

Regardless of Administrator DeParle's change in position, we must clarify the law so that there is no question about HCFA's responsibility to provide care for the terminally ill. It is the right and moral thing to do. More importantly, it will let hospice patients live out their final days in dignity. I urge my colleagues to cosponsor my bill and I submit the Wall Street Journal article of June 5th to be printed in the RECORD.

TRIBUTE TO ADELE HALL

HON. KAREN MCCARTHY

OF MISSOURI

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Wednesday, September 20, 2000

Ms. MCCARTHY of Missouri. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to honor an exceptional leader and friend to our Kansas City community and our country. Adele Hall is being honored as the 2000 Woman of the Year by the Central Exchange, an organization of which she is a founding member. Adele Hall has an extensive history of helping children and families in Kansas City and across our Nation. She has shown outstanding dedication as a philanthropist and representative of gender concerns for equality in the workplace and society.

Adele Hall is considered by many in Kansas City as a lifelong friend to our community. Her civic pursuits have led her to hold positions in an outstanding number of Kansas City and national philanthropic organizations. She has served as Chair of many boards including Children's Mercy Hospital, the Greater Kansas City Community Foundation, the Partnership for Children, and the former Crippled Children's Nursery School, now Children's Therapeutic Learning Center. Nationally, she has served as a board member for the Trust Fund of the Library of Congress, the George Bush Presidential Library Center, the American Academy of Pediatrics, and the Salvation Army. Currently, she is serving as Co-Chairman of a \$175 million capital campaign for the Nelson-Atkins Museum of Art. She is the Vice-Chairman of the United Negro College Fund and the Youth Corps of America.

As a founding member of one of Kansas City's most reputable women's organizations, the Central Exchange, she has worked tirelessly to promote the advancement of women in all sectors of society. For the past 20 years the Central Exchange has worked to bring people of diverse backgrounds together to encourage the personal and professional growth of women. Today the Central Exchange boasts nearly 900 members from all over the Kansas City metropolitan area. The astounding membership can be attributed to what members of the Central Exchange value the most, creating opportunities to meet and learn from other women. This is an extremely difficult goal when many women are busy with work and family responsibilities. Adele Hall's various roles and achievements throughout the history of the Central Exchange have demonstrated that she has succeeded in fulfilling her dream of increasing the visibility and effectiveness of Kansas City's women.

Adele Hall's personal and professional record exhibits her spirit of commitment to others. Her entire life has exemplified the core values that we all strive for: commitment to the community, to family and to the innate desire

to truly make a difference in the lives of others. Her devotion is an example to us all. I am honored to acknowledge Adele Hall for her successful efforts to promote equity and opportunity for women and children. I know that she is joined in receiving this award by her husband, Don, and their entire family. Mr. Speaker, please join me in congratulating the Central Exchange 2000 Woman of the Year, Adele Hall.

TRIBUTE TO SENATOR DANIEL PATRICK MOYNIHAN

SPEECH OF

HON. JUANITA MILLENDER-MCDONALD

OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, September 19, 2000

Ms. MILLENDER-MCDONALD. Mr. Speaker, today I rise to pay tribute to a man who has served as one of the most determined and effective advocates for America's hard working families in the United States Senate. Senator DANIEL PATRICK MOYNIHAN was first elected to the Senate in 1976, and has served the people of New York as well as the entire country with commitment, leadership and integrity. As the Ranking Member on the Senate Finance Committee, he has pioneered for new initiatives to feed our nation's poor, to provide critical welfare and job training services to families in need, and to ensure that everyone has access to quality health care. Senator MOYNIHAN has been particularly committed to an issue I know well: AIDS.

As many of my colleagues know, since the moment I first stepped foot in Washington, I have fought for increased funding for critical HIV and AIDS education, treatment and research programs. I have also worked to expand our current programs to areas that are still in need of our help. Africa, India, the Caribbean, and Central and Eastern Europe in particular need our help and Senator MOYNIHAN has heard this call to action.

Senator MOYNIHAN introduced S. 2032 to amend the Foreign Assistance Act to address mother-to-child transmission of HIV in Africa, Asia and Latin America. At the same time, I introduced H.R. 4665 to initiate a \$10 million pilot project in Africa and India to reduce and prevent mother-to-child HIV/AIDS transmission. I am extremely pleased that H.R. 3519, the Global AIDS and Tuberculosis Relief Act of 2000, was signed into law by the President on August 19 and included much of the language and intent of my International Mother-to-Child HIV/AIDS Prevention Bill. With this legislation, we can commit \$25 million to this cause.

Worldwide, 1,800 infants become infected with HIV each day. The total number of births to HIV-infected pregnant women each year in developing countries is 3.2 million. HIV/AIDS has doubled infant mortality in poor countries most heavily affected by the epidemic. We have hit a critical point where we must take action in the world's epicenter of HIV infection. We must act now if we ever hope to end this epidemic once and for all.

I thank Senator MOYNIHAN for his leadership on this serious public health issue and on so many issues affecting our women and children.

RECOGNIZING THE ACHIEVEMENTS OF JOHN C. MURPHY

HON. RICK LAZIO

OF NEW YORK

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Wednesday, September 20, 2000

Mr. LAZIO. Mr. Speaker, I would like to recognize a man who has been dedicated to housing and community development issues for over 25 years. John Murphy is the Executive Director of the National Association of County Community and Economic Development. He has worked with my Housing and Community Opportunity Subcommittee on a number of programs.

The efforts of John Murphy have allowed counties around the country to build affordable housing, to provide seriously needed infrastructure, to alleviate homelessness, and to build senior support centers that allow our elderly citizens to remain in their own homes. He has worked endlessly to support vital public services that build stronger neighborhoods and help children grow up in safe communities.

The American dream is to own a home, an impossible dream for far too many people in our country. Mr. Murphy has helped make that dream a reality for tens of thousands of American families by helping numerous organizations maintain critically needed federal programs such as the Community Development Block Grant program, the HOME Investment Partnership Program and the Low Income Tax Credit Program. In addition, he has created opportunities to share information and ideas about housing programs that make the dream of homeownership possible for working class families all across our country.

Mr. Murphy has worked tirelessly to help communities find unique solutions to their housing and community development needs. At the same time, his efforts with Congress, the Department of Housing and Urban Development, the National Association of Counties, and many other organizations are well recognized.

Again, I would like to commend John Murphy for a job well done and extend my best wishes for his continued success.

PARTICIPANTS IN THE STUDENT CONGRESSIONAL TOWN MEETING

HON. BERNARD SANDERS

OF VERMONT

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Wednesday, September 20, 2000

Mr. SANDERS. Mr. Speaker, today I recognize the outstanding work done by participants in my Student Congressional Town Meeting held this summer. These participants were part of a group of high school students from around Vermont who testified about the concerns they have as teenagers, and about what they would like to see the government do regarding these concerns.

I submit the following statements into the CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, as I believe that the views of these young persons will benefit my colleagues.

RAMI FAOUR AND PAT GRIFFIN REGARDING THE LEGAL DRINKING AGE

Rami Faour: Representative Sanders, and other distinguished guests, we are here to

speaking about lowering the drinking age to help alleviate the problem with teen drinking. We understand that there are a large number of people between the ages of 18 and 20 who drink regardless of the law, and many of them even binge drink. Even though the legal drinking age is 21, many teens are able to purchase alcohol to consume on their own. 18 to 20 year olds can pay taxes, adopt a child, be drafted into the military, hold firearms, but they are not allowed to touch alcohol. This is an illogical inconsistency and infringement of civil rights on this age group. They are legal adults in every other respect and ironically not a lot of these legal adults who drink illegally increase the alcohol use and abuse it is meant to reduce.

Alcohol has become a forbidden fruit for teens. Drinking is more exciting when it is illegal than when it is legal. So many people go out and get drunk simply because they know they should not be drinking at all. Just look at our American history, we saw prohibition backfire. Instead of stopping it, it glorified it and we had increased alcohol. We see teens following that pattern.

Pat Griffin: The solution to this topic is a realistic drinking age combined with education of teens about drinking. There is no reason that an 18-year-old cannot drink as responsibly or even more responsibly than a 24-year-old. The level of maturity between these two ages are about the same. The solution is to educate young youths in how to drink responsibly for the first step but current alcohol education in high school, and in college set up on how to drink responsibly and ending with the message "Do not drink because you would be too young." First we need to educate teens, then we need to trust them. If we treat them like children, they will act like children. If you treat them as responsible adults, they will act maturely. With these steps we see many different changes of attitudes and behavior of young adults.

We wish to thank you for your time to educate young adults in how to drink responsibly and then let them drink responsibly. Thank you.

KYLE ROSE, ERIN GOVER AND KIM KLEIN
REGARDING TEEN CENTERS

Erin Gover: Good morning. My name is Erin Gover and today I will be speaking on the topic of funding of teen centers throughout Vermont.

For years society has been asking why teens turn to alcohol and drugs. So far we have concluded that the solution to this issue is positive alternatives. Well, teen centers are positive alternatives. Yet, out of all the towns in Vermont, Colchester is one of the only ones that does not have one. Yet, for three years organizations like the Colchester Growth Group have founded buildings, got the community's support and fundraised the money for a teen center, but to no avail. In its place is a gas station, a quicky mart, or even a bar. I do not know about you, but I would rather have my child going to a teen center where he or she can hang out with his friends, get help on homework, or just have a good time rather than hanging out at a bar.

To compensate for these teens founded Club 242 located under Memorial Auditorium in downtown Burlington. Club 242 is a place where high school bands can play, get their start, and other high schoolers can come watch, have a good time, and just hang out. And there is absolutely no alcohol, no drugs and no smoking, a positive alternative you might say. Yet funding is currently being taken away from Club 242. Why? This leaves Burlington and Colchester with about three alternatives: shopping, movies and drugs.

And it is the City of Burlington and the Town of Colchester that are making this decision, not the teens.

It is also your decision. As our representative, I believe you should make it your goal to not only make all of your fellow congressmen aware of the need for funding, but also to use your influence to pass a bill making it possibly a requirement for each town to have a teen center, a positive alternative. You should make yourself aware of these teen centers and make sure funding is not taken

The youth of Vermont have worked on this for years and continue to rally the support of the community. We are trying, but it is now your turn to help. And remember, actions speak louder than words.

Kim Klein: 90 percent of the reason why children go out and cause trouble is because there is not really anything for them to do. I mean there are parks and stuff like that, but most children will either go out and hand out in front of stores or stuff like that and go to parties, because there is nothing constructive for them to do. And as Erin said, Club 242, being a musician and playing in high school bands, it is hard for us to get anywhere. I mean, we played there, but to be able to play in other towns and stuff, there aren't places for us to do that because they are all bars.

MATT PLUNKETT AND RYAN ESBJERG
REGARDING TEEN DRINKING AND DRIVING

Matthew Plunkett: Congressman Sanders, eight young people die a day in alcohol-related crashes. During a typical weekend and average of one teenager dies each hour in a car crash; nearly 50 percent of those crashes involve alcohol. Alcohol is the number one drug problem among young people. This is a serious problem not only here in Vermont, but also across the nation. Drunk driving causes many deaths each year and many of us have suffered from the loss of friends and family who have died because of bad decisions involving alcohol and vehicles. When we look at the statistics on a national level, they may not seem very high but there is still a problem and more needs to be done, but then there is never enough that can be done until the problem ceases to exist.

We feel there should be more programs helping inform young drivers in training of the risks of how much more of a chance they have of getting in an accident while intoxicated. In our opinion there should be more funding or there should be funding for a program that states some of the evils involved in alcohol-related crashes.

Ryan Esbjerg: These vehicles should not be overlooked. They are an educational resource that could be placed on display in private locations or driver's education classes can view the crash first-hand. Once young people see the results of one of these crashes, it might prevent them from making the same mistake as others. The viewing of the wreckage of cars in which people have died makes an impression that no film or lecture can match.

We keep track of history for a reason, to learn from mistakes and the mistake of drinking and driving is repeated too often. The accidents do not just affect the family of the driver or the passenger, they affect the whole community. We are urging you to extend the education of this subject, help save lives in any way that is possible, because you never know when it is your family member or your best friend you could read about in the newspaper.

Thank you for your time.

FRIEDMAN BAG COMPANY CELEBRATES OVER 70 YEARS OF OPERATION

HON. LUCILLE ROYBAL-ALLARD

OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Wednesday, September 20, 2000

Ms. ROYBAL-ALLARD. Mr. Speaker, today I congratulate the Friedman Bag Company for over 70 years of continuous operation in my congressional district and to highlight its leadership as a responsible corporate citizen.

In 1927, four Russian immigrant brothers started a small bag manufacturing company in the heart of Los Angeles. Sam, Saul, Harry and Morris Friedman fled Imperial Russia with their family in search of freedom, settling temporarily in Mexico until they were granted permission to enter the United States. Over the years, Friedman Bag Company grew almost as quickly as the city around it.

In many ways, the founding and growth of Friedman Bag Company personifies our nation's immigrant experience. The company was born from an immigrant family's dream to provide their children with a better life. The Friedmans succeeded, eventually becoming one of the largest suppliers of textile and polyethylene bags in the West. Their bags were primarily used for agriculture products such as Idaho potatoes, walnuts and other crops such as carrots and lettuce from the Central Valley of California.

But like many manufacturing companies in the United States, fierce competition from lower cost producers, in countries like China, eventually threatened the survival of Friedman Bag Company. To endure, the company needed to change and adapt to the new economy, and the successful effort was led by two sons of the founding members.

Friedman Bag Company desperately needed to invest money in new equipment. Company workers were still sewing burlap and mesh bags by hand. Morale and sales were suffering. Having never taken on debt financing in its history, the company embarked on a somewhat radical and risky venture to make sure it could remain competitive. Working with a financial institution that recognized its special history as a family business, and overcoming internal and external challenges, Friedman Bag Company secured the resources to continue its operations in the 33rd Congressional District.

Friedman Bag Company also worked with the Mayor and City Council to consolidate operations, ultimately bringing more jobs to Los Angeles. An article which appeared in the Los Angeles Times on May 26, 1999 and documents this important success story follows these remarks.

Today, Friedman Bag Company employs more than 250 people, with operations in Idaho, Washington and Oregon. The company's morale has soared as its future prospects have brightened. Friedman Bag Company is now firmly-positioned so a third generation of the Friedman family can continue the dream started by their family's ancestors.

I am proud of Friedman Bag Company's long tenure in southeast Los Angeles. Their efforts to modernize and adapt to an ever-changing economy in order to stay competitive are to be commended. Many men and women in my congressional district have worked at