S 90

At the request of Ms. SINEMA, the name of the Senator from West Virginia (Mr. MANCHIN) was added as a cosponsor of S. 89, a bill to require the Secretary of Veterans Affairs to secure medical opinions for veterans with service-connected disabilities who die from COVID-19 to determine whether their service-connected disabilities were the principal or contributory causes of death, and for other purposes.

S. 141

At the request of Mrs. Shaheen, the name of the Senator from Hawaii (Mr. Schatz) was added as a cosponsor of S. 141, a bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to deny the deduction for advertising and promotional expenses for prescription drugs.

S. 152

At the request of Mr. CRUZ, the name of the Senator from Indiana (Mr. BRAUN) was added as a cosponsor of S. 152, a bill to allow States to approve the use of diagnostic tests during a public health emergency.

S. 153

At the request of Mr. CRUZ, the name of the Senator from Indiana (Mr. Braun) was added as a cosponsor of S. 153, a bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to expand and improve health savings accounts, and for other purposes.

S. 172

At the request of Mr. CORNYN, the name of the Senator from North Carolina (Mr. TILLIS) was added as a cosponsor of S. 172, a bill to authorize the National Medal of Honor Museum Foundation to establish a commemorative work in the District of Columbia and its environs, and for other purposes.

S. 193

At the request of Mr. Thune, the name of the Senator from Kansas (Mr. MARSHALL) was added as a cosponsor of S. 193, a bill to require the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency to update the modeling used for lifecycle greenhouse gas assessments for corn-based ethanol and biodiesel, and for other purposes.

S. 198

At the request of Ms. Rosen, the names of the Senator from Massachusetts (Mr. Markey), the Senator from Connecticut (Mr. Blumenthal), the Senator from Maine (Mr. King), the Senator from Maryland (Mr. Van Hollen), the Senator from Minnesota (Ms. Klobuchar) and the Senator from Indiana (Mr. Braun) were added as cosponsors of S. 198, a bill to require the Federal Communications Commission to incorporate data on maternal health outcomes into its broadband health maps.

S. 209

At the request of Mrs. Shaheen, the names of the Senator from New Hampshire (Ms. Hassan), the Senator from Wisconsin (Ms. Baldwin), the Senator from Minnesota (Ms. Smith) and the

Senator from Maine (Mr. KING) were added as cosponsors of S. 209, a bill to provide for assistance to rural water, wastewater, and waste disposal systems affected by the COVID-19 pandemic, and for other purposes.

S. 218

At the request of Mr. Thune, the name of the Senator from Iowa (Ms. Ernst) was added as a cosponsor of S. 218, a bill to approve certain advanced biofuel registrations, to require the consideration of certain advanced biofuel pathways, and to reduce greenhouse gas emissions, and for other purposes.

S. 221

At the request of Mr. MORAN, the name of the Senator from Maine (Ms. COLLINS) was added as a cosponsor of S. 221, a bill to direct the Secretary of Defense to carry out a grant program to increase cooperation on post-traumatic stress disorder research between the United States and Israel.

S. 225

At the request of Ms. Klobuchar, the name of the Senator from New Mexico (Mr. Heinrich) was added as a cosponsor of S. 225, a bill to reform the antitrust laws to better protect competition in the American economy, to amend the Clayton Act to modify the standard for an unlawful acquisition, to deter anticompetitive exclusionary conduct that harms competition and consumers, to enhance the ability of the Department of Justice and the Federal Trade Commission to enforce the antitrust laws, and for other purposes.

At the request of Mr. Lee, the name of the Senator from Indiana (Mr. Braun) was added as a cosponsor of S. 251, a bill to provide that for purposes of determining compliance with title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972 in athletics, sex shall be recognized based solely on a person's reproductive biology and genetics at birth.

S. 254

At the request of Mr. REED, the names of the Senator from Georgia (Mr. WARNOCK) and the Senator from Delaware (Mr. Coons) were added as cosponsors of S. 254, a bill to establish a Homeowner Assistance Fund at the Department of the Treasury.

S. 321

At the request of Mr. MORAN, the names of the Senator from Colorado (Mr. Bennet), the Senator from Connecticut (Mr. Blumenthal), the Senator from Arkansas (Mr. BOOZMAN), the Senator from Pennsylvania (Mr. CASEY), the Senator from Louisiana (Mr. Cassidy), the Senator from Maine (Ms. Collins), the Senator from Delaware (Mr. Coons), the Senator from Arkansas (Mr. Cotton), the Senator from Montana (Mr. Daines), the Senator from Illinois (Ms. DUCKWORTH), the Senator from California (Mrs. FEIN-STEIN), the Senator from New Hampshire (Ms. HASSAN), the Senator from Missouri (Mr. HAWLEY), the Senator from Minnesota (Ms. KLOBUCHAR), the

Oklahoma Senator from LANKFORD), the Senator from Massachusetts (Mr. Markey), the Senator from Connecticut (Mr. MURPHY), the Senator from Idaho (Mr. RISCH), the Senator from South Dakota (Mr. ROUNDS), the Senator from Florida (Mr. Rubio), the Senator from New Hampshire (Mrs. Shaheen), the Senator from Arizona (Ms. SINEMA), the Senator from Montana (Mr. TESTER), the Senator from North Carolina (Mr. TILLIS), the Senator from Maryland (Mr. VAN HOLLEN) and the Senator from Massachusetts (Ms. WARREN) were added as cosponsors of S. 321, a bill to award a Congressional Gold Medal to the members of the Women's Army Corps who were assigned to the 6888th Central Postal Directory Battalion, known as the "Six Triple Eight".

S. RES. 33

At the request of Mr. TOOMEY, the names of the Senator from West Virginia (Mrs. CAPITO) and the Senator from South Carolina (Mr. SCOTT) were added as cosponsors of S. Res. 33, a resolution supporting the contributions of Catholic schools.

S. RES. 34

At the request of Mr. MENENDEZ, the names of the Senator from Michigan (Ms. STABENOW), the Senator from Michigan (Mr. Peters), the Senator from Ohio (Mr. BROWN), the Senator from New Jersey (Mr. BOOKER), the Senator from Illinois (Ms. Duckworth), the Senator from South Dakota (Mr. ROUNDS), the Senator from Vermont (Mr. Leahy), the Senator from Massachusetts (Ms. WARREN), the Senator from Pennsylvania (Mr. CASEY), the Senator from Maryland (Mr. CARDIN), the Senator from California (Mrs. FEIN-STEIN), the Senator from Arizona (Ms. SINEMA), the Senator from Maine (Mr. KING), the Senator from Ohio (Mr. PORTMAN), the Senator from Arkansas (Mr. BOOZMAN) and the Senator from West Virginia (Mrs. CAPITO) were added as cosponsors of S. Res. 34, a resolution recognizing the 200th anniversary of the independence of Greece and celebrating democracy in Greece and the United States.

S. RES. 37

At the request of Mr. Menendez, the name of the Senator from Delaware (Mr. Coons) was added as a cosponsor of S. Res. 37, a resolution expressing solidarity with the San Isidro Movement in Cuba, condemning escalated attacks against artistic freedoms in Cuba, and calling for the repeal of laws that violate freedom of expression and the immediate release of arbitrarily detained artists, journalists, and activists.

STATEMENTS ON INTRODUCED BILLS AND JOINT RESOLUTIONS

By Mr. DURBIN (for himself, Mr. REED, Mr. BLUMENTHAL, Mr. BROWN, Ms. HASSAN, Ms. WARREN, Mr. SCHATZ, Mr. CARPER, Ms. SMITH, and Mr. SANDERS):

S. 383. A bill to amend the Higher Education Act of 1965 regarding proprietary institutions of higher education in order to protect students and taxpayers; to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions.

Mr. DURBIN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the text of the bill be printed in the RECORD.

There being no objection, the text of the bill was ordered to be printed in the RECORD, as follows:

S. 383

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled.

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Protecting Our Students and Taxpayers Act of 2021" or "POST Act of 2021".

SEC. 2, 85/15 RULE.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 102(b) of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1002(b)) is amended—
 - (1) in paragraph (1)—
- (A) in subparagraph (D), by striking "and" after the semicolon;
- (B) in subparagraph (E), by striking the period at the end and inserting "; and"; and
 - (C) by adding at the end the following:
- "(F) meets the requirements of paragraph (2).":
- (2) by redesignating paragraph (2) as paragraph (3); and
- (3) by inserting after paragraph (1) the following:
 - "(2) Revenue sources.—
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—In order to qualify as a proprietary institution of higher education under this subsection, an institution shall derive not less than 15 percent of the institution's revenues from sources other than Federal education assistance funds, as calculated in accordance with subparagraphs (B) and (C).
- "(B) FEDERAL EDUCATION FUNDS.—In this paragraph, the term 'Federal education assistance funds' means any Federal financial assistance provided, under this Act or any other Federal law, through a grant, contract, subsidy, loan, guarantee, insurance, or other means to a proprietary institution, including Federal financial assistance that is disbursed or delivered to an institution or on behalf of a student or to a student to be used to attend the institution, except that such term shall not include any monthly housing stipend provided under the Post-9/11 Veterans Educational Assistance Program under chapter 33 of title 38, United States Code.
- "(C) IMPLEMENTATION OF NON-FEDERAL REVENUE REQUIREMENT.—In making calculations under subparagraph (A), an institution of higher education shall—
 - "(i) use the cash basis of accounting;
- "(ii) consider as revenue only those funds generated by the institution from—
- "(I) tuition, fees, and other institutional charges for students enrolled in programs eligible for assistance under title IV;
- "(II) activities conducted by the institution that are necessary for the education and training of the institution's students, if such activities are—
- "(aa) conducted on campus or at a facility under the control of the institution;
- "(bb) performed under the supervision of a member of the institution's faculty; and
- "(cc) required to be performed by all students in a specific educational program at the institution; and
- "(III) a contractual arrangement with a Federal agency for the purpose of providing job training to low-income individuals who are in need of such training;

- "(iii) presume that any Federal education assistance funds that are disbursed or delivered to an institution on behalf of a student or directly to a student will be used to pay the student's tuition, fees, or other institutional charges, regardless of whether the institution credits such funds to the student's account or pays such funds directly to the student, except to the extent that the student's tuition, fees, or other institutional charges are satisfied by—
- "(I) grant funds provided by an outside source that—
- "(aa) has no affiliation with the institution; and
- "(bb) shares no employees, executives, or board members with the institution; and
- "(II) institutional scholarships described in clause (v):
- "(iv) include no loans made by an institution of higher education as revenue to the school, except for payments made by students on such loans;
- "(v) include a scholarship provided by the institution—
- "(I) only if the scholarship is in the form of monetary aid based upon the academic achievements or financial need of students, disbursed to qualified student recipients during each fiscal year from an established restricted account: and
- "(II) only to the extent that funds in that account represent designated funds, or income earned on such funds, from an outside source that—
- "(aa) has no affiliation with the institution; and
- "(bb) shares no employees, executives, or board members with the institution; and
- "(vi) exclude from revenues—
- "(I) the amount of funds the institution received under part C of title IV, unless the institution used those funds to pay a student's institutional charges:
- "(II) the amount of funds the institution received under subpart 4 of part A of title IV; "(III) the amount of funds provided by the
- institution as matching funds for any Federal program:
- "(IV) the amount of Federal education assistance funds provided to the institution to pay institutional charges for a student that were refunded or returned; and
- "(V) the amount charged for books, supplies, and equipment, unless the institution includes that amount as tuition, fees, or other institutional charges.
- "(D) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—Not later than July 1, 2021, and by July 1 of each succeeding year, the Secretary shall submit to the authorizing committees a report that contains, for each proprietary institution of higher education that receives assistance under title IV and as provided in the audited financial statements submitted to the Secretary by each institution pursuant to the requirements of section 487(c)—
- "(i) the amount and percentage of such institution's revenues received from Federal education assistance funds; and
- "(ii) the amount and percentage of such institution's revenues received from other sources."
- (b) REPEAL OF EXISTING REQUIREMENTS.— Section 487 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1094) is amended—
 - (1) in subsection (a)—
 - (A) by striking paragraph (24);
- (B) by redesignating paragraphs (25) through (29) as paragraphs (24) through (28), respectively;
- (C) in paragraph (24)(A)(ii) (as redesignated by subparagraph (B)), by striking "subsection (e)" and inserting "subsection (d)"; and
- (D) in paragraph (26) (as redesignated by subparagraph (B)), by striking "subsection (h)" and inserting "subsection (g)";

- (2) by striking subsection (d);
- (3) by redesignating subsections (e) through (j) as subsections (d) through (i), respectively:
- (4) in the matter preceding paragraph (1) of subsection (d) (as redesignated by paragraph (3)), by striking "(a)(25)" and inserting "(a)(24)";
- (5) in subsection (f)(1) (as redesignated by paragraph (3)), by striking "subsection (e)(2)" and inserting "subsection (d)(2)"; and
- (6) in subsection (g)(1) (as redesignated by paragraph (3)), by striking "subsection (a)(27)" in the matter preceding subparagraph (A) and inserting "subsection (a)(26)".
- (c) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—The Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001 et seq.) is amended—
 - (1) in section 152 (20 U.S.C. 1019a)-
- (A) in subsection (a)(1)(A), by striking "subsections (a)(27) and (h) of section 487" and inserting "subsections (a)(26) and (g) of section 487": and
- (B) in subsection (b)(1)(B)(i)(I), by striking "section 487(e)" and inserting "section 487(d)":
- (2) in section 153(c)(3) (20 U.S.C. 1019b(c)(3)), by striking "section 487(a)(25)" each place the term appears and inserting "section 487(a)(24)";
- (3) in section 496(c)(3)(A) (20 U.S.C. 1099b(c)(3)(A)), by striking "section 487(f)" and inserting "section 487(e)"; and
- (4) in section 498(k)(1) (20 U.S.C. 1099c(k)(1)), by striking "section 487(f)" and inserting "section 487(e)".
 - By Mr. GRASSLEY (for himself, Mr. Rubio, Ms. Cortez Masto, Mr. Scott of Florida, Mr. Manchin, Ms. Collins, and Ms. Hassan):
- S. 391. A bill to amend title 18, United States Code, to reauthorize and expand the National Threat Assessment Center of the Department of Homeland Security; to the Committee on the Judiciary.
- Mr. GRASSLEY. Mr. President, I come to the floor to reintroduce a bill that didn't get passed last Congress, a bill that deals with safety in our schools, a bill aimed at the disasters that come when schoolchildren are killed by shooters and to deal with this problem through a program that the Secret Service has had for decades and asking the Secret Service to see what they can do to apply the principles of that program to stop mass killings at our schools.

Three years ago, on February 14, 2018, an unspeakable tragedy occurred at Marjory Stoneman Douglas High School in Parkland, FL. In less than 4 minutes, 14 students and 3 staff members were killed, and, consequently, their families' and friends' lives were shattered forever by such a senseless act.

Today, along with my colleagues Senators Rubio and Scott of Florida, Senators Cortez Masto, Collins, Manchin, and Hassan, I am proud to reintroduce legislation that will proactively mitigate threats of violence on school campuses by reauthorizing and expanding the U.S. Secret Service's program called the National Threat Assessment Center.

The National Threat Assessment Center studies targeted violence and develops best practices and training to identify and manage threats before they result in violence like we saw at that school 3 years ago.

The bill establishes a Safe School Initiative, a national program on school violence prevention, that will include expanded research on school violence. Most importantly, this legislation allows the Secret Service to directly equip communities and schools with training and best practices on recognizing and preventing school violence.

This bill, which I hope will help us to recognize the signs of a potential attack way long before such an attack occurs, carries the namesake of those it couldn't save, the Marjory Stoneman Douglas High School mascot, so this bill is called the EAGLES Act because that is the mascot of that school.

Two years ago, the Secret Service conducted a review of school shootings and made a very pivotal finding: All attackers exhibited concerning behaviors prior to engaging in an act of violence. In other words, it should be easy to identify these people, and, if identified, intervention is possible. So had these signs been recognized at an early enough stage, these attacks could have been stopped.

In the wake of the Parkland shooting in 2018, Congress took steps to protect schools and to prevent gun violence, including the passage of the Students, Teachers, and Officers Preventing School Violence Act, which provided funding to schools to strengthen their infrastructure to make it more difficult for shooters to enter schools.

At that same time, we passed the Fix NICS Act, a law which penalizes Federal agencies that fail to comply with legal requirements to report dangerous individuals and violent criminals to the National Instant Criminal Background Check System so that if they are so reported, then they won't be able to purchase a gun. However, by passing the EAGLES Act, we are entering a vital third step in addition to those other two bills to protect our schools.

I would like to encourage all of my Senate colleagues to support this bipartisan and, I think, a very commonsense bill. I hope that we can focus on productive measures like these rather than unfocused efforts to undermine lawful gun ownership.

SUBMITTED RESOLUTIONS

SENATE RESOLUTION 70—AUTHORIZING EXPENDITURES BY COMMITTEES OF THE SENATE FOR THE PERIODS MARCH 1, 2021 THROUGH SEPTEMBER 30, 2021, OCTOBER 1, 2021 THROUGH SEPTEMBER 30, 2022, AND OCTOBER 1, 2022 THROUGH FEBRUARY 28, 2023

Ms. KLOBUCHAR submitted the following resolution; from the Committee on Rules and Administration; which was placed on the calendar:

S. RES. 70

Resolved.

SECTION 1. AGGREGATE AUTHORIZATION.

(a) IN GENERAL.—For purposes of carrying out the powers, duties, and functions under the Standing Rules of the Senate, and under the appropriate authorizing resolutions of the Senate, there is authorized for the period March 1, 2021 through September 30, 2021, in the aggregate of \$69,459,540, for the period October 1, 2021 through September 30, 2022, in the aggregate of \$119,122,957, and for the period October 1, 2022 through February 28, 2023, in the aggregate of \$49,634,958, in accordance with the provisions of this resolution, for standing committees of the Senate, the Special Committee on Aging, the Select Committee on Intelligence, and the Committee on Indian Affairs.

(b) AGENCY CONTRIBUTIONS.—There are authorized to be paid from the appropriations account for "Expenses of Inquiries and Investigations" of the Senate such sums as may be necessary for agency contributions related to the compensation of employees of the committees for the period March 1, 2021 through September 30, 2021, for the period October 1, 2021 through September 30, 2022, and for the period October 1, 2022 through February 28, 2023.

(c) Expenses.—

- (1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in paragraph (2), expenses of each standing committee of the Senate, the Special Committee on Aging, the Select Committee on Intelligence, and the Committee on Indian Affairs under this resolution shall be paid from the contingent fund of the Senate upon vouchers approved by the chairman of the applicable committee.
- (2) VOUCHERS NOT REQUIRED.—Vouchers shall not be required for—
- (A) the disbursement of salaries of employees paid at an annual rate;
- (B) the payment of telecommunications provided by the Office of the Sergeant at Arms and Doorkeeper;
- (C) the payment of stationery supplies purchased through the Keeper of the Stationery;
 (D) payments to the Postmaster of the
- Senate;
 (E) the payment of metered charges on copying equipment provided by the Office of the Sergeant at Arms and Doorkeeper:
- (F) the payment of Senate Recording and Photographic Services: or
- (G) the payment of franked and mass mail costs by the Sergeant at Arms and Doorkeeper.

SEC. 2. COMMITTEE ON AGRICULTURE, NUTRITION, AND FORESTRY.

- (a) GENERAL AUTHORITY.—In carrying out its powers, duties, and functions under the Standing Rules of the Senate, in accordance with its jurisdiction under rule XXV of the Standing Rules of the Senate, including holding hearings, reporting such hearings, and making investigations as authorized by paragraphs 1 and 8 of rule XXVI of the Standing Rules of the Senate, the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry is authorized from March 1, 2021 through February 28, 2023, in its discretion, to—
- (1) make expenditures from the contingent fund of the Senate;
- (2) employ personnel; and
- (3) with the prior consent of the Government department or agency concerned and the Committee on Rules and Administration, use on a reimbursable, or nonreimbursable, basis the services of personnel of any such department or agency.
- department or agency.
 (b) EXPENSES FOR PERIOD ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 2021.—The expenses of the committee for the period March 1, 2021 through September 30, 2021 under this section shall not exceed \$3,172,421, of which amount—

- (1) not to exceed \$200,000 may be expended for the procurement of the services of individual consultants, or organizations thereof (as authorized by section 202(i) of the Legislative Reorganization Act of 1946 (2 U.S.C. 4301(i))); and
- (2) not to exceed \$40,000 may be expended for the training of the professional staff of such committee (under procedures specified by section 202(j) of that Act).
- (c) EXPENSES FOR FISCAL YEAR 2022 PERIOD.—The expenses of the committee for the period October 1, 2021 through September 30, 2022 under this section shall not exceed \$5 438 436 of which amount—
- (1) not to exceed \$200,000 may be expended for the procurement of the services of individual consultants, or organizations thereof (as authorized by section 202(i) of the Legislative Reorganization Act of 1946 (2 U.S.C. 4301(i))); and
- (2) not to exceed \$40,000 may be expended for the training of the professional staff of such committee (under procedures specified by section 202(j) of that Act).
- (d) EXPENSES FOR PERIOD ENDING FEBRUARY 28, 2023.—The expenses of the committee for the period October 1, 2022 through February 28, 2023 under this section shall not exceed \$2,266,015, of which amount—
- (1) not to exceed \$200,000 may be expended for the procurement of the services of individual consultants, or organizations thereof (as authorized by section 202(i) of the Legislative Reorganization Act of 1946 (2 U.S.C. 4301(i))); and
- (2) not to exceed \$40,000 may be expended for the training of the professional staff of such committee (under procedures specified by section 202(j) of that Act).

SEC. 3. COMMITTEE ON ARMED SERVICES.

- (a) GENERAL AUTHORITY.—In carrying out its powers, duties, and functions under the Standing Rules of the Senate, in accordance with its jurisdiction under rule XXV of the Standing Rules of the Senate, including holding hearings, reporting such hearings, and making investigations as authorized by paragraphs 1 and 8 of rule XXVI of the Standing Rules of the Senate, the Committee on Armed Services is authorized from March 1, 2021 through February 28, 2023, in its discretion, to—
- (1) make expenditures from the contingent fund of the Senate;
 - (2) employ personnel; and
- (3) with the prior consent of the Government department or agency concerned and the Committee on Rules and Administration, use on a reimbursable, or nonreimbursable, basis the services of personnel of any such department or agency.
- department or agency.
 (b) EXPENSES FOR PERIOD ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 2021.—The expenses of the committee for the period March 1, 2021 through September 30, 2021 under this section shall not exceed \$4,786,564, of which amount—
- (1) not to exceed \$35,000 may be expended for the procurement of the services of individual consultants, or organizations thereof (as authorized by section 202(i) of the Legislative Reorganization Act of 1946 (2 U.S.C. 4301(i))); and
- (2) not to exceed \$11,667 may be expended for the training of the professional staff of such committee (under procedures specified by section 202(j) of that Act).
- (c) EXPENSES FOR FISCAL YEAR 2022 PERIOD.—The expenses of the committee for the period October 1, 2021 through September 30, 2022 under this section shall not exceed \$8,205,538, of which amount—
- (1) not to exceed \$60,000 may be expended for the procurement of the services of individual consultants, or organizations thereof (as authorized by section 202(i) of the Legislative Reorganization Act of 1946 (2 U.S.C. 4301(i))); and