

It is important to continue to grow markets and create exports; and this legislation helps American employers, American manufacturers—and their employees, more importantly—by creating and supporting jobs here in America. So it's just an important, valuable part of our export policy, and I urge all of my colleagues to join in supporting this bipartisan legislation.

With that, I yield back the balance of my time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Michigan (Mr. CAMP) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill, H.R. 2832.

The question was taken; and (two-thirds being in the affirmative) the rules were suspended and the bill was passed.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

RECESS

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 12(a) of rule I, the Chair declares the House in recess until 6:30 p.m. today.

Accordingly (at 6 o'clock and 15 minutes p.m.), the House stood in recess until 6:30 p.m.

□ 1830

AFTER RECESS

The recess having expired, the House was called to order by the Speaker pro tempore (Mr. WEST) at 6 o'clock and 30 minutes p.m.

AUTHORIZING USE OF CAPITOL GROUNDS FOR DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA SPECIAL OLYMPICS LAW ENFORCEMENT TORCH RUN

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, proceedings will resume on the motion to suspend the rules previously postponed.

The unfinished business is the vote on the motion to suspend the rules and agree to the concurrent resolution (H. Con. Res. 67) authorizing the use of the Capitol Grounds for the District of Columbia Special Olympics Law Enforcement Torch Run, on which the yeas and nays were ordered.

The Clerk read the title of the concurrent resolution.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from California (Mr. DENHAM) that the House suspend the rules and agree to the concurrent resolution.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 379, nays 0, not voting 52, as follows:

[Roll No. 692]

YEAS—379

Ackerman	Altmire	Baca
Adams	Amash	Bachus
Aderholt	Andrews	Baldwin
Alexander	Austria	Barletta

Barrow	Fitzpatrick	LoBiondo
Bartlett	Flake	Loeb
Barton (TX)	Fleischmann	Loftgren, Zoe
Bass (CA)	Fleming	Long
Becerra	Forbes	Lowey
Berg	Fortenberry	Luetkemeyer
Berman	Fox	Lujan
Biggert	Frank (MA)	Lummis
Bilbray	Franks (AZ)	Mack
Bilirakis	Frelinghuysen	Manzullo
Bishop (GA)	Fudge	Marchant
Black	Galleghy	Marino
Blackburn	Garamendi	Markey
Blumenauer	Gardner	Matheson
Bonner	Garrett	Matsui
Bono Mack	Gerlach	McCarthy (CA)
Boswell	Gibbs	McCauley
Boustany	Gingrey (GA)	McClintock
Brady (PA)	Gohmert	McCollum
Brady (TX)	Gonzalez	McCotter
Braley (IA)	Goodlatte	McDermott
Brooks	Gosar	McGovern
Broun (GA)	Gowdy	McHenry
Brown (FL)	Granger	McIntyre
Buchanan	Graves (GA)	McKeon
Bucshon	Graves (MO)	McKinley
Buerkle	Green, Al	McMorris
Burgess	Green, Gene	Rodgers
Burton (IN)	Griffin (AR)	McNerney
Butterfield	Griffith (VA)	Meehan
Calvert	Grimm	Meeks
Camp	Guinta	Mica
Campbell	Guthrie	Michaud
Canseco	Hahn	Miller (FL)
Cantor	Hall	Miller (MI)
Capito	Hanabusa	Miller (NC)
Capps	Hanna	Miller, George
Capuano	Harper	Moore
Cardoza	Harris	Moran
Carnahan	Hartzler	Murphy (CT)
Carney	Hastings (FL)	Murphy (PA)
Carson (IN)	Hastings (WA)	Myrick
Carter	Hayworth	Nadler
Cassidy	Heck	Napolitano
Castor (FL)	Heinrich	Neugebauer
Chabot	Hensarling	Noem
Chaffetz	Hergert	Nugent
Chandler	Herrera Beutler	Nunes
Chu	Himes	Nunnelee
Cicilline	Hinche	Olson
Clarke (MI)	Hinojosa	Olver
Clay	Hirono	Owens
Cleaver	Hochul	Palazzo
Clyburn	Holden	Pallone
Coble	Holt	Pascarella
Coffman (CO)	Hoyer	Pastor (AZ)
Cole	Huelskamp	Paulsen
Conaway	Huizenga (MI)	Payne
Connelly (VA)	Hultgren	Pearce
Conyers	Hunter	Pelosi
Cooper	Hurt	Perlmutter
Costa	Inslee	Peters
Courtney	Israel	Peterson
Cravaack	Issa	Petri
Crawford	Jackson (IL)	Pitts
Crenshaw	Jackson Lee	Platts
Critz	(TX)	Poe (TX)
Crowley	Jenkins	Polis
Cuellar	Johnson (GA)	Pompeo
Culberson	Johnson (IL)	Posey
Cummings	Johnson (OH)	Price (GA)
Davis (CA)	Johnson, E. B.	Price (NC)
Davis (KY)	Johnson, Sam	Quayle
DeFazio	Jones	Quigley
DeGette	Jordan	Rahall
DeLauro	Kaptur	Rangel
Denham	Keating	Reed
Dent	Kelly	Rehberg
DesJarlais	Kildee	Reichert
Deutch	Kind	Renacci
Diaz-Balart	King (IA)	Ribble
Dicks	King (NY)	Richardson
Dingell	Kingston	Rigell
Doggett	Kinzinger (IL)	Rivera
Dold	Kline	Roby
Donnelly (IN)	Kucinich	Roe (TN)
Doyle	Labrador	Rogers (AL)
Dreier	Lamborn	Rogers (KY)
Duffy	Lance	Rogers (MI)
Duncan (SC)	Lankford	Rohrabacher
Duncan (TN)	Larsen (WA)	Rooney
Edwards	Larson (CT)	Ros-Lehtinen
Ellmers	Latham	Roskam
Emerson	LaTourette	Ross (AR)
Eshoo	Latta	Ross (FL)
Farenthold	Lee (CA)	Roybal-Allard
Farr	Levin	Royce
Fattah	Lewis (CA)	Runyan
Filner	Lipinski	Ruppersberger

Ryan (OH)	Smith (NE)	Velázquez
Ryan (WI)	Smith (NJ)	Walberg
Sánchez, Linda	Smith (TX)	Walden
T.	Smith (WA)	Walz (MN)
Sanchez, Loretta	Southerland	Wasserman
Sarbanes	Speier	Schultz
Scalise	Stark	Waters
Schakowsky	Stearns	Watt
Schiff	Stivers	Waxman
Schilling	Stutzman	Webster
Schmidt	Sullivan	Welch
Schock	Sutton	West
Schwartz	Terry	Westmoreland
Schweikert	Thompson (CA)	Whitfield
Scott (VA)	Thompson (MS)	Wilson (FL)
Scott, Austin	Thompson (PA)	Wilson (SC)
Scott, David	Thornberry	Wittman
Sensenbrenner	Tierney	Wolf
Serrano	Tipton	Womack
Sessions	Tonko	Woodall
Sherman	Towns	Woolsey
Shuler	Tsongas	Yarmuth
Shuster	Turner	Yoder
Simpson	Upton	Young (IN)
Slaughter	Van Hollen	

NOT VOTING—52

Akin	Grijalva	Pence
Bachmann	Gutierrez	Pingree (ME)
Bass (NH)	Higgins	Reyes
Benishek	Honda	Richmond
Berkley	Kissell	Rokita
Bishop (NY)	Landry	Rothman (NJ)
Bishop (UT)	Langevin	Rush
Boren	Lewis (GA)	Schrader
Clarke (NY)	Lucas	Scott (SC)
Cohen	Lungren, Daniel	Sewell
Costello	E.	Shimkus
Davis (IL)	Lynch	Sires
Ellison	Maloney	Tiberi
Engel	McCarthy (NY)	Visclosky
Fincher	Miller, Gary	Walsh (IL)
Flores	Mulvaney	Young (AK)
Gibson	Neal	Young (FL)
Giffords	Paul	

□ 1854

So (two-thirds being in the affirmative) the rules were suspended and the concurrent resolution was agreed to.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

Stated for:

Mr. WALSH of Illinois. Mr. Speaker, on rollcall No. 692, had I been present, I would have voted "yea."

Ms. SEWELL. Mr. Speaker, on rollcall No. 692, had I been present, I would have voted "yea."

Mr. ELLISON. Mr. Speaker, on September 7, 2011, I inadvertently missed rollcall vote No. 692. Had I been present, I would have voted "yea."

Ms. CLARKE of New York. Mr. Speaker, I was unavoidably detained in my district and missed the vote on September 7, 2011. Had I been present, I would have voted "yea" on rollcall No. 692, H. Con. Res. 67.

□ 1900

ANNOUNCEMENT REGARDING CLASSIFIED SCHEDULE OF AUTHORIZATIONS AND CLASSIFIED ANNEX ACCOMPANYING INTELLIGENCE AUTHORIZATION BILL FOR FY 2012

(Mr. ROGERS of Michigan asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. ROGERS of Michigan. Mr. Speaker, I wish to announce to all Members of the House that the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence has ordered the bill, H.R. 1892, the Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal

Year 2012, reported favorably to the House with an amendment, and last week filed its report on the bill in the House. The bill is currently expected to be considered in the House this coming Friday.

Mr. Speaker, the classified Schedule of Authorizations and the classified Annex accompanying the bill are available for review by Members at the offices of the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence in room HVC-304 of the Capitol Visitors Center. The committee office will open during regular business hours for the convenience of any Member who wishes to review this material prior to its consideration by the House.

I recommend that Members wishing to review the classified Annex contact the committee's director of security to arrange a time and date for that viewing. This will ensure the availability of committee staff to assist Members who desire assistance during their review of these classified materials.

I urge interested Members to review these materials in order to better understand the committee's recommendations. The classified Annex to the committee's report contains the committee's recommendations on the intelligence budget for fiscal year 2012 and related classified information that cannot be disclosed publicly.

It is important that Members keep in mind the requirements of clause 13 of House rule XXIII, which only permits access to classified information by those Members of the House who have signed the oath provided for in the rule.

If a Member has not yet signed that oath but wishes to review the classified Annex and Schedule of Authorizations, the committee staff can administer the oath and see to it that the executed form is sent to the Clerk's Office. In addition, the committee's rules require that Members agree in writing to a nondisclosure agreement. The agreement indicates that the Member has been granted access to the classified Annex and that they are familiar with the rules of the House and the committee with respect to the classified nature of that information and the limitations on the disclosure of that information.

I thank the Speaker.

REPORT ON RESOLUTION PROVIDING FOR CONSIDERATION OF H.R. 2218, EMPOWERING PARENTS THROUGH QUALITY CHARTER SCHOOLS ACT, AND PROVIDING FOR CONSIDERATION OF H.R. 1892, INTELLIGENCE AUTHORIZATION ACT FOR FISCAL YEAR 2012

Ms. FOXX, from the Committee on Rules, submitted a privileged report (Rept. No. 112-200) on the resolution (H. Res. 392) providing for consideration of the bill (H.R. 2218) to amend the charter school program under the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965, and providing for consideration of

the bill (H.R. 1892) to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2012 for intelligence and intelligence-related activities of the United States Government, the Community Management Account, and the Central Intelligence Agency Retirement and Disability System, and for other purposes, which was referred to the House Calendar and ordered to be printed.

QUESTION OF PERSONAL PRIVILEGE

Mr. KUCINICH. Mr. Speaker, I rise to a point of personal privilege.

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. SCHWEIKERT). The Chair has been made aware of a valid basis for the gentleman's point of personal privilege.

The gentleman from Ohio is recognized for 1 hour.

Mr. KUCINICH. Mr. Speaker, tonight I wish to speak to this Congress and to my fellow Americans about international policy and its relationship to the domestic economy. I will advocate a new direction America must take in the world so that we can meet the needs of our people here at home.

For the past decade, we have relied on the force of our arms to make America more secure while our economy has rotted from within. America has lost its focus. America has spent more time concentrating on reshaping the world than on reshaping our economy. We have created hundreds of thousands of jobs for military contractors all over the world while we have just learned that we have created zero jobs here in the United States in the month of August as unemployment continues to stay above 9 percent. Come home, America.

We must begin to focus on things here at home and stop roaming the world looking for dragons to slay. We have a right and an obligation to defend our Nation, but that includes working for peace abroad and seeking peaceful resolution of conflict, a capacity that, at our peril, we have not fully developed. I call it strength through peace. It involves the pursuit of what President Franklin Roosevelt called the science of human relations, actually engaging those with whom we disagree most to attempt to find a way to coexist peacefully.

As Dr. Martin Luther King said at a commencement address at Oberlin College in 1965: "We must find some alternative to war and bloodshed. I do not wish to minimize the complexity of the problems to be faced in achieving disarmament and peace. But we shall not have the courage, the insight, to deal with such matters unless we are prepared to undergo a mental and spiritual change. It is not enough to say we must not wage war. We must love peace and sacrifice for it. We must fix our visions not merely on the negative expulsion of war, but upon the positive affirmation of peace. We must see that peace represents a sweeter music, far superior to the discords of war."

I believe the American people have the capacity, Mr. Speaker, to undergo the mental and spiritual change that Dr. King spoke about.

□ 1910

People are about that work in their own private lives every day. The question is: Does our government and those who lead it have that capacity? Are we willing to look, recognize that the path we are on leads only to destruction and poverty, and are we willing to embark courageously on a new path?

To those who say that this is naive, I ask: Has the strategy of military intervention which took us and keeps us in Iraq, Afghanistan, and Libya, made us any safer? The musclebound "with us or against us" mindset which passes for statecraft has placed us on a march of folly that in the past decade has left America with thousands of dead young soldiers, over a million dead innocents in Iraq, Afghanistan, Pakistan, and the surrounding region, a new generation of terrorists, and trillions upon trillions of dollars of debt. As poverty and war are twins, so are peace and prosperity.

Mindful of the disaster of spreading war and being an eyewitness as to how easily our country seems to be drawn into conflict, I traveled to Syria this year to personally urge their leader to stop the violence, respect human rights, and begin a transition towards a democratic state. I traveled to Lebanon afterwards to hear the concerns of leaders who also believe that the violence in Syria must stop and who are concerned that if radical fundamentalism results in the overthrow of the government of Syria, the same fires will consume their own nation which developed a fragile political and social consensus after years of civil war.

I opposed the war in Libya, not only because it was unconstitutional but it was, and is, unconscionable for America to precipitate or take sides in a civil war, spending perhaps billions in an ongoing war when we have so many pressing needs here at home. We went in because we were told a massacre could occur. Yet civilian casualties in Libya mounted after the U.S. and NATO attacked. In order to please the West, Libya cooperated with the CIA, got rid of its WMD program in 2004, and privatized its economy, resulting in massive unemployment.

It was moving through to reform even as the West moved to bomb it and, inexplicably, the West moved to take up the cause of elements of al Qaeda spurring the rebels. We learn today from CNN that the rebels and fighters aligned with them are looting weapons warehouses across Libya, where as many as 20,000 surface-to-air missiles had previously been kept under lock and key. Western officials, perhaps the same geniuses who knowingly helped rebel elements with ties to al Qaeda overthrow the Libya Government, are now worried that the surface-to-air missiles and other weapons will get into the wrong hands.