By Mr. BURCHETT:

H. Res. 220. A resolution amending the Rules of the House of Representatives to require the Clerk to read the Congressional Budget Office cost estimate of any bill immediately after the reading of the title of the bill: to the Committee on Rules.

> By Mr. FOSTER (for himself, Ms. JOHN-SON of Texas, Mr. McNerney, Mr. RUSH, Mr. CASTEN, Mr. SCHIFF, Mr. HIMES, Mr. KILMER, Mr. COHEN, Mr. Ms. TONKO. Kaptur, and Ms. HOULAHAN):

H. Res. 221. A resolution expressing support for designation of March 14, 2021, as tional Pi Day"; to the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology.

By Mr. GRIJALVA (for himself and Mr. SAN NICOLAS):

H. Res. 222. A resolution supporting the goals and ideals of National Middle Level Education Month; to the Committee on Education and Labor.

> By Ms. JOHNSON of Texas (for herself and Mr. Lucas):

H. Res. 223. A resolution providing amounts for the expenses of the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology in the One Hundred Seventeenth Congress: to the Committee on House Administration.

> By Mr. MAST (for himself, Mr. GAETZ, Mr. Waltz, Mr. Baird, Mr. Posey. Mr. DUNCAN, Mr. LAMALFA, Mr. GOSAR, Mrs. GREENE of Georgia, Mr. C. SCOTT FRANKLIN of Florida, and Mr. GIMENEZ):

H. Res. 224. A resolution expressing the sense of the House of Representatives that the People's Republic of China should be held accountable for its handling of COVID-19; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

By Ms. MENG (for herself, Mr. FITZPATRICK, Mr. QUIGLEY, McGOVERN, Mr. SIRES, Ms. Mr. Lois FRANKEL of Florida, Mr. KILMER, Ms. CHU, Mr. SAN NICOLAS, Mr. SUOZZI, Mr. CÁRDENAS, Mr. WELCH, Mr. BRENDAN F. BOYLE of Pennsylvania, Ms. Jackson Lee, Ms. Titus, Mr. Connolly, Ms. Norton, and Mr. Rush):

H. Res. 225. A resolution affirming the role of the United States in improving access to quality, inclusive public education and improved learning outcomes for children and adolescents, particularly for girls, in the poorest countries through the Global Partnership for Education; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

By Ms. PRESSLEY (for herself, Ms. OCASIO-CORTEZ, Ms. CLARKE of New York, Ms. NORTON, Mr. EVANS, Ms. JACKSON LEE, Ms. JOHNSON of Texas, Mr. ESPAILLAT, Ms. LEE of California, Mr. Rush, Ms. Omar, Mr. Jones, Ms. BUSH, Mr. HASTINGS, Mr. BOWMAN, Ms. JAYAPAL, Mr. BLUMENAUER, and Ms. Velázquez):

H. Res. 226. A resolution recognizing that the United States has a moral obligation to meet its foundational promise of guaranteed justice for all; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. SCOTT of Virginia (for himself and Ms. Foxx):

Res. 227. A resolution providing amounts for the expenses of the Committee on Education and Labor in the One Hundred Seventeenth Congress; to the Committee on House Administration.

By Mr. THOMPSON of California (for himself and Ms. Stefanik):

H. Res. 228. A resolution supporting the goals and ideals of National Women's History Month; to the Committee on Oversight and Reform.

By Ms. WATERS: Res. 229. A resolution providing amounts for the expenses of the Committee

on Financial Services in the One Hundred Seventeenth Congress; to the Committee on House Administration.

## PRIVATE BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS

Under clause 3 of rule XII,

Ms. JAYAPAL introduced a bill (H.R. 1867) for the relief of Jaime Rubio Sulficio; which was referred to the Committee on the Judici-

## CONSTITUTIONAL AUTHORITY STATEMENT

Pursuant to clause 7 of rule XII of the Rules of the House of Representatives, the following statements are submitted regarding the specific powers granted to Congress in the Constitution to enact the accompanying bill or joint resolution.

By Mr. CLYBURN:

H.R. 1783.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8

By Mr. DOGGETT:

H.R. 1784.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Clause 1 of Section 8 of Article I of the United States Constitution.

By Mr. DOGGETT:

H.R. 1785.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Clause 1 of Section 8 of Article I of the United States Constitution.

By Mr. DOGGETT:

H.R. 1786

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Clause 1 of Section 8 of Article I of the United States Constitution.

By Mr. CLYDE:

H.R. 1787.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8

By Mr. PENCE:

H.R. 1788.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1 Section 8 Clause 3 of the U.S. Constitution

By Mr. AMODEI:

H.R. 1789.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 5-To coin Money, regulate the Value thereof, and of foreign coin, and fix the standard of Weights and Measures:

By Mrs. AXNE:

H.R. 1790.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

This bill is enacted pursuant to the power granted to Congress under Article I, Section 8 of the United States Constitution.

By Ms. BARRAGÁN:

H.R. 1791.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1 Section 8 United States Constitu-

By Ms. BARRAGÁN:

H.R. 1792.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1 Section 8 United States Constitu-

By Ms. BASS:

H.R. 1793.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 1 of the United States Constitution, providing—"All legislative Powers herein granted shall be vested in a Congress of the United States, which shall consist of a Senate and House of Representa-

By Ms. BASS:

H.R. 1794.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 1 of the United States Constitution, providing—"All legislative Powers herein granted shall be vested in a Congress of the United States, which shall consist of a Senate and House of Representatives."

By Ms. BASS:

H.R. 1795.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 1 of the United States Constitution, providing—"All legislative Powers herein granted shall be vested in a Congress of the United States, which shall consist of a Senate and House of Representatives."

By Mr. BERA:

H.R. 1796.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8 of the U.S. Constitu-

By Mr. BLUMENAUER:

H.R. 1797.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Section 8 of Article I of the Constitution

By Mr. BOST:

H.R. 1798.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8 of the U.S. Constitution

By Ms. BOURDEAUX:

H.R. 1799.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 1

"The Congress shall have Power to . provide for the . . . general Welfare of the United States; . .

By Mr. BRENDAN F. BOYLE of Pennsylvania:

H.R. 1800.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8 of the U.S. Constitution under the General Welfare Clause.

By Ms. BROWNLEY:

H.R. 1801.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8

By Mr. BURCHETT:

H.R. 1802.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Clause 18 of Section 8 of Article I of the Constitution

By Mr. CÁRDENAS:

H.R. 1803.

H.R. 1804.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1 Section 8 of the U.S. Constitution By Mr. CARTER of Georgia:

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The constitutional authority on which this bill rests is the power of Congress to make rules for the government and regulation of the land and naval forces, as enumerated in Article I; Section 8, Clause 14 of the United States Constitution.

By Mr. CASTEN:

H.R. 1805.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8, Clause 3 By Ms. CASTOR of Florida:

H.R. 1806.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8 of the United States Constitution

By Mr. CAWTHORN:

H.R. 1807.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8

By Mr. CICILLINE:

H.R. 1808.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8 of the  $\bar{\text{U}}$ nited States Constitution

By Mr. COHEN:

H.R. 1809.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8

By Mr. COURTNEY:

H.R. 1810.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8.

By Ms. CRAIG:

H.R. 1811.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8 for the Commerce Clause

By Mr. RODNEY DAVIS of Illinois: H.R. 1812.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8 of the  $\stackrel{\smile}{\text{U.S.}}$  Constitution

By Mr. DEFAZIO:

H.R. 1813.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 18 (relating to the power to make all laws necessary and proper for carrying out the powers vested in Congress)

By Ms. DELAURO:

H.R. 1814.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 3 of the United States Constitution and Article I, Section 8, Clause I of the United States Constitution.

By Ms. DELAURO:

H.R. 1815.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

ARTICLE 1, SECTION 8; UNITED STATE CONSTITUTION

By Ms. DELBENE:

H.R. 1816.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1 Section 8

By Mr. DESAULNIER:

H.R. 1817.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8.

By Mrs. FLETCHER:

H.R. 1818.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, section 8 of the Constitution of the United States.

By Mr. GARAMENDI:

H.R. 1819.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8 of the U.S. Constitution

By Mr. GIBBS:

H.R. 1820.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8, Clause 18, that grants Congress the power to make all laws necessary and proper for carrying out the powers vested by Congress in the Constitution of the United States or in any department or officer thereof

By Mr. GIBBS:

H.R. 1821.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8, Clause 18, that grants Congress the power to make all laws necessary and proper for carrying out the powers vested by Congress in the Constitution of the United States or in any department or officer thereof

By Miss GONZÁLEZ-COLÓN:

H.R. 1822.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to Article I, Section 8, Clauses 1 and 18 of the U.S. Constitution, which provide as follows:

The Congress shall have Power To lay and collect Taxes, Duties, Imposts and Excises, to pay the Debts and provide for the common Defense and general Welfare of the United States; but all Duties, Imposts and Excises shall be uniform throughout the United States; [. . .]—And

To make all laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution the foregoing Powers, and all other Powers vested by this Constitution in the Government of the United States, or in any Department or Officer thereof.

Moreover, the Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to Article IV, Section 3, which provides, in relevant part, as follows:

The Congress shall have Power to dispose of and make all needful Rules and Regulations respecting the Territory or other Property belonging to the United States; and nothing in this Constitution shall be so construed as to Prejudice any Claims of the United States, or of any particular State.

By Miss GONZÁLEZ-COLÓN:

H.R. 1823.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to Article I, Section 8, Clauses 1 and 18 of the U.S. Constitution, which provide as follows:

The Congress shall have Power To lay and collect Taxes, Duties, Imposts and Excises, to pay the Debts and provide for the common Defense and general Welfare of the United States; but all Duties, Imposts and Excises shall be uniform throughout the United States; [...]—And

To make all laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution the foregoing Powers, and all other Powers vested by this Constitution in the Government of the United States, or in any Department or Officer thereof.

Moreover, the Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to Article IV, Section 3, which provides, in relevant part, as follows:

The Congress shall have Power to dispose of and make all needful Rules and Regulations respecting the Territory or other Property belonging to the United States; and nothing in this Constitution shall be so construed as to Prejudice any Claims of the United States, or of any particular State.

By Miss GONZÁLEZ-COLÓN:

H.R. 1824.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to Article I, Section 8, Clauses 1 and 18 of the U.S. Constitution, which provide as follows:

The Congress shall have Power To lay and collect Taxes, Duties, Imposts and Excises, to pay the Debts and provide for the common Defense and general Welfare of the United States; but all Duties, Imposts and Excises shall be uniform throughout the United States; [...]—And

To make all laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution the foregoing Powers, and all other Powers vested by this Constitution in the Government of the United States, or in any Department or Officer thereof.

Moreover, the Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to Article IV, Section 3, which provides, in relevant part, as follows:

The Congress shall have Power to dispose of and make all needful Rules and Regulations respecting the Territory or other Property belonging to the United States; and nothing in this Constitution shall be so construed as to Prejudice any Claims of the United States, or of any particular State.

By Miss GONZÁLEZ-COLÓN:

H.R. 1825.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to Article I, Section 8, Clauses 1 and 18 of the U.S. Constitution, which provide as follows:

The Congress shall have Power To lay and collect Taxes, Duties, Imposts and Excises, to pay the Debts and provide for the common Defense and general Welfare of the United States; but all Duties, Imposts and Excises shall be uniform throughout the United States; [...]—And

To make all laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution the foregoing Powers, and all other Powers vested by this Constitution in the Government of the United States, or in any Department or Officer thereof.

Moreover, the Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to Article IV, Section 3, which provides, in relevant part, as follows:

The Congress shall have Power to dispose of and make all needful Rules and Regulations respecting the Territory or other Property belonging to the United States; and nothing in this Constitution shall be so construed as to Prejudice any Claims of the United States, or of any particular State.

By Miss GONZÁLEZ-COLÓN:

H.R. 1826.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to Article I, Section 8, Clauses 1 and 18 of the U.S. Constitution, which provide as follows:

The Congress shall have Power To lay and collect Taxes, Duties, Imposts and Excises, to pay the Debts and provide for the common Defense and general Welfare of the United States; but all Duties, Imposts and Excises shall be uniform throughout the United States; [...]—And

To make all laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution the foregoing Powers, and all other Powers vested by this Constitution in the Government of the United States, or in any Department or Officer thereof.

Moreover, the Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to Article IV, Section 3, which provides, in relevant part, as follows:

The Congress shall have Power to dispose of and make all needful Rules and Regulations respecting the Territory or other Property belonging to the United States; and nothing in this Constitution shall be so construed as to Prejudice any Claims of the United States, or of any particular State.