

S. 3100

At the request of Mr. TOOMEY, the names of the Senator from Louisiana (Mr. VITTER), the Senator from Wisconsin (Mr. JOHNSON), the Senator from Arkansas (Mr. COTTON), the Senator from Texas (Mr. CRUZ), the Senator from Mississippi (Mr. WICKER) and the Senator from Iowa (Mr. GRASSLEY) were added as cosponsors of S. 3100, a bill to ensure that State and local law enforcement may cooperate with Federal officials to protect our communities from violent criminals and suspected terrorists who are illegally present in the United States.

S. 3106

At the request of Mr. REID, the names of the Senator from Virginia (Mr. KAINE) and the Senator from Virginia (Mr. WARNER) were added as cosponsors of S. 3106, a bill to provide a coordinated regional response to effectively manage the endemic violence and humanitarian crisis in El Salvador, Guatemala, and Honduras.

S.J. RES. 35

At the request of Mr. FLAKE, the names of the Senator from Louisiana (Mr. VITTER) and the Senator from Oklahoma (Mr. LANKFORD) were added as cosponsors of S.J. Res. 35, a joint resolution providing for congressional disapproval under chapter 8 of title 5, United States Code, of the final rule of the Department of Labor relating to "Interpretation of the 'Advice' Exemption in Section 203(c) of the Labor-Management Reporting and Disclosure Act".

S. RES. 349

At the request of Mr. ROBERTS, the name of the Senator from Idaho (Mr. CRAPO) was added as a cosponsor of S. Res. 349, a resolution congratulating the Farm Credit System on the celebration of its 100th anniversary.

S. RES. 482

At the request of Mrs. SHAHEEN, the name of the Senator from New York (Mrs. GILLIBRAND) was added as a cosponsor of S. Res. 482, a resolution urging the European Union to designate Hizballah in its entirety as a terrorist organization and to increase pressure on the organization and its members to the fullest extent possible.

At the request of Mr. NELSON, his name was added as a cosponsor of S. Res. 482, supra.

S. RES. 517

At the request of Mr. SESSIONS, the names of the Senator from Massachusetts (Mr. MARKEY) and the Senator from California (Mrs. FEINSTEIN) were added as cosponsors of S. Res. 517, a resolution designating September 2016 as "National Prostate Cancer Awareness Month".

SUBMITTED RESOLUTIONS

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION 42—TO EXPRESS THE SENSE OF CONGRESS REGARDING THE SAFE AND EXPEDITIOUS RESETTLEMENT TO ALBANIA OF ALL RESIDENTS OF CAMP LIBERTY

Mr. MCCAIN submitted the following concurrent resolution; which was referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations:

S. CON. RES. 42

Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives concurring),

SECTION 1. SENSE OF CONGRESS ON THE SAFE RESETTLEMENT OF CAMP LIBERTY RESIDENTS.

It is the sense of Congress that the United States should—

(1) work with the Government of Iraq and the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR) to ensure that all residents of Camp Liberty are safely and expeditiously resettled in Albania;

(2) work with the Government of Iraq, the Government of Albania, and the UNHCR to prevent the Government of Iran from intervening in the resettlement process by abusing international organizations, including Interpol and other organizations of which the United States is a member;

(3) urge the Government of Iraq to take prompt and appropriate steps in accordance with international agreements to promote the physical security and protection of residents of Camp Liberty during the resettlement process, including steps to ensure that the personnel responsible for providing security at Camp Liberty are adequately vetted to determine that they are not affiliated with the Islamic Revolutionary Guard Corps' Qods Force;

(4) urge the Government of Iraq to ensure continued and reliable access to food, clean water, medical assistance, electricity and other energy needs, and any other equipment and supplies necessary to sustain the residents during the resettlement process;

(5) work with the Government of Iraq to make all reasonable efforts to facilitate the sale of residents' property and assets remaining at Camp Ashraf and Camp Liberty for the purpose of funding their cost of living and resettlement out of Iraq;

(6) work with the Government of Iraq and the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR) to ensure that Camp Liberty residents may exercise full control of all personal assets in Camp Liberty and the former Camp Ashraf as the residents deem necessary;

(7) assist, and maintain close and regular communication with the UNHCR for the purpose of expediting the ongoing resettlement of all residents of Camp Liberty, without exception, to Albania;

(8) urge the Government of Albania, and the UNHCR to ensure the continued recognition of the resettled residents as "persons of concern" entitled to international protections according to principles and standards in the Convention Relating to the Status of Refugees, done at Geneva July 28, 1951, and the International Bill of Human Rights; and

(9) work with the Government of Albania and the UNHCR to facilitate and provide suitable locations for housing of the remaining Camp Liberty residents in Albania until such time when the residents become self-sufficient in meeting their residential needs in Albania.

AMENDMENTS SUBMITTED AND PROPOSED

SA 4947. Mr. PAUL submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 4935 proposed by Mr. MCCONNELL (for Mr. ROBERTS) to the bill S. 764, to reauthorize and amend the National Sea Grant College Program Act, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 4948. Mr. SANDERS submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 4935 proposed by Mr. MCCONNELL (for Mr. ROBERTS) to the bill S. 764, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 4949. Mr. SANDERS submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 4935 proposed by Mr. MCCONNELL (for Mr. ROBERTS) to the bill S. 764, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 4950. Mr. SANDERS submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 4935 proposed by Mr. MCCONNELL (for Mr. ROBERTS) to the bill S. 764, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 4951. Mr. SANDERS submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 4935 proposed by Mr. MCCONNELL (for Mr. ROBERTS) to the bill S. 764, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 4952. Mr. SANDERS submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 4935 proposed by Mr. MCCONNELL (for Mr. ROBERTS) to the bill S. 764, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 4953. Mr. SANDERS submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 4935 proposed by Mr. MCCONNELL (for Mr. ROBERTS) to the bill S. 764, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 4954. Ms. MURKOWSKI (for herself, Ms. CANTWELL, Mrs. MURRAY, Mr. SULLIVAN, and Mr. MERKLEY) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 4935 proposed by Mr. MCCONNELL (for Mr. ROBERTS) to the bill S. 764, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 4955. Mr. SANDERS submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 4935 proposed by Mr. MCCONNELL (for Mr. ROBERTS) to the bill S. 764, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 4956. Mrs. ERNST (for herself, Mr. GRASSLEY, Mr. SASSE, and Mrs. FISCHER) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the bill S. 2193, to amend the Immigration and Nationality Act to increase penalties for individuals who illegally reenter the United States after being removed and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 4957. Mrs. ERNST (for herself, Mr. GRASSLEY, Mr. SASSE, and Mrs. FISCHER) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the bill S. 3100, to ensure that State and local law enforcement may cooperate with Federal officials to protect our communities from violent criminals and suspected terrorists who are illegally present in the United States; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 4958. Mr. FRANKEN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 4935 proposed by Mr. MCCONNELL (for Mr. ROBERTS) to the bill S. 764, to reauthorize and amend the National Sea Grant College Program Act, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 4959. Mr. BLUMENTHAL (for himself and Mr. MURPHY) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 4935 proposed by Mr. MCCONNELL (for Mr. ROBERTS) to the bill S. 764, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 4960. Mr. LEAHY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 4935 proposed by Mr. MCCONNELL (for Mr.

ROBERTS) to the bill S. 764, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 4961. Mr. LEAHY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 4935 proposed by Mr. MCCONNELL (for Mr. ROBERTS) to the bill S. 764, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 4962. Mr. LEAHY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 4935 proposed by Mr. MCCONNELL (for Mr. ROBERTS) to the bill S. 764, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 4963. Mr. LEAHY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 4935 proposed by Mr. MCCONNELL (for Mr. ROBERTS) to the bill S. 764, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 4964. Mr. LEAHY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 4935 proposed by Mr. MCCONNELL (for Mr. ROBERTS) to the bill S. 764, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 4965. Mr. LEAHY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 4935 proposed by Mr. MCCONNELL (for Mr. ROBERTS) to the bill S. 764, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 4966. Mr. LEAHY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 4935 proposed by Mr. MCCONNELL (for Mr. ROBERTS) to the bill S. 764, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 4967. Mr. LEAHY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 4935 proposed by Mr. MCCONNELL (for Mr. ROBERTS) to the bill S. 764, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 4968. Mr. LEAHY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 4935 proposed by Mr. MCCONNELL (for Mr. ROBERTS) to the bill S. 764, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 4969. Mr. MERKLEY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 4935 proposed by Mr. MCCONNELL (for Mr. ROBERTS) to the bill S. 764, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 4970. Mr. MERKLEY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 4935 proposed by Mr. MCCONNELL (for Mr. ROBERTS) to the bill S. 764, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 4971. Mr. TESTER (for himself and Mr. MERKLEY) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 4935 proposed by Mr. MCCONNELL (for Mr. ROBERTS) to the bill S. 764, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 4972. Mr. SASSE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 4935 proposed by Mr. MCCONNELL (for Mr. ROBERTS) to the bill S. 764, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

TEXT OF AMENDMENTS

SA 4947. Mr. PAUL submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 4935 proposed by Mr. MCCONNELL (for Mr. ROBERTS) to the bill S. 764, to reauthorize and amend the National Sea Grant College Program Act, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 12, between lines 2 and 3, insert the following:

“(5) **CRIMINAL PENALTIES PROHIBITED.**—There shall be no Federal or State criminal penalty imposed against any person who violates this subtitle.”.

SA 4948. Mr. SANDERS submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 4935 proposed by Mr.

MCCONNELL (for Mr. ROBERTS) to the bill S. 764, to reauthorize and amend the National Sea Grant College Program Act, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

In lieu of the matter proposed to be inserted, insert the following:

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the “GMO Labeling Act of 2016”.

SEC. 2. PURPOSES.

The purposes of this Act are to—

(1) establish a system by which people may make informed decisions about the food they purchase and consume and by which, if they choose, people may avoid food produced from genetic engineering;

(2) inform the purchasing decisions of consumers who are concerned about the potential environmental effects of the production of food from genetic engineering;

(3) reduce and prevent consumer confusion and deception by prohibiting the labeling of products produced from genetic engineering as “natural” and by promoting the disclosure of factual information on food labels to allow consumers to make informed decisions; and

(4) provide consumers with data from which they may make informed decisions for religious reasons.

SEC. 3. LABELING REQUIREMENTS.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—Chapter IV of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 341 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“SEC. 424. LABELING OF FOOD PRODUCED WITH GENETIC ENGINEERING.

“(a) **IN GENERAL.**—Except as provided in subsection (d), any food that is entirely or partially produced with genetic engineering and offered for retail sale after January 1, 2017, shall be labeled or shall be displayed, as applicable, in accordance with subsection (b).

“(b) **LABELING REQUIREMENTS.**—In the case of a food described in subsection (a), the manufacturer or retailer shall ensure that such food is labeled or displayed in accordance with the following:

“(1) **MANUFACTURERS.**—

“(A) **RAW AGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES.**—In the case of a packaged raw agricultural commodity, the manufacturer shall label the package offered for retail sale, in a clear and conspicuous manner, with the words ‘produced with genetic engineering’.

“(B) **PROCESSED FOOD.**—In the case of any processed food that contains a product or products of genetic engineering, the manufacturer shall label the package in which the processed food is offered for sale, in a clear and conspicuous manner, with the words: ‘Partially produced with genetic engineering’, ‘May be produced with genetic engineering’, or ‘Produced with genetic engineering’, as applicable.

“(2) **RETAILERS.**—In the case of any raw agricultural commodity that is not separately packaged, the retailer shall post a label appearing on the retail store shelf or bin in which the commodity is displayed for sale, in a clear and conspicuous manner, with the words ‘produced with genetic engineering’.

“(c) **PROHIBITED LABELING.**—Except as provided in subsection (d), a manufacturer or retailer of a food produced entirely or in part from genetic engineering shall not label the product on the package, in signage, or in advertising as ‘natural’, ‘naturally made’, ‘naturally grown’, ‘all natural’, or using any words of similar import that would have a tendency to mislead a consumer.

“(d) **EXEMPTIONS.**—The labeling requirements of subsection (b) shall not apply with respect to the following:

“(1) Food consisting entirely of, or derived entirely from, an animal that has not itself been produced with genetic engineering, regardless of whether the animal has been fed or injected with any food, drug, or other substance produced with genetic engineering.

“(2) A raw agricultural commodity or processed food derived from a raw agricultural commodity that has been grown, raised, or produced without the knowing or intentional use of food or seed produced with genetic engineering, except that the exception described in this paragraph shall apply only if the person otherwise responsible for complying with the requirements of subsection (b) with respect to a raw agricultural commodity or processed food obtains, from whomever sold the raw agricultural commodity or processed food to that person, a sworn statement that the raw agricultural commodity or processed food has not been knowingly or intentionally produced with genetic engineering and has been segregated from and has not been knowingly or intentionally commingled with food that may have been produced with genetic engineering at any time. In providing such a sworn statement, any person may rely on a sworn statement from a direct supplier that contains such an affirmation.

“(3) Animal feed.

“(4) A processed food that would be subject to such requirements solely because such food includes one or more processing aids or enzymes produced with genetic engineering.

“(5) Alcoholic beverages.

“(6) A processed food that would be subject to such requirements solely because such food includes one or more materials that have been produced with genetic engineering, provided that the genetically engineered materials in the aggregate do not account for more than 0.9 percent of the total weight of the processed food.

“(7) Food that an independent organization has verified has not been knowingly or intentionally produced from or commingled with food or seed produced with genetic engineering. The Secretary, shall approve, by regulation, any independent organizations from which verification shall be acceptable under this paragraph.

“(8) Food that is not packaged for retail sale and that is—

“(A) a processed food prepared and intended for immediate human consumption; or

“(B) served, sold, or otherwise provided in a restaurant or other establishment in which food is served for immediate human consumption.

“(9) Medical food, as that term is defined in section 5(b) of the Orphan Drug Act.

“(e) **DISCLAIMER.**—The Secretary may, through regulation, require that labeling required under this section include a disclaimer that the Food and Drug Administration does not consider foods produced from genetic engineering to be materially different from other foods.

“(f) **DEFINITIONS.**—In this section—

“(1) the term ‘enzyme’ means a protein that catalyzes chemical reactions of other substances without itself being destroyed or altered upon completion of the reactions;

“(2) the term ‘genetic engineering’ is a process by which a food is produced from an organism or organisms in which the genetic material has been changed through the application of—

“(A) in vitro nucleic acid techniques, including recombinant deoxyribonucleic acid (DNA) techniques and the direct injection of nucleic acid into cells or organelles; or

“(B) fusion of cells (including protoplast fusion) or hybridization techniques that overcome natural physiological, reproductive, or recombination barriers, where the