would pose a serious danger not only to Syria and Iraq, but to the wider region beyond, including the threat of attacks in the homelands of the United States and our partners.":

Whereas, on July 23, 2015, Federal Bureau of Investigation Director Comey stated that "tlphe threat that ISIL presents to the United States is very different in kind, in type, in degree than al Qaeda. ISIL is not your parent's al Qaeda, it's a very different model. And by virtue of that model, it's currently the threat that we are worried about in the homeland most of all';

Whereas, on November 16, 2015, following the attacks on Paris, France, ISIL released a video threatening to "strike America at its center in Washington";

Whereas, on November 17, 2015, former Secretary of Defense Panetta warned that countering the threat posed by ISIL "isn't about containment. It is about defeating ISIS. I think if there's anything we ought to understand from these last events [in Paris], it's that we have to go to war against this brutal enemy";

Whereas after the terrorist attacks of September 11, 2001, Congress authorized the use of military force against al Qaeda;

Whereas ISIL poses a direct threat to the United States homeland that is equal to or greater than the threat posed by al Qaeda prior to the terrorist attacks of September 11. 2001:

Whereas, although nothing in this joint resolution limits the authorities of the President under article 2 of the Constitution of the United States, Justice Robert H. Jackson wrote in Youngstown Sheet & Tube Co. v. Sawyer, 343 U.S. 579 (1952) that "[w]hen the President acts pursuant to an express or implied authorization of Congress, his authority is at its maximum, for it includes all that he possesses in his own right plus all that Congress can delegate"; and

Whereas ISIL, through the use of social media and its online magazine, Dabiq, seeks to radicalize Americans and to inspire attacks within the homeland: Now, therefore, he it.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled.

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This joint resolution may be cited as the "Authorization for Use of Military Force Against the Islamic State of Iraq and the Levant and its Associated Forces".

SEC. 2. AUTHORIZATION FOR USE OF UNITED STATES ARMED FORCES.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The President is authorized to use all necessary and appropriate force in order to defend the national security of the United States against the continuing threat posed by the Islamic State of Iraq and the Levant, its associated forces, organizations, and persons, and any successor organizations.
- (b) WAR POWERS RESOLUTION REQUIREMENTS.—
- (1) SPECIFIC STATUTORY AUTHORIZATION.—Consistent with section 8(a)(1) of the War Powers Resolution (50 U.S.C. 1457(a)(1)), Congress declares that this section is intended to constitute specific statutory authorization within the meaning of section 5(b) of the War Powers Resolution.
- (2) APPLICABILITY OF OTHER REQUIRE-MENTS.—Nothing in this joint resolution supercedes any requirement of the War Powers Resolution (50 U.S.C. 1541 et seq.). SEC. 3. REPORTS TO CONGRESS.

(a) REPORTS.—Not less frequently than once every 60 days, the President shall submit a report to Congress on matters relevant to this joint resolution, including actions taken pursuant to the exercise of authority

granted under section 2.

(b) SINGLE CONSOLIDATED REPORT.—To the extent that the submission of any report described in subsection (a) coincides with the submission of any other report on matters relevant to this joint resolution otherwise required to be submitted to Congress pursuant to the reporting requirements of the War Powers Resolution, all such reports may be submitted as a single consolidated report to Congress.

SUBMITTED RESOLUTIONS

SENATE RESOLUTION 346—EXPRESSING OPPOSITION TO THE
EUROPEAN COMMISSION INTERPRETIVE NOTICE REGARDING
LABELING ISRAELI PRODUCTS
AND GOODS MANUFACTURED IN
THE WEST BANK AND OTHER
AREAS, AS SUCH ACTIONS UNDERMINE THE ISRAELI-PALESTINIAN PEACE PROCESS

Mr. RUBIO (for himself, Mr. WYDEN, and Mr. RISCH) submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations:

S. RES. 346

Whereas the United States supports a negotiated solution to the Israeli-Palestinian conflict resulting in two states, a democratic, Jewish State of Israel and a viable, democratic Palestinian state, living side-byside in peace, security, and mutual recognition:

Whereas a true and lasting peace between Israel and the Palestinians can only be established through direct negotiations regarding outstanding issues between Israel and the recognized leadership of the Palestinian people, the Palestinian Authority;

Whereas a true and lasting peace between Israel and the Palestinians is in the national security interests of the United States and necessary to ensure the safety and security of Israel:

Whereas the anti-Israel Boycott, Divestment and Sanctions (BDS) movement has called on the European Commission to go beyond labeling guidelines and implement a ban on the import of products of Israeli companies that operate in the West Bank and other areas;

Whereas politically motivated acts of boycott, divestment from, and sanctions against Israel represent a concerted effort to extract concessions from Israel outside of direct negotiations between the Israelis and Palestinians, and undermine efforts to achieve a negotiated two-state solution;

Whereas the United States has long opposed efforts to impose solutions to the Israeli-Palestinian conflict outside of direct negotiations between the two parties:

Whereas the United States has historically been at the forefront of combating economic pressure against Israel and has enacted legislation to counter both the Arab League Boycott of Israel and the BDS movement;

Whereas one-sided actions, such as singling out Israeli products, serves to encourage and prompt consumers to boycott Israeli products and goods manufactured in the West Bank and other areas;

Whereas section 102(b) of the Bipartisan Congressional Trade Priorities and Accountability Act of 2015 (title I of Public Law 114-26; 19 U.S.C. 4201(b)) states that the United States should discourage potential trading partners from adopting policies to limit trade or investment relations with Israel when negotiating the Transatlantic Trade and Investment Partnership with European countries;

Whereas the United States and the European Union have historically worked in coordination to bring an end to the Israeli-Palestinian conflict; and

Whereas multiple Untied States legislatures have enacted measures to confront politically motivated acts of boycott, divestment from, and sanctions against Israel, including Tennessee, Indiana, Illinois, South Carolina, and New York: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Senate-

- (1) expresses opposition to the European Commission interpretive notice regarding labeling Israeli products and goods manufactured in the West Bank and other areas, as such actions undermine efforts to achieve a negotiated Israeli-Palestinian peace process;
- (2) opposes politically motivated acts of boycott, divestment from, and sanctions against Israel or Israeli-controlled territory;
- (3) calls upon the European Commission, the Council of the European Union, and the European Parliament to oppose any boycott, divestment, or sanctions initiatives aimed at singling out Israel, to refrain from actions counterproductive to resolving the Israeli-Palestinian conflict, and to work on bringing the parties back to the negotiating table;
- (4) encourages European Union member states to exert prudence in the implementation of the European Union labeling guidelines regarding Israeli products and goods manufactured in the West Bank and other areas:
- (5) urges the President to increase the use of the voice, vote, and influence of the United States in international organizations and other appropriate international forums to actively oppose politically motivated acts of boycott, divestment from, and sanctions against Israel:
- (6) supports efforts by United States State legislatures to enact measures that oppose politically motivated acts of boycott, divestment from, and sanctions against Israel; and
- (7) reaffirms its strong support for a negotiated solution to the Israeli-Palestinian conflict resulting in two states, a democratic, Jewish State of Israel and a viable, democratic Palestinian state, living side-byside in peace, security, and mutual recognition.

SENATE RESOLUTION 347—HON-ORING THE MEMORY AND LEG-ACY OF ANITA ASHOK DATAR AND CONDEMNING THE TER-RORIST ATTACK IN BAMAKO, MALI, ON NOVEMBER 20, 2015

Mr. BOOKER (for himself, Ms. MI-KULSKI, Mr. CARDIN, Mr. MENENDEZ, Ms. WARREN, Mr. MARKEY, Mr. WARNER, Ms. BALDWIN, Mr. DURBIN, Mr. BLUMENTHAL, and Mr. COONS) submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations:

S. RES. 347

Whereas, on November 20, 2015, terrorists perpetrated an horrific attack at the Radisson Blu Hotel in Bamako, Mali, killing innocent civilians from 7 countries, including Mali, Russia, China, Belguim, Israel, Senegal, and the United States;

Whereas Anita Ashok Datar was the only citizen of the United States killed in the terrorist attack on November 20, 2015, in Bamako, Mali;

Whereas first responders, including Malian forces, United Nations staff, and French and United States security personnel, including agents of the Bureau of Diplomatic Security, bravely and quickly assisted with—

- (1) the evacuation of hostages; and
- (2) the transportation of hostages to safe locations;

Whereas Anita Ashok Datar-

- (1) resided in Takoma Park, Maryland;
- (2) was born in Pittsfield, Massachusetts; and

(3) was raised in Flanders, New Jersey;

Whereas Anita Ashok Datar was an international public health and development worker, public health expert, mother, daughter, sister, and friend;

Whereas Anita Ashok Datar served as a volunteer of the Peace Corps in Senegal from 1997 through 1999:

Whereas Anita Ashok Datar was a graduate of—

(1) Rutgers, The State University of New Jersey; and

(2) Columbia University's-

- (A) Mailman School of Public Health; and
- (B) School of International and Public Affairs;

Whereas Anita Ashok Datar helped found a not-for-profit organization dedicated to connecting low-income women in underserved communities to quality health services;

Whereas, of all of the accomplishments of Anita Ashok Datar, she was most proud of her son, Rohan; and

Whereas the people of the United States stand united with the family, friends, and colleagues of Anita Ashok Datar—

(1) to support the individuals touched by her life or affected by her death; and

(2) to pray for healing, understanding, and peace: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Senate-

- (1) condemns the terrorist attack in Bamako, Mali, on November 20, 2015;
- (2) honors the memory of Anita Ashok Datar, the citizen of the United States that was killed in the terrorist attack on November 20, 2015, in Bamako, Mali;
- (3) recognizes and honors the commitment of Anita Ashok Datar to advance international development and public health, including her work to connect low-income women to quality health services;
- (4) extends heartfelt condolences and prayers to—
- (A) the family, friends, and colleagues of Anita Ashok Datar, particularly her son, Rohan and
- (B) the individuals touched by the life of Anita Ashok Datar or affected by her death, including the dedicated development professionals and volunteers that continue to selflessly engage in critical humanitarian and development efforts; and
- (5) pledges to continue to work to counter violent extremism, including through education and health care, in the United States and abroad.

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION 28—TO ESTABLISH THE JOINT CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEE ON INAUGURAL CEREMONIES FOR THE INAUGURATION OF THE PRESIDENT-ELECT AND VICE PRESIDENT-ELECT OF THE UNITED STATES ON JANUARY 20, 2017

Mr. BLUNT (for himself and Mr. Schumer) submitted the following concurrent resolution; which was considered and agreed to:

S. CON. RES. 28

Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives concurring),

SECTION 1. ESTABLISHMENT OF JOINT COMMITTEE.

There is established a Joint Congressional Committee on Inaugural Ceremonies (in this resolution referred to as the "joint committee") consisting of 3 Senators and 3 Members of the House of Representatives, to be appointed by the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives, respectively. The joint committee is authorized to make the necessary arrangements for the inauguration of the President-elect and Vice President-elect of the United States on January 20, 2017.

SEC. 2. SUPPORT OF THE JOINT COMMITTEE.

The joint committee—

(1) is authorized to utilize appropriate equipment and the services of appropriate personnel of departments and agencies of the Federal Government, under arrangements between the joint committee and the heads of those departments and agencies, in connection with the inaugural proceedings and ceremonies; and

(2) may accept gifts and donations of goods and services to carry out its responsibilities.

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLU-TION 29—TO AUTHORIZE THE USE OF THE ROTUNDA AND EMANCI-PATION HALL OF THE CAPITOL BY THE JOINT CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEE ONINAUGURAL CEREMONIES IN CONNECTION WITH THE PROCEEDINGS AND CEREMONIES CONDUCTED FOR. THE INAUGURATION OF THE PRESIDENT-ELECT THE AND VICE PRESIDENT-ELECT OF THE UNITED STATES

Mr. BLUNT (for himself and Mr. Schumer) submitted the following concurrent resolution; which was considered and agreed to:

S. CON. RES. 29

Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives concurring),

SECTION 1. USE OF THE ROTUNDA AND EMANCIPATION HALL OF THE CAPITOL.

The rotunda and Emancipation Hall of the United States Capitol are authorized to be used on January 20, 2017, by the Joint Congressional Committee on Inaugural Ceremonies in connection with the proceedings and ceremonies conducted for the inauguration of the President-elect and the Vice President-elect of the United States.

AMENDMENTS SUBMITTED AND PROPOSED

SA 2945. Mr. THUNE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 4038, to require that supplemental certifications and background investigations be completed prior to the admission of certain aliens as refugees, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 2946. Mr. THUNE (for himself and Mr. ISAKSON) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 4038, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 2947. Mr. KIRK (for himself, Mrs. CAPITO, and Mr. INHOFE) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 4038, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 2948. Mr. KIRK (for himself, Mrs. CAPITO, and Mr. INHOFE) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 4038, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 2949. Mr. KIRK (for himself, Mrs. Capito, and Mr. Inhofe) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 4038, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 2950. Mr. FLAKE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 4038, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 2951. Mr. FLAKE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 4038, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 2952. Mr. McCONNELL (for Mr. Grass-LEY (for himself, Mr. BENNET, Mr. ISAKSON, and Mr. SANDERS)) proposed an amendment to the bill S. 607, to provide for a five-year extension of the Medicare rural community hospital demonstration program.

TEXT OF AMENDMENTS

SA 2945. Mr. THUNE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 4038, to require that supplemental certifications and background investigations be completed prior to the admission of certain aliens as refugees, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. . REFUGEE RESETTLEMENT.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The governor of each State shall be permitted to advise the Secretary of State, on a weekly basis, of the willingness of such State to accept the resettlement of a refugee in such State.

(b) ADVISE.—The Secretary of State shall provide full information to a governor of any State if the Secretary resettles a refugee in that State.

SA 2946. Mr. THUNE (for himself and Mr. ISAKSON) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 4038, to require that supplemental certifications and background investigations be completed prior to the admission of certain aliens as refugees, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. ___. REFUGEE RESETTLEMENT VETO AUTHORITY.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The governor of each State shall be permitted to advise the Secretary of State, on a weekly basis, of the willingness of such State to accept the resettlement of a refugee in such State.

(b) VETO AUTHORITY.—The governor of any State may veto the resettlement of any refugee in that State.

SA 2947. Mr. KIRK (for himself, Mrs. CAPITO, and Mr. INHOFE) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 4038, to require that supplemental certifications and background investigations be completed prior to the admission of certain aliens as refugees, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table: as follows:

On page 2, line 14, insert ", and has provided support to any foreign terrorist organization, which may include publishing or otherwise engaging in social media to promote or otherwise support a foreign terrorist organization" before the period at the end.

Beginning on page 3, strike line 15 and all that follows through page 5, line 2, and insert the following:

SEC. 3. INADMISSIBILITY FOR USE OF SOCIAL MEDIA TO PROMOTE TERRORISM.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 212(a)(3)(B)(i)(VII) of the Immigration and