Harassment in Science Act, which I am pleased to cosponsor.

In 2017, the Me Too movement sparked a national reckoning with the pervasiveness of sexual harassment. The academic workplace has not been spared. One study found that 58 percent of faculty and staff at universities have experienced sexual harassment.

Šexual harassment is detrimental to individuals, often impeding career advancement and leading some to leave academia entirely. Sexual harassment also has significant consequences on the entire scientific enterprise, depriving our most critical STEM fields of skilled researchers, particularly from groups already underrepresented in STEM.

In 2018, the National Academies of Sciences, Engineering, and Medicine released a report examining the contributing factors to sexual harassment in academia and the effects on women in science, technology, and medicine. The Combating Sexual Harassment in Science Act includes key recommendations from the Academies' report and takes further steps to combat sexual harassment in STEM.

The National Science Foundation and other agencies have already taken significant steps to address the scourge of sexual harassment in STEM. Unfortunately, not all agencies have taken this issue as seriously, and the patchwork of policies and approaches causes confusion and increases administrative burden on grantees. This legislation helps make sure that we have consistent, governmentwide policies.

H.R. 2695 requires a coordinated approach to address sexual harassment at grant-receiving institutions and across our Federal agencies, including by requiring OSTP to issue uniform policy guidance for sexual harassment reporting at Federal science agencies.

The bill also authorizes NSF research on the contributing factors to STEM workplace harassment.

Finally, the bill would require an important follow-up study by the National Academies.

The Combating Sexual Harassment in Science Act was developed following extensive consultation with experts on sexual harassment and key stakeholders, including universities. At present, 24 organizations have endorsed this bill, representing a wide spectrum of scientific disciplines, student groups, and professions.

I want to thank Chairwoman Johnson and Ranking Member Lucas for introducing this important bill. I also want to thank all of the cosponsors of this bipartisan effort. I urge everyone here to help us take action toward eliminating sexual harassment in the sciences.

Mr. Speaker, I strongly urge my colleagues to support H.R. 2695, and I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. LUCAS. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Mr. Speaker, I rise in support of H.R. 2695, the Combating Sexual Harassment in Science Act.

I am proud to say that this bill has a foundation of years of investigation, analysis, and recommendations to the Science, Space, and Technology Committee. Curbing sexual misconduct in science is a priority that Chairwoman JOHNSON and I share.

Engaging more women in STEM studies and careers is essential to American competitiveness. Women make up over half the workforce, but account for less than 25 percent of America's STEM workforce. Unfortunately, too many women have been driven out of STEM careers due to a culture of harassment and abuse.

H.R. 2695 takes the first steps to address this problem. The bill directs NSF to expand research efforts to better understand the causes and consequences of sexual harassment affecting individuals in the scientific, technical, engineering, and mathematical workforces.

Additionally, it directs NSF to examine policies to reduce the prevalence and negative impact of such harassment.

The bill also supports the adoption of uniform guidance across the Federal science agencies to combat sexual harassment involving grant personnel.

There is an established legal process in place within higher education and in the workforce for handling claims of sexual harassment. I cannot stress this enough: this bill does not alter that process.

What this bill does do is create a uniform policy requiring universities and research institutions to report to Federal science agencies when an administrative action is taken that impacts the ability of a researcher to carry out a grant.

Pervasive sexual harassment in the scientific community discourages women from critical work and goodpaying jobs and hurts American competitiveness. It is unacceptable for taxpayer dollars to fund researchers who are guilty of harassing students or colleagues.

I want to thank the stakeholders, especially the university community, for working with committee staff to improve this legislation. I believe the revised bill strikes the right balance between protecting due process and privacy, while also making sure that Federal science agencies can act if a Federal research grant or the personnel supporting that grant is impacted.

Mr. Speaker, in closing, H.R. 2695 takes the first steps towards addressing sexual harassment in STEM fields, which is driving women out of STEM careers and damaging U.S. competitiveness.

While some progress has been made since the Science, Space, and Technology Committee first started investigating the issue almost 4 years ago, there is still much more work to be done. This legislation sends a strong message to the scientific community that misconduct will not be tolerated, and it sends a message to women who

are in STEM studies and careers that we support them.

This bill passed the House last Congress, and I look forward to working with our colleagues in the Senate and stakeholders to advance this legislation into law this year.

I again want to thank Chairwoman Johnson and her staff for working in a bipartisan and collaborative way on this legislation.

Mr. Speaker, I encourage my colleagues to support this bill, and I yield back the balance of my time.

Ms. BONAMICI. Mr. Speaker, in closing, I, once again, urge my colleagues on both sides of the aisle to support this important and bipartisan legislation, the Combating Sexual Harassment in Science Act.

Mr. Speaker, I yield back the balance of my time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentlewoman from Oregon (Ms. Bonamici) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill, H.R. 2695.

The question was taken.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. In the opinion of the Chair, two-thirds being in the affirmative, the ayes have it.

Mr. ROSENDALE. Mr. Speaker, on that I demand the yeas and nays.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to section 3(s) of House Resolution 8. the yeas and navs are ordered.

Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, further proceedings on this motion are postponed.

RECESS

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 12(a) of rule I, the Chair declares the House in recess until approximately 6:30 p.m. today.

Accordingly (at 5 o'clock and 13 minutes p.m.), the House stood in recess.

□ 1830

AFTER RECESS

The recess having expired, the House was called to order by the Speaker pro tempore (Mr. MALINOWSKI) at 6 o'clock and 30 minutes p.m.

VA TRANSPARENCY & TRUST ACT OF 2021

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, the unfinished business is the vote on the motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill (H.R. 2911) to direct the Secretary of Veterans Affairs to submit to Congress a plan for obligating and expending Coronavirus pandemic funding made available to the Department of Veterans Affairs, and for other purposes, on which the yeas and nays were ordered.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from California (Mr. Takano) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 411, nays 4, not voting 14, as follows:

[Roll No. 144]

YEAS-411

DeLauro Adams Johnson (GA) Aderholt DelBene Johnson (LA) Delgado Johnson (OH) Aguilar Johnson (SD) Allen Demings Allred DeSaulnier Johnson (TX) Amodei DesJarlais Jones Armstrong Deutch Jordan Joyce (OH) Diaz-Balart Arrington Auchincloss Dingell Joyce (PA) Kahele Axne Doggett Babin Donalds Kaptur Bacon Doyle, Michael Katko Baird F. Duncan Keating Balderson Keller Kelly (IL) Banks Dunn Kelly (MS) Kelly (PA) Emmer Barr Barragán Eshoo Espaillat Bass Khanna Beatty Estes Kildee Bentz Evans Kilmer Bera Fallon Kim (CA) Bergman Feenstra Kim (NJ) Beyer Ferguson Kind Bice (OK) Fischbach Kirkpatrick Biggs Bilirakis Fitzgerald Krishnamoorthi Fitzpatrick Kuster Bishop (GA) Fleischmann Kustoff Bishop (NC) Fletcher LaHood Fortenberry Blumenauer Lamb Blunt Rochester Foster Lamborn Boebert. Foxx Langevin Bonamici Frankel, Lois Larsen (WA) Bost Franklin, C. Larson (CT) Bourdeaux Scott Latta Bowman Fulcher LaTurner Bradv Gaetz Lawrence Brooks Gallagher Lawson (FL) Brown Gallego Lee (CA) Garamendi Brownley Lee (NV) Leger Fernandez Garbarino Buchanan Buck Garcia (CA) Bucshon García (IL) Letlow Gibbs Levin (CA) Budd Burchett Gimenez Levin (MI) Burgess Gohmert. Lien Lofgren Bush Gomez Gonzales, Tony Bustos Long Loudermilk Calvert Gonzalez (OH) Lowenthal Cammack Gonzalez, Carbajal Vicente Lucas Good (VA) Carl Luetkemever Gooden (TX) Carson Luria Gosar Carter (GA) Lynch Gottheimer Carter (LA) Mace Malinowski Carter (TX) Granger Cartwright Graves (LA) Malliotakis Case Graves (MO) Malonev. Castor (FL) Carolyn B Green (TN) Cawthorn Green, Al (TX) Maloney, Sean Chabot Greene (GA) Mann Cheney Griffith Manning Chu Cicilline Grijalya. Massie Grothman Mast Matsui Clark (MA) Guest Clarke (NY) Guthrie McBath Cleaver Hagedorn McCarthy Harder (CA) McCaul Cline Cloud Harris McClain Harshbarger McClintock Clyburn Hartzler McCollum Clyde Cohen Hayes McEachin Cole Hern McGovern Comer Herrell McHenry Herrera Beutler Connolly McKinley Cooper Hice (GA) McNerney Higgins (LA) Meeks Correa Costa Higgins (NY) Meijer Courtney Hill Meng Craig Hinson Meuser Crawford Hollingsworth Mfume Miller (IL) Crenshaw Horsford Miller (WV) Miller-Meeks Crist Houlahan Crow Hover Hudson Cuellar Moolenaar Mooney Moore (AL) Huffman Curtis Davids (KS) Huizenga Davidson Issa Moore (UT) Davis, Danny K. Jackson Moore (WI) Jacobs (CA) Davis, Rodney Morelle Jacobs (NY) Dean Moulton Mrvan DeFazio Jayapal Mullin DeGette Jeffries

Rouzer Takano Murphy (FL) Murphy (NC) Tavlor Rov Nadler Roybal-Allard Tenney Napolitano Ruiz Thompson (CA) Ruppersberger Neal Thompson (MS) Neguse Rush Thompson (PA) Rutherford Nehls Tiffany Newhouse Ryan Timmons Newman Salazar Titus Sánchez Norcross Tlaib Norman Sarbanes Tonko Nunes Scalise Torres (CA) O'Halleran Scanlon Torres (NY) Obernolte Schakowsky Trahan Ocasio-Cortez Schiff Trone Schneider Omar Turner Owens Schrader Underwood Pallone Schrier Upton Schweikert Palmer Valadao Scott (VA) Panetta Van Drew Scott, Austin Pappas Van Duyne Scott, David Pascrell Vargas Payne Sessions Veasey Pence Sewell. Vela Perlmutter Sherman Velázquez Perry Sherrill Wagner Peters Simpson Slotkin Walberg Pfluger Walorski Phillips Smith (MO) Waltz Smith (NE) Pingree Smith (NJ) Wasserman Pocan Schultz Porter Smith (WA) Waters Posev Smucker Watson Coleman Pressley Soto Weber (TX) Price (NC) Spanberger Welch Quigley Spartz Raskin Wenstrun Speier Westerman Reed Stanton Reschenthaler Wexton Stauber Rice (NY) Steel Wild Williams (GA) Rice (SC) Stefanik Williams (TX) Rodgers (WA) Steil Rogers (AL) Steube Wilson (FL) Wilson (SC) Rogers (KY) Stevens Womack Rose Stewart Rosendale Strickland Young Ross Swalwell Zeldin

NAYS-4

Boyle, Brendan Casten Garcia (TX) Escobar

NOT VOTING-14

Butterfield Jackson Lee Suozzi Cárdenas Kinzinger Webster (FL) Castro (TX) LaMalfa Wittman Golden Palazzo Yarmuth Himes Sires

□ 1901

Ms. ESCOBAR changed her vote from "yea" to "nay."

So (two-thirds being in the affirmative) the rules were suspended and the bill was passed.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

Stated for:

Mr. WITTMAN. Mr. Speaker, I regrettably missed the vote on rollcall No. 144. Had I been present, I would have voted "yea" on rollcall No. 144.

Ms. JACKSON LEE. Mr. Speaker, earlier today, I was unavoidably detained in my congressional district and was not present for Roll Call Vote 144. Had I been present, I would have voted as follows: On Roll Call 144, I would have voted aye.

MEMBERS RECORDED PURSUANT TO HOUSE RESOLUTION 8, 117TH CONGRESS

Allred (Wexton) Beatty (Kelly	Dingell (Kuster) Fallon (Nehls)	Horsford (Jeffries)
(IL))	Garbarino (Joyce	Keating (Clark
Buchanan (Dunn)	(OH))	(MA))
Carter (TX)	Gomez (García	Kind (Connolly)
(Calvert)	(IL))	Kirkpatrick
Crenshaw	Green (TX)	(Stanton)
(Pfluger)	(Perlmutter)	Lawson (FL)
DesJarlais	Grijalva (García	(Evans)
(Fleischmann)	(IL))	(23,000)

Letlow (Cammack) Levin (MI) (Raskin) Lieu (Beyer) Lowenthal (Bever) Maloney, Carolyn B. (Jeffries) McEachin (Wexton) McHenry (Banks) Meng (Clark (MA)) Napolitano (Correa) Ocasio-Cortez (Bush) Payne (Pallone) Rice (NY) (Peters) Ruppersberger (Raskin) Rush (Underwood)

Sewell (DelBene) Slotkin (Axne) Stevens (Axne) Tlaib (García (IL)) Waters (Barragán) Wilson (SC) (Timmons) Wilson (FL) (Haves)

COMMUNICATION FROM THE SERGEANT AT ARMS

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Ms. STRICKLAND) laid before the House the following communication from the Sergeant at Arms of the House of Representatives:

OFFICE OF THE SERGEANT AT ARMS, HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,

Washington, DC, May 14, 2021. Hon. NANCY PELOSI,

Speaker, House of Representatives,

Washington, DC.

DEAR MADAM SPEAKER: Pursuant to section 3(s) of House Resolution 8, following consultation with the Office of Attending Physician, I write to provide you further notification that the public health emergency due to the novel coronavirus SARS-CoV-2 remains in effect.

Sincerely

WILLIAM J. WALKER. Sergeant at Arms.

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Chair announces the extension, pursuant to section 3 of House Resolution 8, and effective May 20, 2021, of the "covered period" designated on January 4, 2021.

APPOINTMENT OF MEMBERS TO BOARD OF VISITORS TO THE UNITED STATES COAST GUARD ACADEMY

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Chair announces the Speaker's anpointment, pursuant to 14 U.S.C. 1903(b), and the order of the House of January 4, 2021, of the following Members on the part of the House to the Board of Visitors to the United States Coast Guard Academy:

Mr. COURTNEY, Connecticut Ms. BARRAGÁN, California Mr. RUTHERFORD, Florida Mrs. McClain, Michigan

COMMUNICATION FROM THE CLERK OF THE HOUSE

The SPEAKER pro tempore laid before the House the following communication from the Clerk of the House of Representatives:

OFFICE OF THE CLERK, House of Representatives, Washington, DC, May 17, 2021.

Hon. NANCY PELOSI, The Speaker, House of Representatives, Washington, DC.

DEAR MADAM SPEAKER: Pursuant to the permission granted in Clause 2(h) of Rule II