in cost accounting practice.
(d) A contractor maintained a Deferred Incentive Compensation Plan. After several years' experience, the plan was deter- mined not to be attaining its objective, so it was terminated, and no future entitlements were paid.	(d) There was a termination of the Deferred Incentive Com- pensation Plan. Elimination of a cost is not a change in cost accounting practice.

escription Accounting treatment

- (e) A contractor eliminates a segment that was operated for the purpose of doing research for development of products related to nuclear energy.
- (f) For a particular class of assets for which technological changes have rarely affected asset lives, a contractor starts with a 5-year average of historical lives to estimate future lives. He then considers technological changes and likely use. For the past several years the process resulted in an estimated future life of 10 years for this class of assets. This year a technological change leads to a prediction of a useful life of 7 years for the assets acquired this year for the class of assets.
- (g) The marketing department of a segment has reported directly to the general manager of the segment. The costs of the marketing department have been combined as part of the segment's G&A expense pool. The company reorganizes and requires the marketing department to report directly to a vice president at corporate headquarters.
- (e) The projects and expenses related to nuclear energy projects have been terminated. No transfer of these projects and no further work in this area is planned. This is an elimination of cost and not a change in cost accounting practice.
- (f) The change in estimate (not in method) is not a change in cost accounting practice. The contractor has not changed the method or technique used to determine the estimate. The methodology applied has indicated a change in the estimated life, and this is not a change in cost accounting practice.
- (g) After the organization change in the company's reporting structure, the parties agree that the appropriate recognition of the beneficial or causal relationship between the costs of the marketing department and the segment is to continue to combine these costs as part of the segment's G&A expense pool. Thus, the organizational change has not resulted in a change in cost accounting practice.

9903.303 Effect of filing Disclosure Statement.

- (a) A disclosure of a cost accounting practice by a contractor does not determine the allowability of particular items of cost. Irrespective of the practices disclosed by a contractor, the question of whether or not, or the extent to which, a specific element of cost is allowed under a contract remains for consideration in each specific instance. Contractors are cautioned that the determination of the allowability of cost items will remain a responsibility of the contracting officers pursuant to the provisions of the applicable procurement regulations.
- (b) The individual Disclosure Statement may be used in audits of contracts or in negotiation of prices leading to contracts. The authority of the audit agencies and the contracting officers is in no way abrogated by the material presented by the contractor in his Disclosure Statement. Contractors are cautioned that their disclosures must be complete and accurate; the practices disclosed may have a significant impact on ways in which contractors will be required to comply with Cost Accounting Standards.

9903.304 Concurrent full and modified coverage.

Contracts subject to full coverage may be performed during a period in which a previously awarded contract subject to modified coverage is being performed. Compliance with full cov-

erage may compel the use of cost accounting practices that are not required under modified coverage. Under these circumstances the cost accounting practices applicable to contracts subject to modified coverage need not be changed. Any resulting differences in practices between contracts subject to full coverage and those subject to modified coverage shall not constitute a violation of 9904.401 and 9904.402. This principle also applies to contracts subject to modified coverage being performed during a period in which a previously awarded contract subject to full coverage is being performed.

9903.305 Materiality.

In determining whether amounts of cost are material or immaterial, the following criteria shall be considered where appropriate; no one criterion is necessarily determinative:

- (a) The absolute dollar amount involved. The larger the dollar amount, the more likely that it will be material.
- (b) The amount of contract cost compared with the amount under consideration. The larger the proportion of the amount under consideration to contract cost, the more likely it is to be material.
- (c) The relationship between a cost item and a cost objective. Direct cost items, especially if the amounts are themselves part of a base for allocation of indirect costs, will normally have

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more impact than the same amount of indirect costs.

- (d) The impact on Government funding. Changes in accounting treatment will have more impact if they influence the distribution of costs between Government and non-Government cost objectives than if all cost objectives have Government financial support.
- (e) The cumulative impact of individually immaterial items. It is appropriate to consider whether such impacts:
 - (1) Tend to offset one another, or
- (2) Tend to be in the same direction and hence to accumulate into a material amount.
- (f) The cost of administrative processing of the price adjustment modification shall be considered. If the cost to process exceeds the amount to be recovered, it is less likely the amount will be material.

9903.306 Interpretations.

In determining amounts of increased costs in the clauses at 9903.201–4(a), Cost Accounting Standards, 9903.201–4(c), Disclosure and Consistency of Cost Accounting Practices, and 9903.201–4(d), Consistency in Cost Accounting, the following considerations apply:

- (a) Increased costs shall be deemed to have resulted whenever the cost paid by the Government results from a change in a contractor's cost accounting practices or from failure to comply with applicable Cost Accounting Standards, and such cost is higher than it would have been had the practices not been changed or applicable Cost Accounting Standards complied with.
- (b) If the contractor under any fixedprice contract, including a firm fixedprice contract, fails during contract performance to follow its cost accounting practices or to comply with applicable Cost Accounting Standards, increased costs are measured by the difference between the contract price agreed to and the contract price that would have been agreed to had the contractor proposed in accordance with the cost accounting practices used during contract performance. The determination of the contract price that would have been agreed to will be left to the contracting parties and will de-

pend on the circumstances of each case.

- (c) The statutory requirement underlying this interpretation is that the United States not pay increased costs, including a profit enlarged beyond that in the contemplation of the parties to the contract when the contract costs, price, or profit is negotiated, by reason of a contractor's failure to use applicable Cost Accounting Standards, or to follow consistently its cost accounting practices. In making price adjustments under the Cost Accounting Standards clause at 9903.201-4(a) in fixed price or cost reimbursement incentive contracts, or contracts providing for prospective or retroactive price redetermination, the Federal agency shall apply this requirement appropriately in the circumstances.
- (d) The contractor and the contracting officer may enter into an agreement as contemplated by subdivision (a)(4)(ii) of the Cost Accounting Standards clause at 9903.201-4(a), covering a change in practice proposed by the Government or the contractor for all of the contractor's contracts for which the contracting officer is responsible, provided that the agreement does not permit any increase in the cost paid by the Government. Such agreement may be made final and binding. notwithstanding the fact that experience may subsequently establish that the actual impact of the change differed from that agreed to.
- (e) An adjustment to the contract price or of cost allowances pursuant to the Cost Accounting Standards clause at 9903.201-4(a) may not be required when a change in cost accounting practices or a failure to follow Standards or cost accounting practices is estimated to result in increased costs being paid under a particular contract by the United States. This circumstance may arise when a contractor is performing two or more covered contracts, and the change or failure affects all such contracts. The change or failure may increase the cost paid under one or more of the contracts, while decreasing the cost paid under one or more of the contracts. In such case, the Government will not require price adjustment for any increased costs paid by the United States, so long as the cost decreases

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under one or more contracts are at least equal to the increased cost under the other affected contracts, provided that the contractor and the affected contracting officers agree on the method by which the price adjustments are to be made for all affected contracts. In this situation, the contracting agencies would, of course, require an adjustment of the contract price or cost allowances, as appropriate, to the extent that the increases under certain contracts were not offset by the decreases under the remaining contracts.

(f) Whether cost impact is recognized by modifying a single contract, several but not all contracts, or all contracts, or any other suitable technique, is a contract administration matter. The Cost Accounting Standards rules do not in any way restrict the capacity of the parties to select the method by which the cost impact attributable to a change in cost accounting practice is recognized.

9903.307 Cost Accounting Standards Preambles.

Preambles to the Cost Accounting Standards published by the original Cost Accounting Standards Board, as well as those preambles published by the signatories to the Federal Acquisition Regulation respecting changes made under their regulatory authorities, are available by writing to the Publications Office, Office of Administration, Executive Office of the President, 725 17th Street NW., room 2200, Washington, DC 20500, or by calling (202) 395–7332.

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