

MOTION TO ADJOURN

Mr. ROY. Madam Speaker, I move that the House do now adjourn.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion to adjourn offered by the gentleman from Texas (Mr. Roy).

The question was taken; and the Speaker pro tempore announced that the yeas appeared to have it.

Mr. ROY. Madam Speaker, on that I demand the yeas and nays.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to section 3(s) of House Resolution 8, the yeas and nays are ordered.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 188, nays 226, not voting 15, as follows:

[Roll No. 142]

YEAS—188

Aderholt	Gaetz	McClintock
Allen	Gallagher	McHenry
Amodeli	Garbarino	Meuser
Armstrong	Garcia (CA)	Miller (IL)
Arrington	Gibbs	Miller (WV)
Babin	Gimenez	Moolenaar
Bacon	Gohmert	Mooney
Baird	Gonzales, Tony	Moore (AL)
Balderson	Good (VA)	Moore (UT)
Banks	Gooden (TX)	Mullin
Barr	Gosar	Nehls
Bentz	Granger	Newhouse
Bergman	Graves (LA)	Norman
Bice (OK)	Green (TN)	Oberholte
Biggs	Greene (GA)	Owens
Bilirakis	Griffith	Palazzo
Bishop (NC)	Grothman	Palmer
Boebert	Guest	Pence
Bost	Guthrie	Perry
Brady	Harris	Pf luger
Brooks	Harshbarger	Posey
Buchanan	Hartzler	Reschenthaler
Buck	Hern	Rice (SC)
Bucshon	Herrell	Rodgers (WA)
Budd	Herrera Beutler	Rogers (AL)
Burchett	Hice (GA)	Rose
Burgess	Hill	Rosendale
Calvert	Hinson	Rouzer
Cammack	Hollingsworth	Roy
Carey	Hudson	Salazar
Carl	Huizenga	Scalise
Carter (GA)	Issa	Schweikert
Cawthorn	Jackson	Scott, Austin
Chabot	Jacobs (NY)	Sessions
Cline	Johnson (LA)	Simpson
Cloud	Johnson (OH)	Smith (MO)
Clyde	Johnson (SD)	Smith (NE)
Cole	Jordan	Smith (NJ)
Comer	Joyce (OH)	Spartz
Crawford	Joyce (PA)	Stauber
Crenshaw	Keller	Steel
Curtis	Kelly (MS)	Stefanik
Davidson	Kelly (PA)	Steil
Davis, Rodney	Kim (CA)	Steube
DesJarlais	Kustoff	Stewart
Diaz-Balart	LaHood	Taylor
Donalds	LaMalfa	Tenney
Duncan	Lamborn	Tiffany
Dunn	Latta	Timmons
Ellzey	LaTurner	Turner
Emmer	Lesko	Valadao
Estes	Letlow	Van Drew
Fallon	Long	Van Dwyne
Feenstra	Loudermilk	Wagner
Ferguson	Lucas	Walorski
Fischbach	Luetkemeyer	Waltz
Fitzgerald	Mace	Weber (TX)
Fitzpatrick	Malliotakis	Webster (FL)
Fleischmann	Mann	Wenstrup
Foxx	Massie	Westerman
Franklin, C.	Mast	Williams (TX)
Scott	McCarthy	Wilson (SC)
Fulcher	McClain	Wittman

NAYS—226

Adams	Beyer	Boyle, Brendan
Aguilar	Bishop (GA)	F.
Allred	Blumenauer	Brown (MD)
Auchincloss	Blunt Rochester	Brown (OH)
Axne	Bonamici	Brownley
Bass	Bourdeaux	Bush
Beatty	Bowman	Bustos

Butterfield	Huffman	Peters
Carbajal	Jackson Lee	Phillips
Cardenas	Jacobs (CA)	Pingree
Carson	Jayapal	Pocan
Carter (LA)	Jeffries	Porter
Carter (TX)	Johnson (GA)	Pressley
Cartwright	Johnson (TX)	Price (NC)
Case	Jones	Quigley
Casten	Kahele	Raskin
Castor (FL)	Kaptur	Rogers (KY)
Castro (TX)	Katko	Ross
Cheney	Keating	Roybal-Allard
Cherfilus-	Kelly (IL)	Ruiz
McCormick	Khanna	Ruppersberger
Chu	Kildee	Rush
Cicilline	Kilmer	Rutherford
Clark (MA)	Kim (NJ)	Ryan
Clarke (NY)	Kind	Sanchez
Cleaver	Kirkpatrick	Sarbanes
Clyburn	Krishnamoorthi	Scanlon
Cohen	Kuster	Schakowsky
Connolly	Lamb	Schiff
Cooper	Langevin	Schneider
Correa	Larsen (WA)	Schrader
Costa	Larson (CT)	Schrier
Courtney	Lawrence	Scott (VA)
Craig	Lawson (FL)	Scott, David
Crist	Lee (CA)	Sewell
Crow	Lee (NV)	Sherman
Cuellar	Leger Fernandez	Sherrill
Davids (KS)	Levin (CA)	Sires
Davis, Danny K.	Levin (MI)	Slotkin
Dean	Lieu	Smith (WA)
DeFazio	Lofgren	Smucker
DeGette	Lowenthal	Soto
DeLauro	Luria	Spanberger
DeBene	Lynch	Speier
Delgado	Malinowski	Stansbury
Demings	Maloney,	Stanton
DeSaulnier	Carolyn B.	Stevens
Deutch	Maloney, Sean	Swalwell
Dingell	Manning	Takano
Doggett	Matsui	Thompson (CA)
Doyle, Michael	McBath	Thompson (MS)
F.	McCollum	Thompson (PA)
Escobar	McEachin	Titus
Eshoo	McGovern	Tlaib
Espallat	McNerney	Tonko
Evans	Meeks	Torres (CA)
Fletcher	Meijer	Torres (NY)
Foster	Meng	Trahan
Frankel, Lois	Mfume	Trone
Gallego	Miller-Meeks	Underwood
Garamendi	Morelle	Upton
Garcia (IL)	Moulton	Vargas
Garcia (TX)	Mrvan	Veasey
Golden	Nadler	Velázquez
Gomez	Napolitano	Walberg
Gonzalez,	Neal	Wasserman
Vicente	Neguse	Schultz
Gottheimer	Newman	Waters
Graves (MO)	Norcross	Watson Coleman
Green, Al (TX)	O'Halleran	Welch
Grijalva	Ocasio-Cortez	Wexton
Harder (CA)	Omar	Wild
Hayes	Pallone	Williams (GA)
Higgins (NY)	Panetta	Wilson (FL)
Himes	Pappas	Womack
Horsford	Pascrell	Yarmuth
Houlihan	Payne	
Hoyer	Perlmutter	

NOT VOTING—15

Barragán	McCaul	Reed
Bera	McKinley	Rice (NY)
Gonzalez (OH)	Moore (WI)	Strickland
Higgins (LA)	Murphy (FL)	Suozzi
Kinzinger	Murphy (NC)	Zeldin

□ 1943

Ms. STEVENS, Messrs. VICENTE GONZALEZ, O'HALLERAN, PAYNE, LARSON of Connecticut, and Ms. BASS changed their vote from "yea" to "nay."

Messrs. FERGUSON, JOHNSON of Ohio, GRIFFITH, GOSAR, Ms. HERRELL, Messrs. BILIRAKIS, PALAZZO, HILL, and FULCHER changed their vote from "nay" to "yea."

So the motion to adjourn was rejected.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

MEMBERS RECORDED PURSUANT TO HOUSE RESOLUTION 8, 117TH CONGRESS

Bourdeaux	Gottheimer	Ocasio-Cortez
(Wexton)	(Pallone)	(Bowman)
Brown (MD)	Herrera Beutler	Porter (Wexton)
(Evans)	(Katko)	Price (NC) (Ross)
Brownley	Horsford (Evans)	Rush (Evans)
(Kuster)	Huffman	Ryan (Kaptur)
Carter (LA)	(Neguse)	Scanlon (Garcia)
(Jeffries)	Johnson (TX)	(TX))
Carter (TX)	(Jeffries)	Scott, David
(Babin)	Kelly (IL) (Blunt	(Jeffries)
Castro (TX)	Rochester)	Sires (Pallone)
(Garcia (TX))	Kim (CA) (Steel)	Speier (Escobar)
Cawthorn (Moore	Kirkpatrick	Thompson (MS)
(AL))	(Pallone)	(Jeffries)
Correa (Costa)	Lamb (Pallone)	Tiffany
Cuellar (Garcia	Langevin	(Fitzgerald)
(TX))	(Lynch)	Titus (Connolly)
Curtis (Moore	Lawrence	Walorski
(UT))	(Stevens)	(Wagner)
Delgado (Neguse)	Lawson (FL)	Wild (Evans)
DeSaulnier	(Soto)	Wilson (FL)
(Beyer)	Meng (Escobar)	(Neguse)
Diaz-Balart	Mfume (Evans)	Wilson (SC)
(Cammack)	Mooney (Miller	(Timmons)
Doyle, Michael	(WV))	
F. (Evans)		

□ 1945

PROVIDING FOR CONSIDERATION OF H.R. 903, RIGHTS FOR THE TRANSPORTATION SECURITY ADMINISTRATION WORKFORCE ACT OF 2021; PROVIDING FOR CONSIDERATION OF H.R. 2499, FEDERAL FIREFIGHTERS FAIRNESS ACT OF 2022; PROVIDING FOR CONSIDERATION OF H.R. 5129, COMMUNITY SERVICES BLOCK GRANT MODERNIZATION ACT OF 2022; PROVIDING FOR CONSIDERATION OF H.R. 7691, ADDITIONAL UKRAINE SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2022; AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. PAYNE). The gentleman from Maryland is recognized.

Mr. RASKIN. Mr. Speaker, I yield 1 minute to the gentlewoman from Texas (Ms. JACKSON LEE).

Ms. JACKSON LEE. Mr. Speaker, I thank the gentleman for yielding.

I reject the notion that America is not strong enough to stand with Ukraine as it tramples on autocracy. I reject the notion that America and the American people are not strong enough to stand with those in Ukraine who are fighting for their survival and fighting against the horrible violence of Vladimir Putin. I reject the notion that Americans are not empathetic about Mariupol and what the mayor at that time on April 12 said; he noted that 210 children were murdered by this vicious bombing in the midst of 21,000 dead.

As I traveled with Leader HOYER, over and over again I asked the question about the children. As UNICEF said, this war is a nightmare for Ukraine's children.

This supplemental for Ukraine recognizes that. It recognizes that democracy must stand but that children must be protected with the focus on humanitarian aid, eliminating or stopping human trafficking, and recognizing that girls and women have been raped. It is time for us to speak what the American people have spoken, that

they are standing with Ukraine. They want a victory for Ukraine.

This supplemental will help us stand with Ukraine. I ask my colleagues to support it and to recognize victory for Ukraine.

Mrs. FISCHBACH. Mr. Speaker, I am prepared to close, and I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. RASKIN. Mr. Speaker, I am prepared to close, and I reserve the balance of my time.

Mrs. FISCHBACH. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself the balance of my time.

Mr. Speaker, I just wanted to comment a little bit. There have been some complaints that our speakers on our side of the aisle here are not addressing the issues in Ukraine and the bill that has been presented to us this afternoon. But right now we are talking about the rule, and we are dealing with procedures for what will happen the rest of this week.

This is a rules debate, and we will get to the substance of the issue and the debate on each of the bills that we are talking about right now. I am sure, I know that our Members will be talking about the Ukraine bill and some of the concerns and some of the positives about that bill with all of the time that is allotted for those debates later today. I am sure that there will be great discussion about each of the bills at great length.

In the meantime, there is great concern regarding the Disinformation Governance Board, and I think that this body needs to discuss that. That is why we bring it up.

Mr. Speaker, I oppose the rule and the previous question, I ask Members to do the same, and I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. RASKIN. Mr. Speaker, I thank the gentlewoman for her remarks. We were interrupted by a motion to adjourn a few moments ago.

Ukrainians are being slaughtered by Putin's army as we speak. Schools, churches, and hospitals have been bombarded, and yet I think 188 of our colleagues voted just to pack it up and to go home instead of acting to provide the people of Ukraine and President Zelenskyy with the military and humanitarian assistance that they need. I am very glad, and I thank the bipartisan majority that rejected that approach, and I want us to make sure we are sending a message of hope and solidarity to the people of Ukraine.

Mr. Speaker, if we have isolationists in the House, I hope that they don't flatter themselves to think that Vladimir Putin is some kind of civil libertarian. Vladimir Putin is no civil libertarian for those people who have found the cause of civil liberties today. Vladimir Putin is no civil libertarian.

He is shutting down the freedom of speech and blocking his people's access to social media. He has thrown thousands of people into prison for protesting against his war in Ukraine. He just signed a new law to impose 15 years in prison on anyone who pub-

lishes or broadcasts what Russian Government censors consider false information about the invasion of Ukraine.

In fact, it is against the law in Russia now to even describe the invasion of Ukraine and the war against Ukraine as an invasion or a war. You can't describe it. Talk about Orwellian.

Why did we hear nothing from our colleagues about that?

Do they actually think that Vladimir Putin is fighting for civil liberties in his bloody and filthy invasion of Ukraine and his attempt to demolish a country?

Mr. Speaker, the American people in every public opinion poll we have seen stand strongly with the people of Ukraine. They understand illegal aggression when they see it. We know that Vladimir Putin is trying to crush the sovereignty of the people of Ukraine.

America stands with the NATO countries. America stands with the democratic governments and peoples of the world. America stands with democracy all over the world. That is who we are. That is who we are. We will never forget it, and we will never let go of it. We will not fall prey to Putin's propaganda, his disinformation, or the conspiracy theory that tries to blind us to the reality of what is happening in Ukraine today.

Mr. Speaker, I urge a "yes" vote on the rule and the previous question.

Mr. RODNEY DAVIS of Illinois. Mr. Speaker, this past February, a Democrat staffer organization began a public campaign to unionize. A month later, the Committee on House Administration held a hearing on the topic of congressional unions.

To be clear, that hearing was not to consider the resolution that is before the House floor today, much less a mark-up. That hearing was, however, an opportunity to ask the Office of Congressional Workplace Rights—the office that administers the law governing unionization efforts in Congress—questions about how staffer unions would logistically work. The result of that hearing was more unanswered questions.

While unions play a vital role in many workplaces, including throughout my district, they just aren't feasible for Congress. OCWR's own General Counsel was unable to provide answers regarding how the unique office structures, fluctuating partisan balance, and unavoidable turnover due to elections would impact congressional unions. Yet Speaker PELOSI is bringing forward the resolution for a vote anyway.

This isn't about helping all staffers, because if it were then the majority would have given Republicans the opportunity to provide our input, including a chance to amend today's resolution. But once again, the majority is abandoning regular order to push a partisan proposal.

One of the main concerns of staffers is low pay. As a former staffer myself, I know both the opportunities and challenges of working in a Congressional office and can assure you that an office providing fair pay and maintaining a healthy work environment are the keys to recruiting and retaining top talent. And I have great news for everyone here today: you

don't need to wait for the Speaker to unilaterally implement a pay order to start doing so. Every Member's office was provided a 21 percent MRA increase in March of this year.

Further, collective bargaining would not and could not address the issue of low pay—Federal law forbids this. Federal law also prohibits negotiation on healthcare and retirement benefits even if this resolution were to pass. Instead, union dues would just take more money out of staff's hard-earned paychecks without really anything to show for it.

Unionization also creates potential conflicts of interest that could impact a Member's constitutional responsibilities, including unique influence over Members' development and passage of certain legislation, and political contributions to Members using dues paid by their staff. As a reminder, under current law, congressional staff are not allowed to make political contributions to their employers.

I urge my colleagues to oppose this resolution because it is quite simple: unions don't make sense for Congress.

Ms. ROYBAL-ALLARD. Mr. Speaker, today I rise in strong support of H. Res. 1096 because I believe the time has come to recognize our Congressional Workers' Right to Organize. Just as celebrated Mexican American Civil Rights Activist and Labor Leader, Cesar Chavez said ("Se Puede."). Yes, you can.

Madam Speaker, the American Labor Movement was born out of a creed and fundamental belief rooted firmly in protecting the common interests of workers by promoting and advancing the social, political, and economic equality of every man, woman, and child.

Throughout our nation's history, workers have come together to bravely share their workplace experiences and illustrate their need for the protected right to organize. The earliest labor unions were inspired by a just society, deriving their ideals from the American Revolution. They sought to create conditions that fostered social equality, celebrated honest labor, and relied on independent and virtuous citizenship.

It was the American Federation of Labor, a union, that successfully negotiated wage increases for its members and enhanced workplace safety in the early 20th Century.

And it was the dedication and efforts from unions like United Farm Workers, United Auto Workers, and United Steelworkers, that have long championed religious freedoms, the evolving demands of the environmental movement; the rights of farm workers; promoting human rights both domestically and abroad; advancing civil liberties; social justice, and economic equality for every American.

It took President Franklin D. Roosevelt's leadership and the hard work of unions for Congress to pass the Fair Labor Standards Act in 1938, which is responsible for establishing the eight-hour day and five-day week for wage employees. As FDR once told union and civil-rights leader A. Philip Randolph, he agreed with the labor movement's ideas, but it was the work of the activists that made him go out and advocate for these reforms.

Throughout our Nation's history, workers and their unions have agitated lobbied, organized, struck, and voted for decades to achieve more equitable and safe working conditions.

For the past thirty years, it has been my great honor to serve the California's 40th Congressional District and the American people. I

have been able to do this through a hard-working, dedicated and committed staff.

I am happy to join my colleagues in bringing Congressional Staff closer to having the legal right to organize and bargain collectively.

Yes, you can.

(Si, Se Puede)

The material previously referred to by Mrs. FISCHBACH is as follows:

AMENDMENT TO HOUSE RESOLUTION 1097

At the end of the resolution, add the following:

SEC. 17. Immediately upon adoption of this resolution, the House shall proceed to the consideration in the House of the bill (H.R. 7690) to prohibit the use of Federal funds to establish or carry out the activities of a Disinformation Governance Board of the Department of Homeland Security, and for other purposes. All points of order against consideration of the bill are waived. The bill shall be considered as read. All points of order against provisions in the bill are waived. The previous question shall be considered as ordered on the bill and on any amendment thereto to final passage without intervening motion except: (1) one hour of debate equally divided and controlled by the chair and ranking minority member of the Committee on Homeland Security; and (2) one motion to recommit.

SEC. 18. Clause 1(c) of rule XIX shall not apply to the consideration of H.R. 7690.

Mr. RASKIN. Mr. Speaker, I yield back the balance of my time, and I move the previous question on the resolution.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on ordering the previous question.

The question was taken; and the Speaker pro tempore announced that the ayes appeared to have it.

Mrs. FISCHBACH. Mr. Speaker, on that I demand the yeas and nays.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Members will record their vote by electronic device.

Pursuant to clause 9 of rule XX, the Chair will reduce to 5 minutes the minimum time for any electronic vote on the question of adoption of the resolution.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 218, nays 203, not voting 8, as follows:

[Roll No. 143]

YEAS—218

Adams	Casten	Demings
Aguilar	Castor (FL)	DeSaulnier
Allred	Castro (TX)	Deutch
Auchincloss	Cherfilus-	Dingell
Axne	McCormick	Doggett
Barragán	Chu	Doyle, Michael
Bass	Cicilline	F.
Beatty	Clark (MA)	Escobar
Beyer	Clarke (NY)	Eshoo
Bishop (GA)	Cleaver	Española
Blumenauer	Clyburn	Evans
Blunt Rochester	Cohen	Fletcher
Bonamici	Connolly	Foster
Bourdeaux	Cooper	Frankel, Lois
Bowman	Correa	Galleo
Boyle, Brendan	Costa	Garamendi
F.	Courtney	García (IL)
Brown (MD)	Craig	García (TX)
Brown (OH)	Crist	Golden
Brownley	Crow	Gomez
Bush	Cuellar	Gonzalez,
Bustos	David (KS)	Vicente
Butterfield	Davis, Danny K.	Gottheimer
Carbajal	Dean	Green, Al (TX)
Cárdenas	DeFazio	Grijalva
Carson	DeGette	Harder (CA)
Carter (LA)	DeLauro	Hayes
Cartwright	DelBene	Higgins (NY)
Case	Delgado	Himes

Horsford	McCollum	Schakowsky
Houlahan	McEachin	Schiff
Hoyer	McGovern	Schneider
Huffman	McNerney	Schrader
Jackson Lee	Meeks	Schrier
Jacobs (CA)	Meng	Scott (VA)
Jayapal	Mfume	Scott, David
Jeffries	Moore (WI)	Sewell
Johnson (GA)	Morelle	Sherman
Johnson (TX)	Moulton	Sherrill
Jones	Mrvan	Sires
Kahele	Murphy (FL)	Slotkin
Kaptur	Nadler	Smith (WA)
Keating	Napolitano	Soto
Kelly (IL)	Neal	Spanberger
Khanna	Neguse	Speier
Kildee	Newman	Stansbury
Kilmer	Norcross	Stanton
Kim (NJ)	O'Halleran	Stevens
Kind	Ocasio-Cortez	Suozzi
Kirkpatrick	Omar	Swalwell
Krishnamoorthi	Pallone	Takano
Kuster	Panetta	Thompson (CA)
Lamb	Pappas	Thompson (MS)
Langevin	Pascrell	Titus
Larsen (WA)	Payne	Tlaib
Larson (CT)	Perlmutter	Tonko
Lawrence	Peters	Torres (CA)
Lawson (FL)	Phillips	Torres (NY)
Lee (CA)	Pingree	Trahan
Lee (NV)	Pocan	Trone
Leger Fernandez	Porter	Underwood
Levin (CA)	Pressley	Vargas
Levin (MI)	Price (NC)	Veasey
Lieu	Quigley	Velázquez
Lofgren	Raskin	Wasserman
Lowenthal	Rice (NY)	Schultz
Luria	Ross	Waters
Lynch	Roybal-Allard	Watson Coleman
Malinowski	Ruiz	Welch
Maloney,	Ruppersberger	Wexton
Carolyn B.	Rush	Wild
Maloney, Sean	Ryan	Williams (GA)
Manning	Sánchez	Wilson (FL)
Matsui	Sarbanes	Yarmuth
McBath	Scanlon	

NAYS—203

Aderholt	Ellzey	Johnson (OH)
Allen	Emmer	Johnson (SD)
Amodei	Estes	Jordan
Armstrong	Fallon	Joyce (OH)
Arrington	Feenstra	Joyce (PA)
Babin	Ferguson	Katko
Bacon	Fischbach	Keller
Baird	Fitzgerald	Kelly (MS)
Balderson	Fitzpatrick	Kelly (PA)
Banks	Fleischmann	Kim (CA)
Barr	Fox	Kustoff
Bentz	Franklin, C.	LaHood
Bergman	Scott	LaMalfa
Bice (OK)	Fulcher	Lamborn
Biggs	Gaetz	Latta
Bilirakis	Gallagher	LaTurner
Bishop (NC)	Garbarino	Lesko
Boebert	García (CA)	Letlow
Bost	Gibbs	Long
Brady	Jimenez	Loudermilk
Brooks	Gohmert	Lucas
Buchanan	Gonzales, Tony	Luetkemeyer
Buck	Gonzalez (OH)	Mace
Bucshon	Good (VA)	Malliotakis
Budd	Gooden (TX)	Mann
Burchett	Gosar	Massie
Burgess	Granger	Mast
Calvert	Graves (LA)	McCarthy
Cammack	Graves (MO)	McCaul
Carey	Green (TN)	McClain
Carl	Greene (GA)	McClintock
Carter (GA)	Griffith	McHenry
Carter (TX)	Grothman	Meijer
Cawthorn	Guest	Meuser
Chabot	Guthrie	Miller (IL)
Cheney	Harris	Miller (WV)
Cline	Harshbarger	Miller-Meeks
Cloud	Hartzler	Moolenaar
Clyde	Hern	Mooney
Cole	Herrell	Moore (AL)
Comer	Herrera Beutler	Moore (UT)
Crawford	Hice (GA)	Mullin
Crenshaw	Hill	Nehls
Curtis	Hinson	Newhouse
Davidson	Hollingsworth	Norman
Davis, Rodney	Hudson	Overnolte
DesJarlais	Huizenga	Owens
Diaz-Balart	Issa	Palazzo
Donalds	Jackson	Palmer
Duncan	Jacobs (NY)	Pence
Dunn	Johnson (LA)	Perry

Pfleger	Simpson	Turner
Posey	Smith (MO)	Upton
Reschenthaler	Smith (NE)	Valadao
Rice (SC)	Smith (NJ)	Van Drew
Rodgers (WA)	Smucker	Van Dyne
Rogers (AL)	Spartz	Wagner
Rogers (KY)	Stauber	Walberg
Rose	Steel	Walorski
Rosendale	Stefanik	Waltz
Rouzer	Stell	Weber (TX)
Roy	Steube	Webster (FL)
Rutherford	Stewart	Wenstrup
Salazar	Taylor	Westerman
Scalise	Tenney	Williams (TX)
Schweikert	Thompson (PA)	Wilson (SC)
Scott, Austin	Tiffany	Wittman
Sessions	Timmons	Womack

NOT VOTING—8

Bera	McKinley	Strickland
Higgins (LA)	Murphy (NC)	Zeldin
Kinzinger	Reed	

□ 2015

So the previous question was ordered. The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

MEMBERS RECORDED PURSUANT TO HOUSE RESOLUTION 8, 117TH CONGRESS

Barragán (Beyer)	Gottheimer	Ocasio-Cortez
Bourdeaux	(Pallone)	(Bowman)
(Wexton)	Herrera Beutler	Porter (Wexton)
Brown (MD)	(Katko)	Price (NC) (Ross)
(Evans)	Horsford (Evans)	Rush (Evans)
Brownley	Huffman	Ryan (Kaptur)
(Kuster)	(Neguse)	Scanlon (Garcia
Carter (LA)	Johnson (TX)	(TX))
(Jeffries)	(Jeffries)	Scott, David
Carter (TX)	Kelly (IL) (Blunt	(Jeffries)
(Babin)	Rochester	Sires (Pallone)
Castro (TX)	Kim (CA) (Steel)	Speier (Escobar)
(Garcia (TX))	Kirkpatrick	Suozzi (Beyer)
Cawthorn (Moore	(Pallone)	Thompson (MS)
(AL))	Lamb (Pallone)	(Jeffries)
Correa (Costa)	Langevin	Tiffany
Cuellar (Garcia	(Lynch)	(Fitzgerald)
(TX))	Lawrence	Titus (Connolly)
Curtis (Moore	(Stevens)	Walorski
(UT))	Lawson (FL)	(Wagner)
Delgado (Neguse)	(Soto)	Wild (Evans)
DeSaulnier	Meng (Escobar)	Wilson (FL)
(Beyer)	Mfume (Evans)	(Neguse)
Diaz-Balart	Mooney (Miller	Wilson (SC)
(Cammack)	(WV))	(Timmons)
Doyle, Michael	Moore (WI)	
F. (Evans)	(Beyer)	

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Ms. JACKSON LEE). The question is on the resolution.

The question was taken; and the Speaker pro tempore announced that the ayes appeared to have it.

Mrs. FISCHBACH. Madam Speaker, on that I demand the yeas and nays.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to section 3(s) of House Resolution 8, the yeas and nays are ordered.

This is a 5-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 217, nays 202, not voting 10, as follows:

[Roll No. 144]

YEAS—217

Adams	Boyle, Brendan	Castro (TX)
Aguilar	F.	Cherfilus-
Allred	Brown (MD)	McCormick
Auchincloss	Brown (OH)	Chu
Axne	Brownley	Cicilline
Barragán	Bush	Clark (MA)
Bass	Bustos	Clarke (NY)
Beatty	Butterfield	Cleaver
Beyer	Carbajal	Clyburn
Bishop (GA)	Cárdenas	Cohen
Blumenauer	Carson	Connolly
Blunt Rochester	Carter (LA)	Cooper
Bonamici	Cartwright	Correa
Bourdeaux	Case	Costa
Bowman	Casten	Courtney
	Castor (FL)	Craig

Crist
Crow
Cuellar
Davids (KS)
Davis, Danny K.
Dean
DeFazio
DeGette
DeLauro
DelBene
Delgado
Demings
DeSaulnier
Deutch
Dingell
Doggett
Doyle, Michael F.
Escobar
Eshoo
Espallat
Evans
Fletcher
Foster
Gallego
Garamendi
Garcia (IL)
Garcia (TX)
Golden
Gomez
Gonzalez, Vicente
Gottheimer
Green, Al (TX)
Grijalva
Harder (CA)
Hayes
Higgins (NY)
Himes
Horsford
Houlahan
Hoyer
Huffman
Jackson Lee
Jacobs (CA)
Jayapal
Jeffries
Johnson (GA)
Johnson (TX)
Jones
Kahale
Kaptur
Keating
Kelly (IL)
Khanna
Kildee
Kilmer
Kim (NJ)
Kind

Kirkpatrick
Krishnamoorthi
Kuster
Lamb
Langevin
Larsen (WA)
Larson (CT)
Lawrence
Lawson (FL)
Lee (CA)
Lee (NV)
Leger Fernandez
Levin (CA)
Levin (MI)
Lieu
Lofgren
Lowenthal
Luria
Lynch
Malinowski
Maloney,
Carolyn B.
Maloney, Sean
Manning
Matsui
McBath
McCollum
McEachin
McGovern
McNerney
Meeks
Meng
Mfume
Moore (WI)
Morelle
Moulton
Mrvan
Murphy (FL)
Nadler
Napolitano
Neal
Neguse
Newman
Norcross
O'Halleran
Ocasio-Cortez
Omar
Pallone
Panetta
Pappas
Pascarell
Payne
Perlmutter
Peters
Phillips
Pingree
Pocan
Porter
Pressley

Price (NC)
Quigley
Raskin
Rice (NY)
Ross
Roybal-Allard
Ruiz
Ruppersberger
Rush
Ryan
Sánchez
Sarbanes
Scanlon
Schakowsky
Schiff
Schneider
Schrader
Schrier
Scott (VA)
Scott, David
Sewell
Sherman
Sherrill
Sires
Slotkin
Smith (WA)
Soto
Spanberger
Speier
Stansbury
Stanton
Stevens
Suoizzi
Swalwell
Takano
Thompson (CA)
Thompson (MS)
Titus
Tlaib
Tonko
Torres (CA)
Torres (NY)
Trahan
Trone
Underwood
Vargas
Veasey
Velázquez
Wasserman
Schultz
Waters
Watson Coleman
Welch
Wexton
Wild
Williams (GA)
Wilson (FL)
Yarmuth

NAYS—202

Aderholt
Allen
Amodel
Armstrong
Arrington
Babin
Bacon
Baird
Balderson
Banks
Barr
Bentz
Bergman
Bice (OK)
Biggs
Bilirakis
Bishop (NC)
Boebert
Bost
Brady
Brooks
Buchanan
Buck
Bucshon
Budd
Burchett
Burgess
Calvert
Cammack
Carey
Carl
Carter (GA)
Carter (TX)
Cawthorn
Chabot
Cheney
Cline
Cloud

Clyde
Cole
Comer
Crawford
Crenshaw
Curtis
Davidson
Davis, Rodney
DesJarlais
Diaz-Balart
Donalds
Duncan
Dunn
Ellzey
Emmer
Estes
Fallon
Feenstra
Ferguson
Fischbach
Fitzgerald
Fitzpatrick
Fleischmann
Fox
Franklin, C.
Scott
Fulcher
Gaetz
Gallagher
Garbarino
Garcia (CA)
Gibbs
Gimenez
Gohmert
Gonzales, Tony
Gonzalez (OH)
Good (VA)
Gooden (TX)

Gosar
Granger
Graves (LA)
Graves (MO)
Green (TN)
Greene (GA)
Griffith
Grothman
Guest
Guthrie
Harris
Harshbarger
Hartzler
Hern
Herrell
Herrera Beutler
Hice (GA)
Hill
Hinson
Hollingsworth
Hudson
Huizenga
Issa
Jackson
Jacobs (NY)
Johnson (LA)
Johnson (OH)
Johnson (SD)
Jordan
Joyce (OH)
Joyce (PA)
Katko
Keller
Kelly (MS)
Kelly (PA)
Kim (CA)
Kustoff
LaHood

LaMalfa
Lamborn
Latta
LaTurner
Lesko
Letlow
Long
Loudermilk
Lucas
Luetkemeyer
Mace
Malliotakis
Mann
Massie
Mast
McCarthy
McCaul
McClain
McClintock
McHenry
Meijer
Meuser
Miller (IL)
Miller (WV)
Miller-Meeks
Moonen
Moore (AL)
Moore (UT)
Mullin

Nehls
Newhouse
Norman
Obermole
Owens
Palazzo
Palmer
Pence
Perry
Pfluger
Posey
Rescenhaller
Rice (SC)
Rodgers (WA)
Rogers (AL)
Rogers (KY)
Rose
Rosendale
Rouzer
Roy
Rutherford
Salazar
Scalise
Schweikert
Scott, Austin
Sessions
Simpson
Smith (MO)
Smith (NE)
Smith (NJ)

Smucker
Stauber
Steel
Stefanik
Steil
Steube
Stewart
Taylor
Tenney
Thompson (PA)
Tiffany
Timmons
Turner
Upton
Valadao
Van Drew
Van Duyen
Wagner
Walberg
Walorski
Waltz
Weber (TX)
Webster (FL)
Wenstrup
Westerman
Williams (TX)
Wilson (SC)
Wittman
Womack

NOT VOTING—10

Bera
Frankel, Lois
Higgins (LA)
Kinzinger

McKinley
Murphy (NC)
Reed
Spartz

Strickland
Zeldin

□ 2029

So the resolution was agreed to.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

Stated for:

Ms. LOIS FRANKEL of Florida. Madam Speaker, had I been present, I would have voted "yea" on rollcall no. 144.

PERSONAL EXPLANATION

Mr. HIGGINS of Louisiana. Madam Speaker, I was attending a funeral for a Thin Blue Line Brother and was unable to make it back to Washington in time to vote. Had I been present, I would have voted "nay" on rollcall No. 142, "nay" on rollcall No. 143, and "nay" on rollcall No. 144.

MEMBERS RECORDED PURSUANT TO HOUSE RESOLUTION 8, 117TH CONGRESS

Barragán (Beyer)
Bourdeaux
(Wexton)
Brown (MD)
(Evans)
Brownley
(Kuster)
Carter (LA)
(Jeffries)
Carter (TX)
(Babin)
Castro (TX)
(Garcia (TX))
Cawthorn (Moore
(AL))
Correa (Costa)
Cuellar (Garcia
(TX))
Curtis (Moore
(UT))
Delgado (Neguse)
DeSaulnier
(Beyer)
Diaz-Balart
(Cammack)
Doyle, Michael
F. (Evans)

Gottheimer
(Pallone)
Herrera Beutler
(Katko)
Horsford (Evans)
Huffman
(Neguse)
Johnson (TX)
(Jeffries)
Kelly (IL) (Blunt
Rochester)
Kim (CA) (Steel)
Kirkpatrick
(Pallone)
Lamb (Pallone)
Langevin
(Lynch)
Lawrence
(Stevens)
Lawson (FL)
(Soto)
Meng (Escobar)
Mfume (Evans)
Mooney (Miller
(WV))
Moore (WI)
(Beyer)

Ocasio-Cortez
(Bowman)
Porter (Wexton)
Price (NC) (Ross)
Rush (Evans)
Ryan (Kaptur)
Scanlon (Garcia
(TX))
Scott, David
(Jeffries)
Sires (Pallone)
Speier (Escobar)
Suoizzi (Beyer)
Thompson (MS)
(Jeffries)
Tiffany
(Fitzgerald)
Titus (Connolly)
Walorski
(Wagner)
Wild (Evans)
Wilson (FL)
(Neguse)
Wilson (SC)
(Timmons)

RECOGNIZING CONGRESSIONAL WORKERS' RIGHTS TO ORGANIZE

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to House Resolution 1097, H. Res. 1096 is hereby adopted.

The text of the resolution is as follows:

H. RES. 1096

Resolved,

SECTION 1. APPROVAL OF REGULATIONS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The regulations described in subsection (b) are hereby approved, insofar as such regulations apply to covered employees of the House of Representatives under the Congressional Accountability Act of 1995 and to the extent such regulations are consistent with the provisions of such Act.

(b) REGULATIONS APPROVED.—The regulations described in this subsection are the regulations issued by the Office of Compliance on August 19, 1996, under section 220(e) of the Congressional Accountability Act of 1995 to implement section 220 of such Act (relating to the application of chapter 71 of title 5, United States Code), as published in the Congressional Record on September 4, 1996 (Volume 142, daily edition), beginning on page H10019, and stated as follows:

“§ 2472 Specific regulations regarding certain offices of Congress

“§ 2472.1 Purpose and Scope

“The regulations contained in this section implement the provisions of chapter 71 as applied by section 220 of the CAA to covered employees in the following employing offices:

“(A) the personal office of any member of the House of Representatives or of any Senator;

“(B) a standing select, special, permanent, temporary, or other committee of the Senate or House of Representatives, or a joint committee of Congress;

“(C) the Office of the Vice President (as President of the Senate), the office of the President pro tempore of the Senate, the Office of the Majority Leader of the Senate, the Office of the Minority Leader of the Senate, the Office of the Majority Whip of the Senate, the Office of the Minority Whip of the Senate, the Conference of the Majority of the Senate, the Conference of the Minority of the Senate, the Office of the Secretary of the Conference of the Majority of the Senate, the Office of the Secretary of the Conference of the Minority of the Senate, the Office of the Secretary for the Majority of the Senate, the Office of the Secretary for the Minority of the Senate, the Majority Policy Committee of the Senate, the Minority Policy Committee of the Senate, and the following offices within the Office of the Secretary of the Senate: Offices of the Parliamentarian, Bill Clerk, Legislative Clerk, Journal Clerk, Executive Clerk, Enrolling Clerk, Official Reporters of Debate, Daily Digest, Printing Services, Captioning Services, and Senate Chief Counsel for Employment;

“(D) the Office of the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the Office of the Majority Leader of the House of Representatives, the Office of the Minority Leader of the House of Representatives, the Offices of the Chief Deputy Majority Whips, the Offices of the Chief Deputy Minority Whips, and the following offices within the Office of the Clerk of the House of Representatives: Offices of Legislative Operations, Official Reporters of Debate, Official Reporters to Committees, Printing Services, and Legislative Information;

“(E) the Office of the Legislative Counsel of the Senate, the Office of the Senate Legal Counsel, the Office of the Legislative Counsel of the House of Representatives, the Office of the General Counsel of the House of Representatives, the Office of the Parliamentarian of the House of Representatives, and the Office of the Law Revision Counsel;

“(F) the offices of any caucus or party organization;

“(G) the Congressional Budget Office, the Office of Technology Assessment, and the Office of Compliance; and

“(H) the Executive Office of the Secretary of the Senate, the Office of Senate Security, the Senate Disbursing Office, the Administrative Office of the Sergeant at Arms of the Senate, the Office of the Majority Whip of the House of Representatives, the Office of the Minority Whip of the House of Representatives, the Office of House Employment Counsel, the Immediate Office of the Clerk of the House of Representatives, the Immediate Office of the Chief Administrative Officer of the House of Representatives, the Office of Legislative Computer Systems of the House of Representatives, the Office of Finance of the House of Representatives and the Immediate Office of the Sergeant at Arms of the House of Representatives.

“§ 2472.2 Application of Chapter 71

“(a) The requirements and exemptions of chapter 71 of title 5, United States Code, as made applicable by section 220 of the CAA, shall apply to covered employees who are employed in the offices listed in section H2472.1 in the same manner and to the same extent as those requirements and exemptions are applied to other covered employees.

“(b) The regulations of the Office, as set forth at section 2420–29 and 2470–71, shall apply to the employing offices listed in section 2472.1, covered employees who are employed in those offices, and representatives of those employees.”.

ADDITIONAL UKRAINE SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2022

Ms. DELAURO. Mr. Speaker, pursuant to House Resolution 1097, I call up the bill (H.R. 7691) making emergency supplemental appropriations for assistance for the situation in Ukraine for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2022, and for other purposes, and ask for its immediate consideration in the House.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. CARSON). Pursuant to House Resolution 1097, the amendment printed in part G of House Report 117–320 shall be considered as adopted, and bill, as amended, is considered read.

The text of the bill, as amended, is as follows:

H.R. 7691

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2022, and for other purposes, namely:

TITLE I

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

GENERAL ADMINISTRATION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

For an additional amount for “Salaries and Expenses”, \$67,000,000, to remain available until expended, for expenses authorized by section 524(c) of title 28, United States Code, to respond to the situation in Ukraine and for related expenses: Provided, That amounts provided under this heading in this Act may not be used to increase the number of permanent positions: Provided further, That amounts provided under this heading in this Act may be transferred to, and merged with, other appropriation accounts

of the Department of Justice, to respond to the situation in Ukraine and for related expenses: Provided further, That amounts provided under this heading in this Act may be used to investigate, seize, detain, forfeit, inventory, safeguard, maintain, advertise, sell, or dispose of any property, real or personal, tangible or intangible, related to Russian aggression, including Russian aggression toward Ukraine, or for any other necessary expense incident to the seizure, detention, forfeiture, or disposal of such property: Provided further, That the authorities included in the preceding proviso are in addition to any other authority provided by law.

TITLE II

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

MILITARY PERSONNEL

MILITARY PERSONNEL, ARMY

For an additional amount for “Military Personnel, Army”, \$12,750,000, to remain available until September 30, 2022, to respond to the situation in Ukraine and for related expenses, including for hardship duty pay.

MILITARY PERSONNEL, NAVY

For an additional amount for “Military Personnel, Navy”, \$37,500, to remain available until September 30, 2022, to respond to the situation in Ukraine and for related expenses, including for hardship duty pay.

MILITARY PERSONNEL, MARINE CORPS

For an additional amount for “Military Personnel, Marine Corps”, \$675,000, to remain available until September 30, 2022, to respond to the situation in Ukraine and for related expenses, including for hardship duty pay.

MILITARY PERSONNEL, AIR FORCE

For an additional amount for “Military Personnel, Air Force”, \$1,590,000, to remain available until September 30, 2022, to respond to the situation in Ukraine and for related expenses, including for hardship duty pay.

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, ARMY

For an additional amount for “Operation and Maintenance, Army”, \$1,493,532,000, to remain available until September 30, 2022, to respond to the situation in Ukraine and for related expenses.

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, NAVY

For an additional amount for “Operation and Maintenance, Navy”, \$939,779,000, to remain available until September 30, 2022, to respond to the situation in Ukraine and for related expenses.

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, AIR FORCE

For an additional amount for “Operation and Maintenance, Air Force”, \$195,262,000, to remain available until September 30, 2022, to respond to the situation in Ukraine and for related expenses.

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, SPACE FORCE

For an additional amount for “Operation and Maintenance, Space Force”, \$800,000, to remain available until September 30, 2022, to respond to the situation in Ukraine and for related expenses.

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, DEFENSE-WIDE (INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

For an additional amount for “Operation and Maintenance, Defense-Wide”, \$15,256,824,000, to remain available until September 30, 2022, to respond to the situation in Ukraine and for related expenses: Provided, That of the total amount provided under this heading in this Act, \$6,000,000,000, to remain available until September 30, 2023, shall be for the Ukraine Security Assistance Initiative: Provided further, That such funds for the Ukraine Security Assistance Initiative shall be available to the Secretary of Defense under the same terms and conditions as are provided for in section 8139 of the Department of Defense Appropriations Act, 2022

(division C of Public Law 117–103): Provided further, That of the total amount provided under this heading in this Act, up to \$9,050,000,000, to remain available until September 30, 2023, may be transferred to accounts under the headings “Operation and Maintenance” and “Procurement” for replacement of defense articles from the stocks of the Department of Defense, and for reimbursement for defense services of the Department of Defense and military education and training, provided to the Government of Ukraine or to foreign countries that have provided support to Ukraine at the request of the United States: Provided further, That funds transferred pursuant to the preceding proviso shall be merged with and available for the same purposes and for the same time period as the appropriations to which the funds are transferred: Provided further, That the Secretary of Defense shall notify the congressional defense committees of the details of such transfers not less than 15 days before any such transfer: Provided further, That upon a determination that all or part of the funds transferred from this appropriation are not necessary for the purposes provided herein, such amounts may be transferred back and merged with this appropriation: Provided further, That the transfer authority provided herein is in addition to any other transfer authority provided by law.

PROCUREMENT

MISSILE PROCUREMENT, ARMY

For an additional amount for “Missile Procurement, Army”, \$350,970,000, to remain available until September 30, 2024, to respond to the situation in Ukraine and for related expenses.

PROCUREMENT OF WEAPONS AND TRACKED COMBAT VEHICLES, ARMY

For an additional amount for “Procurement of Weapons and Tracked Combat Vehicles, Army”, \$255,000, to remain available until September 30, 2024, to respond to the situation in Ukraine and for related expenses.

PROCUREMENT OF AMMUNITION, ARMY

For an additional amount for “Procurement of Ammunition, Army”, \$45,000, to remain available until September 30, 2024, to respond to the situation in Ukraine and for related expenses.

OTHER PROCUREMENT, ARMY

For an additional amount for “Other Procurement, Army”, \$113,440,000, to remain available until September 30, 2024, to respond to the situation in Ukraine and for related expenses.

OTHER PROCUREMENT, NAVY

For an additional amount for “Other Procurement, Navy”, \$1,250,000, to remain available until September 30, 2024, to respond to the situation in Ukraine and for related expenses.

AIRCRAFT PROCUREMENT, AIR FORCE

For an additional amount for “Aircraft Procurement, Air Force”, \$28,500,000, to remain available until September 30, 2024, to respond to the situation in Ukraine and for related expenses.

OTHER PROCUREMENT, AIR FORCE

For an additional amount for “Other Procurement, Air Force”, \$155,382,000, to remain available until September 30, 2024, to respond to the situation in Ukraine and for related expenses.

PROCUREMENT, DEFENSE-WIDE

For an additional amount for “Procurement, Defense-Wide”, \$24,218,000, to remain available until September 30, 2024, to respond to the situation in Ukraine and for related expenses.

DEFENSE PRODUCTION ACT PURCHASES

For an additional amount for “Defense Production Act Purchases”, \$600,000,000, to remain available until expended, to respond to the situation in Ukraine and for related expenses.