

of the Northern Mariana Islands, as an extension of the American Memorial Park located in Saipan, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Natural Resources.

By Mr. STUTZMAN (for himself and Mr. BRALEY of Iowa):

H.R. 1104. A bill to amend the Environmental Research, Development, and Demonstration Authorization Act of 1978 to require the appointment of a member of the Science Advisory Board based on the recommendation of the Secretary of Agriculture; to the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology.

By Mr. THOMPSON of Mississippi (for himself, Ms. LORETTA SANCHEZ of California, Ms. JACKSON LEE of Texas, Mr. CUELLAR, and Mr. RICHMOND):

H.R. 1105. A bill to ensure that Transportation Worker Identification Credentials held by certain maritime workers do not expire before the deadline for full implementation of electronic readers for such credentials or December 31, 2014, whichever is earlier; to the Committee on Homeland Security.

By Mr. TOWNS (for himself, Ms. LEE of California, Mr. PAYNE, Mr. MCGOVERN, Mr. JACKSON of Illinois, Ms. MOORE, Mrs. MALONEY, Mr. GUTIERREZ, Ms. NORTON, Mr. COURTNEY, Mr. KILDEE, Ms. SCHAKOWSKY, Mr. GRIJALVA, Ms. CLARKE of New York, Ms. FUDGE, Mr. COHEN, Mrs. CHRISTENSEN, Mr. CONNOLLY of Virginia, Ms. SCHWARTZ, Ms. RICHARDSON, Mr. HOLT, Ms. KAPTUR, Mr. MICHAUD, Mr. LEWIS of Georgia, Mr. RUSH, Mr. THOMPSON of Mississippi, Mrs. NAPOLITANO, Mr. FILNER, Mr. RANGEL, and Mr. CLEAVER):

H.R. 1106. A bill to establish the Social Work Reinvestment Commission to provide independent counsel to Congress and the Secretary of Health and Human Services on policy issues associated with recruitment, retention, research, and reinvestment in the profession of social work, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Education and the Workforce.

By Mr. AMASH (for himself, Mr. FILNER, Mr. JONES, Mr. KUCINICH, and Mr. PAUL):

H.J. Res. 49. A joint resolution directing the President to remove the United States Armed Forces from Afghanistan; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

By Mr. PAUL:

H.J. Res. 50. A joint resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States relative to abolishing personal income, estate, and gift taxes and prohibiting the United States Government from engaging in business in competition with its citizens; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. WOODALL:

H. Con. Res. 30. A concurrent resolution providing for a conditional adjournment of the House of Representatives and a conditional recess or adjournment of the Senate; considered and agreed to.

By Mr. PAUL (for himself, Mr. DUNCAN of Tennessee, Mr. CONYERS, Mr. HONDA, Mr. JONES, Ms. LEE of California, Ms. WOOLSEY, and Mr. CAPUANO):

H. Con. Res. 31. Concurrent resolution expressing the sense of Congress that the President is required to obtain in advance specific statutory authorization for the use of United States Armed Forces in response to civil unrest in Libya; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

By Mr. HENSARLING:

H. Res. 168. A resolution electing certain Members to certain standing committees of the House of Representatives; considered and agreed to.

By Mr. CROWLEY (for himself, Ms. LINDA T. SANCHEZ of California, Ms. EDWARDS, Mr. RYAN of Ohio, and Mr. STARK):

H. Res. 169. A resolution amending the Rules of the House of Representatives to require that a Member, Delegate, or Resident Commissioner notify the Clerk of whether that Member, Delegate, or Resident Commissioner elects to participate in the Federal Employee Health Benefits Program; to the Committee on Rules.

By Mr. BRADY of Pennsylvania (for himself, Mr. GRIJALVA, Mr. TOWNS, Mr. MEEKS, Mr. CLARKE of Michigan, Ms. EDDIE BERNICE JOHNSON of Texas, Mr. CONNOLLY of Virginia, Ms. BORDALLO, Mr. HONDA, Ms. NORTON, Ms. LEE of California, Mr. FALCOMA, Mr. HINOJOSA, Mr. CUMMINGS, Ms. MOORE, Mr. SERRANO, Mr. CONYERS, Mr. BUTTERFIELD, Mr. GARAMENDI, Mr. HASTINGS of Florida, Mr. PASTOR of Arizona, Ms. SCHAKOWSKY, and Mr. AL GREEN of Texas):

H. Res. 171. A resolution supporting the goals and ideals of National Minority Health Awareness Month in April 2011 in order to bring attention to the severe health disparities faced by minority populations such as American Indians and Alaska Natives, Asians, Blacks or African-Americans, Hispanics or Latinos, and Native Hawaiians and other Pacific Islanders; to the Committee on Oversight and Government Reform.

By Mr. HONDA (for himself, Mr. MANZULLO, Ms. HANABUSA, Mr. FALCOMA, Ms. DEGETTE, Mrs. DAVIS of California, Ms. HIRONO, Ms. MCCOLLUM, Mr. GRIJALVA, Ms. RICHARDSON, Mr. RUSH, Ms. MOORE, Mr. DAVID SCOTT of Georgia, Ms. BASS of California, Mr. MCGOVERN, Mr. HASTINGS of Florida, Ms. CHU, Mr. MCNERNEY, Mr. THOMPSON of California, Ms. LEE of California, Ms. MATSUI, Mr. SABLAN, Ms. BORDALLO, Mr. WU, Mr. ELLISON, Mr. CICILLINE, Mr. MCDERMOTT, Ms. ZOE LOFGREN of California, Mr. PIERLUISI, Mr. GEORGE MILLER of California, Mr. LARSEN of Washington, Mr. DEUTCH, Mr. MCINTYRE, Mr. LEVIN, Ms. BALDWIN, Mr. NEAL, Mr. PASCRELL, Mr. BERMAN, Ms. WOOLSEY, Ms. EDDIE BERNICE JOHNSON of Texas, and Mr. SCOTT of Virginia):

H. Res. 172. A resolution expressing heartfelt condolences and support for assistance to the people of Japan and all those affected in the aftermath of the deadly earthquake and tsunami of March 11, 2011; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

#### PRIVATE BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS

Under clause 3 of rule XII, private bills and resolutions of the following titles were introduced and severally referred, as follows:

By Mr. FILNER:

H.R. 1107. A bill for the relief of Adrian Rodriguez; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. FILNER:

H.R. 1108. A bill for the relief of Francisco Rivera and Alfonso Calderon; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

#### CONSTITUTIONAL AUTHORITY STATEMENT

Pursuant to clause 7 of rule XII of the Rules of the House of Representatives, the

following statements are submitted regarding the specific powers granted to Congress in the Constitution to enact the accompanying bill or joint resolution.

By Mr. LAMBORN:

H.R. 1076.  
Article I, Section 8, Clause 1.

By Ms. RICHARDSON:

H.R. 1077.

This bill is enacted pursuant to the power granted to Congress under Article I, Section 8, Clauses 1 and 3 of the United States Constitution.

By Mr. ALEXANDER:

H.R. 1078.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Clause 1 of Section 8 of Article I of the Constitution.

By Mr. MICA:

H.R. 1079.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8 of the United States Constitution, specifically Clause 1, Clause 3, and Clause 18.

By Ms. DEGETTE:

H.R. 1080.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 3 of the United States Constitution and Article I, Section 8, Clause 18 of the United States Constitution.

By Mrs. CAPITO:

H.R. 1081.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The Commerce Clause, Article I, Section 8, Clause 3 of the Constitution states that Congress shall have power to regulate Commerce with foreign Nations, and among the several States, and with the Indian Tribes.

By Mr. HURT:

H.R. 1082.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 3.

By Mr. OWENS:

H.R. 1083.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The constitutional authority of Congress to enact this legislation is provided by Article I, section 8 of the United States Constitution, specifically Clause 1 (relating to the power of Congress to provide for the general welfare of the United States), Clause 3 (relating to the power to regulate interstate commerce), and Clause 18 (relating to the power to make all laws necessary and proper for carrying out the powers vested in Congress).

By Ms. DEGETTE:

H.R. 1084.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 3 of the United States Constitution.

By Mr. LEE of California:

H.R. 1085.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

This bill is enacted pursuant to the power granted to Congress under Article I of the United States Constitution and its subsequent amendments, and further clarified and interpreted by the Supreme Court of the United States.

By Mr. DUNCAN of Tennessee:

H.R. 1086.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I: Section 1. All legislative Powers herein granted shall be vested in a Congress of the United States, which shall consist of a Senate and House of Representatives.

Section 8. (1) The Congress shall have Power To lay and collect Taxes, Duties, Imposts and Excises, to pay the Debts and provide for the common Defence and general

Welfare of the United States; but all Duties, Imposts and Excises shall be uniform throughout the United States;

By Mr. GENE GREEN of Texas:

H.R. 1087.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8, Clause 1.

By Mr. HELLER:

H.R. 1088.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The appropriation authority outlined by Article I, Section 9 of the U.S. Constitution.

By Mr. HOLT:

H.R. 1089.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I of the United States Constitution.

By Mr. HOYER:

H.R. 1090.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Clause 1 of Section 8 of Article I of the Constitution of the United States.

By Mr. HUNTER:

H.R. 1091.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Clause 1 of Article 1, Section 8, which grants Congress with the authority to provide for the common defense and general welfare of the United States and Clause 18 of Article 1, Section 8, which allows the authority to make laws deemed necessary and proper.

By Mr. JONES:

H.R. 1092.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The constitutional authority of Congress to enact this legislation is provided by Article 1, Section 8 of the United States Constitution (Clauses 12, 13, 14, and 16), which grants Congress the power to raise and support an Army; to provide and maintain a Navy; to make rules for the government and regulation of the land and naval forces; and to provide for organizing, arming, and disciplining the militia.

By Mr. KING of Iowa:

H.R. 1093.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

This bill makes specific changes to existing law in a manner that returns power to the States and to the people, in accordance with Amendment II of the Constitution of the United States of America.

By Mr. PAUL:

H.R. 1094.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

This legislation is authorized by Article I, Section 8 of the Constitution:

“To make all Laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution the foregoing Powers, and all other Powers vested by this Constitution in the Government of the United States.”

This includes the power to repeal legislation that exercises power beyond that which is granted to the Congress in the Constitution.

By Mr. PAUL:

H.R. 1095.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

This legislation is authorized by Article I, Section 8 of the Constitution:

“To make all Laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution the foregoing Powers, and all other Powers vested by this Constitution in the Government of the United States.”

This includes the power to repeal legislation that exercises power beyond that which is granted to the Congress in the Constitution.

By Mr. PAUL:

H.R. 1096.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The Sanctity of Life Act is authorized by Article 1, Section 8 and Article 3, Section 1 which gives the Congress power to establish and limit the jurisdiction of lower federal courts as well as Article III, Section 2 which gives Congress the power to make exceptions to Supreme Court regulations.

By Mr. PAUL:

H.R. 1097.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

This legislation is authorized by Article I, Section 8 of the Constitution: “The Congress shall have Power To lay and collect Taxes.”

By Mr. PAUL:

H.R. 1098.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

This legislation is authorized by Article I, Section 8 of the Constitution: “To coin Money, regulate the Value thereof, and of foreign Coin, and fix the Standard of Weights and Measures.”

“To provide for the Punishment of counterfeiting the Securities and current Coin of the United States.”

“To regulate Commerce with foreign Nations, and among the several States, and with the Indian Tribes.”

By Mr. PAUL:

H.R. 1099.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 9, Paragraph 7, which states that no money shall be drawn from the treasury but in consequence to an appropriation made by law, and Article 1, Paragraph 1, which vests all legislative authority in the Congress giving Congress the ability to prevent the expenditure of taxpayer funds on activities such as abortion and family planning.

By Mr. PIERLUISI:

H.R. 1100.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The constitutional authority on which this bill rests is the power of the Congress to provide for the general welfare of the United States, as enumerated in Article I, Section 8, Clause 1 of the United States Constitution.

By Mr. PAUL:

H.R. 1101.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The End the Mandate Act is justified by Article 1, Section 8’s grant of power to Congress to regulate commerce which includes the authority to repeal federal laws that exceed Congress’s power under that provision.

By Mr. PAUL:

H.R. 1102.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The Affordable Gas Price Act is justified by the 16th amendment, which gives Congress the power to lay and collect taxes, the Commerce Clause of Article 1 Section 8, which gives Congress the power to regulate commerce with foreign nations, and Article 1, Section 1 of the Constitution which vests all legislative power in the Congress. This clearly gives Congress authority to pass legislation changing laws and polices relating to offshore drilling and the use of environmental impact statements in litigation.

By Mr. SABLAN:

H.R. 1103.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Under Article I, Section 8, Clause 3 and Article IV, Section 3, Clause 2 of the Constitution.

By Mr. STUTZMAN:

H.R. 1104.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

This bill is enacted pursuant to the power granted to Congress under Article 1, Section 8, Clause 3 of the United States Constitution. Article 1, Section 8, Clause 3 of the United States Constitution bestows upon Congress the authority “To regulate Commerce with foreign Nations, and among the several States, and with the Indian Tribes.”

Congress is within its constitutionally prescribed role to direct the Environmental Protection Agency, a body which regulates interstate commerce under the auspices of Congress, to appoint a member of the Science Advisory Board based on the recommendation of the Secretary of Agriculture.

By Mr. THOMPSON of Mississippi:

H.R. 1105.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The Constitution including Article I, Section 8.

By Mr. TOWNS:

H.R. 1106.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

This Bill is enacted pursuant to Article I, Section 8, Clause 1 of the United States Constitution, known as the “General Welfare Clause.” This provision grants Congress the broad power “to pay the Debts and provide for the common defense and general welfare of the United States.”

Please note, pursuant to Article I, Section 8, Congress has the power “to make all Laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution the foregoing Powers, and all other Powers vested by this Constitution in the Government of the United States, or in any Department or Officer thereof.”

By Mr. FILNER:

H.R. 1107.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The constitutional authority of Congress to enact this legislation is provided by Article 3, Section 2, which states that judicial Power shall extend to all Cases, in Law and Equity, arising under this Constitution, the Laws of the United States and Controversies to which the United States shall be a Party.

By Mr. FILNER:

H.R. 1108.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The constitutional authority of Congress to enact this legislation is provided by Article 3, Section 2, which states that judicial Power shall extend to all Cases, in Law and Equity, arising under this Constitution, the Laws of the United States and Controversies to which the United States shall be a Party.

By Mr. AMASH:

H.J. Res. 49.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Art. I, Sect. 8, Cl. 14 of the Constitution (authorizing Congress to “make Rules for the Government and Regulation of the land and naval Forces”). Art. I, Sect. 8, Cl. 11 of the Constitution authorizes Congress to “declare War.” Congress did not properly declare war in Afghanistan, and this resolution takes corrective action.

By Mr. PAUL:

H.J. Res. 50.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

This legislation is authorized by Article V of the Constitution.

#### ADDITIONAL SPONSORS

Under clause 7 of rule XII, sponsors were added to public bills and resolutions as follows: