

sustainability, but I wholeheartedly disagree with the notion that we need to punish the American energy industry in order to achieve a healthy environment.

I urge this administration and my colleagues on the other side of the aisle to focus on real investments in American energy, instead of policies that make us more dependent on foreign energy sources while destroying jobs, alienating American industry, and depressing the hardworking people who continue to strive to keep our country—that is our country, the United States of America—the premier example of integrity, innovation, and initiative that leads the world, especially in safe, affordable energy.

Mr. JOYCE of Pennsylvania. Madam Speaker, I thank the gentleman from Michigan for his concise and inspiring words.

Madam Speaker, I yield to the gentleman from Texas (Mr. PFLUGER).

Mr. PFLUGER. Madam Speaker, I would like to thank my colleague from Pennsylvania for hosting this Special Order.

Madam Speaker, I rise today in support of every American family. Cold, dark, and hungry is where those families will be if we continue on this path: cold, dark, and hungry.

Just two years ago, the United States became energy independent, the number one producer of oil and gas in the entire world, thanks to the previous administration's leadership on deregulating industry that made greater gains in reducing harmful emissions than any other administration in the history of this country.

Now, we risk losing our competitive edge on the world stage with needless regulations and more taxes in the budget reconciliation bill that will only hurt small and independent producers and will hurt every working-class family in this country.

Let's look across the Atlantic to our neighbors in Europe right this second who are currently suffering through a cataclysmic energy crisis. Their shortage of natural gas and fuel is causing multiple governments across Europe to shut down factories and to warn their citizens to prepare for consistent blackouts. Cold, dark, and hungry.

Meanwhile, the fuel lines are growing scarier close to what we saw in the 1970s. This world of shortages, blackouts, and fuel lines may be in Europe today, but it is going to be a reality right here in the United States if this administration continues to push reckless and destructive energy policies.

The fate of this is in the hands of this body right here, of Democrats who say that they support oil and gas. But we know that the vote that is going to happen this week will determine whether or not they really support it.

As technology advances and the world population continues to grow, we are only going to need more and more energy to power this world.

The truth is that renewables simply cannot provide affordable and reliable

energy. In my home State, in my district, we produce more wind energy than the entire State of California. We know a little bit about renewables.

A strong energy sector is nonnegotiable.

Unfortunately, my colleagues continue to push policies that have destroyed American energy independence and will devastate over 10 million jobs right here in the United States.

American private energy industry ingenuity can compete toe-to-toe with anyone in the world to deliver a safe and responsible energy source, but we cannot shackle our production with ill-advised policies and regulations.

The Permian Basin, where I represent, is the reason that every American can enjoy affordable, reliable energy in so many other places across this United States.

Energy security is national security, and nothing can be more important. Anyone voting in favor of reconciliation is voting against American energy and is voting against the independence that keeps our national security so strong.

I urge my colleagues to support the energy industry and to embrace an all-of-the-above energy approach, which is so dependent on American oil and gas.

Mr. JOYCE of Pennsylvania. Madam Speaker, I thank the gentleman from Texas for his remarks.

I want to thank all of the members of the House Energy Action Team for their work tonight and their commitment to the American people.

We have heard examples of how President Biden's disastrous policies are harmful to energy producers and to the consumers. We have seen examples of how these policies create overburdensome regulations that harm small businesses and stifle innovation.

I am proud to be working with my HEAT colleagues to push back against these disastrous policies.

Right now, the United States must embrace an all-of-the-above energy solution that will combine the needs of the consumers with the strengths of our producers.

What does that mean? It means embracing baseload power creators, including coal and natural gas produced from Marcellus Shale. These are critical components of Pennsylvania's energy industry.

On the first day in office, President Biden signed an executive order that suspended work on the needed Keystone XL pipeline.

In Pennsylvania, the natural gas and oil industry supports over 300,000 jobs, provides over \$20 billion in wages, and contributes nearly \$44.5 billion to our economy.

Between 2018 and 2019 alone, natural gas brought in over \$450 million in revenue in our Commonwealth.

We have learned a lot tonight. We have learned the strong energy sector cannot and should not be negotiable. We recognize that energy security is clearly national security.

Madam Speaker, I thank you for allowing my colleagues and me to present this important information tonight to the United States Congress.

Madam Speaker, I yield back the remainder of my time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Members are reminded to refrain from engaging in personalities toward the President.

Mr. ROUZER. Madam Speaker, where there is an abundance of energy, there is prosperity. Energy made in America creates jobs, lowers energy costs for American families and small businesses, and enhances our national security.

Unfortunately, the Biden administration is working overtime to undo all the progress made during the previous administration towards energy independence. They have banned new oil and gas leases on public lands and cancelled the Keystone XL Pipeline—killing thousands of American jobs and increasing our Nation's dependence on foreign countries.

Now, the liberals in Congress hope to pass their \$4.3 trillion tax and spend spree that includes their radical new tax on natural gas. Natural gas, by the way, is the primary reason why carbon emissions today are substantially lower.

This extreme partisan provision will not only decimate American energy, but it will kill thousands of good-paying jobs, burden families with higher utility costs, and make the United States more dependent on our adversaries, whose economies produce dramatically more carbon than the United States.

While President Biden promised not to raise taxes on middle-class American families, this assault on fossil fuels breaks his promise in the form of higher energy costs on families who are already feeling the impacts of skyrocketing inflation.

The Colonial Pipeline cybersecurity attack that took place earlier this year underscores the need to invest in a more robust and secure energy future. With the pipeline transporting nearly half of the East Coast's fuel supply, gasoline shortages threatened millions of Americans. This caused long lines at the pump and, in many cases, such as in North Carolina, no fuel at the vast majority of gas pumps. This is the perfect example of why we need more opportunities for reliable energy—not less.

As I stated at the outset: where there is an abundance of energy, there is prosperity. And instead of attacking American energy producers, this administration and Congress should be working to ensure our energy supply is more resilient—not more vulnerable.

ENROLLED BILL SIGNED

Cheryl L. Johnson, Clerk of the House, reported and found truly enrolled a bill of the House of the following title, which was thereupon signed by the Speaker on Saturday, September 25, 2021:

H.R. 5293. An act to amend title 38, United States Code, to extend and modify certain authorities and requirements relating to the Department of Veterans Affairs, and for other purposes.

SENATE ENROLLED BILLS SIGNED

The Speaker, on Saturday, September 25, 2021, announced her signature to enrolled bills of the Senate of the following titles:

S. 189—An Act to increase, effective as of December 1, 2021, the rates of compensation for veterans with service-connected disabilities and the rates of dependency and indemnity compensation for the survivors of certain disabled veterans, and for other purposes.

S. 1828—An Act to amend the Central Intelligence Agency Act of 1949 to authorize the provision of payment to personnel of the Central Intelligence Agency who incur qualifying injuries to the brain, to authorize the provision of payment to personnel of the Department of State who incur similar injuries, and for other purposes.

ADJOURNMENT

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to section 11(b) of House Resolution 188, the House stands adjourned until 10 a.m. tomorrow for morning-hour debate and noon for legislative business.

Thereupon (at 9 o'clock and 9 minutes p.m.), under its previous order, the House adjourned until tomorrow, Tuesday, September 28, 2021, at 10 a.m. for morning-hour debate.

BUDGETARY EFFECTS OF PAYGO LEGISLATION

Pursuant to the Statutory Pay-As-You-Go Act of 2010 (PAYGO), Mr. YARMUTH hereby submits, prior to the vote on passage, for printing in the CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, that H.R. 1228, the Libya Stabilization Act as amended, would have no significant effect on the deficit, and therefore, the budgetary effects of such bill are estimated as zero.

Pursuant to the Statutory Pay-As-You-Go Act of 2010 (PAYGO), Mr. YARMUTH hereby submits, prior to the vote on passage, for printing in the CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, that H.R. 4611, the DHS software Supply Chain Risk Management Act of 2021, as amended, would have no significant effect on the deficit, and therefore, the budgetary effects of such bill are estimated as zero.

Pursuant to the Statutory Pay-As-You-Go Act of 2010 (PAYGO), Mr. YARMUTH hereby submits, prior to the vote on passage, for printing in the CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, that H.R. 4686, the Cambodia Democracy Act of 2021, as amended, would have no significant effect on the deficit, and therefore, the budgetary effects of such bill are estimated as zero.

EXECUTIVE COMMUNICATIONS, ETC.

Under clause 2 of rule XIV, executive communications were taken from the Speaker's table and referred as follows:

EC-2229. A letter from the Director, Regulations Management Division, Rural Development Innovation Center, Department of Agriculture, transmitting the Department's

final rule — Implementation of Telecommunications Provisions of the Agricultural Improvement Act of 2018 [RUS-20-TELECOM-0044] (RIN: 0572-AC48) received September 20, 2021, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); Public Law 104-121, Sec. 251; (110 Stat. 868); to the Committee on Agriculture.

EC-2230. A letter from the Compliance Specialist, Department of Labor, transmitting the Department's final rule — Rescission of Joint Employer Status Under the Fair Labor Standards Act Rule: Delay of Effective Date (RIN: 1235-AA37) received September 20, 2021, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); Public Law 104-121, Sec. 251; (110 Stat. 868); to the Committee on Education and Labor.

EC-2231. A letter from the Director, Regulations Policy and Management Staff, FDA, Department of Health and Human Services, transmitting the Department's final rule — Tobacco Products: Required Warnings for Cigarette Packages and Advertisements; Delayed Effective Date [Docket No.: FDA-2019-N-3065] (RIN: 0910-AI39) received September 20, 2021, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); Public Law 104-121, Sec. 251; (110 Stat. 868); to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

EC-2232. A letter from the Associate Division Director, Regulatory Management Division, Environmental Protection Agency, transmitting the Agency's final rule — Metaflumizone; Technical Correction [EPA-HQ-OPP-2019-0385; FRL-8400-02-OCSP] received September 20, 2021, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); Public Law 104-121, Sec. 251; (110 Stat. 868); to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

EC-2233. A letter from the Associate Division Director, Regulatory Management Division, Environmental Protection Agency, transmitting the Agency's final rule — Fluazinam; Pesticide Tolerances [EPA-HQ-OPP-2020-0245; FRL-8664-01-OCSP] received September 20, 2021, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); Public Law 104-121, Sec. 251; (110 Stat. 868); to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

EC-2234. A letter from the Associate Division Director, Regulatory Management Division, Environmental Protection Agency, transmitting the Agency's final rule — Air Plan Approval; Iowa; Polk County; State Implementation Plan [EPA-R07-OAR-2019-0708; FRL-8711-02-R7] received September 20, 2021, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); Public Law 104-121, Sec. 251; (110 Stat. 868); to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

EC-2235. A letter from the Associate Division Director, Regulatory Management Division, Environmental Protection Agency, transmitting the Agency's final rule — Pyraclostrobin; Pesticide Tolerances [EPA-HQ-OPP-2020-0227; FRL-8857-01-OCSP] received September 20, 2021, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); Public Law 104-121, Sec. 251; (110 Stat. 868); to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

EC-2236. A letter from the Associate Division Director, Regulatory Management Division, Environmental Protection Agency, transmitting the Agency's final rule — Air Plan Approval; AK, Fairbanks North Star Borough; 2006 24-hour PM2.5 NAAQS Serious Area Plan [EPA-R10-OAR-2021-0060; FRL-8909-02-R10] received September 20, 2021, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); Public Law 104-121, Sec. 251; (110 Stat. 868); to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

EC-2237. A letter from the Associate Division Director, Regulatory Management Division, Environmental Protection Agency, transmitting the Agency's final rule — Air Plan Approval; West Virginia; 2020 Amendments to West Virginia's Ambient Air Quality Standards [EPA-R03-OAR-2020-0487; FRL-8931-02-R3] received September 20, 2021, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); Public Law 104-121, Sec. 251; (110 Stat. 868); to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

EC-2238. A letter from the Associate Division Director, Regulatory Management Division, Environmental Protection Agency, transmitting the Agency's final rule — Spinetoram; Pesticide Tolerances; Corrections [EPA-HQ-OPP-2019-0526; FRL-8962-01-OCSP] received September 20, 2021, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); Public Law 104-121, Sec. 251; (110 Stat. 868); to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

EC-2239. A letter from the Managing Director, Office of Managing Director, Financial Operations, Federal Communications Commission, transmitting the Commission's final rule — Call Authentication Trust Anchor [WC Docket No.: 17-97]; Appeals of the STIR/SHAKEN Governance Authority Token Revocation Decisions [WC Docket No.: 21-291] received August 20, 2021, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); Public Law 104-121, Sec. 251; (110 Stat. 868); to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

EC-2240. A letter from the Chair, Federal Acquisition Security Council, transmitting the Council's final rule — Federal Acquisition Security Council Rule received August 31, 2021, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); Public Law 104-121, Sec. 251; (110 Stat. 868); to the Committee on Oversight and Reform.

EC-2241. A letter from the Regulation Development Coordinator, Office of Regulation Policy and Management, Office of the General Counsel (00REG), Department of Veterans Affairs, transmitting the Department's final rule — Nomenclature Change for Position Title (RIN: 2900-AR09) received September 20, 2021, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); Public Law 104-121, Sec. 251; (110 Stat. 868); to the Committee on Veterans' Affairs.

EC-2242. A letter from the Director, Legal Processing Division, Internal Revenue Service, transmitting the Service's IRB only rule — Notice regarding the special per diem rates for 2021-2022 (Notice 2021-52) received September 23, 2021, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); Public Law 104-121, Sec. 251; (110 Stat. 868); to the Committee on Ways and Means.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES ON PUBLIC BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS

Under clause 2 of rule XIII, reports of committees were delivered to the Clerk for printing and reference to the proper calendar, as follows:

Mr. NADLER: Committee on the Judiciary. H.R. 1693. A bill to eliminate the disparity in sentencing for cocaine offenses, and for other purposes; with an amendment (Rept. 117-128, Pt. 1). Referred to the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union.

Mr. DAVID SCOTT of Georgia: Committee on Agriculture. H.R. 2424. A bill to direct the Secretary of Agriculture to establish a program under which the Secretary awards grants to States or State departments of agriculture for the purposes of providing support to agricultural fairs for losses sustained due to COVID-19; with an amendment (Rept. 117-129). Referred to the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union.

Mr. YARMUTH: Committee on the Budget. H.R. 5376. A bill to provide for reconciliation pursuant to title II of S. Con. Res. 14 (Rept. 117-130). Referred to the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union.

DISCHARGE OF COMMITTEE

Pursuant to clause 2 of rule XIII, the Committee on Energy and Commerce discharged from further consideration. H.R. 1693 referred to the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union.