

for major weather events, not for Biden to use as a political Hail Mary when his policies fail us. Energy security is national security.

Let me say this: Winston Churchill said appeasement is like feeding a crocodile and hoping he eats you last. We must stop appeasing Russia. We must be Churchill in this moment, not Chamberlain.

□ 0915

RUSSIA'S WAR ON UKRAINE

(Mr. RUIZ asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. RUIZ. Madam Speaker, Russia's unprovoked, unjustified war on Ukraine threatens peace, democracy, and stability around the globe. However, what it does not do is break us, and it has not broken the people of Ukraine.

Instead, the people of Ukraine have shown the world their resilience and the strength of democracy. As we work to hold Vladimir Putin accountable for his aggression, we must also ensure that we provide support for the Ukrainian people as they seek certainty and refuge.

As an emergency physician and the only trained humanitarian in Congress, I have seen firsthand what lies ahead for those fleeing a crisis. This is a complex humanitarian crisis and deserves a human response. The U.S. must contribute to that response, including helping our humanitarian partners on the ground and granting Ukrainians refuge and temporary protected status to Ukrainian nationals here in the country.

Madam Speaker, I stand in solidarity with the Ukrainian people to protect their sovereignty, and my prayers are with them.

HONORING OUR PROMISE TO ADDRESS COMPREHENSIVE TOXICS ACT OF 2021

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mrs. DINGELL). Pursuant to clause 1(c) of rule XIX, further consideration of the bill (H.R. 3967) to improve health care and benefits for veterans exposed to toxic substances, and for other purposes will now resume.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

AMENDMENT NO. 20 OFFERED BY MS. ROSS

The SPEAKER pro tempore. It is now in order to consider amendment No. 20 printed in part B of House Report 117-253.

Ms. ROSS. Madam Speaker, I have an amendment at the desk.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Clerk will designate the amendment.

The text of the amendment is as follows:

Page 67, after line 10, insert the following:

(1) INITIAL REPORT.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to Congress a report regarding the following:

(A) Sources of PFAS on military installations other than AFFF.

(B) Any recommendation of the Secretary regarding whether to expand eligibility for the registry to individuals exposed to sources of PFAS described in subparagraph (A).

Page 67, line 11, strike “(1) INITIAL” and insert “(2) INTERIM”.

Page 68, line 3, strike “(2)” and insert “(3)”.

Page 68, line 14, strike “(3)” and insert “(4)”.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to House Resolution 950, the gentlewoman from North Carolina (Ms. ROSS) and a Member opposed each will control 5 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentlewoman from North Carolina.

Ms. ROSS. Madam Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Madam Speaker, I rise today to urge support for my amendment, along with my colleague from North Carolina, Representative ROUZER.

This amendment will require the Department of Defense to study additional non-fire extinguishing agent sources of toxic PFAS, known as forever chemicals on military installations.

Our amendment also requires the Department of Defense to make a recommendation to Congress on expanding the eligibility for the VA's registry of individuals exposed to PFAS during their service.

While fire extinguishing agents are a common source of servicemember exposure to forever chemicals, as the Speaker knows, PFAS toxins are ever present on military bases from other sources.

Studies have shown that these dangerous toxicants are ubiquitous in the kinds of ready-made meal packages, textiles, and cookware used on military installations. Use of these products has exposed servicemembers and veterans to PFAS, which have been proven to cause cancer, liver damage, birth defects, and other troubling medical conditions.

We must ensure that we fully understand the scope of PFAS exposure on military bases and expand our parameters for veteran eligibility for medical care accordingly. Doing so will give veterans exposed to these toxins the opportunity to receive care for the conditions they develop as a result of their service in uniform.

This amendment not only empowers and protects veterans, but it solicits a critically important study from the DOD to better understand the presence of PFAS on military installations and prevent exposure in the future.

In alignment with the mission of the Honoring our PACT Act, this amendment upholds our responsibility to prevent and mitigate the health consequences of exposure to toxic substances.

Madam Speaker, I thank Chairman TAKANO for his outstanding leadership in bringing this important legislation to the floor. I also thank Representa-

tive ROUZER from North Carolina for joining me in offering this amendment.

Madam Speaker, I reserve the balance of my time.

Mrs. MILLER-MEEKS. Madam Speaker, I claim time in opposition, although I am not opposed.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Without objection, the gentlewoman from Iowa is recognized for 5 minutes.

There was no objection.

Mrs. MILLER-MEEKS. Madam Speaker, I reserve the balance of my time.

Ms. ROSS. Madam Speaker, I yield 1 minute to the gentleman from California (Mr. TAKANO), the chairman of the Veterans' Affairs Committee.

Mr. TAKANO. Madam Speaker, I thank the gentlewoman for yielding, and I am pleased to support this amendment by the gentlewoman and Congressman ROUZER.

It will require DOD to submit to Congress a report on sources of PFAS on military installations other than aqueous film-forming foam and providing recommendations regarding whether to expand registry eligibility to individuals exposed to PFAS from other sources.

The PFAS data gathered by this amendment will be a tremendous value as VA, DOD, and other agencies across our Federal Government continue their research related to this important matter.

Madam Speaker, I encourage my colleagues to vote “yes”.

Mrs. MILLER-MEEKS. Madam Speaker, I yield back the balance of my time.

Ms. ROSS. Madam Speaker, this amendment will help us understand additional sources of PFAS exposure on military bases and empower veterans to seek medical care accordingly.

Madam Speaker, I urge my colleagues to support my amendment along with Representative ROUZER and the underlying bill, and I yield back the balance of my time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to House Resolution 950, the previous question is ordered on the amendment offered by the gentlewoman from North Carolina (Ms. ROSS).

The question is on the amendment offered by the gentlewoman from North Carolina (Ms. ROSS).

The amendment was agreed to.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

AMENDMENT NO. 22 OFFERED BY MR. RUIZ

The SPEAKER pro tempore. It is now in order to consider amendment No. 22, printed in part B of House Report 117-253.

Mr. RUIZ. Madam Speaker, I have an amendment at the desk.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Clerk will designate the amendment.

The text of the amendment is as follows:

At the end of title VII, insert the following:

SEC. 707. BURN PIT REGISTRY UPDATES.

(a) INDIVIDUALS ELIGIBLE TO UPDATE.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Veterans Affairs shall take actions necessary to ensure that the burn pit registry may be updated with the cause of death of a deceased registered individual by—

(A) an individual designated by such deceased registered individual; or

(B) if no such individual is designated, an immediate family member of such deceased registered individual.

(2) DESIGNATION.—The Secretary shall provide, with respect to the burn pit registry, a process by which a registered individual may make a designation for purposes of paragraph (1)(A).

(b) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

(1) The term “burn pit registry” means the registry established under section 201 of the Dignified Burial and Other Veterans’ Benefits Improvement Act of 2012 (Public Law 112-260; 38 U.S.C. 527 note).

(2) The term “immediate family member”, with respect to a deceased individual, means—

(A) the spouse, parent, brother, sister, or adult child of the individual;

(B) an adult person to whom the individual stands in loco parentis; or

(C) any other adult person—

(i) living in the household of the individual at the time of the death of the individual; and

(ii) related to the individual by blood or marriage.

(3) The term “registered individual” means an individual registered with the burn pit registry.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to House Resolution 950, the gentleman from California (Mr. RUIZ) and a Member opposed each will control 5 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from California.

Mr. RUIZ. Madam Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Madam Speaker, I rise in support of my amendment to the Honoring our PACT Act, which includes language from my bill, the Burn Pits Registry Enhancement Act.

This amendment would allow veterans in the burn pits registry to designate someone to update the registry with their cause of death. I hope that makes common sense. This data is crucial to further identify illnesses that are causing burn pit exposed veterans to die and will help doctors recognize early symptoms.

I also rise in support of another amendment I submitted that was part of an en bloc package that passed yesterday. That amendment is from my Reducing Exposure to Burn Pits Act. It would require the DOD to consider safer alternatives to burn pits. This amendment will get us one step closer to ending the exposure to toxic burn pits once and for all.

I have fought for years to bring attention to this issue and its devastating toll on our Nation’s service members and their families.

I have told the story of Jennifer Kepner, an Air Force veteran from Cathedral City in my district. She was an otherwise healthy mother of two who lost her courageous battle with pancreatic cancer likely caused by her ex-

posure to burn pits during her military service.

I have told the story of Alejandro Camacho, my constituent from Palm Desert, who developed testicular cancer from the toxic smoke and carcinogens he breathed in every day during his service in Iraq.

It is for Jennifer, Alejandro, and the millions of other veterans suffering from their burn pit exposure that I founded the bipartisan, bicameral Congressional Burn Pit Caucus.

It is why I introduced the Presumptive Benefits for War Fighters Exposed to Burn Pits and Other Toxins Act to create a presumption of service connection for 23 illnesses related to service near burn pits.

That bill is included in the Honoring our PACT Act and highlights the urgent need to pass it now. The Honoring our PACT Act will take urgent and aggressive action to give the veterans the care they need and ensure we don’t repeat the Agent Orange delays that our Vietnam veterans experienced.

Last night, I texted the widower of Jennifer Kepner, Ben Kepner, and I said: Tomorrow is the big day, my friend. He texted back: Tomorrow is Jennifer Kepner’s birthday. So we will pass this bill on Jennifer Kepner’s birthday, which is amazing.

Madam Speaker, I yield 30 seconds to Chairman TAKANO.

Mr. TAKANO. Madam Speaker, I rise in support of the amendment introduced by Representatives RUIZ, RYAN, and GONZÁLEZ-COLÓN.

Madam Speaker, I want to take my 30 seconds to just say how much this bill, the Honoring our PACT Act, rests on the work, passion, and energy of the gentleman from the neighboring district in Riverside County, which we both have the honor to represent.

Dr. RUIZ has brought his tremendous knowledge as a doctor, somebody with three medically-related degrees from Harvard University—the first Latino to do so. I can’t say enough about the work that he has done to make this possible, and we all are grateful.

Mr. RUIZ. Madam Speaker, I reserve the balance of my time.

Mrs. MILLER-MEEKS. Madam Speaker, I claim time in opposition, although I am not opposed.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Without objection, the gentlewoman from Iowa is recognized for 5 minutes.

There was no objection.

Mrs. MILLER-MEEKS. Madam Speaker, I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. RUIZ. Madam Speaker, how much time do I have remaining?

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The gentleman has 1¼ minutes remaining.

Mr. RUIZ. Madam Speaker, I would like to thank Chairman TAKANO and the Veterans’ Affairs Committee staff for their tireless work, their leadership, their courage and bravery to address this incredible problem.

I would also like to thank all the veterans who spoke up when nobody lis-

tened, like Rosie Torres from Burn Pits 360; and many others who have lost a loved one; and all the widows who have been crying to be recognized and pleading with us to do something so that other veterans wouldn’t suffer these atrocities.

This is a self-inflicted DOD wound that our military did to our service members, and now they are dying as delayed casualties of war due to those exposures. We need to save lives today. This is a life-and-death situation.

If there is ever a human face to policy, it is now in this policy because there are children wondering why, when their parents came back healthy from the war, they died 5, 6, 7 years later. This is why we need to pass this bill and ensure that our promise to our veterans, and our promise to our Vietnam veterans, that we will never allow their Agent Orange experience to translate ever again into the American experience.

This is our time to stand up for our veterans, not just in hugging flags, but also in pragmatic solidarity and support to give them the care and the relief that they need right now.

Madam Speaker, I wish the Kepner family a very happy birthday celebration in memory of Jennifer Kepner. I yield back the balance of my time.

Mrs. MILLER-MEEKS. Madam Speaker, as both a physician and a 24-year military veteran coming from a family of veterans, married to a veteran of 30 years, let me say to my colleagues: We can save lives today with a bill on the President’s desk today by passing in this Chamber the Health Care for Burn Pit Veterans Act. We can pass that now and they can receive healthcare now.

Madam Speaker, I yield back the balance of my time.

□ 0930

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to House Resolution 950, the previous question is ordered on the amendment offered by the gentleman from California (Mr. RUIZ).

The question is on the amendment offered by the gentleman from California (Mr. RUIZ).

The question was taken; and the Speaker pro tempore announced that the ayes appeared to have it.

Mr. TAKANO. Madam Speaker, on that I demand the yeas and nays.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to section 3(s) of House Resolution 8, the yeas and nays are ordered.

Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, further proceedings on this question are postponed.

AMENDMENT NO. 23 OFFERED BY MR. RYAN

The SPEAKER pro tempore. It is now in order to consider amendment No. 23 printed in part B of House Report 117-253.

Mr. RYAN. Madam Speaker, I have an amendment at the desk.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Clerk will designate the amendment.

The text of the amendment is as follows:

At the end of title VII, add the following:
SEC. 707. BURN PIT TRANSPARENCY.

(a) **SHORT TITLE.**—This section may be cited as the “SFC Heath Robinson Burn Pit Transparency Act”.

(b) **NOTIFICATIONS AND REPORTS REGARDING REPORTED CASES OF BURN PIT EXPOSURE.**—

(1) **QUARTERLY NOTIFICATIONS.**—

(A) **IN GENERAL.**—On a quarterly basis, the Secretary of Veterans Affairs shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report on each reported case of burn pit exposure by a covered veteran reported during the previous quarter.

(B) **ELEMENTS.**—Each report submitted under subparagraph (A) shall include, with respect to each reported case of burn pit exposure of a covered veteran included in the report, the following:

(i) Notice of the case, including the medical facility at which the case was reported.

(ii) Notice of, as available—

(I) the enrollment status of the covered veteran with respect to the patient enrollment system of the Department of Veterans Affairs under section 1705(a) of title 38, United States Code;

(II) a summary of all health care visits by the covered veteran at the medical facility at which the case was reported that are related to the case;

(III) the demographics of the covered veteran, including age, sex, and race;

(IV) any non-Department of Veterans Affairs health care benefits that the covered veteran receives;

(V) the Armed Force in which the covered veteran served and the rank of the covered veteran;

(VI) the period in which the covered veteran served;

(VII) each location of an open burn pit from which the covered veteran was exposed to toxic airborne chemicals and fumes during such service;

(VIII) the medical diagnoses of the covered veteran and the treatment provided to the veteran; and

(IX) whether the covered veteran is registered in the Airborne Hazards and Open Burn Pit Registry.

(C) **PROTECTION OF INFORMATION.**—The Secretary shall ensure that the reports submitted under subparagraph (A) do not include the identity of covered veterans or contain other personally identifiable data.

(2) **ANNUAL REPORT ON CASES.**—

(A) **IN GENERAL.**—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter, the Secretary of Veterans Affairs, in collaboration with the Secretary of Defense, shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report detailing the following:

(i) The total number of covered veterans.

(ii) The total number of claims for disability compensation under chapter 11 of title 38, United States Code, approved and the total number denied by the Secretary of Veterans Affairs with respect to a covered veteran, and for each such denial, the rationale of the denial.

(iii) A comprehensive list of—

(I) the conditions for which covered veterans seek treatment; and

(II) the locations of the open burn pits from which the covered veterans were exposed to toxic airborne chemicals and fumes.

(iv) Identification of any illnesses relating to exposure to open burn pits that formed the basis for the Secretary to award benefits, including entitlement to service connection or an increase in disability rating.

(v) The total number of covered veterans who died after seeking care for an illness relating to exposure to an open burn pit.

(vi) Any updates or trends with respect to the information described in clauses (i), (ii),

(iii), (iv), and (v) that the Secretary determines appropriate.

(B) **MATTERS INCLUDED IN FIRST REPORT.**—The Secretary shall include in the first report under paragraph (1) information specified in paragraph (1)(B) with respect to reported cases of burn pit exposure made during the period beginning January 1, 1990, and ending on the day before the date of the enactment of this Act.

(3) **INFORMATION REGARDING THE AIRBORNE HAZARDS AND OPEN BURN PIT REGISTRY.**—

(A) **NOTICE.**—The Secretary of Veterans Affairs shall ensure that a medical professional of the Department of Veterans Affairs informs a veteran of the Airborne Hazards and Open Burn Pit Registry if the veteran presents at a medical facility of the Department for treatment that the veteran describes as being related to, or ancillary to, the exposure of the veteran to toxic airborne chemicals and fumes caused by open burn pits.

(B) **DISPLAY.**—In making information public regarding the number of participants in the Airborne Hazards and Open Burn Pit Registry, the Secretary shall display such numbers by both State and by congressional district.

(4) **COMPTROLLER GENERAL REPORT.**—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General of the United States shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report containing an assessment of the effectiveness of any memorandum of understanding or memorandum of agreement entered into by the Secretary of Veterans Affairs with respect to—

(A) the processing of reported cases of burn pit exposure; and

(B) the coordination of care and provision of health care relating to such cases at medical facilities of the Department of Veterans Affairs and at non-Department facilities.

(5) **DEFINITIONS.**—In this section:

(A) The term “Airborne Hazards and Open Burn Pit Registry” means the registry established by the Secretary of Veterans Affairs under section 201 of the Dignified Burial and Other Veterans’ Benefits Improvement Act of 2012 (Public Law 112-260; 38 U.S.C. 527 note).

(B) The term “appropriate congressional committees” means—

(i) the Committee on Veterans’ Affairs and the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate; and

(ii) The Committee on Veterans’ Affairs and the Committee on Armed Services of the House of Representatives.

(C) The term “covered veteran” means a veteran who presents at a medical facility of the Department of Veterans Affairs (or in a non-Department facility pursuant to section 1703 or 1703A of title 38, United States Code) for treatment that the veteran describes as being related to, or ancillary to, the exposure of the veteran to toxic airborne chemicals and fumes caused by open burn pits at any time while serving in the Armed Forces.

(D) The term “open burn pit” has the meaning given that term in section 201(c) of the Dignified Burial and Other Veterans’ Benefits Improvement Act of 2012 (Public Law 112-260; 38 U.S.C. 527 note).

(E) The term “reported case of burn pit exposure” means each instance in which a veteran presents at a medical facility of the Department of Veterans Affairs (or in a non-Department facility pursuant to section 1703 or 1703A of title 38, United States Code) for treatment that the veteran describes as being related to, or ancillary to, the exposure of the veteran to toxic airborne chemicals and fumes caused by open burn pits at any time while serving in the Armed Forces.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to House Resolution 950, the gentleman from Ohio (Mr. RYAN) and a Member opposed each will control 5 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Ohio.

Mr. RYAN. Madam Speaker, I thank Chairman TAKANO for including in this bill the Heath Robinson Burn Pit Transparency Act as a part of this comprehensive bill to address toxic exposure in our veteran community. I rise today to discuss my amendment, the Heath Robinson Burn Pit Transparency Act, named for Heath Robinson whom I spoke about in this very Chamber just 4 months ago.

I stand here humbled to see it come to the floor in a bipartisan effort to finally address this dire problem.

Heath deployed to Kosovo in 2004 and Iraq in 2006 and was the Ohio National Guard NCO Soldier of the Year in 2012 and 2013.

Being a soldier was Heath’s identity. He was proud of his service and humbled to serve overseas defending those he loved. While deployed, Heath was exposed to burn pits in Iraq, and those toxic wounds of war followed Heath home. He was a loving father, husband, and son who, unfortunately and tragically, lost his life on May 6, 2020, at the young age of 39. His story is a sobering one but reminds us why this amendment is needed.

In late 2016, Heath began noticing early symptoms starting with fatigue which worsened to chronic, gushing nosebleeds and bleeding from his ears. After a dozen doctors were unable to provide answers, it was finally determined that at the age of 35 he suffered from a rare autoimmune disease. After new symptoms presented and Heath’s condition deteriorated, his family learned Heath was stricken with an extremely rare form of lung cancer that, according to 20 oncologists, could have only been caused by prolonged inhalation of concentrated toxic substances.

Heath was eventually forced into a medical separation with his lung cancer being deemed 100 percent service connected by the Veterans Administration. His retirement documents specify that Heath was a recently retired combat veteran. However, once he applied for comprehensive caregiver benefits, the VA denied him. They stated that although Heath Robinson’s lung cancer was 100 percent service connected, there was no evidence that his cancer was caused by burn pits or combat related. His wife, a doctor of physical therapy, had to take an unpaid leave of absence from a full-time job to handle her husband’s round-the-clock care. This service was paramount to this family, and the VA failed them.

The final year of Heath’s life consisted of his wife and her mom watching helplessly as Heath suffered in pain, struggling to breathe daily, and coughing incessantly. Many days were spent holding a basin under his face to catch vomit and blood streaming from

his nose while they shoved the oxygen tube into his mouth intermittently so he wouldn't die. They lost count of the number of times he had to be rushed to the nearest emergency room only to be transferred to a trauma hospital because the doctors had no idea what to do with him. Doctors exclaimed that they had never seen a cancer like Heath had.

The VA decided this American soldier and war veteran didn't qualify for caregiver benefits because his exposure to inhaling toxic burn pit smoke did not cause his lung cancer. The Robinson family suffered tremendously while earned benefits were withheld by the VA.

The story of the Robinson family is one of many dating back years to the days of Agent Orange when other veterans suffered the same fate. When veterans seek treatment related to burn pit exposure, my amendment requires the VA to report it to Congress. It demands transparency and helps find policy solutions driven by large-scale data to get our veterans the care they need and that they have earned. We can do better to provide care for soldiers and family members, and we must provide safeguards and transparency to ensure that.

Madam Speaker, I urge a "yes" vote on my amendment, and I reserve the balance of my time.

Mrs. MILLER-MEEKS. Madam Speaker, I claim the time in opposition, although I am not opposed.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Without objection, the gentlewoman from Iowa is recognized for 5 minutes.

There was no objection.

Mrs. MILLER-MEEKS. Madam Speaker, I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. RYAN. Madam Speaker, I yield 15 seconds to the gentleman from California (Mr. TAKANO), who is the chairman of the committee, for any comments.

Mr. TAKANO. Madam Speaker, I rise in support of Congressman RYAN's bipartisan amendment.

Let me just say that the PACT Act is something that this Congress must do, and the Republican substitute is simply what we, this Congress, can get away with. We cannot simply rest on what we can get away with.

Mr. RYAN. Madam Speaker, I urge a "yes" vote, and I yield back the balance of my time.

Mrs. MILLER-MEEKS. Madam Speaker, I yield back the balance of my time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to House Resolution 950, the previous question is ordered on the amendment offered by the gentleman from Ohio (Mr. RYAN).

The question is on the amendment offered by the gentleman from Ohio (Mr. RYAN).

The question was taken; and the Speaker pro tempore announced that the ayes appeared to have it.

Mr. TAKANO. Madam Speaker, on that I demand the yeas and nays.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to section 3(s) of House Resolution 8, the yeas and nays are ordered.

Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, further proceedings on this question are postponed.

AMENDMENT NO. 22 OFFERED BY MR. RUIZ

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, the unfinished business is the question on amendment No. 22, printed in part B of House Report 117-253, on which further proceedings were postponed and on which the yeas and nays were ordered.

The Clerk will redesignate the amendment.

The Clerk redesignated the amendment.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the amendment offered by the gentleman from California (Mr. RUIZ).

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 425, nays 0, not voting 7, as follows:

[Roll No. 55]

YEAS—425

Adams	Cawthorn	Fleischmann
Aderholt	Chabot	Fletcher
Aguilar	Cheney	Fortenberry
Allen	Cherfilus-	Foster
Allred	McCormick	Foxx
Amodei	Chu	Frankel, Lois
Armstrong	Ciavarella	Franklin, C.
Arrington	Clark (MA)	Scott
Auchincloss	Clarke (NY)	Fulcher
Axne	Cleaver	Gaetz
Babin	Cline	Gallagher
Bacon	Cloud	Gallego
Baird	Clyburn	Garamendi
Balderson	Clyde	Garbarino
Banks	Cohen	Garcia (CA)
Barr	Cole	Garcia (IL)
Barragán	Comer	Garcia (TX)
Bass	Connolly	Gibbs
Beatty	Cooper	Gimenez
Bentz	Correa	Gohmert
Bera	Costa	Golden
Bergman	Courtney	Gomez
Beyer	Craig	Gonzales, Tony
Bice (OK)	Crawford	Gonzalez (OH)
Biggs	Crenshaw	Gonzalez,
Bilirakis	Crist	Vicente
Bishop (GA)	Crow	Good (VA)
Bishop (NC)	Cuellar	Gooden (TX)
Blumenauer	Curtis	Gosar
Blunt Rochester	Davids (KS)	Gottheimer
Boebert	Davidson	Granger
Bonamici	Davis, Danny K.	Graves (LA)
Bourdeaux	Davis, Rodney	Graves (MO)
Bowman	Dean	Green (TN)
Boyle, Brendan	DeFazio	Green, Al (TX)
F.	DeGette	Greene (GA)
Brooks	DeLauro	Griffith
Brown (MD)	DelBene	Grijalva
Brown (OH)	Delgado	Grothman
Brownley	Demings	Guest
Buchanan	DeSaulnier	Harder (CA)
Buck	DesJarlais	Harris
Bucshon	Deutch	Harshbarger
Budd	Diaz-Balart	Hartzler
Burchett	Dingell	Hayes
Burgess	Doggett	Hern
Bush	Donalds	Herrell
Bustos	Doyle, Michael	Herrera Beutler
Butterfield	F.	Hice (GA)
Calvert	Duncan	Higgins (LA)
Cammack	Dunn	Higgins (NY)
Carbajal	Ellzey	Hill
Cárdenas	Emmer	Himes
Carey	Escobar	Hinson
Carl	Eshoo	Hollingsworth
Carson	Españolat	Horsford
Carter (GA)	Estes	Houlahan
Carter (LA)	Evans	Hoyer
Carter (TX)	Fallon	Hudson
Cartwright	Feenstra	Huffman
Case	Ferguson	Huizenga
Casten	Fischbach	Issa
Castor (FL)	Fitzgerald	Jackson
Castro (TX)	Fitzpatrick	Jackson Lee

Jacobs (CA)	McNerney	Schneider
Jacobs (NY)	Meeks	Schrader
Jayapal	Meijer	Schrier
Jeffries	Meng	Schweikert
Johnson (GA)	Meuser	Scott (VA)
Johnson (LA)	Mfume	Scott, Austin
Johnson (OH)	Miller (IL)	Scott, David
Johnson (SD)	Miller (WV)	Sessions
Johnson (TX)	Miller-Meeks	Sewell
Jones	Moolenaar	Sherman
Jordan	Mooney	Sherrill
Joyce (OH)	Moore (AL)	Sires
Joyce (PA)	Moore (UT)	Slotkin
Kahele	Moore (WI)	Smith (MO)
Kaptur	Morelle	Smith (NE)
Katko	Moulton	Smith (NJ)
Keating	Mrvan	Smith (WA)
Keller	Mullin	Smucker
Kelly (IL)	Murphy (FL)	Soto
Kelly (MS)	Murphy (NC)	Spanberger
Kelly (PA)	Nadler	Spartz
Khanna	Napolitano	Speier
Kildee	Neal	Stansbury
Kilmer	Neguse	Stanton
Kim (CA)	Nehls	Steel
Kim (NJ)	Newhouse	Stefanik
Kind	Newman	Steil
Kinzinger	Norcross	Steube
Kirkpatrick	Norman	Stevens
Krishnamoorthi	O'Halleran	Stewart
Kuster	Obernolte	Stickland
Kustoff	Ocasio-Cortez	Suozzi
LaHood	Omar	Swalwell
LaMalfa	Owens	Takano
Lamb	Palazzo	Tenney
Lamborn	Pallone	Thompson (CA)
Langevin	Palmer	Thompson (MS)
Larsen (WA)	Panetta	Thompson (PA)
Larson (CT)	Pappas	Timmons
Latta	Pascarella	Titus
LaTurner	Payne	Tlaib
Lawrence	Pence	Tonko
Lawson (FL)	Perlmutter	Torres (CA)
Lee (CA)	Perry	Torres (NY)
Lee (NV)	Peters	Trahan
Leger Fernandez	Pfluger	Trone
Lesko	Phillips	Turner
Letlow	Pingree	Underwood
Levin (CA)	Pocan	Upton
Levin (MI)	Porter	Valadao
Lieu	Posey	Van Drew
Lofgren	Pressley	Van Dуйne
Long	Price (NC)	Vargas
Loudermilk	Quigley	Veasey
Lowenthal	Raskin	Vela
Lucas	Reed	Velázquez
Luetkemeyer	Reschenthaler	Wagner
Luria	Rice (NY)	Walberg
Lynch	Rice (SC)	Walorski
Mace	Rodgers (WA)	Waltz
Malinowski	Rogers (AL)	Wasserman
Malliotakis	Rogers (KY)	Schultz
Maloney,	Rose	Waters
Carolyn B.	Rosendale	Watson Coleman
Maloney, Sean	Ross	Weber (TX)
Mann	Rouzer	Webster (FL)
Manning	Roy	Welch
Massie	Roybal-Allard	Wenstrup
Mast	Ruiz	Westerman
Matsui	Ruppersberger	Wexton
McBath	Rush	Wild
McCarthy	Rutherford	Williams (GA)
McCaul	Ryan	Williams (TX)
McClain	Salazar	Wilson (FL)
McClintock	Sánchez	Wilson (SC)
McCollum	Sarbanes	Wittman
McEachin	Scalise	Womack
McGovern	Scanlon	Yarmuth
McHenry	Schakowsky	Young
McKinley	Schiff	Zeldin

NOT VOTING—7

Bost	Simpson	Tiffany
Brady	Stauber	
Guthrie	Taylor	

□ 1014

Mr. NORMAN changed his vote from "nay" to "yea."

So the amendment was agreed to.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

Stated for:

Mr. STAUBER. Mr. Speaker, I was unavoidably detained. Had I been present, I would have voted "yea" on rollcall No. 55.

MEMBERS RECORDED PURSUANT TO HOUSE
RESOLUTION 8, 117TH CONGRESS

Aguilar (Gomez) Gonzalez, Pocan (Garcia
Amodei Vicente (IL))
(Balderson) (Gomez) Raskin
Babin (Duncan) Gosar (Greene (Cicilline))
Barragan (GA)) Reschenthaler
(Gomez) Grijalva (Garcia (Armstrong))
Bass (Kelly (IL)) Roybal-Allard
Blumenauer Hudson (Murphy (Takano))
(Beyer) (NC)) Rush (Jeffries)
Brown (MD) Issa (Van Duyne) Salazar
(Connolly) Jackson (Van (Cammack))
Cárdenas Dwyne) Sewell (Kelly
(Gomez) Johnson (SD) (IL))
Cawthorn Johnson (TX) Sires (Pallone)
(Boebert) Johnson (TX) Speier (Escobar)
Cherfilus- (Jeffries) Strickland
McCormick Kahele (Takano) (Jeffries)
(Beatty) Keating Suozzi (Beyer)
Correa (Gomez) (Cicilline) Kelly (PA)
Costa (Takano) (Keller) Swallow
Cuellar (Gomez) (Gomez) (Gomez)
(Connolly) Lawson (FL) Trone (Connolly)
DelBene (Kuster) (Soto) Underwood
Deutch (Rice Letlow (Jeffries)
(NY)) (Garbarino) Van Drew
Doyle, Michael Lofgren (Jeffries)
F. (Connolly) Manning (Beyer)
Dunn (Cammack) Neal (Beyer)
Evans (Mfume) Nehls Wagner
Fallon (Van (Garbarino) (Walorski)
Dwyne) Norman Wilson (FL)
Gohmert (Donalds) (Cicilline)
(Boebert) Payne (Pallone)

AMENDMENT NO. 23 OFFERED BY MR. RYAN

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. AUCHINCLOSS). Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, the unfinished business is the question on amendment No. 23, printed in part B of House Report 117–253, on which further proceedings were postponed and on which the yeas and nays were ordered.

The Clerk will redesignate the amendment.

The Clerk redesignated the amendment.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the amendment offered by the gentleman from Ohio (Mr. RYAN).

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 348, nays 78, not voting 6, as follows:

[Roll No. 56]

YEAS—348

Adams Buchanan Courtney
Aguilar Buck Craig
Allred Burchett Crawford
Amodei Bush Crenshaw
Armstrong Bustos Crist
Auchincloss Butterfield Crow
Axne Calvert Cuellar
Bacon Carbajal Davids (KS)
Baird Cárdenas Davidson
Balderson Carey Davis, Danny K.
Banks Carson Davis, Rodney
Barr Carter (GA) Dean
Barragán Carter (LA) DeFazio
Bass Cartwright DeGette
Beatty Case DeLauro
Bera Casten DelBene
Bergman Castor (FL) Delgado
Beyer Castro (TX) Demings
Bice (OK) Chabot DeSaulnier
Biggs Cheney DesJarlais
Bilirakis Cherfilus-Deutch
Bishop (GA) McCormick Diaz-Balart
Bishop (NC) Chu Dingell
Blumenauer Cicilline Doggett
Blunt Rochester Clark (MA)
Boebert Clarke (NY) F.
Bonamici Cleaver Duncan
Bourdeaux Clyburn Dunn
Bowman Cohen Ellzey
Boyle, Brendan Cole Emmer
F. Connolly Escobar
Brown (MD) Cooper Eshoo
Brown (OH) Correa Espallat
Brownley Costa Evans

Fallon Feenstra
Fischbach Lawrence
Fitzpatrick Lawson (FL)
Fleischmann Lee (CA)
Fletcher Lee (NV)
Fortenberry Leger Fernandez
Foster Lesko
Foxy Letlow
Frankel, Lois Levin (CA)
Gaetz Levin (MI)
Gallagher Lieu
Gallego Lofgren
Garamendi Lowenthal
Garbarino Lucas
Garcia (CA) Luetkemeyer
Garcia (IL) Luria
Garcia (TX) Lynch
Gibbs Mace
Gimenez Malinowski
Golden Malliotakis
Gomez Maloney,
Gonzales, Tony Carolyn B.
Gonzalez (OH) Sherman
Gonzalez, Sean
Gonzalez, Vicente Manning
Good (VA) Massie
Gottheimer Mast
Granger Matsui
McBath McBath
McCaull McCaull
McCollum
McEachin
McGovern
McHenry
McKinley
McNerney
Meeks
Meijer
Meng
Meuser
Mfume
Miller (WV)
Miller-Meeks
Moolenaar
Mooney
Moore (UT)
Moore (WI)
Morelle
Moulton
Mrvan
Murphy (FL)
Murphy (NC)
Nadler
Napolitano
Neal
Neguse
Newman
Norcross
O'Halleran
Obernolte
Ocasio-Cortez
Omar
Owens
Palazzo
Pallone
Panetta
Pappas
Pascrell
Payne
Perlmutter
Peters
Phillips
Pingree
Pocan
Porter
Posey
Pressley
Price (NC)
Quigley
Raskin
Reed
Reschenthaler
Rice (NY)
Rodgers (WA)

NAYS—78

Aderholt Cline
Allen Cloud
Arrington Clyde
Babin Comer
Bentz Donalds
Brooks Estes
Bucshon Ferguson
Budd Fitzgerald
Burgess Franklin, C.
Cammack Scott
Carl Fulcher
Carter (TX) Gohmert
Cawthorn Gooden (TX)

Rogers (KY) Jordan
Rose Kustoff
Ross LaMalfa
Roybal-Allard Lamborn
Ruiz LaTurner
Ruppersberger Long
Rush Loudermilk
Rutherford Mann
Ryan McCarthy
Salazar McClain
Sánchez McClintock
Sarbanes Miller (IL)
Scalise Roy
Scanlon Moore (AL)
Schakowsky Mullin
Schiff
Schneider
Schrader
Schrier
Scott (VA)
Scott, Austin
Scott, David
Sewell
Sherman
Sherrill
Sires
Slotkin
Smith (NJ)
Smith (WA)
Smucker
Soto
Spanberger
Spartz
Speier
Stansbury
Stanton
Staubert
Steel
Stefanik
Steil
Stevens
Stewart
Strickland
Suozzi
Swallow
Takano
Tenney
Thompson (CA)
Thompson (MS)
Thompson (PA)
Titus
Tlaib
Tonko
Torres (CA)
Torres (NY)
Trahan
Trone
Turner
Underwood
Upton
Valadao
Van Drew
Vargas
Veasey
Vela
Velázquez
Wagner
Walberg
Walorski
Waltz
Wasserman
Schultz
Waters
Watson Coleman
Welch
Wenstrup
Wexton
Wild
Williams (GA)
Wilson (FL)
Wittman
Yarmuth
Young
Zeldin

Nehls
Newhouse
Norman
Palmer
Pence
Perry
Pfluger
Rice (SC)
Rogers (AL)
Rosendale
Rouzer
Roy
Schweikert
Sessions

NOT VOTING—6

Bost Curtis
Brady Kinzinger
Simpson
Taylor

□ 1033

Messrs. LONG, GOSAR, PALMER, ADERHOLT, and GRAVES of Missouri changed their vote from “yea” to “nay.”

Mmes. BICE of Oklahoma, LESKO, Ms. WATERS, and Mr. PALAZZO changed their vote from “nay” to “yea.”

So the amendment was agreed to.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

MEMBERS RECORDED PURSUANT TO HOUSE
RESOLUTION 8, 117TH CONGRESS

Aguilar (Gomez) Gonzalez, Pocan (Garcia
Amodei Vicente (IL))
(Balderson) (Gomez) Raskin
Babin (Duncan) Gosar (Greene (Cicilline))
Barragan (GA)) Reschenthaler
(Gomez) Grijalva (Garcia (Armstrong))
Bass (Kelly (IL)) Roybal-Allard
Blumenauer Hudson (Murphy (Takano))
(Beyer) (NC)) Rush (Jeffries)
Brown (MD) Issa (Van Duyne) Salazar
(Connolly) Jackson (Van (Cammack))
Cárdenas Dwyne) Sewell (Kelly
(Gomez) Johnson (SD) (IL))
Cawthorn Johnson (TX) Sires (Pallone)
(Boebert) Johnson (TX) Speier (Escobar)
Cherfilus- (Jeffries) Strickland
McCormick Kahele (Takano) (Jeffries)
(Beatty) Keating Suozzi (Beyer)
Correa (Gomez) (Cicilline) Kelly (PA) Swallow
Costa (Takano) (Keller) (Gomez)
Cuellar (Connolly) Lawson (FL) Tiffany
(Connolly) (Soto) (Fitzgerald)
DelBene (Kuster) Letlow (Garbarino) Trone (Connolly)
Deutch (Rice Letlow (Jeffries)
(NY)) (Garbarino) Underwood
Doyle, Michael Lofgren (Jeffries) (Jeffries)
F. (Connolly) Manning (Beyer) Van Drew
Dunn (Cammack) Neal (Beyer) (Burgess)
Evans (Mfume) Nehls Veasey (Beyer)
Fallon (Van (Garbarino) Wagner
Dwyne) Norman (Walorski)
Gohmert (Donalds) Wilson (FL)
(Boebert) Payne (Pallone) (Cicilline)

The SPEAKER pro tempore. All time for debate has expired.

Pursuant to House Resolution 950, the previous question is ordered on the bill, as amended.

The question is on the engrossment and third reading of the bill.

The bill was ordered to be engrossed and read a third time, and was read the third time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the passage of the bill.

The question was taken; and the Speaker pro tempore announced that the ayes appeared to have it.

Mrs. MILLER-MEEKS. Mr. Speaker, on that I demand the yeas and nays.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to section 3(s) of House Resolution 8, the yeas and nays are ordered.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 256, nays 174, not voting 3, as follows:

[Roll No. 57]

YEAS—256

Adams	Garcia (TX)	Neguse
Aguilar	Golden	Newman
Allred	Gomez	Norcross
Auchincloss	Gonzalez,	O'Halleran
Axne	Vicente	Oberholte
Barragán	Gottheimer	Ocasio-Cortez
Bass	Green, Al (TX)	Omar
Beatty	Grijalva	Pallone
Bera	Harder (CA)	Panetta
Bergman	Hayes	Pappas
Beyer	Herrera Beutler	Pascarell
Bice (OK)	Higgins (NY)	Payne
Bilirakis	Himes	Pelosi
Bishop (GA)	Horsford	Perlmutter
Blumenauer	Houlahan	Peters
Blunt Rochester	Hoyer	Phillips
Bonamici	Hudson	Pingree
Bourdeaux	Huffman	Pocan
Bowman	Jackson Lee	Porter
Boyle, Brendan	Jacobs (CA)	Posey
F.	Jayapal	Pressley
Brown (MD)	Jeffries	Price (NC)
Brown (OH)	Johnson (GA)	Quigley
Brownley	Johnson (OH)	Raskin
Burchett	Johnson (TX)	Reed
Bush	Jones	Rice (NY)
Bustos	Joyce (OH)	Ross
Butterfield	Joyce (PA)	Roybal-Allard
Carbajal	Kahele	Ruiz
Cardenas	Kaptur	Ruppersberger
Carey	Katko	Rush
Carson	Keating	Ryan
Carter (LA)	Kelly (IL)	Sánchez
Cartwright	Khanna	Sarbanes
Case	Kildee	Scanlon
Casten	Kilmer	Schakowsky
Castor (FL)	Kim (NJ)	Schiff
Castro (TX)	Kind	Schneider
Cherfilus-	Kinzing	Schrader
McCormick	Kirkpatrick	Schrier
Chu	Krishnamoorthi	Scott (VA)
Cicilline	Kuster	Scott, David
Clark (MA)	Lamb	Sewell
Clarke (NY)	Langevin	Sherman
Cleaver	Larsen (WA)	Sherrill
Cline	Larson (CT)	Sires
Clyburn	Lawrence	Slotkin
Cohen	Lawson (FL)	Smith (NJ)
Connolly	Lee (CA)	Smith (WA)
Cooper	Lee (NV)	Soto
Correa	Leger Fernandez	Spanberger
Costa	Levin (CA)	Speier
Courtney	Levin (MI)	Stansbury
Craig	Lieu	Stanton
Crist	Lofgren	Stevens
Crow	Lowenthal	Strickland
Cuellar	Luria	Suozi
Davids (KS)	Lynch	Swalwell
Davidson	Mace	Takano
Davis, Danny K.	Malinowski	Thompson (CA)
Dean	Malliotakis	Thompson (MS)
DeFazio	Maloney,	Titus
DeGette	Carolyn B.	Tlaib
DeLauro	Maloney, Sean	Tonko
DelBene	Manning	Torres (CA)
Delgado	Massie	Torres (NY)
Demings	Mast	Trane
DeSaulnier	Matsui	Underwood
DesJarlais	McBath	Upton
Deutch	McClain	Valadao
Dingell	McCollum	Vargas
Doggett	McEachin	Veasey
Doyle, Michael	McGovern	Vela
F.	McKinley	Velázquez
Escobar	McNerney	Wasserman
Eshoo	Meeks	Schultz
Espallat	Meijer	Waters
Evans	Meng	Watson Coleman
Fitzpatrick	Mfume	Welch
Fletcher	Moore (WI)	Wexton
Foster	Morille	Wild
Frankel, Lois	Moulton	Williams (GA)
Gaetz	Mrvan	Wilson (FL)
Galleo	Murphy (FL)	Yarmuth
Garamendi	Murphy (NC)	Young
Garbarino	Nadler	
Garcia (CA)	Napolitano	
Garcia (IL)	Neal	

NAYS—174

Aderholt	Bacon	Biggs
Allen	Baird	Bishop (NC)
Amodei	Balderson	Boebert
Armstrong	Banks	Brooks
Arrington	Barr	Buchanan
Babin	Bentz	Buck

Bucshon	Guest	Palazzo
Budd	Guthrie	Palmer
Burgess	Harris	Pence
Calvert	Harshbarger	Perry
Cammack	Hartzler	Pfluger
Carl	Hern	Reschenthaler
Carter (GA)	Herrell	Rice (SC)
Carter (TX)	Hice (GA)	Rodgers (WA)
Cawthorn	Higgins (LA)	Rogers (AL)
Chabot	Hill	Rogers (KY)
Cheney	Hinson	Rose
Cloud	Hollingsworth	Rosendale
Clyde	Huizenga	Rouzer
Cole	Issa	Roy
Comer	Jackson	Rutherford
Crawford	Jacobs (NY)	Salazar
Crenshaw	Johnson (LA)	Scalise
Curtis	Johnson (SD)	Schweikert
Davis, Rodney	Jordan	Scott, Austin
Diaz-Balart	Keller	Sessions
Donalds	Kelly (MS)	Simpson
Duncan	Kelly (PA)	Smith (MO)
Dunn	Kim (CA)	Smith (NE)
Ellzey	Kustoff	Smucker
Emmer	LaHood	Spartz
Estes	LaMalfa	Stauber
Fallon	Lamborn	Steel
Feenstra	Latta	Stefanik
Ferguson	LaTurner	Steil
Fischbach	Lesko	Steube
Fitzgerald	Letlow	Stewart
Fleischmann	Long	Tenney
Fortenberry	Loudermilk	Thompson (PA)
Fox	Lucas	Tiffany
Franklin, C.	Luetkemeyer	Timmons
Scott	Mann	Turner
Fulcher	McCarthy	Van Drew
Gallagher	McCaul	Van Dwyne
Gibbs	McClintock	Wagner
Gimenez	McHenry	Walberg
Gohmert	Meuser	Walorski
Gonzales, Tony	Miller (IL)	Waltz
Gonzalez (OH)	Miller (WV)	Weber (TX)
Good (VA)	Miller-Meeks	Webster (FL)
Gooden (TX)	Moolenaar	Wenstrup
Gosar	Mooney	Westerman
Granger	Moore (AL)	Williams (TX)
Graves (LA)	Moore (UT)	Wilson (SC)
Graves (MO)	Mullin	Wittman
Green (TN)	Nehls	Womack
Greene (GA)	Newhouse	Zeldin
Griffith	Norman	
Grothman	Owens	

NOT VOTING—3

Bost	Brady	Taylor
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□ 1059

Ms. MACE and Mr. CLINE changed their vote from “nay” to “yea.”

So the bill was passed.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

PERSONAL EXPLANATION

Mr. BOST. Mr. Speaker, I was unavailable to vote in the House. Had I been present, I would have voted “YEA” on rollcall No. 55, “NAY” on rollcall No. 56, and “NAY” on rollcall No. 57.

MEMBERS RECORDED PURSUANT TO HOUSE RESOLUTION 8, 117TH CONGRESS

Aguilar (Gomez)	Cuellar	Hudson (Murphy)
Amodei	(Connolly)	(NC)
(Balderson)	DelBene (Kuster)	Issa (Van Dwyne)
Babin (Duncan)	Deutch (Rice	Jackson (Van
Barragán	(NY))	Dwyne)
(Gomez)	Doyle, Michael	Johnson (SD)
Bass (Kelly (IL))	F. (Connolly)	(Armstrong)
Blumenauer	Dunn (Cammack)	Johnson (TX)
(Beyer)	Evans (Mfume)	(Jeffries)
Brown (MD)	Fallon (Van	Kahele (Takano)
(Connolly)	Dwyne)	Keating
Cárdenas	Gohmert	(Cicilline)
(Gomez)	(Boebert)	Kelly (PA)
Cawthorn	Gonzalez,	(Keller)
(Boebert)	Vicente	Lawson (FL)
Cherfilus-	(Gomez)	(Soto)
McCormick	Gosar (Greene	Letlow
(Beatty)	(GA))	(Garbarino)
Correa (Gomez)	Grijalva (Garcia	Lofgren (Jeffries)
Costa (Takano)	(IL))	Manning (Beyer)
		Neal (Beyer)

Nehls	Rush (Jeffries)	Tiffany
(Garbarino)	Salazar	(Fitzgerald)
Norman	(Cammack)	Trone (Connolly)
(Donalds)	Sewell (Kelly	Underwood
Payne (Pallone)	(IL))	(Jeffries)
Pocan (Garcia	Sires (Pallone)	Van Drew
(IL))	Speier (Escobar)	(Burgess)
Raskin	Strickland	Veasey (Beyer)
(Cicilline)	(Jeffries)	Wagner
Reschenthaler	Suozi (Beyer)	(Walorski)
(Armstrong)	Swalwell	Wilson (FL)
Roybal-Allard	(Gomez)	(Cicilline)
(Takano)		

MESSAGE FROM THE PRESIDENT

A message in writing from the President of the United States was communicated to the House by Mr. Adrian Swann, one of his secretaries.

MOMENT OF SILENCE HONORING VICTIMS OF THE CARTERET COUNTY PLANE CRASH

(Mr. MURPHY of North Carolina asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. MURPHY of North Carolina. Mr. Speaker, on Sunday, February 13, a catastrophic tragedy took place in a close-knit eastern North Carolina community.

A small plane carrying eight passengers, including four teenagers, crashed into the Atlantic Ocean about 4 miles east of the Drum Inlet. Tragically, all eight North Carolinians perished in the crash.

There are no words to describe the pain and devastation that our community has felt in the weeks following this tragic accident. Yet, through this heartbreak we have all been moved by the outpouring of love and support from all of those across North Carolina and our great Nation.

We cannot thank our first responders, U.S. Coast Guard, the Carteret County Sheriff's Office, State agencies, and community members enough for coming together in support of the families impacted by this heartbreaking tragedy.

Members of our community have participated in many loving tributes to honor those we lost. I am grateful to the volunteers, ministers, students, teachers, parents, grandparents, friends, and classmates who are helping to provide aid and support, as well as comfort to our Down East residents. Their selflessness and commitment to others is to be commended, and I honor their service.

We will always remember the beloved North Carolinians whom we lost: Douglas Hunter Parks, 45, from Sea Level, North Carolina; Stephanie Ann McInnis Fulcher, 42, from Sea Level, North Carolina; Jeffrey Worthington Rawls, 28, from Greenville, North Carolina; Ernest “Teen” Rawls, pilot, 67, Greenville, North Carolina; Jonathan Kole McInnis, 15, Sea Level, North Carolina; Jacob Nolan Taylor, 16, Atlantic, North Carolina; Noah Lee Styron, 15, Cedar Island, North Carolina; and Michael Daily Shepard, 15, Atlantic, North Carolina.