

NAYS—157

Andrews	Gutierrez	Pascarell
Baca	Hahn	Pastor (AZ)
Baldwin	Hanabusa	Payne
Bass (CA)	Hastings (FL)	Pelosi
Becerra	Heinrich	Perlmutter
Berkley	Higgins	Peters
Berman	Hinojosa	Pingree (ME)
Bishop (GA)	Hirono	Price (NC)
Bishop (NY)	Hochul	Quigley
Boswell	Holden	Rahall
Brady (PA)	Holt	Rangel
Braley (IA)	Honda	Reyes
Brown (FL)	Hoyer	Richardson
Butterfield	Israel	Richmond
Capps	Jackson (IL)	Ross (AR)
Capuano	Jackson Lee	Rothman (NJ)
Carnahan	(TX)	Roybal-Allard
Castor (IN)	Johnson (GA)	Ruppersberger
Castor (FL)	Johnson, E. B.	Rush
Chu	Kaptur	Sánchez, Linda
Cicilline	Keating	T.
Clarke (MI)	Kildee	Sanchez, Loretta
Clarke (NY)	Kissell	Sarbanes
Cleaver	Kucinich	Schakowsky
Clyburn	Langevin	Schiff
Cohen	Larson (CT)	Schwartz
Connolly (VA)	Lee (CA)	Scott (VA)
Conyers	Levin	Scott, David
Costello	Lewis (GA)	Serrano
Critz	Loebsock	Sewell
Crowley	Lofgren, Zoe	Sherman
Cummings	Lowey	Sires
Davis (CA)	Luján	Slaughter
Davis (IL)	Lynch	Smith (WA)
DeGette	Maloney	Speier
DeLauro	Markey	Stark
Deutch	Matsui	Sutton
Dicks	McCarthy (NY)	Thompson (CA)
Dingell	McCollum	Thompson (MS)
Doggett	McDermott	Tierney
Doyle	McGovern	Tonko
Edwards	McNerney	Towns
Ellison	Meeks	Tsongas
Engel	Michaud	Van Hollen
Eshoo	Miller (NC)	Velázquez
Fattah	Miller, George	Wasserman
Filner	Moore	Schultz
Frank (MA)	Murphy (CT)	Waters
Fudge	Nadler	Watt
Garamendi	Napolitano	Waxman
Gonzalez	Neal	Woolsey
Green, Al	Olver	Yarmuth
Green, Gene	Owens	
Grijalva	Pallone	

NOT VOTING—14

Ackerman	Hinchev	Turner (NY)
Bachmann	Miller, Gary	Visclosky
Clay	Polis	Wilson (FL)
Giffords	Ros-Lehtinen	Young (AK)
Grimm	Ryan (OH)	

□ 1058

Messrs. ROTHMAN of New Jersey, GARAMENDI, ELLISON, and LARSON of Connecticut changed their vote from “yea” to “nay.”

Mr. WELCH changed his vote from “nay” to “yea.”

So the bill was passed.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

Stated for:

Mr. GRIMM. Mr. Speaker, on rollcall No. 813, I had district work that required my presence. Had I been present, I would have voted “yea.”

3% WITHHOLDING REPEAL AND JOB CREATION ACT

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 1(c) of rule XIX, further consideration of the bill (H.R. 674) to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to repeal the imposition of 3 percent withholding on certain payments made to vendors by government entities, will now resume.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

MOTION TO RECOMMIT

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker, I have a motion to recommit at the desk.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is the gentleman opposed to the bill?

Mr. ANDREWS. Yes, I am, in its present form.

Mr. CAMP. Mr. Speaker, I reserve a point of order.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. A point of order is reserved.

The Clerk will report the motion to recommit.

The Clerk read as follows:

Mr. Andrews moves to recommit the bill H.R. 674 to the Committee on Ways and Means with instructions to report the same back to the House forthwith with the following amendment:

Strike all after the enacting clause and insert the following:

**SECTION 1. DENIAL OF RELIEF TO COMPANIES FOUND DELINQUENT IN PAYING THEIR FEDERAL TAXES.**

(a) IN GENERAL.—Paragraph (1) of section 3402(t) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended by striking “any person providing” and inserting “any Federal tax delinquent which provides”.

(b) FEDERAL TAX DELINQUENT.—Subsection (t) of section 3402 of such Code is amended by redesignating paragraph (3) as paragraph (4) and by inserting after paragraph (2) the following new paragraph:

“(3) FEDERAL TAX DELINQUENT.—The term ‘Federal tax delinquent’ means any person who owes a delinquent tax debt (as defined in section 6103(1)(22)(C)).”

(c) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Subsection (t) of section 3402 of such Code is amended by inserting “TO FEDERAL TAX DELINQUENTS” after “PAYMENTS MADE BY GOVERNMENT ENTITIES” in the heading thereof.

(d) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall apply to payments made after December 31, 2011.

Mr. CAMP (during the reading). Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that further reading of the motion be dispensed with.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Michigan?

There was no objection.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to the rule, the gentleman from New Jersey is recognized for 5 minutes in support of his motion.

(Mr. ANDREWS asked and was given permission to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker, this ends yet another week for the House of Representatives without consideration of a meaningful jobs bill. More meaningfully, though, this concludes another week where a nightmare is about to come true for our constituents. This is another week without a paycheck for a lot of Americans. It might be the week that their unemployment benefits expire. This might be the day that someone shuts down their small business and closes the doors for the last time. This might be the week that the foreclosure notice is executed and someone loses their home. This has been a bad week for a lot of Americans. It’s been a bad time for a lot of Americans. But what they have lost is not

simply their job, not simply their business, not simply their health insurance or their pension. Many of our neighbors have lost their basic faith that America is fair.

Mr. Speaker, 50 percent—50 percent—of the American people recently surveyed said the American Dream was either dead or on life support. They see in the halls of big institutions, they see on Wall Street and they see in the Halls of Congress a basic sense that America is not fair anymore, that the basic deal that if you work as hard as you can, give as much as you can and do as much as you can that you can go as far as your abilities will take you, too many of our constituents no longer believe that.

My motion makes what I believe is an improvement to a good bill. I’m going to support this bill that says that no small business person should have to make an interest-free loan to the Federal Government to do business with the government. I think that’s exactly right. But here’s the improvement it makes. It recognizes that some who would take advantage of that provision are taking advantage of our tax system and not paying their fair share.

When I say “not paying their fair share,” I’m not talking about policy or arguing about tax rates. I’m talking about someone who is delinquent on their taxes and cheating the rest of us. So when someone looks at their pay envelope this afternoon and sees what’s taken out in FICA and Federal withholding tax, they’re paying their fair share. Some like it, many do not, but they’re paying their fair share. Why should it be that someone who is not paying their fair share to support this country should take advantage of this very good bill? I say they shouldn’t.

So my improvement to this bill is very simple. If you run a barber shop or a software company or a delicatessen or a manufacturing plant, you no longer have to make an interest-free loan to the government to do business with the government. I agree with that, and I salute the authors of the bill. But if you are delinquent on your taxes, if you haven’t paid your fair share, if you are cheating the rest of the community, then you may not take advantage of this opportunity.

This amendment is not just about improving the revenue flow to the Federal Government. It’s about making the country a little more fair again. It’s about saying that those who follow the rules, our small businesses, our middle class citizens, those who follow the rules can take advantage of the law, but those who do not follow the rules may not take advantage of the law. I think the American people want to see that in big hospitals and insurance companies; I think they want to see that on Wall Street; and I think they want to see it right here on the floor of this Chamber.

So let’s cast a vote today not just for an improvement to this bill, but let’s make America a little more fair. Let’s

make the American Dream a little more alive. Let's stand for the proposition that those who play by the rules benefit from the rules, but those who break the rules do not.

The question raised, colleagues, by this amendment is this: Where do you stand? Do you stand with small businesses and middle class people who follow the rules, or do you follow with those who would violate the rules and pillage the American system?

The American people have had enough of this. We need to do far more than this to restore fairness to our country, but this is a good start. I would urge a "yes" vote on this motion.

Mr. CAMP. Mr. Speaker, I withdraw my point of order and seek time in opposition to the motion.

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. DENHAM). The gentleman's reservation is withdrawn.

The gentleman from Michigan is recognized for 5 minutes.

Mr. CAMP. Mr. Speaker, the underlying bill that we're talking about here today which repeals the 3 percent across-the-board rule is cosponsored by two-thirds of this House. This bill has been endorsed by the President of the United States as is. And when the current minority was in the majority, in the stimulus bill they offered this exact legislation, full repeal, without any complications. And then when the final version came over, it was full repeal for 1 year without any changes or complications. I obviously am in strong opposition to this motion to recommit.

Then we get the analysis from the Joint Committee on Taxation which says, in typical understatement from the joint committee: Your proposal poses some administrative difficulties. Some?

The burden is going to be on State and local governments to figure out which contractors are or are not delinquent. And either there's a violation of taxpayer privacy, which I don't think anybody in this House would support, a violation of rule 6103, or very complex procedures are going to have to be put in place for government to figure out which contractors are in compliance and which aren't.

As the Joint Committee on Taxation goes on to say: The IRS would need to build the infrastructure to handle the volume of requests from State and local government entities. Implementation difficulties limit somewhat the revenue gain from withholding on State and local governments.

□ 1110

This is more complication in the Tax Code. It goes against what a majority of this House wants to do. It goes against what the President of the United States wants to do. Vote "no" on this motion to recommit.

I yield back the balance of my time. The SPEAKER pro tempore. Without objection, the previous question is ordered on the motion to recommit.

There was no objection.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion to recommit.

The question was taken; and the Speaker pro tempore announced that the noes appeared to have it.

RECORDED VOTE

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker, I demand a recorded vote.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 9 of rule XX, the Chair will reduce to 5 minutes the minimum time for any electronic vote on the question of passage.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—ayes 183, noes 235, not voting 15, as follows:

[Roll No. 814]

AYES—183

Altmire	Fudge	Napolitano
Andrews	Garamendi	Neal
Baca	Gonzalez	Oliver
Baldwin	Green, Al	Owens
Barrow	Green, Gene	Pallone
Bass (CA)	Grijalva	Pascarell
Becerra	Gutierrez	Pastor (AZ)
Berkley	Hahn	Payne
Berman	Hanabusa	Pelosi
Bishop (GA)	Hastings (FL)	Perlmutter
Bishop (NY)	Heinrich	Peters
Blumenauer	Higgins	Peterson
Boren	Himes	Pingree (ME)
Boswell	Hinojosa	Price (NC)
Brady (PA)	Hirono	Quigley
Bralley (IA)	Hochul	Rahall
Brown (FL)	Holden	Rangel
Butterfield	Holt	Reyes
Capps	Honda	Richardson
Capuano	Hoyer	Richmond
Cardoza	Inslee	Ross (AR)
Carnahan	Israel	Rothman (NJ)
Carney	Jackson (IL)	Roybal-Allard
Carson (IN)	Jackson Lee	Ruppersberger
Castor (FL)	(TX)	Rush
Chandler	Johnson (GA)	Ryan (OH)
Chu	Johnson, E. B.	Sanchez, Linda T.
Clarke (MI)	Kaptur	Sanchez, Loretta
Clarke (NY)	Keating	Sarbanes
Clay	Kildee	Schakowsky
Cleaver	Kind	Schiff
Clyburn	Kissell	Schrader
Cohen	Kucinich	Schwartz
Connolly (VA)	Langevin	Schwartz (VA)
Conyers	Larsen (WA)	Scott, David
Cooper	Larson (CT)	Serrano
Costa	Lee (CA)	Sewell
Costello	Levin	Sherman
Courtney	Lewis (GA)	Sires
Critz	Lipinski	Slaughter
Crowley	Loebbeck	Smith (WA)
Cuellar	Lofgren, Zoe	Speier
Cummings	Lowe	Stark
Davis (CA)	Lujan	Sutton
Davis (IL)	Lynch	Thompson (CA)
DeFazio	Maloney	Thompson (MS)
DeGette	Markey	Tierney
DeLauro	Matsui	Tonko
Deutch	McCarthy (NY)	Towns
Dicks	McCollum	Tsongas
Dingell	McDermott	Van Hollen
Doggett	McGovern	Velázquez
Donnelly (IN)	McIntyre	Walz (MN)
Doyle	McNerney	Wasserman
Edwards	Meeks	Schultz
Ellison	Michaud	Waters
Engel	Miller (NC)	Watt
Eshoo	Miller, George	Waxman
Farr	Moore	Welch
Fattah	Moran	Woolsey
Filner	Murphy (CT)	Yarmuth
Frank (MA)	Nadler	

NOES—235

Adams	Barletta	Bilirakis
Aderholt	Bartlett	Bishop (UT)
Akin	Barton (TX)	Black
Alexander	Bass (NH)	Blackburn
Amash	Benishek	Bonner
Amodei	Berg	Bono Mack
Austria	Biggert	Boustany
Bachus	Bilbray	Brady (TX)

Brooks	Hartzler	Pearce
Broun (GA)	Hastings (WA)	Pence
Buchanan	Hayworth	Petri
Bucshon	Heck	Pitts
Buerkle	Hensarling	Pompeo
Burgess	Herger	Posey
Burton (IN)	Herrera Beutler	Price (GA)
Calvert	Huelskamp	Quayle
Camp	Huizenga (MI)	Reed
Campbell	Hultgren	Rehberg
Canseco	Hunter	Reichert
Cantor	Hurt	Renacci
Capito	Issa	Ribble
Carter	Jenkins	Rigell
Cassidy	Johnson (IL)	Rivera
Chabot	Johnson (OH)	Roby
Chaffetz	Johnson, Sam	Roe (TN)
Coble	Jones	Rogers (AL)
Coffman (CO)	Jordan	Rogers (KY)
Cole	Kelly	Rogers (MI)
Conaway	King (IA)	Rohrabacher
Cravaack	King (NY)	Rokita
Crawford	Kingston	Rooney
Crenshaw	Kinzinger (IL)	Roskam
Culberson	Kline	Ross (FL)
Davis (KY)	Labrador	Royce
Denham	Lamborn	Runyan
Dent	Lance	Ryan (WI)
DesJarlais	Landry	Scalise
Diaz-Balart	Lankford	Schilling
Dold	Latham	Schmidt
Dreier	LaTourette	Schock
Duffy	Latta	Schweikert
Duncan (SC)	Lewis (CA)	Scott (SC)
Duncan (TN)	LoBiondo	Scott, Austin
Ellmers	Long	Sensenbrenner
Emerson	Lucas	Sessions
Farenthold	Luetkemeyer	Shimkus
Fincher	Lummis	Shuler
Fitzpatrick	Lungren, Daniel E.	Shuster
Flake	Mack	Simpson
Fleischmann	Manzullo	Smith (NE)
Fleming	Marchant	Smith (NJ)
Flores	Marino	Smith (TX)
Forbes	Matheson	Southerland
Fortenberry	McCarthy (CA)	Stearns
Fox	McCaul	Stivers
Franks (AZ)	McClintock	Stutzman
Frelinghuysen	McCotter	Sullivan
Gallely	McHenry	Terry
Gardner	McKeon	Thompson (PA)
Garrett	McKinley	Thornberry
Gerlach	McMorris	Tiberi
Gibbs	Rodgers	Tipton
Gibson	Meehan	Turner (OH)
Gingrey (GA)	Mica	Upton
Gohmert	Miller (FL)	Walberg
Goodlatte	Miller (MI)	Walden
Gosar	Mulvaney	Walsh (IL)
Gowdy	Murphy (PA)	Webster
Granger	Myrick	West
Graves (GA)	Neugebauer	Westmoreland
Graves (MO)	Noem	Whitfield
Griffin (AR)	Nugent	Wilson (SC)
Griffith (VA)	Nunes	Wittman
Guinta	Nunnelee	Wolf
Guthrie	Olson	Womack
Hall	Palazzo	Woodall
Hanna	Paul	Yoder
Harper	Paulsen	Young (FL)
Harris		Young (IN)

NOT VOTING—15

Ackerman	Hinchey	Ros-Lehtinen
Bachmann	Miller, Gary	Turner (NY)
Ciilline	Platts	Visclosky
Giffords	Poe (TX)	Wilson (FL)
Grimm	Poils	Young (AK)

□ 1128

So the motion to recommit was rejected.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

Stated against:

Mr. GRIMM. Mr. Speaker, on rollcall No. 814, I had district work that required my presence. Had I been present, I would have voted "no."

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the passage of the bill.

The question was taken; and the Speaker pro tempore announced that the ayes appeared to have it.

Mr. LEVIN. Mr. Speaker, on that I demand the yeas and nays.

The yeas and nays were ordered.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. This will be a 5-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 405, nays 16, not voting 12, as follows:

[Roll No. 815]

YEAS—405

Adams	Crenshaw	Higgins
Aderholt	Critz	Himes
Akin	Crowley	Hinojosa
Alexander	Cuellar	Hirono
Altmire	Culberson	Hochul
Amash	Cummings	Holden
Amodei	Davis (CA)	Holt
Andrews	Davis (IL)	Honda
Austria	Davis (KY)	Hoyer
Baca	DeFazio	Huelskamp
Bachus	DeGette	Huizenga (MI)
Baldwin	DeLauro	Hultgren
Barletta	Denham	Hunter
Barrow	Dent	Hurt
Bartlett	DesJarlais	Inlee
Barton (TX)	Deutch	Israel
Bass (CA)	Diaz-Balart	Issa
Bass (NH)	Dicks	Jackson (IL)
Becerra	Dingell	Jenkins
Benishkek	Doggett	Johnson (GA)
Berg	Dold	Johnson (OH)
Berkley	Donnelly (IN)	Johnson, E. B.
Berman	Doyle	Johnson, Sam
Biggert	Dreier	Jones
Bilbray	Duffy	Jordan
Bilirakis	Duncan (SC)	Kaptur
Bishop (GA)	Duncan (TN)	Keating
Bishop (NY)	Ellison	Kelly
Bishop (UT)	Ellmers	Kildee
Black	Emerson	Kind
Blackburn	Engel	King (IA)
Blumenauer	Eshoo	King (NY)
Bonner	Farenthold	Kingston
Bono Mack	Farr	Kinzinger (IL)
Boren	Fattah	Kissell
Boswell	Filner	Kline
Boustany	Fincher	Labrador
Brady (PA)	Fitzpatrick	Lamborn
Brady (TX)	Flake	Lance
Braley (IA)	Fleischmann	Landry
Brooks	Fleming	Langevin
Broun (GA)	Flores	Lankford
Brown (FL)	Forbes	Larsen (WA)
Buchanan	Fortenberry	Larson (CT)
Bucshon	Fox	Latham
Buerkle	Frank (MA)	LaTourette
Burgess	Franks (AZ)	Latta
Burton (IN)	Frelinghuysen	Levin
Butterfield	Gallely	Lewis (CA)
Calvert	Garamendi	Lewis (GA)
Camp	Gardner	Lipinski
Campbell	Garrett	LoBiondo
Canseco	Gerlach	Loebsack
Cantor	Gibbs	Long
Capito	Gibson	Lowe
Capps	Gingrey (GA)	Lucas
Capuano	Gohmert	Luetkemeyer
Cardoza	Gonzalez	Lujan
Carnahan	Goodlatte	Lummis
Carney	Gosar	Lungren, Daniel
Carson (IN)	Gowdy	E.
Carter	Granger	Lynch
Cassidy	Graves (GA)	Mack
Castor (FL)	Graves (MO)	Maloney
Chabot	Green, Al	Manzullo
Chaffetz	Green, Gene	Marchant
Chandler	Griffin (AR)	Marino
Chu	Griffith (VA)	Markey
Cicilline	Grijalva	Matheson
Clarke (MI)	Guinta	Matsui
Clay	Guthrie	McCarthy (CA)
Cleaver	Hahn	McCarthy (NY)
Clyburn	Hall	McCaul
Coble	Hanabusa	McClintock
Coffman (CO)	Hanna	McCollum
Cohen	Harper	McCotter
Cole	Harris	McDermott
Conaway	Hartzler	McGovern
Cannolly (VA)	Hastings (FL)	McHenry
Conyers	Hastings (WA)	McIntyre
Cooper	Hayworth	McKeon
Costa	Heck	McKinley
Costello	Heinrich	McMorris
Courtney	Hensarling	Rodgers
Cravaack	Herger	McNerney
Crawford	Herrera Beutler	Meehan

Meeks	Renacci	Sires
Mica	Reyes	Slaughter
Michaud	Ribble	Smith (NE)
Miller (FL)	Richardson	Smith (NJ)
Miller (MD)	Rigell	Smith (TX)
Miller (NC)	Rivera	Smith (WA)
Miller, George	Roby	Southerland
Moore	Roe (TN)	Speier
Moran	Rogers (AL)	Stearns
Mulvaney	Rogers (KY)	Stivers
Murphy (CT)	Rogers (MD)	Stutzman
Murphy (PA)	Rohrabacher	Sullivan
Myrick	Rokita	Sutton
Nadler	Rooney	Terry
Napolitano	Ros-Lehtinen	Thompson (CA)
Neal	Roskam	Thompson (PA)
Neugebauer	Ross (AR)	Thornberry
Noem	Ross (FL)	Tiberi
Nugent	Rothman (NJ)	Tierney
Nunes	Roybal-Allard	Tipton
Nunnelee	Royce	Tonko
Olson	Runyan	Towns
Owens	Ruppersberger	Tsongas
Palazzo	Rush	Turner (NY)
Pallone	Ryan (OH)	Turner (OH)
Pascrell	Ryan (WI)	Upton
Pastor (AZ)	Sánchez, Linda	Van Hollen
Paul	T.	Velázquez
Paulsen	Sanchez, Loretta	Walberg
Pearce	Sarbanes	Walden
Pelosi	Scalise	Walsh (IL)
Pence	Schiff	Walz (MN)
Perlmutter	Schilling	Wasserman
Peters	Schmidt	Schultz
Peterson	Schock	Watt
Petri	Schrader	Waxman
Pingree (ME)	Schwartz	Webster
Pitts	Schweikert	Welch
Platts	Scott (SC)	West
Poe (TX)	Scott (VA)	Westmoreland
Pompeo	Scott, Austin	Whitfield
Posey	Scott, David	Wilson (SC)
Price (GA)	Sensenbrenner	Wittman
Price (NC)	Serrano	Wolf
Quayle	Sessions	Womack
Quigley	Sewell	Yarmuth
Rahall	Sherman	Yoder
Rangel	Shimkus	Young (FL)
Reed	Shuler	Young (IN)
Rehberg	Shuster	
Reichert	Simpson	

NAYS—16

Clarke (NY)	Kucinich	Schakowsky
Edwards	Lee (CA)	Stark
Fudge	Lofgren, Zoe	Thompson (MS)
Gutierrez	Olver	Waters
Jackson Lee	Payne	Woolsey
(TX)	Richmond	

NOT VOTING—12

Ackerman	Hinche	Visclosky
Bachmann	Johnson (IL)	Wilson (FL)
Giffords	Miller, Gary	Woodall
Grimm	Polis	Young (AK)

□ 1145

Ms. BASS of California and Mr. RUSH changed their vote from “nay” to “yea.”

So the bill was passed.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

Stated for:

Mr. GRIMM. Mr. Speaker, on rollcall No. 815, I had district work that required my presence. Had I been present, I would have voted “yea.”

Mr. JOHNSON of Illinois. Mr. Speaker, on Thursday October 27, 2011 I inadvertently missed the vote on final passage of H.R. 674. I would have cast a “yea” vote.

PERSONAL EXPLANATION

Mr. VISCLOSKY. Mr. Speaker, on October 27, 2011, I was absent from the House and missed rollcall votes 813 through 815.

Had I been present for rollcall No. 813, on passage of H.R. 2576, to amend the Internal

Revenue Code of 1986 to modify the calculation of modified adjusted gross income for purposes for determining eligibility for certain healthcare-related programs, I would have voted “no.”

Had I been present for rollcall No. 814, on a motion to recommit with instructions on H.R. 674, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to repeal the imposition of 3 percent withholding on certain payments made to vendors by government entities, I would have voted “aye.”

Had I been present for rollcall No. 815, on passage of H.R. 674, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to repeal the imposition of 3 percent withholding on certain payments made to vendors by government entities, I would have voted “aye.”

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to section 3(b) of House Resolution 448, H.R. 2576 is laid upon the table.

ADJOURNMENT TO MONDAY,  
OCTOBER 31, 2011

Mr. THOMPSON of Pennsylvania. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that when the House adjourns today, it adjourn to meet at 1 p.m. on Monday next.

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. AMASH). Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Pennsylvania?

There was no objection.

FORMER MEMBER HOWARD WOLPE

(Mr. DINGELL asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. DINGELL. Mr. Speaker, I have sad news for the House today. I rise to inform the House that we lost a former Member of this great institution. He was our friend, Howard Wolpe, who served in this body for 14 years. He was particularly known for his concern for the poor and unfortunate and about peace in the world.

He was a true patriot, a devoted teacher, and a fine statesman. He was a dear friend of mine and many others with whom he served. He shared our collective love for this great Nation and for our State of Michigan. He had an enormous impact upon public policy in Michigan and our country, as well as across the world, which was a positive one. He contributed most of his life to bringing civility to government relations and to making this world a better place—a passion that I was able to witness during his long and distinguished service here.

He served Michigan ably and honorably and went on to serve as the Presidential Special Envoy to Africa’s Great Lakes Region, where he initiated peace talks and helped to end civil wars in Burundi and the Democratic Republic of the Congo.

ROY ROOD

(Mr. ROONEY asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)