

The bill renews GSP, which the House passed last month, and that is the largest trade preference program and is estimated to account for 82,000 U.S. jobs that are directly or indirectly related to that program.

The second portion of this bill, the bill that reauthorizes Trade Adjustment Assistance, is absolutely critical because it is one of the core items that has allowed these trade agreements to come forward. And this legislation really does ensure smaller government and less spending on an important program in these difficult economic times where we have a growing debt and deficit.

This program was streamlined and scaled back, and just quickly I'll note some of the highlights. There is no TAA for public sector workers. The number of weeks was reduced from 156 in the 2009 law down to 117 weeks. Also, there is no double-dipping. These benefits run concurrently with current unemployment insurance, or UI benefits, and the health care subsidy was reduced in this legislation.

We also eliminated half of the allowable justifications for the program's training waivers to ensure that those who are eligible for TAA are in those training programs with only limited exceptions.

We also consolidated and reduced all the non-income support expenditures. We reduced funding for the TAA for firms, and also added enhanced performance measures. Now, no worker will qualify for this unless certified by the Department of Labor. This is an important attempt to bring some reform and integrity to our unemployment programs, particularly by strengthening the job training provision where 80 percent of the waivers were used to waive people out of the requirement they job train.

□ 1720

This is an important reform; and it's going to be an important reform in this bill to make sure we implement it so as we move forward on the employment insurance debate later this year, as the gentleman from Washington State alluded to, we actually have a track record on some of these items and can see how they're at least beginning to work.

So I urge my colleagues to support not only all three trade agreements, but also what really was the cornerstone for bringing those three trade agreements to the floor, H.R. 2832.

I yield back the balance of my time. The SPEAKER pro tempore. All time for debate has expired.

Pursuant to House Resolution 425, the previous question is ordered.

The question is on the motion that the House concur in the Senate amendment.

The question was taken; and the Speaker pro tempore announced that the ayes appeared to have it.

Mr. McDERMOTT. Madam Speaker, on that I demand the yeas and nays.

The yeas and nays were ordered.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX and the order of the House today, further proceedings on this question will be postponed.

UNITED STATES-COLOMBIA TRADE PROMOTION AGREEMENT IMPLEMENTATION ACT

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 1(c) of rule XIX, further consideration of the bill (H.R. 3078) to implement the United States-Colombia Trade Promotion Agreement will now resume.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

MOTION TO RECOMMIT

Mr. LEVIN. I have a motion to recommit at the desk.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is the gentleman opposed to the bill?

Mr. LEVIN. I am.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Clerk will report the motion to recommit.

The Clerk read as follows:

Mr. Levin moves to recommit the bill H.R. 3078 to the Committee on Ways and Means with instructions to report the same back to the House forthwith with the following amendments:

At the end of the bill, add the following:

TITLE VII—CURRENCY REFORM FOR FAIR TRADE ACT

SEC. 701. SHORT TITLE.

This title may be cited as the "Currency Reform for Fair Trade Act".

SEC. 702. CLARIFICATION REGARDING DEFINITION OF COUNTERAVAILABLE SUBSIDY.

(a) BENEFIT CONFERRED.—Section 771(5)(E) of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1677(5)(E)) is amended—

(1) in clause (iii), by striking "and" at the end;

(2) in clause (iv), by striking the period at the end and inserting ", and"; and

(3) by inserting after clause (iv) the following new clause:

"(v) in the case in which the currency of a country in which the subject merchandise is produced is exchanged for foreign currency obtained from export transactions, and the currency of such country is a fundamentally undervalued currency, as defined in paragraph (37), the difference between the amount of the currency of such country provided and the amount of the currency of such country that would have been provided if the real effective exchange rate of the currency of such country were not undervalued, as determined pursuant to paragraph (38)."

(b) EXPORT SUBSIDY.—Section 771(5A)(B) of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1677(5A)(B)) is amended by adding at the end the following new sentence: "In the case of a subsidy relating to a fundamentally undervalued currency, the fact that the subsidy may also be provided in circumstances not involving export shall not, for that reason alone, mean that the subsidy cannot be considered contingent upon export performance."

(c) DEFINITION OF FUNDAMENTALLY UNDERVALUED CURRENCY.—Section 771 of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1677) is amended by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

"(37) FUNDAMENTALLY UNDERVALUED CURRENCY.—The administering authority shall determine that the currency of a country in which the subject merchandise is produced is a 'fundamentally undervalued currency' if—

"(A) the government of the country (including any public entity within the territory of the country) engages in protracted, large-scale intervention in one or more foreign exchange markets during part or all of the 18-month period that represents the most recent 18 months for which the information required under paragraph (38) is reasonably available, but that does not include any period of time later than the final month in the period of investigation or the period of review, as applicable;

"(B) the real effective exchange rate of the currency is undervalued by at least 5 percent, on average and as calculated under paragraph (38), relative to the equilibrium real effective exchange rate for the country's currency during the 18-month period;

"(C) during the 18-month period, the country has experienced significant and persistent global current account surpluses; and

"(D) during the 18-month period, the foreign asset reserves held by the government of the country exceed—

"(i) the amount necessary to repay all debt obligations of the government falling due within the coming 12 months;

"(ii) 20 percent of the country's money supply, using standard measures of M2; and

"(iii) the value of the country's imports during the previous 4 months."

(d) DEFINITION OF REAL EFFECTIVE EXCHANGE RATE UNDERVALUATION.—Section 771 of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1677), as amended by subsection (c) of this section, is further amended by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

"(38) REAL EFFECTIVE EXCHANGE RATE UNDERVALUATION.—The calculation of real effective exchange rate undervaluation, for purposes of paragraph (5)(E)(v) and paragraph (37), shall—

"(A)(i) rely upon, and where appropriate be the simple average of, the results yielded from application of the approaches described in the guidelines of the International Monetary Fund's Consultative Group on Exchange Rate Issues; or

"(ii) if the guidelines of the International Monetary Fund's Consultative Group on Exchange Rate Issues are not available, be based on generally accepted economic and econometric techniques and methodologies to measure the level of undervaluation;

"(B) rely upon data that are publicly available, reliable, and compiled and maintained by the International Monetary Fund or, if the International Monetary Fund cannot provide the data, by other international organizations or by national governments; and

"(C) use inflation-adjusted, trade-weighted exchange rates."

SEC. 703. REPORT ON IMPLEMENTATION OF TITLE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 9 months after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General of the United States shall submit to Congress a report on the implementation of the amendments made by this title.

(b) MATTERS TO BE INCLUDED.—The report required by subsection (a) shall include a description of the extent to which United States industries that have been materially injured by reason of imports of subject merchandise produced in foreign countries with fundamentally undervalued currencies have received relief under title VII of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1671 et seq.), as amended by this title.

SEC. 704. APPLICATION TO GOODS FROM CANADA AND MEXICO.

Pursuant to article 1902 of the North American Free Trade Agreement and section 408 of the North American Free Trade Agreement Implementation Act of 1993 (19 U.S.C. 3438), the amendments made by section 702 of

this Act shall apply to goods from Canada and Mexico.

Mr. CAMP (during the reading). Madam Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that the reading be dispensed with.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Michigan?

There was no objection.

Mr. CAMP. I reserve a point of order. The SPEAKER pro tempore. A point of order is reserved.

Pursuant to the rule, the gentleman from Michigan is recognized for 5 minutes.

Mr. LEVIN. I want everybody to know what this is. This is a bill on currency. This is the opportunity for people to once again stand up and be counted. This is the bill that passed last year 349-79, with 99 Republicans supporting it. This is the House bill that has 225 cosponsors. More than 60 are Republicans.

It's clear that China's currency manipulation is a major cause of hundreds of thousands of lost manufacturing jobs, and imports from China are about half of that. So we're talking about 1 million jobs, at the least. What is also clear is that the manipulation of currency tilts the playing field in favor of China at least 25 percent, and it's not getting better.

China's currency manipulation isn't the only cause of that deficit and loss of jobs. But because it's not the only cause doesn't mean we should address it. It's a major one. It's clear we haven't been effectively confronting China on this issue, and China pushes ahead.

So in a few words, the time has come for action. Eight years of talk have yielded very meager results.

As said, this has broad bipartisan support. And to make it utterly clear, last night the Senate passed a bill on currency by 63-35. Sixteen Republican Senators supported it.

This will not kill the bill. It will not send it back to committee. If adopted, the bill will immediately go to passage.

So, as I said, now is the moment for all of us to be counted, to stand up and be counted. No excuses. As Robert Samuelson said in The Post last weekend, there's already a trade war between them and us, but only one side is fighting. Now we'll make sure that both sides are in this effort.

I now yield to the gentleman from Pennsylvania who is so active on this issue.

Mr. CRITZ. I appreciate the gentleman from Michigan for yielding, and I thank him for his leadership on this important issue.

"As the Chamber closest to the people, the House works best when it is allowed to work its will." Those aren't my words. They're a direct quote of Speaker BOEHNER.

Since China's 2001 entry into the World Trade Organization, we have lost nearly 3 million manufacturing jobs, and our overall trade deficit with

China has grown to over \$237 billion. Our manufacturers are hurting. The American people are hurting.

We were sent here to lead. Here is our chance.

We're talking about creating over 2 million American jobs and reducing our annual trade deficit by over \$70 billion. The Speaker warns of a "trade war." You want to talk about a trade war? Ask the workers in industries like steel tubing, tires, and solar panels who have lost their jobs because of China's unfair trade practices. At some point, we have to stand up and do what is right for the American people.

You gain respect through strength. This is our moment of truth. This bill has broad bipartisan support. We must send a strong message the United States will not stand idly by while foreign currency manipulators destroy American manufacturing jobs. It's time to stand up and be leaders for the American people and defend their interests over all others.

At any rate, Madam Speaker, it's time to stop being part of the problem and become part of the solution. Lead, follow, or get out of the way, and as the Speaker said, "Let the House work its will."

I urge my colleagues to stand up for America, to level the playing field with China. Support this motion to recommit.

Mr. LEVIN. How much time do I have remaining?

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The gentleman from Michigan has 15 seconds remaining.

Mr. LEVIN. That's all it will take.

The issue is clear: Act. Act. You must stand up and be counted. This is the moment on currency for every Member of the House.

Mr. CAMP. Madam Speaker, I withdraw the point of order, and I rise in opposition to this motion to recommit.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The point of order is withdrawn.

The gentleman from Michigan is recognized for 5 minutes.

Mr. CAMP. Madam Speaker, the implementing bill before us reflects a carefully negotiated agreement that involved the White House, the U.S. Trade Representative, and bipartisan staffs and members from both Ways and Means and Finance. All four offices were consulted at every step of the process and all sides were fully involved. This provision was not part of that negotiation. In fact, it was not even raised during negotiations. This threatens to undue the carefully negotiated terms of this compromise and set our trade agenda back.

This motion is a true poison pill. Any change, even moving a single comma, would strip the bill of fast-track protections under Trade Promotion Authority in the United States Senate. Thus, this motion really isn't about Chinese currency practices. It's an effort to kill the Colombian free trade agreement. In fact, the irony is that the only reason the minority is even

allowed to offer this motion is because then-Speaker PELOSI took the unprecedented step of turning off the clock on TPA 3 years ago on the Colombian free trade agreement. Passing this or any other motion would reward that decision to put our trade agenda on ice—a decision that hurt our economy, cost us jobs, as U.S. farmers and exporters lost out on opportunity in that fast-growing country.

□ 1730

Finally, with respect to the substance of this motion, everyone agrees that China's currency is undervalued. China must let its currency appreciate and commit to allowing market supply and demand to determine its value. But at the same time, we need to recognize that currency is not the only barrier that U.S. businesses face in China and that legislation on currency is not a silver bullet.

I plan to hold a hearing in the Ways and Means Committee this month on all of these issues, including currency; but this is the wrong vehicle for such legislation and would kill the very important Colombian trade agreement. I therefore urge defeat of this motion and passage of this important trade agreement.

Madam Speaker, I yield back the balance of my time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Without objection, the previous question is ordered on the motion to recommit.

There was no objection.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion to recommit.

The question was taken; and the Speaker pro tempore announced that the yeas appeared to have it.

Mr. LEVIN. Madam Speaker, on that I demand the yeas and nays.

The yeas and nays were ordered.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 and clause 9 of rule XX, this 15-minute vote on the motion to recommit will be followed by 5-minute votes on passage of H.R. 3078, if ordered; passage of H.R. 3079; passage of H.R. 3080; adoption of the motion to concur in the Senate amendment to H.R. 2832; and the motion to suspend the rules and pass H.R. 2433.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 192, nays 236, not voting 5, as follows:

[Roll No. 780]

YEAS—192

Ackerman	Capps	Costa
Altmire	Capuano	Costello
Andrews	Cardoza	Courtney
Baca	Carnahan	Critz
Baldwin	Carney	Crowley
Barrow	Carson (IN)	Cuellar
Bass (CA)	Castor (FL)	Cummings
Becerra	Chandler	Davis (CA)
Berkley	Chu	Davis (IL)
Berman	Cicilline	DeFazio
Bishop (GA)	Clarke (MI)	DeGette
Bishop (NY)	Clarke (NY)	DeLauro
Blumenauer	Clay	Deutch
Boren	Cleaver	Dicks
Boswell	Clyburn	Dingell
Brady (PA)	Cohen	Doggett
Braley (IA)	Connolly (VA)	Donnelly (IN)
Brown (FL)	Conyers	Doyle
Butterfield	Cooper	Duncan (TN)

Edwards	Lee (CA)	Richardson	Mulvaney	Roe (TN)	Stivers	Gohmert	Lummis	Rohrabacher
Ellison	Levin	Richmond	Murphy (PA)	Rogers (AL)	Stutzman	Gonzalez	Lungren, Daniel	Rokita
Engel	Lewis (GA)	Rohrabacher	Myrick	Rogers (KY)	Sullivan	Goodlatte	E.	Rooney
Eshoo	Lipinski	Ross (AR)	Neugebauer	Rogers (MI)	Terry	Gosar	Mack	Ros-Lehtinen
Farr	Loeb	Rothman (NJ)	Noem	Rokita	Thompson (PA)	Gowdy	Manzullo	Roskam
Fattah	Lofgren, Zoe	Royal-Allard	Nugent	Rooney	Thornberry	Granger	Marchant	Ross (AR)
Filner	Lowe	Ruppersberger	Nunes	Ros-Lehtinen	Tiberi	Graves (GA)	Marino	Ross (FL)
Frank (MA)	Lujan	Rush	Nunnelee	Roskam	Tipton	Graves (MO)	Matheson	Royce
Fudge	Lynch	Ryan (OH)	Olson	Ross (FL)	Turner (NY)	Griffin (AR)	McCarthy (CA)	Runyan
Garamendi	Maloney	Sánchez, Linda	Palazzo	Royce	Turner (OH)	Griffith (VA)	McCaul	Ryan (WI)
Gonzalez	Markey	T.	Paulsen	Runyan	Upton	Grimm	McClintock	Scalise
Green, Al	Matheson	Sanchez, Loretta	Pearce	Ryan (WI)	Walberg	Guinta	McCotter	Schilling
Green, Gene	Matsui	Sarbanes	Pence	Scalise	Walden	Guthrie	McHenry	Schmidt
Grijalva	McCarthy (NY)	Schakowsky	Petri	Schilling	Walsh (IL)	Hall	McKeon	Schock
Gutierrez	McCollum	Schiff	Pitts	Schmidt	Webster	Hanna	McMorris	Schweikert
Hahn	McDermott	Schrader	Poe (TX)	Schock	West	Harper	Rodgers	Scott (SC)
Hanabusa	McGovern	Schwartz	Polis	Schweikert	Westmoreland	Harris	Meehan	Scott, Austin
Hastings (FL)	McIntyre	Scott (VA)	Pompeo	Scott (SC)	Whitfield	Hartzler	Meeks	Scott, Austin
Heinrich	McNerney	Scott, David	Posey	Scott, Austin	Wilson (SC)	Hastings (WA)	Mica	Sensenbrenner
Higgins	Meeks	Serrano	Price (GA)	Sensenbrenner	Wittman	Hayworth	Miller (FL)	Sessions
Himes	Michaud	Sewell	Quayle	Sessions	Wolf	Heck	Miller (MI)	Shimkus
Hinche	Miller (NC)	Sherman	Reed	Shimkus	Womack	Hensarling	Miller, Gary	Shuster
Hinojosa	Miller, George	Shuler	Rehberg	Shuster	Woodall	Herger	Moran	Simpson
Hirono	Moore	Sires	Reichert	Simpson	Yoder	Herrera Beutler	Mulvaney	Sires
Hochul	Moran	Smith (WA)	Renacci	Smith (NE)	Young (AK)	Himes	Murphy (PA)	Smith (NE)
Holden	Murphy (CT)	Speier	Ribble	Smith (NJ)	Young (FL)	Hinojosa	Myrick	Smith (TX)
Holt	Nadler	Stark	Rigell	Smith (TX)	Young (IN)	Hoyer	Neugebauer	Smith (WA)
Honda	Napolitano	Sutton	Rivera	Southerland		Huelskamp	Noem	Southerland
Hoyer	Neal	Thompson (CA)	Roby	Stearns		Huizenga (MI)	Nugent	Stivers
Inslee	Olver	Thompson (MS)				Hultgren	Nunes	Stutzman
Israel	Owens	Tierney				Hunter	Nunnelee	Sullivan
Jackson (IL)	Pallone	Tonko	Bachus	Paul	Wilson (FL)	Hurt	Olson	Terry
Jackson Lee	Pascarella	Towns	Giffords	Slaughter		Inslee	Palazzo	Thompson (PA)
(TX)	Pastor (AZ)	Tsongas				Issa	Paulsen	Thornberry
Johnson (GA)	Payne	Van Hollen				Jenkins	Pearce	Tiberi
Johnson, E. B.	Pelosi	Velázquez				Johnson (IL)	Pence	Tipton
Jones	Perlmutter	Vislosky				Johnson (OH)	Petri	Turner (NY)
Kaptur	Peters	Walz (MN)				Johnson, Sam	Pitts	Turner (OH)
Keating	Peterson	Wasserman				Jordan	Platts	Upton
Kildee	Pingree (ME)	Schultz				Kelly	Poe (TX)	Van Hollen
Kind	Platts	Waters				Kind	Polis	Walberg
Kissell	Price (NC)	Watt				King (IA)	Pompeo	Walden
Kucinich	Quigley	Waxman				King (NY)	Posey	Walsh (IL)
Langevin	Rahall	Welch				Kingston	Price (GA)	Wasserman
Larsen (WA)	Rangel	Woolsey				Kinzinger (IL)	Price (NC)	Schultz
Larson (CT)	Reyes	Yarmuth				Kline	Quayle	Webster

NOT VOTING—5

□ 1757

Messrs. FARR, FRANK of Massachusetts, COOPER, PAYNE, ROHR-ABACHER, and Ms. EDWARDS changed their vote from “nay” to “yea.”

So the motion to recommit was rejected.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the passage of the bill.

The question was taken; and the Speaker pro tempore announced that the ayes appeared to have it.

RECORDED VOTE

Mr. LEVIN. Madam Speaker, I demand a recorded vote.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. This will be a 5-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—ayes 262, noes 167, not voting 4, as follows:

[Roll No. 781]

AYES—262

Adams	Dent	Huelskamp	Buerkle	Dent	Altmire	DeLauro	Kildee
Aderholt	DesJarlais	Huizenga (MI)	Burgess	DesJarlais	Andrews	Deutch	Kissell
Akin	Diaz-Balart	Hultgren	Burton (IN)	Diaz-Balart	Baca	Dingell	Kucinich
Alexander	Dold	Hunter	Calvert	Dicks	Baldwin	Doggett	Langevin
Amash	Dreier	Hurt	Camp	Doyle	Barrow	Donnelly (IN)	Larson (CT)
Amodei	Duffy	Issa	Camp	Duncan (TN)	Bass (CA)	Duncan (TN)	LaTourette
Austria	Duncan (SC)	Jenkins	Canseco	Duffy	Becerra	Edwards	Lee (CA)
Bachmann	Ellmers	Johnson (IL)	Cantor	Duncan (SC)	Berkley	Ellison	Levin
Barletta	Emerson	Johnson (OH)	Canor	Ellmers	Bishop (GA)	Eshoo	Lewis (GA)
Bartlett	Farenthold	Johnson, Sam	Capito	Emerson	Bishop (NY)	Fattah	Lipinski
Barton (TX)	Fincher	Jordan	Cardoza	Engel	Bishop (UT)	Fattah	Lofgren, Zoe
Bass (NH)	Fitzpatrick	Kelly	Carter	Farenthold	Blumenauer	Filner	Loeb
Benish	Flake	King (IA)	Cassidy	Farr	Boswell	Frank (MA)	Lofgren, Zoe
Berg	Fleischmann	King (NY)	Castor (FL)	Fincher	Brady (PA)	Fudge	Lowe
Biggart	Fleming	Kingston	Chabot	Fincher	Brady (IA)	Garamendi	Lujan
Biglari	Flores	Kinzinger (IL)	Chaffetz	Chandler	Brown (FL)	Green, Al	Lynch
Bilirakis	Forbes	Kline	Coble	Chu	Butterfield	Green, Gene	Maloney
Bishop (UT)	Fortenberry	Labrador	Coffman (CO)	Cicilline	Capps	Grijalva	Markey
Black	Fox	Lamborn	Cole	Clarke (MI)	Capuano	Gutierrez	Matsui
Blackburn	Franks (AZ)	Lance	Conaway	Clarke (NY)	Carnahan	Hahn	McCarthy (NY)
Bonner	Frelinghuysen	Landry	Connelly (VA)	Cohen	Carney	Hanabusa	McCollum
Bono Mack	Gallely	Lankford	Cooper	Cohen	Carson (IN)	Hastings (FL)	McDermott
Boustany	Gardner	Latham	Costa	Coffman (CO)	Chandler	Heinrich	McGovern
Brady (TX)	Garrett	LaTourette	Cravaack	Cole	Chu	Higgins	McIntyre
Brooks	Gerlach	Latta	Crawford	Conaway	Cicilline	Hinche	McKinley
Broun (GA)	Gibbs	Lewis (CA)	Crenshaw	Crowley	Clarke (MI)	Hirono	McNerney
Buchanan	Gibson	LoBiondo	Crowley	Cuellar	Clarke (NY)	Hochul	Michaud
Bucshon	Gingrey (GA)	Long	Crowley	Culberson	Clay	Holden	Miller (NC)
Buerkle	Gohmert	Lucas	Cuellar	Davis (CA)	Cleaver	Holt	Miller, George
Burgess	Goodlatte	Luetkemeyer	Cuellar	Denham	Clyburn	Honda	Moore
Burton (IN)	Gosar	Lummis	Cuellar	Denham	Cohen	Israel	Murphy (CT)
Calvert	Gowdy	Lungren, Daniel	Cuellar	Denham	Cohen	Israel	Nadler
Camp	Granger	E.	Cuellar	Denham	Costello	Jackson (IL)	Napolitano
Campbell	Graves (GA)	Mack	Cuellar	Denham	Courtney	Jackson Lee	Neal
Canseco	Graves (MO)	Manzullo	Cuellar	Denham	Critz	(TX)	Olver
Cantor	Griffin (AR)	Marchant	Cuellar	Denham	Cummings	Johnson (GA)	Owens
Capito	Griffith (VA)	Marino	Cuellar	Denham	Davis (IL)	Johnson, E. B.	Pallone
Carter	Grimm	McCarthy (CA)	Cuellar	Denham	DeFazio	Kaptur	Pascarella
Cassidy	Guinta	McCaul	Cuellar	Denham	DeGette	Keating	Pastor (AZ)
Chabot	Guthrie	McClintock	Cuellar	Denham			
Chaffetz	Hall	McCotter	Cuellar	Denham			
Coble	Hanna	McHenry	Cuellar	Denham			
Coffman (CO)	Harper	McKeon	Cuellar	Denham			
Cole	Harris	McKinley	Cuellar	Denham			
Conaway	Hartzler	McMorris	Cuellar	Denham			
Cravaack	Hastings (WA)	Rodgers	Cuellar	Denham			
Crawford	Hayworth	Meehan	Cuellar	Denham			
Crenshaw	Heck	Mica	Cuellar	Denham			
Culberson	Hensarling	Miller (FL)	Cuellar	Denham			
Davis (KY)	Herger	Miller (MI)	Cuellar	Denham			
Denham	Herrera Beutler	Miller, Gary	Cuellar	Denham			

NAYS—236

NOES—167

Payne Sánchez, Linda Sutton
 Pelosi T. Thompson (CA)
 Perlmutter Sanchez, Loretta Thompson (MS)
 Peters Sarbanes Tierney
 Peterson Schakowsky Tonko
 Pingree (ME) Schiff Towns
 Quigley Schrader Tsongas
 Rahall Schwartz Velázquez
 Rangel Scott (VA) Vislosky
 Reyes Scott, David Walz (MN)
 Richardson Serrano Waters
 Richmond Sewell Watt
 Rothman (NJ) Sherman Waxman
 Roybal-Allard Shuler Welch
 Ruppberger Speier Woolsey
 Rush Stark Yarmuth
 Ryan (OH) Stearns Young (AK)

Herrera Beutler Meeks
 Himes Mica Ryan (WI)
 Hinojosa Miller (FL) Scalise
 Hoyer Miller (MI) Schiff
 Huelskamp Miller, Gary Schmidt
 Huizenga (MI) Moran Schock
 Hultgren Mulvaney Schrader
 Hunter Murphy (PA) Schwartz
 Hurt Myrick Schweikert
 Insee Neal Scott (SC)
 Issa Neugebauer Scott, Austin
 Jenkins Noem Scott, David
 Johnson (IL) Nugent Sensenbrenner
 Johnson (OH) Nunes Sessions
 Johnson, E. B. Nunnelee Sewell
 Johnson, Sam Olson Shimkus
 Jordan Olver Shuster
 Kelly Owens Simpson
 Kind Palazzo Sires
 King (IA) Pascrell Smith (NE)
 King (NY) Paulsen Smith (TX)
 Kingston Pearce Smith (WA)
 Kinzinger (IL) Pelosi Southerland
 Kline Pence Stearns
 Labrador Peterson Stivers
 Lamborn Petri Stutzman
 Lance Pitts Sullivan
 Landry Platts Terry
 Lankford Poe (TX) Thompson (CA)
 Larsen (WA) Polis Thompson (PA)
 Larson (CT) Pompeo Thornberry
 Latham Posey Tiberi
 Latta Price (GA) Tipton
 Levin Price (NC) Tipton
 Lewis (CA) Quayle Tsongas
 Long Quigley Turner (NY)
 Lowey Rangel Turner (OH)
 Lucas Reed Upton
 Luetkemeyer Rehberg Van Hollen
 Lummis Reichert Walberg
 Lungren, Daniel Renacci Walden
 E. Ribble Walsh (IL)
 Mack Richmond Wasserman
 Maloney Rigell Schultz
 Manzullo Rivera Watt
 Marchant Roby Waxman
 Marino Roe (TN) Webster
 Matheson Rogers (AL) Welch
 Matsui Rogers (KY) West
 McCarthy (CA) Rogers (MI) Westmoreland
 McCaul Rohrabacher Whitfield
 McClintock Rokita Wilson (SC)
 McCotter Rooney Wittman
 McDermott Ros-Lehtinen Wolf
 McHenry Roskam Womack
 McKeon Ross (AR) Yoder
 McMorris Ross (FL) Young (AK)
 Rodgers Royce Young (FL)
 Meehan Runyan Young (IN)

Serrano Sutton
 Sherman Thompson (MS)
 Shuler Tierney
 Smith (NJ) Tonko
 Speier Towns
 Stark Velázquez

NOT VOTING—4

Giffords Slaughter
 Paul Wilson (FL)

□ 1810

So the bill was passed.
 The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

NOT VOTING—4

Giffords Slaughter
 Paul Wilson (FL)

□ 1804

So the bill was passed.
 The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.
 A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

UNITED STATES-PANAMA TRADE PROMOTION AGREEMENT IMPLEMENTATION ACT

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The unfinished business is the vote on passage of the bill (H.R. 3079) to implement the United States-Panama Trade Promotion Agreement, on which the yeas and nays were ordered.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.
 The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the passage of the bill.
 This will be a 5-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 300, nays 129, not voting 4, as follows:

[Roll No. 782]
 YEAS—300

Ackerman Capito Fattah
 Adams Cardoza Fincher
 Aderholt Carney Fitzpatrick
 Akin Carter Flake
 Alexander Cassidy Fleischmann
 Amash Castor (FL) Fleming
 Amodei Chabot Flores
 Austria Chaffetz Forbes
 Bachmann Clyburn Fortenberry
 Bachus Coble Foxx
 Barletta Coffman (CO) Franks (AZ)
 Bartlett Cole Frelinghuysen
 Barton (TX) Conaway Gallegly
 Bass (NH) Connolly (VA) Gardner
 Becerra Cooper Garrett
 Benishek Costa Gerlach
 Berg Cravaack Gibbs
 Berman Crawford Gibson
 Biggert Crenshaw Gingrey (GA)
 Bilbray Crowley Gohmert
 Bilirakis Cuellar Gonzalez
 Bishop (GA) Culberson Goodlatte
 Black Davis (CA) Gosar
 Blackburn Davis (KY) Gowdy
 Blumenauer DeGette Granger
 Bonner Denham Graves (GA)
 Bono Mack Dent Graves (MO)
 Boren DesJarlais Griffin (AR)
 Boustany Diaz-Balart Griffith (VA)
 Brady (TX) Dicks Grimm
 Brooks Doggett Guinta
 Broun (GA) Dold Guthrie
 Buchanan Dreier Hall
 Buchson Duffy Hanna
 Buerkle Duncan (SC) Harper
 Burgess Duncan (TN) Harris
 Burton (IN) Ellmers Hartzler
 Calvert Emerson Hastings (WA)
 Camp Engel Hayworth
 Campbell Eshoo Heck
 Canseco Farenthold Hensarling
 Cantor Farr Herger

Kind King (IA)
 King (NY)
 Kingston
 Kinzinger (IL)
 Kline
 Labrador
 Lamborn
 Lance
 Landry
 Lankford
 Larsen (WA)
 Larson (CT)
 Latham
 Latta
 Levin
 Lewis (CA)
 Long
 Lowey
 Lucas
 Luetkemeyer
 Lummis
 Lungren, Daniel
 E.
 Mack
 Maloney
 Manzullo
 Marchant
 Marino
 Matheson
 Matsui
 McCarthy (CA)
 McCaul
 McClintock
 McCotter
 McDermott
 McHenry
 McKeon
 McMorris
 Rodgers
 Meehan

NAYS—129

Altmire
 Andrews
 Baca
 Baldwin
 Barrow
 Bass (CA)
 Berkeley
 Bishop (NY)
 Bishop (UT)
 Boswell
 Brady (PA)
 Braley (IA)
 Brown (FL)
 Butterfield
 Capps
 Capuano
 Carnahan
 Carson (IN)
 Chandler
 Chu
 Cicilline
 Clarke (MI)
 Clarke (NY)
 Clay
 Cleaver
 Cohen
 Conyers
 Costello
 Courtney
 Critz
 Cummings
 Davis (IL)
 DeFazio
 DeLauro
 Deutch
 Dingell
 Donnelly (IN)
 Doyle

Edwards
 Ellison
 Filner
 Frank (MA)
 Fudge
 Garamendi
 Green, Al
 Green, Gene
 Grijalva
 Gutierrez
 Hahn
 Hanabusa
 Hastings (FL)
 Heinrich
 Higgins
 Hinchey
 Hirono
 Hochul
 Holden
 Holt
 Honda
 Israel
 Jackson (IL)
 Jackson Lee
 (TX)
 Johnson (GA)
 Jones
 Kaptur
 Keating
 Kildee
 Kissell
 Kucinich
 Langevin
 LaTourette
 Lee (CA)
 Lewis (GA)
 Lipinski
 LoBiondo

UNITED STATES-KOREA FREE TRADE AGREEMENT IMPLEMENTATION ACT

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The unfinished business is the vote on passage of the bill (H.R. 3080) to implement the United States-Korea Free Trade Agreement, on which the yeas and nays were ordered.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.
 The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the passage of the bill.
 This will be a 5-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 278, nays 151, not voting 4, as follows:

[Roll No. 783]
 YEAS—278

Ackerman Crawford Heck
 Adams Crenshaw Hensarling
 Akin Crowley Herger
 Alexander Cuellar Herrera Beutler
 Amash Culberson Himes
 Amodei Davis (CA) Hoyer
 Austria Davis (IL) Huelskamp
 Bachmann Davis (KY) Huizenga (MI)
 Bachus DeGette Hultgren
 Barletta Denham Insee
 Bartlett Dent Issa
 Barton (TX) DesJarlais Jenkins
 Bass (NH) Diaz-Balart Johnson (IL)
 Becerra Dicks Johnson (OH)
 Benishek Dold Johnson, E. B.
 Berg Dreier Johnson, Sam
 Berman Duffy Jordan
 Biggert Emerson Kelly
 Bilbray Eshoo Kind
 Bilirakis Farenthold King (IA)
 Black Fincher King (NY)
 Blackburn Fitzpatrick Kingston
 Blumenauer Flake Kinzinger (IL)
 Bonner Fleischmann Kline
 Bono Mack Fleming Labrador
 Boren Flores Lamborn
 Boustany Forbes Lance
 Brady (TX) Fortenberry Landry
 Brooks Franks (AZ) Lankford
 Broun (GA) Frelinghuysen Larsen (WA)
 Buchanan Gallegly Larson (CT)
 Buchson Gardner Latham
 Buerkle Garrett Latta
 Burgess Gerlach Levin
 Burton (IN) Gibbs Lewis (CA)
 Calvert Gibson Long
 Camp Gingrey (GA) Lowey
 Campbell Gohmert Lucas
 Canseco Gonzalez Luetkemeyer
 Cantor Goodlatte Lummis
 Capito Gosar Lungren, Daniel
 Carney Granger E.
 Carter Graves (GA) Mack
 Cassidy Graves (MO) Maloney
 Castor (FL) Griffin (AR) Manzullo
 Chabot Grimm Marchant
 Chaffetz Guinta Marino
 Chandler Guthrie Matheson
 Clyburn Hall Matsui
 Coffman (CO) Hanabusa McCarthy (CA)
 Cole Hanna McCarthy (NY)
 Conaway Harper McCaul
 Connolly (VA) Harris McClintock
 Cooper Hartzler McCotter
 Costa Hastings (WA) McDermott
 Cravaack Hayworth McKeon