

[Roll No. 696]

AYES—303

Ackerman Fleming McKeon
 Adams Forbes McKinley
 Aderholt Fortenberry McMorris
 Alexander Frank (MA) Rodgers
 Altmore Franks (AZ) McNerney
 Andrews Frelinghuysen Meehan
 Austria Fudge Meeks
 Baca Gallegly Michaud
 Bachus Garamendi Miller (NC)
 Baldwin Gardner Miller, George
 Barrow Gerlach Moore
 Bartlett Gibbs Moran
 Bass (CA) Gibson Mulvaney
 Bass (NH) Gohmert Murphy (CT)
 Becerra Gonzalez Gonzalez
 Berkley Goodlatte Nadler
 Berman Gosar Napolitano
 Biggert Graves (MO) Nunes
 Bilbray Green, Al Nunnelee
 Bilirakis Green, Gene Oliver
 Bishop (GA) Griffin (AR) Owens
 Bishop (NY) Griffith (VA) Pallone
 Blumenauer Grijalva Pascrell
 Bonner Grimm Pastor (AZ)
 Bono Mack Guinta Paulsen
 Boren Guthrie Payne
 Boswell Gutierrez Pearce
 Brady (PA) Hahn Pelosi
 Brady (TX) Hanabusa Pence
 Braley (IA) Hanna Perlmutter
 Brooks Harper Peters
 Buchanan Harris Peterson
 Bucshon Hastings (FL) Pingree (ME)
 Burton (IN) Hayworth Platts
 Butterfield Heinrich Polis
 Calvert Herger Price (NC)
 Camp Herrera Beutler Quigley
 Campbell Himes Rahall
 Cantor Hinchey Rangel
 Capito Hinojosa Reed
 Capps Hirono Rehberg
 Capuano Hochul Renacci
 Carnahan Holt Richardson
 Carney Hoyer Richmond
 Carson (IN) Inslee Rigell
 Cassidy Israel Rivera
 Castor (FL) Jackson (IL) Rogers (AL)
 Chabot Jackson Lee Rokita
 Chandler (TX) Ros-Lehtinen
 Chu Johnson (IL) Roskam
 Cicilline Johnson (OH) Ross (AR)
 Clarke (MI) Johnson, E. B. Rothman (NJ)
 Clarke (NY) Jones Roybal-Allard
 Clay Kaptur Runyan
 Cleaver Keating Ruppertsberger
 Clyburn Kelly Rush
 Coble Kildee Ryan (OH)
 Cohen Kind Ryan (WI)
 Cole Kinzinger (IL) Sánchez, Linda
 Connolly (VA) Kissell T.
 Conyers Klime Sanchez, Loretta
 Cooper Kucinich Sarbanes
 Costa Lance Scalise
 Costello Landry Schakowsky
 Courtney Schiff
 Cravaack Langevin Schmidt
 Crawford Lankford Schrader
 Crenshaw Larsen (WA) Schwartz
 Critz Larson (CT) Scott (VA)
 Crowley LaTourette Scott, Austin
 Cuellar Latta Scott, David
 Cummings Lee (CA) Sensenbrenner
 Davis (CA) Levin Serrano
 Davis (IL) Lewis (CA) Sewell
 DeFazio Lipinski Sherman
 DeGette LoBiondo Shuler
 DeLauro Loeb sack Shuster
 Denham Lofgren, Zoe Simpson
 Dent Lowey Sires
 Deutch Lucas Slaughter
 Dicks Luetkemeyer Smith (NJ)
 Dingell Lujan Smith (WA)
 Doggett Lynch Speier
 Dold Mack Stark
 Donnelly (IN) Maloney Stearns
 Doyle Manzullo Stivers
 Dreier Markey Sutton
 Edwards Matheson Terry
 Ellison Matsui Thompson (CA)
 Ellmers McCarthy (CA) Thompson (MS)
 Emerson McCarthy (NY) Tiberi
 Eshoo McCaul Tierney
 Farr McCollum Tipton
 Fattah McDermott Tonko
 Fincher McGovern Towns
 Fitzpatrick McIntyre Tsongas

Turner
 Upton
 Velázquez
 Visclosky
 Walberg
 Walden
 Walz (MN)
 Watt
 Waxman
 Webster
 Welch
 Whitfield
 Wilson (FL)
 Wolf
 Woolsey
 Yarmuth
 Yoder
 Young (IN)

NOES—92

Amash
 Benishek
 Berg
 Black
 Blackburn
 Boustany
 Broun (GA)
 Buerkle
 Burgess
 Canseco
 Carter
 Chaffetz
 Coffman (CO)
 Conaway
 Culberson
 Davis (KY)
 DesJarlais
 Duffy
 Duncan (SC)
 Duncan (TN)
 Farenthold
 Flake
 Fleischmann
 Flores
 Foxx
 Garrett
 Gingrey (GA)
 Givony
 Graves (GA)
 Hall
 Hartzler
 Hastings (WA)
 Heck
 Hensarling
 Huelskamp
 Huizenga (MI)
 Hultgren
 Hunter
 Hurt
 Issa
 Jenkins
 Johnson, Sam
 Jordan
 King (IA)
 King (NY)
 Kingston
 Labrador
 Lamborn
 Long
 Lummis
 Marchant
 McClintock
 McHenry
 Mica
 Miller (FL)
 Miller (MI)
 Murphy (PA)
 Neugebauer
 Noem
 Nugent
 Olson
 Palazzo
 Poe (TX)
 Pompeo
 Posey
 Price (GA)
 Quayle
 Reichert
 Ribble
 Roby
 Roe (TN)
 Rogers (KY)
 Rogers (MI)
 Rohrabacher
 Rooney
 Ross (FL)
 Royce
 Schilling
 Schock
 Schweikert
 Scott (SC)
 Sessions
 Shimkus
 Smith (NE)
 Southerland
 Stutzman
 Thornberry
 Walsh (IL)
 West
 Westmoreland
 Womack
 Woodall

NOT VOTING—36

Akin Holden
 Bachmann Honda
 Barletta Johnson (GA)
 Barton (TX) Lewis (GA)
 Bishop (UT) Lungren, Daniel
 Brown (FL) E.
 Cardoza Marino
 Diaz-Balart McCotter
 Engel Miller, Gary
 Filner Neal
 Giffords Paul
 Granger Petri
 Higgins Pitts

□ 1100

Mrs. BLACK changed her vote from "aye" to "no."

Mr. PENCE and Ms. HAYWORTH changed their vote from "no" to "aye."

So the amendment was agreed to.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

Stated for:

Mr. FILNER. Madam Chair, on rollcall No. 696, I was unable to vote. Had I been present, I would have voted "aye."

Mr. PETRI. Madam Chair, I inadvertently did not vote on the Carney amendment to H.R. 1892. I would have voted for adoption of the amendment.

Mr. AKIN. Madam Chair, on rollcall Nos. 695 and 696, I was delayed and unable to vote. Had I been present I would have voted "aye" on both.

PERSONAL EXPLANATION

Mr. WITTMAN. Madam Chair, on rollcall Nos. 695 and 696, I was unavoidably detained. Had I been present, I would have voted "aye" on 695 and "aye" on 696.

The CHAIR. The question is on the amendment in the nature of a substitute, as amended.

The amendment was agreed to.

The CHAIR. Under the rule, the Committee rises.

Accordingly, the Committee rose; and the Speaker pro tempore (Mr. GRIMM) having assumed the chair, Mrs. MILLER of Michigan, Chair of the Com-

mittee of the Whole House on the state of the Union, reported that that Committee, having had under consideration the bill (H.R. 1892) to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2012 for intelligence and intelligence-related activities of the United States Government, the Community Management Account, and the Central Intelligence Agency Retirement and Disability System, and for other purposes, and, pursuant to House Resolution 392, reported the bill back to the House with an amendment adopted in the Committee of the Whole.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under the rule, the previous question is ordered.

Pursuant to clause 1(c) of rule XIX, further consideration of H.R. 1892 is postponed.

COMMEMORATING SEPTEMBER 11

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Chair would ask all present to rise for the purpose of a moment of silence.

The Chair asks that the House now observe a moment of silence in memory of the victims of the terrorist attacks on September 11, 2001.

Mr. CANTOR. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that the Committees on Armed Services, Foreign Affairs, Homeland Security, the Judiciary, Oversight and Government Reform, and Transportation and Infrastructure, and the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence be discharged from further consideration of the resolution (H. Res. 391) expressing the sense of the House of Representatives regarding the terrorist attacks launched against the United States on September 11, 2001, on the 10th anniversary of that date, and ask for its immediate consideration in the House.

The Clerk read the title of the resolution.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Virginia?

There was no objection.

The text of the resolution is as follows:

H. RES. 391

Whereas on September 11, 2001, while Americans were attending to their daily routines, terrorists hijacked four civilian aircraft, crashing two of them into the towers of the World Trade Center in New York City, a third into the Pentagon near Washington, D.C., and a fourth was prevented from also being used as a weapon against America by brave passengers who placed their country above their own lives;

Whereas thousands of innocent Americans were killed and injured as a result of these attacks, including the passengers and crew of the four aircraft, workers in the World Trade Center and in the Pentagon, rescue workers, and bystanders;

Whereas 10 years later the country continues to, and shall forever, mourn their tragic loss and honor their memory;

Whereas these attacks destroyed both towers of the World Trade Center, as well as adjacent buildings, and seriously damaged the Pentagon;

Whereas these attacks were by far the deadliest terrorist attacks ever launched

against the United States, and, by targeting symbols of American strength and success, were intended to assail the principles, values, and freedoms of the United States and the American people, intimidate our Nation and weaken its resolve;

Whereas memorials have been constructed to honor the victims of these attacks at the Pentagon, in Shanksville, Pennsylvania, and on the World Trade Center grounds, so that Americans and people from around the world can visit to mourn those lost and to pay tribute to the heroic action and sacrifice of those who have served our communities and our country in the years since the attacks;

Whereas 10 years after September 11, 2001, the United States continues to fight terrorists and other extremists who threaten America and her friends and allies;

Whereas successive Congresses have passed and President Bush and President Obama have signed numerous laws to assist victims of terrorism, protect our Nation, combat terrorism at home and abroad, and support the members of the Armed Forces who courageously defend the United States;

Whereas by the tireless efforts of our intelligence, military, and law enforcement professionals, the United States has been able to significantly degrade the al Qaida network, by taking into custody or killing senior al Qaida leaders, operational managers, and key facilitators, and owes a debt of gratitude to the focused and persistent efforts of all those personnel involved in the removal of Osama bin Laden;

Whereas the terrorist attacks that have occurred around the world since September 11, 2001, remind us of the hateful inhumanity of terrorism and the ongoing threat it poses to freedom, justice, and the rule of law;

Whereas United States law enforcement and intelligence agencies and allies of the United States around the world have worked together to detect and disrupt terrorist networks and numerous terror plots since September 11, 2001, and have ensured that no attacks have been carried out on American soil since that day;

Whereas the Nation is indebted to the brave military, intelligence, law enforcement, and civilian personnel serving in Afghanistan, Iraq, and elsewhere in advancement of United States national interests;

Whereas thousands of families have lost loved ones in the defense of freedom and liberty against the tyranny of terror; and

Whereas the passage of ten years has not diminished the pain caused by the senseless loss of nearly 3,000 persons killed on September 11, 2001: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the House of Representatives—

(1) recognizes September 11 as a day of solemn commemoration;

(2) extends again its deepest sympathies to the thousands of innocent victims of the September 11, 2001, terrorist attacks, and to their families, friends, and loved ones;

(3) honors the heroism and the sacrifices of United States military and civilian personnel and their families who have sacrificed much, including their lives and health, in defense of their country;

(4) credits the heroism of first responders, law enforcement personnel, State and local officials, volunteers, and others who aided the victims of these attacks and, in so doing, bravely risked their own lives and long-term health;

(5) expresses thanks and gratitude to the foreign leaders and citizens of all nations who have assisted and continue to stand in solidarity with the United States against terrorism in the aftermath of the attacks on September 11, 2001, and asks them to continue to stand with the United States against international terrorism;

(6) commends the military and intelligence personnel involved in the removal of Osama bin Laden;

(7) reasserts its commitment to opposing violent extremism arrayed against American interests and to providing the United States military, intelligence, and law enforcement communities with the resources and support to do so effectively and safely;

(8) vows that it will continue to identify, intercept, and disrupt terrorists and their activities;

(9) reaffirms that the American people will never forget the sacrifices made on September 11, 2001, and will never bow to terrorist demands; and

(10) declares that when Congress adjourns today, it stands adjourned out of respect to the victims of the terrorist attacks.

The resolution was agreed to.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

INTELLIGENCE AUTHORIZATION ACT FOR FISCAL YEAR 2012

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 1(c) of rule XIX, further consideration of H.R. 1892 will now resume. The Clerk will report the title.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is a separate vote demanded on any amendment to the amendment reported from the Committee of the Whole?

If not, the question is on the amendment in the nature of a substitute, as amended.

The amendment was agreed to.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the engrossment and third reading of the bill.

The bill was ordered to be engrossed and read a third time, and was read the third time.

MOTION TO RECOMMIT

Ms. HOCHUL. Mr. Speaker, I have a motion to recommit at the desk.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is the gentlewoman opposed to the bill?

Ms. HOCHUL. I am opposed to the bill in its current form.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Clerk will report the motion to recommit.

The Clerk read as follows:

Ms. Hochul moves to recommit the bill, H.R. 1892, to the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence with instructions to report the same back to the House forthwith with the following amendment:

At the end of title III (page 26, after line 6), add the following new section:

SEC. 312. PRIORITIZATION OF FUNDING TO COUNTER THE THREAT POSED BY TRANSNATIONAL DRUG TRAF- FICKING.

In obligating and expending funds authorized to be appropriated in this Act, the head of each element of the intelligence community shall include as a priority activities in support of countering the threat posed by transnational drug trafficking and the protection of United States borders from drug-related crime, violence, and gang-related activity in connection with transnational drug trafficking.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The gentlewoman from New York is recognized for 5 minutes.

Ms. HOCHUL. My amendment will very simply help the intelligence com-

munity prioritize its funding and ensure that we direct it toward securing our borders from many threats—terrorists as well as drug dealers.

I want to be clear that support for my simple amendment, which is a statement of our priorities, will ensure that our intelligence community cooperates fully to protect our borders against terrorists as well as the scourge of drug dealers. If support for my amendment is passed, we can also vote on the underlying bill immediately following. So my amendment does not harm the bill, and I want to make that very clear.

Last night, as we sat in this Chamber, we all became aware of the continued threat that we all face as intelligence reports were coming out about unspecified threats in New York City and in Washington, perhaps putting us in danger. And while the President so eloquently laid out his comments on how we need to get our country back to work and people off the unemployment lines, I will tell you today there are groups of individuals I'd like to see on the unemployment lines—the terrorists and the drug dealers, who are trying to do harm to this country. My amendment is simply a statement of our priorities.

□ 1110

Just 2 days ago in my district in Upstate New York, we had the largest drug bust come over from Canada in our history. It equated to 9 million doses of cocaine that was going to be spread through our community.

Mr. Speaker, that is intolerable. We have got to do more to secure our borders, and we can work harder with our intelligence community and their resources to secure our borders, and that's exactly what my amendment would do.

It is not just the northern border; we all know what's occurring on the southern border. Military operations are being conducted in our country by Mexican drug cartels even as we speak. We have to do more to protect our borders.

The murder capital of the world is not in some Far Eastern country, Middle East. It is miles away from the U.S. border near El Paso, Texas. I have a real problem with that as an American citizen. We need to do more to protect our borders.

As the President spoke last night, we have to do so much more to get our economy going again. Has anyone ever calculated the true cost to our economy of what the drug problem is doing, this illegal drug trafficking that's coming through our borders, what it's doing to our communities on the southern border and on the northern border?

Ladies and gentlemen, we have got to do much more, and my amendment is simply an opportunity. If you support this, it is a statement of saying the intelligence community will make a