The SEC needs to think about the unintended catastrophic consequences this new rule will have on our Nation's farmers, and in turn, on our food supply, which is already going to be short.

We need to fight together in a bipartisan effort to combat this blatant government overreach.

WOMEN'S HEALTH RIGHTS UNDER ATTACK

(Mr. HIGGINS of New York asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. HIGGINS of New York. Madam Speaker, under the Affordable Care Act, contraception is covered as an essential benefit, recognizing its importance to overall healthcare. Yet, this essential health component is one of the many rights under attack by an extreme, politicized Supreme Court.

Congress must act now to protect the freedom of individuals to make their own decisions about reproductive health and family planning.

I urge my colleagues to join me in supporting the Right to Contraception Act and ensure this fundamental healthcare benefit isn't the latest right stolen from the millions of Americans who rely on it.

END INFLATIONARY SPENDING

(Mr. ROSE asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. ROSE. Madam Speaker, inflation is at the highest rate it has been since 1981. Meanwhile, Congressional Democrats are spending this week passing a funding bill full of liberal initiatives that will fan the flames of the already red-hot inflation Tennesseans are facing due to Democrats' reckless spending.

When will enough be enough?

Madam Speaker, Democrats' socialist spending spree includes an overall 14 percent increase in domestic funding, a 20 percent increase to the Environmental Protection Agency, and a 10 percent increase to the FDA, the same department that failed to quickly address the baby formula shortage when we all knew it was coming.

Borrowing more money from China, throwing it out the door and forcing our grandchildren to pay it back only creates more problems, not solve them. We need to return to our commonsense roots and end this inflationary spending now.

I urge my colleagues to join me in voting "no."

DESERT SAGE YOUTH WELLNESS CENTER

(Mr. RUIZ asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. RUIZ. Madam Speaker, I rise today to celebrate the House passage of my bill, the Desert Sage Youth Wellness Center Access Improvement Act, which is now on its way to the President's desk. This much-needed legislation will bring a paved access road to the Desert Sage Youth Wellness Center in Hemet.

The Desert Sage Youth Wellness Center is the only operational Indian Health Service youth treatment center in the entire State. It is the only place in California where Native youth can receive culturally relevant mental health care and substance use disorder treatment.

Yet, to get to the center, patients and staff have to traverse a dirt road that often cracks in the heat and washes out in the rain and hinders deliveries and services.

As a physician, I know how crucial culturally based care is to the health and well-being of our communities. That is why I advocated for the construction of Desert Sage since day one, and why I secured funding for its completion in 2016, and why now, I am working to deliver safe, reliable access to this facility.

Madam Speaker, I urge President Biden to sign this into law immediately to help pave a road worthy of the dignity of the people at Desert Sage Youth Wellness Center.

WORLD TRADE CENTER HEALTH PROGRAM

(Ms. MALLIOTAKIS asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Ms. MALLIOTAKIS. Madam Speaker, I rise today to bring attention to the fact that the World Trade Center Health Program is facing a looming deficit of \$3 billion. In a few weeks we are going to be commemorating the 21-year anniversary of 9/11, the horrific terrorist attacks, where we told fire-fighters, police officers, families who lost loved ones, and those who today are battling cancers and illnesses, that we would never forget, and that we would stand by them and give them what they needed on their journey in this great country.

They gave so selflessly. They put their lives on the line, and so many lost their life on that dreadful day. But to this day, we still have heroes who are battling these illnesses, and we should not be leaving this session, we should not be leaving next week without passing this incredibly important bill, H.R. 4965, the 9/11 Responder and Survivor Health Funding Correction Act.

This bill has bipartisan support. I am proud to be a prime sponsor of this bill, but we must call on the Speaker of the House to bring this to the floor before we leave next week. We owe it to those who put their life on the line for our city and our great country.

TRANSPORTATION, HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT, AND RE-LATED AGENCIES APPROPRIA-TIONS ACT. 2023

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Ms. TLAIB). Pursuant to House Resolution 1232 and rule XVIII, the Chair declares the House in the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union for the further consideration of the bill, H.R. 8294.

Will the gentleman from Michigan (Mr. LEVIN) kindly take the chair.

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IN THE COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE

Accordingly, the House resolved itself into the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union for the further consideration of the bill (H.R. 8294) making appropriations for the Departments of Transportation, and Housing and Urban Development, and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2023, and for other purposes, with Mr. LEVIN of Michigan (Acting Chair) in the chair.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The Acting CHAIR. When the Committee of the Whole rose on Tuesday, July 19, 2022, the sixth set of en bloc amendments offered by the gentlewoman from Connecticut (Ms. DELAURO) had been disposed of.

AMENDMENTS EN BLOC NO. 7 OFFERED BY MS. DELAURO OF CONNECTICUT

Ms. DELAURO. Mr. Chair, pursuant to House Resolution 1232, I offer amendments en bloc.

The Acting CHAIR. The Clerk will designate the amendments en bloc.

Amendments en bloc No. 7 consisting of amendment Nos. 104, 106, 107, 113, 115, 116, 123, 125, 136, 141, 142, 152, 153, 155, 156, 158, 159, 161, 164, 172, 174, 180, 181, 182, 186, 187, 188, 189, and 190 printed in part A of House Report 117–420, offered by Ms. Delauro of Connecticut:

AMENDMENT NO. 104 OFFERED BY MR. CROW OF COLORADO

Page 497, line 4, after the dollar amount, insert ''(reduced by 6,700,000)''.

Page 500, line 23, after the dollar amount, insert "(reduced by \$6,700,000)".

Page 525, line 10, after the dollar amount, insert "(increased by \$6,700,000)".

AMENDMENT NO. 106 OFFERED BY MR. DEUTCH OF FLORIDA

Page 419, line 19, after the dollar amount, insert "(reduced by \$500,000)".

Page 510, line 24, after the dollar amount, insert "(increased by \$500,000)".

AMENDMENT NO. 107 OFFERED BY MS. ESCOBAR OF TEXAS

Page 524, line 8, after the first dollar amount, insert "(reduced by \$2,000,000)".

Page 525, line 10, after the dollar amount, insert "(increased by \$2,000,000)".

AMENDMENT NO. 113 OFFERED BY MR.

Page 497, line 4, after the dollar amount, insert "(reduced by \$1,000,000)".

Page 500, line 23, after the dollar amount, insert "(reduced by \$1,000,000)".

Page 526, line 4, after the dollar amount, insert "(increased by \$1,000,000)".

AMENDMENT NO. 115 OFFERED BY MR.

Page 421, line 25, after the first dollar amount, insert "(increased by \$3,000,000)".

Page 497, line 4, after the dollar amount, insert "(reduced by \$3,000,000)".

Page 500, line 23, after the dollar amount, insert "(reduced by \$3,000,000)".

AMENDMENT NO. 116 OFFERED BY MR. GRAVES OF LOUISIANA

Page 527 line 21, after the first dollar amount, insert "(reduced by \$1,000,000)".

Page 527 line 21, after the first dollar amount, insert "(increased by \$1,000,000)".

AMENDMENT NO. 123 OFFERED BY MR. LAMALFA OF CALIFORNIA

Page 524, line 8, after the first dollar amount, insert "(reduced by \$30,000,000) (increased by \$30,000,000)".

AMENDMENT NO. 125 OFFERED BY MS. MANNING OF NORTH CAROLINA

Page 433, line 3, after the dollar amount, insert "(increased by \$1,000,000)".

Page 433, line 13, after the dollar amount, insert "(increased by \$1,000,000)".

Page 433, line 16, after the dollar amount, insert "(increased by \$1,000,000)".

Page 434, line 25, after the dollar among, insert "(reduced by \$1,000,000)".

AMENDMENT NO. 136 OFFERED BY MR. STEIL OF WISCONSIN

Page 419, line 19, after the dollar amount, insert "(reduced by \$5,000,000)".

Page 455, line 23, after the dollar amount, insert "(increased by \$5,000,000)".

AMENDMENT NO. 141 OFFERED BY MR. BUCHANAN OF FLORIDA

Page 616, line 13, after the dollar amount, insert "(increased by \$1,000,000)".

Page 647, line 22, after the dollar amount, insert "(reduced by \$1,000,000)".

AMENDMENT NO. 142 OFFERED BY MR. BUCHANAN OF FLORIDA

Page 628, line 13, after the dollar amount, insert "(increased by \$2,000,000) (reduced by \$2,000,000)".

AMENDMENT NO. 152 OFFERED BY MR. HUDSON OF NORTH CAROLINA

Page 716, line 12, after the dollar amount, insert "(reduced by \$5,000,000)(increased by \$5,000,000)".

AMENDMENT NO. 153 OFFERED BY MS. JACKSON LEE OF TEXAS

Page 621, line 11, after the dollar amount, insert "(reduced by \$3,000,000) (increased by \$3,000,000)".

AMENDMENT NO. 155 OFFERED BY MS. LOFGREN
OF CALIFORNIA

Page 647, line 22, after the dollar amount, insert "(reduced by \$1,000,000)".

Page 653, line 18, after the dollar amount, insert "(increased by \$1,000,000)".

AMENDMENT NO. 156 OFFERED BY MR. MCCARTHY
OF CALIFORNIA

Page 619, line 25, after the first dollar amount, insert "(reduced by \$5,000,000) (increased by \$5,000,000)".

Page 714, line 23, after the dollar amount, insert "(reduced by \$5,000,000) (increased by \$5,000,000)".

AMENDMENT NO. 158 OFFERED BY MR. MOORE OF UTAH

Page 647, line 22, after the dollar amount, insert "(reduced by \$8,000,000) (increased by \$8,000,000)".

Page 714, line 23, after the dollar amount, insert "(reduced by \$8,000,000) (increased by \$8,000,000)".

AMENDMENT NO. 159 OFFERED BY MR. NADLER OF NEW YORK

Page 647, line 22, after the dollar amount, insert "(reduced by \$4,000,000)(increased by \$4,000,000)".

AMENDMENT NO. 161 OFFERED BY MR. O'HALLERAN OF ARIZONA

Page 712, line 23, after the dollar amount, insert "(reduced by \$1,000,000) (increased by \$1,000,000)".

Page 660, line 19, after the dollar amount, insert "(reduced by \$2,000,000)".

Page 754 line 15 after the first dollar

Page 754, line 15, after the first dollar amount, insert "(increased by \$2,000,000)".

AMENDMENT NO. 172 OFFERED BY MR. ARRINGTON OF TEXAS

Page 823, line 16, after the dollar amount, insert "(reduced by \$1,000,000)".

Page 823, line 17, after the dollar amount, insert "(reduced by \$1,000,000)".

Page 830, line 14, after the dollar amount, insert "(increased by \$1,000,000)".

AMENDMENT NO. 174 OFFERED BY MR. BARR OF KENTUCKY

Page 818, line 3, after the dollar amount, insert "(increased by \$5,000,000)".

Page 819, line 12, after the dollar amount, insert "(reduced by \$5,000,000)".

AMENDMENT NO. 180 OFFERED BY MR.

Page 816, line 20, after the dollar amount, insert "(reduced by 1,000,000) (increased by 1,000,000)".

AMENDMENT NO. 181 OFFERED BY MR. LARSEN OF WASHINGTON

Page 822, line 20, after the dollar amount, insert "(reduced by \$10,000,000)(increased by \$10,000,000)".

AMENDMENT NO. 182 OFFERED BY MS. MANNING OF NORTH CAROLINA

Page 818, line 3, after the dollar amount, insert "(increased by \$1,000,000)".

Page 822, line 20, after the dollar amount, insert "(reduced by \$1,000,000)".

AMENDMENT NO. 186 OFFERED BY MR. DAVID SCOTT OF GEORGIA

Page 818, line 3, after the dollar amount, insert "(increased by \$1,000,000) (reduced by \$1,000,000)".

AMENDMENT NO. 187 OFFERED BY MS. SHERRILL OF NEW JERSEY

Page 818, line 3, after the dollar amount, insert "(reduced by \$10,000,000)(increased by \$10.000.000)".

AMENDMENT NO. 188 OFFERED BY MS. SHERRILL OF NEW JERSEY

Page 818, line 3, after the dollar amount, insert "(increased by \$10,000,000)(reduced by \$10,000,000)".

AMENDMENT NO. 189 OFFERED BY MS. SHERRILL OF NEW JERSEY

Page 818, line 3, after the dollar amount, insert "(reduced by \$3,000,000) (increased by \$3,000,000)".

AMENDMENT NO. 190 OFFERED BY MS. SPANBERGER OF VIRGINIA

Page 818, line 3, after the dollar amount, insert "(increased by \$1,000,000)".

Page 823, line 16, after the dollar amount, insert "(reduced by \$1,000,000)".

Page 823, line 20, after the dollar amount, insert "(reduced by \$1,000,000)".

The Acting CHAIR. Pursuant to House Resolution 1232, the gentle-woman from Connecticut (Ms. DELAURO) and the gentleman from Florida (Mr. DIAZ-BALART) each will control 15 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentlewoman from Connecticut.

Ms. DELAURO. Mr. Chairman, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

The bipartisan en bloc amendment includes 29 proposals offered by my Democratic and Republican colleagues. This bipartisan en bloc amendment will make changes to the Financial Services bill, the Interior bill, and the Military Construction bill.

For example, for the Financial Services bill, the amendment will increase funding for entrepreneurial development programs by \$6.7 million, increase funding for the Truman Foundation, and provide \$5 million to help prevent fentanyl overdoses.

For Interior, the amendment will enhance activities for the preservation of historically Black colleges and universities and civil rights landmarks.

For military construction, the amendment will provide \$1 million for grants to assist States and Tribal organizations in establishing veterans' cemeteries and support increased access to medical care for veterans.

These are bipartisan proposals that we can all support, and I urge my colleagues to support this amendment.

Mr. Chair, I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. DIAZ-BALART. Mr. Chairman, I reserve the balance of my time.

Ms. DELAURO. Mr. Chair, I yield 2 minutes to the gentlewoman from Virginia (Ms. SPANBERGER).

Ms. SPANBERGER. Mr. Chair, I stand in support of my amendment to increase funding for suicide prevention coordinators at the VA, and I thank the chairwoman for her advocacy and

good work on the larger bill.

Last Saturday, the new 988 national suicide prevention lifeline launched. Now veterans in crisis can reach the veterans crisis line by calling 988 and pressing 1.

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This new number will allow more individuals to access help when they need it the most, and it will save lives.

Due to this transition, the VA anticipates an increase in call volume, as much as 2½ times higher than last year. We need to make sure that there are enough professionals in place at the VA to handle the uptick in caseloads—starting with suicide prevention coordinators.

Suicide prevention coordinators receive referrals from Veterans Crisis Line callers, and remain in contact with high-risk veterans, providing follow-up care and connecting them with resources within their communities.

The 988 number is an important step in providing mental health care to veterans in crisis. But it is our duty to ensure that there are suicide prevention coordinators in place to care for those who have borne the battle.

Mr. Chair, I urge my colleagues to join me in supporting the Americans who represent the very best of our country and ensuring the success of the new 988 National Suicide Prevention Lifeline for all those who may need it.

Ms. GRANGER. Mr. Chairman, I yield back the balance of my time.

Ms. DELAURO. Mr. Chairman, as I stated, this en bloc will make this package stronger and meet the needs of the people who have entrusted in us their faith that we can serve them and serve them well.

Mr. Chair, I urge my colleagues to support this amendment, and I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. NADLER. Mr. Chair, I rise in strong support of Amendment 159, which would increase and decreases funding from the Office of the DOI Secretary by \$4,000,000. The intent of Amendment 159 is to increase the funding of the DOI's 9/11 Memorial Act Grant Program for FY2023 from \$4 million to \$8 million.

Authorized by Congress with the passing of the bipartisan 9/11 Memorial Act in 2018 and signed into law in 2019, the program provides funding for the operation, security, and maintenance of a memorial commemorating the victims of the terrorist attacks on the World Trade Center, the Pentagon, and United Flight 93 on September 11, 2001, and the victims of the attack on the World Trade Center on February 26, 1993. Awardees are selected for their extraordinary commitment to honoring the lives lost on 9/11, and those who risked their own lives to save others.

We have endeavored, as a Nation, to ensure that the 9/11 Memorials continue to stand as places of reflection and remembrance for every American. Every generation should know the tragic events of that Tuesday morning and the heroism of those who rushed back to the burning Pentagon and onto the pile at Ground Zero to put out fires, search for survivors, clear debris, and rebuild for months and years. The funding provided by the 9/11 Memorial Act Grant Program is critical to ensuring that memorials-like the acre-wide reflecting pools in the footprint of the Twin Towers in New York and the solemn benches marking each life lost on the grounds of the Pentagon-continue to provide sacred and inspiring spots accessible to millions of visitors for decades to come.

I urge my colleagues to vote Yea on Bipartisan En Bloc 7 and final passage of H.R. 8294

The Acting CHAIR. The question is on the amendments en bloc offered by the gentlewoman from Connecticut (Ms. DELAURO).

The question was taken; and the Acting Chair announced that the ayes appeared to have it.

Ms. GRANGER. Mr. Chair, I demand a recorded vote.

The Acting CHAIR. Pursuant to clause 6 of rule XVIII, further proceedings on the amendments en bloc offered by the gentlewoman from Connecticut will be postponed.

AMENDMENT NO. 137 OFFERED BY MS. TLAIB

The Acting CHAIR. It is now in order to consider amendment No. 137 printed in House Report 117–420.

Ms. TLAIB. Mr. Chair, I have an amendment at the desk.

The Acting CHAIR. The Clerk will designate the amendment.

The text of the amendment is as follows:

At the end of division D (before the short title), insert the following:

SEC. _____. None of the funds made available by any title in this Act may be used to implement, administer, or enforce section 908(b) of the Trade Sanctions Reform and Export Enhancement Act of 2000 (22 U.S.C. 7207(b)).

The Acting CHAIR. Pursuant to House Resolution 1232, the gentle-woman from Michigan (Ms. TLAIB) and a Member opposed each will control 5 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentlewoman from Michigan

Ms. TLAIB. Mr. Chair, I would thank Chairmen QUIGLEY, MEEKS, and McGOVERN and their staffs for working with me on this critical amendment and for their leadership throughout this process.

I also thank the incredible Congresswoman Lee for joining me here today to speak in support of this critical policy change, and, of course, Congressman Crawford who submitted this change as a Republican-led bipartisan amendment to the FSGG appropriations bill in 2017 and has been a great advocate on this issue over the years.

This is an amendment that is critical, and it builds on more than a decade of efforts by bipartisan Members of the House and Senate and the farm industry leaders across the country.

As Cubans face one of the most painful crises in three decades, forcing tens of thousands of Cubans to spend long hours each day waiting in lines in hopes of finding food, our amendment would provide temporary relief to them as well as U.S. farm exporters by suspending enforcement for 1 year of the prohibition and extending credit to Cuban food buyers.

This amendment makes sense for two reasons.

First, the Cuban people are contending with significant food shortages, as I mentioned. By allowing Cuban importers to buy U.S. food products on credit, we can help ease the suffering of everyday Cubans and build good will between our peoples. Simply put, it is the most humane thing we can do right now and the right thing to do.

Second, the amendment would also help American ag producers as well by removing trade barriers that put them at a competitive disadvantage with countries thousands of miles away, like China and Vietnam.

For my home State of Michigan, and many others across the country, this amendment effectively opens up a new market of about 11 million people for our farmers and for their exports.

I know Michigan's director of Agriculture and Rural Development, Gary McDowell, noted that our State's farmers seek great opportunities for products such as dry beans, apples, dairy products, and poultry that are major staples of the Cuban diet.

This amendment is good for our Cuban people, as well as good for the American farmers, and the right thing to do.

Mr. Chair, I urge my colleagues to please support this amendment, and I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. DIAZ-BALART. Mr. Chair, I claim time in opposition.

The Acting CHAIR. The gentleman from Florida is recognized for 5 minutes.

Mr. DIAZ-BALART. Mr. Chair, let's be clear, this is not the time to provide unilateral concessions to a designated state sponsor of terrorism. This amend-

ment is simply a bailout for the anti-American terrorist regime of Cuba, a regime that brutally oppresses the Cuban people and continuously undermines U.S. national security interests.

It aids adversaries such as Russia, the Maduro regime in Venezuela, and terrorist groups such as FARC and ELN, just to mention a couple.

Remember, the law allows for unlimited quantities of food and medicine and other basic necessities that are already allowed to be sent and to be sold to Cuba. What we must not do is leave the American taxpayers on the hook to subsidize the Cuban terrorist regime.

This is not the time to bail out an enemy of the United States, which harbors fugitives from U.S. justice, which allows Russian spy ships to dock in its waters, that ruthlessly oppresses the Cuban people, imprisoning even children for just speaking out for freedom.

This amendment, by the way, would also ensure that American farmers are not paid because we all know that the Cuban regime does not pay back its debts. This would, again, put the American taxpayer on the hook to help the Cuban regime.

Let's be clear, a vote against this amendment is a vote for freedom. A vote against this amendment is a vote for the American national security interests. A vote against this amendment is a vote for human rights and freedom for the Cuban people.

Mr. Chair, I reserve the balance of my time.

Ms. TLAIB. Mr. Chair, as I said, this amendment would help alleviate the suffering of the Cuban people. It also is very important to note that this is identical to a bipartisan Republicanled amendment submitted just a few years ago.

Mr. Chair, I yield 2 minutes to the gentlewoman from Connecticut (Ms. DELAURO), the chairwoman of the Appropriations Committee.

Ms. Delauro. Mr. Chair, I rise in support of the amendment offered by Ms. Tlaib. Our Nation's policy toward Cuba over the past six decades has proven to be ineffective and counterproductive. The Biden administration has started to peel back some of these restrictive policies in a manner that will both empower the Cuban people and safeguard U.S. national security interests, and this amendment would further these efforts.

This amendment would lift the long-standing restrictions on the private financing of agricultural exports to Cuba, which harm U.S. farmers and ranchers and their competitiveness. Cuba imports more than \$2 billion in agricultural exports per year.

Eliminating this longstanding prohibition would increase business for our Nation's ranchers and farmers, and we would create jobs for hardworking American families.

Let me give you an example. In 2021, the U.S. rice imports from Vietnam were \$12.6 million; Malaysia, \$16 million; Thailand, \$51 million; and Pakistan, \$34 million. We are costing American taxpayers dollars by importing

when we could be helping Alabama and Louisiana and be able to import rice from Cuba at a lot lower cost.

Mr. Chair, I support the reforms that allow for better relationships with Cuba, and I urge support for this amendment.

Ms. TLAIB. Mr. Chair, may I ask how much time I have remaining?

The Acting CHAIR. The gentlewoman has 1¼ minutes remaining.

Ms. TLAIB. Mr. Chair, while I understand and share some of the concerns, the reality is the embargoes aren't working and have failed to achieve any of its aims for over a half a century.

I think my colleagues, all of us, at least agree that there is no more principled reason to engage than to ease the suffering of the Cuban people who are currently again suffering from huge amounts of food shortages.

I think it is critically important to understand there is trade happening now, but in cash. This would again allow the access to credit to be able to do it in a way that allows farmers in not only Michigan but across the country who are asking us to help them do more and export and allow them to address some of the food shortages that help the Cuban people so much more.

Mr. Chair, for those reasons I urge my colleagues to please vote "yes" on this amendment, and I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. DIAZ-BALART. Mr. Chairman, I yield 1 minute to the gentleman from Florida (Mr. GIMENEZ).

Mr. GIMENEZ. Mr. Chairman, pardon me if I get a little emotional, this is actually personal for me since I was actually born in Cuba.

Mr. Chair, I rise to oppose Congresswoman Tlaib's FSGG amendment to exempt current prohibitions against U.S. assistance to Cuba.

It is ironic that this amendment is being pushed on the week after we commemorated the bravery of the profreedom protesters in Cuba.

Whether we are talking about the Biden administration's announcement last month to allow private travel to Cuba or allow Americans to invest in so-called private companies within Cuba, the regime takes advantage of these lifelines to fuel their butchery, their massacres, their jailings, their nonstop violations of human rights.

Now, Congresswoman TLAIB wants to extend yet another pipeline of cash to the regime to directly fund the murdering, the raping, the jailing of the Cuban people. Quite frankly, anyone supporting this legislation really ought to be ashamed of themselves.

If you believe in freedom and democracy, in capitalism, in the power of economic and social opportunity, I urge you to vote against this shameful and pathetic amendment.

Ms. TLAIB. Mr. Chairman, I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. DIAZ-BALART. Mr. Chairman, I yield 2 minutes to the gentlewoman from Florida (Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ).

Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ. Mr. Chair, I thank the gentleman for yielding and for his leadership and compassion about this extremely important issue.

Mr. Chair, I must rise in opposition to the gentlewoman's amendment. While I know she has the best of intentions, I want to be very practical about my opposition to this. The reality is the amendment will not alleviate the suffering of the Cuban people, quite the contrary. In fact, it may exacerbate their pain by simply enriching a tyrannical regime who uses violence and repression to keep their cruel grip on power.

On a day in which we just heard from the First Lady of Ukraine, who is obviously experiencing what the brunt of repression means from a brutal dictator, we certainly should not be caving to brutal dictatorship in the Western Hemisphere.

The dictatorship in Cuba controls all trade on the island, and, in turn, uses resources to oppress its own people.

The current cash-in-advance requirement for the financing of agricultural exports to Cuba ensures that the regime in Cuba cannot benefit from loans or credit, and that its corrupt, military-run financial institutions are not intertwined with American financial institutions.

Please, anyone within the sound of my voice needs to understand that this amendment allows U.S. persons to invest in Cuban agricultural businesses, even if those businesses are involved in trafficking and confiscated property, as defined in the LIBERTAD Act, which is law, even if the business is controlled by the Government of Cuba, the Cuban military, or any other entity. It is inexplicable to me how we could allow that.

It is also important to point out that unlimited quantities of food, medicine, and other basic necessities are already permitted into Cuba both for sale and through humanitarian donations.

And as the Biden administration has done, the best way to lift up the Cuban people is to support their efforts for democratic reform and mount pressure for release of hundreds of arbitrarily detained political prisoners, including 20 children.

Mr. Chair, I urge my colleagues to vote against this amendment and support liberty all over the world.

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Ms. TLAIB. I am prepared to close, Mr. Chair.

Mr. DIAZ-BALART. Mr. Chair, I yield 30 seconds to the gentleman from Tennessee (Mr. Green).

Mr. GREEN of Tennessee. Mr. Chair, I rise in strong opposition to amendment No. 137.

Unlimited quantities of food and medicine are already permitted in Cuba, yet this egregious amendment would allow the financing of agricultural exports to the island. The Cuban regime controls 100 percent—a single

company controls all agricultural imports. It is owned by the military. It is controlled by the enforcers of the Communist regime.

Tens of thousands of Cubans tried to protest just 1 year ago, and thousands of them are in prison. Children are imprisoned by this Communist regime.

Ms. TLAIB. Mr. Chair, this is only about food. The Members in opposition are claiming to stand with the people of Cuba, but this is our opportunity to support the Cuban people and help them right now. When we take this opportunity to vote "yes," we show that the U.S. isn't the enemy of the Cuban people during their time of need. At the same time, we are helping our local farmers right here. Vote "yes."

Ms. GRANGER. Mr. Chair, I move to strike the last word.

The Acting CHAIR. The gentlewoman from Texas is recognized for 5 minutes.

Ms. GRANGER. Mr. Chair, I yield to the gentlewoman from New York (Ms. MALLIOTAKIS).

Ms. MALLIOTAKIS. Mr. Chair, I understand the plight of the Cuban people, I would say, more than most in this Chamber simply because I still have family who resides there. It is true that these people are starving, and they are struggling, but the reality is that it is because of their own government.

Whatever you do, Mr. Chair, any business that you conduct with Cuba will go to the regime. It never gets to the actual people. We know this because that is the way they have acted in the course of history, doing business with every other country in the world and then taking it all for themselves while the people suffer.

The people who want the Fight for \$15 on the other side of the aisle know that the people of Cuba make \$15 per day, that they are being treated inhumanly, and that young children are put in jail.

If you want to help the Cuban people, Mr. Chair, side with them in their quest for freedom. Side with them when they say they want to be liberated. They want what we have in the United States.

Stop appeasing the regime; stop empowering the regime; and stand on the side of freedom.

Let's try to change this form of government for the better so those people can have true human rights and freedoms that they deserve and that they are not put in political prisons simply for peacefully protesting like we are so privileged to do here in the United States.

Ms. GRANGER. Mr. Chair, I yield to the gentleman from Tennessee (Mr. GREEN).

Mr. GREEN of Tennessee. The current regime controls all the imports. If you give money to the regime, Mr. Chair, they keep the money. They don't trickle it down to the people.

They are a current state sponsor of terrorism and a close ally of Putin's Russia, the Maduro regime in Venezuela, the terrorist state of Iran, and terrorist groups such as FARC and ELN. They are currently participating in a military exercise in Venezuela led by the Russians.

Again, just 1 year ago, thousands of Cubans protested in the streets in every province in Cuba demanding libertad—freedom. Hundreds of them remain in prison, including children, as I said, for daring to speak freely. Yet, today, Congress is debating whether to provide financing to their captors.

A vote against this amendment is a pro-freedom, pro-America, and pro-human rights vote, and I urge my colleagues to vote "no" on this amendment.

Ms. GRANGER. Mr. Chair, I yield back the balance of my time.

Ms. LEE of California. Mr. Chair, I rise in support of this amendment to permit American farmers to help alleviate hunger in Cuba. As one of the co-chairs of the Bipartisan Cuba Working Group, I thank Congresswoman TLAIB for offering it, and I thank the Speaker and my working group co-chair, Chairman JIM McGov-ERN for making it in order.

After more than six decades, the U.S. embargo on Cuba has accomplished nothing except to cause suffering among the Cuban people. This policy is a complete failure. And yet it continues, a policy that divides families and

hurts working people in Cuba.

This amendment would permit American farmers to help alleviate the current hunger crisis in Cuba that is made worse by COVID and our embargo. In one fell swoop, we could show that America puts humanitarian values first, and head off competition from countries like China who seek to make inroads in our hemisphere.

This amendment is good for American farmers, good for the Cuban people, and good for healing Cuban-American families divided by misguided U.S. policy. I urge my colleagues to vote ves.

The Acting CHAIR. The question is on the amendment offered by the gentlewoman from Michigan (Ms. TLAIB).

The question was taken; and the Acting Chair announced that the ayes appeared to have it.

Mr. DIAZ-BALART. Mr. Chair, I demand a recorded vote.

The Acting CHAIR. Pursuant to clause 6 of rule XVIII, further proceedings on the amendment offered by the gentlewoman from Michigan will be postponed.

AMENDMENTS EN BLOC NO. 8 OFFERED BY MS. DELAURO OF CONNECTICUT

Ms. DELAURO. Mr. Chair, pursuant to House Resolution 1232, I offer amendments en bloc.

The Acting CHAIR. The Clerk will designate the amendments en bloc.

Amendments en bloc No. 8 consisting of amendment Nos. 183 and 184 printed in part A of House Report 117-420, offered by Ms. DELAURO of Connecticut:

AMENDMENT NO. 183 OFFERED BY MR. MCGOVERN OF MASSACHUSETTS

Page 818, line 3, after the dollar amount, insert "(increased by \$5,000,000)".

Page 830, line 19, after the dollar amount, insert "(reduced by \$5,000,000)".

AMENDMENT NO. 184 OFFERED BY MR. MCGOVERN OF MASSACHUSETTS

Page 861, strike lines 17 through page 862, line 7.

The Acting CHAIR. Pursuant to House Resolution 1232, the gentle-woman from Connecticut (Ms. DELAURO) and the gentleman from Florida (Mr. DIAZ-BALART) each will control 10 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentlewoman from Connecticut.

Ms. DELAURO. Mr. Chair, I yield to the gentleman from Massachusetts (Mr. McGovern), who is the chair of the Rules Committee.

Mr. McGOVERN. Mr. Chair, I thank Chairwoman DeLauro for yielding to me.

Mr. Chair, I rise in strong support of this bipartisan en bloc, which would eliminate funding for the VA Asset and Infrastructure Review, or AIR, Commission, and transfer the \$5 million to the Healthcare for Homeless Veterans Program.

Let me be clear. The recommendations advanced so far as part of the VA's asset and infrastructure review process will lead to the closure or downsizing of nearly one-third of this country's VA medical facilities and community-based outpatient clinics. I believe that is an unacceptable and, frankly, rotten way to treat veterans, who have put their lives on the line for this country.

This entire process is a backdoor way to cut services for veterans, and I strongly urge my colleagues to support our veterans and vote "yes" on this amendment, which has the support of a wide range of veterans advocacy organizations from across the political spectrum.

This bipartisan amendment eliminates funding for a commission that would make it harder for veterans across America to get the care they deserve.

The decision to recommend shutting down these VA healthcare facilities was based on totally flawed and years-old information. There are huge, unacceptable, and inexcusable gaps in the data that was used to determine which facilities to shut down. The VA did not consider cases where hundreds of millions of dollars in new investments were made in facilities that were recommended for closure. It makes absolutely no sense.

Let me give you an example. One of the facilities that would be closed is the Leeds VA Medical Center in Massachusetts. They said that this facility should be closed because it needed nearly \$200 million in upgrades. What they didn't say was that we already invested in those upgrades. \$200 million in taxpayer money was already invested in this facility, and now they are recommending that it be shut down.

Talk about ripping off the American taxpayer.

The data that they used is from years ago. It is inexcusable. Even the VA admits this. This is the definition of stupid. We might as well throw taxpayer money out the window if these flawed recommendations move forward.

That is not even to mention the impact this commission would have on veterans. I held a listening session to hear how these recommendations would affect many veterans in Massachusetts and across the country. I happen to have a map here, by the way. Here is the map. The yellow is partial closures, and the blue is total closures all across the country.

Again, what we are finding out by objective observers is that all this is based on flawed and outdated information, and they are recommending that they shut these facilities down.

But I am learning here that this would literally force veterans to drive hours and hours across State lines just to get basic care. I talk to people with PTSD who say: I am just not going to get care anymore if I have to drive across the State into another State to get care.

Older veterans who need nursing home care could have to move long distances from their support systems. This process so far is a complete and total slap in the face to these veterans, and we should not spend one penny more on a commission that is going to be used to advance these awful cuts to veterans' services.

If this moves forward, closures and consolidation of VA facilities are mandatory, but recommendations to build new facilities are subject to future appropriations and are not guaranteed. So, this Appropriations Committee will have to decide whether to invest in the new facilities or the consolidation of facilities.

That is why groups like the Disabled American Veterans, Paralyzed Veterans of America, and Veterans of Foreign Wars all support shutting down this commission right now, which is what this amendment would do.

Everyone knows that this process and the commission are broken. Even VA Secretary McDonough acknowledged it to Congress, telling the House Veterans' Affairs Committee that the data is not up to speed in light of the pandemic. I am also grateful that the chairman of the Veterans' Affairs Committee here in the House, Chairman TAKANO, is supporting my amendment.

I want to be clear that Secretary McDonough has done a great job on advocating for our veterans, and he is working with my team and me to get to the bottom of some of these problems. But this process started because of a bill that Congress passed even before he became Secretary. I have spoken to him, and I know that he, too, does not want to make it harder for veterans to get care. The solution is that Congress needs to pass this amendment.

Even our nonpartisan congressional watchdog, the GAO, recently put out a report on this called "VA Health Care: Incomplete Information Hinders Usefulness of Market Assessments for VA Facility Realignment."

The Acting CHAIR. The time of the gentleman has expired.

Ms. DELAURO. Mr. Chair, I yield the gentleman from Massachusetts an additional 2 minutes.

Mr. McGOVERN. Mr. Chair, I include the executive summary in the RECORD.

[From the United States Government Accountability Office, Feb. 2022]

INCOMPLETE INFORMATION HINDERS USEFUL-NESS OF MARKET ASSESSMENTS FOR VA FA-CILITY REALIGNMENT

The Department of Veterans Affairs (VA) conducted assessments of its capacity within 96 markets to deliver health care to veterans through VA providers and, when the Department cannot provide the care needed, through non-VA providers, known as community care. For these assessments, markets are designated geographic areas made up of a set of contiguous counties that contain one or more VA medical centers and associated clinics. For an overview of VA's approach, see the figure.

Text of Overview of Department of Veterans Affairs' Approach to Its Market Assessments:

Compiled data about the market including veteran health care supply and demand.

Identified gaps between supply and demand.

Developed proposals to respond to gaps between supply and demand, and

Issue final proposals.

VA officials described the department's process of developing proposals as iterative in that VA continually reviewed and revised draft proposals throughout the market assessments process. The VA Secretary plans to transmit recommendations to the Asset and Infrastructure Review Commission by March 14, 2022—that is, no later than 6 weeks from the statutory deadline of January 31, 2022. The Commission will then review these recommendations, hold public hearings, and prepare and issue their own recommendations to the President.

GAO identified gaps in the data VA compiled and certified for the market assessments that were relevant to determining both the supply of and demand for non-VA care. For example, VA lacked complete data on the extent to which its contractors maintain an adequate number of non-VA providers to ensure veterans have timely access to community care. VA officials told GAO that they determined supply and demand based on the most recently available data at the time of data compilation—December 2018 to November 2020. In addition, while VA officials told GAO the end-of-assessment analyses included updated data on community care, these data did not address the gaps GAO identified. Without such information, VA lacks a full understanding of the extent to which community care is able to supplement VA facility care to meet veterans' current and future demand.

GAO also found that VA's approach to the market assessments did not include steps to collect information on the quality of VA data compiled from numerous VA data sources or other steps to understand any relevant data limitations. Instead, VA officials leading the market assessments said they relied on VA offices responsible for the databases to ensure the data quality. As a result, VA is unable to communicate to external stakeholders, such as the Asset and Infrastructure Review Commission, all relevant information on the quality of VA data used in market assessments, including any limitations affecting these data and the resulting proposals for realignment.

Mr. McGOVERN. Mr. Chair, moving forward with funding this fundamentally broken process would be an incredible disservice to our veterans and would jeopardize access to the highquality, specialized care that they have earned.

This commission is being dismantled as we speak because the recommendations that were made to it were so catastrophically bad. Last month, Senate Veterans' Affairs Committee Chairman Jon Tester led a bipartisan group of 12 Senators to announce that the Senate Veterans' Affairs Committee would not even confirm any more nominees to the commission, effectively ending this process once and for all. Last week, we had an amendment to the NDAA pass to shut this down.

Why are we giving \$5 million to a commission that may very well never exist and which is actively seeking to undermine care for our veterans and their families?

Mr. Chair, we all believe in upgrading and updating our VA system, but let's use accurate information. There is no way that anybody here can tell me that the recommendations that are being put forward are based on accurate and updated information. We are talking about our veterans, who are now going through needless anxiety because of all these threats of closures.

Mr. Chair, we need to do better, and I urge my colleagues to vote "yes" on this en bloc.

Ms. GRANGER. Mr. Chair, I yield 2 minutes to the gentleman from Georgia (Mr. CARTER).

Mr. CARTER of Georgia. Mr. Chair, I thank the gentlewoman for yielding.

Mr. Chair, I rise to speak on the need to provide certainty to blueberry producers who have been affected by freezes.

We all know how difficult the job of being a farmer can be. So much of their success is completely dependent on things outside of their control. This is particularly true when it comes to foul weather and disasters. Farmers are at nature's mercy when it comes to these events.

This past year, a number of specialty crops across the country saw significant losses caused by freezes, particularly blueberries in my home State of Georgia. The statewide freeze event this past March resulted in losses that exceed \$140 million.

The last time a similar devastating freeze occurred, Congress was able to come together and provide funding for those losses.

I thank the Appropriations' Agriculture, Rural Development, Food and Drug Administration, and Related Agencies Subcommittee chair, SANFORD BISHOP, from Georgia, for all of his support already for this effort.

The underlying bill includes \$10 million for disasters occurring in 2022 and report language expressing Congress' concerns about the impact of extreme weather events on blueberry producers. However, that \$10 million will not be enough to assist with the damages from disasters. Chairman BISHOP has committed to continue working on this

issue and to ensure adequate funding is available to blueberry and other producers affected by freezes in 2022.

Mr. Chair, I hope we can continue to demonstrate Congress' commitment to not only providing relief when farmers need it the most but also fixing the larger issue for good so we no longer need to return to this after future freezes.

Ms. DELAURO. Mr. Chair, I yield 5 minutes to the gentlewoman from Florida (Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ), who is the chairperson of the Military Construction, Veterans Affairs, and Related Agencies Subcommittee.

Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ. Mr. Chair, I thank the gentlewoman for vielding.

With great respect for my friend from Massachusetts, I rise in strong opposition to these amendments.

I spend every day in my work as chair of the Military Construction, Veterans Affairs, and Related Agencies Subcommittee protecting and improving the lives of our Nation's veterans. I vigorously oppose privatization, so much so that I voted against the VA MISSION Act, in which the AIR Commission appeared as part of that law, because of my concern about sending veterans who might end up remaining permanently in community care.

This en bloc contains two amendments to the MILCON-VA division that would eliminate funding for the AIR Commission at the Department of Veterans Affairs. This independent commission was established by the VA MISSION Act to develop recommendations to modernize and realign VA health facilities so we can best meet the needs of our Nation's veterans.

The reality is that the VA has different infrastructure needs today than it did decades ago. Not only are most VA facilities over 60 years old, but the veteran population has also shifted geographically over time.

□ 1245

The draft market assessments VA has developed and will continue to fine-tune are essential to ensure that VA's facility footprint meets veterans' needs where they are physically located today, not where most veterans were over 60 years ago. We can't ignore these changes and also effectively meet the current needs of our veterans.

We cannot just cancel the Commission and pretend the problem doesn't exist or need to be addressed. We all care about veterans and, since we do, we should be focused together on making sure they have state-of-the-art facilities that are designed to modern standards and are best-positioned to serve them.

The point of VA's market assessments is to identify the current, true needs of our veterans in each market, and the AIR Commission will then review those assessments and make final recommendations to the President and to the Congress. They come back to Congress after these market assessments and recommendations are made.

The funding in this bill does not implement the recommendations. I repeat. The funding in this bill does not implement the recommendations.

We all, on both sides of the aisle, consistently talk about meeting the needs of our veterans. Making sure veterans have access to high-quality care in high-quality facilities is a priority we all share. Adjusting the landscape of our facilities to meet veterans where they live today is key to meeting the needs of our veterans.

If we want to make sure that we don't move further toward privatized healthcare for our veterans, we need to make sure that there are VA facilities that are convenient for them, or that they are eligible by law to go into community care if there are not.

I have the utmost respect for the gentleman and my colleagues who are sponsors of this amendment, but as Chair of the Military Construction, Veterans Affairs, and Related Agencies Subcommittee responsible for the entire budget for the VA, it is our responsibility to meet the needs of veterans across the entire country.

We need to be careful about making rash decisions that have a long-term impact. Unfortunately, the amendments in this en bloc will do more harm than good. And for those reasons, I will vote "no" on this en bloc, and I urge my colleagues to do the same.

Ms. GRANGER. Mr. Chair, I reserve the balance of my time.

Ms. DELAURO. Mr. Chair, I yield to the gentleman from Ohio (Mr. RYAN), the chairman of the Legislative Branch Subcommittee.

Mr. RYAN. Mr. Chair, I rise in support of this amendment.

I represent Ohio, and we have a number of VA clinics and facilities in rural areas across this country. One of ours is in Chillicothe, the Chillicothe VA Medical Center that this commission recommended for closure. They were saying it was not optimally located.

This is in the southern part of the State, by the Ohio River, serving all of the veterans in the southern part of Ohio. And 1,400 Ohioans are employed. The facility is over 100 years old. It serves 20,000 veterans in 17 counties.

This is insane that we think that that is a good idea; that of all the waste and abuse in the United States Government, we are going to target a rural VA facility in southern Ohio with a State that has 865,000 veterans.

I think this is a wise amendment. I support the McGovern amendment, and I urge my colleagues to support it as well.

Ms. GRANGER. Mr. Chair, I continue to reserve the balance of my time.

Ms. DELAURO. Mr. Chair, I yield to the gentleman from Maine (Mr. GOLDEN).

Mr. GOLDEN. Mr. Chair, I rise in support of the amendment.

I represent the largest district east of the Mississippi. It is the second most rural district in the country, and home to more than 53,000 veterans. The VA facilities that these veterans rely on—these are clinics in places like Houlton, Maine, Fort Kent, and Rumford—are at risk of being shut down if we don't permanently end the Asset and Infrastructure, or AIR Commission.

Our VA hospital in Maine would be moved from Augusta. It would be downsized to an urgent care facility then be moved to Portland, Maine, which is a long distance away from most of the rural communities that I represent.

Of course, Congress created this panel and tasked it with processing the recommendations given to streamline VA facilities. I think if you live in a rural State, it turns out that has largely been shorthand for closing facilities or reducing access to healthcare services.

I introduced a bipartisan bill to eliminate the AIR Commission. Just about a month ago, I helped secure the language referred to earlier in the National Defense Authorization Act of that bill and, of course, I now support this amendment to defund the Commission and transfer the money to the VA's Healthcare for Homeless Veterans Program. It is a far better use of the money.

I thank Mr. McGovern for his support of our Nation's veterans.

Ms. GRANGER. Mr. Chair, I continue to reserve the balance of my time.

Ms. DELAURO. Mr. Chair, I yield to the gentlewoman from New Jersey (Ms. SHERRILL).

Ms. SHERRILL. Mr. Chair, I rise today in support of Chairman McGov-ERN's amendment to increasing funding for the Healthcare for Homeless Veterans Program.

Like many, I recognize the original intent for the AIR Commission. The VA's infrastructure is aging, and we need to ensure its facilities optimize care for veterans. I know that the chairman shares my determination to ensure our vets receive the best possible care.

Unfortunately, the AIR process was flawed from the beginning. In a report issued earlier this year, the GAO found that the data AIR recommendations relied on was outdated and riddled with gaps.

The moment the AIR recommendations were released, I received calls from veterans and VSOs in my district concerned about proposals to close the CBOC in Paterson, New Jersey. Veterans in my community are already asked to travel too far and wait too long for care. Closing a central CBOC would only exacerbate this.

So while we must improve our VA facilities, the AIR's recommendations are the wrong way to go about this. I urge my colleagues to support the amendment.

Ms. GRANGER. Mr. Chair, I yield back the balance of my time.

Ms. DELAURO. Mr. Chair, I yield back the balance of my time.
The Acting CHAIR. The question is

The Acting CHAIR. The question is on the amendments en bloc offered by the gentlewoman from Connecticut (Ms. DELAURO).

The question was taken; and the Acting Chair announced that the ayes appeared to have it.

Mr. POSEY. Mr. Chair, I demand a recorded vote.

The Acting CHAIR. Pursuant to clause 6 of rule XVIII, further proceedings on the amendments en bloc offered by the gentlewoman from Connecticut will be postponed.

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE ACTING CHAIR

The Acting CHAIR. Pursuant to clause 6 of rule XVIII, proceedings will now resume on those amendments printed in part A of House Report 117–420 on which further proceedings were postponed, in the following order:

Amendments en bloc No. 7 by Ms. DELAURO of Connecticut.

Amendment No. 137 by Ms. TLAIB of Michigan.

Amendments en bloc No. 8 by Ms. DELAURO of Connecticut.

The Chair will reduce to 5 minutes the minimum time for any electronic vote after the first vote in this series.

AMENDMENTS EN BLOC NO. 7 OFFERED BY MS.

DELAURO OF CONNECTICUT

The Acting CHAIR. The unfinished business is the demand for a recorded vote on amendments en bloc offered by the gentlewoman from Connecticut (Ms. Delauro) on which further proceedings were postponed and on which the ayes prevailed by voice vote.

The Clerk will redesignate the amendments en bloc.

The Clerk redesignated the amendments en bloc

RECORDED VOTE

The Acting CHAIR. A recorded vote has been demanded.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—ayes 355, noes 56, not voting 25, as follows:

[Roll No. 379] AYES—355

Adams Brownley Correa Aderholt Buchanan Costa Aguilar Bucshon Courtney Allred Craig Budd Crawford Amodei Burgess Armstrong Bustos Crenshaw Arrington Butterfield Crist Auchineloss Calvert Crow Axne Carbajal Cuellar Carey Babin Curtis Davids (KS) Bacon Carl Baird Carson Davis, Danny K. Carter (GA) Davis, Rodney Balderson Barr Carter (LA) Dean Barragán Carter (TX) DeFazio Bass Cartwright DeGette Beatty Case DeLauro Casten DelBene Bentz Castor (FL) Bera. Demings Castro (TX) DeSaulnier Beyer Bice (OK) Chabot DesJarlais Cherfilus-Bilirakis Deutch Bishop (GA) McCormick Diaz-Balart $\bar{\rm Blumenauer}$ Chu Cicilline Dingell Blunt Rochester Doggett Bonamici Clark (MA) Doyle, Michael Clarke (NY) Bost Bourdeaux Dunn Cleaver Bowman Clvburn Ellzey Cohen Boyle, Brendan Emmer Escobar Cole Brady Connolly Eshoo Conway Brown (MD) Espaillat Brown (OH) Cooper Evans

Feenstra

Pence

Perry

Posey

Roy

Steube

Taylor

Tennev

Waltz

Timmons

Van Drew

Webster (FL)

Williams (TX)

Radewagen

Smith (MO)

Westerman

Ruiz

Sewell

Titus

Vargas

Rice (SC)

Rosendale

Schweikert

Hern

Herrell

Hice (GA)

Jackson

Jordan

Keller

Long

Hollingsworth

Loudermilk

McHenry

Norman

Miller (IL)

NOT VOTING-25

Johnson (GA)

Kinzinger

Langevin

McKinley

Miller (WV)

□ 1331

changed their vote from "ave" to "no."

Messrs. GOHMERT and FULCHER

McCaul

Meeks

Mullin

Owens

Luetkemeyer

Davidson

Donalds

Duncan

Estes

Fallon

Franklin, C.

Scott

Fulcher

Gosar

Harris

Bergman

Burchett

Cárdenas

Cheney

Hartzler

Gaetz

Hill

Cawthorn

Bush

Gohmert

Good (VA)

Green (TN)

Greene (GA)

Gooden (TX)

Larson (CT) Latta Ferguson Fischbach LaTurner Fitzgerald Lawrence Lawson (FL) Fitzpatrick Fleischmann Fletcher Lee (NV) Flood Flores Foster Letlow Levin (CA) Foxx Frankel, Lois Levin (MI) Lieu Gallagher Gallego Lofgren Garamendi Lowenthal Garbarino Lucas Garcia (CA) Luria García (IL) Lynch Garcia (TX) Mace Malinowski Gibbs Gimenez Malliotakis Golden Maloney, Gomez Gonzales, Tony Maloney, Sean Gonzalez (OH) Mann Gonzalez. Manning Vicente González-Colón Matsui Gottheimer McBath Granger McCarthy Graves (LA) McClain McClintock Graves (MO) Green, Al (TX) McCollum Griffith McEachin McGovern Grijalva Grothman McNerney Guest Meijer Guthrie Meng Harder (CA) Meuser Harshbarger Mfume Miller-Meeks Haves Herrera Beutler Moolenaar Higgins (LA) Mooney Moore (AL) Higgins (NY) Himes Moore (UT) Hinson Moore (WI) Horsford Morelle Houlahan Moulton Hover Mrvan Murphy (FL) Hudson Huffman Murphy (NC) Huizenga Nadler Napolitano Issa Jackson Lee Neal Jacobs (CA) Neguse Jacobs (NY) Newhouse Jayapal Newman Jeffries Norcross Johnson (LA) Johnson (OH) O'Halleran Johnson (SD) Obernolte Johnson (TX) Ocasio-Cortez Jones Omar Joyce (OH) Palazzo Joyce (PA) Pallone Kahele Palmer Panetta Kaptur Katko Pappas Pascrell Keating Kelly (IL) Payne Kelly (MS) Perlmutter Kelly (PA) Peters Khanna Pfluger Kildee Phillips Kilmer Pingree Plaskett Kim (CA) Kim (NJ) Pocan Porter Kind Kirkpatrick Krishnamoorthi Kuster Quigley Kustoff Raskin LaHood LaMalfa Lamb Rodgers (WA) Lamborn Rogers (AL) Larsen (WA) Rogers (KY)

NOES-56

Boebert Allen Cline Banks Brooks Cloud Biggs Buck Clvde Bishop (NC) Cammack Comer

Rose Ross Rouzer Roybal-Allard Ruppersberger Rush Rutherford Leger Fernandez Rvan Sablan Salazar San Nicolas Sánchez Sarbanes Scalise Scanlon Schakowsky Schiff Schneider Schrader Schrier Scott (VA) Scott, Austin Scott, David Sessions Sherman Sherrill Simpson Sires Slotkin Smith (NE) Smith (NJ) Smith (WA) Smucker Soto Spanberger Spartz Speier Stansbury Stanton Stauber Stee1 Stefanik Steil Stevens Stewart Strickland Suozzi Swalwell Takano Thompson (CA) Thompson (MS) Thompson (PA) Tiffany Tlaib Tonko Torres (CA) Torres (NY) Trahan Trone Turner Underwood Upton Valadao Van Duyne Veasey Velázquez Wagner Walberg Walorski Wasserman Schultz Waters Watson Coleman Weber (TX) Welch

Carolyn B

Wenstrup Wexton Pressley Wild Price (NC) Williams (GA) Wilson (FL) Wilson (SC) Reschenthaler Rice (NY) Wittman

Womack

Yarmuth

Zeldin

Mr. WEBER of Texas, Mrs. BICE of Oklahoma, Mr. McCLINTOCK, Mrs. LESKO, Messrs. KELLY of Mississippi and KUSTOFF changed their vote from "no" to "aye." So the en bloc amendments were agreed to. The result of the vote was announced as above recorded. Stated for: Mr. CÁRDENAS. Mr. Chair, had I been present, I would have voted "yea" on rollcall No. 379 Mr. LANGEVIN. Mr. Chair, had I been present, I would have voted "yea" on rollcall

Mr. HILL. Mr. Chair. I was held up at Speaker Lobby security. Had I been present, I would have voted "yea" on rollcall No. 379.

Mr. BERGMAN, Mr. Chair, I was delayed by metal detector issues entering the floor. Had I been present, I would have voted "yea" on rollcall No. 379.

Mr. WESTERMAN. Mr. Chair, I was delayed by Speaker PELOSI's metal detectors. Had I been present, I would have voted "yea" on

Ms. TITUS. Mr. Chair, I was absent from the floor and missed the vote on Bipartisan En Bloc No. 7 To H.R. 8294. Had I been present, I would have voted "yea" on rollcall No. 379, En Bloc No. 7 to H.R. 8294 on agreeing to the DeLauro amendment.

Stated against:

Mr. GAETZ. Mr. Chair. I was unable to make it to the floor in time for the first vote today for the purpose of constituent outreach. Had I been present, I would have voted "nay" on rollcall No. 379.

MEMBERS RECORDED PURSUANT TO HOUSE RESOLUTION 8, 117TH CONGRESS

Auchineloss	Boyle, Brendan	Crist
(Beyer)	F. (Beyer)	(Wasserman
Barragán (Beyer)	Carter (TX)	Schultz)
Bowman	(Weber (TX))	Demings (Kelly
(Neguse)	Correa (Beyer)	(IL))

Escobar (Garcia (TX)) Foster (Spanberger) Gallego (Soto) Gosar (Weber (TX)) Houlahan (Spanberger) Kahele (Kelly (IL)) Katko (Jovce (OH)) Keating (Beyer) Kirkpatrick (Pallone) Lawson (FL) (Evans) Leger Fernandez (Kuster) Meng (Kuster) Moore (WI) (Beyer) Newman (Bever) Palazzo (Fleischmann) Pingree (Kuster) Porter (Neguse)

Salazar (Kim (CA)) San Nicolas (Takano) Sires (Pallone) Smucker (Keller) Stevens (Kuster) Taylor (Weber (TX)) Thompson (MS) (Bishop (GA)) Walorski (Fleischmann) Williams (GA) (Neguse) Wilson (SC)

AMENDMENT NO. 137 OFFERED BY MS. TLAIB

The Acting CHAIR (Mr. BERA). The unfinished business is the demand for a recorded vote on the amendment offered by the gentlewoman from Michigan (Ms. TLAIB) on which further proceedings were postponed and on which the ayes prevailed by voice vote.

The Clerk will redesignate the amendment.

The Clerk redesignated the amend-

RECORDED VOTE

The Acting CHAIR. A recorded vote has been demanded.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The Acting CHAIR. This will be a 5minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—ayes 163, noes 260, not voting 13, as follows:

[Roll No. 380]

AYES-163

Adams DeSaulnier Levin (MI) Aguilar Dingell Lieu Auchincloss Doggett Lofgren Doyle, Michael Lowenthal Axne Barragán Lynch Bass Beatty Escobar Eshoo Maloney, Carolyn B Bera Espaillat Massie Beyer Bishop (GA) Evans Matsui Foster McBath McCollum Blumenauer Gallego Blunt Rochester Garamendi McEachin McGovern Bonamici García (IL) Garcia (TX) McNerney Bowman Boyle, Brendan F. Gomez Meeks Green, Al (TX) Meng Grijalva Harder (CA) Brown (OH) Mfume Moore (WI) Brownley Bush Morelle Hayes Bustos Higgins (NY) Moulton Butterfield Himes Nadler Houlahan Napolitano Carbajal Carson Huffman Neal Carter (LA) Jackson Lee Neguse Newman Casten Jayapal Castro (TX) Jeffries Norton Ocasio-Cortez Chu Jones Cicilline Kahele Omar Clark (MA) Kaptur Panetta Perlmutter Clarke (NY) Keating Kelly (IL) Clyburn Kildee Phillips Cohen Kilmer Pingree Kim (NJ) Plaskett Cooper Correa Kind Pocan Kirkpatrick Courtney Porter Krishnamoorthi Pressley Davids (KS) Price (NC) Langevin Davis, Danny K. Larsen (WA) Raskin Dean Larson (CT) Rice (NY) DeFazio Lawrence Ross DeGette Lee (CA) Ruiz DeLauro Leger Fernandez Rush

Levin (CA)

Rvan

DelBene

Veasey

Wagner

Walberg

Walorski

Wasserman

Schultz

Weber (TX)

Waltz

July 20,	2022
Sablan	Stansbury
San Nicolas	Stevens
Sánchez Sarbanes	Strickland Swalwell
Scanlon	Takano
Schiff	Thompson (CA
Schrier Scott (VA)	Thompson (MS Titus
Scott, David	Tlaib
Sewell	Tonko
Smith (WA) Speier	Torres (CA) Torres (NY)
Sperci	101105 (111)
	NOES—26
Aderholt	Garbarino
Allen	Garcia (CA)
Allred Amodei	Gibbs Gimenez
Armstrong	Gohmert
Arrington Babin	Golden Gonzales, Ton
Bacon	Gonzalez (OH)
Baird	Gonzalez,
Balderson Banks	Vicente González-Coló
Barr	(PR)
Bentz	Good (VA)
Bergman Bice (OK)	Gooden (TX) Gosar
Biggs	Gottheimer
Bilirakis	Granger
Bishop (NC) Boebert	Graves (LA) Graves (MO)
Bost	Green (TN)
Bourdeaux	Greene (GA)
Brady Brooks	Griffith Grothman
Brown (MD)	Guest
Buchanan	Guthrie
Buck Bucshon	Harris Harshbarger
Budd	Hern
Burgess Calvert	Herrell
Canmack	Herrera Beutle Hice (GA)
Cárdenas	Higgins (LA)
Carey Carl	Hill Hinson
Carter (GA)	Hollingsworth
Carter (TX)	Horsford
Cartwright Case	Hoyer Hudson
Castor (FL)	Huizenga
Cawthorn Chabot	Issa Jackson
Charfilus-	Jacobs (NY)
McCormick	Johnson (LA)
Cline Cloud	Johnson (OH) Johnson (SD)
Clyde	Johnson (TX)
Cole	Jordan
Comer Connolly	Joyce (OH) Joyce (PA)
Conway	Katko
Craig Crawford	Keller Kelly (MS)
Crenshaw	Kelly (PA)
Crist	Kim (CA)
Cuellar Curtis	Kuster Kustoff
Davidson	LaHood
Davis, Rodney Demings	LaMalfa Lamb
DesJarlais	Lamborn
Deutch	Latta
Diaz-Balart Donalds	LaTurner Lawson (FL)
Duncan	Lee (NV)
Dunn	Lesko
Ellzey Emmer	Letlow Long
Estes	Loudermilk
Fallon Feenstra	Lucas Luetkemeyer
Ferguson	Luria
Fischbach	Mace
Fitzgerald Fitzpatrick	Malinowski Malliotakis
Fleischmann	Maloney, Sear
Fletcher Flood	Mann Manning
Flores	Mast
Foxx	McCarthy
Frankel, Lois Franklin, C.	McCaul McClain
Scott	McClintock
Fulcher	McHenry
Gaetz Gallagher	Meijer Meuser

Vargas Velázquez Waters Thompson (CA) Watson Coleman Thompson (MS) Welch Wild Williams (GA) Yarmuth NOES-260 Miller (IL) Miller-Meeks Moolenaar Mooney Moore (AL) Moore (UT) Gonzales, Tony Mrvan Mullin Murphy (FL) Murphy (NC) González-Colón Nehls Newhouse Norcross Norman O'Halleran Obernolte Owens Palazzo Pallone Palmer Pappas Pascrell Payne Pence Perry Pfluger Posev Quigley Reschenthaler Herrera Beutler Rice (SC) Rodgers (WA) Rogers (AL) Rogers (KY) Rose Rosendale Rouzer Roy Rovbal-Allard Ruppersberger Rutherford Salazar Scalise Schneider Schrader Schweikert Scott, Austin Sessions Sherman Sherrill Simpson Sires Slotkin Smith (MO) Smith (NE) Smith (NJ) Smucker Soto Spanberger Spartz Stanton Stauber Steel Stefanik Steil Steube Stewart Taylor Tenney Thompson (PA) Tiffany Timmons Trone Turner Upton Valadao Van Drew Van Duvne

Trahan

Underwood

Williams (TX) Webster (FL) Womack Wenstrup Wilson (FL) Zeldin Westerman Wilson (SC) Wexton Wittman NOT VOTING-13 Burchett Johnson (GA) Radewagen Chenev Khanna Schakowsky Costa Kinzinger Suozzi McKinley Hartzler Jacobs (CA) Miller (WV)

□ 1340

So the amendment was rejected. The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

Stated for

Ms. SCHAKOWSKY. Mr. Chair, had I been present, I would have voted "yea" on rollcall No. 380.

MEMBERS RECORDED PURSUANT TO HOUSE RESOLUTION 8, 117TH CONGRESS

Auchincloss (Beyer) Barragán (Beyer) Bowman (Neguse) Boyle, Brendan F. (Beyer) Carter (TX) (Weber (TX)) Correa (Beyer) Crist (Wasserman Schultz) Demings (Kelly (IL)) Escobar (Garcia (TX)) Foster (Spanberger) Gallego (Soto)	Gosar (Weber (TX)) Houlahan (Spanberger) Kahele (Kelly (IL)) Katko (Joyce (OH)) Keating (Beyer) Kirkpatrick (Pallone) Lawson (FL) (Evans) Leger Fernandez (Kuster) Meng (Kuster) Moore (WI) (Beyer) Newman (Beyer) Palazzo (Fleischmann)	Pingree (Kuster) Porter (Neguse) Salazar (Kim (CA)) San Nicolas (Takano) Sires (Pallone) Smucker (Keller) Stevens (Kuster) Taylor (Weber (TX)) Thompson (MS) (Bishop (GA)) Walorski (Fleischmann) Williams (GA) (Neguse) Wilson (SC) (Norman)
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AMENDMENTS EN BLOC NO. 8 OFFERED BY MS. DELAURO OF CONNECTICUT

The Acting CHAIR. The unfinished business is the demand for a recorded vote on amendments en bloc offered by gentlewoman from Connecticut (Ms. Delauro) on which further proceedings were postponed and on which the ayes prevailed by voice vote.

The Clerk will redesignate the amendments en bloc.

The Clerk redesignated the amendments en bloc.

RECORDED VOTE

The Acting CHAIR. A recorded vote has been demanded.

A recorded vote was ordered.

Adams

Allred

Axne

Banks

Bass

Bera

Beyer

Beatty

The Acting CHAIR. This will be a 5-

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—ayes 238, noes 191, not voting 7, as follows:

[Roll No. 381]

AYES-238

Brown (MD) Conway Aguilar Brown (OH) Cooper Brownley Correa Amodei Bush Costa Auchincloss Bustos Craig Carbajal Crow Balderson Cárdenas Davids (KS) Davis, Danny K. Carson Barragán Carter (LA) Dean Cartwright DeFazio DeSaulnier Casten Castro (TX) Deutch Cheney Dingell Bice (OK) Chu Doggett Blumenauer Cicilline Doyle, Michael Blunt Rochester Clark (MA) Clarke (NY) Escobar Bonamici Eshoo Bowman Cohen Boyle, Brendan Cole Espaillat Connolly Evans

Fletcher Foster Gallego Garamendi Garbarino García (IL) Garcia (TX) Gibbs Golden Gomez Gonzalez (OH) Gonzalez Vicente González-Colón Gottheimer Green, Al (TX) Griffith Grijalva Harder (CA) Harshbarger Herrell Herrera Beutler Higgins (NY) Horsford Houlahan Hudson Huffman Huizenga Issa. Jackson Lee Jayapal Jeffries Johnson (GA) Johnson (SD) Johnson (TX) Jones Joyce (OH) Joyce (PA) Kahele Kaptur Katko Keating ${\rm Keller}$ Kelly (IL) Kelly (PA) Khanna Kildee Kim (NJ) Kind Kirkpatrick Krishnamoorthi Kuster LaMalfa Lamb Langevin Latta Lawrence Lawson (FL) Lee (NV)

Fitzpatrick

Leger Fernandez Rodgers (WA) Letlow Levin (CA) Roybal-Allard Levin (MI) Ruiz Lieu Ruppersberger Lofgren Rush Lowenthal Ryan Lucas Sablan Luria San Nicolas Lynch Sánchez Malinowski Sarbanes Malliotakis Scanlon Maloney, Carolyn B Schakowsky Schiff Maloney, Sean Schneider Manning Schrader Schrier Matsui Scott (VA) McBath Scott David McClain Sewell McEachin Sherman McGovern Sherrill. McNerney Sires Meeks Slotkin Meng Smith (NJ) Mfume Smith (WA) Moolenaar Spanberger Mooney Moore (WI) Speier Stansbury Morelle Stanton Moulton Stauber Mrvan Stee1 Murphy (FL) Stevens Nadler Strickland Napolitano Suozzi Nea1 Swalwell Neguse Takano Newhouse Thompson (CA) Newman Thompson (MS) Norcross Thompson (PA) Norton Titus O'Halleran Tlaib Ocasio-Cortez Tonko Omar Torres (CA) Pallone Torres (NY) Panetta Trahan Pappas Turner Pascrell Payne Underwood Perlmutter Upton Vargas Peters Phillips Veasev Velázquez Pingree Plaskett Walberg Waters Pocan Porter Watson Coleman Pressley Price (NC) Wexton Wild Quiglev Raskin Williams (GA) Rice (NY) Yarmuth

NOES-191

Cherfilus-Aderholt Allen McCormick Armstrong Cleaver Arrington Cline Cloud Babin Clyburn Bacon Clvde Baird Comer Barr Courtney Bentz Crawford Bergman Crenshaw Biggs Crist Bilirakis Cuellar Bishop (GA) Curtis Bishop (NC) Davidson Boebert Davis, Rodney Bost DeGette Bourdeaux DeLauro Brady DelBene Brooks Demings Buchanan DesJarlais Buck Diaz-Balart Bucshon Donalds Budd Duncan Burgess Dunn Butterfield Ellzey Calvert Emmer Cammack Estes Carey Fallon Carl Feenstra Carter (GA) Ferguson Carter (TX) Fischbach Case Fitzgerald Castor (FL) Fleischmann Cawthorn Flood Chabot Flores

Foxx Frankel, Lois Franklin, C. Scott Fulcher GaetzGallagher Garcia (CA) Gimenez Gohmert Gonzales, Tony Good (VA) Gooden (TX) Gosar Granger Graves (LA) Graves (MO) Green (TN) Greene (GA) Grothman Guest Guthrie Harris Haves Hern Hice (GA) Higgins (LA) Himes Hinson Hollingsworth Hoyer Jackson Jacobs (NY) Johnson (LA) Johnson (OH)

Smith (NJ)

Jordan Murphy (NC) Soto Kelly (MS) Nehls Spartz Kim (CA) Norman Stefanik Kustoff Obernolte Steil LaHood Owens Steube Lamborn Palazzo Stewart Larsen (WA) Palmer Taylor Tenney Larson (CT) Pence LaTurner Perry Tiffany Lee (CA) Pfluger Timmons Lesko Posey Trone Long Reschenthaler Valadao Loudermilk Rice (SC) Van Drew Van Duyne Luetkemeyer Rogers (AL) Mace Rogers (KY) Wagner Mann Walorski Rose Rosendale Waltz McCarthy Rouzer Wasserman McCaul Schultz Roy McClintock Rutherford Weber (TX) McCollum Salazar Webster (FL) McHenry Scalise Wenstrup Schweikert Westerman Meijer Williams (TX) Meuser Scott Austin Miller (IL) Sessions Wilson (FL) Miller-Meeks Simpson Wilson (SC) Smith (MO) Moore (AL) Wittman Moore (UT) Smith (NE) Womack Mullin Zeldin Smucker

NOT VOTING-7

Burchett Kinzinger Radewagen
Hartzler McKinley
Jacobs (CA) Miller (WV)

□ 1350

Ms. LOIS FRANKEL of Florida changed her vote from "aye" to "no." Ms. HERRELL changed her vote from "no" to "ave."

So the en bloc amendments were agreed to.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

MEMBERS RECORDED PURSUANT TO HOUSE RESOLUTION 8, 117TH CONGRESS

Auchincloss (Beyer)	Gosar (Weber (TX))	Pingree (Kuster) Porter (Neguse)
Barragán (Beyer)	Houlahan	Salazar (Kim
Bowman (Neguse)	(Spanberger) Kahele (Kelly	(CA)) San Nicolas
Boyle, Brendan	(IL)) Katko (Joyce	(Takano) Sires (Pallone) Smucker (Keller)
F. (Beyer) Carter (TX)	(OH))	
(Weber (TX))	Keating (Beyer)	Stevens (Kuster)
Correa (Beyer)	Kirkpatrick (Pallone)	Taylor (Weber
Crist (Wasserman	Lawson (FL)	(TX)) Thompson (MS)
Schultz)	(Evans) Leger Fernandez	(Bishop (GA))
Demings (Kelly	(Kuster)	Walorski
(IL))	Meng (Kuster)	(Fleischmann)
Escobar (Garcia (TX))	Moore (WI) (Beyer)	Williams (GA) (Neguse)
Foster	Newman (Beyer)	Wilson (SC) (Nor-
(Spanberger)	Palazzo	man)
Gallego (Soto)	(Fleischmann)	

The Acting CHAIR. There being no further amendments under the rule, the Committee rises.

Accordingly, the Committee rose; and the Speaker pro tempore (Ms. OMAR) having assumed the chair, Mr. BERA, Acting Chair of the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union, reported that that Committee, having had under consideration the bill (H.R. 8294) making appropriations for the Departments of Transportation, and Housing and Urban Development, and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2023, and for other purposes, and, pursuant to House Resolution 1232, he reported the bill, as amended by that resolution, back to the House with sundry further amendments adopted in the Committee of the Whole.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under the rule, the previous question is ordered.

Pursuant to House Resolution 1232 the question on adoption of the further amendments will be put en gros.

The question is on adoption of the amendments.

The amendments were agreed to.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the engrossment and third reading of the bill.

The bill was ordered to be engrossed and read a third time, and was read the third time.

MOTION TO RECOMMIT

Mr. VALADAO. Madam Speaker, I have a motion to recommit at the desk.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Clerk will report the motion to recommit.

The Clerk read as follows:

Mr. Valadao of California moves to recommit the bill H.R. 8294 to the Committee on Appropriations.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 2(b) of rule XIX, the previous question is ordered on the motion to recommit.

The question is on the motion to recommit.

The question was taken; and the Speaker pro tempore announced that the noes appeared to have it.

Mr. VALADAO. Madam Speaker, on that I demand the yeas and nays.

The yeas and nays were ordered.

Pursuant to section 9 of rule XX, the Chair will reduce to 5 minutes the minimum time for any electronic vote on the question of the passage.

This is a 5-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 206, nays 219, not voting 5, as follows:

[Roll No. 382]

YEAS-206

Cloud Aderholt Gimenez Allen Clyde Gohmert Amodei Cole Gonzales, Tony Armstrong Comer Gonzalez (OH) Arrington Conway Good (VA) Babin Crawford Gooden (TX) Bacon Crenshaw Gosar Curtis Granger Baird Balderson Davidson Graves (LA) Davis, Rodney Graves (MO) Banks Barr DesJarlais Green (TN) Bentz Diaz-Balart Greene (GA) Griffith Donalds Bergman Bice (OK) Duncan Grothman Biggs Dunn Guest Bilirakis Ellzey Guthrie Bishop (NC) Emmer Harris Boebert Estes Harshbarger Fallon Hern Bost Herrell Brady Feenstra Herrera Beutler Brooks Ferguson Fischbach Hice (GA) Buchanan Buck Fitzgerald Higgins (LA) Bucshon Fitzpatrick Hill. Budd Fleischmann Hinson Burgess Flood Hollingsworth Calvert Flores Hudson Cammack Foxx Huizenga Franklin, C. Carey Issa Jackson Carl Scott Carter (GA) Fulcher Jacobs (NY) Carter (TX) Gaetz Gallagher Johnson (LA) Johnson (OH) Cawthorn Chabot Garbarino Johnson (SD) Cheney Garcia (CA) Jordan Joyce (OH) Cline Gibbs

Joyce (PA) Mooney Moore (AL) Katko Keller Moore (UT) Kelly (MS) Mullin Murphy (NC) Kelly (PA) Kim (CA) Nehls Kustoff Newhouse LaHood Norman LaMalfa Obernolte Lamborn Owens Latta Palazzo LaTurner Palmer Lesko Pence Letlow Perry Pfluger Long Loudermilk Posev Reschenthaler Lucas Luetkemeyer Rice (SC) Rodgers (WA) Mace Malliotakis Rogers (AL) Mann Rogers (KY) Massie Rose Rosendale Mast McCarthy Rouzer McCaul Rov McClain Rutherford McClintock Salazar McHenry Scalise Schweikert Meijer Meuser Scott, Austin Miller (IL) Sessions Miller-Meeks Simpson Smith (MO) Moolenaar

Adams

Allred

Axne

Bass

Beatty

Bera

Beyer

Bishop (GA)

Blumenauer

Bonamici

Bourdeaux

Bowman

F.

Bush

Bustos

Blunt Rochester

Boyle, Brendan

Brown (MD)

Brown (OH)

Butterfield

Carter (LA)

Cartwright

Castor (FL)

Castro (TX)

McCormick

Cherfilus-

Cicilline

Cleaver

Clyburn

Connolly

Cohen

Cooper

Correa

Costa

Craig

Crist

Crow

Dean

DeFazio

DeGette

DeLauro

DelBene

Demines

Deutch

Dingell

Doggett

DeSaulnier

Cuellar

Davids (KS)

Davis, Danny K.

Courtney

Clark (MA)

Clarke (NY)

Carbajal

Cárdenas

Carson

Case

Chu

Casten

Brownley

Aguilar

Auchineloss

Barragán

Smucker Spartz Stauber Steel Stefanik Steil Steube Stewart Taylor Tenney Thompson (PA) Tiffany Timmons Turner Upton Valadao Van Drew Van Duvne Wagner Walberg Walorski Waltz Weber (TX) Webster (FL) Wenstrup Westerman Williams (TX) Wilson (SC) Wittman Womack Zeldin

NAYS-219

Doyle, Michael Maloney, Carolyn B. Escobar Maloney, Sean Eshoo Manning Espaillat Matsui Evans McBath Fletcher McCollum Foster McEachin Frankel, Lois McGovern McNerney Gallego Garamendi Meeks García (IL) Meng Garcia (TX) Mfume Moore (WI) Golden Gomez Morelle Gonzalez, Moulton Vicente Mrvan Gottheimer Murphy (FL) Green, Al (TX) Nadler Grijalya. Napolitano Harder (CA) Neal Hayes Neguse Higgins (NY) Newman Himes Norcross Horsford O'Halleran Houlahan Ocasio-Cortez Omar Hoyer Huffman Pallone Jackson Lee Panetta Jacobs (CA) Pappas Jayapal Pascrell Jeffries Pavne Johnson (GA) Perlmutter Johnson (TX) Peters Phillips Jones Kahele Pingree Kaptur Pocan Porter Keating Kelly (IL) Pressley Khanna Price (NC) Kildee Quigley Kilmer Raskin Kim (NJ) Rice (NY) Kind Ross Kirkpatrick Roybal-Allard Krishnamoorthi Ruiz Ruppersberger Kuster Lamb Rush Langevin Rvan Sánchez Larsen (WA) Larson (CT) Sarbanes Lawrence Scanlon Lawson (FL) Schakowsky Lee (CA) Schiff Lee (NV) Schneider Leger Fernandez Schrader Schrier Scott (VA) Levin (CA) Levin (MI) Lieu Scott, David Lofgren Sewell. Lowenthal Sherman Luria Sherrill Lynch Sires Malinowski Slotkin

Napolitano

Newman

Norcross

Omar

Pallone

Panetta.

Pappas

Payne

Pelosi

Peters

Phillips

Pingree

Pocan

Porter

Pressley

Quigley

Raskin

Ruiz

Rush

Rvan

Sánchez

Sarbanes

Schakowsky

Schneider

Schrader

Scott (VA)

Schrier

Scanlon

Schiff

Price (NC)

Rice (NY)

Roybal-Allard

Ruppersberger

Pascrell

Perlmutter

O'Halleran

Ocasio-Cortez

Neal Neguse

Smith (WA) Thompson (MS) Wasserman Soto Schultz Titus Spanberger Tlaib Waters Speier Tonko Watson Coleman Torres (CA) Stansbury Welch Stanton Torres (NY) Wexton Stevens Trahan Wild Strickland Trone Williams (GA) Suozzi Underwood Wilson (FL) Swalwell Vargas Yarmuth Takano Veasey Thompson (CA) Velázquez

NOT VOTING-5

Burchett Kinzinger Hartzler McKinley

Miller (WV)

□ 1404

Mr. EVANS and Mrs. CAROLYN B. MALONEY of New York changed their vote from "yea" to "nay."

So the motion to recommit was rejected.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

MEMBERS RECORDED PURSUANT TO HOUSE RESOLUTION 8, 117TH CONGRESS

Auchincloss	Gosar (Weber	Palazzo
(Beyer)	(TX))	(Fleischmann)
Barragán (Beyer)	Houlahan	Pingree (Kuster)
Bowman	(Spanberger)	Porter (Neguse)
(Neguse)	Kahele (Kelly	Salazar (Kim
Boyle, Brendan	(IL))	(CA))
F. (Beyer)	Katko (Joyce	Sires (Pallone)
Carter (TX)	(OH))	Smucker (Keller)
(Weber (TX))	Keating (Beyer)	Stevens (Kuster)
Correa (Beyer) Crist	Kirkpatrick	Taylor (Weber
(Wasserman	(Pallone)	(TX))
Schultz)	Lawson (FL)	Thompson (MS)
Demings (Kelly	(Evans)	(Bishop (GA))
(IL))	Leger Fernandez	Walorski
Escobar (Garcia	(Kuster)	(Fleischmann)
(TX))	Meng (Kuster)	Williams (GA)
Foster	Moore (WI)	(Neguse)
(Spanberger)	(Beyer)	Wilson (SC) (Nor-
Gallego (Soto)	Newman (Beyer)	man)

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the passage of the bill.

Pursuant to clause 10 of rule XX, the yeas and nays are ordered.

This is a 5-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 220, nays 207, not voting 4, as follows:

[Roll No. 383]

YEAS-220

Adams Chu Foster Aguilar Cicilline Frankel, Lois Allred Clark (MA) Gallego Clarke (NY) Auchincloss Garamendi Cleaver García (IL) Axne Garcia (TX) Barragán Clyburn Cohen Golden Bass Beatty Connolly Gomez Cooper Gonzalez. Bera Beyer Correa Vicente Bishop (GA) Costa Gottheimer Green, Al (TX) Courtney Blumenauer Blunt Rochester Craig Grijalva Harder (CA) Bonamici Crist Bourdeaux Crow Haves Bowman Cuellar Higgins (NY) Davids (KS) Boyle, Brendan Himes Davis, Danny K. Horsford Brown (MD) Dean Houlahan DeFazio Brown (OH) Hover Brownley DeGette Huffman Bush DeLauro Jackson Lee Bustos DelBene Jacobs (CA) Butterfield Demings Jayapal Jeffries Carbajal DeSaulnier Johnson (GA) Cárdenas Deutch Carson Dingell Johnson (TX Carter (LA) Jones Kahele Doggett Doyle, Michael Cartwright Case Kaptur Casten Escobar Keating Kelly (IL) Castor (FL) Eshoo Espaillat Castro (TX) Khanna Cherfilus-Evans Kildee McCormick Fletcher Kilmer

Kim (NJ) Kind Kirkpatrick Krishnamoorthi Kuster Lamb Langevin Larsen (WA) Larson (CT) Lawrence Lawson (FL) Lee (CA) Lee (NV) Leger Fernandez Levin (CA) Levin (MI) Lieu Lofgren Lowenthal Luria Lynch Malinowski Maloney, Carolyn B. Malonev, Sean Manning Matsui McBath McCollum McEachin McGovern McNerney Meeks Meng Mfume Moore (WI) Morelle Moulton

Mrvan

Nadler

Aderholt

Bost

Carl

Cline

Cole

Fallon

Feenstra

Murphy (FL)

Scott, David NAYS-207 Ferguson

Fischbach Allen Amodei Fitzgerald Armstrong Fitzpatrick Arrington Fleischmann **Bahin** Flood Flores Bacon Baird Foxx Franklin, C. Balderson Scott Banks Fulcher Bentz Gaetz Gallagher Bergman Bice (OK) Garbarino Riggs Garcia (CA) Bilirakis Gibbs Bishop (NC) Gimenez Boebert. Gohmert Gonzales, Tony Brady Gonzalez (OH) Brooks Good (VA) Buchanan Gooden (TX) Buck GosarBucshon Granger Budd Graves (LA) Burgess Graves (MO) Green (TN) Calvert Cammack Greene (GA) Carey Griffith Grothman Carter (GA) GuestCarter (TX) Guthrie Cawthorn Harris Harshbarger Chabot Cheney Hern Herrell Herrera Beutler Cloud Clyde Hice (GA) Higgins (LA) Comer Hill Conway Hinson Crawford Hollingsworth Crenshaw Hudson Curtis Huizenga. Davidson Issa Davis, Rodney Jackson Jacobs (NY) DesJarlais Diaz-Balart Johnson (LA) Donalds Johnson (OH) Duncan Johnson (SD) Dunn Jordan Ellzey Joyce (OH) Joyce (PA) Emmer Katko Estes

Keller

Sewell Sherman Sherrill Sires Slotkin Smith (WA) Soto Spanberger Speier Stansbury Stanton Stevens Strickland Suozzi Swalwell Takano Thompson (CA) Thompson (MS) Titus Tlaib Tonko Torres (CA) Torres (NY) Trahan Trone Underwood Vargas Veasev Velázquez Wasserman Schultz Waters Watson Coleman Welch Wexton

Wild

Williams (GA)

Wilson (FL)

Yarmuth

Kelly (PA) Kim (CA) Kinzinger Kustoff LaHood LaMalfa Lamborn LaTurner Lesko Letlow Long Loudermilk Luetkemever Mace Malliotakis Mann Massie Mast McCarthy McCaul McClain McClintock McHenry Meijer Meuser Miller (IL) Miller-Meeks Moolenaar Mooney Moore (AL) Moore (UT) Mullin Murphy (NC) Nehls Newhouse Norman Obernolte Owens Palazzo Palmer Pence Perry Pfluger Posey Reschenthaler Rice (SC) Rodgers (WA) Rogers (AL) Rogers (KY Rose Rosendale Rouzer Roy Rutherford Kelly (MS)

Scalise Schweikert Scott, Austin Sessions Simpson Smith (MO) Smith (NE) Smith (NJ) Smucker Spartz Stauber Stee1 Stefanik

Steil Steube Stewart Taylor Tenney Thompson (PA) Tiffany Timmons Turner Upton Valadao Van Drew Van Duvne

Walberg Walorski Waltz Weber (TX) Webster (FL) Wenstrup Westerman Williams (TX) Wilson (SC) Wittman Womack Zeldin

NOT VOTING-

Burchett McKinley Hartzler Miller (WV)

□ 1417

So the bill was passed.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

PERSONAL EXPLANATION

HARTZLER. Madam Speaker, on Wednesday, July 20, 2022, I was unable to vote. Had I been present, I would have voted: no on Roll Call No. 379, no on Roll Call No. 380, no on Roll Call No. 381, yes on Roll Call No. 382 and no on Roll Call No. 383.

MEMBERS RECORDED PURSUANT TO HOUSE RESOLUTION 8, 117TH CONGRESS

Gosar (Weber Auchincloss (TX)) Houlahan (Bever) Barragán (Beyer) (Spanberger) Bowman Kahele (Kelly (Neguse) (IL)) Boyle, Brendan Katko (Joyce F. (Beyer) (OH)) Keating (Beyer) Carter (TX) (Weber (TX)) Kinzinger Correa (Beyer) (Herrera Crist Beutler) (Wasserman Kirkpatrick Schultz) (Pallone) Demings (Kelly Lawson (FL) (IL)) (Evans) Escobar (Garcia Leger Fernandez (TX)) (Kuster) Foster Meng (Kuster) (Spanberger) Moore (WI) Gallego (Soto) (Beyer)

Newman (Bever) Palazzo (Fleischmann) Pingree (Kuster) Porter (Neguse) Salazar (Kim (CA)) Sires (Pallone) Smucker (Keller) Stevens (Kuster) Taylor (Weber (TX)) Thompson (MS) (Bishop (GA)) Walorski (Fleischmann)

Williams (GA)

(Neguse)

Wilson (SC)

(Norman)

AUTHORIZING THE CLERK TOMAKE CORRECTIONS IN EN-GROSSMENT OF H.R. 8294, TRANS-PORTATION, HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT, AND RE-APPROPRIA-AGENCIES LATED TIONS ACT. 2023

Ms. DELAURO. Madam Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that, in the engrossment of H.R. 8294, the Clerk be authorized to correct section numbers, punctuation, spelling, and cross-references, and to make such other technical and conforming changes as may be necessary to reflect the actions of the House.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentlewoman from Connecticut?

There was no objection.

PERMISSION FOR MEMBER TO BE CONSIDERED AS FIRST SPONSOR OF H.R. 3231

Mr. STAUBER. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that I may hereafter be considered as the first sponsor of H.R. 3231, a bill originally introduced by Representative Don Young of