

up to \$2 billion in the fifth year of the legislation, for a total of \$5.75 billion over five years.

Although research has demonstrated the effectiveness of positive youth development programs, accountability and evaluation must be part of any significant investment of federal funds. The legislation requires the Department of Health and Human Service to conduct extensive research and evaluation of the programs, services and activities funded under the Act. The Department also has responsibility for funding professional development activities for youth workers and other training and education initiatives to increase the capacity of local boards, agencies and organizations to implement the block grant. These efforts are authorized for \$7 million per year.

Mr. KENNEDY. Mr. President, I commend Senator JEFFORDS for his leadership on this important legislation and it is a privilege to join him as a cosponsor on this legislation. I also commend the thirty-four youth organizations that comprise the National Collaboration for Youth and the more than 200 young people who have worked on this bill. They have been skillful and tireless in their efforts to focus on the need for a positive national strategy for youth.

Our goal in introducing the Younger Americans Act is to establish a national policy for youth which focuses on young people, not as problems, but as problem solvers. The Younger Americans Act is intended to create a local and nation-wide collaborative movement to provide programs that offer greater support for youth in the years of adolescence. This bill, modeled on the very successful Older Americans Act of 1965, will help youths between the ages of 10 and 19. It will provide assistance to communities for youths development programs that assure that all youth have access to the skills and character development needed to become good citizens.

In other successful bipartisan measures over the years, such as Head Start, child care, and the 21st century learning communities, we have created a support system for parents of preschool and younger school-age children. These programs reduce the risk that children will grow up to become juvenile delinquents by giving them a healthy and safe start. It's time to do the same thing for adolescents.

Americans overwhelmingly believe that government should invest in initiatives like this. Many studies detail the effectiveness of youth development programs. Beginning with the Carnegie Corporation Report in 1992, "A Matter of Time—Risk and Opportunity in the Nonschool Hours," a series of studies have shown repeatedly that youth development programs at the community level produce powerful and positive results.

In this report this last March, "Community Counts: How Youth Organizations Matter for Youth Development," Milbrey McLaughlin, professor of education at Stanford University, calls for communities to rethink how they design and deliver services for youths,

particularly during non-school hours. The report confirms that community involvement is essential in creating and supporting effective programs that meet the needs of today's youth.

Effective community-based youth development programs build on five core resources that all youths need to be successful. These same core resources are the basis for the Younger Americans Act. Youths need ongoing relationships with caring adults, safe places with structured activities, access to services that promote healthy lifestyles, opportunities to acquire marketable skills, and opportunities for community service and community participation.

The Younger Americans Act will establish a way for communities to give thought and planning on the issues at the local level, and to involve both youths and parents in the process. The Act will provide \$5.76 billion over the next five years for communities to conduct youth development programs that recognize the primary role of the family, promote the involvement of youth, coordinate services in the community, and eliminate barriers which prevent youth from obtaining the guidance and support they need to become successful adults. The Act also creates a national youth policy office and a national youth council to advise the President and Congress and help focus the country more effectively on the needs of young people.

Too often, the focus on youth has emphasized their problems, not their successes and their potential. This emphasis has sent a negative message to youth that needs to be reversed. We need to deal with negative behaviors, but we also need a broader strategy that provides a positive approach to youth. The Younger Americans Act will accomplish this goal in three ways, by focusing national attention on the strengths and contributions of youths, by providing funds to develop positive and cooperative youth development programs at the state and community levels, and by promoting the involvement of parents and youths in developing positive programs that strengthen families.

The time of adolescence is a complex transitional period of growth and change. We know what works. The challenge we face is to provide the resources to implement positive and practical programs effectively. Investing in youth in ways like that will pay enormous dividends for communities and our country. I urge all members of Congress to join in supporting this important legislation.

ADDITIONAL SPONSORS

S. 61

At the request of Mr. DEWINE, the name of the Senator from Montana (Mr. BAUCUS) was added as a cosponsor of S. 61, a bill to amend the Tariff Act of 1930 to eliminate disincentives to fair trade conditions.

S. 63

At the request of Mr. KOHL, the name of the Senator from Louisiana (Ms. LANDRIEU) was added as a cosponsor of S. 63, a bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to provide a credit against tax for employers who provide child care assistance for dependents of their employees, and for other purposes.

S. 1185

At the request of Mr. ABRAHAM, the name of the Senator from Rhode Island (Mr. L. CHAFEE) was added as a cosponsor of S. 1185, a bill to provide small business certain protections from litigation excesses and to limit the product liability of non-manufacturer product sellers.

S. 1446

At the request of Mr. LOTT, the name of the Senator from Arkansas (Mr. HUTCHINSON) was added as a cosponsor of S. 1446, a bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to allow an additional advance refunding of bonds originally issued to finance governmental facilities used for essential governmental functions.

S. 1536

At the request of Mr. DEWINE, the name of the Senator from Washington (Mr. GORTON) was added as a cosponsor of S. 1536, a bill to amend the Older Americans Act of 1965 to extend authorizations of appropriations for programs under the Act, to modernize programs and services for older individuals, and for other purposes.

S. 1810

At the request of Mrs. MURRAY, the name of the Senator from New Jersey (Mr. TORRICELLI) was added as a cosponsor of S. 1810, a bill to amend title 38, United States Code, to clarify and improve veterans' claims and appellate procedures.

S. 2070

At the request of Mr. FITZGERALD, the name of the Senator from Texas (Mrs. HUTCHISON) was added as a cosponsor of S. 2070, a bill to improve safety standards for child restraints in motor vehicles.

S. 2163

At the request of Mrs. MURRAY, her name was added as a cosponsor of S. 2163, a bill to provide for a study of the engineering feasibility of a water exchange in lieu of electrification of the Chandler Pumping Plant at Prosser Diversion Dam, Washington.

S. 2700

At the request of Mr. L. CHAFEE, the name of the Senator from West Virginia (Mr. BYRD) was added as a cosponsor of S. 2700, a bill to amend the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980 to promote the cleanup and reuse of brownfields, to provide financial assistance for brownfields revitalization, to enhance State response programs, and for other purposes.

S. 2764

At the request of Mr. KENNEDY, the names of the Senators from South Dakota (Mr. DASCHLE) and the Senator

from HAWAII (Mr. INOUE) were added as cosponsors of S. 2764, a bill to amend the National and Community Service Act of 1990 and the Domestic Volunteer Service Act of 1973 to extend the authorizations of appropriations for the programs carried out under such Acts, and for other purposes.

S. 2787

At the request of Mr. BIDEN, the name of the Senator from Georgia (Mr. MILLER) was added as a cosponsor of S. 2787, a bill to reauthorize the Federal programs to prevent violence against women, and for other purposes.

S. 2866

At the request of Mr. STEVENS, the name of the Senator from Ohio (Mr. DEWINE) was added as a cosponsor of S. 2866, a bill to provide for early learning programs, and for other purposes.

S. 2912

At the request of Mr. KENNEDY, the names of the Senators from Louisiana (Ms. LANDRIEU) and the Senator from New Jersey (Mr. LAUTENBERG) were added as cosponsors of S. 2912, a bill to amend the Immigration and Nationality Act to remove certain limitations on the eligibility of aliens residing in the United States to obtain lawful permanent residency status.

S. 2937

At the request of Mr. DOMENICI, the name of the Senator from Utah (Mr. HATCH) was added as a cosponsor of S. 2937, a bill to amend title XVIII of the Social Security Act to improve access to Medicare+Choice plans through an increase in the annual Medicare+Choice capitation rates and for other purposes.

S. 2938

At the request of Mr. BROWNBACK, the name of the Senator from Washington (Mr. GORTON) was added as a cosponsor of S. 2938, a bill to prohibit United States assistance to the Palestinian Authority if a Palestinian state is declared unilaterally, and for other purposes.

S. 2967

At the request of Mr. MURKOWSKI, the names of the Senator from Arizona (Mr. KYL) and the Senator from Mississippi (Mr. COCHRAN) were added as cosponsors of S. 2967, a bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to facilitate competition in the electric power industry.

S. 2999

At the request of Mr. ABRAHAM, the name of the Senator from Nebraska (Mr. HAGEL) was added as a cosponsor of S. 2999, a bill to amend title XVIII of the Social Security Act to reform the regulatory processes used by the Health Care Financing Administration to administer the Medicare program, and for other purposes.

S. 3007

At the request of Mrs. FEINSTEIN, the names of the Senators from Oregon (Mr. WYDEN) and the Senator from Maine (Ms. SNOWE) was added as cosponsors of S. 3007, a bill to provide for

measures in response to a unilateral declaration of the existence of a Palestinian state.

S. 3009

At the request of Mr. HUTCHINSON, the name of the Senator from North Dakota (Mr. CONRAD) was added as a cosponsor of S. 3009, a bill to provide funds to the National Center for Rural Law Enforcement.

S. 3030

At the request of Mr. THOMPSON, the name of the Senator from Illinois (Mr. FITZGERALD) was added as a cosponsor of S. 3030, a bill to amend title 31, United States Code, to provide for executive agencies to conduct annual recovery audits and recovery activities, and for other purposes.

S. RES. 304

At the request of Mr. SANTORUM, his name was added as a cosponsor of S. Res. 304, a resolution expressing the sense of the Senate regarding the development of educational programs on veterans' contributions to the country and the designation of the week that includes Veterans Day as "National Veterans Awareness Week" for the presentation of such educational programs.

S. RES. 330

At the request of Mr. INHOFE, the names of the Senator from Texas (Mrs. HUTCHISON), the Senator from North Carolina (Mr. HELMS), the Senator from Maryland (Ms. MIKULSKI), and the Senator from Delaware (Mr. ROTH), were added as cosponsors of S. Res. 330, a resolution to designating the week beginning September 24, 2000, as "National Amputee Awareness Week."

AMENDMENTS SUBMITTED

STEM CELL RESEARCH ACT OF 2000

BROWNBACK AMENDMENTS NOS. 4154-4162

(Ordered referred to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions)

Mr. BROWNBACK submitted nine amendments intended to be proposed by him to the bill (S. 2015) to amend the Public Health Service Act to provide for research with respect to human embryonic stem cells; as follows:

AMENDMENT No. 4154

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. . PROHIBITION ON EXPORTATION OF HUMAN EMBRYOS.

The Secretary of Commerce shall prohibit the export (as such term is defined in section 16 of the Export Administration Act of 1979 (50 U.S.C. App 2415)) from the United States of any human embryo or part thereof.

AMENDMENT No. 4155

On page 1, line 6, strike "Sec.".

AMENDMENT No. 4156

On page 1, line 6, strike "2.".

AMENDMENT No. 4157

On page 1, line 6, strike "Research".

AMENDMENT No. 4158

On page 1, line 6, strike "on".

AMENDMENT No. 4159

On page 1, line 6, strike "Human".

AMENDMENT No. 4160

On page 1, line 6, strike "Embryonic".

AMENDMENT No. 4161

On page 1, line 6, strike "Stem".

AMENDMENT No. 4162

On page 1, line 6, strike "Cells".

WATER RESOURCES DEVELOPMENT ACT OF 2000

ABRAHAM AMENDMENT NO. 4163

(Ordered to lie on the table.)

Mr. BROWNBACK submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill (S. 2796) to provide for the conservation and development of water and related resources, to authorize the Secretary of the Army to construct various projects for improvements to rivers and harbors of the United States, and for other purposes; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. . APPLICATION TO GREAT LAKES.

(a) ADDITIONAL DEFINITIONS.—Section 1109(c) of the Water Resources Development Act of 1986 (42 U.S.C. 1962d-20(d)) is amended to read as follows:

"(c) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

"(1) GREAT LAKES STATE.—The term 'Great Lakes State' means each of the States of Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Minnesota, Ohio, Pennsylvania, New York, and Wisconsin.

"(2) DIVERSION.—The term 'diversion' includes exports of bulk fresh water.

"(3) BULK FRESH WATER.—The term 'bulk fresh water' means fresh water extracted in amounts intended for transportation outside the United States by commercial vessel or similar form of mass transportation, without further processing."

(b) ADDITIONAL FINDING.—Section 1109 (b) of the Water Resources Development Act of 1986 (42 U.S.C. 1962d-20) is amended by redesignating paragraphs (2) and (3) as paragraphs (3) and (4), and by inserting after paragraph (1) the following:

"(2) to encourage the Great Lakes States, in consultation with the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec, to develop and implement a mechanism that provides a common conservation standard embodying the principles of water conservation and resource improvement for making decisions concerning the withdrawal and use of water from the Great Lakes Basin;"

(c) SENSE OF THE CONGRESS.—It is the Sense of the Congress that the Secretary of State should work with the Canadian Government to encourage and support the Provinces in the development and implementation of a mechanism and standard concerning the withdrawal and use of water from the Great Lakes Basin consistent with those mechanisms and standards developed by the Great Lakes States.

NOTICE OF HEARING

COMMITTEE ON INDIAN AFFAIRS

Mr. CAMPBELL. Mr. President, I would like to announce that the Committee on Indian Affairs will meet on