

By Mr. PERLMUTTER (for himself, Mr. COFFMAN of Colorado, Mr. TIPPON, and Mr. GARDNER):

H.R. 1356. A bill to provide amortization authority in certain situations, for purposes of capital calculation under the Financial Institutions Examination Council's Consolidated Reports of Condition and Income; to the Committee on Financial Services.

By Mr. PIERLUISI (for himself, Mrs. CHRISTENSEN, Mr. SERRANO, Mr. GONZÁLEZ, Mr. GRIJALVA, Mr. HINOJOSA, Ms. BORDALLO, Ms. ROYBAL-ALLARD, Mr. FALDOMAEGA, Ms. VELÁZQUEZ, and Mr. GUTIERREZ):

H.R. 1357. A bill to amend part B of title XVIII of the Social Security Act to change the rules relating to enrollment of residents of Puerto Rico under part B of the Medicare program; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce, and in addition to the Committee on Ways and Means, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. REHBERG:

H.R. 1358. A bill to rescind certain Federal funds identified by States as unwanted and use the funds to reduce the Federal debt; to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Ms. ROS-LEHTINEN (for herself, Ms. WILSON of Florida, Mr. RIVERA, Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ, and Mr. DIAZ-BALART):

H.R. 1359. A bill to amend section 105 of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974 to temporarily increase the limit on the portion of community development block grants amounts for certain entitlement communities that may be used for public services; to the Committee on Financial Services.

By Mr. SCHIFF (for himself, Mr. ROGERS of Michigan, and Mr. CONYERS):

H.R. 1360. A bill to amend the National Child Protection Act of 1993 to establish a permanent background check system; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. TOWNS (for himself, Mr. MANZULLO, Ms. CLARKE of New York, Mr. CLEAVER, Ms. JACKSON LEE of Texas, Mrs. MALONEY, Mr. MEEKS, Mr. RANGEL, Mr. THOMPSON of Mississippi, Ms. WATERS, Ms. RICHARDSON, Mr. PAYNE, Mr. GRIJALVA, and Ms. NORTON):

H.R. 1361. A bill to provide for restroom gender parity in Federal buildings; to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure, and in addition to the Committee on Oversight and Government Reform, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. YODER:

H.R. 1362. A bill to ensure that members of the Armed Forces continue to receive their pay and allowances despite a shutdown of the Federal Government and in the event that the debt of the United States Government reaches the statutory limit; to the Committee on Armed Services, and in addition to the Committees on Transportation and Infrastructure, and Ways and Means, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. ROGERS of Kentucky:

H.R. 1363. A bill making appropriations for the Department of Defense for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2011, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Appropriations, and in addition to the Committee on the Budget, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for

consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. CANTOR (for himself, Mr. WAXMAN, and Mr. LATOURETTE):

H. Con. Res. 33. Concurrent resolution permitting the use of the rotunda of the Capitol for a ceremony as part of the commemoration of the days of remembrance of victims of the Holocaust; to the Committee on House Administration.

By Mr. KILDEE:

H. Res. 201. A resolution expressing support for the designation of May as Ehlers-Danlos Syndrome Awareness Month to increase the knowledge of this little-known, potentially fatal, genetic disease; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

CONSTITUTIONAL AUTHORITY STATEMENT

Pursuant to clause 7 of rule XII of the Rules of the House of Representatives, the following statements are submitted regarding the specific powers granted to Congress in the Constitution to enact the accompanying bill or joint resolution.

By Mr. OLSON:

H.R. 1341.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8, Clause 18—The Congress shall have Power To . . . make all Laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution the foregoing Powers, and all other Powers vested by this Constitution in the Government of the United States, or in any Department or Officer thereof. (Necessary and Proper Regulations to Effectuate Powers)

By Mr. HIRONO:

H.R. 1342.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 3

The Congress shall have Power . . . To regulate Commerce with foreign Nations, and among the several States, and with the Indian Tribes.

Article IV, Section 3, Clause 2

The Congress shall have Power to dispose of and make all needful Rules and Regulations respecting the Territory or other Property belonging to the United States.

By Mr. BASS of New Hampshire:

H.R. 1343.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8 of the U.S. Constitution (“The Congress shall have Power . . . To regulate Commerce with foreign Nations, and among the several States, and with the Indian Tribes”).

By Mr. BRALEY of Iowa:

H.R. 1344.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

This bill is enacted pursuant to the power granted to Congress under Article I, Section 8, Clause 18 of the United States Constitution.

By Mr. CHABOT:

H.R. 1345.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The Congress enacts this bill pursuant to the Tenth Amendment: The powers not delegated to the United States by the Constitution, nor prohibited by it to the States, are reserved to the States respectively, or to the people.

By Mr. CHABOT:

H.R. 1346.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The Congress enacts this bill pursuant to Article 1, Section 8, Clause 3: The Congress shall have Power . . . To regulate Commerce with foreign Nations, and among the several States, and with the Indian Tribes.

By Mr. CHABOT:

H.R. 1347.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The Congress enacts this bill pursuant to Article 1, Section 8, Clause 1: The Congress shall have Power to lay and collect Taxes, Duties, Imposts and Excises, to pay the Debts and provide for the common Defence and general Welfare of the United States; but all Duties, Imposts and Excises shall be uniform throughout the United States.

By Mr. COURTNEY:

H.R. 1348.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8: The Congress shall have Power To lay and collect Taxes, Duties, Imposts and Excises, to pay the Debts and provide for the common Defence and general Welfare of the United States . . .

By Mr. ISRAEL:

H.R. 1349.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The legislature power vested in Congress by Article I of the Constitution to conduct oversight of executive agencies, and the “Necessary and Proper” clause found in Article I, section 8, cl.18.

By Ms. KAPTUR:

H.R. 1350.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8.

By Mr. LYNCH:

H.R. 1351.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 18: To make all Laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution the foregoing Powers, and all other Powers vested by this Constitution in the Government of the United States, or in any Department or Officer thereof.

By Mr. MARKEY:

H.R. 1352.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The Constitutional authority of Congress to enact this legislation is provided by Article IV, Section 3, which provides that Congress shall have the power to dispose of and make all needful Rules and Regulations respecting the Territory or other Property belonging to the United States.

By Mr. MURPHY of Connecticut:

H.R. 1353.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8 of the U.S. Constitution.

By Mr. MURPHY of Connecticut:

H.R. 1354.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The enumerated powers in Article I, section 8 of the U.S. Constitution.

By Mr. NEUGEBAUER:

H.R. 1355.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 1

The Congress shall have power to lay and collect Taxes, Duties, Imposts and Excises, to pay the Debts and provide for the common Defence and general Welfare of the United States; but all Duties, Imposts and Excises shall be uniform throughout the United States.

Article I, Section 8, Clause 3

The Congress shall have power to regulate Commerce with foreign Nations, and among

the several States, and with the Indian Tribes.

Article I, Section 8, Clause 18

The Congress shall have Power to make all Laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution the foregoing Powers, and all other Powers vested by the Constitution in the Government of the United States, or in any Department or Officer thereof.

By Mr. PERLMUTTER:

H.R. 1356.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8 of the United States Constitution.

By Mr. PIERLUISI:

H.R. 1357.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The constitutional authority on which this bill rests is the power of the Congress to provide for the general welfare of the United States, as enumerated in Article I, Section 8, Clause 1 of the United States Constitution; to make all laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into execution such power, as enumerated in Article I, Section 8, Clause 18 of the Constitution; and to make rules and regulations respecting the U.S. territories, as enumerated in Article IV, Section 3, Clause 2 of the Constitution.

By Mr. REHBERG:

H.R. 1358.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The principal constitutional authority for this legislation is clause 7 of section 9 of article I of the Constitution of the United States (the appropriation power), which states: "No Money shall be drawn from the Treasury, but in Consequence of Appropriations made by Law"

By Ms. ROS-LEHTINEN:

H.R. 1359.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I—The Legislative Branch.

Section 1: The Legislature:

All legislative Powers herein granted shall be vested in a Congress of the United States, which shall consist of a Senate and House of Representatives.

Section 8:

Clause 1. The Congress shall have Power to lay and collect Taxes, Duties, Imposts and Excises, to pay the Debts and provide for the common Defense and general Welfare of the United States; but all Duties, Imposts and Excises shall be uniform throughout the United States.

Clause 18. The Congress shall have Power To make all Laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution the foregoing Powers, and all other Powers vested by the Constitution in the Government of the United States, or in any Department or Officer thereof.

By Mr. SCHIFF:

H.R. 1360.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following: The Child Protection Improvements Act of 2011 is constitutionally authorized under Article I, Section 8, Clause 18, the Necessary and Proper Clause. The Necessary and Proper Clause supports the expansion of congressional authority beyond the explicit authorities that are directly discernible from the text. Additionally, the Preamble to the Constitution provides support of the authority to enact legislation to promote the General Welfare.

By Mr. TOWNS:

H.R. 1361.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

This Bill is enacted pursuant to Article I, Section 8, Clause 1 of the United States Constitution, known as the "General Welfare Clause." This provision grants Congress the broad power "to pay the Debts and provide for the common defense and general welfare of the United States."¹

¹Please note, pursuant to Article I, section 8, Congress has the power "to make all Laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution the foregoing Powers, and all other Powers vested by this Constitution in the Government of the United States, or in any Department or Officer thereof."

By Mr. YODER:

H.R. 1362.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, section 8, clauses 1 & 12 of the United States Constitution, Which grants Congress the power to provide for the common defense; to raise and support an Army and

Article I, section 9, Clause 7 of the United State Constitution, Which states that "No Money shall be drawn from the Treasury, but in Consequence of Appropriations made by Law"

By Mr. ROGERS of Kentucky:

H.R. 1363.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The principal constitutional authority for this legislation is clause 7 of section 9 of article I of the Constitution of the United States (the appropriation power), which states: "No Money shall be drawn from the Treasury, but in Consequence of Appropriations made by Law" In addition, clause 1 of section 8 of article I of the Constitution (the spending power) provides: "The Congress shall have the Power . . . to pay the Debts and provide for the common Defence and general Welfare of the United States" Together, these specific constitutional provisions establish the congressional power of the purse, granting Congress the authority to appropriate funds, to determine their purpose, amount, and period of availability, and to set forth terms and conditions governing their use.

ADDITIONAL SPONSORS

Under clause 7 of rule XII, sponsors were added to public bills and resolutions as follows:

- H.R. 5: Mr. LABRADOR.
- H.R. 23: Ms. WOOLSEY.
- H.R. 25: Mr. BROUN of Georgia.
- H.R. 56: Mr. CONNOLLY of Virginia.
- H.R. 58: Mr. SIMPSON, Mr. CHAFFETZ, Mr. GARRETT, Mr. BURTON of Indiana, Mrs. MILLER of Michigan, Mr. SAM JOHNSON of Texas, Mr. BROOKS, and Mrs. ELLMERS.
- H.R. 59: Mr. GARY G. MILLER of California.
- H.R. 114: Mrs. MCMORRIS RODGERS and Mr. REED.
- H.R. 122: Mr. TIPTON and Mr. RIGELL.
- H.R. 178: Mr. SABLAN, Mr. FILNER, Mr. HELLER, Mr. LUCAS, and Mr. ROSKAM.
- H.R. 258: Mr. CONNOLLY of Virginia and Mr. GERLACH.
- H.R. 324: Mr. CONNOLLY of Virginia.
- H.R. 361: Mr. JOHNSON of Ohio and Mr. SHUSTER.
- H.R. 365: Ms. SUTTON.
- H.R. 369: Mrs. ELLMERS, Mr. GOODLATTE, Mr. MANZULLO, Mr. NEUGEBAUER, Mr. PEARCE, and Mr. POSEY.
- H.R. 412: Mr. MCINTYRE and Mr. PETRI.
- H.R. 420: Mrs. MILLER of Michigan, Mr. GRIMM, Mr. BURTON of Indiana, Mr. GARRETT, Mr. CHAFFETZ, Mr. SIMPSON, and Mr. SAM JOHNSON of Texas.
- H.R. 422: Mr. KUCINICH.

- H.R. 452: Mr. ALEXANDER.
- H.R. 456: Mr. FITZPATRICK.
- H.R. 563: Mr. CRITZ.
- H.R. 576: Mr. KUCINICH.
- H.R. 640: Ms. NORTON.
- H.R. 719: Ms. MCCOLLUM.
- H.R. 721: Mr. KELLY.
- H.R. 745: Mr. RIGELL, Mr. COBLE, Mr. BROUN of Georgia, Mr. SESSIONS, Mr. ROHR-ABACHER, Mr. FLAKE, and Mr. MCCLINTOCK.
- H.R. 747: Mr. CONYERS.
- H.R. 750: Mr. REHBERG.
- H.R. 763: Mr. BISHOP of Utah and Mr. LABRADOR.
- H.R. 776: Mr. CUMMINGS.
- H.R. 780: Mr. WAXMAN.
- H.R. 782: Mr. GARY G. MILLER of California.
- H.R. 805: Mr. MICHAUD and Mr. STARK.
- H.R. 809: Mr. MCGOVERN and Mr. STARK.
- H.R. 812: Mr. DEFAZIO and Mr. SHULER.
- H.R. 816: Mrs. CAPITO.
- H.R. 822: Mr. DENHAM, Mr. RYAN of Ohio, Mr. CAMP, Mr. LUCAS, Mr. MCKINLEY, Mr. SHUSTER, and Mr. REED.
- H.R. 860: Mr. TIBERI and Mr. STIVERS.
- H.R. 862: Ms. SLAUGHTER.
- H.R. 865: Mr. PASCARELL, Mrs. CAPPS, Mr. SIRES, and Mr. SMITH of Washington.
- H.R. 878: Ms. BROWN of Florida.
- H.R. 912: Mr. ACKERMAN and Mr. KUCINICH.
- H.R. 942: Mr. POMPEO and Mr. STEARNS.
- H.R. 965: Mr. SHERMAN, Ms. PINGREE of Maine, Mr. BLUMENAUER, and Mr. CONNOLLY of Virginia.
- H.R. 984: Mr. GARY G. MILLER of California, Mr. YODER, Mr. CONAWAY, and Mr. FITZPATRICK.
- H.R. 998: Ms. DELAURO.
- H.R. 1023: Mr. BURTON of Indiana.
- H.R. 1025: Mr. LUEPKEMEYER.
- H.R. 1041: Mr. COURTNEY, Mr. HECK, Mr. JONES, Mr. SHUSTER, Mr. GIBBS, Mr. OWENS, Mr. KING of Iowa, Mr. WESTMORELAND, Mr. ADERHOLT, and Mr. MCKINLEY.
- H.R. 1058: Mr. JOHNSON of Ohio and Mr. COHEN.
- H.R. 1081: Mr. WEST, Mr. HUELSKAMP, Mr. CLARKE of Michigan, and Mr. SARBANES.
- H.R. 1093: Mr. CHAFFETZ, Mr. BURTON of Indiana, Mr. GARRETT, Mrs. MILLER of Michigan, Mr. SAM JOHNSON of Texas, and Mr. BROOKS.
- H.R. 1112: Mr. CARTER and Mr. LONG.
- H.R. 1144: Mr. THOMPSON of Mississippi.
- H.R. 1199: Mr. KUCINICH.
- H.R. 1206: Mr. DOLD, Mr. GARDNER, Mr. CASSIDY, and Mr. FITZPATRICK.
- H.R. 1219: Ms. HANABUSA.
- H.R. 1228: Mr. SCALISE and Mr. CASSIDY.
- H.R. 1234: Mr. BOREN, Mr. HONDA, and Mr. FALCOMAVAEGA.
- H.R. 1252: Mr. DOLD.
- H.R. 1254: Mr. HOLDEN.
- H.R. 1259: Mr. HUELSKAMP and Mr. GRIFFIN of Arkansas.
- H.R. 1266: Mr. MARINO.
- H.R. 1281: Mr. PITTS.
- H.R. 1291: Mr. BOREN.
- H.R. 1297: Mr. BILIRAKIS, Mrs. BLACKBURN, Mr. BURGESS, Mr. CONAWAY, Mrs. ELLMERS, Mr. GRIMM, Ms. JENKINS, Mr. LABRADOR, Mr. LONG, Mr. MCKINLEY, Mr. MICHAUD, Mr. MURPHY of Pennsylvania, Mr. REICHERT, Mrs. ROBY, Mr. ROSS of Florida, Mr. SCALISE, Mr. WEBSTER, and Mr. YODER.
- H.R. 1302: Mr. WELCH.
- H.J. Res. 46: Mr. MCKINLEY.
- H. Res. 25: Mr. HIGGINS, Ms. BORDALLO, and Mrs. BLACKBURN.
- H. Res. 85: Mr. BURTON of Indiana.
- H. Res. 137: Mr. WALZ of Minnesota, Mr. ROTHMAN of New Jersey, Mr. ENGEL, Mr. TONKO, Mr. QUIGLEY, and Mr. ANDREWS.
- H. Res. 142: Mr. DOLD.
- H. Res. 166: Mr. ELLISON.
- H. Res. 172: Mr. GRIMM.
- H. Res. 176: Mr. GRIJALVA.
- H. Res. 177: Mr. COBLE.