The SPEAKER pro tempore. The gentlewoman's request is accepted.

## BIOECONOMY RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT ACT OF 2021

Ms. JOHNSON of Texas. Mr. Speaker, pursuant to House Resolution 900, I call up the bill (H.R. 4521) to provide for a coordinated Federal research initiative to ensure continued United States leadership in engineering biology, and ask for its immediate consideration in the House.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to House Resolution 900, in lieu of the amendment in the nature of a substitute recommended by the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology, printed in the bill, an amendment in the nature of a substitute consisting of the text of Rules Committee Print 117-31, modified by the amendment printed in part C of House Report 117-241 is adopted and the bill, as amended, is considered read.

The text of the bill, as amended, is as

#### H.B. 4521

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

#### SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "America Creating Opportunities for Manufacturing, Pre-Eminence in Technology, and Economic Strength Act of 2022" or the "America COM-PETES Act of 2022".

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                                                   Sec. 107510. Pigment Yellow 147.
                                                                                                                     Trifloxy strobin\ fungicides.
                                                                                                      Sec. 107581. Prothioconazole, Metalaxyl, and
                                                   Sec. 107511. Pigment Orange 64.
Sec. 107429. Disperse Blue 54.
                                                   Sec. 107512. Pigment Blue 29.
                                                                                                                     Tebuconazole fungicides.
Sec. 107430. Mixtures of several disperse dyes.
                                                   Sec. 107513. Pigment Violet 15.
                                                                                                      Sec. 107582. Mancozeb and Chlorothalonil for-
Sec. 107431. Mixtures of 4 disperse blue dyes.
                                                   Sec. 107514. Pigment Blue 14.
                                                                                                                     mulations.
Sec. 107432. Mixtures of 4 dyes.
                                                   Sec. 107515. Solvent Blue 97.
                                                                                                       Sec. 107583. Mixtures of Picarbutrox and appli-
Sec. 107433. Disperse Red 86.
                                                   Sec. 107516. Solvent Green 5.
                                                                                                                     cation adjuvants.
Sec. 107434. Disperse Violet 1.
                                                   Sec. 107517. Solvent Yellow 98.
                                                                                                      Sec. 107584. Mixtures of Tetraconazole and ap-
Sec. 107435. Disperse Blue 60.
                                                   Sec. 107518. Solvent Green 7.
                                                                                                                     plication adjuvants.
Sec. 107436. Mixtures of Disperse Orange 29,
                                                                                                       Sec. 107585. Mancozeb and Azoxystrobin formu-
                                                   Sec. 107519. Solvent Red 195.
              Disperse Red 167:1, and Disperse
                                                   Sec. 107520. Solvent Orange 115.
                                                                                                                     lations.
              Blue 56.
                                                   Sec. 107521. Specialty dyes.
                                                                                                      Sec. 107586. Mixtures of Cymoxanil and fumed
Sec. 107437. Disperse Yellow 54.
                                                   Sec. 107522. Solvent Green 3.
                                                                                                                     dioxosilane.
Sec. 107438. Acid Violet 48.
                                                                                                       Sec. 107587. Microthiol formulations.
                                                   Sec. 107523. Solvent Blue 36.
Sec. 107439. Acid Blue 280.
                                                   Sec. 107524. Mixtures of Solvent Green 3.
                                                                                                      Sec. 107588. Formulations of thiencarbazone-
Sec. 107440. Acid Brown 282.
                                                   Sec. 107525. Solvent Red 52.
                                                                                                                     methyl, Iodosulfuron-methyl-so-
Sec. 107441. Acid Red 131.
                                                   Sec. 107526. Solvent Red 149.
                                                                                                                     dium, and dicamba.
Sec. 107442. Acid Red 249.
                                                   Sec. 107527. Solvent Red 207.
                                                                                                      Sec. 107589. Thiencarbazone-methyl,
Sec. 107443. Acid Yellow 236.
                                                   Sec. 107528. Solvent Violet 14.
                                                                                                                     Isoxadifenethyl, and Tembotrione
Sec. 107444. Acid Red 407.
                                                   Sec. 107529. Solvent Yellow 179.
                                                                                                                     herbicides.
Sec. 107445. Acid Yellow 220.
                                                   Sec. 107530. Solvent Yellow 131.
                                                                                                       Sec. 107590. Herbicides used on grasses.
Sec. 107446. Acid Yellow 232.
                                                                                                       Sec. 107591. Thiencarbazone-methyl,
                                                   Sec. 107531. Hogen Blue XB-20.
Sec. 107447. Acid Yellow 235.
                                                   Sec. 107532. Solvent Yellow 104.
                                                                                                                     Isoxaflutole, and Cyprosulfamide
Sec. 107448. Acid Yellow 151.
                                                   Sec. 107533. Combination
                                                                                of
                                                                                        Fluorescent
                                                                                                                     herbicides.
Sec. 107449. Acid Violet 43.
                                                                 Brighteners 367 and 371.
                                                                                                       Sec. 107592. Thiencarbazone-methyl
Sec. 107450. Acid Black 52.
                                                   Sec. 107534. Fluorescent Brightener CBS-X.
                                                                                                                     Iodosulfuron-methylsodium herbi-
Sec. 107451. Acid Black 2.
                                                   Sec. 107535. Optical Brightener SWN.
                                                                                                                     cides.
Sec. 107452. Acid Green 25.
                                                   Sec. 107536, C.I. Fluorescent Brightener 199:1.
                                                                                                       Sec. 107593. Thiencarbazone-methyl
Sec. 107453. Basic Brown 23.
                                                   Sec. 107537. Fluorescent Brightener 368.
                                                                                                                     Mefenpyr-diethyl herbicides.
Sec. 107454. Basic Violet 11:1 rhodamine dye.
                                                   Sec.\ 107538.\ 1, 4-Bis (2-cyanostyryl) benzene.
                                                                                                       Sec. 107594. Thifensulfuron-methyl
Sec. 107455. Basic Yellow 37.
                                                   Sec. 107539. Certain manufacturing inputs.
                                                                                                                     Tribenuron-methyl formulations.
Sec. 107456. Basic Violet 3.
                                                   Sec. 107540. Cerium sulfide pigments.
                                                                                                       Sec. 107595. Tribenuron-methyl formulations.
Sec. 107457. Direct Orange 118.
                                                   Sec. 107541. Matte pearlescent pigments.
                                                                                                       Sec. 107596. Chlorsulfuron and metsulfuron-
Sec. 107458. Direct Blue 86.
                                                   Sec. 107542. Angle-dependent interference pig-
                                                                                                                     methyl formulations.
Sec. 107459. Direct Blue 199.
                                                                                                       Sec. 107597. Thisensulfuron-methyl
                                                                 ments.
                                                                                                                                                    and
Sec. 107460. Direct Black 168.
                                                   Sec. 107543. Inorganic Lumilux.
                                                                                                                     Fluroxypyr formulations.
Sec. 107461. Direct Red 227.
                                                   Sec. 107544. Ribbon/Matrix Resin.
                                                                                                       Sec. 107598. Aciflurofen formulations.
Sec. 107462. Direct Yellow 107.
                                                   Sec. 107545. Bonding agent 2005.
                                                                                                       Sec. 107599. S-Metolachlor and Mestrione herbi-
Sec. 107463. Direct Green 26.
                                                   Sec. 107546. Fluoropolymer resin.
                                                                                                                     cides.
Sec. 107464. Direct Yellow 11.
                                                   Sec. 107547. Zirconium 12 paint drier.
                                                                                                       Sec. 107600. Metribuzin formulations.
Sec. 107465. Direct Orange 15.
                                                   Sec. 107548. Zirconium 24 paint drier.
                                                                                                       Sec. 107601. Pendimethaline and Metribuzine
Sec. 107466. Direct Brown 44.
                                                   Sec. 107549. Drier accelerators.
                                                                                                                     formulations.
Sec. 107467. Direct Red 81.
                                                   Sec. 107550. Lemon oil.
                                                                                                       Sec. 107602. Formulations of S-Metolachlor and
Sec. 107468. Direct Yellow 142.
                                                   Sec. 107551. Sulfonic acids, C14-17-sec-alkane,
                                                                                                                     Metribuzin.
Sec. 107469. Direct Red 80.
                                                                 sodium salt.
                                                                                                       Sec. 107603. Thifensulfuron-methul
                                                                                                                                                   and
Sec. 107470. Direct Red 16.
                                                   Sec. 107552. Potassium ethyl octylphosphonate.
                                                                                                                     Tribenuron-methyl formulations.
Sec. 107471. Direct Red 254.
                                                   Sec. 107553. Intermediate in the production of
                                                                                                      Sec. 107604. Metsulfuron-methyl formulations.
Sec. 107472. Colorant.
                                                                 industrial lubricants.
                                                                                                       Sec. 107605. Chlorimuron-ethyl formulations.
Sec. 107473. Direct Yellow 34.
                                                   Sec. 107554. Polyether dispersant.
                                                                                                       Sec. 107606. Mixtures of Bromoxynil octanoate
Sec. 107474. Vat Orange 2 dye powder.
                                                   Sec. 107555. D-Glucopyranose.
                                                                                                                     and Bromoxynil heptanoate.
Sec. 107475. Vat Violet 13 dye.
                                                   Sec. 107556. 2-Dodecoxy-6-
                                                                                                       Sec. 107607. Sulfometuron-methyl
                                                                                                                                                   and
Sec. 107476. Vat Brown 3 dye.
                                                                 (hydroxymethyl)oxane-3,4,5-triol.
                                                                                                                     Metsulfuron-methyl formulations.
Sec. 107477. Vat Red 10 dye powder.
                                                   Sec. 107557. Mixtures of certain C12-14-alkyl
                                                                                                      Sec. 107608. Chlorimuron-ethyl and Tribenuron-
Sec. 107478. Vat Brown 57 dye.
                                                                 ethers.
                                                                                                                     methul formulations.
Sec. 107479. Vat Red 31 dye powder.
                                                   Sec. 107558. Manufacturing chemical.
                                                                                                       Sec. 107609. Formulations
                                                                                                                                             containing
Sec. 107480. Dye mixtures of Vat Brown 3 and
                                                   Sec. 107559. Nonionic surfactant.
                                                                                                                     Tiafenacil.
              Vat Black 27.
                                                   Sec. 107560. Chemical used in textile manufac-
                                                                                                      Sec. 107610. Diuron 80.
Sec. 107481. Vat Red 13.
                                                                                                       Sec. 107611. Flazasulfuron herbicides.
                                                                 turing.
Sec. 107482. Vat Yellow 2 dye powder.
                                                   Sec. 107561. Ethoxylated tristyrylphenol phos-
                                                                                                      Sec. 107612. Thifensulfuron-methyl
                                                                                                                                               formula-
Sec. 107483. Vat Yellow 33 dye.
                                                                 phate potassium salt.
                                                                                                                     tions.
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Februa	ry 2, 2022 CO	NGK	ESS.	IONAL RECORD—HOU	SE		H365
Sec. 107613	. Herbicide for farm and ranch use.	Sec. 10	07667.	Flame retardants.	Sec.	107722.	Short heart-shaped nylon 6 fibers.
	. Propanil formulations.	Sec. 10	07668.	Preparations  based  on  acetyl			PA510 polymer compounds.
	Thifensulfuron formulations.			hexapeptide-8 and pentapeptide-			MXD6 polymer compounds.
Sec. 107616	Tolpyralate and Nicosulfuron herbicides.	Coo 10	27000	18.			PA10T polymer compounds.
Sec. 107617	'. Mixtures of magnesium salts and			Lithium silicon oxide.  Branched olefin from propylene po-			PA10T/10I polymer compounds. Polyurethane aqueous resins.
200. 10.01.	application adjuvants.	500.10	,,,,,,	lumerization.			Aqueous resin.
	Nisin formulations.	Sec. 10	07671.	Polypropylene pellets.			Aliphatic polyisocyanate.
	. Certain fixatives.			Propylene-ethylene copolymer.	Sec.	107730.	IPDI and HDI based aliphatic
Sec. 107620	Fuel oil additives: cold flow im-			Ethylene-propylene copolymers.	~	405504	polyisocyanate.
	provers containing poly(ethylene- co-ethenyl acetate).	Sec. 10	)7674.	Benzene alkylated with poly- propylene.	Sec.	107731.	HDI/Trimethylol hexyllactone
Sec. 107621	. Fuel oil additives: cold flow im-	Sec. 10	07675	Chlorinated polyolefin.	Sec	107732	crosspolymer micro-spheres. HDI/PPG/Polycaprolactone
	provers containing fumarate vinyl			Adsorbent resin.	DCC.	101102.	crosspolymer micro-spheres.
	acetate co-polymer.	Sec. 10	07677.	Vinyl chloride-hydroxypropyl acry-	Sec.	107733.	Aromatic isocyanate prepolymer.
Sec. 107622	Crude oil additives: cold flow im-			late copolymer.	Sec.	107734.	Blocked polyisocyanate containing
	provers containing fumarate vinyl	Sec. 10	07678.	Vinyl chloride ethylene copolymer	~	405505	solvent.
Sec. 107623	acetate copolymer.  2. Pour point depressants.	Soo 10	07670	with hydrophic properties. Fluids with boiling points above 170	Sec.	107735.	Polyisocyanate adduct for powder
	Fuel oil additives: cold flow im-	Sec. 10	11013.	°C.	Sec	107736	coatings. Blocked polyisocyanate for use in
	provers containing poly (ethylene-	Sec. 10	07680.	Formulations of functionalized	DCC.	107750.	can and coil applications.
	co-ethenyl acetate and vinyl 2-			perfluoropolyether.	Sec.	107737.	Polydimethylsiloxane.
Coo 107625	ethyl hexanoate).	Sec. 10	07681.	Perfluoropolyether-urethane acry-			Silicone resins.
Sec. 107623	<ol> <li>Poly(isobutylene) hydroformylation products.</li> </ol>	G 10	277702	late.	Sec.	107739.	Methoxyfunctional methyl-phenyl
Sec. 107626	Input for rubber products.	Sec. 10	77682.	PVDF homopolymer/PVDF/CTFE copolymer mixtures.	Coo	107740	polysiloxane. Hydrogenpolysiloxane.
	. Mixtures of oligomers as general	Sec. 10	07683	Chemically modified PVDF.			Methyl silicone resins.
	antioxidants for rubber tires.			Fluoropolymer, fluoroethylene-		107742.	
Sec. 107628	Benzene, 2,4-diisocyanato-1,3,5-			alkyl vinylether alternative co-			polydimethylsiloxane.
	tris(1-methylethyl)-,			polymers.			Polymethyl hydrogen silox ane.
Sec. 107629	homopolymer.  Aromatic amine antioxidants.	Sec. 10	07685.	Copolymer of vinyl acetate and			Vinyl terminated siloxanes.
	. Antioxidant blends.	Soc. 10	7606	higher vinyl esters. Food-grade vinyl acetate copoly-			Silicone hybrid resin (solvent free).
	. Antioxidant blends to protect poly-	Sec. 10	77000.	mer.	sec.	107740.	Hydrogenated polycyclopentadiene resin.
	mers.	Sec. 10	07687.	Vinyl chloride ethylene with en-	Sec.	107747.	Water dispersable HDI based
Sec. 107632	Synthetic hydrotalcite coated with			hanced properties.			polyisocyanate.
	fatty acid and magnesium stea- rate.	Sec. 10	07688.	Vinyl acetate ethylene copolymer	Sec.	107748.	Cyanate ester resins for high-end
Sec. 107633	Silica scorch retarders and polym-	G 10	27000	with enhanced properties.			electronic, aerospace, and indus-
200. 10.000	erization inhibitors.	Sec. 10	)7689.	Food-grade polyvinyl acetate	Coo	107740	trial applications.
	. Synthetic hydrotalcite.	Sec. 10	7690	homopolymers. Acrylic acid/vinylsulphonate ran-	sec.	107749.	Polyethyleneimine, component used in manufacturing medical devices.
Sec. 107635	. Light stabilizers for construction	DCC. 10	1000.	dom copolymers.	Sec.	107750.	Polyhexanide.
Coo 107626	products.	Sec. 10	07691.	Poly(methyl methacrylate) micro-			Ethylene-norbornene copolymer.
	T. Light stabilizer for plastics. T. Preparations of bis(2,4-			spheres.			Cellulose powder.
BCC. 107057	dichlorobenzoyl) peroxide 50 per-	Sec. 10	07692.	Methyl methacrylate crosspolymer			Polymaltotriose.
	cent paste.	Coo 10	17602	microspheres.			Chitosan.
	. Distilled tall oils.	Sec. 10	77093.	Styrene acrylate copolymer with enhanced properties.			Plastic drinking straws. Garden hoses.
	. Pyridine, alkyl derivatives.	Sec. 10	07694.	Copolymer for dental use.			Plastic fittings of perfluoroalkoxy.
	<ul> <li>Polyisocyanate crosslinking agents.</li> <li>Bonding agent mixtures.</li> </ul>			Vinyl phosphonic acid, acrylic acid			Low density polyethylene (LDPE)
	Liquid, chemically modified amine			copolymer, 20 percent solution in			sheeting.
	complex of boron trifluoride.	~	.=	water.	Sec.	107759.	Biaxially oriented dielectric poly-
	. Phthalocyanine derivative.			Polyacrylate 33.	Coo	107760	propylene film.
	. Mixtures of Cocamidopropyl beta-			AA/AMPS copolymer. Flocculant dry polyacrylamides.	sec.	107700.	Biaxially oriented polypropylene (BOPP) capacitor-grade film.
	ine, glycol distearate, Laureth-4,			Sorbitol, propylene oxide, ethylene	Sec.	107761.	Polyester capacitor-grade film.
Sec. 107645	and water.  5. Mixtures of tall oil mono-, di-, and	200. 10		oxide polymer.			Acid form membranes.
Sec. 107010	triglycerides.	Sec. 10	7700.	Trimethoxy silyl propyl carba mate-			Melamine resin foam.
Sec. 107646	Tallow-bis(2-hydroxyethyl) amines.	~	.==.4	terminated polyether.	Sec.	107764.	Infant bathtubs and basins, of
	'. Additive mixtures for metalworking	Sec. 10	)7701.	Dimethoxy(methyl)silylmethylcar-	Coo	107765	plastics.
Sec. 10764	fluids.	Sec 10	77702	bamate-terminated polyether. Curing agent is used in two- or	sec.	101100.	Boxes, cases, crates, and similar articles of plastics.
	. Naphthenic acids. . Hydroxytyrosol powders.	200. 10		three-parts epoxy systems.	Sec.	107766.	Nozzles, black, of polypropylene.
	Secondary alcohol ethoxylates.			Polyethylene glycol 450.			Tip/cap combinations of poly-
Sec. 107651	. Ethylene glycol dimerate.	Sec. 10	07704.	Medicinal intermediate for inves-	~	40====	ethylene.
	. Two-part liquid silicone kits.	Con 10	77705	tigational use.			Bottles made of LDPE.
	. Hydrophobic precipitated silica. . Silane, trimethoxyoctyl-, hydrolysis	sec. 10	11105.	Aqueous solutions of carboxylic acid-copolymer-salt in water.	sec.	101109.	Plastic nasal irrigator caps for neti pots.
Sec. 107034	products.	Sec. 10	07706.	Aqueous solutions of a modified	Sec.	107770.	Toy character bottle toppers.
Sec. 107655	I. 1,1,1-Trimethyl-N-	200. 10	,,,,,,,,	polymer bearing hydrophilic and			Melamine platters, other than those
	(trimethylsilyl)silanamine hydrol-			hydrophobic groups.			presented in sets.
	ysis products.	Sec. 10	77707.	Dimethylamine/epichlorohydrin/	Sec.	107772.	Melamine plates, other than those
	. Waterborne epoxy curing agents.	G 10	27700	ethylenediamine copolymer.	Coo	107772	presented in sets.
Sec. 107657	. Preparations based on 1-	Sec. 10	)7708.	Linear hydroxyl-terminated ali- phatic polycarb diol.	sec.	107773.	Melamine bowls not presented in sets.
Sec. 107658	phenylicosane-1,3-dione.  2. Mixtures of 2-Mercaptopropionic	Sec. 10	77709	Short hollow PET fibers.	Sec	107774	Melamine trays not presented in
500. 107030	acid, methyl ester, O-ethyl			Polytetrahydrofuran.	۵۰۰۰.	1011111	sets.
	dithiocarbonate.			Crystalline polyesters.	Sec.	107775.	Plastic measuring cups and spoons
	. Epoxy curing agents.	Sec. 10	07712.	Liquid crystal polymers.			in sets.
	. Aliphatic amine curing agents.			Branched polyesters.			Liquid measuring cups.
	. Non-halogenated flame retardants.			High molecular weight co-polyester.			Self-anchoring beverage containers.  PVC infant bathtub mats.
	. Ligaphob N 90. . Organomodified siloxane.			High molecular weight co-polyester. Polyester-polyamide dispersants.			Reversible playmats.
	. Organomournea sitoxane. L. Methyl palmitate-stearate, hydro-			Nylon-12 micro-spheres.			Hangers.
	genated.	Sec. 10	07718.	Short nylon-66 fibers.			Infant bath rinsing cups.
	. Olfine E1010.			Short nylon 6 fibers, colored.			Bathtub spout covers.
Sec. 107666	C. Certain non-halogenated flame			Short triangular nylon 6 fibers.			Infant teethers.
	retardants.	sec. 10	11121.	Short star-shaped nylon 6 fibers.	sec.	101104.	Lighted dog fetch toys.

110	600	CO	NGKES	SIONAL RECORD—HOU	$\cup$ <b>SE</b>		February 2, 2022
Sec.	107785.	Certain thermoplastic nylon 3-gang	Sec. 10784	4. Incontinence underpad fabrics,	Sec.	107884.	Men's and boys' knit cardigans or
		switch wallplates. Manual plastic disposable cutlery		bleached. 5. Incontinence underpad fabrics,			pullovers of linen. Babies' knit sweaters, pullovers,
		dispensers.  Ear bulb syringes of clear silicone.  PVC inflatable pillows.	Sec. 10784	printed.  5. Untwisted filament polyvinyl alco- hol yarn, measuring 1,100 to 1,330	Sec.	107886.	sweatshirts, waistcoats (vests), and cardigans, of artificial fibers. Women's and girls' tops, knitted or
Sec.	107789.	Self-inflatable queen air mattresses. Plastic clip fasteners.	Sec. 10784	decitex. 7. Untwisted filament polyvinyl alco-			crocheted, of man-made fibers in- fused with minerals.
		Self-venting spouts for diesel exhaust fluid.		hol yarn. 3. Polypropylene (PP) monofilament.	Sec.	107887.	Men's and boy's tops, knitted or crocheted, of man-made fibers in-
Sec.	107793.	Plastic pet carriers. Plastic mixing tips.		9. Acrylic fiber tow with an average decitex of 0.9.			fused with minerals. Men's 3 mm wetsuits.
Sec.	107795.	Cable ties of plastics. Flexible camera mountings. Three-piece camera mount sets.		O. Black polyester bi-component fi- bers.	Sec.	107890.	Men's 5.5 and 6.5 mm wetsuits.  Men's 3.5 mm wetsuits.
Sec. Sec.	$107797. \\ 107798.$	Magnetic swivel clips for cameras. Helmet camera mounts.	Sec. 10763	<ol> <li>Acrylic staple fibers with an average decitex of 2.2, fiber length of 100 mm.</li> </ol>	Sec.	107892.	Men's 4.5 mm wetsuits. Women's 3 mm wetsuits. Women's 3.5 mm wetsuits.
		Short extension poles for use with cameras.		2. Modacrylic staple fibers not processed for spinning.	Sec.	107895.	Women's 4.5 mm wetsuits. Women's 5.5 and 6.5 mm wetsuits.
		Long extension poles for cameras. Swivel mounts for cameras.		3. Short polypropylene fibers.	Sec.	107896.	Insulated handmuffs of knit poly-
Sec.	107802.	Tripod camera mounts.		1. Polyoxadiazole fibers. 5. Artificial staple fibers of viscose	Sec	107897	ester. Men's stockingfoot wader bottom
Sec.	107804.	Bulk hydraulic hoses. Brake hydraulic hoses. Bulk fabric/metal-reinforced rubber		rayon, 38–42 mm in length. 6. Artificial fibers of viscose rayon for			subassemblies, of compressed neo- prene.
		hoses. Disposable gloves.	Sec. 10705	the manufacture of feminine hy- giene products.	Sec.	107898.	Men's stockingfoot wader bottom subassemblies, of non-compressed
Sec.	107807.	Reusable gloves. Dog and cat apparel.		7. Flame retardant rayon fibers, measuring 4.78 decitex. 8. Flame retardant rayon fibers,	Sec.	107899.	neoprene. Fishing wader pocket pouch assem-
		Polycarbonate vanity cases. Aluminum vanity cases.		measuring 4.55 decitex.  Flame retardant rayon fibers,			blies. Martial arts uniforms.
		Suitcases with outer surface of aluminum with built-in zipper locks.		measuring 4.4 decitex.  O. Other flame retardant rayon fibers.	sec.	107901.	Women's or girls' linen woven blouses, shirts and shirt-blouses, and sleeveless tank styles.
		Laminated recycled reusable shopping tote bags.		1. Cellulosic man-made viscose rayon staple fibers, measuring 1.3–1.5	Sec.	107902.	Women's or girls' linen woven washsuits, sunsuits, or one-piece
Sec.	107814.	Reusable shopping style tote bags. Waterproof tote bags.	Sec. 10786	decitex. 2. Viscose rayon staple fibers, meas-	g	107002	playsuits.
		Waterproof duffle bags. Waterproof zippered bags, without	Sec. 10700	uring 1.5–1.67 decitex, with a fiber length of 38–42 mm.			Women's or girls' linen woven coveralls or jumpsuits.
		handles, of plastic sheeting. Waterproof backpacks.	Sec. 10786	3. Cellulosic man-made viscose rayon staple fibers, measuring 1.67–2			Women's shawls and similar goods, 100 percent silk. Winter cycling gloves.
Sec.	107819.	Waterproof waist packs. Guitar cases.	G 1070	decitex.	Sec.	107906.	Lock pocket tents.
		Jewelry boxes. Silicone rubber camera cases with	Sec. 10700	4. Viscose rayon staple fibers, meas- uring 1–2 decitex, with a fiber			Dark room tents. Bi-component microfiber tube mop
		straps. Leather gloves with flip mitts for	Sec. 10786	length of 4–8 mm.  5. Viscose staple fibers used in textile,			refills. Microfiber duster refills.
		hunting. Men's leather gloves valued at \$18 or more per pair.	Sec. 10786	medical, or hygiene applications.  Niscose rayon staple fibers, measuring 1.51–2 decitex, with a fiber	Sec.	107911. 107912.	RFID mop pads. Microfiber cleaning cloths. Microfiber mop pads.
		Belts of calf skin. Bamboo engineered flooring: 12.5– 12.9 mm thick.	Sec. 10786	length of 8–16 mm. 7. Viscose rayon staple fibers, meas- uring 1–1.5 decitex, with a fiber	Sec.	107914.	Golf bag body flats. Bathtub elbow rests. Door swings.
Sec.	107826.	Bamboo engineered flooring: 14.1-	Soc 10786	length of 8–16 mm. 8. Flame retardant viscose rayon sta-	Sec.	107916.	Under bed restraints. Bath kneeler.
Sec.	107827.	14.5 mm thick. Bamboo engineered flooring: 15.7– 16.1 mm thick.	Sec. 10700	ple fibers, with a decitex of 4.7 mm and a fiber length of 51–60 mm.	Sec.	107918.	Two-piece camera mount kits. Sleeve covers.
Sec.	107828.	Strand bamboo flooring: 12.5–12.9 mm thick.	Sec. 10786	9. Viscose rayon staple fibers for nonwoven production.			Men's cycling shoes valued over \$18 per pair.
Sec.	107829.	Strand bamboo flooring: 14.1–14.5 mm thick.		). Black viscose rayon staple fibers. 1. Acrylic or modacrylic staple fibers	Sec.	107921.	Women's cycling shoes valued over \$16 per pair.
		Strand bamboo flooring: 10.9–11.3 mm thick.	Sec. 10787	with a decitex of 3–5.6. 2. Made up hand-cast string-drawn	Sec.	107922.	Men's golf shoes with outers and uppers of rubber or plastics, val-
		Chopsticks made of bamboo.  Drying racks of wood.	Sec. 10787	fishing nets. 3. Knitted carpets containing 75 per-	Sec.	107923.	ued over \$20 per pair. Golf shoes other than for men, with
		Bamboo skewers.		cent or more of cotton, with a			outers and uppers of rubber or
		Wood blinds with louvered slats.		rubber backing.	a	107004	plastics, valued over \$20 per pair.
		100 percent cotton woven crimped unbleached fabric. Woven fabrics of cotton, containing	Sec. 10787	1. Knitted carpets containing 75 percent or more by weight of polyester, with a rubber backing.	Sec.	107925.	Winter cycling boots for men. Winter cycling boots for women. Children's footwear valued over \$15
200.	10,000.	85 percent or more by weight of cotton, not more than 200 grams	Sec. 10787	5. Faux leather fabrics. 6. Grass catcher bags. 7. Oxygenation membrane capillary			per pair. Women's protective active footwear, valued over \$25 per pair, 15.35—
Sec.	107837.	per square meter.  100 percent cotton woven bleached fabric pieces, open weave.		material.  7. Textile knitted fabrics composed of	Sec.	107928.	25.4 cm in height. Cheer shoes covering the ankle.
Sec.	107838.	Incontinence underpad fabrics of cotton.		micromodal and elastane.  9. Textile technical knitted fabrics	Sec.	107929.	Sideline cheer shoes. Men's athletic footwear, valued
Sec.	107839.	Woven fabrics of cotton with an average yarn number between 55	Sac 1078	combining technical cotton and elastane.	Sec.	107931.	under \$9 per pair. Athletic footwear for women, val-
Sec.	107840.	and 60.  Woven fabric of cotton of yarn number 69 or higher.		<ol> <li>Textile knit fabrics of modal, cashmere, and spandex.</li> <li>Women's and girls' dresses, knitted</li> </ol>	Sec.	107932.	ued not over \$9 per pair. Athletic footwear for children, valued not over \$8 per pair.
Sec.	107841.	woven fabrics of cotton with an average yarn number exceeding 68.	Sec. 10100	or crocheted, of synthetic fibers infused with minerals.	Sec.	107933.	Men's golf shoes, with outer soles and uppers of rubber or plastics,
Sec.	107842.	Incontinence underpad fabrics, cotton, plain weave, of yarn number	Sec. 10788	2. Women's and girls' skirts and di- vided skirts of synthetic fibers in-			not covering the ankle, valued \$15 per pair or over.
Sec.	107843.	42 or lower. Incontinence underpad fabrics, cot-	Sec. 10788	fused with minerals.  3. Women's and girls' knit cardigans	Sec.	107934.	Golf shoes other than for men, with outer soles and uppers of rubber
		ton, plain weave, of yarn number between 43 and 68.		or pullovers containing 70 percent or more of silk.			or plastics, not covering the ankle, valued \$15 per pair or over.

- Sec. 107935. Men's rubber/plastic footwear, valued not over \$5 per pair. Sec. 107936. Women's rubber/plastic footwear,
- valued not over \$6 per pair. Sec. 107937. Cheer shoes with sole less than 12
- mm.Sec. 107938. Men's golf shoes with outers and
- uppers of rubber or plastics, valued over \$19 per pair. Sec. 107939. Golf shoes other than for men,
- outer soles and uppers of rubber or plastics, valued over \$19 per pair.
- Sec. 107940. Men's golf shoes, outer soles of rubber, plastics, leather or composition leather and uppers of leather
- (except pigskin uppers). Sec. 107941. Women's leather footwear, lined with pigskin with zipper, valued \$47-\$60 per pair. Sec. 107942. Women's leather footwear. lined
- with pigskin, valued \$31-\$40 per pair. Sec. 107943. Women's slip-on cow/calf hair foot-
- wear, valued \$50-\$60 per pair.
- Sec. 107944. Women's leather footwear lined with sheepskin.
- Sec. 107945. Women's leather slip-on footwear lined with sheep leather.
- Sec. 107946. Women's leather slip-on footwear lined with pigskin. Sec. 107947. Women's leather footwear, lined
- with pigskin, valued \$21-\$27 per pair.
- Sec. 107948. Women's footwear with leather uppers, lined with pigskin, closed toe or heel with functional zippers on sides
- Sec. 107949. Women's footwear with leather uppers, lined with pigskin with adjustable laces.
- Sec. 107950. Competitive cheer shoes with leather uppers.
- Sec. 107951. Women's footwear with leather uppers, with strap and buckle, valued \$27-\$40 per pair.
- Sec. 107952. Children's leather upper athletic footwear, valued not over \$9 per pair.
- Sec. 107953. Men's athletic type footwear with uppers of textile materials of vegetable fibers and outer soles of rubber or plastic with textile flocking.
- Sec. 107954. Athletic footwear for men, with a bellows tongue, valued over \$6.50 but not over \$12 per pair.
- Sec. 107955. Athletic footwear for women, with a bellows tongue, valued over \$6.50 but not over \$12 per pair.
  Sec. 107956. Athletic footwear for children, bel-
- lows tongue, valued over \$6.50 but not over \$12 per pair.
- Sec. 107957. Athletic footwear for men, valued over \$6.50 but not over \$9 per pair. Sec. 107958. Athletic footwear for children, val-
- ued over \$6.50 but not over \$9 per pair. Sec. 107959. Cheer shoes with uppers of textile
- materials. Sec. 107960. Women's footwear with textile uppers and 50 percent or more of the
- surface area of which is leather. Sec. 107961. Women's footwear with textile uppers, open toes or heels, valued \$15-\$30 per pair.
- Sec. 107962. Men's textile upper footwear, with open toes or open heels, valued not over \$12 per pair.
- Sec. 107963. Women's textile upper footwear with open toes or open heels, valued not over \$12 per pair.
- Sec. 107964. Children's textile upper footwear, with open toes or open heels, valued not over \$12 per pair.
- Sec. 107965. Oxford-style work footwear with steel safety toe and static dissipating protection.
- Sec. 107966. Oxford footwear with textile uppers and composite toe, valued over \$20 per pair.

- Sec. 107967. Men's mid-cut footwear with a textile upper and a protective toe
- Sec. 107968. Women's footwear with leather soles and textile uppers, open toes or heels, valued \$12-\$24 per pair.
- Sec. 107969. Footwear for women valued over \$20 but not over \$24 per pair.
- Sec. 107970. Women's footwear with leather soles and textile uppers, valued \$15-\$20 per pair.
- Sec. 107971. Women's footwear with leather soles and textile uppers, valued \$20-\$25 per pair.
- Sec. 107972. Women's footwear with cork soles and textile uppers.
- Sec. 107973. Men's footwear with felt soles, not covering the ankle, valued \$20 per pair or higher.
- Sec. 107974. Women's and girls' footwear with cork uppers, valued less than \$25 per pair.
- Sec. 107975. Women's footwear with cow/calf hair uppers, valued \$35-\$40 per pair, covering the ankle.
- Sec. 107976. Women's footwear with cow/calf hair uppers, valued \$35-\$40 per pair, not covering the ankle.
- Sec. 107977. Women's footwear with cow/calf hair uppers, valued \$19-\$25 per pair.
- Sec. 107978. Women's footwear with cow/calf hair uppers, valued \$50-\$55 per pair.
- Sec. 107979. Women's footwear, leather soles and rubber/plastic uppers, valued \$16-\$18 per pair.
- Sec. 107980. Women's footwear with cow/calf hair uppers, valued \$19-\$34 per pair.
- Sec. 107981. Footwear for women, valued over \$50 but not over \$60 per pair.
- Sec. 107982. Calf hair upper footwear. Sec. 107983. Gaiters of man-made fibers.
- Sec. 107984. Hats of vegetable fibers.
- Sec. 107985. Hairnets.
- Sec. 107986. Cotton knit hats, valued \$8 or less.
- Sec. 107987. Babies' woven cotton hats. Sec. 107988. Hats of man-made fiber, valued \$5-
- Sec. 107989. Waterproof and insulated hats with ear flaps, valued over \$15.
- Sec. 107990. Fishing wading staffs.
- Sec. 107991. Plastic plants for aquariums, not glued or bound.
- Sec. 107992. Natural stone ledger tile of sandstone.
- Sec. 107993. Marble mosaic and pebble tiles.
- Sec. 107994. Natural stone limestone tiles. Sec. 107995. Natural stone marble tiles.
- Sec. 107996. Waterjet natural stone mosaic tile.
- Sec. 107997. Marble entertaining and serveware.
- Sec. 107998. Articles of marble for kitchen and dining room.
- Sec. 107999. Natural stone ledger tiles of travertine.
- Sec. 108000. Travertine decorative tile. Sec. 108001. Limestone decorative tiles.
- Sec. 108002. Blank, embossed, and
- printedstoneware coaster disks and triv-
- Sec. 108003. Rolled green glass sheets.
- Sec. 108004. Framed rear-view mirrors.
- Sec. 108005. Wall mirrors, unframed.
- Sec. 108006. Wall mirrors, framed.
- Sec. 108007. Stemware (crystalline) glasses valued over \$0.30 but not over \$3 each, other than those presented in sets.
- Sec. 108008. Double-walled insulated glass tumblers.
- Sec. 108009. Diamond-shaped stemmed glasses.
- Sec. 108010. Twisted-center stemless wine glass.
- Sec. 108011. Crystalline drinking glasses, without stems, not in sets.
- Sec. 108012. Double-walled insulatedglassbowls.

- Sec. 108013. Leaf-shaped glass decanters.
- Sec. 108014. Set of four appetizer plates made of glass with steel caddy holder, valued at \$2 each.
- Sec. 108015. Spice rack with glass jars and wooden lids valued not over \$3 each.
- Sec. 108016. Glass lens blanks for infrared applications.
- Sec. 108017. Hair accessories of glass beads, imitation pearls, and imitation stones, valued less than \$7.
- Sec. 108018. Filter bags with acid-resistant coat $ing,\ of\ woven\ fiberglass\ laminated$ to ePTFE, weighing at least 325 g/  $m^2$  but not over 350 g/ $m^2$ .
- Sec. 108019. Fiberglass replacement wicks for outdoor garden torch.
- Sec. 108020. Filter bags of woven fiberglass fabric laminated to an ePTFE, with a polytetrafluoroethylenecoatedbacking, not acid resistant, weighing at least 721 g/m² but not over 771  $g/m^2$ .
- Sec. 108021. Silver catalyst.
- Sec. 108022. Silver round blanks.
- Sec. 108023. Ferroboron alloy.
- Sec. 108024. Cast iron nonmalleable threaded main body combo castings for residential fuel oil tanks.
- Sec. 108025. Cast iron nonmalleable threaded vent caps for residential fuel oil tanks.
- Sec. 108026. Cast iron nonmalleable threaded bushings for residential fuel oil tanks
- Sec. 108027. Cast iron nonmalleable threaded tank adapters for residential fuel oil tanks.
- Sec. 108028. Cast iron nonmalleable threaded fill alarm main body for residential fuel oil tanks.
- Sec. 108029. Cast iron nonmalleable threaded fill box caps for residential fuel oil tanks.
- Sec. 108030. Cast iron nonmalleable threaded leg flanges for residential fuel oil tanks.
- Sec. 108031. Portable gas cooking stoves.
- Sec. 108032. Portable outdoor cookers.
- Sec. 108033. Self-anchored beverage containers.
- Sec. 108034. Stainless steel handmade kitchen sinks.
- Sec. 108035. Loose frame baskets.
- Sec. 108036. Two-story fire escape ladders.
- Sec. 108037 Three-story fire escape ladders.
- Sec. 108038. Work support stands of steel. Sec. 108039. Locking fixtures of iron or steel.
- Sec. 108040. Stainless steel phone handle-andstand accessories.
- Sec. 108041. Circular and S-shaped stainless steel carabiners
- Sec. 108042. Pieces of refined unwrought copper  $cathode\ 99.9999\ percent\ pure.$
- Sec. 108043. Ultra-thin and wide-width aluminum foil.
- Sec. 108044. Etched capacitor aluminum foil of a thickness 0.018-0.126 mm.
- Sec. 108045. Stove top coffee makers. Sec. 108046. Aluminum shower caddies.
- Sec. 108047. Step stools of aluminum.
- Sec. 108048. Aluminum ladders.
- Sec. 108049. Circular and S-shaped aluminum carabiners.
- Sec. 108050. Stationary sprinklers of zinc.
- Sec. 108051. Tungsten waste and scrap.
- Sec. 108052. Cobalt alloys.
- Sec. 108053. Certain gallium (Ga). Sec. 108054. Niobium (columbium) rings
- thicker than 20 mm. Sec. 108055. Tungsten secondary raw material.
- Sec. 108056. Gear-driven bolt cutters and pipe cutters.
- Sec. 108057. Rotary cutters.
- Sec. 108058. Food graters.
- Sec. 108059. Hand tools for applying plastic clip fasteners to garments.
- Sec. 108060. Steel workstations with vises adjustable by foot pedal.

Sec. 108218. 2-in-1 can opener.

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			Fixed carbide cutter and roller cone drill bits.	Sec.	108121.	Aquarium air pumps. Heat pumps for residential use.	Sec. 108	8172.	DC brushless slotless rhombic winding NdFeB magnet motors output
S	Sec.	108063.	Rotary food graters. Coffee presses. Vacuum insulated ooffee corvers			Heat pumps (outdoor units) for split air conditioner systems.			over 37.5 W but not over 74.6 W. Motors.
۵	sec.	108064.	Vacuum insulated coffee servers with a brew-through lid.			High-wall indoor units. Single-zone outdoor units.	Sec. 108	3174.	DC motors of an output exceeding 74.6 W but not exceeding 735 W.
S	Sec.	108065.	Vacuum insulated coffee servers			Mini heat pumps for split air condi-	Sec. 108	8175.	DC motors, of an output exceeding
۶	Sec.	108066.	with no lid. Vacuum insulated coffee servers with fitted hinged lid.	Sec.	108126.	tioner systems.  Multi-zone outdoor unit ductless systems.	Sec. 108	8176.	74.6 W but not exceeding 735 W.  DC brushed rhombic winding  NdFeB magnet motors output over
S	Sec.	108067.	Commercial vacuum insulated cof- fee servers with sight gauge.	Sec.	108127.	Indoor units of split air conditioner systems.	Sac. 10	0177	74.6 W but not over 735 W. DC brushless slotless rhombic wind-
S	Sec.	108068.	Commercial vacuum insulated cof- fee servers with plastic base.	Sec.	108128.	Ductless 18000 BTU heat pumps, single zone inverter.	Sec. 100	0111.	ing NdFeB magnet motors output over 74.6 W but not over 735 W.
۶	Sec.	108069.	Commercial vacuum insulated cof- fee servers with plastic base and			Single-phase heat pump. Steel vacuum pitchers with plastic	Sec. 108	8178.	DC motors of an output exceeding
,	Tan	100070	stand. Craft knives with fixed pen-like or			hinged lid.	Sec. 108	8179.	750 W but not exceeding 14.92 kW.  DC electric motor for non-aircraft
Α.	sec.	100070.	retractable blades.			Oil filters. Battery powered nasal irrigators.	Sec. 10	21 <i>2</i> 0	gas turbines. AC alternators.
۶	Sec.	108071.	Craft knives.			Struts to absorb vibration.	Sec. 108		
۶	Sec.	108072.	Blades for craft knives with non-			Table saws (25.4 cm.), operable			windings.
٤	Sec.	108073.	fixed blades. Ergonomic pinking shears.	Sec	108135	corded and cordless.  Sliding miter saws (25.4 cm) with	Sec. 108	8182.	Wound stators and rotor assemblies.
			Spring-action scissors.	Dec.	100100.	laser, corded and cordless.	Sec. 108	8183.	Rotors.
			Electronic locks for lockers.	Sec.	108136.	Electromechanical rotary hammers,			Stators for washing machines, with
S	Sec.	108076.	Luggage locks of base metal, packaged for retail sale.	~	400405	corded and cordless.	~ 40.		a 27-tooth design.
S	Sec.	108077.	Key-operated door handles, push-	Sec.	108137.	Electromechanical hammer impact drivers, corded and cordless.	Sec. 108	8185.	Stators for washing machines, with an 18-tooth design.
,5	Sec.	108078	pull-rotate.  Vent mounted magnetic mobile	Sec.	108138.	Rotary hammer drill tools with self-	Sec. 108	8186.	Rotors for washing machines, with
			phone holder for automobiles.	Sec.	108139.	contained electric motor.  Drill driver tools with self-con-	Sec. 108	8187.	a height of 60.8 mm. Rotors for washing machines, with
2	sec.	108079.	Dash mounted magnetic mobile phone holder for automobiles.	~		tained electric motor.	~ 40	0400	a height of 49 mm.
5	Sec.	108080.	Windshield mounted magnetic mo-			Extruders.			6 V lead-acid storage batteries. 12 V lead-acid storage batteries,
			bile phone holder for automobiles.			Three-dimensional drawing pens. Professional grade three-dimen-	Sec. 100	0109.	used for the auxiliary source of
			Steel latches with plastic plungers.	Dec.	100112.	sional drawing pens.			power.
			Non-key-operated door handles.	Sec.	108143.	Electric multi-functional blower	Sec. 108	3190.	Lead-acid storage batteries, used
			Curtain rings.			vacuums.			for wheelchairs.
			Brackets. Curtain rods.	Sec.	108144.	Autosamplers (multisamplers) for	Sec. 108	8191.	12 V lead-acid storage batteries,
			Curtain rod hardware.			$liquid\ chromatographs.$			rated at less than 15 ampere-
			Curtain tiebacks.	Sec.	108145.	Autosamplers (vialsamplers) for liq-	~ 40	0400	hours.
S	Sec.	108088.	Curtain rod finials.	Saa	109146	uid chromatographs. Hydraulic hammer assembly.	Sec. 108	8192.	12 V lead-acid storage batteries, rated at 15 ampere-hours or more.
			Curved shower rods.			Segmented bladder-operated molds,	Sec. 108	8193	Cell box assemblies, weighing 15 kg
			Shower hooks and rings.	Dec.	100111.	with more than 25-inch rim di-	BCC. 100	)1 <i>0</i> 0.	or more but not over 18 kg.
			Straight shower rods. Steel window rods.			ameter.	Sec. 108	3194.	Cell box assemblies, weighing 30 kg
			Antitheft steel cases with digital			Used valves for directional control.			or more but not over 36 kg.
			locks.	Sec.	108149.	Keg spears with pressure release valves.	Sec. 108	8195.	Cell box assemblies, weighing 36 kg or more but not over 49 kg.
			Stainless steel hose kits. Stainless steel hoses.	Sec.	108150.	Multiport distribution controllers.	Sec. 108	3196.	Cell box assemblies NX.
			Wrist watch strap buckles not over	Sec.	108151.	Subsea modular trees.			Food processors with a capacity
			18 mm.	Sec.	108152.	Flow selector unit-multi-port 6-branch engine crankshafts.			greater than 2.9 liters but not exceeding 3.1 liters.
۵	sec.	108097.	Wrist watch strap buckles over 18 mm.			Engine crankshafts.	Sec. 108	8198.	Food processors with a capacity
			Used cylinder heads.			Turbocharger journal bearings.			greater than 1.6 liters but not ex-
S	Sec.	108099.	Cylinder heads used solely or principally with certain engines.			Mid-range bearing housings. Heavy duty bearing housings.	Sec. 108	8199.	ceeding 2.2 liters. Cordless hand blenders.
Ş	Sec.	108100.	Engine blocks.			Fixed ration gear boxes.			Cordless hand mixers.
			Swirler assemblies for turbines.			Track drive gear boxes.			Corded hand blenders.
S	Sec.	108102.	Barrels for fuel mixing.			Swing bearing assembly.  Gears for use in machinery or with-			Burr coffee grinders. Electric food processors with bowl
S	sec.	108103.	Injector assemblies for certain turbines.			in engines.	DEC. 100	, <u>,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,</u>	scraper.
٤	Sec.	108104.	Stem assemblies for certain tur-			14Y stepper motors. Air door actuators.	Sec. 108	3204.	Electric food processors with snap- locking lid.
ŗ	Sec.	108105.	bines. Tip assemblies for non-gas turbines.			Servo motors.	Sec. 108	3205.	Electric juice extractors.
			High pressure fuel pumps.	Sec.	108164.	DC brushed rhombic winding			Electric drink mixers.
S	Sec.	108107.				NdFeb magnet motors, with output under 18.65 W.	Sec. 108	8207.	Spiralizing food processors with a capacity equal to or greater than
S	Sec.	108108.		Sec.	108165.	DC brushed rhombic winding			2.36 liters but not exceeding 2.64
٤	Sec.	108109.		Sec.	108166.	NdFeB magnet motors.  DC brushed rhombic winding Al-	Sec. 108	3208.	liters. Spiralizing food processors with a
ŗ	Sec.	108110.	254x260x420 mm.  Dry scroll vacuum pumps			NiCo magnet motors, with output under 18.65 W.			capacity equal to or greater than 2.83 liters but not exceeding 3.07
			181x140x358 mm.	Sec.	108167.	DC brushless rhombic winding	Sec. 10	გეტი	liters.
			Turbomolecular vacuum pumps. Rotary vane vacuum pumps valued			NdFeB magnet motors, with output under 18.65 W.			Dicing food processors.  Compact food processor with
			over \$500 each.	Sec.	108168.	DC brushed rhombic winding			smoothie function.
S	sec.	108113.	Vacuum diffusion pumps valued over \$900 each.			NdFeB magnet motors, with output over 18.65 but not over 37.5 W.			Juice extractors. Integrated baby food making sys-
			Hand- or foot-operated air pumps.	Sec.	108169.	DC brushed rhombic winding Al-			tems.
			Roof vent fans.			NiCo magnet motors, with output			Electric juice mixers and grinders.
			12-Amp corded electric leaf blowers. Cordless battery powered leaf blow-	Sec	108170	over 18.65 W but not over 37.5 W. DC brushless slotless rhombic wind-			Ultrasonic humidifiers. Automatic litterboxes, valued no
ı.		100111.	ers not exceeding 20 volts.	NIC.	100110.	ing NdFeB magnet motors output	Dec. 100	, <u>u</u> 10.	more than \$100.
S	Sec.	108118.	Cordless battery powered leaf blow-			over 18.65 W but not over 37.5 W.			Electric toothbrushes.
			ers between 20 and 60 V. Fan assemblies for cab climate sys-	Sec.	108171.		Sec. 108	8217.	Ultrasonic cool/warm mist humidi-
-	Yac					NdFeB magnet motors output over			fiers with aromatherapy.

37.5 W but not over 74.6 W.

USB harnesses.

lithography machines.

thography machines.

harnesses.

Sec. 108302.

- February 2, 2022 Sec. 108219. Food spiralizing devices. Sec. 108220. Ceramic bowls. grindersSec. 108221. Food for ers. stand food mixers. food mixers. Sec. 108227. Glass bowls for ers. trimming. Sec. 108229. Hair clipper sets. human hair. trimmers. Sec. 108232. LED bicycle wheel spoke lights. Sec. 108233. Bicycle rear lights. Sec. 108234. Portable electric lamps. Sec. 108235. Space heaters. exceeding 22.5 liters. ing 31 liters.
- Sec. 108262. Electric pressure cookers rated more than 1,200 W but not more than certain. 1,400 W, with a capacity of less electromechanical stand food mixthan 5 liters. Sec. 108222. Pasta press extruders for certain Sec. 108223. Stainless steel bowls for certain electromechanical stand food mixers, with capacity greater than 4.2 liters but not exceeding 4.8 liters. Sec. 108224. Stainless steel bowls for certain electromechanical stand food mixers, with capacity greater than 2.8 liters but not exceeding 3.4 liters. Sec. 108225. Stainless steel bowls for certain electromechanical stand food mixers, with capacity greater than 5.6 liters but not exceeding 8.6 liters. Sec. 108226. Pasta rollers and cutters for stand makers. certain electromechanical stand food mixers. Sec. 108274. Sec. 108228. Body trimmers for detailed hair ers. Sec. 108230. Rechargeable trimmers for trimming tea kettles Sec. 108231. PCB assemblies for clippers and Sec. 108278. Sec. 108236. Microwave ovens with capacity not Sec. 108237. Microwave ovens with capacity exceeding 22.5 liters but not exceed-Sec. 108281. Sec. 108238. Low-profile microwave ovens with electronic opening mechanism and integral range hood. Sec. 108239. Low-profile microwave ovens with push button opening mechanism 125 V. and integral range hood Sec. 108240. Low-profile microwave ovens with electronic opening mechanism and receptacles. without a range hood. Sec. 108287. Power strips. Sec. 108241. Searing grills. Sec. 108242. Automatic drip coffee makers. Sec. 108243. Espresso machines. Sec. 108244. Coffee makers with dishwasher safe removable parts. Sec. 108245. Single-service coffee makers with milk frothers. Sec. 108246. Electric coffee makers with dual dispensers. Sec. 108247. Electric coffee makers for brewing capsules. Sec. 108248. Automatic or manual pour over coffee makers. Sec. 108249. Removable reservoir coffeemakers. Sec. 108250. Single serve coffee makers. Sec. 108251. 2-way coffee makers with a 12-cup carafe and a pod brewer. Sec. 108252. Rapid cold brew and hot coffee makers. Sec. 108253. Electric kettles. Sec. 108254. Electric toasters with even-toast feature. Sec. 108255. Electric toasters with 6.5 inch slots. Sec. 108297. Coaxial Sec. 108256. Electric toasters with 37 mm wide slots, with an under-base cord wran.

keep toaster content warm after

than 800 W but not more than

1,000 W, with a capacity of not

toastina.

slots.

Sec. 108259. Electric toasters with double-slice

Sec. 108260. Electric toasters with 37 mm wide

Sec. 108261. Electric pressure cookers rated more

less than 5 liters.

slots, with a retractable cord.

- Sec. 108263. Electric pressure cookers rated more than 1,000 W but not more than 1,200 W, with a capacity of less than 5 liters. Sec. 108264. Contoured heating pads. Sec. 108265. Slow cookers with non-stick ceramic coated stoneware. Sec. 108266. Heating pads. Sec. 108267. Programmable slow cookers with digital display. Sec. 108268. 8-Quart electric slow cookers. Sec. 108269. Programmable slow cookers. Sec. 108270. Electric slow cookers with locking Sec. 108271. Double flip waffle makers with removable grids. Sec. 108272. Ice cream waffle cone and bowl Sec. 108273. Electric breakfast sandwich mak-Pressure cookers. Sec. 108275. 10-quart programmable slow cook-Sec. 108276. Polished stainless steel 1.5-quart Sec. 108277. Egg bite makers. Vacuum steel insulated coffee carafes, of a kind used with deep ultraviolet lithography machines. Sec. 108279. Vacuum steel insulated carafes for household coffee machines, of a kind used with deep ultraviolet lithography machines. Sec. 108280. Vacuum steel bodies with inner and outer steel layers. Lamp-holder housings of plastic. Sec. 108282. 660 W, 125 V, lamp-holder with two 15 amp outlets. Sec. 108283. Combination duplex receptacle/outlet and USB charger, 15-20 amp, Sec. 108284. Range and dryer receptacles. Sec. 108285. Residential grade receptacles. Sec. 108286. Residential and commercial USB Sec. 108288. Surge protectors. Sec. 108289. Programmable controllers for architectural lighting. Sec. 108290. Electronic modular control panels for generators. Sec. 108291. Power distribution modules and programmable controllers. Sec. 108292. Glass capacitive touchscreen assemblies with LCD. Sec. 108293. Lamps containing deuterium gas without radio-frequency identification (RFID). Sec. 108294. Lamps containing deuterium gas with radio-frequency identification (RFID). Sec. 108295. Fiber channel coaxial cables of silver-plated copper conductors and expanded ePTFE dielectrics. Sec. 108296. Insulated coaxial cables, of a kind used with deep ultraviolet lithography machines. cablesinsulated with ePTFE, vapor sealed, of a kind used with deep ultraviolet lithography machines. Sec. 108257. 2- and 4-slot toasters, not having a Sec. 108298. Coaxial cablesinsulated with button to keep toaster contents ePTFE, non-vapor sealed, of a warm after toasting. kind used with deep ultraviolet li-Sec. 108258. 2-slot toasters, with a button to thography machines.
- Sec. 108303. Insulated electric conductors, of a kind used with optical instruments. Sec. 108304. Rings, blocks, and other insulating fittings of quartz. Sec. 108305. Front tire splash guards for vehicles. Sec. 108306. Rear tire splash guards for vehicles. Sec. 108307. Automatic gear boxes. Sec. 108308. Suspension systems (struts) for offhighway trucks. Sec. 108309. Suspension system stabilizer bars. Sec. 108310. Tie rod assemblies. Sec. 108311. Used axle housings. Sec. 108312. Used parts for power trains. Sec. 108313. Front windshield covers. Sec. 108314. Expansion chambers. Sec. 108315. Bicycle racks for car roofs. Sec. 108316. High pressure fuel injector rails. Sec. 108317. Stand-up bicycles, having both wheels exceeding 63.5 cm in diameter Sec. 108318. Elliptical cycles, with wheels not exceeding 63.5 cm in diameter. Sec. 108319. Bicycle frames, other than of steel, valued \$600 or less. Sec. 108320. Internal gear bicycle hubs, other than two or three speeds. Sec. 108321. Bicycle pedals other than clipless pedals. Sec. 108322. Clipless bicycle pedals and parts thereof.Sec. 108323. Carbon fiber bicycle seatposts. Sec. 108324. Bicycle handlebar tape, other than silicon or leather tape. Sec. 108325. Trailer cycles. Sec. 108326. Dropper seatposts. Sec. 108327. Bicycle fenders. Sec. 108328. Bicycle handlebars. Sec. 108329. Multi-functional steel carts. Sec. 108330. Non-mechanically propelled industrial hand truck. Sec. 108331. Moving dollies. Sec. 108332. Paragliders, paraglider wings and paraglider harnesses. Sec. 108333. Sailing catamarans and power catamarans. Sec. 108334. Projection lenses. Sec. 108335. Mounted optical lenses. Sec. 108336. Objective lenses for broadcast cameras. Sec. 108337. Objective lenses for cinema cameras. Sec. 108338. Magnifying spectacles. Sec. 108339. LCD television panel assemblies, with a video display measuring over 175.26 cm. Sec. 108340. LCD television panel assemblies, with a video display measuring over 149.86 cm but not over 175.26 cm.Sec. 108341. LCD television panel assemblies, with a video display measuring over 139.7 cm but not over 149.86 cm.Sec. 108342. LCD television panel assemblies, with a video display measuring over 137.16 cm but not over 139.7 cm. Sec. 108343. Housings designed for infrared lenses. Sec. 108344. Electronic temperature indicators, weighing 14.2 g. Sec. 108345. Electronic temperature indicators, weighing 64.4 g. Sec. 108346. Electronic temperature indicators, weighing 430 g. Sec. 108347. Global cargo trackers, weighing 660 Sec. 108299. Low speed automotive ethernet Sec. 108348. Temperature data monitors, weigh-Sec. 108300. High speed autolink cable USB ing 115 g. Sec. 108349. Temperature data monitors, weigh-Sec. 108301. Insulated electric conductors, of a ing 138.9 g. kind used with extreme ultraviolet Sec. 108350. Temperature data monitors, weighing 133.2 g. Insulated electric conductors, of a Sec. 108351. Parts and accessories of bicycle kind used with deep ultraviolet lispeedometers. Sec. 108352. Wired remote controllers.

<b>H</b> 3	<b>7</b> 0	CO	N
		Analog/digital wrist watches.	Se
		Mechanical wrist watches.  Mechanical wrist watches with	Se
Sec	108356	leather or other band. Analog pocket watches.	Se
		Projection alarm clocks, non-atomic.	Se
Sec.	108358.	Projection atomic alarm clocks.	50
Sec.	108359.	Analog wall clocks without ther- mometer, hygrometer, or barom- eter gauges.	$S\epsilon$
Sec.	108360.	Analog clocks with thermometer and hygrometer.	Se
		Atomic analog wall clocks. Atomic digital clocks.	Se
		Analog kitchen timers.	50
		Wrist watch movements having over one jewel and less than 7	Se
Sec.	108365.	jewels. Watch movements having over 7	Se
Sec.	108366.	jewels and under 17 jewels. Watch cases or "bodies" over 41	Se
Sec.	108367.	mm in diameter. Watch cases or "bodies" not over	$S\epsilon$
Sec.	108368.	41 mm in diameter. Watch case bezels, backs, and cen-	Se
Coo	100260	ters. Watch case parts.	Se
		Stainless steel watch bracelets.	50
		Watch dials.	
Sec.	108372.	Watch crowns.	
		Watch hands.	$S\epsilon$
		Acoustic guitars.	a.
		Console digital pianos.	Se
		Grand digital pianos.	Se
		Electronic 61-key keyboards. Electric guitars and acoustic/elec-	Se
~	400050	tric guitars.	~
		Memory foam travel pillows.	$S\epsilon$
		Lighting for wall installation.  Decorative bathroom fan assemblies	Se
Dec.	100501.	(lighting fixtures) assemblies.	Se
Sec.	108382.	Metal household floor lamps.	Se
		Solar powered pathway lights, each	$S\epsilon$
		measuring between 36.8 cm and 42 cm in height.	Se
Sec.	108384.	Solar powered pathway lights, each	-
		measuring between 45 cm and 48 cm in height.	Se Se
Sec.	108385.	Exterior exit viewing lights, dual beam.	Se
		LED flameless candles.	$S\epsilon$
Sec.	108387.	Aquarium LED light strands.	$S\epsilon$
Sec.	108388.	LED light modules for bathroom	Se
Saa	108280	fans/lights. Aquarium LED light sticks.	St
		Aquarium LED light strips.	$S\epsilon$
		Decorative votive candle holders.	
		Candle jar shades.	
Sec.	108393.	Non-electrical lighting.	$S\epsilon$
		Outdoor garden or patio torches of bamboo construction.	Se
		Outdoor garden or patio torches of non-bamboo construction.	
Sec.	108396.	Indoor oil lamps with base of glass or metal.	Se
Sec.	108397.	Outdoor garden torches for tabletop use.	Se
		Glass lens arrays for spotlights.	$S\epsilon$
		Lamp shades.	
Sec.	108400.	Galvanized steel LED downlight housing frames.	Se
Sec.	108401.	Aluminum cylinders for LED lighting fixtures.	
		Galvanized steel brackets and plates for LED lighting fixtures.	$S\epsilon$
Can	109/02	Aluminum IED downlight roflee	S.

ing lights.

Sec. 108408. Golf club shafts for putters.

for putters.

Sec. 108410. Golf club shaft assemblies.

Sec. 108407. Golf club heads for fairway woods.

Sec. 108409. Steel golf club shafts, other than

HJ	570	CO	NG	KESS.	IONAL RECORD—
		Analog/digital wrist watches.	Sec.	108411.	Graphite driver golf club
		Mechanical wrist watches.  Mechanical wrist watches with	Sec.	108412.	extra stiff flex. Graphite hybrid golf club
		leather or other band. Analog pocket watches.	Sec.	108413.	extra stiff flex. Graphite irons golf club
		Projection alarm clocks, non-atomic.  Projection atomic alarm clocks.	Sec.	108414.	extra stiff flex.  Graphite driver golf club a regular, senior, adult, or
		Analog wall clocks without ther- mometer, hygrometer, or barom-	Sec	108415	flex.  Graphite golf club driver
Sec	108360	eter gauges. Analog clocks with thermometer			stiff flex. Graphite hybrid golf club
		and hygrometer. Atomic analog wall clocks.	500.	100110.	regular, senior, adult, or flex.
Sec.	108362.	Atomic digital clocks. Analog kitchen timers.	Sec.	108417.	Graphite hybrid golf club stiff flex.
		Wrist watch movements having over one jewel and less than 7	Sec.	108418.	Graphite irons golf club shaft ular, senior, adult, or ladie
Sec.	108365.	jewels. Watch movements having over 7			Graphite irons golf club shaft flex.
Sec.	108366.	jewels and under 17 jewels. Watch cases or "bodies" over 41	Sec.	108421.	Pickleball paddles. Pickleballs.
Sec	108367	mm in diameter. Watch cases or "bodies" not over			Exercise cycles. Stationary trainers.
		41 mm in diameter. Watch case bezels, backs, and cen-			Multimodality fitness equipolity without integrated contact
Sec	108360	ters. Watch case parts.	Sec	108425	heart rate monitor.  Multimodality fitness equi
		Stainless steel watch bracelets.	Dec.	100125.	with integrated power sen
		Watch dials.			measure the user's upper
		Watch crowns. Watch hands.	Sec	108426	power input.  Parts and accessories for
		Acoustic guitars.	Bec.	100420.	mills.
		Console digital pianos.			Parts and accessories for ellip
		Grand digital pianos.	Sec.	108428.	Parts and accessories for stat
		Electronic 61-key keyboards. Electric guitars and acoustic/elec-	Sec	108429	exercise cycles.  Parts and accessories for
Dec.	100570.	tric guitars.	Dec.	100120.	training equipment.
		Memory foam travel pillows.	Sec.	108430.	Parts and accessories for o
		Lighting for wall installation.	~	100401	exercise equipment machines
Sec.	108381.	Decorative bathroom fan assemblies			Lateral elliptical machines. Adjustable-weight kettlebells.
Sec	108382	(lighting fixtures) assemblies. Metal household floor lamps.			Adjustable-weight barbell.
		Solar powered pathway lights, each			Exercise cycles with dual-pe
		measuring between 36.8 cm and 42	α	100425	handgrips.
Sec	108381	cm in height. Solar powered pathway lights, each	Sec.	108433.	Exercise cycles with single grips.
DCC.	100501.	measuring between 45 cm and 48	Sec.	108436.	Upright exercise cycles.
Sec.	108385.	cm in height. Exterior exit viewing lights, dual	Sec.	108437.	Recumbent exercise cycles touchscreen consoles.
		beam.			Leaning exercise cycles.
		LED flameless candles.			Rod gyms, with vertical bench
		Aquarium LED light strands.  LED light modules for bathroom			Rod and resistance gyms, wi benches. Foldable treadmills, with LC
Sec.	108389.	fans/lights. Aquarium LED light sticks.	Bec.	100441.	soles with control keypads.
		Aquarium LED light strips.	Sec.	108442.	Foldable treadmills,
		Decorative votive candle holders.			touchscreen consoles mea
		Candle jar shades. Non-electrical lighting.	Sec	108443	44.5 cm or less. Indoor cycling machines with
		Outdoor garden or patio torches of	DCC.	100110.	less data touchscreen displa
		bamboo construction. Outdoor garden or patio torches of	Sec.	108444.	Indoor cycling machines with consoles and two water
Sec.	108396.	non-bamboo construction. Indoor oil lamps with base of glass	Sec.	108445.	holders. Indoor cycling machines with
Sec.	108397.	or metal. Outdoor garden torches for tabletop	~	100440	consoles and single water holder.
Sec	108398	use. Glass lens arrays for spotlights.			Recumbent elliptical machine. Fitness equipment combining
		Lamp shades.	200.	1001111	functions of an elliptical
		Galvanized steel LED downlight			stair stepper, weight over 90
Sec.	108401.	housing frames. Aluminum cylinders for LED light-	Sec.	108448.	Foldable treadmills touchscreen console greater
Sec.	108402.	ing fixtures.  Galvanized steel brackets and	Sec.	108449.	44.4 cm. Interactive indoor cycling explore
Sec.	108403.	plates for LED lighting fixtures.  Aluminum LED downlight reflectors.	Sec.	108450.	cycles.  Multimodality fitness equipolity with integrated contact grip
Sec.	108404.	Outdoor garden torch replacement canisters.	Sec.	108451.	rate monitors. Fishing reels valued not ove
		Iris subassemblies for moving lights.  Zoom modules for automated moving lights			each, pre-spooled, with ro fishing line. Fishing reels valued not one
		THE PROPES	SPC	1110437	PISHTHU TEELS DAITHPA THAT AND

each.

Sec. 108453. Hard artificial crankbaits.

Sec. 108454. Collapsible big game decoys.

not exceeding 1 liter.

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golf club shafts,
                                                  Sec. 108456. Vacuum insulated drinkware hav-
                                                                ing a capacity exceeding 1 liter
                              golf club shafts,
                                                                but not exceeding 2 liters.
                                                  Sec. 108457. Vacuum insulated drinkware hav-
                              golf club shafts,
                                                                ing a capacity exceeding 2 liters
                                                                but not exceeding 4 liters.
                              golf club shafts,
                                                  Sec. 108458. Vacuum glass lined steel coffee
                               adult, or ladies
                                                                servers over 2 liters.
                                                  Sec. 108459. Vacuum glass lined steel coffee
                                                                servers over 2 liters with lever dis-
                              ub driver shafts,
                                                                pensina.
                              golf club shafts,
                                                     Subtitle B-Existing Duty Suspensions and
                               adult, or ladies
                                                                     Reductions
                                                  Sec. 108460. Extension of certain existing duty
                              golf club shafts,
                                                                suspensions and reductions and
                                                                other modifications.
                              f club shafts, reg-
                                                      Subtitle C-Effective Date and Technical
                              ult, or ladies flex.
                                                               Corrections Authority
                              If club shafts, stiff
                                                  Sec. 108461. Effective date.
                                                  Sec. 108462. Authority to make technical and
                                                                conforming changes.
                                                          DIVISION L-COMMITTEE ON
                                                  TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE
                              tness equipment.
                                                  Sec. 110001. Recompete pilot program.
                              ted contact grip
                                                  DIVISION A—CREATING HELPFUL INCEN-
                                                    TIVES TO PRODUCE SEMICONDUCTORS
                                     eauipment
                                                    (CHIPS) FOR AMERICA FUND
                              power sensor to
                                                  SEC. 10001. CREATING HELPFUL INCENTIVES TO
                              ser's upper body
                                                              PRODUCE
                                                                                SEMICONDUCTORS
                                                              (CHIPS) FOR AMERICA FUND.
                              sories for tread-
                                                    (a) CHIPS FOR AMERICA FUND.-
                                                    (1) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established in
                                                  the Treasury of the United States a fund to be
known as the "Creating Helpful Incentives to
                              ries for ellipticals.
                              ries for stationary
                                                  Produce Semiconductors (CHIPS) for America
                              sories for weight
                                                  Fund" (referred to in this subsection as the
                                                   'Fund'') for the Secretary of Commerce to carry
                              sories for certain
                                                  out sections 9902 and 9906 of the William M.
                              nt machines.
                                                  (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authoriza-
                                                  tion Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116-
                              kettlebells.
                                                  283). Amounts in the Fund to carry out section
                                                  9906 of Public Law 116-283 shall be transferred
                              vith dual-position
                                                  to and merged with ac counts within the De-
                                                  partment of Commerce to be used for such pur-
                              with single hand-
                                                  poses.
                                                    (2) APPROPRIATION.—
                                                    (A) In addition to amounts otherwise avail-
                              cise cycles with
                                                  able for such purposes, there is appropriated to
                                                  the Fund established in subsection (a)(1), out of
                                                  amounts in the Treasury not otherwise appro-
                              ertical bench.
                                                  priated-
                              e gyms, with flat
                                                    (i) for fiscal year 2022, $24,000,000,000, to re-
                                                        available until expended, of which
                                                  main
                              ls, with LCD con-
                                                  $19,000,000,000 shall be for section 9902 of Public
                                                  Law 116-283, $2,000,000,000 shall be for sub-
                                           with
                                                  section (c) of section 9906 of Public Law 116-283.
                              nsoles measuring
                                                  $2,500,000,000 shall be for subsection (d) of sec-
                                                  tion 9906 of Public Law 116-283, and $500,000,000
                              chines with wire-
                                                  shall be for subsections (e) and (f) of section
                              ereen displays.
                                                  9906 of Public Law 116-283;
                              achines with LCD
                                                    (ii) for fiscal year 2023, $7,000,000,000 to re-
                                                  main available until expended, of which
                                  water bottle
                                                  $5,000,000,000 shall be for section 9902 of Public
                              achines with LCD
                                                  Law 116-283 and $2,000,000,000 shall be for sub-
                              ngle water bottle
                                                  sections (c), (d), (e), and (f) of section 9906 of
                                                  Public Law 116-283:
                                                    (iii) for fiscal year 2024, $6,300,000,000, to re-
                              cal machines.
                              at combining the
                                                        available until expended, of which
                               elliptical and a
                                                  $5,000,000,000 shall be for section 9902 of Public
                              ight over 90 kgs.
                                                  Law 116-283 and $1,300,000,000 shall be for sub-
                                           with
                                                  sections (c), (d), (e), and (f) of section 9906 of
                              sole greater than
                                                  Public Law 116-283:
                                                    (iv) for fiscal year 2025, $6,100,000,000, to re-
                              r cycling exercise
                                                  main available until expended, of which $5,000,000,000 shall be for section 9902 of Public
                              tness equipment,
                                                  Law 116-283 and $1,100,000,000 shall be for sub-
                                                  sections (c), (d), (e), and (f) of section 9906 of
Public Law 116–283; and
                              contact grip heart
                                                    (v) for fiscal year 2026, $6,800,000,000, to re-
                              ied not over $2.70
                              ed, with rod and
                                                        available until expended, of which
                                                  $5,000,000,000 shall be for section 9902 of Public
Sec. 108452. Fishing reels valued not over $2.70
                                                  Law 116-283 and $1,800,000,000 shall be for sub-
                                                  sections (c), (d), (e), and (f) of section 9906 of
                                                  Public Law 116-283.
                                                    (B) The Secretary of Commerce may use-
Sec. 108455. Vacuum steel hinged lid pitchers,
                                                    (i) up to $6,000,000,000 of the amounts made
                                                  available for fiscal year 2022 for section 9902 of
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Public Law 116-283 for the cost of direct loans and loan guarantees, as authorized by section 9902 of Public Law 116-283, provided that

- (I) such costs, including the cost of modifying such loans and loan guarantees shall be as defined in section 502 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974; and
- (II) these funds are available to subsidize gross obligations for the principal amount of direct loans and total loan principal, any part of which is to be guaranteed, not to \$75,000,000,000; and
- (ii) up to 2 percent of the amounts made available in each fiscal year for salaries and expenses, administration, and oversight purposes to carry out sections 9902, 9904 and 9906 of Public Law 116-283, of which \$5,000,000 in each of fiscal years 2022 through 2026 shall be transferred to the Office of Inspector General of the Department of Commerce to oversee expenditures from the Fund. The requirement to transfer and merge funds for carrying out section 9906 of Public Law 116-283 shall not apply to amounts used pursuant to this provision.
- (3) Assistance for mature technology NODES.
- (A) Of the amount available in fiscal year 2022 to implement section 9902 of Public Law 116-283, \$2,000,000,000 shall be to provide Federal financial assistance to covered entities to incentivize investment in facilities and equipment in the United States for the fabrication, assembly, testing, or advanced packaging of semiconductors at mature technology nodes.

(B) In addition to the procedures, eligibility, and considerations for review specified in subsection 9902(a)(2) of Public Law 116-283, in order for an entity to qualify to receive Federal financial assistance under this paragraph, the covered entity shall-

(i)(I) provide equipment or materials for the fabrication, assembly, testing, or advanced packaging of semiconductors at mature technology nodes in the United States; or

(II) fabricate, assemble using advanced packaging, or test semiconductors at mature technology nodes in the United States; and

(ii) commit to using any Federal financial assistance received under this section to increase the production of semiconductors at mature technology nodes.

- (C) In addition to the considerations described in subsection 9902(a)(2)(C) of Public Law 116-283, in granting Federal financial assistance under this paragraph, the Secretary may consider whether a covered entity produces or supplies equipment or materials used in the fabrication, assembly, testing, or advanced packaging of semiconductors at mature technology nodes that are necessary to support a critical manufacturing industry.
- (D) In awarding Federal financial assistance to covered entities under this paragraph, the Secretary shall give priority to covered entities that support the resiliency of semiconductor supply chains for critical manufacturing industries in the United States.

(E) In this paragraph, the term "critical manufacturing industry"

(i) means an industry that is assigned a North American Industry Classification System code beginning with 31, 32, or 33, and for which the industry components that are assigned a North American Industry Classification System code beginning with the same 4 digits as the industru-

(I) manufacture primary products and parts, the sum of which account for not less than 5 percent of the manufacturing value added by industry gross domestic product of the United States: and

(II) employ individuals for primary products and parts manufacturing activities that, combined, account for not less than 5 percent of manufacturing employment in the United States: and

(ii) may include any other manufacturing industry designated by the Secretary based on the

- relevance of the manufacturing industry to the national and economic security of the United States, including the impacts of job losses.
- (F) In this paragraph, the term "mature technology node" has the meaning given the term by the Secretary of Commerce.

(4) Allocation authority.-

- (A) SUBMISSION OF COST ESTIMATES.—The President shall submit to Congress detailed account, program, and project allocations of the full amount made available under subsection (a)(2)-
- (i) for fiscal years 2022 and 2023, not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act; and
- (ii) for each subsequent fiscal year through 2026, as part of the annual budget submission of the President under section 1105(a) of title 31, United States Code.

(B) Alternate allocation.-

(i) IN GENERAL.—The Committees on Appropriations of the House of Representatives and the Senate may provide for alternate allocation of amounts made available under subsection (a)(2), including by account, program, and project.

(ii) ALLOCATION BY PRESIDENT.—

(I) NO ALTERNATE ALLOCATIONS.—If Congress has not enacted legislation establishing alternate allocations, including by account, program, and project, by the date on which the Act making full-year appropriations for the Department of Commerce, Justice, Science, and Related Agencies for the applicable fiscal year is enacted into law, only then shall amounts made available under subsection (a)(2) be allocated by the President or apportioned or allotted by account, program, and project pursuant to title 31, United States Code.

(II) Insufficient alternate allocation.—If Congress enacts legislation establishing alternate allocations, including by account, program, and project, for amounts made available under subsection (a)(2) that are less than the full amount appropriated under that subsection. the difference between the amount appropriated and the alternate allocation shall be allocated by the President and apportioned and allotted by account, program, and project pursuant to title 31 United States Code.

(b) Chips for America Defense Fund.-

- (1) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established in the Treasury of the United States a fund to be known as the "Creating Helpful Incentives to Produce Semiconductors (CHIPS) for America Defense Fund" (referred to in this subsection as the "Fund") to provide for research, development, test and evaluation, workforce development, and other requirements that are unique to the Department of Defense and the intelligence community, including those requirements that are necessary to carry out section 9903(b) of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116-283). Amounts in the Fund shall be transferred to and merged with accounts within the Department of Defense to be used for such purposes. Amounts in the Fund or transferred to and merged with accounts within the Department of Defense may not be used for construction of facilities.
- (2) APPROPRIATION.—In addition to amounts otherwise available for such purposes, there is appropriated to the Fund established in subsection (b)(1), out of amounts in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated-

(A) for fiscal year 2022, \$400,000,000, to remain available until September 30 2022

(B) for fiscal year 2023, \$400,000,000, to remain available until September 30, 2023;

(C) for fiscal year 2024, \$400,000,000, to remain available until September 30, 2024; (D) for fiscal year 2025, \$400,000,000, to remain

available until September 30, 2025; and (E) for fiscal year 2026, \$400,000,000, to remain

available until September 30, 2026.

(3) ALLOCATION AUTHORITY.—
(A) SUBMISSION OF COST ESTIMATES.—The President shall submit to Congress detailed account, program element, and project allocations of the full amount made available under subsection (b)(2)-

- (i) for fiscal years 2022 and 2023, not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act: and
- (ii) for each subsequent fiscal year through 2026, as part of the annual budget submission of the President under section 1105(a) of title 31. United States Code.

(B) ALTERNATE ALLOCATION.

(i) IN GENERAL.—The Committees on Appropriations of the House of Representatives and the Senate may provide for alternate allocation of amounts made available under subsection (b)(2), including by account, program element,  $and\ project.$ 

(ii) ALLOCATION BY PRESIDENT .-

(I) NO ALTERNATE ALLOCATIONS.—If Congress has not enacted legislation establishing alternate allocations, including by account, program element, and project, by the date on which the Act making full-year appropriations for the Department of Defense for the applicable fiscal year is enacted into law, only then shall amounts made available under subsection (b)(2) be allocated by the President or apportioned or allotted by account, program element, and project pursuant to title 31, United States Code.

(II) Insufficient alternate allocation.—It Congress enacts legislation establishing alternate allocations, including by account, program element, and project, for amounts made available under subsection (b)(2) that are less than the full amount appropriated under that subsection, the difference between the amount appropriated and the alternate allocation shall be allocated by the President and apportioned and allotted by account, program element, and project pursuant to title 31, United States Code.

(c) Chips for America International Tech-NOLOGY SECURITY AND INNOVATION FUND.

(1) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established in the Treasury of the United States a fund to be known as the "Creating Helpful Incentives to Produce Semiconductors (CHIPS) for America International Technology Security and Innovation Fund" (referred to in this subsection as the 'Fund'') to provide for international information and communications technology security and semiconductor supply chain activities, including to support the development and adoption of secure and trusted telecommunications technologies, secure semiconductors, secure semiconductors supply chains, and other emerging technologies and to carry out sections 9905 and 9202(a)(2) of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116-283), as appropriate. Amounts in the Fund shall be transferred by the Secretary of State to accounts within the Department of State, the United States Agency for International Development, the Export-Import Bank, and the United States International Development Finance Corporation, as appropriate, to be used for such purposes and under the terms and conditions of the account to which transferred.

(2) APPROPRIATION.

- (A) In addition to amounts otherwise available for such purposes, there is appropriated to the Fund established in subsection (c)(1), out of amounts in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated-
- (i) for fiscal year 2022, \$100,000,000, to remain available until September 30, 2026;

(ii) for fiscal year 2023, \$100,000,000, to remain available until September 30, 2027;

(iii) for fiscal year 2024, \$100,000,000, to remain available until September 30, 2028; (iv) for fiscal year 2025, \$100,000,000, to remain

available until September 30, 2029; and (v) for fiscal year 2026, \$100,000,000, to remain

available until September 30, 2030.

(B) In carrying out this subsection, the Secretary of State may use up to \$5,000,000 of the amounts made available in each fiscal year for the Fund for salaries and expenses, administration, and oversight purposes, of which \$500,000

in each of fiscal years 2022 through 2026 shall be transferred to the Office of Inspector General of the Department of State to oversee expenditures under the Fund.

(3) Allocation authority.—

- (Å) SUBMISSION OF COST ESTIMATES.—The President shall submit to Congress detailed account, program, project, and activity allocations of the full amount made available under subsection (c)(2)—
- (i) for fiscal years 2022 and 2023, not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act: and
- (ii) for each subsequent fiscal year through 2026, as part of the annual budget submission of the President under section 1105(a) of title 31, United States Code.

(B) ALTERNATE ALLOCATION.—

(i) In GENERAL.—The Committees on Appropriations of the House of Representatives and the Senate may provide for alternate allocation of amounts made available under subsection (c)(2), including by account, program, project, and activity.

(ii) ALLOCATION BY PRESIDENT.—

- (I) NO ALTERNATE ALLOCATIONS.—If Congress has not enacted legislation establishing alternate allocations, including by account, program, project, and activity, by the date on which the Act making full-year appropriations for the Department of State, Foreign Operations, and Related Programs for the applicable fiscal year is enacted into law, only then shall amounts made available under subsection (c)(2) be allocated by the President or apportioned or allotted by account, program, project, and activity pursuant to title 31, United States Code.
- (II) INSUFFICIENT ALTERNATE ALLOCATION.—If Congress enacts legislation establishing alternate allocations, including by account, program, project, and activity, for amounts made available under subsection (c)(2) that are less than the full amount appropriated under that subsection, the difference between the amount appropriated and the alternate allocation shall be allocated by the President and apportioned and allotted by account, program, project, and activity pursuant to title 31, United States Code.
- (d) SEQUESTRATION.—Section 255(g)(1)(A) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 (2 U.S.C. 905(g)(1)(A)) is amended by inserting after "Continuing Fund, Southwestern Power Administration (89–5649–0– 2–271)." the following:

"Creating Helpful Incentives to Produce Semiconductors (CHIPS) for America Fund.

"Creating Helpful Incentives to Produce Semiconductors (CHIPS) for America Defense Fund. "Creating Helpful Incentives to Produce Semi-

conductors (CHIPS) for America International Technology Security and Innovation Fund.".

(e) STATUTORY PAYGO SCORECARDS.—The budgetary effects of this section shall not be entered on either PAYGO scorecard maintained pursuant to section 4(d) of the Statutory Pay-As-You-Go Act of 2010.

# SEC. 10002. SEMICONDUCTOR INCENTIVES.

(a) DEFINITIONS.—Section 9901 of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116–283) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (2)—

- (A) by inserting "production," before "or research and development"; and
- (B) by striking "of semiconductors." and inserting "of semiconductors, materials used to manufacture semiconductors, or semiconductor manufacturing equipment.";
- (2) by redesignating paragraphs (4), (5), (6), (7), (8), and (9) as paragraphs (5), (6), (7), (8), (10), and (11), respectively;
- (3) by inserting after paragraph (3) the following:
- "(4) The term 'critical manufacturing industry'—

"(A) means an industry—

"(i) that is assigned a North American Industry Classification System code beginning with 31, 32, or 33; and

- "(ii) for which the industry components that are assigned a North American Industry Classification System code beginning with the same 4 digits as the industry—
- "(I) manufacture primary products and parts, the sum of which account for not less than 5 percent of the manufacturing value added by industry gross domestic product of the United States; and
- "(II) employ individuals for primary products and parts manufacturing activities that, combined, account for not less than 5 percent of manufacturing employment in the United States: and
- "(B) may include any other manufacturing industry designated by the Secretary based on the relevance of the manufacturing industry to the national and economic security of the United States, including the impacts of job losses."; and
- (4) by inserting after paragraph (8), as so redesignated, the following:

"(9) The term 'mature technology node' has the meaning given the term by the Secretary.".

(b) Semiconductor Program.—Section 9902 of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116–283) is amended—

(1) in subsection (a)(1)—

- (A) by striking "for semiconductor fabrication" and inserting "for the fabrication";
- (B) by inserting "production," before "or research and development"; and
- (C) by striking the period at the end and inserting "of semiconductors, materials used to manufacture semiconductors, or semiconductor manufacturing equipment."; and

(2) in subsection (a)(2)—

- (A) in subparagraph (B)(ii)-
- (i) in subclause (III), by striking "and" at the end:
- (ii) in subclause (IV), by striking the period at the end and inserting "and"; and
- (iii) by adding at the end the following:

"(V) determined—

- "(aa) the type of semiconductor technology the covered entity will produce at the facility described in clause (i); and
- "(bb) the customers to which the covered entity plans to sell the semiconductor technology described in item (aa).";
  - (B) in subparagraph (C)—

(i) in clause (i)—

- (I) in subclause (II), by striking "is in the interest of the United States" and inserting "is in the economic and national security interests of the United States"; and
- (II) in subclause (III), by striking "and" at the end:
- (ii) in clause (ii)(IV), by striking "and" at the end:
- (iii) by redesignating clause (iii) as clause (iv); and
- (iv) by inserting after clause (ii) the following: "(iii) the Secretary shall consider the type of semiconductor technology produced by the covered entity and whether that semiconductor technology advances the economic and national security interests of the United States; and";

(C) by redesignating subparagraph (D) as subparagraph (E); and

- (D) by inserting after subparagraph (C) the following:
- "(D) PRIORITY.—In awarding Federal financial assistance to covered entities under subsection (a), the Secretary shall give priority to ensuring that a covered entity receiving financial assistance will—
- "(i) manufacture semiconductors necessary to address gaps and vulnerabilities in the domestic supply chain across a diverse range of technology and process nodes; and
- "(ii) provide a secure supply of semiconductors necessary for the national security, manufacturing, critical infrastructure, and technology leadership of the United States and other essential elements of the economy of the United States.":

- (3) in paragraph (4)(A), by striking "used for semiconductors" and inserting "used for the purposes"; and
  - (4) by adding at the end the following:
- "(d) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that, in carrying out subsection (a), the Secretary should allocate funds in a manner that—
- "(1) strengthens the security and resilience of the semiconductor supply chain, including by mitigating gaps and vulnerabilities;
- "(2) provides a supply of secure semiconductors relevant for national security;
- "(3) strengthens the leadership of the United States in semiconductor technology;
- "(4) grows the economy of the United States and supports job creation in the United States; and
- "(5) improves the resiliency of the semiconductor supply chains of critical manufacturing industries.
- "(e) Additional Assistance for Mature Technology Nodes.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall establish within the program established under subsection (a) an additional program that provides Federal financial assistance to covered entities to incentivize investment in facilities and equipment in the United States for the fabrication assembly, testing, or advanced packaging of semiconductors at mature technology nodes.
- "(2) ELIGIBILITY AND REQUIREMENTS.—In order for an entity to qualify to receive Federal financial assistance under this subsection, the covered entity shall—
- "(A) submit an application under subsection (a)(2)(A);
- "(B) meet the eligibility requirements under subsection (a)(2)(B):
- "(C)(i) provide equipment or materials for the fabrication, assembly, testing, or advanced packaging of semiconductors at mature technology nodes in the United States; or

"(ii) fabricate, assemble using advanced packaging, or test semiconductors at mature technology nodes in the United States:

"(D) commit to using any Federal financial assistance received under this section to increase the production of semiconductors at mature technology nodes; and

- "(E) be subject to the considerations described in subsection (a)(2)(C).
- "(3) PROCEDURES.—In granting Federal financial assistance to covered entities under this subsection, the Secretary may use the procedures established under subsection (a).
- "(4) CONSIDERATIONS.—In addition to the considerations described in subsection (a)(2)(C), in granting Federal financial assistance under this subsection, the Secretary may consider whether a covered entity produces or supplies equipment or materials used in the fabrication, assembly, testing, or advanced packaging of semiconductors at mature technology nodes that are necessary to support a critical manufacturing industry.
- "(5) PRIORITY.—In awarding Federal financial assistance to covered entities under this subsection, the Secretary shall give priority to covered entities that support the resiliency of semiconductor supply chains for critical manufacturing industries in the United States.
- "(6) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— There are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary to carry out this subsection \$2,000,000,000, which shall remain available until expended.
- "(f) CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS.—Section 602 of the Public Works and Economic Development Act of 1965 (42 U.S.C. 3212) shall apply to a construction project that receives financial assistance from the Secretary under this section.".
- (c) ADVANCED MICROELECTRONICS RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT.—Section 9906 of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116–283) is amended by adding at the end the following:

- "(h) INFRASTRUCTURE GRANTS.—Section 602 of the Public Works and Economic Development Act of 1965 (42 U.S.C. 3212) shall apply to a construction project that receives financial assistance from the Secretary under this section.".
- (d) LOAN GUARANTEE AUTHORITIES.—Section 9902 of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116–283) is amended by adding at the end the following:
- "(d) Loans and Loan Guarantees.—Subject to the requirements of subsection (a) of this section, the Secretary of Commerce is authorized to make or guarantee loans to covered entities as financial assistance under this section. Loans made or guaranteed under this section will be on such terms and conditions as the Secretary may prescribe."
- (e) ADMINISTRATIVE CHANGES.—Section 9906 of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116–283) is amended—
- (1) in subsection (c)(1) by adding at the end the following: "The Secretary may make financial assistance awards in support of the center.":
- (2) in subsection (c)(2)(B) by inserting "and capitalize" before "an investment fund";
- (3) in subsection (d) by-
- (A) striking "the Manufacturing USA institute" and inserting "a Manufacturing USA institute"; and
- (B) adding to the end the following: "The Director may make financial assistance awards in support of the Program."; and
  - (4) in subsection (f) by-
- (A) striking "a Manufacturing USA Institute" and inserting "one or more Manufacturing USA Institutes";
- (B) striking "is focused on semiconductor manufacturing" and inserting "are focused on semiconductor manufacturing";
- (C) inserting "The Secretary may also provide financial assistance to any Manufacturing USA institute for work related to semiconductor manufacturing." after "focused on semiconductor manufacturing.": and
- manufacturing."; and
  (D) striking "Such institute may emphasize" and inserting "Such institutes may emphasize".
- (f) ADDITIONAL AUTHORITIES.—The William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116–283) is amended by adding at the end the following:

# "SEC. 9909. ADDITIONAL AUTHORITIES.

- "In carrying out the responsibilities of the Department of Commerce under this Act, the Secretary of Commerce may—
- "(1) enter into agreements, including contracts, grants and cooperative agreements, and other transactions as may be necessary and on such terms as the Secretary considers appropriate:
- "(2) make advance payments under agreements and other transactions authorized by paragraph (1) without regard to section 3324 of title 31, United States Code;
- "(3) include a clause that requires a person or other entity to make payments to the Department of Commerce as a condition for receiving support through an award of assistance or other transaction, and any funds received shall be credited to and merged with the account from which such support was made;
- "(4) procure temporary and intermittent services of experts and consultants in accordance with section 3109 of title 5, United States Code;
- "(5) notwithstanding section 3104 of title 5, United States Code, or the provisions of any other law relating to the appointment, number, classification, or compensation of employees, make appointments of scientific, engineering, and professional personnel, and fix the basic pay of such personnel at a rate to be determined by the Secretary at rates not in excess of the highest total annual compensation payable at the rate determined under section 104 of title 3,

United States Code, except that the Secretary shall appoint not more than 25 personnel under this paragraph; and

- "(6) with the consent of another Federal agency, enter into an agreement with that Federal agency to utilize, with or without reimbursement, any service, equipment, personnel, or facility of that Federal agency."
- (g) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—The analysis for the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2011 (Public Law 116–283) is amended by adding after the item relating to section 9908 the following: "9909. Additional authorities.".

### DIVISION B—RESEARCH AND INNOVATION TITLE I—DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY SCIENCE FOR THE FUTURE

# SEC. 10101. MISSION OF THE OFFICE OF SCIENCE.

Section 209 of the Department of Energy Organization Act (42 U.S.C. 7139) is amended by adding at the end the following:

"(d) USER FACILITIES.—The Director shall carry out the construction, operation, and maintenance of user facilities to support the mission described in subsection (c). As practicable, these facilities shall serve the needs of the Department, industry, the academic community, and other relevant entities for the purposes of advancing the missions of the Department, improving the competitiveness of the United States, protecting public health and safety, and addressing other national priorities including emergencies.

- "(e) COORDINATION .-
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary—
- "(A) shall ensure the coordination of the Office of Science with the other activities of the Department;
- "(B) shall support joint activities among the programs of the Department;
- "(C) shall coordinate with other relevant Federal agencies in supporting advancements in related research areas as appropriate; and
- "(D) may form partnerships to enhance the utilization of and ensure access to user facilities by other Federal agencies.
- "(2) Office of Science.—The Director—
- "(A) shall ensure the coordination of programs and activities carried out by the Office of Science: and
- "(B) shall direct all programs which have not recently completed a future planning roadmap consistent with the funding of such programs authorized under the America COMPETES Act of 2022 to complete such a roadman."

# SEC. 10102. BASIC ENERGY SCIENCES PROGRAM.

- (a) DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY RESEARCH AND INNOVATION ACT.—Section 303 of the Department of Energy Research and Innovation Act (42 U.S.C. 18641) is amended—
- (1) by redesignating subsections (a) through (e) as subsections (c) through (g), respectively; and
- (2) by inserting before subsection (c), as so redesignated, the following:
- "(a) PROGRAM.—As part of the activities authorized under section 209 of the Department of Energy Organization Act (42 U.S.C. 7139), the Director shall carry out a research and development program in basic energy sciences, including materials sciences and engineering, chemical sciences, physical biosciences, geosciences, and other disciplines, to understand, model, and control matter and energy at the electronic, atomic, and molecular levels in order to provide the foundations for new energy technologies, address scientific grand challenges, and support the energy, environment, and national security missions of the Department.
- "(b) SUSTAINABLE CHEMISTRY.—In carrying out chemistry-related research and development activities under this section, the Director shall prioritize research and development of sustainable chemistry to support clean, safe, and economic alternatives and methodologies to traditional chemical products and processes.";

- (3) in subsection (d), as so redesignated-
- (A) in paragraph (3)—
- (i) subparagraph (C), by striking "and" at the end:
- (ii) by redesignating subparagraph (D) as subparagraph (E); and
- (iii) by inserting after subparagraph (C) the following:
- "(D) autonomous chemistry and materials synthesis and characterization facilities that leverage advances in artificial intelligence; and"; and
  - (B) by adding at the end the following:
  - "(4) ADVANCED PHOTON SOURCE UPGRADE.
  - "(A) DEFINITIONS.—In this paragraph:
- "(i) FLUX.—The term 'flux' means the rate of flow of photons.
- "(ii) HARD X-RAY.—The term 'hard x-ray' means a photon with energy greater than 20 kiloelectron volts.
- "(B) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall provide for the upgrade to the Advanced Photon Source described in the publication approved by the Basic Energy Sciences Advisory Committee on June 9, 2016, titled 'Report on Facility Upgrades', including the development of a multibend achromat lattice to produce a high flux of coherent x-rays within the hard x-ray energy region and a suite of beamlines optimized for this source.
- "(C) START OF OPERATIONS.—The Secretary shall, subject to the availability of appropriations, ensure that the start of full operations of the upgrade under this paragraph occurs before March 31, 2026.
- "(D) FUNDING.—Out of funds authorized to be appropriated under subsection (j), there are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary to ut the upgrade under this paragraph \$101,000,000 for fiscal year 2022 and \$56,000,000 for fiscal year 2023.
- ''(5) SPALLATION NEUTRON SOURCE PROTON POWER UPGRADE.—
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall provide for the proton power upgrade to the Spallation Neutron Source.
- "(B) PROTON POWER UPGRADE DEFINED.—For the purposes of this paragraph, the term 'proton power upgrade' means the Spallation Neutron Source power upgrade described in—
- "(i) the publication titled 'Facilities for the Future of Science: A Twenty-Year Outlook', published by the Office of Science of the Department of Energy in December, 2003;
- "(ii) the publication titled 'Four Years Later: An Interim Report on Facilities for the Future of Science: A Twenty-Year Outlook', published by the Office of Science of the Department of Energy in August, 2007; and
- "(iii) the publication approved by the Basic Energy Sciences Advisory Committee on June 9, 2016, titled 'Report on Facility Upgrades'.
- "(C) START OF OPERATIONS.—The Secretary shall, subject to the availability of appropriations, ensure that the start of full operations of the upgrade under this paragraph occurs before July 30, 2028, with the option for early operation in 2025.
- "(D) FUNDING.—Out of funds authorized to be appropriated under subsection (j), there are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary to carry out the upgrade under this paragraph \$49,800,000 for fiscal year 2022.
- "(6) SPALLATION NEUTRON SOURCE SECOND TARGET STATION.—
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall provide for a second target station for the Spallation Neutron Source.
- "(B) Second target station defined.—For the purposes of this paragraph, the term 'second target station' means the Spallation Neutron Source second target station described in—
- "(i) the publication titled, 'Facilities for the Future of Science: A Twenty-Year Outlook', published by the Office of Science of the Department of Energy in December, 2003;
- "(ii) the publication titled, "Four Years Later: An Interim Report on Facilities for the Future

of Science: A Twenty-Year Outlook', published by the Office of Science of the Department of Energy in August, 2007; and

"(iii) the publication approved by the Basic Energy Sciences Advisory Committee on June 9, 2016, titled 'Report on Facility Upgrades'

"(C) START OF OPERATIONS.—The Secretary shall, subject to the availability of appropriations, ensure that the start of full operations of the second target station under this paragraph occurs before December 31, 2033, with the option for early operation in 2029.

"(D) FUNDING.—Out of funds authorized to be appropriated under subsection (j), there are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary to carry out the activities under this paragraph,

including construction-

- "(i) \$70,000,000 for fiscal year 2022;
- "(ii) \$127,000,000 for fiscal year 2023 "(iii) \$204,000,000 for fiscal year 2024;
- "(iv) \$279,000,000 for fiscal year 2025; and
- "(v) \$300,000,000 for fiscal year 2026.
- "(7) ADVANCED LIGHT SOURCE UPGRADE.
- "(A) DEFINITIONS.—In this paragraph:
- "(i) FLUX.—The term 'flux' means the rate of flow of photons.
- "(ii) SOFT X-RAY.—The term 'soft x-ray' means a photon with energy in the range from 50 to 2,000 electron volts.
- "(B) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall provide for the upgrade to the Advanced Light Source described in the publication approved by the Basic Energy Sciences Advisory Committee on June 9, 2016, titled 'Report on Facility Upgrades', including the development of multibend achromat lattice to produce a high flux of coherent x-rays within the soft x-ray energy region.

(C) START OF OPERATIONS.—The Secretary shall, subject to the availability of appropriations, ensure that the start of full operations of the upgrade under this paragraph occurs before September 30, 2029.

(D) FUNDING.—Out of funds authorized to be appropriated under subsection (j), there are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary to carry out the upgrade under this paragraph-

(i) \$75,100,000 for fiscal year 2022;

- "(ii) \$135,000,000 for fiscal year 2023;
- "(iii) \$102,500,000 for fiscal year 2024;
- "(iv) \$25,000,000 for fiscal year 2025; and "(v) \$25,000,000 for fiscal year 2026.
- "(8) Linac coherent light source ii high ENERGY UPGRADE.
  - "(A) DEFINITIONS.—In this paragraph:
- "(i) HIGH ENERGY X-RAY.—The term 'high energy x-ray' means a photon with an energy in the 5 to 13 kiloelectron volt range.
- "(ii) HIGH REPETITION RATE.—The term 'high repetition rate' means the delivery of x-ray pulses up to 1 million pulses per second.
- "(iii) Ultra-short pulse x-rays.—The term 'ultra-short pulse x-rays' means x-ray bursts capable of durations of less than 100 femtoseconds.

"(B) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall-

- "(i) provide for the upgrade to the Linac Coherent Light Source II facility described in the publication approved by the Basic Energy Sciences Advisory Committee on June 9, 2016, titled 'Report on Facility Upgrades', including the development of experimental capabilities for high energy x-rays to reveal fundamental scientific discoveries; and
- "(ii) ensure such upgrade enables the production and use of high energy, ultra-short pulse xrays delivered at a high repetition rate.
- (C) START OF OPERATIONS.—The Secretary shall, subject to the availability of appropriations, ensure that the start of full operations of the upgrade under this paragraph occurs before December 31, 2026.
- '(D) FUNDING.—Out of funds authorized to be appropriated under subsection (j), there are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary to carry out the upgrade under this paragraph-
  - (i) \$106,925,000 for fiscal year 2022;
- "(ii) \$125,925,000 for fiscal year 2023;
- "(iii) \$115,000,000 for fiscal year 2024;

- '(iv) \$89,000,000 for fiscal year 2025; and
- "(v) \$49,344,000 for fiscal year 2026.
- "(9) CRYOMODULE REPAIR AND MAINTENANCE FACILITY .

"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall provide for the construction of a cryomodule repair and maintenance facility to service the Linac Coherent Light Source II and upgrades to the facility. The Secretary shall consult with the private sector, universities, National Laboratories, and relevant Federal agencies to ensure that this facility has the capability to maintain, repair, and test superconducting radiofrequency accelerator components.

'(B) FUNDING.—Out of funds authorized to be appropriated under subsection (j), there are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary to carry out the activities under this paragraph-

(i) \$19,000,000 for fiscal year 2022

"(ii) \$25,000,000 for fiscal year 2023, "(iii) \$25,000,000 for fiscal year 2024; and

"(iv) \$17,000,000 for fiscal year 2025.

"(10) NANOSCALE SCIENCE RESEARCH CENTER

RECAPITALIZATION PROJECT.

'(A) In General.—The Secretary shall provide for the recapitalization of the Nanoscale Science Research Centers, to include the upgrade of equipment at each Center supported by the Office of Science on the date of enactment of the America COMPETES Act of 2022, to accelerate advances in the various fields of science including nanoscience, materials, chemistry, biology, and quantum information science.

'(B) FUNDING.—Out of funds authorized to be appropriated under subsection (j), there are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary to carry out the recapitalization under this para-

(i) \$20,000,000 for fiscal year 2022;

"(ii) \$30,000,000 for fiscal year 2023,

"(iii) \$20,000,000 for fiscal year 2024; and

"(iv) \$20,000,000 for fiscal year 2025. (4) by adding at the end the following:

(h) Computational Materials and Chem-ICAL SCIENCES.

"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Director shall support a program of research and development for the application of advanced computing practices to foundational and emerging research problems in chemistry and materials science. Research activities shall include-

"(A) chemical catalysis research and development:

"(B) the use of large data sets to model materials phenomena, including through advanced characterization of materials, materials sunthesis, processing, and innovative use of experimental and theoretical data:

'(C) co-design of chemical system and chemistry modeling software with advanced computing systems and hardware technologies: and

'(D) modeling of chemical processes, assemblies, and reactions such as molecular dunamics and quantum chemistry, including through novel computing methods.

'(2) COMPUTATIONAL MATERIALS AND CHEM-ICAL SCIENCES CENTERS .-

- '(A) IN GENERAL.—In carrying out the activities authorized under paragraph (1), the Director shall select and establish up to six computational materials and chemical sciences centers
- "(i) develop open-source, robust, and validated computational codes and user-friendly software, coupled with innovative use of experimental and theoretical data, to enable the design, discovery, and development of new materials and chemical systems; and

"(ii) focus on overcoming challenges and maximizing the benefits of exascale and other high performance computing underpinned by accelerated node technologies.

"(B) SELECTION.—The Director shall select centers under subparagraph (A) on a competitive, merit-reviewed basis. The Director shall consider applications from the National Laboratories, institutes of higher education, multi-institutional collaborations, and other appropriate entities.

(C) DURATION.—

"(i) A center selected under subparagraph (A) shall receive support for a period of not more than 5 years beginning on the date of establishment of that center, subject to the availability of appropriations.

'(ii) A center already in existence on the date of enactment of the America COMPETES Act of 2022 may continue to receive support for a period of not more than 5 years beginning on the date of establishment of that center.

"(D) RENEWAL.—Upon the expiration of any period of support of a center under this subsection, the Director may renew support for the center, on a merit-reviewed basis, for a period of not more than 5 years.

"(E) TERMINATION.—Consistent with the existing authorities of the Department, the Director may terminate an underperforming center for cause during the performance period.

"(i) Materials Research Database.

- "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Director shall support the development of a web-based platform to develop and provide access to a database of computed information on known and predicted materials properties and computational tools to accelerate breakthroughs in materials discovery and design.
- "(2) PROGRAM.—In carrying out this subsection, the Director shall-
- "(A) conduct cooperative research with industry, academia, and other research institutions to advance understanding, prediction, and manipulation of materials and facilitate the design of novel materials:

"(B) develop and maintain data infrastructure at user facilities that generate data to collect, analyze, label, and otherwise prepare the data for inclusion in the database;

"(C) leverage existing high performance computing systems to conduct high throughput calculations, and develop computational and data mining algorithms for the prediction of material properties;

'(D) strengthen the foundation for new technologies and advanced manufacturing; and

"(E) drive the development of advanced materials for applications that span the Department's missions in energy, environment, and national security.

"(3) COORDINATION.—In carrying out this subsection, the Director shall leverage programs and activities across the Department, including computational materials and chemical sciences centers established under subsection (h).

"(4) FUNDING.—Out of funds authorized to be appropriated under subsection (j), there are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary to carry out activities under this subsection \$10,000,000 for each of the fiscal years 2022 through 2026.

"(i) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS. There are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary to carry out the activities described in this section-

- "(1) \$2,727,705,000 for fiscal year 2022;
- "(2) \$2,828,896,600 for fiscal year 2023,
- "(3) \$3,019,489,612 for fiscal year 2024;
- "(4) \$3,161,698,885 for fiscal year 2025; and "(5) \$3,291,651,600 for fiscal year 2026."
- (b) Artificial Photosynthesis.—Section 973 of the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C.
- 16313) is amended-(1) in subsection (b), by striking paragraph (4) and inserting:
- "(4) FUNDING.—From within funds authorized to be appropriated for Basic Energy Sciences, there are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary for carrying out activities under this subsection \$50,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2022 through 2026."; and
- (2) in subsection (c), by striking paragraph (4) and inserting:
- "(4) FUNDING.—From within funds authorized to be appropriated in section 316 of the Department of Energy Research and Innovation Act, there are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary for carrying out activities under this

subsection \$50,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2022 through 2026.

(c) ELECTRICITY STORAGE RESEARCH INITIA-TIVE .- Section 975 of the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16315) is amended-

(1) in subsection (b), by striking paragraph (4) and inserting:

(4) FUNDING.—From within funds authorized to be appropriated for Basic Energy Sciences, there are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary for carrying out activities under this subsection \$50,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2022 through 2026.

(2) in subsection (c), by striking paragraph (4) and inserting:

(4) FUNDING.—From within funds authorized to be appropriated in section 316 of the Department of Energy Research and Innovation Act, there are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary for carrying out activities under this subsection \$50,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2022 through 2026."; and

(3) in subsection (d), by striking paragraph (4)

and inserting:

'(4) FUNDING.—From within funds authorized to be appropriated in section 316 of the Department of Energy Research and Innovation Act, there are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary for carrying out activities under this subsection \$20,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2022 through 2026."

#### SEC. 10103. BIOLOGICAL AND ENVIRONMENTAL RESEARCH.

(a) Program: Biological Systems: Bio-MOLECULAR CHARACTERIZATION AND IMAGING Science.—Section 306 of the Department of Energy Research and Innovation Act (42 U.S.C. 18644) is amended-

(1) by striking subsection (a) and inserting the

following:

- '(a) PROGRAM.—As part of the duties of the Director authorized under section 209 of the Department of Energy Organization Act (42 U.S.C. 7139) and coordinated with the activities authorized under sections 303 and 304 of this Act. the Director shall carry out a program of research and development in the areas of biological systems science and climate and environmental science, including subsurface science, relevant to the development of new energy technologies and to support the energy, environmental, and national security missions of the Department.
- (b) BIOLOGICAL SYSTEMS.—The Director shall carry out research and development activities in genomic science including fundamental research on plants and microbes to increase systems-level understanding of the complex biological systems, which may include activities to-

'(1) accelerate breakthroughs and new knowledge that would enable the cost-effective, sustainable production of-

biomass-based liquid transportation ((A)fuels:

'(B) bioenergy; and

"(C) biobased materials from renewable bio-

"(2) improve fundamental understanding of plant and microbial processes impacting the global carbon cycle, including processes for removing carbon dioxide from the atmosphere, through photosynthesis and other biological processes, for sequestration and storage;

'(3) understand the microbiome mechanisms used to transform, immobilize, or remove contaminants from subsurface environments:

(4) develop the computational approaches and integrated platforms for open access collaborative science:

'(5) leverage tools and approaches across the Office of Science to expand research to include novel processes, methods, and science to develop bio-based chemicals, polymers, inorganic materials, including research to-

(A) advance biosystems design research to advance the understanding of how CRISPR tools and other gene editing tools and technologies work in nature, in the laboratory, and in practice;

"(B) deepen genome-enabled knowledge of root architecture and growth in crops, including

"(C) develop biosystems design methods and tools to increase the efficiency of photosynthesis in plants; and

(6) develop other relevant methods and processes as determined by the Director.

"(c) BIOMOLECULAR CHARACTERIZATION AND IMAGING SCIENCE.—The Director shall carry out research and development activities in biomolecular characterization and imaging science, including development of integrative imaging and analysis platforms and biosensors to understand the expression, structure, and function of genome information encoded within cells and for real-time measurements in ecosystems and field sites of relevance to the mission of the Department of Energy."; and

(2) by redesignating subsections (b) through (d) as subsections (d) through (f), respectively.

(b) Bioenergy Research Centers.—Section 977(f) of the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16317(f)) is amended to read as follows:

'(f) BIOENERGY RESEARCH CENTERS.

"(1) IN GENERAL.—In carrying out the program under section 306(a) of the Department of Energy Research and Innovation Act (42 U.S.C. 18644(a)), the Director shall support up to six bioenergy research centers to conduct fundamental research in plant and microbial systems biology, biological imaging and analysis, and genomics, and to accelerate advanced research and development of biomass-based liquid transportation fuels, bioenergy, or biobased materials, chemicals, and products that are produced from a variety of regionally diverse feedstocks, and to facilitate the translation of research results to industry. The activities of the centers authorized under this subsection may include-

"(A) accelerating the domestication of bioenergy-relevant plants, microbes, and associated microbial communities to enable high-impact, value-added coproduct development at multiple points in the bioenergy supply chain;

"(B) developing the science and technological advances to ensure process sustainability is considered in the creation of biofuels and bioprod-

ucts from lignocellulose; and "(C) using the latest tools in genomics, molec-

ular biology, catalysis science, chemical engineering, systems biology, and computational and robotics technologies to sustainably produce and transform biomass into biofuels and bioproducts.

"(2) Selection and duration.

(A) IN GENERAL.—A center established under paragraph (1) shall be selected on a competitive, merit-reviewed basis for a period of not more than 5 years, subject to the availability of appropriations, beginning on the date of establishment of that center.

"(B) APPLICATIONS.—The Director shall consider applications from National Laboratories, multi-institutional collaborations, and other appropriate entities.

'(C) EXISTING CENTERS.—A center already in existence on the date of enactment of the America COMPETES Act of 2022 may continue to receive support for a period of not more than 5 years beginning on the date of establishment of

"(3) RENEWAL.—After the end of either period described in paragraph (2), the Director may renew support for the center for a period of not more than 5 years on a merit-reviewed basis. For a center in operation for 10 years after its previous selection on a competitive, merit-reviewed basis, the Director may renew support for the center on a competitive, merit-reviewed basis for a period of not more than 5 years, and may subsequently provide an additional renewal on a merit-reviewed basis for a period of not more than 5 years.

"(4) TERMINATION.—Consistent with the existing authorities of the Department, the Director may terminate an underperforming center for cause during the performance period.

"(5) ACTIVITIES.—Centers shall undertake research activities to accelerate the production of biofuels and bioproducts from advanced biomass resources by identifying the most suitable species of plants for use as energy crops; and improving methods of breeding, propagation, planting, producing, harvesting, storage and processing. Activities may include the following:

'(A) Research activities to increase sustainability, including-

'(i) advancing knowledge of how bioenergy crop interactions with biotic and abiotic environmental factors influence crop growth, yield, and quality:

'(ii) identifying the most impactful research areas that address the economics of biofuels and bioproducts production; and

'(iii) utilizina multiscale modelina to advance predictive understanding of biofuel cropping ecosustems.

'(B) Research activities to further feedstock development, including lignocellulosic, algal, gaseous wastes including carbon oxides and methane, and direct air capture of single carbon gases via plants and microbes, including-

(i) developing genetic and genomic tools, high-throughput analytical tools, and biosystems design approaches to enhance bioenergy feedstocks and their associated microbiomes;

'(ii) conducting field testing of new potential bioenergy feedstock crops under environmentally benign and geographically diverse conditions to assess viability and robustness; and

'(iii) developing quantitative models informed by experimentation to predict how bioenergy feedstocks perform under diverse conditions.

improve Research activities tolignocellulosic deconstruction and separation methods, including-

developing  $feedstock\hbox{-}agnostic$ deconstruction processes capable of efficiently fractionating biomass into targeted output

'(ii) gaining a detailed understanding of plant cell wall biosynthesis, composition, structure, and properties during deconstruction; and

'(iii) improving enzymes and approaches for biomass breakdown and cellulose, hemicellulose, and lignin processing.

(D) Research activities to improve the feedstock conversion process for advanced biofuels and bioproducts, including-

 $\lq\lq(i)$  developing high-throughput methods to screen or select high-performance microbial strains and communities to improve product formation rates, yields, and selectivity;

'(ii) establishing a broad set of platform microorganisms and microbial communities suitable for metabolic engineering to produce biofuels and bioproducts, as well as highthroughput methods for experimental validation of gene function;

(iii) developing techniques to enhance microbial robustness for tolerating toxins to improve biofuel and bioproduct yields and to gain a better understanding of the cellular and molecular bases of tolerance for major chemical classes of inhibitors found in these processes;

"(iv) advancing technologies for the use of batch, continuous, as well as consolidated bio-

processing;

'(v) identifying, creating, and optimizing microbial and chemical pathways to produce promising, atom-economical intermediates and final bioproducts from biomass with considerations given to environmentally benign proc-

"(vi) developing high-throughput, real-time, in situ analytical techniques to understand and characterize the pre- and post-bioproduct separation streams in detail:

(vii) creating methodologies for efficiently identifying viable target molecules, identifying high-value bioproducts in existing biomass streams. andutilizing current buproduct streams:

(viii) identifying and improving plant feedstocks with enhanced extractable levels of desired bioproducts or bioproduct precursors, including lignin streams; and

"(ix) developing integrated biological and chemical catalytic approaches to valorize and produce a diverse portfolio of advanced fuels and bioproducts.

"(6) INDUSTRY PARTNERSHIPS.—Centers shall establish industry partnerships to translate research results to commercial applications.

- "(7) COORDINATION.—In coordination with the Bioenergy Technologies Office of the Department, the Director shall support interdisciplinary research activities to improve the capacity, efficiency, resilience, security, reliability, and affordability, of the production and use of biofuels and bioproducts, as well as activities to enable positive impacts and avoid the potential negative impacts that the production and use of biofuels and bioproducts may have on ecosystems, people, and historically marginalized communities.
- (c) LOW-DOSE RADIATION RESEARCH PRO-GRAM.—Section 306(e)(8) of the Department of Energy Research and Innovation Act (42 U.S.C. 18644(e)(8)), as redesignated under subsection (a), is amended-
- (1) in subparagraph (C), by striking "and", (2) in subparagraph (D), by striking the pe-
- riod at the end and inserting a semicolon; and (3) by adding at the end the following:
  - '(E) \$40,000,000 for fiscal year 2025; and "(F) \$50,000,000 for fiscal year 2026."
- (d) LOW-DOSE RADIATION AND SPACE RADI-ATION RESEARCH PROGRAM.—Section 306(f) of the Department of Energy Research and Innovation Act (42 U.S.C. 18644(d)), as redesignated under subsection (a), is amended to read as fol-
- "(f) LOW-DOSE RADIATION AND SPACE RADI-ATION RESEARCH PROGRAM.—
- '(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Energy, in consultation with the Administrator of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration, shall carry out a basic research program on the similarities and differences between the effects of exposure to low-dose radiation on Earth, in low Earth orbit, and in the space environment.
- (2) PURPOSE.—The purpose of this program is to accelerate breakthroughs in low-dose and low dose-rate radiation research and development as described in subsection (e) and to inform the advancement of new tools, technologies, and advanced materials needed to facilitate long-duration space exploration."
- (e) CLIMATE, ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE, AND OTHER ACTIVITIES.—Section 306 of the Department of Energy Research and Innovation Act (42 U.S.C. 18644) is further amended by adding at the end the following:
- "(g) EARTH AND ENVIRONMENTAL SYSTEMS Sciences Activities.-
- '(1) IN GENERAL.—As part of the activities authorized under subsection (a), and in coordination with activities carried out under subsection (b), the Director shall carry out earth and environmental systems science research, in consultation with the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration and other relevant agencies, which may include activities to-
- (A) understand, observe, and model the response of Earth's atmosphere and biosphere to increased concentrations of greenhouse gas emissions and any associated changes in climate, including frequency and intensity of extreme weather events;
- "(B) understand the coupled physical, chemical, and biological processes to transform, immobilize, remove, or move carbon, nitrogen, and other energy production-derived contaminants such as radionuclides and heavy metals, and understand the process of sequestration and transformation of these, carbon dioxide, and other relevant molecules in subsurface environments;
- '(C) understand, observe, and model the cycling of water, carbon, and nutrients in terrestrial systems and at scales relevant to resources management;
- understand the biological, biogeochemical, and physical processes across the mul-

tiple scales that control the flux of environmentally relevant compounds between the terrestrial surface and the atmosphere; and

'(E) inform potential natural mitigation and adaptation options for increased concentrations of greenhouse gas emissions and any associated changes in climate.

'(2) PRIORITIZATION.—In carrying out the program authorized under paragraph (1), the Director shall prioritize-

"(A) the development of software and algorithms to enable the productive application of environmental systems and extreme weather in climate and Earth system prediction models in high-performance computing systems; and

(B) capabilities that support the Department's mission needs for energy and infrastructure security, resilience, and reliability.

'(3) ENVIRONMENTAL SYSTEMS SCIENCE RE-SEARCH.

"(A) IN GENERAL.—As part of the activities described in paragraph (1), the Director shall carry out research to advance an integrated, robust, and scale-aware predictive understanding of environmental systems, including the role of hudrobiogeochemistry, from the subsurface to the top of the vegetative canopy that considers effects of seasonal to interannual variability and change.

(B) Člean water and watershed re-SEARCH.—As part of the activities described in subparagraph (A), the Director shall-

(i) support interdisciplinary research to significantly advance our understanding of water availability, quality, and the impact of human activity and a changing climate on urban and rural watershed systems, including in freshwater environments:

"(ii) consult with the Interagency Research, Development, and Demonstration Coordination Committee on the Nexus of Energy and Water for Sustainability established under section 1010 of the Energy Act of 2020 (division Z of the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2021 (Public Law 116-260)) on energy-water nexus research activi-

'(iii) engage with representatives of research and academic institutions, nonprofit organizations, State, territorial, local, and tribal governments, and industry, who have expertise in technologies, technological innovations, or practices relating to the energy-water nexus, as applicable.

(C) COORDINATION -

"(i) DIRECTOR.—The Director shall carry out activities under this paragraph in accordance with priorities established by the Secretary to support and accelerate the decontamination of relevant facilities managed by the Department.

(ii) SECRETARY.—The Secretary shall ensure the coordination of activities of the Department, including activities under this paragraph, to support and accelerate the decontamination of relevant facilities managed by the Department.

"(4) CLIMATE AND EARTH MODELING.—As part of the activities described in paragraph (1), the Director, in collaboration with the Advanced Scientific Computing Research program described in section 304 and other programs carried out by the Department, as applicable, and in consultation with the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration and other relevant agencies, shall carry out research to develop, evaluate, and use high-resolution regional climate, alobal climate, Earth system, and other relevant models to inform decisions on reducing greenhouse gas emissions and the resulting impacts of a changing global climate. Such modelina shall include-

'(A) integrated capabilities for modeling multisectoral interactions, including socioeconomic factors as appropriate, which may include the impacts of climate policies on social and regional equity and well-being, and the interdependencies and risks at the energywater-land nexus:

'(B) greenhouse gas emissions, air quality, energy supply and demand, and other critical elements; and

"(C) interaction among human and Earth systems informed by interdisciplinary research, including the economic and social sciences.

(5) MID-SCALE FUNDING MECHANISM.

"(A) IN GENERAL.—Any of the activities authorized in this subsection may be carried out by competitively selected mid-scale, multi-institutional research centers in lieu of individual research grants, or large-scale experiments or user facilities.

(B) CONSIDERATION.—The Biological and Environmental Research Advisory Committee shall provide recommendations to the Director on projects most suitable for the research centers described in subparagraph (A).

(h) BIOLOGICAL AND ENVIRONMENTAL RE-SEARCH USER FACILITIES.-

"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Director shall carry out a program for the development, construction, operation, and maintenance of user facilities to enhance the collection and analysis of observational data related to complex biological, climate, and environmental systems.

'(2) FACILITY REQUIREMENTS.—To the maximum extent practicable, the user facilities developed, constructed, operated, or maintained under paragraph (1) shall include—

'(A) distributed field research and observation platforms for understanding earth system

processes.

'(B) analytical techniques, instruments, and modeling resources for understanding the physical, chemical, and cellular processes of biological and environmental systems:

(C) integrated high-throughput sequencing, advanced bioanalytic techniques, DNA design and synthesis, metabolomics, and computational analysis: and

(D) such other facilities as the Director considers appropriate, consistent with section 209 of the Department of Energy Organization Act (42 U.S.C. 7139).

'(3) EXISTING FACILITIES.—In carrying out the program established in paragraph (1), the Director is encouraged to evaluate the capabilities of existing user facilities and, to the maximum extent practicable, invest in modernization of those capabilities to address emerging research priorities

'(4) User facilities integration and col-LABORATION PROGRAM.-

"(A) IN GENERAL —The Director shall support a program of collaboration between user facilities as defined under this subsection to encourage and enable researchers to more readily integrate the tools, expertise, resources, and capabilities of multiple Office of Science user facilities (as described in section 209(d) of the Department of Energy Organization Act (42 U.S.C. 7139)) to further research and advance emerging technologies.

'(B) ACTIVITIES.—The program shall advance the integration of automation robotics computational biology, bioinformatics, biosensing, cellular platforms and other relevant emergina technologies as determined by the Director to enhance productivity and scientific impact of user facilities

(5) EARTH AND ENVIRONMENTAL SYSTEMS SCIENCES USER FACILITIES -

'(A) IN GENERAL.—In carrying out the activities authorized under paragraph (1), the Director shall establish and operate user facilities to advance the collection, validation, and analysis of atmospheric data, including activities to advance knowledge and improve model representations and measure the impact of atmospheric gases, aerosols, and clouds on earth and environmental systems

'(B) SELECTION.—The Director shall select user facilities under paragraph (1) on a competitive, merit-reviewed basis. The Director shall consider applications from the National Laboratories, institutes of higher education, multi-institutional collaborations, and other appropriate entities.

(C) EXISTING FACILITIES.—To the maximum extent practicable, the Director shall utilize existing facilities to carry out this subsection.

- "(6) COORDINATION.—In carrying out the program authorized in paragraph (1), the Director shall ensure that the Office of Science
- "(A) consults and coordinates with the National Oceanic Atmospheric Administration, the Environmental Protection Agency, the National Aeronautics and Space Administration, the Department of Agriculture, the Department of the Interior, and any other relevant Federal agency on the collection, validation, and analysis of atmospheric data; and
- "(B) coordinates with relevant stakeholders, including institutes of higher education, nonprofit research institutions, industry, State, territorial, local, and tribal governments, and other appropriate entities to ensure access to the best available relevant atmospheric and historical weather data.
- (i) Coastal Zone Research Initiative.-
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Director shall carry out a research program, in consultation with the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, to enhance the understanding of coastal ecosystems. In carrying out this program, the Director shall prioritize efforts to enhance the collection of observational data, and shall develop models to analyze the ecological, biogeochemical, hydrological and physical processes that interact in coastal zones.
- (2) National system for coastal data COLLECTION.—The Director shall establish, in consultation with the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration and other relevant agencies, an integrated system of geographically diverse field research sites in order to improve the quantity and quality of observational data, and that encompass the major land water interfaces of the United States, including-
  - (A) the Great Lakes region;
  - "(B) the Pacific coast;
  - "(C) the Atlantic coast;
  - "(D) the Arctic; and
  - "(E) the Gulf coast.
- "(3) Existing infrastructure.—In carrying out the programs and establishing the field research sites under paragraph (1) and (2), the Secretary shall leverage existing research and development infrastructure supported by the Department, including the Department's existing marine and coastal research lab.
- "(4) COORDINATION.—For the purposes of carrying out the programs and establishing the field research sites under the Initiative, the Secretary may enter into agreements with Federal Departments and agencies with complementary capabilities.
- '(5) REPORT.—Not less than 2 years after the date of the enactment of the America COM-PETES Act of 2022, the Director shall provide to the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate a report examining whether the system described in this section should be established as a National User Facility.
- '(j) TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT.—The Director shall support a technology research program for the development of instrumentation and other research tools required to meet the missions of the Department and to provide platform technologies for the broader scientific community. Technologies shall include but are not limited to-
  - '(1) cruo-electron microscopu:
  - "(2) fabricated ecosystems:
- "(3) next generation sensors including quantum sensors for biological integration and bioproduction:
- '(4) technologies to accelerate data analysis: and
- "(5) plant and microbial phenotyping for gene discovery.
- "(k) Emerging Technologies .-
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall establish within the Biological and Environmental Research program an initiative focused on the

- development of engineered ecosystems through the application of artificial intelligence, novel sensing capabilities, and other emerging tech-
- "(2) Interagency coordination.—The Secretary shall coordinate with the Director of the National Science Foundation, the Administrator of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, the Director of the U.S. Geological Survey, and other relevant officials to avoid duplication of research and observational activities and to ensure that activities carried out under this initiative are complimentary to those currently being undertaken by other agencies.
- "(3) REPORT.—Not later than 180 days after the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall provide a report to the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology of the House, and the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate, on the activity mandated in subsection (k).
- "(l) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.-There are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary to carry out the activities described in this section-
  - "(1) \$820,360,000 for fiscal year 2022;
  - "(2) \$886,385,200 for fiscal year 2023,
  - '(3) \$956,332,164 for fiscal year 2024;
  - "(4) \$1,020,475,415 for fiscal year 2025; and

# "(5) \$1,099,108,695 for fiscal year 2026.

# SEC. 10104. ADVANCED SCIENTIFIC COMPUTING RESEARCH PROGRAM.

- ADVANCED SCIENTIFIC COMPUTING RE-SEARCH.—Section 304 of the Department of Energy Research and Innovation Act (42 U.S.C. 18642) is amended-
- (1) by redesignating subsections (a) through (c) as subsections (b) through (d), respectively;
- (2) by inserting before subsection (b), as so redesignated, the following:
- "(a) IN GENERAL.—As part of the activities authorized under section 209 of the Department of Energy Organization Act (42 U.S.C. 7139), the Director shall carry out, in coordination with academia and relevant public and private sector entities, a research, development, and demonstration program to-
- '(1) steward applied mathematics, computational science, and computer science research relevant to the missions of the Department and the competitiveness of the United States;
- '(2) develop modeling, simulation, and other computational tools relevant to other scientific disciplines and to the development of new energy technologies and other technologies.
- (3) advance computing and networking capabilities for data-driven discovery; and
- '(4) develop advanced scientific computing hardware and software tools for science and enaineering.
- (3) in subsection (c) (as redesignated under paragraph (1))—
- (A) by striking "The Director" and inserting the following:
  - "(1) DIRECTOR.—The Director"; and (B) by adding at the end the following.
- (2) COORDINATION.—The Under Secretary for Science shall ensure the coordination of the activities of the Department, including activities under this section, to determine and meet the computational and networking research and facility needs of the Office of Science and all other relevant energy technology and energy efficiency programs within the Department and with other Federal agencies as appropriate.'
- (4) by amending subsection (d), as so redesignated, to read as follows:
- "(d) APPLIED MATHEMATICS AND SOFTWARE DEVELOPMENT FOR HIGH-END COMPUTING SYS-TEMS AND COMPUTER SCIENCES RESEARCH.
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Director shall carry out activities to develop, test, and support
- "(A) mathematics, statistics, and algorithms for modeling complex systems relevant to the missions of the Department, including on advanced computing architectures: and
- "(B) tools, languages, programming environments, and operations for high-end computing

systems (as defined in section 2 of the American Super Computing Leadership Act (15 U.S.C.

"(2) PORTFOLIO BALANCE.—
"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Director shall maintain a balanced portfolio within the advanced scientific computing research and development program established under section 976 of the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16316) that supports robust investment in-

applied mathematical, computational, and computer sciences research needs relevant to the mission of the Department, including foundational areas that are critical to the advancement of energy sciences and technologies and new and emerging computing technologies;

"(ii) associated high-performance computing hardware and facilities.

'(B) Exascale ecosystem sustainment.

- "(i) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that the Exascale Computing Project has successfully created a broad ecosystem that provides shared software packages, novel evaluation systems, and applications relevant to the science and engineering requirements of the Department, and that such products must be maintained and improved in order that the full potential of the deployed systems can be continuously realized.
- (ii) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall seek to sustain and evolve the ecosystem referenced in clause (i) to ensure that the exascale software stack and other research software will continue to be maintained, hardened, and otherwise optimized for long-term use on exascale systems and beyond and reliable availability to the user community.": and
- (5) by inserting after subsection (d) the following:
- "(e) NEXT GENERATION COMPUTING PRO-
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall establish a program to develop and implement a strategy for achieving computing systems with capabilities beyond exascale computing systems. In establishing this program, the Secretary shall-
- '(A) maintain foundational research programs in mathematical, computational, and computer sciences focused on new and emerging computing needs within the mission of the Department, including post-Moore's law computing architectures, novel approaches to modeling and simulation, artificial intelligence and scientific machine learning, quantum computing, edge computing, extreme heterogeneity, and distributed high-performance computing;
- '(B) retain best practices and maintain support for essential hardware, applications, and software elements of the Exascale Computing Program that are necessary for sustaining the vitality of a long-term capable software ecosystem for exascale and beyond; and

(C) develop a Department-wide strategy for balancing on-premises and cloud-based computing and scientific data management.

- (2) REPORT.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of the America COM-PETES Act of 2022, the Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology of the House of Representatives, and the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate, a report on the development and implementation of the strategy outlined in paragraph(1).
- (f) ARCHITECTURAL RESEARCH IN HETERO-GENEOUS COMPUTING SYSTEMS.-
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall carry out a program of research and development in heterogeneous and reconfigurable computing systems to expand understanding of the potential for heterogeneous and reconfigurable computing systems to deliver high performance, high efficiency computing for Department of Energy mission challenges. This shall include research and development that explores the convergence of big data analytics, simulations, and artificial intelligence to drive the design of heterogenous computing system architectures.

- "(2) COORDINATION.—In carrying out this program, the Secretary shall ensure coordination between research activities undertaken by the Advanced Scientific Computing Research program and materials research supported by the Basic Energy Sciences program within the Department of Energy Office of Science.
- "(g) ENERGY EFFICIENT COMPUTING PRO-
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall support a program of fundamental research, development, and demonstration of energy efficient computing and data center technologies relevant to advanced computing applications, including high performance computing, artificial intelligence, and scientific machine learning.

(2) EXECUTION.-

- "(A) PROGRAM.—In carrying out the program under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall-
- "(i) establish a partnership for National Laboratories, industry partners, and institutions of higher education for codesign of energy efficient hardware, technology, software, and applications across all applicable program offices of the Department, and provide access to energy efficient computing resources to such partners;
- "(ii) develop hardware and software technologies that decrease the energy needs of advanced computing practices, including through data center co-design;
- "(iii) consider multiple heterogeneous computing architectures in collaboration with the program established under subsection (f) including neuromorphic computing, persistent computing, and ultrafast networking; and
- "(iv) provide, as appropriate, on a competitive, merit-reviewed basis, access for researchers from institutions of higher education, National Laboratories, industry, and other Federal agencies to the energy efficient computing technologies developed pursuant to clause (i).
- "(B) SELECTION OF PARTNERS.—In selecting participants for the partnership established under subparagraph (A)(i), the Secretary shall select participants through a competitive, merit review process.
- "(C) REPORT.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of the America COM-PETES Act of 2022, the Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology of the House of Representatives, and the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate, a report on-
- '(i) the activities conducted under subparagraph (A): and
- (ii) the coordination and management of the program under subparagraph (A) to ensure an integrated research program across the Department.
  - "(h) Energy Sciences Network .-
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall provide for upgrades to the Energy Sciences Network user facility in order to meet the research needs of the Department for highly reliable data transport capabilities optimized for the requirements of large-scale science.
- CAPABILITIES.—In carrying out paragraph (1), the Secretary shall ensure the following capabilities:
- '(A) To provide high bandwidth scientific networking across the continental United States and the Atlantic Ocean.
  - '(B) To ensure network reliability.
- "(C) To protect the network infrastructure from cuber-attacks.
- "(D) To manage transport of exponentially increasing levels of data from the Department's National Laboratories and sites, user facilities, experiments, and sensors.
- '(E) To contribute to the integration of heterogeneous computing frameworks and systems. "(i) Computational Science Graduate Fel-
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall support the Computational Science Graduate Fellowship program in order to facilitate collaboration between graduate students and researchers at the

National Laboratories, and contribute to the de-

- velopment of a diverse and inclusive computational workforce to help advance research in areas relevant to the mission of the Department.
- '(2) FUNDING.—From within funds authorized to be appropriated for Advanced Scientific Computing Research Program, there are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary for carrying out the activities under this section-
  - '(A) \$21,000,000 for fiscal year 2022;
  - "(B) \$22,050,000 for fiscal year 2023;
  - "(C) \$23,152,500 for fiscal year 2024;
  - "(D) \$24,310,125 for fiscal year 2025; and "(E) \$25,525,631 for fiscal year 2026.
- "(i) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.-There are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary to carry out the activities described in this section-
  - '(1) \$1,126,350,000 for fiscal year 2022,
  - "(2) \$1,222,674,500 for fiscal year 2023;
  - "(3) \$1,324,320,715 for fiscal year 2024,
  - "(4) \$1,431,660,115 for fiscal year 2025; and
  - ('(5) \$1,535,090,121 for fiscal year 2026.'
    (b) QUANTUM SCIENCE NETWORK.—
- (1) DEFINITIONS.—Section 2 of the National Quantum Initiative Act (15 U.S.C. 8801) is amended-
- (A) by redesignating paragraph (7) as paragraph (8); and
- (B) by inserting after paragraph (6) the following:
- "(7) QUANTUM NETWORK INFRASTRUCTURE.-The term 'quantum network infrastructure' means any facility, expertise, or capability that is necessary to enable the development and deployment of scalable and diverse quantum network technologies.'
- (2) DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY QUANTUM NET-WORK INFRASTRUCTURE RESEARCH AND DEVELOP-MENT PROGRAM.—(A) Title IV of the National Quantum Initiative Act (15 U.S.C. 8851 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following:

# "SEC. 403. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY QUANTUM NETWORK INFRASTRUCTURE RE-SEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT PRO-

- "(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Energy (referred to in this section as the 'Secretary') shall carry out a research, development, and demonstration program to accelerate innovation in quantum network infrastructure in order to-
- (1) facilitate the advancement of distributed quantum computing systems through the internet and intranet:
- "(2) improve the precision of measurements of scientific phenomena and physical imaging technologies;
- "(3) develop secure national quantum communications technologies and strategies; and
- '(4) demonstrate these capabilities utilizing the Department of Energy's Energy Sciences Network User Facility.
- '(b) PROGRAM.—In carrying out this section. the Secretary shall—
- '(1) coordinate with-
- "(A) the Director of the National Science Foundation:
- '(B) the Director of the National Institute of Standards and Technology;
- '(C) the Chair of the Subcommittee on Quantum Information Science of the National Science and Technology Council established under section 103(a); and
- '(D) the Chair of the Subcommittee on the Economic and Security Implications of Quantum Science:
- '(2) conduct cooperative research with industry, National Laboratories, institutions of higher education and other research institutions to facilitate new quantum infrastructure methods and technologies, including-
- '(A) quantum-limited detectors, ultra-low loss optical channels, space-to-ground connections, and classical networking and cybersecurity pro-
- '(B) entanglement and hyper-entangled state sources and transmission, control, and measurement of quantum states:
- '(C) quantum interconnects that allow short range local connections between quantum processors:

- "(D) transducers for quantum sources and signals between optical and telecommunications regimes and quantum computer-relevant domains, including microwaves;
- "(E) development of quantum memory buffers and small-scale quantum computers that are compatible with photon-based quantum bits in the optical or telecommunications wavelengths;
- '(F) long-range entanglement distribution at both the terrestrial and space-based level using quantum repeaters, allowing entanglementbased protocols between small- and large scale quantum processors;
- "(G) quantum routers, multiplexers, repeaters, and related technologies necessary to create secure long-distance quantum communication;
- "(H) integration of systems across the quantum technology stack into traditional computing networks, including the development of remote controlled, high performance, and reliable implementations of key quantum network components by leveraging the expertise, infrastructure and supplemental investments in the Energy Sciences Network User Facility;
- "(3) engage with the Quantum Economic Development Consortium (QED-C) to transition component technologies to help facilitate as appropriate the development of a quantum supply chain for quantum network technologies;
- "(4) advance basic research in advanced scientific computing, particle and nuclear physics, and material science to enhance the understanding, prediction, and manipulation of materials, processes, and physical phenomena relevant to quantum network infrastructure;
- '(5) develop experimental tools and testbeds in collaboration with the Department of Energy's Energy Sciences Network User Facility necessary to support cross-cutting fundamental research and development activities with diverse stakeholders from industry, National Laboratories, and institutions of higher education; and
- (6) consider quantum network infrastructure applications that span the Department of Energy's missions in energy, environment, and national security.
- '(c) LEVERAGING.—In carrying out this section, the Secretary shall leverage resources, infrastructure, and expertise across the Department of Energy and from-
- '(1) the National Institute of Standards and Technology;
- '(2) the National Science Foundation;
- "(3) the National Aeronautics and Space Administration;
  - "(4) other relevant Federal agencies;
  - "(5) the National Laboratories;
  - "(6) industry stakeholders;
  - "(7) institutions of higher education; and
- "(8) the National Quantum Information Science Research Centers.
- "(d) RESEARCH PLAN.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of the America COMPETES Act of 2022, the Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate, a 4-year research plan that identifies and prioritizes basic research needs relating to quantum network infrastruc-
- STANDARD OF REVIEW.—The Secretary shall review activities carried out under this section to determine the achievement of technical milestones.
- "(f) FUNDING.—Out of funds authorized to be appropriated for the Department of Energy's Office of Science, there shall be made available to the Secretary to carry out the activities under this section, \$100,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2022 through 2026.

#### "SEC. 404. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY QUANTUM USER EXPANSION FOR SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY PROGRAM.

"(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Energy (referred to in this section as the 'Secretary') shall establish and carry out a program (to be known as the 'Quantum User Expansion for Science and Technology program' or 'QUEST program') to encourage and facilitate access to United States quantum computing hardware and quantum computing clouds for research purposes to-

- "(1) enhance the United States quantum research enterprise:
- "(2) educate the future quantum computing workforce: and
- "(3) accelerate the advancement of United States quantum computing capabilities.
- "(b) PROGRAM.—In carrying out this section, the Secretary shall-

'(1) coordinate with-

- "(A) the Director of the National Science Foundation;
- "(B) the Director of the National Institute of Standards and Technology;
- "(C) the Chair of the Subcommittee on Quantum Information Science of the National Science and Technology Council established under section 103(a); and
- "(D) the Chair of the Subcommittee on the Economic and Security Implications of Quan-
- "(2) provide researchers based within the United States with access to, and use of, United States quantum computing resources through a competitive, merit-reviewed process;
- (3) consider applications from the National Laboratories, multi-institutional collaborations, institutions of higher education, industry stakeholders, and any other entities that the Secretary determines are appropriate to provide national leadership on quantum computing related issues; and
- "(4) consult and coordinate with private sector stakeholders, the user community, and interagency partners on program development and best management practices.
- "(c) LEVERAGING .- In carrying out this section, the Secretary shall leverage resources and expertise across the Department of Energy and from-
- "(1) the National Institute of Standards and Technology;
  - "(2) the National Science Foundation;
- "(3) the National Aeronautics and Space Administration;
  - (4) other relevant Federal agencies;
  - "(5) the National Laboratories;
  - "(6) industry stakeholders;
- "(7) institutions of higher education; and
- "(8) the National Quantum Information Science Research Centers.
- "(d) SECURITY.—In carrying out the activities authorized by this section, the Secretary, in consultation with the Director of the National Science Foundation and the Director of the National Institute of Standards and Technology, shall ensure proper security controls are in place to protect sensitive information, as appro-
- "(e) FUNDING.—Out of funds authorized to be appropriated for the Department of Energy's Office of Science, there are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary to carry out the activities under this section-
  - '(1) \$30,000,000 for fiscal year 2022,
  - "(2) \$50,000,000 for fiscal year 2023;
  - "(3) \$70,000,000 for fiscal year 2024;
  - "(4) \$90,000,000 for fiscal year 2025; and
  - "(5) \$100,000,000 for fiscal year 2026.
- "(f) EQUITABLE USE OF HIGH-PERFORMANCE COMPUTING CAPABILITIES .-
- "(1) Sense of congress.—It is the sense of Congress that machine learning algorithms can exhibit biases that cause harm to historically marginalized communities.
- (2) POLICY.—In leveraging high-performance computing systems for research purposes, including through the use of machine learning algorithms for data analysis, the Secretary shall ensure that such capabilities are employed in a manner that mitigates and, to the maximum extent practicable, avoids harmful algorithmic bias and equitably addresses challenges impacting

different populations, including historically marginalized communities."

- (B) The table of contents in section 1(b) of the National Quantum Initiative Act is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 402 the following items:
- "Sec. 403. Department of energy quantum network infrastructure research and development program.
- "Sec. 404. Department of energy quantum user expansion for science and technology program."

#### SEC. 10105. FUSION ENERGY RESEARCH.

- (a) Fusion Energy Research —Section 307 of the Department of Energy Research and Innovation Act (42 U.S.C. 18645) is amended-
  - (1) in subsection (b)-
- (A) in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by striking "As part of" and inserting the following:
  - '(1) IN GENERAL.—As part of";
  - (B) by redesignating-
- (i) paragraphs (1) and (2) as subparagraphs (A) and (B), respectively (and by adjusting the margins of such subparagraphs accordingly);
- (ii) in subparagraph (B) (as redesignated by clause (i)), subparagraphs (A) and (B) as clauses (i) and (ii), respectively (and by adjusting the margins of such clauses accordingly);
  - (C) by adding at the end the following:
- "(2) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— Out of funds authorized to be appropriated under subsection (r), there are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary to carry out activities described in paragraph (1) \$50,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2022 through 2026.";
  - (2) in subsection (d)(3)-
- (A) by striking the period at the end and in-"and \$40,000,000 for fiscal year 2026.";
  - (B) by striking "(o)" and inserting "(r)"; and (3) in subsection (e)(4)—
- (A) by striking the period at the end and in-"and \$75,000,000 for fiscal year 2026."; serting and
  - (B) by striking "(o)" and inserting "(r)";
  - (4) in subsection (i)(10)-
- (A) In the matter preceding subparagraph (A), by striking "(o)" and inserting "(r)";
- (B) in subparagraph (D), by striking "; and" and inserting a semicolon;
- (C) in subparagraph (E), by striking the period at the end and inserting "; and"; and
- (D) by adding at the end the following:
- '(F) \$45,000,000 for fiscal year 2026.'';
- (5) in subsection (j)—
  (A) by striking "The Director" and all that follows through the period and inserting the following:
- '(1) IN GENERAL -
- "(A) ESTABLISHMENT.—Within 180 days of enactment of the America COMPETES Act of 2022. the Director shall establish at least 2 national teams, including public-private partnerships, that will develop conceptual pilot plant designs and technology roadmaps and lead to an engineering design of a pilot plant that will bring fusion to commercial viability.
- '(B) COMPOSITION.—The national teams shall be composed of developers, manufacturers, universities, national laboratories, and engineering, procurement, and construction industries."; and
- (B) by adding at the end the following:
- "(2) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.-There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out activities described in paragraph (1)-
  - "(A) \$20,000,000 for fiscal year 2022;
  - "(B) \$35,000,000 for fiscal year 2023;
  - "(C) \$50,000,000 for fiscal year 2024;
  - "(D) \$65,000,000 for fiscal year 2025; and
- "(E) \$80,000,000 for fiscal year 2026.";
- (6) in subsection (1)—
- (A) by striking "sense of Congress that the United States should support" and inserting 'sense of Congress that—'

- '(1) the United States should support'
- (B) in paragraph (1) (as so designated by subparagraph (A) of this paragraph), by striking the period at the end and inserting "; and"; and
- (C) by adding at the end the following: "(2) the Director shall incorporate the findings and recommendations of the report of the Fusion Energy Sciences Advisory Committee entitled 'Powering the Future: Fusion and Plasmas' and the report of the National Academies of Science, Engineering, and Medicine entitled "Bringing Fusion to the U.S. Grid" into the planning process of the Department, including the development of future budget requests to Congress.'
- (7) by redesignating subsection (o) as subsection (r);
- (8) by inserting after subsection (n) the following:
- "(0) HIGH-PERFORMANCE COMPUTATION COL-LABORATIVE RESEARCH PROGRAM.-
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall carry out a program to conduct and support collaborative research, development, and demonstration of fusion energy technologies, through high-performance computation modeling and simulation techniques, in order to-
- "(A) support fundamental research in plasmas and matter at very high temperatures and den-
- "(B) inform the development of a broad range of fusion energy systems; and
- '(C) facilitate the translation of research results in fusion energy science to industry
- "(2) COORDINATION.—In carrying out the program under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall coordinate with relevant Federal agencies, and prioritize the following objectives:
- '(A) Using expertise from the private sector, institutions of higher education, and the National Laboratories to leverage existing, and develop new, computational software and capabilities that prospective users may use to accelerate research and development of fusion energy systems.
- "(B) Developing computational tools to simulate and predict fusion energy science phenomena that may be validated through physical experimentation.
- (C) Increasing the utility of the research infrastructure of the Department by coordinating with the Advanced Scientific Computing Research program within the Office of Science.
- "(D) Leveraging experience from existing modeling and simulation entities sponsored by the Department.
- (E) Ensuring that new experimental and computational tools are accessible to relevant research communities, including private sector entities engaged in fusion energy technology development.
- '(F) Ensuring that newly developed computational tools are compatible with modern virtual engineering and visualization capabilities to accelerate the realization of fusion energy technologies and systems.
- "(3) DUPLICATION.—The Secretary shall ensure the coordination of, and avoid unnecessary duplication of, the activities of this program with the activities of-
- "(A) other research entities of the Department, including the National Laboratories, the Advanced Research Projects Agency-Energy, the Advanced Scientific Computing Research program; and
- "(B) industry.
- "(4) HIGH-PERFORMANCE COMPUTING FOR FU-SION INNOVATION CENTER.—In carrying out the program under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall, in coordination with the Innovation Network for Fusion Energy, establish and operate a national High-Performance Computing for Fusion Innovation Center (referred to in this subsection as the 'Center'), to support the program under paragraph (1) by providing, to the extent practicable, a centralized entity for multidisciplinary, collaborative, fusion energy research and development through high performance

computing and advanced data analytics technologies and processes.

- "(5) SELECTION.—The Secretary shall select the Center under this subsection on a competitive, merit-reviewed basis. The Secretary shall consider applications from National Laboratories, institutions of higher education, multi-institutional collaborations, and other appropriate entities.
- '(6) EXISTING ACTIVITIES.—The Center may incorporate existing research activities that are consistent with the program described in paraaraph(1).

DURATION.—The Center established under this subsection shall receive support for a period of not more than 5 years, subject to the availability of appropriations.

(8) Renewal.—Upon the expiration of any period of support of the Center, the Secretary may renew support for the Center, on a meritreviewed basis, for a period of not more than 5

'(9) TERMINATION.—Consistent with the existing authorities of the Department, the Secretary may terminate the Center for cause during the performance period.

(p) MATERIAL PLASMA EXPOSURE EXPERI-

- "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall construct a Material Plasma Exposure Experiment facility as described in the 2020 publication approved by the Fusion Energy Sciences Advisory Committee titled 'Powering the Future: Fusion and Plasmas'. The Secretary shall consult with the private sector, universities, National Laboratories, and relevant Federal agencies to ensure that this facility is capable of meeting Federal research needs for steady state, high-heatflux and plasma-material interaction testing of fusion materials over a range of fusion energy relevant parameters.
- "(2) FACILITY CAPABILITIES.—The Secretary shall ensure that the facility described in paragraph (1) will provide the following capabilities:
- (A) A magnetic field at the target of 1 Tesla. "(B) An energy flux at the target of 10 MW/

"(C) The ability to expose previously irradiated plasma facing material samples to plasma.

- (3) START OF OPERATIONS.—The Secretary shall, subject to the availability of appropriations, ensure that the start of full operations of the facility under this section occurs before December 31, 2027.
- (4) FUNDING.—Out of funds authorized to be appropriated for Fusion Energy Sciences, there are funds authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary for the Office of Fusion Energy Sciences to carry out to completion the construction of the facility under this section:
  - "(A) \$32,800,000 for fiscal year 2022; "(B) \$13,400,000 for fiscal year 2023;
- "(C) \$12,600,000 for fiscal year 2024; and
- ('(D) \$400,000 for fiscal year 2025.
- "(q) MATTER IN EXTREME CONDITIONS INSTRU-MENT UPGRADE .-
- '(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall provide for the upgrade to the Matter in Extreme Conditions endstation at the Linac Coherent Light Source as described in the 2020 publication approved by the Fusion Energy Sciences Advisory Committee titled 'Powering the Future: Fusion and Plasmas'. The Secretary shall consult with the private sector, universities, National Laboratories, and relevant Federal agencies to ensure that this facility is capable of meeting Federal research needs for understanding physical and chemical changes to plasmas at fundamental timescales, and explore new regimes of dense material physics, astrophysics, planetary physics, and short-pulse laser-plasma interactions
- (2) START OF OPERATIONS.—The Secretary shall, subject to the availability of appropriations, ensure that the start of full operations of the facility under this section occurs before December 31, 2028."; and
- (9) in subsection (r), as so redesignated, by striking paragraphs (2) through (5) and inserting the following:

- '(2) \$1,002,900,000 for fiscal year 2022;
- "(3) \$1,095,707,000 for fiscal year 2023;
- "(4) \$1,129,368,490 for fiscal year 2024,
- "(5) \$1,149,042,284 for fiscal year 2025; and "(6) \$1,243,097,244 for fiscal year 2026.
- (b) ITER CONSTRUCTION.—Section 972 of the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16312) is amended in subsection (c)(3)—
- (1) in subparagraph (A), by striking "and" at the end: and
- (2) by striking subparagraph (B) and inserting the following:
  - "(B) \$300,000,000 for fiscal year 2022;
  - "(C) \$325,000,000 for fiscal year 2023;
  - "(D) \$350,000,000 for fiscal year 2024;
  - "(E) \$350,000,000 for fiscal year 2025; and "(F) \$350,000,000 for fiscal year 2026."

## SEC. 10106. HIGH ENERGY PHYSICS PROGRAM.

- (a) PROGRAM.—Section 305 of the Department of Energy Research and Innovation Act (42 U.S.C. 18643) is amended—
- (1) by redesignating subsections (b) through (d) as subsections (d) through (f), respectively; and
- (2) by inserting the following after subsection (a):
- "(b) PROGRAM.—As part of the activities authorized under section 209 of the Department of Energy Organization Act (42 U.S.C. 7139), the Director shall carry out a research program in elementary particle physics and advanced technology research and development to improve the understanding of the fundamental properties of the universe, including constituents of matter and energy and the nature of space and time.
- "(c) High Energy Frontier Research.—As part of the program described in subsection (b), the Director shall carry out research using high energy accelerators and advanced detectors, including accelerators and detectors that will function as national user facilities, to create and study interactions of elementary particles and investigate fundamental forces.'
- (b) International Collaboration.--Section 305(d) of the Department of Energy Research and Innovation Act (42 U.S.C. 18643(d)), as redesignated under subsection (a), is amended to read as follows:
- "(d) INTERNATIONAL COLLABORATION.—The Director shall-
- "(1) as practicable and in coordination with other appropriate Federal agencies as necessary, ensure the access of United States researchers to the most advanced accelerator facilities and research capabilities in the world, including the Large Hadron Collider;
- '(2) to the maximum extent practicable, continue to leverage United States participation in the Large Hadron Collider, and prioritize expanding international partnerships and investments in the Long-Baseline Neutrino Facility and Deep Underground Neutrino Experiment: and
- "(3) to the maximum extent practicable. prioritize engagement in collaborative efforts in support of future international facilities that would provide access to the most advanced accelerator facilities in the world to United States researchers.".
- (c) Cosmic Frontier Research.—Section 305(f) of the Department of Energy Research and Innovation Act (42 U.S.C. 18645(f)), as redesignated by subsection (a), is amended to read as follows:
- "(f) Cosmic Frontier Research.—The Director shall carry out research activities on the nature of the primary contents of the universe, including the nature of dark energy and dark matter. These activities shall, to the maximum extent practicable, be consistent with the research priorities identified by the High Energy Physics Advisory Panel or the National Academy of Sciences, and may include
- (1) collaborations with the National Aeronautics and Space Administration, the National Science Foundation, or international partners on relevant projects; and

- "(2) the development of space-based, landbased, water-based, and underground facilities and experiments.'
- (d)  $\bar{\it F}$ URTHER ACTIVITIES.—Section 305 of the Department of Energy Research and Innovation Act (42 U.S.C. 18645) is further amended by adding at the end the following:

(g) FACILITY CONSTRUCTION AND MAJOR ITEMS OF EQUIPMENT.-

'(1) Projects.—Consistent with the Office of Science's project management practices, the Director shall, to the maximum extent practicable. incorporate the findings and recommendations Physics the2014 Particle Prioritization Panel (P5) report titled 'Building for Discovery', and support construction or fab-

rication of-"(A) an international Long-Baseline Neutrino Facility based in the United States:

'(B) the Proton Improvement Plan II:

"(C) Second Generation Dark Matter experiments:

"(D) the Legacy Survey of Space and Time camera;

"(E) upgrades to detectors and other components of the Large Hadron Collider; and

'(F) other high priority projects recommended in the most recent report of the Particle Physics Project Prioritization Panel of the High Energy Physics Advisory Panel.

(2) Long-baseline neutrino facility.

"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall supnort construction of a Long-Baseline Neutrino Facility to facilitate the international Deep Underground Neutrino Experiment to examine the fundamental properties of neutrinos, explore physics beyond the Standard Model, and better clarify the existence and nature of antimatter.

'(B) FACILITY CAPABILITIES.—The Secretary shall ensure that the facility described in subparagraph (A) will provide, at a minimum, the

following capabilities:

'(i) A neutrino beam with wideband capability of 1.2 megawatts (MW) of beam power and upgradable to 2.4 MW of beam power.

'(ii) Three caverns excavated for a 70 kiloton fiducial detector mass and supporting surface buildings and utilities.

"(iii) Cryogenic systems to support neutrino detectors.

(C) START OF OPERATIONS.—The Secretary shall, subject to the availability of appropriations, ensure that the start of full operations of the facility under this subsection occurs before December 31, 2031.

'(D) FUNDING.—Out of funds authorized to be appropriated under subsection (k), there are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary to carry out construction of the facility under this subsection-

'(i) \$200,000,000 for fiscal year 2022;

"(ii) \$325,000,000 for fiscal year 2023;

'(iii) \$400,000,000 for fiscal year 2024;

'(iv) \$375,000,000 for fiscal year 2025; and

(v) \$250,000,000 for fiscal year 2026.

"(3) PROTON IMPROVEMENT PLAN-II ACCEL-ERATOR UPGRADE PROJECT .-

(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Energy shall support construction of the Proton Improvement Plan II, an upgrade to the Fermilab accelerator complex identified in the 2014 Particle Physics Project Prioritization Panel (P5) report titled 'Building for Discovery', to provide the world's most intense beam of neutrinos to the international Long Baseline Neutrino Facility as well as abroad range of future high eneray physics experiments. The Secretary of Eneray shall work with international partners to enable further significant contributions to the capabilities of this project.

(B) FACILITY CAPABILITIES.—The Secretary shall ensure that the facility described in paragraph (1) will provide, at a minimum, the following capabilities:

'(i) A state-of-the-art 800 megaelectron volt (MeV) superconducting linear accelerator.

"(ii) Proton beam power of 1.2 MW at the start of LBNF/DUNE, upgradeable to 2.4 MW of beam power.

- "(iii) A flexible design to enable high power beam delivery to multiple users simultaneously and customized beams tailored to specific scientific needs.
- "(iv) Sustained high reliability operation of the Fermilab accelerator complex.
- "(C) START OF OPERATIONS.—The Secretary shall, subject to the availability of appropriations, ensure that the start of full operations of the facility under this section occurs before December 31, 2028.
- "(D) FUNDING.—Out of funds authorized to be appropriated under subsection (k), there are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary to carry out construction of the facility under this subsection-
  - '(i) \$191,000,000 for fiscal year 2022;
  - "(ii) \$150,000,000 for fiscal year 2023;
- "(iii) \$120,000,000 for fiscal year 2024;
- "(iv) \$120,000,000 for fiscal year 2025; and
- "(v) \$100,000,000 for fiscal year 2026.
- "(4) COSMIC MICROWAVE BACKGROUND STAGE
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Energy, in partnership with the Director of the National Science Foundation, shall support construction of the Cosmic Microwave Background Stage 4 project to survey the cosmic microwave background to test theories of cosmic inflation as described inthe2014 Particle. Physics Prioritization Panel (P5) report titled 'Building for Discovery: Strategic Plan for U.S. Particle Physics in the Global Context.'.
- "(B) Consultation.—The Secretary shall consult with the private sector, universities, National Laboratories, and relevant Federal agencies to ensure that this experiment is capable of meeting Federal research needs in accessing the ultra-high energy physics of inflation and important neutrino properties.
- '(C) Experimental capabilities.—The Secretary shall ensure to the maximum extent practicable that the facility described in subsection (a) will provide at minimum, 500,000 superconducting detectors deployed on an array of mm wave telescopes with the required range in frequency, sensitivity, and survey speed which will provide sufficient capability to enable an order of magnitude advance in observations of the Cosmic Microwave Background, delivering transformative discoveries in fundamental physics, cosmology, and astrophysics.
- '(D) START OF OPERATIONS.—The Secretary shall, subject to the availability of appropriations, ensure that the start of full operations of the facility under this section occurs before December 31, 2030.
- "(E) FUNDING.—Out of funds authorized to be appropriated under subsection (k), there shall be made available to the Secretary to carry out construction of the facility under this sub-
  - "(i) \$37,000,000 for fiscal year 2022;
  - "(ii) \$50,000,000 for fiscal year 2023,
- "(iii) \$70,000,000 for fiscal year 2024;
- "(iv) \$80,000,000 for fiscal year 2025; and
- "(v) \$90,000,000 for fiscal year 2026.
- "(h) ACCELERATOR AND DETECTOR GRADES .- The Director shall upgrade accelerator facilities and detectors, as necessary and appropriate, to increase beam power, sustain high reliability, and improve precision measurement to advance the highest priority particle physics research programs. In carrying out facility upgrades, the Director shall continue to work with international partners, when appropriate and in the United States' interest, to leverage investments and expertise in critical technologies to help build and upgrade accelerator and detector facilities in the United States.
- "(i) Accelerator and Detector Research AND DEVELOPMENT.—As part of the program described in subsection (b), the Director shall carry out research and development in particle beam physics, accelerator science and technology, and particle and radiation detection with relevance to the specific needs of the High

Energy Physics program, in coordination with the Accelerator Research and Development program authorized in section 310.

- "(j) Underground Science.—The Director shall—
- "(1) support an underground science program consistent with the missions of the Department and the scientific needs of the High Energy Physics program, including those articulated in the most recent report of the Particle Physics Project Prioritization Panel of the High Energy Physics Advisory Panel, that leverages the capabilities of relevant underground science and engineering facilities; and
- '(2) carry out a competitive grant program to award scientists and engineers at institutions of higher education, nonprofit institutions, and National Laboratories to conduct research in underground science and engineering.
- "(k) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.-There are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary to carry out the activities described in this section
  - "(1) \$1,355,690,000 for fiscal year 2022;
  - "(2) \$1,517,628,300 for fiscal year 2023; "(3) \$1,652,112,281 for fiscal year 2024;
  - "(4) \$1,711,460,141 for fiscal year 2025; and
- "(5) \$1,656,012,351 for fiscal year 2026."

## SEC. 10107. NUCLEAR PHYSICS PROGRAM.

- (a) PROGRAM.—Section 308 of the Department of Energy Research and Innovation Act (42 U.S.C. 18646) is amended—
- (1) by redesignating subsection (b) as subsection (d); and
- (2) by striking subsection (a) and inserting the following:
- "(a) PROGRAM.—As part of the activities authorized under section 209 of the Department of Energy Organization Act (42 U.S.C. 7139), the Director shall carry out a research program, and support relevant facilities, to discover and understand various forms of nuclear matter.
  - '(b) USER FACILITIES .-
  - "(1) FACILITY FOR RARE ISOTOPE BEAMS.
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall support construction of a Facility for Rare Isotope Beams to advance the understanding of rare nuclear isotopes and the evolution of the cosmos.
- "(B) FUNDING.—Out of funds authorized to be appropriated under subsection (c), there are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary to carry out construction of the facility under this subsection \$2,000,000 for fiscal year 2022.
- "(C) START OF OPERATIONS.—The Secretary shall, subject to the availability of appropriations, ensure that the start of full operations of the facility under this section occurs before March 1, 2022.
  - "(2) Electron-ion collider.
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall support construction of an Electron Ion Collider as described in the 2015 Long Range Plan of the Nuclear Science Advisory Committee and the report from the National Academies of Science, Engineering, and Medicine titled 'An Assessment of U.S.-Based Electron-Ion Collider Science', in order to measure the internal structure of the proton and the nucleus and answer fundamental questions about the nature of visible matter.
- "(B) FACILITY CAPABILITY.—The Secretary shall ensure that the facility meets the requirements in the 2015 Long Range Plan, including-
- "(i) at least 70 percent polarized beams of electrons and light ions;
- "(ii) ion beams from deuterium to the heaviest stable nuclei;
- "(iii) variable center of mass energy from 20 to 140 GeV;
- "(iv) high collision luminosity of 1033-34cm-2s-1; and
- "(v) the possibility of more than one interaction region.
- "(C) START OF OPERATIONS.—The Secretary shall, subject to the availability of appropriations, ensure that the start of full operations of the facility under this section occurs before December 31, 2030.

- "(D) FUNDING.—Out of funds authorized to be appropriated under subsection (c), there are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary to carry out construction of the facility under this subsection
  - "(i) \$101,000,000 for fiscal year 2022;
  - "(ii) \$155,000,000 for fiscal year 2023;
  - "(iii) \$250,000,000 for fiscal year 2024;
  - '(iv) \$300,000,000 for fiscal year 2025; and
- '(v) \$305,000,000 for fiscal year 2026.
- "(c) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— There are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary to carry out the activities described in this section-
  - '(1) \$780,000,000 for fiscal year 2022:
  - "(2) \$879,390,000 for fiscal year 2023;
  - "(3) \$1,025,097,300 for fiscal year 2024;
  - "(4) \$1,129,354,111 for fiscal year 2025; and "(5) \$1,192,408,899 for fiscal year 2026.
- SEC. 10108. ACCELERATOR RESEARCH AND DE-

# VELOPMENT.

The Department of Energy Research and Innovation Act (42 U.S.C. 18601 et seq.) is amended by adding after section 309 the following:

#### "SEC. 310. ACCELERATOR RESEARCH AND DEVEL-OPMENT.

- "(a) PROGRAM.—As part of the activities authorized under section 209 of the Department of Energy Organization Act (42 U.S.C. 7139), the Director shall carry out a research program to-
- "(1) advance accelerator science and technology relevant to the Department, other Federal agencies, and U.S. industry;
- "(2) foster partnerships to develop, demonstrate, and enable the commercial application of accelerator technologies;
- "(3) support the development of a skilled, diverse, and inclusive accelerator workforce; and
- "(4) provide access to accelerator design and engineering resources.
- "(b) Accelerator Research.—In carrying out the program authorized under subsection (a), the Director shall support-
- '(1) research activities in cross-cutting accelerator technologies including superconducting magnets and accelerators, beam physics, data analytics-based accelerator controls, simulation software, new particle sources, advanced laser technology, and transformative research; and
- "(2) optimal operation of the Accelerator Test Facility.
- "(c) ACCELERATOR DEVELOPMENT.—In carrying out the program authorized under subsection (a), the Director shall support partnerships to foster the development, demonstration, and commercial application of accelerator technologies including, advanced superconducting wire and cable, superconducting RF cavities, and high efficiency radiofrequency power sources for accelerators.
- "(d) RESEARCH COLLABORATIONS.—In developing accelerator technologies under the program authorized in subsection (a), the Director shall-
- '(1) consider the requirements necessary to support translational research and development for medical, industrial, security, and defense applications; and
- '(2) leverage investments in accelerator technologies and fundamental research in particle physics by partnering with institutes of higher education, industry, and other Federal agencies to enable the commercial application of advanced accelerator technologies.
- '(e) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— There are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary to carry out the activities described in this section-
  - '(1) \$24,000,000 for fiscal year 2022;
  - "(2) \$25,680,000 for fiscal year 2023;
  - "(3) \$27,477,600 for fiscal year 2024;
  - "(4) \$29,401,032 for fiscal year 2025; and
  - "(5) \$31,459,104 for fiscal year 2026."

# SEC. 10109. ISOTOPE DEVELOPMENT AND PRO-DUCTION FOR RESEARCH APPLICA-

The Department of Energy Research and Innovation Act (42 U.S.C. 18601 et seq.) is amended by adding after section 310 as added by this title, the following:

#### "SEC. 311. ISOTOPE DEVELOPMENT AND PRODUC-TION FOR RESEARCH APPLICATIONS.

'(a) IN GENERAL.—The Director-

- "(1) shall carry out a program in coordination with other relevant programs across the Department for the production of isotopes, including the development of techniques to produce isotopes, that the Secretary determines are needed for research, medical, industrial, or related purposes, to the maximum extent practicable, in accordance with the 2015 Nuclear Science Advisory Committee 'Meeting Isotope Needs and Capturing Opportunities For The Future' report;
- "(2) shall ensure that isotope production activities carried out under the program under this paragraph do not compete with private industry unless the Director determines that critical national interests require the involvement of the Federal Government.
- (b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.-There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out the program under this section-
  - "(1) \$90,000,000 for fiscal year 2022;
  - '(2) \$96,300,000 for fiscal year 2023.
  - "(3) \$103,041,000 for fiscal year 2024;
  - "(4) \$110,253,870 for fiscal year 2025; and
  - "(5) \$117,971,641 for fiscal year 2026."

#### SEC. 10110. SCIENCE LABORATORIES INFRA-STRUCTURE PROGRAM.

- (a) PROGRAM.—Section 309 of the Department of Energy Research and Innovation Act (42 U.S.C. 18647) is amended by adding at the end the following:
- '(c) APPROACH.—In carrying out this section, the Director shall utilize all available approaches and mechanisms, including capital line items, minor construction projects, energy savings performance contracts, and utility energy service contracts, as appropriate.
- MID-SCALE INSTRUMENTATION PRO-GRAM.—The Director, in coordination with each of the programs carried out by the Office of Science, shall establish a mid-scale instrumentation program to enable the development and acquisition of novel, state-of-the-art instruments ranging in cost from \$1 million to \$20 million each that would significantly accelerate scientific breakthroughs at user facilities.
- "(e) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— There are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary to carry out the activities described in this section \$500,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2022 through 2026.".

#### SEC. 10111. INCREASED COLLABORATION WITH TEACHERS AND SCIENTISTS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Department of Energy Research and Innovation Act (42 U.S.C. 18601 et seq.) is amended by adding after section 311, as added by this title, the following:

## "SEC. 312. INCREASED COLLABORATION WITH TEACHERS AND SCIENTISTS.

- "The Director shall support the development of a scientific workforce through programs that facilitate collaboration between K-12, university students, early-career researchers, faculty, and the National Laboratories, including through the use of proven techniques to expand the number of individuals from underrepresented groups pursuing and attaining skills or undergraduate and graduate degrees relevant to the Office's mission.".
- (b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—Section 3169 of the Department of Energy Science Education Enhancement Act (42 U.S.C. 7381e) is amended-
- (1) by striking, "programs", and inserting 'programs, including the NSF INCLUDES National Network,"; and
- (2) by striking, "year 1991", and inserting 'years 2022 through 2026''.
- (c) Broadening Participation in Work-FORCE DEVELOPMENT FOR TEACHERS AND SCI-ENTISTS.-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Department of Energy Science Education Enhancement Act (42 U.S.C.

7381 et seq.) is amended by inserting the following sections after section 3167 (42 U.S.C. 7381c-1):

#### "SEC. 3167A. BROADENING PARTICIPATION FOR TEACHERS AND SCIENTISTS.

- "(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall expand opportunities to increase the number and the diversity, equity, and inclusion of highly skilled science, technology, engineering, and mathematics (STEM) professionals working in Department of Energy mission-relevant disciplines and broaden the recruitment pool to increase diversity, including expanded partnerships with Historically Black Colleges, Tribal Colleges, Minority Serving Institutions, emerging research institutions, and scientific societies. "(b) PLAN.—Not later than 1 year after the
- date of enactment of the America COMPETES Act of 2022, the Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate and make available to the public a plan for broadening participation of underrepresented groups in science, technology, engineering, and mathematics in programs supported by the Department programs, including—
- '(1) a plan for supporting and leveraging the National Science Foundation INCLUDES National Network;
- '(2) metrics for assessing the participation of underrepresented groups in Department pro-
- "(3) experienced and potential barriers to broadening participation of underrepresented groups in Department programs, including recommended solutions; and
- "(4) any other activities the Secretary finds appropriate.
- '(c) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—Of the amounts authorized to be appropriated in section 3169 (42 U.S.C. 7381e), at least \$2,000,000 are authorized to be appropriated each fiscal year for the activities described under this subsection

## "SEC. 3167B. EXPANDING OPPORTUNITIES TO IN-CREASE THE DIVERSITY, EQUITY, AND INCLUSION OF HIGHLY SKILLED SCIENCE, TECHNOLOGY, ENGINEER-ING, AND MATHEMATICS (STEM) PROFESSIONALS.

"(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall expand opportunities to increase the number and the diversity, equity, and inclusion of highly skilled science, technology, engineering, and mathematics (STEM) professionals working in Department of Energy mission-relevant disciplines and broaden the recruitment pool to increase diversity, including expanded partnerships with minority-serving institutions, non-Research I universities, and scientific societies. (b) PLAN AND OUTREACH STRATEGY.

"(1) PLAN.—Not later than 6 months after the date of enactment of the America COMPETES Act of 2022, the Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate a 10-year educational plan to fund and expand new or existing programs administered by the Office of Science and sited at the National Laboratories and Department of Energy user facilities to expand educational and workforce opportunities for underrepresented high school, undergraduate, and graduate students as well as recent graduates, teachers and faculty in STEM fields. This may include paid internships, fellowships, temporary employment, training programs, visiting student and faculty programs,

sabbaticals, and research support. OUTREACH CAPACITY.—The Secretary shall include in the plan under paragraph (1) an outreach strategy to improve the advertising, recruitment, and promotion of educational and workforce programs to community colleges, Historically Black Colleges and Universities, Tribal Colleges, Minority Serving Institutions, and emerging research institutions.

"(c) Building Research Capacity.—The Secretary shall develop programs that strengthen the research capacity relevant to Office of Science disciplines at emerging research institutions, including minority-serving institutions, tribal colleges and universities, Historically Black Colleges and Universities, and colleges and universities. This may include enabling mutually beneficial and jointly managed partnerships between research-intensive institutions and emerging research institutions, and soliciting research proposals, fellowships, training programs, and research support directly from emerging research institutions.

'(d) Traineeships.—The Secretary shall establish a university-led Traineeship Program to address workforce training needs in STEM fields relevant to the Department. The focus should be on supporting training and research experiences for underrepresented undergraduate and graduate students and increasing participation from underrepresented populations. The traineeships should include opportunities to build the nextgeneration workforce in research areas critical to maintaining core competencies across the Of-

fice of Science's programs.

'(e) EVALUATION.—The Secretary shall establish key performance indicators to measure and monitor progress of education and workforce programs and expand Departmental activities for data collection and analysis. The Secretary shall submit a report 2 years after the date of enactment of the America COMPETES Act of 2022, and every 2 years thereafter, to the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate summarizing progress toward meeting key per $formance\ indicators.$ 

(f) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

"(1) MINORITY-SERVING INSTITUTION.—The term 'minority-serving institution' includes the entities described in any of paragraphs (1) through (7) of section 371(a) of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1067q(a)).

(2) HISTORICALLY BLACK COLLEGE AND UNI-VERSITIES.—The term 'Historically Black Colleges and Universities' has the meaning given in 'part B institution' in section 322 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1061).

(3) STEM.—The term 'STEM' means the field or disciplines listed in section 2 of the STEM Education Act of 2015 (42 U.S.C. 6621 note).

'(4) Tribal colleges and universities. term 'Tribal College or University' has the meaning given in section 316 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1059c).

(2) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents in section 2(b) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1991 is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 3167 the following:

"Sec. 3167A. Broadening participation teachers and scientists.

"Sec. 3167B. Expanding opportunities to increase the diversity, equity, and inclusion of highly skilled science, engineering, technology. (STEM) mathematicssionals."

SEC. 10112. HIGH INTENSITY LASER RESEARCH INITIATIVE; OFFICE OF SCIENCE EMERGING INFECTIOUS DISEASE COMPUTING RESEARCH INITIATIVE; HELIUM CONSERVATION PROGRAM; AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIA-TIONS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Department of Energy Research and Innovation Act (42 U.S.C. 18601 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the followina:

### "SEC. 313. HIGH INTENSITY LASER RESEARCH INI-TIATIVE.

"(a) IN GENERAL.—The Director shall establish a high intensity laser research initiative consistent with the recommendations of the National Academies report, 'Opportunities in Intense Ultrafast Lasers: Reaching for the Brightest Light', and the report from the Brightest

Light Initiative workshop on 'The Future of Intense Ultrafast Lasers in the U.S.'. This initiative should include research and development of petawatt-scale and of high average power laser technologies necessary for future facility needs in discovery science and to advance energy technologies, as well as support for a user network of academic and national laboratory high intensity laser facilities.

"(b) LEVERAGE.—The Director shall leverage new laser technologies for more compact, less complex, and low-cost accelerator systems needed for science applications.

(c) COORDINATION.—The Director shall coordinate this initiative among all relevant programs within the Office of Science, and the Under Secretary for Science shall coordinate this initiative with other relevant programs within the Department as well as within other Federal agencies.

'(d) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— Out of funds authorized to be appropriated for the Office of Science there are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary to carry out the activities described in this section-

- '(1) \$50,000,000 for fiscal year 2022
- "(2) \$100,000,000 for fiscal year 2023;
- "(3) \$150,000,000 for fiscal year 2024;
- "(4) \$200,000,000 for fiscal year 2025; and
- "(5) \$250,000,000 for fiscal year 2026.

## "SEC. 314. HELIUM CONSERVATION PROGRAM.

- "(a) In General.—The Secretary shall establish a program to reduce the consumption of helium for Department grant recipients and facilities and encourage helium recycling and reuse. The program shall competitively award grants
- "(1) the purchase of equipment to capture, reuse, and recycle helium;
- "(2) the installation, maintenance, and repair of new and existing helium capture, reuse, and recycling equipment; and
- "(3) helium alternatives research and development activities.
- "(b) REPORT.—In carrying out the program under this section, the Director shall submit to the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology of House of Representatives and the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate a report, not later than two years after the date of enactment of the America COMPETES Act of 2022, and every 3 years thereafter, on the purchase of helium as part of research projects and facilities supported by the Department. The report shall include-
- (1) the quantity of helium purchased for projects and facilities supported by Department grants:
  - '(2) a cost-analysis for such helium:
- "(3) the predominant production sources for such helium:
- '(4) expected or experienced impacts of helium supply shortages or prices on the research projects and facilities supported by the Department: and
- "(5) recommendations for reducing Department grant recipients' exposure to volatile helium prices.
- "(c) COORDINATION.—In carrying out the program under this section, the Director shall coordinate with the National Science Foundation and other relevant Federal agencies on helium conservation activities.
- "(d) DURATION.—The program established under this section shall receive support for a period of not more than 5 years, subject to the availability of appropriations.
- "(e) RENEWAL.—Upon expiration of any period of support of the program under this section, the Director may renew support for the program for a period of not more than 5 years.

#### "SEC. 315. OFFICE OF SCIENCE EMERGING INFEC-TIOUS DISEASE COMPUTING RE-SEARCH INITIATIVE.

"(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, in coordination with the Director of the National Science Foundation, the Secretary of Health and

Human Services, and the Administrator of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration, shall establish within the Office of Science, a cross-cutting research initiative to leverage the Federal Government's innovative analytical resources and tools, user facilities, and advanced computational and networking capabilities in order to prevent, prepare for, and respond to emerging infectious diseases, including COVID-19. The Secretary shall carry out this initiative through a competitive, merit-reviewed process, and consider applications from National Laboratories, institutions of higher education, multi-institutional collaborations, industry partners and other appropriate entities.

(b) ACTIVITIES.—In carrying out the initiative established under subsection (a), the Secretary shall coordinate with programs across the Office of Science and with relevant Federal agencies to determine a comprehensive set of technical milestones for these research activities and prioritize the following objectives-

(1) supporting fundamental research and development in advanced analytics, experimental studies, materials synthesis, high-performance computing technologies needed to characterize, model, simulate, and predict complex phenomena and biological materials related to emerging infectious diseases, including COVID-19 challenges, including a focus on testing and diagnostics, experimental data acquisition, sharing and management, advanced manufacturing, and molecular design and modeling:

'(2) using expertise from the private sector, institutions of higher education, and the National Laboratories to develop computational software and capabilities that prospective users may accelerate emerging infectious diseases research and development;

(3) leveraging the research infrastructure of the Department, including scientific computing user facilities, x-ray light sources, neutron scattering facilities, nanoscale science research centers, and sequencing and bio-characterization facilities by coordinating with the Advanced Scientific Computing Research, Basic Energy Sciences, and Biological and Environmental Research programs within the Office of Science:

'(4) leveraging experience from existing modeling and simulation research and work sponsored by the Department and promoting collaboration and data sharing between National Laboratories, research entities, and user facilities of the Department by providing the necessary access and secure data transfer capabilities; and

(5) ensuring that new experimental and computational tools are accessible to relevant research communities, including private sector entities to address emerging infectious diseases, including COVID-19 challenges.

'(c) COORDINATION.—In carrying out this initiative, the Secretary shall ensure, to the maximum extent practicable, coordination of these activities with the Department of Energy National Laboratories, institutions of higher education, and the private sector.

"(d) EMERGING INFECTIOUS DISEASES HIGH PERFORMANCE COMPUTING RESEARCH CONSOR-

"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary in coordination with the Director of the National Science Foundation, the Secretary of Health and Human Services, and the Director of the Office of Science and Technology Policy shall establish and operate an Emerging Infectious Diseases High Performance Computing Research Consortium (referred to in this section as the 'Consortium'), to support the initiative under subsection (a) by providing, to the extent practicable, a centralized entity for multidisciplinary, collaborative, emerging infectious disease research and development through high performance computing and advanced data analytics technologies and processes.

(2) MEMBERSHIP.—The members of such consortium may include representatives from relevant Federal agencies, the private sector, institutions of higher education, which can each contribute relevant compute time, capabilities, or other resources.

(3) ACTIVITIES.—The Consortium shall-

'(A) match applicants with available Federal and private sector computing resources;

'(B) consider supplemental awards for computing partnerships with Consortium members to qualifying entities on a competitive merit-review basis:

'(C) encourage collaboration and communication among member representatives of the consortium and awardees:

'(D) make available the high-performance computing capabilities, expertise, and user facilities of the Department and the National Laboratories: and

'(E) submit an annual report to the Secretary summarizing the activities of the Consortium, including-

'(i) describing each project undertaken by the Consortium:

'(ii) detailing organizational expenditures; and

"(iii) evaluating contribution to the achievement of technical milestones as determined in subsection (a).

(4) COORDINATION.—The Secretary shall ensure the coordination of, and avoid unnecessary duplication of, the activities of the Consortium with the activities of other research entities of the Department, institutions of higher education and the private sector.

"(e) REPORT.—Not later than 2 years after the date of enactment of the America COMPETES Act of 2022, the Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology of the House of Representatives, the Committee on Energy and Commerce of the House of Representatives, the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate, and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate a report detailing the effectiveness

"(1) the interagency coordination between each Federal agency involved in the research initiative carried out under this section:

(2) the collaborative research achievements of the initiative, including the achievement of the technical milestones determined under subsection (a): and

'(3) potential opportunities to expand the technical capabilities of the Department.

'(f) FUNDING.—From within funds authorized to be appropriated for the Department's Office of Science, there are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary to carry out the activities under this subsection, \$50,000,000 for fiscal years 2022 and 2023.

"(g) PROHIBITION.-

following:

"(1) IN GENERAL.—In carrying out this Act, the Secretary may not carry out gain-of-function research of concern.

(2) Gain-of-function research defined. For the purposes of this subsection, 'gain-offunction research of concern' means research activities with the potential to generate pathogens with high transmissibility and high virulence in humans.

# "SEC. 316. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

"There are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary to carry out the activities described in this title-

"(1) \$8,801,915,000 for fiscal year 2022;

'(2) \$9,451,015,300 for fiscal year 2023;

'(3) \$10,160,677,621 for fiscal year 2024;

"(4) \$10.693.625.004 for fiscal year 2025; and '(5) \$11,145,798,345 for fiscal year 2026.

(b) Table of Contents.—Section 1(b) of the Department of Energy Research and Innovation Act is amended in the table of contents by inserting after the item relating to section 309 the

"Sec. 310. Accelerator research and development.

"Sec. 311. Isotope Development and Production for Research Applications.

"Sec. 312. Increased collaboration with teachers and scientists.

- "Sec. 313. High intensity laser research initia-
- "Sec. 314. Helium conservation program.
- "Sec. 315. Office of Science Emerging Infectious Disease Computing Research Initiative.

"Sec. 316. Authorization of appropriations.".

#### SEC. 10113. STATE-OWNED ENTERPRISES PROHI-BITION.

- (a) Innovate in America.—In carrying out this title or the amendments made by this title, the Secretary may not award a contract, subcontract, grant, or loan to an entity that
- (1) is owned or controlled by, is a subsidiary of, or is otherwise related legally or financially to a corporation based in a country that-
- (A) is identified as a nonmarket economy country (as defined in section 771(18) of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1677(18))) as of the date of enactment of this Act;
- (B) was identified by the United States Trade Representative in the most recent report required by section 182 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2242) as a priority foreign country under subsection (a)(2) of that section; and
- (C) is subject to monitoring by the Trade Representative under section 306 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2416); or
- (2) is listed pursuant to section 9(b)(3) of the Uyghur Human Rights Policy Act of 2020 (Public Law 116-145).
- (b) EXCEPTION.—For purposes of subsection (a), the Secretary may issue a waiver, to be made publicly available, to an entity in which the legal or financial connection to a corporation is a minority relationship or investment.
- (c) INTERNATIONAL AGREEMENTS.—This section shall be applied in a manner consistent with the obligations of the United States under international agreements.

#### SEC. 10114. DETERMINATION OF BUDGETARY EF-FECTS.

The budgetary effects of this title, for the purpose of complying with the Statutory Pay-As-You-Go Act of 2010, shall be determined by reference to the latest statement titled "Budgetary Effects of PAYGO Legislation" for this title, submitted for printing in the Congressional Record by the Chairman of the House Budget Committee, provided that such statement has been submitted prior to the vote on passage.

#### II—NATIONAL INSTITUTE TITLE STANDARDS AND TECHNOLOGY FOR THE FUTURE ACT OF 2021

# SEC. 10201. DEFINITIONS.

In this title:

- (1) DIRECTOR.—The term "Director" means the Director of the National Institute of Standards and Technology.
- (2) Framework.—The term "Framework" means the Framework for Improving Critical Infrastructure Cybersecurity developed by the National Institute of Standards and Technology and referred to in Executive Order 13800 issued on May 11, 2017 (82 Fed. Reg. 22391 et seq.).
- (3) HISTORICALLY BLACK COLLEGES AND UNI-VERSITIES.—The term "historically Black colleges and universities" has the same meaning given to the term "part B institutions" in section 322 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1061).
- (4) INSTITUTE.—The term "Institute" means the National Institute of Standards and Tech-
- (5) Institution of higher education.—The term "institution of higher education" has the meaning given such term in section 101 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001).
- (6) International standards organiza--The term "International Standards Organization" has the meaning given such term in section 451 of the Trade Agreements Act of 1979 (19 U.S.C. 2571).
- (7) MINORITY SERVING INSTITUTION.—The term "minority-serving institution" means a Hispanic-serving institution, an Alaska Nativeserving institution, a Native Hawaiian-serving

institutions, a Predominantly Black Institution, an Asian American and Native American Pacific Islander-serving institution, or a Native American-serving nontribal institution as described in section 371 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1067q(a)).

(8) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of Commerce.

(9) TECHNICAL STANDARDS.—The term "technical standard" has the meaning given such term in section 12(d)(5) of the National Technology Transfer and Advancement Act of 1995.

# Subtitle A—Appropriations

#### SEC. 10211. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIA-TIONS.

- (a) FISCAL YEAR 2022.—
- (1) IN GENERAL —There are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary of Commerce \$1,409,070,000 for the National Institute of Standards and Technology for fiscal year 2022.

(2) Specific allocations.—Of the amount

authorized by paragraph (1)—

(A) \$915,570,000 is authorized to be appropriated for scientific and technical research and services laboratory activities, of which \$9,000,000 is authorized to be appropriated for the Working Capital Fund:

- (B) \$22,000,000 is authorized to be appropriated to the Director for the purpose of investigating the building collapse that occurred in Surfside, Florida on June 24, 2021, to understand the source of failure, to provide recommendations for how to rectify any shortcomings in existing building standards in order to prevent future similar disasters, and to inform future building codes for similar structures, in coordination with State and local offices and other Federal agencies as appropriate, consistent with the Institute's responsibilities under the National Construction Safety Team Act of 2002 (Public Law 107-231).
- (C) \$140,000,000 is authorized to be appropriated for the construction and maintenance of facilities, of which \$80,000,000 is authorized to be appropriated for Safety, Capacity, Maintenance and Major Repairs:
- (D) \$331,500,000 is authorized to be appropriated for industrial technology services activities, of which \$275,000,000 is authorized to be appropriated for the Manufacturing Extension Partnership program under sections 25 and 26 of the National Institute of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 278k and 278l) and \$56,500,000 is authorized to be appropriated for the Network for Manufacturing Innovation Program under section 34 of the National Institute of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 278s): and
  - (b) FISCAL YEAR 2023.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—There are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary of Commerce \$1,518,800,000 for the National Institute of Standards and Technology for fiscal year 2023. (2) Specific allocations.—Of the amount

authorized by paragraph (1)-

(A) \$979,100,000 is authorized to be appropriated for scientific and technical research and laboratory activities, of \$10,000,000 is authorized to be appropriated for the Working Capital Fund;

(B) \$200,000,000 is authorized to be appropriated for the construction and maintenance of facilities, of which \$80,000,000 is authorized to be appropriated for Safety, Capacity, Maintenance, and Major Repairs, including \$20,000,000 for IT infrastructure; and

(C) \$339,800,000 is authorized to be appropriated for industrial technology services activities, of which \$283,300,000 is authorized to be appropriated for the Manufacturing Extension Partnership program under sections 25 and 26 of the National Institute of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 278k and 278l) and \$56,500,000 is authorized to be appropriated for the Network for Manufacturing Innovation Program under section 34 of the National Institute of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C.

- (c) Fiscal Year 2024.-
- (1) In General.—There are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary of Commerce \$1,595,800,000 for the National Institute of Standards and Technology for fiscal year 2024. (2) Specific allocations.—Of the amount

authorized by paragraph (1)-

(A) \$1,047,600,000 is authorized to be appropriated for scientific and technical research and services laboratory activities, of\$12,000,000 is authorized to be appropriated for to the Working Capital Fund;

(B) \$200,000,000 is authorized to be appropriated for the construction and maintenance of facilities, of which \$80,000,000 is authorized to be appropriated for Safety, Capacity, Maintenance, and Major Repairs, including \$20,000,000

for IT infrastructure; and

- (C) \$348,200,000 is authorized to be appropriated for industrial technology services activities, of which \$291,700,000 is authorized to be appropriated for the Manufacturing Extension Partnership program under sections 25 and 26 of the National Institute of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 278k and 278l) and \$56,500,000 is authorized to be appropriated for the Network for Manufacturing Innovation Program under section 34 of the National Institute of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C.
  - (d) FISCAL YEAR 2025.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—There are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary of Commerce \$1,677,900,000 for the National Institute of Standards and Technology for fiscal year 2025.
- (2) Specific allocations.—Of the amount authorized by paragraph (1)-
- (A) \$1,120,900,000 is authorized to be appropriated for scientific and technical research and services laboratory activities, of which \$15,000,000 is authorized to be appropriated to the Working Capital Fund:
- (B) \$200,000,000 is authorized to be appropriated for the construction and maintenance of facilities, of which \$80,000,000 is authorized to be appropriated for Safety, Capacity, Maintenance, and Major Repairs, including \$20,000,000 for IT infrastructure; and
- (C) \$357,000,000 is authorized to be appropriated for industrial technology services activities, of which \$300,500,000 is authorized to be appropriated for the Manufacturing Extension Partnership program under sections 25 and 26 of the National Institute of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 278k and 278l) and \$56,500,000 is authorized to be appropriated for the Network for Manufacturing Innovation Program under section 34 of the National Institute of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 278s).
- (e) FISCAL YEAR 2026.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—There are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary of Commerce \$1,765,400,000 for the National Institute of Standards and Technology for fiscal year 2026.

(2) Specific allocations.—Of the amount authorized by paragraph (1)-

- (A) \$1,199,400,000 is authorized to be appropriated for scientific and technical research and laboratory activities, of services \$18,000,000 is authorized to be appropriated for the Working Capital Fund;
- (B) \$200,000,000 is authorized to be appropriated for the construction and maintenance of facilities, of which \$80,000,000 is authorized to be appropriated for Safety, Capacity, Maintenance, and Major Repairs, including \$20,000,000 for IT infrastructure; and
- (C) \$366,000,000 is authorized to be appropriated for industrial technology services activities, of which \$309,500,000 is authorized to be appropriated for the Manufacturing Extension Partnership program under sections 25 and 26 of the National Institute of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 278k and 23 278l) and \$56,500,000 is authorized to be appropriated for the Network for Manufacturing Innovation Program under section 34 of the National Institute

of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C.

## Subtitle B—Measurement Research SEC. 10221. ENGINEERING BIOLOGY AND BIO-METROLOGY.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Director shall—

(1) support basic measurement science, technology research for engineering biology, biomanufacturing, and biometrology to advance—

(A) measurement technologies to support foundational understanding of the mechanisms of conversion of DNA information into cellular function, including both the natural and engineered production of biomolecules:

(B) technologies for measurement of such biomolecular components and for complex engineered biological systems:

(C) new data tools, techniques, and processes to improve engineering biology, biomanufacturing and biometrology research; and

(D) all other areas deemed by the Director to be critical to the development and deployment of engineering biology, biomanufacturing and biometrologu:

(2) support activities to inform and expand the development of measurements infrastructure needed to develop technical standards to establish interoperability and facilitate commercial development of biomolecular measurement technology and engineering biology applications;

(3) convene industry, institutions of higher education, nonprofit organizations, Federal laboratories, and other Federal agencies engaged in engineering biology research and development to develop coordinated technical roadmaps for authoritative measurement of the molecular components of the cell;

(4) provide access to user facilities with advanced or unique equipment, services, materials, and other resources to industry, institutions of higher education, nonprofit organizations, and government agencies to perform research and testing;

(5) establish or expand collaborative partnerships or consortia with other Federal agencies engaged in engineering biology research and development, institutions of higher education, Federal laboratories, and industry to advance engineering biology applications; and

(6) support graduate and post graduate research and training in biometrology, biomanufacturing, and engineering biology.

(b) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of this section, the term "Engineering Biology" means the application of engineering design principles and practices to biological systems, including molecular and cellular systems, to advance fundamental understanding of complex natural systems and to enable novel or optimized functions and capabilities.

(c) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this section shall be construed to alter the policies, processes, or practices of individual Federal agencies in effect on the day before the date of the enactment of this Act relating to the conduct of biomedical research and advanced development, including the solicitation and review of extramural research proposals.

(d) Controls.—In carrying out activities authorized by this section, the Secretary shall ensure proper security controls are in place to protect sensitive information, as appropriate.

## SEC. 10222. GREENHOUSE GAS MEASUREMENT RESEARCH.

(a) Greenhouse Gas Measurement Pro-GRAM.

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Director, in consultation with the Administrator of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration and the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency, shall carry out a measurement research program to inform the development of best practices, benchmarks, methodologies, procedures, and technical standards for the measurement of greenhouse gas emissions and to assess and improve the performance of greenhouse gas emissions measurement systems.

(2) ACTIVITIES.—In carrying out such a program, the Director may-

(A) conduct research and testing to improve the accuracy, efficacy, and reliability of the measurement of greenhouse gas emissions at a range of scales that covers direct measurement at the component or process level through atmospheric observations;

(B) conduct research to create novel measurement technologies and techniques for the measurement of greenhouse gas emissions;

(C) convene and engage with relevant Federal agencies and stakeholders to establish common definitions and characterizations for the measurement of greenhouse gas emissions, taking into account any existing United States and international technical standards and guidance;

(D) conduct outreach and coordination to share technical expertise with relevant industry and non-industry stakeholders and standards development organizations to assist such entities in the development of best practices and technical standards for greenhouse gas emissions measurements; and

(E) in coordination with the Administrator of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration and the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency, develop such standard reference materials as the Director determines is necessary to further the development of such technical standards, taking into account any existing United States or international standards.

(3) TEST BEDS.—In coordination with the private sector, institutions of higher education, State and local governments, the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, the Environmental Protection Agency, and other Federal agencies, as appropriate, the Director may continue to develop and manage testbeds to advance research and standards development for greenhouse gas emissions measurements.

(4) Greenhouse gas measurement center of EXCELLENCE .

(A) IN GENERAL.—The Director, in collaboration with the Administrator of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency, and the heads of other Federal agencies, as appropriate, shall award to an institution of higher education or an eligible nonprofit organization (or a consortium thereof), on a merit-reviewed, competitive basis, funds to establish a Center of Excellence in Greenhouse Gas Measurement

(B) COLLABORATIONS.—The Director shall require, as a condition of receipt of the award under this paragraph, that the activities of the Center of Excellence include collaboration among public and private organizations, including institutions of higher education, nonprofit organizations, private sector entities, and State. tribal, territorial, and local officials.

(C) PURPOSE.—The purpose of the Center of

Excellence shall be to-

(i) advance measurement science, data analytics, and modeling at a range of scales that covers direct measurement at the component or process level through atmospheric observations to improve the accuracy of greenhouse gas emissions measurement, validation, and attribution to specific underlying activities and processes;

(ii) test and evaluate the performance of existing capabilities, and inform and improve best practices, benchmarks, methodologies, procedures, and technical standards, for the measurement and validation of greenhouse gas emissions at scales noted in clause (i);

(iii) educate and train students in measurement science, computational science, and systems engineering research relevant to greenhouse gas emissions measurements;

(iv) foster collaboration among academic researchers, private sector stakeholders, and State, Tribal, territorial, and local officials.

(v) support Institute test beds as described in subsection (a)(3): and

(vi) collaborate with other Federal agencies to conduct outreach and coordination to share technical expertise with relevant public and private sector stakeholders, including State, Tribal, territorial, and local officials, to assist such entities in measuring greenhouse gas emissions.

(D) REQUIREMENTS.-

(i) IN GENERAL.—An institution of higher education or an eligible nonprofit organization (or a consortium thereof) seeking funding under this subsection shall submit an application to the Director at such time, in such manner, and containing such information as the Director man require.

(ii) APPLICATIONS.—Each application made under clause (i) shall include a description of-

(I) how the Center will work with other research institutions, industry partners, and State and local officials to identify research, testing, technical standards needs relevant to greenhouse gas emissions;

(II) how the Center will promote active collaboration among researchers in multiple disciplines involved in the measurement of greenhouse gas emissions; and

(III) how the Center will share technical expertise with relevant public and private sector stakeholders, including state and local officials, to assist such entities in measuring greenhouse gas emissions.

(iii) Selection and duration.—Each Center established under this section is authorized to carry out activities for a period of 5 years, renewable for an additional 5 years at the discretion of the Director, in consultation with other Federal agencies as appropriate.

#### SEC. 10223. NIST AUTHORITY FOR CYBERSECU-RITY AND PRIVACY ACTIVITIES.

Section 2 of the National Institute of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 272 et seq.) is amended-

(1) in subsection (c)-

(A) in paragraph (16), by striking the period at the end and inserting a semicolon;

(B) by redesignating paragraphs (16) through (27) as paragraphs (21) through (32), respectivelu: and

(C) by inserting after paragraph (15) the following:

"(16) support information security measures for the development and lifecycle of software and the software supply chain, including development of voluntary, consensus-based technical standards, best practices, frameworks, methodologies, procedures, processes, and software engineering toolkits and configurations;

(17) support information security measures, including voluntary, consensus-based technical standards, best practices, and guidelines, for the design, adoption and deployment of cloud computing services;

"(18) support research development and practical application to improve the usability of cubersecurity processes and technologies:

"(19) facilitate and support the development of a voluntary, consensus-based set of technical standards, guidelines, best practices, methodologies, procedures, and processes to cost-effectively ensure appropriate privacy protections for personally identifiable information in systems, technologies, and processes used by both the public and private sector;

"(20) support privacy measures, including voluntary, consensus-based technical standards, best practices, guidelines, metrology, and testbeds for the design, adoption and deployment of privacy enhancing technologies;"; and

(2) in subsection (e)(1)(A)

(A) in clause (viii), by striking "and" at the end:

(B) by redesignating clause (ix) as clause (xi); and

(C) by inserting after clause (viii) the following:

"(ix) conduct reviews of and create impact metrics for cybersecurity solutions and capabilities developed by the Institute for purposes of improvement; ".

#### SEC. 10224. SOFTWARE SECURITY AND AUTHEN-TICATION.

- (a) Vulnerabilities in Open Source Soft-WARE.—The Director shall assess and assign severity metrics to identified vulnerabilities with open source software and produce voluntary quidance to assist the entities that maintain open source software repositories to discover and mitigate vulnerabilities.
- (b) ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE-ENABLED DE-FENSES.—The Director shall carry out research and testing to improve the effectiveness of artificial intelligence-enabled cubersecurity, including by generating optimized data sets to train artificial intelligence defense systems and evaluating the performance of varying network architectures at strengthening network security.
- (c) AUTHENTICATION OF INSTITUTE SOFT-WARE.—The Director shall ensure all software released by the Institute is digitally signed and maintained to enable stakeholders to verify its authenticity and integrity upon installation and execution
- (d) Assistance to Inspectors General.—The Director shall provide technical assistance to improve the education and training of individual Federal agency Inspectors General and staff who are responsible for the annual independent evaluation they are required to perform of the information security program and practices of Federal Agencies under section 3555 of title 44, United States Code.
- (e) Software Supply Chain Security Prac-TICES
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Director shall, in coordination with industry, academia, and other Federal agencies, as appropriate, develop a set of security outcomes and practices, including security controls, control enhancements, supplemental guidance, or other supporting information to enable software developers and operators to identify, assess, and manage cyber risks over the full lifecycle of software products.
- (2) Outreach.—The Director shall conduct outreach and coordination activities to share technical expertise with Federal agencies, relevant industry stakeholders, and standards development organizations, as appropriate, to encourage the voluntary adoption of the software lifecycle security practices by Federal agencies and industry stakeholders.

#### SEC. 10225. DIGITAL IDENTITY MANAGEMENT RE-SEARCH.

Section 504 of the Cybersecurity Enhancement Act of 2014 (15 U.S.C. 7464) is amended to read as follows:

#### "SEC. 504. IDENTITY MANAGEMENT RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT.

- "(a) IN GENERAL.—The Director shall carry out a program of research to support the development of voluntary, consensus-based technical standards, best practices, benchmarks, methodologies, metrology, testbeds, and conformance criteria for identity management, taking into account appropriate user concerns-
- '(1) to improve interoperability and portabilitu among identity management technologies:
- '(2) to strengthen identity proofing and verification methods used in identity management systems:
- (3) to improve privacy protection in identity management systems through authentication and security protocols; and
- '(4) to monitor and improve the accuracy, usability, and inclusivity of identity management systems.
- DIGITAL IDENTITY TECHNICAL MAP.—The Director, in consultation with other relevant Federal agencies and stakeholders from the private sector, shall develop and maintain a technical roadmap for digital identity management research and development focused on enabling the voluntary use and adoption of modern digital identity solutions that align with the four criteria in subsection (a).
- '(c) DIGITAL IDENTITY MANAGEMENT GUID-ANCE.

"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Director shall develop, and periodically update, in collaboration with other public and private sector organizations, common definitions and voluntary guidance for digital identity management systems.

(2) GUIDANCE.—The Guidance shall-

- "(A) align with the four criteria in subsection (a), as practicable:
- "(B) provide case studies of implementation of quidance;
- '(C) incorporate voluntary technical standards and industry best practices; and
- '(D) not prescribe or otherwise require the use of specific technology products or services.
- (3) CONSULTATION.—In carrying out this subsection, the Director shall consult with
  - "(A) Federal and State agencies;
- "(B) industry; "(C) potential end-users and individuals that will use services related to digital identity verification: and
- (D) experts with relevant experience in the systems that enable digital identity verification, as determined by the Director.'

## SEC. 10226. BIOMETRICS RESEARCH AND TEST-ING.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, through the Director, shall establish a program to support measurement research to inform the development of best practices, benchmarks, methodologies, procedures, and voluntary, consensus-based technical standards for biometric identification systems, including facial recognition systems, to assess and improve the performance of such systems. In carrying out such program, the Director may-
- (1) conduct research to support efforts to improve the performance of biometric identification systems including in areas related to conformity assessment, image quality and interoperability, contactless biometric capture technologies, and human-in-the-loop biometric identification systems and processes:
- (2) convene and engage with relevant stakeholders to establish common definitions and characterizations for biometric identification systems, including accuracy, fairness, bias, privacy, consent, and other properties, taking into account definitions in relevant international technical standards and other publications;
- (3) carry out research and testing on a range of biometric modalities, such as fingerprints, voice, iris, face, vein, behavioral biometrics, genetics, multimodal biometrics, and emerging applications of biometric identification technology;
- (4) study the use of privacy-enhancing technologies and other technical protective controls to facilitate access to public data sets for biometric research:
- (5) conduct outreach and coordination to share technical expertise with relevant industry and non-industry stakeholders and standards development organizations to assist such entities in the development of best practices and voluntary technical standards; and
- (6) develop such standard reference artifacts as the Director determines is necessary to further the development of such voluntary technical standards.
- (b) Biometrics Vendor Test Program.
- actina (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, through the Director, shall carry out a test program to provide biometrics vendors the opportunity to test biometric identification technologies across a range of modalities.
- (2) ACTIVITIES.—In carrying out the program under this subsection, the Director shall-
- (A) conduct research and regular testing to improve and benchmark the accuracy, efficacy, and bias of biometric identification systems, including research and testing on demographic variations, capture devices, presentation attack detection, partially occluded or computer generated images, privacy and security designs and controls, template protection, de-identification, and comparison of algorithm, human, and combined algorithm-human recognition capability:
- (B) develop an approach for testing software and cloud-based biometrics applications, including remote systems, in Institute test facilities;

- (C) establish reference use cases for biometric applications and performance criteria for assessing each use case, including accuracy and bias metrics;
- (D) produce public-facing reports of the findings from such testing for a general audience; and
- (E) conduct such other activities as deemed necessary by the Director.

#### SEC. 10227. FEDERAL BIOMETRIC PERFORMANCE STANDARDS.

Section 20 of the National Institute of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 278g-3) is amended in subsection (b)-

- (1) in paragraph (2), by striking "and" after the semicolon;
- (2) in paragraph (3), by striking the period and inserting  $\lq\lq;$  and  $\lq\lq;$  and
  - (3) by adding at the end the following:
- (4) performance standards and guidelines for high risk biometric identification systems, including facial recognition systems, accounting for various use cases, types of biometric identification systems, and relevant operational conditions.

#### SEC. 10228. PROTECTING RESEARCH FROM CYBER THEFT.

Section 2(e)(1)(A) of the National Institute of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 272(e)(1)(A)), as amended by section 10223(2), is further amended by inserting after clause (ix), as added by section 10223(2)(C), the following:

"(x) consider institutions of higher education (as defined in section 101 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001)); and

#### SEC. 10229. DISSEMINATION OF RESOURCES FOR RESEARCH INSTITUTIONS.

- (a) Dissemination of Resources for Re-SEARCH INSTITUTIONS .-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director shall, using the authorities of the Director under subsections (c)(15) and (e)(1)(A)(ix) of section 2 of the National Institute of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 272), as amended by section 10228, disseminate and make publicly available resources to help qualifying institutions identify, assess, manage, and reduce their cybersecurity risk related to conducting research.
- (2) REQUIREMENTS.—The Director shall ensure that the resources disseminated pursuant to paragraph (1)—
- (A) are generally applicable and usable by a wide range of qualifying institutions;
- (B) vary with the nature and size of the qualifying institutions, and the nature and sensitivity of the data collected or stored on the information systems or devices of the qualifying institutions:
- (C) include elements that promote awareness of simple, basic controls, a workplace cybersecurity culture, and third-party stakeholder relationships, to assist qualifying institutions in mitigating common cybersecurity risks;
- (D) include case studies, examples, and scenarios of practical application;
- (E) are technology-neutral and can be implemented using technologies that are commercial and off-the-shelf; and
- (F) to the extent practicable, are based on international technical standards.
- (3) NATIONAL CYBERSECURITY AWARENESS AND EDUCATION PROGRAM.—The Director shall ensure that the resources disseminated under paragraph (1) are consistent with the efforts of the Director under section 303 of the Cybersecurity Enhancement Act of 2014 (15 U.S.C. 7451).
- (4) UPDATES.—The Director shall review periodically and update the resources under paragraph (1) as the Director determines appropriate.
- (5) VOLUNTARY RESOURCES.—The use of the resources disseminated under paragraph (1) shall be considered voluntary.
- (b) OTHER FEDERAL CYBERSECURITY REQUIRE-MENTS.-Nothing in this section may be construed to supersede, alter, or otherwise affect

any cybersecurity requirements applicable to Federal agencies.

- (c) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) QUALIFYING INSTITUTIONS.—The term "qualifying institutions" means institutions of higher education that are classified as either very-high research intensive (R1) or high research intensive (R2) status universities by the Carnegie Classification of Academic Institutions.
- (2) RESOURCES.—The term "resources" means guidelines, tools, best practices, technical standards, methodologies, and other ways of providing information.

#### SEC. 10230. ADVANCED COMMUNICATIONS RE-SEARCH.

The National Institute of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 271 et seq.) is amended...

- (1) by redesignating section 35 as section 36; and
- (2) by inserting after section 34 the following: "SEC. 35. ADVANCED COMMUNICATIONS RESEARCH ACTIVITIES.
- ``(a) Advanced Communications Research.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Director, in consultation with the Administrator of the National Telecommunications and Information Administration, the Director of the National Science Foundation, and heads of other Federal agencies, as appropriate, shall carry out a program of measurement research for advanced communications technologies.
- "(2) RESEARCH AREAS.—Research areas may include—
- "(A) radio frequency emissions and interference, including technologies and techniques to mitigate such emissions;
- "(B) advanced antenna arrays and artificial intelligence systems capable of operating advanced antenna arrays;
- "(C) artificial intelligence systems to enable internet of things networks, immersive technology, and other advanced communications technologies:
- "(D) network sensing and monitoring technologies;
- "(E) technologies to enable spectrum flexibility and agility;
- ``(F) optical and quantum communications technologies;
- $\lq\lq(G)$  security of advanced communications systems
  - "(H) public safety communications;
- "(I) resilient internet of things applications for advanced manufacturing; and
- ``(J) other research areas deemed necessary by the Director.
- "(3) TEST BEDS.—In coordination with the Assistant Secretary for Communications and Information, the private sector, and other Federal agencies as appropriate, the Director may develop and manage testbeds for research and development of advanced communications technologies, avoiding duplication of existing testbeds run by other agencies or the private sector.
- "(4) OUTREACH.—In carrying out the activities under this subsection, the Director shall seek input from other Federal agencies and from private sector stakeholders, on an ongoing basis, to help inform research and development priorities, including through workshops and other multistakeholder activities.
- "(5) TECHNICAL ROADMAPS.—In carrying out the activities under this subsection, the Director shall convene industry, institutions of higher education, nonprofit organizations, Federal laboratories, and other Federal agencies engaged in advanced communications research and development to develop, and periodically update, coordinated technical roadmaps for advanced communications research in priority areas, such as those described in paragraph (2).
- "(b) NATIONAL ADVANCED SPECTRUM AND COMMUNICATIONS TEST NETWORK.—

- "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Director, in coordination with the Administrator of the National Telecommunications and Information Administration and heads of other Federal agencies, as appropriate, shall operate a national network of government, academic, and commercial test capabilities and facilities to be known as the National Advanced Spectrum and Communications Test Network (referred to in this section as 'NASCTN').
- "(2) PURPOSES.—NASCTN shall be for the purposes of facilitating and coordinating the use of intellectual capacity, modeling and simulation, laboratory facilities, and test facilities to meet national spectrum interests and challenges, including—
- "(A) measurements and analyses of electromagnetic propagation, radio systems characteristics, and operating techniques affecting the utilization of the electromagnetic spectrum in coordination with specialized, related research and analysis performed by other Federal agencies in their areas of responsibility:
- "(B) conducting research and analysis in the general field of telecommunications sciences in support of the Institute's mission and in support of other Government agencies:
- "(C) developing methodologies for testing, measuring, and setting guidelines for interference;
- "(D) conducting interference tests to better understand the impact of Federal and commercial spectrum activities;
- "(E) conducting research and testing to improve spectrum interference tolerance, flexibility, and agility; and
- "(F) other activities as deemed necessary by the Director.

## SEC. 10231. NEUTRON SCATTERING.

- (a) STRATEGIC PLAN FOR THE INSTITUTE NEUTRON REACTOR.—The Director shall develop a strategic plan for the future of the NIST Center for Neutron Research after the current neutron reactor is decommissioned, including—
- (1) a succession plan for the reactor, including a roadmap with timeline and milestones;
- (2) conceptual design of a new reactor and accompanying facilities, as appropriate; and
- (3) a plan to minimize disruptions to the user community during the transition.
- (b) Coordination With the Department of Energy.—The Secretary, acting through the Director, shall coordinate with the Secretary of Energy on issues related to Federal support for neutron science, including estimation of long-term needs for research using neutron sources, and planning efforts for future facilities to meet such needs.
- (c) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—Not later than 18 months after the enactment of this Act, the Director shall submit to Congress the plan required under subsection (a), and shall notify Congress of any substantial updates to such plan in subsequent years.

## SEC. 10232. QUANTUM INFORMATION SCIENCE.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The Director shall continue to prioritize and carry out activities authorized in the National Quantum Initiative Act (15 U.S.C. 8801).
- (b) QUANTUM RESEARCH.—Section 201(a) of the National Quantum Initiative Act (15 U.S.C. 8831) is amended—
- (1) by redesignating paragraphs (3) through (4) as paragraphs (6) through (7); and
- (2) by inserting after paragraph (2) the following:
- "(3) shall carry out research to facilitate the development and standardization of quantum cryptography and post-quantum classical cryptography;
- "(4) shall carry out research to facilitate the development and standardization of quantum networking and communications technologies and applications, including—
  - "(A) quantum repeater technology;
  - "(B) quantum network traffic management;
  - "(C) quantum transduction;

- "(D) long baseline entanglement an teleportation; and
- "(E) such other technologies, processes, or applications as the Director considers appropriate;
- "(5) for quantum technologies deemed by the Director to be at a readiness level sufficient for standardization, shall provide technical review and assistance to such other Federal agencies as the Director considers appropriate for the development of quantum network infrastructure standards;".

#### SEC. 10233. ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The Director shall continue to support the development of artificial intelligence and data science, and carry out the activities of the National Artificial Intelligence Initiative Act of 2020 authorized in division E of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116–283), including through—
- (1) expanding the Institute's capabilities, including scientific staff and research infrastructure:
- (2) supporting measurement research and development for advanced computer chips and hardware designed for artificial intelligence systems:
- (3) supporting the development of technical standards and guidelines that promote safe and trustworthy artificial intelligence systems;
- (4) creating a framework for managing risks associated with artificial intelligence systems; and
- (5) developing and publishing cybersecurity tools, encryption methods, and best practices for artificial intelligence and data science.
- (b) TESTBEDS.—In coordination with other Federal agencies as appropriate, the private sector, and institutions of higher education, the Director may establish testbeds to examine artificial intelligence and machine learning systems in virtual environments for vulnerabilities that may lead to failure, malfunction, or attacks under a wide range of conditions.

#### SEC. 10234. SUSTAINABLE CHEMISTRY RESEARCH AND EDUCATION.

In accordance with section 263 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021, the Director shall carry out activities in support of sustainable chemistry, including coordinating and partnering with academia, industry, nonprofits, and other entities in activities to support clean, safe, and economic alternatives, technologies, and methodologies to traditional chemical products and processes.

# $SEC.\ 10235.\ PREMISE\ PLUMBING\ RESEARCH.$

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting through the Director, shall create a program in consultation with the Environmental Protection Agency, for premise plumbing research, including to—
- (1) conduct metrology research on premise plumbing in relation to water safety, security, efficiency, sustainability, and resilience; and
- (2) coordinate research activities with academia, the private sector, nonprofits, and other Federal agencies.
- (b) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of this section, the term "premise plumbing" means the water distribution system located within the property lines of a property, including all buildings and permanent structures on such property. Such term includes building supply and distribution pipes, fixtures, fittings, water heaters, water-treating and water-using equipment, and all respective joints, connections, devices, and appurtenances.

## Subtitle C—General Activities

#### SEC. 10241. EDUCATIONAL OUTREACH AND SUP-PORT FOR UNDERREPRESENTED COMMUNITIES.

Section 18 of the National Institute of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 278g-1) is amended—

(1) in subsection (a), in the second sentence—
(A) by striking "may" and inserting "shall";
and

- (B) by striking "academia" and inserting "diverse types of institutions of higher education, including minority-serving institutions and community colleges"; and
  - (2) in subsection (e)-
- (A) in paragraph (4), by striking "and" at the end;
- (B) in paragraph (5), by striking the period at the end and inserting "; and"; and
  (C) by inserting after paragraph (5) the following
- (C) by inserting after paragraph (5) the following:
- "(6) conduct outreach to and develop research collaborations with historically Black colleges and universities and minority-serving institutions, including through the recruitment of students and faculty at such institutions to participate in programs developed under paragraph (3);
- "(7) conduct outreach to and develop research collaborations with community colleges, including through the recruitment of students and faculty at such institutions to participate in programs developed under paragraph (3);
- "(8) carry out other activities to increase the participation of persons historically underrepresented in STEM in the Institute's programs; and
- "(9) conduct outreach to and develop collaborations with nontraditional educational organizations, including those that offer training through non-profit associations and professional associations or professional societies, to engage persons historically underrepresented in STEM through programs developed under this subsection."

#### SEC. 10242. OTHER TRANSACTIONS AUTHORITY.

Section 2(b)(4) of the National Institute of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 272(b)(4)) is amended to read as follows:

"(4) to enter into and perform such contracts, including cooperative research and development arrangements and grants and cooperative agreements or other transactions, as may be necessary in the conduct of its work and on such terms as it may deem appropriate, in furtherance of the purposes of this Act;".

#### SEC. 10243. REPORT TO CONGRESS ON COLLABO-RATIONS WITH GOVERNMENT AGEN-CIES.

Not later than 6 months after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director shall submit a report to the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate describing the Institute's challenges with respect to collaboration between the Institute and other Federal agencies. The report shall include, at a minimum—

(1) an assessment of the challenges that arise with interagency collaboration, including transfer of funds with a limited period of availability to the Institute and issues with sharing personnel, associates, facilities, and property with collaborating agencies; and

(2) descriptions of projects that were disrupted due to the challenges outlined in paragraph (1). SEC. 10244. HIRING CRITICAL TECHNICAL EXPERTS.

Section 6 of the National Institute of Standards and Technology Act is amended to read as follows:

# $\hbox{``SEC. 6. HIRING CRITICAL TECHNICAL EXPERTS.'}$

- "(a) IN GENERAL.—The officers and employees of the Institute, except the director, shall be appointed by the Secretary at such time as their respective services may become necessary.
- "(b) HIRING CRITICAL TECHNICAL EXPERTS.— Notwithstanding section 3104 of title 5 or the provisions of any other law relating to the appointment, number, classification, or compensation of employees, the Secretary shall have the authority to make appointments of scientific, engineering, and professional personnel, and to fix the basic pay of such personnel at a rate to be determined by the Secretary at rates not in

excess of the highest total annual compensation payable at the rate determined under section 104 of title 3. The Director shall appoint not more than 15 personnel under this section.

"(c) SUNSET.—The authority under section (b) shall expire on the date that is 5 years after the date of enactment of this section.".

#### SEC. 10245. INTERNATIONAL STANDARDS DEVEL-OPMENT.

- (a) INTERNATIONAL STANDARDS ENGAGE-MENT.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Director shall lead information exchange and coordination among Federal agencies and communication from Federal agencies to the private sector of the United States to ensure effective Federal engagement in the development and use of international technical standards.
- (2) REQUIREMENTS.—To support private sector-led engagement and ensure effective Federal engagement in the development and use of international technical standards, the Director shall consider—
- (A) the role and needs of the Federal Government with respect to international technical standards:
- (B) organizations developing international technical standards of interest to the United States, United States representation and influence in these organizations, and key contributors for technical and leadership expertise in these organizations;
- (C) support for persons with domain subject matter expertise, especially from small businesses located in the United States, to influence and engage in technical standards leadership positions, working groups and meetings;
- (D) opportunities for partnerships for supporting international technical standards from across the Federal Government, Federally funded research and development centers, university-affiliated research centers, institutions of higher education, industry, industry associations, nonprofit organizations, and other key contributors;
- (E) support for activities to encourage the adoption of technical standards developed in the United States to be adopted by international standards organizations; and
- (F) other activities determined by the Director to be necessary to support United States participation in international standards development, economic competitiveness, and national security in the development and use of international technical standards.
- (b) CAPACITY BUILDING GUIDANCE.—The Director shall support education and workforce development efforts to promote United States participation in international standards organizations. The Director shall—
- (1) identify and create, as appropriate, technical standards education and training resources for interested businesses, industry associations, academia, nonprofits, Federal agencies, and other relevant standards contributors, including activities targeted at integrating standards content into undergraduate and graduate curricula in science, engineering, business, public policy, and law;
- (2) conduct outreach, including to private sector leaders, to support engagement by more United States stakeholders in international technical standards development; and
- (3) other activities deemed necessary by the Director to support increased engagement, influence, and leadership of United States organizations in the development of international technical standards.
- (c) CAPACITY BUILDING PILOT PROGRAM.—
- (1) In GENERAL.—The Director, in coordination with the Director of the National Science Foundation, the Administrator of the Small Business Administration and the heads of other relevant Federal agencies, as appropriate, shall establish a 5-year pilot program to award grants, on a merit-reviewed, competitive basis, to private sector entities, institutions of higher education, or nonprofit institutions based in the

United States to support increased participation by small business and academic interests in international standards organizations.

- (2) ACTIVITIES.—In carrying out the pilot programs established in subsection (c), the Director shall award competitive, merit-reviewed grants to covered entities to cover the reasonable costs, up to a specified ceiling set by the Director, of activities supporting increased engagement and leadership of employees of small businesses and faculty of institutions of higher education or other nonprofit research institutions with subject matter and technical expertise necessary to be conributers in international standards organizations.
- (3) AWARD CRITERIA.—The Director may only provide a grant under this section to an eligible recipient that—
- (A) demonstrates deep technical standards expertise:
- (B) demonstrates knowledge with the processes of the standards development organization in which the recipient intends to engage using grant funds;
- (C) proposes a feasible set of standard deliverables to be completed over the period of the grant:
- (D) explains how the recipient will fund the standards work supported by the grant if the grant funds are insufficient to cover all costs of the work; and
- (E) commits personnel with appropriate expertise to engage in relevant international organizations responsible for developing technical standards over the period of the grant.
- (4) ELIGIBILITY.—A small business concern (as defined in section 3 of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 632) based in the United States, an institution of higher education (as defined by section 102 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S. C. 1002)), or a nonprofit institution as defined in section 4(5) of the Stevenson-Wydler Act (15 U.S.C. 3703) shall be eligible to receive grants under this magazin
- grants under this program.
  (5) PRIORITIZATION.—The Director may prioritize grants awarded under this section to eligible recipients for standards development proposals that address clearly defined current or anticipated market needs or gaps that would not be met without the grant.
- (6) APPLICATION.—An eligible recipient seeking funding under subsection (c) shall submit an application to the Director at such time, in such manner, and containing such information as the Director may require.
- (7) MERIT REVIEW PROCESS.—Not later than 90 days after the enactment of this Act, the Director shall establish a merit review process, including the creation of merit review panels made of experts from government and the private sector, to evaluate the application under paragraph (6) to ensure applications submitted are reviewed in a fair, competitive, transparent, and in-depth manner.
- (8) CONSULTATION.—In carrying out the pilot program established under subsection (c), the Director shall consult with other Federal agencies, private sector organizations, institutions of higher education, and nonprofit organizations to help inform the pilot program, including selection criteria, applicant disclosure requirements, grant amount and duration, and the merit review process.
- (9) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—The Director shall brief Congress after the second year of the pilot program and each year following that includes the following:
- (Å) An assessment of the effectiveness of the pilot program for improving the participation of United States small businesses, United States institutions of higher education, or other non-profit research institutions in international standards organizations, including—
- (i) the type of activities supported, including leadership roles:
- (ii) the international standards organizations participated in: and
- (iii) the technical areas covered by the activities.

- (B) If deemed effective, a plan for permanent implementation of the pilot program.
- (d) Reaffirming the Importance of Vol-CONSENSUS-BASED INTERNATIONAL STANDARDS BODIES.—To the extent applicable, the Institute, when preparing standards, participating in voluntary consensus standard bodies, and engaging in a standards development process that is open to participation from Chinese firms and state-owned enterprises of the People's Republic of China, the process should include the following attributes that are easily accessible, clear, and unambiguous:
  - (1) Transparency.
  - (2) Openness.
  - (3) Impartiality and Consensus.
  - (4) Effectiveness and Relevance.
  - (5) Coherence.
- (6) Development Dimension.

#### SEC. 10246. STANDARD TECHNICAL UPDATE.

- (a) NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF STANDARDS AND TECHNOLOGY ACT UPDATES.—The National Institute of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 271) is amended—
  - (1) in section 15-
- (A) in subsection (b), by striking the period at the end and inserting a semicolon:
- (B) in subsection (g), by striking "and" after the semicolon: and
- (C) by striking the period at the end and inserting "; and (i) the protection of Institute buildings and other plant facilities, equipment, and property, and of employees, associates, or visitors, located therein or associated therewith, notwithstanding any other provision of law, the direction of such of the officers and employees of the Institute as the Secretary deems necessary in the public interest hereafter to carry firearms while in the conduct of their official duties, and the authorization of employees of contractors and subcontractors of the Institute who are engaged in the protection of property owned by the United States, and located at facilities owned by, leased, used or under the control of the United States, to carry firearms while in the conduct of their official duties, and, under regulations prescribed by the Secretary and approved by the Attorney General, the authorization of officers and employees of the Institute and of its contractors and subcontractors authorized to carry firearms hereafter to arrest without warrant for any offense against the United States committed in their presence, or for any felony cognizable under the laws of the United States if they have reasonable grounds to believe that the person to be arrested has committed or is committing such felony, provided that such authority to make arrests may be exercised only while guarding and protecting buildings and other plant facilities, equipment. and property owned or leased by, used or under the control of the United States under the administration and control of the Secretary."; and
- (2) by amending section 17(a) to read as follows:
- "(a) The Secretary is authorized, notwithstanding any other provision of law, to expend such sums, within the limit of appropriated funds, as the Secretary may deem desirable through direct support for activities of international organizations and foreign national metrology institutes with which the Institute cooperates to advance measurement methods, technical standards, and related basic technologies, for official representation, to host official receptions, dinners, and similar events, and to otherwise extend official courtesies, including transportation of foreign dignitaries and representatives of foreign national metrology institutes to and from the Institute, for the purpose of maintaining the standing and prestige of the Department of Commerce and the Institute, through the grant of fellowships or other appropriate form of financial or logistical assistance or support to foreign nationals not in service to the Government of the United States while they are performing scientific or engineering work at the

- Institute or participating in the exchange of scientific or technical information at the Insti-
- STEVENSON-WYDLER IJPDATES -Section 17(c)(1) of the Stevenson-Wydler Technology Innovation Act of 1980 (15 U.S.C. 3711a(c)(1)) is amended-
- (1) by moving each of subparagraphs (D) and (E) two ems to the left; and
- (2) by adding at the end the following:
- ``(G) Communitu.`
- (c) AMERICAN INNOVATION AND COMPETITIVE-NESS ACT UPDATE.—Section 113 of the American Innovation and Competitiveness Act (15 U.S.C. 278e note) is repealed.
- (d) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The item relating to section 113 in the table of contents in section 1(b) of the American Innovation and Competitiveness Act is repealed.
- (e) FEDERAL ENERGY MANAGEMENT IMPROVE-MENT ACT UPDATE -Section 4 of the Federal Energy Management Improvement Act of 1988 (15 U.S.C. 5001) is amended-
- (1) by striking "Secretary of Commerce" and "Secretary" each place either such term appears and inserting "Consumer Product Safety Commission".
- (2) by redesignating the second subsection (c) as subsection (e); and
- (3) in subsection (g), by redesignating clauses (i) and (ii) as paragraphs (1) and (2), respectively.

#### SEC. 10247. GAO STUDY OF NIST RESEARCH SECU-RITY POLICIES AND PROTOCOLS.

- (a) EVALUATION.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General of the United States shall conduct a study of the Institute's policies and protocols to protect its research and combat undue foreign influence,
- MATTERS TO BE INCLUDED.—The study conducted under subsection (a) shall include, to the extent practicable, the following:
- (1) An analysis of steps taken by the Institute to address foreign threats to Institute-funded research over the previous 5 years.
- (2) An analysis of the coordination and engagement between the Department of Commerce's Office of Inspector General, the Department of Commerce's Office of Intelligence, the National Counterintelligence and Security Center of the Office of the Director of National Intelligence, and the Institute in identifying and addressing concerning findings.
- (3) An assessment of the Institute's review process for Foreign National associates
- (4) An assessment of the Institute's policies as it relates to employees and associates participating in foreign talent recruitment programs.
- (5) An assessment of the Institute's implementation of conflict-of-interest and disclosure policies and requirements, including the disclosure requirements authorized in section 223 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116-283).
- (6) An assessment of the Institute's, the Department of Commerce's Office of Security, the Department of Commerce's Office of Intelligence, and the Department of Commerce's Office of Inspector General's ability to monitor and enforce conflict-of-interest and disclosure policies and requirements, including the disclosure requirements authorized in section 223 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116-283).
- (7) An assessment of the Institute's, the Department of Commerce's, and the Department of Commerce's Office of Inspector General's ability to conduct risk assessments of research and development award applications and disclosures to the Institute.
- (8) An assessment of the Institute's research security training programs for both internal and externally-supported researchers and associates, including training focused on international collaboration, and international travel, foreign interference, and rules for proper use of funds, disclosure, conflict of commitment, and conflict of interest.

- (9) An analysis and summary of incidents of undue foreign influence at Institute-supported research facilities and programs over the past 10
- (10) Recommendations for the Institute to bolster its research security policies and protocols.
  (11) Other matters the Comptroller General determines appropriate.
- (c) Congressional Briefing.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General shall brief the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology and the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives and the Committee of Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate on the findings available from the evaluation conducted under subsection
- (d) REPORT.—Not later than 18 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General shall submit to the congressional committees specified in subsection (c) a report on the findings and recommendations of the evaluation conducted under subsection (a)

#### SEC. 10248. STANDARDS DEVELOPMENT ORGANI-ZATION GRANTS.

- (a) Nongovernmental Standards Develop-MENT ORGANIZATION DEFINED —In this section. the term "nongovernmental standards development organization" means a nongovernmental standards development organization (as defined in section 2(e) of the Office of Management and Budget Circular A-119 (relating to Federal participation in the development and use of voluntary consensus standards in conformity assessment activities), or any successor document) that adheres to the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) Essential Requirements for Due Process for American National Standards.
- (b) GRANT AUTHORITY.—The Secretary of Commerce, acting through the Director, shall establish a competitive program of grants for nongovernmental standards development organizations for the purposes described in subsection
- (c) PURPOSES.—A grant awarded under subsection (b) shall be used to develop, approve, disseminate, maintain, and review forensic science voluntary consensus standards and best practices that shall be available to the public free of charge.
- (d) ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.—The Director may promulgate such requirements, guidelines, and procedures as may be necessary to carry out this section.
- (e) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section \$2,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2022 through 2026.

## Subtitle D-Hollings Manufacturing Extension Partnership

#### SEC. 10251. ESTABLISHMENT OF EXPANSION AWARDS PILOT PROGRAM AS A PART OF THE HOLLINGS MANUFACTURING EXTENSION PARTNERSHIP.

The National Institute of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 271 et seq.) is amended by inserting after section 25A (15 U.S.C. 278k-1) the following:

# "SEC. 25B. EXPANSION AWARDS PILOT PROGRAM.

- "(a) DEFINITIONS.—The terms used in this section have the meanings given the terms in sec-
- "(b) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Director shall establish as a part of the Hollings Manufacturing Extension Partnership a pilot program of expansion awards among participants described in subsection (c) of this section for the purposes described in subsection (e) of this section.
- "(c) Participants receiving awards under this section shall be Centers, or a consortium of Centers.
- '(d) AWARD AMOUNTS.—Subject to the availability of appropriations, an award for a recipient under this section shall be in an amount equal to the sum of the following:
- (1) Such amount as the Director considers appropriate as a minimum base funding level for each award under this section.

"(2) Such additional amount as the Director considers in proportion to the manufacturing density of the region of the recipient.

"(3) Such supplemental amounts as the Director considers appropriate.

"(e) PURPOSE OF AWARDS.—An award under this section shall be made for one or more of the following purposes:

"(1) To provide coordinating services on employee engagement, including employee ownership and workforce training, including connecting manufacturers with career and technical education entities, institutions of higher education (including community colleges), workforce development boards, labor organizations, and nonprofit job training providers to develop and support training and job placement services, including apprenticeship and online learning platforms, for new and incumbent workers, programming to prevent job losses when adopting new technologies and processes, and development of employee ownership practices.

"(2) To provide services to improve the resiliency of domestic supply chains and to mitigate vulnerabilities to cyberattacks, including helping to offset the cost of cybersecurity projects

for small manufacturers.

"(3) To expand advanced technology services to United States-based small- and medium-sized manufacturers, which may include—

"(A) developing advanced technology demonstration laboratories for training and demonstration in areas of supply chain and critical technology needs, including a focus on the demonstration of technologies developed by companies based in the United States;

"(B) services for the adoption of advanced technologies, including smart manufacturing

technologies and practices; and

- "(C) establishing partnerships, for the development, demonstration, and deployment of advanced technologies, between United Statesbased small- and medium-sized manufacturers
- "(i) national laboratories (as defined in section 2 of the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 15801));

"(ii) Federal laboratories:

"(iii) Manufacturing USA institutes (as described in section 34(d)); and

"(iv) institutions of higher education.

- "(4) To build capabilities across the Hollings Manufacturing Extension Partnership for domestic supply chain resiliency and optimization, including—
- "(A) assessment of domestic manufacturing capabilities, expanded capacity for researching and deploying information on supply chain risk, hidden costs of reliance on offshore suppliers, redesigning products and processes to encourage reshoring, and other relevant topics; and
- "(B) expanded services to provide industrywide support that assists United States manufacturers with reshoring manufacturing to strengthen the resiliency of domestic supply chains, including in critical technology areas and foundational manufacturing capabilities that are key to domestic manufacturing competitiveness and resiliency, including forming, casting, machining, joining, surface treatment, and tooling.
- "(f) REIMBURSEMENT.—The Director may reimburse Centers for costs incurred by the Centers under this section.
- "(g) APPLICATIONS.—Applications for awards under this section shall be submitted in such manner, at such time, and containing such information as the Director shall require in consultation with the Manufacturing Extension Partnership Advisory Board.

"(h) SELECTION.—

- "(1) REVIEWED AND MERIT-BASED.—The Director shall ensure that awards under this section are reviewed and merit-based.
- "(2) GEOGRAPHIC DIVERSITY.—The Director shall endeavor to have broad geographic diversity among selected proposals.
- (3) CRITERIA.—The Director shall select applications consistent with the purposes identi-

fied pursuant to subsection (e) to receive awards that the Director determines will achieve one or more of the following:

"(A) Improvement of the competitiveness of industries in the region in which the Center or Centers are located.

"(B) Creation of jobs or training of newly hired employees.

"(C) Promotion of the transfer and commercialization of research and technology from institutions of higher education, national laboratories, or other Federally funded research programs, and nonprofit research institutes.

"(D) Recruitment of a diverse manufacturing workforce, including through outreach to underrepresented populations, including individuals identified in section 33 or section 34 of the Science and Engineering Equal Opportunities Act (42 U.S.C. 1885a, 1885b).

"(E) Any other result the Director determines will advance the objective set forth in sections 25(c) or 26

"(i) PROGRAM CONTRIBUTION.—Recipients of awards under this section shall not be required to provide a matching contribution.

i(j) GLOBAL MARKETPLACE PROJECTS.—In making an award under this section, the Director, in consultation with the Manufacturing Extension Partnership Advisory Board and the Secretary, may take into consideration whether an application has significant potential for enhancing the competitiveness of small and medium-sized United States manufacturers in the global marketplace.

"(k) DURATION.—The Director shall ensure that the duration of an award under this section is aligned and consistent with a Center's cooperative agreement established in section

25(e).
"(1) REPORT.—After the completion of the pilot program under subsection (b) and not later than October 1, 2024, the Director shall submit to Congress a report that includes—

"(1) a summary description of what activities were funded and the measurable outcomes of

such activities;

"(2) a description of which types of activities under paragraph (1) could be integrated into, and supported under, the program under section 25.

25; "(3) a description of which types of activities under paragraph (1) could be integrated into, and supported under, the competitive awards program under section 254; and

"(4) a recommendation, supported by a clear explanation, as to whether the pilot program

should be continued."

# SEC. 10252. UPDATE TO MANUFACTURING EXTENSION PARTNERSHIP.

- (a) ACCEPTANCE OF FUNDS.—Section 25(1) of the National Institute of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 278k(1)) is amended to read as follows:
- "(l) ACCEPTANCE OF FUNDS.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—In addition to such sums as may be appropriated to the Secretary and Director to operate the Program, the Secretary and Director may also accept funds from other Federal departments and agencies, as well as funds provided by the private sector pursuant to section 2(c)(7) of this Act (15 U.S.C. 272(c)(7)), to be available to the extent provided by appropriations Acts, for the purpose of strengthening United States manufacturing.
- "(2) COMPETITIVE AWARDS.—Funds accepted from other Federal departments and agencies and from the private sector under paragraph (1) shall be awarded competitively by the Secretary and by the Director to Manufacturing Extension Partnership Centers, provided that the Secretary and Director may make non-competitive awards, pursuant to this section or section 25A, or as a non-competitive contract, as appropriate, if the Secretary and the Director determine that—
- "(A) the manufacturing market or sector targeted is limited geographically or in scope;

"(B) the number of States (or territory, in the case of Puerto Rico) with Manufacturing Exten-

sion Partnership Centers serving manufacturers of such market or sector is five or fewer; and

"(C) such Manufacturing Extension Partnership Center or Centers has received a positive evaluation in the most recent evaluation conducted pursuant to subsection (g)."

(b) SUPPORTING AMERICAN MANUFACTURING.— Section 25 of the National Institute of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 278k) is amend-

(1) in subsection (a)(5)—

(A) by striking "or consortium thereof,"; and (B) by inserting "or a consortium thereof" before the period at the end of the sentence;

(2) in subsection (c)(4), by inserting "United States-based" before "industrial";

(3) in subsection (d)—

- (A) in paragraph (1), by inserting "at United States-based industrial facilities, including small and medium manufacturing companies" before "based";
- (B) in paragraph (2), by inserting "United States-based" before "companies"; and

(C) in paragraph (3), by inserting "United States-based" before "small";

(4) in subsection (f)(5)(B)(i), by inserting "in the United States" before the semicolon at the end of the clause: and

(5) in subsection (n)(1)(A), by inserting "United States-based" before "small".

(c) AMENDING THE MEP COMPETITIVE AWARDS PROGRAM.—Section 25A(c)(2) of the National Institute of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 278k-1(c)(2)) is amended by inserting "United States" before "manufacturers".

### SEC. 10253. NATIONAL SUPPLY CHAIN DATABASE.

- (a) ESTABLISHMENT OF NATIONAL SUPPLY CHAIN DATABASE.—The Director shall establish and maintain a National Supply Chain Database.
- (b) PURPOSE.—The purpose of the National Supply Chain Database shall be to assist the Federal government and industry sectors in minimizing disruptions to the United States supply chain by having an assessment of United States manufacturers' capabilities.
- (c) STUDY ON NATIONAL SUPPLY CHAIN DATA-BASE.—In establishing the National Supply Chain Database, the Director shall consider the findings and recommendations from the study authorized in section 9413 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116–283), including measures to secure and protect the National Supply Chain Database from adversarial attacks and vulnerabilities.
- (d) DATABASE AND MANUFACTURING EXTENSION PARTNERSHIP.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The National Supply Chain Database shall be carried out and managed through the Hollings Manufacturing Extension Partnership program and the Director shall ensure that the Hollings Manufacturing Extension Partnership Centers are connected to the National Supply Chain Database.
- (2) CAPABILITIES.—The National Supply Chain Database shall be capable of providing a national view of the supply chain and enable authorized database users to determine in near real-time the United States manufacturing capabilities for critical products, including defense supplies, food, and medical devices, including personal protective equipment.
- (3) INDIVIDUAL STATE DATABASES.—Each State's supply chain database maintained by the Institute-recognized Manufacturing Extension Partnership Center within the State shall be complementary in design to the National Supply Chain Database.
- (e) MAINTENANCE OF NATIONAL SUPPLY CHAIN DATABASE.—The Director, acting through the Hollings Manufacturing Extension Partnership program, shall maintain the National Supply Chain Database as an integration of the State level databases from each State's Manufacturing Extension Partnership Center and may be populated with information from past, current, or potential Center clients.

(f) EXEMPT FROM PUBLIC DISCLOSURE.—The National Supply Chain Database and any information related to it not publicly released by the Institute shall be exempt from public disclosure under section 552 of title 5, United States Code, and access to non-public content shall be limited to the contributing company and Manufacturing Extension Partnership Center staff who sign an appropriate non-disclosure agreement.

(g) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—Of the funds authorized to the Hollings Manufacturing Extension Partnership Program, \$10,000,000 for each of the fiscal years 2022 through 2026 are authorized to carry out this

itle.

# SEC. 10254. HOLLINGS MANUFACTURING EXTENSION PARTNERSHIP ACTIVITIES.

Section 70924(b) of the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act (Public Law 117-58) is amended to read as follows:

"(b) AUTOMATIC ENROLLMENT IN GSA ADVAN-TAGE!.—The Administrator of the General Services Administration and the Secretary of Commerce, acting through the Under Secretary of Commerce for Standards and Technology, shall jointly ensure that businesses that participate in the Hollings Manufacturing Extension Partnership may, as the business considers appropriate, enroll in General Services Administration Advantage!."

#### TITLE III—NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION FOR THE FUTURE

## SEC. 10301. FINDINGS.

Congress finds the following:

- (1) Over the past seven decades, the National Science Foundation has played a critical role in advancing the United States academic research enterprise by supporting fundamental research and education across science and engineering disciplines.
- (2) Discoveries enabled by sustained investment in fundamental research and the education of the United States science and engineering workforce have led to transformational innovations and spawned new industries.
- (3) While the traditional approach to investment in research has delivered myriad benefits to society, a concerted effort is needed to ensure the benefits of federally funded science and engineering are enjoyed by all Americans.
- (4) As countries around the world increase investments in research and STEM education, United States global leadership in science and engineering is eroding, posing significant risks to economic competitiveness, national security, and public well-being.
- (5) To address major societal challenges and sustain United States leadership in innovation, the Federal Government must increase investments in research, broaden participation in the STEM workforce, and bolster collaborations among universities, National Laboratories, field stations and marine laboratories, companies, labor organizations, non-profit funders of research, local policymakers, civil societies and stakeholder communities, and international partners

## SEC. 10302. DEFINITIONS.

In this title:

- (1) ACADEMIES.—The term "Academies" means the National Academies of Sciences, Engineering, and Medicine.
- (2) ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE.—The term "artificial intelligence" has the meaning given such term in section 5002 of the William M. (MAC) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021.
- (3) AWARDEE.—The term "awardee" means the legal entity to which Federal assistance is awarded and that is accountable to the Federal Government for the use of the funds provided. (4) BOARD.—The term "Board" means the Na-
- (4) BOARD.—The term "Board" means the No tional Science Board.
- (5) DIRECTOR.—The term "Director" means the Director of the National Science Foundation.
- (6) EMERGING RESEARCH INSTITUTION.—The term "emerging research institution" means an

institution of higher education with an established undergraduate student program that has, on average for 3 years prior to the time of application for an award, received less than \$35,000,000 in Federal research funding.

(7) FEDERAL RESEARCH AGENCY.—The term "Federal research agency" means any Federal agency with an annual extramural research expenditure of over \$100,000,000.

(8) FOUNDATION.—The term "Foundation" means the National Science Foundation.

- (9) HISTORICALLY BLACK COLLEGE AND UNIVER-SITY.—The term "historically Black college and university" has the meaning given the term "part B institution" in section 322 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1061).
- (10) INSTITUTION OF HIGHER EDUCATION.—The term "institution of higher education" has the meaning given the term in section 101(a) of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001(a)).
- (11) LABOR ORGANIZATION.—The term "labor organization" has the meaning given the term in section 2(5) of the National Labor Relations Act (29 U.S.C. 152(5)), except that such term shall also include—

(A) any organization composed of labor organizations, such as a labor union federation or a State or municipal labor body; and

(B) any organization which would be included in the definition for such term under such section 2(5) but for the fact that the organization represents—

(i) individuals employed by the United States, any wholly owned Government corporation, any Federal Reserve Bank, or any State or political subdivision thereof;

(ii) individuals employed by persons subject to the Railway Labor Act (45 U.S.C. 151 et seq.); or (iii) individuals employed as agricultural la-

(12) MINORITY-SERVING INSTITUTION.—The term "minority-serving institution" means a Hispanic-serving institution, an Alaska Native-serving institution, a Native Hawaiian-serving institutions, a Predominantly Black Institution, an Asian American and Native American Pacific Islander-serving institution, or a Native American-serving nontribal institution as described in section 371 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1067q(a)).

(13) NON-PROFIT ORGANIZATION.—The term "non-profit organization" means an organization which is described in section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 and exempt from tax under section 501(a) of such code.

(14) NSF INCLUDES.—The term "NSF includes" means the initiative carried out under section 10306(c).

(15) PREK-12.—The term "preK-12" means prekindergarten through grade 12.

(16) RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT AWARD.—
The term "research and development award"
means support provided to an individual or entity by a Federal research agency to carry out research and development activities, which may
include support in the form of a grant, contract,
cooperative agreement, or other such transaction. The term does not include a grant, contract, agreement or other transaction for the
procurement of goods or services to meet the administrative needs of a Federal research agency.

(17) SKILLED TECHNICAL WORK.—The term "skilled technical work" means an occupation that requires a high level of knowledge in a technical domain and does not require a bachelor's degree for entry.

(18) STEM.—The term "STEM" has the mean-

(18) STEM.—The term "STEM" has the meaning given the term in section 2 of the America COMPETES Reauthorization Act of 2010 (42 U.S.C. 6621 note)

(19) STEM EDUCATION.—The term "STEM education" has the meaning given the term in section 2 of the STEM Education Act of 2015 (42 U.S.C. 6621 note).

(20) TRIBAL COLLEGE OR UNIVERSITY.—The term "Tribal College or University" has the meaning given such term in section 316 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1059c).

#### SEC. 10303. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIA-TIONS.

(a) FISCAL YEAR 2022.—

- (1) IN GENERAL.—There are authorized to be appropriated to the Foundation \$12,504,890,000 for fiscal year 2022.
- (2) SPECIFIC ALLOCATIONS.—Of the amount authorized under paragraph (1)—
- (A) \$10,025,000,000 is authorized to be appropriated to carry out research and related activities, of which—
- (i) \$55,000,000 is authorized to be appropriated for the Mid-Scale Research Infrastructure Program; and
- (ii) \$1,400,000,000 is authorized to be appropriated for the Directorate for Science and Engineering Solutions;
- (B) \$1,583,160,000 is authorized to be appropriated for education and human resources, of which—
- (i) \$73,700,000 is authorized to be appropriated for the Robert Noyce Teacher Scholarship Program;
- (ii) \$59,500,000 is authorized to be appropriated for the NSF Research Traineeship Program;
- (iii) \$416,300,000 is authorized to be appropriated be for the Graduate Research Fellowship Program; and
- (iv) \$70,000,000 is authorized to be appropriated for the Cybercorps Scholarship for Service Program:
- (C) \$249,000,000 is authorized to be appropriated for major research equipment and facilities construction, of which \$76,250,000 is authorized to be appropriated for the Mid-Scale Research Infrastructure Program:
- (D) \$620,000,000 is authorized to be appropriated for agency operations and award management;
- (E) \$4,620,000 is authorized to be appropriated for the Office of the National Science Board; and
- (F) \$23,120,000 is authorized to be appropriated for the Office of the Inspector General.

(b) FISCAL YEAR 2023.—

- (1) IN GENERAL.—There are authorized to be appropriated to the Foundation \$14,620,800,000 for fiscal year 2023.
- (2) SPECIFIC ALLOCATIONS.—Of the amount authorized under paragraph (1)—
- (A) \$11,870,000,000 is authorized to be appropriated to carry out research and related activities. of which—
- (i) \$60,000,000 is authorized to be appropriated for the Mid-Scale Research Infrastructure Program; and
- (ii) \$2,300,000,000 is authorized to be appropriated for the Directorate for Science and Engineering Solutions;
- (B) \$1,654,520,000 is authorized to be appropriated for education and human resources, of which—
- (i) \$80,400,000 is authorized to be appropriated for the Robert Noyce Teacher Scholarship Program;
- (ii) \$64,910,000 is authorized to be appropriated for the NSF Research Traineeship Program;
- (iii) \$454,140,000 is authorized to be appropriated for the Graduate Research Fellowship Program; and
- (iv) \$72,000,000 is authorized to be appropriated for the Cybercorps Scholarship for Service Program;
- (C) \$355,000,000 is authorized to be appropriated for major research equipment and facilities construction, of which \$80,000,000 is authorized to be appropriated for the Mid-Scale Research Infrastructure Program;
- (D) \$710,000,000 is authorized to be appropriated for agency operations and award management;
- (E) \$4,660,000 is authorized to be appropriated for the Office of the National Science Board; and
- (F) \$26,610,000 is authorized to be appropriated for the Office of the Inspector General.

- (c) FISCAL YEAR 2024.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—There are authorized to be appropriated to the Foundation \$15,945,020,000 for fiscal year 2024.
- (2) SPECIFIC ALLOCATIONS.—Of the amount authorized under paragraph (1)—
- (A) \$13,050,000,000 is authorized to be appropriated to carry out research and related activities, of which—
- (i) \$70,000,000 is authorized to be appropriated for the Mid-Scale Research Infrastructure Program: and
- (ii) \$2,900,000,000 is authorized to be appropriated for the Directorate for Science and Engineering Solutions;
- (B) \$1,739,210,000 is authorized to be appropriated for education and human resources, of which—
- (i) \$87,100,000 is authorized to be appropriated for the Robert Noyce Teacher Scholarship Program;
- (ii) \$70,320,000 is authorized to be appropriated for the NSF Research Traineeship Program:
- (iii) \$491,990,000 is authorized to be appropriated for the Graduate Research Fellowship Program: and
- (iv) \$78,000,000 is authorized to be appropriated for the Cybercorps Scholarship for Service Program;
- (C) \$370,000,000 is authorized to be appropriated for major research equipment and facilities construction, of which \$85,000,000 shall be for the Mid-Scale Research Infrastructure Program;
- (D) \$750,000,000 is authorized to be appropriated for agency operations and award management;
- (E) \$4,700,000 is authorized to be appropriated for the Office of the National Science Board; and
- (F) \$31,110,000 is authorized to be appropriated for the Office of the Inspector General. (d) FISCAL YEAR 2025.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—There are authorized to be appropriated to the Foundation \$17,004,820,000 for fiscal year 2025.
- (2) Specific allocations.—Of the amount authorized under paragraph (1)—
- authorized under paragraph (1)—
  (A) \$14,000,000,000 is authorized to be appropriated to carry out research and related activities, of which—
- (i) \$75,000,000 is authorized to be appropriated for the Mid-Scale Research Infrastructure Program; and
- (ii) \$3,250,000,000 is authorized to be appropriated for the Directorate for Science and Engineering Solutions;
- (B) \$1,823,470,000 is authorized to be appropriated for education and human resources, of which—
- (i) \$93,800,000 is authorized to be appropriated for the Robert Noyce Teacher Scholarship Program:
- (ii) \$75,730,000 is authorized to be appropriated for the NSF Research Traineeship Program:
- (iii) \$529,830,000 is authorized to be appropriated for the Graduate Research Fellowship Program; and
- (iv) \$84,000,000 is authorized to be appropriated for the Cybercorps Scholarship for Service Program:
- (C) \$372,000,000 is authorized to be appropriated for major research equipment and facilities construction, of which \$90,000,000 is authorized to be appropriated for the Mid-Scale Research Infrastructure Program;
- (D) \$770,000,000 is authorized to be appropriated for agency operations and award management;
- (E) \$4,740,000 is authorized to be appropriated for the Office of the National Science Board; and
- (F) \$34,610,000 is authorized to be appropriated for the Office of the Inspector General.
  (e) FISCAL YEAR 2026.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—There are authorized to be appropriated to the Foundation \$17,939,490,000 for fiscal year 2026.

- (2) Specific Allocations.—Of the amount authorized under paragraph (1)—
- (A) \$14,800,000,000 is authorized to be appropriated to carry out research and related activities, of which—
- (i) \$80,000,000 is authorized to be appropriated for the Mid-Scale Research Infrastructure Program; and
- (ii) \$3,400,000,000 is authorized to be appropriated for the Directorate for Science and Engineering Solutions;
- (B) \$1,921,600,000 is authorized to be appropriated for education and human resources, of which—
- (i) \$100,500,000 is authorized to be appropriated for the Robert Noyce Teacher Scholarship Program;
- (ii) \$81,140,000 is authorized to be appropriated for the NSF Research Traineeship Program:
- (iii) \$567,680,000 is authorized to be appropriated for the Graduate Research Fellowship Program; and
- (iv) \$90,000,000 is authorized to be appropriated for the Cybercorps Scholarship for Service Program;
- (C) \$375,000,000 is authorized to be appropriated for major research equipment and facilities construction, of which \$100,000,000 is authorized to be appropriated for the Mid-Scale Research Infrastructure Program:
- (D) \$800,000,000 is authorized to be appropriated for agency operations and award management:
- (E) \$4,780,000 is authorized to be appropriated for the Office of the National Science Board; and
- (F) \$38,110,000 is authorized to be appropriated for the Office of the Inspector General. **SEC. 10304. STEM EDUCATION.** 
  - (a) PREK-12 STEM EDUCATION.—
- (1) DECADAL SURVEY OF STEM EDUCATION RE-SEARCH.—Not later than 45 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Director shall enter into a contract with the Academies to review and assess the status and opportunities for PreK-12 STEM education research and make recommendations for research priorities over the next decade.
- (2) Scaling innovations in prek-12 stem education.—
- (A) In General.—The Director shall establish a program to award grants, on a competitive basis, to institutions of higher education or nonprofit organizations (or consortia of such institutions or organizations) to establish no fewer than 3 multidisciplinary Centers for Transformative Education Research and Translation (in this section referred to as "Centers") to support research and development on widespread and sustained implementation of STEM education innovations.
- (B) APPLICATION.—An institution of higher education or non-profit organization (or a consortium of such institutions or organizations) seeking funding under subparagraph (A) shall submit an application to the Director at such time, in such manner, and containing such information as the Director may require. The application shall include, at a minimum, a description of how the proposed Center will—
- (i) establish partnerships among academic institutions, local or State education agencies, and other relevant stakeholders in supporting programs and activities to facilitate the widespread and sustained implementation of promising, evidence-based STEM education practices, models, programs, curriculum, and technologies;
- (ii) support enhanced STEM education infrastructure, including cyberlearning technologies, to facilitate the widespread adoption of promising, evidence-based practices;
- (iii) support research and development on scaling practices, partnerships, and alternative models to current approaches, including approaches sensitive to the unique combinations of capabilities, resources, and needs of varying localities, educators, and learners;

- (iv) include a focus on the learning needs of under resourced schools and learners in low-resource or underachieving local education agencies in urban and rural communities and the development of high-quality curriculum that engages these learners in the knowledge and practices of STEM fields;
- (v) include a focus on the learning needs and unique challenges facing students with disabilities; and
- (vi) support research and development on scaling practices and models to support and sustain highly-qualified STEM educators in urban and rural communities.
- (C) ADDITIONAL CONSIDERATIONS.—In awarding a grant under this paragraph, the Director may also consider the extent to which the proposed Center will—
- (i) leverage existing collaborations, tools, and strategies supported by the Foundation, including NSF INCLUDES and the Convergence Accelerators;
- (ii) support research on and the development and scaling of innovative approaches to distance learning and education for various student populations;
- (iii) support education innovations that leverage new technologies or deepen understanding of the impact of technology on educational systems; and
- (iv) include a commitment from local or State education administrators to making the proposed reforms and activities a priority.
- (D) PARTNERSHIP.—In carrying out the program under subparagraph (A), the Director shall explore opportunities to partner with the Department of Education, including through jointly funding activities under this paragraph.
- (E) ANNUAL MEETING.—The Director shall encourage and facilitate an annual meeting of the Centers to foster collaboration among the Centers and to further disseminate the results of the Centers' activities.
- (F) REPORT.—Not later than 5 years after the date of enactment of this Act, the Director shall submit to Congress a report describing the activities carried out pursuant to this paragraph that includes—
- (i) a description of the focus and proposed goals of each Center; and
- (ii) an assessment of the program's success in helping to promote scalable solutions in PreK-12 STEM education.
- (3) NATIONAL ACADEMIES STUDY.—Not later than 45 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Director shall enter into an agreement with the Academies to conduct a study to—
- (A) review the research literature and identify research gaps regarding the interconnected factors that foster and hinder successful implementation of promising, evidence-based PreK-12 STEM education innovations at the local, regional, and national level;
- (B) present a compendium of promising, evidence-based PreK-12 STEM education practices, models, programs, and technologies;
- (C) identify barriers to widespread and sustained implementation of such innovations; and
- (D) make recommendations to the Foundation, the Department of Education, the National Science and Technology Council's Committee on Science, Technology, Engineering, and Mathematics Education, State and local educational agencies, and other relevant stakeholders on measures to address such barriers.
- (4) SUPPORTING PRE-K-8 INFORMAL STEM OP-PORTUNITIES.—Section 3 of the STEM Education Act of 2015 (42 U.S.C. 1862q) is amended by adding at the end the following:
  - "(c) Pre-K-8 Informal Stem Program.—
- "(1) In GENERAL.—The Director of the National Science Foundation shall provide grants to institutions of higher education or a non-profit organizations (or a consortia of such intuitions or organization) on a merit-reviewed competitive basis for research on programming that engages students in grades PREK-8, including underrepresented and rural students, in

STEM in order to prepare such students to pursue degrees or careers in STEM.

(2) Use of funds.

"(A) IN GENERAL.—Grants awarded under this section shall be used toward research to advance the engagement of students, including underrepresented and rural students, in grades PREK-8 in STEM through providing beforeschool, after-school, out-of-school, or summer activities, including in single-gender environments or programming, that are designed to encourage interest, engagement, and skills development for students in STEM.

'(B) PERMITTED ACTIVITIES.—The activities described in subparagraph (A) may include-

"(i) the provision of programming described in such subparagraph for the purpose of research described in such subparagraph;

"(ii) the use of a variety of engagement methods, including cooperative and hands-on learning;

"(iii) exposure of students to role models in the fields of STEM and near-peer mentors;

"(iv) training of informal learning educators, youth-serving professionals, and volunteers who lead informal STEM programs in using evidence-based methods consistent with the target student population being served;

"(v) education of students on the relevance and significance of STEM careers, provision of academic advice and assistance, and activities designed to help students make real-world con-

nections to STEM content;

"(vi) the attendance of students at events, competitions, and academic programs to provide content expertise and encourage career exposure in STEM, which may include the purchase of parts and supplies needed to participate in such competitions,

"(vii) activities designed to engage parents and families of students in grades PREK-8 in STEM:

"(viii) innovative strategies to engage students, such as using leadership skills and outcome measures to impart youth with the confidence to pursue STEM coursework and academic studu:

"(ix) coordination with STEM-rich environments, including other nonprofit, nongovernmental organizations, out-of-classroom settings, single-gender environments, institutions of higher education, vocational facilities, corporations, museums, or science centers; and

"(x) the acquisition of instructional materials or technology-based tools to conduct applicable

"(3) APPLICATION.—An applicant seeking funding under the section shall submit an application at such time, in such manner, and containing such information as may be required. Applications that include or partner with a nonprofit, nongovernmental organization that has extensive experience and expertise in increasing the participation of students in PREK-8 in STEM are encouraged. The application may include the following:

'(A) A description of the target audience to be served by the research activity or activities for which such funding is sought.

'(B) A description of the process for recruitment and selection of students to participate in such activities.

'(C) A description of how such activity or activities may inform programming that engages students in grades PREK-8 in STEM.

(D) A description of how such activity or activities may inform programming that promotes student academic achievement in STEM.

(E) An evaluation plan that includes, at a minimum, the use of outcome-oriented measures to determine the impact and efficacy of programming being researched.

"(4) EVALUATIONS.—Each recipient of a grant under this section shall provide, at the conclusion of every year during which the grant funds are received, an evaluation in a form prescribed by the Director.

(5) ACCOUNTABILITY AND DISSEMINATION.—

"(A) EVALUATION REQUIRED.—The Director shall evaluate the activities established under this section. Such evaluation shall-

"(i) use a common set of benchmarks and tools to assess the results of research conducted under such grants; and

'(ii) to the extent practicable, integrate the findings of the research resulting from the activitu or activities funded through the grant with the current research on serving students with respect to the pursuit of degrees or careers in STEM, including underrepresented and rural students, in grades PREK-8.

'(B) REPORT ON EVALUATIONS.—Not later than 180 days after the completion of the evaluation under subparagraph (A), the Director shall submit to Congress and make widely available to the public a report that includes-

(i) the results of the evaluation; and

"(ii) any recommendations for administrative and legislative action that could optimize the effectiveness of the program under this section.

"(6) COORDINATION.—In carrying out this section, the Director shall, for purposes of enhancing program effectiveness and avoiding duplication of activities, consult, cooperate, and coordinate with the programs and policies of other relevant Federal agencies.''.
(b) UNDERGRADUATE STEM EDUCATION.—

(1) Research on Stem education and work-FORCE NEEDS.—The Director shall award grants. on a competitive basis, to four-year institutions of higher education or non-profit organizations (or consortia of such institutions or organizations) to support research and development activities to-

(A) encourage greater collaboration and coordination between institutions of higher education and industry to enhance education, foster hands-on learn experiences, and improve alianment with workforce needs:

(B) understand the current composition of the STEM workforce and the factors that influence growth, retention, and development of that workforce:

(C) increase the size, diversity, capability, and flexibility of the STEM workforce; and

(D) increase dissemination and widespread adoption of effective practices in undergraduate education and workforce development.

(2) ADVANCED TECHNOLOGICAL EDUCATION PROGRAM UPDATE.—Section 3(b) of the Scientific and Advanced-Technology Act of 1992 (42 U.S.C. 1862i(b)) is amended to read as follows:

(b) National Coordination Network for Science and Technical Education.—The Director shall award grants to institutions of higher education, non-profit organizations, and associate-degree granting colleges (or consortia of such institutions or organizations) to establish a network of centers for science and technical education. The centers shall-

'(1) coordinate research, training, and education activities funded by awards under subsection (a) and share information and best practices across the network of awardees:

'(2) serve as a national and regional clearinghouse and resource to communicate and coordinate research, training, and educational activities across disciplinary, organizational, geographic, and international boundaries and disseminate best practices; and

'(3) develop national and regional partnerships between PreK-12 schools, two-year colleges, institutions of higher education, workforce development programs, labor organizations, and industry to meet workforce needs.'

(3) Innovations in Stem education at com-MUNITY COLLEGES -

(A) IN GENERAL.—The Director shall award grants on a merit-reviewed, competitive basis to institutions of higher education or non-profit organizations (or consortia of such institutions or organizations) to advance research on the nature of learning and teaching at community colleges and to improve outcomes for students who enter the workforce upon completion of their STEM degree or credential or transfer to 4year institutions, including by-

(i) examining how to scale up successful programs at Community Colleges that are improving student outcomes in foundational STEM courses;

(ii) supporting research on effective STEM teaching practices in community college settings;

(iii) designing and developing new STEM curricula:

(iv) providing STEM students with hands-on training and research experiences, internships, and other experiential learning opportunities;

(v) increasing access to high quality STEM education through new technologies;

(vi) re-skilling or up-skilling incumbent workers for new STEM jobs;

(vii) building STEM career and seamless transfer pathways; and

(viii) developing novel mechanisms to identify and recruit talent into STEM programs, in particular talent from groups historically underrepresented in STEM.

(B) Partnerships.—In carrying out activities under this paragraph, the Director shall encourage applications to develop, enhance, or expand cooperative STEM education and training partnerships between institutions of higher education, industry, and labor organizations.

TECHNOLOGICAL MANUFAC-(c) ADVANCED TURING ACT.-

(1) FINDINGS AND PURPOSE.—Section 2 of the Scientific and Advanced-Technology Act of 1992 (42 U.S.C. 1862h) is amended-

(A) in subsection (a)-

(i) in paragraph (3), by striking "science, mathematics, and technology" and inserting "science, technology, engineering, and mathematics or STEM":

(ii) in paragraph (4), by inserting "educated"

and before "trained"; and
(iii) in paragraph (5), by striking "scientific and technical education and training" and inserting "STEM education and training"; and

(B) in subsection (b)-

(i) in paragraph (2), by striking "mathematics and science" and inserting "STEM fields"; and

(ii) in paragraph (4), by striking "mathematics and science instruction" and inserting "STEM instruction"

(2) Modernizing references to stem.—Section 3 of the Scientific and Advanced-Technology Act of 1992 (42 U.S.C. 1862i) is amended—

(A) in the section heading, by striking "SCI-ENTIFIC AND TECHNICAL EDUCATION" and inserting "STEM EDUCATION";

(B) in subsection (a)-

(i) in the subsection heading, by striking "SCI-ENTIFIC AND TECHNICAL EDUCATION" and inserting "STEM EDUCATION"

(ii) in the matter preceding paragraph (1)— (I) by inserting "and education to prepare the

skilled technical workforce to meet workforce demands' before ", and to improve"; (II) by striking "core education courses in science and mathematics" and inserting "core

education courses in STEM fields"

(III) by inserting "veterans and individuals engaged in'' before ''work in the home''; and
(IV) by inserting ''and on building a pathway

from secondary schools, to associate-degreegranting institutions, to careers that require technical training" before ", and shall be designed";

(iii) in paragraph (1)—

(I) by inserting "and study" after "develop-; and ment'

(II) by striking "core science and mathematics courses" and inserting "core STEM courses";

(iv) in paragraph (2), by striking "science, mathematics, and advanced-technology fields and inserting "STEM and advanced-technology fields'

(v) in paragraph (3)(A), by inserting "to support the advanced-technology industries that drive the competitiveness of the United States in the global economy" before the semicolon at the end:

(vi) in paragraph (4), by striking "scientific and advanced-technology fields" and inserting "STEM and advanced-technology fields"; and

- (vii) in paragraph (5), by striking "advanced scientific and technical education" and insert-"advanced STEM and advanced-technology";
  - (C) in subsection (c)-
  - (i) in paragraph (1)—
  - (I) in subparagraph (A)—
- (aa) in the matter preceding clause (i), by striking "to encourage" and all that follows through "such means as—" and inserting "to encourage the development of career and educational pathways with multiple entry and exit points leading to credentials and degrees, and to assist students pursuing pathways in STEM fields to transition from associate-degree-granting colleges to bachelor-degree-granting institutions, through such means as-
- (bb) in clause (i), by striking "to ensure" and inserting "to develop articulation agreements that ensure"; and
- (cc) in clause (ii), by striking "courses at the bachelor-degree-granting institution" and inserting "the career and educational pathways supported by the articulation agreements";
  - (II) in subparagraph (B)-
- (aa) in clause (i), by inserting "veterans and individuals engaged in" before "work in the
  - (bb) in clause (iii)-
- (AA) by striking "bachelor's-degree-granting institutions" and inserting "institutions or work
- (BB) by inserting "or industry internships" after "summer programs"; and
- (cc) by striking the flush text following clause (iv): and
- (III) by striking subparagraph (C);
- (ii) in paragraph (2)-
- (I) by striking "mathematics and science programs" and inserting "STEM programs";
- (II) by inserting "and, as appropriate, elementary schools," after "with secondary schools"; (III) by striking "mathematics and science
- education" and inserting "STEM education",
- (IV) by striking "secondary school students" and inserting "students at these schools",
- (V) by striking "science and advanced-technology fields" and inserting "STEM and advanced-technology fields"; and
- (VI) by striking "agreements with local educational agencies" and inserting "articulation agreements or dual credit courses with local secondary schools, or other means as the Director determines appropriate,"; and
  - (iii) in paragraph (3)-
- (I) by striking subparagraph (B);
- (II) by striking "shall—"and all that follows through "establish a" and inserting "shall establish a".
- (III) by striking "the fields of science, technology, engineering, and mathematics" and inserting "STEM fields"; and
- (IV) by striking "; and" and inserting ", including jobs at Federal and academic labora-
  - (D) in subsection (d)(2)—
- (i) in subparagraph (D), by striking "and" after the semicolon;
- (ii) in subparagraph (E), by striking the period at the end and inserting a "; and"; and
- (iii) by adding at the end the following:
- '(F) as appropriate, applications that apply the best practices for STEM education and technical skills education through distance learning or in a simulated work environment, as determined by research described in subsection (f); and'
- (E) in subsection (g), by striking the second sentence;
  - (F) in subsection (h)(1)-
- (i) in subparagraph (A), by striking "2022" and inserting "2026";
- (ii) in subparagraph (B), by striking "2022" and inserting "2026"; and
- (iii) in subparagraph (C)-
- (I) by striking "up to \$2,500,000" and insert-"not less than \$3,000,000"; and
- (II) by striking "2022" and inserting "2026";

(G) in subsection (i)—

following:

- (i) by striking paragraph (3); and
- (ii) by redesignating paragraphs (4) and (5) as paragraphs (3) and (4), respectively; and
- (H) in subsection (i)-(i) by striking paragraph (1) and inserting the
- "(1) the term advanced-technology includes technological fields such as advanced manufacturing, agricultural-, biological- and chemicaltechnologies, energy and environmental technologies, engineering technologies, information technologies, micro and nano-technologies, cybersecurity technologies, geospatialtech-
- nologies, and new, emerging technology areas;"; (ii) in paragraph (4), by striking "separate bachelor-degree-granting institutions" and inserting "other entities";
  - (iii) by striking paragraph (7);
- (iv) by redesignating paragraphs (8) and (9) as paragraphs (7) and (8), respectively;
- (v) in paragraph (7), as redesignated by subparagraph (D), by striking "and" after the semicolon:
- (vi) in paragraph (8), as redesignated by subparagraph (D)-
- (I) by striking "mathematics, science, engineering, or technology" and inserting "science, technology, engineering, or mathematics"; and
- (II) by striking the period at the end and inserting "; and"; and
- (vii) by adding at the end the following:
- '(9) the term skilled technical workforce means workers-
- "(A) in occupations that use significant levels of science and engineering expertise and technical knowledge; and
- '(B) whose level of educational attainment is less than a bachelor degree.'
- (3) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—Section 5 of the Scientific and Advanced-Technology Act of 1992 (42 U.S.C. 1862j) is amended to read as follows:

#### "SEC. 5. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

- "There are authorized to be appropriated to the Director for carrying out sections 2 through \$150,000,000 for fiscal years 2022 through
  - (d) Graduate STEM Education .-
- (1) Mentoring and professional develop-MENT
  - (A) MENTORING PLANS.-
- (i) UPDATE.—Section 7008 of the America Creating Opportunities to Meaningfully Promote Excellence in Technology, Education, and Science Act (42 U.S.C. 18620) is amended by-
- (I) inserting "and graduate student" after "postdoctoral"; and
- (II) inserting "The requirement may be satisfied by providing such individuals with access to mentors, including individuals not listed on the grant." after "review criterion.".
- (ii) EVALUATION.—Not later than 45 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Director shall enter into an agreement with a qualified independent organization to evaluate the effectiveness of the postdoctoral mentoring plan requirement for improving mentoring for Foundation-supported postdoctoral researchers.
- (B) CAREER EXPLORATION.
- (i) IN GENERAL.—The Director shall award grants, on a competitive basis, to institutions of higher education and non-profit organizations (or consortia of such institutions or organizations) to develop innovative approaches for facilitating career exploration of academic and non-academic career options and for providing opportunity-broadening experiences, including work-integrated opportunities, for graduate students and postdoctoral scholars that can then be considered, adopted, or adapted by other institutions and to carry out research on the impact and outcomes of such activities.
- (ii) REVIEW OF PROPOSALS.—In selecting grant recipients under this subparagraph, the Director shall consider, at a minimum-
- (I) the extent to which the administrators of the institution are committed to making the proposed activity a priority; and

- (II) the likelihood that the institution or organization will sustain or expand the proposed activity effort beyond the period of the grant.
- (C) DEVELOPMENT PLANS—The Director shall require that annual project reports for awards that support graduate students and postdoctoral scholars include certification by the principal investigator that each graduate student and postdoctoral scholar receiving substantial support from such award, as determined by the Director, in consultation with faculty advisors, has developed and annually updated an individual development plan to map educational goals, career exploration, and professional development.
- (D) PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT SUPPLE-MENT.—The Director shall carry out a five-year pilot initiative to award up to 2,500 administrative supplements of up to \$2,000 to existing research grants annually, on a competitive basis, to support professional development experiences for graduate students and postdoctoral researchers who receive a substantial portion of their support under such grants, as determined by the Director. Not more than 10 percent of supplements awarded under this subparagraph may be used to support professional development experiences for postdoctoral researchers.
- (E) GRADUATE EDUCATION RESEARCH.—The Director shall award grants, on a competitive basis, to institutions of higher education or nonprofit organizations (or consortia of such institutions or organizations) to support research on the graduate education system and outcomes of various interventions and policies, including-
- (i) the effects of traineeships, fellowships, internships. and teaching andresearch assistantships on outcomes for graduate stu-
- (ii) the effects of graduate education and mentoring policies and procedures on degree completion, including differences by-
- (I) gender, race and ethnicity, sexual orientation, gender identity, and citizenship; and
- (II) student debt load;
- (iii) the development and assessment of new or adapted interventions, including approaches that improve mentoring relationships, develop conflict management skills, and promote healthy research teams; and
- (iv) research, data collection, and assessment of the state of graduate student mental health and wellbeing, factors contributing to and consequences of poor graduate student mental health, and the development, adaptation, and assessment of evidence-based strategies and policies to support emotional wellbeing and mental health.
- (2) Graduate research fellowship program UPDATE.
- (A) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that the Foundation should increase the number of new graduate research fellows supported annually over the next 5 years to no fewer than 3,000 fellows.
- (B) PROGRAM UPDATE.—Section 10 of the National Science Foundation Act of 1950 (42 U.S.C. 1869) is amended-
- (i) in subsection (a), by inserting "and as will address national workforce demand in critical STEM fields" after "throughout the United States".
- (ii) in subsection (b), by striking "of \$12,000" and inserting "of at least \$16,000"; and
- (iii) by adding at the end the following:
- '(c) OUTREACH.—The Director shall ensure program outreach to recruit fellowship applicants from fields of study that are in areas of critical national need, from all regions of the country, and from historically underrepresented populations in STEM.".
- (C) Cybersecurity scholarships and grad-UATE FELLOWSHIPS.—The Director shall ensure that students pursuing master's degrees and

doctoral degrees in fields relating to cybersecurity are considered as applicants for scholarships and graduate fellowships under the Graduate Research Fellowship Program under section 10 of the National Science Foundation Act of 1950 (42 U.S.C. 1869).

(3) STUDY ON GRADUATE STUDENT FUNDING.—

- (A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 45 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Director shall enter into an agreement with a qualified independent organization to evaluate—
- (i) the role of the Foundation in supporting graduate student education and training through fellowships, traineeships, and other funding models; and
- (ii) the impact of different funding mechanisms on graduate student experiences and outcomes, including whether such mechanisms have differential impacts on subsets of the student population.
- (B) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the organization charged with carrying out the study under subparagraph (A) shall publish the results of its evaluation, including a recommendation for the appropriate balance between fellowships, traineeships, and other funding models.
- (4) FELLOWSHIPS AND TRAINEESHIPS FOR EARLY-CAREER AI RESEARCHERS.—
- ARLY-CAREER AI RESEARCHERS.—
  (A) ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE TRAINEESHIPS.—
- (i) IN GENERAL.—The Director shall award grants to institutions of higher education to establish traineeship programs for graduate students who pursue artificial intelligence-related research leading to a masters or doctorate degree by providing funding and other assistance, and by providing graduate students opportunities for research experiences in government or industry related to the students' artificial intelligence studies.
- (ii) USE OF FUNDS.—A institution of higher education shall use grant funds provided under clause (i) for the purposes of—
- (I) providing traineeships to students who are pursuing research in artificial intelligence leading to a masters or doctorate degree;
- (II) paying tuition and fees for students receiving traineeships;
- (III) creating and requiring courses or training programs in technology ethics for students receiving traineeships;
- (IV) creating opportunities for research in technology ethics for students receiving traineeships:
- (V) establishing scientific internship programs for students receiving traineeships in artificial intelligence at for-profit institutions, nonprofit research institutions, or government laboratories; and
- (VI) other costs associated with the administration of the program.
- (B) ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE FELLOWSHIPS.— The Director shall award fellowships to masters and doctoral students and postdoctoral researchers who are pursuing degrees or research in artificial intelligence and related fields, including in the field of technology ethics. In making such awards, the Director shall conduct outreach, including through formal solicitations, to solicit proposals from students and postdoctoral researchers seeking to carry out research in aspects of technology ethics with relevance to artificial intelligence systems.
  - (e) STEM WORKFORCE DATA.—
- (1) SKILLED TECHNICAL WORKFORCE PORTFOLIO REVIEW.—
- (A) In GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Director shall conduct a full portfolio analysis of the Foundation's skilled technical workforce investments across all Directorates in the areas of education, research, infrastructure, data collection, and analysis.
- (B) REPORT.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the review under subparagraph (A) is complete, the Director shall submit to Congress and make widely available to the public a summary report of the portfolio review.

- (2) SURVEY DATA.—
- (A) ROTATING TOPIC MODULES.—To meet evolving needs for data on the state of the science and engineering workforce, the Director shall assess, through coordination with other Federal statistical agencies and drawing on input from relevant stakeholders, the feasibility and benefits of incorporating questions or topic modules to existing National Center for Science and Engineering Statistics surveys that would vary from cycle to cycle.
- (B) NEW DATA.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Director shall submit to Congress and the Board the results of an assessment, carried out in coordination with other Federal agencies and with input from relevant stakeholders, of the feasibility and benefits of incorporating new questions or topic modules to existing National Center for Science and Engineering Statistics surveys on—
  - (i) the skilled technical workforce;
  - (ii) working conditions and work-life balance; (iii) harassment and discrimination:
  - (iv) sexual orientation and gender identity;
  - (v) immigration and emigration; and
- (vi) any other topics at the discretion of the Director.
- (C) LONGITUDINAL DESIGN.—The Director shall continue and accelerate efforts to enhance the usefulness of National Center for Science and Engineering Statistics survey data for longitudinal research and analysis.
- (D) GOVERNMENT ACCOUNTABILITY OFFICE RE-VIEW.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General of the United States shall submit a report to Congress that—
- (i) evaluates Foundation processes for ensuring the data and analysis produced by the National Center for Science and Engineering Statistics meets current and future needs; and
- (ii) includes such recommendations as the Comptroller General determines are appropriate to improve such processes.
- (f) Cyber Workforce Development Re-SEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT.—
- (1) In GENERAL.—The Director shall award grants on a merit-reviewed, competitive basis to institutions of higher education or non-profit organizations (or a consortia of such institutions or organizations) to carry out research on the cuber workforce.
- (2) RESEARCH.—In carrying out research pursuant to paragraph (1), the Director shall support research and development activities to—
- (A) understand the current state of the cyber workforce, including factors that influence growth, retention, and development of that workforce;
- (B) examine paths to entry and re-entry into the cyber workforce;
- (C) understand trends of the cyber workforce, including demographic representation, educational and professional backgrounds present, competencies available, and factors that shape employee recruitment, development, and retention and how to increase the size, diversity, and capability of the cyber workforce;
- (D) examine and evaluate training practices, models, programs, and technologies; and
- (E) other closely related topics as the Director determines appropriate.
- (3) REQUIREMENTS.—In carrying out the activities described in paragraph (2), the Director shall—
- (A) collaborate with the National Institute of Standards and Technology, including the National Initiative for Cybersecurity Education, the Department of Homeland Security, the Department of Defense, the Office of Personnel Management, and other Federal departments and agencies, as appropriate:
- (B) align with or build on the National Initiative on Cybersecurity Education Cybersecurity Workforce Framework wherever practicable and applicable:
- (C) leverage the collective body of knowledge from existing cyber workforce development research and education activities; and

- (D) engage with other Federal departments and agencies, research communities, and potential users of information produced under this subsection.
- (g) Federal Cyber Scholarship-for-Serv-ICE Program.—
- (1) Sense of congress.—It is the sense of Congress that—  $\,$
- (A) since cybersecurity risks are constant in the growing digital world, it is critical that the United States stay ahead of malicious cyber activity with a workforce that can safeguard our innovation, research, and work environments; and
- (B) Federal investments in the Federal Cyber Scholarship-for-Service Program at the National Science Foundation play a critical role in preparing and sustaining a strong, talented, and much-needed national cybersecurity workforce and should be strengthened.
- (2) IN GENERAL.—Section 302(b)(1) of the Cybersecurity Enhancement Act of 2014 (15 U.S.C. 7442(b)(1)) is amended by striking the semicolon at the end and inserting the following "and cybersecurity-related aspects of other related fields as appropriate, including artificial intelligence, quantum computing and aerospace;".
- (h) CYBERSECURITY WORKFORCE DATA INITIA-TIVE.—The Director, acting through the National Center for Science and Engineering Statistics established in section 505 of the America COMPETES Reauthorization Act of 2010 (42 U.S.C. 1862p) and in coordination with the Director of the National Institute of Standards and Technology and other appropriate Federal statistical agencies, shall establish a cybersecurity workforce data initiative that—
- (1) assesses the feasibility of providing nationally representative estimates and statistical information on the cybersecurity workforce;
- (2) utilizes the National Initiative for Cybersecurity Education (NICE) Cybersecurity Workforce Framework (NIST Special Publication 800–181), or other frameworks, as appropriate, to enable a consistent measurement of the cybersecurity workforce;
- (3) utilizes and complements existing data on employer requirements and unfilled positions in the cybersecurity workforce;
- (4) consults key stakeholders and the broader community of practice in cybersecurity workforce development to determine data requirements needed to strengthen the cybersecurity workforce:
- (5) evaluates existing Federal survey data for information pertinent to developing national estimates of the cybersecurity workforce;
- (6) evaluates administrative data and other supplementary data sources, as available, to describe and measure the cybersecurity workforce; and
- (7) collects statistical data, to the greatest extent practicable, on credential attainment and employment outcomes information for the cybersecurity workforce.

# SEC. 10305. BROADENING PARTICIPATION.

- (a) Presidential Awards for Excellence in Mathematics and Science Teaching.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 117(a) of the National Science Foundation Authorization Act of 1988 (42 U.S.C. 1881b(a)) is amended—
  - (A) in subparagraph (B)—
  - (i) by striking "108" and inserting "110";
  - (ii) by striking clause (iv);
- (iii) in clause (v), by striking the period at the end and inserting "; and";
- (iv) by redesignating clauses (i), (ii), (iii), and (v) as subclauses (I), (II), (III), and (IV), respectively, and moving the margins of such subclauses (as so redesignated) two ems to the right; and
- (v) by striking "In selecting teachers" and all that follows through "two teachers—" and inserting the following:
- "(C) In selecting teachers for an award authorized by this subsection, the President shall select—

- "(i) at least two teachers—"; and
- (B) in subparagraph (C), as designated by paragraph (1)(A)(v), by adding at the end the following:
  - "(ii) at least one teacher-
- "(I) from the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands;
- "(II) from American Samoa;
- "(IÍI) from the Virgin Islands of the United States; and
  - "(IV) from Guam."
- (2) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by paragraph (1) shall apply with respect to awards made on or after the date of the enactment of this Act.
- (b) ROBERT NOYCE TEACHER SCHOLARSHIP PROGRAM UPDATE.—
- (1) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that over the next five years the Foundation should increase the number of scholarships awarded under the Robert Noyce Teacher Scholarship program established under section 10 of the National Science Foundation Authorization Act of 2002 (42 U.S.C. 1862n–1) by 50 percent.
- (2) OUTREACH.—To increase the diversity of participants, the Director shall support symposia, forums, conferences, and other activities to expand and enhance outreach to—
- (A) historically Black colleges and universities that are part B institutions, as defined in section 322(2) of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1061(2));
  - (B) Tribal Colleges or Universities;
- (C) Minority serving institutions;
- (D) institutions of higher education that are located near or serve rural communities;
  - (E) labor organizations;
- (F) emerging research institutions; and
- (G) higher education programs that serve or support veterans.
- (c) NSF INCLUDES INITIATIVE.—The Director shall award grants and cooperative agreements, on a competitive basis, to institutions of higher education or non-profit organizations (or consortia of such institutions or organizations) to carry out a comprehensive national initiative to facilitate the development of networks and partnerships to build on and scale up effective practices in broadening participation in STEM studies and careers of groups historically underrepresented in such studies and careers.
- (d) Broadening Participation on Major Fa-CILITIES AWARDS.—The Director shall require organizations seeking a cooperative agreement for the management of the operations and maintenance of a Foundation project to demonstrate prior experience and current capabilities in employing best practices in broadening participation in science and engineering and ensure implementation of such practices is considered in oversight of the award.
- (e) Partnerships With Emerging Research Institutions.—The Director shall establish a five-year pilot program to enhance partnerships between emerging research institutions and institutions classified as very high research activity by the Carnegie Classification of Institutions of Higher Education at the time of application. In carrying out this program, the Director
- (1) require that each proposal submitted by a multi-institution collaboration for an award, including those under section 10309, that exceeds \$1,000,000, as appropriate, specify how the applicants will support substantive, meaningful, and mutually-beneficial partnerships with one or more emerging research institutions:
- (2) require awardees funded under paragraph (1) to direct no less than 25 percent of the total award to one or more emerging research institutions to build research capacity, including through support for faculty salaries and training, field and laboratory research experiences for undergraduate and graduate students, and maintenance and repair of research equipment and instrumentation:
- (3) require awardees funded under paragraph (1) to report on the partnership activities as part

- of the annual reporting requirements of the Foundation;
- (4) solicit feedback on the partnership directly from partner emerging research institutions, in such form as the Director deems appropriate; and
- (5) submit a report to Congress after the third year of the pilot program that includes—
- (A) an assessment, drawing on feedback from the research community and other sources of information, of the effectiveness of the pilot program for improving the quality of partnerships with emerging research institutions; and
- (B) if deemed effective, a plan for permanent implementation of the pilot program.
- (f) TRIBAL COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES PROGRAM UPDATE.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 525 of the America COMPETES Reauthorization Act of 2010 (42 U.S.C. 1862p-13) is amended—
  - (A) in subsection (a) by-
- (i) striking "Native American" and inserting "American Indian, Alaska Native, and Native Hawaijan":
- (ii) inserting "post-secondary credentials and" before "associate's"; and
- (iii) striking "or baccalaureate degrees" and inserting ", baccalaureate, and graduate degrees"; and
- (B) in subsection (b) by striking "undergraduate"; and
- (C) in subsection (c) by inserting "and STEM" after "laboratory".
- (2) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— There is authorized to be appropriated to the Director to carry out this program \$107,250,000 for fiscal year 2022 through fiscal year 2026.
- (g) DIVERSITY IN TECH RESEARCH.—The Director shall award grants, on a competitive basis, to institutions of higher education or non-profit organizations (or consortia of such institutions or organizations) to support basic and applied research that yields a scientific evidence base for improving the design and emergence, development and deployment, and management and ultimate effectiveness of organizations of all kinds, including research related to diversity, equity, and inclusion in the technology sector.
  - (h) CONTINUING SUPPORT FOR EPSCOR.—
  - (1) Sense of congress.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—It is the sense of Congress
- (i) since maintaining the Nation's scientific and economic leadership requires the participation of talented individuals nationwide, EPSCoR investments into State research and education capacities are in the Federal interest and should be sustained; and
- (ii) EPSCoR should maintain its experimental component by supporting innovative methods for improving research capacity and competitiveness.
- (B) DEFINITION OF EPSCOR.—In this subsection, the term "EPSCOR" has the meaning given the term in section 502 of the America COMPETES Reauthorization Act of 2010 (42 U.S.C. 1862p note).
- (2) UPDATE OF EPSCOR.—Section 517(f)(2) of the America COMPETES Reauthorization Act of 2010 (42 U.S.C. 1862p-9(f)(2)) is amended—
- (A) in subparagraph (A), by striking "and" at the end; and
- (B) by adding at the end the following:
- "(C) to increase the capacity of rural communities to provide quality STEM education and STEM workforce development programming to students, and teachers; and".
- (i) FOSTERING STEM RESEARCH DIVERSITY AND CAPACITY PROGRAM.—
- (1) In GENERAL.—The Director shall establish a program to make awards on a competitive, merit-reviewed basis to eligible institutions to implement and study innovative approaches for building research capacity in order to engage and retain students from a range of institutions and diverse backgrounds in STEM.
- (2) ELIGIBLE INSTITUTION DEFINED.—In this subsection the term "eligible institution" means

- an institution of higher education that, according to the data published by the National Center for Science and Engineering Statistics, is not, on average, among the top 100 institutions in Federal research and development expenditures during the 3 year period prior to the year of the award.
- (3) PURPOSE.—The program established in paragraph (1) shall be focused on achieving simultaneous impacts at the student, faculty, and institutional levels by increasing the research capacity at eligible institutions and the number of undergraduate and graduate students pursuing STEM degrees from eligible institutions.
- (4) REQUIREMENTS.—In carrying out this program, the Director shall—
- (A) require eligible institutions seeking funding under this subsection to submit an application to the Director at such time, in such manner, containing such information and assurances as the Director may require. The application shall include, at a minimum a description of how the eligible institution plans to sustain the proposed activities beyond the duration of the grant;
- (B) require applicants to identify disciplines and focus areas in which the eligible institution can excel, and explain how the applicant will use the award to build capacity to bolster the institutional research competitiveness of eligible entities to support grants awarded by the Foundation and increase regional and national capacity in STEM;
- (C) require the awards funded under this subsection to support research and related activities, which may include—
- (i) development or expansion of research programs in disciplines and focus areas in subparagraph (B);
- (ii) faculty recruitment and professional development in disciplines and focus areas in subparagraph (B), including for early-career researchers:
- (iii) stipends for undergraduate and graduate students participating in research in disciplines and focus areas in subparagraph (B);
- (iv) acquisition of instrumentation necessary to build research capacity at an eligible institution in disciplines and focus areas in subparagraph (B):
- (v) an assessment of capacity-building and research infrastructure needs;
- (vi) administrative research development support; and
- (vii) other activities necessary to build research capacity; and
- (D) require that no eligible institution should receive more than \$10,000,000 in any single year of funds made available under this section.
- (5) ADDITIONAL CONSIDERATIONS.—In awarding a grant under this subsection, the Director may also consider—
- (A) the extent to which the applicant will support students from diverse backgrounds, including first-generation undergraduate students;
- (B) the geographic and institutional diversity of the applying institutions; and
- (C) how the applicants can leverage publicprivate partnerships and existing partnerships with Federal Research Agencies.
- (6) DUPLICATION.—The Director shall ensure the awards made under this subsection are complementary and not duplicative of existing programs.
- (7) REPORT.—The Director shall submit a report to Congress after the third year of the program that includes—
- (A) an assessment of the effectiveness of the program for growing the geographic and institutional diversity of institutions of higher education receiving research awards from the Foundation;
- (B) an assessment of the quality, quantity and geographic and institutional diversity of institutions of higher education conducting Foundation-sponsored research since the establishment of the program in this subsection;
- (C) an assessment of the quantity and diversity of undergraduate and graduate students

graduating from eligible institutions with STEM degrees; and

- (D) statistical summary data on the program, including the geographic and institutional allocation of award funding, the number and diversity of supported graduate and undergraduate students, and how it contributes to capacity building at eligible entities.
- (8) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.-There is authorized to be appropriated to the Director \$150,000,000 for each of the fiscal years 2022 through 2026 to carry out the activities under this subsection.
- (j) CAPACITY-BUILDING PROGRAM FOR DEVEL-OPING UNIVERSITIES.—
  (1) IN GENERAL.—The Director shall make
- awards, on a competitive basis, to eligible institutions described in paragraph (2) to support the mission of the Foundation and to build institutional research capacity at eligible institu-
  - (2) Eligible institution.-
- (A) IN GENERAL.—To be eligible to receive an award under this subsection, an institution-
  - (i) shall be-
- (I) a historically Black college or university;
- (II) a Tribal College or University;
- (III) a minority-serving institution; or
- (IV) an institution of higher education with an established STEM capacity building program focused on traditionally underrepresented populations in STEM. including Native Hawaiians, Alaska Natives, and Indians; and
- (ii) shall have not more than \$50,000,000 in annual federally-financed research and development expenditures for science and engineering as reported through the National Science Foundation Higher Education Research and Development Survey
- (B) Partnerships.—An eligible institution receiving a grant under this subsection may carry out the activities of the grant through a partnership with other entities, including community colleges and other eligible institutions.
- (3) PROPOSALS.—To receive an award under this subsection, an eligible institution shall submit an application to the Director at such time, in such manner, and containing such information as the Director may require, including a plan that describes how the eligible institution will establish or expand research office capacity and how such award would be used to-
- (A) conduct an assessment of capacity-building and research infrastructure needs of an eligible institution;
- (B) enhance institutional resources to provide administrative research development support to faculty at an eligible institution;
- (C) bolster the institutional research competitiveness of an eligible institution to support grants awarded by the Foundation;
- (D) support the acquisition of instrumentation necessary to build research capacity at an eligible institution in research areas directly associated with the Foundation;
- (E) increase capability of an eligible institution to move technology into the marketplace;
- (F) increase engagement with industry to execute research through the SBIR and STTR programs (as defined in section 9(e) of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 638(e)) and direct contracts at an eligible institution;
- (G) provide student engagement and research training opportunities at the undergraduate, graduate, and postdoctoral levels at an eligible institution:
- (H) further faculty development initiatives and strengthen institutional research training infrastructure, capacity, and competitiveness of an eligible institution; or
- (I) address plans and prospects for long-term sustainability of institutional enhancements at an eligible institution resulting from the award including, if applicable, how the award may be leveraged by an eligible institution to build a broader base of support.
- (4) AWARDS.—Awards made under this subsection shall be for periods of 3 years, and may

- be extended for periods of not more than 5
- (5) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.-There are authorized to be appropriated to the Director \$100,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2022 through 2026 to carry out the activities in this
- (k) Chief Diversity Officer of the NSF .-(1) Chief diversity officer .-
- (A) APPOINTMENT.—The Director shall appoint a senior agency official within the Office
- of the Director as a Chief Diversity Officer. (B) QUALIFICATIONS.—The Chief Diversity Officer shall have significant experience, within the Federal Government and the science community, with diversity- and inclusion-related mat-
  - (i) civil rights compliance;
- (ii) harassment policy, reviews, and investigations:
- (iii) equal employment opportunity; and
- (iv) disability policy.

ters, including-

- (C) OVERSIGHT.—The Chief Diversity Officer shall direct the Office of Diversity and Inclusion of the Foundation and report directly to the Director in the performance of the duties of the Chief Diversity Officer under this subsection.
- (2) DUTIES.—The Chief Diversity Officer is responsible for providing advice on policy, oversight, guidance, and coordination with respect to matters of the Foundation related to diversity and inclusion, including ensuring the geographic diversity of the Foundation programs. Other duties may include-
- (A) establishing and maintaining a strategic plan that publicly states a diversity definition. vision, and goals for the Foundation:
- (B) defining a set of strategic metrics that
- (i) directly linked to key organizational priorities and goals:
- (ii) actionable; and
- (iii) actively used to implement the strategic plan under paragraph (1);
- (C) advising in the establishment of a strategic plan for diverse participation by individuals and institutions of higher education, including community colleges, historically Black colleges and universities, Tribal colleges or universities, minority-serving institutions, institutions of higher education with an established STEM capacity building program focused on traditionally underrepresented populations in STEM. including Native Hawaiians, Alaska Natives, and Indians, and institutions from jurisdictions eligible to participate under section 113 of the National Science Foundation Authorization Act of 1988 (42 U.S.C. 1862g);
- (D) advising in the establishment of a strategic plan for outreach to, and recruiting from, untapped locations and underrepresented populations:
- (E) advising on a diversity and inclusion strategy for the Foundation's portfolio of PreK-12 STEM education focused programs and activities, including goals for addressing barriers to participation:
- (F) advising on the application of the Foundation's broader impacts review criterion: and
- (G) performing such additional duties and exercise such powers as the Director may prescribe.
- (3) FUNDING.—From any amounts appropriated for the Foundation for each of fiscal years 2022 through 2026, the Director shall allocate \$5,000,000 to carry out this subsection for each such year.

# SEC. 10306. FUNDAMENTAL RESEARCH.

- (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) COVERED INDIVIDUAL.—The term "covered individual" means the principal investigator, co-principal investigators, and any other person at the institution who is responsible for the design, conduct, or reporting of research or educational activities funded or proposed for funding by the Foundation.
- (2) FOREIGN COUNTRY OF CONCERN.—The term "foreign country of concern" means the Peo-

ple's Republic of China, the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, the Russian Federation, the Islamic Republic of Iran, or any other country deemed to be a country of concern as determined by the Department of State.

(3) Malign foreign government talent re-CRUITMENT PROGRAM.—The term "malign foreign government talent recruitment program" means any program or activity that includes compensation, including cash, research funding, honorific titles, promised future compensation. or other tupes of remuneration, provided by the foreign state or an entity sponsored by the foreign state to the targeted individual in exchange for the individual transferring knowledge and expertise to the foreign country.

(b) Broader Impacts.

- (1) ASSESSMENT.—Not later than 45 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Director shall enter into an agreement with a qualified independent organization to assess how the Broader Impacts review criterion is applied across the Foundation and make recommendations for improving the effectiveness for meeting the goals established in section 526 of the America Creating Opportunities to Meaningfully Promote Excellence in Technology, Education, and Science Reauthorization Act of 2010 (42 U.S.C. 1862p-14).
- (2) ACTIVITIES.—The Director shall award grants on a competitive basis, to institutions of higher education or non-profit organizations (or consortia of such institutions or organizations) to support activities to increase the efficiency, effectiveness, and availability of resources for implementing the Broader Impacts review criterion, including-
- (A) training and workshops for program officers, merit review panelists, grant office administrators, faculty, and students to improve understanding of the goals and the full range of potential broader impacts available to researchers to satisfy this criterion;
- (B) repositories and clearinghouses for sharing best practices and facilitating collaboration;
- (C) tools for evaluating and documenting societal impacts of research.
- (c) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of Congress that the Director should continue to identify opportunities to reduce the administrative burden on researchers.
  - (d) Research Integrity and Security.-
- (1) Office of research security and pol-ICY.—The Director shall maintain a Research Security and Policy office within the Office of the Director with no fewer than 4 full-time equivalent positions, in addition to the Chief of Research Security established in paragraph (2) of this subsection. The functions of the Research Security and Policy office shall be to coordinate all research security policy issues across the Foundation, including by-
- (A) consulting and coordinating with the Foundation Office of Inspector General and with other Federal research agencies and intelligence and law enforcement agencies, as appropriate, through the National Science and Technology Council in accordance with the authority provided under section 1746 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2020 (Public Law 116-92; 42 U.S.C. 6601 note), to identify and address potential security risks that threaten research integrity and other risks to the research enterprise;
- (B) serving as the Foundation's primary resource for all issues related to the security and integrity of the conduct of Foundation-supported research;
- (C) conducting outreach and education activities for awardees on research policies and potential security risks:
- (D) educating Foundation program managers and other directorate staff on evaluating Foundation awards and awardees for potential securitu risks: and
- (E) communicating reporting and disclosure requirements to awardees and applicants for funding.

- (2) CHIEF OF RESEARCH SECURITY.—The Director shall appoint a senior agency official within the Office of the Director as a Chief of Research Security, whose primary responsibility is to manage the office established under paragraph (1).
- (3) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—No later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Director shall provide a report to the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology of the House of Representatives, the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate, the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives, and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate on the resources and the number of full time employees needed to carry out the functions of the Office established in paragraph (1).
- (4) ONLINE RESOURCE.—The Director shall develop an online resource hosted on the Foundation's website containing up-to-date information, tailored for institutions and individual researchers, including—
- (A) an explanation of Foundation research security policies;
- (B) unclassified guidance on potential security risks that threaten scientific integrity and other risks to the research enterprise;
- (C) examples of beneficial international collaborations and how such collaborations differ from foreign government interference efforts that threaten research integrity;
- (D) promising practices for mitigating security risks that threaten research integrity; and
- (E) additional reference materials, including tools that assist organizations seeking Foundation funding and awardees in information disclosure to the Foundation.
- (5) RISK ASSESSMENT CENTER.—The Director shall enter into an agreement with a qualified independent organization to create a new risk assessment center to—
- (A) help the Foundation develop the online resources under paragraph (4); and
- (B) help awardees in assessing and identifying issues related to nondisclosure of current and pending research funding, risks to the Foundation merit review process, and other issues that may negatively affect the Foundation proposal and award process due to undue foreign interference.
- (6) RESEARCH GRANTS.—The Director shall continue to award grants, on a competitive basis, to institutions of higher education or non-profit organizations (or consortia of such institutions or organizations) to support research on the conduct of research and the research environment, including research on research misconduct or breaches of research integrity and detrimental research practices.
- (7) AUTHORITIES.—
- (Å) In GENERAL.—In addition to existing authorities for preventing waste, fraud, abuse, and mismanagement of federal funds, the Director, acting through the Office of Research Security and Policy and in coordination with the Foundation's Office of Inspector General, shall have the authority to—
- (i) conduct risk assessments, including through the use of open-source analysis and analytical tools, of research and development award applications and disclosures to the Foundation, in coordination with the Risk Assessment Center established in paragraph (5);
- (ii) request the submission to the Foundation, by an institution of higher education or other organization applying for a research and development award, of supporting documentation, including copies of contracts, grants, or any other agreement specific to foreign appointments, employment with a foreign institution, participation in a foreign talent program and other information reported as current and pending support for all covered individuals in a research and development award application; and
- (iii) upon receipt and review of the information provided under clause (ii) and in consultation with the institution of higher education or

- other organization submitting such information, initiate the substitution or removal of a covered individual from a research and development award, reduce the award funding amount, or suspend or terminate the award if the Director determines such contracts, grants, or agreements include obligations that—
- (I) interfere with the capacity for Foundationsupported activities to be carried out; or
- (II) create duplication with Foundation-supported activities.
- (B) LIMITATIONS.—In exercising the authorities under this paragraph, the Director shall—
- (i) take necessary steps, as practicable, to protect the privacy of all covered individuals and other parties involved in the application and disclosure assessments under clause (A)(i);
- (ii) endeavor to provide justification for requests for supporting documentation made under clause (A)(ii);
- (iii) require that allegations be proven by a preponderance of evidence; and
- (iv) as practicable, afford subjects an opportunity to provide comments and rebuttal and an opportunity to appeal before final administrative action is taken.
- (8) Malign foreign talent recruitment Program prohibition.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 12 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Director shall establish a requirement that, as part of an application for a research and development award from the agency—
- (i) each covered individual listed on the application for a research and development award certify that they are not an active participant of a malign foreign talent recruitment program from a foreign country of concern and will not be a participant in such a program for the duration of the award; and
- (ii) each institution of higher education or other organization applying for such an award certify that each covered individual who is employed by the institution of higher education or other organization has been made aware of the requirement under this subsection.
- (B) International collaboration.—Each policy developed under subparagraph (A) shall not prohibit—
- (i) making scholarly presentations regarding scientific information not otherwise controlled under current law:
- (ii) participation in international conferences or other international exchanges, partnerships or programs that involve open and reciprocal exchange of scientific information, and which are aimed at advancing international scientific understanding; and
- (iii) other international activities deemed appropriate by the Director.
- (C) LIMITATION.—The policy developed under subparagraph (A) shall not apply retroactively to research and development awards made prior to the establishment of the policy by the Director.
- (9) SECURITY TRAINING MODULES.—
- (A) In GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Director, in collaboration with the Director of the National Institutes of Health and other relevant Federal research agencies, shall enter into an agreement or contract with a qualified entity for the development of online research security training modules for the research community, including modules focused on international collaboration and international travel, foreign interference, and rules for proper use of funds, disclosure, conflict of commitment, and conflict of interest.
- (B) STAKEHOLDER INPUT.—Prior to entering into the agreement under clause (A), the Director shall seek input from academic, private sector, intelligence, and law enforcement stakeholders regarding the scope and content of training modules, including the diversity of needs across institutions of higher education and other grantees of different sizes and types, and recommendations for minimizing adminis-

- trative burden on institutions of higher education and researchers.
- (C) DEVELOPMENT.—The Director shall ensure that the entity identified in (A)—
- (i) develops modules that can be adapted and utilized across Federal research agencies; and
- (ii) develops and implements a plan for regularly updating the modules as needed.
- (D) GUIDELINES.—The Director, in collaboration with the Director of the National Institutes of Health, shall develop guidelines for institutions of higher education and other organizations receiving Federal research and development funds to use in developing their own training programs to address the unique needs, challenges, and risk profiles of such institutions, including adoption of training modules developed under this paragraph.
- (E) IMPLEMENTATION.—Drawing on stakeholder input under subparagraph (B), not later than 12 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Director shall establish a requirement that, as part of an application for a research and development award from the Foundation—
- (i) each covered individual listed on the application for a research and development award certify that they have completed research security training that meets the guidelines developed under clause (D) within one year of the application: and
- (ii) each institution of higher education or other organization applying for such award certify that each covered individual who is employed by the institution or organization and listed on the application has been made aware of the requirement under this subparagraph.
- (10) RESPONSIBLE CONDUCT IN RESEARCH TRAINING.—Section 7009 of the America Creating Opportunities to Meaningfully Promote Excellence in Technology, Education, and Science Act (42 U.S.C. 18620–1) is amended by—
- (A) striking "and postdoctoral researchers" and inserting "postdoctoral researchers, faculty, and other senior personnel"; and
- (B) by inserting before the period at the end the following ", including mentor training".
- (11) NATIONAL ACADEMIES GUIDE TO RESPONSIBLE CONDUCT IN RESEARCH.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Director shall enter into an agreement with the Academies to update the report entitled "On Being a Scientist: A Guide to Responsible Conduct in Research" issued by the Academies. The report, as so updated, shall include—
- (i) updated professional standards of conduct in research;
- (ii) promising practices for preventing, addressing, and mitigating the negative impact of harassment, including sexual harassment and gender harassment as defined in the 2018 Academies report entitled "Sexual Harassment of Women: Climate, Culture, and Consequences in Academic Sciences, Engineering, and Medicine"; and
- (iii) promising practices for mitigating potential security risks that threaten research integrity.
- (B) REPORT.—Not later than 18 months after the effective date of the agreement under subparagraph (A), the Academies, as part of such agreement, shall submit to the Director and the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate the report referred to in such subparagraph, as updated pursuant to such subparagraph.
  - (e) RESEARCH ETHICS.—
- (1) Sense of congress.—It is the sense of Congress that—
- (A) a number of emerging areas of research have potential ethical, social, safety, and security implications that might be apparent as early as the basic research stage;
- (B) the incorporation of ethical, social, safety, and security considerations into the research

design and review process for Federal awards, may help mitigate potential harms before they hampen:

- (C) the Foundation's agreement with the Academies to conduct a study and make recommendations with respect to governance of research in emerging technologies is a positive step toward accomplishing this goal; and
- (D) the Foundation should continue to work with stakeholders to understand and adopt policies that promote best practices for governance of research in emerging technologies at every stage of research.
- (2) ETHICS STATEMENTS.—Drawing on stakeholder input, not later than 18 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Director shall amend award proposal instructions to include a requirement for an ethics statement to be included as part of any proposal for funding prior to making the award. Such statement shall be considered by the Director in the review of proposals, taking into consideration any relevant input from the peer-reviewers for the proposal, and shall factor into award decisions as deemed necessary by the Director. Such statements may include, as appropriate—
- (A) any foreseeable or quantifiable risks to society, including how the research could enable products, technologies, or other outcomes that could intentionally or unintentionally cause significant societal harm;
- (B) how technical or social solutions can mitigate such risks and, as appropriate, a plan to implement such mitigation measures; and
- (C) how partnerships and collaborations in the research can help mitigate potential harm and amplify potential societal benefits.
- (3) GUIDANCE.—The Director shall solicit stakeholder input to develop clear guidance on what constitutes a foreseeable or quantifiable risk as described in paragraph (2)(A), and to the extent practicable harmonize this policy with existing ethical policies or related requirements for human subjects.
- (4) RESEARCH.—The Director shall award grants, on a competitive basis, to institutions of higher education or non-profit organizations (or consortia of such institutions or organizations) to sumport—
- (A) research to assess the potential ethical and societal implications of Foundation-supported research and products or technologies enabled by such research, including the benefits and risks identified pursuant to paragraph (2)(A); and
- (B) the development and verification of approaches to proactively mitigate foreseeable risks to society, including the technical and social solutions identified pursuant to paragraph (2)(B).
- (5) ANNUAL REPORT.—The Director shall encourage awardees to update their ethics statements as appropriate as part of the annual reports required by all awardees under the award terms and conditions.
- (f) RESEARCH REPRODUCIBILITY AND REPLICABILITY.—Consistent with existing Federal law for privacy, intellectual property, and security, the Director shall facilitate the public access to research products, including data, software, and code, developed as part of Foundation-supported projects.
- (1) Data management plans.—
- (A) The Director shall require that every proposal for funding for research include a machine-readable data management plan that includes a description of how the awardee will archive and preserve public access to data, software, and code developed as part of the proposed project.
- (B) In carrying out the requirement in subparagraph (A), the Director shall—
- (i) provide necessary resources, including trainings and workshops, to educate researchers and students on how to develop and review high quality data management plans;
- (ii) ensure program officers and merit review panels are equipped with the resources and

training necessary to review the quality of data management plans; and

(iii) ensure program officers and merit review panels treat data management plans as essential elements of grant proposals, where appropriate.

elements of grant proposals, where appropriate.
(2) OPEN REPOSITORIES.—The Director shall—

- (A) coordinate with the heads of other Federal research agencies, and solicit input from the scientific community, to develop and widely disseminate a set of criteria for trusted open repositories, accounting for discipline-specific needs and necessary protections for sensitive information, to be used by federally funded researchers for the sharing of data, software, and code;
- (B) work with stakeholders to identify significant gaps in available repositories meeting the criteria developed under subparagraph (A) and options for supporting the development of additional or enhanced repositories;
- (C) award grants on a competitive basis to institutions of higher education or non-profit organizations (or consortia of such institutions or organizations) for the development, upgrades, and maintenance of open data repositories that meet the criteria developed under subparagraph (A):
- (D) work with stakeholders and build on existing models, where appropriate, to establish a single, public, web-based point of access to help users locate repositories storing data, software, and code resulting from or used in Foundation-supported projects;
- (E) work with stakeholders to establish the necessary policies and procedures and allocate the necessary resources to ensure, as practicable, data underlying published findings resulting from Foundation-supported projects are deposited in repositories meeting the criteria developed under subparagraph (A) at the time of publication;
- (F) incentivize the deposition of data, software, and code into repositories that meet the criteria developed under subparagraph (A); and
- (G) coordinate with the scientific publishing community to develop uniform consensus standards around data archiving and sharing.
- (3) RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, AND EDU-CATION.—The Director shall award grants, on a competitive basis to institutions of higher education or non-profit organizations (or consortia of such institutions or organizations) to—
- (A) support research and development of open source, sustainable, usable tools and infrastructure that support reproducibility for a broad range of studies across different disciplines;
- (B) support research on computational reproducibility, including the limits of reproducibility and the consistency of computational results in the development of new computation hardware, tools, and methods: and
- (C) support the éducation and training of students, faculty, and researchers on computational methods, tools, and techniques to improve the quality and sharing of data, code, and supporting metadata to produce reproducible research.
- eatch.
  (g) Climate Change Research.—
- (1) In GENERAL.—The Director shall award grants, on a competitive basis, to institutions of higher education or non-profit organizations (or consortia of such institutions or organizations) to support research to improve our understanding of the climate system and related human and environmental systems.
- (2) USE OF FUNDS.—Activities funded by a grant under this subsection may include—
- (A) fundamental research on climate forcings, feedbacks, responses, and thresholds in the earth system, including impacts on and contributions from local and regional systems;
- (B) research on climate-related human behaviors and institutions:
- (C) research on climate-related risk, vulnerability, resilience, and adaptive capacity of coupled human-environment systems, including risks to ecosystem stability and risks to vulnerable nonulations:
- (D) research to support the development and implementation of effective strategies and tools

- for mitigating and adapting to climate change, including social strategies and research focused on local level forecasting, impacts, and challenges:
- (E) research on the design, development, and assessment of effective information and decision-support systems, including understanding and developing effective dissemination pathways:
- (F) improved modeling, projections, analyses, and assessments of climate and other Earth system changes;
- (G) research to understand the atmospheric processes related to solar radiation management strategies and technologies and examine related economic, geopolitical, societal, environmental, and ethical implications, not including research designed to advance future deployment of these strategies and technologies;
- (H) the development of effective strategies for educating and training future climate change researchers, and climate change response and mitigation professionals, in both research and development methods, as well as community engagement and science communication;
- (I) the development of effective strategies for public and community engagement in the all stages of the research and development process; and
- (J) partnerships with other agencies to address climate related challenges for specific agency missions.
  - (h) VIOLENCE RESEARCH.—
- (1) In GENERAL.—The Director shall award grants, on a competitive basis, to institutions of higher education or non-profit organizations (or consortia of such institutions or organizations) to support research to improve our understanding of the nature, scope, causes, consequences, prevention, and response to all forms of violence.
- (2) USE OF FUNDS.—Activities funded by a grant under this subsection may include—
- (A) research on the magnitude and distribution of fatal and nonfatal violence;
- (B) research on risk and protective factors;
- (C) research on the design, development, implementation, and evaluation of interventions for preventing and responding to violence;
- (D) research on scaling up effective interventions; and
- (E) one or more interdisciplinary research centers to conduct violence research, foster new and expanded collaborations, and support capacity building activities to increase the number and diversity of new researchers trained in cross-disciplinary violence research.
- (i) SOCIAL, BEHAVIORAL, AND ECONOMIC SCIENCES.—The Director shall—
- (1) actively communicate opportunities and solicit proposals for social, behavioral, and economic science researchers to participate in crosscutting and interdisciplinary programs, including the Convergence Accelerator and agency priority activities, and the Mid-Scale Research Infrastructure program; and
- (2) ensure social, behavioral, and economic science researchers are represented on relevant merit review panels for such activities.
- (j) MEASURING IMPACTS OF FEDERALLY FUNDED R&D.—The Director shall award grants on a competitive, merit-reviewed basis to institutions of higher education or non-profit organizations (or consortia of such institutions or organizations) to support research and development of data, models, indicators, and associated analytical tools to improve our understanding of the impacts of Federally funded research on society, the economy, and the workforce, including domestic job creation.
- (k) FOOD-ENERGY-WATER RESEARCH.—The Director shall award grants on a competitive basis to institutions of higher education or non-profit organizations (or consortia of such institutions or organizations) to—
- (1) support research to significantly advance our understanding of the food-energy-water system through quantitative and computational

modeling, including support for relevant cyberinfrastructure;

- (2) develop real-time, cyber-enabled interfaces that improve understanding of the behavior of food-energy-water systems and increase decision support capability;
- (3) support research that will lead to innovative solutions to critical food-energy-water system problems; and
- (4) grow the scientific workforce capable of studying and managing the food-energy-water system, through education and other professional development.
- (1) BIOLOGICAL FIELD STATIONS AND MARINE LABORATORIES.—The Director shall continue to support enhancing, repairing and maintaining research instrumentation, laboratories, telecommunications and housing at biological field stations and marine laboratories.
- (m) SUSTAINABLE CHEMISTRY RESEARCH AND EDUCATION.—In accordance with section 263 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021, the Director shall carry out activities in support of sustainable chemistry, including—
- (1) establishing a program to award grants, on a competitive basis, to institutions of higher education or non-profit organizations (or consortia of such institutions or organizations) to support—
- (A) individual investigators and teams of investigators, including to the extent practicable, early career investigators for research and development;
- (B) collaborative research and development partnerships among universities, industry, and non-profit organizations; and
- (C) integrating sustainable chemistry principles into elementary, secondary, undergraduate, and graduate chemistry and chemical engineering curriculum and research training, as appropriate to that level of education and training; and
- (2) incorporating sustainable chemistry into existing Foundation research and development programs.
- (n) RISK AND RESILIENCE RESEARCH.—The Director shall award grants on a competitive basis to institutions of higher education or non-profit organizations (or consortia of such institutions or organizations) to advance knowledge of risk assessment and predictability and to support the creation of tools and technologies, including advancing data analytics and utilization of artificial intelligence, for increased resilience through—
- (1) improvements in our ability to understand, model, and predict extreme events and natural hazards, including pandemics;
- (2) the creation of novel engineered systems solutions for resilient complex infrastructures, particularly those that address critical interdependence among infrastructures and leverage the growing infusion of cyber-physical-social components into the infrastructures;
- (3) development of equipment and instrumentation for innovation in resilient engineered infrastructures:
- (4) multidisciplinary research on the behaviors individuals and communities engage in to detect, perceive, understand, predict, assess, mitigate, and prevent risks and to improve and increase resilience; and
- (5) advancements in multidisciplinary wildfire science, including those related to air quality impacts, human behavior, and early detection and warning.
- (0) UAV TECHNOLOGIES.—The Director shall carry out a program of research and related activities for unmanned aerial vehicle technologies, which may include a prize competition pursuant to section 24 of the Stevenson-Wydler Technology Innovation Act of 1980 (15 U.S.C. 3719) and support for undergraduate and graduate curriculum development.
- (p) LEVERAGING INTERNATIONAL EXPERTISE IN RESEARCH.—The Director shall explore and advance opportunities for leveraging international

- capabilities and resources that align with the Foundation and United States research community priorities and have the potential to benefit United States prosperity, security, health, and well-being, including through binational research and development organizations and foundations and by sending teams of Foundation scientific staff for site visits of scientific facilities and agencies in other countries.
- (q) BIOLOGICAL RESEARCH COLLECTIONS.—
- (1) In GENERAL.—The Director shall continue to support databases, tools, methods, and other activities that secure and improve existing physical and digital biological research collections, improve the accessibility of collections and collection-related data for research and educational purposes, develop capacity for curation and collection management, and to transfer ownership of collections that are significant to the biological research community, including to museums and universities.
- (2) SPECIMEN MANAGEMENT PLAN.—In consultation with other relevant Federal research agencies, the Director shall require that every proposal for funding for research that involves collecting or generating specimens include a specimen management plan that includes a description of how the specimens and associated data will be accessioned into and permanently maintained in an established biological collection.
- (3) ACTION CENTER FOR BIOLOGICAL COLLECTIONS.—The Director shall award grants on a competitive basis to institutions of higher education or non-profit organizations (or consortia of such institutions or organizations) to establish an Action Center for Biological Collections to facilitate coordination and data sharing among communities of practice for research, education, workforce training, evaluation, and business model development.
- (r) CLEAN WATER RESEARCH AND TECHNOLOGY ACCELERATION.—The Director shall award grants on a competitive, merit-reviewed basis to institutions of higher education or non-profit organizations (or consortia of such institutions or organizations) to—
- (1) support transdisciplinary research to significantly advance our understanding of water availability, quality, and dynamics and the impact of human activity and a changing climate on urban and rural water and wastewater systems;
- (2) develop, pilot and deploy innovative technologies, systems, and other approaches to identifying and addressing challenges that affect water availability, quality, and security, including through direct engagement with affected communities and partnerships with the private sector, State, territorial, tribal, and local governments, non-profit organizations and water management professionals; and
- (3) grow the scientific workforce capable of studying and managing water and wastewater systems, through education, training, and other professional development.
- (s) Technology and Behavioral Science Re-SEARCH.—The Director shall award grants on a merit-based, competitive basis for research to—
- (1) increase understanding of social media and consumer technology access and use patterns and related psychological and behavioral issues, particularly for adolescents; and
- (2) explore the role of social media and consumer technology in rising rates of depressive symptoms, suicidal ideation, drug use, and deaths of despair, particularly for communities experiencing long-term economic distress.
- (t) MANUFACTURING RESEARCH AMENDMENT.— Section 506(a) of the America COMPETES Reauthorization Act of 2010 (42 U.S.C. 1862p-1(a)) is amended—
- (1) in paragraph (5), by striking "and" at the end:
- (2) in paragraph (6)—
- (A) by striking "and" before "virtual manufacturing"; and

- (B) by striking the period at the end and inserting "; and artificial intelligence and machine learning;"; and
- (3) by adding at the end the following:
- "(7) additive manufacturing, including new material designs, complex materials, rapid printing techniques, and real-time process controls; and
- "(8) continuous manufacturing of biological products and similar innovative monitoring and control techniques.".
- (u) Critical Minerals Mining Research and Development.—
- (1) In GENERAL.—The Director shall award grants, on a competitive basis, to institutions of higher education or nonprofit organizations (or consortium of such institutions or organizations) to support basic research that will accelerate innovation to advance critical minerals mining strategies and technologies for the purpose of making better use of domestic resources and eliminating national reliance on minerals and mineral materials that are subject to supply disruptions.
- (2) USE OF FUNDS.—Activities funded by a grant under this subsection may include—
- (A) advancing mining research and development activities to develop new mapping and mining technologies and techniques, including advanced critical mineral extraction, production, separation, alloying, or processing techniques and technologies that can decrease energy intensity, potential environmental impact and costs of those activities;
- (B) conducting long-term Earth observation of reclaimed mine sites, including the study of the evolution of microbial diversity at such sites;
- (C) examining the application of artificial intelligence for geological exploration of critical minerals, including what the size and diversity of data sets would be required;
- (D) examining the application of machine learning for detection and sorting of critical minerals, including what the size and diversity of data sets would be required;
- (E) conducting detailed isotope studies of critical minerals and the development of more refined geologic models;
- (F) improved understanding of the geological and geochemical processes through which critical minerals form and are concentrated into economically viable deposits: or
- (G) providing training and researcher opportunities to undergraduate and graduate students to prepare the next generation of mining engineers and researchers.
- (3) EXISTING PROGRAMS.—The Director shall ensure awards made under this subsection are complementary and not duplicative of existing programs across the foundation and Federal Government.
  - (v) Study of AI Research Capacity.—
- (1) In GENERAL.—The Director shall conduct a study, or support the development of a study through the Science and Technology Policy Institute or by any other appropriate organization as determined by the Director, on artificial intelligence research capacity at U.S. institutions of higher education.
- (2) STUDY CONTENTS.—The Director shall ensure that, at a minimum, the study under subsection (a) addresses the following topics:
- (A) Which universities are putting out significant peer-reviewed artificial intelligence research, including based on quantity and number of citations.
- (B) For each of the universities described in paragraph (1), what specific factors enable their AI research, including computing power, data sets and availability, specialized curriculum, and industry and other partnerships.
- (C) How universities not included in paragraph (1) could implement the factors in paragraph (2) to produce AI research, as well as case studies that universities can look to as examples and potential pilot programs that the Federal Government could develop or support to help universities produce AI research.

- (3) WORKSHOPS.—The Director may support workshops to help inform the study required under this subsection.
- (4) PUBLICATION.—The Director shall ensure that the study carried out under this subsection is made publicly available not later than 12 months after the date of enactment of this Act.
  (w) ADVANCING IOT FOR PRECISION AGRI-

CULTURE.—

- (1) NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION DIRECTIVE ON AGRICULTURAL SENSOR RESEARCH.—In awarding grants under its sensor systems and networked systems programs, and in consultation with the Secretary of Agriculture, the Director shall include in consideration of portfolio balance research and development on sensor connectivity in environments of intermittent connectivity and intermittent computation—
- (A) to improve the reliable use of advance sensing systems in rural and agricultural areas; and
- (B) that considers—
- (i) direct gateway access for locally stored data;
  - (ii) attenuation of signal transmission;
  - (iii) loss of signal transmission; and
- (iv) at-scale performance for wireless power.
- (2) UPDATING CONSIDERATIONS FOR PRECISION AGRICULTURE TECHNOLOGY WITHIN THE NSF ADVANCED TECHNICAL EDUCATION PROGRAM.—Section 3 of the Scientific and Advanced-Technology Act of 1992 (42 U.S.C. 1862i) is amended in subsection (e)(3)—
- (A) in subparagraph (C), by striking "and" after the semicolon:
- (B) in subparagraph (D), by striking the period at the end and inserting "; and"; and
  - (C) by adding at the end the following:
- "(E) applications that incorporate distance learning tools and approaches.".
- (3) GAO REVIEW.—Not later than 18 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General of the United States shall provide—
- (A) a technology assessment of precision agriculture technologies, such as the existing use
- (i) sensors, scanners, radio-frequency identification, and related technologies that can monitor soil properties, irrigation conditions, and plant physiology;
- (ii) sensors, scanners, radio-frequency identification, and related technologies that can monitor livestock activity and health;
- (iii) network connectivity and wireless communications that can securely support digital agriculture technologies in rural and remote areas;
- (iv) aerial imagery generated by satellites or unmanned aerial vehicles;
- (v) ground-based robotics;
- (vi) control systems design and connectivity, such as smart irrigation control systems;
- (vii) Global Positioning System-based applications; and
- (viii) data management software and advanced analytics that can assist decision making and improve agricultural outcomes; and
- (B) a review of Federal programs that provide support for precision agriculture research, development, adoption, education, or training, in existence on the date of enactment of this Act.
- (x) ASTRONOMY AND SATELLITE CONSTELLA-TIONS.—The Director shall support research into and the design, development, and testing of mitigation measures to address the impact of satellite constellations on Foundation scientific programs by—
- (1) awarding grants on a competitive basis to support investigations into the impacts of satellite constellations on ground-based optical, infrared, and radio astronomy, including through existing programs such Spectrum and Wireless Innovation enabled by Future Technologies (SWIFT) and the Spectrum Innovation Initiative;
- (2) supporting research on satellite impacts and benefits and mitigation strategies to be car-

ried out at one or more Foundation supported Federally Funded Research and Development Centers or large facilities, as appropriate; and

(3) supporting workshops related to the impact of satellite constellations on scientific research and how those constellations could be used to improve scientific research.

#### SEC. 10307. RESEARCH INFRASTRUCTURE.

- (a) FACILITY OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE.—
  (1) IN GENERAL.—The Director shall continue the Facility Operation Transition pilot program
- for a total of 5 years.
  (2) COST SHARING.—The Facility Operation
  Transition program shall provide funding for
  10-50 vercent of the operations and maintenance
- Transition program shall provide funding for 10-50 percent of the operations and maintenance costs for major research facilities that are within the first five years of operation, where the share is determined based on—
- (A) the operations and maintenance costs of the major research facility; and
- (B) the capacity of the managing directorate or division to absorb such costs.
- (3) REPORT.—After the fifth year of the pilot program, the Director shall transmit a report to Congress that includes—
- (A) an assessment, that includes feedback from the research community, of the effectiveness of the vilot program for—
- (i) supporting research directorates and divisions in balancing investments in research grants and funding for the initial operation and maintenance of major facilities:
- (ii) incentivizing the development of new world-class facilities;
- (iii) facilitating interagency and international partnerships;
- (iv) funding core elements of multi-disciplinary facilities; and
  - (v) supporting facility divestment costs; and
- (B) if deemed effective, a plan for permanent implementation of the pilot program.
- (b) REVIEWS.—The Director shall periodically carry out reviews within each of the directorates and divisions to assess the cost and benefits of extending the operations of research facilities that have exceeded their planned operational lifespan.
  - (c) HELIUM CONSERVATION.—
- (1) MAJOR RESEARCH INSTRUMENTATION SUPPORT.—
- (A) In GENERAL.—The Director shall support, through the Major Research Instrumentation program, proposal requests that include the purchase, installation, operation, and maintenance of equipment and instrumentation to reduce consumption of helium.
- (B) COST SHARING.—The Director may waive the cost-sharing requirement for helium conservation measures for non-Ph.D.-granting institutions of higher education and Ph.D.-granting institutions of higher education that are not ranked among the top 100 institutions receiving Federal research and development funding, as documented by the National Center for Science and Engineering Statistics.
- (2) ANNUAL REPORT.—No later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act and annually for the subsequent two years, the Director shall submit an annual report to Congress on the use of funding awarded by the Foundation for the purchase and conservation of helium. The report should include—
- (A) the volume and price of helium purchased; (B) changes in pricing and availability of helium; and
- (C) any supply disruptions impacting a substantial number of institutions.
- (d) ADVANCED COMPUTING.—
- (1) COMPUTING NEEDS.—To gather information about the computational needs of Foundation-funded projects, the Director shall require grant proposals submitted to the Foundation, as appropriate, to include estimates of computational resource needs for projects that require use of advanced computing. The Director shall encourage and provide access to tools that facilitate the inclusion of these measures, including those

identified in the 2016 Academies report entitled "Future Directions for NSF Advanced Computing Infrastructure to Support U.S. Science and Engineering in 2017–2020".

(2) REPORTS.—The Director shall document and publish every two years a summary of the amount and types of advanced computing capabilities that are needed to fully meet the Foundation's project needs as identified under paragraph (1).

(3) ROADMAP.—To set priorities and guide strategic decisions regarding investments in advanced computing capabilities, the Director shall develop, publish, and regularly update a 5-year advanced computing roadmap that—

(A) describes the advanced computing resources and capabilities that would fully meet anticipated project needs, including through investments in the Mid-Scale Research Infrastructure program and the Major Research Equipment and Facilities Construction account;

(B) draws on community input, information contained in research proposals, allocation requests, insights from Foundation-funded cyber-infrastructure operators, and Foundation-wide information gathering regarding community needs:

(C) considers computational needs of planned major facilities;

(D) reflects anticipated technology trends;

(E) informs users and potential partners about future facilities and services;

(F) addresses the needs of groups historically underrepresented in STEM and geographic regions with low availability and high demand for advanced computing resources:

(G) considers how Foundation-supported advanced computing capabilities can be leveraged for activities through the Directorate for Science and Engineering Solutions; and

(H) provides an update to Congress about the level of funding necessary to fully meet computational resource needs for the research community.

(4) ŠECURING AMERICAN RESEARCH FROM CYBER THEFT.—

(A) NETWORKING AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT UPDATE.— Section 101(a)(1) of the High-Performance Computing Act of 1991 (15 U.S.C. 5511) is amended— (i) by moving the margins of subparagraphs

(D) and (J) through (O) two ems to the left; (ii) by redesignating subparagraphs (J) through (O) as subparagraphs (K) through (P), respectively; and

(iii) by inserting after subparagraph (I) the following:

"(I) provide for improving the security, reliability, and resiliency of computing and networking systems used by institutions of higher education and other nonprofit research institutions for the processing, storage and transmission of sensitive federally funded research and associated data;".

(B) COMPUTING ENCLAVE PILOT PROGRAM.—

(i) IN GENERAL.—The Director, in consultation with the Director of the National Institute of Standards and Technology and the Secretary of Energy, shall establish a pilot program to award grants to ensure the security of federally-supported research data and to assist regional institutions of higher education and their researchers in compliance with regulations regarding the safeguarding of sensitive information and other relevant regulations and Federal guidelines.

(ii) STRUCTURE.—In carrying out the pilot program established pursuant to clause (i), the Director shall select three institutions of higher education from among institutions classified under the Indiana University Center for Post-secondary Research Carnegie Classification as a doctorate-granting university with a very high level of research activity, and with a history of working with secure information for the development, installation, maintenance, or sustainment of secure computing enclaves.

(iii) REGIONALIZATION.-

(I) IN GENERAL.—In selecting universities pursuant to clause (ii), the Director shall give preference to institutions of higher education with

the capability of serving other regional universities.

- (II) GEOGRAPHIC DISPERSAL.—The enclaves should be geographically dispersed to better meet the needs of regional interests.
- (iv) Program elements.—The Director shall work with institutions of higher education selected pursuant to clause (ii) to—
- (I) develop an approved design blueprint for compliance with Federal data protection protocols:
- (II) develop a comprehensive and confidential list, or a bill of materials, of each binary component of the software, firmware, or product that is required to deploy additional secure computing enclaves;
- (III) develop templates for all policies and procedures required to operate the secure computing enclave in a research setting;
- (IV) develop a system security plan template; and
- (V) develop a process for managing a plan of action and milestones for the secure computing enclave.
- (v) DURATION.—Subject to other availability of appropriations, the pilot program established pursuant to clause (i) shall operate for not less than 3 years.
  - (vi) REPORT.-
- (I) IN GENERAL.—The Director shall report to Congress not later than 6 months after the completion of the pilot program under clause (i).
- (II) CONTENTS.—The report required under subclause (I) shall include—
- (aa) an assessment of the pilot program under clause (i), including an assessment of the security benefits provided by such secure computing enclaves:
- (bb) recommendations related to the value of expanding the network of secure computing enclaves; and
- (cc) recommendations on the efficacy of the use of secure computing enclaves by other Federal agencies in a broader effort to expand security of Federal research.
- (vii) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— There is authorized to be appropriated to the Director, \$38,000,000 for fiscal years 2022 through 2024, to carry out the activities outlined in this section.
  - (e) NATIONAL SECURE DATA SERVICE.—
- (1) In GENERAL.—The Director, in consultation with the Chief Statistician of the United States, shall establish a demonstration project to develop, refine and test models to inform the full implementation of the Commission on Evidence-Based Policymaking recommendation for a government-wide data linkage and access infrastructure for statistical activities conducted for statistical purposes, as defined in chapter 35 of title 44, United States Code.
- (2) ESTABLISHMENT.—Not later than one year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Director shall establish a National Secure Data Service demonstration project. The National Secure Data Service demonstration project shall
- (A) aligned with the principles, best practices, and priority actions recommended by the Advisory Committee on Data for Evidence Building, to the extent feasible; and
- (B) operated directly by or via a contract that is managed by the National Center for Science and Engineering Statistics.
- (3) DATA.—In carrying out this subsection, the Director shall engage with Federal and State agencies to collect, acquire, analyze, report, and disseminate statistical data in the United States and other nations to support government-wide evidence-building activities consistent with the Foundations for Evidence-Based Policymaking Act of 2018.
- (4) PRIVACY AND CONFIDENTIALITY PROTEC-TIONS.—If the Director issues a management contract under paragraph (2), the awardee shall be designated as an "agent" under chapter 35 of title 44, United States Code, subchapter III, section 3561 et seq., with all requirements and obli-

- gations for protecting confidential information delineated in the Confidential Information Protection and Statistical Efficiency Act of 2018 and the Privacy Act of 1974.
- (5) TECHNOLOGY AND PRIVACY STANDARDS.— In carrying out this subsection, the Director shall—
- (A) consider application and use of systems and technologies that incorporate protection measures to reasonably ensure confidential data and statistical products are protected in accordance with obligations under chapter 35 of title 44, United States Code, subchapter III, section 3561 et. seq, including systems and technologies that ensure raw data and other sensitive inputs are not accessible to recipients of statistical outputs from the National Secure Data Service demonstration project; and
- (B) to the extent feasible, consider applying privacy-enhancing technologies to approved projects when appropriate, or take appropriate measures to minimize re-identification risks consistent with any applicable guidance or regulations issued under chapter 35 of title 44, United States Code, subchapter III, section 3561 et seq.

(6) TRANSPARENCY.—The National Secure Data Service established under paragraph (2) shall maintain a public website with up-to-date information on supported projects.

(7) REPORT.—Not later than 2 years after the date of enactment of this Act, the National Secure Data Service demonstration project established under paragraph (2) shall submit a report to Congress that includes—

(A) a description of policies for protecting data, consistent with applicable Federal law;

- (B) a comprehensive description of all completed or active data linkage activities and projects;
- (C) an assessment of the effectiveness of the demonstration project for mitigating risks and removing barriers to a sustained implementation of the National Secure Data Service as recommended by the Commission on Evidence-Based Policymaking; and
- (D) if deemed effective by the Director, a plan for scaling up the demonstration project to facilitate data access for evidence building while ensuring transparency and privacy.
- (8) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— There are authorized to be appropriated to the Director to carry out this subsection \$9,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2022 through 2026.

# SEC. 10308. DIRECTORATE FOR SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING SOLUTIONS.

- (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—Subject to the availability of appropriated funds, there is established within the Foundation the Directorate for Science and Engineering Solutions to advance research and development solutions to address societal and national challenges for the benefit of all Americans.
- (b) PURPOSE.—The purpose of the Directorate established under subsection (a) is to support use-inspired research, accelerate the translation of Foundation-supported fundamental research and to advance technologies, facilitate commercialization and use of federally funded research, and expand the pipeline of United States students and researchers in areas of societal and national importance.
- (c) ACTIVITIES.—The Director shall achieve the purposes described in subsection (b) by awarding financial assistance through the Directorate to—
- (1) support transformational advances in useinspired and translational research through diverse funding mechanisms and models, including convergence accelerators;
- (2) translate research into science and engineering innovations, including through developing innovative approaches to connect research with societal outcomes, developing approaches to technology transfer that do not rely only on traditional market and commercialization tools, education and training for students and researchers on engaging with end users and the public, partnerships that facilitate research

uptake, application, and scaling, prototype development, entrepreneurial education, developing tech-to-market strategies, and partnerships that connect research products to businesses, accelerators, and incubators and encourage the formation and growth of new companies:

(3) develop and expand sustainable and mutually-beneficial use-inspired and translational research and development partnerships and collaborations among institutions of higher education, including minority serving institutions and emerging research institutions, non-profit organizations, labor organizations, businesses and other for-profit entities, Federal or State agencies, community organizations, other Foundation directorates, national labs, field stations and marine laboratories, international entities as appropriate, binational research and development foundations and funds, excluding foreign entities of concern, and other organizations;

(4) build capacity for use-inspired and translational research at institutions of higher education, including necessary administrative

(5) expand opportunities for researchers to contribute to use-inspired and translational research including through support for workshops and conferences, targeted incentives and training, and multidisciplinary research centers;

(6) support the education, mentoring, and training of undergraduate students, graduate students, and postdoctoral researchers in use-inspired and translational approaches to research and entrepreneurship in key focus areas identified under subsection (g) through scholarships, fellowships, and traineeships;

(7) support translational research infrastructure, including platforms and testbeds, data management and software tools, and networks and communication platforms for interactive and collective learning and information sharing;

(8) identify social, behavioral, and economic drivers and consequences of technological innovations: and

(9) ensure the programmatic work of the Directorate and Foundation incorporates a worker perspective through participation by labor organizations and workforce training organizations.

(d) ASSISTANT DIRECTOR.—
(1) IN GENERAL.—The Director shall appoint an Assistant Director responsible for the management of the Directorate established under this section.

(2) TERM LIMIT.—The Assistant Director appointed under paragraph (1) shall serve a term lasting no longer than 4 years.

lasting no longer than 4 years.
(3) QUALIFICATIONS.—The Assistant Director shall be an individual, who by reason of professional background and experience, is specially qualified to—

(A) advise the Director on all matters pertaining to use-inspired and translational research, development, and commercialization at the Foundation, including partnership with the private sector and other users of Foundation funded research; and

(B) develop and implement the necessary policies and procedures to promote a culture of use-inspired and translational research within the Directorate and across the Foundation and carry out the responsibilities under paragraph

(4) RESPONSIBILITIES.—The responsibilities of the Assistant Director shall include—

(A) advising the Director on all matters pertaining to use-inspired and translational research and development activities at the Foundation, including effective practices for convergence research;

(B) identifying opportunities for and facilitating coordination and collaboration, where appropriate, on use-inspired and translational research, development, commercialization, and societal application activities—

(i) among the offices, directorates, and divisions within the Foundation: and

(ii) between the Foundation and stakeholders in academia, the private sector, including non-

- profit entities, labor organizations, Federal or State agencies, and international entities, as ap-
- (C) ensuring that the activities carried out under this section are not duplicative of activities supported by other parts of the Foundation or other relevant Federal agencies;
- (D) approving all new programs within the Directorate;
- (E) developing and testing diverse merit-review models and mechanisms for selecting and for providing awards use-inspired translational research and development at different scales, from individual investigator awards to large multi-institution collaborations:
  - (F) assessing the success of programs;
- (G) administering awards to achieve the purposes described in subsection (b): and
- (H) performing other such duties pertaining to the purposes in subsection (b) as are required by the Director.
- (5) RELATIONSHIP TO THE DIRECTOR.—The Assistant Director shall report to the Director.
- (6) Relationship to other programs.other directorate within the Foundation shall report to the Assistant Director.
  - (e) Advisory Committee.
- (1) IN GENERAL.—In accordance with the Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App.) the Director shall establish an advisory committee to assess, and make recommendations regarding, the activities carried out under this section.
- (2) Membership.—The advisory committee members shall-
- (A) be individuals with relevant experience or expertise, including individuals from industry and national labs, educators, academic subject matter experts, including individuals with knowledge of the technical and social dimensions of science and technology, technology transfer experts, labor organizations, and representatives of civil society, community organizations, and other nongovernmental organizations; and
- (B) consist of at least 10 members broadly representative of stakeholders, including no less than 3 members from the private sector, none of whom shall be an employee of the Federal Government.
- (3) RESPONSIBILITIES.—The Committee shall be responsible for-
- (A) reviewing and evaluating activities carried out under this section; and
- (B) assessing the success of the Directorate in and proposing new strategies for fulfilling the purposes in subsection (b).
- (f) EXISTING PROGRAMS.—The Convergence Accelerator, the Growing Convergence Research Big Idea, and any other program, at the discretion of the Director, may be managed by the Directorate.
- (g) FOCUS AREAS.—In consultation with the Assistant Director, the Board, and other Federal agencies and taking into account advice under subsection (e), the Director shall identify, and regularly update, up to 5 focus areas to guide activities under this section. In selecting such focus areas, the Director shall consider the following societal challenges:
- (1) Climate change and environmental sustainability.
- (2) Global competitiveness and domestic job creation in critical technologies.
  - (3) Cybersecurity.
  - (4) National security.
  - (5) STEM education and workforce.
  - (6) Social and economic inequality. (h) Technology Research Institutes.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Director may award
- grants and cooperative agreements to institutions of higher education, or consortia thereof. for the planning, establishment, and support of Technology Research Institutes in key technology areas, as determined by the Director.
- (2) USES OF FUNDS.—Funds awarded under this section may be used by a Technology Research Institute to-
- (A) conduct fundamental research to advance innovation in a key technology;

- (B) conduct research involving a key technology to solve challenges with social, economic, health, scientific, and national security implica-
- (C) further the development, adoption, and commercialization of innovations in key technology focus areas, including through partnership with other Federal agencies and Federal laboratories, industry, including startup companies, labor organizations, civil society organizations, and State, territorial, local, and Tribal governments;
- (D) develop and manage multi-user research testbeds and instrumentation for key technologies:
- (E) develop and manage an accessible repository, as appropriate, for research data and computational models relevant to the relevant key technology field, consistent with applicable privacy and intellectual property laws;
- (F) convene national workshops for researchers and other stakeholders in that technology
- (G) establish traineeship programs for graduate students who pursue research related to the technology leading to a masters or doctorate degree by providing funding and other assistance, and by providing graduate students opportunities for research experiences in government or industry related to the students' studies in that technology area;
- (H) engage in outreach and engagement to broaden participation in technology research and education; and
- (I) support such other activities that the Director determines appropriate.
- Considerations.—In making under this section, the Director may consider the extent to which the activities proposed-
- (A) have the potential to create an innovation ecosystem, or enhance existing ecosystems, to translate Technology Research Institute research into applications and products, as appropriate to the topic of each Institute;
- (B) support transdisciplinary research and development across multiple institutions of higher education and organizations;
- (C) support transdisciplinary education activities, including curriculum development, research experiences, and faculty professional development across undergraduate, graduate, and professional academic programs;
- (D) involve partnerships with multiple types of institutions, including emerging research institutions, historically Black colleges and universities, Tribal Colleges or Universities, and minority serving institutions, and with other Federal agencies, Federal laboratories, industry, State, territorial, local, and Tribal governments, labor organizations, civil society organizations, and other entities that may use or be affected by the technology: and
- (E) include a component that addresses the ethical, societal, safety, and security implications relevant to the application of the technologu.
  - (4) DURATION.—
- (A) INITIAL PERIOD.—An award under this section shall be for an initial period of 5 years.
- (B) RENEWAL.—An established Technology Institute may apply for, and the Director may grant, extended funding for periods of 5 years on a merit-reviewed basis.
- (5) APPLICATION.—An institution of higher education or consortia thereof seeking financial assistance under this section shall submit to the Director an application at such time, in such manner, and containing such information as the Director may require.
- (6) COMPETITIVE, MERIT-REVIEW.—In making awards under the section, the Director shall-
- (A) use a competitive, merit review process that includes peer review by a diverse group of individuals with relevant expertise from both the private and public sectors; and
- (B) ensure the focus areas of the Institute do not substantially and unnecessarily duplicate the efforts of any other Technology Research

- Institute or any other similar effort at another Federal agency.
- COLLABORATION.—In making awards under this section, the Director may collaborate with Federal departments and agencies whose missions contribute to or are affected by the technology focus area of the institute.
- (i) PLANNING AND CAPACITY BUILDING GRANTS.—Section 602 of the American Innovation and Competitiveness Act (42 U.S.C. 1862s-9) is amended-
- (1) by redesignating subsection (e) as subsection (f); and
- (2) by inserting after subsection (d), the following:
- "(e) PLANNING AND CAPACITY BUILDING GRANTS.
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—Under the program established in section 508 of the America COMPETES Reauthorization Act of 2010 (42 U.S.C. 1862p-2) and the activities authorized under this section the Director shall award grants to eligible entities for planning and capacity building at institutions of higher education.
- "(2) ELIGIBLE ENTITY DEFINED.—In this subsection, the term 'eligible entity' means an institution of higher education (or a consortium of such institutions) that, according to the data published by the National Center for Science and Engineering Statistics, is not, on average, among the top 100 institutions in Federal R&D expenditures during the 3 year period prior to the year of the award.
- '(3) USE OF FUNDS.—In addition to activities listed under subsection (c), an eligible entity receiving a grant under this subsection may use funds to-
- '(A) ensure the availability of staff, including technology transfer professionals, entrepreneurs in residence, and other mentors as required to accomplish the purpose of this subsection;
- "(B) revise institution policies, including policies related to intellectual property and faculty entrepreneurship, and taking other necessary steps to implement relevant best practices for academic technology transfer;
- '(C) develop new local and regional partnerships among institutions of higher education and between institutions of higher education and private sector entities and other relevant organizations with the purpose of building networks, expertise, and other capacity to identify promising research that may have potential market value and enable researchers to pursue further development and transfer of their ideas into possible commercial or other use;
- "(D) develop seminars, courses, and other educational opportunities for students, postdoctoral researchers, faculty, and other relevant staff at institutions of higher education to increase awareness and understanding of entrepreneurship, patenting, business planning, and other areas relevant to technology transfer, and connect students and researchers to relevant resources, including mentors in the private sector;
- "(E) create and fund competitions to allow entrepreneurial students and faculty to illustrate the commercialization potential of their
- MINIMUM DURATION AND SIZE OF *''(4)* AWARD.—Grants awarded under this subsection shall be at least 3 years in duration and \$500,000 in total amount.
- "(5) APPLICATION.—An eligible entity seeking funding under this subsection shall submit an application to the Director of the Foundation at such time, in such manner, and containing such information and assurances as such Director may require. The application shall include, at a minimum, a description of how the eligible entity submitting an application plans to sustain the proposed activities beyond the duration of the grant.
- (6) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.-From within funds authorized for the Directorate for Science and Engineering Solutions, there are authorized to carry out the activities

under this subsection \$40 million for each of fiscal years 2022 through 2026.".

(j) Entrepreneurial Fellowships.—

- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Director shall award fellowships to Ph.D.-trained scientists and engineers to help develop leaders capable of maturing promising ideas and technologies from lab to market and forge connections between academic research and government, industry, and finance.
- (2) APPLICATIONS.—An applicant for a fellowship under this subsection shall submit to the Director an application at such time, in such manner, and containing such information as the Director may require. At a minimum, the Director shall require that applicants—

(A) have completed a doctoral degree in a STEM field no more than 5 years prior to the

date of the application; and

- (B) have included in the application a letter of support from the intended host institution that describes how the fellow will be embedded in that institution's research environment.
- (3) OUTREACH.—The Director shall conduct program outreach to recruit fellowship applicants—
- (A) from diverse research institutions;
- (B) from all regions of the country; and
- (C) from groups historically underrepresented in STEM fields;
- (4) The Director may enter into an agreement with a third-party entity to administer the fellowships, subject to the provisions of this subsection.
- (5) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— There is authorized to be appropriated to the Director \$100,000,000 for fiscal years 2022 through 2026, to carry out the activities outlined in this subsection.
- (k) LOW-INCOME SCHOLARSHIP PROGRAM.—
- (1) In GENERAL.—The Director shall award scholarships to low-income individuals to enable such individuals to pursue associate, undergraduate, or graduate level degrees in mathematics, engineering, or computer science.
  - (2) ELIGIBILITY.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—To be eligible to receive a scholarship under this section, an individual—
- (i) must be a citizen of the United States, a national of the United States (as defined in section 1101(a) of title 8), an alien admitted as a refugee under section 1157 of title 8, or an alien lawfully admitted to the United States for permanent residence:
- (ii) shall prepare and submit to the Director an application at such time, in such manner, and containing such information as the Director may require; and
- (iii) shall certify to the Director that the individual intends to use amounts received under the scholarship to enroll or continue enrollment at an institution of higher education (as defined in section 1001(a) of title 20) in order to pursue an associate, undergraduate, or graduate level degree in mathematics, engineering, computer science, or other technology and science programs designated by the Director.
- (B) ABILITY.—Awards of scholarships under this section shall be made by the Director solely on the basis of the ability of the applicant, except that in any case in which 2 or more applicants for scholarships are deemed by the Director to be possessed of substantially equal ability, and there are not sufficient scholarships available to grant one to each of such applicants, the available scholarship or scholarships shall be awarded to the applicants in a manner that will tend to result in a geographically wide distribution throughout the United States of recipients' places of permanent residence.
- (3) SCHOLARSHIP AMOUNT AND RENEWAL.—The amount of a scholarship awarded under this section shall be determined by the Director. The Director may renew scholarships for up to 5 years.
- (4) AUTHORIZATION.—Of amounts authorized for the Directorate for Science and Engineering Solutions, \$100,000,000 shall be authorized for this program.

- (1) AUTHORITIES.—In addition to existing authorities available to the Foundation, the Director may exercise the following authorities in carrying out the activities under this section:
- (1) AWARDS.—In carrying out this section, the Director may provide awards in the form of grants, contracts, cooperative agreements, cash prizes, and other transactions.
- (2) APPOINTMENTS.—The Director shall have the authority to make appointments of scientific, engineering, and professional personnel for carrying out research and development functions which require the services of specially qualified personnel relating to the focus areas identified under subsection (g) and such other areas of national research priorities as the Director may determine.
- (m) ETHICAL, LEGAL, AND SOCIETAL CONSIDERATIONS.—The Director shall establish policies regarding engagement with experts in the social dimensions of science and technology and set up formal avenues for public input, as appropriate, to ensure that ethical, legal, and societal considerations are explicitly integrated into the priorities for the Directorate, including the selection of focus areas under subsection (g), the award-making process, and throughout all stages of supported projects.
  - (n) REPORTS AND ROADMAPS.—
- (1) Annual Report.—The Director shall provide to the relevant authorizing and appropriations committees of Congress an annual report describing projects supported by the Directorate during the previous year.
- (2) ROADMAP.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Director shall provide to the relevant authorizing and appropriations committees of Congress a roadmap describing the strategic vision that the Directorate will use to guide investment decisions over the following 3 years.
  - (o) EVALUATION.-
- (1) In GENERAL.—After the Directorate has been in operation for 6 years, the National Science Board shall evaluate how well the Directorate is achieving the purposes identified in subsection (b), including an assessment of the impact of Directorate activities on the Foundation's primary science mission.
- (2) INCLUSIONS.—The evaluation shall include—
- (A) a recommendation on whether the Directorate should be continued or terminated: and
- (B) a description of lessons learned from operation of the Directorate.
- (3) AVAILABILITY.—On completion of the evaluation, the evaluation shall be made available to Congress and the public.

# SEC. 10309. ADMINISTRATIVE AMENDMENTS.

- (a) SUPPORTING VETERANS IN STEM CAREERS.—Section 3(c) of the Supporting Veterans in STEM Careers Act is amended by striking "annual" and inserting "biennial".
- (b) Sunshine Act Compliance.—Section 15 of the National Science Foundation Authorization Act of 2002 is amended.—
- (1) so that paragraph (3) reads as follows:
- "(3) COMPLIANCE REVIEW.—The Inspector General of the Foundation shall conduct a review of the compliance by the Board with the requirements described in paragraph (2) as necessary based on a triennial risk assessment. Any review deemed necessary shall examine the proposed and actual content of closed meetings and determine whether the closure of the meetings was consistent with section 552b of title 5, United States Code."; and
- (2) by striking paragraphs (4) and (5) and inserting the following:
- "(4) MATERIALS RELATING TO CLOSED POR-TIONS OF MEETING.—To facilitate the risk assessment required under paragraph (3) of this subsection, and any subsequent review conducted by the Inspector General, the Office of the National Science Board shall maintain the General Counsel's certificate, the presiding officer's statement, and a transcript or recording of any

closed meeting, for at least 3 years after such meeting.".

- (c) SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING INDICATORS RE-PORT SUBMISSION.—Section 4(j)(1) of the National Science Foundation Act of 1950 (42 U.S.C. 1863(j)(1)) is amended by striking "January 15" and inserting "March 15".
- (d) OTHER REQUIREMENTS.—All laborers and mechanics employed by contractors or subcontractors in the performance of construction, alteration or repair work assisted in whole or in part under this title shall be paid wages at rates not less than those prevailing on projects of a similar character in the locality as determined by the Secretary of Labor in accordance with subchapter IV of chapter 31 of title 40, United States Code. With respect to the labor standards specified in this section, the Secretary of Labor shall have the authority and functions set forth in Reorganization Plan Numbered 14 of 1950 (64 Stat. 1267; 5 U.S.C. App.) and section 3145 of title 40, United States Code.

# TITLE IV—BIOECONOMY RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

#### SEC. 10401. FINDINGS.

The Congress makes the following findings:

- (1) Cellular and molecular processes may be used, mimicked, or redesigned to develop new products, processes, and systems that improve societal well-being, strengthen national security, and contribute to the economy.
- (2) Engineering biology relies on a workforce with a diverse and unique set of skills combining the biological, physical, chemical, and information sciences and engineering.
- (3) Long-term research and development is necessary to create breakthroughs in engineering biology. Such research and development requires government investment as many of the benefits are too distant or uncertain for industry to support alone.
- (4) Research is necessary to inform evidencebased governance of engineering biology and to support the growth of the engineering biology industry.
- (5) The Federal Government has an obligation to ensure that ethical, legal, environmental, safety, security, and societal implications of its science and technology research and investment follows policies of responsible innovation and fosters public transparency.
- (6) The Federal Government can play an important role by facilitating the development of tools and technologies to further advance engineering biology, including user facilities, by facilitating public-private partnerships, by supporting risk research, and by facilitating the commercial application in the United States of research funded by the Federal Government.
- (7) The United States led the development of the science and engineering techniques that created the field of engineering biology, but due to increasing international competition, the United States is at risk of losing its competitive advantage if it does not strategically invest the necessary resources.
- (8) A National Engineering Biology Initiative can serve to establish new research directions and technology goals, improve interagency coordination and planning processes, drive technology transfer to the private sector, and help ensure optimal returns on the Federal investment.

### SEC. 10402. DEFINITIONS.

- In this title:
- (1) BIOMANUFACTURING.—The term "biomanufacturing" means the utilization of biological systems to develop new and advance existing products, tools, and processes at commercial scale.
- (2) ENGINEERING BIOLOGY.—The term "engineering biology" means the application of engineering design principles and practices to biological systems, including molecular and cellular systems, to advance fundamental understanding of complex natural systems and to enable novel or optimize functions and capabilities.

- (3) INITIATIVE.—The term "Initiative" means the National Engineering Biology Research and Development Initiative established under section 10403
- (4) OMICS.—The term "omics" refers to the collective technologies used to explore the roles, relationships, and actions of the various types of molecules that make up the cells and systems of an organism and the systems level analysis of their functions.

#### SEC. 10403. NATIONAL ENGINEERING BIOLOGY RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT INI-TIATIVE.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The President, acting through the Office of Science and Technology Policy, shall implement a National Engineering Biology Research and Development Initiative to advance societal well-being, national security, sustainability, and economic productivity and competitiveness through—
- (1) advancing areas of research at the intersection of the biological, physical, chemical, data, and computational and information sciences and engineering to accelerate scientific understanding and technological innovation in engineering biology;
- (2) advancing areas of biomanufacturing research to optimize, standardize, scale, and deliver new products and solutions:
- (3) supporting social and behavioral sciences and economics research that advances the field of engineering biology and contributes to the development and public understanding of new products, processes, and technologies;
- (4) improving the understanding of engineering biology of the scientific and lay public and supporting greater evidence-based public discourse about its benefits and risks;
- (5) supporting research relating to the risks and benefits of engineering biology, including under subsection (d);
- (6) supporting the development of novel tools and technologies to accelerate scientific understanding and technological innovation in engineering biology;
- neering viology;
  (7) expanding the number of researchers, educators, and students and a retooled workforce with engineering biology training, including from traditionally underrepresented and underserved populations:
- (8) accelerating the translation and commercialization of engineering biology and biomanufacturing research and development by the private sector; and
- (9) improving the interagency planning and coordination of Federal Government activities related to engineering biology.
- (b) INITIATIVE ACTIVITIES.—The activities of the Initiative shall include—
- (1) sustained support for engineering biology research and development through—
- (A) grants to fund the work of individual investigators and teams of investigators, including interdisciplinary teams;
- (B) projects funded under joint solicitations by a collaboration of no fewer than two agencies participating in the Initiative; and
- (C) interdisciplinary research centers that are organized to investigate basic research questions, carry out technology development and demonstration activities, and increase understanding of how to scale up engineering biology processes, including biomanufacturing;
- (2) sustained support for databases and related tools including—
- (A) support for the establishment, curation, and maintenance of curated genomics, epigenomics, and other relevant omics databases, including plant, animal, and microbial databases, that are available to researchers to carry out engineering biology research in a manner that does not compromise national security or the privacy or security of information within such databases:
- (B) development of standards for such databases, including for curation, interoperability, and protection of privacy and security;
- (C) support for the development of computational tools, including artificial intelligence

- tools, that can accelerate research and innovation using such databases; and
- (D) an inventory and assessment of all Federal government omics databases to identify opportunities to improve the utility of such databases, as appropriate and in a manner that does not compromise national security or the privacy and security of information within such databases, and inform investment in such databases as critical infrastructure for the engineering biology research enterprise:
- (3) sustained support for the development, optimization, and validation of novel tools and technologies to enable the dynamic study of molecular processes in situ, including through—
- (A) research conducted at Federal laboratories:
- (B) grants to fund the work of investigators at institutions of higher education and other non-profit research institutions;
- (C) incentivized development of retooled industrial sites across the country that foster a pivot to modernized engineering biology initiatives; and
- (D) awards under the Small Business Innovation Research Program and the Small Business Technology Transfer Program, as described in section 9 of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 638):
- (4) support for education and training of undergraduate and graduate students in engineering biology, biomanufacturing, bioprocess engineering, and computational science applied to engineering biology and in the related ethical, legal, environmental, safety, security, and other societal domains:
- (5) support for biomanufacturing testbeds, including by repurposing existing facilities such as those in paragraph 3(C), that would enable scale up of laboratory engineering biology research:
- (6) activities to develop robust mechanisms for documenting and quantifying the outputs and economic benefits of engineering biology; and
- (7) activities to accelerate the translation and commercialization of new products, processes, and technologies by—
- (A) identifying precompetitive research opportunities;
- (B) facilitating public-private partnerships in engineering biology research and development, including to address barriers to scaling up innovations in engineering biology;
- (C) connecting researchers, graduate students, and postdoctoral fellows with entrepreneurship education and training opportunities; and
- (D) supporting proof of concept activities and the formation of startup companies including through programs such as the Small Business Innovation Research Program and the Small Business Technology Transfer Program.
- (c) Expanding Participation.—The Initiative shall include, to the maximum extent practicable, outreach to primarily undergraduate and minority-serving institutions about Initiative opportunities, and shall encourage the development of research collaborations between research-intensive universities and primarily undergraduate and minority-serving institutions.
- (d) ETHICAL, LEGAL, ENVIRONMENTAL, SAFETY, SECURITY, AND SOCIETAL ISSUES.—Initiative activities shall take into account ethical, legal, environmental, safety, security, and other appropriate societal issues by—
- (1) supporting research, including in the social sciences, and other activities addressing ethical, legal, environmental, and other appropriate societal issues related to engineering biology, including integrating research on such topics with the research and development in engineering biology, and encouraging the dissemination of the results of such research, including through interdisciplinary engineering biology research centers described in subsection (b)(1);
- (2) supporting research and other activities related to the safety and security implications of engineering biology, including outreach to increase awareness among Federal researchers

- and Federally-funded researchers at institutions of higher education about potential safety and security implications of engineering biology research, as appropriate;
- (3) ensuring that input from Federal and non-Federal experts on the ethical, legal, environmental, safety, security, and other appropriate societal issues related to engineering biology is integrated into the Initiative;
- (4) ensuring, through the agencies and departments that participate in the Initiative, that public input and outreach are integrated into the Initiative by the convening of regular and ongoing public discussions through mechanisms such as workshops, consensus conferences, and educational events, as appropriate; and
- (5) complying with all applicable provisions of Federal law.

### SEC. 10404. INITIATIVE COORDINATION.

- (a) Interagency Committee.—The President, acting through the Office of Science and Technology Policy, shall designate an interagency committee to coordinate activities of the Initiative as appropriate, which shall be co-chaired by the Office of Science and Technology Policy. The Director of the Office of Science and Technology Policy shall select an additional cochairperson from among the members of the Interagency Committee. The Interagency Committee shall oversee the planning, management, and coordination of the Initiative. The Interagency Committee shall—
- (1) provide for interagency coordination of Federal engineering biology research, development, and other activities undertaken pursuant to the Initiative;
- (2) establish and periodically update goals and priorities for the Initiative;
- (3) develop, not later than 12 months after the date of the enactment of this Act, and update every 5 years thereafter, a strategic plan submitted to the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology, the Committee on Agriculture, and the Committee on Energy and Commerce of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation, the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry, and the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions of the Senate that—
- (A) guides the activities of the Initiative for purposes of meeting the goals and priorities established under (and updated pursuant to) paragraph (2); and
  - (B) describes—
- (i) the Initiative's support for long-term funding for interdisciplinary engineering biology research and development;
- (ii) the Initiative's support for education and public outreach activities;
- (iii) the Initiative's support for research and other activities on ethical, legal, environmental, safety, security, and other appropriate societal issues related to engineering biology including—
- (I) an applied biorisk management research plan:
- (II) recommendations for integrating security into biological data access and international reciprocity agreements;
- (III) recommendations for manufacturing restructuring to support engineering biology research, development, and scaling-up initiatives; and
- (IV) an evaluation of existing biosecurity governance policies, guidance, and directives for the purposes of creating an adaptable, evidence-based framework to respond to emerging biosecurity challenges created by advances in engineering biology;
- (iv) how the Initiative will contribute to moving results out of the laboratory and into application for the benefit of society and United States competitiveness; and
- (v) how the Initiative will measure and track the contributions of engineering biology to United States economic growth and other societal indicators;
- (4) develop a national genomic sequencing strategy to ensure engineering biology research

fully leverages plant, animal, and microbe biodiversity, as appropriate and in a manner that does not compromise economic competitiveness, national security, or the privacy or security of human genetic information, to enhance longterm innovation and competitiveness in engineering biology in the United States;

(5) develop a plan to utilize Federal programs. such as the Small Business Innovation Research Program and the Small Business Technology Transfer Program as described in section 9 of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 638), in support of the activities described in section 10403(b)(3); and

(6) in carrying out this section, take into consideration the recommendations of the advisory committee established under section 10405, the results of the workshop convened under section 10406, existing reports on related topics, and the views of academic, State, industry, and other appropriate groups.

(b) QUINQUENNIAL REPORT.—Beginning with fiscal year 2022 and ending in fiscal year 2028. not later than 90 days after submission of the President's annual budget request and every fifth fiscal year thereafter, the Interagency Committee shall prepare and submit to the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology and the Committee on Agriculture. House of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation and the Committee on Agriculure, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate a report that includes-

(1) a summarized agency budget in support of the Initiative for the fiscal year to which such budget request applies, for the following 2 fiscal years, for the then current fiscal year, including a breakout of spending for each agency participating in the Program, and for the development and acquisition of any research facilities and

instrumentation; and

(2) an assessment of how Federal agencies are implementing the plan described in subsection (a)(3), includina-

(A) a description of the amount and number of awards made under the Small Business Innovation Research Program and the Small Business Technology Transfer Program (as described in section 9 of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 638)) in support of the Initiative;

(B) a description of the amount and number of projects funded under joint solicitations by a collaboration of no fewer than 2 agencies participating in the Initiative; and

(C) a description of the effect of the newly funded projects by the Initiative.

(c) Initiative Office.-

(1) IN GENERAL.—The President shall establish an Initiative Coordination Office, with a Director and full-time staff which shall-

(A) provide technical and administrative support to the interagency committee and the advisory committee established under section 10405;

(B) serve as the point of contact on Federal engineering biology activities for government organizations, academia, industry, professional societies, State governments, interested citizen groups, and others to exchange technical and programmatic information;

(C) oversee interagency coordination of the Initiative, including by encouraging and supporting joint agency solicitation and selection of applications for funding of activities under the

Initiative, as appropriate;

(D) conduct public outreach, including dissemination of findings and recommendations of the advisory committee established under section 10405, as appropriate;

(E) serve as the coordinator of ethical legal environmental, safety, security, and other ap-

propriate societal input; and

- (F) promote access to, and early application of, the technologies, innovations, and expertise derived from Initiative activities to agency missions and systems across the Federal Government, and to United States industry, including startup companies.
  (2) FUNDING.—The Director of the Office of
- Science and Technology Policy, in coordination

with each participating Federal department and agency, as appropriate, shall develop and annually update an estimate of the funds necessary to carry out the activities of the Initiative Coordination Office and submit such estimate with an agreed summary of contributions from each agency to Congress as part of the President's annual budget request to Congress.

- (3) TERMINATION.—The Initiative Coordination Office established under this subsection shall terminate on the date that is 10 years after the date of the enactment of this Act.
- (d) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this section shall be construed to alter the policies, processes, or practices of individual Federal agencies in effect on the day before the date of the enactment of this Act relating to the conduct of biomedical research and advanced development, including the solicitation and review of extramural research proposals.

### SEC. 10405. ADVISORY COMMITTEE.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The agency co-chair of the interagency committee established in section 10404 shall, in consultation with the Office of Science and Technology Policy, designate or establish an advisory committee on engineering biology research and development (in this section referred to as the "advisory committee") to be composed of not fewer than 12 members including representatives of research and academic institutions, industry, and nongovernmental entities, who are qualified to provide advice on the Initiative.
- (b) ASSESSMENT.—The advisory committee shall assess-
- (1) the current state of United States competitiveness in engineering biology, including the scope and scale of United States investments in engineering biology research and development in the international context;
- (2) current market barriers to commercialization of engineering biology products, processes, and tools in the United States;
- (3) progress made in implementing the Initia-
- (4) the need to revise the Initiative;
- (5) the balance of activities and funding across the Initiative;
- (6) whether the strategic plan developed or updated by the interagency committee established under section 10404 is helping to maintain United States leadership in engineering biology;
- whether ethical, legal, environmental, safety, security, and other appropriate societal issues are adequately addressed by the Initia-
- (c) Reports.—Beginning not later than 2 years after the date of enactment of this Act. and not less frequently than once every 5 years thereafter, the advisory committee shall submit to the President the Committee on Science Space, and Technology and the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives, and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate, a report on-
- (1) the findings of the advisory committee's assessment under subsection (b); and
- (2) the advisory committee's recommendations for ways to improve the Initiative.
- (d) APPLICATION OF FEDERAL ADVISORY COM-MITTEE ACT.—Section 14 of the Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App.) shall not apply to the Advisory Committee.
- (e) TERMINATION.—The advisory committee established under subsection (a) shall terminate on the date that is 10 years after the date of the enactment of this Act.

#### SEC. 10406. EXTERNAL REVIEW OF ETHICAL, ENVIRONMENTAL, SECURITY, AND SOCIETAL ISSUES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 6 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Director of the National Science Foundation shall seek to enter into an agreement with the National Academies of Sciences, Engineering, and Medicine to conduct a review, and make rec-

ommendations with respect to, the ethical, legal, environmental, safety, security, and other appropriate societal issues related to engineering biology research and development. The review shall include-

(1) an assessment of the current research on such issues;

(2) a description of the research gaps relating to such issues:

(3) recommendations on how the Initiative can address the research needs identified pursuant to paragraph (2); and

(4) recommendations on how researchers engaged in engineering biology can best incorporate considerations of ethical, legal, environmental, safety, security, and other societal issues into the development of research proposals and the conduct of research.

(b) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—The agreement entered into under subsection (a) shall require the National Academies of Sciences, Engineering, and Medicine to, not later than 2 years after the

date of the enactment of this Act-

(1) submit to the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation and the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate a report containing the findings and recommendations of the review conducted under subsection (a); and

(2) make a copy of such report available on a publicly accessible website.

### SEC. 10407. AGENCY ACTIVITIES.

- (a) NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION.—As part of the Initiative, the National Science Foundation shall-
- (1) support research in engineering biology biomanufacturing through individual grants, collaborative grants, and through interdisciplinary research centers;
- (2) support research on the environmental. legal, ethical, and social implications of engineering biology;
- (3) provide support for research instrumentation, equipment, and cuberinfrastructure for engineering biology disciplines, including support for research, development, optimization and validation of novel technologies to enable the dunamic study of molecular processes in situ:
- (4) support curriculum development and research experiences for secondary, undergraduate, and graduate students in engineering hiology and biomanufacturing, including through support for graduate fellowships and traineeships in engineering biology; and
- (5) award grants, on a competitive basis, to enable institutions to support graduate students and postdoctoral fellows who perform some of their engineering biology research in an industry setting.
  - (b) DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE.

(1) NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF STANDARDS AND TECHNOLOGY .- As part of the Initiative, the Director of the National Institute of Standards and Technology shall-

(A) establish a bioscience research program to advance the development of standard reference materials and measurements and to create new data tools, techniques, and processes necessary to advance engineering biology and biomanufacturing;

(B) provide access to user facilities with advanced or unique equipment, services, materials, and other resources to industry, institutions of higher education, nonprofit organizations, and government agencies to perform research and testing; and

(C) provide technical expertise to inform the potential development of guidelines or safequards for new products, processes, and systems of engineering biology.

(2) NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC AD-MINISTRATION.—As part of the initiative, the Administrator of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration shall-

(A) conduct and support research in omics and associated bioinformatic sciences and develop tools and products to improve ecosystem stewardship, monitoring, management, assessments and forecasts, consistent with the mission of the agency; and

- (B) collaborate with other agencies to understand potential environmental threats and safeguards related to engineering biology.
- (c) DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY.—As part of the Initiative, the Secretary of Energy shall—
- (1) conduct and support research, development, demonstration, and commercial application activities in engineering biology, including in the areas of synthetic biology, advanced biofuel and bioproduct development, biobased materials, and environmental remediation;
- (2) support the development, optimization and validation of novel, scalable tools and technologies to enable the dynamic study of molecular processes in situ;
- (3) provide access to user facilities with advanced or unique equipment, services, materials, and other resources, including secure access to high-performance computing, as appropriate, to industry, institutions of higher education, non-profit organizations, and government agencies to perform research and testing; and
- (4) strengthen collaboration between the Office of Science and the Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy Office to help transfer fundamental research results to industry and accelerate commercial applications.
- (d) NATIONAL ĀĒRONAUTICS AND SPACE AD-MINISTRATION.—As part of the Initiative, the National Aeronautics and Space Administration shall—
- (1) conduct and support research in engineering biology, including in synthetic biology, and related to Earth and space sciences, aeronautics, space technology, and space exploration and experimentation, consistent with the priorities established in the National Academies' decadal surveys: and
- (2) award grants, on a competitive basis, that enable institutions to support graduate students and postdoctoral fellows who perform some of their engineering biology research in an industry setting.
- (e) DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.—As part of the Initiative, the Secretary of Agriculture shall support research and development in engineering biology, including in synthetic biology and biomaterials, through the Agricultural Research Service, the National Institute of Food and Agricultural programs, and the Office of the Chief Scientist.
- (f) ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY.—As part of the Initiative, the Environmental Protection Agency shall support research on how products, processes, and systems of engineering biology will affect or can protect the environment.
- (g) DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES.—As part of the Initiative, the Secretary of Health and Human Services, as appropriate and consistent with activities of the Department of Health and Human Services in effect on the day before the date of the enactment of this Act. shall—
- (1) support research and development to advance the understanding and application of engineering biology for human health;
- (2) support relevant interdisciplinary research and coordination; and
- (3) support activities necessary to facilitate oversight of relevant emerging biotechnologies.

### SEC. 10408. RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.

Nothing in this title shall be construed to require public disclosure of information that is exempt from mandatory disclosure under section 552 of title 5, United States Code.

# TITLE V—BROADENING PARTICIPATION IN SCIENCE

# Subtitle A—STEM Opportunities

### SEC. 10501. FINDINGS.

The Congress finds the following:

(1) Many reports over the past decade have found that it is critical to our Nation's economic leadership and global competitiveness that the United States educates and trains more scientists and engineers.

(2) Research shows that women and minorities who are interested in STEM careers are disproportionately lost at nearly every educational transition and at every career milestone.

(3) The National Center for Science and Engineering Statistics at the National Science Foundation collects, compiles, analyzes, and publishes data on the demographics of STEM degrees and STEM jobs in the United States.

- (4) Women now earn nearly 37 percent of all STEM bachelor's degrees, but major variations persist among fields. In 2017, women earned only 20 percent of all bachelor's degrees awarded in engineering and 19 percent of bachelor's degrees awarded in computer sciences. Based on Bureau of Labor Statistics data, jobs in computing occupations are expected to account for nearly 60 percent of the projected annual growth of newly created STEM job openings from 2016 to 2026.
- (5) In 2017, underrepresented minority groups comprised 39 percent of the college-age population of the United States, but only 18 percent of students who earned bachelor's degrees in STEM fields. The Higher Education Research Institute at the University of California, Los Angeles, found that, while freshmen from underrepresented minority groups express an interest in pursuing a STEM undergraduate degree at the same rate as all other freshmen, only 22.1 percent of Latino students, 18.4 percent of African-American students, and 18.8 percent of Native American students studying in STEM fields complete their degree within 5 years, compared to approximately 33 percent of White students and 42 percent of Asian students who complete their degree within 5 years.
- (6) In some STEM fields, including the computer sciences, women persist at about the same rate through doctorate degrees. In other STEM fields, women persist through doctorate degrees at a lower rate. In mathematics, women earn just 26 percent of doctorate degrees compared with 42 percent of undergraduate degrees. Overall, women earned 38 percent of STEM doctorate degrees in 2016. The rate of minority students earning STEM doctorate degrees in physics is 9 percent, compared with 15 percent for bachelor's degree. Students from underrepresented minority groups accounted for only 11.5 percent of STEM doctorate degrees awarded in 2016.
- (7) The representation of women in STEM drops significantly from the doctorate degree level to the faculty level. Overall, women hold only 26 percent of all tenured and tenure-track positions and 27 percent of full professor positions in STEM fields in our Nation's universities and 4-year colleges. Black and Hispanic faculty together hold about 6.8 percent of all tenured and tenure-track positions and 7.5 percent of full professor positions. Many of the numbers in the American Indian or Alaskan Native and Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander categories for different faculty ranks were too small for the National Science Foundation to report publicly without potentially compromising confidential information about the individuals being surveyed.
- (8) The representation of women is especially low at our Nation's top research universities. Even in the biological sciences, in which women now earn more than 50 percent of the doctorates and passed the 25 percent level 37 years ago. women make up only 25 percent of the full professors at the approximately 100 most researchintensive universities in the United States. In the physical sciences and mathematics women make up only 11 percent of full professors, in computer sciences only 10 percent, and across engineering fields only 7 percent. The data suggest that approximately 6 percent of all tenuretrack STEM faculty members at the most research-intensive universities are from underrepresented minority groups, but in some fields the numbers are too small to report publicly.

(9) By 2050, underrepresented minorities will comprise 52 percent of the college-age popu-

lation of the United States. If the percentage of female students and students from underrepresented minority groups earning bachelor's degrees in STEM fields does not significantly increase, the United States will face an acute shortfall in the overall number of students who earn degrees in STEM fields just as United States companies are increasingly seeking students with those skills. With this impending shortfall, the United States will almost certainly lose its competitive edge in the 21st century global economu.

- (10) According to a 2014 Association for Women in Science survey of over 4,000 scientists across the globe, 70 percent of whom were men, STEM researchers face significant challenges in work-life integration. Researchers in the United States were among the most likely to experience a conflict between work and their personal life at least weekly. One-third of researchers surveyed said that ensuring good work-life integration has negatively impacted their careers, and, of researchers intending to leave their current job within the next year, 9 percent indicated it was because they were unable to balance work and life demands.
- (11) Female students and students from underrepresented minority groups at institutions of higher education who see few others "like themselves" among faculty and student populations often do not experience the social integration that is necessary for success in all disciplines, including STEM.
- (12) One in five children in the United States attend school in a rural community. The data shows that rural students are at a disadvantage with respect to STEM readiness. Among STEM-interested students, 17 percent of students in rural high schools and 18 percent of students in town-located high schools meet the ACT STEM Benchmark, compared with 33 percent of students in suburban high schools and 27 percent of students in urban high schools.
- (13) A substantial body of evidence establishes that most people hold implicit biases. Decades of cognitive psychology research reveal that most people carry prejudices of which they are unaware but that nonetheless play a large role in evaluations of people and their work. Unintentional biases and outmoded institutional structures are hindering the access and advancement of women, minorities, and other groups historically underrepresented in STEM.
- (14) Workshops held to educate faculty about unintentional biases have demonstrated success in raising awareness of such biases.
- (15) In 2012, the Office of Diversity and Equal Opportunity of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration (in this subtitle referred to as "NASA") completed a report that—
- (A) is specifically designed to help NASA grant recipients identify why the dearth of women in STEM fields continues and to ensure that it is not due to discrimination; and
- (B) provides guidance that is usable by all institutions of higher education receiving significant Federal research funding on how to conduct meaningful self-evaluations of campus culture and policies.
- (16) The Federal Government provides 55 percent of research funding at institutions of higher education and, through its grant-making policies, has had significant influence on institution of higher education policies, including policies related to institutional culture and structure.

### SEC. 10502. PURPOSES.

The purposes of this subtitle are as follows:

- (1) To ensure that Federal science agencies and institutions of higher education receiving Federal research and development funding are fully engaging the entire talent pool of the United States.
- (2) To promote research on, and increase understanding of, the participation and trajectories of women, minorities, and other groups historically underrepresented in STEM studies

and careers, including persons with disabilities, older learners, veterans, and rural, poor, and tribal populations, at institutions of higher education and Federal science agencies, including Federal laboratories.

(3) To raise awareness within Federal science agencies, including Federal laboratories, and institutions of higher education about cultural and institutional barriers limiting the recruitment, retention, promotion, and other indicators of participation and achievement of women, minorities, and other groups historically underrepresented in academic and Government STEM research careers at all levels.

(4) To identify, disseminate, and implement best practices at Federal science agencies, including Federal laboratories, and at institutions of higher education to remove or reduce cultural and institutional barriers limiting the recruitment, retention, and success of women, minorities, and other groups historically underrepresented in academic and Government STEM research careers.

(5) To provide grants to institutions of higher education to recruit, retain, and advance STEM faculty members from underrepresented minority groups and to implement or expand reforms in undergraduate STEM education in order to increase the number of students from underrepresented minority groups receiving degrees in these fields.

# SEC. 10503. FEDERAL SCIENCE AGENCY POLICIES FOR CAREGIVERS.

- (a) OSTP GUIDANCE.—Not later than 6 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Director, in consultation with relevant agencies, shall provide guidance to each Federal science agency to establish policies that—
- (1) apply to all—
- (A) research awards granted by such agency; and
- (B) principal investigators of such research and their trainees, including postdoctoral researchers and graduate students, who have caregiving responsibilities, including care for a newborn or newly adopted child and care for an immediate family member who is sick or disabled: and
  - (2) provide—
- (A) flexibility in timing for the initiation of approved research awards granted by such agency;
- (B) no-cost extensions of such research awards;
- (C) grant supplements, as appropriate, to research awards for research technicians or equivalent positions to sustain research activities conducted under such awards; and
- (D) any other appropriate accommodations at the discretion of the director of each such agency
- (b) UNIFORMITY OF GUIDANCE.—In providing guidance under subsection (a), the Director shall encourage uniformity and consistency in the policies established pursuant to such guidance across all Federal science agencies.
- (c) ESTABLISHMENT OF POLICIES.—Consistent with the guidance under subsection (a), Federal science agencies shall—
- (1) maintain or develop and implement policies for individuals described in paragraph (1)(B) of such subsection: and
- (2) broadly disseminate such policies to current and potential grantees.
- (d) DATA ON USAGE.—Federal science agencies shall—
- (1) collect data on the usage of the policies under subsection (c), by gender, at both institutions of higher education and Federal laboratories; and
- (2) report such data on an annual basis to the Director in such form as required by the Director.

# SEC. 10504. COLLECTION AND REPORTING OF DATA ON FEDERAL RESEARCH GRANTS.

- (a) COLLECTION OF DATA.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Each Federal science agency shall collect, as practicable, with respect to all

- applications for merit-reviewed research and development grants to institutions of higher education and Federal laboratories supported by that agency, the standardized record-level annual information on demographics, primary field, award type, institution type, review rating, budget request, funding outcome, and awarded budget.
- (2) UNIFORMITY AND STANDARDIZATION.—The Director, in consultation with the Director of the National Science Foundation, shall establish a policy to ensure uniformity and standardization of the data collection required under paragraph (1).
  - (3) RECORD-LEVEL DATA.—
- (A) REQUIREMENT.—Beginning not later than 2 years after the date of the enactment of this Act, and on an annual basis thereafter, each Federal science agency shall submit to the Director of the National Science Foundation record-level data collected under paragraph (1) in the form required by such Director.
- (B) PREVIOUS DATA.—As part of the first submission under subparagraph (A), each Federal science agency, to the extent practicable, shall also submit comparable record-level data for the 5 years preceding the date of such submission.
- (b) REPORTING OF DATA.—The Director of the National Science Foundation shall publish statistical summary data, as practicable, collected under this section, disaggregated and cross-tabulated by race, ethnicity, gender, and years since completion of doctoral degree, including in conjunction with the National Science Foundation's report required by section 37 of the Science and Technology Equal Opportunities Act (42 U.S.C. 1885d; Public Law 96–516).

# SEC. 10505. POLICIES FOR REVIEW OF FEDERAL RESEARCH GRANTS.

- (a) In General.—Each Federal science agency shall implement the policy recommendations with respect to reducing the impact of implicit bias at Federal science agencies and grantee institutions as developed by the Office of Science and Technology Policy in the 2016 report entitled "Reducing the Impact of Bias in the STEM Workforce" and any subsequent updates.
- (b) PILOT ACTIVITY.—In consultation with the National Science Foundation and consistent with policy recommendations referenced in subsection (a), each Federal science agency shall implement a 2-year pilot orientation activity for program officers and members of standing review committees to educate reviewers on research related to, and minimize the effects of, implicit bias in the review of extramural and intramural Federal research grants.
- (c) ESTABLISHMENT OF POLICIES.—Drawing upon lessons learned from the pilot activity under subsection (b), each Federal science agency shall maintain or develop and implement evidence-based policies and practices to minimize the effects of implicit bias in the review of extramural and intramural Federal research grants.
- (d) ASSESSMENT OF POLICIES.—Federal science agencies shall regularly assess, and amend as necessary, the policies and practices implemented pursuant to subsection (c) to ensure effective measures are in place to minimize the effects of implicit bias in the review of extramural and intramural Federal research grants.

#### SEC. 10506. COLLECTION OF DATA ON DEMO-GRAPHICS OF FACULTY.

- (a) COLLECTION OF DATA.
- (1) In GENERAL.—Not later than 3 years after the date of enactment of this Act, and at least every 5 years thereafter, the Director of the National Science Foundation shall carry out a survey to collect data from grantees on the demographics of STEM faculty, by broad fields of STEM, at different types of institutions of higher education.
- (2) CONSIDERATIONS.—To the extent practicable, the Director of the National Science Foundation shall consider, by gender, race, ethnicity, citizenship status, and years since completion of doctoral degree—

- (A) the number and percentage of faculty;
- (B) the number and percentage of faculty at each rank;
- (C) the number and percentage of faculty who are in nontenure-track positions, including teaching and research;
- (D) the number and percentage of faculty who are reviewed for promotion, including tenure, and the percentage of that number who are promoted, including being awarded tenure;
  - (E) faculty years in rank;
- (F) the number and percentage of faculty to leave tenure-track positions;
- (G) the number and percentage of faculty hired, by rank; and
- (H) the number and percentage of faculty in leadership positions.
- (b) EXISTING SURVEYS.—The Director of the National Science Foundation, may, in modifying or expanding existing Federal surveys of higher education (as necessary)—
- (1) take into account the considerations under subsection (a)(2) by collaborating with statistical centers at other Federal agencies; or
- (2) award a grant or contract to an institution of higher education or other nonprofit organization to take such considerations into account.
- (c) REPORTING DATA.—The Director of the National Science Foundation shall publish statistical summary data collected under this section, including as part of the National Science Foundation's report required by section 37 of the Science and Technology Equal Opportunities Act (42 U.S.C. 1885d; Public Law 96–516).
- (d) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— There are authorized to be appropriated to the Director of the National Science Foundation \$3,000,000 in each of fiscal years 2022 through 2024 to develop and carry out the initial survey required under subsection (a).

#### SEC. 10507. CULTURAL AND INSTITUTIONAL BAR-RIERS TO EXPANDING THE ACA-DEMIC AND FEDERAL STEM WORK-FORCE.

- (a) Best Practices at Institutions of Higher Education and Federal Laboratories.—
- (1) DEVELOPMENT OF GUIDANCE.—Not later than 12 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Director, in consultation with the interagency working group on inclusion in STEM, shall develop written guidance for institutions of higher education and Federal laboratories on the best practices for—
- (A) conducting periodic climate surveys of STEM departments and divisions, with a particular focus on identifying any cultural or institutional barriers to the recruitment, retention, or advancement of women, racial and ethnic minorities, and other groups historically underrepresented in STEM studies and careers; and
- (B) providing educational opportunities, including workshops as described in subsection (b), for STEM faculty, research personnel, and administrators to learn about current research on implicit bias in recruitment, evaluation, and promotion of undergraduate and graduate students and research personnel.
- (2) EXISTING GUIDANCE.—In developing the guidance under paragraph (1), the Director shall utilize guidance already developed by Federal science agencies.
- (3) DISSEMINATION OF GUIDANCE.—Federal science agencies shall broadly disseminate the guidance developed under paragraph (1) to institutions of higher education that receive Federal research funding and Federal laboratories.
- (4) ESTABLISHMENT OF POLICIES.—Consistent with the guidance developed under paragraph (1)—
- (A) the Director of the National Science Foundation shall develop a policy that—
- (i) applies to, at a minimum, doctoral degree granting institutions that receive Federal research funding; and
- (ii) requires each such institution, not later than 3 years after the date of enactment of this Act, to report to the Director of the National Science Foundation on activities and policies

developed and implemented based on the guidance developed under paragraph (1); and

(B) each Federal science agency with a Federal laboratory shall maintain or develop and implement practices and policies for the purposes described in paragraph (1) for such laboratory.

- (b) Workshops To Address Cultural Barriers to Expanding the Academic and Federal STEM Workforce.—
- (1) In GENERAL.—Not later than 6 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Director, in consultation with the interagency working group on inclusion in STEM, shall recommend a uniform policy for Federal science agencies to carry out a program of workshops that educate STEM department chairs at institutions of higher education, senior managers at Federal laboratories, and other federally funded researchers about methods that minimize the effects of implicit bias in the career advancement, including hiring, tenure, promotion, and selection for any honor based in part on the recipient's research record, of academic and Federal STEM researchers.
- (2) Interagency coordination.—The Director shall, to the extent practicable, ensure that workshops supported under this subsection are coordinated across Federal science agencies and jointly supported as appropriate.
- (3) MINIMIZING COSTS.—To the extent practicable, workshops shall be held in conjunction with national or regional STEM disciplinary meetings to minimize costs associated with participant travel.
- (4) PRIORITY FIELDS FOR ACADEMIC PARTICIPANTS.—In considering the participation of STEM department chairs and other academic researchers, the Director shall prioritize workshops for the broad fields of STEM in which the national rate of representation of women among tenured or tenure-track faculty or nonfaculty researchers at doctorate-granting institutions of higher education is less than 25 percent, according to the most recent data available from the National Center for Science and Engineering Statistics.
- (5) ORGANIZATIONS ELIGIBLE TO CARRY OUT WORKSHOPS.—A Federal science agency may carry out the program of workshops under this subsection by making grants to organizations made eligible by the Federal science agency and any of the following organizations:
- (A) Nonprofit scientific and professional societies and organizations that represent one or more STEM disciplines.
- (B) Nonprofit organizations that have the primary mission of advancing the participation of women, minorities, or other groups historically underrepresented in STEM.
- (6) Characteristics of workshops.—The workshops shall have the following characteristics:
- (A) Invitees to workshops shall include at least—  $\,$
- (i) the chairs of departments in the relevant STEM discipline or disciplines from doctoral degree granting institutions that receive Federal research funding; and
- (ii) in the case of Federal laboratories, individuals with personnel management responsibilities comparable to those of an institution of higher education department chair.
- (B) Activities at the workshops shall include research presentations and interactive discussions or other activities that increase the awareness of the existence of implicit bias in recruitment, hiring, tenure review, promotion, and other forms of formal recognition of individual achievement for faculty and other federally funded STEM researchers and shall provide strategies to overcome such bias.
- (C) Research presentations and other workshop programs, as appropriate, shall include a discussion of the unique challenges faced by different underrepresented groups, including minority women, minority men, persons from rural and underserved areas, persons with disabilities,

gender and sexual minority individuals, and first generation graduates in research.

- (D) Workshop programs shall include information on best practices for mentoring undergraduate, graduate, and postdoctoral women, minorities, and other students from groups historically underrepresented in STEM.
- (7) DATA ON WORKSHOPS.—Any proposal for funding by an organization seeking to carry out a workshop under this subsection shall include a description of how such organization will—
- (A) collect data on the rates of attendance by invitees in workshops, including information on the home institution and department of attendees, and the rank of faculty attendees;

(B) conduct attitudinal surveys on workshop attendees before and after the workshops: and

(C) collect follow-up data on any relevant institutional policy or practice changes reported by attendees not later than 1 year after attendance in such a workshop.

- ance in such a workshop.
  (8) REPORT TO NSF.—Organizations receiving funding to carry out workshops under this subsection shall report the data required in paragraph (7) to the Director of the National Science Foundation in such form as required by such Director.
- (c) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—Not later than 4 years after the date of enactment of this Act, the Director of the National Science Foundation shall submit a report to Congress that includes—
- (1) a summary and analysis of the types and frequency of activities and policies developed and carried out under subsection (a) based on the reports submitted under paragraph (4) of such subsection: and
- (2) a description and evaluation of the status and effectiveness of the program of workshops required under subsection (b), including a summary of any data reported under paragraph (8) of such subsection.
- (d) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— There are authorized to be appropriated to the Director of the National Science Foundation \$1,000,000 in each of fiscal years 2022 through 2026 to carry out this section.

#### SEC. 10508. RESEARCH AND DISSEMINATION AT THE NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDA-TION.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The Director of the National Science Foundation shall award research grants and carry out dissemination activities consistent with the purposes of this subtitle, including—
- (1) research grants to analyze the record-level data collected under section 10504 and section 10506, consistent with policies to ensure the privacy of individuals identifiable by such data;
- (2) research grants to study best practices for work-life accommodation:
- (3) research grants to study the impact of policies and practices that are implemented under this subtitle or that are otherwise consistent with the purposes of this subtitle;
- (4) collaboration with other Federal science agencies and professional associations to exchange best practices, harmonize work-life accommodation policies and practices, and overcome common barriers to work-life accommodation; and
- (5) collaboration with institutions of higher education in order to clarify and catalyze the adoption of a coherent and consistent set of work-life accommodation policies and practices.
- (b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— There are authorized to be appropriated to the Director of the National Science Foundation \$5,000,000 in each of fiscal years 2022 through 2026 to carry out this section.

# SEC. 10509. RESEARCH AND RELATED ACTIVITIES TO EXPAND STEM OPPORTUNITIES.

- (a) NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION SUPPORT FOR INCREASING DIVERSITY AMONG STEM FACULTY AT INSTITUTIONS OF HIGHER EDUCATION.—Section 305 of the American Innovation and Competitiveness Act (42 U.S.C. 1862s—5) is amended—
- (1) by redesignating subsections (e) and (f) as subsections (f) and (g), respectively; and

- (2) by inserting after subsection (d) the following:
- "(e) Support for Increasing Diversity Among STEM Faculty at Institutions of Higher Education.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Director of the Foundation shall award grants to institutions of higher education (or consortia thereof) for the development and assessment of innovative reform efforts designed to increase the recruitment, retention, and advancement of individuals from underrepresented minority groups in academic STEM careers.
- "(2) MERIT REVIEW; COMPETITION.—Grants shall be awarded under this subsection on a merit-reviewed, competitive basis.

"(3) USE OF FUNDS.—Activities supported by grants under this subsection may include—

"(A) institutional assessment activities, such as data analyses and policy review, in order to identify and address specific issues in the recruitment, retention, and advancement of faculty members from underrepresented minority groups:

"(B) implementation of institution-wide improvements in workload distribution, such that faculty members from underrepresented minority groups are not disadvantaged in the amount of time available to focus on research, publishing papers, and engaging in other activities required to achieve tenure status and run a productive research program;

"(C) development and implementation of training courses for administrators and search committee members to ensure that candidates from underrepresented minority groups are not subject to implicit biases in the search and hiring process:

ing process;
"(D) development and hosting of intra- or inter-institutional workshops to propagate best practices in recruiting, retaining, and advancing faculty members from underrepresented minority groups;

"(E) professional development opportunities for faculty members from underrepresented minority groups;

"(F) activities aimed at making undergraduate STEM students from underrepresented minority groups aware of opportunities for aca-

demic careers in STEM fields;
"(G) activities to identify and engage exceptional graduate students and postdoctoral researchers from underrepresented minority groups at various stages of their studies and to

encourage them to enter academic careers; and "(H) other activities consistent with paragraph (1), as determined by the Director of the Foundation.

"(4) SELECTION PROCESS.—

- (4) SELECTION FACESS.—

  "(A) APPLICATION.—An institution of higher education (or a consortium of such institutions) seeking funding under this subsection shall submit an application to the Director of the Foundation at such time, in such manner, and containing such information and assurances as such Director may require. The application shall include, at a minimum, a description of—
- "(i) the reform effort that is being proposed for implementation by the institution of higher education;
- "(ii) any available evidence of specific difficulties in the recruitment, retention, and advancement of faculty members from underrepresented minority groups in STEM academic careers within the institution of higher education submitting an application, and how the proposed reform effort would address such issues;

"(iii) how the institution of higher education submitting an application plans to sustain the proposed reform effort beyond the duration of the grant; and

"(iv) how the success and effectiveness of the proposed reform effort will be evaluated and assessed in order to contribute to the national knowledge base about models for catalyzing institutional change.

"(B) REVIEW OF APPLICATIONS.—In selecting grant recipients under this subsection, the Director of the Foundation shall consider, at a minimum—

"(i) the likelihood of success in undertaking the proposed reform effort at the institution of higher education submitting the application, including the extent to which the administrators of the institution are committed to making the proposed reform effort a priority;

"(ii) the degree to which the proposed reform effort will contribute to change in institutional culture and policy such that greater value is placed on the recruitment, retention, and advancement of faculty members from underrepresented minority groups;

"(iii) the likelihood that the institution of higher education will sustain or expand the proposed reform effort beyond the period of the grant; and

"(iv) the degree to which evaluation and assessment plans are included in the design of the proposed reform effort.

"(C) GRANT DISTRIBUTION.—The Director of the Foundation shall ensure, to the extent practicable, that grants awarded under this section are made to a variety of types of institutions of higher education.

"(5) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this subsection \$8,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2022 through 2026."

(b) NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION SUPPORT FOR BROADENING PARTICIPATION IN UNDERGRADUATE STEM EDUCATION.—Section 305 of the American Innovation and Competitiveness Act (42 U.S.C. 1862s-5), as amended by subsection (b), is further amended by inserting after subsection (e) the following:

"(f) SUPPORT FOR BROADENING PARTICIPATION IN UNDERGRADUATE STEM EDUCATION.—

- "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Director of the Foundation shall award grants to institutions of higher education (or a consortium of such institutions) to implement or expand research-based reforms in undergraduate STEM education for the purpose of recruiting and retaining students from minority groups who are underrepresented in STEM fields.
- "(2) MERIT REVIEW; COMPETITION.—Grants shall be awarded under this subsection on a merit-reviewed, competitive basis.
- "(3) USE OF FUNDS.—Activities supported by grants under this subsection may include—
- "(A) implementation or expansion of innovative, research-based approaches to broaden participation of underrepresented minority groups in STEM fields;
- "(B) implementation or expansion of bridge, cohort, tutoring, or mentoring programs, including those involving community colleges and technical schools, designed to enhance the recruitment and retention of students from underrepresented minority groups in STEM fields;
- "(C) implementation or expansion of outreach programs linking institutions of higher education and K-12 school systems in order to heighten awareness among pre-college students from underrepresented minority groups of opportunities in college-level STEM fields and STEM careers:

"(D) implementation or expansion of faculty development programs focused on improving retention of undergraduate STEM students from underrepresented minority groups;

"(E) implementation or expansion of mechanisms designed to recognize and reward faculty members who demonstrate a commitment to increasing the participation of students from underrepresented minority groups in STEM fields;

"(F) expansion of successful reforms aimed at increasing the number of STEM students from underrepresented minority groups beyond a single course or group of courses to achieve reform within an entire academic unit, or expansion of successful reform efforts beyond a single academic unit or field to other STEM academic units or fields within an institution of higher education:

"(G) expansion of opportunities for students from underrepresented minority groups to con-

duct STEM research in industry, at Federal labs, and at international research institutions or research sites:

"(H) provision of stipends for students from underrepresented minority groups participating in research;

"(I) development of research collaborations between research-intensive universities and primarily undergraduate minority-serving institutions:

"(J) support for graduate students and postdoctoral fellows from underrepresented minority groups to participate in instructional or assessment activities at primarily undergraduate institutions, including primarily undergraduate minority-serving institutions and 2-year institutions of higher education; and

"(K) other activities consistent with paragraph (1), as determined by the Director of the Foundation.

"(4) SELECTION PROCESS.—

"(A) APPLICATION.—An institution of higher education (or a consortia thereof) seeking a grant under this subsection shall submit an application to the Director of the Foundation at such time, in such manner, and containing such information and assurances as such Director may require. The application shall include, at a minimum—

"(i) a description of the proposed reform effort;

"(ii) a description of the research findings that will serve as the basis for the proposed reform effort or, in the case of applications that propose an expansion of a previously implemented reform, a description of the previously implemented reform effort, including data about the recruitment, retention, and academic achievement of students from underrepresented minority groups;

"(iii) evidence of an institutional commitment to, and support for, the proposed reform effort, including a long-term commitment to implement successful strategies from the current reform beyond the academic unit or units included in the grant proposal:

"(iv) a description of existing or planned institutional policies and practices regarding faculty hiring, promotion, tenure, and teaching assignment that reward faculty contributions to improving the education of students from underrepresented minority groups in STEM; and

"(v) how the success and effectiveness of the proposed reform effort will be evaluated and assessed in order to contribute to the national knowledge base about models for catalyzing institutional change.

"(B) REVIEW OF APPLICATIONS.—In selecting grant recipients under this subsection, the Director of the Foundation shall consider, at a minimum—

"(i) the likelihood of success of the proposed reform effort at the institution submitting the application, including the extent to which the faculty, staff, and administrators of the institution are committed to making the proposed institutional reform a priority of the participating academic unit or units;

"(ii) the degree to which the proposed reform effort will contribute to change in institutional culture and policy such that greater value is placed on faculty engagement in the retention of students from underrepresented minority groups;

"(iii) the likelihood that the institution will sustain or expand the proposed reform effort beyond the period of the grant; and

"(iv) the degree to which evaluation and assessment plans are included in the design of the proposed reform effort.

"(C) GRANT DISTRIBUTION.—The Director of the Foundation shall ensure, to the extent practicable, that grants awarded under this subsection are made to a variety of types of institutions of higher education, including 2-year and minority-serving institutions of higher education.

'(5) EDUCATION RESEARCH.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—All grants made under this subsection shall include an education research component that will support the design and implementation of a system for data collection and evaluation of proposed reform efforts in order to build the knowledge base on promising models for increasing recruitment and retention of students from underrepresented minority groups in STEM education at the undergraduate level across a diverse set of institutions.

"(B) DISSEMINATION.—The Director of the Foundation shall coordinate with relevant Federal agencies in disseminating the results of the research under this paragraph to ensure that best practices in broadening participation in STEM education at the undergraduate level are made readily available to all institutions of higher education, other Federal agencies that support STEM programs, non-Federal funders of STEM education, and the general public.

"(6) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this subsection \$15,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2022 through 2026."

# SEC. 10510. TRIBAL COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES PROGRAM.

(a) Grants to Broaden Tribal College and University Student Participation in Computer Science.—Section 525 of the America COMPETES Reauthorization Act of 2010 (42 U.S.C. 1862p-13) is amended by inserting after subsection (c) the following:

"(d) GRANTS TO BROADEN TRIBAL COLLEGE
AND UNIVERSITY STUDENT PARTICIPATION IN

COMPUTER SCIENCE.

"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Director, as part of the program authorized under this section, shall award grants on a competitive, merit-reviewed basis to eligible entities to increase the participation of tribal populations in computer science and computational thinking education programs to enable students to develop skills and competencies in coding, problem-solving, critical thinking, creativity and collaboration.

"(2) Purpose.—Grants awarded under this subsection shall support—

"(A) research and development needed to bring computer science and computational thinking courses and degrees to tribal colleges

and universities;

"(B) research and development of instructional materials needed to integrate computer science and computational thinking into programs that are culturally relevant to students attending tribal colleges and universities;

"(C) research, development and evaluation of distance education for computer science and computational thinking courses and degree programs for students attending tribal colleges and universities; and

"(D) other activities consistent with the activities described in paragraphs (1) through (4) of subsection (b), as determined by the Director.

"(3) Partnerships.—A tribal college or university seeking a grant under this subsection, or a consortia thereof, may partner with an institution of higher education or nonprofit organization with demonstrated expertise in academic program development.

"(4) COORDINATION.—In carrying out this subsection, the Director shall consult and cooperate with the programs and policies of other relevant Federal agencies to avoid duplication with and enhance the effectiveness of the program under this subsection.

"(5) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— There are authorized to be appropriated to the Director of the Foundation \$2,000,000 in each of fiscal years 2022 through 2026 to carry out this subsection."

(b) EVALUATION.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 2 years after the date of enactment of this Act, the Director of the National Science Foundation shall evaluate the grant program authorized under section 525 of the America COMPETES Reauthorization Act of 2010 (42 U.S.C. 1862p–13), as amended.

(2) REQUIREMENTS.—In conducting the evaluation under paragraph (1), the Director of the National Science Foundation shall, as prac-

- (A) use a common set of benchmarks and assessment tools to identify best practices and materials developed or demonstrated by the research conducted pursuant to grants programs under section 525 of the America COMPETES Reauthorization Act of 2010 (42 U.S.C. 1862p-
- (B) include an assessment of the effectiveness of such grant programs in expanding access to high quality STEM education, research, and outreach at tribal colleges and universities, as applicable;

(C) assess the number of students who participated in such grant programs; and

(D) assess the percentage of students participating in such grant programs who successfully complete their education programs.

(3) REPORT.—Not later than 180 days after the date on which the evaluation under paragraph (1) is completed, the Director of the National Science Foundation shall submit to Congress and make available to the public, a report on the results of the evaluation, including any recommendations for legislative action that could optimize the effectiveness of the grant program authorized under section 525 of the America COMPETES Reauthorization Act of 2010, as amended by subsection (a).

#### SEC. 10511. REPORT TO CONGRESS.

Not later than 4 years after the date of enactment of this Act, the Director shall submit a report to Congress that includes

(1) a description and evaluation of the status and usage of policies implemented pursuant to section 10503 at all Federal science agencies, including any recommendations for revising or expanding such policies;

(2) with respect to efforts to minimize the effects of implicit bias in the review of extramural and intramural Federal research grants under section 10505-

(A) what steps all Federal science agencies have taken to implement policies and practices to minimize such effects;

(B) a description of any significant updates to the policies for review of Federal research arants required under such section; and

(C) any evidence of the impact of such policies on the review or awarding of Federal research grants; and

(3) a description and evaluation of the status of institution of higher education and Federal laboratory policies and practices required under section 10507(a), including any recommendations for revising or expanding such policies.

### SEC. 10512. MERIT REVIEW.

Nothing in this subtitle shall be construed as altering any intellectual or broader impacts criteria at Federal science agencies for evaluating grant applications.

#### SEC. 10513. DETERMINATION OF BUDGETARY EF-FECTS.

The budgetary effects of this subtitle, for the purpose of complying with the Statutory Pay-As-You-Go Act of 2010, shall be determined by reference to the latest statement titled "Budgetary Effects of PAYGO Legislation" subtitle, submitted for printing in the Congressional Record by the Chairman of the House Budget Committee, provided that such statement has been submitted prior to the vote on passage. SEC. 10514. DEFINITIONS.

In this subtitle:

- (1) DIRECTOR.—The term "Director" means the Director of the Office of Science and Technology Policu.
- (2) FEDERAL LABORATORY.—The term "Federal laboratory" has the meaning given such term in section 4 of the Stevenson-Wydler Technology Innovation Act of 1980 (15 U.S.C. 3703).
- (3) FEDERAL SCIENCE AGENCY.—The term "Federal science agency" means any Federal agency with an annual extramural research expenditure of over \$100,000,000.
- (4) Institution of higher education.—The term "institution of higher education" has the

meaning given such term in section 101(a) of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001(a))

(5) Interagency working group on inclu-SION IN STEM.—The term "interagency working group on inclusion in STEM" means the interagency working group established by section 308 of the American Innovation and Competitiveness Act (42 U.S.C. 6626).
(6) STEM.—The term "STEM" means science,

technology, engineering, and mathematics, including computer science.

### Subtitle B-Rural STEM Education Research SEC. 10521. FINDINGS.

Congress finds the following:

(1) The supply of STEM workers is not keeping pace with the rapidly evolving needs of the public and private sector, resulting in a deficit often referred to as a STEM skills shortage.

(2) According to the Bureau of Labor Statistics, the United States will need one million ad $ditional\ STEM\ professionals\ than\ it\ is\ on\ track$ to produce in the coming decade.

(3) Many STEM occupations offer higher wages, more opportunities for advancement, and a higher degree of job security than non-STEM

(4) The 60.000,000 individuals in the United States who live in rural settings are significantly under-represented in STEM.

(5) According to the National Center for Education Statistics, nine million students in the United States—nearly 20 percent of the total K-12 population—attend rural schools, and for reasons ranging from teacher quality to shortages of resources, these students often have fewer opportunities for high-quality STEM learning than their peers in the Nation's urban and suburban schools.

(6) Rural areas represent one of the most promising, yet underutilized, opportunities for STEM education to impact workforce development and regional innovation, including agriculture.

(7) The study of agriculture, food, and natural resources involves biology, engineering. physics, chemistry, math, geology, computer science, and other scientific fields.

(8) Employment in computer and information technology occupations is projected to grow 11 percent from 2019 to 2029. To help meet this demand, it is important rural students have the opportunity to acquire computing skills through exposure to computer science learning in grades Pre-K through 12 and in informal learning set-

(9) More than 293,000,000 individuals in the United States use high-speed broadband to work, learn, access healthcare, and operate their businesses, while 19,000,000 individuals in the United States still lack access to high-speed broadband. Rural areas are hardest hit with over 26 percent of individuals in rural areas in the United States lacking access to high-speed broadband compared to 1.7 percent of individuals in urban areas in the United States.

#### SEC. 10522. NIST ENGAGEMENT WITH RURAL COM-MUNITIES.

(a) MEP OUTREACH.—Section 25 of the National Institute of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 278k) is amended—

(1) in subsection (c)-

(A) in paragraph (6), by striking "community colleges and area career and technical education schools" and inserting the following: 'secondary schools (as defined in section 8101 of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 7801)) community colleges and area career and technical education schools, including those in underserved and rural communities,"; and

(B) in paragraph (7)-

(i) by striking "and local colleges" and inserting the following: "local high schools and local colleges, including those in underserved and rural communities,"; and
(ii) by inserting "or other applied learning op-

portunities" after "apprenticeships"; and

- (2) in subsection (d)(3) by striking ", community colleges, and area career and technical education schools," and inserting the following: "and local high schools, community colleges, and area career and technical education schools, including those in underserved and rural communities,
- (b) RURAL CONNECTIVITY PRIZE COMPETI-TION.-
- (1) PRIZE COMPETITION.—Pursuant to section 24 of the Stevenson-Wydler Technology Innovation Act of 1980 (15 U.S.C. 3719), the Secretary of Commerce, acting through the Under Secretary of Commerce for Standards and Technology (referred to in this subsection as the "Secretary"), shall, subject to appropriations, carry out a program to award prizes competitively to stimulate research and development of creative technologies in order to deploy affordable and reliable broadband connectivity to underserved rural communities.
- (2) PLAN FOR DEPLOYMENT IN RURAL COMMU-NITIES.—Each proposal submitted pursuant to paragraph (1) shall include a plan for deployment of the technology that is the subject of such proposal in an underserved rural communitu
- (3) PRIZE AMOUNT.—In carrying out the program under paragraph (1), the Secretary may award not more than a total of \$5,000,000 to one or more winners of the prize competition.
- (4) REPORT.—Not later than 60 days after the date on which a prize is awarded under the prize competition, the Secretary shall submit to the relevant committees of Congress a report that describes the winning proposal of the prize competition.
- (5) Consultation.—In carrying out the program under subsection (a), the Secretary may consult with the heads of relevant departments and agencies of the Federal Government.

#### SEC. 10523. NITR-D BROADBAND WORKING GROUP.

Title I of the High-Performance Computing Act of 1991 (15 U.S.C. 5511 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following:

#### "SEC. 103. BROADBAND RESEARCH AND DEVEL-OPMENT WORKING GROUP.

- '(a) In General —The Director shall establish a broadband research and development working group to address national research challenges and opportunities for improving broadband access and adoption across the United States.
- "(b) ACTIVITIES.—The working group shall identify and coordinate key research priorities for addressing broadband access and adoption, including-
- "(1) promising research areas;
- "(2) requirements for data collection and
- "(3) opportunities for better alignment and coordination across Federal agencies and external stakeholders; and
- "(4) input on the development of new Federal policies and programs to enhance data collection and research.
- "(c) COORDINATION.—The working group shall coordinate, as appropriate, with the Rural Broadband Integration Working Group established under section 6214 of the Agriculture Improvement Act of 2018 (Public Law 115-334) and the National Institute of Food and Agriculture of the Department of Agriculture.
- '(d) REPORT.—The working group shall report to Congress on their activities as part of the annualreport submittedunder section 101(a)(2)(D).
- '(e) SUNSET.—The authority to carry out this section shall terminate on the date that is 5 years after the date of enactment of the America COMPETES Act of 2022."

#### SEC. 10524. NATIONAL ACADEMY OF SCIENCES EVALUATION.

(a) STUDY.—Not later than 12 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Director shall enter into an agreement with the National Academy of Sciences under which the National Academy agrees to conduct an evaluation and assessment that—

- (1) evaluates the quality and quantity of current Federal programming and research directed at examining STEM education for students in grades Pre-K through 12 and workforce development in rural areas;
- (2) assesses the impact of the scarcity of broadband connectivity in rural communities has on STEM and technical literacy for students in grades Pre-K through 12 in rural areas;
- (3) assesses the core research and data needed to understand the challenges rural areas are facing in providing quality STEM education and workforce development; and
- (4) makes recommendations for action at the Federal, State, and local levels for improving STEM education for students in grades Pre-K through 12 and workforce development in rural areas.
- (b) REPORT TO DIRECTOR.—The agreement entered into under subsection (a) shall require the National Academy of Sciences, not later than 24 months after the date of enactment of this Act, to submit to the Director a report on the study conducted under such subsection, including the National Academy's findings and recommendations.
- (c) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— There are authorized to be appropriated to the Director to carry out this section \$1,000,000 for fiscal year 2022.

#### SEC. 10525. GAO REVIEW.

Not later than 3 years after the date of enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General of the United States shall conduct a study on the engagement of rural populations in Federal STEM programs and submit to Congress a report that includes—

- (1) an assessment of how Federal STEM education programs are serving rural populations;
- (2) a description of initiatives carried out by Federal agencies that are targeted at supporting STEM education in rural areas;
- (3) an assessment of what is known about the impact and effectiveness of Federal investments in STEM education programs that are targeted to rural areas; and
- (4) an assessment of challenges that state and Federal STEM education programs face in reaching rural population centers.

# SEC. 10526. CAPACITY BUILDING THROUGH EPSCOR.

Section 517(f)(2) of the America COMPETES Reauthorization Act of 2010 (42 U.S.C. 1862p–9(f)(2)) is amended—

- (1) in subparagraph (A), by striking "and" at the end; and
- (2) by adding at the end the following:
- "(C) to increase the capacity of rural communities to provide quality STEM education and STEM workforce development programming to students, and teachers; and".

# SEC. 10527. NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION RURAL STEM RESEARCH ACTIVITIES.

- (a) PREPARING RURAL STEM EDUCATORS.—
- (1) In GENERAL.—The Director shall provide grants on a merit-reviewed, competitive basis to institutions of higher education or nonprofit organizations (or a consortium thereof) for research and development to advance innovative approaches to support and sustain high-quality STEM teaching in rural schools.
  - (2) Use of funds.—
- (A) In GENERAL.—Grants awarded under this section shall be used for the research and development activities referred to in paragraph (1), which may include—
- (i) engaging rural educators of students in grades Pre-K through 12 in professional learning opportunities to enhance STEM knowledge, including computer science, and develop best practices;
- (ii) supporting research on effective STEM teaching practices in rural settings, including the use of rubrics and mastery-based grading

practices to assess student performance when employing the transdisciplinary teaching approach for STEM disciplines;

(iii) designing and developing pre-service and in-service training resources to assist such rural educators in adopting transdisciplinary teaching practices across STEM courses;

(iv) coordinating with local partners to adapt STEM teaching practices to leverage local natural and community assets in order to support in-place learning in rural areas;

(v) providing hands-on training and research opportunities for rural educators described in clause (i) at Federal Laboratories, institutions of higher education, or in industry;

(vi) developing training and best practices for educators who teach multiple grade levels within a STEM discipline;

(vii) designing and implementing professional development courses and experiences, including mentoring, for rural educators described in clause (i) that combine face-to-face and online experiences; and

(viii) any other activity the Director determines will accomplish the goals of this subsection.

(B) RURAL STEM COLLABORATIVE.—The Director may establish a pilot program of regional cohorts in rural areas that will provide peer support, mentoring, and hands-on research experiences for rural STEM educators of students in grades Pre-K through 12, in order to build an ecosystem of cooperation among educators, researchers, academia, and local industry.

(b) BROADENING PARTICIPATION OF RURAL STUDENTS IN STEM.—

- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Director shall provide grants on a merit-reviewed, competitive basis to institutions of higher education or nonprofit organizations (or a consortium thereof) for—
- (A) research and development of programming to identify the barriers rural students face in accessing high-quality STEM education; and
- (B) development of innovative solutions to improve the participation and advancement of rural students in grades Pre-K through 12 in STEM studies.
- (2) Use of funds.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—Grants awarded under this section shall be used for the research and development activities referred to in paragraph (1), which may include—
- (i) developing partnerships with community colleges to offer advanced STEM course work, including computer science, to rural high school students:
- (ii) supporting research on effective STEM practices in rural settings;
- (iii) implementing a school-wide STEM approach;
- (iv) improving the National Science Foundation's Advanced Technology Education program's coordination and engagement with rural communities;
- (v) collaborating with existing community partners and networks, such as the cooperative research and extension services of the Department of Agriculture and youth serving organizations like 4-H, after school STEM programs, and summer STEM programs, to leverage community resources and develop place-based programming;

(vi) connecting rural school districts and institutions of higher education, to improve precollegiate STEM education and engagement;

(vii) supporting partnerships that offer handson inquiry-based science activities, including coding, and access to lab resources for students studying STEM in grades Pre-K through 12 in a rural area:

(viii) evaluating the role of broadband connectivity and its associated impact on the STEM and technology literacy of rural students;

(ix) building capacity to support extracurricular STEM programs in rural schools, including mentor-led engagement programs, STEM programs held during nonschool hours, STEM networks, makerspaces, coding activities, and competitions; and

- (x) any other activity the Director determines will accomplish the goals of this subsection.
- (c) APPLICATION.—An applicant seeking a grant under subsection (a) or (b) shall submit an application at such time, in such manner, and containing such information as the Director may require. The application may include the following:
- (1) A description of the target population to be served by the research activity or activities for which such grant is sought.
- (2) A description of the process for recruitment and selection of students, educators, or schools from rural areas to participate in such activity or activities.
- (3) A description of how such activity or activities may inform efforts to promote the engagement and achievement of rural students in grades Pre-K through 12 in STEM studies.
- (4) In the case of a proposal consisting of a partnership or partnerships with one or more rural schools and one or more researchers, a plan for establishing a sustained partnership that is jointly developed and managed, draws from the capacities of each partner, and is mutually beneficial.
- (d) PARTNERSHIPS.—In awarding grants under subsection (a) or (b), the Director shall—
- (1) encourage applicants which, for the purpose of the activity or activities funded through the grant, include or partner with a nonprofit organization or an institution of higher education (or a consortium thereof) that has extensive experience and expertise in increasing the participation of rural students in grades Pre-K through 12 in STEM:
- (2) encourage applicants which, for the purpose of the activity or activities funded through the grant, include or partner with a consortium of rural schools or rural school districts; and
- (3) encourage applications which, for the purpose of the activity or activities funded through the grant, include commitments from school principals and administrators to making reforms and activities proposed by the applicant a priority.
- (e) EVALUATIONS.—All proposals for grants under subsections (a) and (b) shall include an evaluation plan that includes the use of outcome oriented measures to assess the impact and efficacy of the grant. Each recipient of a grant under this section shall include results from these evaluative activities in annual and final projects.
  - (f) ACCOUNTABILITY AND DISSEMINATION.—
- (1) EVALUATION REQUIRED.—The Director shall evaluate the portfolio of grants awarded under subsections (a) and (b). Such evaluation shall—
- (A) use a common set of benchmarks and tools to assess the results of research conducted under such grants and identify best practices; and
- (B) to the extent practicable, integrate the findings of research resulting from the activity or activities funded through such grants with the findings of other research on rural student's pursuit of degrees or careers in STEM.
- (2) REPORT ON EVALUATIONS.—Not later than 180 days after the completion of the evaluation under paragraph (1), the Director shall submit to Congress and make widely available to the public a report that includes—
  - (A) the results of the evaluation; and
- (B) any recommendations for administrative and legislative action that could optimize the effectiveness of the grants awarded under this section.
- (g) REPORT BY COMMITTEE ON EQUAL OPPORTUNITIES IN SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING.—
- (1) In GENERAL.—As part of the first report required by section 36(e) of the Science and Engineering Equal Opportunities Act (42 U.S.C. 1885c(e)) transmitted to Congress after the date of enactment of this Act, the Committee on Equal Opportunities in Science and Engineering shall include—
- (A) a description of past and present policies and activities of the Foundation to encourage

full participation of students in rural communities in science, mathematics, engineering, and computer science fields; and

(B) an assessment of trends in participation of rural students in grades Pre-K through 12 in Foundation activities, and an assessment of the policies and activities of the Foundation, along with proposals for new strategies or the broadening of existing successful strategies towards facilitating the goals of this subtitle.

(2) TECHNICAL CORRECTION.—

- (A) In General.—Section 313 of the American Innovation and Competitiveness Act (Public Law 114–329) is amended by striking "Section 204(e) of the National Science Foundation Authorization Act of 1988" and inserting "Section 36(e) of the Science and Engineering Equal Opportunities Act".
- (B) APPLICABILITY.—The amendment made by paragraph (1) shall take effect as if included in the enactment of section 313 of the American Invovation and Competitiveness Act (Public Law 114-329).
- (h) COORDINATION.—In carrying out this section, the Director shall, for purposes of enhancing program effectiveness and avoiding duplication of activities, consult, cooperate, and coordinate with the programs and policies of other relevant Federal agencies.
- (i) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— There are authorized to be appropriated to the Director—
- (1) \$8,000,000 to carry out the activities under subsection (a) for each of fiscal years 2022 through 2026; and
- (2) \$12,000,000 to carry out the activities under subsection (b) for each of fiscal years 2022 through 2026.

# SEC. 10528. RESEARCHING OPPORTUNITIES FOR ONLINE EDUCATION.

- (a) In GENERAL.—The Director shall, subject to appropriations, award competitive grants to institutions of higher education or nonprofit organizations (or a consortium thereof, which may include a private sector partner) to conduct research on online STEM education courses for rural communities.
- (b) RESEARCH AREAS.—The research areas eligible for funding under this subsection shall include—
- (1) evaluating the learning and achievement of rural students in grades Pre-K through 12 in STEM subjects;
- (2) understanding how computer-based and online professional development courses and mentor experiences can be integrated to meet the needs of educators of rural students in grades Pre-K through 12;
- (3) combining computer-based and online STEM education and training with apprentice-ships, mentoring, or other applied learning arrangements:
- (4) leveraging online programs to supplement STEM studies for rural students that need physical and academic accommodation; and
- (5) any other activity the Director determines will accomplish the goals of this subsection.
- (c) EVALUATIONS.—All proposals for grants under this section shall include an evaluation plan that includes the use of outcome oriented measures to assess the impact and efficacy of the grant. Each recipient of a grant under this section shall include results from these evaluative activities in annual and final projects.
  - (d) ACCOUNTABILITY AND DISSEMINATION.—
    (1) EVALUATION REQUIRED.—The Directs
- (1) EVALUATION REQUIRED.—The Director shall evaluate the portfolio of grants awarded under this section. Such evaluation shall—
- (A) use a common set of benchmarks and tools to assess the results of research conducted under such grants and identify best practices; and
- (B) to the extent practicable, integrate findings from activities carried out pursuant to research conducted under this section, with respect to the pursuit of careers and degrees in STEM, with those activities carried our pursuant to other research on serving rural students and communities.

- (2) REPORT ON EVALUATIONS.—Not later than 180 days after the completion of the evaluation under paragraph (1), the Director shall submit to Congress and make widely available to the public a report that includes—
- (A) the results of the evaluation; and
- (B) any recommendations for administrative and legislative action that could optimize the effectiveness of the grants awarded under this section.
- (e) COORDINATION.—In carrying out this section, the Director shall, for purposes of enhancing program effectiveness and avoiding duplication of activities, consult, cooperate, and coordinate with the programs and policies of other relevant Federal agencies.

### SEC. 10529. DEFINITIONS.

In this subtitle:

- (1) DIRECTOR.—The term "Director" means the Director of the National Science Foundation established under section 2 of the National Science Foundation Act of 1950 (42 U.S.C. 1861).
- (2) FEDERAL LABORATORY.—The term "Federal laboratory" has the meaning given such term in section 4 of the Stevenson-Wydler Technology Innovation Act of 1980 (15 U.S.C. 3703).
- (3) FOUNDATION.—The term "Foundation" means the National Science Foundation established under section 2 of the National Science Foundation Act of 1950 (42 U.S.C. 1861).
- (4) Institution of Higher Education.—The term "institution of higher education" has the meaning given such term in section 101(a) of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001(a)).
- (5) STEM.—The term "STEM" has the meaning given the term in section 2 of the America COMPETES Reauthorization Act of 2010 (42 U.S.C. 6621 note).
- (6) STEM EDUCATION.—The term "STEM education" has the meaning given the term in section 2 of the STEM Education Act of 2015 (42 U.S.C. 6621 note).

# Subtitle C—MSI STEM Achievement SEC. 10531. FINDINGS.

Congress makes the following findings:

- (1) Evidence suggests that the supply of STEM workers is not keeping pace with the rapidly evolving needs of the public and private sector, resulting in a deficit often referred to as a STEM skills shortage.
- (2) According to the Bureau of Labor Statistics, the United States will need one million additional STEM professionals than it is on track to produce in the coming decade.
- (3) STEM occupations offer higher wages, more opportunities for advancement, and a higher degree of job security than non-STEM occupations.
- (4) The composition of the STEM workforce does not reflect the current or projected diversity of the Nation, with Hispanics, African Americans, and other racial and ethnic minorities, significantly underrepresented in the STEM workforce compared to their presence in the workforce more generally.
- (5) A stronger national commitment to increasing the diversity of the STEM workforce is needed to help address the STEM skills shortage.
- (6) According to a 2019 National Academies of Sciences, Engineering, and Medicine report entitled "Minority Serving Institutions: America's Underutilized Resource for Strengthening the STEM Workforce", 2- and 4-year minority serving institutions enroll nearly 30 percent of all undergraduate students—a percentage that is expected to grow in the coming years—in the United States higher education system and play a critical role in providing important pathways to STEM-related education, training, and careers for students of color.
- (7) HBCUs, TCUs, and MSIs are highly successful at educating underrepresented minority students in STEM fields and can serve as best practice models for other colleges and universities to further expand participation of underrepresented minorities in the STEM workforce.

- (8) Increased investment in STEM infrastructure at HBCUs, TCUs, and MSIs has the potential to increase these institutions' ability to educate even more students in the STEM disciplines.
- (9) With the demand for STEM skills exceeding the supply of STEM graduates, success of HBCUs, TCUs, and MSIs in educating and training science and engineering leaders is increasingly important for United States economic growth and competitiveness.

#### SEC. 10532. GOVERNMENT ACCOUNTABILITY OF-FICE REVIEW.

Not later than 3 years after the date of enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General of the United States shall report to Congress—

- (1) an inventory of competitive funding programs and initiatives carried out by Federal science agencies that are targeted to HBCUs, TCUs, and MSIs or partnerships with HBCUs, TCUs, and MSIs;
- (2) an assessment of Federal science agency outreach activities to increase the participation and competitiveness of HBCUs, TCUs, and MSIs in the funding programs and initiatives identified in paragraph (1); and
- (3) recommendations of the Comptroller General to increase the participation of and the rate of success of HBCUs, TCUs, and MSIs in competitive funding programs offered by Federal science agencies.

### SEC. 10533. RESEARCH AND CAPACITY BUILDING.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The Director of the National Science Foundation shall award grants, on a competitive basis, to institutions of higher education or nonprofit organizations (or consortia thereof) to—
- (1) conduct research described in subsection(b) with respect to HBCUs, TCUs, and MSIs;
- (2) conduct activities described in subsection (c) to build the capacity of HBCUs, TCUs, and MSIs to graduate students who are competitive in attaining and advancing in the STEM workforce.
- (3) build the research capacity and competitiveness of HBCUs, TCUs, and MSIs in STEM disciplines; and
- (4) identify and broadly disseminate effective models for programs and practices at HBCUs, TCUs, and MSIs that promote the education and workforce preparation of minority students pursuing STEM studies and careers in which such students are underrepresented.
- (b) RESEARCH.—Research described in this subsection is research on the contribution of HBCUs, TCUs, and MSIs to the education and training of underrepresented minority students in STEM fields and to the meeting of national STEM workforce needs, including—
- (1) the diversity with respect to local context, cultural differences, and institutional structure among HBCUs, TCUs, and MSIs and any associated impact on education and research endeavors:
- (2) effective practices at HBCUs, TCUs, and MSIs and associated outcomes on student recruitment, retention, and advancement in STEM fields, including the ability for students to compete for fellowships, employment, and advancement in the workforce;
- (3) contributions made by HBCUs, TCUs, and MSIs to local, regional, and national workforces;
- (4) the unique challenges and opportunities for HBCUs, TCUs, and MSIs in attaining the resources needed for integrating effective practices in STEM education, including providing research experiences for underrepresented minority students;
- (5) the access of students at HBCUs, TCUs, and MSIs to STEM infrastructure and any associated outcomes for STEM competency;
- (6) models of STEM curriculum, learning, and teaching successful at HBCUs, TCUs, and MSIs for increasing participation, retention, and success of underrepresented minority students; and
- (7) successful or promising partnerships between HBCUs, TCUs, and MSIs and other institutions of higher education, private sector and

- non-profit organizations, Federal laboratories, and international research institutions.
- (c) CAPACITY BUILDING.—Activities described in this subsection include the design, development, implementation, expansion, and assessment of—
- (1) metrics of success to best capture the achievements of HBCUs, TCUs, and MSIs and students of such institutions to account for institutional context and missions, faculty investment, student populations, student needs, and institutional resource constraints;
- (2) enhancements to undergraduate STEM curriculum at HBCUs, TCUs, and MSIs to increase the participation, retention, degree completion, and success of underrepresented students:
- (3) professional development programs to increase the numbers and the high-quality preparation of STEM faculty at HBCUs, TCUs, and MSIs, including programs to encourage STEM doctoral students to teach at HBCUs, TCUs, and MSIs; and
- (4) mechanisms for institutions of higher education that are not HBCUs, TCUs, or MSIs to partner with HBCUs, TCUs, and MSIs on STEM education, including the facilitation of student transfer, mentoring programs for students and junior faculty, joint research projects, and student access to graduate education.
- (d) RESEARCH EXPERIENCES.—Grants under this section may fund the development or expansion of opportunities for the exchange of students and faculty to conduct research, including through partnerships with institutions of higher education that are not HBCUs, TCUs, or MSIs, private sector and non-profit organizations, Federal laboratories, and international research institutions.
- (e) PARTNERSHIPS.—In awarding grants under this section, the Director of the National Science Foundation shall—
- (1) encourage HBCUs, TCUs, and MSIs and consortia thereof and partnerships with one or more HBCU, TCU, or MSI, to submit proposals;
- (2) require proposals submitted in partnership with one or more HBCU, TCU, or MSI include a plan for establishing a sustained partnership that is jointly developed and managed, draws from the capacities of each institution, and is mutually beneficial: and
- (3) encourage proposals submitted in partnership with the private sector, non-profit organizations, Federal laboratories, and international research institutions, as appropriate.
- (f) MSI CENTERS OF INNOVATION.—Grants under this section may fund the establishment of no more than five MSI Centers of Innovation to leverage successes of HBCUs, TCUs, and MSIs in STEM education and research training of underrepresented minority students as models for other institutions, including both HBCUs, TCUs, and MSIs and institutions of higher education that are not HBCUs, TCUs, or MSIs. Such centers will be located on campuses of selected institutions of higher education and serve as incubators to allow institutions of higher education to experiment, pilot, evaluate, and scale up promising practices.
- (g) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— There are authorized to be appropriated to the Director of the National Science Foundation \$170,000,000 for fiscal year 2022, \$175,000,000 for fiscal year 2023, \$180,000,000 for fiscal year 2024, \$185,000,000 for fiscal year 2025, and \$190,000,000 fiscal year 2026 to carry out this section.

### SEC. 10534. AGENCY RESPONSIBILITIES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—In consultation with outside stakeholders and the heads of the Federal science agencies, the Director shall develop a uniform set of policy guidelines for Federal science agencies to carry out a sustained program of outreach activities to increase clarity, transparency, and accountability for Federal science agency investments in STEM education and research activities at HBCUs, TCUs, and MSIs.

- (b) OUTREACH ACTIVITIES.—In developing policy guidelines under subsection (a) the Director shall include guidelines that require each Federal science agency—
- (1) to designate a liaison for HBCUs, TCUs, and MSIs responsible for—
- (A) enhancing direct communication with HBCUs, TCUs, and MSIs to increase the Federal science agency's understanding of the capacity and needs of such institutions and to raise awareness of available Federal funding opportunities at such institutions;
- (B) coordinating programs, activities, and initiatives while accounting for the capacity and needs of HBCUs, TCUs, and MSIs;
- (C) tracking Federal science agency investments in and engagement with HBCUs, TCUs, and MSIs; and
- (D) reporting progress toward increasing participation of HBCUs, TCUs, and MSIs in grant programs;
- (2) to publish annual forecasts of funding opportunities and proposal deadlines, including for grants, contracts, subcontracts, and cooperative agreements:
- (3) to conduct on-site reviews of research facilities at HBCUs, TCUs, and MSIs, as practicable, and make recommendations regarding strategies for becoming more competitive in research.
- (4) to hold geographically accessible or virtual workshops on research priorities of the Federal science agency and on how to write competitive grant proposals:
- (5) to ensure opportunities for HBCUs, TCUs, and MSIs to directly communicate with Federal science agency officials responsible for managing competitive grant programs in order to receive feedback on research ideas and proposals, including guidance on the Federal science agency's peer review process:
- (6) to foster mutually beneficial public-private collaboration among Federal science agencies, industry, Federal laboratories, academia, and nonprofit organizations to—
- (A) identify alternative sources of funding for STEM education and research at HBCUs, TCUs, and MSIs:
- (B) provide access to high-quality, relevant research experiences for students and faculty of HBCUs, TCUs, and MSIs;
- (C) expand the professional networks of students and faculty of HBCUs, TCUs, and MSIs;
- (D) broaden STEM educational opportunities for students and faculty of HBCUs, TCUs, and MSIs; and
- (E) support the transition of students of HBCUs, TCUs, and MSIs into the STEM workforce; and
- (7) to publish an annual report that provides an account of Federal science agency investments in HBCUs, TCUs, and MSIs, including data on the level of participation of HBCUs, TCUs, and MSIs as prime recipients/contractors or subrecipients/subcontractors.
  - (c) STRATEGIC PLAN.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Director, in collaboration with the head of each Federal science agency, shall submit to Congress a report containing a strategic plan for each Federal science agency to increase the capacity of HBCUs, TCUs, and MSIs to compete effectively for grants, contracts, or cooperative agreements and to encourage HBCUs, TCUs, and MSIs to participate in Federal programs.
- (2) CONSIDERATIONS.—In developing a strategic plan under paragraph (1), the Director and each head of each Federal science agency shall consider—
- (A) issuing new or expanding existing funding opportunities targeted to HBCUs, TCUs, and MSIs:
- (B) modifying existing research and development program solicitations to incentivize effective partnerships with HBCUs, TCUs, and MSIs;
- (C) offering planning grants for HBCUs, TCUs, and MSIs to develop or equip grant of-

fices with the requisite depth of knowledge to submit competitive grant proposals and manage awarded grants;

- (D) offering additional training programs and individualized and timely guidance to grant officers faculty and postdoctoral researchers at HBCUs, TCUs, and MSIs to ensure they understand the requirements for an effective grant proposal; and
- (E) other approaches for making current competitive funding models more accessible for under-resourced HBCUs, TCUs, and MSIs.
- (d) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—Not later than 2 years after the date of enactment of this Act, and every 5 years thereafter, the Director shall report to Congress on the implementation by Federal science agencies of the policy guidelines developed under this section.

#### SEC. 10535. DEFINITIONS.

In this subtitle:

- (1) DIRECTOR.—The term "Director" means the Director of the Office of Science and Technology Policy.
- (2) FEDERAL LABORATORY.—The term "Federal laboratory" has the meaning given such term in section 4 of the Stevenson-Wydler Technology Innovation Act of 1980 (15 U.S.C. 3703).
- (3) FEDERAL SCIENCE AGENCY.—The term "Federal science agency" means any Federal agency with an annual extramural research expenditure of over \$100,000,000.
- (4) HBCU.—The term "HBCU" has the meaning given the term "part B institution" in section 322 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1061).
- (5) Institution of Higher Education.—The term "institution of higher education" has the meaning given such term in section 101 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001).
- (6) MINORITY SERVING INSTITUTION.—The term "minority serving institution" or "MSI" means Hispanic-Serving Institutions as defined in section 502 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1101a); Alaska Native Serving Institutions and Native Hawaiian-Serving Institutions as defined in section 317 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1059d); and Predominantly Black Institutions, Asian American and Native American Pacific Islander-Serving Institutions, and Native American-Serving Nontribal Institutions as defined in section 371 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1067q(c)).
- (7) STEM.—The term "STEM" has the meaning given the term in the STEM Education Act of 2015 (42 II.S.C. 1861 et seg.)
- of 2015 (42 U.S.C. 1861 et seq.).
  (8) TCU.—The term "TCU" has the meaning given the term "Tribal College or University" in section 316 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1059c).

# Subtitle D—Combating Sexual Harassment in Science

### SEC. 10541. FINDINGS.

Congress makes the following findings:

- (1) According to the report issued by the National Academies of Sciences, Engineering, and Medicine in 2018 entitled "Sexual Harassment of Women: Climate, Culture, and Consequences in Academic Sciences, Engineering, and Medicine"—
- (A) sexual harassment is pervasive in institutions of higher education;
- (B) the most common type of sexual harassment is gender harassment, which includes verbal and nonverbal behaviors that convey insulting, hostile, and degrading attitudes about members of one gender;
- (C) 58 percent of individuals in the academic workplace experience sexual harassment, the second highest rate when compared to the military, the private sector, and Federal, State, and local government:
- (D) women who are members of racial or ethnic minority groups are more likely to experience sexual harassment and to feel unsafe at work than White women, White men, or men who are members of such groups;

- (E) the training for each individual who has a doctor of philosophy in the science, technology, engineering, and mathematics fields is estimated to cost approximately \$500,000; and
- (F) attrition of an individual so trained results in a loss of talent and money.
- (2) Sexual harassment undermines career advancement for women.
- (3) According to a 2017 University of Illinois study, among astronomers and planetary scientists, 18 percent of women who are members of racial or ethnic minority groups and 12 percent of White women skipped professional events because they did not feel safe attending.
- (4) Many women report leaving employment at institutions of higher education due to sexual harassment.
- (5) Research shows the majority of individuals do not formally report experiences of sexual harassment due to a justified fear of retaliation or other negative professional or personal consequences.
- (6) Reporting procedures with respect to such harassment are inconsistent among Federal science agencies and have varying degrees of accessibility.
- (7) There is not adequate communication among Federal science agencies and between such agencies and grantees regarding reports of sexual harassment, which has resulted in harassers receiving Federal funding after moving to a different institution.

#### SEC. 10542. DEFINITIONS.

- In this subtitle:
- (1) ACADEMIES.—The term "Academies" means the National Academies of Sciences, Engineering, and Medicine.
- (2) DIRECTOR.—The term "Director" means the Director of the National Science Foundation.
- (3) FEDERAL SCIENCE AGENCY.—The term "Federal science agency" means any Federal agency with an annual extramural research expenditure of over \$100,000,000.
- (4) FINDING OR DETERMINATION.—The term "finding or determination" means the final disposition of a matter involving a violation of organizational policies and processes, to include the exhaustion of permissible appeals, or a conviction of a sexual offense in a criminal court of
- (5) GENDER HARASSMENT.—The term "gender harassment" means verbal and nonverbal behaviors that convey hostility, objectification, exclusion, or second-class status about one's gender, gender identity, gender presentation, sexual orientation, or pregnancy status.
- (6) GRANTEE.—The term "grantee" means the legal entity to which a grant is awarded and that is accountable to the Federal Government for the use of the funds provided.
- (7) GRANT PERSONNEL.—The term "grant personnel" means principal investigators, co-principal investigators, postdoctoral researchers and other employees supported by a grant award, cooperative agreement, or contract under Federal law.
- (8) Institution of Higher Education.—The term "institution of higher education" has the meaning given such term in section 101 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001).
- (9) SEXUAL HARASSMENT.—The term "sexual harassment" means conduct that encompasses—
- (A) unwelcome sexual advances;
- (B) unwanted physical contact that is sexual in nature, including assault;
- (C) unwanted sexual attention, including sexual comments and propositions for sexual activity:
- (D) conditioning professional or educational benefits on sexual activity; and
- (E) retaliation for rejecting unwanted sexual
- (10) STEM.—The term "STEM" means science, technology, engineering, and mathematics, including computer science.

### SEC. 10543. RESEARCH GRANTS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Director shall establish a program to award grants, on a competitive

- basis, to institutions of higher education or nonprofit organizations (or consortia of such institutions or organizations)—
- (1) to expand research efforts to better understand the factors contributing to, and consequences of, sexual harassment and gender harassment affecting individuals in the STEM workforce, including students and trainees; and
- (2) to examine interventions to reduce the incidence and negative consequences of such harassment.
- (b) USE OF FUNDS.—Activities funded by a grant under this section may include—
- (1) research on the sexual harassment and gender harassment experiences of individuals in underrepresented or vulnerable groups, including racial and ethnic minority groups, disabled individuals, foreign nationals, sexual- and gender-minority individuals, and others;
- (2) development and assessment of policies, procedures, trainings, and interventions, with respect to sexual harassment and gender harassment, conflict management, and ways to foster respectful and inclusive climates:
- (3) research on approaches for remediating the negative impacts and outcomes of such harassment on individuals experiencing such harassment:
- (4) support for institutions of higher education to develop, adapt, and assess the impact of innovative, evidence-based strategies, policies, and approaches to policy implementation to prevent and address sexual harassment and gender harassment:
- (5) research on alternatives to the hierarchical and dependent relationships, including but not limited to the mentor-mentee relationship, in academia that have been shown to create higher levels of risk for sexual harassment and gender harassment: and
- (6) establishing a center for the ongoing compilation, management, and analysis of campus climate survey data.

### SEC. 10544. DATA COLLECTION.

Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Director shall convene a working group composed of representatives of Federal statistical agencies—

- (1) to develop questions on sexual harassment and gender harassment in STEM departments to gather national data on the prevalence, nature, and implications of sexual harassment and gender harassment in institutions of higher education; and
- (2) to include such questions as appropriate, with sufficient protections of the privacy of respondents, in relevant surveys conducted by the National Center for Science and Engineering Statistics and other relevant entities.

### SEC. 10545. RESPONSIBLE CONDUCT GUIDE.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Director shall enter into an agreement with the Academies to update the report entitled "On Being a Scientist: A Guide to Responsible Conduct in Research" issued by the Academies. The report, as so updated, shall include—
- (1) updated professional standards of conduct in research;
- (2) standards of treatment individuals can expect to receive under such updated standards of conduct;
- (3) evidence-based practices for fostering a climate intolerant of sexual harassment and gender harassment;
- (4) methods, including bystander intervention, for identifying and addressing incidents of sexual harassment and gender harassment; and
- (5) professional standards for mentorship and teaching with an emphasis on preventing sexual harassment and gender harassment.
- (b) RECOMMENDATIONS.—In updating the report under subsection (a), the Academies shall take into account recommendations made in the report issued by the Academies in 2018 entitled "Sexual Harassment of Women: Climate, Culture, and Consequences in Academic Sciences,

- Engineering, and Medicine" and other relevant studies and evidence.
- (c) REPORT.—Not later than 18 months after the effective date of the contract under subsection (a), the Academies, as part of such agreement, shall submit to the Director and the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate the report referred to in such subsection, as updated pursuant to such subsection.

  SEC. 10546. INTERAGENCY WORKING GROUP.
- (a) IN GENERAL.—The Director of the Office of Science and Technology Policy, acting through the National Science and Technology Council. shall establish an interagency working group for the purpose of coordinating Federal science agency efforts to reduce the prevalence of sexual harassment and gender harassment involving grant personnel. The working group shall be chaired by the Director of the Office of Science and Technology Policy (or the Director's designee) and shall include a representative from each Federal science agency with annual extramural research expenditures totaling over \$1,000,000,000, a representative from the Department of Education, and a representative from the U.S. Equal Employment Opportunity Commission.
- (b) RESPONSIBILITIES OF WORKING GROUP.— The interagency working group established under subsection (a) shall coordinate Federal science agency efforts to implement the policy guidelines developed under subsection (c)(2).
- (c) RESPONSIBILITIES OF OSTP.—The Director of the Office of Science and Technology Policy shall—
- (1) not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, submit to the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate an inventory of policies, procedures, and resources dedicated to preventing and responding to reports of sexual harassment and gender harassment at Federal agencies that provide legal definitions to which institutions of higher education must comply; and
- (2) not later than 6 months after the date on which the inventory is submitted under paragraph (1)—
- (A) in consultation with outside stakeholders and Federal science agencies, develop a uniform set of policy guidelines for Federal science agencies: and
- (B) submit a report to the committees referred to in paragraph (1) containing such guidelines:
- (3) encourage and monitor efforts of Federal science agencies to develop or maintain and implement policies based on the guidelines developed under paragraph (2), including the extent to which Federal science agency policies depart from the uniform policy guidelines;
- (4) not later than I year after the date on which the inventory under paragraph (1) is submitted, and every 5 years thereafter, the Director of the Office of Science and Technology Policy shall report to Congress on the implementation by Federal science agencies of the policy guidelines developed under paragraph (2); and (5) update such policy guidelines as needed.
- (d) REQUIREMENTS.—In developing policy guidelines under subsection (c)(2), the Director of the Office of Science and Technology Policy shall include guidelines that require—
- (1) grantees to submit to the Federal science agency or agencies from which the grantees receive funding reports relating to—
- (A) administrative action, related to an allegation against grant personnel of any sexual harassment or gender harassment, as set forth in organizational policies or codes of conduct, statutes, regulations, or executive orders, that affects the ability of grant personnel or their trainees to carry out the activities of the grant; and
- (B) findings or determinations against grant personnel of sexual harassment or gender harassment, as set forth in organizational policies

or codes of conduct, statutes, regulations, or executive orders, including any findings or determinations related to reports submitted under subparagraph (A) and any disciplinary action that was taken:

- (2) the sharing, updating, and archiving of reports of sexual harassment and gender harassment from grantees submitted under paragraph (1)(B) with relevant Federal science agencies on a quarterly basis; and
- (3) to the extent practicable, ensure consistency among Federal agencies with regards to the policies and procedures for receiving reports submitted pursuant to paragraph (1), which may include the designation of a single agency to field reports so submitted.
- (e) CONSIDERATIONS.—In developing policy guidelines under subsection (c)(2), the Director of the Office of Science and Technology Policy shall consider guidelines that require or incentivize—
- (1) grantees to periodically assess their organizational climate, which may include the use of climate surveys, focus groups, or exit interviews;
- (2) grantees to publish on a publicly available internet website the results of assessments conducted pursuant to paragraph (1), disaggregated by gender and, if possible, race, ethnicity, disability status, and sexual orientation:
- (3) grantees to make public on an annual basis the number of reports of sexual harassment and gender harassment at each such institution:
- (4) grantees to regularly assess and improve policies, procedures, and interventions to reduce the prevalence of sexual harassment and gender harassment;
- (5) each grantee to demonstrate in its proposal for a grant award, cooperative agreement, or contract that a code of conduct is in place for maintaining a healthy and welcoming workplace for grant personnel and their trainees;
- (6) the diffusion of the hierarchical and dependent relationships between grant personnel and their trainees;
- (7) each grantee and Federal science agency to have in place mechanisms for the re-integration of individuals who have experienced sexual harassment and gender harassment; and
- (8) grantees to work to create a climate intolerant of sexual harassment and gender harassment.
- (f) FEDERAL SCIENCE AGENCY IMPLEMENTA-TION.—Each Federal science agency shall—
- (1) develop or maintain and implement policies with respect to sexual harassment and gender harassment that are consistent with policy guidelines under subsection (c)(2) and that protect the privacy of all parties involved in any report and investigation of sexual harassment and gender harassment, except to the extent necessary to carry out an investigation; and
- (2) broadly disseminate such policies to current and potential recipients of research grants, cooperative agreements, or contracts awarded by such agency.
- (g) FERPA.—The Director of the Office of Science and Technology Policy shall ensure that such guidelines and requirements are consistent with the requirements of section 444 of the General Education Provisions Act (20 U.S.C. 1232g) (commonly referred to as the "Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974").
- (h) SUNSET.—The interagency working group established under subsection (a) shall terminate on the date that is 7 years after the date of the enactment of this Act.

# $SEC.\ 10547.\ NATIONAL\ ACADEMIES\ ASSESSMENT.$

(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 3 years after the date of enactment of this Act, the Director shall enter into an agreement with the Academies to undertake a study of the influence of sexual harassment and gender harassment in institutions of higher education on the career advancement of individuals in the STEM workforce. The study shall assess—

- (1) the state of research on sexual harassment and gender harassment in such workforce;
- (2) whether research demonstrates a change in the prevalence of sexual harassment and gender harassment in such workforce;
- (3) the progress made with respect to implementing recommendations promulgated in the Academies consensus study report entitled "Sexual Harassment of Women: Climate, Culture, and Consequences in Academic Sciences, Engineering, and Medicine"; and
- (4) where to focus future efforts with respect to decreasing sexual harassment and gender harassment in such institutions.

#### SEC. 10548. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIA-TIONS.

There is authorized to be appropriated to the Director to carry out this subtitle, \$17,500,000.

# TITLE VI—MISCELLANEOUS SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY PROVISIONS

#### Subtitle A—Supporting Early-Career Researchers

SEC. 10601. FINDINGS.

Congress finds the following:

- (1) The Nation's universities and industrial research labs are facing unprecedented budget pressure as part of the COVID-19 health crisis, resulting in considerably fewer openings for research and teaching positions.
- (2) Emergency funding is needed to forestall the loss of research talent likely to occur if early-career researchers are forced to seek employment outside of research due to the sharp economic decline caused by the COVID-19 health crisis.
- (3) The future of America's defense will rely on advanced technologies to maintain its military superiority over its rivals, including China. These technologies will require new levels of scientific and engineering aptitude and understanding. Early career researchers will play a critical role in the development of these technologies, and the loss of an entire generation of researchers due to the COVID-19 pandemic will be detrimental to the United States national security.

#### SEC. 10602. EARLY-CAREER RESEARCH FELLOW-SHIP PROGRAM.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The Director of the National Science Foundation may establish a 2-year pilot program to award grants to highly qualified early-career investigators to carry out an independent research program at the qualified institution of higher education chosen by such investigator, to last for a period not greater than 2 years.
- (b) SELECTION PROCESS.—The Director of the National Science Foundation shall select grantees under subsection (a) from among citizens, nationals, and lawfully admitted permanent resident aliens of the United States.
- (c) OUTREACH.—The Director shall conduct program outreach to recruit fellowship applicants—
- (1) from all regions of the country;
- (2) from historically underrepresented populations in the fields of science, technology, engineering, and mathematics; and
- (3) who graduate from or intend to carry out research at a variety of types of institutions of higher education, including—
- (A) Historically Black Colleges and Universities:
- (B) Hispanic-Serving Institutions;
- (C) Tribal Colleges and Universities; and
- (D) institutions of higher education that are not among the top 50 institutions in annual Federal funding for research.
- (d) SPECIAL CONSIDERATION.—The Director shall give special consideration to an application from an individual who graduated from ois intending to carry out research at an institution of the type listed in subsection (c)(3).
- (e) REPORT.—Not later than 90 days after the conclusion of the second year of the pilot program, the Director shall submit a report to Congress that includes—

(1) statistical summary data on fellowship awardees disaggregated by race, ethnicity, gender, age, years since completion of doctoral degree, and institution type;

(2) an assessment, drawing on feedback from the research community and other sources of information, of the effectiveness of the pilot program for mitigating the loss of research talent due to the pandemic; and

(3) if determined effective, a plan for permanent implementation of the pilot program.

(f) QUALIFIED INSTITUTION OF HIGHER EDU-CATION DEFINED.—The term "qualified institution of higher education" has the meaning given the term in section 102 of the Higher Education of Act of 1965, except that such term does not include an institution described in subsection (a)(1)(C) of such section.

#### SEC. 10603. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIA-TIONS.

There is authorized to be appropriated to the Director of the National Science Foundation \$250,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2021 through 2022 to carry out the activities in this subtitle.

# Subtitle B—National Science and Technology Strategy

# SEC. 10611. NATIONAL SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY STRATEGY.

Section 206 of the National Science and Technology Policy, Organization, and Priorities Act of 1976 (42 U.S.C. 6615) is amended to read as follows:

# "SEC. 206. NATIONAL SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY STRATEGY.

- "(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than the end of each calendar year immediately after the calendar year in which a review under section 206b is completed, the Director of the Office of Science and Technology Policy, in consultation with the National Science and Technology Council, shall develop and submit to Congress a comprehensive national science and technology strategy of the United States to meet national research and development objectives for the following 4-year period (in this Act referred to as 'the national science and technology strategy').
- "(b) REQUIREMENTS.—Each national science and technology strategy required by subsection (a) shall delineate a national science and technology strategy consistent with—
- "(1) the recommendations and priorities developed by the review established in section 206b;
- "(2) the most recent national security strategy report submitted pursuant to section 1032 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2012 (50 U.S.C. 3043);
  - "(3) other relevant national plans; and
- "(4) the strategic plans of relevant Federal departments and agencies.
- "(c) Consultation.—The Director shall consult as necessary with the Office of Management and Budget and other appropriate elements of the Executive Office of the President to ensure that the recommendations and priorities delineated in the science and technology strategy are incorporated in the development of annual budget requests.

"(d) REPORT.—The President shall submit to Congress each year a comprehensive report on the national science and technology strategy of the United States. Each report on the national science and technology strategy of the United States shall include a description of—

"(1) strategic objectives and priorities necessary to maintain the leadership of the United States in science and technology and to advance science and technology to address societal and national challenges, including near-term, medium-term, and long-term research priorities:

"(2) programs, policies, and activities that the President recommends across all Federal agencies to achieve the strategic objectives in paragraph (1); and

"(3) global trends in science and technology, including potential threats to the leadership of the United States in science and technology and opportunities for international collaboration in science and technology.

"(e) PUBLICATION.—The Director shall, consistent with the protection of national security and other sensitive matters to the maximum extent practicable, make each report submitted under subsection (d) publicly available on an internet website of the Office.'

#### SEC. 10612. QUADRENNIAL SCIENCE AND TECH-NOLOGY REVIEW.

The National Science and Technology Policy, Organization, and Priorities Act of 1976 (42 U.S.C. 6601 et seq.) is amended by inserting after section 206 the following:

### "SEC. 206b. QUADRENNIAL SCIENCE AND TECH-NOLOGY REVIEW.

'(a) REQUIREMENTS.-

- "(1) QUADRENNIAL REVIEWS REQUIRED.—Not later than December 31, 2022, and every 4 years thereafter, the Director of the Office of Science and Technology Policy shall complete a review of the science and technology enterprise of the United States (in this section referred to as the 'quadrennial science and technology review').
- '(2) Scope.—The quadrennial science and technology review shall be a comprehensive examination of the science and technology strategy of the United States, including recommendations for maintaining global leadership in science and technology and advancing science and technology to address the societal and national challenges and guidance on the coordination of programs, assets, capabilities, budget, policies, and authorities across all Federal research and development programs.
- '(3) Consultation.—The Director of the Office of Science and Technology Policy shall conduct each auadrennial science and technology review under this subsection in consultation with-
- "(A) the National Science and Technology Council:
- "(B) the heads of other relevant Federal agen-
- "(C) the President's Council of Advisors on Science and Technology:

'(D) the National Science Board;

"(E) the National Security Council; and

- "(F) other relevant governmental and nongovernmental entities, including representatives from industry, institutions of higher education, nonprofit organizations, Members of Congress, and other policy experts.
- "(4) COORDINATION.—The Director shall ensure that each quadrennial science and technology review conducted under this section is coordinated with other relevant statutorily required reviews, and to the maximum extent practicable incorporates information and recommendations from existing reviews to avoid duplication.
- "(b) CONTENTS.—In each quadrennial science and technology review, the Director shall-
- (1) provide an integrated view of, and recommendations for, science and technology policy across the Federal Government, while considering economic and national security and other societal and national challenges;
- '(2) assess and recommend priorities for research, development and demonstration programs to maintain American leadership in science and technology;
- '(3) assess and recommend priorities for research, development, and demonstration programs to address societal and national challenaes:
- (4) assess the global competition in science and technology and identify potential threats to the leadership of the United States in science and technology and opportunities for international collaboration;
- (5) assess and make recommendations on the science, technology, engineering, mathematics and computer science workforce in the United States:
- "(6) assess and make recommendations to improve regional innovation across the United States;
- "(7) assess and make recommendations to improve translation of basic research and the en-

hancement of technology transfer of federally funded research;

- "(8) assess and identify the infrastructure and tools needed to maintain the leadership of the United States in science and technology and address other societal and national challenges;
- "(9) review administrative or legislative policies that affect the science and technology enterprise and identify and make recommendations on policies that hinder research and development in the United States.

"(c) REPORTING.

- "(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than December 31 of the year in which a quadrennial science and technology review is conducted, the Director shall submit a report of the review to Congress.
- "(2) PUBLICATION.—The Director shall, consistent with the protection of national security and other sensitive matters to the maximum extent possible, make each report submitted under paragraph (1) publicly available on an internet website of the Office of Science and Technology

### SEC. 10621. DEFINITIONS.

In this subtitle:

- (1) CLEAN ENERGY TECHNOLOGY.—The term 'clean energy technology'' means a technology that significantly reduces energy use, increases energy efficiency, reduces greenhouse gas emissions, reduces emissions of other pollutants, or mitigates other negative environmental consequences of energy production, transmission or
- DEPARTMENT.—The term "Department" (2) means the Department of Energy.
- (3) DIRECTOR.—The term "Director" means the Director of each National Laboratory and the Director of each Department of Energy single-purpose research facility.
- (4) ECONOMICALLY DISTRESSED AREA.—The term "economically distressed area" has the meaning described in section 301(a) of the Public Works and Economic Development Act of 1965 (42 U.S.C. 3161(a)).
- (5) GRANT.—The term "grant" means a grant award, cooperative agreement award, or any other financial assistance arrangement that the Secretary of Energy determines to be appropriate.
- (6) Institution of higher education.—The "institution of higher education" has the termmeaning given such term in the Higher Education Act of 1965, as amended (20 U.S.C. 1001).
- (7) National Laboratory.—The term "National Laboratory" has the meaning given that term in section 2 of the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 15801).
- (8) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of Energy.

### PART 1—NATIONAL CLEAN ENERGY TECHNOLOGY TRANSFER PROGRAMS

### SEC. 10623. NATIONAL CLEAN ENERGY INCU-BATOR PROGRAM.

- (a) CLEAN ENERGY INCUBATOR DEFINED.—In this section, the term "clean energy incubator"-
- (1) means any entity that is designed to accelerate the commercial application of clean energy technologies by providing-
- (A) physical workspace, labs, and prototyping facilities to support clean energy startups or established clean energy companies; or
- (B) companies developing such technologies with support, resources, and services, includina-
- (i) access to business education and counselina:
- (ii) mentorship opportunities; and
- (iii) other services rendered for the purpose of aiding the development and commercial application of a clean energy technology; and
- (2) may include a program within or established by a National Laboratory, an institution of higher education or a State, territorial, local, or tribal government.

- (b) Program Establishment.—Not later than 180 days after the enactment of this Act, the Secretary, acting through the Chief Commercialization Officer established in section 1001(a) of the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16391(a)), shall establish a Clean Energy Incubator Program (herein referred to as the "program") to competitively award grants to clean energy incubators.
- (c) CLEAN ENERGY INCUBATOR SELECTION.—In awarding grants to clean energy incubators under subsection (b), the Secretary shall, to the maximum extent practicable, prioritize funding clean energy incubators that-
- (1) partner with entities that carry out activities relevant to the activities of such incubator and that operate at the local. State, and regional levels;
- (2) support the commercial application activities of startup companies focused on physical hardware, computational, or integrated hardware and software technologies:
- (3) are located in geographically diverse regions of the United States;
- (4) are located in, or partner with entities located in, economically-distressed areas;
- (5) support the development of entities focused on expanding clean energy tools and technologies to rural, Tribal, and low-income communities;
- (6) support the commercial application of technologies being developed by clean energy entrepreneurs from underrepresented backgrounds: and
- (7) have a plan for sustaining activities of the incubator after grant funds received under this program have been expended.
- (d) AWARD LIMITS.—The Secretary shall not award more than \$4,000,000 to one or more incubators in one given State, per fiscal year.
- (e) DURATION.—Each grant under subsection (b) shall be for a period of no longer than 5 years, subject to the availability of appropria-
- USE OF FUNDS.—An entity receiving a grant under this section may use grant amounts for operating expenses.
- (g) RENEWAL.—An award made to a clean energy incubator under this section may be renewed for a period of not more than 3 years,  $subject\ to\ merit\ review.$
- (h) EVALUATION.—In accordance with section 9007 of Division Z of the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2021 (Public Law 116-260), the Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate an evaluation of the program established under this section that includes analyses of the performance of the clean energy incubators.
- (i) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— There are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary to carry out this section \$15,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2022 through 2026.

#### SEC. 10624. CLEAN ENERGY TECHNOLOGY UNI-VERSITY PRIZE COMPETITION.

- (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
  (1) ELIGIBLE ENTITY.—The term "eligible enti-' means a nonprofit entity, an institution of higher education, or an entity working with one or more institutes of higher education.
- (2) MINORITY-SERVING INSTITUTION.—The term "minority-serving institution" means an institution described in section 371(a) of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1067q(a)).
- (b) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall establish a program, known as the "Clean Energy Technology University Prize", to award funding for eligible entities to carry out regional and one national clean energy technology prize competitions, under section 24 of the Stevenson-Wydler Technology Innovation Act of 1980 (15 U.S.C. 3719). In carrying out such prize competitions, students shall compete to develop a business model for furthering the commercial application of an innovative clean energy technology.
  (c) TRAINING FUNDING.—In carrying out this
- program, the Secretary may provide funding to

train participating students in skills needed for the successful commercial application of clean energy technologies, including through virtual training sessions.

- (d) PRIORITIZATION.—In awarding under this section, the Secretary shall prioritize awarding grants to eligible entities that work with students at minority-serving institutions.
- (e) COORDINATION.—In carrying out this program, the Secretary shall coordinate and partner with other clean energy technology prize competitions. In doing so, the Secretary may develop and disseminate best practices for administering prize competitions under this section.
- (f) REPORT.—In accordance with section 9007 of Division Z of the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2021 (Public Law 116-260), the Secretary shall report annually on the progress and implementation of the program established under section (b).
- (g) EVALUATION.—In accordance with section 9007 of Division Z of the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2021 (Public Law 116-260), the Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate an evaluation on the long-term outcomes of the program established under this section and the progress towards achieving the purposes of the program in subsection (b).
- (h) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— There are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary to carry out the activities authorized in this section \$1,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2022 through 2026.

#### SEC. 10625. CLEAN ENERGY TECHNOLOGY TRANS-FER COORDINATION.

- IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, (a) through the Chief Commercialization Officer established in section 1001 (a) of the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16391 (a)), shall support the coordination of relevant technology transfer programs that advance the commercial application of clean energy technologies nationally and across all energy sectors. In particular, the Secretary may support activities to-
- (1) facilitate the sharing of information on best practices for successful operation of clean energy technology transfer programs;
- (2) coordinate resources and improve cooperation among clean energy technology transfer programs;
- (3) facilitate connections between preneurs and start-up companies and the variety of programs related to clean energy technology transfer under the Department; and
- (4) facilitate the development of metrics to measure the impact of clean energy technology transfer programs on-
- (A) advancing the development, demonstration, and commercial application of clean enerau technologies:
- (B) increasing the competitiveness of United States in the clean energy sector, including in manufacturing: and
- (C) commercial application of clean energy technologies being developed by entrepreneurs from under-represented backgrounds.
- (b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.-There are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary to carry out the activities in this section \$3,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2022 through 2026.

#### PART 2—SUPPORTING TECHNOLOGY DE-VELOPMENT AT THE NATIONAL LABORA-**TORIES**

#### SEC. 10626. LAB PARTNERING SERVICE PILOT PROGRAM.

Section 9002 of division Z of the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2021 (Public Law 116-260) is amended by adding at the end the following:

"(h) Authorization of Appropriations. There are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary \$2,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2022 through 2024 to carry out subsections (a), (b), and (c), and \$1,700,000 for each of fiscal years

2022 through 2024 for National Laboratory employees to provide services under subsection (d).'

#### SEC. 10627. LAB-EMBEDDED ENTREPRENEURSHIP PROGRAM.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall competitively award grants to National Laboratories for the purpose of establishing or supporting Lab-Embedded Entrepreneurship Programs.
- (b) PURPOSES.—The purposes of such programs are to provide entrepreneurial fellows with access to National Laboratory research facilities, National Laboratory expertise, and mentorship to perform research and development and gain expertise that may be required or beneficial for the commercial application of research
- (c) Entrepreneurial Fellows.—An entrepreneurial fellow participating in a program described in subsection (a) shall be provided
- (1) opportunities for entrepreneurial training. professional development, and exposure to leaders from academia, industry, government, and finance who may serve as advisors to or partners of the fellow:
- (2) financial and technical support for research, development, and commercial application activities:
- (3) fellowship awards to cover costs of living, health insurance, and travel stipends for the duration of the fellowship; and
- (4) any other resources determined appropriate by the Secretary.
- PROGRAM ACTIVITIES.—Each National Laboratory that receives funding under this section shall support entrepreneurial fellows by providing-
- (1) access to facilities and expertise within the National Laboratory;
- (2) engagement with external stakeholders: and
- (3) market and customer development opportunities.
- (e) Administration.—National Laboratories that receive grants under this section shall prioritize the support and success of the entrepreneurial fellow with regards to professional development and development of a relevant technology.
- (f) PARTNERSHIPS.—In carrying out a Lab-Embedded Entrepreneurship Program, a National Laboratory may partner with an external entity, including-
  - (1) a nonprofit organization;
  - (2) an institution of higher education;
  - (3) a federally-owned corporation: or
- (4) a consortium of 2 or more entities described in paragraphs (1) through (3).
- (g) METRICS.—The Secretary shall support the development of short-term and long-term metrics to assess the effectiveness of programs receiving a grant under subsection (a) in achieving the purposes of the program in subsection (a).
- (h) EVALUATION.—In accordance with section 9007 of Division Z of the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2021 (Public Law 116-260), not later than 3 years after the date of the enactment of this Act, and every 3 years thereafter, the Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate an evaluation of the effectiveness of the programs under subsection (a) based on the metrics developed pursuant to subsection (g).
- (i) COORDINATION.—The Secretary shall oversee the planning and coordination of grants under subsection (a) and shall identify and disseminate best practices for achieving the purposes of subsection (a) to National Laboratories that receive grants under this section.
- (j) Interagency Collaboration.retary shall collaborate with other executive branch agencies, including the Department of Defense and other agencies with Federal laboratories, regarding opportunities to partner with National Laboratories receiving a grant under subsection (a).

(k) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS. There are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary to carry out the activities authorized in this section \$25,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2022 through 2026.

#### SEC. 10628. SMALL BUSINESS VOUCHER PRO-GRAM.

Section 1003 of the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16393) is amended—

(1) in subsection (a)-

- (A) in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by striking ", and may require the Director of a single-purpose research facility," and inserting "(as defined in section 2) and the Director of each single-purpose research facility";
  - (B) in paragraph (1)-
- (i) by striking "increase" and inserting "encourage"; and
- (ii) by striking "collaborative research," and inserting "research, development, demonstration, and commercial application activities, including product development,"
- (C) in paragraph (2), by striking "procurement and collaborative research" and inserting "the activities described in paragraph (1);
- (D) in paragraph (3)-
- (i) by inserting "facilities," before "training";
- (ii) by striking "procurement and collaborative research activities" and inserting "the activities described in paragraph (1)"; and
- (E) in paragraph (5), by striking "for the program under subsection (b)" and inserting "and metrics for the programs under subsections (b) and (c)
- (2) by redesignating subsections (c) and (d) as subsections (d) and (e), respectively;
- (3) by inserting after subsection (b) the following:
  - "(c) Small Business Voucher Program.-
  - "(1) DEFINITIONS.—In this subsection:
- "(A) DIRECTOR.—The term 'Director' means— "(i) the Director of each National Laboratory; and
- "(ii) the Director of each single-purpose research facility.
- "(B) NATIONAL LABORATORY.—The term 'National Laboratory' has the meaning given the term in section 2.
- "(C) PROGRAM.—The term 'program' means the program established under paragraph (2).
- "(D) SMALL BUSINESS CONCERN.—The term 'small business concern' has the meaning given such term in section 3 of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 632).
- '(2) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary, acting through the Chief Commercialization Officer appointed under section 1001(a), and in consultation with the Directors, shall establish a program to provide small business concerns with vouchers under paragraph (3)-
- "(A) to achieve the goal described in subsection (a)(1): and
- "(B) to improve the products, services, and capabilities of small business concerns in the mission space of the Department.
- "(3) VOUCHERS.—Under the program, the Directors are authorized to provide to small business concerns vouchers to be used at National Laboratories and single-purpose research facilities for-
- "(A) research, development, demonstration, technology transfer, or commercial application activities; or
- '(B) any other activities that the applicable Director determines appropriate.
- "(4) EXPEDITED APPROVAL.—The Secretary, working with the Directors, shall establish a stream-lined approval process for financial assistance agreements signed between-
- '(A) small business concerns selected to receive a voucher under the program; and
- "(B) the National Laboratories and singlepurpose research facilities.
- (5) Cost-sharing requirement.—In carrying out the program, the Secretary shall require cost-sharing in accordance with section

- "(6) REPORT.—In accordance with section 9007 of division Z of the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2021 (Public Law 116–260), the Secretary shall report annually on the progress and implementation of the small business voucher program established under this section, including the number and locations of small businesses that received grants under this program."; and
- (4) in subsection (e) (as so redesignated), by striking "for activities under this section" and inserting "for activities under subsection (b)" and inserting before the period at the end "and for activities under subsection (c) \$25,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2022 through 2026".

### SEC. 10629. ENTREPRENEURIAL LEAVE PROGRAM.

- (a) In General.—The Secretary shall delegate to Directors the authority to carry out an entrepreneurial leave program (referred to in this section as the "program") to allow National Laboratory employees to take a full leave of absence from their position, with the option to return to that or a comparable position up to 3 years later, or a partial leave of absence, to advance the commercial application of energy and related technologies relevant to the mission of the Department.
- (b) TERMINATION AUTHORITY.—Directors shall retain the authority to terminate National Laboratory employees that participate in the program if such employees are found to violate terms prescribed by the National Laboratory at which such employee is employed.
- (c) LICENSING.—To reduce barriers to participation in the program, the Secretary shall delegate to the Directors the requirement to establish streamlined mechanisms for facilitating the licensing of technology that is the focus of National Laboratory employees who participate in the program.
- (d) REPORT.—In accordance with section 9007 of division Z of the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2021 (Public Law 116–260), the Secretary shall report annually on the utilization of this authority at National Laboratories, including the number of employees who participate in this program at each National Laboratory and the number of employees who take a permanent leave from their positions at National Laboratories as a result of participating in this program.
- (e) FEDERAL ETHICS.—Nothing in this section shall affect existing Federal ethics rules applicable to Federal personnel.

#### SEC. 10630. NATIONAL LABORATORY NON-FED-ERAL EMPLOYEE OUTSIDE EMPLOY-MENT AUTHORITY.

- (a) In General.—The Secretary shall delegate to Directors of National Laboratories the authority to allow their non-Federal employees—
- (1) to engage in outside employment, including start-up companies based on licensing technologies developed at National Laboratories and consulting in their areas of expertise, and receive compensation from such entities: and
- (2) to engage in outside activities related to their areas of expertise at the National Laboratory and may allow employees, in their employment capacity at such outside employment, to access the National Laboratories under the same contracting mechanisms as non-Laboratory employees and entities, in accordance with appropriate conflict of interest protocols.
- (b) REQUIREMENTS.—If a Director elects to use the authority granted by subsection (a) of this section, the Director, or their designee, shall—
- (1) require employees to disclose to and obtain approval from the Director or their designee prior to engaging in any outside employment;
- (2) develop and require appropriate conflict of interest protocols for employees that engage in outside employment:
- (3) maintain the authority to terminate employees engaging in outside employment if they are found to violate terms, including conflict of interest protocols, mandated by the Director; and

- (4) ensure that any such programs or activities are in conformance with the Department's research security policies, including DOE Order 486 1
- (c) ADDITIONAL RESTRICTIONS.—Employees engaging in outside employment may not—

(1) allow such activities to interfere with or impede their duties at the National Laboratory;

(2) engage in activities related to outside employment using National Laboratory government equipment, property, or resources, unless such activities are performed under National Laboratory contracting mechanisms, such as Cooperative Research and Development Agreements or Strategic Partnership Projects, whereby all conflicts of interest requirements apply; or

(3) use their position at a National Laboratory to provide an unfair competitive advantage to an outside employer or start-up activity.

(d) FEDERAL ETHICS.—Nothing in this section shall affect existing Federal ethics rules applicable to Federal personnel.

# PART 3—DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY MODERNIZATION

# SEC. 10632. OFFICE OF TECHNOLOGY TRANSITIONS.

Section 1001(a) of the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16391) is amended by adding at the end the following:

"(6) HIRING AND MANAGEMENT.—To carry out the program authorized in this section, the Under Secretary for Science may appoint personnel using the authorities in section 10636 of the America COMPETES Act of 2022.

"(7) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— There are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary to carry out the activities authorized in this section \$20,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2022 through 2026."

# SEC. 10633. MANAGEMENT OF DEMONSTRATION PROJECTS.

- (a) Management of Department of Energy Demonstration Projects.—The Secretary, shall establish a program to conduct project management and oversight of demonstration projects that receive or are eligible to receive funding from the Department, in coordination with relevant staff from Department program offices, including the Office of Technology Transitions, the Loan Program Office, and all applied program offices. The purposes of this program are to—
- (1) conduct evaluation of demonstration project proposals prior to selection of a project for funding;
- (2) conduct independent oversight of the execution of a demonstration project once funding has been awarded for such project; and
- (3) ensure a balanced portfolio of investments in clean energy technology demonstration projects.
- (b) DEMONSTRATION PROJECT MANAGEMENT EMPLOYEES.—
- (1) AUTHORITY.—In carrying out the program under subsection (a), the Under Secretary for Science shall appoint at least 4 full time employees to achieve the purposes of the program outlined in subsection (a) in coordination with relevant staff at Department program offices.
- (2) HIRING AUTHORITY.—To carry out the program authorized in this section, the Under Secretary for Science may hire personnel using the authorities in section 10636 of this subtitle.
- (c) DUTIES.—In carrying out the program in subsection (a), employees under this section shall work with relevant staff from Department program offices to—
- (1) evaluate demonstration project proposals, including the scope, technical specifications, maturity of design, funding profile, estimated costs, proposed schedule, proposed technical and financial milestones, and potential for commercial success based on economic and policy projections:
- (2) develop independent cost estimates of demonstration project proposals, when appropriate:
- (3) recommend to the director of a program office whether to fund a demonstration project proposal;

- (4) oversee the execution of the demonstration projects that receive funding from the Department under this section and conduct reviews of ongoing projects, which may include reconciling estimated costs as compared to actual costs and evaluating progress of the project based on the proposed schedule and technical and financial milestones, and provide such reviews to the Secretary; and
- (5) assess lessons learned and implement improvements to evaluate and oversee demonstration projects carried out under this section.
- (d) ADDITIONAL AUTHORITY.—The Secretary may carry out and manage demonstration projects directly through the program established in subsection (a).
- (e) PROJECT TERMINATION.—Should an ongoing demonstration project receive an unfavorable review under subsection (c)(4), the director of a Department program office or their designee may cease funding the demonstration project and reallocate the remaining funds to new or existing demonstration projects carried out by that program office.
- (f) COORDINATION.—In establishing and carrying out the program, the Secretary shall coordinate with project management and acquisition management entities within the Department, including the Office of Project Management, and relevant professional organizations in project management, construction, cost estimation, and other relevant fields.
- (g) REPORTING.—In accordance with section 9007 of Division Z of the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2021 (Public Law 116–260), the Secretary shall report annually on the utilization of the authority granted under this section, including—
- (1) a summary of any demonstration projects currently being carried out under this section;
- (2) the reviews under subsection (c)(4) of any ongoing demonstration projects carried out under this section.
- (h) EVALUATION BY COMPTROLLER GENERAL.— Not later than 3 years after the date of the enactment of this Act the Comptroller General shall submit to the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate an evaluation on the operation of the program established under this section, including—
- (1) the processes and procedures used to evaluate demonstration project proposals and oversee demonstration projects that receive funding under this section:
- (2) any recommended changes to the program, including the structure and the processes and procedures used to evaluate and oversee demonstration projects that receive funding under this section: and
- (3) any recommended changes to the structure of this program to improve the success in meeting the program purposes under subsection (a).

### SEC. 10634. STREAMLINING PRIZE COMPETI-TIONS.

- (a) REPORTING.—Section 1008 of the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16396) is amended by adding at the end the following:
- "(h) REPORT.—In accordance with section 9007 of Division Z of the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2021 (Public Law 116-260), the Secretary shall report annually on a description of any prize competitions carried out using the authority under this section, the total amount of prizes awarded along with any private sector contributions, the methods used for solicitation and evaluation, and a description of how each prize competition advanced the mission of the Department."
- (b) TECHNICAL AMENDMENT.—Section 1008 of the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16396) is amended by redesignating the second subsection (e) (relating to authorization of appropriations) as subsection (f).

# SEC. 10635. COST-SHARE WAIVER EXTENSION.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 988 of the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16352) is amended in subsection (b)(4)(B) by striking "this paragraph" and inserting "the America Competes Act of 2022".

(b) REPORT.—Section 108(b) of the Department of Energy Research and Innovation Act is amended in subsection (b) by striking "this Act" each place it appears and inserting "the Energizing Technology Transfer Act".

# SEC. 10636. SPECIAL HIRING AUTHORITY FOR SCIENTIFIC, ENGINEERING, AND PROJECT MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The Under Secretary for Science shall have the authority to—
- (1) make appointments of not more than 60 scientific, engineering, and professional personnel, without regard to civil service laws, to assist the Department in meeting specific project or research needs;
- (2) fix the basic pay of any employee appointed under this section at a rate to be determined by the Under Secretary at rates not in excess of Level II of the Executive Schedule (EXII) under section 5311 of title 5, United States Code without regard to the civil service laws; and
- (3) pay any employee appointed under this section payments in addition to basic pay, except that the total amount of additional payments paid to an employee under this subsection for any 12-month period shall not exceed the lesser of the following amounts:
  - (A) \$25,000.
- (B) The amount equal to 25 percent of the annual rate of basic pay of that employee.
- (C) The amount of the limitation that is applicable for a calendar year under section 5307(a)(1) of title 5, United States Code.
  - (b) TERM.-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The term of any employee appointed under this section shall not exceed 3 years unless otherwise authorized in law.
- (2) TERMINATION.—The Under Secretary for Science shall have the authority to terminate any employee appointed under this section at any time based on performance or changing project or research needs of the Department.

# SEC. 10637. TECHNOLOGY TRANSFER REPORTS AND EVALUATION.

Section 9007 of division Z of the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2021 (Public Law 116–260) is amended as follows:

"(a) ANNUAL REPORT.—As part of the updated technology transfer execution plan required each year under section 1001(h)(2) of the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16391(g)(2)), the Secretary of Energy (in this section referred to as the 'Secretary') shall submit to the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate a report on the progress and implementation of programs established under sections 9001, 9002, 9003, 9004, and 9005 of this Act and under sections 10624, 10628, 10630, 10631, and 10633 of the America COMPETES Act of 2022.

"(b) EVALUATION.—Not later than 3 years after the enactment of this Act and every 3 years thereafter the Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate an evaluation on the extent to which programs established under sections 9001, 9002, 9003, 9004, and 9005 of this Act and sections 10623, 10624, 10625, and 10627 of the America COMPETES Act of 2022 are achieving success based on relevant short-term and long-term metrics."

# Subtitle D—Regional Innovation SEC. 10641. REGIONAL INNOVATION CAPACITY.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The Stevenson-Wydler Technology Innovation Act of 1980 (Public Law 96–480; 15 U.S.C. 3701 et seq.) is amended—
- (1) by redesignating section 28 as section 29 and
  - (2) by inserting after section 27 the following:

#### "SEC. 28. REGIONAL TECHNOLOGY AND INNOVA-TION HUB PROGRAM.

"(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

"(1) APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CON-GRESS.—The term 'appropriate committees of Congress' means—

"(A) the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation, the Committee on Environment and Public Works, and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate; and

"(B) the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.

"(2) COOPERATIVE EXTENSION SERVICES.—The term 'cooperative extension services' has the meaning given the term in section 1404 of the Food and Agriculture Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3103).

"(3) HISTORICALLY BLACK COLLEGES AND UNI-VERSITIES.—The term 'historically Black colleges and universities' has the meaning given the term 'part B institution' in section 322 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1061);

"(4) LABOR ORGANIZATION.—The term 'labor organization' has the meaning given the term in section 2(5) of the National Labor Relations Act (29 U.S.C. 152(5)), except that such term shall also include—

"(A) any organization composed of labor organizations, such as a labor union federation or a State or municipal labor body; and

"(B) any organization which would be included in the definition for such term under such section 2(5) but for the fact that the organization represents—

"(i) individuals employed by the United States, any wholly owned Government corporation, any Federal Reserve Bank, or any State or political subdivision thereof:

"(ii) individuals employed by persons subject to the Railway Labor Act (45 U.S.C. 151 et seq.);

"(iii) individuals employed as agricultural la-

"(5) MANUFACTURING EXTENSION CENTER.— The term 'manufacturing extension center' has the meaning given the term 'Center' in section 25(a) of the National Institute of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 278k(a)).

"(6) MANUFACTURING USA INSTITUTE.—The term 'Manufacturing USA institute' means a Manufacturing USA institute described in section 34(d) of the National Institute of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 278s(d)).

"(7) MINORITY-SERVING INSTITUTION.—The term 'minority-serving institution' means a Hispanic-serving institution, an Alaska Nativeserving institution, a Native Hawaiian-serving institutions, a Predominantly Black Institution, an Asian American and Native American Pacific Islander-serving institution, or a Native American-serving nontribal institution as described in section 371(a) of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1067q(a)).

"(8) SITE CONNECTIVITY INFRASTRUCTURE.— The term 'site connectivity infrastructure' means localized driveways and access roads to a facility as well as hookups to the new facility for drinking water, waste water, broadband, and other basic infrastructure services already present in the area.

"(9) STATE.—The term 'state' has the meaning given such term in section 27(a) of the Stevenson-Wudler Act of 1980 (15 U.S.C. 3722(a)).

"(10) TRIBAL COLLEGE OR UNIVERSITY.—The term "Tribal College or University" has the meaning given such term in section 316 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1059c).

"(11) VENTURE DEVELOPMENT ORGANIZA-TION.—The term venture development organization' has the meaning given such term in section 27(a) of the Stevenson-Wydler Act of 1980 (15 U.S.C. 3722(a)).

"(12) COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT FINANCIAL IN-STITUTION.—The term 'community development financial institution' has the meaning given in section 103 of the Community Development Banking and Financial Institutions Act of 1994 (12 U.S.C. 4702).

- "(13) MINORITY DEPOSITORY INSTITUTION.— The term 'minority depository institution' means an entity that is—
- "(A) a minority depository institution, as defined in section 308 of the Financial Institutions Reform, Recovery, and Enforcement Act of 1989 (12 U.S.C. 1463 note): or
- "(B) considered to be a minority depository institution by—
- "(i) the appropriate Federal banking agency;
- $\hbox{\it ``(ii) the National Credit Union Administration, in the case of an insured credit union.}$
- "(b) REGIONAL TECHNOLOGY AND INNOVATION HUB PROGRAM.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to the availability of appropriations, the Secretary shall carry out a program—
- "(A) to encourage new and constructive collaboration among local, State, and Federal government entities, institutions of higher education, the private sector, economic development organizations, labor organizations, worker cooperative membership associations, State or local employee ownership and cooperative development centers, nonprofit organizations, and community organizations to promote inclusive regional innovation initiatives;
- "(B) to support eligible consortia in the development and implementation of regional innovation strategies;
- "(C) to designate eligible consortia as regional technology and innovation hubs and facilitate activities by consortia designated as regional technology and innovation hubs in implementing their regional innovation strategies—
- "(i) to enable United States leadership in technology and innovation sectors critical to national and economic security;
- "(ii) to support regional economic development and resilience, including in small cities and rural areas, and promote increased geographic diversity of innovation across the United States:
- "(iii) to promote the benefits of technology development and innovation for all Americans, including underserved communities and vulnerable communities:
- "(iv) to support domestic job creation and broad-based economic growth; and
- "(v) to improve the pace of market readiness, industry maturation, and overall commercialization of innovative research;
- "(D) to ensure that the regional technology and innovation hubs address the intersection of emerging technologies and either regional challenges or national challenges; and
- "(E) to conduct ongoing research, evaluation, analysis, and dissemination of best practices for regional development and competitiveness in technology and innovation.
- "(2) AWARDS.—The Secretary shall carry out the program required by paragraph (1) through the award of the following:
- "(A) Strategy development grants or cooperative agreements to eligible consortia under subsection (e).
- "(B) Strategy implementation grants or cooperative agreements to regional technology and innovation hubs under subsection (f).
- "(c) ELIGIBLE CONSORTIA.—For purposes of this section, an eligible consortium is a consortium that—
- ``(1)\$ includes 1 or more of each of the following—
- "(A) institutions of higher education, which may include Historically Black Colleges and Universities, Tribal Colleges and Universities, and minority-serving institutions;
- "(B) State, territorial, local, or Tribal governments or other political subdivisions of a State, including State and local agencies, or a consortia thereof:
- "(C) industry or firms in relevant technology or innovation sectors;
- "(D) labor organizations or workforce training organizations, which may include State and

local workforce development boards as established under section 101 and 107 of the Workforce Investment and Opportunity U.S.C. 3111; 3122); and

"(E) organizations that contribute to increasing the participation of underserved populations in science, technology, innovation, and entrepreneurship: and

'(2) may include 1 or more—

"(A) economic development entities with relevant expertise, including a district organization (as defined in section 300.3 of title 13, Code of Federal Regulations, or successor regulation);

f(B) economic development organizations or similar entities that are focused primarily on improving science, technology, innovation, entrepreneurship, or access to capital;

'(C) venture development organizations;

"(D) worker cooperative membership associations and state or local employee ownership and cooperative development centers;

"(E) financial institutions and investment funds, including community development financial institutions and minority depository institutions;

"(F) elementary schools and secondary schools, including area career and technical education schools (as defined in section 3 of the Carl D. Perkins Career and Technical Education Act of 2006 (29 U.S.C. 2302);

"(G) National Laboratories (as defined in section 2 of the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 15801));

"(H) Federal laboratories;

- '(I) Manufacturing extension centers;
- "(J) Manufacturing USA institutes;
- $``(K)\ transportation\ planning\ organizations;$
- '(L) a cooperative extension services: and
- (M) organizations that represent the perspectives of underserved communities in economic development initiatives.
- '(d) DESIGNATION OF REGIONAL TECHNOLOGY AND INNOVATION HUBS.-
- '(1) IN GENERAL.—In carrying out subsection (b)(1)(C), the Secretary shall use a competitive, merit-review process to designate not fewer than 10 eligible consortia as regional technology and innovation hubs.
- "(2) Geographic distribution.—In conducting the competitive process under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall ensure geographic distribution in the designation of regional technology and innovation hubs by-

"(A) focusing on localities that are not leading technology centers;

'(B) ensuring that not fewer than one third of eligible consortia designated as regional technology and innovation hubs significantly benefit a rural or other underserved community;

'(C) ensuring that at least one eligible consortium designated as a regional technology and innovation hub is headquartered in a State that is eligible to receive funding from the Established Program to Stimulate Competitive Research of the National Science Foundation; and

"(D) ensuring that at least one eligible consortium designated as a regional technology and innovation hub is headquartered in a region that has a high density of institutions of higher education serving populations historically underrepresented in STEM, including historically Black Colleges and Universities and minority-serving institutions.

"(3) RELATION TO CERTAIN GRANT AWARDS. The Secretary shall not require an eligible consortium to receive a grant or cooperative agreement under subsection (e) in order to be designated as a regional technology and innovation hub under paragraph (1) of this subsection.

"(e) STRATEGY DEVELOPMENT GRANTS AND CO-OPERATIVE AGREEMENTS.-

'(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall use a competitive, merit-review process to award grants or cooperative agreements to eligible consortia for the development of regional innovation strategies.

'(2) NUMBER OF RECIPIENTS.—The Secretary shall award a grant or cooperative agreement under paragraph (1) to not fewer than 20 eligible consortia.
"(3) GEOGRAPHIC DIVERSITY AND REPRESENTA-

TION

"(A) In General.—The Secretary shall carry out paragraph (1) in a manner that ensures geographic diversity and representation from communities of differing populations.

(B) AWARDS TO RURAL COMMUNITIES AND UN-DERSERVED COMMUNITIES.—In carrying out paragraph (1), the Secretary shall award not fewer than one-half of the grants and cooperative agreements under such paragraph to eligible consortia that significantly benefit a rural state, rural community, or other underserved community

'(4) USE OF FUNDS.—The amount of a grant or cooperative agreement awarded under paragraph (1) shall be as follows:

(A) To coordinate locally defined planning processes, across jurisdictions and agencies, relating to developing a comprehensive regional technology strategy.

"(B) To identify regional partnerships for developing and implementing a comprehensive regional technology strategy.

"(C) To conduct or update assessments to determine regional needs and capabilities.

'(D) To develop or update goals and strategies to implement an existing comprehensive regional plan.

"(E) To identify or implement planning and local zoning and other code changes necessary to implement a comprehensive regional technologu strategu.

'(F) To develop or update goals for ensuring that any new regional technology strategy mitigates and does not exacerbate economic or social inequities in a region.

(5) FEDERAL SHARE.--The Federal share of the cost of an effort carried out using a grant or cooperative agreement awarded under this subsection may not exceed 80 percent-

"(A) where in-kind contributions may be used for all or part of the non-Federal share, but Federal funding from other government sources may not count towards the non-Federal share:

"(B) except in the case of an eligible consortium that represents all or part of a rural or other underserved community, the Federal share may be up to 90 percent of the total cost, subject to subparagraph (A); and

'(C) except in the case of an eligible consortium that is led by a Tribal government, the Federal share may be up to 100 percent of the

total cost of the project.
"(f) STRATEGY IMPLEMENTATION GRANTS AND COOPERATIVE AGREEMENTS.

"(1) In General.—The Secretary shall use a competitive, merit-review process to award grants or cooperative agreements to regional technology and innovation hubs for the implementation of regional innovation strategies including regional strategies for infrastructure and site development, in support of the regional innovation and technology and innovation hub's plans and programs. The Secretary should determine the size and number of awards based on appropriations available to ensure the success of regional technology and innovation hubs as outlined in subsection (h).

''(2) USE OF FUNDS.—Financial assistance awarded under paragraph (1) to a regional technology and innovation hub may be used by the regional technology and innovation hub to support any of the following activities, consistent with the most current regional innovation strategy of the regional technology and innovation hub:

"(A) Workforce Development activities.— Workforce development activities, including activities relating to the following:

'(i) The creation of partnerships between industry, workforce, nonprofit, and educational institutions to create and align technical training and educational programs.

(ii) The design, development, and updating of educational and training curriculum tied to demonstrated regional workforce needs.

"(iii) The procurement of facilities and equipment, as required to train a technical workforce.

"(iv) The development and execution of programs to rapidly award certificates or credentials recognized by regional industries or other organizations.

(v) The matching of regional employers with a potential new entrant, underemployed, underrepresented, or incumbent workforce.

'(vi) The expansion of successful training programs at a scale required by the region served by the regional technology and innovation hub, including through the use of online education and mentoring.

"(vii) The development and expansion of programs with the goal of increasing the participation of persons historically underrepresented in STEM and manufacturing in the workforce development plans of the regional technology and innovation hub.

"(B) BUSINESS AND ENTREPRENEUR DEVELOP-MENT ACTIVITIES.—Business and entrepreneur development activities, including activities relating to the following:

'(i) The development and growth of local regional businesses and the training of entrepreneurs.

"(ii) The support of technology commercialization, including funding for activities relevant for advancing high growth potential ventures such as acceleration, incubation and other  $relevant\ programming.$ 

'(iii) The development of local and regional capital networks and consortia to attract necessary private funding to businesses and entrepreneurs in the region.

"(iv) The development of local and regional networks for business and entrepreneur mentorshin

"(v) The expansion of employee and worker ownership and participation in business decisionmaking, including through coordination and collaboration with worker cooperative membership associations and existing local and state employee ownership and cooperative development centers, or the creation of such centers where they do not yet exist, in order to provide information, technical assistance, access to financing, and training to startups, contractors, and businesses that are considering employee ownership as a model, and to facilitate the creation of and conversion to employee-owned startups, businesses, and cooperatives.

"(C) TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT AND MATURA-TION ACTIVITIES.—Technology maturation activities, including activities relating to the following:

"(i) The development and deployment of technologies in sectors critical to the region served by the regional technology and innovation hub or to national and economic security, including industry-university research cooperation, proof of concept, prototype development, and testing.

"(ii) The development of programming to support the creation and transfer of intellectual property into private use, such as through startup creation.

'(iii) The provision of facilities for technology maturation, including incubators for collaborative development of technologies by private sector, academic, nonprofit, and other entities.

"(iv) Activities to provide or ensure access to capital for new business and cooperative formation and business expansion, or preservation of existing businesses through conversion to employee ownership and cooperatives, including by attracting new private, public, and philanthropic investment and by establishing local and regional venture and loan funds, community development financial institutions, and minority depository institutions.

(D) INFRASTRUCTURE-RELATED ACTIVITIES. The building of facilities and site connectivity infrastructure necessary to carry out activities described in subparagraphs (A), (B), and (C), including activities relating to the following:

"(i) Establishing a center with required tools and instrumentation for workforce development. "(ii) Establishing a facility for technology development, demonstration, and testing.

"(iii) Establishing collaborative incubators to support technology commercialization and entrepreneur training.

"(3) TERM.-

"(A) INITIAL PERFORMANCE PERIOD.—The term of an initial grant or cooperative agreement awarded under this subsection shall be for a period that the Secretary deems appropriate for the proposed activities but not less than 2 years.

"(B) SUBSEQUENT PERFORMANCE PERIOD.—The Secretary may renew a grant or cooperative agreement awarded to a regional technology and innovation hub under paragraph (1) for such period as the Secretary considers appropriate, if the Secretary determines that the regional technology and innovation hub has made satisfactory progress towards the metrics agreed to under subsection (i).

"(C) FLEXIBLE APPROACH.—In renewing a grant or cooperative agreement under subparagraph (B), the Secretary and the eligible consortium may agree to new or additional uses of funds in order to meet changes in the needs of the region.

"(4) LIMITATION ON AMOUNT OF AWARDS.-

"(Á) INITIAL PERFORMANCE PERIOD.—The amount of an initial grant or cooperative agreements awarded to a regional technology and innovation hub under paragraph (3)(A) shall be no more than \$150,000,000.

"(B) SUBSEQUENT PERFORMANCE PERIOD.— Upon renewal of a grant or cooperative agreement under paragraph (3)(B), the Secretary may award funding in the amount that the Secretary considers appropriate, ensuring that no single regional technology and innovation hub receives more than 15 percent of the aggregate amount of the grants and cooperative agreements awarded under this subsection.

"(5) MATCHING REQUIRED.—

"(A) INITIAL PERFORMANCE PERIOD.—Except in the case of a regional technology and innovation hub described in subparagraph (C), the total amount of all grants awarded to a regional technology and innovation hub under this subsection in phase one shall not exceed 90 percent of the total operating costs of the regional technology and innovation hub during the initial performance period.

"(B) SUBSEQUENT PERFORMANCE PERIOD.—Except in the case of a regional technology and innovation hub described in subparagraph (C) the total amount of all grants awarded to a regional technology and innovation hub in subsequent performance periods shall not exceed 75 percent of the total operating costs of the regional technology and innovation hub in each year of the grant or cooperative agreement.

"(C) RURAL COMMUNITIES OR UNDERSERVED COMMUNITIES AND INDIAN TRIBES.—

"(i) IN GENERAL.—The total Federal financial assistance awarded in a given year to a regional technology and innovation hub under this subsection shall not exceed amounts as follows:

"(I) In the case of a regional technology and innovation hub that primarily serves a rural community or other underserved community, in a fiscal year, 90 percent of the total funding of the regional technology and innovation hub in that fiscal year.

"(II) In the case of a regional technology and innovation hub that is led by a Tribal government, in a fiscal year, 100 percent of the total funding of the regional technology and innovation hub in that fiscal year.

"(ii) MINIMUM THRESHOLD OF RURAL REP-RESENTATION.—For purposes of clause (i)(I), the Secretary shall establish a minimum threshold of rural representation and other underserved community representation in the regional technology and innovation hub.

"(D) IN-KIND CONTRIBUTIONS.—For purposes of this paragraph, in-kind contributions may be used for part of the non-Federal share of the total funding of a regional technology and innovation hub in a fiscal year.

"(6) GRANTS FOR INFRASTRUCTURE.—Any grant or cooperative agreement awarded under this subsection to support the construction of facilities and site connectivity infrastructure shall be awarded pursuant to section 201 of the Public Works and Economic Development Act of 1965 (42 U.S.C. 3141) and subject to the provisions of such Act, except that subsection (b) of such section and sections 204 and 301 of such Act (42 U.S.C. 3144; 3161) shall not apply.

"(7) RELATION TO CERTAIN GRANT AWARDS.— The Secretary shall not require a regional technology and innovation hub to receive a grant or cooperative agreement under subsection (e) in order to receive a grant or cooperative agreement under this subsection.

"(g) APPLICATIONS.—An eligible consortium seeking designation as a regional technology and innovation hub under subsection (d) or a grant or cooperative agreement under subsection (e) or (f) shall submit to the Secretary an application therefore at such time, in such manner, and containing such information as the Secretary may specify.

"(h) Considerations for Designation and Award of Strategy Implementation Grants and Cooperative Agreements.—In selecting an eligible consortium that submitted an application under subsection (g) for designation under subsection (d) or for a grant or cooperative agreement under subsection (f), the Secretary shall consider the following:

"(1) The potential of the eligible consortium to advance the research, development, deployment, and domestic manufacturing of technologies in a technology or innovation sector critical to na-

tional and economic security.

"(2) The likelihood of positive regional economic effect, including increasing the number of high wage domestic jobs, creating new economic opportunities for economically disadvantaged and underrepresented populations, promoting employee and worker ownership, and advancing models of local and cooperative economic development that build and retain wealth in the reaion

"(3) How the eligible consortium plans to integrate with and leverage the resources of 1 or more federally funded research and development centers, National Laboratories, Federal laboratories, Manufacturing USA institutes, Hollings Manufacturing Extension Partnership centers, or other Federal entities.

"(4) How the eligible consortium will engage with the private sector, including small- and medium-sized businesses and cooperatives, and employee-owned businesses and cooperatives, to commercialize new technologies and improve the resiliency and sustainability of domestic supply chains in a technology or innovation sector critical to national and economic security.

"(5) How the eligible consortium will carry out workforce development and skills acquisition programming, including through partnerships with entities that include State and local workforce development boards, institutions of higher education, including community colleges, historically Black colleges and universities, Tribal colleges and universities, and minorityserving institutions, labor organizations, worker cooperative membership associations, state or local employee ownership and cooperative development centers, workforce development programs, and other related activities authorized by the Secretary, to support the development of a skilled technical workforce for the regional technology and innovation hub.

"(6) How the eligible consortium will improve or expand science, technology, engineering, and mathematics education programs and opportunities in the identified region in elementary and secondary school and higher education institutions located in the identified region.

"(7) How the eligible consortium plans to develop partnerships with venture development organizations, community development financial institutions and minority depository institutions, and sources of private investment in sup-

port of private sector activity, including launching new or expanding existing companies.

"(8) How the eligible consortium plans to organize the activities of regional partners across sectors in support of a regional technology and innovation hub.

"(9) How the eligible consortium plans to procure as many goods, services, food, and supplies as is practicable from locally-owned, employeeowned, minority-owned, and women-owned businesses and cooperatives in conducting hub activities, and how individual consortium members, as applicable, plan to do the same.

"(10) How the consortium plans to collaborate with local and community development financial institutions and minority depository institutions to expand the supply of such procurement options, including by creating business plans and plans for financing businesses and cooperatives that do not yet exist, and how the consortium plans to encourage entities created as a result of hub activities to follow such mactices

sult of hub activities to follow such practices. "(11) How the eligible consortium will ensure that growth in technology and innovation sector produces opportunity across the identified region, including for economically disadvantaged, minority, and rural populations, including consideration of how the eligible consortium takes into account the relevant impact of regional status and plans for—

"(A) available affordable housing stock and housing policies:

"(B) local and regional transportation systems;

'(C) high speed internet access: and

"(D) primary and secondary education.

"(12) How much the region's educational institutions are committed to aligning their activities, including research and education, as appropriate, to a region's economic strengths and areas of focus.

"(13) The likelihood efforts served by the consortium will be sustained once Federal support ends

"(i) COORDINATION AND COLLABORATION.—

"(1) COORDINATION WITH REGIONAL INNOVA-TION PROGRAM.—The Secretary shall ensure the activities under this section do not duplicate activities or efforts under section 27.

"(2) COORDINATION AMONG HUBS.—The Secretary shall ensure eligible consortia that receive a grant or cooperative agreement under this section coordinate and share best practices for regional economic development.

"(3) COORDINATION WITH PROGRAMS OF THE NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF STANDARDS AND TECHNOLOGY.—The Secretary shall coordinate the activities of regional technology and innovation hubs designated under this section, the Hollings Manufacturing Extension Partnership, and the Manufacturing USA Program, as the Secretary considers appropriate, to maintain the effectiveness of a manufacturing extension center or a Manufacturing USA institute.

"(4) COORDINATION WITH DEPARTMENT OF EN-ERGY PROGRAMS.—The Secretary shall, in collaboration with the Secretary of Energy, coordinate the activities and selection of regional technology and innovation hubs designated under this section, as the Secretaries consider appropriate, to maintain the effectiveness of activities at the Department of Energy and the National Laboratories.

"(5) INTERAGENCY COLLABORATION.—In designating regional technology and innovation hubs under subsection (d) and awarding grants or cooperative agreements under subsection (f), the Secretaru—

"(A) shall collaborate with Federal departments and agencies whose missions contribute to the goals of the regional technology and innovation hub, and relevant interagency initiatives such as the Interagency Working Group for Cooperative Development;

"(B) shall consult with the Director of the National Science Foundation for the purpose of ensuring that the regional technology and innovation hubs are aligned with relevant science, technology, and engineering expertise; and

- "(C) may accept funds from other Federal agencies to support grants, cooperative agreements, and activities under this section.
- "(j) PERFORMANCE MEASUREMENT, TRANS-PARENCY, AND ACCOUNTABILITY.—
- "(1) METRICS, STANDARDS, AND ASSESSMENT.— For each grant and cooperative agreement awarded under subsection (f) for a regional technology and innovation hub, the Secretary shall—
- "(A) in consultation with the regional technology and innovation hub, develop metrics, which may include metrics relating to domestic job creation, patent awards, increases in research funding, business formation and expansion, and participation of individuals or communities historically underrepresented in STEM, to assess the effectiveness of the activities funded in making progress toward the purposes set forth under subsection (b)(1);

"(B) establish standards for the performance of the regional technology and innovation hub that are based on the metrics developed under subparagraph (A); and

- "(C) prior to any award made under a subsequent performance period in subsection (f) and every 2 years thereafter until Federal financial assistance under this section for the regional technology and innovation hub is discontinued, conduct an assessment of the regional technology and innovation hub to confirm whether the performance of the regional technology and innovation hub is meeting the standards for performance established under subparagraph (B) of this paragraph.
- "(2) Final reports by recipients of strategy implementation grants and cooperative agreements.—
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall require each eligible consortium that receives a grant or cooperative agreement under subsection (f) for activities of a regional technology and innovation hub, as a condition of receipt of such grant or cooperative agreement, to submit to the Secretary, not later than 120 days after the last day of the term of the grant or cooperative agreement, a report on the activities of the regional technology and innovation hub supported by the grant or cooperative agreement.

"(B) CONTENTS OF REPORT.—Each report submitted by an eligible consortium under subparagraph (A) shall include the following:

"(i) A detailed description of the activities carried out by the regional technology and innovation hub using the grant or cooperative agreement described in subparagraph (A), including the following:

"(I) A description of each project the regional technology and innovation hub completed using such grant or cooperative agreement.

"(II) An explanation of how each project described in subclause (I) achieves a specific goal under this section in the region of the regional technology and innovation hub with respect to—

"(aa) the resiliency and sustainability of a supply chain;

(bb) research, development, and deployment of a critical technology;

"(cc) workforce training and development;

"(dd) domestic job creation;

"(ee) entrepreneurship and company formation, including the number of businesses created or preserved through employee ownership and cooperative development;;

"(ff) commercialization;

"(gg) access to private capital; or

"(hh) participation of individuals or communities historically underrepresented in STEM.

"(ii) A discussion of any obstacles encountered by the regional technology and innovation hub in the implementation of the regional technology and innovation hub and how the regional technology and innovation hub overcame those obstacles.

"(iii) An evaluation of the success of the projects of the regional technology and innovation hub using the performance standards and

measures established under paragraph (1), including an evaluation of the planning process and how the project contributes to carrying out the regional innovation strategy of the regional technology and innovation hub.

"(iv) The effectiveness of the regional technology and innovation hub in ensuring that, in the region of the regional technology and innovation hub, growth in technology and innovation sectors produces broadly shared opportunity across the region, including for economic disadvantaged and underrepresented populations and rural areas.

"(v) Information regarding such other matters as the Secretary may require.

- "(3) INTERIM REPORTS BY RECIPIENTS OF GRANTS AND COOPERATIVE AGREEMENTS.—In addition to requiring submittal of final reports under paragraph (2)(A), the Secretary may require a regional technology and innovation hub described in such paragraph to submit to the Secretary such interim reports as the Secretary considers appropriate.
- "(4) ANNUAL REPORTS TO CONGRESS.—Not less frequently than once each year, the Secretary shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress an annual report on the results of the assessments conducted by the Secretary under paragraph (1)(C) during the period covered by the report.

"(k) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— There is authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary—

"(1) \$50,000,000 to award grants and cooperative agreements under subsection (e) for the period of fiscal years 2022 through 2026;

"(2) \$2,000,000,000 to award grants and cooperative agreements under subsection (f) for the period of fiscal years 2022 and 2023; and

"(3) \$4,800,000,000 to award grants and cooperative agreements under subsection (f) for the period of fiscal years 2024 through 2026.

"(l) ADMINISTRATION.—The Secretary may use funds made available to carry out this section for administrative costs under this section.".

(b) Initial Designations and Awards.—

- (1) COMPETITION REQUIRED.—Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this section, subject to the availability of appropriations, the Secretary of Commerce shall commence a competition under subsection (d)(1) of section 28 of the Stevenson-Wydler Technology Innovation Act of 1980 (15 U.S.C. 3723) as added by subsection (a).
- (2) DESIGNATION AND AWARD.—Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this section, if the Secretary has received at least 1 application under subsection (g) of section 28 of the Stevenson-Wydler Technology Innovation Act of 1980 (15 U.S.C. 3723) from an eligible consortium whom the Secretary considers suitable for designation under subsection (d)(1) of such section, the Secretary shall—
- (A) designate at least 1 regional technology and innovation hub under subsection (d)(1) of such section; and
- (B) award a grant or cooperative agreement under subsection (f)(1) of such section to each regional technology and innovation hub designated pursuant to subparagraph (A) of this paragraph.

#### SEC. 10642. REGIONAL CLEAN ENERGY INNOVA-TION PROGRAM.

Subtitle C of title IX of the Energy Independence and Security Act of 2007 is amended by adding at the end the following:

### "SEC. 936. REGIONAL CLEAN ENERGY INNOVA-TION PROGRAM.

"(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

"(1) REGIONAL CLEAN ENERGY INNOVATION PARTNERSHIP.—The term 'regional clean energy innovation partnership' means a group of one or more persons, including a covered consortium, who perform a collection of activities that are coordinated by such covered consortium to carry out the purposes of the program under subsection (c) in a region of the United States.

- "(2) COVERED CONSORTIUM.—The term 'covered consortium' means an individual or group of individuals in partnership with a government entity, including a State, territorial, local, or tribal government or unit of such government, and at least 2 or more of the following additional entities—
- "(A) an institution of higher education or a consortium of institutions of higher education;
- "(B) a workforce training provider, including vocational schools and community colleges;

"(C) a private sector entity; 
(D) a nonprofit organization;

"(D) a nonprofit organization (E) a community group;

"(F) a labor organization;

"(G) a National Laboratory;

"(H) a venture development organization; "(I) a community development financial insti-

tution or minority depository institution;
"(J) a worker cooperative membership associa-

tion or state or local employee ownership or cooperative development center; "(K) an organization focused on clean energy

"(K) an organization focused on clean energy technology innovation or entrepreneurship;

"(L) a business accelerator or incubator;
"(M) a private sector entity or group of e

"(M) a private sector entity or group of entities, including a trade or industry association; "(N) an economic development organization;

"(O) a manufacturing facility or organization;

"(P) a clean energy incubator or accelerator; "(Q) a multi-institutional collaboration; or

" $(\tilde{R})$  any other entity that the Secretary determines to be relevant.

"(3) PROGRAM.—The term 'program' means the Regional Clean Energy Innovation Program authorized in subsection (b).

"(4) INSTITUTION OF HIGHER EDUCATION.—The term 'institution of higher education' has the meaning given such term in the Higher Education Act of 1965, as amended (20 U.S.C. 1001).

"(5) NATIONAL LABORATORY.—The term 'National Laboratory' has the meaning given that term in seciton 2 of the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42.2 ILSC 15801)

2005 (42 2 U.S.C. 15801).

"(b) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall establish a Regional Clean Energy Innovation Program, a research, development, demonstration, and commercial application program designed to enhance the economic, environmental, and energy security of the United States and accelerate the pace of innovation of diverse clean energy technologies through the formation or support of regional clean energy innovation partnerships that—

(1) account for the diverse domestic energy resources available throughout the United States;

"(2) are responsive to the needs of industry, workforce, policy landscape, and clean energy innovation capabilities of the region in which such partnership is located;

"(3) enhance and accelerate clean energy innovation;

"(4) are located in diverse geographic regions of the United States, including United States territories; and

"(5) maximize the opportunities for cooperation between institutes of higher education, industry, State and local governments, and nonprofit research institutions with shared areas of energy expertise.

"(c) PURPOSES OF THE PROGRAM.—The purposes of the Program established under sub-

section (b) are to-

"(1) improve the competitiveness of United States' clean energy technology research, development, demonstration, and commercial application; and

"(2) support the development of tools and technologies best suited for use in diverse regions of the United States, including in rural, tribal, and low-income communities.

"(d) REGIONAL CLEAN ENERGY INNOVATION PARTNERSHIPS.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall competitively award grants to covered consortia to establish or support regional clean energy innovation partnerships that achieve the purposes of the Program in subsection (c).

- "(2) PERMISSIBLE ACTIVITIES.—Grants awarded under this subsection shall be used for activities determined appropriate by the Secretary to achieve the purposes of the Program in subsection (c), including—
- "(A) facilitating the commercial application of clean energy products, processes, and services, including through research, development, demonstration, or technology transfer:
- "(B) planning among participants of a regional clean energy innovation partnership to improve the strategic and cost-effective coordination of the partnership;
- "(C) improving stakeholder involvement in the development of goals and activities of a regional clean energy innovation partnership;
- "(D) assessing different incentive mechanisms for clean energy development and commercial application in the region;
  - "(E) hosting events and conferences; and
- "(F) establishing and updating roadmaps to measure progress on relevant goals, such as those relevant to metrics developed under subsection (q).
- "(3) APPLICATIONS.—Each application submitted to the Secretary under paragraph (1) may include—
- "(A) a list of members and roles of members of the covered consortia, as well as any other stakeholders supporting the activities of the regional clean energy innovation partnership;
- "(B) a description of the proposed outcomes of the regional clean energy innovation partnershin:
- "(C) an assessment of the relevant clean energy innovation assets needed in a region to achieve proposed outcomes, such as education and training programs, research facilities, infrastructure or site development, access to capital, manufacturing capabilities, or other assets;
- "(D) a description of proposed activities that the regional clean energy innovation partnership plans to undertake and how the proposed activities will achieve the purposes described in subsection (c) and the proposed outcomes in subparagraph (B):
- "(E) a description of the geographical region that will engage in the regional clean energy innovation partnership;
- "(F) a plan for attracting additional funds and identification of funding sources from non-Federal sources to deliver the proposed outcomes of the regional clean energy innovation partnership:
- "(G) a plan for partnering and collaborating with community development financial institutions and minority depository institutions, labor organizations and community groups, worker cooperative membership associations, local and state employee ownership and cooperative development centers, and other local institutions in order to promote employee, community, and public ownership in the clean energy sector, and advance models of local economic development that build and retain wealth in the region;
- "(H) a plan for sustaining activities of the regional clean energy innovation partnership after funds received under this program have been expended; and
- "(I) a proposed budget, including financial contributions from non-Federal sources.
- "(4) Considerations.—In selecting covered consortia for funding under the Program, the Secretary shall, to the maximum extent practicable.—
- "(A) give special consideration to applications from rural, tribal, and low-income communities; and
- "(B) ensure that there is geographic diversity among the covered consortia selected to receive funding.
- "(5) AWARD AMOUNT.—Grants given out under this Program shall be in an amount not greater than \$10,000,000, with the total grant award in any year less than that in the previous year.
- "(6) COST SHARE.—For grants that are disbursed over the course of three or more years, the Secretary shall require, as a condition of re-

- ceipt of funds under this section, that a covered consortium provide not less than 50 percent of the funding for the activities of the regional clean energy partnership under this section for years 3, 4, and 5.
- "(7) DURATION.—Each grant under paragraph shall be for a period of not longer than 5 years.
- "(8) RENEWAL.—A grant awarded under this section may be renewed for a period of not more than 5 years, subject to a rigorous merit review based on the progress of a regional clean energy innovation partnership towards achieving the purposes of the program in subsection (c) and the metrics developed under subsection (g).
- "(9) TERMINATION.—Consistent with the existing authorities of the Department, the Secretary may terminate grant funding under this subsection to covered consortia during the performance period if the Secretary determines that the regional clean energy innovation partnership is underperforming.
- "(10) ADMINISTRATIVE COSTS.—The Secretary may allow a covered consortium that receives funds under this section to allocate a portion of the funding received to be used for administrative or indirect costs.
- "(11) FUNDING.—The Secretary may accept funds from other Federal agencies to support funding and activities under this section.
- "(e) PLANNING FUNDS.—The Secretary may competitively award grants in an amount no greater than \$2,000,000 for a period not longer than 2 years to an entity consisting of a government entity, including a State, territorial, local, or tribal government or unit of such government or any entity listed under subsection (a)(2) to plan a regional clean energy innovation partnership or establish a covered consortium for the purpose of applying for funds under subsection (b).
- "(f) Information Sharing.—As part of the program, the Secretary shall support the gathering, analysis, and dissemination of information on best practices for developing and operating successful regional clean energy innovation partnerships.
- "(g) METRICS.—In evaluating a grant renewals under subsection (d)(8), the Secretary shall work with program evaluation experts to develop and make publicly available metrics to assess the progress of a regional clean energy innovation partnership towards achieving the purposes of the program in subsection (c). Such metrics may include—
  - "(1) the number and quality of—
- "(A) new clean energy companies created in the region as a result of activities carried out under the regional clean energy innovation partnership, including those created or preserved through employee ownership and cooperative development;
- "(B) new or expanded workforce development or training programs; and
- "(C) support services provided to clean energy technology developers in the region;
- "(2) changes in clean energy employment in the region as a result of activities carried out under the regional clean energy innovation partnership; and
- "(3) the amount of capital investment in clean energy companies in the region as a result of activities carried out under the regional clean energy innovation partnership grant.
- "(h) COORDINATION.—In carrying out the program, the Secretary shall coordinate with, and avoid unnecessary duplication of, the activities carried out under this section with the activities of—
- "(1) other research entities of the Department, including the National Laboratories, the Office of Science, the Advanced Research Projects Agency-Energy, the Office of Technology Transitions, Energy Innovation Hubs, and Energy Frontier Research Centers: and
- "(2) relevant programs at other Federal agencies, including—
- "(A) the Office of Innovation and Entrepreneurship under the Economic Development Ad-

- ministration, including the Regional Innovation Program under section 27 of the Stevenson-Wydler Technology Innovation Act of 1980 (15 U.S.C. 3722);
- "(B) the Hollings Manufacturing Extension Partnership Program under section 25 of the National Institute of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 278k);
- "(C) the Manufacturing USA Program under section 34 of the National Institute of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 278s);
- "(D) the Defense Manufacturing Communities Support Program under section 846 of the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (10 U.S.C. 2501 note):
- "(E) the Office of Economic Adjustment at the Department of Defense; and
- "(F) Rural Development at the United States Department of Agriculture.
- "(i) CONFLICTS OF INTEREST.—In carrying out the program, the Secretary shall maintain conflict of interest procedures, consistent with the conflict of interest procedures of the Department
- "(j) EVALUATION BY COMPTROLLER GEN-ERAL.—Not later than 3 years after the date of the enactment of the America COMPETES Act of 2022, and again 3 years later, the Comptroller General shall submit to the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate an evaluation on the operation of the program during the most recent 3-year period, including—
- "(1) an assessment of the progress made towards achieving the purposes specified in subsection (c) based on the metrics developed under subsection (g);
- "(2) the short-term and long-term metrics used to determine the success of the program under subsection (g), and any changes recommended to the metrics used:
- "(3) the regional clean energy innovation partnerships established or supported by covered consortia that have received grants under subsection (d); and
- "(4) any recommendations on how the program may be improved.
- "(k) NATIONAL LABORATORIES.—In supporting technology transfer activities at the National Laboratories, the Secretary shall encourage partnerships with entities that are located in the same region or State as the National Laboratory.
- "(1) SECURITY.—In carrying out the activities under this section, the Secretary shall ensure proper security controls are in place to protect sensitive information, as appropriate.
- "(m) No FUNDS FOR CONSTRUCTION.—No funds provided to the Department of Energy under this section shall be used for construction
- "(n) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— There are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary to carry out this section \$50,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2022 through 2026.".

### SEC. 10643. CRITICAL TECHNOLOGY AND INNOVA-TION ANALYTICS PROGRAM.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Commerce shall carry out a program of data collection and analysis of technology and innovation sectors critical to realizing national objectives, including national security, economic prosperity, and social welfare.
- (b) PURPOSE.—The purpose of the program shall be—
- (1) To serve as a central Federal clearing-house for the collection, interpretation, analysis, and dissemination of objective data on the nation's technology, innovation, and advanced manufacturing capacity;
- (2) To improve assessment of the nation's research, technology, and manufacturing assistance programs, including the regional innovation programs established in section 27 and 28 of the Stevenson-Wydler Technology Innovation Act of 1980 (Public Law 96–480; 15 U.S.C. 3701 et seq.):

- (3) To assess U.S. competitiveness in technology and innovation sectors; and
- (4) To support national policy and decision making in both the public and private sectors to ensure United States leadership in technology and innovation sectors critical to national security, economic prosperity and social welfare.

(c) ACTIVITIES.—In carrying out this section, the Secretary shall—

(1) collect, acquire, analyze, report, and disseminate data related to critical technology, innovation, and production capacity in the United States and other nations that is relevant and useful to practitioners, researchers, policymakers, and the public, including data on—

(A) regional technology and innovation capacity, including research and development activity, entrepreneurship, intellectual property generation, company formation, advanced technology capital equipment investment, and technology transfer.

nology transfer;
(B) supply chains, including domestic and international production capacity, inter-firm transactions, and resiliency for select end-products and their intermediate inputs;

(C) the skilled technical and production workforce required in different critical technology and innovation sectors;

(D) the participation of individuals and communities historically underrepresented in STEM; and

(E) any other area the Secretary determines appropriate;

(2) request from any person or entity information, data, and reports as may be required to carry out the purposes of this subtitle;

(3) support research using the data it collects, and on methodologies in areas related to the activities carried out under the program; and

- (4) Conduct other activities deemed by the Secretary to be critical for the development of analytic capabilities, statistics, datasets, and metrics related to critical technologies and innovation.
- (d) Other Transactions Authorities.—In carrying out this section, the Secretary may enter into and perform such contracts, including cooperative research and development arrangements and grants and cooperative agreements other transactions, as may be necessary in the conduct of the work of the program and on such terms as the Secretary considers appropriate;
- (e) COORDINATION.—The Secretary shall collaborate with Federal statistical agencies, as appropriate, to carry out the purposes of this section, including by entering into cooperative data sharing agreements that comply with all laws and regulations applicable to the disclosure and use of data:
- (f) CONSULTATION.—In conducting the activities required under subsection (c), the Secretary shall solicit input from relevant stakeholders on critical technology and sector needs, practices, and goals related to creating statistics, metrics, data sets, and modeling.

(g) ADMINISTRATION.—The Secretary may carry out this program through existing programs and bureaus of the Department of Commerce, as appropriate.

(h) ACCESS TO FEDERAL DATA.—In carrying out subsection (c), the Secretary shall be given access to all information, data, or reports that the Secretary determines necessary to carry out this section by any Federal agency upon written request and subject to any statutory or regulatory restrictions. Where practicable, the Secretary should incorporate data collection into existing survey instruments.

(i) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— There is authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary \$100,000,000 to conduct activities under this section for the period of fiscal years 2022 through 2026.

#### Subtitle E—Malign Foreign Talent Recruitment Program Prohibition SEC. 10651. MALIGN FOREIGN TALENT RECRUIT-MENT PROGRAM PROHIBITION.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 18 months after the date of enactment of this Act, each

Federal research agency shall establish a policy that, as part of a proposal for a research and development award from the agency—

- (1) each covered individual listed in the proposal for a research and development award certify that they are not a party to a malign foreign talent recruitment program from a foreign country of concern in their proposal submission and annually thereafter for the duration of the award; and
- (2) each institution of higher education or other organization applying for such an award certify that each covered individual who is employed by the institution of higher education or other organization has been made aware of the requirement under this section.

(b) STAKEHOLDER INPUT.—In establishing a policy under subsection (a), agencies shall go through a notice and comment process.

- (c) COMPLIANCE WITH EXISTING LAW.—Each Federal research agency and grantee shall comply with title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000d et seq.) in the development and implementation of policies developed under subsection (a)
- (d) INTERNATIONAL COLLABORATION.—Each policy developed under subsection (a) shall not prohibit—
- (1) making scholarly presentations and publishing written materials regarding scientific information not otherwise controlled under current law;
- (2) participation in international conferences or other international exchanges, research projects or programs that involve open and reciprocal exchange of scientific information, and which are aimed at advancing international scientific understanding;
- (3) advising a foreign student enrolled at the covered individual's institution of higher education or writing a recommendation for such a student, at the student's request; and
- (4) other international activities deemed appropriate by the Federal research agency head or their designee.
- (e) LIMITATION.—The certifications required under subsection (a) shall not apply retroactively to research and development awards made or applied for prior to the establishment of the policy by the Federal research agency.

(f) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

- (1) The term "covered individual" means an individual who—
- (A) contributes in a substantive, meaningful way to the scientific development or execution of a research and development project proposed to be carried out with a research and development award from a Federal research agency;
- (B) is designated as a covered individual by the Federal research agency concerned.
- (2) The term "Federal research agency" means any Federal agency with an annual extramural research expenditure of over \$100.000.000.
- (3) The term "foreign country of concern" means the People's Republic of China, the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, the Russian Federation, the Islamic Republic of Iran, or any other country deemed to be a country of concern as determined by the Department of State.
- (4) The term "Malign foreign talent program" means any program, position, or activity that includes compensation in the form of cash, research funding, promised future compensation, or things of non de minimis value, directly provided by a foreign country of concern at any level (national, provincial or local) or an entity based in a foreign country of concern, whether or not directly sponsored by the foreign country of concern, to the targeted individual in exchange for the individual—
- (A) engaging in the unauthorized transfer of intellectual property, materials, or data products owned by a U.S. entity or developed with a federal research and development award to the government of a foreign country of concern or

an entity based in a foreign country of concern regardless of whether that government or entity provided support for the development of the intellectual property, materials, or data products;

(B) being required to recruit trainees or researchers to enroll in malign foreign talent programs sponsored by a foreign country of concern or an entity based in a foreign country of concern: or

(C) establishing a laboratory and/or company, accepting a faculty position, or undertaking any other employment or appointment in a foreign country of concern or an entity based in foreign country of concern if such activities are contrary to the standard terms and conditions of a federal research and development award.

(5) The term "research and development award" means support provided to an individual or entity by a Federal research agency to carry out research and development activities, which may include support in the form of a grant, contract, cooperative agreement, or other such transaction. The term does not include a grant, contract, agreement or other transaction for the procurement of goods or services to meet the administrative needs of a Federal research agency.

#### Subtitle F—Microelectronics Research for Energy Innovation

#### SEC. 10661. DEFINITIONS.

In this subtitle:

- (1) DEPARTMENT.—The term "Department" means the Department of Energy.
- (2) HISTORICALLY BLACK COLLEGE AND UNIVER-SITY.—The term "historically Black college and university" has the meaning given the term "part B institution" in section 322 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1061).
- (3) Institution of Higher Education.—The term "institution of higher education" has the meaning given the term in section 101(a) of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001(a)).
- (4) MINORITY SERVING INSTITUTION.—The term "minority serving institution" includes the entities described in any of the paragraphs (1) through (7) of section 371(a) of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1067q(a)).
- (5) NATIONAL LABORATORY.—The term "National Laboratory" has the meaning given the term in section 2 of the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 15801).
- (6) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of Energy.
- (7) SKILLED TECHNICAL WORKFORCE.—The term "skilled technical workforce" has the meaning given such term in section 4(b) of the Innovations in Mentoring, Training, and Apprenticeships Act (42 U.S.C. 1862p).
- (8) STEM.—The term "STEM" means the field or disciplines listed in section 2 of the STEM Education Act of 2015 (42 U.S.C. 6621 note).
- (9) TRIBAL COLLEGE AND UNIVERSITY.—The term "Tribal College and University" has the meaning given in section 316 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1059c).

# SEC. 10662. FINDINGS.

Congress finds that—

- (1) the coming end of Moore's Law presents major technological challenges and opportunities for the United States and important implications for national security, economic competitiveness, and scientific discovery;
- (2) future progress and innovation in microelectronics, and maintaining a robust domestic microelectronics supply chain, will require an approach that advances relevant materials science, electronic and photonic device technologies, processing and packaging technologies, manufacturing technologies, circuit, chip, and system architecture, and software system and algorithm development in a co-design fashion;
- (3) the National Laboratories possess unique technical expertise and user facilities that are essential to overcoming foundational research challenges relevant to the topics described in

paragraph (2), and translating and transferring research outcomes to industry; and

(4) the assets described in paragraph (3) will enable the Department to drive advances in microelectronics that are essential to meeting future needs in areas critical to its missions as well as the future competitiveness of the domestic microelectronics industry, including high-performance computing, emerging data-centric computing approaches, and energy-efficient computing; optical sensors, sources, and wireless networks; and power electronics and electricity delivery systems.

#### SEC. 10663. MICROELECTRONICS RESEARCH PRO-GRAM.

- (a) In GENERAL.—The Secretary shall carry out a cross-cutting program of research, development, and demonstration of microelectronics relevant to the missions of the Department and in the service of the Nation's global competitiveness in the field of microelectronics. In carrying out this program, the Secretary shall coordinate across all relevant programs and offices of the Department.
- (b) RESEARCH AREAS.—In carrying out the program under subsection (a), the Secretary shall award financial assistance to eligible entities under subsection (c) to carry out research projects in—
- (1) foundational science areas, including—
  (A) materials sciences, chemical sciences, and plasma science synthesis, and fabrication;
- (B) novel microelectronics devices, including emerging memory and storage technologies;
- (C) diverse computing architectures and paradigms, including analog computing and edge computing:
- (D) data-driven modeling and simulation;
- (E) integrated sensing, power harvesting, and communications;
  - (F) component integration and subsystems;
  - (G) photonic integration; and
- (H) development of co-design frameworks for all stages of microelectronics design, development, fabrication, and application;
- (2) cybersecurity by design to result in trusted and resilient microelectronics:
- (3) methods for leveraging advanced simulation and artificial intelligence to enhance co-design and discovery in microelectronics;
- (4) in consultation with the Director of the National Institute of Standards and Technology, fabrication and processing science and metrology associated with microelectronics manufacturing, including lithography, patterning, surface deposition, etching, and cleaning;
- (5) approaches for optimizing system-level energy efficiency of advanced computing systems, the electrical grid, power electronics, and other energy infrastructure;
- (6) approaches for enhancing the durability and lifetime of radiation-hardened electronics;
- (7) enhancement of microelectronics security, including the development of integrated devices, packages, and thermal management for severe environments and national security; and
- (8) in coordination with other relevant initiatives at the Department, methods to improve the lifetime, maintenance, decommissioning, recycling, reuse, and sustainability of microelectronics components and systems, including technologies and strategies that reduce the use of energy, water, critical materials, and other commodities that are determined to be vulnerable to disruption.
- (c) ELIGIBLE ENTITIES.—The entities eligible to receive financial assistance under this section include—
- (1) an institution of higher education, including historically Black colleges and universities, Tribal colleges and universities, and minority serving institutions;
  - (2) a nonprofit research organization;
  - (3) a State research agency;
  - (4) a National Laboratory:
  - (5) a private commercial entity;
- (6) a partnership or consortium of 2 or more entities described in paragraphs (1) through (5); and

- (7) any other entities the Secretary deems appropriate
- (a) Technology Transfer.—In carrying out the program described in subsection (a), the Secretary, in coordination with the Director of the Office of Technology Transitions, and in consultation with the private sector, shall support translational research and transfer of microelectronics technologies and identify emerging research and development needs of industry and government for the benefit of United States economic competitiveness.
- (e) Workforce Development.—In carrying out the program under subsection (a), the Secretary shall support—
- (1) workforce development through the existing authorities and mechanisms available to the Department, including internships, fellowships, individual investigator grants, and other activities the Secretary deems appropriate and
- (2) education and outreach activities to disseminate information and promote understanding of microelectronics and related fields among students at K-12, undergraduate, and graduate levels. Such activities may include educational programming with an emphasis on experiential and project-based learning. The Secretary shall consult with the Director of the National Science Foundation on activities carried out this paragraph.
- (f) OUTREACH.—In carrying out activities under subsection (e), the Secretary shall ensure program outreach to recruit applicants and engage participants from all regions of the country, especially underserved communities and groups historically underrepresented in STEM.
- (g) REPORT.—Not less than 180 days after the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology of the House of Representatives, and the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate, a report describing the goals, priorities, and anticipated outcomes of the program described in subsection (a).
- (h) FUNDING.—There are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary to carry out the activities described in this section—
- (1) \$75,000,000 for fiscal year 2022,
- (2) \$100,000,000 for fiscal year 2023; (3) \$100,000,000 for fiscal year 2024;
- (4) \$100,000,000 for fiscal year 2025; and
- (5) \$100,000,000 for fiscal year 2026.

#### SEC. 10664. MICROELECTRONICS SCIENCE RE-SEARCH CENTERS.

- (a) In General.—In carrying out the program under section 10663, the Secretary, acting through the Director of the Office of Science, shall establish up to four Microelectronics Science Research Centers (referred to in this section as "Centers") to conduct mission-driven research to address foundational challenges in the design, development, characterization, prototyping, demonstration, and fabrication of microelectronics and to facilitate the translation of research results to industry.
- (b) ACTIVITIES.—The activities of the Centers authorized under this section shall include research, development, and demonstration activities for—
- (1) accelerating the development of new microelectronics science and technology, including materials, devices, circuits, systems, architectures, fabrication tools, processes, diagnostics, modeling, synthesis, and, in consultation with the National Institute of Standards and Technology metrology:
- nology, metrology;
  (2) advancing the sustainability and energy efficiency of new microelectronics devices, packages, and sustems:
- (3) application-driven co-design and prototyping of novel devices to facilitate laboratoryto-fabrication transition;
- (4) advancing knowledge and experimental capabilities in surface and materials science, plasma science, and computational and theoretical methods, including artificial intelligence, multiscale co-design, and advanced supercomputing capabilities to invent and manufacture revolutionary microelectronic devices;

- (5) creating technology testbeds for prototyping platforms for validation and verification of new capabilities and sharing of ideas, intellectual property, and the unique facilities of the Department:
- (6) supporting development of cybersecurity capabilities for computing architectures that measurably improve safety and security, and that are adaptable for existing and future applications: and
- (7) supporting long-term and short-term workforce development in microelectronics.
- (c) REQUIREMENTS.—
- (1) SELECTION AND DURATION.—The Director of the Office of Science shall select Centers on a competitive, merit-reviewed basis for a period of not more than 5 years, subject to the availability of appropriations, beginning on the date of establishment of that Center.
- (2) APPLICATIONS.—An eligible applicant under this subsection shall submit to the Director of the Office of Science an application as such time, in such manner, and containing such information as the Director deems appropriate.
- (3) ELIGIBLE APPLICANTS.—The Director of the Office of Science shall consider applications from—
  - (A) National Laboratories;
- (B) institutions of higher education, including historically Black colleges and universities, Tribal colleges and universities, and minority serving institutions:
  - (C) private industry;
  - (D) research centers;
- (E) consortia of 2 or more of the entities described in subparagraphs (A) through (D); and (F) any other entity that the Secretary deems
- appropriate.
- (4) RENEWAL.—After the end of either period described in paragraph (1), the Director of the Office of Science may renew support for the Center for a period of not more than 5 years on a merit-reviewed basis. For a Center in operation for 10 years after its previous selection on a competitive, merit-reviewed basis, the Director may renew support for the center on a competitive, merit-reviewed basis for a period of not more than 5 years, and may subsequently provide an additional renewal on a merit-reviewed basis for a period of not more than 5 years.
- (5) TERMINATION.—Consistent with the existing authorities of the Department, the Director of the Office of Science may terminate an underperforming center for cause during the performance period.
- (d) TECHNOLOGY TRANSFER.—The Director of the Office of Science, in coordination with the Director of the Office of Technology Transitions, shall implement partnerships with industry groups for the purpose of facilitating the translation and transfer of research results produced by the Centers.
  - (e) COORDINATION.—The Secretary shall—
- (1) establish a coordinating network to coordinate cross-cutting research and foster communication and collaboration among the Centers; and
- (2) ensure the coordination, and avoid unnecessary duplication, of the activities of each Center with the activities of—
- (A) other research entities of the Department, including—
- (i) the Nanoscale Science Research Centers;
- (ii) the National Quantum Information Science Research Centers;
- (iii) the Energy Frontier Research Centers;
- (iv) the Energy Innovation Hubs;
- (v) the National Laboratories; and
- (vi) other offices of the Department;
- (B) the National Semiconductor Technology Center authorized in title XCIX of division H of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116–283);
  - (C) institutions of higher education;
- (D) industry; and
- (E) research activities carried out by other Federal agencies.

- (f) WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT.—Centers established under this section shall support workforce development through—
- (1) incorporation of undergraduate students, postdoctoral fellows, graduate students, and early career researchers, as well as K-12 students through opportunities such as dual-enrollment programs and work-based learning programs, as applicable:
- (2) hand-on research and equipment training programs;
- (3) technical training and certificate programs for the skilled technical workforce;
- (4) facilitation of engagement between academic, industry, and laboratory researchers;
- (5) public outreach activities, including to students at K-12, undergraduate, and graduate levels. Such activities may include educational programming with an emphasis on experiential and project-based learning.
- (g) OUTREACH.—In carrying out activities under subsection (e), the Director shall ensure program outreach to recruit applicants and engage participants from all regions of the country, especially underserved communities and groups historically underrepresented in STEM.
- (h) INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY.—The Secretary shall ensure that the intellectual property and value proposition created by the Centers are retained within the United States.
- (i) FUNDING.—The Secretary shall allocate up to \$25,000,000 for each Center established under this section for each of fiscal years 2022 through 2026, subject to the availability of appropriations

#### SEC. 10665. MISCELLANEOUS OTHER REQUIRE-MENTS.

All laborers and mechanics employed by contractors or subcontractors in the performance of construction, alteration, or repair work assisted in whole or in part under the program under sections 10663 and 10664 shall be paid wages at rates not less than those prevailing on projects of a similar character in the locality as determined by the Secretary of Labor in accordance with subchapter IV of chapter 31 of title 40, United States Code. With respect to the labor standards specified in this section, the Secretary of Labor shall have the authority and functions set forth in Reorganization Plan Numbered 14 of 1950 (64 Stat. 1267; 5 U.S.C. App.) and section 3145 of title 40, United States Code.

### DIVISION C—ENERGY AND COMMERCE TITLE I—COMMUNICATIONS AND TECHNOLOGY

# SEC. 20101. APPROPRIATIONS FOR WIRELESS SUPPLY CHAIN INNOVATION.

- (a) DIRECT APPROPRIATIONS.—In addition to amounts otherwise available for such purposes, there is appropriated to the Public Wireless Supply Chain Innovation Fund established under section 9202(a)(1) of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116–283), out of amounts in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, \$1,500,000,000 for fiscal year 2022, to remain available through September 30, 2031.
- (b) USE OF FUNDS, ADMINISTRATION, AND OVERSIGHT.—Of the amounts made available under subsection (a)—
- (1) not more than 5 percent of the amounts allocated pursuant to subsection (c) in a given fiscal year may be used by the Assistant Secretary of Commerce for Communications and Information to administer the programs funded from the Public Wireless Supply Chain Innovation Fund; and
- (2) not less than \$2,000,000 per fiscal year shall be transferred to the Office of Inspector General of the Department of Commerce for oversight related to activities conducted using amounts provided under this section.
  - (c) ALLOCATION AUTHORITY.—
- (1) SUBMISSION OF COST ESTIMATES.—The President shall submit to Congress detailed account, program, and project allocations of the

- amount recommended for allocation in a fiscal year from amounts made available under subsection (a)—
- (A) for fiscal years 2022 and 2023, not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act; and
- (B) for each subsequent fiscal year through 2031, as part of the annual budget submission of the President under section 1105(a) of title 31, United States Code.
  - (2) Alternate allocation.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—The Committees on Appropriations of the House of Representatives and the Senate may provide for alternate allocation of amounts recommended for allocation in a given fiscal year from amounts made available under subsection (a), including by account, program, and project.
  - (B) ALLOCATION BY PRESIDENT.—
- (i) No ALTERNATE ALLOCATIONS.—If Congress has not enacted legislation establishing alternate allocations, including by account, program, and project, by the date on which the Act making full-year appropriations for the Departments of Commerce and Justice, Science, and Related Agencies for the applicable fiscal year is enacted into law, only then shall amounts recommended for allocation for that fiscal year from amounts made available under subsection (a) be allocated by the President or apportioned or allotted by account, program, and project pursuant to title 31, United States Code.
- (ii) INSUFFICIENT ALTERNATE ALLOCATION.—If Congress enacts legislation establishing alternate allocations, including by account, program, and project, for amounts recommended for allocation in a given fiscal year from amounts made available under subsection (a) that are less than the full amount recommended for allocation for that fiscal year, the difference between the amount recommended for allocation and the alternate allocation shall be allocated by the President and apportioned and allotted by account, program, and project pursuant to title 31, United States Code.
- (d) SEQUESTRATION.—Section 255(g)(1)(A) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 (2 U.S.C. 905(g)(1)(A)) is amended by inserting after "Postal Service Fund (18–4020–0–3–372)." the following:
- "Public Wireless Supply Chain Innovation Fund."
- (e) STATUTORY PAYGO SCORECARDS.—The budgetary effects of this section shall not be entered on either PAYGO scorecard maintained pursuant to section 4(d) of the Statutory Pay-As-You-Go Act of 2010.
- (f) CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS.—Section 602 of the Public Works and Economic Development Act of 1965 (42 U.S.C. 3212) shall apply to a construction project that receives financial assistance from amounts made available under subsection (a)
- (g) Wireless Supply Chain Innovation and Multilateral Security Construction Projects.—Section 9202(a)(1)(B) of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116–283) is amended by adding at the end the following:
- "(iii) CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS.—Section 602 of the Public Works and Economic Development Act of 1965 (42 U.S.C. 3212) shall apply to a construction project that receives financial assistance under this paragraph.".

# SEC. 20102. UNDERSTANDING CYBERSECURITY OF MOBILE NETWORKS.

(a) In General.—Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Assistant Secretary, in consultation with the Department of Homeland Security, shall submit to the Committee on Energy and Commerce and the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation and the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate a report examining the cybersecurity of mobile service networks and the vulnerability of

- such networks and mobile devices to cyberattacks and surveillance conducted by adversaries.
- (b) MATTERS TO BE INCLUDED.—The report required by subsection (a) shall include the following:
- (1) An assessment of the degree to which providers of mobile service have addressed, are addressing, or have not addressed cybersecurity vulnerabilities (including vulnerabilities the exploitation of which could lead to surveillance conducted by adversaries) identified by academic and independent researchers, multistakeholder standards and technical organizations, industry experts, and Federal agencies, including in relevant reports of—
- (A) the National Telecommunications and Information Administration;
- (B) the National Institute of Standards and Technology; and
- (C) the Department of Homeland Security, including—  $\,$
- (i) the Cybersecurity and Infrastructure Security Agency; and
  - (ii) the Science and Technology Directorate.
- (2) A discussion of—
- (A) the degree to which customers (including consumers, companies, and government agencies) consider cybersecurity as a factor when considering the purchase of mobile service and mobile devices: and
- (B) the commercial availability of tools, frameworks, best practices, and other resources for enabling such customers to evaluate cybersecurity risk and price tradeoffs.
- (3) A discussion of the degree to which providers of mobile service have implemented cybersecurity best practices and risk assessment frameworks.
- (4) An estimate and discussion of the prevalence and efficacy of encryption and authentication algorithms and techniques used in each of the following:
  - (A) Mobile service.
- (B) Mobile communications equipment or services.
- (C) Commonly used mobile phones and other mobile devices.
- (D) Commonly used mobile operating systems and communications software and applications.
- (5) A discussion of the barriers for providers of mobile service to adopt more efficacious encryption and authentication algorithms and techniques and to prohibit the use of older encryption and authentication algorithms and techniques with established vulnerabilities in mobile service, mobile communications equipment or services, and mobile phones and other mobile devices.
- (6) An estimate and discussion of the prevalence, usage, and availability of technologies that authenticate legitimate mobile service and mobile communications equipment or services to which mobile phones and other mobile devices are connected.
- (7) An estimate and discussion of the prevalence, costs, commercial availability, and usage by adversaries in the United States of cell site simulators (often known as international mobile subscriber identity-catchers) and other mobile service surveillance and interception technologies.
- (c) CONSULTATION.—In preparing the report required by subsection (a), the Assistant Secretary shall, to the degree practicable, consult with—
  - (1) the Federal Communications Commission;
- (2) the National Institute of Standards and Technology;
- (3) the intelligence community;
- (4) the Cybersecurity and Infrastructure Security Agency of the Department of Homeland Security;
- (5) the Science and Technology Directorate of the Department of Homeland Security;
- (6) academic and independent researchers with expertise in privacy, encryption, cybersecurity, and network threats;

- (7) participants in multistakeholder standards and technical organizations (including the 3rd Generation Partnership Project and the Internet Engineering Task Force);
- (8) international stakeholders, in coordination with the Department of State as appropriate;
- (9) providers of mobile service, including small providers (or the representatives of such providers) and rural providers (or the representatives of such providers);
- (10) manufacturers, operators, and providers of mobile communications equipment or services and mobile phones and other mobile devices;
- (11) developers of mobile operating systems and communications software and applications; and
- (12) other experts that the Assistant Secretary considers appropriate.
- (d) Scope of Report.—The Assistant Secretary shall—
- (1) limit the report required by subsection (a) to mobile service networks;
- (2) exclude consideration of 5G protocols and networks in the report required by subsection (a):
- (3) limit the assessment required by subsection (b)(1) to vulnerabilities that have been shown to be—
- (A) exploited in non-laboratory settings; or (B) feasibly and practicably exploitable in
- (B) feasibly and practicably exploitable i real-world conditions; and
- (4) consider in the report required by subsection (a) vulnerabilities that have been effectively mitigated by manufacturers of mobile phones and other mobile devices.
  - (e) FORM OF REPORT.—
- (1) CLASSIFIED INFORMATION.—The report required by subsection (a) shall be produced in unclassified form but may contain a classified anner
- (2) POTENTIALLY EXPLOITABLE UNCLASSIFIED INFORMATION.—The Assistant Secretary shall redact potentially exploitable unclassified information from the report required by subsection (a) but shall provide an unredacted form of the report to the committees described in such subsection.
- (f) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section \$500,000 for fiscal year 2022. Such amount is authorized to remain available through fiscal year 2023.
  - (g) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) ADVERSARY.—The term "adversary" includes—
- (A) any unauthorized hacker or other intruder into a mobile service network; and
- (B) any foreign government or foreign nongovernment person engaged in a long-term pattern or serious instances of conduct significantly adverse to the national security of the United States or security and safety of United States persons.
- (2) ASSISTANT SECRETARY.—The term "Assistant Secretary" means the Assistant Secretary of Commerce for Communications and Information.
  (3) ENTITY.—The term "entity" means a part-
- (3) Entity.—The term "entity" means a partnership, association, trust, joint venture, corporation, group, subgroup, or other organization
- (4) INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY.—The term "intelligence community" has the meaning given that term in section 3 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3003).
- (5) MOBILE COMMUNICATIONS EQUIPMENT OR SERVICE.—The term "mobile communications equipment or service" means any equipment or service that is essential to the provision of mobile service.
- (6) MOBILE SERVICE.—The term "mobile service" means, to the extent provided to United States customers, either or both of the following services:
- (A) Commercial mobile service (as defined in section 332(d) of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 332(d))).
- (B) Commercial mobile data service (as defined in section 6001 of the Middle Class Tax Relief and Job Creation Act of 2012 (47 U.S.C. 1401)).

- (7) PERSON.—The term "person" means an individual or entity.
- (8) UNITED STATES PERSON.—The term "United States person" means—
- (A) an individual who is a United States citizen or an alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence to the United States;
- (B) an entity organized under the laws of the United States or any jurisdiction within the United States, including a foreign branch of such an entity; or
  - (C) any person in the United States.

# SEC. 20103. INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY STRATEGY.

- (a) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Energy and Commerce and the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce, and Science, and Transportation and the Select Committee on Intelligence and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate a report on the information and communication technology supply chain that—
- (1) identifies—
- (A) information and communication technology critical to the economic competitiveness of the United States; and
  - (B) the industrial capacity of-
- (i) United States vendors that produce information and communication technology identified under subparagraph (A); and
- (ii) trusted information and communication technology vendors that produce information and communication technology identified under subparagraph (A);
- (2) assesses the economic competitiveness of vendors described under paragraph (1)(B);
- (3) assesses whether, and to what extent, there is a dependence by providers of advanced telecommunications capability in the United States on information and communication technology identified under paragraph (1)(A) that is not trusted;
- (4) identifies—
- (A) what actions by the Federal Government are needed to support, and bolster the economic competitiveness of, trusted information and communication technology vendors; and
- (B) what Federal resources are needed to reduce dependence by providers of advanced telecommunications capability in the United States on companies that—
- (i) produce information and communication technology; and
- (ii) are not trusted; and
- (5) defines lines of effort and assigns responsibilities for a whole-of-Government response to ensuring the competitiveness of the information and communication technology supply chain in the United States.
  - (b) Whole-of-Government Strategy.-
- (1) In GENERAL.—The Secretary shall develop, on the basis of the report required by subsection (a), a whole-of-Government strategy to ensure the economic competitiveness of trusted information and communication technology vendors that includes—
- (A) recommendations on how—
- (i) to strengthen the structure, resources, and authorities of the Federal Government to support the economic competitiveness of trusted information and communication technology vendors, including United States vendors that are trusted information and communication technology vendors; and
- (ii) the Federal Government can address any barriers to a market-based solution for increasing the economic competitiveness of such information and communication technology vendors;
- (B) defined lines of effort and responsibilities for Federal agencies to implement the strategy; and
  - (C) a description of—
- (i) any change to a Federal program, Federal law, or structure of the Federal Government

- necessary to implement any recommendation under subparagraph (A); and
- (ii) any additional Federal resource necessary to implement any recommendation under subparagraph (A).
- (2) REPORT.—Not later than 180 days after the submission of the report required by subsection (a), the Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Energy and Commerce and the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation and the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate a report containing the strategy developed under paragraph (1).
- (c) CONSULTATION REQUIRED.—In carrying out subsections (a) and (b), the Secretary shall consult with—
- (1) a cross-section of trusted information and communication technology vendors; and
- (2) the Secretary of State, the Secretary of Homeland Security, the Attorney General, the Director of National Intelligence, the Chair of the Federal Communications Commission and any other head of an agency the Secretary determines necessary.
  - (d) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) ADVANCED TELECOMMUNICATIONS CAPA-BILITY.—The term "advanced telecommunications capability" has the meaning given that term in section 706 of the Telecommunications Act of 1996 (47 U.S.C. 1302).
- (2) INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION TECH-NOLOGY SUPPLY CHAIN.—The term "information and communication technology supply chain" means all of the companies that produce information and communication technology.
- (3) INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY.—The term "information and communication technology" means a technology (including software), component, or material that enables communications by radio or wire.
- (4) NOT TRUSTED.—The term "not trusted" means, with respect to a company or information and communication technology, that the company or information and communication technology is determined by the Secretary to pose an unacceptable risk to the national security of the United States, or the security and safety of United States persons, based solely on one or more determination described under paragraphs (1) through (4) of section 2(c) of the Secure and Trusted Communications Networks Act of 2019 (47 U.S.C. 1601(c)).
- (5) SECRETARY.—The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of Commerce, acting through the Assistant Secretary of Commerce for Communications and Information.
- (6) TRUSTED.—The term "trusted" means, with respect to a company, that the Secretary has not determined that the company is not trusted.
- (7) TRUSTED INFORMATION AND COMMUNICA-TION TECHNOLOGY VENDOR.—The term "trusted information and communication technology vendor" means a company—
- (A) that produces information and communication technology; and
  - (B) that is trusted.

### SEC. 20104. OPEN RAN OUTREACH.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The Assistant Secretary shall conduct outreach and provide technical assistance to small communications network providers—
- (1) to raise awareness regarding the uses, benefits, and challenges of Open RAN networks and other open network architectures; and
- (2) regarding participation in the Wireless Supply Chain Innovation Grant Program established under section 9202(a)(1) of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116– 282)
  - (b) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) ASSISTANT SECRETARY.—The term "Assistant Secretary" means the Assistant Secretary of Commerce for Communications and Information,

acting through the head of the Office of Internet Connectivity and Growth.

- (2) OPEN NETWORK ARCHITECTURE.—The term "open network architecture" means Open RAN networks and other network elements that follow a set of published open standards for multivendor network equipment interoperability, including open core and open transport.
- (3) OPEN RAN NETWORK.—The term "Open RAN network" means a wireless network that follows the Open Radio Access Network approach to standardization adopted by the ORAN Alliance, Telecom Infra Project, or Third Generation Partnership Project (3GPP), or any similar set of published open standards for multi-vendor network equipment interoperability.

#### SEC. 20105. FUTURE NETWORKS.

- (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—Not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Commission shall establish a task force to be known as the "6G Task Force".
  - (b) MEMBERSHIP.-
- (1) APPOINTMENT.—The members of the Task Force shall be appointed by the Chair.
- (2) COMPOSITION.—To the extent practicable, the membership of the Task Force shall be composed of the following:
- (A) Representatives of companies in the communications industry, except companies that are determined by the Chair to be not trusted.
- (B) Representatives of public interest organizations or academic institutions, except public interest organizations or academic institutions that are determined by the Chair to be not trusted
- (C) Representatives of the Federal Government, State governments, local governments, or Tribal Governments, with at least one member representing each such type of government.
  - (c) REPORT.-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the date on which the Task Force is established under subsection (a), the Task Force shall publish in the Federal Register and on the website of the Commission, and submit to the Committee on Energy and Commerce of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate, a report on sixth-generation wireless technology, including—
- (A) the status of industry-led standards-setting bodies in setting standards for such technology;
- (B) possible uses of such technology identified by industry-led standards-setting bodies that are setting standards for such technology;
- (C) any limitations of such technology (including any supply chain or cybersecurity limitations) identified by industry-led standards-setting bodies that are setting standards for such technology; and
- (D) how to best work with entities across the Federal Government, State governments, local governments, and Tribal Governments to leverage such technology, including with regard to siting, deployment, and adoption.
- (2) DRAFT REPORT; PUBLIC COMMENT.—The Task Force shall—
- (A) not later than 180 days after the date on which the Task Force is established under subsection (a), publish in the Federal Register and on the website of the Commission a draft of the report required by paragraph (1); and
- (B) accept public comments on such draft and take such comments into consideration in preparing the final version of such report.
  - (d) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) CHAIR.—The term "Chair" means the Chair of the Commission.
- (2) COMMISSION.—The term "Commission" means the Federal Communications Commission.
- (3) Not trusted.-
- (A) IN GENERAL.—The term "not trusted" means, with respect to an entity, that—
- (i) the Chair has made a public determination that such entity is owned by, controlled by, or

- subject to the influence of a foreign adversary; or
- (ii) the Chair otherwise determines that such entity poses a threat to the national security of the United States.
- (B) CRITERIA FOR DETERMINATION.—In making a determination under subparagraph (A)(ii), the Chair shall use the criteria described in paragraphs (1) through (4) of section 2(c) of the Secure and Trusted Communications Networks Act of 2019 (47 U.S.C. 1601(c)), as appropriate.
- (4) STATE.—The term "State" has the meaning given such term in section 3 of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 153).
- (5) TASK FORCE.—The term "Task Force" means the 6G Task Force established under subsection (a).

# SEC. 20106. NTIA POLICY AND CYBERSECURITY COORDINATION.

(a) OFFICE OF POLICY DEVELOPMENT AND CYBERSECURITY.—Part A of title I of the National Telecommunications and Information Administration Organization Act (47 U.S.C. 901 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following: "SEC. 106. OFFICE OF POLICY DEVELOPMENT AND

#### SEC. 106. OFFICE OF POLICY DEVELOPMENT AND CYBERSECURITY.

- "(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There shall be within the NTIA an office to be known as the Office of Policy Development and Cybersecurity (in this section referred to as the 'Office').
- "(b) ASSOCIATE ADMINISTRATOR.—The head of the Office shall be an Associate Administrator for Policy Development and Cybersecurity (in this section referred to as the 'Associate Administrator'), who shall report to the Assistant Secretary.
- "(c) DUTIES .-
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Associate Administrator shall oversee and conduct national communications and information policy analysis and development for the internet and communications technologies.
- "(2) PARTICULAR DUTIES.—In carrying out paragraph (1), the Office shall—
- "(A) develop, analyze, and advocate for market-based policies that promote innovation, competition, consumer access, digital inclusion, workforce development, and economic growth in the communications, media, and technology markets."
- "(B) issue studies, as delegated by the Assistant Secretary or required by Congress, on how individuals in the United States access and use the internet, wireline and wireless telephony, mass media, other digital services, and video services;
- "(C) coordinate transparent, consensus-based, multistakeholder processes to create guidance or to support the development and implementation of cybersecurity and privacy policies with respect to the internet and other communications networks:
- "(D) promote increased collaboration between security researchers and providers of communications services and software system develoners:
- "(E) perform such duties as the Assistant Secretary considers appropriate relating to the program for preventing future vulnerabilities established under section 8(a) of the Secure and Trusted Communications Networks Act of 2019 (47 U.S.C. 1607(a));
- "(F) advocate for policies that promote the security and resilience to cybersecurity incidents of communications networks while fostering innovation, including policies that promote secure communications network supply chains;
- "(G) at the direction of the Assistant Secretary, present security of the digital economy and infrastructure and cybersecurity policy efforts before the Commission, Congress, and elsewhere:
- "(H) provide advice and assistance to the Assistant Secretary in carrying out the policy responsibilities of the NTIA with respect to cybersecurity policy matters, including the evaluation of the impact of cybersecurity matters pending

- before the Commission, other Federal agencies, and Congress;
- "(I) in addition to the duties described in subparagraph (H), perform such other duties regarding the policy responsibilities of the NTIA with respect to cybersecurity policy matters as the Assistant Secretary considers appropriate;
- "(J) develop policies to accelerate innovation and commercialization with respect to advances in technological understanding of communications technologies;
- "(K) identify barriers to trust, security, innovation, and commercialization with respect to communications technologies, including access to capital and other resources, and ways to overcome such barriers;
- "(L) provide public access to relevant data, research, and technical assistance on innovation and commercialization with respect to communications technologies, consistent with the protection of classified information:
- "(M) strengthen collaboration on and coordination of policies relating to innovation and commercialization with respect to communications technologies, including policies focused on the needs of small businesses and rural communities—
  - "(i) within the Department of Commerce;
- "(ii) between the Department of Commerce and State government agencies, as appropriate; and
- "(iii) between the Department of Commerce and the Commission or any other Federal agency the Assistant Secretary determines to be necessary: and
- "(N) solicit and consider feedback from small and rural communications service providers, as appropriate.".
  - (b) TRANSITIONAL RULES.—
- (1) REDESIGNATION OF ASSOCIATE ADMINISTRATOR; CONTINUATION OF SERVICE.—
- (A) REDESIGNATION.—The position of Associate Administrator for Policy Analysis and Development at the NTIA is hereby redesignated as the position of Associate Administrator for Policy Development and Cybersecurity.
- (B) CONTINUATION OF SERVICE.—The individual serving as Associate Administrator for Policy Analysis and Development at the NTIA on the date of the enactment of this Act shall become, as of such date, the Associate Administrator for Policy Development and Cybersecurity.
- (2) NTIA DEFINED.—In this subsection, the term "NTIA" means the National Telecommunications and Information Administration.

#### SEC. 20107. AMERICAN CYBERSECURITY LIT-ERACY.

- (a) In General.—The Secretary of Commerce, in consultation with the Director of the Cyberse-curity and Infrastructure Security Agency, shall develop and conduct a cybersecurity literacy campaign (which shall be available in multiple languages and formats, if practicable) to increase the knowledge and awareness of the American people of best practices to reduce cybersecurity risks.
- (b) CAMPAIGN.—To reduce cybersecurity risks, the Secretary of Commerce, in consultation with the Director of the Cybersecurity and Infrastructure Security Agency, shall—
- (1) educate the American people on how to prevent and mitigate cyberattacks and cybersecurity risks, including by—
- (A) instructing the American people on how to identify—
  - (i) phishing emails and messages; and
  - (ii) secure websites;
- (B) instructing the American people about the benefits of changing default passwords on hardware and software technology;
- (C) encouraging the use of cybersecurity tools, including—
  - (i) multi-factor authentication;
  - (ii) complex passwords;
- (iii) anti-virus software;
- (iv) patching and updating software and applications; and

- (v) virtual private networks;
- (D) identifying the devices that could pose possible cybersecurity risks, including-
  - (i) personal computers;
  - (ii) smartphones:
  - (iii) tablets:
  - (iv) Wi-Fi routers:
  - (v) smart home appliances;
  - (vi) webcams:
  - (vii) internet-connected monitors; and
- (viii) any other device that can be connected to the internet, including mobile devices other than smartphones and tablets:
  - (E) encouraging Americans to-
- (i) regularly review mobile application permissions:
- (ii) decline privilege requests from mobile applications that are unnecessary:
- (iii) download applications only from trusted vendors or sources; and
- (iv) consider a product's life cycle and the developer or manufacturer's commitment to providing security updates during a connected device's expected period of use; and
- (F) identifying the potential cybersecurity risks of using publicly available Wi-Fi networks and the methods a user may utilize to limit such risks: and
- (2) encourage the American people to use resources to help mitigate the cubersecurity risks identified in this subsection.

#### SEC. 20108. COMMUNICATIONS SECURITY ADVI-SORY COUNCIL.

- (a) ESTABLISHMENT.
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Commission shall establish a council, to advise the Commission on issues including the security, reliability, and interoperability of communications networks.
- **(**(2) Existing advisory committees.—A Federal advisory committee of the Commission that is operating, on the date of the enactment of this Act, under a charter for the purpose of addressing the issues described in paragraph (1), satisfies the requirements of such paragraph if the membership of such committee complies with subsection (b) or is modified to comply with such subsection not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.]
  - (b) Membership.-
- (1) APPOINTMENT.—The members of the council shall be appointed by the Chair.
- (2) COMPOSITION.—To the extent practicable, the membership of the council shall be composed of the following:
- (A) Representatives of companies in the communications industry, except companies that are determined by the Chair to be not trusted.
- (B) Representatives of public interest organizations or academic institutions, except public interest organizations or academic institutions that are determined by the Chair to be not trust-
- (C) Representatives of the Federal Government, State governments, local governments, or Tribal Governments, with at least one member representing each such type of government.
- (3) Knowledge and experience.—Each member of the council shall have knowledge and experience relevant to the purpose and goals of the council.
- (4) TERMS.
- (A) IN GENERAL.—Each member of the council shall be appointed for a term of 2 years, except as provided in subparagraph (B).
- (B) VACANCIES.—Any member appointed to fill a vacancy occurring before the expiration of the term for which the member's predecessor was appointed shall be appointed only for the remainder of that term. A member may serve after the expiration of that member's term until a successor has taken office.
  - (c) REPORTS.-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 2 years after the date on which the council is established under subsection (a), and every 2 years thereafter, the council shall submit to the Chair each

- report adopted by the council during the preceding 2-year period, and any report adopted by any working group of the council during such period, including any such report of the council or a working group containing recommendations on ways to increase the security, reliability, and interoperability of communications networks, and on other relevant issues as appropriate.
- (2) AVAILABILITY ON COMMISSION WEBSITE. The Commission shall make each report submitted under paragraph (1) publicly available on the website of the Commission.
- (d) DURATION.—Section 14(a)(2)(B) of the Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App.; relating to the termination of advisory committees) shall not apply to the council.
  - (e) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) CHAIR.—The term "Chair" means the Chair of the Commission.
- (2) COMMISSION.—The term "Commission" means the Federal Communications Commission. (3) Council.—The term "council" means the
- council established under subsection (a).
  - (4) Not trusted.
- (A) IN GENERAL.—The term "not trusted" means, with respect to an entity, that-
- (i) the Chair has made a public determination that such entity is owned by, controlled by, or subject to the influence of a foreign adversary:
- (ii) the Chair otherwise determines that such entity poses a threat to the national security of the United States.
- (B) CRITERIA FOR DETERMINATION.—In making a determination under subparagraph (A)(ii). the Chair shall use the criteria described in paragraphs (1) through (4) of section 2(c) of the Secure and Trusted Communications Networks Act of 2019 (47 U.S.C. 1601(c)), as appropriate.
- (5) STATE.—The term "State" has the meaning given such term in section 3 of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 153).

#### SEC. 20109. PROMOTING UNITED STATES WIRE-LESS LEADERSHIP.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—In order to enhance the representation of the United States and promote United States leadership in standards-setting bodies that set standards for 5G networks and for future generations of wireless communications networks, the Assistant Secretary shall, in consultation with the National Institute of Standards and Technology-
- (1) equitably encourage participation by companies and a wide variety of relevant stakeholders, but not including any company or relevant stakeholder that the Assistant Secretary has determined to be not trusted, (to the extent such standards-setting bodies allow such stakeholders to participate) in such standards-setting bodies: and
- (2) equitably offer technical expertise to companies and a wide variety of relevant stakeholders, but not including any company or relevant stakeholder that the Assistant Secretary has determined to be not trusted, (to the extent such standards-setting bodies allow such stakeholders to participate) to facilitate such participation.
- (b) STANDARDS-SETTING BODIES.—The standards-setting bodies referred to in subsection (a) include
- (1) the International Organization for Standardization;
- (2) the voluntary standards-setting bodies that develop protocols for wireless devices and other equipment, such as the 3GPP and the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers; and
- (3) any standards-setting body accredited by the American National Standards Institute or Alliance for Telecommunications Industry Solu-
- (c) Briefing.—Not later than 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Assistant Secretary shall brief the Committees on Energy and Commerce and Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives and the Committees on Commerce, Science, and Transportation and

Foreign Relations of the Senate on a strategy to carry out subsection (a).

(d) Definitions.—In this section:

(1) 3GPP.—The term "3GPP" Generation Partnership Project. means the 3rd

(2) 5G NETWORK.—The term "5G network" means a fifth-generation mobile network as described by 3GPP Release 15 or higher.

(3) Assistant secretary.—The term "Assistant Secretary" means the Assistant Secretary of Commerce for Communications and Information.

- (4) CLOUD COMPUTING.—The term "cloud computing" has the meaning given the term in Special Publication 800-145 of the National Institute of Standards and Technology, entitled "The NIST Definition of Cloud Computing" published in September 2011, or any successor publication.
- (5) COMMUNICATIONS NETWORK.—The term "communications network" means any of the following:
- (A) A system enabling the transmission, between or among points specified by the user, of information of the user's choosing.
- (B) Cloud computing resources. (C) A network or system used to access cloud
- computing resources.
- (6) NOT TRUSTED.—The term "not trusted" means, with respect to a company or stakeholder, that the company or stakeholder is determined by the Assistant Secretary to pose a threat to the national security of the United States. In making such a determination, the Assistant Secretary shall rely solely on one or more of the following determinations:
- (A) A specific determination made by any executive branch interagency body with appropriate national security expertise, including the Federal Acquisition Security Council established under section 1322(a) of title 41, United States
- (B) A specific determination made by the Department of Commerce pursuant to Executive Order No. 13873 (84 Fed. Reg. 22689; relating to securing the information and communications technology and services supply chain).
- (C) Whether a company or stakeholder produces or provides covered telecommunications equipment or services, as defined in section 889(f)(3) of the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (Public Law 115-232; 132 Stat. 1918).

#### TITLE II—CONSUMER PROTECTION AND **COMMERCE**

#### Subtitle A—Supply Chain Resilience SEC. 20201. OFFICE OF MANUFACTURING SECU-RITY AND RESILIENCE.

- (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall establish a Office of Manufacturing Security and Resilience.
- (b) MISSION.—The mission of the Office shall be the following:
- (1) Help to promote the leadership of the United States with respect to critical industries and supply chains that-
- (A) strengthen the national security of the United States: and
- (B) have a significant effect on the economic security of the United States.
- (2) Encourage a Governmentwide approach through partnerships and collaboration with the private sector, labor organizations, the governments of countries that are allies or key international partners of the United States, States or political subdivisions thereof, and Tribal governments in order to-
- (A) promote the resilience of supply chains; and
- (B) identify, prepare for, and respond to supplu chain shocks to-
  - (i) critical industries; and
  - (ii) supply chains.
- (3) Monitor the resilience, diversity, security, and strength of supply chains and critical industries.
- (4) Support the availability of critical goods from domestic manufacturers, domestic enterprises, and manufacturing operations in the

United States and in countries that are allies or

- key international partners.
  (5) Assist the Federal Government in preparing for and responding to supply chain shocks, including by improving the flexible manufacturing capacities and capabilities in the United States.
- (6) Encourage and incentivize the reduced reliance of domestic entities and domestic manufacturers on critical goods from countries of con-
- (7) Encourage the relocation of manufacturing facilities that manufacture critical goods from countries of concern to the United States and countries that are allies and key international partners to strengthen the resilience, diversity, security, and strength of supply chains.
- (8) Support the creation of jobs with competitive wages in the United States manufacturing sector.
- (9) Encourage manufacturing growth and opportunities in economically distressed areas and underserved communities.
- (10) Promote the health of the economy of the United States and the competitiveness of manufacturing in the United States.
- (11) Coordinate executive branch actions necessary to carry out the functions described in paragraphs (1) through (10).
  - (c) ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF THE OFFICE.-
- (1) APPOINTMENT AND TERM.—The head of the Office shall be the Assistant Secretary of Manufacturing Security and Resilience, appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, for a term of not more than 5 years. The Assistant Secretary of Manufacturing Security and Resilience may function as and be known as the United States Chief Manufacturing Officer.
- (2) PAY.—The Assistant Secretary shall be compensated at the rate in effect for level II of the Executive Schedule under section 5313 of title 5, United States Code.
- (3) ADMINISTRATIVE AUTHORITIES.—The Assistant Secretary may appoint officers and employees in accordance with chapter 51 and subchapter III of chapter 53 of title 5, United States Code.

#### SEC. 20202. UNITED STATES STRATEGY TO COUNTER THREATS TO SUPPLY COUNTER CHAINS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—In accordance with Executive Order 14017 (86 Fed. Reg. 11849 relating to America's supply chains), the Assistant Secretary shall, not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, develop and implement a strategy taking a Governmentwide approach to support the resilience, diversity, security, and strength of supply chains.
- (b) ELEMENTS.—The strategy required under subsection (a) shall include the following:
- (1) A plan to do the following:
- (A) Execute a unified national effort to reduce reliance on concentrated supply chains and protect against threats from countries of concern relating to supply chains.
- (B) Support sufficient access to critical goods by mitigating supply chain vulnerabilities, including supply chains concentrated in countries of concern.
- (C) Collaborate with other relevant Federal agencies to assist allies or key international partners build capacity for manufacturing critical goods.
- (D) Incentivize (through grants, loans, loan guarantees, and equity investment authorized under section 20204) and identify other means. as appropriate-
- (i) for domestic manufacturers that manufacture critical goods to-
- (I) relocate manufacturing facilities, industrial equipment, or operations related to the production of critical goods from countries of concern to the United States or to other allies or key international partners; and
- (II) to support manufacturing facilities, industrial equipment, or operations to increase the production of critical goods and meet demand for such goods; and

- (ii) for domestic manufacturers that do not manufacture critical goods to make necessary or appropriate modifications to existing manufacturing facilities, industrial equipment, manufacturing technology, or operations in order to manufacture 1 or more critical goods.
- Describe the manner and through which the Assistant Secretary will implement the program under section 20204, including through consultation with, or requests for information from, the heads of any relevant Federal agencies, including those with jurisdiction over supply chains, for the purposes of ensuring the program authorized under section
- (i) supports the resilience, diversity, security and strength of a supply chain; and
- (ii) meets the national security and economic security needs of the United States.
- (F) Strengthen and increase trade through new and revised trade agreements and other forms of engagement between the United States and allies or key international partners in order to mitigate-
  - (i) supply chain vulnerabilities; and
- (ii) the effects of supply chain shocks.
- (G) Recover from supply chain shocks.
- (H) Identify, in coordination with other relevant Federal agencies, actions relating to supply chains with which the United States might—
- (i) raise living standards:
- (ii) increase employment opportunities;
- (iii) address the underlying causes of irregular migration; and
- (iv) improve critical industry supply chain response to supply chain shocks.
- (I) Protect against supply chain shocks from countries of concern relating to supply chains.
- (J) Provide recommendations to effectuate the strategy under this section.
  - (2) An assessment of the following:
- (A) The extent to which any office or bureau within the Department of Commerce that the Assistant Secretary determines has duties, responsibilities resources or expertise that support or duplicate the mission of the Office.
- (B) The purpose of each office and bureau identified under subparagraph (A).
- (C) Whether the Assistant Secretary will coordinate with each such office and bureau in implementing the requirements of this Act.
- (D) If the Assistant Secretary makes a positive determination under subparagraph (C), the effectiveness and efficiency of the Assistant Secretary and each such office and bureau at implementing the requirements of this Act.
- (3) Recommendations, if applicable and consistent with the objectives of this Act, on consolidating functions amongst the Office and each such office and bureau identified under paragraph(2)(A).
  - (c) SUBMISSION OF STRATEGY.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 450 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Assistant Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Energy and Commerce of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce. Science, and Transportation of the Senate, and publish on the website of the Office, a report containing the strategy developed under this section.
- (2) UPDATE.—Not less than once every 4 years after the date on which the strategy is submitted under paragraph (1), the Assistant Secretary shall submit to Congress an update to such strategy.
- (3) FORM.—The report submitted under paragraph (1), and any update submitted under paragraph (2), shall be submitted in unclassified form and may include a classified annex.

#### SEC. 20203. CRITICAL SUPPLY CHAIN MONI-TORING PROGRAM.

- (a) ACTIVITIES.—The Assistant Secretary shall carry out the following activities:
- (1) In consultation with the coordination group established under subsection (c)-
- (A) map, monitor, and model supply chains, including by-

- (i) monitoring the financial and operational conditions of domestic manufacturers and domestic enterprises:
- (ii) performing stress tests for critical industries, supply chains, domestic enterprises, and  $domestic\ manufacturers;$
- (iii) monitoring the demand and supply of critical goods and services, industrial equipment, and manufacturing technology; and
- (iv) monitoring manufacturing, warehousing, transportation and distribution; and
- (B) identify high priority supply chain gaps and vulnerabilities in critical industries and supply chains that-
- (i) exist as of the date of the enactment of this section; or
  - (ii) are anticipated in the future.
- (2) Identify and evaluate the following:
- (A) Supply chain shocks that may disrupt, strain, compromise, or eliminate a supply chain.
- (B) The manufacturing needs critical to the national security and economic security of the United States.
- (C) The diversity, security, reliability, and strength of-
- (i) supply chains, including single point of failure, single producer, or consolidated manufacturing; and
- (ii) the sources of critical goods, industrial equipment, or manufacturing technology, including those obtained or purchased from a person outside of the United States or imported into the United States.
- (D) The availability, capability, and capacity of domestic manufacturers or manufacturers located in countries that are allies or key international partners to serve as a source of a critical good, industrial equipment, or manufacturing technology.
- (E) The effect on the economic security of the United States, including jobs and wages, that may result from the disruption, strain, compromise, or elimination of a supply chain.
- (F) The effect on the national security of the United States that may result from the disruption, strain, compromise, or elimination of a supply chain.
- (G) The state of the manufacturing workforce, including-
- (i) the needs of domestic manufacturers; and
- (ii) opportunities to create high-quality manufacturing jobs.
- (H) Investments in critical goods, industrial equipment, or manufacturing technology from non-Federal sources.
- (3) In consultation with the coordination aroup established under subsection (c). States or political subdivisions thereof, and Tribal governments, and, as appropriate, in cooperation with the governments of countries that are allies or key international partners of the United States, the following:
- (A) Identify opportunities to reduce supply chain gaps and vulnerabilities in critical industries and supply chains.
- (B) Encourage partnerships between the Federal Government and industry, labor organizations, States and political subdivisions thereof, and territorial, and Tribal governments to better respond to supply chain shocks to critical industries and supply chains and coordinate response efforts.
- (C) Encourage partnerships between the Federal Government and the governments of countries that are allies or key international partners of the United States.
- (D) Develop or identify opportunities to build the capacity of the United States in critical industries and supply chains.
- (E) Develop or identify opportunities to build the capacity of countries that are allies or key international partners of the United States in critical industries and supply chains.
- (4) In coordination with the Secretary of State and the United States Trade Representative work with governments of countries that are allies or key international partners of the United States to promote diversified and resilient supply chains that ensure the supply of critical

goods, industrial equipment, and manufacturing technology to the United States and companies of countries that are allies or key international partners of the United States.

- (5) Coordinate with other offices and divisions of the Department of Commerce and other Federal agencies to use authorities, as of the date of the enactment of this section, to encourage the resilience of supply chains of critical industries.
- (b) CONTINUOUS MONITORING.—The Assistant Secretary, in consultation with the head of any relevant Federal agency, including those with jurisdiction over supply chains, shall continuously monitor the resilience, diversity, security, and strength of supply chains.
  - (c) COORDINATION GROUP.
- (1) In GENERAL.—In carrying out the applicable activities under subsection (a), the Assistant Secretary shall establish a unified coordination group led by the Assistant Secretary which shall include private sector partners, labor organizations, and, as appropriate, federally funded research and development centers, to serve as a method for consultation between and among Federal agencies described under subsection (g) to plan for and respond to supply chain shocks and support the resilience, diversity, security, and strength of supply chains.
- (2) IMPLEMENTATION.—In consultation with the unified coordination group established under paragraph (1), the Assistant Secretary shall do the following:
- (A) Acquire on a voluntary basis technical, engineering, and operational supply chain information from the private sector in a manner that ensures any supply chain information provided by the private sector is kept confidential and is exempt from disclosure under section 552(b)(3) of title 5, United States Code (commonly known as the "Freedom of Information Act").
- (B) Study the supply chain information acquired under subparagraph (A) to—
  - (i) identify supply chains;
  - (ii) assess the resilience of supply chains;
- (iii) identify supply chains vulnerable to disruption, strain, compromise, or elimination; and (iv) inform planning.
- (C) Convene with relevant private sector entities to share best practices, planning, and capabilities to respond to potential supply chain shocks
- (D) Develop contingency plans and coordination mechanisms to ensure an effective and coordinated response to potential supply chain shocks
- (3) SUBGROUPS.—In carrying out the activities described in paragraph (2), the Assistant Secretary may establish subgroups of the unified coordination group established under paragraph (1) led by the head of an appropriate Federal agency.
- (4) International cooperation.—The Secretary, in consultation with other relevant Federal agencies, may cooperate with governments of countries that are allies or key international partners of the United States relating to enhancing the security and resilience of supply chains in response to supply chain shocks.
- (d) DESIGNATIONS.—The Assistant Secretary shall—
- (1) not later than 270 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, designate—
- (A) critical industries;
- (B) supply chains; and
- (C) critical goods;
- (2) provide for a period of public comment and review in carrying out paragraph (1); and
- (3) update the designations made under paragraph (1) not less frequently than once every four years.
- (e) QUADRENNIAL REPORT ON SUPPLY CHAIN RESILIENCE AND DOMESTIC MANUFACTURING.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than four years after the date on which the final Sectoral Supply Chain Assessments report on supply chains required under section 4(a) of Executive Order 14017 (relating to America's supply chains) is

- submitted, and not later than once every four years thereafter, the Assistant Secretary, in coordination with the head of each relevant Federal agency and relevant private sector entities, labor organizations, States and political subdivisions thereof, and territorial and Tribal governments, shall submit to the relevant committees of Congress and post on the website of the Assistant Secretary a report on supply chain resilience and domestic manufacturing (in this subsection referred to as the "report") to strengthen, improve, and preserve the resilience, diversity, security, and strength of supply chains.
- - (A) An identification of—
- (i) the critical industries, supply chains, and critical goods designated under subsection (d);
- (ii) supplies that are critical to the crisis preparedness of the United States;
- (iii) substitutes for critical goods, industrial equipment, and manufacturing technology;
- (iv) the matters identified and evaluated pursuant to subsection (a)(2); and
- (v) countries that are critical to addressing international and domestic supply chain weaknesses and vulnerabilities.
  - (B) A description of-
- (i) the manufacturing base and supply chains in the United States, including the manufacturing base and supply chains for—
  - (I) industrial equipment;
- (II) critical goods, including raw materials and semiconductors, that are essential to the production of technologies and supplies for critical industries; and
  - (III) manufacturing technology; and
- (ii) the ability of the United States to—
- (1) maintain readiness with respect to preparing for and responding to supply chain shocks: and
  - (II) in response to a supply chain shock—
  - (aa) surge production in critical industries;
- (bb) surge production of critical goods and industrial equipment; and
- (cc) maintain access to critical goods, industrial equipment, and manufacturing technology.
  (C) An assessment and description of—
- (i) demand and supply of critical goods, industrial equipment, and manufacturing technology.
- (ii) production of critical goods, industrial equipment, and manufacturing technology by domestic manufacturers; and
- (iii) the capability and capacity of domestic manufacturers and manufacturers in countries that are allies or key international partners of the United States to manufacture critical goods, industrial equipment, and manufacturing technology.
- (D) An identification of defense, intelligence, homeland, economic, domestic labor supply, natural, geopolitical, or other contingencies and other supply chain shocks that may disrupt, strain, compromise, or eliminate a supply chain.
- (E) An assessment of—
- (i) the resilience and capacity of the manufacturing base, supply chains, and workforce of the United States and allies and key international partners that can sustain critical industries through a supply chain shock;
- (ii) the flexible manufacturing capacity and capabilities available in the United States in the case of a supply chain shock; and
- (iii) the effect innovation has on domestic manufacturing.
- (F) Specific recommendations to improve the security and resilience of manufacturing capacity and supply chains through the following:
- (i) Developing long-term strategies.(ii) Increasing visibility into the networks and capabilities of suppliers and domestic manufac-
- turers.
  (iii) Identifying industry best practices.
- (iv) Evaluating how diverse supplier networks, multi-platform and multi-region production capabilities and sources, and integrated global and regional supply chains can—

- (I) enhance the resilience of critical industries and manufacturing capabilities in the United States:
- (II) support and create jobs in the United States; and
- (III) support access of the United States to critical goods during a supply chain shock.
- (v) Identifying and mitigating risks, including—
- (I) the financial and operational risks of a supply chain;
- (II) significant vulnerabilities to supply chain shocks and other emergencies; and
  - (III) exposure to gaps and vulnerabilities in— (aa) domestic capacity or capabilities; and
- (bb) sources of imports needed to sustain critical industries and supply chains.
- (vi) Identifying enterprise resource planning systems that are—
- (I) compatible across supply chain tiers; and
- (II) affordable for small and medium-sized businesses.
- (vii) Understanding the total cost of ownership, total value contribution, and other best practices that encourage strategic partnerships throughout supply chains.
- (viii) Understanding Federal procurement opportunities to increase resilience of supply chains and fill gaps in domestic purchasing of critical goods.
- (ix) Identifying policies that maximize job retention and creation in the United States, including workforce development programs.
- (x) Identifying opportunities to work with allies or key international partners of the United States to build more resilient critical industry supply chains and mitigate risks.
- (xi) Identifying areas requiring further investment in research and development or workforce education.
- (xii) Identifying such other services as the Assistant Secretary determines necessary.
- (G) Guidance to the National Science Foundation and other relevant Federal agencies with respect to critical goods, industrial equipment, and manufacturing technologies that should be prioritized.
- (H) With respect to countries that are allies or key international partners of the United States—
- (i) a review of and, if appropriate, recommendations for expanding the sourcing of critical goods, industrial equipment, and manufacturing technology associated with critical industries from those countries; and
- (ii) a recommendation to coordinate with those countries on—
- (I) sourcing critical goods, industrial equipment, and manufacturing technology; and
- (II) developing, sustaining, and expanding production and availability of supply chains, critical goods, industrial equipment, and manufacturing technology during a supply chain shock.
- (I) Recommendations for strengthening the financial and operational health of small and medium-sized businesses in supply chains of the United States and countries that are allies or key international partners of the United States to mitigate risks and ensure diverse and competitive supplier markets that are less vulnerable to failure.
- (I) An assessment of policies, rules, and regulations that impact the operating costs of domestic manufacturers and inhibit the ability for domestic manufacturers to compete with global competitors.
- (K) Recommendations regarding freight and logistics necessary to support supply chains.
- (3) PROHIBITION.—The report may not include—
- (A) supply chain information that is not aggregated; or
- (B) confidential business information of a private sector entity.
- (4) COLLABORATION.—The head of any Federal agency with jurisdiction over any supply chain shall collaborate with the Assistant Secretary and provide any information, data, or assistance that the Assistant Secretary determines to be necessary for developing the report.

- (5) FORM.—The report, and any update submitted thereafter, shall be submitted in unclassified form and may include a classified annex.
- (6) PUBLIC COMMENT.—The Assistant Secretary shall provide for a period of public comment and review in developing the report.
- (f) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—Concurrent with the annual submission by the Secretary of the budget under section 1105 of title 31, United States Code, the Secretary shall submit to the relevant committees of Congress and post on the website of the Assistant Secretary a report that contains a summary of the activities required under subsection (a) carried out under this section during the fiscal year covered by the report. Such report shall be submitted in unclassified form and may include a classified annex.
  - (g) COORDINATION.-
- (I) IN GENERAL.—In implementing the requirements under subsection (e), the Assistant Secretary shall, as appropriate coordinate with—
- (A) the heads of appropriate Federal agencies, including—  $\,$
- (i) the Secretary of State; and
- (ii) the United States Trade Representative;
- (B) the Attorney General and the Federal Trade Commission with respect to—
- (i) advice on the design and activities of the unified coordination group described in subsection (c)(1); and
- (ii) ensuring compliance with Federal antitrust law.
- (2) Specific coordination.—In carrying out the requirements under this section, with respect to supply chains involving specific sectors, the Assistant Secretary shall, as appropriate, coordinate with—
- (A) the Secretary of Defense;
- (B) the Secretary of Homeland Security;
- (C) the Secretary of the Treasury;
- (D) the Secretary of Energy;
- (E) the Secretary of Transportation;
- (F) the Secretary of Agriculture;
- (G) the Director of National Intelligence;
- (H) the Secretary of Health and Human Services;
- (I) the Small Business Administration;
- (J) the Secretary of Labor; and
- (K) the head of any other relevant Federal agency, as appropriate.
- (h) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this section shall be construed to require any private entity.—
- (1) to share information with the Secretary or Assistant Secretary:
- (2) to request assistance from the Secretary or Assistant Secretary; or
- (3) that requests assistance from the Secretary or Assistant Secretary to implement any measure or recommendation suggested by the Secretary or Assistant Secretary.
  - (i) PROTECTIONS.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Supply chain information that is voluntarily and lawfully submitted by a private entity and accompanied by an express statement described in paragraph (2) of this subsection—
- (A) shall be exempt from disclosure under section 552(b)(3) of title 5, United States Code;
- (B) shall not be made available by any Federal, State, local, or Tribal authority pursuant to any Federal, State, local, or Tribal law requiring public disclosure of information or records; and
- (C) shall not, without the written consent of the person or entity submitting such information, be used directly by the Assistant Secretary, or any other Federal, State, or local authority in any civil enforcement action brought by a Federal, State, or local authority.
- (2) EXPRESS STATEMENT.—The express statement described in this paragraph, with respect to information or records, is—
- (A) in the case of written information or records, a written marking on the information or records substantially similar to the following: "This information is voluntarily submitted to

- the Federal Government in expectation of protection from disclosure as provided by the provisions of section 20203(i) of the America COMPETES Act of 2022."; or
- (B) in the case of oral information, a written statement similar to the statement described in subparagraph (A) submitted within a reasonable period following the oral communication.
- (3) İNAPPLICABILITY TO SEMICONDUCTOR IN-CENTIVE PROGRAM.—This subsection shall not apply to the voluntary submission of supply chain information by a private entity in an application for Federal financial assistance under section 9902 of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116–283).
- (j) No Effect on Discovery.—Subject to subsection (i), nothing in this section, nor any rule, regulation, or amendment shall be construed to create a defense to a discovery request, or otherwise limit or affect the discovery of supply chain information from a private entity arising from a cause of action authorized under any under Federal. State. local. or Tribal law.
- (k) CONSISTENCY WITH INTERNATIONAL AGREE-MENTS.—This section shall be applied in a manner consistent with United States obligations under international agreements.
- (1) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— There is authorized to be appropriated to the Assistant Secretary \$500,000,000 for fiscal years 2022 through 2027, to remain available until expended, to carry out this section, of which not more than 2 percent per fiscal year may be used for administrative costs.

#### SEC. 20204. MANUFACTURING SECURITY AND RE-SILIENCE PROGRAM.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The Assistant Secretary shall support the resilience, diversity, security, and strength of supply chains by providing grants, loans, and loan guarantees for eligible activities to eligible entities.
- (b) APPLICATION.—The Assistant Secretary may not provide a grant, loan, or loan guarantee under this section to an eligible entity unless the eligible entity submits to the Assistant Secretary an application at such time, in such form, and containing such information as the Assistant Secretary may require, including—
- (1) a description of the eligible activity to be carried out with the grant, loan, or loan guarantee:
- (2) a description of the supply chain supported by the eligible activity;
- (3) an estimate of the total costs of the eligible activity; and
- (4) in the case of an application submitted for an eligible activity described in subparagraph (B) or (C) of subsection (c)(2), a description of domestic manufacturing operations for the production of the critical good.
  - (c) ELIGIBLE ACTIVITIES.—
- (1) ACTIVITIES IN THE UNITED STATES.—The following activities may be carried out with a grant, loan, or loan guarantee under this section:
- (A) The development, diversification, preservation, improvement, support, restoration, or expansion of supply chains and the domestic manufacturing of critical goods, industrial equipment, and manufacturing technology, including activities that support any of the following:
- (i) The manufacturing of a critical good or industrial equipment in the United States.
- (ii) The commercialization, adoption, deployment, or use of manufacturing technology by domestic manufacturers in the United States.
- (iii) The design, engineering, construction, expansion, improvement, repair, or maintenance of critical infrastructure or a manufacturing facility in the United States.
- (iv) The purchase, lease, acquisition, enhancement, or retooling of industrial equipment for use in the United States.
- (v) The purchase, lease, or other acquisition of critical goods, industrial equipment, or manufacturing technology from reliable sources.
- (vi) The relocation of manufacturing facilities or operations related to the production of a crit-

- ical good out of a country of concern and into the United States.
- (vii) The modification of manufacturing facilities, industrial equipment, or operations related to the manufacture of critical goods to—
- (I) create new capabilities for an eligible entity to manufacture critical goods in the United States;
- (II) expand existing operations to increase the manufacture of critical goods in the United States; or (III) accommodate any manufacturing oper-
- ations related to critical goods that are being relocated to the United States. (viii) The development of tools or processes that relate to procuring, transporting, or storing
- critical goods.
  (B) The manufacture or acquisition of a substitute for a critical good, industrial equipment,
- or manufacturing technology.
  (C) The establishment, improvement, development, expansion, or preservation of surge capacity or stockpiling of a critical good or industrial
- equipment, as appropriate and necessary.
  (D) The establishment, improvement, or preservation of diverse, secure, reliable, and strong sources and locations of a critical good in the United States.
- (2) ACTIVITIES RELATING TO ALLIES AND KEY INTERNATIONAL PARTNERS.—The following activities may be carried out with a loan or loan quarantee under this section:
- (A) The design, engineering, construction, expansion, improvement, repair, or maintenance of critical infrastructure or a manufacturing facility in an ally or key international partner.
- (B) The relocation of manufacturing facilities or operations related to the production of a critical good out of a country of concern and into an ally or key international partner, with a priority for countries—
- (i) in the covered Western Hemisphere countries:
- (ii) that are member states of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO);
- (iii) that are designated as a major non-NATO ally pursuant to section 517(a) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2321k(a)); and (iv) identified under section 20203(e)(2)(A)(v).
- (C) The modification of manufacturing facilities, industrial equipment, or operations related to the manufacture of critical goods to—
- (i) create new capabilities for an eligible entity to manufacture critical goods in an ally or key international partner;
- (ii) expand existing operations to increase the manufacture of critical goods in an ally or key international partner; or
- (iii) accommodate any manufacturing operations related to critical goods that are being relocated to an ally or key international partner.
- (d) ELIGIBLE ENTITIES.—The following entities are eligible to receive grants, loans, and loan guarantees under this section:
  - (1) A domestic manufacturer.
  - (2) A domestic enterprise.
- (3) A State or a county, city, or other political subdivision of a State.
  - (4) A Tribal government.
- (5) A manufacturing extension center established as part of the Hollings Manufacturing Extension Partnership.
- (6) A Manufacturing USA institute as described in section 34(d) of the National Institute of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 278s(d)).
- (7) An institution of higher education acting as part of a consortium, partnership, or joint venture with another eligible entity described in paragraphs (1) through (6).
- (8) A public or private nonprofit organization or association acting as part of a consortium, partnership, or joint venture with another eligible entity described in paragraphs (1) through (6).
- (9) A consortium, partnership, or joint venture of two or more eligible entities described under paragraphs (1) through (8).

- (e) REQUIREMENTS.—The Assistant Secretary may only provide a grant, loan, or loan guarantee to an eligible entity if the Assistant Secretary makes a determination of the following:
- (1) The grant, loan, or loan guarantee is for an eligible activity.
- (2) Without the grant, loan, or loan guarantee, the eligible entity would not be able to fund or finance the eligible activity under reasonable terms and conditions.
- (3) The grant, loan, or loan guarantee is a cost effective, expedient, and practical form of financial assistance for the eligible activity.
- (4) There is a reasonable assurance that—
  (A) the eligible entity will implement the eligible activity in accordance with the application
- submitted under subsection (b); and (B) the eligible activity will support—
- (i) the resilience, diversity, security, or strength of a supply chain; and
- (ii) the national security or economic security of the United States.
- (5) The eligible entity agrees to provide the information required under subsection (m)(3).
- (6) For an eligible activity described in subparagraph (B) or (C) of subsection (c)(2), relocation of a manufacturing facility or operations into the United States is uneconomical.
- (7) The eligible activity does not support the production of a critical good subject to an anti-dumping or countervailing duty order imposed by the United States.
- (f) CRITERIA.—The Assistant Secretary shall establish criteria for the awarding of grants, loans, and loan guarantees that meet the requirements of subsection (e), including the following:
- (1) The extent to which the eligible activity supports the resilience, diversity, security, and strength of a supply chain.
- (2) The extent to which the eligible activity is funded or financed by non-Federal sources.
- (3) The extent to which the grant, loan, or loan guarantee will assist small and medium-sized domestic manufacturers.
- (4) The amount of appropriations that are required to fund or finance the grant, loan, or loan guarantee.
- (g) RELOCATION CONSIDERATION.—In making a determination to provide a loan or loan guarantee to an eligible entity for an eligible activity described in subparagraph (B) or (C) of subsection (c)(2), the Assistant Secretary—
  - (1) shall—
- (A) consult with the Secretary of State and the heads of other relevant Federal agencies, as appropriate; and
- (B) to the extent practicable, ensure no single ally or key international partner benefits from an outsized amount of Federal funding provided under this section; and
- (2) may take into considerations labor and environmental standards of the ally or key international partner when considering the siting locations for the eligible activity.
- (h) RELOCATION LIMITATIONS.—As a condition of receiving a loan or loan guarantee for an eligible activity described under subparagraph (B) or (C) of subsection (c)(2), the Assistant Secretary shall prohibit an eligible entity from making capital or labor investments in the manufacturing facility or operation in the country of concern for the duration of the grant, loan, or loan guarantee.
  - (i) GRANT COST SHARE.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The amount of a grant under this section may not exceed 80 percent of the reasonably anticipated costs of the eligible activity for which the grant is made.
- (2) WAIVER.—Upon providing written justification for a determination made pursuant to this paragraph, which may be submitted with a classified annex to the Committee on Energy and Commerce of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate, the Assistant Secretary may waive the cost share requirement of paragraph (1)—

- (A) during a period of national emergency declared by an Act of Congress or the President;
- (B) upon making a determination that a grant is necessary to avert the disruption, strain, compromise, or elimination of a supply chain that would severely affect the national security or economic security of the United States.
- (3) USE OF OTHER FEDERAL ASSISTANCE.—Federal assistance other than a grant under this section may be used to satisfy the non-Federal share of the cost of the eligible activity.
  - (j) LOANS AND LOAN GUARANTEES .-
- (1) In GENERAL.—The Assistant Secretary may enter into an agreement with an eligible entity to make a loan, the proceeds of which shall be used to finance an eligible activity.
- (2) MAXIMUM AMOUNT.—The amount of a loan under this section may not exceed 80 percent of the reasonably anticipated costs of the eligible activity for which the loan is made.
- (3) WAIVER.—Upon providing written justification for a determination made pursuant to this paragraph, which may be submitted with a classified annex to the Committee on Energy and Commerce of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate, the Assistant Secretary may waive the requirement of paragraph (2)—
- (A) during a period of national emergency declared by an Act of Congress or the President; or
- (B) upon making a determination that a loan is necessary to avert the disruption, strain, compromise, or elimination of a supply chain that would severely affect the national security or economic security of the United States.
- (4) LOAN GUARANTEES.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—The Assistant Secretary may provide a loan guarantee to a lender in lieu of making a loan under this section.
- (B) TERMS.—The terms of a loan guarantee provided under this section shall be consistent with the terms established in this subsection for a loan.
- $\begin{array}{ll} (k) & \textit{Manufacturing} & \textit{Investment} & \textit{Companies.} \\ & \textit{Nies.} \\ & \end{array}$
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Assistant Secretary may provide a loan or loan guarantee to a manufacturing investment company.
- (2) EQUITY CAPITAL.—A manufacturing investment company shall use the proceeds of a loan or loan guarantee provided under this susception to provide a source of equity capital for eligible entities to carry out eligible activities.
- (3) APPLICATION.—The Assistant Secretary may not provide a loan or loan guarantee to a manufacturing investment company unless the manufacturing investment company submits to the Assistant Secretary an application at such time, in such form, and containing such information as the Assistant Secretary may require, which shall include the following:
- (A) A plan describing how the manufacturing investment company intends to provide equity capital to eligible entities to support the resilence, diversity, security, and strength of supply chains.
- (B) Information regarding the relevant qualifications and general reputation of the management of the manufacturing investment company.
- (C) A description of how the manufacturing investment company intends to address the unmet capital needs of eligible entities.
- (D) A description of whether and to what extent the manufacturing investment company meets the criteria established under paragraph (4).
- (E) For a manufacturing investment company seeking to provide equity capital for an eligible activity described in subparagraph (B) or (C) of subsection (c)(2), a description of domestic manufacturing operations for the production of the critical good.
- (4) CRITERIA.—The Secretary shall establish criteria for the awarding of a loan or loan guarantee under this subsection to a manufacturing investment company, including the following:

- (A) The extent to which the equity capital to be provided under paragraph (2) will support the resilience, diversity, security, and strength of supply chains.
- (B) The extent to which the plan submitted under paragraph (3)(A) will be funded or financed by non-Federal sources.
- (C) The extent to which the manufacturing investment company will assist small and medium-sized domestic manufacturers
- (D) The amount of appropriations that are required to fund or finance the loan or loan guarantee.
- (5) REQUIREMENTS.—As a condition for providing a loan or loan guarantee under this subsection, the Assistant Secretary shall require a manufacturing investment company to certify the following:
- (Å) The equity capital is for an eligible activity.
- (B) Without the equity capital, the eligible entity would not be able to fund or finance the eligible activity under reasonable terms and conditions.
- (C) The equity capital is a cost effective, expedient, and practical form of financial assistance for the eligible activity.
- (D) There is a reasonable assurance that—
  (i) the eligible entity will implement the eligible activity: and
  - (ii) the eligible activity will support—
- (1) the resilience, diversity, security, or strength of a supply chain; and
- (II) the national security or economic security of the United States.
- of the United States.

  (E) The manufacturing investment company will provide the information required under paragraph (6)(C).
- (F) In the case of an eligible activity described in subsection (c)(2) (B) or (C), relocation of a manufacturing facility or operations into the United States is uneconomical.
- (G) The eligible activity does not support the production of a critical good subject to an antidumping or countervailing duty order imposed by the United States.
- (6) PERFORMANCE MEASURES.—For loans and loan guarantees provided under this subsection, the Assistant Secretary shall—
- (A) develop metrics to assess the extent to which manufacturing investment companies meet the criteria established under paragraph
- (B) assess the extent to which each manufacturing investment company awarded a loan or loan guarantee is meeting the criteria established under paragraph (4); and
- (C) require the manufacturing investment company to provide to the Assistant Secretary any information relating to the loan or loan guarantee that the Assistant Secretary determines to be necessary to conduct the assessment under subparagraph (B).
- (7) EQÜITY CAPS.—The Assistant Secretary may, as a condition of providing a loan or loan guarantee under this subsection, establish limits on—
- (A) the maximum amount of equity or quasiequity securities, shares, or financial interests a manufacturing investment company may purchase, make and fund commitments to purchase, invest in, make pledges in respect of, or otherwise acquire from an eligible entity; and
- (B) the maximum amount of assets a manufacturing investment company may hold to be eligible for a loan or loan guarantee under this subsection.
- (8) CONDITIONS.—The Assistant Secretary may prescribe either specifically or by maximum limits or otherwise, rates of interest, guarantee and commitment fees, and other charges which may be made in connection with equity capital made under this subsection.
- (9) RELOCATION CONSIDERATION.—In making a determination to provide a loan or loan guarantee to a manufacturing investment company for an eligible activity described under subparagraph (B) or (C) of subsection (c)(2), the Assistant Secretary may take into consideration labor

and environmental standards of the ally or key international partner when considering the siting locations for the eligible activity.

- (10) RELOCATION LIMITATIONS.—As a condition of receiving a loan or loan guarantee from a manufacturing investment company for an eligible activity described under subparagraph (B) or (C) of subsection (c)(2), the manufacturing investment company shall prohibit an eligible entity from making capital or labor investments in the manufacturing facility or operation in the country of concern for the duration of the equity capital.
  - (l) CREDITWORTHINESS.—
- (1) In GENERAL.—For a loan or loan guarantee provided under this section, the manufacturing investment company or eligible entity and eligible activity receiving such loan or loan guarantee shall be creditworthy, which shall be determined by the Assistant Secretary.
- (2) CONSIDERATIONS.—In determining the creditworthiness of a manufacturing investment company or an eligible entity and eligible activity under paragraph (1), the Assistant Secretary shall take into consideration relevant factors, including the following:
- (A) The terms, conditions, financial structure, and security features of the loan or loan guarantee.
- (B) The revenue sources that will secure or fund any note, bond, debenture, or other debt obligation issued in connection with the loan or loan guarantee.
- (C) The financial assumptions upon which the loan or loan guarantee is based.
- (D) The ability of-
- (i) the manufacturing investment company to provide a source of equity capital for eligible entities; or
- (ii) the eligible entity to successfully achieve the goal of the eligible activity.
- (E) The financial soundness and credit history of the manufacturing investment company or eliable entity.
- (m) CONDITIONS.—The Assistant Secretary may prescribe—
- (1) either specifically or by maximum limits or otherwise, rates of interest, guarantee and commitment fees, and other charges which may be made in connection with a loan or loan guarantee made under this section; and
- (2) regulations governing the forms and procedures (which shall be uniform to the extent practicable) to be used in connection with such loans and loan guarantees.
- (n) SELECTION OF RECIPIENTS.—
- (1) ABILITY TO MEET CRITERIA.—To the extent practicable, in awarding grants, loans, and loan guarantees under this section, the Assistant Secretary shall—
- (A) select—
- (i) manufacturing investment companies that best meet the criteria established under subsection (k)(4): and
- (ii) eligible entities and eligible activities that best meet the criteria established under subsection (f): and
- (B) serve the greatest needs for a diverse array of critical industries.
- (2) PRIORITY.—In awarding grants, loans, and loan guarantees under this section, the Assistant Secretary shall prioritize—
- (A) eligible activities that—
- (i) are within the United States and employ citizens of the United States; and
- (ii) will result in the production of critical goods that relate to the strategic needs of the Federal Government in preparing for and responding to supply chain shocks; and
- (B) eligible entities that agree to coordinate with the Assistant Secretary to assist the United States in preparing for and responding to supply chain shocks, including through the manufacture of critical goods, as necessary.
- (0) PERFORMANCE MEASURES.—For grants, loans, and loan guarantees provided under this section to eligible entities, the Assistant Secretary shall—

- (1) develop metrics to assess the extent to which the criteria established under subsection (f) are met;
- (2) assess the extent to which the criteria established under subsection (f) are met; and
- (3) require the eligible entity to provide to the Assistant Secretary any information that the Assistant Secretary determines to be necessary to conduct the assessment under paragraph (2).
- (p) CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS.—The requirements of section 602 of the Public Works and Economic Development Act of 1965 (42 U.S.C. 3212) shall apply to a construction project that receives financial assistance from the Assistant Secretary under this section in the same manner as such requirements apply to a project assisted by the Secretary under such Act.
- (q) Workforce Protections.—Any eligible entity and manufacturing investment company applying for a grant, loan, or loan guarantee under this section, in any case in which the eligible entity has 100 or more employees, shall make a good-faith certification to the Assistant Secretary that—
- (1) the eligible entity will not abrogate existing collective bargaining agreements, as applicable, for—
  - (A) the term of the grant; or
- (B) the term of the loan or loan guarantee and 2 years after completing repayment of the loan; and
- (2) the eligible entity will remain neutral in any union organizing effort for the term of the grant, loan, or loan guarantee.
- (r) CONSISTENCY WITH INTERNATIONAL AGREE-MENTS.—This section shall be applied in a manner consistent with United States obligations under international agreements.
- (s) LIMITATION.—To the extent practicable, none of the funds made available to carry out this section may be used to support manufacturing in a country of concern.
- (t) REGULATIONS.—The Assistant Secretary may promulgate such regulations as the Assistant Secretary determines to be appropriate to carry out this section.
- (u) SUPPLY CHAINS FOR CRITICAL MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES FUND.—
- (1) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established in the Treasury of the United States a fund to be known as the "Supply Chains for Critical Manufacturing Industries Fund" (in this section referred to as the "Fund"), which shall solely be used by the Assistant Secretary to carry out this section.
- (2) REVOLVING LOAN FUND.—The proceeds of any conditions prescribed under subsection (k)(1) shall be deposited into the Fund.
- (v) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this section may be construed to permit the proceeds of a grant, loan, loan guarantee, or equity investment to support activities that offshore manufacturing capacity from the United States.
- (w) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—
  (1) IN GENERAL.—There is authorized to be appropriated to the Fund \$45,000,000,000 for fiscal years 2022 through 2027. Such amount is authorized to remain available until expended.
- (2) PURPOSES.—Of the amount authorized to be appropriated under paragraph (1), not more than—
- (A) \$31,000,000,000 is authorized to be appropriated for loans and loan guarantees to eligible entities;
- (B) \$10,000,000,000 is authorized to be appropriated for grants to eligible entities; and
- (C) \$4,000,000,000 is authorized to be appropriated for loans and loan guarantees to manufacturing investment companies.
- (3) ADMINISTRATIVE COSTS.—Of the amounts authorized to be appropriated under paragraph (2), up to 2 percent per fiscal year is authorized to be appropriated for administrative costs associated with carrying out this section.

# SEC. 20205. SUPPLY CHAIN INNOVATION AND BEST PRACTICES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Assistant Secretary, in consultation with the Director of the National

Institute of Standards and Technology, shall, on an ongoing basis, facilitate and support the development of a voluntary set of standards, guidelines, best practices, management strategies, methodologies, procedures, and processes for domestic manufacturers and entities manufacturing, purchasing, or using a critical good

- (1) measure the resilience, diversity, security, and strength of supply chains;
- (2) evaluate the value of the resilience, diversity, security, and strength of supply chains; and
- (3) design organizational processes and incentives to reduce the risks of disruption, strain, compromise, or elimination of a supply chain.
- (b) REQUIREMENTS.—In carrying out subsection (a), the Assistant Secretary shall do the following:
- (1) Coordinate closely and regularly with relevant private sector personnel and entities, manufacturing extension centers established as part of the Hollings Manufacturing Extension Partnership, Manufacturing USA institutes as described in section 34(d) of the National Institute of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 278s(d)), and other relevant stakeholders and incorporate industry expertise.
- (2) Consult with the head of any relevant Federal agency, including those with jurisdiction over supply chains, States, local governments, Tribal governments, the governments of other nations, and international organizations, as necessary.
- (3) Collaborate with private sector stake-holders to identify a prioritized, flexible, repeatable, performance-based, and cost-effective approach that may be voluntarily adopted by domestic manufacturers and entities purchasing or using a critical good to help them—
- (A) identify, assess, and manage risks to supply chains; and
- (B) value the resilience, diversity, security, and strength of their supply chain.
  - (4) Facilitate the design of—
- (A) voluntary processes for selecting suppliers that support the resilience, diversity, security, and strength of supply chains; and
- (B) methodologies to identify and mitigate the effects of a disruption, strain, compromise, or elimination of a supply chain.
- (5) Disseminate research and information to assist domestic manufacturers redesign products, expand manufacturing capacity, and improve capabilities to meet domestic needs for critical goods and supply chains.
- (6) Incorporate relevant voluntary standards and industry best practices.
  - (7) Consider small business concerns.
- (8) Any other elements the Assistant Secretary determines to be necessary.
- (c) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— There is authorized to be appropriated to the Office \$500,000,000 for fiscal years 2022 through 2027, to remain available until expended, for the Assistant Secretary to carry out this section, of which not more than 2 percent per fiscal year may be used for administrative costs.

#### SEC. 20206. PROGRAM EVALUATION BY THE IN-SPECTOR GENERAL OF THE DEPART-MENT OF COMMERCE.

- (a) PROGRAM EVALUATION.—Not later than 4 years after the date of the enactment of this Act, and every 4 years thereafter, the Inspector General of the Department of Commerce shall conduct an audit of the Office to—
- (1) evaluate the performance of the activities supported by a grant, loan, or loan guarantee under section 20204;
- (2) evaluate the extent to which the requirements and criteria under this subtitle are met; and
- (3) provide recommendations on any proposed changes to improve the effectiveness of the Office on meeting the mission described under section 20201(b).
- (b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— There is authorized to be appropriated to the Inspector General of the Department of Commerce

\$5,000,000 for fiscal years 2022 through 2027, to remain available until expended, to carry out subsection (a).

### SEC. 20207. SUPPLY CHAIN DATABASE AND TOOL-

(a) Establishment.—

- (1) In GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Commerce shall establish a database and online toolkit under which—
- (A) United States businesses may voluntarily submit to the Secretary information on—
- (i) the products produced by such businesses in the United States, which may be finished goods or inputs for other goods;
- (ii) the inputs required for such products, which may include, with respect to such an input—
- (I) the specific geographic location of the production of the input, including if the input is sourced from the United States or a foreign country:
- (II) the business name of a supplier of the input;
- (III) information related to perceived or realized challenges in securing the input;
- (IV) information related to the suspected vulnerabilities or implications of a disruption in securing the input, whether related to national security or the effect on the United States business: or
- (V) in the case of an input sourced from a foreign country, information on—
- (aa) why the input is sourced from a foreign country rather than in the United States; and
- (bb) if the United States business would be interested in identifying an alternative produced in the United States;
- (B) United States businesses may request and receive contact information or general information about a United States source or a foreign source for an input;
- (C) United States businesses are able to specify—
- (i) what information can be shared with other United States businesses;
- (ii) what information should be shared only with the Department of Commerce; and
- (iii) what information could be submitted to Congress or made available to the public; and
- (D) the Secretary makes information provided under this paragraph available, subject to subparagraph (C), to enable other United States businesses to identify inputs for their products produced in the United States.
- (2) FORMAT; PUBLIC AVAILABILITY.—The Secretary shall—
- (A) provide the database and online toolkit established under paragraph (1) on a publicly available website of the Department of Commerce: and
- (B) ensure that the database and online tool-kit are—
- (i) searchable and filterable according to the type of information; and
- (ii) presented in a user-friendly format.
- (3) EXEMPTION FROM PUBLIC DISCLOSURE.—Information submitted to the Secretary in relation to the database and online toolkit established under paragraph (1)—
- (A) shall be exempt from disclosure under section 552(b)(3) of title 5, United States Code; and
- (B) shall not be made available by any Federal, State, political subdivision, or Tribal authority pursuant to any Federal, State, political subdivision, or Tribal law requiring public disclosure of information or records.
  - (4) REPORTING.—
- (A) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and every days thereafter, the Secretary shall submit to Congress a report that includes—
- (i) an assessment of the effectiveness of the database and online toolkit established under paragraph (1), including statistics regarding the number of new entries, total businesses involved, and any change in participation rate during the preceding 180-day period;

- (ii) recommendations for additional actions to improve the database and online toolkit and participation in the database and online toolkit;
- (iii) such other information as the Secretary considers appropriate.
- (B) PUBLIC REPORT.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter, the Secretary shall post on a publicly available website of the Department of Commerce a report that sets forth—
- (i) general statistics related to foreign and domestic sourcing of inputs used by United States businesses;
- (ii) an estimate of the percentage of total inputs used by United States businesses obtained from foreign countries:
- (iii) data on such inputs disaggregated by industry, geographical location, and size of operation: and
- (iv) a description of the methodology used to calculate the statistics and estimates required by this paragraph.

(b) PUBLIC OUTREACH CAMPAIGN.—

- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall carry out a national public outreach campaign—
- (A) to educate United States businesses about the existence of the database and online toolkit established under subsection (a); and
- (B) to facilitate and encourage the participation of such businesses in the database and online toolkit.
- (2) OUTREACH REQUIREMENT.—In carrying out the campaign under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall—
- (A) establish an advertising and outreach program directed to businesses, industries, State and local agencies, chambers of commerce, and labor organizations—
- (i) to facilitate understanding of the value of an aggregated demand mapping system; and
- (ii) to advertise that the database and online toolkit established under subsection (a) are available for that purpose;
- (B) notify appropriate State agencies not later than 10 days after the date of the enactment of this Act regarding the development of the database and online toolkit; and
- (C) post a notice on a publicly available website of the Department of Commerce and establish a social media awareness campaign to advertise the database and online toolkit.
- (3) COORDINATION.—In carrying out the campaign under paragraph (1), the Secretary may coordinate with other Federal agencies and State or local agencies as appropriate.
- (4) SEPARATE ACCOUNTING.—
- (A) BUDGETARY LINE ITEM.—The Secretary shall include in the budget justification materials submitted to Congress in support of the Department of Commerce budget for fiscal years 2023 and 2024 (as submitted with the budget of the President under section 1105(a) of title 31, United States Code) specific identification, as a budgetary line item, of the amounts required to carry out the campaign under paragraph (1).
- (B) PROHIBITION ON COMMINGLING.—Amounts appropriated to carry out this subsection may not be commingled with any other amounts appropriated to the Department of Commerce.
- (c) USE OF DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE RE-SOURCES.—
  - (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary—
- (A) shall, to the maximum extent practicable, construct the database and online toolkit required by subsection (a), and related analytical features, using expertise within the Department of Commerce; and
- (B) may, as appropriate, adopt new technologies and hire additional employees to carry out this section.
- (2) MINIMIZATION OF CONTRACTING.—If the activities described in subparagraphs (A) and (B) of paragraph (1) cannot be completed without the employment of contractors, the Secretary should seek to minimize the number of contractors and the scope of the contract.
- (d) TERMINATION.—This section shall terminate on September 30, 2025.

SEC. 20208. DEFINITIONS.

- In this subtitle:
- (1) ALLY OR KEY INTERNATIONAL PARTNER.— The term "ally or key international partner" does not include—
- (A) a country that poses a significant national security or economic security risk to the United States; or
  - (B) a country of concern.
- (2) ASSISTANT SECRETARY.—The term "Assistant Secretary" means the Assistant Secretary of Manufacturing Security and Resilience appointed pursuant to section 20201(c).
- (3) COUNTRY OF CONCERN.—The term "country of concern" means a country in which a concentrated supply chain is located and—
- (A) that poses a significant national security or economic security threat to the United States; or
- (B) whose government, or elements of such government, has proven to have, or has been credibly alleged to have, committed crimes against humanity or genocide.
- (4) COVERED WESTERN HEMISPHERE COUN-TRIES.—The term "covered Western Hemisphere countries" means the following countries: Anguilla, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Aruba, The Bahamas, Barbados, Belize, Bermuda, Bolivia, Brazil, the British Virgin Islands, Canada, Chile, Colombia, Costa Rica, Dominica, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, El Salvador, Grenada, Guatemala, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Jamaica, Mexico, Montserrat, Netherlands Antilles, Panama, Paraguay, Peru, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Suriname, Trinidad and Tobago, Turks and Caicos Islands, Uruguay, and the sovereign government recognized by the United States in Venezuela.
  (5) CRITICAL GOOD.—The term "critical good"
- (a) CRITICAL GOOD.—The term "critical good" means any raw, in process, or manufactured material (including any mineral, metal, or advanced processed material), article, commodity, supply, product, or item of supply the absence of which would have a significant effect on—
- (A) the national security or economic security of the United States; and
  - (B) critical infrastructure.
- (6) CRITICAL INDUSTRY.—The term "critical industry" means an industry that is critical for the national security or economic security of the United States, considering key technology focus areas and critical infrastructure.
- (7) CRITICAL INFRASTRUCTURE.—The term "critical infrastructure" has the meaning given to that term in the Critical Infrastructures Protection Act of 2001 (42 U.S.C. 5195c).
- (8) DOMESTIC ENTERPRISE.—The term "domestic enterprise" means an enterprise that conducts business in the United States and procures a critical good.
- (9) DOMESTIC MANUFACTURER.—The term "domestic manufacturer" means a business that—
- (A) conducts in the United States the research and development, engineering, or production activities necessary or incidental to manufacturing; or
- (B) if provided a grant, loan, loan guarantee, or equity investment under section 20204, will conduct in the United States the research and development, engineering, or production activities necessary or incidental to manufacturing.
- (10) ECONOMICALLY DISTRESSED AREA.—The term "economically distressed area" means an area that meets 1 or more of the requirements described in section 301(a) of the Public Works and Economic Development Act of 1965 (42 U.S.C. 3161(a)).
- (11) ELIGIBLE ACTIVITY.—The term "eligible activity" means an activity described under section 20204(c).
- (12) ELIGIBLE ENTITY.—The term "eligible entity" means an entity described under section 20204(d).
- (13) FEDERAL AGENCY.—The term "Federal agency" has the meaning given the term "agency" in section 551 of title 5. United States Code.
- (14) INDUSTRIAL EQUIPMENT.—The term "industrial equipment" means any component, subsystem, system, equipment, tooling, accessory,

- part, or assembly necessary for the manufacturing of a critical good.
- (15) INSTITUTION OF HIGHER EDUCATION.—The term "institution of higher education" has the meaning given that term under section 101(a) of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001(a)).
- (16) KEY TECHNOLOGY FOCUS AREAS.—The term "key technology focus areas" means the following:
- (A) Artificial intelligence, machine learning, autonomy, and related advances.
- (B) High performance computing, semiconductors, and advanced computer hardware and software.
- (C) Quantum information science and technology.
- (D) Robotics, automation, and advanced manufacturing.
- (E) Natural and anthropogenic disaster prevention or mitigation.
- vention or mitigation.
  (F) Advanced communications technology, in-
- cluding optical transmission components.
  (G) Biotechnology, medical technology genomics, and synthetic biology.
- (H) Data storage, data management, distributed ledger technologies, and cybersecurity, including biometrics.
- (I) Advanced energy and industrial efficacy technologies, such as batteries, advanced nuclear technologies, and polysilicon for use in solar photovoltaics, including for the purposes of electric generation (consistent with section 15 of the National Science Foundation Act of 1950 (42 U.S.C. 1874)).
- (I) Advanced materials science, including composites and 2D materials and equipment, aerospace grade metals, and aerospace specific manufacturing enabling chemicals.
- (17) LABOR ORGANIZATION.—The term "labor organization" has the meaning given the term in section 2(5) of the National Labor Relations Act (29 U.S.C. 152(5)), except that such term shall also include—
- (A) any organization composed of labor organizations, such as a labor union federation or a State or municipal labor body; and
- (B) any organization which would be included in the definition for such term under such section 2(5) but for the fact that the organization represents—
- (i) individuals employed by the United States, any wholly owned Government corporation, any Federal Reserve Bank, or any State or political subdivision thereof;
- (ii) individuals employed by persons subject to the Railway Labor Act (45 U.S.C. 151 et seq.); or (iii) individuals employed as agricultural la-
- (18) LENDER.—The term 'lender' means any
- non-Federal qualified institutional buyer (as defined in section 230.144A(a) of title 17, Code of Federal Regulations or a successor regulation).
- (19) LOAN.—The term "loan" means a direct loan or other debt obligation issued by an eligible entity or a manufacturing investment company and funded by the Assistant Secretary in connection with the financing of an eligible activity under section 20204.
- (20) LOAN GUARANTEE.—The term "loan guarantee" means any guarantee or other pledge by the Assistant Secretary under section 20204 to pay all or part of the principal of, and interest on, a loan or other debt obligation entered into by an eligible entity or a manufacturing investment company and funded by a lender.
- (21) MANUFACTURE.—The term "manufacture" means any activity that is necessary for or incidental to the development, production, processing, distribution, or delivery of any raw, in process, or manufactured material (including any mineral, metal, and advanced processed material), article, commodity, supply, product, critical good, or item of supply.
- (22) MANUFACTURING FACILITY.—The term "manufacturing facility" means any type of building, structure, or real property necessary or incidental to the manufacturing of a critical good.

- (23) Manufacturing investment company.— The term "manufacturing investment company" means an incorporated body, a limited liability company, or a limited partnership, including a consortium of public and private entities, organized and chartered or otherwise existing under State lan
- (24) Manufacturing technology.—The term "manufacturing technology" means technologies that are necessary or incidental to the manufacturing of a critical good.
- (25) NONPROFIT ORGANIZATION.—The term "nonprofit organization" means an organization that is described in section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 and exempt from taxation under section 501(a) of such Code.
- (26) OFFICE.—The term "Office" means the Office of Manufacturing Security and Resilience established under section 20201.
- (27) OFFSHORE.—The term "offshore" means the transfer or relocation of manufacturing capacity that is occurring or otherwise would occur in the United States to another country.
- (28) RELEVANT COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS.— The term "relevant committees of Congress" means the following:
- (A) The Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate.
- (B) The Committee on Appropriations of the Senate.
- (C) The Committee on Finance of the Senate.
  (D) The Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate.
- (E) The Committee on Armed Services of the Senate.
- (F) The Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate.
- (G) The Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate.
- (H) The Committee on Science, Space, and Technology of the House of Representatives.
- (1) The Committee on Energy and Commerce of the House of Representatives.
- (J) The Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.
- (K) The Committee on Ways and Means of the House of Representatives.
- (L) The Committee on Homeland Security of the House of Representatives.
- (M) The Committee on Armed Services of the House of Representatives.
- (N) The Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives.
- (O) The Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives.
- (P) The Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate.
- (29) RESILIENT SUPPLY CHAIN.—The term "resilient supply chain" means a supply chain that—
- (A) ensures that the United States can sustain critical industry production, supply chains, services, and access to critical goods, industrial equipment, and manufacturing technology during supply chain shocks; and
- (B) has key components of resilience that include—
- (i) effective private sector risk management and mitigation planning to sustain supply chains and supplier networks during a supply chain shock;
- (ii) minimized or managed exposure to supply chain shocks; and
- (iii) the financial and operational capacity to-
- (I) sustain supply chains during supply chain shocks; and
- (II) recover from supply chain shocks.
- (30) SECRETARY.—The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of Commerce.
- (31) SMALL BUSINESS CONCERN.—The term "small business concern" has the meaning given that term in section 3(a) of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 632(a)).
- (32) STATE.—The term "State" means each State of the United States, the District of Columbia, American Samoa, Guam, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, Puerto

- Rico, the Virgin Islands of the United States, and any other territory of the United States.
- (33) SUPPLY CHAIN.—The term "supply chain" means a supply chain for a critical good.
- (34) SUPPLY CHAIN INFORMATION.—The term "supply chain information" means information that is not customarily in the public domain and relating to—
- (A) sustaining and adapting supply chains during a supply chain shock;
- (B) supply chain risk mitigation and recovery planning with respect to a supply chain shock, including any planned or past assessment, projection, or estimate of a vulnerability within the supply chain, including testing, supplier network assessments, production flexibility, risk evaluations thereto, risk management planning, or risk audits: or
- (C) operational best practices, planning, and supplier partnerships that enable enhanced resilience of supply chains during a supply chain shock, including response, repair, recovery, reconstruction, insurance, or continuity.
- (35) SUPPLY CHAIN SHOCK.—The term "supply chain shock" includes the following:
- (A) A natural disaster or extreme weather event.
  - (B) An accidental or human-caused event.
  - (C) An economic disruption.
  - (D) A pandemic.
  - (E) A biological threat.
  - (F) A cyber attack.
  - (G) A great power conflict.
  - (H) A terrorist or geopolitical attack.
- (1) A public health emergency declared by the Secretary of Health and Human Services pursuant to section 319 of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 247d).
- (J) An event for which the President declares a major disaster or an emergency under section 401 or 501, respectively, of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 5170 and 5191).
- (K) A national emergency declared by the President under the National Emergencies Act (50 U.S.C. 1601 et seq.).
- (L) Any other supply chain disruption or threat that affects the national security or economic security of the United States.
- (36) TRIBAL GOVERNMENT.—The term "Tribal government" means the governing body of a federally recognized Indian Tribe, an Alaska Native tribal entity, or a Native Hawaiian community.

#### Subtitle B—Strengthening Consumer Protections, Tourism, and Manufacturing SEC. 20211. NATIONAL MANUFACTURING ADVI-SORY COUNCIL.

- (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) ADVISORY COUNCIL.—The term "Advisory Council" means the National Manufacturing Advisory Council established under subsection (b)(1).
- (2) APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS.— The term "appropriate committees of Congress" means—
- (A) the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions, the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation, the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources, the Committee on Armed Services, and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate; and
- (B) the Committee on Education and Labor, the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology, the Committee on Energy and Commerce, the Committee on Armed Services, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.
- (3) SECRETARY.—The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of Commerce.
  - (b) ESTABLISHMENT.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, in consultation with the Secretary of Labor, the Secretary of Defense, the Secretary of Energy, the United States Trade Representative, and the Secretary of Education, shall establish within the Department of Commerce the National Manufacturing Advisory Council.

- (2) PURPOSE.—The purpose of the Advisory Council shall be to provide recommendations to the Secretary and Federal Government on ways to—
- (A) provide worker education, training, development, and entrepreneurship training;
- (B) connect individuals and business with the services described in subparagraph (A) that are offered in the community of the individuals or businesses:
- (C) coordinate services relating to employee engagement, including employee ownership and workforce training:
- (D) connect manufacturers with career and technical education entities, institutions of higher education, community colleges, workforce development boards, labor organizations, and nonprofit job training providers to develop and support training and job placement services and apprenticeship and online learning platforms for new and incumbent workers:
- (E) develop programming to prevent job losses as entities adopt new technologies and processes: and
- (F) develop best practices for employee owner-
- (c) MISSION.—The mission of the Advisory Council shall be to—
- (1) provide a forum for regular communication between the Federal Government and the manufacturing sector in the United States;
- (2) advise the Federal Government regarding policies and programs of the Federal Government that affect manufacturing in the United States;
- (3) provide a forum for discussing and proposing solutions to problems relating to the manufacturing industry in the United States; and
- (4) provide advice and recommendations to the Federal Government to help the United States remains the preeminent destination throughout the world for investment in manufacturing.
- (d) DUTIES.—The duties of the Advisory Council shall include—
- (1) meeting not less frequently than every 180 days to provide independent advice and recommendations to the Secretary regarding issues involving manufacturing in the United States;
- (2) completing specific tasks requested by the Secretary;
- (3) conveying input to the Assistant Secretary of the Office of Supply Chain Resiliency and Crisis Response from key industry, labor, academic, defense, governmental, and other stakeholders to aid in the development of a national strategic plan for manufacturing in the United States.
- (4) monitoring the status of technological developments, critical production capacity, skill availability, investment patterns, emerging defense needs, and other key indicators of manufacturing competitiveness to provide foresight for periodic updates to the national strategic plan for manufacturing developed under paragraph (3);
- (5) soliciting input from the public and private sectors and academia relating to emerging trends in manufacturing, the responsiveness of Federal programming with respect to manufacturing, and suggestions for areas of increased Federal attention with respect to manufacturing;
- (6) monitoring global manufacturing trends and global threats to manufacturing sectors in the United States;
- (7) providing advice and recommendations to the Federal Government on matters relating to investment in and support of the manufacturing workforce relating to—
- (A) worker participation, including through labor organizations and through other methods determined by the Advisory Council, in the planning for deployment of new technologies across an industry and within workplaces;
- (B) training and education priorities for the Federal Government and for employers to assist workers in adapting the skills and experiences

- of those workers to fit the demands of the 21st century economy;
- (C) innovative suggestions from workers on the development of new technologies and processes and, as appropriate, assessing the impact of those technologies and processes on the workforce and economy of the United States;
- (D) management practices that lead to worker employment, job quality, worker protection, worker participation and power in decision making, and investment in worker career success:
- (E) policies and procedures to prioritize diversity and inclusion in the manufacturing and technology workforce by expanding access to job, career advancement, and management opportunities for underrepresented populations; and
- (F) advice on how to improve access to demand-driven education, training, and re-training for workers, including community and technical colleges, higher education, apprenticeships and work-based learning opportunities;
- (8) with respect to the manufacturing gov website, or any successor thereto, providing advice and recommendations to the Secretary in order to—
- (A) make that website more user-friendly to enhance the ability of that website to—
  - (i) provide information to manufacturers; and (ii) receive feedback from manufacturers;
- (B) assist that website in becoming the principal place of interaction between manufacturers in the United States and Federal programs relating to manufacturing; and
- (C) enable that website to provide assistance to manufacturers relating to—
- (i) international trade and investment mat-
- (ii) research and technology development opportunities:
- (iii) workforce development and training programs and opportunities;
- (iv) small and medium manufacturer needs; and
- (v) industrial commons and supply chain needs.
- (e) Membership.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Advisory Council shall—
- (A) consist of individuals appointed by the Secretary with a balance of backgrounds, experiences, and viewpoints; and
- (B) include an equal proportion of individuals with manufacturing experience who represent private industry, academia, and labor organizations.
- (2) PUBLIC PARTICIPATION.—The Secretary shall, to the maximum extent practicable, accept recommendations from the public regarding the appointment of individuals under paragraph (1)
- (3) PERIOD OF APPOINTMENT; VACANCIES.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—Each member of the Advisory Council shall be appointed by the Secretary for a term of 3 years.
- (B) RENEWAL.—The Secretary may renew an appointment made under subparagraph (A) not more than 2 additional terms.
- (C) STAGGER TERMS.—The Secretary may stagger the terms of the members of the Advisory Council to ensure that the terms of the members expire during different years.
- (D) VACANCIES.—Any member appointed to fill a vacancy on the Advisory Council occurring before the expiration of the term for which the member's predecessor was appointed shall be appointed only for the remainder of that term. A member may serve after the expiration of that term until a successor has been appointed.
  - (f) Transfer of Functions.—
- (1) In General.—All functions of the United States Advanced Manufacturing Council of the International Trade Administration of the Department of Commerce, including the personnel, assets, and obligations of the United States Manufacturing Council of the International Trade Administration of the Department of

- Commerce, as in existence on the day before the date of the enactment of this Act, shall be transferred to the Advisory Council.
- (2) DEEMING OF NAME.—Any reference in law, regulation, document, paper, or other record of the United States to the United States Advanced Manufacturing Council of the International Trade Administration of the Department of Commerce shall be deemed a reference to the Advisory Council.
- (3) UNEXPENDED BALANCES.—Unexpended balances of appropriations, authorization, allocations, or other funds related to the United State Advanced Manufacturing Council of the International Trade Administration of the Department of Commerce shall be available for use by the Advisory Council for the purpose for which the appropriations, authorizations, allocations, or other funds were originally made available.
- (g) REPORT.—Not later than 180 days after the date on which the Advisory Council holds the initial meeting of the Advisory Council and annually thereafter, the Advisory Council shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a report containing a detailed statement of the advice and recommendations of the Advisory Council required under subsection (d)(7).
- (h) DEPARTMENTAL SUPPORT.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law and subject to confidentiality requirements, the Secretary shall furnish to the advisory committee relevant information in the possession of the Department of Commerce relating to the mission of the Advisory Council.

### SEC. 20212. AVAILABILITY OF TRAVEL PRO-MOTION FUND FOR BRAND USA.

- (a) In General.—Not later than 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Treasury, subject to subsection (b), and notwithstanding any other provision of law, shall make available, from unobligated balances remaining available from fees collected before October 1, 2020, and credited to Travel Promotion Fund established under subsection (d) of the Travel Promotion Act of 2009 (22 U.S.C. 2131(d)), \$250,000,000 for the Corporation for Travel Promotion (commonly known as "Brand USA"). Such amounts shall remain available until expended.
- (b) INAPPLICABILITY OF CERTAIN REQUIRE-MENTS AND LIMITATIONS.—The limitations and requirements set forth in paragraphs (2)(B) and (3) of subsection (d) of such Act shall not apply to amounts made available under subsection (a).

# SEC. 20213. COLLECTION, VERIFICATION, AND DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION BY ONLINE MARKETPLACES TO INFORM CONSUMERS.

- (a) Collection and Verification of Information.—
  - (1) COLLECTION.—
- (Å) In GENERAL.—An online marketplace shall require any high-volume third party seller on such online marketplace's platform to provide, not later than 10 days after qualifying as a high-volume third party seller on the platform, the following information to the online marketplace:
  - (i) BANK ACCOUNT.—
- (I) IN GENERAL.—A bank account number, or, if such seller does not have a bank account, the name of the payee for payments issued by the online marketplace to such seller.
- (II) PROVISION OF INFORMATION.—The bank account or payee information required under subclause (I) may be provided by the seller in the following ways:
  - (aa) To the online marketplace.
- (bb) To a payment processor or other third party contracted by the online marketplace to maintain such information, provided that the online marketplace ensures that it can obtain such information on demand from such payment processor or other third party.
- (ii) CONTACT INFORMATION.—Contact information for such seller as follows:
- (I) With respect to a high-volume third party seller that is an individual, the individual's name.

- (II) With respect to a high-volume third party seller that is not an individual, one of the following forms of contact information:
- (aa) A copy of a valid government-issued identification for an individual acting on behalf of such seller that includes the individual's name.
- (bb) A copy of a valid government-issued record or tax document that includes the business name and physical address of such seller.
- (iii) TAX ID.—A business tax identification number, or, if such seller does not have a business tax identification number, a taxpayer identification number.
- (iv) WORKING EMAIL AND PHONE NUMBER.—A current working email address and phone number for such seller.
- (B) NOTIFICATION OF CHANGE; ANNUAL CERTIFICATION.—An online marketplace shall—
- (i) periodically, but not less than annually, notify any high-volume third party seller on such online marketplace's platform of the requirement to keep any information collected under subparagraph (4) current; and
- (ii) require any high-volume third party seller on such online marketplace's platform to, not later than 10 days after receiving the notice under clause (i), electronically certify that—
- (I) the seller has provided any changes to such information to the online marketplace, if any such changes have occurred;
- (II) there have been no changes to such seller's information; or
- (III) such seller has provided any changes to such information to the online marketplace.
- (C) Suspension.—In the event that a high-volume third party seller does not provide the information or certification required under this paragraph, the online marketplace shall, after providing the seller with written or electronic notice and an opportunity to provide such information or certification not later than 10 days after the issuance of such notice, suspend any future sales activity of such seller until such seller provides such information or certification.
  - (2) VERIFICATION.—
- $(\acute{A})$  IN GENERAL.—An online marketplace shall—
- (i) verify the information collected under paragraph (1)(A) not later than 10 days after such collection; and
- (ii) verify any change to such information not later than 10 days after being notified of such change by a high-volume third party seller under paragraph (1)(B).
- (B) PRESUMPTION OF VERIFICATION.—In the case of a high-volume third party seller that provides a copy of a valid government-issued tax document, any information contained in such document shall be presumed to be verified as of the date of issuance of such document.
- (3) DATA USE LIMITATION.—Data collected solely to comply with the requirements of this section may not be used for any other purpose unless required by law.
- (4) DATA SECURITY REQUIREMENT.—An online marketplace shall implement and maintain reasonable security procedures and practices, including administrative, physical, and technical safeguards, appropriate to the nature of the data and the purposes for which the data will be used, to protect the data collected to comply with the requirements of this section from unauthorized use, disclosure, access, destruction, or modification.
  - (b) Disclosure Required.—
- (1) REQUIREMENT.—
- $\stackrel{(A)}{(A)}$  IN GENERAL.—An online marketplace shall—
- (i) require any high-volume third party seller with an aggregate total of \$20,000 or more in annual gross revenues on such online marketplace, and that uses such online marketplace's platform, to provide the information described in subparagraph (B) to the online marketplace; and
- (ii) disclose the information described in subparagraph (B) to consumers in a clear and conspicuous manner—

- (I) in the order confirmation message or other document or communication made to a consumer after a purchase is finalized; and
- (II) in the consumer's account transaction history.
- (B) Information described in this subparagraph is the following:
- (i) Subject to paragraph (2), the identity of the high-volume third party seller, including—
- (1) the full name of the seller, which may include the seller name or seller's company name, or the name by which the seller or company operates on the online marketplace;
  - (II) the physical address of the seller; and
- (III) contact information for the seller, to allow for the direct, unhindered communication with high-volume third party sellers by users of the online marketplace, including—
  - (aa) a current working phone number; (bb) a current working email address; or
- (cc) other means of direct electronic messaging (which may be provided to such seller by the online marketplace).
- (ii) Whether the high-volume third party seller used a different seller to supply the consumer product to the consumer upon purchase, and, upon the request of an authenticated purchaser, the information described in clause (i) relating to any such seller that supplied the consumer product to the purchaser, if such seller is different than the high-volume third party seller listed on the product listing prior to purchase.
- (2) EXCEPTION.—
  (A) IN GENERAL.—Subject to subparagraph
  (B), upon the request of a high-volume third
  party seller, an online marketplace may provide
  for partial disclosure of the identity information
  required under paragraph (1)(B)(i) in the fol-
- (i) If such seller certifies to the online marketplace that the seller does not have a business address and only has a residential street address, or has a combined business and residential address the online marketplace may—

lowing situations:

- (I) disclose only the country and, if applicable, the State in which such seller resides; and
- (II) inform consumers that there is no business address available for the seller and that consumer inquiries should be submitted to the seller by phone, email, or other means of electronic messaging provided to such seller by the online marketplace.
- (ii) If such seller certifies to the online marketplace that the seller is a business that has a physical address for product returns, the online marketplace may disclose the seller's physical address for product returns.
- (iii) If such seller certifies to the online marketplace that the seller does not have a phone number other than a personal phone number, the online marketplace shall inform consumers that there is no phone number available for the seller and that consumer inquiries should be submitted to the seller's email address or other means of electronic messaging provided to such seller by the online marketplace.
- (B) LIMITATION ON EXCEPTION.—If an online marketplace becomes aware that a high-volume third party seller has made a false representation to the online marketplace in order to justify the provision of a partial disclosure under subparagraph (A) or that a high-volume third party seller who has requested and received a provision for a partial disclosure under subparagraph (A) has not provided responsive answers within a reasonable time frame to consumer inquiries submitted to the seller by phone, email, or other means of electronic messaging provided to such seller by the online marketplace, the online marketplace shall, after providing the seller with written or electronic notice and an opportunity to respond not later than 10 days after the issuance of such notice, suspend any future sales activity of such seller unless such seller consents to the disclosure of the identity infor $mation\ required\ under\ paragraph\ (1)(B)(i).$
- (3) REPORTING MECHANISM.—An online marketplace shall disclose to consumers in a clear

- and conspicuous manner on the product listing of any high-volume third party seller a reporting mechanism that allows for electronic and telephonic reporting of suspicious marketplace activity to the online marketplace.
- (4) COMPLIANCE.—If a high-volume third party seller does not comply with the requirements to provide and disclose information under this subsection, the online marketplace shall, after providing the seller with written or electronic notice and an opportunity to provide or disclose such information not later than 10 days after the issuance of such notice, suspend any future sales activity of such seller until the seller complies with such requirements.
- (c) Enforcement by Federal Trade Commission.—
- (1) UNFAIR AND DECEPTIVE ACTS OR PRACTICES.—A violation of subsection (a) or (b) by an online marketplace shall be treated as a violation of a rule defining an unfair or deceptive act or practice prescribed under section 18(a)(1)(B) of the Federal Trade Commission Act (15 U.S.C. 57a(a)(1)(B)).
  - (2) POWERS OF THE COMMISSION.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—The Commission shall enforce subsections (a) and (b) in the same manner, by the same means, and with the same jurisdiction, powers, and duties as though all applicable terms and provisions of the Federal Trade Commission Act (15 U.S.C. 41 et seq.) were incorporated into and made a part of this section.
- (B) PRIVILEGES AND IMMUNITIES.—Any person that violates subsection (a) or (b) shall be subject to the penalties, and entitled to the privileges and immunities, provided in the Federal Trade Commission Act (15 U.S.C. 41 et seq.).
- (3) REGULATIONS.—The Commission may promulgate regulations under section 553 of title 5, United States Code, with respect to the collection, verification, or disclosure of information under this section, provided that such regulations are limited to what is necessary to collect, verify, and disclose such information.
- (4) AUTHORITY PRESERVED.—Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit the authority of the Commission under any other provision of law.
- (d) Enforcement by State Attorneys General.—
- (1) In GENERAL.—If the attorney general of a State has reason to believe that any online marketplace has violated or is violating this section or a regulation promulgated under this section that affects one or more residents of that State, the attorney general of the State may bring a civil action in any appropriate district court of the United States, to—
- (A) enjoin further such violation by the defendant;
- (B) enforce compliance with this section or such regulation:
- (C) obtain civil penalties in the amount provided for under subsection (c);
- (D) obtain other remedies permitted under State law: and
- (E) obtain damages, restitution, or other compensation on behalf of residents of the State.
- (2) NOTICE.—The attorney general of a State shall provide prior written notice of any action under paragraph (1) to the Commission and provide the Commission with a copy of the complaint in the action, except in any case in which such prior notice is not feasible, in which case the attorney general shall serve such notice immediately upon instituting such action.
- (3) INTERVENTION BY THE FTC.—Upon receiving notice under paragraph (2), the Commission shall have the right—
  - (A) to intervene in the action;
- (B) upon so intervening, to be heard on all matters arising therein; and
  - (C) to file petitions for appeal.
- (4) LIMITATION ON STATE ACTION WHILE FED-ERAL ACTION IS PENDING.—If the Commission has instituted a civil action for violation of this section or a regulation promulgated under this section, no State attorney general, or official or

agency of a State, may bring a separate action under paragraph (1) during the pendency of that action against any defendant named in the complaint of the Commission for any violation of this section or a regulation promulgated under this section that is alleged in the complaint. A State attorney general, or official or agency of a State, may join a civil action for a violation of this section or regulation promulgated under this section filed by the Commis-

- (5) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—For purposes of bringing a civil action under paragraph (1), nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent the chief law enforcement officer, or official or agency of a State, from exercising the powers conferred on such chief law enforcement officer, official or agency of a State, by the laws of the State to conduct investigations, administer oaths or affirmations, or compel the attendance of witnesses or the production of documentary and other evidence.
  - (6) ACTIONS BY OTHER STATE OFFICIALS.-
- (A) IN GENERAL.—In addition to civil actions brought by attorneys general under paragraph (1), any other officer of a State who is authorized by the State to do so, except for any private person on behalf of the State attorney general, may bring a civil action under paragraph (1), subject to the same requirements and limitations that apply under this subsection to civil actions brought by attorneys general.

(B) SAVINGS PROVISION.—Nothing in this subsection may be construed to prohibit an authorized official of a State from initiating or continuing any proceeding in a court of the State for a violation of any civil or criminal law of the

- (e) SEVERABILITY.—If any provision of this section, or the application thereof to any person or circumstance, is held invalid, the remainder of this section and the application of such provision to other persons not similarly situated or to other circumstances shall not be affected by the invalidation
- means the Federal Trade Commission.
- (2) Consumer product.—The term "consumer product"has the meaning given such term in section 101 of the Magnuson-Moss Warrantu— Federal Trade Commission Improvement Act (15 U.S.C. 2301) and section 700.1 of title 16, Code of Federal Regulations.
  - (3) High-volume third party seller.
- IN GENERAL.—The term third party seller" means a participant on an online marketplace's platform who is a third party seller and who, in any continuous 12month period during the previous 24 months, has entered into 200 or more discrete sales or transactions of new or unused consumer products and an aggregate total of \$5,000 or more in gross revenues.
- (B) CLARIFICATION.—For purposes of calculating the number of discrete sales or transactions or the aggregate gross revenues under subparagraph (A), an online marketplace shall only be required to count sales or transactions made through the online marketplace and for which payment was processed by the online marketplace, either directly or through its payment processor.
- (4) ONLINE MARKETPLACE.—The term "online marketplace" means any person or entity that operates a consumer-directed electronically based or accessed platform that-
- (A) includes features that allow for, facilitate, or enable third party sellers to engage in the sale, purchase, payment, storage, shipping, or delivery of a consumer product in the United States;
- (B) is used by one or more third party sellers for such purposes; and
- (C) has a contractual or similar relationship with consumers governing their use of the platform to purchase consumer products.
  (5) SELLER.—The term "seller" means a per-
- son who sells, offers to sell, or contracts to sell

- a consumer product through an online marketplace's platform.
  - (6) Third party seller.-
- (A) IN GENERAL.—The term "third party sellmeans any seller, independent of an online marketplace, who sells, offers to sell, or contracts to sell a consumer product in the United States through such online marketplace's plat-
- (B) EXCLUSIONS.—The term "third party seller" does not include, with respect to an online marketplace-
- (i) a seller who operates the online marketplace's platform; or
  - (ii) a business entity that has-
- (I) made available to the general public the entity's name, business address, and working contact information:
- (II) an ongoing contractual relationship with the online marketplace to provide the online marketplace with the manufacture, distribution, wholesaling, or fulfillment of shipments of consumer products; and
- (III) provided to the online marketplace identifying information, as described in subsection (a), that has been verified in accordance with that subsection.
- (7) VERIFY.—The term "verify" means to confirm information provided to an online marketplace pursuant to this section, which may include the use of one or more methods that enable the online marketplace to reliably determine that any information and documents provided are valid, corresponding to the seller or an individual acting on the seller's behalf, not misappropriated, and not falsified.
- (g) RELATIONSHIP TO STATE LAWS.—No State or political subdivision of a State, or territory of the United States, may establish or continue in effect any law, regulation, rule, requirement, or standard that conflicts with the requirements of this section.
- (h) Effective Date—This section shall take effect 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.

#### TITLE III—ENERGY

#### SEC. 20301. STRATEGIC TRANSFORMER RESERVE AND RESILIENCE PROGRAM.

- (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary shall establish a program to reduce the vulnerability of the electric grid to physical attack, cuber attack. electromagnetic pulse, geomagnetic disturbances, severe weather, climate change, and seismic events, including by-
- (1) ensuring that large power transformers. generator step-up transformers, power conversion equipment, and other critical electric grid equipment are strategically located to ensure timely replacement of such equipment as may be necessary to restore electric grid function rapidly in the event of severe damage to the electric grid due to physical attack, cyber attack, electromagnetic pulse, geomagnetic disturbances, severe weather, climate change, or seismic events;
- (2) establishing a coordinated plan to facilitate transportation of large power transformers, generator step-up transformers, power conversion equipment, and other critical electric grid equipment.
- (b) Transformer Resilience.—In carrying out the program established under subsection (a), the Secretary shall-
- (1) improve large power transformers, generator step-up transformers, power conversion equipment, and other critical electric grid equipment by reducing their vulnerabilities;
- (2) develop, test, and deploy innovative equipment designs that are more flexible and offer greater resiliency of electric grid functions;
- (3) coordinate with industry and manufacturers to standardize large power transformers, generator step-up transformers, power conversion equipment, and other critical electric grid equipment;
- (4) monitor and test large power transformers, generator step-up transformers, power conver-

- sion equipment, and other critical electric grid equipment that the Secretary determines may pose a risk to the bulk-power system or national security; and
- (5) facilitate the domestic manufacturing of large power transformers, generator step-up transformers, power conversion equipment, and other critical electric grid equipment through the issuance of grants and loans, and through the provision of technical support.
  - (c) STRATEGIC EQUIPMENT RESERVES.—
- (1) AUTHORIZATION.—In carrying out the program established under subsection (a), the Secretary may establish one or more federally owned strategic equipment reserves, as appropriate, to ensure nationwide access to large power transformers, generator step-up transformers, power conversion equipment, and other critical electric grid equipment.
- (2) CONSIDERATION.—In establishing any federally owned strategic equipment reserve, the Secretary may consider existing spare transformer and equipment programs and requirements established by the private sector, Regional Transmission Organizations, Independent System Operators, and State regulatory authorities.
- (d) Consultation.—The program established under subsection (a) shall be carried out in consultation with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, the Electricity Subsector Coordinating Council, the Electric Reliability Organization, manufacturers, and owners and operators of critical electric infrastructure and defense and military installations.
- (e) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.-There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section \$75,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2022 through 2026. Such amounts shall remain available until expended.
- (f) CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS.—All laborers and mechanics employed by contractors or subcontractors in the performance of construction. alteration or repair work carried out, in whole or in part, with financial assistance made available under this section shall be paid wages at rates not less than those prevailing on projects of a character similar in the locality as determined by the Secretary of Labor in accordance with subchapter IV of chapter 31 of title 40, United States Code. With respect to the labor standards specified in this section, the Secretary of Labor shall have the authority and functions set forth in Reorganization Plan Numbered 14 of 1950 (64 Stat. 1267; 5 U.S.C. App.) and section 3145 of title 40, United Stated Code.
  - (f) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) BULK-POWER SYSTEM; ELECTRIC RELI-ABILITY ORGANIZATION.—The terms "bulk-power system" and "Electric Reliability Organization" have the meaning given such terms in section 215 of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 8240)).
- (3) Independent system operator; regional TRANSMISSION ORGANIZATION STATE REGULATORY AUTHORITY.—The terms "Regional Transmission Organization", "Independent System Operator", and "State regulatory authority" have the meaning given such terms in section 3 of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 796).
- (4) SECRETARY.—The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of Energy.

# SEC. 20302. SOLAR COMPONENT MANUFAC-TURING SUPPLY CHAIN ASSISTANCE.

- (a) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds that it is in the interest of the United States-
- (1) to have a viable solar component manufacturing supply chain; and
- (2) to reduce the reliance of United States manufacturers on solar components made in the People's Republic of China.
- (b) ESTABLISHMENT.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall establish and carry out a program to award grants and direct loans to eligible entities to carry out projects in the United States
- (1) the construction of new facilities that manufacture solar components; and

- (2) retooling, retrofitting, or expanding existing facilities that manufacture solar components.
- (c) CONSIDERATIONS.—In awarding grants and direct loans under the program, the Secretary shall take into consideration whether a project—
- (1) is strategically located near manufacturers in the solar component manufacturing supply chain to create a geographic concentration of manufacturers in the solar component manufacturing supply chain;
- (2) has the potential to materially reduce the reliance of United States manufacturers on solar components, including photovoltaic cells and photovoltaic wafers, made in the People's Republic of China;
- (3) will provide the potential for both direct and indirect domestic job creation, including jobs for low-income communities, dislocated workers, and workers from groups that are underrepresented in the manufacturing industry; and
- (4) will result in economic development or economic diversification in economically distressed regions or localities.
- (d) ADVANCED SOLAR TECHNOLOGY.—The Secretary may issue a written finding on whether any advanced solar technology has significant potential to reduce the reliance of United States manufacturers on traditional solar components made in the People's Republic of China.
- (e) PROHIBITION.—In carrying out the program, the Secretary may not award grants or direct loans for projects that will source solar components from, or supply their solar components to, facilities that use forced labor.
- (f) APPLICATION.—To be eligible to receive a grant or direct loan under the program, an eligible entity shall submit to the Secretary an application at such time, in such manner, and containing such information as the Secretary may require
- (g) DIRECT LOAN CONDITIONS.—A direct loan made under the program shall—
- (1) bear interest at a rate that does not exceed a level that the Secretary determines appropriate; and
- (2) be subject to such other terms and conditions as the Secretary determines appropriate.
- (h) COST SHARING FOR GRANTS.—Section 988(c) of the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16352(c)) shall apply to a grant made under this section.
- (i) PREVAILING WAGES.—Any laborer or mechanic employed by any contractor or subcontractor in the performance of work funded directly, or assisted in whole or in part, by the Federal Government pursuant to this section shall be paid wages at rates not less than those prevailing on work of a similar character in the locality, as determined by the Secretary of Labor under subchapter IV of chapter 31 of title 40, United States Code (commonly referred to as the Davis-Bacon Act). With respect to the labor standards in this subsection, the Secretary of Labor shall have the authority and functions set forth in Reorganization Plan Numbered 14 of 1950 (64 Stat. 1267; 5 U.S.C. App.) and section 3145 of title 40, United States Code.
  - (j) LABOR-MANAGEMENT COOPERATION.—
- (1) In GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any contrary provision of law, including the National Labor Relations Act (29 U.S.C. 151 et seq.), paragraphs (2) through (7) shall apply with respect to any funding recipient who is an employer and any labor organization who represents or seeks to represent employees of a funding recipient, as those terms are defined in section 2 of the National Labor Relations Act (29 U.S.C. 152).
- (2) LABOR PEACE.—Any employer receiving funds under this section shall recognize for purposes of collective bargaining a labor organization that demonstrates that a majority of the employees in a unit appropriate for bargaining who perform or will perform funded work have signed valid authorizations designating the

- labor organization as their bargaining representative and that no other labor organization is currently certified or recognized as the exclusive representative of any of the employees in the unit pursuant to the National Labor Relations Act (29 U.S.C. 151 et seq.). Upon such showing of majority status, the employer shall notify the labor organization and the National Labor Relations Board (the Board) that it has determined that the labor organization represents a majority of the employees and that it is recognizing the labor organization as the exclusive representative of the employees for the purposes of collective bargaining pursuant to section 9 of the National Labor Relations Act (29 U.S.C. 159).
- (3) CERTIFICATION.—Should a dispute over majority status or the appropriateness of the unit arise between the employer and the labor organization, either party may request that the Board investigate and resolve the dispute. If the Roard finds that a majority of the employees in a unit appropriate for bargaining has signed valid authorizations designating the labor organization as their bargaining representative and that no other individual or labor organization is currently certified or recognized as the exclusive representative of any of the employees in the unit, the Board shall not direct an election but shall certify the labor organization as the representative described in section 9(a) of the National Labor Relations Act (29 U.S.C. 159(a)).
- (4) COMMENCEMENT OF BARGAINING.—Not later than 10 days after receiving a written request for collective bargaining from a recognized or certified labor organization, or within such period as the parties agree upon, the labor organization and employer shall meet and commence to bargain collectively and shall make every reasonable effort to conclude and sign a collective bargaining agreement.
- (5) MEDIATION.—If after the expiration of the 90-day period beginning on the date on which bargaining is commenced, or such additional period as the parties may agree upon, the parties have failed to reach an agreement, either party may notify the Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service of the existence of a dispute and request mediation. Whenever such a request is received, it shall be the duty of the Service promptly to put itself in communication with the parties and to use its best efforts, by mediation and conciliation, to bring them to agreement.
- (6) ARBITRATION.—If after the expiration of the 30-day period beginning on the date on which the request for mediation is made under paragraph (5), or such additional period as the parties may agree upon, the Service is not able to bring the parties to agreement by conciliation, the Service shall refer the dispute to a tripartite arbitration panel established in accordance with such regulations as may be prescribed by the Service, with one member selected by the labor organization, one member selected by the employer, and one neutral member mutually agreed to by the parties. The labor organization and employer must each select the members of the tripartite arbitration panel within 14 days of the Service's referral; if the labor organization or employer fail to do so, the Service shall designate any members not selected by the labor organization or the employer. A majority of the tripartite arbitration panel shall render a decision settling the dispute as soon as practicable and not later than within 120 days, absent extraordinary circumstances or by agreement or permission of the parties, and such decision shall be binding upon the parties for a period of 2 years, unless amended during such period by written consent of the parties. Such decision shall be based on-
- (A) the employer's financial status and prospects;
- (B) the size and type of the employer's operations and hydroger
- ations and business;
  (C) the employees' cost of living;
- (D) the employees' ability to sustain themselves, their families, and their dependents on

- the wages and benefits they earn from the employer; and
- (E) the wages and benefits other employers in the same business provide their employees.
- (7) SUBCONTRACTORS.—Any employer receiving funds under this section shall require any subcontractor whose employees perform or will perform funded work to comply with the requirements set forth in paragraphs (1) through (6) above.
- (k) COSTS OF DIRECT LOANS.—The Secretary may use any amounts made available under this section to pay the costs of providing direct loans under the program.
- (l) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section \$600,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2022 through 2026.
  - (m) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) ADVANCED SOLAR TECHNOLOGY.—The term "advanced solar technology" means any new or emerging technology, system, or mechanism that uses solar radiation to generate electrical energy, and any component thereof.
- (2) DIRECT CURRENT OPTIMIZER.—The term "direct current optimizer" means a product which converts direct current electricity from one or more solar modules or advanced solar technologies to a different direct current voltage that is matched to the input requirements of an inverter.
- (3) DIRECT LOAN.—The term "direct loan" means a disbursement of funds by the Government to a non-Federal borrower under a contract that requires the repayment of such funds with or without interest. The term includes the purchase of, or participation in, a loan made by another lender and financing arrangements that defer payment for more than 90 days, including the sale of a Government asset on credit terms.
- (4) ELIGIBLE ENTITY.—The term "eligible entity" means a private entity, including a manufacturer, or a partnership of private entities.
- (5) FORCED LABOR.—The term "forced labor" has the meaning given such term in section 307 of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1307).
- (6) INTEGRATED MODULE.—The term "integrated module" means a solar module produced by a single manufacturer through the conversion of a photovoltaic wafer or other semiconductor material into an end product which is—
- (A) suitable to generate electricity when exposed to sunlight; and
- (B) ready for installation without additional manufacturing processes.
- (7) Inverter.—The term "inverter" means a product which converts direct current electricity from one or more solar modules or advanced solar technologies into alternating current electricity.
- (8) LABOR ORGANIZATION.—The term "labor organization" has the meaning given the term in section 2 of the National Labor Relations Act (29 U.S.C. 152).
- (9) PARTIES.—The term "parties" means a labor organization that is newly recognized or certified as a representative under section 9(a) of the National Labor Relations Act (29 U.S.C. 159(a)) and the employer of the employees represented by such organization.
- (10) PHOTOVOLTAIC CELL.—The term "photovoltaic cell" means the smallest semiconductor element of a solar module which performs the immediate conversion of light into electricity.
- (11) PHOTOVOLTAIC WAFER.—The term "photovoltaic wafer" means a thin slice, sheet, or layer of semiconductor material of at least 240 square centimeters produced by a single manufacturer—
  - (A) either-
- (i) directly from molten or evaporated solar grade polysilicon or deposition of solar grade thin film semiconductor photon absorber layer; or
- (ii) through formation of an ingot from molten polysilicon and subsequent slicing; and
- (B) which comprises the substrate or absorber layer of one or more photovoltaic cells.

- (12) PROGRAM.—The term "program" means the program established under subsection (b).
- (13) RACKING.—The term "racking" means a structural steel or aluminum support element, of any cross-section shape and which may be assembled from individually manufactured segments, spanning longitudinally, on which solar modules are supported.
- (14) SECRETARY.—The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of Energy.
- (15) SOLAR COMPONENT.—The term "solar component" includes an integrated module, a photovoltaic cell, a photovoltaic wafer, solar grade polysilicon, a solar module, an inverter, racking, a tracker, a direct current optimizer, and any advanced solar technology for which the Secretary has issued a written finding under subsection (d) that such advanced solar technology has significant potential to reduce the reliance of United States manufacturers on traditional solar components made in the People's Republic of China.
- (16) SOLAR GRADE POLYSILICON.—The term "solar grade polysilicon" means silicon which is-
- (A) suitable for use in photovoltaic manufacturing: and
- (B) purified to a minimum purity of 99.999999 percent silicon by mass.
- (17) Solar module.—The term "solar module" means the connection and lamination of photovoltaic cells into an environmentally protected final assembly which is-
- (A) suitable to generate electricity when exposed to sunlight; and
- (B) ready for installation without an additional manufacturing process.
  - (18) TRACKER.—The term "tracker" means—
- (A) a structural steel support on which solar modules are supported; and
- (B) the mechanism by which that support is oriented to varying angles with respect to the sun's position.
- (19) Traditional solar component.—The term "traditional solar component" means an integrated module, a photovoltaic cell, a photovoltaic wafer, solar grade polysilicon, and a solar module.

#### TITLE IV—MEDICAL PRODUCT SUPPLY CHAIN IMPROVEMENTS

#### Subtitle A-Medical Product Innovation. Transparency, and Safety

#### SEC. 20401. NATIONAL CENTERS OF EXCELLENCE IN ADVANCED AND CONTINUOUS PHARMACEUTICAL MANUFAC-TURING.

(a) IN GENERAL —Section 3016 of the 21st Century Cures Act (21 U.S.C. 399h) is amended to read as follows:

#### "SEC. 3016. NATIONAL CENTERS OF EXCELLENCE IN ADVANCED AND CONTINUOUS PHARMACEUTICAL MANUFAC-TURING.

"(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Health and Human Services, acting through the Commissioner of Food and Drugs-

"(1) shall solicit and, beginning not later than one year after the date of enactment of the America COMPETES Act of 2022, receive requests from institutions of higher education, or consortia of institutions of higher education, to be designated as a National Center of Excellence in Advanced and Continuous Pharmaceutical Manufacturing (in this section referred to as a 'National Center of Excellence') to support the advancement, development, and implementation of advanced and continuous pharmaceutical manufacturing; and

- "(2) shall so designate not more than 5 institutions of higher education or consortia of such institutions that-
  - "(A) request such designation; and
- "(B) meet the criteria specified in subsection (c).
- "(b) REQUEST FOR DESIGNATION.—A request for designation under subsection (a) shall be made to the Secretary at such time, in such

- manner, and containing such information as the Secretary may require. Any such request shall include a description of how the institution of higher education, or consortium of institutions of higher education, meets or plans to meet each of the criteria specified in subsection (c).
- "(c) Criteria for Designation Described.— The criteria specified in this subsection with respect to an institution of higher education, or consortium of institutions of higher education, are that the institution or consortium has, as of the date of the submission of a request under subsection (a) by such institution or consor-
- "(1) physical and technical capacity for research, development, implementation, and demonstration of advanced and continuous pharmaceutical manufacturing;
- "(2) manufacturing knowledge-sharing networks with other institutions of higher education, large and small pharmaceutical manufacturers, generic and nonprescription manufacturers, contract manufacturers, and other relevant entities:
- "(3) proven capacity to design, develop, implement, and demonstrate new, highly effective technologies for use in advanced and continuous pharmaceutical manufacturing;
- "(4) a track record for creating, preserving, and transferring knowledge with respect to advanced and continuous pharmaceutical manu-
- "(5) the proven ability to facilitate training of an adequate future workforce for research on, and implementation of, advanced and continuous pharmaceutical manufacturing; and
- "(6) experience in participating in and leading advanced and continuous pharmaceutical manufacturing technology partnerships with other institutions of higher education, large and small pharmaceutical manufacturers, generic and nonprescription manufacturers, contract manufacturers, and other relevant entities-
- "(A) to support companies seeking to implement advanced and continuous pharmaceutical manufacturing in the United States;
- "(B) to support Federal agencies with technical assistance and employee training, which may include regulatory and quality metric guidance as applicable, and hands-on training, for advanced and continuous pharmaceutical manufacturing;
- "(C) with respect to advanced and continuous pharmaceutical manufacturing, to organize and conduct research and development activities needed to create new and more effective technology, develop and share knowledge, create intellectual property, and maintain technological leadership:
- "(D) to develop best practices for designing and implementing advanced and continuous pharmaceutical manufacturing processes; and
- "(E) to assess and respond to the national workforce needs for advanced and continuous pharmaceutical manufacturing, including the development and implementing of training pro-
- "(d) TERMINATION OF DESIGNATION.—The Secretary may terminate the designation of any National Center of Excellence designated under this section if the Secretary determines such National Center of Excellence no longer meets the criteria specified in subsection (c). Not later than 90 days before the effective date of such a termination, the Secretary shall provide written notice to the National Center of Excellence, including the rationale for such termination.
- (e) CONDITIONS FOR DESIGNATION.—As a condition of designation as a National Center of Excellence under this section, the Secretary shall require that an institution of higher education or consortium of institutions of higher education enter into an agreement with the Secretary under which the institution or consortium agrees-
- "(1) to collaborate directly with the Food and Drug Administration to publish the reports required by subsection (g);

- '(2) to share data with the Food and Drug Administration regarding best practices and research generated through the funding under subsection (f);
- "(3) to develop, along with industry partners (which may include large and small biopharmaceutical manufacturers, generic and nonprescription manufacturers, and contract research organizations or contract manufacturers that carry out drug development and manufacturing activities) and another institution or consortium designated under this section, if any, a roadmap for developing an advanced and continuous pharmaceutical manufacturing work-

"(4) to develop, along with industry partners and other institutions or consortia of such institutions designated under this section, a roadmap for strengthening existing, and developing new, relationships with other institutions of higher education or consortia thereof; and

(5) to provide an annual report to the Food and Drug Administration regarding the institution's or consortium's activities under this section, including a description of how the institution or consortium continues to meet and make progress on the criteria specified in subsection (c).
"(f) FUNDING.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall award funding, through grants, contracts, or cooperative agreements, to the National Centers of Excellence designated under this section for the purpose of studying and recommending improvements to advanced and continuous pharmaceutical manufacturing, including such improvements as may enable the Centers

'(A) to continue to meet the conditions specified in subsection (e);

"(B) to expand capacity for research on, and development of, advanced and continuous pharmaceutical manufacturing; and

(C) to implement research infrastructure in advanced and continuous pharmaceutical manufacturing suitable for accelerating the development of drug products needed to respond to emerging medical threats, such as emerging drug shortages, quality issues disrupting the supply chain, epidemics and pandemics, and other such situations requiring the rapid development of new products or new manufacturing processes.

(2) Consistency with fda mission.—As a condition on receipt of funding under this subsection, a National Center of Excellence shall agree to consider any input from the Secretary regarding the use of funding that would-

'(A) help to further the advancement of advanced and continuous pharmaceutical manufacturing through the National Center of Excellence; and

'(B) be relevant to the mission of the Food and Drug Administration.

- (3) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this section shall be construed as precluding a National Center for Excellence designated under this section from receiving funds under any other provision of this Act or any other Federal law.
- (g) Annual Review and Reports.— "(1) ANNUAL REPORT.—Beginning not later than one year after the date on which the first designation is made under subsection (a), and annually thereafter, the Secretary shall-
- '(A) submit to Congress a report describing the activities, partnerships and collaborations, Federal policy recommendations, previous and continuing funding, and findings of, and any other applicable information from, the National Centers of Excellence designated under this sec-
- '(R) include in such report an accounting of the Federal administrative expenses described in subsection (i)(2) over the reporting period; and
- '(C) make such report available to the public in an easily accessible electronic format on the website of the Food and Drug Administration.
- (2) REVIEW OF NATIONAL CENTERS OF EXCEL-LENCE AND POTENTIAL DESIGNEES.—The Secretary shall periodically review the National

Centers of Excellence designated under this section to ensure that such National Centers of Excellence continue to meet the criteria for designation under this section.

- "(3) REPORT ON LONG-TERM VISION OF FDA ROLE.—Not later than 2 years after the date on which the first designation is made under subsection (a), the Secretary, in consultation with the National Centers of Excellence designated under this section, shall submit a report to the Congress on the long-term vision of the Department of Health and Human Services on the role of the Food and Drug Administration in supporting advanced and continuous pharmaceutical manufacturing, including—
- "(A) a national framework of principles related to the implementation and regulation of advanced and continuous pharmaceutical manufacturing:
- "(B) a plan for the development of Federal regulations and guidance for how advanced and continuous pharmaceutical manufacturing can be incorporated into the development of pharmaceuticals and regulatory responsibilities of the Food and Drug Administration:
- "(C) a plan for development of Federal regulations or guidance for how advanced and continuous pharmaceutical manufacturing will be reviewed by the Food and Drug Administration; and
- "(D) appropriate feedback solicited from the public, which may include other institutions of higher education, large and small biopharmaceutical manufacturers, generic and non-prescription manufacturers, and contract manufacturers.
- "(h) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- "(1) ADVANCED.—The term 'advanced', with respect to pharmaceutical manufacturing, refers to an approach that incorporates novel technology, or uses an established technique or technology in a new or innovative way, that enhances drug quality or improves the performance of a manufacturing process.
- ''(2) CONTINUOUS.—The term 'continuous', with respect to pharmaceutical manufacturing, refers to a process—
- "(A) where the input materials are continuously fed into and transformed within the process, and the processed output materials are continuously removed from the system; and
- "(B) that consists of an integrated process that consists of a series of two or more simultaneous unit operations.
- "(3) INSTITUTION OF HIGHER EDUCATION.—The term 'institution of higher education' has the meaning given such term in section 101(a) of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001(a)).
- "(4) SECRETARY.—The term 'Secretary' means the Secretary of Health and Human Services, acting through the Commissioner of Food and Drugs.
- "(i) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section \$100,000,000 for the period of fiscal years 2022 through 2026.
- "(2) FEDERAL ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES.—Of the amounts made available to carry out this section for a fiscal year, the Secretary shall not use more than eight percent for Federal administrative expenses, including training, technical assistance, reporting, and evaluation."
- (b) TRANSITION RULE.—Section 3016 of the 21st Century Cures Act (21 U.S.C. 399h), as in effect on the day before the date of the enactment of this section, shall apply with respect to grants awarded under such section before such date of enactment.
- (c) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The item relating to section 3016 in the table of contents in section 1(b) of the 21st Century Cures Act (Public Law 114–255) is amended to read as follows:
- "Sec. 3016. National Centers of Excellence in Advanced and Continuous Pharmaceutical Manufacturing.".

# SEC. 20402. NOTIFICATION, NONDISTRIBUTION, AND RECALL OF DRUGS.

- (a) ORDER TO CEASE DISTRIBUTION AND RE-CALL.—Section 569D of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 360bbb-8d) is amended—
- (1) in the section heading, by striking "CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES" and inserting "DRUGS";
- (2) by striking "controlled substance" each place such term appears and inserting "drug";
- (3) in subsection (b)—
  (A) by striking "controlled substances" and inserting "drugs"; and
  (B) by inserting "of subsection (a)" after "an
- (B) by inserting "of subsection (a)" after "an order pursuant to paragraph (1) or an amended order pursuant to subparagraph (B) or (C) of paragraph (3)" and
- (4) in subsection (c), by striking "or an official senior to such Director" and inserting "or the Director of the Center for Biologics Evaluation and Research (or an official senior to either such Director)".
- (b) IMPORTS AND EXPORTS.—Section 801(a) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 381(a)) is amended by striking "is a controlled substance subject to an order under section 569D" and inserting "is a drug subject to an order under section 569D".

# $SEC. \quad 20403. \quad REPORTING \quad REQUIREMENT \quad FOR \\ DRUG \quad MANUFACTURERS.$

- (a) ESTABLISHMENTS IN A FOREIGN COUNTRY.— Section 510(i) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 360(i)) is amended by inserting at the end the following:
- "(5) The requirements of paragraphs (1) and (2) shall apply to establishments within a foreign country engaged in the manufacture, preparation, propagation, compounding, or processing of any drug, including the active pharmaceutical ingredient, that is required to be listed pursuant to subsection (j). Such requirements shall apply regardless of whether the drug or active pharmaceutical ingredient undergoes further manufacture, preparation, propagation, compounding, or processing at a separate establishment or establishments outside the United States prior to being imported or offered for import into the United States."
- (b) LISTING OF DRUGS.—Section 510(j)(1) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 360(j)(1)) is amended—
- (1) in subparagraph (D), by striking "and" at the end;
- (2) in subparagraph (E), by striking the period at the end and inserting "; and"; and
- (3) by adding at the end the following:
  "(F) in the case of a drug contained in the applicable list, a certification that the registrant
- "(i) identified every other establishment where manufacturing is performed for the drug; and
- "(ii) notified each known foreign establishment engaged in the manufacture, preparation, propagation, compounding, or processing of the drug, including the active pharmaceutical ingredient, of the inclusion of the drug in the list and the obligation to register."
- (c) QUARTERLY REPORTING ON AMOUNT OF DRUGS MANUFACTURED.—Section 510(j)(3)(A) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (as added by section 3112 of the CARES Act (Public Law 116–136)) is amended by striking "annually" and inserting "once during the month of March of each year, once during the month of June of each year, once during the month of September of each year, and once during the month of December of each year".

#### SEC. 20404. ENHANCED PENALTIES FOR FALSE IN-FORMATION AND RECORDS DE-STRUCTION.

- (a) PROHIBITION OF FALSE INFORMATION AND RECORD DESTRUCTION.—Section 301 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 331) is amended by adding at the end the followina:
- "(fff) The intentional material falsification, fabrication, destruction, omission, or removal of the whole or any part of records or information that is—

"(1) required under this Act—

"(A) to be produced during the development or manufacture of a drug; or

"(B) to be produced or maintained by the sponsor of an application for the approval of a drug under section 505 or the holder of an approved application for a drug under section 505; or

- "(2) subject to inspection under this Act by the Secretary.".
- (b) PENALTIES.—Section 303(f) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 333(f)) is amended)—
- (1) in subparagraphs (A) and (C) of paragraph (5), by striking or "or (9)" each place it appears and inserting "(9), or (10)"; and (2) by adding at the end the following:
- (2) by adding at the end the following: "(10) Notwithstanding subsection (a), any person who violates section 301(fff) shall be subject to—
  - "(A) a civil monetary penalty not to exceed—"(i) \$1,000,000 per violation; and
- "(ii) \$10,000,000 for all violations (excluding those described in subparagraph (B)) adjudicated in a single proceeding; and
- "(B) in case of a violation that continues after the Secretary provides written notice to such person, if such person does not sufficiently remedy the violation, including by producing corrected records or information, additional civil penalties not to exceed—
- "(i) \$1,000,000 for the first 30-day period (or any portion thereof) following such notice during which such person continues to be in violation:
- "(ii) for each such 30-day period thereafter, the amount that is double the amount actually imposed for the preceding 30-day period, not to exceed \$2,000,000 for any 30-day period; and
- "(iii) \$20,000,000 for all violations described in this subparagraph adjudicated in a single proceeding.".

# Subtitle B—Strengthening America's Strategic National Stockpile

#### SEC. 20411. REIMBURSABLE TRANSFERS.

Section 319F-2(a) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 247d-6b(a)) is amended by amending paragraph (6) to read as follows:

"(6) TRANSFERS AND REIMBURSEMENTS.—

- "(A) In GENERAL.—Without regard to chapter 5 of title 40, United States Code, the Secretary may transfer to any Federal department or agency, on a reimbursable basis, any drugs, vaccines and other biological products, medical devices, and other supplies in the stockpile if—
- "(i) the transferred supplies are less than one year from expiry;
- "(ii) the stockpile is able to replenish the supplies, as appropriate; and
- "(iii) the Secretary decides the transfer is in the best interest of the United States Government.
- "(B) USE OF REIMBURSEMENT.—Reimbursement derived from the transfer of supplies pursuant to subparagraph (A) may, to the extent and in the amounts made available in advance in appropriations Acts, be used by the Secretary to carry out this section. Funds made available pursuant to the preceding sentence are in addition to any other funds that may be made available for such purpose.
- "(C) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—This paragraph shall not be construed to preclude transfers of products in the stockpile under other authorities.
- "(D) REPORT.—Not later than September 30, 2023, the Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Energy and Commerce of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions of the Senate a report on each transfer made under this paragraph and the amount received by the Secretary in exchange for that transfer.
- "(E) SUNSET.—The authority to make transfers under this paragraph shall cease to be effective on September 30, 2024.".

#### SEC. 20412. EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE.

Section 319F-2 of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 247d-6b) is amended—

- (1) in subsection (a)(3)—
- (A) in subparagraph (I), by striking "; and" and inserting a semicolon;
- (B) in subparagraph (J), by striking the period at the end and inserting a semicolon; and
- (C) by inserting the following new subparagraph at the end:
- "(K) ensure contents of the stockpile remain in good working order and, as appropriate, conduct maintenance services on contents of the stockpile; and"; and
- (2) in subsection (c)(7)(B), by adding at the end the following new clause:
- "(ix) EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE SERVICE.—In carrying out this section, the Secretary may enter into contracts for the procurement of equipment maintenance services.".

#### SEC. 20413. SUPPLY CHAIN FLEXIBILITY MANU-FACTURING PILOT.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 319F-2(a)(3) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 247d-6b(a)(3)), as amended by section 20412, is further amended by adding at the end the following new subparagraph:
- "(L) enhance medical supply chain elasticity and establish and maintain domestic reserves of critical medical supplies (including personal protective equipment, ancillary medical supplies, and other applicable supplies required for the administration of drugs, vaccines and other biological products, and other medical devices (including diagnostic tests)) by—
- "(i) increasing emergency stock of critical medical supplies;
- "(ii) geographically diversifying domestic production of such medical supplies, as appropriate;
- "(iii) entering into cooperative agreements or partnerships with respect to manufacturing lines, facilities, and equipment for the domestic production of such medical supplies; and
- "(iv) managing, either directly or through cooperative agreements with manufacturers and distributors, domestic reserves established under this subparagraph by refreshing and replenishing stock of such medical supplies."
- (b) REPORTING; SUNSET.—Section 319F-2(a) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 247d-6b(a)), as amended by section 20411, is further amended by adding at the end the following:
- "(7) REPORTING.—Not later than September 30, 2023, the Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Energy and Commerce of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Health, Education, Labor and Pensions of the Senate a report on the details of each cooperative agreement or partnership entered into under paragraph (3)(L), including the amount expended by the Secretary on each such cooperative agreement or partnership.
- "(8) SUNSET.—The authority to enter into cooperative agreements or partnerships pursuant to paragraph (3)(L) shall cease to be effective on September 30, 2024."
- (c) Funding.—Section 319F-2(f) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 247d-6b(f)) is amended by adding at the end the following:
- "(3) SUPPLY CHAIN ELASTICITY.-
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—For the purpose of carrying out subsection (a)(3)(L), there is authorized to be appropriated \$500,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2022 through 2024, to remain available until expended.
- "(B) RELATION TO OTHER AMOUNTS.—The amount authorized to be appropriated by subparagraph (A) for the purpose of carrying out subsection (a)(3)(L) is in addition to any other amounts available for such purpose."

#### SEC. 20414. GAO STUDY ON THE FEASIBILITY AND BENEFITS OF A USER FEE AGREE-MENT.

(a) In General.—The Comptroller General of the United States shall conduct a study to investigate the feasibility of establishing user fees to offset certain Federal costs attributable to the procurement of single-source materials for the Strategic National Stockpile under section 319F— 2 of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C.

- 247d-6b) and distributions of such materials from the Stockpile. In conducting this study, the Comptroller General shall consider, to the extent information is available—
- (1) whether entities receiving such distributions generate profits from those distributions;
- (2) any Federal costs attributable to such distributions;
- (3) whether such user fees would provide the Secretary with funding to potentially offset procurement costs of such materials for the Strategic National Stockpile; and
- (4) any other issues the Comptroller General identifies as relevant.
- (b) REPORT.—Not later than February 1, 2024, the Comptroller General of the United States shall submit to the Congress a report on the findings and conclusions of the study under subsection (a).

### SEC. 20415. GRANTS FOR STATE STRATEGIC STOCKPILES.

Title III of the Public Health Service Act is amended by inserting after section 319F-4 of such Act (42 U.S.C. 247d-6e) the following new section:

# "SEC. 319F-5. GRANTS FOR STATE STRATEGIC STOCKPILES.

- "(a) In General.—The Secretary may establish a pilot program consisting of awarding grants to States to expand or maintain a strategic stockpile of commercially available drugs, devices, personal protective equipment, and other products deemed by the State to be essential in the event of a public health emergency.
  - "(b) Allowable Use of Funds.—
- "(1) USES.—A State receiving a grant under this section may use the grant funds to—
- "(A) acquire commercially available products listed pursuant to paragraph (2) for inclusion in the State's strategic stockpile;
- "(B) store, maintain, and distribute products in such stockpile; and
- "(C) conduct planning in connection with such activities.
- "(2) LIST.—The Secretary shall develop and publish a list of the products that are eligible, as described in subsection (a), for inclusion in a State's strategic stockpile using funds received under this section.
- "(3) CONSULTATION.—In developing the list under paragraph (2) and otherwise determining the allowable uses of grant funds under this section, the Secretary shall consult with States and relevant stakeholders, including public health organizations.
- "(c) Funding Requirement.—The Secretary may not obligate or expend any funds to award grants or fund any previously awarded grants under this section for a fiscal year unless the total amount made available to carry out section 319F-2 for such fiscal year is equal to or greater than the total amount of funds made available to carry out section 319F-2 for fiscal year 2022.
  - "(d) MATCHING FUNDS.—
- "(1) In GENERAL.—With respect to the costs of expanding and maintaining a strategic stockpile through a grant under this section, as a condition on receipt of the grant, a State shall make available (directly) non-Federal contributions in cash toward such costs in an amount that is equal to not less than the amount of Federal funds provided through the grant.
- "(2) WAIVER.—The Secretary may waive the requirement of paragraph (1) with respect to a State for the first two years of the State receiving a grant under this section if the Secretary determines that such waiver is needed for the State to establish a strategic stockpile described in subsection (a).
- "(e) Technical Assistance.—The Secretary shall provide technical assistance to States in establishing, expanding, and maintaining a stockpile described in subsection (a).
- "(f) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term 'drug' has the meaning given to that term in section 201 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act.

- "(g) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—To carry out this section, there is authorized to be appropriated \$3,500,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2022 through 2024, to remain available until expended.
- "(h) SUNSET.—The authority vested by this section terminates at the end of fiscal year 2024"

#### SEC. 20416. ACTION REPORTING.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Health and Human Services or the Assistant Secretary for Preparedness and Response, in consultation with the Administrator of the Federal Emergency Management Agency, shall—
- (1) not later than 30 days after the date of enactment of this Act, issue a report to the Committee on Energy and Commerce of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions of the Senate regarding all State, local, Tribal, and territorial requests for supplies from the Strategic National Stockpile related to COVID-19; and
- (2) not less than every 30 days thereafter through the end of the emergency period (as such term is defined in section 1135(g)(1)(B) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1320b-5(g)(1)(B))), submit to such committees an updated version of such report.
  - (b) REPORTING PERIOD.—
- (1) INITIAL REPORT.—The initial report under subsection (a) shall address all requests described in such subsection made during the period—
  - (A) beginning on January 31, 2020; and
- (B) ending on the date that is 30 days before the date of submission of the report.
- (2) UPDATES.—Each update to the report under subsection (a) shall address all requests described in such subsection made during the period—
- (A) beginning at the end of the previous reporting period under this section; and
- (B) ending on the date that is 30 days before the date of submission of the updated report.
- (c) CONTENTS OF REPORT.—The report under subsection (a) (and updates thereto) shall include—
- (1) the details of each request described in such subsection, including—
- (A) the specific medical countermeasures, devices, personal protective equipment, and other materials requested; and
- (B) the amount of such materials requested; and
- (2) the outcomes of each request described in subsection (a), including—
- (A) whether the request was wholly fulfilled, partially fulfilled, or denied;
- (B) if the request was wholly or partially fulfilled, the fulfillment amount; and
- (C) if the request was partially fulfilled or denied, a rationale for such outcome.

#### SEC. 20417. IMPROVED, TRANSPARENT PROC-ESSES.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than January 1, 2023, the Secretary of Health and Human Services shall develop and implement improved, transparent processes for the use and distribution of drugs, vaccines and other biological products, medical devices, and other supplies (including personal protective equipment, ancillary medical supplies, and other applicable supplies required for the administration of drugs, vaccines and other biological products, medical devices, and diagnostic tests) in the Strategic National Stockpile under section 319F-2 of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 247d-6b) (in this section referred to as the "Stockpile").
- (b) PROCESSES.—The processes developed under subsection (a) shall include—
- (1) the form and manner in which States, localities, Tribes, and territories are required to submit requests for supplies from the Stockpile;
- (2) the criteria used by the Secretary of Health and Human Services in responding to such requests, including the reasons for fulfilling or denying such requests;

- (3) what circumstances result in prioritization of distribution of supplies from the Stockpile to States, localities, Tribes, or territories;
- (4) clear plans for future, urgent communication between the Secretary and States, localities, Tribes, and territories regarding the outcome of such requests; and
- (5) any differences in the processes developed under subsection (a) for geographically related emergencies, such as weather events, and national emergencies, such as pandemics.
- (c) CLASSIFICATION.—The processes developed under subsection (a) shall be unclassified to the greatest extent possible consistent with national security. The Secretary of Health and Human Services may classify portions of such processes as necessary to protect national security.
- (d) REPORT TO CONGRESS—Not later than January 1, 2024, the Secretary of Health and Human Services shall-
- (1) submit a report to the Committee on Eneray and Commerce of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions of the Senate regarding the improved, transparent processes developed under this section;
- (2) include in such report recommendations for opportunities for communication (by telebriefing, phone calls, or in-person meetings) between the Secretary and States, localities, Tribes, and territories regarding such improved, transparent processes: and
- (3) submit such report in unclassified form to the greatest extent possible, except that the Secretary may include a classified appendix if necessary to protect national security.

#### SEC. 20418. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIA-TIONS.

Section 319F-2(f)(1) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 247d-6b(f)(1)) is amended by striking "\$610,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2019 through 2023" and inserting "\$705,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2022 through 2024'

#### DIVISION D—COMMITTEE ON FOREIGN **AFFAIRS**

#### SEC. 30000. SHORT TITLE.

(a) SHORT TITLE.—This division may be cited as the "Ensuring American Global Leadership and Engagement Act" or the "EAGLE Act".

#### SEC. 30001. DEFINITIONS.

In this division:

- (1) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMIT--Unless otherwise defined, the term "appropriate congressional committees" means-
- (A) the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives; and
- (B) the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate.
- (2) CCP.—The term "CCP" means the Chinese Communist Party.
- (3) PEOPLE'S LIBERATION ARMY; PLA.—The terms "People's Liberation Army" and "PLA" mean the armed forces of the People's Republic of China.
- (4) PRC; CHINA.—The terms "PRC" "China" mean the People's Republic of China. SEC. 30002. FINDINGS.

#### Congress makes the following findings:

- (1) The People's Republic of China (PRC) is leveraging its political, diplomatic, economic, military, technological, and ideological power to become a strategic, near-peer, global competitor of the United States. The policies increasingly pursued by the PRC in these domains are contrary to the interests and values of the United States, its partners, and much of the rest of the world.
- (2) A number of policies being pursued by the PRC-
- (A) threaten the future character of the international order and are shaping the rules, norms, and institutions that govern relations amona states:
- (B) will put at risk the ability of the United States to secure its national interests; and
- (C) will put at risk the future peace, prosperity, and freedom of the international community in the coming decades.

- (3) After normalizing diplomatic relations with the PRC in 1979, the United States actively worked to advance the PRC's economic and social development to ensure that it participated in, and benefited from, the free and open international order. The United States pursued these goals and contributed to the welfare of the Chinese people by-
- (A) increasing the PRC's access to global capital markets;
- (B) promoting the PRC's accession to the World Trade Organization;
- (C) providing development finance and technical assistance:
- (D) promoting research collaboration;
- (E) educating the PRC's top students;
- (F) permitting transfers of cutting-edge technologies and scientific knowledge; and
- (G) providing intelligence and military assistance
- (4) It is now clear that the PRC has chosen to pursue state-led, mercantilist economic policies, an increasingly authoritarian governance model at home through increased restrictions on personal freedoms, and an aggressive and assertive foreign policy. These policies frequently and deliberately undermine United States interests and are contrary to core United States values and the values of other nations, both in the Indo-Pacific and beyond. In response to this strategic decision of the CCP, the United States has been compelled to reexamine and revise its strategy towards the PRC and reanimate its defense of the international order.
- (5) The General Secretary of the CCP and the Chairman of the People's Republic of China, Xi Jinping, has elevated the "Great Rejuvenation of the Chinese Nation" as central to the domestic and foreign policy of the PRC. His program demands-
  - (A) strong, centralized CCP leadership,
- (B) concentration of military power
- (C) a dominant role for the CCP in the state and the economy:
- (D) an aggressive foreign policy seeking control over broadly asserted territorial claims; and
- (E) the denial of any universal values and individual rights that are deemed to threaten the
- (6) The PRC views its Leninist model of governance as superior to, and at odds with, the constitutional models of the United States and other democracies. This approach to governance is lauded by the CCP as essential to securing the PRC's status as a global leader, and to shaping the future of the world. In a 2013 speech, General Secretary Xi said, "We firmly believe that as socialism with Chinese characteristics develops further . . . it is . . . inevitable that the superiority of our socialist system will be increasingly apparent . . . [and] our country's road of development will have increasingly greater influence on the world."
- (7) The PRC's objectives are to first establish regional hegemony over the Indo-Pacific and then to use that dominant position to propel the PRC to become the "leading world power", shaping an international order that is conducive to its interests. Achieving these objectives requires turning the PRC into a wealthy nation under strict CCP rule by using a strong military and advanced technological capability to pursue the PRC's objectives, regardless of other countries' interests.
- (8) The PRC is reshaping the current international order, which is built upon the rule of law and free and open ideals and principles, by conducting global information and influence operations, seeking to redefine international laws and norms to align with the objectives of the CCP, rejecting the legitimacy of internationally recognized human rights, and seeking to co-opt the leadership and agenda of multinational organizations for the benefit of the PRC and other authoritarian regimes at the expense of the interests of the United States and the international community.
- (9) The PRC is encouraging other countries to follow its model of development and governance.

During the 19th Party Congress in 2017, General Secretary Xi said that the PRC could serve as a model of development for other countries by utilizing "Chinese wisdom" and a "Chinese approach to solving problems"

(10) The  $PR\bar{C}$  is promoting its governance model and attempting to weaken other models of governance by-

- (A) undermining democratic institutions,
- (B) subverting financial institutions;(C) coercing businesses to accommodate the policies of the PRC; and
- (D) using disinformation to disguise the nature of the actions described in subparagraphs (A) through (C).
- (11) The PRC is progressing toward becoming the global leader in science and technology. In May 2018, General Secretary Xi said that for the PRC to reach "prosperity and rejuvenation", it needs to "endeavor to be a major world center for science and innovation". The PRC has invested the equivalent of billions of dollars into education and research and development and established joint scientific research centers and science universities.
- (12) The PRC's drive to become a "manufacturing and technological superpower" and to promote "innovation with Chinese characterisis coming at the expense of human rights and longstanding international rules and norms with respect to economic competition, and presents a challenge to United States national security and the security of allies and like-minded countries. In particular, the PRC advances its illiberal political and social policies through mass surveillance, social credit systems, and a significant role of the state in internet governance. Through these means, the PRC increases direct and indirect government control over its citizens' everudau lives. Its national strateau of 'civil-military fusion' mandates that civil and commercial research, which increasingly drives global innovation, is leveraged to develop new military capabilities.
- (13) The PRC is using legal and illegal means to achieve its objective of becoming a manufacturing and technological superpower. The PRC uses state-directed industrial policies in anticompetitive ways to ensure the dominance of PRC companies. The CCP engages in and encourages actions that actively undermine a free and open international market, such as intellectual property theft, forced technology transfers, regulatory and financial subsidies, and mandatory CCP access to proprietary data as part of business and commercial agreements between Chinese and foreign companies.
- (14) The policies referred to in paragraph (13) are designed to freeze United States and other foreign firms out of the PRC market, while eroding competition in other important markets. The heavy subsidization of Chinese companies includes potential violation of its World Trade Organization commitments. In May 2018, General Secretary Xi said that the PRC aims to keep the "initiatives of innovation and development se-
- curity . . . in [China's] own hands''.
  (15) The PRC is advancing its global objectives through a variety of avenues, including its signature initiative, the Belt and Road Initiative (referred to in this subsection as "BRI"), which is enshrined in the Chinese Constitution and includes the Digital Silk Road and Health Silk Road. The PRC describes BRI as a straightforward and wholly beneficial plan for all countries. Eventually, it seeks to create a web of economic relations with the PRC at its center, making it the most concrete geographical representation of the PRC's global ambitions. BRI increases the economic influence of state-owned PRC firms in global markets, enhances the PRC's political leverage with government leaders around the world, and provides greater access to strategic nodes such as ports and railways. Through BRI, the PRC seeks political deference through economic dependence.
- (16) The PRC is executing a plan to establish regional hegemony over the Indo-Pacific and

displace the United States from the region. As a Pacific power, the United States has built and supported enduring alliances and economic partnerships that secure peace and prosperity and promote the rule of law and political pluralism in a free and open Indo-Pacific. In contrast, the PRC uses economic and military coercion in the region to secure its own interests.

(17) The PRC's military strategy seeks to keep the United States military from operating in the Western Pacific and erodes United States secu-

(18) The PRC is aggressively pursuing exclusive control of critical land routes, sea lanes, and air space in the Indo-Pacific in the hopes of eventually exercising greater influence beyond the region. This includes lanes crucial to commercial activity, energy exploration, transport, and the exercise of security operations in areas permitted under international law.

(19) The PRC seeks so-called "reunification" with Taiwan through whatever means may ultimately be required. The CCP's insistence that so-called "reunification" is Taiwan's only option makes this goal inherently coercive. In January 2019, General Secretary Xi stated that the "make[s] no promise to renounce the use of force and reserve[s] the option of taking all necessary means". Taiwan's embodiment of democratic values and economic liberalism challenges General Secretary Xi's goal of achieving national rejuvenation. The PRC plans to exploit Taiwan's dominant strategic position in the First Island Chain and to project power into the Second Island Chain and beyond.

(20) In the South China Sea, the PRC has executed an illegal island-building campaign that threatens freedom of navigation and the freeflow of commerce, damages the environment. bolsters the PLA power projection capabilities. and coerces and intimidates other regional claimants in an effort to advance its unlawful claims and control the waters around neighboring countries. Despite General Secretary Xi's September 2015 speech, in which he said the PRC was not militarizing the South China Sea. during the 2017 19th Party Congress, General Secretary Xi announced that "construction on islands and reefs in the South China Sea have seen steady progress".

- (21) The PRC is rapidly modernizing the PLA to attain a level of capacity and capability superior to the United States in terms of equipment and conduct of modern military operations by shifting its military doctrine from having a force "adequate [for] China's defensive needs" to having a force "commensurate with China's international status". Ultimately, this transformation could enable China to impose its will in the Indo-Pacific region through the threat of military force. In 2017, General Secretary Xi established the following developmental benchmarks for the advancement of the PLA:
- (A) A mechanized force with increased informatized and strategic capabilities by 2020.
- (B) The complete modernization of China's national defense by 2035.
- (C) The full transformation of the PLA into a world-class force by 2050.
- (22) The PRC's strategy and supporting policies described in this subsection undermine United States interests, such as-
- (A) upholding a free and open international order:
- (B) maintaining the integrity of international institutions with liberal norms and values:
- (C) preserving a favorable balance of power in the Indo-Pacific:
  - (D) ensuring the defense of its allies:
  - (E) preserving open sea and air lanes:
- (F) fostering the free flow of commerce through open and transparent markets; and
- (G) promoting individual freedom and human rights.
- (23) The global COVID-19 pandemic has intensified and accelerated these trends in the PRC's behavior and therefore increased the need for United States global leadership and a

competitive posture. The PRC has capitalized on the world's focus on the COVID-19 pandemic

- (A) moving rapidly to undermine Hong Kong's autonomy, including imposing a so-called "national security law" on Hong Kong;
- (B) aggressively imposing its will in the East and South China Seas;
- (C) increasing its territorial aggression in South Asia, including against India; and
- (D) engaging in a widespread and government-directed disinformation campaign to obscure the PRC Government's efforts to cover up the seriousness of COVID-19, sow confusion about the origination of the outbreak, and discredit the United States, its allies, and global health efforts.

(24) The CCP's disinformation campaign referred to in paragraph (23)(D) has included-

- (A) concerted efforts, in the early days of the pandemic, to downplay the nature and scope of the outbreak in Wuhan in the PRC, as well as cases of person-to-person transmission:
- (B) claims that the virus originated in United States biological defense research at Fort Detrick, Maryland;
- (C) Chinese state media reports insinuating a possible link between the virus and other United States biological facilities; and
- (D) efforts to block access to qualified international infectious disease experts who might contradict the CCP's narrative.
- (25) In response to the PRC's strategy and policies, the United States must adopt a policy of strategic competition with the PRC to protect and promote our vital interests and values.
- (26) The United States policy of strategic competition with respect to the People's Republic of China is part of a broader strategic approach to the Indo-Pacific and the world that aligns with cooperation with United States allies and partners to advance shared values and interests and to preserve and enhance a free, open, democratic, inclusive, rules-based, stable, and diverse region.
- (27) The Asia Reassurance Initiative Act of 2018 (Public Law 115-409) contributed to a comprehensive framework for promoting United State security interests, economic interests, and values in the Indo-Pacific region, investing \$7,500,000,000 over 5 years—
- (A) to support greater security and defense cooperation between the United States and allies and partners in the Indo-Pacific region:
- (B) to advance democracy and the protection and promotion of human rights in the Indo-Pacific region:
- (C) to enhance cybersecurity cooperation between the United States and partners in the Indo-Pacific:
- (D) to deepen people-to-people engagement through programs such as the Young Southeast Asian Leaders Initiative and the ASEAN Youth Volunteers program; and
- (E) to enhance energy cooperation and energy security in the Indo-Pacific region.

#### SEC. 30003. STATEMENT OF POLICY.

- (a) OBJECTIVES.—It is the policy of the United States to pursue the following objectives:
- (1) The United States global leadership role is sustained and its political system and major foundations of national power are secured for the long-term in the political, economic, technological, and military domains.
- (2) The United States position as an indispensable power in the Indo-Pacific and globally is sustained through diplomacy, multilateralism, and engagement.
- (3) The United States deters military confrontation with the PRC and both nations work to reduce the risk of conflict.
- (4) The United States and its allies maintain a stable balance of power in the Indo-Pacific with China. The United States and its allies maintain unfettered access to the region, including through freedom of navigation, consistent with international law and practice.

- (5) The allies and partners of the United
- (A) maintain confidence in United States leadership and its commitment to the Indo-Pacific region;
- (B) can withstand and combat subversion by the PRC; and
- (C) work closely with the United States in setting global rules, norms, and standards that benefit the international community.
- (6) The combined economic and military strength of the United States and its allies and partners demonstrates to the PRC that the risks of attempts to dominate other states outweigh the potential benefits.
- (7) The United States leads the free, open, and rules-based international order, which comprises resilient states and institutions that uphold and defend principles, such as sovereignty, rule of law, individual freedom, and human rights. The international order is strong enough to withstand attempts at destabilization by illiberal and authoritarian actors.
- (8) The key rules, norms, and standards of international engagement in the 21st century are maintained, including-
- (A) the protection of human rights, commercial engagement and investment, and technology; and
- (B) that such rules, norms, and standards are in alignment with the values and interests of the United States, its allies and partners, and other stakeholders in the liberal international order.
- (9) The United States counters attempts by the PRC to-
  - (A) undermine open and democratic societies;
  - (B) distort global markets;
- (C) coerce other nations via economic, cyber, and military means: or
- (D) use its technological advantages to undermine individual freedoms or other states' national security interests.
- (10) The United States deters military confrontation with the PRC and both nations work to reduce the risk of conflict.
- (b) POLICY.—It is the policy of the United States, in pursuit of the objectives set forth in subsection (a)-
- (1) to strengthen the United States domestic foundation by reinvesting in market-based economic growth, education, scientific and technological innovation, democratic institutions, and other areas that improve the ability of the United States to pursue its vital economic, foreign policy, and national security interests;
- (2) to pursue a strategy of strategic competition with the PRC in the political, diplomatic, economic, development, security, informational, and technological realms to maximize the United States' strengths and increase the costs for the PRC of harming the interests and values of the United States and its partners and allies;
- (3) to lead a free, open, and secure international system characterized by the rule of law, open markets and the free flow of commerce, and a shared commitment to security and peaceful resolution of disputes, human rights, good and transparent governance, and freedom from coercion:
- (4) to strengthen and deepen United States alliances and partnerships by pursuing greater bilateral and multilateral cooperative initiatives that advance shared interests and values and bolster partner countries' confidence that the United States is and will remain a strong, committed, and reliable partner that respects the views and interests of its allies and friends;
- (5) to encourage and collaborate with United States allies and partners in boosting their own capabilities and resiliency to pursue, defend, and protect shared interests and values, free from coercion and external pressure;
- (6) to pursue fair, reciprocal treatment and healthy, constructive competition in United States-China economic relations by improving United States laws and regulations as necessary to prevent any PRC attempts to harm United States economic competitiveness;

- (7) to demonstrate the value of private sectorled growth in emerging markets around the world, including through the use of United States Government tools that—
- (A) support greater private sector investment and advance capacity-building initiatives that are grounded in the rule of law;
  - (B) promote open markets;
- (C) establish clear policy and regulatory frameworks;
- (D) improve the management of key economic sectors:
  - (E) combat corruption;
- (F) foster and support greater collaboration with and among partner countries and the United States private sector to develop secure and sustainable infrastructure; and
- (G) support American workers and create American jobs:
- (8) to conduct vigorous commercial diplomacy in support of United States companies and businesses in partner countries that seek fair competition:
- (9) to ensure that the United States is second to none in the innovation of critical and emerging technologies, such as next-generation telecommunications, artificial intelligence, quantum computing, semiconductors, and biotechnology, bu—
- (A) providing necessary investment and concrete incentives for the private sector to accelerate development of such technologies;
- (B) modernizing export controls and investment screening regimes and associated policies and regulations;
- (C) enhancing the role of the United States in technical standards-setting bodies;
- (D) reducing United States barriers and increasing incentives for collaboration with allies and partners on the research and co-development of critical technologies:
- (E) collaborating with allies and partners to protect critical technologies by—
- (i) coordinating and aligning export control measures;
- (ii) building capacity for defense technology security:
- security;
  (iii) safeguarding chokepoints in strategically
- critical supply chains; and (iv) ensuring diversification; and
- (F) designing major defense capabilities for export to vetted allies and partners;
- (10) to collaborate with like-minded democracies and other willing partners to promote ideals and principles that—
- (A) advance a free and open international order:
  - (B) strengthen democratic institutions;
  - (C) protect and promote human rights; and
- (D) uphold a free press and fact-based report-
- (11) to develop comprehensive strategies and policies to counter PRC disinformation campaigns;
- (12) to demonstrate effective leadership at the United Nations, its associated agencies, and other multilateral organizations and ensure the integrity and effectiveness of these organizations in facilitating solutions to global challenges:
- (13) to advocate for the defense of fundamental freedoms and human rights in the United States relationship with the PRC;
- (14) to cooperate with allies, partners, and multilateral organizations that sustain and strengthen a free and open order and address regional and global challenges posed by the Government of the PRC regarding—
- (A) violations and abuses of human rights;
- (B) restrictions on religious practices; and
- (C) the undermining and abrogation of treaties, other international agreements, and other international norms related to human rights;
- (15) to expose the PRC's use of corruption, repression, and coercion to attain unfair economic advantages or compel other nations to defer to its political and strategic objectives in ways that threaten the United States or its allies and partners;

- (16) to maintain United States access to the Western Pacific, including through necessary investments in United States military capabilities, policies, and concepts in the Indo-Pacific, as well as robust cooperation, exercises, and interoperability with allies and partners;
  - (17) to deter the PRC from-
  - (A) initiating armed conflict;
- (B) coercing nations; or
- (C) using grey-zone tactics below the level of armed conflict;
- (18) to strengthen United States-PRC military-to-military communication and improve both military and civilian crisis avoidance and management procedures to de-conflict operations and reduce the risk of unwanted conflict, including through high-level visits and recurrent exchanges between civilian and military officials and other measures, in alignment with United States interests; and
- (19) to strengthen stability and reduce suspicions, cooperate with the PRC when interests align, including through bilateral or multilateral means and at the United Nations, as appropriate, and especially in the following areas—
  - (A) global fight against climate change;
  - (B) nuclear security; and
  - (C) global financial stability.

#### SEC. 30004. SENSE OF CONGRESS.

- It is the sense of Congress that the execution of the policy described in section 30003(b) requires the following actions:
- (1) Revitalizing American leadership globally and in the Indo-Pacific will require the United States—
- (A) to marshal sustained political will to protect its vital interests, promote its values, and advance its economic and national security objectives; and
- (B) to achieve this sustained political will, persuade the American people and United States allies and partners of—
- (i) the current challenges facing the international rules based order; and
- (ii) the need for long-term investments and engagement to defend shared interests and values.
- (2) The United States must coordinate closely with allies and partners to compete effectively with the PRC, including to encourage allies and partners to assume, as appropriate, greater roles in balancing and checking aggressive PRC behavior.
- (3) Effective United States strategy toward China requires—
- (A) bipartisan cooperation within Congress; and
- (B) frequent, sustained, and meaningful collaboration and consultation between the executive branch and Congress.
- (4) The United States must ensure close integration among economic and foreign policy-makers and provide support to the private sector, civil society, universities and academic institutions, and other relevant actors in free and open societies to enable such actors—
- (A) to collaborate to advance common interests: and
- (B) to identify appropriate policies—
- (i) to strengthen the United States and its allies; and
- (ii) to promote a compelling vision of a free and open order.
- (5) The United States must ensure that all Federal departments, agencies, and overseas missions are organized and resourced to effectively defend and advance United States interests. bu—
- (A) dedicating more personnel in the Indo-Pacific region, at posts around the world, and in Washington, DC;
- (B) placing greater numbers of foreign service officers, international development professionals, members of the foreign commercial service, intelligence professionals, and other United States Government personnel in the Indo-Pacific region; and
- (C) ensuring that this workforce has the training, demonstrated proficiency in language

and culture, technical skills, and other competencies required to advance a successful strategy in relation to the PRC.

- (6) The United States must place renewed priority and emphasis on strengthening the non-military instruments of national power, including diplomacy, information, technology, economics, foreign assistance and development finance, commerce, intelligence, and law enforcement, which are crucial for addressing the challenges posed by the PRC.
- (7) The United States must sustain military capabilities necessary to achieve United States political objectives in the Indo-Pacific, including—
- (A) promoting regional security in the Indo-Pacific:
- (B) reassuring allies and partners while protecting them from coercion; and
- (C) deterring PRC aggression and preventing unwanted conflict.
- (8) Competition with the PRC requires skillful adaptation to the information environment of the 21st century. United States public diplomacy and messaging efforts must effectively—
- (A) promote the value of partnership with the United States: and
- (B) counter CCP propaganda and disinformation that threatens United States interests.

#### SEC. 30005. RULES OF CONSTRUCTION.

- (a) APPLICABILITY OF EXISTING RESTRICTIONS ON ASSISTANCE TO FOREIGN SECURITY FORCES.—Nothing in this division shall be construed to diminish, supplant, supersede, or otherwise restrict or prevent responsibilities of the United States Government under section 620M of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2378d) or section 362 of title 10, United States Code.
- (b) NO AUTHORIZATION FOR THE USE OF MILITARY FORCE.—Nothing in this division may be construed as authorizing the use of military force.

#### TITLE I—INVESTING IN AMERICAN COMPETITIVENESS

#### Subtitle A—Science and Technology

# SEC. 30101. AUTHORIZATION TO ASSIST UNITED STATES COMPANIES WITH GLOBAL SUPPLY CHAIN DIVERSIFICATION AND MANAGEMENT.

- (a) AUTHORIZATION TO CONTRACT SERVICES.— The Secretary of State, in coordination with the Secretary of Commerce, is authorized to establish a program to facilitate the contracting by the Department of State for the professional services of qualified experts, on a reimbursable fee for service basis, to assist interested United States persons and business entities with supply chain management issues related to the People's Republic of China (PRC), including—
- (1) exiting from the PRC market or relocating certain production facilities to locations outside the PRC;
- (2) diversifying sources of inputs, and other efforts to diversify supply chains to locations outside of the PRC;
- (3) navigating legal, regulatory, or other challenges in the course of the activities described in paragraphs (1) and (2); and
- (4) identifying alternative markets for production or sourcing outside of the PRC, including through providing market intelligence, facilitating contact with reliable local partners as appropriate, and other services.
- (b) CHIEF OF MISSION OVERSIGHT.—The persons contracted to perform the services described in subsection (a) shall—
- (1) be under the authority of the United States Chief of Mission in the country in which they are hired, in accordance with existing United States laws:
- (2) coordinate with Department of State and Department of Commerce officers; and
- (3) coordinate with United States missions and relevant local partners in other countries as needed to carry out the services described in subsection (a).

- (c) Prioritization of Micro-, Small-, and MEDIUM-SIZED ENTERPRISES.—The services described in subsection (a) shall be prioritized for assisting micro-, small-, and medium-sized enterprises with regard to the matters described in subsection (a).
- (d) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— There is authorized to be appropriated \$15,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2022 through 2026 for the purposes of carrying out this sec-
- (e) Prohibition on Access to Assistance by FOREIGN ADVERSARIES .- None of the funds appropriated pursuant to this section may be provided to an entity-

(1) under the foreign ownership, control, or influence of the Government of the PRC or the CCP or other foreign adversary:

(2) determined to have beneficial ownership from foreign individuals subject to the jurisdiction, direction, or influence of foreign adversaries: and

(3) that has any contract in effect at the time of the receipt of such funds, or has had a contract within the previous one year that is no longer in effect, with-

(A) the Government of the PRC;

- (B) the CCP:
- (C) the PLA.
- (D) an entity majority-owned, majority-controlled, or majority-financed by the Government of the PRC, the CCP, or the PLA; or

(E) a parent, subsidiary, or affiliate of an entity described in subparagraph (D).

(f) DEFINITIONS.—The terms "foreign owner-

ship, control, or influence" and "FOCI" have the meanings given to those terms in part 117 of title 32, Code of Federal Regulations, or a successor document.

#### SEC. 30102. REPORT ON NATIONAL TECHNOLOGY AND INDUSTRIAL BASE.

- (a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that-
- (1) a more streamlined, shared, and coordinated approach, which leverages economies of scale with major allies, is necessary for the United States to retain its lead in defense tech-
- (2) allowing for the export, re-export, or transfer of defense-related technologies and services to members of the national technology and industrial base (as defined in section 2500 of title 10. United States Code) would advance United States security interests by helping to leverage the defense-related technologies and skilled workforces of trusted allies to reduce the dependence on other countries, including countries that pose challenges to United States interests around the world, for defense-related innovation and investment: and
- (3) it is in the interest of the United States to continue to increase cooperation with Australia. Canada, and the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland to protect critical defense-related technology and services and leverage the investments of like-minded, major allu nations in order to maximize the strategic edge afforded by defense technology innovation.
- (b) REPORT.
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State shall submit a report to the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives, the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives and the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate, and any other appropriate congressional committees that-
- (A) describes the Department of State's efforts to facilitate access among the national technology and industrial base to defense articles and services subject to the United States Munitions List under section 38(a)(1) of the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2778(a)(1)); and

(B) identifies foreign legal, regulatory, foreign policy, or other challenges or considerations that prevent or frustrate these efforts, to include any gaps in the respective export control regimes implemented by United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, Australia, or Can-

(2) FORM.—This report required under paragraph (1) shall be unclassified, but may include a classified annex.

#### Subtitle B-Global Infrastructure and Energy Development

#### SEC. 30111. APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CON-GRESS DEFINED.

In this subtitle, the term ''appropriate committees of Congress" means-

- (1) the Committee on Foreign Relations and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate;
- (2) the Committee on Foreign Affairs and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.

#### SEC. 30112. SENSE OF CONGRESS ON INTER-NATIONAL QUALITY INFRASTRUCTURE INVESTMENT STANDARDS.

- (a) SENSE OF CONGRESS ON COLLABORATIVE STANDARDS.—It is the sense of Congress that the United States should initiate collaboration among governments, the private sector, and civil society to encourage the adoption of the standards for quality global infrastructure development advanced by the G20 at Osaka in 2018, including with respect to the following issues:
- (1) Respect for the sovereignty of countries in which infrastructure investments are made.
- (2) Anti-corruption.
- (3) Rule of law.
- (4) Human rights and labor rights.
- (5) Fiscal and debt sustainability.
- (6) Social and governance safeguards.
- (7) Transparency.
- (8) Environmental and energy standards.
- (b) SENSE OF CONGRESS ON COMMITMENT TO COOPERATION.—It is the sense of Congress that the United States should launch a series of fora around the world showcasing the commitment of the United States and partners of the United States to high-quality development cooperation, including with respect to the issues described in subsection (a).

#### SEC. 30113. SUPPORTING ECONOMIC INDEPEND-ENCE FROM THE PEOPLE'S REPUB-LIC OF CHINA.

- (a) FINDING.—It is in the national interest of the United States to establish a coordinated interagency strategy to marshal the resources of the United States Government to provide foreign countries with financing that strengthens independent economic capacity and therefore reduces a foreign government's need to enter into agreements with the People's Republic of China (PRC), including to obtain support from its Belt and Road Initiative.
  - (b) STRATEGY -
- (1) AUTHORITY.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the President shall develop and submit a strategy to the relevant congressional committees to use the resources of Federal agencies to counteract offers of assistance and financing from the PRC to foreign governments that are of strategic importance to the United States.
- (2) COMPONENTS OF STRATEGY.—The strategy shall—
- (A) identify primary sectors where the United States could provide a competitive advantage to increase a country's economic independence;
- (B) select countries with corresponding economic needs, with priority given to those who are vulnerable to Chinese economic influence;
- (C) identify any corresponding existing financing available from United States Government entities to prioritize and devise specific financing tailored to the needs of such foreign governments if none are currently available;
- (D) identify any cooperative and complementary assistance and financing from friendly foreign governments, including coordinated assistance and co-financing;

- (E) create a streamlined decision-making process, directed by the National Security Council, to devise financing and make agency decisions and commitments on a timely basis to support United States competitive offers;
- (F) establish a formal G7+European Commission Working Group to develop a comprehensive strategy to develop alternatives to the PRC's Belt and Road Initiative for development finance: and
- (G) integrate existing efforts into the strategy, including efforts to address the Government of the PRC's use of the United Nations to advance the Belt and Road Initiative, including the proliferation of memoranda of understanding between the PRC and United Nations funds and programs regarding the implementation of the Belt and Road Initiative.
- (3) Participating agencies.—Participating Federal agencies should include the Department of State, Department of the Treasury, United States Agency for International Development (USAID), United States International Development Finance Corporation, Millennium Challenge Corporation, United States Trade and Development Agency, Department of Commerce, the Office of the Director of National Intelligence, and other Federal departments and agencies as appropriate.
- (4) EXECUTION OF STRATEGY.—The President should issue an Executive Order to implement the strategy and make such changes in agency regulations and procedures as are necessary to put the strategy into effect.
- (5) RELEVANT CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES.-In this section, the term "relevant congressional committees" means-
- (A) the Committee on Appropriations, the Committee on Foreign Affairs, the Committee on Financial Services, and the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives; and
- (B) the Committee on Appropriations, the Committee on Foreign Relations, the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs, and the Select Committee of Intelligence of the Sen-
- (c) AUTHORITY.—The Secretary of State, in coordination with the Administrator of the USAID, is authorized to establish or continue an initiative, to be known as the "Infrastructure Transaction and Assistance Network", under which the Secretary of State, in consultation with other relevant Federal agencies, including those represented on the Global Infrastructure Coordinating Committee, may carry out various programs to advance the development of sustainable, transparent, and highquality infrastructure worldwide in the Indo-Pacific region by-
- (1) strengthening capacity-building programs to improve project evaluation processes, regulatory and procurement environments, and project preparation capacity of countries that are partners of the United States in such development:
- (2) providing transaction advisory services and project preparation assistance to support sustainable infrastructure; and
- (3) coordinating the provision of United States assistance for the development of infrastructure, including infrastructure that uses United States manufactured goods and services, and catalyzing investment led by the private sector.
- (d) TRANSACTION ADVISORY FUND.—As part of the "Infrastructure Transaction and Assistance Network" described under subsection (c), the Secretary of State is authorized to provide support, including through the Transaction Advisory Fund for advisory services to help boost the capacity of partner countries to evaluate contracts and assess the financial and environ $mental \quad impacts \quad of \quad potential \quad infrastructure$ projects, including through providing services such as-
  - (1) legal services:
  - (2) project preparation and feasibility studies;
  - (3) debt sustainability analyses;

- (4) bid or proposal evaluation; and
- (5) other services relevant to advancing the development of sustainable, transparent, and high-quality infrastructure.
- (e) Strategic Infrastructure Fund.-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—As part of the "Infrastructure Transaction and Assistance Network" described under subsection (c), the Secretary of State is authorized to provide support, including through the Strategic Infrastructure Fund, for technical assistance, project preparation, pipeline development, and other infrastructure project support.
- STRATEGIC INFRASTRUCTURE JOINT PROJECTS.—Funds authorized for the Strategic Infrastructure Fund should be used in coordination with the Department of Defense, the International Development Finance Corporation, like-minded donor partners, and multilateral banks, as appropriate, to support joint infrastructure projects that are in the national security interest of the United States and vulnerable  $to\ strategic\ competitors.$
- AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— There is authorized to be appropriated, for each of fiscal years 2022 to 2026, \$75,000,000 to the Infrastructure Transaction and Assistance Network, of which \$20,000,000 should be made available for the Transaction Advisory Fund.

#### SEC. 30114. STRATEGY FOR ADVANCED AND RELI-ABLE ENERGY INFRASTRUCTURE.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The President shall direct a comprehensive, multi-year, whole of government effort, in consultation with the private sector, to counter predatory lending and financing, including in the form of providing support to companies incorporated in the People's Republic of China (PRC) that engage in such activities, by the Government of the PRC in the energy sectors of developing countries.
- (b) POLICY.—It is the policy of the United States to-
- (1) regularly evaluate current and forecasted energy needs and capacities of developing countries, and analyze the presence and involvement of PRC state-owned industries and other companies incorporated in the PRC, Chinese nationals providing labor, and financing of energy projects, including direct financing by the PRC government, PRC financial institutions, or direct state support to state-owned enterprises and other companies incorporated in the PRC;
- (2) pursue strategic support and investment opportunities, and diplomatic engagement on power sector reforms, to expand the development and deployment of advanced energy technologies in developing countries;
- (3) offer financing, loan guarantees, grants, and other financial products on terms that advance domestic economic and local employment opportunities, utilize advanced energy technologies, encourage private sector growth, and, when appropriate United States equity and sovereign lending products as alternatives to the predatory lending tools offered by Chinese financial institutions;
- (4) pursue partnerships with likeminded international financial and multilateral institutions to leverage investment in advanced energy technologies in developing countries; and
- (5) pursue bilateral partnerships focused on the cooperative development of advanced energy technologies with countries of strategic significance, particularly in the Indo-Pacific region, to address the effects of energy engagement by the PRC through predatory lending or other actions that negatively impact other countries.
- (c) ADVANCED ENERGY TECHNOLOGIES EX-PORTS.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter for 5 years, the Secretary of State, in consultation with the Secretary of Energy, shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a United States Government strategy to increase United States exports of advanced energy technologies to-
- (1) improve energy security in allied and developing countries;

- (2) create open, efficient, rules-based, and transparent energy markets;
- (3) improve free, fair, and reciprocal energy trading relationships; and
- (4) expand access to affordable, reliable en-

#### SEC. 30115. REPORT ON THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA'S INVESTMENTS IN FOR-EIGN ENERGY DEVELOPMENT.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—No later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter for 5 years, the Secretary of State shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress (including the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives and the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate) a report that—
- (1) identifies priority countries for deepening United States engagement on energy matters, in accordance with the economic and national security interests of the United States and where deeper energy partnerships are most achievable;
- (2) describes the involvement of the Government of the People's Republic of China (PRC) and companies incorporated in the PRC in the development, operation, financing, or ownership of energy generation facilities, transmission infrastructure or energy resources in the countries identified in paragraph (1):
- (3) evaluates strategic or security concerns and implications for United States national interests and the interests of the countries identified in paragraph (1), with respect to the PRC's involvement and influence in developing country energy production or transmission; and
- (4) outlines current and planned efforts by the United States to partner with the countries identified in paragraph (1) on energy matters that support shared interests between the United States and such countries.
- (b) PUBLICATION.—The assessment required in subsection (a) shall be published on the Department of State's website.

#### Subtitle C-Economic Diplomacy and Leadership

#### SEC. 30121. FINDINGS ON REGIONAL ECONOMIC ORDER.

Congress makes the following findings:

- (1) The United States played a leadership role in constructing the architecture, rules, and norms governing the international economic order following the Second World War, yielding decades of domestic economic and geopolitical prosperity and stability.
- (2) It is in the United States' vital interest to upgrade its economic engagement and leadership in the Indo-Pacific and develop concrete steps to strengthen its commercial diplomacy to fully participle in the region's economic dynamism

#### SEC. 30122. REPORT ON ENTRENCHING AMER ICAN ECONOMIC DIPLOMACY IN THE INDO-PACIFIC.

- (a) SENSE OF CONGRESS—It is the sense of Congress that United States national interests and the primacy of United States power in the Indo-Pacific are intimately tied to the following economic objectives:
- (1) Confirming American leadership and participation in global regional economic organizations and fora, including the Asia-Pacific Economic Cooperation (APEC) and the World Trade Organization (WTO).
- (2) Building secure and resilient supply chains for industries critical for United States national interest, including semiconductors, vaccines, and personal protective equipment.
- (3) Showcasing the benefits and appeal of a market-based economic model.
- (b) REPORTING.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State, in coordination with the United States Trade Representative and the Secretary of Commerce, shall submit a report to the appropriate committees of Congress that presents the steps the United States is taking and plans to take to achieve the objectives outlined in sub-

section (a) and includes specific action plans for the following:

(1) Reenergizing APEC as a critical component of the region's economic architecture.

- (2) Working with allies and partners to build resilient and trusted supply chains especially for critical and emerging technologies, including semiconductors, and products and components critical for national health, including vaccines and related materials and personal protective equipment.
- (c) APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS Defined.—In this section, the term "appropriate committees of Congress" means
- (1) the Committee on Foreign Relations, the Committee on Banking, Housing and Urban Affairs, and the Committee on Finance of the Senate: and
- (2) the Committee on Foreign Affairs, the Committee on Energy and Commerce, and the Committee on Ways and Means of the House of Representatives.

## SEC. 30123. SENSE OF CONGRESS ON THE NEED TO BOLSTER AMERICAN LEADER-SHIP IN THE ASIA PACIFIC ECO-NOMIC COOPERATION.

It is the sense of Congress that-

(1) the United States has benefitted from the regional economic integration agenda of the Asia Pacific Economic Cooperation (APEC) forum since its inception in 1989:

(2) APEC is a hub of commerce for 21 member economies that, as of 2018, accounted for 60 percent of global GDP and 48 percent of global

trade:

APEC has contributed to the economic growth in the region and enhanced access to global value chains, while raising the profile of critical topics such as fair trade, sustainability, gender parity, and inclusive growth;

(4) it is in the United States interest to engage and lead at APEC to push for an open and inclusive regional economy that benefits United States workers, consumers, and businesses and better integrates the United States economy with others in the region;

(5) when the United States last hosted APEC in 2011, it was able to promote United States interests, while reassuring allies and partners about its strong commitment to the region in the economic arena;

(6) today, APEC can again be used as a forum to make progress on several United States priorities, that are shared by United States allies and partners, including-

(A) making regional commerce more inclusive; (B) fostering innovation and digitization; and

(C) addressing climate change and environmental protection

(7) hosting APEC would provide a tremendous opportunity to leverage American leadership to

shape the regional economic agenda;
(8) hosting APEC would allow the United States to advance several of its own priorities in the region including to-

(A) expand the participation of APEC stakeholders to include labor groups, environmental advocates, and other part of civil society;
(B) upgrade APEC's work to empower and

promote small and medium enterprises;

(C) spotlight best practices and plans to upgrade skills for the next-generation of technology jobs;

(D) advance a climate and sustainable trade and development agenda with a focus on green technologies, infrastructure and finance; and

(E) advance work on digital issues: and

(9) with no host confirmed for 2023, the United States should immediately announce its interest to host APEC in 2023 and work with the APEC Secretariat and like-minded APEC members to build support.

#### SEC. 30124. STRATEGY ON DETERRENCE OF ECO-NOMIC COERCION.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the President shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a whole-of-government strategy to deter Chinese economic coercion against third countries that includes the following:

- (1) An explanation of the means available to the United States, with the cooperation of allies, to enable a country with a smaller economy to withstand such coercion.
- (2) A description of the role that the Secretary of State, acting through the Under Secretary of State for Public Diplomacy and Public Affairs, will play in the imposition of reputational costs on the PRC for conducting economic coercion.
- (3) Role clarity for the Secretary of State, the Administrator of the United States Agency for International Development, the Secretary of Defense, the head of each element of the intelligence community (as such term is defined by section 3 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3003)), the Secretary of the Treasury, the Secretary of Commerce, the United States Trade Representative, and the United States International Development Finance Corporation in implementing such strategy.
- (b) UPDATE.—Not later than 2 years after the date of the submission of the strategy under subsection (a), and every 2 years thereafter for 8 years, the President shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees an assessment of the implementation and effectiveness of the strategy, lessons learned from the past year, and planned changes to the strategy.
- (c) FORM.—The strategy and update required by subsections (a) and (b), respectively, shall be submitted in classified form with an unclassified
- (d) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES DEFINED.—In this section, the term "appropriate congressional committees" means—
- (1) the Committee on Foreign Affairs, the Committee on Energy and Commerce, the Committee on Ways and Means, the Committee on Oversight and Reform, and the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives; and
- (2) the Committee on Foreign Relations, the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation, the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs, the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs, and the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate.

# SEC. 30125. SENSE OF CONGRESS ON DIGITAL TECHNOLOGY ISSUES.

- (a) Leadership in International Standards Setting.—It is the sense of Congress that the United States must lead in international bodies that set the governance norms and rules for critical digitally enabled technologies in order to ensure that these technologies operate within a free, secure, interoperable, and stable digital domain.
- (b) COUNTERING DIGITAL AUTHORITARIANISM.—It is the sense of Congress that the United States, along with allies and partners, should lead an international effort to combat the expanding use of information and communications technology products and services to surveil, repress, and manipulate populations (also known as "digital authoritarianism").
- (c) Freedom of Information in the Digital AGE.—It is the sense of Congress that the United States should lead a global effort to ensure that freedom of information, including the ability to safely consume or publish information without fear of undue reprisals, is maintained as the digital domain becomes an increasingly integral mechanism for communication.
- (d) EFFORTS TO ENSURE TECHNOLOGICAL DE-VELOPMENT DOES NOT THREATEN DEMOCRATIC GOVERNANCE OR HUMAN RIGHTS.—It is the sense of Congress that the United States should lead a global effort to develop and adopt a set of common principles and standards for critical technologies to ensure that the use of such technologies cannot be abused by malign actors, whether they are governments or other entities, and that they do not threaten democratic governance or human rights.

#### SEC. 30126. DIGITAL DIALOGUE AND COOPERA-TION.

It is the sense of Congress that—

- (1) as the COVID-19 pandemic accelerated United States dependence on digital tools, international rules around digital rules have remained largely piecemeal; and
- (2) the People's Republic of China is operating under and advancing a set of digital rules that are contrary to United States values and interests, and those of United States allies and partners.

#### SEC. 30127. DIGITAL CONNECTIVITY AND CYBER-SECURITY PARTNERSHIP.

- (a) DIGITAL CONNECTIVITY AND CYBERSECURITY PARTNERSHIP.—The President is authorized to establish a program, to be known as the "Digital Connectivity and Cybersecurity Partnership" to help foreign countries—
- (1) expand and increase secure Internet access and digital infrastructure;
- (2) promote and protect human rights and counter corruption and predatory behavior throughout communications and cybersecurity policy and implementation:
- (3) guard against privacy abuses, cybercrime, disinformation and misinformation, and the use of digital technology and services to carry out criminal activity or human rights violations;
- (4) bolster the role of civil society in informing ICT policy and regulations;
- (5) promote exports of United States ICT goods and services and increase United States company market share in target markets;
- (6) promote the innovation and diversification of ICT goods and supply chain services to be less reliant on imports from the People's Republic of China:
- (7) build cybersecurity capacity, expand interoperability, and promote best practices for a national approach to cybersecurity; and
- (8) enhance the security of their digital infrastructure to facilitate better information sharing with the United States and United States allies and partners, as appropriate.
- (b) IMPLEMENTATION PLAN.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State and the Administrator of the United States Agency for International Development, in consultation with the United States Trade Representative and the National Cyber Director, shall jointly submit to the appropriate congressional committees an implementation plan for the 3-year period beginning on the date of the submission of the plan to advance the goals identified in subsection (a). The implementation plan shall also include a description of interagency responsibilities to carry out implementation, a description of any barriers to successful implementation, and a description of any additional resources or authorities needed for successful implementation.
- (c) CONSULTATION.—In developing the implementation plan required by subsection (b), the Secretary of State and the Administrator of the United States Agency for International Development shall consult with—
- (1) the appropriate congressional committees:
- (2) the Committee on Ways and Means, the Committee on Oversight and Reform, and the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives;
- (3) the Committee on Finance, the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs, and the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate;
- (4) leaders of the United States industry;
- (5) civil society leaders with expertise in technology, telecommunications, cybersecurity, economic development and competitiveness, and human rights, including from the Open Technology Fund;
- (6) representatives from relevant United States Government agencies; and
- (7) representatives from like-minded allies and partners.
- (d) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— There is authorized to be appropriated such sums as necessary for each of fiscal years 2022 through 2026 to carry out this section.

#### SEC. 30128. SENSE OF CONGRESS ON IDEOLOG-ICAL COMPETITION.

It is the sense of Congress that National Security Advisor Jake Sullivan correctly observed that the United States and likeminded democracies are in an ideological competition with the People's Republic of China, under the direction and control of the Chinese Communist Party, when he stated, "China is essentially making the case that the Chinese model is better than the American model. . . This is not any longer some kind of implied contrast. It is an explicit statement that there is an alternative model to the democratic market economy model that the United States has been advancing over the course of decades.".

#### Subtitle D—Financial Diplomacy and Leadership

#### SEC. 30131. FINDINGS ON CHINESE FINANCIAL IN-DUSTRIAL POLICY.

Congress makes the following findings:

- (1) The People's Republic of China operates a system of state-owned financial institutions including retail banks, investment banks, asset managers, and insurers which are given favorable treatment under Chinese law while foreign financial institutions have strict restrictions on their ability to operate in the PRC.
- (2) In order to join the World Trade Organization (WTO) in 2001, the PRC Government committed to opening the credit card payment business to foreign firms by 2006.
- (3) The PRC continues to maintain aggressive capital controls, limiting access to the Chinese market to foreign investors while hamstringing its own citizens ability to control their money.
- (4) On November 5, 2018, Chinese President Xi Jinping announced that the PRC would launch a technology innovation stock exchange. The Shanghai Stock Exchange STAR Market launched on July 22, 2019.
- (5) On October 24, 2020, Chinese billionaire Jack Ma referred to "pawnshop mentality" of state-owned banks. Shortly thereafter, the initial public offering of his firm Ant Financial was canceled by Chinese regulators.
- (6) The PRC Government is pioneering the use of a fully digitized yuan, which is set to be the world's first central bank backed digital currency, and the People's Bank of China and the Hong Kong Monetary Authority have already begun testing the cross-border functionality of the digital currency.

# SEC. 30132. REPORT ON IMPORTANCE OF AMERICAN FINANCIAL STRENGTH FOR GLOBAL LEADERSHIP.

- (a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that—
- (1) the dominance of the dollar as the global reserve currency has yielded significant benefits to the United States and the American people by allowing the United States to maintain economic independence, better control its monetary policy, and finance government outlays;
- (2) American global leadership has benefited from the United States monetary stability, creditworthiness, deep capital markets, and financial technology innovations:
- (3) effective diplomacy and safeguarding of American national security rely on the United States role as the global financial leader, hub of global trade, and source of economic opportunity:
- (4) by cracking down on dissent in the key financial center of Hong Kong, driving the creation of a technology focused stock exchange, and pushing forward a Central Bank digital currency, the People's Republic of China is attempting to become the leading hub of finance in the world; and
- (5) the United States must maintain its position as a global financial leader to continue its broader global leadership role around the world.
- (b) REPORT.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State, in coordination with the Secretary of the Treasury, shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a report that—

- (1) lists and examines the benefits to American foreign policy that derive from the United States financial leadership and the dollar's status as the world's global reserve currency;
- (2) describes the actions taken by the People's Republic of China that could cement China's role as the world's leading financial center;
- (3) analyzes the possible impact on American national security and foreign policy were the yuan to supplant the dollar as the world's leading reserve currency;
- (4) outlines how the United States can work diplomatically with allies, partners, and other nations to preserve a financial system that is free, open, and fair; and
- (5) identifies steps the United States can take to preserve its status as the world's leading financial center and maintain the dollar's position as the global reserve currency.
- (c) APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS DEFINED.—In this section, the term "appropriate committees of Congress" means—
- (1) the Committee on Foreign Affairs, the Committee on Financial Services, the Committee on Ways and Means, and the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives: and
- (2) the Committee on Foreign Relations, the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs, the Committee on Finance, and the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate.

# SEC. 30133. REVIEW OF CHINESE COMPANIES ON UNITED STATES CAPITAL MARKETS.

- (a) REPORT.
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Treasury, in consultation with the Secretary of State and in consultation with and with support from the Securities and Exchange Commission, shall submit a report to the Committees on Financial Services, Foreign Affairs, and the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives and the Committees on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs, Foreign Relations, and the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate that describes the capital raising activities in the United States of companies incorporated in the PRC and companies incorporated outside PRC that predominantly invest in companies incorporated in the PRC. The report should discuss risks to the United States national security posed by the capital raising activities of these companies.
- (2) MATTERS TO BE INCLUDED.—The report shall—
  - (A) identify companies that—
- (i) are incorporated in the PRC that issue registered securities or are listed or traded on one or several stock exchanges within the United States, including through the use of American depository receipts, variable interest entity structures, over-the-counter market, or "A Shares", or are otherwise added to indexes and exchange-traded funds out of mainland exchanges in the PRC;
- (ii) are incorporated in the PRC that issue unregistered securities within the United States;
- (iii) are incorporated outside of PRC but predominantly invest in companies incorporated within the PRC, including companies that raise capital through the various exemptions available under the securities laws of the United States: or
- (iv) based on the factors for consideration described in paragraph (3), have knowingly and materially contributed to—
- (I) activities that undermine United States national security:
- (II) serious abuses of internationally recognized human rights; or
- (III) a substantially increased financial risk exposure for United States-based investors;
- (B) describe the activities of the companies identified pursuant to subparagraph (A), and their implications for the United States; and
- (C) develop policy recommendations for the United States Government and State govern-

- ments to address the risks posed by companies identified pursuant to subparagraph (A).
- (3) FACTORS FOR INCLUSION OF A COMPANY.— In completing the report under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall consider whether a company identified pursuant to paragraph (2)(A)—
- (A) has materially contributed to the development or manufacture, or sold or facilitated procurement by the People's Liberation Army, of lethal military equipment or component parts of such equipment;
- (B) has contributed to the construction and militarization of features in the South China Sea:
- (C) has been sanctioned by the United States or has been determined to have conducted business with sanctioned entities:
- (D) has engaged in an act or a series of acts of intellectual property theft;
- (E) has engaged in corporate or economic espionage:
- (F) has contributed to the proliferation of nuclear or missile technology in violation of United Nations Security Council resolutions or United States sanctions:
- (G) has contributed to the repression of religious and ethnic minorities within the PRC, including in the Xinjiang Uyghur Autonomous Region or the Tibet Autonomous Region;
- (H) has contributed to the development of technologies that enable censorship directed or directly supported by the Government of the PRC: and
- (I) has contributed to other activities or behavior determined to be relevant by the President
- (b) REPORT FORM.—The report required under this section shall be submitted in unclassified form
- (c) PUBLICATION.—The unclassified portion of the report required under this section shall be made accessible to the public online through relevant United States Government websites.

#### SEC. 30134. REPORT ON THE IMPLICATIONS OF CHANGES TO CROSS-BORDER PAY-MENT AND FINANCIAL MESSAGING SYSTEMS.

- (a) REPORT.—
- (1) In GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Treasury, in coordination with the Secretary of State, shall submit a report to the Committees on Financial Services and Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives and the Committees on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs and Foreign Relations of the Senate on the implications of cross-border payment systems.
- (2) MATTERS TO BE INCLUDED.—The report shall—
- (A) examine the benefits and concerns related to the use of the current cross-border payments system, including the messaging systems;
- (B) review and analyze ways in which the Cross Border Interbank Payment Systems (CIPS), cryptocurrencies, and foreign central bank digital currencies could erode this system; and
- (C) analyze how changes to global cross-border payment systems could undermine United States national security interests including impacts on the efficacy of sanctions, the countering of terrorist finance, and the enforcement of anti-money laundering provisions.
- (b) REPORT FORM.—The report required under subsection (a)(1) shall be submitted in classified form.

# TITLE II—INVESTING IN ALLIANCES AND PARTNERSHIPS

#### Subtitle A—Strategic and Diplomatic Matters SEC. 30201. APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CON-GRESS DEFINED.

In this subtitle, the term "appropriate committees of Congress" means—

(1) the Committee on Foreign Relations, the Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on Appropriations, and the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate; and (2) the Committee on Foreign Affairs, the Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on Appropriations, and the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives.

# SEC. 30202. UNITED STATES COMMITMENT AND SUPPORT FOR ALLIES AND PARTNERS IN THE INDO-PACIFIC.

- (a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that—
- (1) the United States treaty alliances in the Indo-Pacific provide a unique strategic advantage to the United States and are among the Nation's most precious assets, enabling the United States to advance its vital national interests, defend its territory, establish enduring cooperation with allies while seeking to establish new partnerships, prevent the domination of the Indo-Pacific and its surrounding maritime and air lanes by a hostile power or powers, and deter potential aggressors;
- (2) the Governments of the United States, Japan, South Korea, Australia, the Philippines, and Thailand are critical allies in advancing afree and open order in the Indo-Pacific region and tackling challenges with unity of purpose, and have collaborated to advance specific efforts of shared interest in areas such as defense and security, infrastructure connectivity, and fundamental freedoms:
- (3) the United States greatly values other partnerships in the Indo-Pacific region, including with India, Singapore, Indonesia, Taiwan, New Zealand, and Vietnam, as well as its trilateral and quadrilateral dialogues, and regional architecture such as the Association of Southeast Asian Nations (ASEAN), and the Asia-Pacific Economic Cooperation, which are essential to further shared interests:
- (4) the security environment in the Indo-Pacific demands consistent United States and allied commitment to strengthening and advancing alliances so that they are postured to meet these challenges, and will require sustained political will, concrete partnerships, economic, commercial, technological, and security cooperation, consistent and tangible commitments, highlevel and extensive consultations on matters of mutual interest, mutual and shared cooperation in the acquisition of key capabilities important to allied defenses, and unified mutual support in the face of political, economic, or military corrcion.
- (5) fissures in the United States alliance relationships and partnerships benefit United States adversaries and weaken the collective ability to advance shared interests:
- (6) the United States must work with allies to prioritize human rights throughout the Indo-Pacific region:
- (7) as the report released in August 2020 by the Expert Group of the International Military Council on Climate and Security (IMCCS), entitled "Climate and Security in the Indo-Asia Pacific" noted, the Indo-Pacific region is one of the regions most vulnerable to climate impacts, and as former Deputy Under Secretary of Defense for Installations and Environment Sherri Goodman, Secretary General of IMCCS, noted, climate shocks act as a threat multiplier in the Indo-Pacific region, increasing humanitarian response costs and impacting security throughout the region as sea levels rise, fishing patterns shift, food insecurity rises, and storms grow stronger and more frequent;
- (8) the United State should continue to engage on and deepen cooperation with allies and partners of the United States in the Indo-Pacific region, as laid out in the Asia Reassurance Initiative Act (Public Law 115-409), in the areas of—
- (A) forecasting environmental challenges; (B) assisting with transnational cooperation on sustainable uses of forest and water resources with the goal of preserving biodiversity and access to safe drinking water:
- (C) fisheries and marine resource conservation; and
- (Ď) meeting environmental challenges and developing resilience;

- (9) the Secretary of State, in coordination with the Secretary of Defense and the Administrator of the United States Agency for International Development, should facilitate a robust interagency Indo-Pacific climate resiliency and adaptation strategy focusing on internal and external actions needed—
- (A) to facilitate regional early recovery, risk reduction, and resilience to weather-related impacts on strategic interests of the United States and partners and allies of the United States in the region; and
- (B) to address humanitarian and food security impacts of weather-related changes in the region; and
- (10) ASEAN centrality and ASEAN-led mechanisms remain essential to the evolving institutional architecture of the Indo-Pacific region.
- (b) STATEMENT OF POLICY.—It shall be the policy of the United States—
- (1) to deepen diplomatic, economic, and security cooperation with and among United States allies in the Indo-Pacific, as appropriate, including through diplomatic engagement, regional development, energy security and development, scientific and health partnerships, educational and cultural exchanges, intelligencesharing, and other diplomatic and defense-related initiatives;
- (2) to uphold the United States multilateral and bilateral treaty obligations, including—
- (A) defending Japan consistent with the Treaty of Mutual Cooperation and Security Between the United States of America and Japan, done at Washington, January 19, 1960, and all related and subsequent bilateral security agreements and arrangements concluded on or before the date of enactment of this Act;
- (B) defending the Republic of Korea consistent with the Mutual Defense Treaty Between the United States and the Republic of Korea, done at Washington, October 1, 1953, and all related and subsequent bilateral security agreements and arrangements concluded on or before the date of enactment of this Act;
- (C) defending the Philippines consistent with article IV of the Mutual Defense Treaty Between the United States and the Republic of the Philippines, done at Washington, August 30, 1951, and all related and subsequent bilateral security agreements and arrangements concluded on or before the date of enactment of this Act;
- (D) defending Thailand consistent with the Southeast Asia Collective Defense Treaty ("Manila Pact"), done at Manila, September 8, 1954, understanding thereto the Thanat-Rusk communique of 1962, and all related and subsequent bilateral security agreements and arrangements concluded on or before the date of enactment of this Act: and
- (E) defending Australia consistent with the Security Treaty Between Australia and the United States of America, done at San Francisco, September 1, 1951, and all related and subsequent bilateral security agreements and arrangements concluded on or before the date of enactment of this Act;
- (3) to strengthen and deepen the United States' bilateral and regional partnerships, including with India, Taiwan, ASEAN, and New Zealand:
- (4) to cooperate with allies and partners to promote human rights across the Indo-Pacific region bilaterally and through regional and multilateral fora and pacts;
- (5) to strengthen and advance diplomatic, economic, and security cooperation with regional partners, such as Taiwan, Vietnam, Malaysia, Singapore, Indonesia, and India; and
- (6) to collaborate and cooperate on the sustainable development of the Mekong River Basin, including by providing support for environmental conservation and protection initiatives in the Mekong sub-region and through assistance to Cambodia, Laos, Thailand, and Vietnam, whose governments comprise the Mekong River Commission (MRC). United States efforts should focus on increasing MRC member coun-

tries' capacity in the sustainable conservation and management of natural resources.

#### SEC. 30203. BOOSTING QUAD COOPERATION.

- (a) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of Congress that—
- (1) as a Pacific power, the United States should continue to strengthen its cooperation with Australia, India, and Japan, (commonly referred to as the Quadrilateral Security Dialogue or "Quad") to enhance and implement a shared vision to meet regional challenges and to promote a free, open, inclusive, resilient, and healthy Indo-Pacific, characterized by respect for democratic norms, rule of law, and market-driven economic growth, and that is free from undue influence and coercion;
- (2) the United States should expand dialogue and cooperation through the Quad with a range of partners to support the rule of law, freedom of navigation and overflight, peaceful resolution of disputes, democratic values, and territorial integrity, and to uphold peace and prosperity and strengthen democratic resilience in the Indo-Pacific:
- (3) the recent pledge from the first-ever Quad leaders meeting on March 12, 2021, to respond to the economic and health impacts of COVID-19, including expanding safe, affordable, and effective vaccine production and equitable access, and to address shared challenges, including in cyberspace, critical technologies, counterterrorism, quality infrastructure investment, and humanitarian assistance and disaster relief, as well as maritime domains, further advances the important cooperation among Quad nations that is so critical to the Indo-Pacific region;
- (4) building upon their announced commitment to finance 1,000,000,000 or more COVID-19 vaccines by the end of 2022 for use in the Indo-Pacific region, the United States International Development Finance Corporation, the Japan International Cooperation Agency, and the Japan Bank for International Cooperation, including through partnerships other multilateral development banks, should also venture to finance development and infrastructure projects in the Indo-Pacific region that are competitive, transparent, and sustainable:
- (5) the United States should participate in the Resilient Supply Chain Initiative launched by Australia, Japan, and India in 2020, along with similar initiatives that relocate supply chains in the health, economic, and national security sectors to the United States, its Quad partners, and other like-minded countries; and
- (6) the formation of a Quad Intra-Parliamentary Working Group could—
- (A) sustain and deepen engagement between senior officials of the Quad countries on a full spectrum of issues; and
- (B) be modeled on the successful and longstanding bilateral intra-parliamentary groups between the United States and Mexico, Canada, and the United Kingdom, as well as other formal and informal parliamentary exchanges.
  - (b) REPORTING REQUIREMENT.—
- (1) In GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees (including the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives and the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate) a strategy for bolstering engagement and cooperation with the Quad.
- (2) MATTERS TO BE INCLUDED.—The strategy required by paragraph (1) shall include the following:
- (A) A description of how the United States intends to demonstrate democratic leadership in the Indo-Pacific through quadrilateral engagement with India, Japan, and Australia on shared interests and common challenges.
- (B) A summary of—
- (i) current and past Quad initiatives across the whole of the United States Government, including to promote broad based and inclusive

- economic growth and investment, and to advance technology cooperation, energy innovation, climate mitigation and adaptation, physical and digital infrastructure development, education, disaster management, and global health security;
- (ii) proposals shared among Quad countries to deepen existing security cooperation, intelligence sharing, economic partnerships, and multilateral coordination; and
- (iii) initiatives and agreements undertaken jointly with Quad countries, in addition to other like-minded partners in the Indo-Pacific, on areas of shared interest.
  - (C) A description of efforts to jointly—
- (i) expand ongoing COVID-19 cooperation to prepare for the next pandemic by focusing on medium-term vaccine and medical supply production and building a broader dialogue on global public health;
- (ii) combat economic coercion, deepen regional economic engagement and integration, and strengthen regional rules and standards around investment:
- (iii) strengthen climate actions on mitigation, adaptation, resilience, technology, capacity-building, and climate finance;
- (iv) facilitate the development of quality infrastructure in the Indo-Pacific through joint financing, investment, technical assistance, and standards setting:
- (v) enhance joint maritime security and maritime domain awareness initiatives to protect the maritime commons and support international law and freedom of navigation in the Indo-Pacific; and
- (vi) develop international technology standards and share or co-develop new innovative technologies of the future.

#### SEC. 30204. ESTABLISHMENT OF QUAD INTRA-PARLIAMENTARY WORKING GROUP.

- (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—Not later than 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State shall seek to enter into negotiations with the governments of Japan, Australia, and India (collectively, with the United States, known as the "Quad") with the goal of reaching a written agreement to establish a Quad Intra-Parliamentary Working Group to facilitate closer cooperation on shared interests and values.
  - (b) United States Group.—
- (1) In General.—At such time as the governments of the Quad countries enter into a written agreement described in subsection (a) to establish a Quad Intra-Parliamentary Working Group, there shall be established a United States Group, which shall represent the United States at the Quad Intra-Parliamentary Working Group.
  - (2) MEMBERSHIP.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—The United States Group shall be comprised of not more than 24 Members of Congress.
- (B) APPOINTMENT.—Of the Members of Congress appointed to the United States Group under subparagraph (A)—
- (i) half shall be appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives from among Members of the House, not fewer than four of whom shall be members of the Committee on Foreign Affairs; and
- (ii) half shall be appointed by the President Pro Tempore of the Senate, based on recommendations of the majority leader and minority leader of the Senate, from among Members of the Senate, not fewer than four of whom shall be members of the Committee on Foreign Relations (unless the majority leader and minority leader determine otherwise).
  - (3) MEETINGS.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—The United States Group shall seek to meet not less frequently than annually with representatives and appropriate staff of the legislatures of Japan, Australia, and India, and any other country invited by mutual agreement of the Quad countries.
- (B) LIMITATION.—A meeting described in subparagraph (A) may be held—

- (i) in the United States:
- (ii) in another Quad country during periods when Congress is not in session; or (iii) virtually.
- (4) CHAIRPERSON AND VICE CHAIRPERSON.—
- (A) HOUSE DELEGATION.—The Speaker of the House of Representatives shall designate the chairperson or vice chairperson of the delegation of the United States Group from the House from among members of the Committee on Foreign Affairs.
- (B) Senate delegation.—The President Pro Tempore of the Senate shall designate the chairperson or vice chairperson of the delegation of the United States Group from the Senate from among members of the Committee on Foreign Relations.
- (5) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—
- (Å) IN GENERAL.—There is authorized to be appropriated \$1,000,000 for each fiscal years 2022 through 2025 for the United States Group.
  (B) DISTRIBUTION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—
- (i) In GENERAL.—For each fiscal year for which an appropriation is made for the United States Group, half of the amount appropriated shall be available to the delegation from the House of Representatives and half of the amount appropriated shall be available to the delegation from the Senate.
- (ii) METHOD OF DISTRIBUTION.—The amounts available to the delegations of the House of Representatives and the Senate under clause (i) shall be disbursed on vouchers to be approved by the chairperson of the delegation from the House of Representatives and the chairperson of the delegation from the Senate, respectively.
- (6) PRIVATE SOURCES.—The United States Group may accept gifts or donations of services or property, subject to the review and approval, as appropriate, of the Committee on Ethics of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Ethics of the Senate.
- (7) CERTIFICATION OF EXPENDITURES.—The certificate of the chairperson of the delegation from the House of Representatives or the delegation of the Senate of the United States Group shall be final and conclusive upon the accounting officers in the auditing of the accounts of the United States Group.
- (8) ANNUAL REPORT.—The United States Group shall submit to the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate a report for each fiscal year for which an appropriation is made for the United States Group, including a description of its expenditures under such appropriation.

#### SEC. 30205. STATEMENT OF POLICY ON COOPERA-TION WITH ASEAN.

- It is the policy of the United States to—
- (1) stand with the nations of the Association of Southeast Asian Nations (ASEAN) as they respond to COVID-19 and support greater cooperation in building capacity to prepare for and respond to pandemics and other public health challenges:
- (2) support high-level United States participation in the annual ASEAN Summit held each year;
- (3) reaffirm the importance of United States-ASEAN economic engagement and support the ASEAN Economic Community's (AEC) goals, including strong, inclusive, and sustainable long-term economic growth and cooperation with the United States that focuses on innovation and capacity-building efforts in technology, education, disaster management, food security, and human rights, particularly for ASEAN's poorest countries:
- (4) urge ASEAN to continue its efforts to foster greater integration and unity within the ASEAN community, as well as to foster greater integration and unity with non-ASEAN economic, political, and security partners, including Japan, the Republic of Korea, Australia, the European Union, and India;
- (5) recognize the value of strategic economic initiatives such as United States-ASEAN Con-

- nect, which demonstrates a commitment to ASEAN and the AEC and builds upon economic relationships in the region;
- (6) support ASEAN nations in addressing maritime and territorial disputes in a constructive manner and in pursuing claims through peaceful, diplomatic, and, as necessary, legitimate regional and international arbitration mechanisms, consistent with international law, including through the adoption of a code of conduct in the South China Sea that represents the interests of all parties and promotes peace and stability in the region;
- (7) urge all parties involved in the maritime and territorial disputes in the Indo-Pacific region, including the Government of the People's Republic of China—
- (A) to cease any current activities, and avoid undertaking any actions in the future, that undermine stability, or complicate or escalate disputes through the use of coercion, intimidation, or military force:
- (B) to demilitarize islands, reefs, shoals, and other features, and refrain from new efforts to militarize, including the construction of new garrisons and facilities and the relocation of additional military personnel, material, or equipment:
- (C) to oppose actions by any country that prevent other countries from exercising their sovereign rights to the resources in their exclusive economic zones and continental shelves by enforcing claims to those areas in the South China Sea that lack support in international law; and
- (D) to oppose unilateral declarations of administrative and military districts in contested areas in the South China Sea;
- (8) urge parties to refrain from unilateral actions that cause permanent physical damage to the marine environment and support the efforts of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration and ASEAN to implement guidelines to address the illegal, unreported, and unregulated fishing in the region;
- (9) urge ASEAN nations to develop a common approach to encourage China and the Philippines to comply with the decision of the Permanent Court of Arbitration's 2016 ruling in favor of the Republic of the Philippines in the case against the People's Republic of China's excessive maritime claims;
- (10) reaffirm the commitment of the United States to continue joint efforts with ASEAN to halt human smuggling and trafficking in persons and urge ASEAN to create and strengthen regional mechanisms to provide assistance and support to refugees and migrants;
- (11) support the Mekong-United States Partnership;
- (12) support newly created initiatives with ASEAN nations, including the United States-ASEAN Smart Cities Partnership, the ASEAN Policy Implementation Project, the United States-ASEAN Innovation Circle, and the United States-ASEAN Health Futures;
- (13) encourage the President to communicate to ASEAN leaders the importance of promoting the rule of law and open and transparent government, strengthening civil society, and protecting human rights, including releasing political prisoners, ceasing politically motivated prosecutions and arbitrary killings, and safeguarding freedom of the press, freedom of assembly, freedom of religion, and freedom of speech and expression;
- (14) support efforts by organizations in ASEAN that address corruption in the public and private sectors, enhance anti-bribery compliance, enforce bribery criminalization in the private sector, and build beneficial ownership transparency through the ASEAN-USAID PROSPECT project partnered with the South East Asia Parties Against Corruption (SEA-PAC);
- (15) support the Young Southeast Asian Leaders Initiative as an example of a people-to-people partnership that provides skills, networks, and leadership training to a new generation

- that will create and fill jobs, foster cross-border cooperation and partnerships, and rise to address the regional and global challenges of the future:
- (16) support the creation of initiatives similar to the Young Southeast Asian Leaders Initiative for other parts of the Indo-Pacific to foster people-to-people partnerships with an emphasis on civil society leaders:
- (17) acknowledge those ASEAN governments that have fully upheld and implemented all United Nations Security Council resolutions and international agreements with respect to the Democratic People's Republic of Korea's nuclear and ballistic missile programs and encourage all other ASEAN governments to do the same; and
- (18) allocate appropriate resources across the United States Government to articulate and implement an Indo-Pacific strategy that respects and supports the crucial role of ASEAN and supports ASEAN as a source of well-functioning and problem-solving regional architecture in the Indo-Pacific community.

## SEC. 30206. YOUNG SOUTHEAST ASIAN LEADERS INITIATIVE.

- (a) SHORT TITLE.—This section may be cited as the "Young Southeast Asian Leaders Initiative Act" or the "YSEALI Act".
- (b) YOUNG SOUTHEAST ASIAN LEADERS INITIATIVE.—
- (1) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established in the Department of State the Young Southeast Asian Leaders Initiative ("YSEALI") program.
- (2) GOALS.—The YSEALI program shall seek to build to capacity of young leaders in Southeast Asia to—
- (A) support young leaders from Southeast Asia by offering professional development and a global network to share expertise, including in the areas of civic engagement, economic empowerment and social entrepreneurship, education and environmental issues; and
- (B) further strengthen the enduring partnership between the United States and Southeast Asia and connect United States experts with YSEALI participants.
  - (3) YSEALI PROGRAMS.—
- (A) YSEALI ACADEMIC FELLOWS PROGRAM.—
  There is established the YSEALI Academic Fellows Program to bring students from YSEALI partner countries to the United States for the purposes of building practical expertise, leadership skills, and professional networks relating to one or more of the YSEALI themes. The Secretary of State may award fellowships under the Academic Fellows Program to eligible individuals based on the following:
- (i) Citizenship and residency in a YSEALI partner country.
- (ii) Status as a full-time undergraduate student, or recent graduate of college, university, or other institutions of higher learning.
- (iii) Other criteria determined appropriate by the Secretary.
- (B) YSEALI PROFESSIONAL FELLOWS PROGRAM.—There is established the YSEALI Professional Fellows Program to bring professionals from YSEALI partner countries to the United States for the purposes of building practical expertise, leadership skills, and professional networks relating to one or more of the YSEALI themes. The Secretary of State may award fellowships under the Professional Fellows Program to eligible individuals based on the following:
- (i) Citizenship and residency in a YSEALI partner country.
- (ii) Status as an emerging leader in government, civil society, or the private sector, and demonstrated expertise relating to one or more of the YSEALI themes.
- (iii) Current employment, and two or more years of professional work experience relevant to one or more YSEALI themes.
- (iv) Other criteria determined appropriate by the Secretary.
- (C) OTHER INITIATIVES.—The Secretary of State may designate other initiatives as YSEALI

initiatives under this section if they advance the goals of the YSEALI program as described in paragraph (2).

- (4) ACTIVITIES.— (A) UNITED STATES-BASED ACTIVITIES.—The Secretary of State shall oversee all United States-based activities carried out under the YSEALI program, including the participation of YSEALI Academic Fellows in a program at a United States university or college, and the participation of YSEALI Professional Fellows at United States private and public sector organizations for individually-tailored work placements. Both fellowships may include site visits, professional networking opportunities, leadership training, community service, and organized cultural activities, as appropriate.
- (B) SOUTHEAST ASIA-BASED ACTIVITIES.—The Secretary of State should continue to support overseas initiatives of the program, including the following:
- (i) Quality leadership training, professional development, and networking opportunities for YSEALI alumni.
- (ii) Reciprocal exchanges for YSEALI Professional Fellows Program's United States professional hosts and interlocutors to support post-United States exchange action plans and other related public diplomacy goals, as appropriate.

Opportunities for networking with YSEALI alumni and professionals and experts who are American and Southeast Asian.

- (iv) The YSEALI Regional Workshop program, offering networking, mentoring, hands-on training, and the tools necessary to lead communities in addressing economic, environmental, educational, and civic engagement issues.
- (v) The YSEALI Seeds for the Future program, providing small, competitive grants to young leaders in Southeast Asia to improve their communities, countries, and the region towards one or more of the themes of civic engagement, economic empowerment and social entrepreneurship, education, orenvironmental
- (vi) The YSEALI Academy at Fulbright University Vietnam, offering executive-level seminars for entry to mid-level professionals around the themes of technology and innovation, public policy, and entrepreneurship.
- (vii) The YSEALI Women's Leadership Academy Program, enhancing people-to-people ties and engagement with young and emerging leaders by promoting gender equality and advancing the status of women and girls, such as in the public health sector.
- (C) ALUMNI PLATFORM.—The Secretary of State is authorized to convene current YSEALI participants and YSEALI alumni through a platform to promote networking opportunities within the YSEALI community.
- (D) IMPLEMENTATION.—To carry out this paragraph, United States diplomatic and consular posts, the Secretary of State, and agency external partners managing and implementing the YSEALI program-
- (i) shall promote United States policy goals in Southeast Asia by providing tools and resources to help young Southeast Asian leaders develop important skills and connections, including through online campaigns and public diplomacy
- (ii) shall establish a system for monitoring, evaluating, and improving the YSEALI program; and
- (iii) may accept financial contributions from foundations, corporations, private donors, program partners, and implementing agency external partners intended to foster the goals of the YSEALI program.
  - (5) REPORTS -
- (A) STRATEGY.—The Secretary of State shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a strategy for implementing the YSEALI program, including the following:
- (i) YSEALI program goals, targets, and planned outcomes for each year and, separately, for the YSEALI program generally during the duration of its implementation.

- (ii) The continuation of YSEALI program monitoring and evaluation plan, including metrics for measuring YSEALI program progress identification of annual YSEALI program goals, and targets.
- (B) ANNUAL REPORTS.—Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this section, and annually thereafter for 4 years, the Secretary of State shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees and publish on a publicly available website of the Department a re-
- (i) YSEALI program progress and an assessment of the metrics, goals, targets, and outcomes described in subparagraph (A)(i), including information relating to YSEALI program implementation and outcome activities during the year covered by each report; and
- (ii) recommendations for improvements or amendments to the YSEALI program and strategy, if any, that would improve their effectiveness during subsequent years of YSEALI program implementation.
- (C) Final Report.—Not later than the date of the submission of the last report required under subparagraph (B), the Secretary of State shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a final assessment report that evaluates YSEALI program implementation and outcomes during the entire duration of YSEALI program operation, including recommendations regarding whether the YSEALI program should be reauthorized and any changes that would improve its effectiveness.
  - (6) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (A) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMIT-TEES.—The term "appropriate congressional committees" means—
- (i) the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives;
- (ii) the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives;
- (iii) the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate: and
- (iv) the Committee on Appropriations of the
- (B) IMPLEMENTING AGENCY EXTERNAL PART-NERS.—The term "implementing agency external partners" means any external partner that is not a United States Government agency, and may include one or more of the following entities:
  - (i) Local or multinational corporations.
  - (ii) Nongovernmental organizations.
- (iii) Universities.
- (iv) Regional institutions.
- (C) YSEALI THEME.—The term "YSEALItheme" means—
- (i) civic engagement;
- (ii) economic empowerment and social entrepreneurship;
  - (iii) education;
- (iv) environmental issues: or
- (v) any other theme included by the Secretary of State
- (D) YSEALI PARTNER COUNTRIES.—The term "YSEALI partner countries" includes each member country of the Association of Southeast Asian Nations and each other country or political entity the Secretary of State determines appropriate to include in the programs established under this section.

#### SEC. 30207. SENSE OF CONGRESS ON ENGAGE-MENT WITH G7 AND G20 COUNTRIES.

- It is the sense of Congress that the President, acting through the Secretary of State, should initiate an agenda with G7 and G20 countries on matters relevant to economic and democratic freedoms, including relating to the following:
- (1) Building support for international infrastructure standards, including standards agreed to at the G20 summit in Osaka in 2018.
- (2) The erosion of democracy and human rights.
- (3) The security of 5G telecommunications.
- (4) Anti-competitive behavior, such as intellectual property theft, massive subsidization of companies, and other policies and practices.

- (5) Predatory international sovereign lending that is inconsistent with Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development and Paris Club principles.
  - (6) International influence campaigns.
  - (7) Environmental standards.
- (8) Coordination with like-minded regional partners that are not in the G7 and G20.

#### SEC. 30208. ENHANCING THE UNITED STATES-TAI-WAN PARTNERSHIP.

- (a) STATEMENT OF POLICY.—It is the policy of the United States-
- (1) to support the close economic, political, and security relationship between Taiwan and the United States and recognize Taiwan as a vital part of the approach to the United States
- (2) to advance the security of Taiwan and its democracy a vital national security interest of the United States;
- (3) to reinforce all existing United States Government commitments to Taiwan, consistent with the Taiwan Relations Act (Public Law 96-8) and the "Six Assurances";
- (4) to support Taiwan's implementation of its asymmetric defense strategy, including the priorities identified in Taiwan's Overall Defense Concept;
- (5) to urae Taiwan to increase its defense spending in order to fully resource its defense strateau:
- (6) to conduct regular transfers of defense articles to Taiwan in order to enhance Taiwan's self-defense capabilities, particularly its efforts to develop and integrate asymmetric capabilities, such as anti-ship, coastal defense, antiarmor, air defense, advanced command, control.  $communications, \ computers, \ intelligence, \ sur$ veillance and reconnaissance and resilient command and control capabilities, into its military forces:
- (7) to advocate and actively advance Taiwan's meaningful participation in international organizations, including the World Health Assembly, the International Civil Aviation Organization. the International Criminal Police Organization. and other international bodies as appropriate;
- (8) to advocate for information sharing with Taiwan in the International Agency for Research on Cancer;
- (9) to promote meaningful cooperation among the United States, Taiwan, and other like-minded partners:
- (10) to enhance bilateral trade, through resumption of talks under the Trade and Investment Framework Agreement;
- (11) to expand bilateral economic and technological cooperation, including improving supply chain security;
- (12) to support United States educational and exchange programs with Taiwan, including by promoting the study of Chinese language, culture, history, and politics in Taiwan; and
- (13) to expand people-to-people exchanges between the United States and Taiwan.
- (b) SUPPORTING UNITED STATES EDUCATIONAL AND EXCHANGE PROGRAMS WITH TAIWAN.
- (1) Establishment of the united states-tai-WAN CULTURAL EXCHANGE FOUNDATION.—The Secretary of State should consider establishing an independent nonprofit entity that-
- (A) is dedicated to deepening ties between the future leaders of Taiwan and the United States;
- (B) works with State and local school districts and educational institutions in the United States to send high school and university students to Taiwan to study the Chinese language, culture, history, politics, and other relevant subjects.
- (2) PARTNER.—State and local school districts and educational institutions, including public universities, in the United States are encouraged to partner with the Taipei Economic and Cultural Representative Office in the United States to establish programs to promote an increase in educational and cultural exchanges.

### SEC. 30209. TAIWAN DIPLOMATIC REVIEW.

(a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following:

- (1) Pursuant to the Taiwan Relations Act (22 U.S.C. 3301(b)(1)), it is the policy of the United States to "promote extensive, close, and friendly commercial, cultural, and other relations between the people of the United States and the people of Taiwan".
- (2) In May 2019, the Taiwanese counterpart to the American Institute in Taiwan, the Coordination Council for North American Affairs, was renamed the "Taiwan Council for U.S. Affairs".

(3) It is the policy of the United States to refer to Taiwan as "Taiwan", not "Taipei" or "Chinese Taipei".

(4) The Taipei Economic and Cultural Representative Office is inaptly named as it works to cultivate the extensive, close, and friendly commercial, cultural, and other relations between the people of the United States and the people, organizations, and enterprises of Taivan. not merely those in Taipei.

(b) NEGOTIATIONS TO RENAME TECRO.—Reflective of the substantively deepening ties between Taiwan and the United States, the Secretary of State shall seek to enter into negotiations with appropriate officials of the Taipei Economic and Cultural Representative Office in the United States with the objective of renaming its office in Washington, D.C., the Taiwan Representative Office in the United States, and its subsidiary offices in the United States, accordingly.

#### SEC. 30210. TAIWAN PEACE AND STABILITY ACT.

- (a) SHORT TITLE.—This section may be cited as the "Taiwan Peace and Stability Act".
  - (b) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES.—The term "appropriate congressional committees" means—
- (A) the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives; and
- (B) the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate.
- (2) International organization" includes United Nations funds, programs, specialized agencies, entities, and bodies, as well as other organizations outside of the United Nations system that the Secretary of State determines appropriate, in consultation with other relevant Federal departments and agencies.
- (3) ONE-CHINA PRINCIPLE.—The term "One-China Principle" means only the PRC's policy toward Taiwan.
- (4) CIVIL SOCIETY ORGANIZATIONS.—The term "civil society organizations" means international civil society organizations that are critical to maintaining Taiwan's international space and enabling Taiwan to play a positive and constructive role in the global community.
- (5) POTENTIAL PLA CAMPAIGNS.—The term "potential PLA campaigns" means—
- (A) a naval blockade of Taiwan:
- (B) an amphibious assault and ground invasion of Taiwan, especially such invasion designed to accomplish a fiat accompli before intervention is possible; or
- (C) a seizure of one or more of Taiwan's outlying islands.
- (c) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following findings:
- (1) The United States has consistently sought to advance peace and stability in East Asia as a central element of United States foreign policy toward the region.
- (2) The Government of the People's Republic of China (PRC), especially since the election of Tsai Ing-Wen in 2016, has conducted a coordinated campaign to weaken Taiwan diplomatically, economically, and militarily in a manner that threatens to erode United States policy and create a fait accompli on questions surrounding Taiwan's future.
- (3) In order to ensure the longevity of United States policy and preserve the ability of the people of Taiwan to determine their future independently, it is necessary to reinforce Taiwan's diplomatic, economic, and physical space.

- (4) Taiwan has provided monetary, humanitarian, and medical assistance to combat diseases such as AIDS, tuberculosis, Ebola, and dengue fever in countries around the world. During the COVID-19 pandemic, Taiwan donated millions of pieces of personal protective equipment and COVID-19 tests to countries in need.
- (5) Since 2016, the Gambia, São Tomé and Principe, Panama, the Dominican Republic, Burkina Faso, El Salvador, the Solomon Islands, and Kiribati have severed diplomatic relations with Taiwan in favor of diplomatic relations with China.
- (6) Taiwan was invited to participate in the World Health Assembly (WHA), the decision-making body of the World Health Organization, as an observer annually between 2009 and 2016. Since the 2016 election of President Tsai, the PRC has increasingly resisted Taiwan's participation in the WHA. Taiwan was not invited to attend the WHA in 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, or 2021.
- attend the WHA in 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, or 2021.
  (7) The Taipei Flight Information Region reportedly served 1,750,000 flights and 68,900,000 passengers in 2018 and is home to Taiwan Taoyuan International Airport, the 11th busiest airport in the world. Taiwan has been excluded from participating at the International Civil Aviation Organization since 2013.

(8) United Nations General Assembly Resolution 2758 (1971) does not address the issue of representation of Taiwan and its people at the United Nations, nor does it give the PRC the right to represent the meanle on Taiwan

right to represent the people on Taiwan.
(d) STATEMENT OF POLICY.—It is the policy of the United States to—

(1) maintain the position that peace and stability in the Western Pacific are in the political, security, and economic interests of the United States, and are matters of international concern; and

(2) work with allies and partners to promote peace and stability in the Indo-Pacific and deter military acts or other forms of coercive behavior that would undermine regional stability.

(e) Sense of Congress on Taiwan's Meaningful Participation in the International Community.—It is the sense of Congress that—

(1) Taiwan is free, democratic, and prosperous, is home to 23,500,000 people, and is an important contributor to the alphal community:

important contributor to the global community; (2) multiple United States Government Administrations have taken important steps to advance Taiwan's meaningful participation in international organizations and to enhance cooperation with Taiwan to provide global public goods, including through development assistance, humanitarian assistance, and disaster relief in trilateral and multilateral fora:

(3) nonetheless, significant structural, policy, and legal barriers remain to advancing Taiwan's meaningful participation in the international community; and

(4) efforts to share Taiwan's expertise with other parts of the global community could be further enhanced through a systematic approach, along with greater attention from Congress and the American public to such efforts.

(f) STRATEGY TO SUPPORT TAIWAN'S MEANING-FUL PARTICIPATION IN INTERNATIONAL ORGANI-ZATIONS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this section, the Secretary of State, in consultation with other Federal departments and agencies as appropriate, shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a strategy—

(A) to advance Taiwan's meaningful participation in a prioritized set of international organizations; and

(B) that responds to growing pressure from the PRC on foreign governments, international organizations, commercial actors, and civil society organizations to comply with its "One-China Principle" with respect to Taiwan.

(2) MATTERS TO BE INCLUDED.—The strategy required under paragraph (1) shall include—

(A) an assessment of the methods the PRC uses to coerce actors to into adhering to its

"One-China Principle", including those employed against governments, international organizations, and civil society organizations and pressure on commercial actors, to the extent relevant in the context of Taiwan's meaningful participation international organizations;

(B) an assessment of the policies of foreign governments toward the PRC and Taiwan, to identify likeminded allies and partners who might become public or private partners in the strategy:

(C) a systematic analysis of all international organizations, as practicable, to identify those that best lend themselves to advancing Taiwan's participation, including—

(i) the organization's policy on the requirements to obtain membership and observer status, as well as the foundational documents defining membership requirements and observer status within the organization.

(ii) the organization's participation rules;

(iii) the processes for developing membership requirements and participation rules;

(iv) the policies of current members regarding Taiwan's political status; and

(v) the organization's relative reliance on contributions from the PRC and how it may affect internal decision-making:

(D) an evaluation of the feasibility and advisability of expanding economic, security, and diplomatic engagement with countries that have demonstrably strengthened, enhanced, or upgraded relations with Taiwan, where it aligns with United States interests:

(E) a survey of international organizations that have allowed Taiwan's meaningful participation, including an assessment of whether any erosion in Taiwan's engagement has occurred within those organizations and how Taiwan's participation has positively strengthened the capacity and activity of these organizations, providing positive models for Taiwan's inclusion in other similar forums:

(F) a list of not more than 20 international organizations at which the United States Government will prioritize using its voice, vote, and influence to advance Taiwan's meaningful participation over the three-year period following the date of enactment of this Act, to be derived from the organizations identified pursuant to subparagraph (C): and

(G) a description of the diplomatic strategies and the coalitions the United States Government plans to develop to implement subparagraph (F).

(3) FORM.—The strategy required under paragraph (1) shall be submitted in classified form but may include an unclassified summary.

(4) CONSULTATION.—The Secretary of State and the heads of other Federal departments and agencies as appropriate shall consult with the appropriate congressional committees and the Committee on Ways and Means of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Finance of the Senate—

(A) not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, with respect to the international organizations identified pursuant to paragraph (2)(C); and

(B) not later than 180 days after the date of the submission of the strategy required under paragraph (1), and every 180 days thereafter for 2 years, regarding the development and implementation of the strategy required.

(g) EXPANDING UNITED STATES-TAIWAN DE-VELOPMENT COOPERATION.—

(1) In General.—No later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Administrator of the United States Agency for International Development (USAID), in consultation with the United States International Development Finance Corporation (DFC), shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report on cooperation with Taiwan on trilateral and multilateral development initiatives, through the American Institute in Taiwan as appropriate.

(2) MATTERS TO BE INCLUDED.—The report required in paragraph (1) shall include the following:

- (A) A comprehensive review of existing cooperation mechanisms and initiatives between USAID or DFC and relevant departments and agencies in Taiwan, including, but not limited to Taiwan's International Cooperation and Development Fund (ICDF).

  (B) An assessment of how USAID and DFC
- development cooperation with relevant departments and agencies in Taiwan compares to comparable cooperation with partners of similar economic size and foreign assistance capacity.
- (C) An analysis of the opportunities and challenges the cooperation described in subparagraph (A) has offered to date, including-
- (i) opportunities collaboration has offered to ernand USAID's and DFC's ability to deliver assistance into a wider range communities;
- (ii) sectors where USAID, DFC, ICDF, other relevant agencies and departments in Taiwan. or the organizations' implementing partners, have a comparative advantage in providing assistance: and
- (iii) opportunities to transition virtual capacity building events relevant departments and agencies in Taiwan, through the Global Cooperation and Training Framework and other forums, into in-person, enduring forms of development cooperation.
- (D) An assessment of any legal, policy, logistical, financial, or administrative barriers to expanding cooperation in trilateral or multilateral development, including-
- (i) availability of personnel at the American Institute in Taiwan responsible for coordinating development assistance cooperation;
- (ii) volume of current cooperation initiatives
- and barriers to expanding it;
- (iii) diplomatic, policy, or legal barriers facing the United States or other partners to including Taiwan in formal and informal multilateral development cooperation mechanisms:
- (iv) resource or capacity barriers to expanding cooperation facing the United States or Taiwan; and
- geopolitical barriers that complicate (v) United States-Taiwan cooperation in third countries.
- (E) Recommendations to address the challenges identified in subparagraph (D).
- (F) A description of any additional resources or authorities that expanding cooperation might
- (3) FORM.—The strategy required in paragraph (1) shall be submitted in unclassified form but may include a classified annex.
- (h) SENSE OF CONGRESS ON EXPANDING UNITED States Economic Relations With Taiwan.—It is the sense of the Congress that-
- (1) expanding United States economic relations with Taiwan has benefited the people of both the United States and Taiwan: and
- (2) the United States should explore opportunities to deepen, and where possible expand, economic ties between Taiwan and the United States.
- (i) Sense of Congress on Peace and Sta-BILITY IN THE TAIWAN STRAIT.—It is the sense of Congress that-
- (1) PRC attempts to intimidate Taiwan, including through high rates of PRC sorties into air space near Taiwan, and PRC amphibious assault exercises near Taiwan, jeopardizes the long-standing United States position that differences in cross-Strait relations must be resolved peacefully:
- (2) given the potential for a cross-Strait conflict to be highly destructive and destabilizing. any increase in the risk of conflict demands attention and obligates leaders to reinforce deterrence, as the most viable means to prevent war:
- (3) Taiwan should continue to implement its asymmetric defense strategy, including investing in cost-effective and resilient capabilities, while also strengthening recruitment and training of its reserve and civil defense forces, and those capabilities include, but are not limited to, coastal defense cruise missiles: and
- (4) while enhancing deterrence, it is also essential to maintain open and effective crisis

- communication and risk reduction mechanisms, as a means to reduce the risk of misunderstanding and ultimately, conflict.
- (i) Strategy to Enhance Deterrence Over A CROSS-STRAIT CONFLICT.-
- (1) IN GENERAL —No later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the President shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a whole-of-government strategy to enhance deterrence over a cross-Strait military conflict between the PRC and Taiwan.
- (2) Matters to be included.—The strategy shall include the following:
- (A) A comprehensive review of existing diplomatic, economic, and military tools to establish deterrence over a cross-Strait conflict and an assessment of their efficacy.
- (B) An examination of the present and future capabilities of the United States and Taiwan to respond to the potential PLA campaigns against Taiwan in 5, 10, and 15 years. The analysis shall include an assessment of the progress Taiwan has made in developing the cost-effective and resilient capabilities needed to respond to its strategic environment, as well as any additional personnel, procurement, or training reforms required.
- (C) An evaluation of the feasibility of expanding coordination with United States allies and partners to enhance deterrence over a cross-Strait conflict. The review shall include a review of the following matters:
- (i) Expanding coordination of public or private messaging on deterrence vis-à-vis Taiwan.
- (ii) Coordinating use of economic tools to raise the costs of PRC military action that could precipitate a cross-Strait conflict.
- (iii) Enhancing codevelopment and codeployment of military capabilities related to deterrence over a cross-Strait conflict, or enhancing coordination on training of Taiwan's military
- (D) Recommendations on significant additional diplomatic, economic, and military steps available to the United States Government, unilaterally and in concert with United States allies and partners, to enhance the clarity and credibility of deterrence over a cross-Strait con-
- (E) A description of any additional resources or authorities needed to implement the recommendations identified in subparagraph (D).
- (3) FORM.—The strategy required in paragraph (1) shall be submitted classified form but may include an unclassified annex.
- (4) Consultation.—Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, and not less frequently than every 180 days thereafter for 7 years, the President (or a designee), as well as representatives from the agencies and departments involved in developing the strategy required in paragraph (1), shall consult with the appropriate congressional committees regarding the development and implementation of the strategy required in this subsection. The representatives from the relevant agencies and departments shall be at the Under Secretary level or above.
- (k) STRENGTHENING TAIWAN'S CIVILIAN DE-FENSE PROFESSIONALS.-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State, in consultation with the Secretary of Defense, shall present to the appropriate congressional committees a plan for strengthening the community of civilian defense professionals in Taiwan, facilitated through the American Institute in Taiwan as appropriate.
- (2) MATTERS TO BE INCLUDED.—The plan required by paragraph (1) shall include the following:
- (A) A comprehensive review of existing United States Government and non-United States Government programmatic and funding modalities to support Taiwan's civilian defense professionals in pursuing professional development, educational, and cultural exchanges in the United States, including-

- (i) opportunities through Department of Statesupported programs, such as the International Visitor Leaders Program; and
- (ii) opportunities offered through nongovernmental institutions, such as think tanks, to the extent the review can practicably make such an assessment.
- (B) A description of the frequency that civilian defense professionals from Taiwan pursue or are selected for the programs reviewed pursuant to subparagraph (A).
- (C) An analysis of any funding, policy, administrative, or other barriers preventing greater participation from Taiwan's civilian defense professionals in the opportunities identified pursuant to subparagraph (A).
- (D) An evaluation of the value expanding the opportunities reviewed pursuant to subparagraph (A) would offer for strengthening Taiwan's existing civilian defense community, and for increasing the perceived value of the field for young professionals in Taiwan.
- (E) An assessment of options the United States Government could take individually, with partners in Taiwan, or with foreign governments, or nongovernmental partners, to expand the opportunities reviewed pursuant to subparagraph (A).
- (F) A description of additional resources and authorities required by the options assessed pursuant to subparagraph (E).
- (3) FORM.—The plan required by paragraph (1) shall be submitted in unclassified form but may include a classified annex.

#### SEC. 30211. TAIWAN INTERNATIONAL SOLIDARITY ACT.

- (a) SHORT TITLE.—This section may be cited as the "Taiwan International Solidarity Act"
- (b) CLARIFICATION REGARDING UNITED NA-TIONS GENERAL ASSEMBLY RESOLUTION 2758.-Subsection (a) of section 2 of the Taiwan Allies International Protection and Enhancement Initiative (TAIPEI) Act of 2019 (Public Law 116-135) (relating to diplomatic relations with Taiwan) is amended by adding at the end the following new paragraphs:
- "(10) United Nations General Assembly Resolution 2758 (1971) established the representatives of the Government of the People's Republic of China as the only lawful representatives of China to the United Nations. The resolution did not address the issue of representation of Taiwan and its people in the United Nations or any related organizations, nor did the resolution take a position on the relationship between the People's Republic of China and Taiwan or include any statement pertaining to Taiwan's sovereignty.
- '(11) The United States opposes any initiative that seeks to change Taiwan's status without the consent of the people."
- (c) United States Advocacy for Inter-NATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS TO RESIST THE PEO-PLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA'S EFFORTS TO DIS-TORT THE "ONE CHINA" POSITION.—Section 4 of the Taiwan Allies International Protection and Enhancement Initiative (TAIPEI) Act of 2019 (relating to the policy of the United States regarding Taiwan's participation in international organizations) is amended—
- (1) in paragraph (2), by striking "and" after the semicolon at the end;
- (2) in paragraph (3), by striking the period at the end and inserting "; and"; and
  (3) by adding at the end the following new
- paragraph:
- "(4) to instruct, as appropriate, representatives of the United States Government in all organizations described in paragraph (1) to use the voice, vote, and influence of the United States to advocate such organizations to resist the People's Republic of China's efforts to distort the decisions, language, policies, or procedures of such organizations regarding Taiwan.
- (d) Opposing the People's Republic of CHINA'S EFFORTS TO UNDERMINE TAIWAN'S TIES PARTNERSHIPS INTERNATIONALLY.—Subsection (a) of section 5 of the Taiwan Allies

International Protection and Enhancement Initiative (TAIPEI) Act of 2019 (relating to strengthening ties with Taiwan) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (2), by striking "and" after the semicolon at the end;

(2) in paragraph (3), by striking the period at the end and inserting "; and"; and

(3) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

"(4) encourage, as appropriate, United States allies and partners to oppose the People's Republic of China's efforts to undermine Taiwan's official diplomatic relationships and its partnerships with countries with which it does not maintain diplomatic relations."

(e) REPORT ON THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA'S ATTEMPTS TO PROMOTE ITS "ONE CHINA" POSITION.—

(1) In GENERAL.—Subsection (b) of section 5 of the Taiwan Allies International Protection and Enhancement Initiative (TAIPEI) Act of 2019 (relating to strengthening ties with Taiwan) is amended by inserting before the period at the end the following: ", as well as information relating to any prior or ongoing attempts by the People's Republic of China to undermine Taiwan's membership or observer status in all organizations described in section (4)(1) and Taiwan's ties and relationships with other countries in accordance with subsection (a) of this section".

(2) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendment made by paragraph (1) shall take effect on the date of the enactment of this Act and apply beginning with the first report required under subsection (b) of section 5 of the Taiwan Allies International Protection and Enhancement Initiative (TAIPEI) Act of 2019, as amended by paragraph (1), that is required after such date.

#### SEC. 30212. TAIWAN FELLOWSHIP PROGRAM.

- (a) SHORT TITLE.—This section may be cited as the "Taiwan Fellowship Act".
  - (b) FINDINGS; PURPOSES.-

(1) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following:

(A) The Taiwan Relations Act (Public Law 96-8; 22 U.S.C. 3301 et seq.) affirmed United States policy "to preserve and promote extensive, close, and friendly commercial, cultural, and other relations between the people of the United States and the people on Taiwan, as well as the people on the China mainland and all other peoples of the Western Pacific area".

(B) Consistent with the Asia Reassurance Initiative Act of 2018 (Public Law 115–409), the United States has grown its strategic partnership with Taiwan's vibrant democracy of 23,000,000 people.

(C) Despite a concerted campaign by the People's Republic of China to isolate Taiwan from its diplomatic partners and from international organizations, including the World Health Organization, Taiwan has emerged as a global leader in the coronavirus global pandemic response, including by donating more than 2,000,000 surgical masks and other medical equipment to the United States.

(D) The creation of a United States fellowship program with Taiwan would support—

(i) a key priority of expanding people-to-people exchanges, which was outlined in President Donald J. Trump's 2017 National Security Strat-

(ii) President Joseph R. Biden's commitment to Taiwan, "a leading democracy and a critical economic and security partner", as expressed in his March 2021 Interim National Security Strateoic Guidance: and

(iii) April 2021 guidance from the Department of State based on a review required under the Taiwan Assurance Act of 2020 (subtitle B of title III of division FF of Public Law 116–260) to "encourage U.S. government engagement with Taiwan that reflects our deepening unofficial relationship".

(2) Purposes.—The purposes of this section are—

(A) to further strengthen the United States-Taiwan strategic relationship and broaden understanding of the Indo-Pacific region by temporarily assigning officials of agencies of the United States Government to Taiwan for intensive study in Mandarin Chinese and placement as Fellows with the governing authorities on Taiwan or a Taiwanese civic institution:

(B) to expand United States Government expertise in Mandarin Chinese language skills and understanding of the politics, history, and culture of Taiwan and the Indo-Pacific region by providing eligible United States personnel the opportunity to acquire such skills and understanding through the Taiwan Fellowship Program established under subsection (c); and

(C) to better position the United States to advance its economic, security, and human rights interests and values in the Indo-Pacific region.

(c) Taiwan Fellowship Program.

(1) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

(A) AGENCY HEAD.—The term "agency head" means, in the case of the executive branch of United States Government, or in the case of legislative branch agency specified in subparagraph (B), the head of the respective agency.

(B) AGENCY OF THE UNITED STATES GOVERN-MENT.—The term "agency of the United States Government" includes the Government Accountability Office, the Congressional Budget Office, the Congressional Research Service, and the United States-China Economic and Security Review Commission of the legislative branch, as well as any agency of the executive branch.

(C) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES.—The term "appropriate congressional committees" means—

(i) the Committee on Appropriations, the Committee on Foreign Affairs, and the Committee on Armed Services of the House of Representatives;

(ii) the Committee on Appropriations and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate.
(D) DETAILEE.—The term "detailee" means an

(D) DETAILEE.—The term "detailee" means an employee of an agency of the United States Government on loan to the American Institute in Taiwan, without a change of position from the agency at which such employee is employed.

(E) IMPLEMENTING PARTNER.—The term "implementing partner" means any United States organization described in section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 and exempt from tax under section 501(a) of such Code that—

(i) is selected through a competitive process;

(ii) performs logistical, administrative, and other functions, as determined by the Department of State and the American Institute of Taiwan, in support of the Taiwan Fellowship Program and

(iii) enters into a cooperative agreement with the American Institute in Taiwan to administer the Taiwan Fellowship Program.

(2) ESTABLISHMENT OF TAIWAN FELLOWSHIP PROGRAM.—

(A) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary of State shall establish the "Taiwan Fellowship Program" (referred to in this section as the "Program") to provide a fellowship opportunity in Taiwan of up to two years for eligible United States citizens through the cooperative agreement established in subparagraph (B). The Secretary of State, in consultation with appropriate counterparts at the American Institute in Taiwan and the implementing partner, may modify the name of the Program.

(B) COOPERATIVE AGREEMENTS.—

(i) IN GENERAL.—The American Institute in Taiwan shall use amounts appropriated pursuant to the authorization under paragraph (6)(A) to enter into an annual or multi-year cooperative agreement with an appropriate implementing partner.

(ii) FELLOWSHIPS.—The Secretary of State, in consultation with the American Institute in Taiwan and, as appropriate, the implementing partner, shall award to eligible United States citizens. subject to available funding—

(I) not fewer than five fellowships during the first two years of the Program; and

(II) not fewer than ten fellowships during each of the remaining years of the Program.

(C) International agreement; implementing partner.—Not later than 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the American Institute in Taiwan, in consultation with the Secretary of State, shall—

(i) begin negotiations with the Taipei Economic and Cultural Representative Office, or with another appropriate entity, for the purpose of entering into an agreement to facilitate the placement of fellows in an agency of the governing authorities on Taiwan; and

(ii) begin the process of selecting an implementing partner, which—

(I) shall agree to meet all of the legal requirements required to operate in Taiwan; and

(II) shall be composed of staff who demonstrate significant experience managing exchange programs in the Indo-Pacific region.

(D) Curriculum.—

(i) FIRST YEAR.—During the first year of each fellowship under this subsection, each fellow should study—

(I) the Mandarin Chinese language;

(II) the people, history, and political climate on Taiwan; and

(III) the issues affecting the relationship between the United States and the Indo-Pacific region.

(ii) SECOND YEAR.—During the second year of each fellowship under this section, each fellow, subject to the approval of the Secretary of State, the American Institute in Taiwan, and the implementing partner, and in accordance with the purposes of this section, shall work in—

(I) a parliamentary office, ministry, or other agency of the governing authorities on Taiwan; or

(II) an organization outside of the governing authorities on Taiwan, whose interests are associated with the interests of the fellow and the agency of the United States Government from which the fellow had been employed.

(E) FLEXIBLE FELLOWSHIP DURATION.—Notwithstanding any requirement under this section, the Secretary of State, in consultation with the American Institute in Taiwan and, as appropriate, the implementing partner, may award fellowships that have a duration of between nine months and two years, and may alter the curriculum requirements under subparagraph (D) for such purposes.

(F) SUNSET.—The Program shall terminate ten years after the date of the enactment of this section

(3) Program requirements.—

(Å) ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS.—A United States citizen is eligible for a fellowship under this section if he or she—

(i) is an employee of the United States Government,

(ii) has at least two years of experience in any branch of the United States Government;

(iii) has received at least one exemplary performance review in his or her current United States Government role within at least the last three years prior to beginning the fellowship;

(iv) has a demonstrated professional or educational background in the relationship between the United States and countries in the Indo-Pacific region; and

(v) has demonstrated his or her commitment to further service in the United States Government.

(B) RESPONSIBILITIES OF FELLOWS.—Each recipient of a fellowship under this section shall agree, as a condition of such fellowship—

(i) to maintain satisfactory progress in language training and appropriate behavior in Taiwan, as determined by the Department of State, the American Institute in Taiwan and, as appropriate, its implementing partner;

(ii) to refrain from engaging in any intelligence or intelligence-related activity on behalf of the United States Government; and

(iii) to continue Federal Government employment for a period of not less than four years after the conclusion of the fellowship, or for not less than two years for a fellowship that is one year or shorter.

- (C) RESPONSIBILITIES OF IMPLEMENTING PART-NER.—
- (i) SELECTION OF FELLOWS.—The implementing partner, in close coordination with the Secretary of State and the American Institute in Taiwan, shall—
- (I) make efforts to recruit fellowship candidates who reflect the diversity of the United States:
- (II) select fellows for the Program based solely on merit, with appropriate supervision from the Department of State and the American Institute in Taiwan; and
- (III) prioritize the selection of candidates willing to serve a fellowship lasting one year or
- (ii) FIRST YEAR.—The implementing partner should provide each fellow in the first year (or shorter duration, as jointly determined by the Secretary of State and the American Institute in Taiwan, for those who are not serving a two-year fellowship) with—
- (I) intensive Mandarin Chinese language training; and
- (II) courses in the politic, culture, and history of Taiwan, China, and the broader Indo-Pacific.
- (iii) WAIVER OF REQUIRED TRAINING.—The Secretary of State, in coordination with the American Institute in Taiwan and, as appropriate, the implementing partner, may waive any of the training required under clause (ii) to the extent that a fellow has Mandarin Chinese language skills, knowledge of the topics described in clause (ii)(II), or for other related reasons approved by the Secretary of State and the American Institute in Taiwan. If any of the training requirements are waived for a fellow serving a two-year fellowship, the training portion of his or her fellowship may be shortened to the extent appropriate.
- (iv) OFFICE; STAFFING.—The implementing partner, in consultation with the Secretary of State and the American Institute in Taiwan, shall maintain an office and at least one full-time staff member in Taiwan to—
- (I) liaise with the American Institute in Taiwan and the governing authorities on Taiwan; and
- (II) serve as the primary in-country point of contact for the recipients of fellowships under this section and their dependents.
- (v) Other functions.—The implementing partner should perform other functions in association in support of the Program, including logistical and administrative functions, as included in the cooperative agreement entered into pursuant to paragraph (2)(B) by the Secretary of State and the American Institute in Taiwan.
  - (D) NONCOMPLIANCE.—
- (i) IN GENERAL.—Any fellow who fails to comply with the requirements under this section shall reimburse the American Institute in Taiwan for—
- (I) the Federal funds expended for the fellow's participation in the fellowship, as set forth in clauses (ii) and (iii); and
- (II) interest accrued on such funds (calculated at the prevailing rate).
- (ii) FULL REMBURSEMENT.—Any fellow who violates clause (i) or (ii) of subparagraph (B) shall reimburse the American Institute in Taiwan in an amount equal to the sum of—
- (I) all of the Federal funds expended for the fellow's participation in the fellowship; and
- (II) interest on the amount specified in subclause (I), which shall be calculated at the prevailing rate.
- (iii) PRO RATA REIMBURSEMENT.—Any fellow who violates subparagraph (B)(iii) shall reimburse the American Institute in Taiwan in an amount equal to the difference between—
  - (I) the amount specified in clause (ii); and
- (II) the product of-
- (aa) the amount the fellow received in compensation during the final year of the fellowship, including the value of any allowances and benefits received by the fellow; multiplied by

- (bb) the percentage of the period specified in subparagraph (B)(iii) during which the fellow did not remain employed by the United States Government.
- (E) ANNUAL REPORT.—Not later than 90 days after the selection of the first class of fellows under this section and annually thereafter for 10 years, the Secretary of State shall offer to brief the appropriate congressional committees regarding the following:
- (i) An assessment of the performance of the implementing partner in fulfilling the purposes of this section.
- (ii) The number of applicants each year, the number of applicants willing to serve a fellowship lasting one year or longer, and the number of such applicants selected for a fellowship.
- (iii) The names and sponsoring agencies of the fellows selected by the implementing partner and the extent to which such fellows represent the diversity of the United States.
- (iv) The names of the parliamentary offices, ministries, other agencies of the governing authorities on Taiwan, and nongovernmental institutions to which each fellow was assigned.
- (v) Any recommendations, as appropriate, to improve the implementation of the Program, including added flexibilities in the administration of the program.
- (vi) An assessment of the Program's value upon the relationship between the United States and Taiwan or the United States and Asian countries.
  - (F) ANNUAL FINANCIAL AUDIT.-
- (i) In GENERAL.—The financial records of any implementing partner shall be audited annually in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by independent certified public accountants or independent licensed public accountants who are certified or licensed by a regulatory authority of a State or another political subdivision of the United States.
- (ii) LOCATION.—Each audit under clause (i) shall be conducted at the place or places where the financial records of the implementing partner are normally kept.
- (iii) ACCESS TO DOCUMENTS.—The implementing partner shall make available to the accountants conducting an audit under clause
- (I) all books, financial records, files, other papers, things, and property belonging to, or in use by, the implementing partner that are necessary to facilitate the audit; and
- (II) full facilities for verifying transactions with the balances or securities held by depositories, fiscal agents, and custodians.
- (iv) Report.—
- (I) In GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the end of each fiscal year, the implementing partner shall provide a report of the audit conducted for such fiscal year under clause (i) to the Secretary of State and the American Institute in Taiwan.
- (II) CONTENTS.—Each audit report under subclause (I) shall—
- (aa) set forth the scope of the audit at issue; (bb) include such statements, along with the auditor's opinion of those statements, as may be necessary to present fairly the implementing partner's assets and liabilities, surplus or deficit, with reasonable detail;
- (cc) include a statement of the implementing partner's income and expenses during the year;
- (dd) include a schedule of—
- (AA) all contracts and cooperative agreements requiring payments greater than \$5,000; and
- (BB) any payments of compensation, salaries, or fees at a rate greater than \$5.000 per year.
- (III) COPIES.—Each audit report shall be produced in sufficient copies for distribution to the public.
- (4) TAIWAN FELLOWS ON DETAIL FROM GOVERN-MENT SERVICE.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—
- (i) DETAIL AUTHORIZED.—With the approval of the Secretary of State, an agency head may de-

- tail, for a period of not more than two years, an employee of the agency of the United States Government who has been awarded a fellowship under this Act, to the American Institute in Taiwan for the purpose of assignment to the governing authorities on Taiwan or an organization described in paragraph (2)(D)(ii)(II).
- (ii) AGREEMENT.—Each detailee shall enter into a written agreement with the Federal Government before receiving a fellowship, in which the fellow shall agree—
- (I) to continue in the service of the sponsoring agency at the end of fellowship for a period of at least four years (or at least two years if the fellowship duration is one year or shorter) unless such detailee is involuntarily separated from the service of such agency; and
- (II) to pay to the American Institute in Taiwan any additional expenses incurred by the United States Government in connection with the fellowship if the detailee voluntarily separates from service with the sponsoring agency before the end of the period for which the detailee has agreed to continue in the service of such agency.
- (iii) EXCEPTION.—The payment agreed to under clause (ii)(II) may not be required of a detailee who leaves the service of the sponsoring agency to enter into the service of another agency of the United States Government unless the head of the sponsoring agency notifies the detailee before the effective date of entry into the service of the other agency that payment will be required under this subsection.
- (B) STATUS AS GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEE.—A detailee under this paragraph—
- (i) is deemed, for the purpose of preserving allowances, privileges, rights, seniority, and other benefits, to be an employee of the sponsoring agency:
- (ii) is entitled to pay, allowances, and benefits from funds available to such agency, which is deemed to comply with section 5536 of title 5, United States Code; and
- (iii) may be assigned to a position with an entity described in paragraph (2)(D)(ii)(I) if acceptance of such position does not involve—
- (I) the taking of an oath of allegiance to another government; or
- (II) the acceptance of compensation or other benefits from any foreign government by such detailee.
- (C) Responsibilities of sponsoring agency.—
- (i) IN GENERAL.—The agency of the United States Government from which a detailee is detailed should provide the fellow allowances and benefits that are consistent with Department of State Standardized Regulations or other applicable rules and regulations, including—
- (I) a living quarters allowance to cover the cost of housing in Taiwan;
- (II) a cost of living allowance to cover any possible higher costs of living in Taiwan;
- (III) a temporary quarters subsistence allowance for up to seven days if the fellow is unable to find housing immediately upon arriving in Taiwan:
- (IV) an education allowance to assist parents in providing the fellow's minor children with educational services ordinarily provided without charge by public schools in the United States;
- (V) moving expenses to transport personal belongings of the fellow and his or her family in their move to Taiwan, which is comparable to the allowance given for American Institute in Taiwan employees assigned to Taiwan, and
- (VI) an economy-class airline ticket to and from Taiwan for each fellow and the fellow's immediate family.
- (ii) Modification of Benefits.—The American Institute in Taiwan and its implementing partner, with the approval of the Department of State, may modify the benefits set forth in clause (i) if such modification is warranted by fiscal circumstances.
- (D) NO FINANCIAL LIABILITY.—The American Institute in Taiwan, the implementing partner,

- and any governing authorities on Taiwan or nongovernmental entities in Taiwan at which a fellow is detailed during the second year of the fellowship may not be held responsible for the pay, allowances, or any other benefit normally provided to the detailee.
- (E) REIMBURSEMENT.—Fellows may be detailed under clause (A)(ii) without reimbursement to the United States by the American Institute in Taiwan.
- (F) ALLOWANCES AND BENEFITS.—Detailees may be paid by the American Institute in Taiwan for the allowances and benefits listed in subparagraph (C).
- (5) GAO REPORT.—Not later than one year before the sunset of the Program pursuant to paragraph (2)(F), the Comptroller General of the United States shall transmit to the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives a report that includes the following:
- (A) An analysis of United States Government participants in the Program, including the number of applicants and the number of fellowships undertaken, and the places of employment.
- (B) An assessment of the costs and benefits for participants in the Program and for the United States Government of such fellowships.
- (C) An analysis of the financial impact of the fellowship on United States Government offices that have detailed fellows to participate in the Program.
- (D) Recommendations, if any, on how to improve the Program.
  - (6) FUNDING.—
- (A) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— There are authorized to be appropriated to the American Institute in Taiwan—
- (i) for fiscal year 2022, \$2,900,000, of which \$500,000 should be made available to an appropriate implementing partner to launch the Program; and
- (ii) for fiscal year 2023, and each succeeding fiscal year, \$2,400,000.
- (B) PRIVATE SOURCES.—The implementing partner selected to implement the Program may accept, use, and dispose of gifts or donations of services or property in carrying out such program, subject to the review and approval of the American Institute in Taiwan.

#### SEC. 30213. INCREASING DEPARTMENT OF STATE PERSONNEL AND RESOURCES DE-VOTED TO THE INDO-PACIFIC.

- (a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following findings:
- (1) In fiscal year 2020, the Department of State allocated \$1,500,000,000 to the Indo-Pacific region in bilateral and regional foreign assistance resources, including as authorized by section 201(b) of the Asia Reassurance Initiative Act of 2018 (Public Law 115-409; 132 Stat. 5391), and \$798,000,000 in the fiscal year 2020 diplomatic engagement budget. These amounts represent only 5 percent of the diplomatic engagement budget and only 4 percent of the total Department of State-USAID budget.
- (2) Over the last 5 years the diplomatic engagement budget and personnel levels in the Indo-Pacific averaged only 5 percent of the total, while foreign assistance resources averaged only 4 percent of the total.
- (3) In 2020, the Department of State began a process to realign certain positions at posts to ensure that its personnel footprint matches the demands of great-power competition, including in the Indo-Pacific.
- (b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that—
- (1) the size of the United States diplomatic corps must be sufficient to meet the current and emerging challenges of the 21st century, including those in the Indo-Pacific region and elsewhere:
- (2) robust Chinese-language skills are necessary for the success of the United States diplomatic corps and integral to its ability to meet national security objectives;

- (3) the increase must be designed to meet the objectives of an Indo-Pacific strategy focused on strengthening the good governance and sovereignty of countries that adhere to and uphold the rules-based international order; and
- (4) the increase must be implemented with a focus on increased numbers of economic, political, and public diplomacy officers, representing a cumulative increase of at least 200 Foreign Service officer generalists, to—
- (A) advance free, fair, and reciprocal trade and open investment environments for United States entities, and engaged in increased commercial diplomacy in key markets;
- (B) better articulate and explain United States policies, strengthen civil society and democratic principles, enhance reporting on global activities, promote people-to-people exchanges, and advance United States influence; and
- (C) increase capacity at small- and mediumsized embassies and consulates in the Indo-Pacific and other regions around the world, as necessary.
- (c) STATEMENT OF POLICY.—It shall be the policy of the United States to—
- (1) ensure Department of State funding levels and personnel footprint in the Indo-Pacific reflect the region's high degree of importance and significance to United States political, economic, and security interests; and
- (2) increase diplomatic engagement and foreign assistance funding and the quantity of personnel dedicated to the Indo-Pacific region respective to the Department of State's total budget
- (d) ACTION PLAN.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State shall provide to the appropriate congressional committees (including the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives and the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate) of Congress an action plan that includes the following elements:
- (1) Identification of requirements to advance United States strategic objectives in the Indo-Pacific and the personnel and budgetary resources for the Department of State needed to satisfy such objectives, assuming an unconstrained resource environment.
- (2) A plan to increase the portion of the Department's budget dedicated to the Indo-Pacific in terms of DE and FA focused on development, economic, and security assistance.
- (3) A plan to increase the number of positions at posts in the Indo-Pacific region and bureaus with responsibility for the Indo-Pacific region, including a description of increases at each post or bureau, a breakdown of increases by cone, and a description of how such increases in personnel will advance United States strategic objectives in the Indo-Pacific region.
- (4) A plan to increase the number of Chineselanguage speakers and translation specialists at posts in the Indo-Pacific region and within bureau offices with responsibility for the Indo-Pacific region, including in INR.
- (5) A description of any staffing or other training or personnel reforms that may be required to quickly increase departmental capacity to address the inter-disciplinary, interconnected opportunities and challenges presented in the Indo-Pacific, including but not limited to issues related to climate change, public health, supply chains, cybersecurity, and digital technology issues.
- (6) Defined concrete and annual benchmarks that the Department will meet in implementing the action plan.
- (7) A description of any barriers to implementing the action plan and recommendations to address these barriers, noting whether additional authorities or resources from Congress is needed to address these barriers.
- (e) UPDATES TO REPORT AND BRIEFING.— Every 180 days after the submission of the action plan described in subsection (d) for not more than 3 years, the Secretary of State shall

- submit an update and brief the appropriate congressional committees (including the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives and the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate) on the implementation of such action plan, with supporting data and including a detailed assessment of benchmarks reached.
- (f) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— There is authorized to be appropriated, for fiscal year 2022, \$2,000,000,000 in bilateral and regional foreign assistance resources to carry out the purposes of part I and chapter 4 of part II of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2151 et seq., 2346 et seq.) to the Indo-Pacific region and \$1,250,000,000 in diplomatic engagement resources to the Indo-Pacific region.
- (g) INCLUSION OF AMOUNT'S APPROPRIATED PURSUANT TO ASIA REASSURANCE INITIATIVE ACT OF 2018.—Amounts authorized to be appropriated under subsection (f) include funds authorized to be appropriated pursuant to section 201(b) of the Asia Reassurance Initiative Act of 2018 (Public Law 115-409).
- (h) BENCHMARKS UPDATE.—Not later than 2 years after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State shall report to the appropriate congressional committees on the extent to which the strategic objectives described in the action plan in subsection (d) have been satisfied or progress toward such satisfaction has been made.

#### SEC. 30214. REPORT ON BILATERAL EFFORTS TO ADDRESS CHINESE FENTANYL TRAF-FICKING.

- (a) CHINA'S CLASS SCHEDULING OF FENTANYL AND SYNTHETIC OPIOID PRECURSORS.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State and Attorney General shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a written report detailing—
- (1) a description of United States Government efforts to gain a commitment from the Government of the People's Republic of China (PRC) to submit unregulated fentanyl precursors such as 4-AP to controls:
- (2) a plan for future steps the United States Government will take to urge the PRC to combat illicit fentanyl production and trafficking originating in the PRC;
- (3) an assessment of the intersection between illicit fentanyl trafficking originating in China and illicit environmental trade and possible relationships of trade-based money laundering; and
- (4) an assessment of the intersection between illicit fentanyl trafficking originating in China and counterfeit medicines and medical supplies in the United States.
- (b) FORM OF REPORT.—The report required under subsection (a) shall be submitted in unclassified form with a classified annex.

# SEC. 30215. FACILITATION OF INCREASED EQUITY INVESTMENTS UNDER THE BETTER UTILIZATION OF INVESTMENTS LEADING TO DEVELOPMENT ACT OF 2018.

- (a) APPLICABILITY OF FEDERAL CREDIT RE-FORM ACT OF 1990.—Section 1421(c) of the Better Utilization of Investments Leading to Development Act of 2018 (22 U.S.C. 9621(c)) is amended by adding at the end the following:
- "(7) APPLICABILITY OF FEDERAL CREDIT RE-FORM ACT OF 1990.—
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—Subject to subparagraphs (B) and (C), support provided under paragraph (1) with respect to a project shall be considered to be a Federal credit program that is subject to the Federal Credit Reform Act of 1990 (2 U.S.C. 661 et seq.) for purposes of applying the requirements of such Act to such support
- "(B) DETERMINATION OF COST.—
- "(i) In GENERAL.—For purposes of section 502(5) of the Federal Credit Reform Act of 1990 (2 U.S.C. 661a(5) et seq.) the cost of support provided under paragraph (1) with respect to a project shall be the net present value, at the time when funds are disbursed to provide the support, of the following estimated cash flows:

"(I) The purchase price of the support.

"(II) Dividends, redemptions, and other shareholder distributions during the term of the support.

"(III) Proceeds received upon a sale, redemption, or other liquidation of the support.

"(IV) Adjustments for risk of estimated losses, if any.

"(ii) CHANGES IN TERMS INCLUDED.—The estimated cash flows described in subclauses (I) through (IV) of clause (i) shall include the effects of changes in terms resulting from the exercise of options included in the agreement to provide the support.

"(C) REESTIMATE OF COST.—When the estimated cost of support provided under paragraph (1) with respect to a project made in a single fiscal year is reestimated in a subsequent year, the difference between the reestimated cost and the previous cost estimate shall be paid from the balances available in the Corporate Capital Account established under section 1434.".

(b) MAXIMUM CONTINGENT LIABILITY.—Section 1433 of the Better Utilization of Investments Leading to Development Act of 2018 (22 U.S.C. 9633) is amended by striking "\$60,000,000,000" and inserting "\$100,000,000,000".

(c) Funding for Corporate Capital Account.—Section 1434(b) of the Better Utilization of Investments Leading to Development Act of 2018 (22 U.S.C. 9634(b)) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (5), by striking "and" at the

(2) by redesignating paragraph (6) as paragraph (7); and

(3) by inserting after paragraph (5) the following:

"(6) receipts of reestimated costs received pursuant to section 1421(c); and"

(d) REPORT.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Chief Executive Officer of the United States International Development Finance Corporation shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives and the Senate a report on—

(1) a plan to expand the Corporation's financing to support United States national security and development priorities in critical regions; and

(2) the budgetary, staffing, and programmatic resources that would be required in order to carry out the plan required by this subsection.

# SEC. 30216. EXPANDING INVESTMENT BY UNITED STATES INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT FINANCE CORPORATION FOR VACCINE MANUFACTURING.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Development Finance Corporation is authorized to provide financing to entities in India and in other less developed countries to increase vaccine manufacturing capacity for the following purposes:

(1) Manufacturing Stringent Regulatory Authorization (SRA) or World Health Organization (WHO) Emergency Use Listing COVID-19 vaccines.

(2) Manufacturing SRA or WHO Emergency Use Listing therapeutics used to treat symptoms related to COVID-19

(3) Manufacturing critical medical supplies needed for preventing, detecting and treating COVID-19, including ventilators, personal protective equipment, oxygen, diagnostics, therapeutics and vaccines.

(b) REPORTING REQUIREMENT.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Chief Executive Officer of the Development Finance Corporation, in coordination with the Secretary of State, shall provide a report to the appropriate congressional committees—

(1) outlining the countries where DFC financing could be most impactful for vaccine manufacturing and to achieve the goal of manufacturing 1 billion COVID-19 vaccines by 2022;

(2) including a detailed explanation of the United States and partner country interests served by the United States providing support to such projects;

(3) including a detailed description of any support provided by other United States allies and partners to expand the initiatives outlined in subsection (a): and

(4) including a detailed description of any support provided by the People's Republic of China in support of the initiatives outlined in subsection (a).

(c) FORM OF REPORT.—The report required by subsection (b) shall be submitted in unclassified form with a classified annex if necessary.

#### SEC. 30217. ENSURING UNITED STATES DIPLO-MATIC POSTS ALIGN WITH AMER-ICAN STRATEGIC NATIONAL SECU-RITY AND ECONOMIC OBJECTIVES.

(a) FINDING.—With 276 embassies and other representative offices globally, China now has more diplomatic posts around the world than any other country, including the United States. Many of Beijing's new missions can be found in countries that recently broke ties with Taiwan (Burkina Faso, the Dominican Republic, El Salvador, the Gambia, and São Tomé and Principe) or do not have any United States diplomatic physical presence despite these countries asking for increased United States engagement and investment (Antigua and Barbuda and Dominica).

(b) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of Congress, that the Department of State should conduct an assessment of all United States diplomatic missions and posts to verify such missions and posts align with United States national security and economic interests, as well as ensuring that these locations position the United States appropriately with its strategic competitors to advance the national interest in every country worldwide, including those countries currently lacking any physical United States diplomatic presence, whether an embassy, consulate general, or principal officer post.

(c) REPORTING.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act and biennially thereafter for 4 years, the Secretary of State shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees (including the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives and the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate) a report assessing the number, location, and objectives of each of its diplomatic missions and posts worldwide, including an assessment of any gaps that exist compared to other country strategic competitors. The Secretary of State shall coordinate with the heads of other Federal departments and agencies having an overseas presence at any United States diplomatic mission or post to ensure such assessment reflects all Federal Government equities and viewpoints.

#### SEC. 30218. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIA-TIONS FOR THE FULBRIGHT-HAYS PROGRAM.

There are authorized to be appropriated, for the 5-year period beginning on October 1, 2021, \$105,500,000, to promote education, training, research, and foreign language skills through the Fulbright-Hays Program, in accordance with section 102(b) of the Mutual Educational and Cultural Exchange Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2452(b)).

#### SEC. 30219. SUPPORTING INDEPENDENT MEDIA AND COUNTERING DISINFORMATION.

(a) AUTHORIZATION OF USAGM APPROPRIATIONS.—There is authorized to be appropriated for the United States Agency for Global Media \$100,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2022 through 2026, for ongoing and new programs to support local media, build independent media, combat CCP disinformation inside and outside of the People's Republic of China, invest in technology to subvert censorship, and monitor and evaluate such programs, of which—

(1) not less than \$70,000,000 shall be directed to a grant to Radio Free Asia language services; (2) not less than \$20,000,000 shall be made

(2) not less than \$20,000,000 snall be made available to serve populations in China through Mandarin, Cantonese, Uyghur, and Tibetan language services; and

(3) not less than \$5,500,000 shall be made available for digital media services—

(A) to counter propaganda of non-Chinese populations in foreign countries; and

(B) to counter propaganda of Chinese populations in China through "Global Mandarin" programming.

(b) SUPPORT FOR LOCAL MEDIA.—The Secretary of State, acting through the Assistant Secretary of State for Democracy, Human Rights, and Labor, and the Administrator of the United States Agency for International Development, acting through the Assistant Administrator for Development, Democracy, and Innovation, shall jointly support and train foreign journalists on investigative techniques necessary to ensure public accountability, promote transparency, fight corruption, and support the ability of the public to develop informed opinions about pressing issues facing their countries.

(c) INTERNET FREEDOM PROGRAMS.—The Bureau of Democracy, Human Rights, and Labor shall continue to support internet freedom programs.

(d) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—
There is authorized to be appropriated to the
Department of State and United States Agency
for International Development \$170,000,000 for
each of fiscal years 2022 through 2026, for ongoing and new programs in support of press freedom, training, and protection of journalists.
Amounts appropriated pursuant to this authorization are authorized to remain available until
expended and shall be in addition to amounts
otherwise authorized to be appropriated to support press freedom, training, and protection of
journalists.

#### SEC. 30219A. GLOBAL ENGAGEMENT CENTER.

(a) FINDING.—Congress established the Global Engagement Center to "direct, lead, and coordinate efforts" of the Federal Government to "recognize, understand, expose, and counter foreign state and non-state propaganda and disinformation globally".

(b) EXTENSION.—Section 1287(j) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2017 (22 U.S.C. 2656 note) is amended by striking "the date that is 8 years after the date of the enactment of this Act" and inserting "December 31, 2027".

(c) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that the Global Engagement Center should expand its coordinating capacity of diplomatic messaging through the exchange of liaison officers with Federal departments and agencies that manage aspects of identifying and countering foreign disinformation, including the Office of the Director of National Intelligence and Special Operations Command's Joint MISO Web Operations Center.

(d) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— There is authorized to be appropriated \$150,000,000 for fiscal year 2022 for the Global Engagement Center to counter foreign state and non-state sponsored propaganda and disinformation.

#### SEC. 30219B. REPORT ON ORIGINS OF THE COVID-19 PANDEMIC.

(a) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of Congress that—

(1) understanding the origins of the COVID— 19 pandemic may help the United States better prepare, prevent, and respond to pandemic health threats in the future;

(2) given the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on all Americans, the American people deserve to know what information the United States Government possesses about the origins of COVID-19, as appropriate:

(3) it is critical for independent experts to have full access to all pertinent human, animal, and environmental data, biological sample, research, and personnel involved in the early stages of the outbreak relevant to determining how this pandenic emerged:

(4) Congress shares the concerns expressed by the United States Government and 13 other foreign governments that the international team of experts dispatched to the People's Republic of China by the World Health Organization (WHO) to study the origins of the SARS-CoV-2 virus was "significantly delayed and lacked access to complete, original data and samples'

(6) the G7 communique expressing support for full implementation of the International Health Regulations, including "a timely, transparent, expert-led, and science-based WHO-convened Phase 2 COVID-19 Origins study including, as recommended by the experts' report, in China" is a valuable commitment by the United States and its allies to investigating the origins of COVID-19 in order to better prepare for future pandemics: and

(7) Congress supports the effort announced by President Biden, directing the intelligence community to conduct a 90 day review to further analyze information pointing to the origins of COVID-19, which resulted in broad intelligence community agreement that the 'virus was not developed as a biological weapon' and 'two hypotheses remain plausible: natural exposure to an infected animal and a laboratory-associated incident'.

(b) REPORT REQUIRED.—Not later than 180 days after enactment of this Act, the President shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a report consisting of-

- (1) an assessment of the most likely source or origin of the SARS-CoV-2 virus, including a detailed review of all information the United States possesses that it has identified as potentially relevant to the source or origin of the SARS-CoV-2 virus, including zoonotic transmission and spillover, or other sources of origin, transmission, or spillover, based on the information the United States Government has to date; (2) its level of confidence in its assessment;
- and(3) challenges identified to its ability to make
- such an assessment. (c) FORM.—The report required by subsection (b) shall be submitted in unclassified form but may include a classified annex.
- (d) Appropriate Committees of Congress Defined.—In this section, the term "appropriate committees of Congress" means-
- (1) the Committee on Foreign Relations of the
- (2) the Select Committee on Intelligence of the
- Senate; (3) the Committee on Health, Education.
- Labor, and Pensions of the Senate: (4) the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate;
- (5) the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives;
- (6) the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives; and
- (7) the Committee on Energy and Commerce of the House of Representatives.

# SEC. 30219C. EXTENSION OF ASIA REASSURANCE INITIATIVE ACT OF 2018.

(a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that-

(1) the Indo-Pacific region is home to many of the world's most dynamic democracies, economic opportunities, as well as many challenges to United States interests and values as a result of the growth in authoritarian governance in the region and by broad challenges posed by nuclear proliferation, the changing environment, and deteriorating adherence to human rights principles and obligations;

(2) the People's Republic of China poses a particular threat as it repeatedly violates internationally recognized human rights, engages in unfair economic and trade practices, disregards international laws and norms, coerces its neighbors, engages in malign influence operations, and enables global digital authoritarianism;

(3) the Asia Reassurance Initiative Act of 2018 ("ARIA") enhances the United States' commitment in the Indo-Pacific region by-

(A) expanding its defense cooperation with its allies and partners:

(B) investing in democracy and the protection of human rights;

- (C) engaging in cybersecurity initiatives; and (D) supporting people-to-people engagement and other shared priorities; and
- (4) the 2019 Department of Defense Indo-Pacific Strategy Report concludes that ARIA "enshrines a generational whole-of-government policy framework that demonstrates U.S. commitment to a free and open Indo-Pacific region"
- (b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—The Asia Reassurance Initiative Act of 2018 (Public Law 115-409) is amended-
- (1) in section 201(b), by striking "\$1,500,000,000 for each of the fiscal years 2019 through 2023" and inserting "\$2,000,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2022 through 2026"
- (2) in section 215(b), by striking "2023" and inserting "2026"

(3) in section 306(a)—

- (A) in paragraph (1), by striking "5 years" and inserting "8 years"; and
- (B) in paragraph (2), by striking "2023" and inserting "2026",
- (4) in section 409(a)(1), by striking "2023" and inserting "2026"
- (5) in section 410-
- (A) in subsection (c), by striking "2023" and inserting "2026"; and
- (B) in subsection (d), in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by striking "2023" and inserting 2026": and
- (6) in section 411, by striking "2023" and insertina "2026"

#### SEC. 30219D. CHINA WATCHER PROGRAM.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of State, acting through the Assistant Secretary of State for East Asian and Pacific Affairs, and in coordination with relevant offices and bureaus of the Department of State, shall implement a "China Watcher Program" within the Department of State to-
- (1) monitor and combat Chinese malian influence across economic and political sectors in foreign countries: and
- (2) augment the capacity of United States Government engagement with foreign countries and regional and international economic and political organizations and institutions relating to policy coordination regarding China and such Chinese malign influence.
- (b) Placement.—In carrying out the China Watcher Program under this section, the Secretary of State shall place Foreign Service officers in positions in select United States diplomatic and consular posts, at the discretion of the Secretary of State, to engage both Chinese and third-country nationals, including host governments, on the matters described in sub-
- (c) Annual Report.—Each diplomatic or consular post with a China Watcher Program shall produce an annual report outlining the steps each such post has taken to advance the mission, trends observed, and the nature and extent of Chinese foreign direct investment and influence in key economic and political sectors, including technology, manufacturing, transportation, energy, metals, agriculture, and real es-
- (d) AUTHORIZATION OF ANNUAL APPROPRIA-TIONS.—There is authorized to be appropriated \$5,000,000 for fiscal year 2022 and each fiscal year thereafter to carry out this section.

#### SEC. 30219E. LIU XIAOBO FUND FOR STUDY OF THE CHINESE LANGUAGE.

(a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that-

(1) as a substitute to Confucius Institutes, the United States Government should invest heavily into alternative programs and institutions that ensure there remains a robust pipeline of Americans learning China's many languages; and

(2) in a 21st century that will be dominated by strategic competition between the United States and China, it is in the national security interests of the United States to ensure that Americans continue to invest in Chinese language skills, as well as Tibetan, Uyghur, and

Mongolian languages, while ensuring they can do so in a context free of malign political influence from foreign state actors.

(b) Establishment of the Liu Xiaobo Fund FOR STUDY OF THE CHINESE LANGUAGE.—The Secretary of State shall establish in the Department of State the "Liu Xiaobo Fund for Study of the Chinese Language" to fund study by United States persons of Mandarin and Cantonese Chinese, Tibetan, Uyghur, Mongolian, and other contemporary spoken languages of China, abroad or in the United States.

(c) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS. There are authorized to be appropriated to the Department of State for fiscal year 2021 and every fiscal year thereafter, \$10,000,000 to carry out the Liu Xiaobo Fund for Study of the Chinese Language.

(d) REQUIRED ACTIVITIES.—Amounts authorized to be appropriated pursuant to subsection (c) shall-

(1) be designed to advance the national security and foreign policy interests of the United States, as determined by the Secretary of State;

- (2) favor funding mechanisms that can maximize the total number of United States persons given the opportunity to acquire full conversational linguistic proficiency in Mandarin and Cantonese Chinese, Tibetan, Uyghur, Mongolian, and other contemporary spoken languages of China:
- (3) favor funding mechanisms that provide opportunities for such language study to areas traditionally under-served by such opportuni-
- (4) be shaped by an ongoing consultative process taking into account design inputs of-

(A) civil society institutions, including Chinese diaspora community organizations;

(B) language experts in Mandarin and Cantonese Chinese, Tibetan, Uyghur, Mongolian, and other contemporary spoken languages of China:

(C) organizations representing historically disadvantaged socioeconomic groups in the United States; and

(D) human rights organizations: and

- (5) favor opportunities to fund the study of Mandarin and Cantonese Chinese, Tibetan, Uyghur, Mongolian, and other contemporary spoken languages of China at Alaska Nativeserving institutions, Asian American and Native American Pacific Islander-serving institutions, Hispanic-serving institutions, historically Black college or universities, Native American-serving nontribal institutions, Native Hawaiian-serving institutions, Predominantly Black institutions, Tribal Colleges or Universities.
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act and annually thereafter for five years, the Secretary of State, in consultation with the heads of appropriate Federal departments and agencies, as appropriate, shall submit to the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate a report detailing activities and disbursements made to carry out this Act over the immediately preceding academic year.
  (2) REPORT CONTENTS.—Each report required
- under paragraph (1) shall include details on-
- (A) which institutions, programs, or entities received funds through the Liu Xiaobo Fund for Study of the Chinese Language;
- (B) funds distribution disaggregated by institution, program, or entity, including identification of the State or country in which such institution, program, or entity is located;

(C) the number of United States persons who received language study under the Liu Xiaobo Fund for Study of the Chinese Language, and the average amount disbursed per person for such studu:

(D) a comparative analysis of per dollar program effectiveness and efficiency in allowing United States persons to reach conversational proficiency Mandarin or Cantonese Chinese, Tibetan, Uyghur, Mongolian, or other contemporary spoken languages of China;

(E) an analysis of which of the languages referred to in subparagraph (D) were studied through the funding from the Liu Xiaobo Fund for Study of the Chinese Language; and

(F) any recommendations of the Secretary of State for improvements to the authorities, priorities, or management of the Liu Xiaobo Fund for Study of the Chinese Language.

- (f) Interagency Funds Transfers Authorization.—Amounts authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary of State to carry out this Act are authorized to be transferred to the heads of other appropriate Federal departments and agencies for similar purposes, subject to prior notification to the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate. Such heads shall consult with the Secretary in the preparation of the report required under subsection (e).
- (g) LIMITATIONS.—Amounts authorized to be appropriated to carry out this Act may only be made available for the costs of language study funded and administration incurred by the Department of State or programs carried out by the Department of State (or by another Federal department or agency pursuant to subsection (f)) to carry out this section.
  - (h) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) ALASKA NATIVE-SERVING INSTITUTION.—The term "Alaska Native-serving institution" has the meaning given such term in section 317(b) of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1059d(b)).
- (2) ASIAN AMERICAN AND NATIVE AMERICAN PA-CIFIC ISLANDER-SERVING INSTITUTION.—The term "Asian American and Native American Pacific Islander-serving institution" has the meaning given such term in section 371(c) of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1067q(c)).
- (3) HISPANIC-SERVING INSTITUTION.—The term "Hispanic-serving institution" has the meaning given such term in section 502 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1101a).
- (4) HISTORICALLY BLACK COLLEGE OR UNIVER-SITY.—The term "historically Black college or university" means a part B institution described in section 322(2) of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (22 U.S.C. 1061(2)).
- (5) NATIVE AMERICAN-SERVING NONTRIBAL IN-STITUTION.—The term "Native American-serving nontribal institution" has the meaning given such term in section 371(c) of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1067q(c)).
- (6) NATIVE HAWAHAN-SERVING INSTITUTION.— The term "Native Hawaiian-serving institution" has the meaning given such term in section 317(b) of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1059d(b)).
- (7) PREDOMINANTLY BLACK INSTITUTION.—The term "Predominantly Black institution" has the meaning given such term in section 371(c) of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1067q(c)).
- (8) TRIBAL COLLEGE OR UNIVERSITY.—The term "Tribal College or University" has the meaning given such term in section 316(b) of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1059c(b)).

#### SEC. 30219F. OVERSIGHT OF FUNDS MADE AVAIL-ABLE THROUGH THE AMERICAN RES-CUE PLAN ACT OF 2021.

- (a) AUTHORITIES AND CONDITIONS.—Amounts authorized and appropriated under title X of the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 (Public Law 117–2) to carry out the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2151 et seq.) shall be subject to the applicable authorities and conditions for funds made available to carry out the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2151 et seq.) and division K of Public Law 116–260.
- (b) OVERSIGHT AND ACCOUNTABILITY.— Amounts authorized and appropriated under sections 10001 and 10002 of American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 may be transferred to the Inspector General of the Department of State and the Inspector General of the United States Agency for International Development to expand the capacity of such Inspectors General to

conduct effective oversight of the foreign assistance programs and activities under such Act.

(c) UNITED STATES CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE GLOBAL FUND TO FIGHT AIDS, TUBERCULOSIS, AND MALARIA COVID—19 RESPONSE MECHANISM.—United States contributions to the Global Fund to Fight AIDS, Tuberculosis, and Malaria COVID—19 Response Mechanism under section 10003(a)(2) of American Rescue Plan Act of 2021—

(1) shall be meaningfully leveraged in a manner that incentivizes other public and private donor contributions: and

(2) shall be subject to the reporting and withholding requirements under subsections (c), (d)(4)(A)(ii), (d)(4)(C), (d)(5), (d)(6), (f), and (g) of section 202 of the United States Leadership Against HIV/AIDS, Tuberculosis, and Malaria Act of 2003 (22 U.S.C. 7622).

#### SEC. 30219G. REQUIREMENTS RELATING TO VAC-CINE BRANDING.

The President shall ensure that every vaccine donated or otherwise procured and financed by the United States Government shall be clearly branded with the United States flag.

#### Subtitle B—International Security Matters SEC. 30221. APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CON-GRESS.

In this subtitle, the term "appropriate committees of Congress" means—

(1) the Committee on Foreign Relations, the

Committee on Armed Services, and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate; and
(2) the Committee on Foreign Affairs, the

(2) the Committee on Foreign Affairs, the Committee on Armed Services, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.

#### SEC. 30222. ADDITIONAL FUNDING FOR INTER-NATIONAL MILITARY EDUCATION AND TRAINING IN THE INDO-PA-CIFIC.

There is authorized to be appropriated for each of fiscal years 2022 through fiscal year 2026 for the Department of State, out of amounts authorized to be appropriated or otherwise made available for assistance under chapter 5 of part II of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2347 et seq.) (relating to international military education and training assistance), \$45,000,000 for activities in the Indo-Pacific region in accordance with this subtitle. Funds may be disbursed only after vetting of individuals proposed to be trained, consistent with sections 502B and 620M of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2304 and 2378d).

# SEC. 30223. STATEMENT OF POLICY ON MARITIME FREEDOM OF OPERATIONS IN INTERNATIONAL WATERWAYS AND AIRSPACE OF THE INDO-PACIFIC AND ON ARTIFICIAL LAND FEATURES IN THE SOUTH CHINA SEA.

(a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—Congress—

(1) condemns coercive and threatening actions or the use of force to impede freedom of navigation operations in international airspace by military or civilian aircraft, to alter the status quo, or to destabilize the Indo-Pacific region;

(2) urges the Government of the People's Republic of China to refrain from implementing the declared East China Sea Air Defense Identification Zone (ADIZ), or an ADIZ in the South China Sea, where contrary to freedom of overlight in international airspace, and to refrain from taking similar provocative actions elsewhere in the Indo-Pacific region;

(3) reaffirms that the 2016 Permanent Court of Arbitration decision is final and legally binding on both parties and that the People's Republic of China's claims to offshore resources across most of the South China Sea are unlawful; and

(4) condemns the People's Republic of China for failing to abide by the 2016 Permanent Court of Arbitration ruling, despite the PRC's obligations as a state party to the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea.

(b) STATEMENT OF POLICY.—It shall be the policy of the United States to—

(1) reaffirm its commitment and support for allies and partners in the Indo-Pacific region, in-

cluding with respect to the mutual defense treaties with Indo-Pacific allies;

(2) oppose claims that impinge on the rights, freedoms, and lawful use of the sea, or the airspace above it, that are available to all countries, and oppose the militarization of new and reclaimed land features in the South China Sea;

(3) continue certain policies with respect to the PRC claims in the South China Sea, specifically—

(A) that PRC claims in the South China Sea, including to offshore resources across most of the South China Sea, are unlawful:

the South China Sea, are unlawful;
(B) that the PRC cannot lawfully assert a maritime claim vis-à-vis the Philippines in areas that the Permanent Court of Arbitration found to be in the Philippines' Exclusive Economic Zone (EEZ) or on its continental shelf:

(C) to reject any PRC claim to waters beyond a 12 nautical mile territorial sea derived from islands it claims in the Spratly Islands; and

(D) that the PRC has no lawful territorial or maritime claim to James Shoal;

- (4) urge all parties to refrain from engaging in destabilizing activities, including environmentally harmful and provocative land reclamation:
- (5) ensure that disputes are managed without intimidation, coercion, or force;
- (6) call on all claimants to clarify or adjust claims in accordance with international law:
- (7) uphold the principle that territorial and maritime claims, including territorial waters or territorial seas, must derive from land features and otherwise comport with international law;
- (8) oppose the imposition of new fishing regulations covering disputed areas in the South China Sea, regulations which have raised tensions in the region;
- (9) support an effective Code of Conduct, if that Code of Conduct reflects the interests of Southeast Asian claimant countries and does not serve as a vehicle for the People's Republic of China to advance its unlawful maritime claims;
- (10) reaffirm that an existing body of international rules and guidelines, including the International Regulations for Preventing Collisions at Sea, done at London October 12, 1972 (COLREGS), is sufficient to ensure the safety of navigation between the United States Armed Forces and the forces of other countries, including the People's Republic of China;

(11) support the development of regional institutions and bodies, including the ASEAN Regional Forum, the ASEAN Defense Minister's Meeting Plus, the East Asia Summit, and the expanded ASEAN Maritime Forum, to build practical cooperation in the region and reinforce the role of international law;

(12) encourage the deepening of partnerships with other countries in the region for maritime domain awareness and capacity building, as well as efforts by the United States Government to explore the development of appropriate multilateral mechanisms for a "common operating picture" in the South China Sea among Southeast Asian countries that would serve to help countries avoid destabilizing behavior and deterrisky and dangerous activities;

(13) oppose actions by any country to prevent any other country from exercising its sovereign rights to the resources of the exclusive economic zone (EEZ) and continental shelf by making claims to those areas in the South China Sea that have no support in international law; and

(14) assure the continuity of operations by the United States in the Indo-Pacific region, including, when appropriate, in cooperation with partners and allies, to reaffirm freedom of navigation and overflight and other lawful uses of the sea.

#### SEC. 30224. REPORT ON CAPABILITY DEVELOP-MENT OF INDO-PACIFIC ALLIES AND PARTNERS.

- (a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that—
- (1) the Secretary of State should expand and strengthen existing measures under the United

States Conventional Arms Transfer Policy to provide capabilities to allies and partners consistent with agreed-on division of responsibility for alliance roles, missions and capabilities, prioritizing allies and partners in the Indo-Pacific region in accordance with United States strategic imperatives:

- (2) the United States should design for export to Indo-Pacific allies and partners capabilities critical to maintaining a favorable military balance in the region, including long-range precision fires, air and missile defense systems, antiship cruise missiles, land attack cruise missiles, conventional hypersonic systems, intelligence, surveillance, and reconnaissance capabilities, and command and control systems consistent with law, regulation, policy, and international commitments;
- (3) the United States should pursue, to the maximum extent possible, anticipatory technology security and foreign disclosure policy on the systems described in paragraph (2);

(4) the Secretary of State, in coordination with the Secretary of Defense, should—

- (A) urge allies and partners to invest in sufficient quantities of munitions to meet contingency requirements and avoid the need for accessing United States stocks in wartime; and
- (B) cooperate with allies to deliver such munitions, or when necessary, to increase allies' capacity to produce such munitions; and
- (5) it is in the United States interest to not authorize arms transfers or security cooperation to governments that demonstrate patterns of gross violations of human rights if such arms or security cooperation could be used to commit or support such violations.
- (b) APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS.— In this section, the term "appropriate committees of Congress" means—
- (1) the Committee on Foreign Relations, the Committee on Armed Services, and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate; and
- (2) the Committee on Foreign Affairs, the Committee on Armed Services, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.

(c) REPORT.—

- (1) In GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State, in consultation with the Secretary of Defense, shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a report that describes United States priorities for building more capable security partners in the Indo-Pacific region.
- (2) MATTERS TO BE INCLUDED.—The report required under paragraph (1) shall—
- (A) provide a priority list of defense and military capabilities that Indo-Pacific allies and partners must possess for the United States to be able to achieve its military objectives in the Indo-Pacific region;
- (B) identify, from the list referred to in subparagraph (A), the capabilities that are best provided, or can only be provided, by the United States;

(C) identify—

- (i) actions required to expedite fielding the capabilities identified in subparagraph (B); and
- (ii) steps needed to fully account for and a plan to integrate all means of United States foreign military sales, direct commercial sales, security assistance, and all applicable authorities of the Department of State and the Department of Defense;
- (D) assess the requirements for United States security assistance, including International Military Education and Training, in the Indo-Pacific region, as a part of the means to deliver critical partner capability requirements identified in subparagraph (B);
- (E) assess the resources necessary to meet the requirements for United States security assistance, and identify resource gaps;
- (F) assess the major obstacles to fulfilling requirements for United States security assistance in the Indo-Pacific region, including resources

and personnel limits, foreign legislative and policy barriers, and factors related to specific partner countries:

- (G) identify limitations on the ability of the United States to provide such capabilities, including capabilities identified under subparagraph (B), because of existing United States treaty obligations, United States policies, including sections 502B and 620M of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2304 and 2378d), or other regulations;
- (H) recommend improvements to the process for developing requirements for United States partner capabilities; and
- (I) identify required jointly agreed recommendations for infrastructure and posture, based on any ongoing mutual dialogues.
- (3) FORM.—The report required under this subsection shall be unclassified, but may include a classified annex.

SEC. 30225. STATEMENT OF POLICY REGARDING THE THREAT POSED BY THE CHI-NESE COMMUNIST PARTY TO THE NORTH ATLANTIC TREATY ORGANI-ZATION.

It is the policy of the United States to-

(1) urge NATO allies to work closely with likeminded partners, in particular with the European Union, to protect critical infrastructure, strengthen resilience, maintain a technological edge, and address the challenges to the rulesbased international order posed by the Chinese Communist Party;

(2) encourage NATO allies to explore how to monitor and defend against any activity of the Chinese Communist Party that could impact collective defense, military readiness, or resilience in the Supreme Allied Commander Europe's Area of Responsibility, including by identifying vulnerabilities of key sectors and supply chains, in coordination with the European Union;

(3) push for NATO allies to establish a consultative body to bring together such allies, and other institutions and partners as relevant, to exchange information, share experiences, and discuss all aspects of such allies' security interests with respect to the Chinese Communist Party; and

(4) prioritize urging all NATO allies to share the burden that comes with collective security in an increasingly complex security environment by reaching by 2024 the pledge set at the 2014 Wales Summit to spend two percent of GDP on defense spending and 20 percent of annual defense spending on major new equipment.

# SEC. 30226. IDENTIFICATION OF PLA-SUPPORTED INSTITUTIONS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter, the Secretary of State shall publish and disseminate to United States institutions and places of study a list identifying the research, engineering, and scientific institutions that the Secretary determines are affiliated with, or funded by, the Chinese People's Liberation Army.

(b) FORM.—The list published and disseminated under subsection (a) shall be unclassified and publicly accessible, but may include a classified annex.

#### Subtitle C—Multilateral Strategies to Bolster American Power

# SEC. 30231. FINDINGS ON MULTILATERAL ENGAGEMENT.

Congress finds the following:

- (1) Every UN member state is legally required to finance the UN's core budget in order to ensure that these missions are properly resourced, and assessment rates are renegotiated every three years by the UN General Assembly.
- (2) While the United States is the largest single financial contributor to the UN system, the current model is beneficial because it requires all UN member states, no matter how big or small, to help shoulder the UN's regular and peace-keeping budgets at specified levels.

(3) Failing to meet our financial commitments to the UN also empowers the PRC, which has

raised our annual shortfalls to claim we are not a reliable partner and is seeking to leverage its own contributions to the regular budget and peacekeeping in ways that run counter to United States interests and values.

(4) The People's Republic of China is now the second largest financial contributor to UN peacekeeping, having gone from an assessment rate of just 3 percent in 2008 to more than 15 percent today, and is the ninth largest troopcontributor to UN missions, providing more personnel than the other four permanent members of the Security Council combined.

(5) With greater engagement comes greater influence, and PRC diplomats have sought to use their expanded clout to push back against the human rights, civilian protection, and genderbased violence aspects of UN peacekeeping mandates, using United States funding shortfalls as a pretext.

(6) The PRC has also used its growing clout to fill key posts at UN agencies: Chinese nationals currently occupy the top posts of four of the UN's 15 specialized agencies, while the United States occuries only one.

(7) From 2021 to 2022, there will be 15 elections for the heads of UN specialized agencies and five for major UN funds and programs. With the exception of the World Food Programme, none are currently led by Americans.

(8) A 2020 Department of State Inspector General Inspection found that the Bureau for International Organizations did not have a standard operating procedure for tracking and promoting the employment of American Citizens in the UN system, and their recommendation to the department to establish one remains open.

## SEC. 30232. STATEMENT OF POLICY ON AMERICA'S MULTILATERAL ENGAGEMENT.

It is the policy of the United States that-

(1) the Permanent Representative of the United States to the United Nations serves as a standing member of the cabinet;

(2) assessed dues to multilateral organizations be paid in full in a timely fashion;

(3) Federal agencies utilize all the authorities under section 3343 of title 5, United States Code, and subpart C of title 5, Code of Federal Regulations (relating to detail and transfer of Federal employees to international organizations), to detail or transfer employees to relevant international organizations:

(4) the Secretary of State should assist the Department of State and other Federal agencies in carrying out paragraph (3) to the fullest extent;

- (5) the Secretary of State should support qualified American candidates in their bid to win election to United Nations-related leadership positions; and
- (6) the Secretary of State should support the placement of Junior Professional Officers sponsored by the United States in United Nations-affiliated agencies.

# SEC. 30233. SUPPORT FOR AMERICANS AT THE UNITED NATIONS.

- (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary of State is authorized to establish within the Department of State's Bureau of International Organization Affairs an Office of Multilateral Strategy and Personnel.
- (b) DUTIES.—The office established under subsection (a) of this section shall be responsible for—
- (1) promoting United States leadership and participation in the United Nations system, with a focus on issue areas where authoritarian nations are exercising increased influence in and determining the agenda of the United Nations system;
- (2) establishing and implementing a standard operating procedure for the promotion and efficient tracking of United States citizen employment at the United Nations and other international organizations that includes Mission Geneva:
- (3) monitoring the pipeline of United Nations jobs and identifying qualified United States citizens and other qualified nationals to promote for such positions;

- (4) tracking leadership changes in United Nations Secretariat, funds, programs, and agencies, and developing strategies to ensure that coalitions of like-minded countries are assembled to ensure leadership races are not won by countries that do not share United States inter-
- (5) eliminating current barriers to the employment of United States citizens in the United Nations Secretariat, funds, programs, and agen-
- (6) increasing the number of qualified United States candidates for leadership and oversight positions at the United Nations Secretariat, funds, programs, agencies, and at other international organizations.

#### SEC. 30234. JUNIOR PROFESSIONAL OFFICERS.

(a) Increase in Junior Professional Offi-CER POSITIONS.—The Secretary of State should increase the number of Junior Professional Officer positions sponsored by the United States within the United Nations system.

(b) REPORT.—Not later than December 31 of each year, the Secretary of State shall provide the appropriate congressional committees information regarding the amount of funding each bureau has designated during the immediately preceding fiscal year for Junior Professional Officer positions in the United Nations system and the number of such positions that exist as of the end of the prior fiscal year.

#### SEC. 30235. REPORT ON AMERICAN EMPLOYMENT INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZA-TIONS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act and annually thereafter, the Secretary of State, in consultation with the heads of other Federal departments and agencies as appropriate, shall develop and submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report on how many Federal employees are currently detailed or transferred to an international organization during the immediately preceding 1-year period and a strateau for increasing the number of Federal employees so detailed or transferred.
- (b) MATTERS TO BE INCLUDED.—Each report required by subsection (a) shall include the followina:
- (1) The number of Federal employees detailed or transferred to an international organization under section 3343 of title 5. United States Code. and subpart C of title 5, Code of Federal Regulations (relating to the detail and transfer of Federal employees to international organizations), including-
- (A) an identification of the Federal agency from which such employees were detailed or transferred: and
- (B) an identification of the international organizations to and from which such employees have been so detailed or transferred.
- (2) A list of international organizations to and from which the United States previously detailed or transferred Federal employees.

#### Subtitle D-Regional Strategies to Bolster American Power

#### SEC. 30241. STATEMENT OF POLICY ON COOPERA-TION WITH ALLIES AND PARTNERS AROUND THE WORLD.

It is the policy of the United States-

- (1) to strengthen alliances and partnerships with like-minded countries around the globe;
- (2) to work in collaboration with such allies and partners-
- (A) to address significant diplomatic, economic, and military challenges posed by the People's Republic of China (PRC);
- (B) to deter the PRC from pursuing military aggression;
- (C) to promote the peaceful resolution of territorial disputes in accordance with international lan
- (D) to promote private sector-led long-term economic development while countering efforts by the Government of the PRC to leverage pred-

atory economic practices as a means of political and economic coercion in the Indo-Pacific region and beyond:

- (E) to promote the values of democracy and human rights, including through efforts to end the repression by the PRC of political dissidents, Uyghurs and other Muslim minorities, Tibetan Buddhists, Christians, and other ethnic minori-
- (F) to respond to the crackdown by the PRC, in contravention of the commitments made under the Sino-British Joint Declaration of 1984 and the Basic Law of Hong Kong, on the legitimate aspirations of the people of Hong Kong; and
- (G) to counter the PRC Government's efforts to spread disinformation in the PRC and beyond with respect to its response to COVID-19.

#### PART 1-WESTERN HEMISPHERE

#### SEC. 30242. SENSE OF CONGRESS REGARDING UNITED STATES-CANADA RELA-

It is the sense of Congress that-

- (1) the United States and Canada have a unique relationship based on shared geography. extensive personal connections, deep economic ties mutual defense commitments and a shared vision to uphold democracy, human rights, and the rules based international order established after World War II:
- (2) the United States and Canada can better address the People's Republic of China's economic, political, and security influence through closer cooperation on counternarcotics, environmental stewardship, transparent practices in public procurement and infrastructure planning, the Arctic, energy and connectivity issues, commercial relations, bilateral legal matters, and support for democracy, good governance, and human rights;
- (3) amidst the COVID-19 pandemic, the United States and Canada should maintain joint initiatives to address border management, commercial relations and infrastructure, a shared approach with respect to the People's Republic of China, and transnational challenges, including pandemics, energy security, and environmental stewardship;
- (4) the United States and Canada should encooperation to counter disinformation, influence operations, economic espionage, and propaganda efforts;
- (5) the People's Republic of China's infrastructure investments, particularly in 5G telecommunications technology, extraction of natural resources, and port infrastructure, pose national security risks for the United States and Canada:
- (6) the United States should share, as appropriate, intelligence gathered regarding-
  - (A) Huawei's 5G capabilities: and
- (B) the PRC government's intentions with respect to 5G expansion:
- (7) the United States and Canada should continue to advance collaborative initiatives to implement the January 9, 2020, United States-Canada Joint Action Plan on Critical Minerals Development Collaboration; and
- (8) the United States and Canada should prioritize cooperation on continental defense and in the Arctic, including by modernizing the North American Aerospace Defense Command (NORAD) sensor architecture to provide effective warning and tracking of threats by peer competitors, including long-range missiles and high-precision weapons, to the Northern Hemi-

#### SEC. 30243. SENSE OF CONGRESS REGARDING CHINA'S ARBITRARY IMPRISONMENT OF CANADIAN CITIZENS.

It is the sense of Congress that-

(1) the Government of the People's Republic of China's apparent arbitrary detention and abusive treatment of Canadian nationals Michael Spavor and Michael Kovrig in apparent retaliation for the Government of Canada's arrest of Meng Wanzhou is deeply concerning;

- (2) the Government of Canada has shown international leadership by-
- (A) upholding the rule of law and complying with its international legal obligations, including obligations pursuant to the Extradition Treaty Between the United States of America and Canada, signed at Washington December 3, 1971; and
- (B) launching the Declaration Against Arbitrary Detention in State-to-State Relations, which has been endorsed by 57 countries and the European Union, and reaffirms well-established prohibitions under international human rights conventions against the arbitrary detention of foreign nationals to be used as leverage in country-to-country relations; and
- (3) the United States continues to join the Government of Canada in calling for the immediate release of Michael Spavor and Michael Kovrig and for due process for Canadian national Robert Schellenberg.

#### SEC. 30244. STRATEGY TO ENHANCE COOPERA-TION WITH CANADA.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the President shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees, and the Committee on Ways and Means of the House of Representatives, the Committee on Finance of the Senate, and the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives and the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate, a strateau that describes how the United States will enhance cooperation with the Government of Canada in managing relations with the Government of the People's Republic of China.
- (b) ELEMENTS.—The strategy required under subsection (a) shall—
- (1) identify key policy points of convergence and divergence between the United States and Canada in managing relations with the People's Republic of China in the areas of technology economic practices, cyber security, secure supply chains and critical minerals, and illicit narcotics:
- (2) include a description of United States development and coordination efforts with Canadian counterparts to enhance the cooperation between the United States and Canada with respect to-
- (A) managing economic relations with the People's Republic of China:
- (B) democracy and human rights in the People's Republic of China:
- (C) technology issues involving the People's Republic of China:
- (D) defense issues involving the People's Republic of China: and
- (E) international law enforcement and transnational organized crime issues;
- (3) detail diplomatic efforts and future plans to work with Canada to counter the People's Republic of China's projection of an authoritarian governing model around the world:
- (4) detail diplomatic, defense, and intelligence cooperation to date and future plans to support Canadian efforts to identify cost-effective alternatives to Huawei's 5G technology;
- (5) detail diplomatic and defense collaboration-
- (A) to advance joint United States-Canadian priorities for responsible stewardship in the Arctic Region; and
- (B) to counter the People's Republic of China's efforts to project political, economic, and military influence into the Arctic Region; and
- (6) detail diplomatic efforts to work with Canada to track and counter the People's Republic of China's attempts to exert influence across the multilateral system.
- (c) FORM.—The strategy required under this section shall be submitted in an unclassified form that can be made available to the public, but may include a classified annex, if necessary.
- (d) CONSULTATION.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act and

not less frequently than every 180 days thereafter for five years, the Secretary of State shall consult with the appropriate congressional committees, and the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, regarding the development and implementation of the strategy required under this section.

SEC. 30245. STRATEGY TO STRENGTHEN ECO-NOMIC COMPETITIVENESS, GOVERN-ANCE, HUMAN RIGHTS, AND THE RULE OF LAW IN LATIN AMERICA AND THE CARIBBEAN.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State, in consultation, as appropriate, with the Secretary of the Treasury, the Secretary of Commerce, the Administrator of the United States Agency for International Development (USAID), the Attorney General, the United States Trade Representative, and the Chief Executive Officer of the United States International Development Finance Corporation, shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees, the Committee on Ways and Means and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives, and the Committee on Finance and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate a multi-year strategy for increasing United States economic competitiveness and promoting good governance, human rights, and the rule of law in Latin American and Caribbean countries, particularly in the areas of-
  - (1) investment;
- (2) equitable, inclusive, and sustainable development:
  - (3) commercial relations;
  - (4) anti-corruption activities; and
  - (5) infrastructure projects.
- (b) ADDITIONAL ELEMENTS.—The strategy required under subsection (a) shall include a plan of action, including benchmarks to achieve measurable progress, to—
- (1) enhance the technical capacity of Latin American and Caribbean countries to advance the sustainable and inclusive development of equitable economies;
- (2) facilitate a more open, transparent, and competitive environment for United States businesses in the region;
- (3) establish frameworks or mechanisms to review long term financial sustainability and security implications of foreign investments in strategic sectors or services, including transportation, communications, natural resources, and energy:
- (4) establish competitive, transparent, and inclusive infrastructure project selection and procurement processes that promote transparency, supplier diversity, open competition, financial sustainability, adherence to robust global standards, and the employment of a diverse local workforce and management;
- (5) strengthen legal structures critical to robust democratic governance, fair competition, combatting corruption, and ending impunity;
- (6) enhance transparent, affordable, and equitable access to the internet and digital infrastructure in the Western Hemisphere.
- (c) BRIEFING REQUIREMENT.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act and annually thereafter for five years, the Secretary of State, after consultation with the Secretary of the Treasury, the Secretary of Commerce, the Attorney General, the United States Trade Representative, and the leadership of the United States International Development Finance Corporation, shall brief the congressional committees specified in subsection (a) regarding the implementation of this section, including examples of successes and challenges.

#### SEC. 30246. ENGAGEMENT IN INTERNATIONAL OR-GANIZATIONS AND THE DEFENSE SECTOR IN LATIN AMERICA AND THE CARIBBEAN.

(a) APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS DEFINED.—In this section, the term "appropriate committees of Congress" means—

- (1) the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate:
- (2) the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate;
- (3) the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate;
- (4) the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives;
  (5) the Permanent Select Committee on Intel-
- ligence of the House of Representatives; and
  (6) the Committee on Armed Services of the
- House of Representatives.
  (b) REPORTING REQUIREMENT.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State, in coordination with the Director of National Intelligence, the Director of the Central Intelligence Agency, and the Defense Intelligence Agency, shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a report that assesses the nature, intent, and impact on United States strategic interests of Chinese diplomatic activity aimed at influencing the decisions, procedures, and programs of multilateral organizations in Latin America and the Caribbean, including the World Bank, International Monetary Fund, Organization of American States, and the Inter-American Development Bank.
- (2) DEFENSE SECTOR.—The report required under paragraph (1) shall include an assessment of the nature, intent, and impact on United States strategic interests of Chinese military activity in Latin America and the Caribbean, including military education and training programs, weapons sales, and space-related activities in the military or civilian spheres, such as—
- (A) the satellite and space control station the People's Republic of China constructed in Argentina; and
- (B) defense and security cooperation carried out by the People's Republic of China in Latin America and the Caribbean, including sales of surveillance and monitoring technology to governments in the region such as Venezuela, Cuba, Ecuador, and Colombia, and the potential use of such technologies as tools of Chinese intelligence services.
- (3) FORM.—The report required under paragraph (1) shall be submitted in unclassified form and include classified annexes.

# SEC. 30247. DEFENSE COOPERATION IN LATIN AMERICA AND THE CARIBBEAN.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—There is authorized to be appropriated to the Department of State \$13,500,000 for the International Military Education and Training Program for Latin America and the Caribbean for each of fiscal years 2022 through 2026.
- (b) MODERNIZATION.—The Secretary of State shall modernize and strengthen the programs receiving funding in accordance with subsection (a) to ensure that such programs are vigorous, substantive, and the preeminent choice for international military education and training for Latin American and Caribbean partners.
- (c) REQUIRED ELEMENTS.—The programs referred to in subsection (a) shall—
- (1) provide training and capacity-building opportunities to Latin American and Caribbean security services;
- (2) provide practical skills and frameworks for—
- (A) improving the functioning and organization of security services in Latin America and the Caribbean:
- (B) creating a better understanding of the United States and its values; and
- (C) using technology for maximum efficiency and organization;
- (3) promote and ensure that security services in Latin America and the Caribbean respect civilian authority and operate in compliance with international norms, standards, and rules of engagement, including a respect for human rights, and full compliance with requirements under section 620M of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2378d; commonly referred to as the "Leahy law"); and

- (4) receive funds only after vetting of individuals proposed to be trained, consistent with sections 502B and 620M of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2304 and 2378d).
- SEC. 30248. ENGAGEMENT WITH CIVIL SOCIETY IN LATIN AMERICA AND THE CARIB-BEAN REGARDING ACCOUNTABILITY, HUMAN RIGHTS, AND THE RISKS OF PERVASIVE SURVEILLANCE TECH-NOLOGIES.
- (a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that—
- (1) the Government of the People's Republic of China is exporting its model for internal security and state control of society through advanced technology and artificial intelligence; and
- (2) the inclusion of communication networks and communications supply chains with equipment and services from companies with close ties to or that are susceptible to pressure from governments or security services without reliable legal checks on governmental powers can lead to breaches of citizens' private information, increased censorship, violations of human rights, and harassment of political opponents.
- (b) DIPLOMATIC ENGAGEMENT.—The Secretary of State shall conduct diplomatic engagement with governments and civil society organizations in Latin America and the Caribbean to—
- (1) help identify and mitigate the risks to civil liberties posed by technologies and services described in subsection (a); and
- (2) offer recommendations on ways to mitigate such risks.
- (c) Internet freedom Programs.—The Chief Executive Officer of the United States Agency for Global Media, who may work through the Open Technology Fund of the Agency, and the Secretary of State, working through the Bureau of Democracy, Human Rights, and Labor's Internet Freedom and Business and Human Rights Section, shall expand and prioritize efforts to provide anti-censorship technology and services to journalists in Latin America and the Caribbean, in order to enhance their ability to safely access or share digital news and information.
- (d) SUPPORT FOR CIVIL SOCIETY.—The Secretary of State, in coordination with the Administrator of the United States Agency for International Development, shall work through nongovernmental organizations to—
- (1) support and promote programs that support internet freedom and the free flow of information online in Latin America and the Caribbean:
- (2) protect open, interoperable, secure, and reliable access to internet in Latin America and the Caribbean
- (3) provide integrated support to civil society for technology, digital safety, policy and advocacy, and applied research programs in Latin America and the Caribbean;
- (4) train journalists and civil society leaders in Latin America and the Caribbean on investigative techniques necessary to ensure public accountability and prevent government overreach in the digital sphere;
- (5) assist independent media outlets and journalists in Latin America and the Caribbean to build their own capacity and develop high-impact, in-depth news reports covering governance and human rights topics;
- (6) provide training for journalists and civil society leaders on investigative techniques necessary to improve transparency and accountability in government and the private sector;
- (7) provide training on investigative reporting of incidents of corruption and unfair business and commercial practices;
- (8) assist nongovernmental organizations to strengthen their capacity to monitor the incidents and practices described in paragraph (7); and
- (9) identify local resources to support the preponderance of activities that would be carried out under this subsection.

### SEC. 30249. CARIBBEAN ENERGY INITIATIVE AS ALTERNATIVE TO CHINA'S BELT AND ROAD INITIATIVE.

- (a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following findings:
- (1) The countries of the Caribbean are heavily reliant upon imported oil to provide for approximately 90 percent of their energy production.
- (2) The level of dependence is even higher including—
- (A) Jamaica, which relies on oil for 95.9 percent of its electricity;
- (B) Barbados, which relies on oil for 96 percent of its electricity;
- (C) The Virgin Islands, which relies on oil for nearly 100 percent of its electricity; and
- (D) St. Lucia, which relies on oil for 100 percent of its electricity.
- (3) Overreliance on imported fossil fuels has had a detrimental effect on economic development, growth, and competitiveness in the Caribbean
- (4) Since 1970, more than 80 percent of Caribbean coral reefs have been lost due to coastal development and pollution. Soot particulates and climate change caused by burning fossil fuels have seriously damaged coral reefs, which are a significant source of tourism dollars, fishing, biodiversity, and natural beauty.
- (5) Air pollution caused by burning oil for electricity—
- (A) has serious health impacts in the form of higher rates of asthma and other lung ailments; and
  - (B) can also exacerbate climate change.
- (6) The Caribbean region is particularly vulnerable to sea level rise and stronger storms.
- (7) Between 2005 and 2018, the dependence of the countries of the Caribbean on oil was perpetuated by the Venezuelan-led Petrocaribe oil alliance, which—
- (A) offered preferential terms for oil sales; and (B) supplies some countries with up to 40 percent of their energy production needs.
- (8) The ongoing domestic economic crisis and political turmoil in Venezuela has forced the Government of Venezuela to retract its commitments to the Petrocaribe oil alliance and step away as a regional power. Only Cuba still receives preferential Petrocaribe pricing on fuel exports from Venezuela, while other Petrocaribe member countries are experiencing a destabilized flow of oil.
- (9) China has spent more than \$244,000,000,000 on energy projects worldwide since 2000, 25 percent of which was spent in Latin America and the Caribbean. Although the majority of this spending was for oil, gas, and coal, China has also been the largest investor in clean energy globally for almost a decade.
- (10) The World Bank estimates that the Caribbean will need \$12,000,000,000 in power investments through 2035.
- (11) Renewable energy technology costs have decreased dramatically in recent years, offering a more viable economic alternative for energy production. Solar energy prices have fallen by 80 percent since 2008, causing significant market growth, and according to data released by the International Renewable Energy Agency, ½ of global power capacity is based in renewable energy.
- (12) In 2016, the International Monetary Fund estimated that transportation accounted for 36 percent of the total primary energy consumed in the Caribbean subregion.
- (13) According to the United Nations Environment Programme, Latin America and the Caribbean could achieve annual savings of \$621,000,000,000 and a reduction of 1,100,000,000 tons of CO2 by 2050 if the region's energy and transport sectors reach net zero emissions.
- (14) The Caribbean has an abundance of onshore and offshore resources needed for renewable energy, including sun, wind, geothermal, and some hydropower production capacity.
- (15) The United States Government is deeply engaged in providing technical and policy as-

- sistance to countries of the Caribbean on energy issues through—
- (A) the Energy and Climate Partnership of the Americas:
- (B) Connecting the Americas 2022; and
- (C) bilateral assistance programs.
- (16) On February 19, 2011, at the North American Leaders' Summit, President Barack Obama, Prime Minister Stephen Harper of Canada, and President Enrique Peña Nieto of Mexico reaffirmed their commitment to bring affordable, reliable, and increasingly renewable power to the Caribbean, while opening wider markets for clean energy and green technology.
- (17) On June 19, 2015, President Barack Obama announced the Caribbean Energy Security Initiative, which would partner with individual countries—
  - (A) to transform its energy sector;
- (B) to work to increase access to finance, good governance, and diversification; and
- (C) to maximize the impact of existing donor effects.
- (18) On May 4, 2016, at the United States-Caribbean-Central American Energy Summit, the energy security task force formally launched the Caribbean Sustainable Energy Roadmap and Strategy (C-SERMS) as a mechanism to manage regional coordination and action on energy security and agreed to expand the regional market and transmission system.
- (19) The United States has an important opportunity—
  - (A) to deepen this engagement;
- (B) to work as a partner with Caribbean countries on a more regional and coordinated basis;
- (C) to help ease the region's dependence on imported oil; and
- (D) to promote affordable alternative sources of energy.
- (b) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) CARIBBEAN COUNTRIES.—The term "Caribbean countries" means countries in the Caribbean region, but does not include Cuba or Venezuela.
- (2) CARIBBEAN GOVERNMENTS.—The term "Caribbean governments" means the national governments of the Caribbean countries.
- (c) STATEMENT OF POLICY.—It is the policy of the United States to help Caribbean countries—
- (1) achieve greater energy security and improve domestic energy resource mobilization;
- (2) lower their dependence on imported fuels; (3) eliminate the use of diesel, heavy fuel oil,
- other petroleum products, and coal for the generation of electricity;

  (1) improve a modulation of removable energy.
- (4) increase production of renewable energy; and
- (5) meet the greenhouse gas mitigation goals of their national determined contributions to the Paris Agreement.
  - (d) STRATEGY.-
- (1) SUBMISSION.—Not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State, in coordination with the Administrator of the United States Agency for International Development (USAID), shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a multi-year strategy that describes how the Department of State will promote regional cooperation with Caribbean countries—
- (A) to lower dependence on imported fuels, grow domestic clean energy production in the region, strengthen regional energy security, and lower energy sector greenhouse gas emissions;
- (B) to decrease dependence on oil in the transportation sector:
- (C) to increase energy efficiency, energy conservation, and investment in alternatives to imported fuels;
- (D) to improve grid reliability and modernize electricity transmission networks;
- (E) to advance deployment of innovative solutions to expand community and individuals' access to electricity;
- (F) to help reform energy markets to encourage good regulatory governance and to promote a climate of private sector investment; and

- (G) to mitigate greenhouse gas emissions from the energy and transportation sector.
- (2) ELEMENTS.—The strategy required under subsection (a) shall include—
- (A) a thorough review and inventory of United States Government activities that are being carried out bilaterally, regionally, and in coordination with multilateral institutions—
- (i) to promote energy and climate security in the Caribbean region; and
- (ii) to reduce the region's reliance on oil for electricity generation;
- (B) opportunities for marshaling regional cooperation—
  (i) to overcome market barriers resulting from
- the small size of Caribbean energy markets;
  (ii) to address the high transportation and in-
- frastructure costs faced by Caribbean countries; (iii) to ensure greater donor coordination be-
- tween governments, multilateral institutions, multilateral banks, and private investors; and (iv) to expand regional financing opportuni-
- (iv) to expand regional financing opportunities to allow for lower cost energy entrepreneurshin.
- (C) measures to ensure that each Caribbean government has—
- (i) an independent utility regulator or equivalent:
- (ii) affordable access by third party investors to its electrical grid with minimal regulatory in-
- (iii) effective energy efficiency and energy conservation;
- (iv) programs to address technical and nontechnical issues:
- technical issues; (v) a plan to eliminate major market distor-
- tions; and (vi) other taxes on clean energy solutions; and
- (D) recommendations for how United States policy, technical, and economic assistance can be used in the Caribbean region—
- (i) to advance renewable energy development and the incorporation of renewable technologies into existing energy grids and the development and deployment of micro-grids where appropriate and feasible to boost energy security and reliability, particularly to underserved communities;
- (ii) to increase the generation of clean energy sufficiently to replace and allow for the retirement of obsolete fossil fuel energy generation units in Caribbean countries:
- (iii) to create regional financing opportunities to allow for lower cost energy entrepreneurship;
- (iv) to deploy transaction advisors in the region to help attract private investment and break down any market or regulatory barriers;
- (v) to establish a mechanism for each host government to have access to independent legal advice—
- (I) to speed the development of energy-related contracts: and
- (II) to better protect the interests of Caribbean governments and citizens.
- (3) CONSULTATION.—In devising the strategy under this subsection, the Secretary of State shall work with the Secretary of Energy and shall consult with—
  - (A) the Secretary of the Interior;
  - (B) the Secretary of Commerce;(C) the Secretary of the Treasury.
- (D) the Board of Directors of the Export-Import Bank of the United States;
- (E) the Board of Directors of the Development Finance Corporation;
- (F) the Administrator of the United States Agency for International Development;
  - (G) the Caribbean governments;
  - (H) the Inter-American Development Bank;
- (I) the World Bank Group; and
- (J) the Caribbean Electric Utility Services Corporation.

### SEC. 30250. UNITED STATES-CARIBBEAN RESIL-IENCE PARTNERSHIP.

- (a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following findings:
- (1) The United States shares with the Caribbean a collective vulnerability to natural disasters, which affects the lives and the economies of our citizens.

- (2) The April 9, 2021, eruption of the La Soufriere volcano is another reminder of the devastation caused by the many natural disasters the Caribbean confronts each year and the region's vulnerability to external shocks. Hurricane Dorian, the largest storm to hit the region, wiped out large parts of the northern Bahamas in 2019, and Hurricanes Maria and Irma devastated multiple islands across the region in 2017, including Puerto Rico. According to IMF research, of the 511 plus disasters worldwide to hit small states since 1950, around two-thirds (324) have been in the Caribbean.
- (3) This region is seven times more likely to experience a natural disaster than elsewhere. And, when one occurs, it will incur as much as six times more damage.
- (4) Extreme weather events and other environmental impacts will only worsen over the coming years, and if not addressed, we will see only increasing economic shocks on these countries, driving irregular migration.
- (5) While the United States has considerable expertise and capacity in assisting countries with disaster response, there remains a need for stronger partnerships that build regional resilience through efficient and interoperable platforms, protecting people and speeding recovery.
- (6) The People's Republic of China has dramatically increased its engagement in the Caribbean in the past five years, including offering loans and grants related to disaster response and resilience and sought to acquire property rights in the Caribbean that would be detrimental to United States national security interests.
- (7) In 2019, the United States launched a new U.S.-Caribbean Resilience Partnership to deepen cooperation and investment to strengthen our disaster resilience throughout the Caribbean region, including—
- (A) to streamline early warning response networks and formalize communication channels;
- (B) to enhance, encourage, and work collaboratively on further developing aviation disaster resilience plans and partnerships;
- (C) to prioritize regional technical exchange in energy planning, risk reduction, and resilience;
- (D) to increase communications network interoperability between Caribbean partners and the United States:
- (E) to utilize storm surge mapping data and share real-time information in preparation for potential damage resulting from tropical cyclones and tsunamis;
- (F) to use meteorological services to strengthen and deepen physical and communications infrastructure, data collection networks, and human and technical capacity throughout the region, as well as interactions with the public;
- (G) to understand that while the use of international and military and civil defense assets in disaster response may only be considered as a last resort, when local, national, and international civilian capabilities are overwhelmed, civil-military coordination should occur, in support of the affected nation;
- (H) to develop a framework that would govern the deployment of international military and civil defense assets in disaster response when local, national, and international civilian capabilities are overwhelmed, in support of the affected nation;
- (I) to seek common mechanisms for ensuring rapid disaster response and recovery, including waiving or expediting diplomatic clearances, waiving of or reducing customs fees, streamlining overflight and airspace clearance, and ensuring that the first responders have the ability to rapidly respond to disasters in other countries;
- (J) to promote the integration and coordination of regional response mechanisms in the Caribbean, including through the Caribbean Disaster Emergency Management Agency, the Regional Security System, United States Government Agencies, and allies in ways that facili-

- tate more effective and efficient planning, mitigation, response, and resilience to natural disasters:
- (K) to share best practices in improved building codes with national disaster organizations, including building better programs, at regional, national and community levels; and
- (L) to promote community-based disaster preparedness and mitigation activities, particularly in underserved communities, with the aim of increasing broad public participation and resilience.
- (b) POLICY.—It is the policy of the United States to help Caribbean countries—
- (1) increase their resilience and adapt to natural disasters and the impacts of severe weather events and a changing environment;
- (2) partner with United States Federal, State, and local agencies and engage in technical cooperation, dialogue, and assistance activities;
- (3) harmonize standards and practices related to paragraphs (1) and (2) to promote increased investment and integration;
- (4) increase investment from United States companies in the Caribbean on resilience-building, adaptation, and climate-related mitigation efforts:
- (5) promote regional cooperation and ensure efforts by the United States, Caribbean countries, and international partners complement each other; and
- (6) further assist with the efforts described in subsection (a)(7).
- (c) STRATEGY.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State, in coordination with the heads of other Federal departments and agencies, shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a multi-year strategy that describes how the Department of State will achieve the policies described in subsection (b).
- (d) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— There are authorized to be appropriated for activities, programs, technical assistance, and engagement under this section the following:
  - (1) \$20,000,000 for fiscal year 2022.
  - (2) \$25,000,000 for fiscal year 2023.
- (3) \$30,000,000 for fiscal year 2024 and each fiscal year thereafter.
- (e) REPORTING AND MONITORING.—
- (1) In GENERAL.—Of the amounts authorized to be appropriated each fiscal year pursuant to subsection (d), at least five percent of all programming funding allocation shall support and be directed toward reporting, monitoring, and assessment of effectiveness.
- (2) ENGAGEMENT AND COLLABORATION.—The Department of State shall ensure that at least 20 percent of amounts authorized to be appropriated pursuant to subsection (d) directly support the training of, engagement with, collaboration with, and exchange of expertise on resilience between United States Federal, State, and local officials and their Caribbean government counterparts. Such amounts should also support, as appropriate, increased academic, civil society, media, and private sector engagement in the fields of resilience-building, adaptation, and mitigation.

### SEC. 30251. COUNTERING CHINA'S EDUCATIONAL AND CULTURAL DIPLOMACY IN LATIN AMERICA.

- (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following:
- (1) According to a report by the National Endowment for Democracy, China has spent the equivalent of billions of dollars to shape public opinion and perceptions around the world through thousands of people-to-people exchanges, cultural activities, educational programs, and the development of media enterprises and information initiatives with global reach.
- (2) Educational and exchange programs are a core element of United States public diplomacy, elevating our culture, policies, and interests worldwide
- (3) These programs provide students with access to international knowledge, an opportunity to learn foreign languages, and a unique envi-

- ronment for developing cultural understanding, all of which are valuable skills in today's global economy.
- (4) 90 percent of ECA's appropriation is spent in the United States or invested directly in American citizens or American organizations.
- (b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that—
- (1) China's efforts to mold public opinion and influence educational institutions undermine United States' influence in Latin America and the Caribbean and threaten democratic institutions and practices in the region:
- (2) the United States Government should expand current educational and cultural exchange programs in Latin America and the Caribbean, which are cost-effective and strengthen people-to-people diplomacy, to promote national security and foreign policy interests of the United States; and
- (3) educational exchanges foster linguistic, cultural, and educational skills that advance United States economic competitiveness, strengthen alliances, and support democracies worldwide.
- (c) STRATEGY.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State, acting through the Assistant Secretary of State for Educational and Cultural Affairs, and in coordination with the Assistant Administrator for the Bureau of Economic Growth, Education, and Environment at the United States Agency for International Development, shall devise a strategy—
- (1) to evaluate and expand existing programs and, as necessary, design and implement new educational, professional, and cultural exchanges and other programs to—
- (A) create and sustain mutual understanding with other countries necessary to advance United States foreign policy goals by cultivating people-to-people ties among current and future global leaders that build enduring networks and personal relationships; and
- (B) promote United States national security interests and values, including through the expansion of exchange visitor programs such as international visitor leadership programs and the Young Leaders of the Americas Initiative, as well as professional capacity building programs that prioritize building skills in entrepreneurship, promoting transparency, and technology;
- (2) to ensure that exchange programs for Americans abroad and international visitors attract a diverse pool of participants, including from underrepresented, marginalized, and lowincome communities; and
- (3) to evaluate, expand, and strengthen existing programs, and, as necessary, design and implement new basic and higher education programs in Latin America and the Caribbean, in accordance with the United States Strategy on International Basic Education and the United States Agency for International Development Education Policy, to enable all young adults, youth, and children to acquire the quality education and skills needed to be productive members in society, which will lead to better individual and societal outcomes.
- (d) REPORT WITH INTELLIGENCE ASSESS-MENT.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State shall, in coordination with the Director of National Intelligence, submit to the appropriate congressional committees (including the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives and the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate) a report that assesses the nature and impact of the People's Republic of China's educational and cultural sector activity in Latin America and the Caribbean, its impact on United States' strategic interests, and recommendations for the United States Government to expand people-to-people ties.

### SEC. 30252. NARCOTICS TRAFFICKING IN LATIN AMERICA AND THE CARIBBEAN.

It is the sense of Congress that—

- (1) narcotics trafficking continues to pose a security threat to the countries and peoples of Latin America and the Caribbean;
- (2) other forms of transnational organized crime, including arms trafficking, human smuggling, money laundering, and illicit financing, are drivers of irregular migration;
- (3) narcotics trafficking is fueled by governments that fail to curb the illicit drug trade by adequately regulating the legal trade of nonfentanyl opioids and precursor chemicals used to produce fentanyl, fentanyl analogs, and other synthetic drugs;
- (4) further, governments that do not cooperate sufficiently on financial investigations and prosecutions, withhold information with respect to money laundering crimes, or are determined to facilitate illicit activities, particularly by transnational organized criminal organizations, should be held accountable:
- (5) as noted in the International Narcotics Control Strategy Report 2020, China "has not cooperated sufficiently on financial investigations and does not provide adequate responses to requests for financial investigation information".
- (6) the United States should apply economic and other targeted financial sanctions with respect to individuals engaged in financial crimes and money laundering that fosters narcotics trafficking in the countries of Latin America and the Caribbean; and
- (7) the United States should look to policies to hold accountable countries that fail to sufficiently investigate financial crimes and money laundering that foster narcotics trafficking in the countries of Latin America and the Caribbean

### PART 2—TRANSATLANTIC RELATIONSHIPS SEC. 30255. SENSE OF CONGRESS ON TRANS-ATLANTIC RELATIONSHIPS.

It is the sense of Congress that—

- (1) the United States, the European Union, the United Kingdom, and other European countries are close partners, sharing values grounded in democracy, human rights, transparency, and the rules-based international order established after World War II;
- (2) without a common approach by the United States, the European Union, the United Kingdom, and other European countries on connectivity, transnational challenges, and support for democracy and human rights, the People's Republic of China will continue to increase its economic, political, and security leverage in Europe and globally;
- (3) the People's Republic of China's deployment of assistance to European countries following the COVID-19 outbreak showcased a coercive approach to aid, but it also highlighted Europe's deep economic ties to the People's Republic of China;
- (4) as European countries seek to recover from the economic toll of the COVID-19 outbreak, the United States must stand in partnership with Europe to support our collective economic recovery, reinforce our collective national security, and defend shared values;
- and defend shared values;
  (5) the United States, the European Union, the United Kingdom, and other European countries should coordinate on joint strategies to diversify reliance on supply chains away from the People's Republic of China, especially in the medical and pharmaceutical sectors:
- (6) the United States, the European Union, the United Kingdom, and other European countries should leverage their respective economic innovation capabilities to support the global economic recovery from the COVID-19 recession and draw a contrast with the centralized economy of the People's Republic of China:
- (7) the United States, the European Union, Japan, and other like-minded countries should continue efforts to address the security, economic, democracy, and human rights challenges posed by the People's Republic of China;
- (8) the United States, the European Union, the United Kingdom, and other European coun-

- tries should enhance cooperation to counter People's Republic of China disinformation, influence operations, and propaganda efforts;
- (9) the United States and Europe share serious concerns with the repressions being supported and executed by the Government of the People's Republic of China, and should continue implementing measures to address the Government of the People's Republic of China's specific abuses in Tibet, Hong Kong, and Xinjiang, and should build joint mechanisms and programs to prevent the export of China's authoritarian governance model to countries around the world:
- (10) the United States and Europe should remain united in their shared values against attempts by the Government of the People's Republic of China at the United Nations and other multilateral organizations to promote efforts that erode the Universal Declaration of Human Rights, like the "community of a shared future for mankind" and "democratization of international relations";
- (11) the People's Republic of China's infrastructure investments around the world, particularly in 5G telecommunications technology and port infrastructure, could threaten democracy across Europe and the national security of key countries;
- (12) as appropriate, the United States should share intelligence with European allies and partners on Huawei's 5G capabilities and the intentions of the Government of the People's Republic of China with respect to 5G expansion in Europe:
- (13) the European Union's Investment Screening Regulation, which came into force in October 2020, is a welcome development, and member states should closely scrutinize PRC investments in their countries through their own national investment screening measures:
- (14) the President should actively engage the European Union on the implementation of the Export Control Reform Act regulations and to better harmonize United States and European Union policies with respect to export controls:
- (15) the President should strongly advocate for the listing of more items and technologies to restrict dual use exports controlled at the National Security and above level to the People's Republic of China under the Wassenaar Arrangement:
- (16) the United States should explore the value of establishing a body akin to the Coordinating Committee for Multilateral Export Controls (CoCom) that would specifically coordinate United States and European Union export control policies with respect to limiting exports of sensitive technologies to the People's Republic of China: and
- (17) the United States should work with counterparts in Europe to—
- (A) evaluate United States and European overreliance on goods originating in the People's Republic of China, including in the medical and pharmaceutical sectors, and develop joint strategies to diversify supply chains:
- (B) develop a common strategy for promoting energy security and economic growth in eastern Europe and the Balkans that addresses shared concerns related to China's Belt and Road Initiative in these regions, including complementary investments in the Three Seas Initiative Fund for clean energy and digital connectivity projects;
- (C) counter PRC efforts to use COVID-19-related assistance as a coercive tool to pressure developing countries by offering relevant United States and European expertise and assistance;
- (D) leverage the United States and European private sectors to advance the post-COVID-19 economic recovery.

### SEC. 30256. STRATEGY TO ENHANCE TRANS-ATLANTIC COOPERATION WITH RE-SPECT TO THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the

- President shall brief the appropriate congressional committees, the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate, and the Committee on Armed Services of the House of Representatives on a strategy for how the United States will enhance cooperation with the European Union, NATO, and European partner countries with respect to the People's Republic of China.
- (b) ELEMENTS.—The briefing required under subsection (a) shall include the following elements with respect to the strategy referred to in such subsection:
- (1) An identification of the senior Senate-confirmed Department of State official who leads United States efforts to cooperate with the European Union, NATO, and European partner countries to advance a shared approach with respect to the People's Republic of China.
- (2) An identification of key policy points of convergence and divergence between the United States and European allies and partners with respect to the People's Republic of China in the areas of technology and economic practices.
- (3) A description of efforts to advance shared interests with European counterparts on—
- (A) security and economic challenges with respect to the People's Republic of China;
- (B) democracy and human rights challenges with respect to the People's Republic of China; (C) technology issues with respect to the Peo-
- ple's Republic of China;
  (D) defense issues with respect to the People's
- (D) defense issues with respect to the People's Republic of China; and
- (E) developing a comprehensive strategy to respond to the Belt and Road Initiative (BRI) established by the Government of the People's Republic of China.
- (4) A description of the coordination mechanisms among key regional and functional bureaus within the Department of State and Department of Defense tasked with engaging with European allies and partners on the People's Republic of China.
- (5) A detailing of diplomatic efforts up to the date of the briefing and future plans to work with European allies and partners to counter the Government of the People's Republic of China's advancement of an authoritarian governance model around the world.
- (6) A detailing of the diplomatic efforts made up to the date of the briefing and future plans to support European efforts to identify cost-effective alternatives to Huawei's 5G technology.
- (7) A detailing of how United States public diplomacy tools, including the Global Engagement Center of the Department of State, will coordinate efforts with counterpart entities within the European Union to counter Chinese propaganda.
- (8) A description of the staffing and budget resources the Department of State dedicates to engagement between the United States and the European Union on the People's Republic of China and provide an assessment of out-year resource needs to execute such strategy.
- (9) A detailing of diplomatic efforts to work with European allies and partners to track and counter Chinese attempts to exert influence across multilateral fora, including at the World Health Organization.
- (c) FORM.—The briefing required under section (a) shall be classified.
- (d) CONSULTATION.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act and annually thereafter for three years, the Secretary of State shall consult with the appropriate congressional committees, the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate, and the Committee on Armed Services of the House of Representatives regarding the development and implementation of the elements described in subsection (b).

### SEC. 30257. ENHANCING TRANSATLANTIC CO-OPERATION ON PROMOTING PRI-VATE SECTOR FINANCE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The President should work with transatlantic partners to build on the agreement among the Development Finance Corporation, FinDev Canada, and the European

Development Finance Institutions (referred to as the "DFI Alliance") to enhance coordination on shared objectives to foster private sector-led development and provide market-based alternatives to state-directed financing in emerging markets, particularly as related to the People's Republic of China's Belt and Road Initiative (BRI), including by integrating efforts such as—

(1) the European Union Strategy on Connecting Europe and Asia;

(2) the Three Seas Initiative and Three Seas Initiative Fund;

(3) the Blue Dot Network among the United States, Japan, and Australia; and

(4) a European Union-Japan initiative that has leveraged \$65,000,000,000 for infrastructure projects and emphasizes transparency standards.

(b) STANDARDS.—The United States and the European Union should coordinate and develop a strategy to enhance transatlantic cooperation with the OECD and the Paris Club on ensuring the highest possible standards for Belt and Road Initiative contracts and terms with developing countries.

### SEC. 30258. REPORT AND BRIEFING ON COOPERA-TION BETWEEN CHINA AND IRAN AND BETWEEN CHINA AND RUSSIA.

(a) APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS DEFINED.—In this section, the term "appropriate committees of Congress" means—

(1) the Committee on Foreign Relations, the Select Committee on Intelligence, the Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation, the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources, the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs, the Committee on Finance, and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate: and

(2) the Committee on Foreign Affairs, the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence, the Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on Financial Services, the Committee on Ways and Means, and the Committee on Appropriations of

the House of Representatives.

(b) REPORT AND BRIEFING REQUIRED.—

- (1) In GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence shall, in coordination with the Secretary of State, the Secretary of Defense, the Secretary of Commerce, the Secretary of Energy, the Secretary of the Treasury, and such other heads of Federal agencies as the Director considers appropriate, submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a report and brief such committees on cooperation between—
- (A) the People's Republic of China and the Islamic Republic of Iran; and
- (B) the People's Republic of China and the Russian Federation.
- (2) CONTENTS.—The report and briefing under paragraph (1) shall include the following elements:
- (A) An identification of major areas of diplomatic energy, infrastructure, banking, financial, economic, military, and space cooperation—
- (i) between the People's Republic of China and the Islamic Republic of Iran; and
- (ii) between the People's Republic of China and the Russian Federation.

(B) An assessment of the effect of the COVID-19 pandemic on such cooperation.

(C) An assessment of the effect that United States compliance with the Joint Comprehensive Plan of Action (JCPOA) starting in January 14, 2016, and United States withdrawal from the JCPOA on May 8, 2018, had on the cooperation described in subparagraph (A)(i).

(D) An assessment of the effect on the cooperation described in subparagraph (A)(i) that would be had by the United States reentering compliance with the JCPOA or a successor agreement and the effect of the United States not reentering compliance with the JCPOA or reaching a successor agreement.

(3) FORM.—The report submitted under paragraph (1) shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified annex.

(c) Sense of Congress on Sharing With Al-LIES and Partners.—It is the sense of Congress that the Director of National Intelligence and the heads of other appropriate Federal departments and agencies should share with important allies and partners of the United States, as appropriate, the findings of the report required under subsection (b).

### PART 3—SOUTH AND CENTRAL ASIA SEC. 30261. SENSE OF CONGRESS ON SOUTH AND CENTRAL ASIA.

It is the sense of Congress that-

(1) the United States should continue to stand with friends and partners, while also working to establish new partners in South and Central Asia as they contend with efforts by the Government of the People's Republic of China to interfere in their respective political systems and encroach upon their sovereign territory; and

(2) the United States should reaffirm its commitment to the Comprehensive Global Strategic Partnership with India and further deepen bilateral defense consultations and collaboration with India commensurate with its status as a major defense partner.

### SEC. 30262. STRATEGY TO ENHANCE COOPERA-TION WITH SOUTH AND CENTRAL ASIA.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the President shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees, the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and, the Committee on Armed Services of the House of Representatives a strategy for how the United States will engage with the countries of South and Central Asia, including through the C5+1 mechanism, with respect to the People's Republic of China.
- (b) ELEMENTS.—The strategy required under subsection (a) shall include the following elements:
- (1) A detailed description of the security and economic challenges that the People's Republic of China (PRC) poses to the countries of South and Central Asia, including border disputes with South and Central Asian countries that border the People's Republic of China, and PRC investments in land and sea ports, transportation infrastructure, and energy projects across the region.
- (2) A detailed description of United States efforts to provide alternatives to PRC investment in infrastructure and other sectors in South and Central Asia.
- (3) A detailed description of bilateral and regional efforts to work with countries in South Asia on strategies to build resilience against PRC efforts to interfere in their political systems and economies.
- (4) A detailed description of the challenges posed by PRC investment in the Afghan mineral sector
- (5) A detailed description of United States diplomatic efforts with the Government of Pakistan with respect to matters relevant to the People's Republic of China, including investments by the People's Republic of China in Pakistan through the Belt and Road Initiative.
- (6) In close consultation with the Government of India, identification of areas with respect to which the United States Government can provide diplomatic and other support as appropriate for India's efforts to address economic and security challenges posed by the People's Republic of China in the region.
- (7) A description of the coordination mechanisms among key regional and functional bureaus within the Department of State and Department of Defense tasked with engaging with the countries of South and Central Asia on issues relating to the People's Republic of China.
- (8) A detailed description of United States diplomatic efforts with Central Asian countries, Turkey, and any other countries with significant populations of Uyghurs and other ethnic minorities fleeing persecution in the People's

Republic of China to press those countries to refrain from deporting ethnic minorities to the People's Republic of China, protect ethnic minorities from intimidation by Chinese Government authorities, and protect the right to the freedoms of assembly and expression.

(c) FORM.—The strategy required under section (a) shall be submitted in an unclassified form that can be made available to the public, but may include a classified annex as necessary.

(d) Consultation.—Not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act and not less often than annually thereafter for five years, the Secretary of State shall consult with appropriate congressional committees, the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate, and the Committee on Armed Services of the House of Representatives regarding the development and implementation of the strategy required under subsection (a).

### SEC. 30263. INDIAN OCEAN REGION STRATEGIC REVIEW.

- (a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following findings:
- (1) The Indian Ocean region is a vitally important part of the Indo-Pacific where the United States has political, economic, and security interests.
- (2) The United States has an interest in working with partners in the Indo-Pacific, including India, Japan, and Australia, to address regional governance, economic connectivity, and security challenges including threats to freedom of navigation.
- (b) STATEMENT OF POLICY.—As a part of the United States engagement in the Indo-Pacific, it shall be the policy of the United States to strengthen engagement with the countries in the Indian Ocean region, including with governments, civil society, and private sectors in such countries to—
- (1) promote United States political engagement with such region, including through active participation in regional organizations, and strengthened diplomatic relations with United States partners in such region;
- (2) enhance United States economic connectivity and commercial exchange with such region;
- (3) defend freedom of navigation in such region from security challenges, including related to piracy;
- (4) support the ability of governments and organizations in such region to respond to natural disasters:
- (5) support and facilitate the role of regional allies and partners as net providers of security to such region and as partners to the United States in addressing security challenges in such region, including through assistance to such allies and partners to build capacity in maritime security and maritime domain awareness;
- (6) continue to build the United States-India relationship in order to regularize security cooperation through the negotiation of agreements concerning access, communication, and navigation, including through foundational agreements; and
- (7) promote cooperation with United States allies in the Indo-Pacific, including Japan and Australia, and major defense partners, including India, and NATO allies, including the United Kingdom and France, to support a rulesbased order in such region.

(c) STRATEGY.-

- (1) In GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State, in coordination with the Secretary of Defense and the Administrator of the United States Agency for International Development (USAID), shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a multi-year strategy for United States engagement to support United States interests in the Indian Ocean region. Such strategy shall—
- (A) define United States political, economic, and security interests in the Indian Ocean region;

(B) outline challenges to the interests of the United States in such region;

(C) outline efforts to improve cooperation between the United States and members of the Quad, including India, Japan, and Australia, through coordination in diplomacy and development priorities, joint military exercises and operations, and other activities that promote United States political, economic, and security interests:

(D) outline efforts to support economic connectivity in such region, including through the United States-India-Japan Trilateral Infrastructure Working Group, the Asia-Africa Growth Corridor, and other efforts to expand and enhance connectivity across the Indo-Pacific, including with the countries of Southeast Asia, that maintain high standards of investment and support for civil society and people-topeople connectivity;

(E) describe how the United States can engage with regional intergovernmental organizations and entities, including the Indian Ocean Rim Association, to promote United States political, economic, and security interests in such region;

(F) review the United States diplomatic posture in such region, including an assessment of United States diplomatic engagement in countries without a permanent United States embassy or diplomatic mission, and an assessment of ways to improve the cooperation with the Maldives, the Seychelles, and Comoros;

(G) review United States diplomatic agreements with countries in such region that facilitate United States military operations in such region, including bilateral and multilateral agreements, and describe efforts to expand United States cooperation with such countries through the negotiation of additional agreements; and

(H) include a security assistance strategy for such region that outlines priorities, objectives, and actions for United States security assistance efforts to governments of countries in such region to promote United States political, economic, and security interests in such region.

(2) INCLUSION.—The strategy required under paragraph (1) may be submitted as a part of any other strategy relating to the Indo-Pacific.

- (3) REPORT ON IMPLEMENTATION.—Not later than one year after the submission of the strategy required under paragraph (1) and one year thereafter, the Secretary of State shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report on progress made toward implementing such strategy.
- (d) United States-China Economic and Security Review Commission.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Subparagraph (E) of section 1238(c)(2) of the Floyd D. Spence National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2001 (22 U.S.C. 7002(c)(2)) is amended—

(A) by inserting ", including in the Indian Ocean region" after "deployments of the People's Republic of China military"; and

- (B) by adding at the end the following new sentence: "In this subparagraph, the term 'Indian Ocean region' means the Indian Ocean, including the Arabian Sea and the Bay of Bengal, and the littoral areas surrounding the Indian Ocean."
- (2) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by paragraph (1) shall take effect on the date of the enactment of this Act and apply beginning with the first report required under section 1238 of the Floyd D. Spence National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2001 (as amended by such paragraph) that is submitted after such date.
  - (e) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS.— The term "appropriate committees of Congress" means the Committee on Foreign Affairs and the Committee on Armed Services of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Foreign Relations and the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate.
- (2) INDIAN OCEAN REGION.—The term "Indian Ocean region" means the Indian Ocean, includ-

ing the Arabian Sea and the Bay of Bengal, and the littoral areas surrounding the Indian Ocean.

#### PART 4—AFRICA

#### SEC. 30271. ASSESSMENT OF POLITICAL, ECO-NOMIC, AND SECURITY ACTIVITY OF THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA IN AFRICA.

(a) APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS DEFINED.—In this section, the term "appropriate committees of Congress" means—

(1) the Committee on Foreign Relations, the Committee on Armed Services, and the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate; and

(2) the Committee on Foreign Affairs, the Committee on Armed Services, and the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives.

- (b) INTELLIGENCE ASSESSMENT.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State shall, in coordination with the Director of National Intelligence, submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a report that assesses the nature and impact of the People's Republic of China's political, economic, socio-cultural, and security sector activity in Africa, and its impact on United States strategic interests, including information relating to—
- (1) the amount and impact of direct investment, loans, development financing, oil-forloans deals, and other preferential trading arrangements:
- (2) the involvement of People's Republic of China (PRC) state-owned enterprises in Africa; (3) the amount of African debt held by the
- (4) the involvement of PRC private security, technology and media companies in Africa:
- (5) the scale and impact of PRC arms sales to African countries:
- (6) the scope of PRC investment in and control of African energy resources and minerals critical for emerging and foundational technologies;
- (7) an analysis on the linkages between PRC's aid and assistance to African countries and African countries supporting PRC geopolitical goals in international fora;

(8) the methods, tools, and tactics used to facilitate illegal and corrupt activity, including trade in counterfeit and illicit goods, to include smuggled extractive resources and wildlife products, between Africa and the PRC;

(9) the methods and techniques that the PRC uses to exert undue influence on African governments and facilitate corrupt activity in Africa, including through the CCP's party-to-party training program, and to influence African multilateral organizations; and

(10) an analysis of the soft power, cultural and educational activities undertaken by the PRC and CCP to seek to expand its influence in Africa.

### SEC. 30272. INCREASING THE COMPETITIVENESS OF THE UNITED STATES IN AFRICA.

- (a) APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS DEFINED.—In this section, the term "appropriate committees of Congress" means—
- (1) the Committee on Foreign Relations, the Committee on Appropriations, and the Committee on Finance of the Senate; and
- (2) the Committee on Foreign Affairs, the Committee on Appropriations, and the Committee on Ways and Means of the House of Representatives.
- (b) STRATEGY REQUIREMENT.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State shall, in consultation with the Secretary of the Treasury, the Secretary of Commerce, the Attorney General, the United States Trade Representative, the Administrator of the United States Agency for International Development, and the leadership of the United States International Development Finance Corporation, submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a report setting forth a multi-year strategy for increasing United States

economic competitiveness and promoting improvements in the investment climate in Africa, including through support for—

- (1) democratic institutions and the rule of law, including property rights; and
- (2) improved transparency, anti-corruption efforts, and good governance.
- (c) Elements.—The strategy submitted pursuant to subsection (a) shall include—
- (1) a description and assessment of barriers to United States investment in Africa for United States businesses, including a clear identification of the different barriers facing small-sized and medium-sized businesses, and an assessment of whether existing programs effectively address such barriers;
- (2) a description and assessment of barriers to African diaspora investment in Africa, and recommendations to overcome such barriers;
- (3) an identification of the economic sectors in the United States that have a comparative advantage in African markets:
- (4) an assessment of additional foreign assistance needs, including democracy and governance and rule of law support, to promote a conducive operating environment in priority countries:
- (5) establishing a dialogue on security, development, and environmental issues of mutual interest; and
- (6) a plan to regularly host a United States-Africa Leaders Summit to promote strategic engagement and security in Africa.

(d) ASSESSMENT OF UNITED STATES GOVERN-MENT HUMAN RESOURCES CAPACITY.—The Comptroller General of the United States shall—

- (1) conduct a review of the number of Foreign Commercial Service Officers and Department of State Economic Officers at United States embassies in sub-Saharan Africa: and
- (2) develop and submit to the appropriate congressional committees an assessment of whether human resource capacity in such embassies is adequate to meet the goals of the various trade and economic programs and initiatives in Africa, including the African Growth and Opportunity Act and Prosper Africa.

### SEC. 30273. DIGITAL SECURITY COOPERATION WITH RESPECT TO AFRICA.

- (a) APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS DEFINED.—In this section, the term "appropriate committees of Congress" means—
- (1) the Committee on Foreign Relations, the Committee on Armed Services, the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate, and the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs; and
- (2) the Committee on Foreign Affairs, the Committee on Armed Services, the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence, and the Committee on Oversight and Reform of the House of Representatives.
- (b) INTERAGENCY WORKING GROUP TO COUNTER PRC CYBER AGGRESSION IN AFRICA.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The President shall establish an interagency Working Group, which shall include the National Cyber Director and representatives of the Department of State, the Department of Defense, the Office of the Director of National Intelligence, and such other agencies of the United States Government as the President considers appropriate, on means to counter PRC cyber aggression with respect to Africa.
- (2) DUTIES.—The Working Group established pursuant to this subsection shall develop and submit to the appropriate congressional committees a set of recommendations, such as for—
- (A) bolstering the capacity of governments in Africa to ensure the integrity of their data networks and critical infrastructure, where applicable:
  - $(B)\ providing\ alternatives\ to\ Huawei;$
- (C) an action plan for United States embassies in Africa to provide assistance to host-country governments with respect to protecting their vital digital networks and infrastructure from PRC espionage, including an assessment of

staffing resources needed to implement the action plan in embassies in Africa;

(D) utilizing interagency resources to counter PRC disinformation and propaganda in traditional and digital media targeted to African audiences; and

(E) helping civil society in Africa counter digital authoritarianism and identifying tools and assistance to enhance and promote digital democracy.

### SEC. 30274. SUPPORT FOR YOUNG AFRICAN LEAD-ERS INITIATIVE.

- (a) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of Congress that—
- (1) the Young African Leaders Initiative, launched in 2010, is a signature effort to invest in the next generation of African leaders;
- (2) Africa is a continent of strategic importance and it is vital for the United States to support strong and enduring partnerships with the next generation of African leaders; and
- (3) the United States Government should prioritize investments to build the capacity of emerging young African leaders in sub-Saharan Africa, including through efforts to enhance leadership skills, encourage entrepreneurship, strengthen public administration and the role of civil society, and connect young African leaders continentally and globally across the private, civic, and public sectors.
- (b) YOUNG AFRICAN LEADERS INITIATIVE PROGRAM.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—There is established in the Department of State the Young African Leaders Initiative ("YALI") program.
- (2) PURPOSE.—The YALI program shall seek to build the capacity of young African leaders in sub-Saharan Africa in the areas of business, civic engagement, or public administration, including through efforts to—
- (A) support young African leaders by offering professional development, training, and networking opportunities, particularly in the areas of leadership, innovation, civic engagement, elections, human rights, entrepreneurship, good governance, and public administration; and

(B) provide increased economic and technical assistance to young African leaders to promote economic growth and strengthen ties between United States and African businesses.

- (3) FELLOWSHIPS.—The YALI program shall award fellowships under the Mandela Washington Fellowship for Young African Leaders program to young African leaders ages 18 to 35 who have demonstrated strong capabilities in entrepreneurship, innovation, public service, and leadership, and who have had a positive impact in their communities, organizations, or institutions.
- (4) REGIONAL LEADERSHIP CENTERS.—The YALI program shall seek to establish regional leadership centers in sub-Saharan Africa to offer training to young African leaders ages 18 to 35 who have demonstrated strong capabilities in entrepreneurship, innovation, public service and leadership, and who have had a positive impact in their communities, organizations, or institutions.
- (5) ACTIVITIES.—
- (Å) UNITED STATES-BASED ACTIVITIES.—The Secretary of State, in coordination with the Administrator for the United States Agency for International Development and the heads of other relevant Federal departments and agencies, shall oversee all United States-based activities carried out under the YALI program, including the following:
- (i) The participation of Mandela Washington fellows in a six-week Leadership Institute at a United States university or college in business, civic engagement, or public management, including academic sessions, site visits, professional networking opportunities, leadership training, community service, and organized cultural activities.
- (ii) The participation by Mandela Washington fellows in an annual Mandela Washington Fellowship Summit, to provide such Fellows the op-

portunity to meet with United States leaders from the private, public, and non-profit sectors.

(B) AFRICA-BASED ACTIVITIES.—The Secretary of State, in coordination with the Administrator for the United States Agency for International Development and the heads of other relevant Federal departments and agencies, should continue to support YALI programs in sub-Saharan Africa, including the following:

(i) Access to continued leadership training and other professional development opportunities for Mandela Washington Fellowship for Young African Leaders alumni upon their return to their home countries, including online courses, technical assistance, and access to funding.

(ii) Training for young African leaders at regional leadership centers established in accordance with paragraph (4), and through online and in-person courses offered by such centers.

(iii) Opportunities for networking and engagement with—

(I) other alumni of the Mandela Washington Fellowship for Young African Leaders;

(II) alumni of programs at regional leadership centers established in accordance with paragraph (4); and

(III) United States and like-minded diplomatic missions, business leaders, and others as appromiste

(C) IMPLEMENTATION.—To carry out this paragraph, the Secretary of State, in coordination with the Administrator of the United States Agency for International Development and the heads of other relevant Federal departments and agencies shall seek to partner with the private sector to pursue public-private partnerships, leverage private sector expertise, expand networking opportunities, and identify funding opportunities as well as fellowship and employment opportunities for participants in the YALI program.

(6) IMPLEMENTATION PLAN.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State, in coordination with the Administrator of the United States Agency for International Development and the heads of other relevant Federal departments and agencies, shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a plan for implementing the YALI program, including the following:

(A) A description of clearly defined program goals, targets, and planned outcomes for each year and for the duration of implementation of the program.

 $(\vec{B})$   $\vec{A}$  strategy to monitor and evaluate the program and progress made toward achieving such goals, targets, and planned outcomes.

(C) A strategy to ensure the program is promoting United States foreign policy goals in Africa, including ensuring that the program is clearly branded and paired with robust public diplomacy efforts.

(7) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter for 5 years, the Secretary of State, in coordination with the Administrator of the United States Agency for International Development, shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees and publish in a publicly accessible, internet-based form, a report on the following:

(A) The progress made toward achieving the goals, targets, and planned outcomes described in paragraph (6)(A), including an overview of the program implemented in the previous year and an estimated number of beneficiaries.

(B) An assessment of how the YALI program is contributing to and promoting United States-Africa relations, particularly in areas of increased private sector investment, trade promotion, support to civil society, improved public administration, and fostering entrepreneurship and youth empowerment.

(C) Recommendations for improvements or changes to the program and implementation plan, if any, that would improve their effectiveness during subsequent years of implementation of the program.

- (8) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES DEFINED.—In this subsection, the term "appropriate congressional committees" means—
- (A) the Committee on Foreign Affairs and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives: and
- (B) the Committee on Foreign Relations and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate.
- (9) SUNSET.—The requirements of this section shall terminate on the date that is 5 years after the date of the enactment of this Act.

### SEC. 30275. AFRICA BROADCASTING NETWORKS.

Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Chief Executive Officer of the United States Agency for Global Media shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report on the resources and timeline needed to establish within the Agency an organization the mission of which shall be to promote democratic values and institutions in Africa by providing objective, accurate, and relevant news and information to the people of Africa and counter disinformation from malign actors, especially in countries in which a free press is banned by the government or not fully established, about the region, the world, and the United States through uncensored news, responsible discussion, and open debate.

### SEC. 30276. AFRICA ENERGY SECURITY AND DI-VERSIFICATION.

- (a) STATEMENT OF POLICY.—It is the policy of the United States to support increased access to energy in Africa and reduce Africa's energy dependence on countries that use energy reliance for undue political influence such as the Russian Federation and the People's Republic of China.
  - (b) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following:
- (1) Lack of access to energy remains a significant barrier to economic advancement and opportunity in Africa. As of 2018, an estimated 789,000,000 people, the vast majority of them in sub-Saharan Africa, lacked access to any modern electricity. Even in the region's most advanced economies, average annual per capita electricity consumption is often under 200 kilowatt-hours, less than what is needed to power a typical refrigerator. Only a small fraction of the 12,000,000 young Africans who enter the job market each year find employment; and the cost and reliability of electricity remain top constraints to job creation and economic competitiveness.
- (2) The United States' global strategic competitors have stepped in to address this disparity and finance energy sector development across Africa. China is the single largest trading partner for African countries in aggregate, and the largest bilateral lender for public sector loans across Africa. Approximately 65 percent of Chinese lending to Africa goes to infrastructure, and between 2013–2020, the energy sector consistently accounted for the largest share of all investment under China's Belt and Road Initiative.
- (3) Reliable, affordable, and sustainable power is the foundation for all modern economies and necessary for increasing growth and employment.
- (4) Increasing energy supply in low- and lower middle-income countries is necessary in the next decades in order to meet human, social, security, and economic needs.
- (5) Addressing energy poverty, powering inclusive economies, and making energy systems resilient in low- and lower middle-income countries will require diversified power systems and a mix of technologies that align with local conditions, resources, and needs.
- (c) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that countries in Africa continue to be important partners to the United States and the DFC should continue to make investments in sub-Saharan Africa to facilitate technologies that contribute to energy security and reliable, affordable, and sustainable power in low and lower middle-income countries.

- (d) AMENDMENT.—Section 3 of the Electrify Africa Act of 2015 (Public Law 114–121; 22 U.S.C. 2293 note) is amended—
- (1) in paragraph (8), by striking "and" at the end;
- (2) in paragraph (9), by striking the period and inserting a semicolon; and
- (3) by inserting after paragraph (9) the following:
- "(10) advance United States foreign policy and development goals by assisting African countries to reduce their dependence on energy resources from countries that use energy dependence for undue political influence, such as the Russian Federation or the People's Republic of China, which have used energy and financial resources to influence other countries:
- "(11) promote the energy security of allies and partners of the United States by encouraging the development of accessible, transparent, and competitive energy markets that provide diversified sources and reliable, affordable, and sustainable power:
- "(12) encourage United States public and private sector investment in African energy infrastructure projects to bridge the gap between energy security requirements and commercial demand in a way that is consistent with the region's capacity; and
- "(13) help facilitate the export of United States energy resources, technology, and expertise to global markets in a way that benefits the energy security of allies and partners of the United States, including in Africa.".

### PART 5—MIDDLE EAST AND NORTH AFRICA

### SEC. 30281. STRATEGY TO COUNTER CHINESE IN-FLUENCE IN, AND ACCESS TO, THE MIDDLE EAST AND NORTH AFRICA.

- (a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that—
- (1) the People's Republic of China is upgrading its influence in the Middle East and North Africa through its energy and infrastructure investments, technology transfer, and arms sales;
- (2) the People's Republic of China seeks to establish military or dual use facilities in geographically strategic locations in the Middle East and North Africa to further its Belt and Road Initiative at the expense of United States national security interests; and
- (3) the export of certain communications infrastructure from the People's Republic of China degrades the security of partner networks, exposes intellectual property to theft, threatens the ability of the United States to conduct security cooperation with compromised regional partners, and furthers China's authoritarian surveillance model.
  - (b) STRATEGY REQUIRED.—
- (1) In GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State, in coordination with the Secretary of Defense, the Administrator of the United States Agency for International Development, and the heads of other appropriate Federal agencies, shall jointly develop and submit to the appropriate congressional committees and the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a strategy for countering and limiting the People's Republic of China's influence in, and access to, the Middle East and North Africa.
- (2) ELEMENTS.—The strategy required under paragraph (1) shall include—
- (A) an assessment of the People's Republic of China's intent with regards to increased cooperation with Middle East and North African countries and how such cooperation fits into its broader global strategic objectives:
- (B) an assessment of how governments across the region are responding to the People's Republic of China's efforts to increase its military presence in their countries;
- (C) efforts to improve regional cooperation through foreign military sales, financing, and efforts to build partner capacity and increase interoperability with the United States;

- (D) an assessment of the People's Republic of China's joint research and development with the Middle East and North Africa, impacts on the United States' national security interests, and recommended steps to mitigate the People's Republic of China's influence in such area;
- (E) an assessment of arms sales and weapons technology transfers from the People's Republic of China to the Middle East and North Africa, impacts on United States' national security interests, and recommended steps to mitigate the People's Republic of China's influence in such area;
- (F) an assessment of the People's Republic of China's military sales to the region, including lethal and non-lethal unmanned aerial systems;
- (G) an assessment of People's Republic of China military basing and dual-use facility initiatives across the Middle East and North Africa, impacts on United States' national security interests, and recommended steps to mitigate the People's Republic of China's influence in such area:
- (H) efforts to improve regional security cooperation with United States allies and partners with a focus on—
- (i) maritime security in the Arabian Gulf, the Red Sea, and the Eastern Mediterranean;
  - (ii) integrated air and missile defense;
- (iii) cyber security;
- (iv) border security; and
- (v) critical infrastructure security, to include energy security;
- (I) increased support for government-to-government engagement on critical infrastructure development projects, including ports and water infrastructure;
- (J) efforts to encourage United States private sector and public-private partnerships in healthcare technology and foreign direct investment in non-energy sectors;
- (K) efforts to expand youth engagement and professional education exchanges with key partner countries;
- (L) specific steps to counter increased investment from the People's Republic of China in telecommunications infrastructure and diplomatic efforts to stress the political, economic, and social benefits of a free and open internet;
- (M) efforts to promote United States private sector engagement in and public-private partnerships on renewable energy development;
- (N) the expansion of public-private partnership efforts on water, desalination, and irrigation projects; and
- (O) efforts to warn United States partners in the Middle East and North Africa of the risks associated with the People's Republic of China's telecommunications infrastructure and provide alternative "clean paths" to the People's Republic of China's technology.
- (c) FORM.—The strategy required under section (b) shall be submitted in an unclassified form that can be made available to the public, but may include a classified annex as necessary.

### SEC. 30282. SENSE OF CONGRESS ON MIDDLE EAST AND NORTH AFRICA ENGAGE-MENT.

- (a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following findings:
- (1) The United States and the international community have long-term interests in the stability, security, and prosperity of the people of the Middle East and North Africa.
- (2) In addition to and apart from military and security efforts, the United States should harness a whole of government approach, including bilateral and multilateral statecraft, economic lines of effort, and public diplomacy to compete with and counter PRC influence.
- (3) A clearly articulated positive narrative of United States engagement, transparent governance structures, and active civil society engagement help counter predatory foreign investment and influence efforts.
- (b) STATEMENT OF POLICY.—It is the policy of the United States that the United States and the international community should continue diplo-

matic and economic efforts throughout the Middle East and North Africa that support reform efforts to—

- (1) promote greater economic opportunity;
- (2) foster private sector development;
- (3) strengthen civil society;
- (4) promote transparent and democratic governance and the rule of law; and
- (5) promote greater regional integration and intraregional cooperation, including with Israel. SEC. 30283. SENSE OF CONGRESS ON PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA-IRAN RELATIONSHIP.
- It is the sense of Congress that the People's Republic of China's economic relationship with Iran, including oil purchases in violation of United States sanctions, undermines United States efforts to compel Iran to abandon its malian activities.

### PART 6—ARCTIC REGION

### SEC. 30285. ARCTIC DIPLOMACY.

- (a) SENSE OF CONGRESS ON ARCTIC SECU-RITY.—It is the sense of Congress that—
- (1) the rapidly changing Arctic environment— (A) creates new national and regional security challenges due to increased military activity in
- (B) heightens the risk of the Arctic emerging as a major theater of conflict in ongoing strategic competition;
- (C) threatens maritime safety as Arctic littoral countries have inadequate capacity to patrol the increased vessel traffic in this remote region, which is a result of diminished annual levels of sea ire:
- (D) impacts public safety due to increased human activity in the Arctic region where search and rescue capacity remains very limited; and
- (E) threatens the health of the Arctic's fragile and pristine environment and the unique and highly sensitive species found in the Arctic's marine and terrestrial ecosustems: and
- (2) the United States should reduce the consequences described in paragraph (1) by—
- (A) evaluating the wide variety and dynamic set of security and safety risks developing in the Arctic:
- (B) developing policies and making preparations to mitigate and respond to threats and risks in the Arctic, including by continuing to work with allies and partners in the Arctic region to deter potential aggressive activities and build Arctic competencies;
- (C) adequately funding the National Earth System Prediction Capability to substantively improve weather, ocean, and ice predictions on the time scales necessary to ensure regional security and trans-Arctic shipping;
- (D) investing in resources, including a significantly expanded icebreaker fleet, to ensure that the United States has adequate capacity to prevent and respond to security threats in the Arctic region; and
- (E) pursuing diplomatic engagements with all states in the Arctic region to reach an agreement for—
- (i) maintaining peace and stability in the Arctic region;
- (ii) fostering cooperation on stewardship and safety initiatives in the Arctic region;
- (iii) ensuring safe and efficient management of commercial maritime traffic in the Arctic;
- (iv) promoting responsible natural resource management and economic development; and
- (v) countering China's Polar Silk Road initiative;
- (vi) examining the possibility of reconvening the Arctic Chiefs of Defense Forum; and
- (vii) reducing black carbon and methane emissions in the Arctic Region, including by working with observers of the Arctic Council, including India and the People's Republic of China, to adopt mitigation plans consistent with the findings and recommendations of the Arctic Council's Framework for Action on Black Carbon and Methane.

- (b) STATEMENT OF POLICY.—It is the policy of the United States-
- (1) to recognize only the states specified in subsection (c)(1) as Arctic states, and to reject all other claims to such status; and
- (2) that the militarization of the Arctic poses a serious threat to Arctic peace and stability, and the interests of United States allies and partners.
- (c) DEFINITIONS.—In this section: (1) ARCTIC STATES.—The term "Arctic states" means Russia, Canada, the United States, Norway, Denmark (including Greenland), Finland, Sweden, and Iceland.
- (2) ARCTIC REGION.—The term "Arctic Region" means the geographic region north of the 66.56083 parallel latitude north of the equator.
- (d) Designation of Ambassador at Large FOR ARCTIC AFFAIRS.—There is established within the Department of State an Ambassador at Large for Arctic Affairs (referred to in this section as the "Ambassador"), appointed in accordance with paragraph (1).
- (1) APPOINTMENT.—The Ambassador shall be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate.
- (2) Duties.
- (A) DIPLOMATIC REPRESENTATION.—Subject to the direction of the President and the Secretary of State, the Ambassador is authorized to represent the United States in matters and cases relevant to the Arctic Region in-
- (i) contacts with foreign governments, intergovernmental organizations, and specialized agencies of the United Nations, the Arctic Council, and other international organizations of which the United States is a member; and
- (ii) multilateral conferences and meetings relating to Arctic affairs.
- (B) CHAIR OF THE ARCTIC COUNCIL.—The Ambassador shall serve as the Chair of the Arctic Council when the United States holds the Chairmanship of the Arctic Council.
- (3) POLICIES AND PROCEDURES.—The Ambassador shall coordinate United States policies related to the Arctic Region, including-
- (A) meeting national security, economic, and commercial needs pertaining to Arctic affairs;
- (B) protecting the Arctic environment and conserving its biological resources;
- (C) promoting environmentally sustainable natural resource management and economic development;
- (D) strengthening institutions for cooperation among the Arctic states;
- (E) involving Arctic indigenous people in decisions that affect them;
- (F) enhancing scientific monitoring and research on local, regional, and global environmental issues;
- (G) integrating scientific data on the current and projected effects of climate change in the Arctic Region and ensure that such data is applied to the development of security strategies for the Arctic Region;
- (H) making available the methods and approaches on the integration of climate science to other regional security planning programs in the Department of State to better ensure that broader decision-making processes may more adequately account for the effects of climate change; and
- (I) reducing black carbon and methane emissions in the Arctic Region.
- (e) ARCTIC REGION SECURITY POLICY.—The Ambassador shall develop a policy, to be known as the "Arctic Region Security Policy", to assess, develop, budget for, and implement plans, policies, and actions-
- (1) to bolster the diplomatic presence of the States in Arctic states, including through enhancements to diplomatic missions and facilities, participation in regional and bilateral dialogues related to Arctic security, and coordination of United States initiatives and assistance programs across agencies to protect the national security of the United States and its allies and partners;

- (2) to enhance the resilience capacities of Arctic states to the effects of environmental change and increased civilian and military activity by Arctic states and other states that may result from increased accessibility of the Arctic Region;
- (3) to assess specific added risks to the Arctic Region and Arctic states that-
- (A) are vulnerable to the changing Arctic environment; and
- (B) are strategically significant to the United
- (4) to coordinate the integration of environmental change and national security risk and vulnerability assessments into the decision making process on foreign assistance awards with Greenland:
- (5) to advance principles of good governance by encouraging and cooperating with Arctic states on collaborative approaches-
- (A) to responsibly manage natural resources in the Arctic Region;
- (B) to share the burden of ensuring maritime safety in the Arctic Region;
- (C) to prevent the escalation of security tensions by mitigating against the militarization of the Arctic Region:
- (D) to develop mutually agreed upon multilateral policies amona Arctic states on the management of maritime transit routes through the Arctic Region and work cooperatively on the transit policies for access to and transit in the Arctic Region by non-Arctic states: and
- (E) to facilitate the development of Arctic Region Security Action Plans to ensure stability and public safety in disaster situations in a humane and responsible fashion:
- (6) to evaluate the vulnerability security survivability, and resiliency of United States interests and non-defense assets in the Arctic Region; and
- (7) to reduce black carbon and methane emissions in the Arctic.

#### SEC. 30286. STATEMENT OF POLICY REGARDING OBSERVER STATUS FOR TAIWAN ON THE ARCTIC COUNCIL.

It is the policy of the United States to urge that Taiwan be given observer status on the Arctic Council.

### PART 7—OCEANIA

### SEC. 30291. STATEMENT OF POLICY ON UNITED STATES ENGAGEMENT IN OCEANIA.

- It shall be the policy of the United States-
- (1) to elevate the countries of Oceania as a strategic national security and economic priority of the United States Government;
- (2) to promote civil society, the rule of law. and democratic governance across Oceania as part of a free and open Indo-Pacific region;
- (3) to broaden and deepen relationships with the Freely Associated States of the Republic of Palau, the Republic of the Marshall Islands. and the Federated States of Micronesia through robust defense, diplomatic, economic, and development exchanges that promote the goals of individual countries and the entire region:
- (4) to work with the Governments of Australia, New Zealand, and Japan to advance shared alliance goals of the Oceania region concerning health, environmental protection, disaster resilience and preparedness, illegal, unreported and unregulated fishing, maritime security, and economic development;
- (5) to participate, wherever possible and appropriate, in existing regional organizations and international structures to promote the national security and economic goals of the United States and countries of Oceania;
- (6) to invest in a whole-of-government United States strategy that will enhance youth engagement and advance long-term growth and development throughout the region, especially as such relates to protecting marine resources that are critical to livelihoods and strengthening the resilience of the countries of Oceania against current and future threats resulting from extreme weather and severe changes in the environment:

- (7) to deter and combat acts of malign foreign influence and corruption aimed at undermining the political, environmental, social, and economic stability of the people and governments of the countries of Oceania;
- (8) to improve the local capacity of the countries of Oceania to address public health challenges and improve global health security;
- (9) to help the countries of Oceania access market-based private sector investments that adhere to best practices regarding transparency, debt sustainability, and environmental and social safeguards as an alternative to state-directed investments by authoritarian governments;
- (10) to ensure the people and communities of Oceania remain safe from the risks of old and degrading munitions hazards and other debris
- that threaten health and livelihoods;
  (11) to cooperate with Taiwan by offering United States support for maintaining Taiwan's diplomatic partners in Oceania; and
- (12) to work cooperatively with all governments in Oceania to promote the dignified return of the remains of members of the United States Armed Forces who are missing in action from previous conflicts in the Indo-Pacific region.

### SEC. 30292. OCEANIA STRATEGIC ROADMAP.

- (a) Oceania Strategic Roadmap.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a strategic roadmap for strengthening United States engagement with the countries of Oceania, including an analysis of opportunities to cooperate with Australia, New Zealand, and Japan, to address shared concerns and promote shared goals in pursuit of security and resiliency in the countries of Oceania.
- (b) ELEMENTS.—The strategic roadmap required by subsection (a) shall include the following:
- (1) A description of United States regional goals and concerns with respect to Oceania and increasing engagement with the countries of Oceania.
- (2) An assessment, based on paragraph (1), of United States regional goals and concerns that are shared by Australia, New Zealand, and Japan, including a review of issues related to anti-corruption efforts, maritime and other security issues, environmental protection, fisheries management, economic growth and development, and disaster resilience and preparedness.
- (3) A review of ongoing programs and initiatives by the Governments of the United States, Australia, New Zealand, and Japan in pursuit of shared regional goals and concerns.
- (4) A review of ongoing programs and initiatives by regional organizations and other related intergovernmental structures aimed at addressing shared regional goals and concerns.
- (5) A plan for aligning United States programs and resources in pursuit of shared regional goals and concerns, as appropriate.
- (6) Recommendations for additional United States authorities, personnel, programs, or resources necessary to execute the strategic road-
- (7) Any other elements the Secretary of State considers appropriate.

### SEC. 30293. OCEANIA SECURITY DIALOGUE.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State shall brief the appropriate committees of Congress on the feasibility and advisability of establishing a United Statesbased public-private sponsored security dialogue (to be known as the "Oceania Security Dialogue") among the countries of Oceania for the purposes of jointly exploring and discussing issues affecting the economic, diplomatic, and national security of the Indo-Pacific countries of Oceania.
- (b) REPORT REQUIRED.—The briefing required by subsection (a) shall, at a minimum, include the following:

- (1) A review of the ability of the Department of State to participate in a public-private sponsored security dialogue.
- (2) An assessment of the potential locations for conducting an Oceania Security Dialogue in the jurisdiction of the United States.
- (3) Consideration of dates for conducting an Oceania Security Dialogue that would maximize participation of representatives from the Indo-Pacific countries of Oceania.
- (4) A review of the funding modalities available to the Department of State to help finance an Oceania Security Dialogue, including grantmaking authorities available to the Department of State.
- (5) An assessment of any administrative, statutory, or other legal limitations that would prevent the establishment of an Oceania Security Dialogue with participation and support of the Department of State.
- (6) An analysis of how an Oceania Security Dialogue could help to advance the Boe Declaration on Regional Security, including its emphasis on the changing environment as the greatest existential threat to countries of Oce-
- (7) An evaluation of how an Oceania Security Dialogue could help amplify the issues and work of existing regional structures and organizations dedicated to the security of the Oceania region, such as the Pacific Island Forum and Pacific Environmental Security Forum.
- (8) An analysis of how an Oceania Security Dialogue would help with implementation of the strategic roadmap required by section 30292 and advance the National Security Strategy of the United States.
- (c) Interagency Consultation.—To the extent practicable, the Secretary of State may consult with the Secretary of Defense and, where appropriate, evaluate the lessons learned of the Regional Centers for Security Studies of the Department of Defense to determine the feasibility and advisability of establishing the Oceania Security Dialogue.

### SEC. 30294. OCEANIA PEACE CORPS PARTNER-SHIPS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of the Peace Corps shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report on strategies to reasonably and safely expand the number of Peace Corps volunteers in Oceania, with the goals of—
- (1) expanding the presence of the Peace Corps to all currently feasible locations in Oceania; and
- (2) working with regional and international partners of the United States to expand the presence of Peace Corps volunteers in low-income Oceania communities in support of climate resilience initiatives.
- (b) ELEMENTS.—The report required by subsection (a) shall—
- (1) assess the factors contributing to the current absence of the Peace Corps and its volunteers in Oceania:
- (2) examine potential remedies that include working with United States Government agencies and regional governments, including governments of United States allies—
- (A) to increase the health infrastructure and medical evacuation capabilities of the countries of Oceania to better support the safety of Peace Corps volunteers while in such countries;
- (B) to address physical safety concerns that have decreased the ability of the Peace Corps to operate in Oceania; and
- (C) to increase transportation infrastructure in the countries of Oceania to better support the travel of Peace Corps volunteers and their access to necessary facilities;
- (3) evaluate the potential to expand the deployment of Peace Corps Response volunteers to help the countries of Oceania address social, economic, and development needs of their communities that require specific professional expertise; and

- (4) explore potential new operational models to address safety and security needs of Peace Corps volunteers in the countries of Oceania, including—
- (A) changes to volunteer deployment durations; and
- (B) scheduled redeployment of volunteers to regional or United States-based healthcare facilities for routine physical and behavioral health evaluation.
- (c) VOLUNTEERS IN LOW-INCOME OCEANIA COMMUNITIES.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—In examining the potential to expand the presence of Peace Corps volunteers in low-income Oceania communities under subsection (a)(2), the Director of the Peace Corps shall consider the development of initiatives described in paragraph (2).
- (2) INITIATIVES DESCRIBED.—Initiatives described in this paragraph are volunteer initiatives that help the countries of Oceania address social, economic, and development needs of their communities, including by—
- (A) addressing, through appropriate resilience-based interventions, the vulnerability that communities in Oceania face as result of extreme weather, severe environmental change, and other climate related trends; and
- (B) improving, through smart infrastructure principles, access to transportation and connectivity infrastructure that will help address the economic and social challenges that communities in Oceania confront as a result of poor or nonexistent infrastructure.
- (d) OCEANIA DEFINED.—In this section, the term "Oceania" includes the following:
  - (1) Easter Island of Chile.
  - (2) Fiji.
  - (3) French Polynesia of France.
- (4) Kiribati.
- (5) New Caledonia of France.
- (6) Nieu of New Zealand.
- (7) Papua New Guinea.
- (8) Samoa.
- (9) Vanuatu.
- (10) The Ashmore and Cartier Islands of Australia.
  - ana. (11) The Cook Islands of New Zealand.
  - (12) The Coral Islands of Australia.
    (13) The Federated States of Micronesia.
  - (13) The Federaled States of Micronesic (14) The Norfolk Island of Australia.
- (15) The Pitcairn Islands of the United Kingdom
- (16) The Republic of the Marshal Islands.
- (17) The Republic of Palau.
- (18) The Solomon Islands. (19) Tokelau of New Zealand.
- (20) Tonga.
- (20) Tonga. (21) Tuvalu.
- (22) Wallis and Futuna of France.

### PART 8—PACIFIC ISLANDS

### SEC. 30295. SHORT TITLE.

This part may be cited as the "Boosting Longterm U.S. Engagement in the Pacific Act" or the "BLUE Pacific Act".

### SEC. 30296. FINDINGS.

Congress finds the following:

- (1) The Pacific Islands—
- (A) are home to roughly 10 million residents, including over 8.6 million in Papua New Guinea, constituting diverse and dynamic cultures and neonles:
- (B) are spread across an expanse of the Pacific Ocean equivalent to 15 percent of the Earth's surface, including the three sub-regions of Melanesia, Micronesia, and Polynesia; and
- (C) face shared challenges in development that have distinct local contexts, including climate change and rising sea levels, geographic distances from major markets, and vulnerability to external shocks such as natural disasters.
- (2) The United States is a Pacific country with longstanding ties and shared values and interests with the Pacific Islands, including through the Compacts of Free Association with the Freely Associated States, the Republic of the Marshall Islands, the Federated States of Micronesia, and the Republic of Palau.

- (3) The United States has vital national security interests in the Pacific Islands, including—
- (A) protecting regional peace and security that fully respects the sovereignty of all nations; (B) advancing economic prosperity free from
- coercion through sustainable development; and (C) supporting democracy, good governance, the rule of law, and human rights and fundamental freedoms.
- (4) Successive United States administrations have recognized the importance of the Pacific region, including the Pacific Islands, in high-level strategic documents, including the following:
- (A) The 2015 National Security Strategy, which first declared the rebalance to Asia and the Pacific, affirmed the United States as a Pacific nation, and paved the way for subsequent United States engagement with the Pacific Islands, including several new policies focused on conservation and resilience to climate change announced in September 2016.
- (B) The 2017 National Security Strategy, which includes a commitment to "shore up fragile partner states in the Pacific Islands region to reduce their vulnerability to economic fluctuations and natural disasters".
- (C) The 2019 Indo-Pacific Strategy Report, which identified the Pacific Islands as "critical to U.S. strategy because of our shared values, interests, and commitments" and committed the United States to "building capacity and resilience to address maritime security; Illegal, Unreported, and Unregulated fishing; drug trafficking; and resilience to address climate change and disaster response".
- (5) The United States has deepened its diplomatic engagement with the Pacific Islands through several recent initiatives, including—
- (A) the Pacific Pledge, which provided an additional \$100,000,000 in 2019 and \$200,000,000 in 2020, on top of the approximately \$350,000,000 that the United States provides annually to the region to support shared priorities in economic and human development, climate change, and more; and
- (B) the Small and Less Populous Island Economies (SALPIE) Initiative launched in March 2021 to strengthen United States collaboration with island countries and territories, including in the Pacific Islands, on COVID-19 economic challenges, long-term economic development, climate change, and other shared inter-
- (6) The Boe Declaration on Regional Security, signed by leaders of the Pacific Islands Forum in 2018, affirmed that climate change "remains the single greatest threat to the livelihoods, security, and wellbeing of the peoples of the Pacific" and asserted "the sovereign right of every Member to conduct its national affairs free of external interference and coercion".
- (7) The Asian Development Bank has estimated that the Pacific Islands region needs upwards of \$2.8 billion a year in investment needs through 2030, in addition to \$300 million a year for climate mitigation and adaptation over the same period.
- (8) The Pacific Islands swiftly enacted effective policies to prevent and contain the spread of the Coronavirus Disease 2019 (commonly referred to as "COVID-19") pandemic to their populations. The United States has provided over \$130,000,000 in assistance to the Pacific Islands for their COVID-19 response. However, priorities must be met to ensure continued success in preventing the spread of the COVID-19 pandemic, achieving swift and widespread vaccinations, and pursuing long-term economic recovery in the Pacific Islands, including through—
- (A) expanding testing capacity and acquisition of needed medical supplies, including available COVID-19 vaccines and supporting vaccination efforts, through a reliable supply chain:
- (B) planning for lifting of lockdowns and reopening of economic and social activities; and

- (C) mitigating and recovering from the impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic on the health system and the reliance on food and energy imports as well as lost tourism revenue and other economic and food security damages caused by the pandemic.
- (9) Since 1966, thousands of Peace Corps volunteers have proudly served in the Pacific Islands, building strong people-to-people relationships and demonstrating the United States commitment to peace and development in the region. Prior to the COVID-19 pandemic, the Peace Corps maintained presence in four countries of the Pacific Islands. Peace Corps volunteers continue to be in high demand in the Pacific Islands and have been requested across the region.

#### SEC. 30297. STATEMENT OF POLICY.

- It is the policy of the United States—
- (1) to develop and commit to a comprehensive, multifaceted, and principled United States policy in the Pacific Islands that—
- (A) promotes peace, security, and prosperity for all countries through a rules-based regional order that respects the sovereignty and political independence of all nations;
- (B) preserves the Pacific Ocean as an open and vibrant corridor for international maritime trade and sustainable development that supports inclusive economic growth and autonomy for all nations and addresses socioeconomic challenges related to public health, education, renewable energy, digital connectivity, and more:
- (C) supports regional efforts to address the challenges posed by climate change, including by strengthening resilience to natural disasters and through responsible stewardship of natural resources:
- (D) improves civil society, strengthens democratic governance and the rule of law, and promotes human rights and the preservation of the region's unique cultural heritages;
- (E) assists the Pacific Islands in preventing and containing the spread of the COVID-19 pandemic and in pursuing long-term economic recovery; and
- (F) supports existing regional architecture and international norms;
- (2) to support the vision, values, and objectives of existing regional multilateral institutions and frameworks, such as the Pacific Islands Forum and the Pacific Community, including—
- (A) the 2014 Framework for Pacific Regionalism;
- (B) the 2018 Boe Declaration on Regional Security; and
  - (C) the Boe Declaration Action Plan;
- (3) to extend and renew the provisions of the Compacts of Free Association and related United States law that will expire in 2023 for the Republic of the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia and in 2024 for the Republic of Palau unless they are extended and renewed; and
- (4) to work closely with United States allies and partners with existing relationships and interests in the Pacific Islands, such as Australia, Japan, New Zealand, and Taiwan, in advancing common goals.

### SEC. 30298. DEFINITION.

In this part, the terms "Pacific Islands" means the Cook Islands, the Republic of Fiji, the Republic of Kiribati, the Republic of the Marshall Islands, the Federated States of Micronesia, the Republic of Nauru, Niue, the Republic of Palau, the Independent State of Papua New Guinea, the Independent State of Samoa, the Solomon Islands, the Kingdom of Tonga, Tuvalu, and the Republic of Vanuatu.

### SEC. 30299. AUTHORITY TO CONSOLIDATE RE-PORTS; FORM OF REPORTS.

(a) AUTHORITY TO CONSOLIDATE REPORTS.— Any reports required to be submitted to the appropriate congressional committees under this part that are subject to deadlines for submission

- consisting of the same units of time may be consolidated into a single report that is submitted to the appropriate congressional committees pursuant to such deadlines and that contains all information required under such reports.
- (b) FORM OF REPORTS.—Each report required by this part shall be submitted in unclassified form but may contain a classified annex.

### SEC. 30299A. DIPLOMATIC PRESENCE IN THE PA-CIFIC ISLANDS.

- (a) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of Congress that—
- (1) the strategic importance of the Pacific Islands necessitates an examination of whether United States diplomatic, economic, and development engagement and presence in the Pacific Islands region is sufficient to effectively support United States objectives and meaningful participation in regional fora;
- (2) improving shared understanding of and jointly combatting the transnational challenges pertinent to the Pacific Islands region with countries of the Pacific Islands and regional partners such as Australia, New Zealand, Japan, and Taiwan is vitally important to our shared long-term interests of stability, security, and prosperity;
- (3) the United States should seek to participate in and support efforts to coordinate a regional response toward maritime security, including through continued United States and Pacific Islands participation in the Pacific Fusion Centre in Vanuatu and Information Fusion Centre in Singapore, and robust cooperation with regional allies and partners; and
- (4) the United States Government should commit to sending appropriate levels of representation to regional events.
- (b) REPORT.
- (1) In GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act and annually thereafter for five years, the Secretary of State, in consultation with the Secretary of Commerce and the Administrator of the United States Agency for International Development, shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report on the diplomatic and development presence of the United States in the Pacific Islands.
- (2) ELEMENTS.—The report required by paragraph (1) shall include the following:
- (A) A description of the Department of State, United States Agency for International Development, United States International Development Finance Corporation, Millennium Challenge Corporation, and United States Commercial Service presence, staffing, programming, and resourcing of operations in the Pacific Islands, including programming and resourcing not specifically allocated to the Pacific Islands.
- (B) A description of gaps in such presence, including unfilled full-time equivalent positions.
- (C) A description of limitations and challenges such gaps pose to United States strategic objectives, including—
- (i) gaps in support of the Pacific Islands due to operations being conducted from the United States Agency for International Development offices in Manila and Suva; and
- (ii) gaps in programming and resourcing.
- (D) A strategy to expand and elevate such presence to fill such gaps, including by establishing new missions, expanding participation in regional forums, and elevating United States representation in regional forums.
- (c) AUTHORITY TO ENHANCE DIPLOMATIC AND ECONOMIC ENGAGEMENT.—The Secretary of State and the Secretary of Commerce are authorized to hire locally employed staff in the Pacific Islands for the purpose of promoting increased diplomatic engagement and economic and commercial engagement between the United States and the Pacific Islands.
- (d) REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT COOPERATION STRATEGY.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and every five years thereafter, the Administrator of the United States Agency for International Develop-

ment shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a regional development cooperation strategy for the Pacific Islands.

### SEC. 30299B. COORDINATION WITH REGIONAL AL-LIES AND PARTNERS.

- (a) In General.—The Secretary of State shall consult and coordinate with regional allies and partners, such as Australia, Japan, New Zealand, Taiwan, and regional institutions such as the Pacific Islands Forum and the Pacific Community, with respect to programs to provide assistance to the Pacific Islands, including programs established by this Act, including for purposes of—
  - (1) deconflicting programming;
- (2) ensuring that any programming does not adversely affect the absorptive capacity of the Pacific Islands; and
- (3) ensuring complementary programs benefit the Pacific Islands to the maximum extent practicable.
- (b) FORMAL CONSULTATIVE PROCESS.—The Secretary of State shall establish a formal consultative process with such regional allies and partners to coordinate with respect to such programs and future-years programming.
- (c) REPORT.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act and annually thereafter, the Secretary of State shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees and the Armed Services Committees of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report that includes—
- (1) a review of ongoing efforts, initiatives, and programs undertaken by regional allies and partners, including multilateral organizations, to advance priorities identified in this Act:
- (2) a review of ongoing efforts, initiatives, and programs undertaken by non-allied foreign actors that are viewed as being potentially harmful or in any way detrimental to one or more countries of the Pacific Islands:
- (3) an assessment of United States programs in the Pacific Islands and their alignment and complementarity with the efforts of regional allies and partners identified in paragraph (1); and
- (4) a review of the formal consultative process required in subsection (b) to summarize engagements held and identify opportunities to improve coordination with regional allies and partners.

### SEC. 30299C. CLIMATE RESILIENT DEVELOPMENT IN THE PACIFIC ISLANDS.

- (a) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of Congress that—
- (1) the United States Government should leverage the full range of authorities and programs available to assist the Pacific Islands in achieving their development goals;
- (2) United States development assistance should seek to build on existing public and private sector investments while creating new opportunities toward a favorable environment for additional such investments: and
- (3) United States development efforts should be coordinated with and seek to build on existing efforts by like-minded partners and allies and regional and international multilateral organizations.
- (b) STRATEGY.—The Secretary of State, in coordination with the Administrator of the United States Agency for International Development, the Secretary of the Treasury, and the Chief Executive Officer of the United States International Development Finance Corporation, shall develop and implement a strategy to—
- (1) invest in and improve critical infrastructure, including transport connectivity, information and communications technology, food security, coastal zone management, marine and water resource management, and energy security and access to electricity in the Pacific Islands, with an emphasis on climate resiliency and sustainable development;
- (2) provide technical assistance to assist local government and civil society leaders assess risks

- to local infrastructure, especially those posed by climate change, consider and implement risk mitigation efforts and policies to strengthen resilience, and evaluate proposed projects and solutions for their efficacy and sustainability; and
- (3) support investment and improvement in ecosystem conservation and protection for the long-term sustainable use of ecosystem services, especially those that mitigate effects of climate change and those that support food security and livelihoods.
- (c) CONDUCT OF STRATEGY.—The strategy developed under this section shall be coordinated with like-minded partners and allies, regional and international multilateral organizations, and regional frameworks for development in the Pacific Islands.
- (d) International Financial Institutions.— The Secretary of the Treasury shall direct the representatives of the United States to the World Bank Group, the International Monetary Fund, and the Asian Development Bank to use the voice and vote of the United States to support climate resilient infrastructure projects in the Pacific Islands.
  - (e) REPORT.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment this Act and annually thereafter, the Secretary of State shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees, the Committee on Natural Resources of the House of Representatives, and the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate a report on foreign infrastructure developments in the Pacific Islands.
- (2) MATTERS TO BE INCLUDED.—The report required by paragraph (1) shall include—
- (A) a review of foreign infrastructure developments in the Pacific Islands by non-United States allies and partners;
- (B) assessments of the environmental impact and sustainability of such developments; and
- (C) an analysis of the financial sustainability of such developments and their impacts on the debt of host countries in the Pacific Islands.
- (f) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— There are authorized to be appropriated \$50,000,000 for each of the fiscal years 2022 through 2026 to carry out this section.

### SEC. 30299D. INTERNATIONAL LAW ENFORCE-MENT ACADEMY FOR THE PACIFIC ISLANDS.

- (a) In General.—The Secretary of State shall develop and implement a plan to expand coverage of the International Law Enforcement Academies (ILEA) program for the Pacific Islands, including by—
- (1) expanding coverage of the regional program located in Bangkok, Thailand, to the Pacific Islands; or
- (2) establishing a new regional program for the Pacific Islands.
- (b) MATTERS TO BE INCLUDED.—The plan required by subsection (a) shall include consultation and coordination with existing regional law enforcement entities, including the Pacific Islands Chiefs of Police and civil society, including those focused on human rights and specializing in victim-centered approaches, and take into consideration costs of implementation, effectiveness, and capacity of the Pacific Islands to participate in the ILEA program.
- (c) BRIEFING REQUIRED.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State shall provide the appropriate congressional committees a briefing on the plan developed under this section.

### SEC. 30299E. SECURITY ASSISTANCE FOR THE PA-CIFIC ISLANDS.

- (a) STRATEGY.—
- (1) In GENERAL.—The Secretary of State, with the concurrence of the Secretary of Defense and in coordination with the Secretary of Homeland Security, shall develop and implement a comprehensive strategy to provide assistance to and build the capacity of local civilian and national security institutions of the Pacific Islands for purposes of—

- (A) enhancing maritime security and maritime domain awareness to address challenges such as illegal, unreported, and unregulated fishing;
- (B) assisting local law enforcement in detecting, preventing, and combatting human and drug trafficking and other forms of transnational crime;
- (C) participating in efforts by regional institutions and frameworks to coordinate and facilitate cooperation on shared security challenges; and
- (D) expanding information sharing and to work toward operational coordination and interoperability among Pacific Island maritime security forces, including through regional fusion centers.
- (2) PROGRAMS AND AUTHORITIES DESCRIBED.— The strategy required by this subsection shall build on but not be limited to the following programs and authorities:
- (A) The International Military Education and Training program.
- (B) The Foreign Military Financing program. (C) The authority to build the capacity of foreign security forces under section 333 of title 10, United States Code.
- (D) The authority to provide excess defense articles under section 516 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2321j).
- (E) The Department of Defense State Partnership Program.
- (3) NATIONAL POLICE FORCES AND COAST GUARDS.—The national police forces and coast guards of the Pacific Islands are eligible to receive assistance under the programs and authorities described in paragraph (2) (other than the programs and authorities described in subparagraphs (A), (D), and (F) of paragraph (2)) for purposes of the strategy required by this subsection.
- (b) MATTERS TO BE INCLUDED.—The strategy required by subsection (a) shall seek to preserve peace and regional stability in the Pacific Islands and take into consideration and seek to build upon but not duplicate existing assistance provided by United States allies and partners.
- (c) REPORT.-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report that contains the strategy developed under this section.
- (2) MATTERS TO BE INCLUDED.—The report required by paragraph (1) shall include—
- (A) an assessment of security challenges to the Pacific Islands;
- (B) an analysis of demonstrated needs of the Pacific Islands for assistance;
- (C) a review of existing security assistance programs in the Pacific Islands, including programs and efforts provided by United States allies and partners;
- (D) a plan for programs for training, equipping, and sustainment, including excess defense equipment and related materials;
- (E) a list of militaries, national police forces, coast guards, and other national security forces of the Pacific Islands receiving assistance under the strategy;
- (F) a review of existing cross-border maritime law enforcement operations (commonly known as "shiprider agreements") with the Pacific Islands, an assessment of additional resourcing needs to enhance operational capacity, and a plan to improve on these programs and operations:
- (G) a review of existing Department of Defense State Partnership Programs with the Pacific Islands and an assessment of additional opportunities to leverage Department of Defense State Partnership Programs to address national security, law enforcement, disaster relief and emergency management, and related priorities;
- (H) a review of current efforts and progress in removing unexploded ordnance in the Pacific Islands and an assessment of additional resourcing needed to ensure continued progress, including to support coordination with regional

- efforts and those of United States allies and partners;
- (I) a review of existing regional fusion centers and other cooperative intelligence sharing efforts in the Pacific Islands to address maritime security, transnational crime, natural disasters, and other security challenges and an assessment of opportunities for the United States to participate in such efforts, including by allocating staff and supplying resourcing:
- (J) measures to evaluate success for the strategy; and
- (K) a detailed assessment of appropriations required to achieve the objectives for the strategy in future years.
- (3) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES DEFINED.—In this subsection, the term "appropriate congressional committees" means—
- (A) the Committee on Foreign Affairs, the Committee on Armed Services, and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives; and
- (B) the Committee on Foreign Relations, the Committee on Armed Services, and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate.

### SEC. 30299F. COUNTERING TRANSNATIONAL CRIME.

- (a) RATIFICATION OF INTERNATIONAL LEGAL INSTRUMENTS.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of State shall prioritize efforts to assist the Pacific Islands in ratifying and implementing international legal conventions related to transnational crime, such as—
- (A) the Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wildlife Fauna and Flora:
- (B) the Agreement on Port State Measures; and
- (C) relevant protocols supplementing the United Nations Convention Against Transnational Organized Crime, such as—
- (i) the Protocol to Prevent, Suppress, and Punish Trafficking in Person, Especially Women and Children; and
- (ii) the Protocol Against the Smuggling of Migrants by Land, Sea, and Air.
- (2) BIENNIAL REPORT.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act and every two years thereafter as appropriate, the Secretary of State shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report on—
- (A) the status of the progress of each country of the Pacific Islands toward ratifying and implementing international legal conventions related to transnational crime; and
- (B) United States plans for assisting those countries that have yet to fully ratify such conventions with their respective ratification efforts.
- (b) UPDATES OF CERTAIN REPORTS.—The Secretary of State, in coordination with other Federal agencies as appropriate, shall identify and update existing reports to include forms of transnational crime affecting the Pacific Islands. such as—
- (1) the International Narcotics Control Strategy report;
- (2) the Improving International Fisheries Management report; and
- (3) the Trafficking in Persons report.
- (c) Illegal Logging and Associated Trade.—
- (1) In GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act and annually thereafter, the Secretary of State, in coordination with the heads of relevant Federal agencies, shall submit to appropriate congressional committees a report that identifies countries of the Pacific Islands that are countries of concern with respect to illegal logging and associated trade
- (2) ELEMENTS.—The report required by paragraph (1) shall include the following:

(A) A description of the impact illegal logging and associated trade have had on local communities, good governance, and biodiversity, including an identification of those foreign countries that may be financing or in any other manner supporting illegal logging activities.

(B) A description of efforts taken by countries identified under paragraph (1) to comply and take appropriate corrective action to mitigate illegal logging, and an evaluation of the progress

of those efforts.

(C) A description of steps taken by the heads of relevant Federal agencies to assist the Pacific Islands in adopting and implementing international measures comparable to those of the United States, such as the Lacey Act, to reduce impacts of illicit logging.
(3) Appropriate congressional committees

DEFINED.—In this subsection, the term "appropriate congressional committees" means-

(A) the Committee on Foreign Affairs and the Committee on Ways and Means of the House of Representatives: and

(B) the Committee on Foreign Relations and the Committee on Finance of the Senate.

- (d) Illegal, Unreported, and Unregulated Fishing.—Section 3553 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2020 (16 U.S.C. 8033) is amended-
- (1) in paragraph (7), by striking "and" at the
- (2) by redesignating paragraph (8) as paragraph (9); and

(3) by inserting after paragraph (7) (as

amended) the following:

(8) an assessment of gaps or limitations in the ability of the United States to effectively assist priority regions and priority flag states relating to  $I\bar{U}U$  fishing due to resource constraints and the additional resources necessary to overcome those constraints: and".

### SEC. 30299G. EMERGENCY PREPAREDNESS INITIA-TIVE FOR THE PACIFIC ISLANDS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator of the United States Agency for International Development shall develop and implement an initiative to assist the Pacific Islands in enhancing their preparedness for and resilience to natural disasters and other emergencies.
- (b) CONDUCT OF PROGRAM.—The program developed under this section shall include-
- (1) education and training programs on natural disaster prevention and preparedness for emergency management professionals in the Pacific Islands, including by leveraging the expertise of nonprofit organizations and institutions of higher education in the United States:
- (2) technical assistance, including through grants and cooperative agreements for qualified United States and local nongovernmental organizations, to enhance early warning systems, emergency management and preparedness procedures, and post-disaster relief and recovery; and
- (3) coordination of existing disaster mitigation and response plans in the region, including by United States allies and partners in the region.

(c) REPORT.-

- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report on the program developed under this section.
- (2) Matters to be included.—The report required by paragraph (1) shall include-
- (A) an assessment of disaster risks in the Pacific Islands and existing local and regional capacity to respond to such risks;
- (B) a review of existing efforts by United States allies and partners to provide assistance and training for natural disaster preparedness and emergency management; and
- (C) objectives, means of implementation, and measures of success for the initiative.
- (3) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES DEFINED.—In this subsection, the term "appropriate congressional committees" means-
- (A) the Committee on Foreign Affairs and the Committee on Natural Resources of the House of Representatives; and

- (B) the Committee on Foreign Relations and the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate.
- (d) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.-Thereare authorized to be appropriated \$40,000,000 for each of the fiscal years 2022 through 2026 to carry out this section.

### SEC. 30299H. PEACE CORPS IN THE PACIFIC IS-LANDS.

- (a) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of Congress that—
- (1) the presence of the Peace Corps in the Pacific Islands should be expanded and the Peace Corps should reopen its programs in as many of the Pacific Islands as possible, including where it has previously operated but has suspended operations:
- (2) consulting like-minded regional allies and partners, such as Australia, New Zealand, Japan, and Taiwan is crucial for identifying and overcoming challenges for increased Peace Corps presence in the Pacific Islands;
- (3) the Peace Corps, whose mission is to promote world peace and friendship in part by helping the people of interested countries in meeting their need for trained men and women, provides an invaluable opportunity to connect the American people with the people of the Republic of the Marshall Islands, the Federated States of Micronesia, and the Republic of Palau;
- (4) the Peace Corps should promptly reopen its programs in the Republic of the Marshall Islands, the Federated States of Micronesia, and the Republic of Palau.
- (b) REPORT.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of the Peace Corps shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report that in-
- (1) a comparative analysis of the Peace Corps presence in the Pacific Islands region to other regions of the world, including a cost-benefit analysis of placement in the region versus elsewhere globally;
- (2) analysis of current impediments to Peace Corps expansion in the Pacific Islands region;
- (3) outcomes of consultations among United States agencies, and with regional allies and partners, on areas in which cooperation can reduce factors limiting Peace Corps expansion. particularly those related to medical transportation and personal safety: and
- (4) a plan and timeline for implementing outcomes identified in paragraph (3) to facilitate expansion of Peace Corps presence in the region, where appropriate.

### TITLE III—INVESTING IN OUR VALUES

### SEC. 30301. SENSE OF CONGRESS ON THE CON-TINUED VIOLATION OF RIGHTS AND FREEDOMS OF THE PEOPLE OF HONG KONG.

- (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following:
- (1) Despite international condemnation. the Government of the People's Republic of China "PRC") continues to disregard its international legal obligations under the Joint Declaration of the Government of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and the Government of the People's Republic of China on the Question of Hong Kong ("Joint Declaration"), in which the PRC committed that-
- (A) Hong Kong would enjoy a high degree of autonomy;
- (B) for at least 50 years the "social and economic systems in Hong Kong" would remain unchanged: and
- (C) the personal rights and freedoms of the people of Hong Kong would be protected by law.
- (2) As part of its continued efforts to undermine the established rights of the Hong Kong people, the PRC National People's Congress Standing Committee ("Standing Committee") passed and imposed upon Hong Kong oppressive and intentionally vague national security legislation on June 30, 2020, that grants Beijing sweeping powers to punish acts of "separating

the country, subverting state power, and organizing terroristic activities"

(3) The legislative process by which the Standing Committee imposed the national security law on Hong Kong bypassed Hong Kong's local government in a potential violation of the Basic Law of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China ("Basic Law"), and involved unusual secrecy, as demonstrated by the fact that the legislation was only the second law since 2008 that the Standing Committee has passed without releasing a draft for public comment.

(4) On July 30, 2020, election officials of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region (HKSAR) disqualified twelve pro-democracy candidates from participating in the September 6 Legislative Council elections, which were subsequently postponed for a year until September 5, 2021, by citing the public health risk of holding elections during the COVID-19 pandemic.

(5) On July 31, 2020, in an attempt to assert extraterritorial jurisdiction, the HKSAR Government announced indictments of and arrest warrants for six Hong Kong activists living overseas, including United States citizen Samuel Chu, for alleged violations of the national security law.

(6) On November 11, 2020, the HKSAR Government removed four lawmakers from office for allegedly violating the law after the Standing Committee passed additional legislation barring those who promoted or supported Hong Kong independence and refused to acknowledge PRC sovereignty over Hong Kong, or otherwise violates the national security law, from running for or serving in the Legislative Council.

(7) On December 2, 2020, pro-democracy activists Joshua Wong, Agnes Chow, and Ivan Lam were sentenced to prison for participating in

2019 protests.

(8) Ten of the twelve Hong Kong residents (also known as "the Hong Kong 12") who sought to flee by boat from Hong Kong to Taiwan on August 23, 2020, were taken to mainland China and sentenced on December 30, 2020, to prison terms ranging from seven months to three years for illegal border crossing.

(9) On December 31, 2020, Hong Kong's highest court revoked bail for Jimmy Lai Chee-Ying, a pro-democracy figure and publisher, who was charged on December 12 with colluding with foreign forces and endangering national security under the national security legislation.

(10) On January 4, 2021, the Departments of Justice in Henan and Sichuan province threatened to revoke the licenses of two lawyers hired

to help the Hong Kong 12.

(11) On January 5, 2021, the Hong Kong Police Force arrested more than fifty opposition figures, including pro-democracy officials, activists, and an American lawyer, for their involvement in an informal July 2020 primary to select candidates for the general election originally scheduled for September 2020, despite other political parties having held similar primaries

without retribution.
(12) On April 22, 2021, a Hong Kong court convicted Choy Yuk-ling, a video producer with Radio Television Hong Kong, in relation to her investigative reporting on the Hong Kong police. (13) On June 24, 2021, Apple Daily, Hong

Kong's only surviving pro-democracy newspaper, published its final edition following months of intimidation and repression by the HKSAR Government, including through the arrest of its senior editors, police raids on its offices, and the freezing of its financial assets.

(b) STATEMENT OF CONGRESS.—Congress-

(1) condemns the actions taken by the Government of the People's Republic of China ("PRC") and the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region ("HKSAR"), including the adoption and implementation of national security legislation for Hong Kong through irregular procedures, that violate the rights and freedoms of the people of Hong Kong that are guaranteed by the Joint Declaration and its implementing document, the Basic Law;

- (2) reaffirms its support for the people of Hong Kong, who face grave threats to their rights and freedoms:
- (3) calls on the Governments of the PRC and HKSAR to—
  - (A) respect and uphold—
- (i) commitments made to the international community and the people of Hong Kong under the Joint Declaration; and
- (ii) the judicial independence of the Hong Kong legal system; and
- (B) release pro-democracy activists and politicians arrested under the national security law; and
- (4) encourages the President, the Secretary of State, and the Secretary of the Treasury to coordinate with allies and partners and continue United States efforts to respond to developments in Hong Kong, including by—
- (A) providing protection for Hong Kong residents who fear persecution:
- (B) supporting those who may seek to file a case before the International Court of Justice to hold the Government of the PRC accountable for violating its binding legal commitments under the Joint Declaration;
- (C) encouraging allies and partner countries to instruct, as appropriate, their respective representatives to the United Nations to use their voice, vote, and influence to press for the appointment of a United Nations special mandate holder to monitor and report on human rights developments in Hong Kong;
- (D) ensuring the private sector, particularly United States companies with economic interests in Hong Kong, is aware of risks the national security legislation poses to the security of United States citizens and to the medium and long-term interest of United States businesses in Hong Kong:
- (E) continuing to implement sanctions authorities, especially authorities recently enacted to address actions undermining the rights and freedoms of the Hong Kong people, such as the Hong Kong Autonomy Act (Public Law 116–149) and the Hong Kong Human Rights and Democracy Act of 2019 (Public Law 116–76), with respect to officials of the Chinese Communist Party, the Government of the PRC, or the Government of the HKSAR who are responsible for undermining such rights and freedoms; and
- (F) coordinating with allies and partners to ensure that such implementation of sanctions is multilateral.

#### SEC. 30302. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIA-TIONS FOR PROMOTION OF DEMOC-RACY IN HONG KONG.

- (a) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— There is authorized to be appropriated \$10,000,000 for fiscal year 2022 for the Bureau of Democracy, Human Rights, and Labor of the Department of State to promote democracy in Hong Kong.
- (b) ADMINISTRATION.—The Secretary of State shall designate an office with the Department of State to administer and coordinate the provision of such funds described in subsection (a) within the Department of State and across the United States Government.

### SEC. 30303. HONG KONG PEOPLE'S FREEDOM AND CHOICE.

- (a) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of this section:
- (1) JOINT DECLARATION.—The term "Joint Declaration" means the Joint Declaration of the Government of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and the Government of the People's Republic of China on the Question of Hong Kong, signed on December 19, 1984, and entered into force on May 27, 1985.
- (2) PRIORITY HONG KONG RESIDENT.—The term "Priority Hong Kong resident" means—
- (A) a permanent resident of Hong Kong who— (i) holds no right to citizenship in any country or jurisdiction other than the People's Republic of China (referred to in this section as the "PRC"), Hong Kong, or Macau as of the date of enactment of this Act;

- (ii) has resided in Hong Kong for not less than the last ten years as of the date of enactment of this Act: and
- (iii) has been designated by the Secretary of State or Secretary of Homeland Security as having met the requirements of this subparagraph, in accordance with the procedures described in subsection (f) of this section; or
- (B) the spouse of a person described in subparagraph (A), or the child of such person as such term is defined in section 101(b)(1) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101(b)(1)), except that a child shall be an unmarried person under twenty-seven years of age.
- (3) HONG KONG NATIONAL SECURITY LAW.—The term "Hong Kong National Security Law" means the Law of the People's Republic of China on Safeguarding National Security in the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region that was passed unanimously by the National People's Congress and signed by President Xi Jinping on June 30, 2020, and promulgated in the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region (referred to in this section as "Hong Kong SAR") on July 1, 2020.
- (4) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES.—The term "appropriate congressional committees" means—
- (A) the Committee on Foreign Affairs and the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives: and
- $(B)\ the\ Committee\ on\ Foreign\ Relations\ and$  the Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate.
- (b) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following:(1) The Hong Kong National Security Law
- promulgated on July 1, 2020—
- (A) contravenes the Basic Law of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region (referred to in this Act as "the Basic Law") that provides in Article 23 that the Legislative Council of Hong Kong shall enact legislation related to national security:
- (B) violates the PRC's commitments under international law, as defined by the Joint Declaration: and
- (C) causes severe and irreparable damage to the "one country, two systems" principle and further erodes global confidence in the PRC's commitment to international law.
- (2) On July 14, 2020, in response to the promulgation of the Hong Kong National Security Law, President Trump signed an Executive order on Hong Kong normalization that, among other policy actions, suspended the special treatment of Hong Kong persons under U.S. law with respect to the issuance of immigrant and nonimmigrant visas.
- (3) The United States has a long and proud history as a destination for refugees and asylees fleeing persecution based on race, religion, nationality, political opinion, or membership in a particular social group.
- (4) The United States also shares deep social, cultural, and economic ties with the people of Hong Kong, including a shared commitment to democracy, to the rule of law, and to the protection of human rights.
- (5) The United States has sheltered, protected, and welcomed individuals who have fled authoritarian regimes, including citizens from the PRC following the violent June 4, 1989, crackdown in Tiananmen Square, deepening ties between the people of the United States and those individuals seeking to contribute to a free, open society founded on democracy, human rights, and the respect for the rule of law.
- (6) The United States has reaped enormous economic, cultural, and strategic benefits from welcoming successive generations of scientists, doctors, entrepreneurs, artists, intellectuals, and other freedom-loving people fleeing fascism, communism, violent Islamist extremism, and other repressive ideologies, including in the cases of Nazi Germany, the Soviet Union, and Soviet-controlled Central Europe, Cuba, Vietnam, and Iran.
- (7) A major asymmetric advantage of the United States in its long-term strategic competi-

- tion with the Communist Party of China is the ability of people from every country in the world, irrespective of their race, ethnicity, or religion, to immigrate to the United States and become American citizens.
- (c) STATEMENT OF POLICY.—It is the policy of the United States—
- (1) to reaffirm the principles and objectives set forth in the United States-Hong Kong Policy Act of 1992 (Public Law 102–383), specifically that—
- (A) the United States has "a strong interest in the continued vitality, prosperity, and stability of Hong Kong";
- (B) "support for democratization is a fundamental principle of United States foreign policy", and therefore "naturally applies to United States policy toward Hong Kong";

  (C) "the human rights of the people of Hong
- (C) "the human rights of the people of Hong Kong are of great importance to the United States and are directly relevant to United States interests in Hong Kong and serve as a basis for Hong Kong's continued economic prosperity"; and
- (D) Hong Kong must remain sufficiently autonomous from the PRC to "justify treatment under a particular law of the United States, or any provision thereof, different from that accorded the People's Republic of China";
- (2) to continue to support the high degree of autonomy and fundamental rights and freedoms of the people of Hong Kong, as enumerated by—
  - (A) the Joint Declaration;
- (B) the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights, done at New York, December 19, 1966; and
- (C) the Universal Declaration of Human Rights, done at Paris, December 10, 1948;
- (3) to continue to support the democratic aspirations of the people of Hong Kong, including the "ultimate aim" of the selection of the Chief Executive and all members of the Legislative Council by universal suffrage, as articulated in the Basic Law;
- (4) to urge the Government of the PRC, despite its recent actions, to uphold its commitments to Hong Kong, including allowing the people of Hong Kong to govern Hong Kong with a high degree of autonomy and without undue interference, and ensuring that Hong Kong voters freely enjoy the right to elect the Chief Executive and all members of the Hong Kong Legislative Council by universal suffrage;
- (5) to support the establishment of a genuine democratic option to freely and fairly nominate and elect the Chief Executive of Hong Kong, and the establishment of open and direct democratic elections for all members of the Hong Kong Legislative Council;
- (6) to support the robust exercise by residents of Hong Kong of the rights to free speech, the press, and other fundamental freedoms, as provided by the Basic Law, the Joint Declaration, and the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights:
- (7) to support freedom from arbitrary or unlawful arrest, detention, or imprisonment for all Hong Kong residents, as provided by the Basic Law, the Joint Declaration, and the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights;
- (8) to draw international attention to any violations by the Government of the PRC of the fundamental rights of the people of Hong Kong, as provided by the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights, and any encroachment upon the autonomy guaranteed to Hong Kong by the Basic Law and the Joint Declaration:
- (9) to protect United States citizens and longterm permanent residents living in Hong Kong, as well as people visiting and transiting through Hong Kong;
- (10) to maintain the economic and cultural ties that provide significant benefits to both the United States and Hong Kong, including the reinstatement of the Fulbright exchange program with regard to Hong Kong at the earliest opportunity;

- (11) to coordinate with allies, including the United Kingdom, Australia, Canada, Japan, and the Republic of Korea, to promote democracy and human rights in Hong Kong; and
- (12) to welcome and protect in the United States residents of Hong Kong fleeing persecution or otherwise seeking a safe haven from violations by the Government of the PRC of the fundamental rights of the people of Hong Kong.

  (d) TEMPORARY PROTECTED STATUS FOR HONG

KONG RESIDENTS IN THE UNITED STATES.—

(1) DESIGNATION.—

- (A) IN GENERAL.—For purposes of section 244 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1254a), Hong Kong shall be treated as if it had been designated under subsection (b)(1)(C) of such section, subject to the provisions of this section.
- (B) PERIOD OF DESIGNATION.—The initial period of the designation referred to in subparagraph (A) shall be for the 18-month period beginning on the date of enactment of this Act.
- (2) ALIENS ELIGIBLE.—As a result of the designation made under subsection (a), an alien is deemed to satisfy the requirements under paragraph (1) of section 244(c) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1254a(c)), subject to paragraph (3) of such section, if the alien—
- (A) was a permanent resident of Hong Kong at the time such individual arrived into the United States and is a national of the PRC (or in the case of an individual having no nationality, is a person who last habitually resided in Hong Kong);
- (B) has been continuously physically present in the United States since the date of the enactment of this Act;
- (C) is admissible as an immigrant, except as otherwise provided in paragraph (2)(A) of such section, and is not ineligible for temporary protected status under paragraph (2)(B) of such section; and
- (D) registers for temporary protected status in a manner established by the Secretary of Homeland Security.

(3) Consent to travel abroad.—

- (A) In GENERAL.—The Secretary of Homeland Security shall give prior consent to travel abroad, in accordance with section 244(f)(3) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1254a(f)(3)), to an alien who is granted temporary protected status pursuant to the designation made under paragraph (1) if the alien establishes to the satisfaction of the Secretary of Homeland Security that emergency and extenuating circumstances beyond the control of the alien require the alien to depart for a brief, temporary trip abroad.
- (B) TREATMENT UPON RETURN.—An alien returning to the United States in accordance with an authorization described in subparagraph (A) shall be treated as any other returning alien provided temporary protected status under section 244 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1254a).
- (e) TREATMENT OF HONG KONG RESIDENTS FOR IMMIGRATION PURPOSES.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, during the five fiscal year period beginning on the first day of the first full fiscal year after the date of enactment of this Act, Hong Kong shall continue to be considered a foreign state separate and apart from the PRC as mandated under section 103 of the Immigration and Nationality Act of 1990 (Public Law 101-649) for purposes of the numerical limitations on immigrant visas under sections 201, 202, and 203 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1151, 1152, and 1153).
- (f) VERIFICATION OF PRIORITY HONG KONG
  RESIDENTS —
- (1) In GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State, in consultation with the Secretary of Homeland Security, shall publish in the Federal Register, an interim final rule establishing procedures for designation of Priority Hong Kong Residents. Notwithstanding section 553 of title 5, United States Code, the rule shall

be effective, on an interim basis, immediately upon publication, but may be subject to change and revision after public notice and opportunity for comment. The Secretary of State shall finalize such rule not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act. Such rule shall establish procedures—

(A) for individuals to register with any United States embassy or consulate outside of the United States, or with the Department of Homeland Security in the United States, and request designation as a Priority Hong Kong Resident;

- (B) for the appropriate Secretary to verify the residency of registered individuals and designate those who qualify as Priority Hong Kong Residents.
- (2) DOCUMENTATION.—The procedures described in paragraph (1) shall include the collection of—

(A) biometric data;

- (B) copies of birth certificates, residency cards, and other documentation establishing residency; and
- (C) other personal information, data, and records deemed appropriate by the Secretary.
- (3) GUIDANCE.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State shall issue guidance outlining actions to enhance the ability of the Secretary to efficiently send and receive information to and from the United Kingdom and other likeminded allies and partners for purposes of rapid verification of permanent residency in Hong Kong and designation of individuals as Priority Hong Kong Residents.
- (4) REPORT.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees, the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives, and the Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate a report detailing plans to implement the requirements described in this subsection.
- (5) PROTECTION FOR REFUGEES.—Nothing in this section may be construed to prevent a Priority Hong Kong Resident from seeking refugee status under section 207 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1157) or requesting asylum under section 208 of such Act (8 U.S.C. 1158).

(g) REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.—

- (1) In GENERAL.—On an annual basis, the Secretary of State and the Secretary of Homeland Security, in consultation with other Federal agencies, as appropriate, shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees, the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives, and the Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate a report detailing for the previous fiscal year—
- (A) the number of Hong Kong SAR residents who have applied for United States visas or immigration benefits, disaggregated by visa type or immigration benefit, including asylum, refugee status, temporary protected status, and lawful permanent residence;
- (B) the number of approvals, denials, or rejections of applicants for visas or immigration benefits described in subparagraph (A), disaggregated by visa type or immigration benefit and basis for denial:
- (C) the number of pending refugee and asylum applications for Hong Kong SAR residents, and the length of time and reason for which such applications have been pending; and
- (D) other matters determined relevant by the Secretaries relating to efforts to protect and facilitate the resettlement of refugees and victims of persecution in Hong Kong.
- (2) FORM.—Each report under paragraph (1) shall be submitted in unclassified form and published on a text-searchable, publicly available website of the Department of State and the Department of Homeland Security.
- (h) STRATEGY FOR INTERNATIONAL COOPERA-TION ON HONG KONG.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—It is the policy of the United States—

- (A) to support the people of Hong Kong by providing safe haven to Hong Kong SAR residents who are nationals of the PRC following the enactment of the Hong Kong National Security Law that places certain Hong Kong persons at risk of persecution; and
- (B) to encourage like-minded nations to make similar accommodations for Hong Kong people fleeing persecution by the Government of the PRC.
- (2) PLAN.—The Secretary of State, in consultation with the heads of other Federal agencies, as appropriate, shall develop a plan to engage with other countries, including the United Kingdom, on cooperative efforts to—
- (A) provide refugee and asylum protections for victims of, and individuals with a fear of, persecution in Hong Kong, either by Hong Kong authorities or other authorities acting on behalf of the PRC:
- (B) enhance protocols to facilitate the resettlement of refugees and displaced persons from Hong Kong;
- (C) identify and prevent the exploitation of immigration and visa policies and procedures by corrupt officials; and
- (D) expedite the sharing of information, as appropriate, related to the refusal of individual applications for visas or other travel documents submitted by residents of the Hong Kong SAR based on—
- (i) national security or related grounds under section 212(a)(3) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1182(a)(3)); or
- (ii) fraud or misrepresentation under section 212(a)(6)(C) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1182(a)(6)(C)).
- (3) REPORT.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State, in consultation with the heads of other Federal agencies, as appropriate, shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees, the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives, and the Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate a report on the plan described in paragraph (2)
- in paragraph (2).
  (i) Refugee Status for Certain Residents
  Of Hong Kong.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Aliens described in paragraph (2) may establish, for purposes of admission as a refugee under sections 207 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1157) or asylum under section 208 of such Act (8 U.S.C. 1158), that such alien has a well-founded fear of persecution on account of race, religion, nationality, membership in a particular social group, or political opinion by asserting such a fear and a credible basis for concern about the possibility of such persecution.
  - (2) ALIENS DESCRIBED.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—An alien is described in this subsection if such alien—
  - (i) is a Priority Hong Kong Resident and—
- (1) had a significant role in a civil society organization supportive of the protests in 2019 and 2020 related to the Hong Kong National Security Law and the encroachment on the autonomy of Hong Kong by the PRC;
- (II) was arrested, charged, detained, or convicted of an offense arising from their participation in an action as described in section 206(b)(2) of the United States-Hong Kong Policy Act of 1992 (22 U.S.C. 5726(b)(2)) that was not violent in nature; or
- (III) has had their citizenship, nationality, or residency revoked for having submitted to any United States Government agency a nonfrivolous application for refugee status, asylum, or any other immigration benefit under the immigration laws (as defined in section 101(a) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)));
- (ii) is a Priority Hong Kong Resident spouse or child of an alien described in clause (i); or
- (iii) is the parent of an alien described in clause (i), if such parent is a citizen of the PRC and no other foreign state.
- (B) OTHER CATEGORIES.—The Secretary of Homeland Security, in consultation with the

Secretary of State, may designate other categories of aliens for purposes of establishing a well-founded fear of persecution under paragraph (1) if such aliens share common characteristics that identify them as targets of persecution in the PRC on account of race, religion, nationality, membership in a particular social group, or political opinion.

(C) SIGNIFICANT ROLE.—For purposes of subclause (I) of paragraph (2)(A)(i), a significant role shall include, with respect to the protests described in such clause-

(i) an organizing role;

(ii) a first aid responder;

(iii) a journalist or member of the media covering or offering public commentary;

(iv) a provider of legal services to one or more individuals arrested for participating in such protests; or

(v) a participant who during the period beginning on June 9, 2019, and ending on June 30, 2020, was arrested, charged, detained, or convicted as a result of such participation.

(3) AGE OUT PROTECTIONS.—For purposes of this subsection, a determination of whether an alien is a child shall be made using the age of the alien on the date an application for refugee or asylum status in which the alien is a named beneficiary is filed with the Secretary of Homeland Security.

(4) EXCLUSION FROM NUMERICAL LIMITA-TIONS.—Aliens provided refugee status under this subsection shall not be counted against the numerical limitation on refugees established in accordance with the procedures described in section 207 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1157).

(5) REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.-

- (A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act and every 90 days thereafter, the Secretary of State and the Secretary of Homeland Security shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees, the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives, and the Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate a report on the matters described in subparagraph (B).
- (B) MATTERS TO BE INCLUDED.—Each report required by subparagraph (A) shall include, with respect to applications submitted under this section-
- (i) the total number of refugee and asylum applications that are pending at the end of the reporting period:
- (ii) the average wait-times for all applicants for refugee status or asylum pending-
- (I) a prescreening interview with a resettlement support center;
- (II) an interview with United States Citizenship and Immigration Services; and

(III) the completion of security checks;

- (iii) the number of approvals, referrals including the source of the referral, denials of applications for refugee status or asylum, disaggregated by the reason for each such denial; and
- (iv) the number of refugee circuit rides to interview populations that would include Hong Kong SAR completed in the last 90 days, and the number planned for the subsequent 90-day
- (C) FORM.—Each report required by subparagraph (A) shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified annex.
- (D) PUBLIC REPORTS.—The Secretary of State shall make each report submitted under this paragraph available to the public on the internet website of the Department of State.
- (j) Admission for Certain Highly Skilled Hong Kong Residents.-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to subsection (c), the Secretary of Homeland Security, or, notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary of State in consultation with the Secretary of Homeland Security, may provide an alien described in subsection (b) with the status of a special immigrant under section 101(a)(27) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8  $U.S.C.\ 1101(a)(27)), if the alien-$

- (A) or an agent acting on behalf of the alien, submits a petition for classification under section 203(b)(4) of such Act (8 U.S.C. 1153(b)(4));
- (B) is otherwise eligible to receive an immigrant visa;
- (C) is otherwise admissible to the United States for permanent residence (excluding the grounds for inadmissibility specified in section 212(a)(4) of such Act (8 U.S.C. (a)(4))); and
- (D) clears a background check and appropriate screening, as determined by the Secretary of Homeland Security.
  - (2) ALIENS DESCRIBED -
- (A) PRINCIPAL ALIENS.—An alien is described in this subsection if-

(i) the alien-

(I) is a Priority Hong Kong Resident; and (II) has earned a bachelor's or higher degree from an institution of higher education; and

(ii) the Secretary of Homeland Security determines that such alien's relocation to the United States would provide a significant benefit to the United States.

(B) SPOUSES AND CHILDREN.—An alien is described in this subsection if the alien is the spouse or child of a principal alien described in paragraph (1).

(3) Numerical limitations.-

- (A) IN GENERAL.—The total number of principal aliens who may be provided special immigrant status under this section may not exceed 5.000 per year for each of the five fiscal years beginning after the date of the enactment of this Act. The Secretary of Homeland Security may, in consultation with the Secretary of State. prioritize the issuance of visas to individuals with a bachelor's or higher degree in science, technology, engineering, mathematics, medicine, or health care.
- (B) EXCLUSION FROM NUMERICAL LIMITA-TIONS.—Aliens provided immigrant status under this section shall not be counted against any numerical limitation under section 201, 202, 203 or 207 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8) U.S.C. 1151, 1152, 1153, and 1157).
- (4) ELIGIBILITY FOR ADMISSION UNDER OTHER CLASSIFICATION.—No alien shall be denied the opportunity to apply for admission under this section solely because such alien qualifies as an immediate relative or is eligible for any other immigrant classification.
- (5) Timeline for processing applications.-(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of State and the Secretary of Homeland Security shall ensure that all steps under the control of the United

States Government incidental to the approval of such applications, including required screenings and background checks, are completed not later than one year after the date on which an eligible applicant submits an application under subsection (a).

(B) Exception.—Notwithstanding paragraph (1), the relevant Federal agencies may take additional time to process applications described in paragraph (1) if satisfaction of national security concerns requires such additional time, provided that the Secretary of Homeland Security, or the designee of the Secretary, has determined that the applicant meets the requirements for status as a special immigrant under this section and has so notified the applicant.

(k) TERMINATION.—Except as provided in section 30300(f) of this Act, this section shall cease to have effect on the date that is five years after the date of the enactment of this Act.

### SEC. 30304. EXPORT PROHIBITION OF MUNITIONS ITEMS TO THE HONG KONG POLICE FORCE.

Section 3 of the Act entitled "An Act to prohibit the commercial export of covered munitions items to the Hong Kong Police Force", approved November 27, 2019 (Public Law 116-77; 133 Stat. 1173), is amended by striking "on December 31, 2021." and inserting the following: "on the date on which the President certifies to the appropriate congressional committees that-

"(1) the Secretary of State has, on or after the date of the enactment of this paragraph, certified under section 205 of the United States-Hong Kong Policy Act of 1992 that Hong Kong warrants treatment under United States law in the same manner as United States laws were applied to Hong Kong before July 1, 1997;

'(2) the Hong Kong Police have not engaged in gross violations of human rights during the 1year period ending on the date of such certifi-

cation; and

'(3) there has been an independent examination of human rights concerns related to the crowd control tactics of the Hona Kona Police and the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region has adequately addressed those concerns.

#### SEC. 30305. SENSE OF CONGRESS ON TREATMENT OF UYGHURS AND OTHER ETHNIC MINORITIES IN THE XINJIANG MINORITIES THE UYGHUR AUTONOMOUS REGION.

(a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following findings:

(1) The Uyghurs are one of several predominantly Muslim Turkic groups living in the Xinjiang Uyghur Autonomous Region (XUAR) in the northwest of the People's Republic of China (PRC).

(2) Following Uyghur demonstrations and unrest in 2009 and clashes with government security personnel and other violent incidents in subsequent years, PRC leaders sought to "stabilize' ' the XUAR through large-scale arrests and extreme security measures, under the pretext of combatting alleged terrorism, religious extremism, and ethnic separatism.

(3) In May 2014, the PRC launched its "Strike Hard Against Violent Extremism" campaign, which placed further restrictions on and facilitated additional human rights violations against minorities in the XUAR under the pretext of

fighting terrorism.

- (4) In August 2016, Chinese Communist Party (CCP) Politburo member Chen Quanguo, former Tibet Autonomous Region (TAR) Party Secretary, known for overseeing intensifying security operations and human rights abuses in the TAR, was appointed as Party Secretary of the XUAR.
- (5) Beginning in 2017, XUAR authorities have sought to forcibly "assimilate" Uyghurs and other Turkic minorities into Chinese society through a policy of cultural erasure known as 'Sinicization'
- Since 2018, credible reporting including from the BBC, France24, and the New York Times has shown that the Government of the PRC has built mass internment camps in the XUAR, which it calls "vocational training" centers, and detained Uyghurs and other groups in them and other facilities.
- (7) Since 2015, XUAR authorities have arbiestimateddetained an trarily 1,500,000 Uyghurs-12.5 percent of the XUAR's official Uyghur population of 12,000,000—and a smaller number of other ethnic minorities in the "vocational training" centers and other detention and pre-detention facilities.

(8) In 2017, the XUAR accounted for less than two percent of the PRC's total population but 21 percent of all arrests in China.

(9) The Atlantic, Radio Free Asia, and other sources have revealed that detainees are forced to renounce many of their Islamic beliefs and customs and repudiate Uyghur culture, language, and identity.

(10) Investigations by Human Rights Watch and other human rights organizations have documented how detainees are subject to political indoctrination, forced labor, crowded and unsanitary conditions, involuntary biometric data collection, both medical neglect and intrusive medical interventions, food and water deprivation, beatings, sexual violence, and torture.

(11) Research by the Australian Strategic Policy Institute suggests that, since late 2019, many detainees have been placed in higher security facilities and convicted of formal crimes.

(12) Human Rights Watch has reported that the PRC uses data collection programs, including facial recognition technology, to surveil Uyghurs in the XUAR and to identify individuals whom authorities may detain.

- (13) PRC authorities have placed countless children whose parents are detained or in exile in state-run institutions and boarding schools without the consent of their parents.
- (14) New York Times reporting revealed that numerous local PRC officials who did not agree with the policies carried out in XUAR have been fired and imprisoned.
- (15) Associated Press reporting documented videspread and systemic efforts by PRC authorities to force Uyghur women to take contraceptives or to subject them to sterilization or abortion, threatening to detain those who do not comply.
- (16) PRC authorities prohibit family members and advocates inside and outside China from having regular communications with relatives and friends imprisoned in the XUAR, such as journalist and entrepreneur Ekpar Asat.
- (17) PRC authorities have imposed pervasive restrictions on the peaceful practice of Islam in the XUAR, to the extent that Human Rights Watch asserts the PRC "has effectively outlawed the practice of Islam".
- (18) Individuals who are not detained in camps have been forced to attend political indoctrination sessions, subjected to movement restrictions, mass surveillance systems, involuntary biometric data collection, and other human rights abuses.
- (19) International media, nongovernmental organizations, scholars, families, and survivors have reported on the systemic nature of many of these abuses.
- (20) On June 26, 2020, a group of 50 independent United Nations experts jointly expressed alarm over China's deteriorating human rights record, including its repression in Xinjiang, and called on the international community "to act collectively and decisively to ensure China respects human rights and abides by its international obligations".
- (21) On October 6, 2020, 39 United Nations member countries issued a public statement condemning human rights violations by PRC authorities and calling on the PRC to allow the United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights unfettered access to Xinjiana.
- (22) The United States Congress passed the Uyghur Human Rights Policy Act of 2020 (Public Law 116–145).
- (23) The United States Congress passed the Global Magnitsky Human Rights Accountability Act (subtitle F of title XII of Public Law 114–328; 22 U.S.C. 2656 note), which has been used to sanction PRC officials and entities for their activities in the XUAR.
- (24) The United States Government has implemented additional targeted restrictions on trade with Xinjiang and imposed visa and economic sanctions on PRC officials and entities for their activities in the XUAR.
- (25) The United States Government has documented human rights abuses and violations of individual freedoms in the XUAR, including in the 2019 Department of State Report on International Religious Freedom.
- (26) On January 19, 2021, during his confirmation hearing, Secretary of State Antony Blinken testified that "forcing men, women, and children into concentration camps, trying to in effect reeducate them to be adherents to the Chinese Communist Party—all of that speaks to an effort to commit genocide".
- (27) On January 19, 2021, Secretary of the Treasury Janet L. Yellen, during her confirmation hearing, publicly stated that China is guilty of "horrendous human rights abuses".
- (28) On January 27, 2021, in response to a question from the press regarding the Uyghurs, Secretary Blinken stated that his "judgement remains that genocide was committed against the Uyghurs".
- (29) On March 10, 2021, in response to a question on Xinjiang during his testimony before the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of

Representatives, Secretary Blinken reiterated, "We've been clear, and I've been clear, that I see it as genocide, other egregious abuses of human rights, and we'll continue to make that clear."

- (30) The 2020 Department of State Country Reports on Human Rights Practices: China states that "[g]enocide and crimes against humanity occurred during the year against the predominantly Muslim Uyghurs and other ethnic and religious minority groups in Xinjiang".
- (b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that—
- (1) the atrocities committed by the PRC against Uyghurs and other predominantly Muslim Turkic groups in Xinjiang, including forced labor, sexual violence, the internment of over 1,000,000 individuals, and other horrific abuses must be condemned;
- (2) the President, the Secretary of State, and the United States Ambassador to the United Nations should speak publicly about the ongoing human rights abuses in the XUAR, including in formal speeches at the United Nations and other international fora:
- (3) the President, the Secretary of State, and the United States Ambassador to the United Nations should appeal to the United Nations Secretary-General to take a more proactive and public stance on the situation in the XUAR, including by supporting calls for an investigation and accountability for individuals and entities involved in abuses against the people of the XUAR;
- (4) the United States should continue to use targeted sanctions and all diplomatic tools available to hold those responsible for the atrocities in Xinjiang to account;
- (5) United States agencies engaged with China on trade, climate, defense, or other bilateral issues should include human rights abuses in the XUAR as a consideration in developing United States policy:
- (6) the United States supports Radio Free Asia Uyghur, the only Uyghur-language news service in the world independent of Chinese government influence: and
- (7) the United States recognizes the repeated requests from the United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights for unfettered access to the XUAR and the PRC's refusal to comply, and therefore—
- (A) PRC authorities must allow unfettered access by the United Nations Office of the High Commissioner for Human Rights to the XUAR;
- (B) the United States should urge collaborative action between the United States Government and international partners to pressure PRC authorities to allow unfettered access to the XUAR;
- (C) the President, the Secretary of State, and the United States Ambassador to the United Nations should simultaneously outline a strategy to investigate the human rights abuses and crimes that have taken place in the XUAR, collect evidence, and transfer the evidence to a competent court: and
- (D) United States partners and allies should undertake similar strategies in an effort to build an international investigation outside of the PRC if PRC authorities do not comply with a United Nations investigation in the XUAR.

### SEC. 30306. UYGHUR HUMAN RIGHTS PROTECTION.

- (a) SHORT TITLE.—This section may be cited as the "Uyghur Human Rights Protection Act".

  (b) Find NGS Congress makes the following
- (b) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following findings:
- (1) The Government of the People's Republic of China (PRC) has a long history of repressing Turkic Muslims and other Muslim minority groups, particularly Uyghurs, in the Xinjiang Uyghur Autonomous Region (commonly referred to as "Xinjiang" or "XUAR"), also known as East Turkestan. Central and regional PRC government policies have systematically discrimated against these minority groups by denying them a range of civil and political rights, par-

- ticularly freedom of religion. Senior Chinese Communist Party (CCP) officials bear direct responsibility for these gross human rights violations
- (2) PRC government abuses include the arbitrary detention of more than 1,000,000 Uyghurs, ethnic Kazakhs, Kyrgyz, and members of other Muslim minority groups, separation of working age adults from their children and elderly parents, and the integration of forced labor into supply chains. Those held in detention facilities and internment camps in the XUAR have described forced political indoctrination, torture, beatings, food deprivation, sexual assault, coordinated campaigns to reduce birth rates among Uyghurs and other Turkic Muslims through forced sterilization, and denial of religious, cultural, and linguistic freedoms. Recent media reports indicate that since 2019, the PRC government has newly constructed, expanded, or fortified at least 60 detention facilities with higher security or prison-like features in Xinjiang.
- (3) The PRC government's actions against Uyghurs, ethnic Kazakhs, Kyrgyz, and members of other Muslim minority groups in the XUAR violate international human rights laws and norms, including—
- (A) the International Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Racial Discrimination, to which the PRC has acceded;
- (B) the Convention against Torture and Other Cruel, Inhuman or Degrading Treatment or Punishment, which the PRC has signed and ratified:
- (C) The Convention on the Prevention and Punishment of the Crime of Genocide, which the PRC has signed and ratified:
- (D) the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights, which the PRC has signed; and (E) the Universal Declaration of Human Rights and the International Labor Organization's Force Labor Convention (no. 29) and the
- Abolition of Forced Labor Convention (no. 105). (c) Refugee Protections for Certain Residents of the XUAR.—
- (1) POPULATIONS OF SPECIAL HUMANITARIAN CONCERN.—The Secretary of State, in consultation with the Secretary of Homeland Security, shall designate, as Priority 2 refugees of special humanitarian concern—
- (A) aliens who were nationals of the PRC and residents of the XUAR on January 1, 2021;
- (B) aliens who fled the XUAR after June 30, 2009, and reside in other provinces of the PRC or in a third country where such alien is not firmly resettled; and
- (C) the spouses, children, and parents (as such terms are defined in subsections (a) and (b) of section 101 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101)) of individuals described in subparagraphs (A) and (B), except that a child shall be an unmarried person under 27 years of age.
- (2) PROCESSING OF XUAR REFUGEES.—The processing of individuals described in paragraph (1) for classification as refugees may occur in the PRC or a third country.
- (3) ELIGIBILITY FOR ADMISSION AS A REF-UGEE.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—Aliens described in subparagraph (B) may establish, for purposes of admission as a refugee under section 207 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1157) or asylum under section 208 of such Act (8 U.S.C. 1158), that such alien has a well-founded fear of persecution on account of race, religion, nationality, membership in a particular social group, or political opinion by asserting such a fear and asserting a credible basis for concern about the possibility of such persecution.
- (B) ALIENS DESCRIBED.—An alien is described in this subsection if such alien has been identified as a person of special humanitarian concern pursuant to paragraph (1) and—
- (i) has experienced persecution in the XUAR by the PRC government, including—
- (I) forced and arbitrary detention including in an internment or re-education camp;

- (II) forced political indoctrination, torture, beatings, food deprivation, and denial of religious, cultural, and linguistic freedoms;
  - (III) forced labor;
- (IV) forced separation from family members;(V) other forms of systemic threats, harass-
- (V) other forms of systemic threats, harassment, and gross human rights violations; or
- (VI) has been formally charged, detained, or convicted on account of their peaceful actions as described in the Uyghur Human Rights Policy Act of 2020 (Public Law 116–145).
- (ii) is currently a national of the PRC whose residency in the XUAR, or any other area within the jurisdiction of the PRC, was revoked for having submitted to any United States Government agency a nonfrivolous application for refugee status, asylum, or any other immigration benefit under United States law.
- (C) ELIGIBILITY FOR ADMISSION UNDER OTHER CLASSIFICATION.—An alien may not be denied the opportunity to apply for admission as a refugee or asylum under this section solely because such alien qualifies as an immediate relative of a national of the United States or is eligible for admission to the United States under any other immigrant classification.
- (4) PRIORITY.—The Secretary of State shall prioritize bilateral diplomacy with third countries hosting former residents of the XUAR and who face significant diplomatic pressures from the PRC government.
- (5) REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act and every 90 days thereafter, the Secretary of State and the Secretary of Homeland Security shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees, the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives, and the Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate a report on the matters described in subparagraph (B).
- (B) MATTERS TO BE INCLUDED.—Each report required by subparagraph (A) shall include, with respect to applications submitted under this section—
- (i) the total number of applications that are pending at the end of the reporting period;
- (ii) the average wait-times and number of applicants who are currently pending—
  (I) a pre-screening interview with a resettle-
- ment support center;
  (II) an interview with United States Citizen-
- (II) an interview with United States Citizen ship and Immigration Services;
- (III) the completion of security checks;
- (IV) receipt of a final decision after completion of an interview with United States Citizenship and Immigration Services; and
- (iii) the number of denials of applications for refugee status, disaggregated by the reason for each such denial.
- (C) FORM.—Each report required by paragraph (1) shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified annex.
- (D) PUBLIC REPORTS.—The Secretary of State shall make each report submitted under this subsection available to the public on the internet website of the Department of State.
- (d) STATEMENT OF POLICY ON ENCOURAGING ALLIES AND PARTNERS TO MAKE SIMILAR ACCOMMODATIONS.—It is the policy of the United States to encourage United States allies and partners to make accommodations similar to the accommodations made in this section for residents of the XUAR who are fleeing oppression by the PRC Government.
- (e) TERMINATION.—This section shall terminate on the date that is ten years after the date of the enactment of this Act

# SEC. 30307. REMOVAL OF MEMBERS OF THE UNITED NATIONS HUMAN RIGHTS COUNCIL THAT COMMIT HUMAN RIGHTS ABUSES.

The President shall direct the Permanent Representative of the United States to the United Nations to use the voice, vote, and influence of the United States to—

(1) reform the process for removing Member States of the United Nations Human Rights

Council that commit gross and systemic violations of human rights, including—

- (A) lowering the threshold vote at the United Nations General Assembly for removal to a simple majority;
- (B) ensuring information detailing the Member State's human rights record is publicly available before the vote on removal; and
- (C) making the vote of each country on the removal from the United Nations Human Rights Council publicly available:
- (2) reform the rules on electing members to the United Nations Human Rights Council to ensure United Nations Member States that have committed gross and systemic violations of human rights are not elected to the Human Rights Council; and
- (3) oppose the election to the United Nations Human Rights Council of any United Nations Member State—
- (A) currently designated as a country engaged in a consistent pattern of gross violations of internationally recognized human rights pursuant to section 116 or section 502B of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2151n or 2304);
- (B) the government of which the Secretary of State currently determines has repeatedly provided support for international terrorism pursuant to—
- (i) section 1754(c) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019;
- (ii) section 620A of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2371);
- (iii) section 40 of the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2779A); or
- (iv) any other provision of law;
- (C) currently designated as a Tier 3 country under the Trafficking Victims Protection Act of 2000 (22 U.S.C. 7101 et seq.);
- (D) the government of which is identified on the list published by the Secretary of State pursuant to section 404(b) of the Child Soldiers Prevention Act of 2008 (22 U.S.C. 2370c-1(b)) as a government that recruits and uses child soldiers;
- (E) the government of which the United States determines to have committed genocide or crimes against humanity.

### SEC. 30308. POLICY WITH RESPECT TO TIBET.

- (a) RANK OF UNITED STATES SPECIAL COORDINATOR FOR TIBETAN ISSUES.—Section 621 of the Tibetan Policy Act of 2002 (22 U.S.C. 6901 note) is amended—
- (1) by redesignating subsections (b), (c), (d), and (e), as subsections (c), (d), (e), and (f), respectively; and
- (2) by inserting after subsection (a) the following new subsection:
- "(b) RANK.—The Special Coordinator shall either be appointed by the President, with the advice and consent of the Senate, or shall be an individual holding the rank of Under Secretary of State or higher."
- (b) TIBET UNIT AT UNITED STATES EMBASSY IN BEIJING.—
- (1) In General.—The Secretary of State shall establish a Tibet Unit in the Political Section of the United States Embassy in Beijing, People's Republic of China (PRC).
  (2) OPERATION.—The Tibet Unit established
- (2) OPERATION.—The Tibet Unit established under paragraph (1) shall operate until such time as the Government of the PRC permits—
- (A) the United States Consulate General in Chengdu, PRC, to reopen; or
- (B) a United States Consulate General in Lhasa, Tibet, to open.
- (3) STAFF.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall—
- (i) assign not fewer than two United States direct-hire personnel to the Tibet Unit established under paragraph (1); and
- (ii) hire not fewer than one locally engaged staff member for such unit.
- (B) LANGUAGE TRAINING.—The Secretary shall make Tibetan language training available to the personnel assigned under subparagraph (A), consistent with the Tibetan Policy Act of 2002 (22 U.S.C. 6901 note).

# SEC. 30309. UNITED STATES POLICY AND INTERNATIONAL ENGAGEMENT ON THE SUCCESSION OR REINCARNATION OF THE DALAI LAMA AND RELIGIOUS FREEDOM OF TIBETAN BUDDHISTS.

- (a) REAFFIRMATION OF POLICY.—It is the policy of the United States, as provided under section 342(b) of division FF of the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2021 (Public Law 116–260), that any "interference by the Government of the People's Republic of China or any other government in the process of recognizing a successor or reincarnation of the 14th Dalai Lama and any future Dalai Lamas would represent a clear abuse of the right to religious freedom of Tibetan Buddhists and the Tibetan people".
- (b) International Efforts to Protect Re-LIGIOUS FREEDOM OF TIBETAN BUDDHISTS.—The Secretary of State should engage with United States allies and partners to—
- (1) support Tibetan Buddhist religious leaders' sole religious authority to identify and install the 15th Dalai Lama;
- (2) oppose claims by the Government of the People's Republic of China (PRC) that the PRC has the authority to decide for Tibetan Buddhists the 15th Dalai Lama; and
- (3) reject interference by the Government of the PRC in the religious freedom of Tibetan Buddhists.

### SEC. 30310. DEVELOPMENT AND DEPLOYMENT OF INTERNET FREEDOM AND GREAT FIREWALL CIRCUMVENTION TOOLS FOR THE PEOPLE OF HONG KONG.

- (a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following findings:
- (1) The People's Republic of China (PRC) has repeatedly violated its obligations under the Joint Declaration by suppressing the basic rights and freedoms of the people of Hong Kong.
- (2) On June 30, 2020, the National People's Congress passed a "National Security Law" that further erodes Hong Kong's autonomy and enables authorities to suppress dissent.
- (3) The Government of the PRC continues to utilize the National Security Law to undermine the fundamental rights of the Hong Kong people through suppression of the freedom of speech, assembly, religion, and the press.
- (4) Article 9 of the National Security Law authorizes unprecedented regulation and supervision of internet activity in Hong Kong, including expanded police powers to force internet service providers to censor content, hand over user information, and block access to platforms.
- (5) On January 13, 2021, the Hong Kong Broadband Network blocked public access to HK Chronicles, a website promoting pro-democracy viewpoints, under the authorities of the National Security Law.
- (6) On February 12, 2021, internet service providers blocked access to the Taiwan Transitional Justice Commission website in Hong Kong.
- (7) Major tech companies, including Facebook, Twitter, WhatsApp and Google, have stopped reviewing requests for user data from Hong Kong authorities.
- (8) On February 28, 2021, 47 pro-democracy activists in Hong Kong were arrested and charged under the National Security Law on the charge of "conspiracy to commit subversion".
- (b) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of Congress that the United States should—
- (1) support the ability of the people of Hong Kong to maintain their freedom to access information online: and
- (2) focus on investments in technologies that facilitate the unhindered exchange of information in Hong Kong in advance of any future efforts by the Chinese Communist Party—
  - (A) to suppress internet access;
  - (B) to increase online censorship; or
- (C) to inhibit online communication and content-sharing by the people of Hong Kong.
- (c) Hong Kong Internet Freedom Pro-GRAM.—

- (1) WORKING GROUP.
- (Å) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of State is authorized to establish a working group to develop a strategy to bolster internet resiliency and online access in Hong Kong.
- line access in Hong Kong.
  (B) MEMBERSHIP.—The working group under subparagraph (A) shall consist of—
- (i) the Under Secretary of State for Civilian Security, Democracy, and Human Rights;
- (ii) the Assistant Secretary of State for East Asian and Pacific Affairs;
- (iii) the Chief Executive Officer of the United States Agency for Global Media and the President of the Open Technology Fund of the Agency; and
- (iv) the Administrator of the United States Agency for International Development.
- (2) Hong kong internet freedom programs.—
- (A) DEPARTMENT OF STATE.—The Secretary of State shall establish a Hong Kong Internet Freedom Program in the Bureau of Democracy, Human Rights, and Labor in the Department of State.
- (B) OPEN TECHNOLOGY FUND.—The President of the Open Technology Fund of the United States Agency for Global Media is authorized to establish a Hong Kong Internet Freedom Program.
- (C) OPERATION.—The Programs referred to in subparagraphs (A) and (B) shall operate independently, but in strategic coordination with other entities in the working group under paragraph (1). The Open Technology Fund shall remain independent from Department of State direction in its implementation of the Program of such Fund, and any other internet freedom programs.
- (3) INDEPENDENCE.—During the period beginning on the date of the enactment of this Act and ending on September 30, 2023, the Hong Kong Internet Freedom Programs described in paragraph (2) shall be carried out independently from any other internet freedom programs relating to the People's Republic of China carried out by the Department of State or the Open Technology Fund of the United States Agency for Global Media, as the case may be, in order that such Hong Kong Internet Freedom Programs may focus on supporting liberties presently enjoyed by the people of Hong Kong.
- (4) CONSOLIDATION OF DEPARTMENT OF STATE PROGRAM.—Beginning on October 1, 2023, the Secretary of State may—
- (A) consolidate the Hong Kong Internet Freedom Program of the Department of State with any other internet freedom programs relating to the People's Republic of China carried out by the Bureau of Democracy, Human Rights, and Labor: or
- (B) continue to carry out the Program in accordance with paragraph (3).
- (5) CONSOLIDATION OF OPEN TECHNOLOGY FUND PROGRAM.—Beginning on October 1, 2023, the President of the Open Technology Fund of the United States Agency for Global Media may—
- (A) consolidate the Hong Kong Internet Freedom Program of the Fund with any other internet freedom programs relating to the People's Republic of China carried out by the Fund; or
- (B) continue to carry out the Program in accordance with paragraph (3).
- (d) SUPPORT FOR INTERNET FREEDOM TECHNOLOGY PROGRAMS.—
- (1) GRANTS AUTHORIZED.—
- (Å) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of State, working through the Bureau of Democracy, Human Rights, and Labor, and President of the Open Technology Fund of the United States Agency for Global Media, are each separately and independently authorized to award grants and contracts to private organizations to support and develop programs in Hong Kong that promote or expand—
- (i) an open, interoperable, reliable and secure internet; and
- (ii) the online exercise of human rights and fundamental freedoms of individual citizens, ac-

- tivists, human rights defenders, independent journalists, civil society organizations, and marginalized populations in Hong Kong.
- (B) GOALS.—The goals of the programs developed pursuant to grants awarded pursuant to subparagraph (A) should be—
- (i) to make the internet available in Hong Kong;
- (ii) to increase the number of the tools in the technology portfolio;
- (iii) to promote the availability of such technologies and tools in Hong Kong;
- (iv) to encourage the adoption of such technologies and tools by the people of Hong Kong; (v) to scale up the distribution of such tech-
- nologies and tools throughout Hong Kong; (vi) to prioritize the development of tools, components, code, and technologies that are fully
- open-source, to the extent practicable; (vii) to conduct research on repressive tactics that undermine internet freedom in Hong Kong;
- (viii) to ensure digital safety guidance and support is available to repressed individual citizens, human rights defenders, independent journalists, civil society organizations and marginalized populations in Hong Kong; and
- (ix) to engage United States private industry, including e-commerce firms and social networking companies, on the importance of preserving internet access in Hong Kong.
- (C) GRANT RECIPIENTS.—Grants awarded pursuant to subparagraph (A) shall be distributed to multiple vendors and suppliers through an open, fair, competitive, and evidence-based decision process—
- (i) to diversify the technical base; and
- (ii) to reduce the risk of misuse by bad actors. (D) SECURITY AUDITS.—New technologies developed using grants awarded pursuant to subparagraph (A) shall undergo comprehensive security audits to ensure such technologies are secure and have not been compromised in a manner detrimental to the interests of the United States or to individuals or organizations benefiting from programs supported by the Open Technology Fund.
- (2) FUNDING SOURCE.—The Secretary of State is authorized to expend funds made available to the Human Rights and Democracy Fund of the Bureau of Democracy, Human Rights, and Labor of the Department of State for each of fixed years 2022 and 2023 for grants authorized under paragraph (1) by any entity in the working group established under subsection (c)(1).
- (3) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—
  (A) OPEN TECHNOLOGY FUND.—In addition to the funds authorized to be expended pursuant to paragraph (2), there are authorized to be appropriated to the Open Technology Fund of the United States Agency for Global Media \$5,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2022 and 2023 for grants to carry out this subsection. Such amounts are in addition to any amounts authorized to be appropriated for the Open Technology Fund under section 1299P of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116–283).
- (B) BUREAU OF DEMOCRACY, HUMAN RIGHTS, AND LABOR.—In addition to the funds authorized to be expended pursuant to paragraph (2), there are authorized to be appropriated to the Office of Internet Freedom Programs of the Bureau of Democracy, Human Rights, and Labor of the Department of State \$10,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2022 and 2023 to carry out this subsection.
- (C) AVAILABILITY.—Amounts authorized to be appropriated pursuant to subparagraphs (A) and (B) shall remain available until expended.
- (e) Strategic Planning Report.—Not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State and the working group under subsection (c)(1) shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a classified report that—
- (1) describes the Federal Government's plan to bolster and increase the availability of Great Firewall circumvention and internet freedom

- technology in Hong Kong during fiscal year 2022:
  - (2) outlines a plan for—
- (A) supporting the preservation of an open, interoperable, reliable, and secure internet in Hong Kong;
- (B) increasing the supply of the technology referred to in paragraph (1):
- (C) accelerating the dissemination of such technology;
- (D) promoting the availability of internet freedom in Hong Kong;
- (E) utilizing presently-available tools in the existing relevant portfolios for further use in the unique context of Hong Kong;
- (F) expanding the portfolio of tools in order to diversify and strengthen the effectiveness and resiliency of the circumvention efforts;
- (G) providing training for high-risk groups and individuals in Hong Kong; and
- (H) detecting analyzing, and responding to new and evolving censorship threats:
- (3) includes a detailed description of the technical and fiscal steps necessary to safely implement the plans referred to in paragraphs (1) and (2), including an analysis of the market conditions in Hong Kong:
- (4) describes the Federal Government's plans for awarding grants to private organizations for the purposes described in subsection (d)(1)(A):
- (5) outlines the working group's consultations regarding the implementation of this section to ensure that all Federal efforts are aligned and well coordinated; and
- (6) outlines the Department of State's strategy to influence global internet legal standards at international organizations and multilateral fora.
  - (f) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES.—The term "appropriate congressional committees" means—
- (A) the Committee on Foreign Relations, the Committee on Appropriations, and the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate; and
- (B) the Committee on Foreign Affairs, the Committee on Appropriations, and the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives.
- (2) JOINT DECLARATION.—The term "Joint Declaration" means the Joint Declaration of the Government of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and the Government of the People's Republic of China on the Question of Hong Kong, done at Beijing on December 19, 1984.

### SEC. 30311. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIA-TIONS FOR PROTECTING HUMAN RIGHTS IN THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Amounts authorized to be appropriated or otherwise made available to carry out section 409 of the Asia Reassurance initiative Act of 2019 (Public Law 115–409) should include programs that prioritize the protection and advancement of the freedoms of association, assembly, religion, and expression for women, human rights activists, and ethnic and religious minorities in the People's Republic of China (PRC).
- (b) USE OF FUNDS.—Amounts appropriated pursuant to section 409 of the Asia Reassurance Initiative Act of 2019 (Public Law 115-409) may be used to fund nongovernmental agencies within the Indo-Pacific region that are focused on the issues described in subsection (a).
- (c) Consultation Requirement.—In carrying out this section, the Assistant Secretary of Democracy, Human Rights and Labor shall consult with the appropriate congressional committees and representatives of civil society regarding—
- (1) strengthening the capacity of the organizations referred to in subsection (b);
- (2) protecting members of the groups referred to in subsection (a) who have been targeted for arrest, harassment, forced sterilizations, coercive abortions, forced labor, or intimidation, including members residing outside of the PRC;

(3) messaging efforts to reach the broadest possible audiences within the PRC about United States Government efforts to protect freedom of association, expression, assembly, and the rights of ethnic minorities.

### SEC. 30312. MODIFICATIONS TO AND REAUTHOR-IZATION OF SANCTIONS WITH RE-SPECT TO HUMAN RIGHTS VIOLA-TIONS.

- (a) Definitions.—Section 1262 of the Global Magnitsky Human Rights Accountability Act (Subtitle F of title XII of Public Law 114-328; 22 U.S.C. 2656 note) is amended by striking paragraph (2).
- (b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—(1) The Global Maanitsky Human Rights Accountability Act (Subtitle F of title XII of Public Law 114-328; 22 U.S.C. 2656 note) is amended by inserting after section 1262 the following new section:

### "SEC. 1262A. SENSE OF CONGRESS.

- "It is the sense of Congress that the President should establish and regularize information sharing and sanctions-related decision making with like-minded governments possessing human rights and anti-corruption sanctions programs similar in nature to those authorized under this subtitle."; and
- (2) The table of contents in section 2(b) and in title XII of division A of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2017 (Public Law 114-328) are each amended by inserting after the items relating to section 1262 the followina:
- "Sec. 1262A. Sense of Congress."
  - (c) Imposition of Sanctions.-
- (1) In general.—Subsection (a) of section 1263 of the Global Magnitsky Human Rights Ac-countability Act (Subtitle F of title XII of Public Law 114-328; 22 U.S.C. 2656 note) is amended to read as follows:
- '(a) IN GENERAL.—The President may impose the sanctions described in subsection (b) with respect to any foreign person that the President determines, based on credible information-
- '(1) is responsible for or complicit in, or has directly or indirectly engaged in, serious human rights abuse or any violation of internationally recognized human rights:
- '(2) is a current or former government official, or a person acting for or on behalf of such an official, who is responsible for or complicit in, or has directly or indirectly engaged in-
  - '(A) corruption; or
- "(B) the transfer or facilitation of the transfer of the proceeds of corruption:
  - (3) is or has been a leader or official of—
- "(A) an entity, including a government entity, that has engaged in, or whose members have engaged in, any of the activities described in subparagraph (A) or (B) related to the tenure of the leader or official: or
- '(B) an entity whose property and interests in property are blocked pursuant to this section as a result of activities related to the tenure of the leader or official:
- '(4) has materially assisted, sponsored, or provided financial, material, or technological support for, or goods or services to or in support
- $``(A)\ an\ activity\ described\ in\ subparagraph$ (A) or (B) that is conducted by a foreign person;
- '(B) a person whose property and interests in property are blocked pursuant to this section; or
- (C) an entity, including a government entity, that has engaged in, or whose members have engaged in, an activity described in subparagraph (A) or (B) conducted by a foreign person; or
- (5) is owned or controlled by, or acts or is purported to act for or on behalf of, directly or indirectly, a person whose property and interests in property are blocked pursuant to this section.
- (2) Consideration of Certain informa-TION.—Subsection (c)(2) of such section is amended by inserting "corruption and" after 'monitor'
- (3) REQUESTS BY CONGRESS.—Subsection (d) of such section is amended-

- (A) in paragraph (1), in the matter preceding subparagraph (A), by striking "subsection (a)" and inserting "subsection (a)(1)";
  - (B) in paragraph (2)-
  - (i) in subparagraph (A)-
- (I) in the subparagraph heading, by striking 'HUMAN RIGHTS VIOLATIONS'' and inserting "SE-RIOUS HUMAN RIGHTS ABUSE OR VIOLATIONS OF INTERNATIONALLY RECOGNIZED HUMAN RIGHTS";
- (II) by striking "described in paragraph (1) or (2) of subsection (a)" and inserting "described in subsection (a)(1) relating to serious human rights abuse or any violation of internationally recognized human rights"; and
  - (ii) in subparagraph (B)-
- (I) in the matter preceding clause (i), by striking "described in paragraph (3) or (4) of sub-section (a)" and inserting "described in subsection (a)(1) relating to corruption or the transfer or facilitation of the transfer of the proceeds of corruption"; and
- (II) by striking "ranking member of" and all that follows through the period at the end and inserting "ranking member of one of the appropriate congressional committees."
- (d) REPORTS TO CONGRESS.—Section 1264(a) of the Global Magnitsky Human Rights Accountability Act (Subtitle F of title XII of Public Law 114-328; 22 U.S.C. 2656 note) is amended-
- (1) in paragraph (5), by striking "; and" and inserting a semicolon;
- (2) in paragraph (6), by striking the period at the end and inserting ";"; and
- (3) by adding at the end the following:
- '(7) a description of additional steps taken by the President through diplomacy, international engagement, and assistance to foreign or security sectors to address persistent underlying causes of serious human rights abuse, violations of internationally recognized human rights, and corruption in each country in which foreign persons with respect to which sanctions have been imposed under section 1263 are located; and
- "(8) a description of additional steps taken by the President to ensure the pursuit of judicial accountability in appropriate jurisdictions with respect to those foreign persons subject to sanctions under section 1263 for serious human rights abuse, violations of internationally recognized human rights, and corruption.'
- (e) Repeal of Sunset.—(1) Section 1265 of the Global Magnitsky Human Rights Accountability Act (Subtitle F of title XII of Public Law 114-328; 22 U.S.C. 2656 note) is repealed.
- (2) The table of contents in section 2(b) and in title XII of division A of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2017 (Public Law 114-328) are each amended by striking the items relating to section 1265.

#### SEC. 30313. SENSE OF CONGRESS CONDEMNING ANTI-ASIAN RACISM AND DISCRIMI-NATION.

- (a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following findings:
- (1) Since the onset of the COVID-19 pandemic, crimes and discrimination against Asians and those of Asian descent have risen dramatically worldwide. In May 2020, United Nations Secretary-General Antonio Guterres said "the pandemic continues to unleash a tsunami of hate and xenophobia, scapegoating and scaremongering" and urged governments to "act now to strengthen the immunity of our societies against the virus of hate'
- (2) Asian American and Pacific Island (AAPI) workers make up a large portion of the essential workers on the frontlines of the COVID-19 pandemic, making up 8.5 percent of all essential healthcare workers in the United States. AAPI workers also make up a large share—between 6 percent and 12 percent based on sector—of the biomedical field.
- (3) The United States Census notes that Americans of Asian descent alone made up nearly 5.9 percent of the United States population in 2019, and that Asian Americans are the fastest-grow-

- ing racial group in the United States, projected to represent 14 percent of the United States population by 2065
- (b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that-
- (1) the reprehensible attacks on people of Asian descent and concerning increase in anti-Asian sentiment and racism in the United States and around the world have no place in a peaceful, civilized, and tolerant world;
- (2) the United States is a diverse country with a proud tradition of immigration, and the strength and vibrancy of the United States is enhanced by the diverse ethnic backgrounds and tolerance of its citizens, including Asian Americans and Pacific Islanders;
- (3) the United States Government should encourage foreign governments to use the official and scientific names for the COVID-19 pandemic, as recommended by the World Health Organization and the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention: and
- (4) the United States Government and other governments around the world must actively oppose racism and intolerance, and use all available and appropriate tools to combat the spread of anti-Asian racism and discrimination.

#### SEC. 30314. ANNUAL REPORTING ON CENSORSHIP OF FREE SPEECH WITH RESPECT TO INTERNATIONAL ABUSES OF HUMAN RIGHTS.

Section 116(d) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (227 U.S.C. 2151n(d)) is amended-

- (1) in paragraph (11)(C), by striking "and" at the end:
- (2) in paragraph (12)(C)(ii), by striking the pe-
- riod at the end and inserting a semicolon; and (3) by adding at the end the following:
- (13) wherever applicable, instances in which the government of each country has attempted to extraterritorially intimidate or pressure a company or entity to censor or self-censor the speech of its employees, contractors, customers, or associated staff with regards to the abuse of human rights in such country, or sought retaliation against such employees or contractors for the same, including any instance in which the Government of the People's Republic of China has sought to extraterritorially censor or punish speech that is otherwise legal in the United States on the topics of-
- "(A) repression and violation of fundamental freedoms in Hong Kong;
- "(B) repression and persecution of religious and ethnic minorities in China, including in the Xinjiang Uyghur Autonomous Region and the Tibet Autonomous Region;
- "(C) efforts to proliferate and use surveillance technologies to surveil activists, journalists, opposition politicians, or to profile persons of different ethnicities; and
- "(D) other gross violations of human rights; and
- "(14) wherever applicable, instances in which a company or entity located in or based in a third country has censored or self-censored the speech of its employees, contractors, customers, or associated staff on the topic of abuse of human rights in each country or sought to retaliate against such employees for the same, due to intimidation or pressure from or the fear of intimidation by the foreign government."

#### SEC. 30315. POLICY TOWARD THE XXIV OLYMPIC WINTER GAMES AND THE XIII PARALYMPIC WINTER GAMES.

- (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following: (1) In October 2020, 39 countries at the United Nations Third Committee of the General Assembly appealed for action on the mass arbitrary detentions and other crimes against the Uyghur Muslim population of the Xinjiang Uyghur Autonomous Region.
- (2) The 2018 concluding observations of the United Nations Committee on the Elimination of Racial Discrimination decried reports of mass arbitrary detention of Uyghurs.
- (3) Over 400 international nongovernmental organizations have joined together to decry the

mass arbitrary detentions of Uyghurs in the Xinjiang Uyghur Autonomous Region.

(4) The Olympic Charter states that the practice of sport "is a human right" that "shall be secured without discrimination of any kind, such as race, colour, sex, sexual orientation, language, religion, political or other opinion, national or social origin, property, birth or other status", a right that by definition cannot be secured in a country in which over 1,000,000 people are imprisoned in camps because of their race, language, and religion.

(5) The 2008 Olympics in Beijing were accompanied by widespread tracking, arrest, and intimidation of foreign journalists and bloggers, as well as restrictions on movement of journalists, contrary to explicit commitments made by the Government of the People's Republic of China (PRC) to the International Olympic Committee.

(6) The Government of the PRC denied visas for some journalists granted press accreditation for the 2008 Olympic Games, and the Beijing Organising Committee of the Olympic Games repeatedly refused to address incidents involving

freedom of expression.

- (7) The International Olympic Committee faced broad criticism for failing to adequately anticipate infringements by the Government of the PRC's on freedom of expression and press for international media and 2008 Olympics participants, and failing to hold the Government of the PRC to their own commitments to safeguard human rights during the 2008 games.
- (b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that the International Olympic Committee should—
- (1) consider that the Olympic Charter's principles of solidarity and nondiscrimination are hard to reconcile with holding the 2022 Winter Games in a country the government of which stands credibly accused of perpetrating crimes against humanity and genocide against ethnic and religious minorities;
- (2) take into account the recent precedent of the 2008 games, at which Olympic athletes, spectators, and international media had their fundamental freedoms severely challenged, and the likely limitations the Government of the PRC will seek to enforce on participants speaking out about ongoing persecution of the Uyghurs and other human rights abuses in the PRC, despite repeated commitments by the Government of the PRC:
- (3) emphasize that the International Olympic Committee is not opposed to moving an Olympic competition in all circumstances, and should immediately rebid the 2022 Winter Olympic Games to be hosted by a country that recognizes and respects human rights:
- (4) affirm the International Olympic Committee's—
- (A) desire to stay above politics does not permit turning a blind eye to mass atrocity crimes, which cannot and should not be dismissed as mere political concerns; and
- (B) commitment to the fundamental rights instruments of the international system, which are beyond partisan or domestic policy, and upon which the success of the entire Olympic project depends:
- (5) propose a set of clear, executable actions to be taken by the International Olympic Committee upon infringement of freedom of expression by a host country's government during any Olympics event, including the 2022 Winter Olympics, against athletes, participants, and international media; and
- (6) rescind Rule 50 of the Olympic Charter, which restricts the freedom of expression by athletes when competing during Olympics events, and affirm the rights of athletes to political and other speech during athletic competitions, including speech that is critical of their host countries.
- (c) STATEMENT OF POLICY.—It shall be the policy of the United States—
- (1) to implement a presidential and cabinet level diplomatic boycott of the XXIV Olympic

Winter Games and the XIII Paralympic Winter Games in the PRC;

- (2) to encourage other nations, especially democratic partners and allies, to do the same; and
- (3) to call for an end to the Chinese Communist Party's ongoing human rights abuses, including the Uyghur genocide.

#### SEC. 30316. REVIEW AND CONTROLS ON EXPORT OF ITEMS WITH CRITICAL CAPABILI-TIES TO ENABLE HUMAN RIGHTS ABUSES.

- (a) STATEMENT OF POLICY.—It is the policy of the United States to use export controls to the extent necessary to further the protection of internationally recognized human rights.
- (b) REVIEW OF ITEMS WITH CRITICAL CAPABILITIES TO ENABLE HUMAN RIGHTS ABUSES.—
  Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and as appropriate thereafter, the Secretary, in coordination with the Secretary of State, the Director of National Intelligence, and the heads of other Federal agencies as appropriate, shall conduct a review of items subject to controls for crime control reasons pursuant to section 742.7 of the Export Administration Regulations.
- (c) CONTROLS.—In furtherance of the policy set forth in subsection (a), not later than 60 days after completing the review required by subsection (b), the Secretary, in coordination with the heads of other Federal agencies as appropriate, shall determine whether additional export controls are needed to protect human rights, including whether—
- (1) controls for crime control reasons pursuant to section 742.7 of the Export Administration Regulations should be imposed on additional items, including items with critical capabilities to enable human rights abuses involving—
  - (A) censorship or social control;
- (B) surveillance, interception, or restriction of communications;
- (C) monitoring or restricting access to or use of the internet;
- (D) identification of individuals through facial or voice recognition or biometric indicators;
  - (E) DNA sequencing; or
- (2) end-use and end-user controls should be imposed on the export, reexport, or in-country transfer of certain items with critical capabilities to enable human rights abuses that are subject to the Export Administration Regulations if the person seeking to export, reexport, or transfer the item has knowledge, or the Secretary determines and so informs that person, that the end-user or ultimate consignee will use the item to enable human rights abuses.
- (d) COOPERATION OF OTHER AGENCIES.—Upon request from the Secretary, the head of a Federal agency shall provide full support and cooperation to the Secretary in carrying out this section.
- (e) International Coordination on Controls To Protect Human Rights.—It shall be the policy of the United States to seek to secure the cooperation of other governments to impose export controls that are consistent, to the extent possible, with the controls imposed under this section.
- (f) REPORT.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress (including the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives and the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate) a report on the matters covered by this section. The report shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified annex.
- (g) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Section 1752(2)(A) of the Export Control Reform Act of 2018 (50 U.S.C. 20 4811(2)(A)) is amended—
- (1) in clause (iv), by striking "; or" and inserting a semicolon;
- (2) in clause (v), by striking the period and inserting "; or"; and

- (3) by adding at the end the following: "(vi) serious human rights abuses.".
  - (h) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) END-USER; KNOWLEDGE; ULTIMATE CONSIGNEE.—The terms "end-user", "knowledge", and "ultimate consignee" have the meanings given those terms in section 772.1 of the Export Administration Regulations.
- (2) EXPORT; EXPORT ADMINISTRATION REGULATIONS; IN-COUNTRY TRANSFER; ITEM; REEXPORT.—The terms "export", "Export Administration Regulations", "in-country transfer", "item", and "reexport" have the meanings given those terms in section 1742 of the Export Control Reform Act of 2018 (50 U.S.C. 4801).

  (3) SECRETARY.—The term "Secretary" means
- (3) SECRETARY.—The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of Commerce.

### SEC. 30317. SENSE OF CONGRESS ON COMMERCIAL EXPORT CONTROL POLICY.

It is the sense of Congress that the President should reexamine United States commercial export control policy for any country, including the People's Republic of China, that is known to supply arms or dual use items to any country the government of which has been designated pursuant to any applicable provision of law as a state sponsor of terrorism or to any entity designated by the Secretary of State as a foreign terrorist organization.

#### SEC. 30318. IMPOSITION OF SANCTIONS WITH RE-SPECT TO SYSTEMATIC RAPE, COER-CIVE ABORTION, FORCED STERILIZA-TION, OR INVOLUNTARY CONTRA-CEPTIVE IMPLANTATION IN THE XINJIANG UYGHUR AUTONOMOUS REGION.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 6(a)(1) of the Uyghur Human Rights Policy Act of 2020 (Public Law 116–145; 22 U.S.C. 6901 note) is amended by inserting after subparagraph (E) the following:
- "(F) Systematic rape, coercive abortion, forced sterilization, or involuntary contraceptive implantation policies and practices.".
- (b) EFFECTIVE DATE; APPLICABILITY.—The amendment made by subsection (a)—
- (1) takes effect on the date of the enactment
- of this Act; and
  (2) applies with respect to the first report required by section 6(a)(1) of the Uyghur Human
  Rights Policy Act of 2020 submitted after such

# date of enactment. SEC. 30319. SENSE OF CONGRESS REGARDING CENSORSHIP OF POLITICAL SPEECH.

- (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following:
  (1) The People's Republic of China censors political speech of throughout the country through many means including through mass censorship of the Internet, the Great Firewall, radical curtailment of the freedom of the vress.
- (2) The PRC employs several other means to stifle dissent including instigating private person to target dissenting individuals and private companies to target offending companies.
- (b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that—
- (1) censorship of political speech in China is contrary to the human rights of the Chinese people;
- (2) censorship of political speech, whether conducted by the government, or private or quasi-private entities is antithetical to United States values and interests; and
- (3) the democratic way to conduct political disputes is through argument and persuasion, not force or political speech.

# SEC. 30320. REPORT ON MANNER AND EXTENT TO WHICH THE GOVERNMENT OF CHINA EXPLOITS HONG KONG TO CIRCUMVENT UNITED STATES LAWS AND PROTECTIONS.

Title III of the United States-Hong Kong Policy Act of 1992 (22 U.S.C. 5731 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following:

"SEC. 303. REPORT ON MANNER AND EXTENT TO WHICH THE GOVERNMENT OF CHINA EXPLOITS HONG KONG TO CIR-CUMVENT UNITED STATES LAWS AND PROTECTIONS.

"(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this section,

the Secretary of State shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report on the manner and extent to which the Government of China uses the status of Hong Kong to circumvent the laws and protections of the United States.

"(b) ELEMENTS.—The report required by subsection (a) shall include the following:

"(1) In consultation with the Secretary of Commerce, the Secretary of Homeland Security, and the Director of National Intelligence—

"(A) an assessment of how the Government of China uses Hong Kong to circumvent United States export controls; and

"(B) a list of all significant incidents in which the Government of China used Hong Kong to circumvent such controls during the reporting period

"(2) In consultation with the Secretary of the Treasury and the Secretary of Commerce—

"(A) an assessment of how the Government of China uses Hong Kong to circumvent duties on merchandise exported to the United States from the People's Republic of China; and

"(B) a list of all significant incidents in which the Government of China used Hong Kong to circumvent such duties during the reporting period

"(3) In consultation with the Secretary of the Treasury, the Secretary of Homeland Security, and the Director of National Intelligence—

"(A) an assessment of how the Government of China uses Hong Kong to circumvent sanctions imposed by the United States or pursuant to multilateral regimes; and

"(B) a list of all significant incidents in which the Government of China used Hong Kong to circumvent such sanctions during the reporting period.

"(4) In consultation with the Secretary of Homeland Security and the Director of National Intelligence, an assessment of how the Government of China uses formal or informal means to extradite or coercively move individuals, including United States persons, from Hong Kong to the People's Republic of China.

"(5) In consultation with the Secretary of Defense, the Director of National Intelligence, and the Director of Homeland Security—

"(A) an assessment of how the intelligence, security, and law enforcement agencies of the Government of China, including the Ministry of State Security, the Ministry of Public Security, and the People's Armed Police, use the Hong Kong Security Bureau and other security agencies in Hong Kong to conduct espionage on foreign nationals, including United States persons, conduct influence operations, or violate civil lib-

and "(B) a list of all significant incidents of such espionage, influence operations, or violations of civil liberties during the reporting period.

erties guaranteed under the laws of Hong Kong;

"(c) FORM OF REPORT; AVAILABILITY.—

"(1) FORM.—The report required by subsection (a) shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified index.

"(2) AVAILABILITY.—The unclassified portion of the report required by subsection (a) shall be posted on a publicly available internet website of the Department of State.

"(d) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

"(1) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMIT-TEES.—The term 'appropriate congressional committees' means—

"(A) the Committee on Foreign Relations, the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs, the Committee on Finance, and the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate; and

"(B) the Committee on Foreign Affairs, the Committee on Financial Services, the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence, and the Committee on Ways and Means of the House of Representatives.

"(2) FOREIGN NATIONAL.—The term 'foreign national' means a person that is neither—

"(A) an individual who is a citizen or national of the People's Republic of China; or

"(B) an entity organized under the laws of the People's Republic of China or of a jurisdiction within the People's Republic of China.

"(3) REPORTING PERIOD.—The term 'reporting period' means the 5-year period preceding submission of the report required by subsection (a).

"(4) UNITED STATES PERSON.—The term 'United States person' means—

"(A) a United States citizen or an alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence to the United States; or

"(B) an entity organized under the laws of the United States or of any jurisdiction within the United States, including a foreign branch of such an entitu."

# SEC. 30321. SENSE OF CONGRESS REGARDING ANNUAL COUNTRY REPORTS ON HUMAN RIGHTS PRACTICES.

It is the sense of Congress that the Department of State's annual Country Reports on Human Rights Practices should include relevant information regarding whether a particular country has provided assistance to the PRC or any entity under the influence of the Chinese Communist Party in its genocide against the Uyghurs, including through the forcible repatriation of Uyghurs to the PRC without reasonable opportunity for them to be assessed and protected as refugees.

## SEC. 30322. SENSE OF CONGRESS REGARDING PRESS FREEDOM IN THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA.

(a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that the People's Republic of China maintains one of the worst media environments in the world and seeks to curtail political speech inside and outside the country, including by—

(1) targeting independent and foreign media in China through systematic harassment including the denial of visas to foreign journalists, imprisonment, the denial of medical care to imprisoned journalists, and curtailing access to legal representation:

(2) pervasively monitoring and censoring online and social media content, including through the banning of virtual private networks:

(3) using the full force of the State to stifle internal dissent including dissent online, particularly dissent that could lead to political change and content that criticizes China's leaders, however trivial, reportedly even to the point of censoring comparisons of Xi Jingping's looks with Winnie the Pooh;

(4) spreading propaganda to foreign audiences through the United Front Work Department and related activities;

(5) seeking to intimidate American-based journalists working for Radio Free Asia and reporting on gross human rights violations in China's Xinjiang Uyghur Autonomous Region by jailing or otherwise harassing members of their families: and

(6) championing a "sovereign Internet" model and exporting technology to enhance the ability of like-minded authoritarian regimes to suppress dissent online and monitor the activity of their people.

(b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that—

(1) the freedom of the press is an unalienable right that is necessary for citizens to hold their government to account;

(2) the PRC should cease its repression of journalists, citizen journalists, news organizations: and

(3) the PRC should cease the censorship of political satire, including comparisons of Xi Jingping's looks with Winnie the Pooh.

### SEC. 30323. UNITED STATES SPECIAL ENVOY FOR XINJIANG PROVINCE.

(a) In General.—The Secretary of State shall establish within the Department of State the position of United States Special Envoy for Xinjiang Province (in this section referred to as the "Special Envoy").

(b) APPOINTMENT.—The Secretary may appoint an individual to the position of Special

Envoy from among officers and employees of the Department of State. The Secretary may allow such officer or employee to retain the position (and the responsibilities associated with such position) held by such officer or employee prior to the appointment of such officer or employee to the position of Special Envoy.

(c) DUTIES.—The Special Envoy shall coordinate diplomatic, political, public diplomacy, financial assistance, sanctions, counterterrorism, security resources, and congressional reporting requirements within the United States Government to respond to the gross violations of universally recognized human rights occurring in Xinjiang Province of the People's Republic of China, including by addressing—

(1) the mass detentions of Uyghurs and other predominantly Muslim ethnic minorities;

(2) the deployment of technologically advanced surveillance and police detection methods; and

(3) the counterterrorism and counter-radicalism claims used to justify the policies of the Chinese Government in Xinjiang Province.

### SEC. 30324. CHINA CENSORSHIP MONITOR AND ACTION GROUP.

(a) REPORT ON CENSORSHIP AND INTIMIDATION OF UNITED STATES PERSONS BY THE GOVERNMENT OF THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA.—

(1) Report.—

(A) In GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State shall select and seek to enter into an agreement with a qualified research entity that is independent of the Department of State to write a report on censorship and intimidation in the United States and its possessions and territories of United States persons, including United States companies that conduct business in the People's Republic of China, which is directed or directly supported by the Government of the People's Republic of China.

(B) MATTERS TO BE INCLUDED.—The report required under subparagraph (A) shall—

(i) assess major trends, patterns, and methods of the Government of the People's Republic of China's efforts to direct or directly support censorship and intimidation of United States persons, including United States companies that conduct business in the People's Republic of China, which are exercising their right to freedom of speech:

(ii) assess, including through the use of illustrative examples, as appropriate, the impact on and consequences for United States persons, including United States companies that conduct business in the People's Republic of China, that criticize—

(I) the Government of the People's Republic of China;

(II) the Chinese Communist Party;

(III) the authoritarian model of government of the People's Republic of China; or

(IV) a particular policy advanced by the Chinese Communist Party or the Government of the People's Republic of China;

(iii) identify the implications for the United States of the matters described in clauses (i) and (ii):

(iv) assess the methods and evaluate the efficacy of the efforts by the Government of the People's Republic of China to limit freedom of expression in the private sector, including with respect to media, social media, film, education, travel, financial services, sports and entertainment, technology, telecommunication, and internet infrastructure interests:

(v) include policy recommendations for the United States Government, including recommendations regarding collaboration with United States allies and partners, to address censorship and intimidation by the Government of the People's Republic of China; and

(vi) include policy recommendations for United States persons, including United States companies that conduct business in China, to address censorship and intimidation by the Government of the People's Republic of China.

- (C) APPLICABILITY TO UNITED STATES ALLIES AND PARTNERS.—To the extent practicable, the report required under subparagraph (A) should identify implications and policy recommendations that are relevant to United States allies and partners facing censorship and intimidation directed or directly supported by the Government of the People's Republic of China.
  - (2) SUBMISSION OF REPORT.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State shall submit the report written by the qualified research entity selected pursuant to paragraph (1)(A) to the appropriate congressional committees.
- (B) PUBLICATION.—The report referred to in subparagraph (A) shall be made accessible to the public online through relevant United States Government vebsites.
- (3) FEDERAL GOVERNMENT SUPPORT.—The Secretary of State and other Federal agencies selected by the President shall provide the qualified research entity selected pursuant to paragraph (1)(A) with timely access to appropriate information, data, resources, and analyses necessary for such entity to write the report described in paragraph (1) in a thorough and independent manner.
- (b) CHINA CENSORSHIP MONITOR AND ACTION GROUP.—
- (1) CERTIFICATION.—Upon receipt and review of the report described in subsection (a), the President shall make a determination on whether the Government of the People's Republic of China engages in the censorship and intimidation of United States persons, including United States companies that conduct business in the People's Republic of China, which are exercising their right to freedom of speech, taking into account the contents of the report and other information available to the government of the United States.
- (2) IN GENERAL.—If there is a determination under paragraph (1) that the Government of the People's Republic of China engages in the censorship and intimidation of United States persons, including United States companies that conduct business in the People's Republic of China, which are exercising their right to freedom of speech, the President shall establish an interagency task force, which shall be known as the "China Censorship Monitor and Action Group" (referred to in this section as the "Task Force").
- (3) MEMBERSHIP.—If, upon receipt and review of the report described in subsection (a), he deems it in the national interest, the President shall—
- (A) appoint the chair of the Task Force from among the staff of the National Security Council;
- (B) appoint the vice chair of the Task Force from among the staff of the National Economic Council; and
- (C) direct the head of each of the following executive branch agencies to appoint personnel to participate in the Task Force:
  - (i) The Department of State.
  - (ii) The Department of Commerce.
  - (iii) The Department of the Treasury.
  - (iv) The Department of Justice.
- (v) The Office of the United States Trade Representative.
- (vi) The Office of the Director of National Intelligence, and other appropriate elements of the intelligence community (as defined in section 3 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3003)).
- (vii) The Federal Communications Commission.
- $\begin{array}{cccc} (viii) & The & United & States & Agency & for & Global \\ Media. & \end{array}$
- (ix) Other agencies designated by the President.
- (4) RESPONSIBILITIES.—The Task Force shall— (A) oversee the development and execution of an integrated Federal Government strategy to monitor and address the impacts of efforts di-

- rected, or directly supported, by the Government of the People's Republic of China to censor or intimidate, in the United States or in any of its territories, any United States person, including United States companies that conduct business in the People's Republic of China, which are exercising their right to freedom of speech; and
- (B) submit the strategy developed pursuant to subparagraph (A) to the appropriate congressional committees not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.
- (5) MEETINGS.—The Task Force shall meet not less frequently than twice per year.
- (6) CONSULTATIONS.—The Task Force should regularly consult, to the extent necessary and appropriate, with—
- (A) Federal agencies that are not represented on the Task Force;
- (B) independent agencies of the United States Government that are not represented on the Task Force;
- (C) relevant stakeholders in the private sector and the media; and
- (D) relevant stakeholders among United States allies and partners facing similar challenges related to censorship or intimidation by the Government of the People's Republic of China.
  - (7) Reporting requirements.—
- (A) ANNUAL REPORT.—The Task Force shall submit an annual report to the appropriate congressional committees that describes, with respect to the reporting period—
- (i) the strategic objectives and policies pursued by the Task Force to address the challenges of censorship and intimidation of United States persons while in the United States or any of its territories, which is directed or directly supported by the Government of the People's Republic of China;
- (ii) the activities conducted by the Task Force in support of the strategic objectives and policies referred to in clause (i); and
- (iii) the results of the activities referred to in clause (ii) and the impact of such activities on the national interests of the United States.
- (B) FORM OF REPORT.—Each report submitted pursuant to subparagraph (A) shall be unclassified, but may include a classified annex.
- (C) Congressional Briefings.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter, the Task Force shall provide briefings to the appropriate congressional committees regarding the activities of the Task Force to execute the strategy developed pursuant to paragraph (3)(A).
- (c) SUNSET.—This section shall terminate on the date that is five years after the date of the enactment of this Act.
- (d) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES.—The term ''appropriate congressional committees'' includes the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives and the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate.
- (2) QUALIFIED RESEARCH ENTITY.—The term "qualified research entity" means an entity that—
- (A) is a nonpartisan research organization or a federally funded research and development center;
- (B) has appropriate expertise and analytical capability to write the report required under subsection (a); and
- (C) is free from any financial, commercial, or other entanglements, which could undermine the independence of such report or create a conflict of interest or the appearance of a conflict of interest, with—
- (i) the Government of the People's Republic of China:
  - (ii) the Chinese Communist Party;
- (iii) any company incorporated in the People's Republic of China or a subsidiary of such company; or
- (iv) any company or entity incorporated outside of the People's Republic of China that is believed to have a substantial financial or com-

- mercial interest in the People's Republic of China.
- (3) UNITED STATES PERSON.—The term "United States person" means—
- (A) a United States citizen or an alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence to the United States; or
- (B) an entity organized under the laws of the United States or any jurisdiction within the United States, including a foreign branch of such an entity.

### SEC. 30325. PUBLIC DISCLOSURE ON BIS LICENS-ING INFORMATION.

The Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives shall make aggregate statistics on licensing information, ensuring all confidential business information is protected, for PRC companies on the Entity List contained in the Export Administration Regulations available to the public.

### TITLE IV—INVESTING IN OUR ECONOMIC STATECRAFT

#### SEC. 30401. SENSE OF CONGRESS REGARDING THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHI-NA'S INDUSTRIAL POLICY.

It is the sense of Congress that-

- (1) the challenges presented by a nonmarket economy like the economy of the People's Republic of China (PRC), which has captured such a large share of global economic exchange, are in many ways unprecedented and require sufficiently elevated and sustained long-term focus and engagement:
- (2) in order to truly address the most detrimental aspects of Chinese Communist Party (CCP)-directed mercantilist economic strategy, the United States must adopt policies that—
- (A) expose the full scope and scale of intellectual property theft and mass subsidization of Chinese firms, and the resulting harm to the United States, foreign markets, and the global economy:
- (B) ensure that PRC companies face costs and consequences for anticompetitive behavior;
- (C) provide options for affected United States persons to address and respond to unreasonable and discriminatory CCP-directed industrial policies; and
- (D) strengthen the protection of critical technology and sensitive data, while still fostering an environment that provides incentives for secure but open investment, innovation, and competition;
- (3) the United States must work with its allies and partners and multilateral venues and fora—
- (A) to reinforce long-standing generally accepted principles of fair competition and market behavior and address the PRC's anticompetitive economic and industrial policies that undermine decades of alobal growth and innovation:
- (B) to ensure that the PRC is not granted the same treatment as that of a free-market economy until it ceases the implementation of laws, regulations, policies, and practices that provide unfair advantage to PRC firms in furtherance of national objectives and impose unreasonable, discriminatory, and illegal burdens on market-based international commerce: and
- (C) to align policies with respect to curbing state-directed subsidization of the private sector, such as advocating for global rules related to transparency and adherence to notification requirements, including through the efforts currently being advanced by the United States, Japan, and the European Union:
- (4) the United States and its allies and partners must collaborate to provide incentives to their respective companies to cooperate in areas such as—
- (A) advocating for protection of intellectual property rights in markets around the world;
- (B) fostering open technical standards; and (C) increasing joint investments in overseas
- markets; and
  (5) the United States should develop policies
- (4) ine United States should develop policie
  that—
  (4) insulate United States entities from PRO
- (A) insulate United States entities from PRC pressure against complying with United States laws;

(B) together with the work of allies and partners and multilateral institutions, counter the potential impact of the blocking regime of the PRC established by the Ministry of Commerce of the PRC on January 9, 2021, when it issued Order No. 1 of 2021, entitled "Rules on Counteracting Unjustified Extraterritorial Application of Foreign Legislation and other Measures"; and

(C) plan for future actions that the Government of the PRC may take to undermine the lawful application of United States legal authorities, including with respect to the use of sanctions.

### SEC. 30402. ECONOMIC DEFENSE RESPONSE TEAMS.

- (a) PILOT PROGRAM.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the President shall develop and implement a pilot program for the creation of deployable economic defense response teams to help provide emergency technical assistance and support to a country subjected to the threat or use of coercive economic measures (in this section referred to as a "partner country") and to play a liaison role between the legitimate government of that country and the United States Government. Such assistance and support may include the following activities:
- (1) Reducing the partner country's vulnerability to coercive economic measures.
- (2) Minimizing the damage that such measures by an adversary could cause to the partner country.
- (3) Implementing any bilateral or multilateral contingency plans that may exist for responding to the threat or use of such measures.
- (4) In coordination with the partner country, developing or improving plans and strategies by the country for reducing vulnerabilities and improving responses to such measures in the future.
- (5) Assisting the partner country in dealing with foreign sovereign investment in infrastructure or related projects that may undermine the partner country's sovereignty.
- (6) Assisting the partner country in responding to specific efforts from an adversary attempting to employ economic coercion that undermines the partner country's sovereignty, including efforts in the cyber domain, such as efforts that undermine cybersecurity or digital security of the partner country or initiatives that introduce digital technologies in a manner that undermines freedom, security, and sovereignty of the partner country.
- (7) Otherwise providing direct and relevant short-to-medium term economic or other assistance from the United States and marshalling other resources in support of effective responses to such measures.
- (b) Reports Required.—
- (1) REPORT ON ESTABLISHMENT.—Upon establishment of the pilot program required by subsection (a), the Secretary of State, in consultation with other relevant Federal agencies and offices, shall provide the appropriate congressional committees with a detailed report and briefing describing the pilot program, the major elements of the program, the personnel and institutions involved, and the degree to which the program incorporates the elements described in subsection (a).
- (2) FOLLOW-UP REPORT.—Not later than one year after the date on which the report required by paragraph (1) is submitted, the Secretary of State, in consultation with other relevant Federal agencies and offices, shall provide the appropriate congressional committees with a detailed report and briefing describing the operations over the previous year of the pilot program established pursuant to subsection (a), as well as the Secretary's assessment of its performance and suitability for becoming a permanent program.
- (3) FORM.—Each report required under this subsection shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified annex.

- (c) DECLARATION OF AN ECONOMIC CRISIS REQUIRED.—
- (1) NOTIFICATION.—The President may activate an economic defense response team for a period of 180 days under the authorities of this section to assist a partner country in responding to an unusual and extraordinary economic coercive threat by an adversary of the United States upon the declaration of a coercive economic emergency, together with notification to the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives.
- (2) EXTENSION AUTHORITY.—The President may activate the response team for an additional 180 days upon the submission of a detailed analysis to the committees described in paragraph (1) justifying why the continued deployment of the economic defense response team in response to the economic emergency is in the national security interest of the United States.
- (d) SUNSET.—The authorities provided under this section shall expire on December 31, 2026.
- (e) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Neither the authority to declare an economic crisis provided for in subsection (d), nor the declaration of an economic crisis pursuant to subsection (d), shall confer or be construed to confer any authority, power, duty, or responsibility to the President other than the authority to activate an economic defense response team as described in this section.
- (f) APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS DEFINED.—In this section, the term "appropriate congressional committees" means—
- (1) the Committee on Foreign Relations, the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs, the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation, the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources, the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry, and the Committee on Finance of the Senate; and
- (2) the Committee on Foreign Affairs, the Committee on Financial Services, the Committee on Energy and Commerce, the Committee on Agriculture, and the Committee on Ways and Means of the House of Representatives.

### SEC. 30403. COUNTERING OVERSEAS KLEPTOCRACY.

- (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following:
- (1) Authoritarian leaders in foreign countries abuse their power to steal assets from state institutions, enrich themselves at the expense of their countries' economic development, and use corruption as a strategic tool both to solidify their grip on power and to undermine democratic institutions abroad.
- (2) Global corruption harms the competitiveness of United States businesses, weakens democratic governance, feeds terrorist recruitment and transnational organized crime, enables drug smuggling and human trafficking, and stymies economic growth.
- (3) Illicit financial flows often penetrate countries through what appear to be legitimate financial transactions, as kleptocrats launder money, use shell companies, amass offshore wealth, and participate in a global shadow economu.
- (4) The Government of the Russian Federation is a leading model of this type of kleptocratic system, using state-sanctioned corruption to both erode democratic governance from within and discredit democracy abroad, thereby strengthening the authoritarian rule of Vladimir Putin.
- (5) Corrupt individuals and entities in the Russian Federation, often with the backing and encouragement of political leadership, use stolen money—
- (A) to purchase key assets in other countries, often with a goal of attaining monopolistic control of a sector:
- (B) to gain access to and influence the policies of other countries; and
- (C) to advance Russian interests in other countries, particularly those that undermine confidence and trust in democratic systems.

- (6) Systemic corruption in the People's Republic of China (PRC), often tied to, directed by, or backed by the leadership of the Chinese Communist Party (CCP) and the Government of the PRC is used—
- (A) to provide unfair advantage to certain PRC economic entities;
- (B) to increase other countries' economic dependence on the PRC to secure greater deference to the PRC's diplomatic and strategic goals; and
- (C) to exploit corruption in foreign governments and among other political elites to enable PRC state-backed firms to pursue predatory and exploitative economic practices.
- (7) Thwarting these tactics by Russian, Chinese, and other kleptocratic actors requires the international community to strengthen demoratic governance and the rule of law. International cooperation in combating corruption and illicit finance is vital to such efforts, especially by empowering reformers in foreign countries during historic political openings for the establishment of the rule of law in those countries.
- (8) Technical assistance programs that combat corruption and strengthen the rule of law, including through assistance provided by the Department of State's Bureau of International Narcotics and Law Enforcement Affairs and the United States Agency for International Development, and through programs like the Department of Justice's Office of Overseas Prosecutorial Development, Assistance and Training and the International Criminal Investigative Training Assistance Program, can have lasting and significant impacts for both foreign and United States interests.
- (9) There currently exist numerous international instruments to combat corruption, kleptocracy, and illicit finance, including—
- (A) the Inter-American Convention against Corruption of the Organization of American States, done at Caracas March 29, 1996;
- (B) the Convention on Combating Bribery of Foreign Public Officials in International Business Transactions of the Organisation of Economic Co-operation and Development, done at Paris December 21, 1997 (commonly referred to as the "Anti-Bribery Convention");
- (C) the United Nations Convention against Transnational Organized Crime, done at New York November 15, 2000;
- (D) the United Nations Convention against Corruption, done at New York October 31, 2003; (E) Recommendation of the Council for Further Combating Bribery of Foreign Public Officials in International Business Transactions, adopted November 26, 2009; and
- (F) recommendations of the Financial Action Task Force comprising the International Standards on Combating Money Laundering and the Financing of Terrorism and Proliferation.
  - (b) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMIT-TEES.—The term "appropriate congressional committees" means—
- (A) the Committee on Foreign Relations, the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs, the Committee on Finance, the Committee on the Judiciary, and the Select Committee on Intelligence, and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate;
- (B) the Committee on Foreign Affairs, the Committee on Financial Services, the Committee on Ways and Means, the Committee on the Judiciary, and the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.
- (2) FOREIGN ASSISTANCE.—The term "foreign assistance" means foreign assistance authorized under the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2251 et seq.).
- (3) FOREIGN STATE.—The term "foreign state" has the meaning given such term in section 1603(a) of title 28, United States Code.
- (4) INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY.—The term "intelligence community" has the meaning given

such term in section 3(4) of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3003(4)).

- (5) PUBLIC CORRUPTION.—The term "public corruption" includes the unlawful exercise of entrusted public power for private gain, such as through bribery, nepotism, fraud, extortion, or embezzlement.
- (6) RULE OF LAW.—The term "rule of law" means the principle of governance in which all persons, institutions, and entities, whether public or private, including the state, are accountable to laws that are—
  - (A) publicly promulgated;
  - (B) equally enforced;
  - (C) independently adjudicated; and
- (D) consistent with international human rights norms and standards.
- (c) Statement of Policy.—It is the policy of the United States—
- (1) to leverage United States diplomatic engagement and foreign assistance to promote the rule of law:
- (2)(A) to promote international instruments to combat corruption, kleptocracy, and illicit finance, including instruments referred to in subsection (a)(9), and other relevant international standards and best practices, as such standards and practices develop; and
- (B) to promote the adoption and implementation of such laws, standards, and practices by foreign states;
- (3) to support foreign states in promoting good governance and combating public corruption;
- (4) to encourage and assist foreign partner countries to identify and close loopholes in their legal and financial architecture, including the misuse of anonymous shell companies and other legal structures, that are enabling illicit finance to penetrate their financial systems;
- (5) to help foreign partner countries to investigate, prosecute, adjudicate, and more generally combat the use of corruption by malign actors, including authoritarian governments, particularly the Government of the Russian Federation and the Government of the People's Republic of China, as a tool of malign influence worldwide;
- (6) to assist in the recovery of kleptocracy-related stolen assets for victims, including through the use of appropriate bilateral arrangements and international agreements, such as the United Nations Convention against Corruption, done at New York October 31, 2003, and the United Nations Convention against Transnational Organized Crime, done at New York November 15, 2000;
- (7) to use sanctions authorities, such as the Global Magnitsky Human Rights Accountability Act (subtitle F of title XII of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2017 (Public Law 114-328; 22 U.S.C. 2656 note)) and section 7031(c) of the Department of State, Foreign Operations, and Related Programs Appropriations Act, 2020 (division G of Public Law 116-94), to identify and take action against corrupt foreign actors;
- (8) to ensure coordination between relevant Federal departments and agencies with jurisdiction over the advancement of good governance in foreign states; and
- (9) to lead the creation of a formal grouping of like-minded states—
- (A) to coordinate efforts to counter corruption, kleptocracy, and illicit finance; and
  - (B) to strengthen collective financial defense. (d) ANTI-CORRUPTION ACTION FUND.—
- (1) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established in the United States Treasury a fund, to be known as the "Anti-Corruption Action Fund", only for the purposes of—
- (A) strengthening the capacity of foreign states to prevent and fight public corruption;
- (B) assisting foreign states to develop rule of law-based governance structures, including accountable civilian police, prosecutorial, and judicial institutions;
- (C) supporting foreign states to strengthen domestic legal and regulatory frameworks to com-

bat public corruption, including the adoption of best practices under international law; and

(D) supplementing existing foreign assistance and diplomacy with respect to efforts described in subparagraphs (A), (B), and (C).

(2) FUNDING.—

- (A) TRANSFERS.—Beginning on or after the date of the enactment of this Act, if total criminal fines and penalties in excess of \$50,000,000 are imposed against a person under the Foreign Corrupt Practices Act of 1977 (Public Law 95-213) or section 13, 30A, or 32 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78m, 78dd-1, and 78ff), whether pursuant to a criminal prosecution, enforcement proceeding, deferred prosecution agreement, nonprosecution agreement, a declination to prosecute or enforce, or any other resolution, the court (in the case of a conviction) or the Attorney General shall impose an additional prevention payment eaual \$5,000,000 against such person, which shall be deposited in the Anti-Corruption Action Fund established under paragraph (1). Amounts deposited into such Fund under this subparagraph shall be credited as discretionary offsetting collections.
- (B) AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS.—Amounts deposited into the Anti-Corruption Action Fund pursuant to subparagraph (A) shall be available to the Secretary of State only to the extent and in such amounts as provided in advance in appropriations Acts for the purposes described in paragraph (1).
- (C) Limitation.—None of the amounts made available to the Secretary of State from the Anti-Corruption Action Fund may be used inside the United States, except for administrative costs related to overseas program implementation pursuant to paragraph (1).

(3) SUPPORT.—The Anti-Corruption Action Fund.—

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(A) may support governmental and nongovernmental parties in advancing the purposes described in paragraph (1); and

(B) shall be allocated in a manner complementary to existing United States foreign assistance, diplomacy, and anti-corruption activities.

- (4) ALLOCATION AND PRIORITIZATION.—In programming foreign assistance made available through the Anti-Corruption Action Fund, the Secretary of State, in coordination with the Attorney General, shall prioritize projects that—
- (A) assist countries that are undergoing historic opportunities for democratic transition, combating corruption, and the establishment of the rule of law; and
- (B) are important to United States national interests.
- (5) TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE PROVIDERS.—For any technical assistance to a foreign governmental party under this section, the Secretary of State, in coordination with the Attorney General, shall prioritize United States Government technical assistance providers as implementers, in particular the Office of Overseas Prosecutorial Development, Assistance and Training and the International Criminal Investigative Training Assistance Program at the Department of Justice.
- (6) PUBLIC DIPLOMACY.—The Secretary of State shall announce that funds deposited in the Anti-Corruption Action Fund are derived from actions brought under the Foreign Corrupt Practices Act to demonstrate that the use of such funds are—

(A) contributing to international anti-corruption work; and

(B) reducing the pressure that United States businesses face to pay bribes overseas, thereby contributing to greater competitiveness of United States companies.

- (7) REPORTING.—Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act and not less frequently than annually thereafter, the Secretary of State shall submit a report to the appropriate congressional committees that contains—
- (A) the balance of the funding remaining in the Anti-Corruption Action Fund;

- (B) the amount of funds that have been deposited into the Anti-Corruption Action Fund;
- (C) a summary of the obligation and expenditure of such funds.
- (8) NOTIFICATION REQUIREMENTS.—None of the amounts made available to the Secretary of State from the Anti-Corruption Action Fund pursuant to this section shall be available for obligation, or for transfer to other departments, agencies, or entities, unless the Secretary of State notifies the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate, the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate, the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives, not later than 15 days in advance of such obligation or transfer.
- (e) INTERAGENCY ANTI-CORRUPTION TASK
- (1) In GENERAL.—The Secretary of State, in cooperation with the Interagency Anti-Corruption Task Force established pursuant to paragraph (2), shall manage a whole-of-government effort to improve coordination among Federal departments and agencies and donor organizations with a role in—
- (A) promoting good governance in foreign states; and
- (B) enhancing the ability of foreign states to combat public corruption.
- (2) Interagency anti-corruption task FORCE.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State shall establish and convene the Interagency Anti-Corruption Task Force (referred to in this section as the "Task Force"), which shall be composed of representatives appointed by the President from appropriate departments and agencies, including the Department of State, the United States Agency for International Development, the Department of Justice, the Department of the Treasury, the Department of Homeland Security, the Department of Defense, the Department of Commerce, the Millennium Challenge Corporation, and the intelligence community.
- (3) ADDITIONAL MEETINGS.—The Task Force shall meet not less frequently than twice per year.
  - (4) DUTIES.—The Task Force shall—
- (A) evaluate, on a general basis, the effectiveness of existing foreign assistance programs, including programs funded by the Anti-Corruption Action Fund, that have an impact on—
- (i) promoting good governance in foreign states; and
- (ii) enhancing the ability of foreign states to combat public corruption;
- (B) assist the Secretary of State in managing the whole-of-government effort described in paragraph (1);
- (C) identify general areas in which such whole-of-government effort could be enhanced; and
- (D) recommend specific programs for foreign states that may be used to enhance such wholeof-government effort.
- (5) BRIEFING REQUIREMENT.—Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act and not less frequently than annually therefiter through the end of fiscal year 2026, the Secretary of State shall provide a briefing to the appropriate congressional committees regarding the ongoing work of the Task Force. Each briefing shall include the participation of a representative of each of the departments and agencies described in paragraph (2), to the extent feasible.
- (f) DESIGNATION OF EMBASSY ANTI-CORRUP-TION POINTS OF CONTACT.—
- (1) EMBASSY ANTI-CORRUPTION POINT OF CONTACT.—The chief of mission of each United States embassy shall designate an anti-corruption point of contact for each such embassy.
- (2) DUTIES.—The designated anti-corruption points of contact designated pursuant to paragraph (1) shall—

- (A) coordinate, in accordance with guidance from the Interagency Anti-Corruption Task Force established pursuant to subsection (e)(2), an interagency approach within United States embassies to combat public corruption in the foreign states in which such embassies are located that is tailored to the needs of such foreign states, including all relevant Federal departments and agencies with a presence in such foreign states, such as the Department of State, the United States Agency for International Development, the Department of Justice, the Department of the Treasury, the Department of Homeland Security, the Department of Defense, the Millennium Challenge Corporation, and the intelligence community;
- (B) make recommendations regarding the use of the Anti-Corruption Action Fund and other foreign assistance funding related to anti-corruption efforts in their respective countries of responsibility that aligns with United States diplomatic engagement; and
- (C) ensure that anti-corruption activities carried out within their respective countries of responsibility are included in regular reporting to the Secretary of State and the Interagency Anti-Corruption Task Force, including United States embassy strategic planning documents and foreign assistance-related reporting, as appro-
- (3) TRAINING.—The Secretary of State shall develop and implement appropriate training for the designated anti-corruption points of con-
- (g) REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.— (1) REPORT OR BRIEFING ON PROGRESS TOWARD IMPLEMENTATION.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter for the following 3 years, the Secretary of State, in consultation with the Administrator of the United States Agency for International Development, the Attorney General, and the Secretary of the Treasury shall submit a report or provide a briefing to the appropriate congressional committees that summarizes progress made in combating public corruption and in implementing this Act, including-
- (A) identifying opportunities and priorities for outreach with respect to promoting the adoption and implementation of relevant international law and standards in combating public corruption, kleptocracy, and illicit finance;
- (B) describing-
- (i) the bureaucratic structure of the offices within the Department of State and the United States Agency for International Development that are engaged in activities to combat public corruption, kleptocracy, and illicit finance; and
- (ii) how such offices coordinate their efforts with each other and with other relevant Federal departments and agencies;
- (C) providing a description of how the provisions under paragraphs (4) and (5) of subsection (d) have been applied to each project funded by the Anti-Corruption Action Fund:
- (D) providing an explanation as to why a United States Government technical assistance provider was not used if technical assistance to a foreign governmental entity is not implemented by a United States Government technical assistance provider:
- (E) describing the activities of the Interagency Anti-Corruption Task Force established pursuant to subsection (e)(2):
- (F) identifying-
- (i) the designated anti-corruption points of contact for foreign states; and
- (ii) any training provided to such points of contact: and
- (G) recommending additional measures that would enhance the ability of the United States Government to combat public corruption, kleptocracy, and illicit finance overseas.
- ONLINE PLATFORM.—The Secretary of State, in conjunction with the Administrator of the United States Agency for International Development, should consolidate existing reports with anti-corruption components into a single online, public platform that includes-

- (A) the Annual Country Reports on Human Rights Practices required under section 116 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2151n);
- (B) the Fiscal Transparency Report required under section 7031(b) of the Department of State, Foreign Operations and Related Programs Appropriations Act, 2019 (division F of Public Law 116-6);
- (C) the Investment Climate Statement reports; (D) the International Narcotics Control Strategy Report;
  - (E) any other relevant public reports; and
- (F) links to third-party indicators and compliance mechanisms used by the United States Government to inform policy and programming, as appropriate, such as-
- (i) the International Finance Corporation's Doing Business surveys;
- (ii) the International Budget Partnership's Open Budget Index; and
- (iii) multilateral peer review anti-corruption compliance mechanisms, such as-
- (I) the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development's Working Group on Bribery in International Business Transactions:
- (II) the Follow-Up Mechanism for the Inter-American Convention Against Corruption: and (III) the United Nations Convention Against

### Corruption, done at New York October 31, 2003. SEC. 30404. ANNUAL REPORT ON CHINESE SUR-VEILLANCE COMPANIES.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter until 2040, the Secretary of State, in coordination with the Director of National Intelligence, shall submit to the Committee on Foreign Affairs and Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives, and the Committee on Foreign Relations and the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate, a report with respect to persons in China that the Secretary determines-
- (1) have operated, sold, leased, or otherwise provided, directly or indirectly, items or services related to targeted digital surveillance to-
- (A) a foreign government or entity located primarily inside a foreign country where a reasonable person would assess that such transfer could result in a use of the items or services in a manner contrary to human rights; or
- (B) a country or any governmental unit thereof, entity, or other person determined by the Secretary of State, in a notice published in the Federal Register, to have used items or services for targeted digital surveillance in a manner contrary to human rights; or
- (2) have materially assisted, sponsored, or provided financial, material, or technological support for, or items or services to or in support of, the activities described in paragraph (1).
- (b) Matters to Be included.—The report required by subsection (a) shall include the following:
- (1) The name of each foreign person that the Secretary determines-
- (A) meets the requirements of subsection (a)(1); and
- (B) meets the requirements of subsection
- (2) The name of each intended and actual recipient of items or services described in subsection (a).
- (3) A detailed description of such items or services.
- (4) An analysis of the appropriateness of including the persons listed in (b)(1) on the entity list maintained by the Bureau of Industry and
- (c) CONSULTATION.—In compiling data and making assessments for the purposes of preparing the report required by subsection (a), the Secretary of State shall consult with a wide range of organizations, including with respect
- classified and unclassified information provided by the Director of National Intelligence;

- (2) information provided by the Bureau of Democracy, Human Rights, and Labor's Internet Freedom, Business and Human Rights section;
- (3) information provided by the Department of Commerce, including the Bureau of Industry and Security;
- (4) information provided by the advisory committees established by the Secretary to advise the Under Secretary of Commerce for Industry and Security on controls under the Export Administration Regulations, including the Emerging Technology and Research Advisory Committee:
- (5) information on human rights and technology matters, as solicited from civil society and human rights organizations through regular consultative processes; and
- (6) information contained in the Country Reports on Human Rights Practices published annually by the Department of State.
- (d) FORM AND PUBLIC AVAILABILITY OF RE-PORT.—The report required by subsection (a) shall be submitted in unclassified form. The report shall be posted by the President not later than 14 days after being submitted to Congress on a text-based, searchable, and publicly available internet website.
  - (e) Definitions —In this section:
- (1) TARGETED DIGITAL SURVEILLANCE.—The term "targeted digital surveillance" means the use of items or services that enable an individual or entity to detect, monitor, intercept, collect, exploit, preserve, protect, transmit, retain, or otherwise gain access to the communications, protected information, work product, browsing data, research, identifying information, location history, or online and offline activities of other individuals, organizations, or entities, with or without the explicit authorization of such individuals, organizations, or enti-
- (2) FOREIGN PERSON.—The term "foreign person" means an individual or entity that is not a United States person.
- (3) IN A MANNER CONTRARY TO HUMAN RIGHTS.—The term "in a manner contrary to human rights", with respect to targeted digital surveillance, means engaging in targeted digital surveillance
- (A) in violation of basic human rights, including to silence dissent, sanction criticism, punish independent reporting (and sources for that reporting), manipulate or interfere with democratic or electoral processes, persecute minorities or vulnerable groups, or target advocates or practitioners of human rights and democratic rights (including activists, journalists, artists, minority communities, or opposition politicians);
- (B) in a country in which there is lacking a minimum legal framework governing its use, including established-
- (i) authorization under laws that are accessible, precise, and available to the public;
- (ii) constraints limiting its use under principles of necessity, proportionality, and legitimacu:
- (iii) oversight by bodies independent of the government's executive agencies:
- (iv) involvement of an independent and impartial judiciary branch in authorizing its use;
  - (v) legal remedies in case of abuse.

### TITLE V—ENSURING STRATEGIC SECURITY

### SEC. 30501. COOPERATION ON A STRATEGIC NU-CLEAR DIALOGUE.

- (a) STATEMENT OF POLICY.—It is the policy of the United States-
- (1) to pursue, in coordination with United States allies and partners, arms control negotiations and sustained and regular engagement with the People's Republic of China (PRC)-
- (A) to enhance understanding of each other's respective nuclear policies, doctrine, and capabilities:
  - (B) to improve transparency; and

- (C) to help manage the risks of miscalculation and misperception;
- (2) to formulate a strategy to engage the Government of the PRC on relevant issues that lays the groundwork for a constructive arms control framework, including—
- (A) fostering dialogue on arms control leading to the convening of strategic security talks;
  - (B) negotiating norms for outer space;
- (C) developing pre-launch notification regimes aimed at reducing nuclear miscalculation; and
- (D) expanding lines of communication between both governments for the purposes of reducing the risks of conventional war and increasing transparency;
- (3) to pursue relevant negotiations in coordination with United States allies and partners to ensure the security of United States and allied interests to slow the PRC's military modernization and expansion, including on—
- (A) ground-launched cruise and ballistic missiles;
- (B) integrated air and missile defense;
- (C) hypersonic missiles;
- (D) intelligence, surveillance, and reconnaissance;
- (E) space-based capabilities;
- (F) cyber capabilities; and
- (G) command, control, and communications;
- (4) to ensure that the United States policy continues to reassure United States allies and partners.
- (b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that—
- (1) it is in the interest of the United States and China to cooperate in reducing risks of conventional and nuclear escalation;
- (2) a physical, cyber, electronic, or any other People's Liberation Army (PLA) attack on United States early warning satellites, other portions of the nuclear command and control enterprise, or critical infrastructure poses a high risk to inadvertent but rapid escalation;
- (3) the United States and its allies and partners should promote international norms on military operations in space, the employment of cyber capabilities, and the military use of artificial intelligence, as an element of risk reduction regarding nuclear command and control; and
- (4) United States allies and partners should share the burden of promoting and protecting norms regarding the weaponization of space, highlighting unsafe behavior that violates international norms, such as in rendezvous and proximity operations, and promoting responsible behavior in space and all other domains.

### SEC. 30502. REPORT ON UNITED STATES EFFORTS TO ENGAGE THE PEOPLE'S REPUB-LIC OF CHINA ON NUCLEAR ISSUES AND BALLISTIC MISSILE ISSUES.

- (a) REPORT ON THE FUTURE OF UNITED STATES-PRC ARMS CONTROL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State, in coordination with the Secretary of Defense and the Secretary of Energy, shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report, and if necessary a separate classified annex, that outlines the approaches and strategies such Secretaries will pursue to engage the Government of the People's Republic of China (PRC) on arms control and risk reduction, including—
- (1) areas of potential dialogue between the Governments of the United States and the PRC, including on ballistic, hypersonic glide, and cruise missiles, conventional forces, nuclear, space, and cyberspace issues, as well as other new strategic domains, which could reduce the likelihood of war, limit escalation if a conflict were to occur, and constrain a destabilizing arms race in the Indo-Pacific region;
- (2) how the United States Government can engage the Government of the PRC in a constructive arms control dialogue;
- (3) identifying strategic military capabilities of the PRC that the United States Government is most concerned about and how limiting these

- capabilities may benefit United States and allied security interests;
- (4) mechanisms to avoid, manage, or control nuclear, conventional, and unconventional military escalation between the United States and the PRC:
- (5) the personnel and expertise required to effectively engage the PRC in strategic stability and arms control dialogues; and
- (6) opportunities and methods to encourage transparency from the PRC.
- (b) REPORT ON ARMS CONTROL TALKS WITH PRC.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State, in consultation with the Secretary of Defense and the Secretary of Energy, shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report that describes—
- (1) a concrete plan for arms control talks with the PRC;
- (2) if a bilateral arms control dialogue does not arise, what alternative plans the Department of State envisages for ensuring the security of the United States and its allies through international arms control negotiations;
- (3) effects on the credibility of United States extended deterrence assurances to allies and partners if arms control negotiations do not materialize and the implications for regional security architectures;
- (4) efforts at engaging the PRC to join arms control talks, whether on a bilateral or international basis: and
- (5) the interest level of the Government of PRC in joining arms control talks, whether on a bilateral or international basis, including through—
- (A) a formal invitation to appropriate officials from the PRC, and to each of the permanent members of the United Nations Security Council, to observe a United States-Russian Federation New START Treaty on-site inspection to demonstrate the security benefits of transparency into strategic nuclear forces;
- (B) discussions on how to advance international negotiations on the fissile material cutoff;
- (C) an agreement with the PRC that allows for advance notifications of ballistic missile launches, through the Hague Code of Conduct or other data exchanges or doctrine discussions related to strategic nuclear forces;
- (D) an agreement not to target or interfere in nuclear command, control, and communications (commonly referred to as "NC3") infrastructure;
- (E) any other cooperative measure that benefits United States-PRC strategic stability.
- (c) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES DEFINED.—In this section, the term "appropriate congressional committees" means—
- (1) the Committee on Foreign Relations, the Committee on Armed Services, and the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate; and
- (2) the Committee on Foreign Affairs, the Committee on Armed Services, and the Committee on Energy and Commerce of the House of Representatives.

#### SEC. 30503. COUNTERING THE PEOPLE'S REPUB-LIC OF CHINA'S PROLIFERATION OF BALLISTIC MISSILES AND NUCLEAR TECHNOLOGY TO THE MIDDLE EAST.

- (a) MTCR TRANSFERS.—Not later than 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the President shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a written determination, and any documentation to support that determination detailing—
- (1) whether any foreign person in the People's Republic of China (PRC) knowingly exported, transferred, or engaged in trade of any item designated under Category I of the MTCR Annex to any foreign person in the previous three fiscal years: and
- (2) the sanctions the President has imposed or intends to impose pursuant to section 11B(b) of the Export Administration Act of 1979 (50 U.S.C.

- 4612(b)) against any foreign person who knowingly engaged in the export, transfer, or trade of that item or items.
- (b) PRC'S NUCLEAR FUEL CYCLE COOPERA-TION.—Not later than 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the President shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a report detailing—
- (1) whether any foreign person in the PRC engaged in cooperation with any other foreign person in the previous three fiscal years in the construction of any nuclear-related fuel cycle facility or activity that has not been notified to the International Atomic Energy Agency and would be subject to complementary access if an Additional Protocol was in force; and
- (2) the policy options required to prevent and respond to any future effort by the PRC to export to any foreign person an item classified as "plants for the separation of isotopes of uranium" or "plants for the reprocessing of irradiated nuclear reactor fuel elements" under Part 110 of the Nuclear Regulatory Commission export licensing authority.
- (c) FORM OF REPORT.—The determination required under subsection (b) and the report required under subsection (c) shall be unclassified with a classified annex.
  - (d) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) The term "appropriate congressional committees" means—
- (A) the Select Committee on Intelligence and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate; and
- (B) the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives.
- (2) FOREIGN PERSON; PERSON.—The terms "foreign person" and "person" mean—
  - (A) a natural person that is an alien;
- (B) a corporation, business association, partnership, society, trust, or any other nongovernmental entity, organization, or group, that is organized under the laws of a foreign country or has its principal place of business in a foreign country;
- (C) any foreign governmental entity operating as a business enterprise; and
- (D) any successor, subunit, or subsidiary of any entity described in subparagraph (B) or (C).

### $\begin{array}{c} \textit{TITLE VI--INVESTING IN A SUSTAINABLE} \\ \textit{FUTURE} \end{array}$

- SEC. 30601. ENSURING NATIONAL SECURITY AND ECONOMIC PRIORITIES WITH THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA AND OTHER COUNTIES ACCOUNT FOR ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES AND CLIMATE CHANGE.
  - (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following:
- (1) The Special Report: Global Warming of 1.5°C, published by the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change on October 8, 2018, and the Fourth National Climate Assessment, first published by the United States Global Change Research Program in 2018, concluded that—
- (A) the release of greenhouse gas emissions, most notably the combustion of fossil fuels and the degradation of natural resources that absorb atmospheric carbon from human activity, are the dominant causes of climate change during the past century;
- (B) changes in the Earth's climate are—
- (i) causing sea levels to rise;
- (ii) increasing the global average temperature of the Earth;
- (iii) increasing the incidence and severity of wildfires; and
- (iv) intensifying the severity of extreme weather, including hurricanes, cyclones, typhoons, flooding, droughts, and other disasters that threaten human life, healthy communities, and critical infrastructure.
- (2) An increase in the global average temperature of 2 degrees Celsius compared to pre-industrialized levels would cause—
- (A) the displacement, and the forced internal migration, of an estimated 143,000,000 people in Latin America, South Asia, and Sub-Saharan

Africa by 2050 if insufficient action is taken (according to the World Bank);

- (B) the displacement of an average of 17,800,000 people worldwide by floods every year (according to the Internal Displacement Monitoring Centre) because of the exacerbating effects of climate change;
- (C) more than \$500,000,000,000 in lost annual economic output in the United States (a 10 percent contraction from 2018 levels) by 2100 (according to the Fourth National Climate Assessment):
- (D) an additional 100,000,000 people worldwide to be driven into poverty by 2030 (according to the World Bank);
- (E) greater food insecurity and decreased agricultural production due to climate change's effects on the increased frequency and intensity of extreme weather events;
- (F) the proliferation of agricultural pests and crop diseases, loss of biodiversity, degrading ecosystems, and water scarcity; and
- (G) more than 350,000,000 additional people worldwide to be exposed to deadly heat stress by 2050
- (3) According to the International Energy Agency, the United States, China, India, and the European Union (including the United Kingdom) account for more than 58 percent of global greenhouse gas emissions. China, which is the world's top greenhouse gases emitter and has an outsized impact on the United States' core interest in climate stability—
- (A) is likely to achieve its carbon emissions mitigation pledge to the Paris Agreement, contained in its 2015 nationally determined contribution, to "peak" emissions around 2030 ahead of schedule;
- (B) announced, on September 22, 2020, and restated on April 22, 2021, a pledge to achieve carbon neutrality by 2060;
- (C) announced on April 22, 2021, its intent to strictly control coal fired power generation projects, as well as strictly limit the increase in coal consumption over the 14th five year plan period and phase it down in the 15th five year plan period; and
- (D) however, remains uncommitted to internationally recognized metrics for achieving these goals.
- (b) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of Congress that—
- (1) to address the climate crisis, the United States must leverage the full weight of its diplomatic engagement and foreign assistance to promote our national security and economic interests related to climate change;
- (2) in the absence of United States leadership on global issues driving international climate-related policymaking, it would lead to a substantial and harmful decline in the Nation's global competitiveness:
- (3) promoting international instruments on climate action and other relevant international standards and best practices, as such standards and practices develop, serve the interests of the American people and protect United States environmental resources and the planet;
- (4) promoting the adoption and implementation of international climate-related agreements, standards, and practices by foreign states ensures a level playing field for United States businesses and other stakeholders;
- (5) working with international allies and partners to promote environmental justice and climate justice serves the American people's interests:
- (6) finding common ground with the People's Republic of China (PRC) on climate action where possible is important, but the United States must also continue to hold the PRC accountable where its actions undermine the interests of the United States and its allies and partners:
- (7) and in furtherance of the previous clauses, the United States should—
- (A) explore opportunities for constructive cooperation on climate action initiatives with the

- PRC and other countries while ensuring the United States maintains its competitive advantage in climate-related fields of expertise and industry, including—
- (i) support for international cooperative policies, measures, and technologies to decarbonize industry and power, including through circular economy, energy storage and grid reliability, carbon capture, and green hydrogen; and
- (ii) increased deployment of clean energy, including renewable and advanced nuclear power; green and climate resilient agriculture; energy efficient buildings; green, and low-carbon transportation:
- (B) cooperate on addressing emissions of methane and other non-CO<sub>2</sub> greenhouse gases;
- (C) cooperate on addressing emissions from international civil aviation and maritime activities:
- (D) reduce emissions from coal, oil, and gas;
- (E) implement the Paris Agreement that significantly advances global climate ambition on mitigation, adaptation, and support;
- $(\bar{F})$  coordinate among relevant Federal, State, and local departments and agencies on climate action related initiatives;
- (G) provide resources, authorities and support for enhancing United States ambition and commitment to solving the climate crisis including climate action specific assistance and multilateral fund contributions; and
- (H) integrate considerations for climate change into broader United States foreign policy decision-making and the United States national security apparatus.
- (c) PURPOSE.—The purpose of this section is to provide authorities, resources, policies, and recommended administrative actions—
- (1) to restore United States global leadership on addressing the climate crisis and make United States climate action and climate diplomacy a more central tenet of United States foreign policy;
- (2) to improve the United States commitment to taking more ambitious action to help mitigate global greenhouse gas emission and improve developing countries' resilience and adaptation capacities to the effects of climate change;
- (3) to ensure the United States maintains competitive advantage over global strategic competitors in diplomacy and new technological develorment:
- (4) to encourage the pursuit of new bilateral cooperation agreements with other world powers on initiatives to advance global clean energy innovation and other measures to mitigate global greenhouse gas emissions and improve climate change adaptation capacities;
- (5) to ensure that the United States national security apparatus integrates critically important data on the compounding effects that climate change is having on global security risks by enhancing our understanding of how, where, and when such effects are destabilizing countries and regions in ways that may motivate conflict, displacement, and other drivers of insecurity: and
- (6) to authorize funding and programs to support a reaffirmation of the United States' commitments to international cooperation and support for developing and vulnerable countries to take climate action.
  - (d) DEFINITIONS.—In this title:
- (1) CLEAN ENERGY.—The term "clean energy" means—
- (A) renewable energy and related systems;
- (B) energy production processes that emit zero greenhouse gas emissions, including nuclear power; and
- (C) systems and processes that capture and permanently store greenhouse gas emissions from fossil fuel production and electricity generation units.
- (2) CLIMATE ACTION.—The term "climate action" means enhanced efforts to reduce greenhouse gas emissions and strengthen resilience and adaptive capacity to climate-induced impacts, including—

- (A) climate-related hazards in all countries;(B) integrating climate change measures into
- national policies, strategies and planning; and (C) improving education, awareness-raising, and human and institutional capacity with respect to climate change mitigation, adaptation, impact reduction, and early warning.
- (3) CLIMATE CRISIS.—The term "climate crisis" means the social, economic, health, safety, and security impacts on people, and the threats to biodiversity and natural ecosystem health, which are attributable to the wide-variety of effects on global environmental and atmospheric conditions as a result of disruptions to the Earth's climate from anthropogenic activities that generate greenhouse gas emissions or reduce natural resource capacities to absorb and regulate atmospheric carbon.
- (4) CLIMATE DIPLOMACY.—The term "climate diplomacy" means methods of influencing the decisions and behavior of foreign governments and peoples through dialogue, negotiation, cooperation, and other peaceful measures on or about issues related to addressing global climate change, including—
- (A) the mitigation of global greenhouse gas emissions:
- (B) discussion, analysis, and sharing of scientific data and information on the cause and effects of climate change;
- (C) the security, social, economic, and political instability risks associated with the effects of climate change;
- (D) economic cooperation efforts that are related to or associated with climate change and greenhouse gas mitigation from the global economic
- (E) building resilience capacities and adapting to the effects of change:
- (F) sustainable land use and natural resource conservation:
- (G) accounting for loss and damage attributed to the effects of climate change;
- (H) just transition of carbon intense economies to low or zero carbon economies and accounting for laborers within affected economies;
- (I) technological innovations that reduce or eliminate carbon emissions; and
  - (J) clean energy and energy systems.
- (5) CLIMATE FINANCING.—The term "climate financing" means the transfer of new and additional public funds from developed countries to developing countries for projects and programs that—
- (A) reduce or eliminate greenhouse gas emissions;
- (B) enhance and restore natural carbon sequestration; and
- (C) promote adaptation to climate change.
- (6) CLIMATE SECURITY.—The term "climate security" means the effects of climate change on—
- (A) United States national security concerns and subnational, national, and regional political stability; and
- (B) overseas security and conflict situations that are potentially exacerbated by dynamic environmental factors and events, including—
- (i) the intensification and frequency of droughts, floods, wildfires, tropical storms, and other extreme weather events;
- (ii) changes in historical severe weather, drought, and wildfire patterns;
- (iii) the expansion of geographical ranges of droughts, floods, and wildfires into regions that had not regularly experienced such phenomena;
- (iv) global sea level rise patterns and the expansion of geographical ranges affected by drought; and
- (v) changes in marine environments that effect critical geostrategic waterways, such as the Arctic Ocean, the South China Sea, the South Pacific Ocean, the Barents Sea, and the Beaufort Sea.
- (7) GREEN CLIMATE FUND.—The term "Green Climate Fund" means the independent, multi-lateral fund—
- (A) established by parties to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change; and

- (B) adopted by decision as part of the financial mechanism of the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change.
- "Paris (8) PARIS AGREEMENT.—The term Agreement" means the annex to Decision 1/ CP.21 adopted by the 21st Conference of Parties of the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change in Paris, France, on December 12, 2015.
- (9) RESILIENCE.—The term "resilience" means the ability of human made and natural systems (including their component parts) to anticipate, absorb, cope, accommodate, or recover from the effects of a hazardous event in a timely and efficient manner, including through ensuring the preservation, restoration, or improvement of its essential basic structures and functions. It is not preparedness or response.

### SEC. 30602. ENHANCING SECURITY CONSIDER-ATIONS FOR GLOBAL CLIMATE DIS-RUPTIONS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of State, in consultation with the heads of other relevant Federal agencies, shall conduct biennial comprehensive evaluations of present and ongoing disruptions to the global climate system, includ-
- (1) the intensity, frequency, and range of natural disasters:
- (2) the scarcity of global natural resources, including fresh water:
- (3) global food, health, and energy insecurities:
  - (4) conditions that contribute to—
  - (A) intrastate and interstate conflicts;
- (B) foreign political and economic instability;
- (C) international migration of vulnerable and underserved populations;
  - (D) the failure of national governments; and
  - (E) gender-based violence; and
- (5) United States and allied military readiness, operations, and strategy.
- (b) PURPOSES.—The purposes of the evaluations conducted under subsection (a) are-
- (1) to support the practical application of scientific data and research on climate change's dynamic effects around the world to improve resilience, adaptability, security, and stability despite growing global environmental risks and changes;
- (2) to ensure that the strategic planning and mission execution of United States international development and diplomatic missions adequately account for heightened and dynamic risks and challenges associated with the effects of climate change:
- (3) to improve coordination between United States science agencies conducting research and forecasts on the causes and effects of climate change and United States national security agencies;
- (4) to better understand the disproportionate effects of global climate disruptions on women, girls, indigenous communities, and other historically marginalized populations; and
- (5) to inform the development of the climate security strategy described in subsection (d).
- (c) Scope.—The evaluations conducted under subsection (a) shall—
- examine developingcountries' vulnerabilities and risks associated with global, regional, and localized effects of climate change;
- (2) assess and make recommendations on necessary measures to mitigate risks and reduce vulnerabilities associated with effects, includ-
  - (A) sea level rise:
  - (B) freshwater resource scarcity:
  - (C) wildfires: and
- (D) increased intensity and frequency of extreme weather conditions and events, such as flooding, drought, and extreme storm events, including tropical cyclones.
- (d) CLIMATE SECURITY STRATEGY.—The Secretary shall use the evaluations required under subsection (a)-
- (1) to inform the development and implementation of a climate security strategy for the Bu-

- reau of Conflict and Stabilization Operations, the Bureau of Political-Military Affairs, embassies, consulates, regional bureaus, and other offices and programs operating chief of mission authority, including those with roles in conflict avoidance, prevention and security assistance, or humanitarian disaster response, prevention, and assistance; and
- (2) in furtherance of such strategy, to assess, develop, budget for, and (upon approval) implement plans, policies, and actions-
- (A) to account for the impacts of climate change to global human health, safety, governance, oceans, food production, fresh water and other critical natural resources, settlements, infrastructure, marginalized groups, and economic activity;
- (B) to evaluate the climate change vulnerability, security, susceptibility, and resiliency of United States interests and non-defense assets abroad:
- (C) to coordinate the integration of climate change risk and vulnerability assessments into all foreign policy and security decision-making processes, including awarding foreign assist-
- (D) to evaluate specific risks to certain regions and countries that are-
- (i) vulnerable to the effects of climate change; and
- (ii) strategically significant to the United States:
- (E) to enhance the resilience capacities of foreign countries to the effects of climate change as a means of reducing the risks of conflict and instability;
- (F) to advance principles of good governance by encouraging foreign governments, particularly nations that are least capable of coping with the effects of climate change-
- (i) to conduct climate security evaluations: and
- (ii) to facilitate the development of climate security action plans to ensure stability and public safety in disaster situations in a humane and responsible fashion;
- (G) to evaluate the vulnerability, security, susceptibility, and resiliency of United States interests and nondefense assets abroad;
- (H) to build international institutional capacity to address climate security implications and to advance United States interests, regional stability, and global security; and
- (I) other activities that advance-
- (i) the utilization and integration of climate science in national security planning; and
- (ii) the clear understanding of how the effects of climate change can exacerbate security risks and threats.
- (e) REPORT.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act and every two years thereafter for the following 20 years, the Secretary of State, in consultation with the heads of other relevant Federal departments and agencies shall submit to the Committee on Foreign Relations and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate and the Committee on Foreign Affairs and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives an unclassified report, with a classified annex if necessary, that includes-
- (1) a review of the efforts, initiatives, and programs in support of the strategy in subsection (c), as well as-
- (A) an assessment of the funding expended by relevant Federal departments and agencies on emerging events exacerbated by climate change and the legal, procedural, and resource constraints faced by the Department of State and the United States Agency for International Development throughout respective budgeting strategic planning, and management cycles to support the prevention of and response to emerging events exacerbated by climate change;
- (B) current annual alobal assessments of emerging events exacerbated by climate change:
- (C) recommendations to further strengthen United States capabilities described in this section; and

- (D) consideration of analysis, reporting, and policy recommendations by civil society, academic, and nongovernmental organizations and institutions, and partner countries to prevent and respond to emerging events exacerbated by climate change:
- (2) recommendations to ensure shared responsibility by-
- (A) enhancina multilateral mechanisms for preventing, mitigating, and responding to emerging events exacerbated by climate change: and
- (B) strengthening regional organizations; and (3) the implementation status of the recommendations included in the review under paragraph (1).
- (f) REPORT BY THE DIRECTOR OF NATIONAL IN-TELLIGENCE.—The Director of National Intelligence is encouraged to include, in the Director's annual (or more often as appropriate) unclassified testimony, accompanied by a classified annex, if necessary, to Congress (including the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives and the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate) on threats to United States national security-
- (1) a review of countries and regions at risk of emerging events exacerbated by climate change;

(2) whenever possible, specific identification of countries and regions at immediate risk of emerging events exacerbated by climate change. SEC. 30603. BALANCING ACCOUNTABILITY AND

### COOPERATION WITH CHINA.

It is the sense of Congress that-

- (1) successful mitigation of global greenhouse gas emissions and changes to the environment require global cooperation and coordination of efforts, as well as holding other countries such as the People's Republic of China (PRC) accountable for their actions and commitments to ensure a level playing field with the United States and its allies and partners;
- (2) other countries look toward the United States and the PRC, as the world's largest emitters and largest economies, for leadership by example to effectively mitigate greenhouse gas emissions, develop and deploy energy generation technologies, and integrate sustainable adaptation solutions to the inevitable effects of climate change;
- (3) given the volume of the PRC's greenhouse aas emissions and the scientific imperative to swiftly reduce global greenhouse gas emissions to net-zero emissions around 2050. China should-
  - (A) revise its long-term pledge:
  - (B) seek to immediately peak its emissions;
- begin reducing its greenhouse gas emissions significantly to meet a more ambitious long-term 2050 reductions target; and
- (D) update its nationally determined contribution along a trajectory that aligns with achieving a more ambitious net-zero by 2050 emissions
- (4) it is in the United States national interest to emphasize the environment and climate change in its bilateral engagement with the PRC, as global climate risks cannot be mitigated without a significant reduction in PRC domestic and overseas emissions;
- (5) the United States and the PRC, to the extent practicable, should coordinate on making and delivering ambitious pledges to reduce greenhouse gas emissions, with aspirations towards achieving net zero greenhouse gas emissions by 2050;
- (6) the United States and its allies and partners should work together, using diplomatic and economic tools, to hold the PRC accountable for any failure by the PRC-
- (A) to increase ambition in its 2030 nationally determined contribution, in line with net zero greenhouse gas emissions by 2050 before the 26th Conference of the Parties to the UNFCCC scheduled for November 2021 and meeting a more ambitious nationally determined contribution;
- (B) to work faithfully to uphold the principles, goals, and rules of the Paris Agreement;

- (C) to avoid and prohibit efforts to undermine or devolve the Paris Agreement's rule or underlying framework, particularly within areas of accountability transparency, and shared responsibility among all parties;
- (D) to eliminate greenhouse gas intensive projects from the PRC's Belt and Road Initiative and other overseas investments, including—
- (i) working with United States allies and partners to eliminate support for coal power production projects in the Belt and Road Initiative;
- (ii) providing financing and project support for cleaner and less risky alternatives; and
- (iii) undertaking "parallel initiatives" to enhance capacity building programs and overseas sustainable investment criteria, including in areas such as integrated energy planning, power sector reform, just transition, distributed generation, procurement, transparency, and standards to support low-emissions growth in developing countries; and
- (E) to phase out existing coal power plants and reduce net coal power production;
- (7) the United States should pursue confidence-building opportunities for the United States and the PRC to undertake "parallel initiatives" on clean energy research, development, finance, and deployment, including through economic and stimulus measures with clear, mutually agreed upon rules and policies to protect intellectual property, ensure equitable, nonpunitive provision of support, and verify implementation, which would provide catalytic progress towards delivering a global clean energy transformation that benefits all people;
- (8) the United States should pursue cooperative initiatives to reduce global deforestation, including efforts to shift toward the import and consummation of forest and agricultural commodities that are produced in a manner that does not contribute to deforestation; and
- (9) the United States should pursue appropriate scientific cooperative exchanges and research that align with United States interests and those of its international partners and allies, provide reciprocity of access, protect intellectual property rights, and preserve the values and human rights interests of the American people.

### SEC. 30604. PROMOTING RESPONSIBLE DEVELOP-MENT ALTERNATIVES TO THE PEO-PLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA'S BELT AND ROAD INITIATIVE.

- (a) In GENERAL.—The President should seek opportunities to partner with multilateral development finance institutions to develop financing tools based on shared development finance criteria and mechanisms to support investments in developing countries that—
- (1) support low carbon economic development;
- (2) promote resiliency and adaptation to environmental changes and natural disasters.
- (b) Partnership Agreement.—The Chief Executive Officer of the United States International Development Finance Corporation should seek to partner with other multilateral development finance institutions and development finance institutions to leverage the respective available funds to support low carbon economic development, which may include clean energy including renewable and nuclear energy projects, environmental adaptation, and resilience activities in countries.
- (c) CO-FINANCING OF INFRASTRUCTURE PROJECTS.—
- (1) AUTHORIZATION.—Subject to paragraph (2), the Secretary of State, the Administrator of the United States Agency for International Development, and the heads of other relevant Federal agencies are authorized to co-finance infrastructure, resilience, and environmental adaptation projects that advance the development objectives of the United States overseas and provide viable alternatives to projects that would otherwise be included within the People's Republic of China's Belt and Road Initiative.

- (2) CONDITIONS.—Co-financing arrangements authorized pursuant to paragraph (1) may not be approved unless—
  - (A) the projects to be financed—
  - (i) promote the public good:
- (ii) promote United States national security or economic interests:
- (iii) promote low carbon emissions, including clean energy renewable and nuclear energy projects; and
- (iv) will have substantially lower environmental impact than the proposed Belt and Road Initiative alternative; and
- (B) the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives, as well as the relevant committees of jurisdiction for the House of Representatives and Senate with oversight of the Federal agency engaged in the co-financing relationship, are notified not later than 15 days in advance of entering into such co-financing arrangements.

### SEC. 30605. USING CLIMATE DIPLOMACY TO BET-TER SERVE NATIONAL SECURITY AND ECONOMIC INTERESTS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The President and the Secretary of State shall prioritize climate action and climate diplomacy in United States foreign policy by—
- (1) ensuring diplomacy, support, and interagency coordination for bilateral and multilateral actions to address the climate crisis; and
- (2) improving coordination and integration of climate action across all bureaus and United States missions abroad.
- (b) CLIMATE ACTION INTEGRATION.—The Secretary of State shall—
- (1) prioritize climate action and clean energy within the bureaus and offices under the leadership of the Under Secretary for Economic Growth, Energy, and the Environment;
- (2) ensure that such bureaus and offices are coordinating with other bureaus of the Department of State regarding the integration of climate action and climate diplomacy as a crosscutting imperative across the Department of State:
- (3) encourage all Under Secretaries of State— (A) to assess how issues related to climate change and United States climate action are integrated into their operations and programs;
- (B) to coordinate crosscutting actions and diplomatic efforts that relate to climate action; and
- (C) to make available the technical assistance and resources of the bureaus and offices with relevant expertise to provide technical assistance and expert support to other bureaus within the Department of State regarding climate action, clean energy development, and climate di-
- (4) manage the integration of scientific data on the current and anticipated effects of climate change into applied strategies and diplomatic engagements across programmatic and regional bureaus of the Department of State and into the Department of State's decision making processes;
- (5) ensure that the relevant bureaus and offices provide appropriate technical support and resources—
- (A) to the President, the Secretary of State, and their respective designees charged with addressing climate change and associated issues;
- (B) to United States diplomats advancing United States foreign policy related to climate action; and
- (C) for the appropriate engagement and integration of relevant domestic agencies in international climate change affairs, including United States participation in multilateral fora;
- (6) carry out other activities, as directed by the Secretary of State, that advance United States climate-related foreign policy objectives, including global greenhouse gas mitigation, climate change adaptation activities, and global climate security.
- (c) RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE UNDER SECRETARY OF STATE FOR POLITICAL AFFAIRS.—The

Under Secretary of State for Political Affairs shall ensure that all foreign missions are—

- (1) advancing United States bilateral climate diplomacy;
- (2) engaging strategically on opportunities for bilateral climate action cooperation with foreign governments; and
- (3) utilizing the technical resources and coordinating adequately with the bureaus reporting to the Under Secretary of State for Economic Growth. Energy and the Environment.
- (d) REPORT.—Not later than 200 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Under Secretary of State for Economic Growth, Energy, and the Environment, in cooperation with the Under Secretary of State for Political Affairs, shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report that—
- (1) assesses how climate action and United States climate diplomacy is integrated across the Bureaus of the Department of State; and
- (2) includes recommendations on strategies to improve cross bureau coordination and understanding of United States climate action and climate diplomacy.
- (e) EFFECT OF ELIMINATION OF POSITIONS.—If the positions of Under Secretary of State for Economic Growth, Energy, and the Environment and the Undersecretary of State for Political Affairs are eliminated or undergo name changes, the responsibilities of such Under Secretaries under this section shall be reassigned to other Under Secretaries of State, as appropriate.
  - (f) CLIMATE CHANGE OFFICERS.-
- (1) In GENERAL.—The Secretary of State shall establish and staff Climate Change Officer positions. Such Officers shall serve under the supervision of the appropriate chief of mission or the Under Secretary for Economic Growth, Energy, and the Environment of the Department of State, as the case may be. The Secretary shall ensure each embassy, consulate, and diplomatic mission to which such Officers are assigned pursuant to paragraph (2) has sufficient additional and appropriate staff to support such Officers.
- (2) ASSIGNMENT.—Climate Change Officers shall be assigned to the following posts:
- (A) United States embassies, or, if appropriate, consulates.
- (B) United States diplomatic missions to, or liaisons with, regional and multilateral organizations, including the United States diplomatic missions to the European Union, African Union, Organization of American States, Arctic Council, and any other appropriate regional organization, and the United Nations and its relevant specialized agencies.
- (C) Other posts as designated by the Secretary.
- (3) RESPONSIBILITIES.—Each Climate Change Officer shall—
- (A) provide expertise on effective approaches to—
- (i) mitigate the emission of gases which contribute to global climate change and formulate national and global plans for reducing such gross and net emissions; and
- (ii) reduce the detrimental impacts attributable to global climate change, and adapt to such impacts;
- (B) engage and convene, in a manner that is equitable, inclusive, and just, with individuals and organizations which represent a government office, a nongovernmental organization, a social or political movement, a private sector entity, an educational or scientific institution, or any other entity concerned with—
- (i) global climate change; the emission of gases which contribute to global climate change; or
- (ii) reducing the detrimental impacts attributable to global climate change;
- (C) facilitate engagement by United States entities in bilateral and multilateral cooperation on climate change; and
- (D) carry out such other responsibilities as the Secretary may assign.
- (4) RESPONSIBILITIES OF UNDER SECRETARY.— The Under Secretary for Economic Growth, Energy, and the Environment of the Department of

State shall, including by acting through the Bureau of Oceans and International Environmental and Scientific Affairs of the Department of State—

- (A) provide policy guidance to Climate Change Officers established under this subsection:
- (B) develop relations with, consult with, and provide assistance to relevant individuals and organizations concerned with studying, mitigating, and adapting to global climate change, or reducing the emission of gases which contribute to global climate change; and

(C) assist officers and employees of regional bureaus of the Department of State to develop strategies and programs to promote studying, mitigating, and adapting to global climate change, or reducing the emission of gases which contribute to global climate change.

(g) ACTIONS BY CHIEFS OF MISSION.—Each chief of mission in a foreign country shall—

- (1) develop, as part of annual joint strategic plans or equivalent program and policy planning, a strategy to promote actions to improve and increase studying, mitigating, and adapting to global climate change, or reducing the emission of gases which contribute to global climate change by—
- (A) consulting and coordinating with and providing support to relevant individuals and organizations, including experts and other professionals and stakeholders on issues related to climate change: and
- (B) holding periodic meetings with such relevant individuals and organizations relating to such strategy; and
- (2) hold ongoing discussions with the officials and leaders of such country regarding progress to improve and increase studying, mitigating, and adapting to global climate change, or reducing the emission of gases which contribute to global climate change in a manner that is equitable, inclusive, and just in such country; and
- (3) certify annually to the Secretary of State that to the maximum extent practicable, considerations related to climate change adaptation and mitigation, sustainability, and the environment were incorporated in activities, management, and operations of the United States embassy or other diplomatic post under the director of the chief of mission.
- (h) Training.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State shall establish curriculum at the Department of State's Foreign Service Institute that supplements political and economic reporting tradecraft courses in order to provide employees of the Department with specialized training with respect to studying, mitigating, and adapting to global climate change, or reducing the emission of gases which contribute to global climate change. Such training shall include the following:
- (1) Awareness of the full range of national and subnational agencies, offices, personnel, statutory authorities, funds, and programs involved in the international commitments of the United States regarding global climate change and the emission of gases which contribute to global climate change, the science of global climate change, and methods for mitigating and adapting to global climate change.
- (2) Awareness of methods for mitigating and adapting to global climate change and reducing the emission of gases which contribute to global climate change that are equitable, inclusive, and just.
- (3) Familiarity with United States agencies, multilateral agencies, international financial institutions, and the network of donors providing assistance to mitigate and adapt to global climate change.
- (4) Awareness of the most frequently announced goals and methods of the entities specified in subsection (f)(3)(B).
- (i) CONTRACTING.—Contracting and agreements officers of the Department of State, and other United States embassy personnel respon-

sible for contracts, grants, or acquisitions, shall receive training on evaluating proposals, solicitations, and bids, for considerations related to sustainability and adapting to or mitigating impacts from climate change.

(j) REPORTING.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act and biennially thereafter, the Secretary of State shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report that includes a detailed breakdown of posts at which staff are assigned the role of Climate Change Officer, the responsibilities to which they have been assigned, and the strategies developed by the chief of mission, as applicable

- (k) CLIMATE CHANGE SUPPORT AND FINANCING.—The Secretary of State shall facilitate the coordination among the Department of State and other relevant Federal departments and agencies toward contributing technical cooperation, engagement, development finance, or foreign assistance relevant to United States international climate action and in support of United States climate diplomacy.
- (1) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of Congress that climate diplomacy tools as described in this section are critical for demonstrating the commitment to include climate changes issues as core tenets of foreign policy priorities, as well as preserving the United States' role as a global leader on climate change action.

### SEC. 30606. DRIVING A GLOBAL CLIMATE CHANGE RESILIENCE STRATEGY.

(a) Amendment.—Section 117 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2151p) is amended.—

(1) in subsection (b)—

(A) by inserting "(1)" after "(b)"; and (B) by adding at the end the following:

"(2)(A) The President is authorized to furnish assistance to programs and initiatives that—

"(i) promote resilience among communities facing harmful impacts from climate change; and

"(ii) reduce the vulnerability of persons affected by climate change.

"(B) There shall be, in the Department of State, a Coordinator of Climate Change Resilience.": and

(2) by adding at the end the following:

"(d)(1) The Secretary of State, in coordination with the Administrator of the United States Agency for International Development, in consultation with the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency, the Secretary of Energy, and any other Federal agency the President determines appropriate. shall establish a comprehensive, integrated, 10-year strategy, which shall be referred to as the 'Global Climate Change Resilience Strategy', to mitigate the impacts of climate change on displacement and humanitarian emergencies.

"(2) The Global Climate Change Resilience Strategy shall—

"(A) focus on addressing slow-onset and rapid-onset effects of events caused by climate change, consider the effects of events caused by climate change, and describe the key features of successful strategies to prevent such conditions;

"(B) include specific objectives and multisectoral approaches to the effects of events caused by climate change;

"(C) promote United States national security and economic interests while leading international climate-related policymaking efforts, on which the absence of United States leadership would lead to a substantial and harmful decline in the nation's alphal competitiveness:

"(D) promote international instruments on climate action and other relevant international standards and best practices, as such standards and practices develop, that serve the interests of the American people and protect United States environmental resources and the planet:

"(E) promote the adoption and implementation of such international climate-related agreements, standards, and practices by foreign states: "(F) work with United States allies and partners to ensure a level playing field exists when it comes to climate action and to encourage and assist foreign countries to make similar or even greater commitments than the United States;

"(G) describe approaches that ensure national leadership, as appropriate, and substantively engage with civil society, local partners, and the affected communities, including marginalized populations and underserved populations, in the design, implementation, and monitoring of climate change programs to best safeguard the future of those subject to displacement;

"(H) assign roles for relevant Federal agencies to avoid duplication of efforts, while ensuring that...

"(i) the Department of State is responsible

"(I) leading the Global Climate Change Resilience Strategy;

"(II) establishing United States foreign policy; 
"(III) advancing diplomatic and political efforts; and

"(IV) guiding security assistance and related civilian security efforts to mitigate climate change threats;

"(ii) the United States Agency for International Development is—

"(I) responsible for overseeing programs to prevent the effects of events caused by climate change:

"(II) the lead implementing agency for development and related nonsecurity program policy related to building resilience and achieving recovery; and

"(III) responsible for providing overseas humanitarian assistance to respond to international and internal displacement caused by climate change and to coordinate the pursuit of durable solutions for climate-displaced persons;

"(iii) other Federal agencies support the activities of the Department of State and the United States Agency for International Development, as appropriate, with the concurrence of the Secretary of State and the Administrator of the United States Agency for International Development;

"(I) describe programs that agencies will undertake to achieve the stated objectives, including descriptions of existing programs and funding by fiscal year and account;

"(J) identify mechanisms to improve coordination between the United States, foreign governments, and international organizations, including the World Bank, the United Nations, regional organizations, and private sector organizations:

"(K) address efforts to expand public-private partnerships and leverage private sector resources;

"(L) describe the criteria, metrics, and mechanisms for monitoring and evaluation of programs and objectives in the Global Climate Change Resilience Strategy;

"(M) describe how the Global Climate Change Resilience Strategy will ensure that programs are country-led and context-specific;

"(N) establish a program to monitor climate and social conditions to anticipate and prevent climate and environmental stressors from evolving into national security risks;

"(O) include an assessment of climate risks in the Department of State's Quadrennial Diplomacy and Development Review; and

"(P) prioritize foreign aid, to the extent practicable, for international climate resilience in support of this Global Climate Change Resilience Strateau.

"(3) Not later than 270 days after the date of the enactment of this subsection, and annually thereafter, the President shall submit a report to the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives, based in part on the information collected pursuant to this section, that details the Global Climate Change Resilience Strategy. The report shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified annex, if necessary.

"(4) Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this subsection, the Secretary of State and the Coordinator of Global Climate Change Resilience shall brief the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives regarding the progress made by the Federal Government in implementing the Global Climate Change Resilience Strategy.

(5)(A) Not later than 270 days after the date of the enactment of this subsection, and annually thereafter, the Comptroller General of the United States, in cooperation and consultation with the Secretary of State, shall produce a report evaluating the progress that the Federal Government has made toward incorporating climate change into department and agency policies, including the resources that have been allocated for such purpose.

'(B) The report required under subparagraph

(A) shall assess—

'(i) the degree to which the Department of State and the United States Agency for International Development (USAID) are-

(I) developing climate change risk assessments; and

"(II) providing guidance to missions on how to include climate change risks in their integrated country strategies;

'(ii) whether the Department of State and USAID have sufficient resources to fulfill the reautrements described in paragraph (2); and

'(iii) any areas in which the Department of State and USAID may lack sufficient resources to fulfill such requirements."

(b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.-There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary to carry out this Global Climate Change Resilience Strategy.

### SEC. 30607. ADDRESSING INTERNATIONAL CLI-MATE CHANGE MITIGATION, ADAP-TATION, AND SECURITY.

means the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change, done at New York May 9. 1992, and entered into force March 21, 1994.

(2) Most vulnerable communities and pop-ULATIONS.—The term "most vulnerable communities and populations" means communities and populations that are at risk of substantial adverse effects of climate change and have limited capacity to respond to such effects, including women, impoverished communities, children, indigenous peoples, and informal workers.

- (3) Most vulnerable developing TRIES.—The term "most vulnerable developing countries" means, as determined by the Administrator of the United States Agency for International Development, developing countries that are at risk of substantial adverse effects of climate change and have limited capacity to respond to such effects, considering the approaches included in any international treaties and agreements.
- (4) PROGRAM.—The term "Program" means the International Climate Change Adaptation, Mitigation, and Security Program established pursuant to subsection (c).
- (b) PURPOSE.—The purpose of this section is to provide authorities for additional, new, current, and ongoing bilateral and regional international development assistance, and, as appropriate, to leverage private resources, in support of host country driven projects, planning, policies, and initiatives designed to improve the ability of host countries-
- (1) to primarily produce reliable renewable eneray and reduce or mitigate carbon emissions from the power sector while facilitating the transition in key global markets from electricity generated from fossil fuel power to low-cost clean energy sources, in a manner that is equitable for workers and communities:
- (2) to adapt and become more resilient to current and forecasted effects of climate change; and

- (3) to employ-
- (A) sustainable land use practices that mitigate desertification and reduce greenhouse gas emissions from deforestation and forest degradation: and
- (B) agricultural production practices that reduce poverty while improving soil health, protecting water quality, and increasing food security and nutrition.
- (c) ESTABLISHMENT OF PROGRAM.—The Secretary of State, in coordination with the Secretary of the Treasury and the Administrator of the United States Agency for International Development (USAID), shall establish a program, to be known as the "International Climate Change Adaptation, Mitigation, and Security Program", to provide bilateral and regional assistance to developing countries for programs, projects, and activities described in subsection
- (d) SUPPLEMENT NOT SUPPLANT.—Assistance provided under this section shall be used to supplement, and not to supplant, any other Federal, State, or local resources available to carry out activities that fit the characteristics of the
- (e) POLICY.—It shall be the policy of the United States to ensure that the Program provides resources to developing countries, particularly the most vulnerable communities and populations in such countries, to support the development and implementation of programs, projects, and activities that-
- (1) reduce greenhouse gas emissions through the integration and deployment of clean energy, including transmission, distribution, and interconnections to renewable energy, while facilitating the transition from electricity generated from fossil fuel power to low-cost renewable energy sources, in a manner that is equitable for workers and communities;
- (2) address financial or other barriers to the widespread deployment of clean energy technologies that reduce, sequester, or avoid greenhouse gas emissions;
- (3) improve the availability, viability, and accessibility of zero emission vehicles, including support for design and development of transportation networks and land use practices that mitigate carbon emissions in the transportation sector:
- (4) support building capacities that may include-
- (A) developing and implementing methodologies and programs for measuring greenhouse gas emissions and verifying emissions mitigation, including building capacities to conduct emissions inventories and meet reporting requirements under the Paris Agreement;
- (B) assessing, developing, and implementing technology and policy options for greenhouse gas emissions mitigation and avoidance of future emissions, including sector-based and crosssector mitigation strategies;
- (C) enhancing the technical capacity of regulatory authorities, planning agencies, and related institutions in developing countries to improve the deployment of clean energy technologies and practices, including through increased transparency:
- (D) training and instruction regarding the installation and maintenance of renewable energy technologies; and
- (E) activities that support the development and implementation of frameworks for intellectual property rights in developing countries:
- (5) improve resilience, sustainable economic growth, and adaptation capacities in response to the effects of climate change;
- (6) promote appropriate job training and access to new job opportunities in new economic sectors and industries that emerge due to the transition from fossil fuel energy to clean enerau:
- (7) reduce the vulnerability and increase the resilience capacities of communities to the effects of climate change, including effects on-

(A) water availability;

- (B) agricultural productivity and food security;
  - (C) flood risk;
  - (D) coastal resources:
  - (E) biodiversity;
  - (F) economic livelihoods:
  - (G) health and diseases:
  - (H) housing and shelter: and
  - (I) human migration:
- (8) help countries and communities adapt to changes in the environment through enhanced community planning, preparedness, and growth strategies that take into account current and forecasted regional and localized effects of climate change:
- (9) conserve and restore natural resources ecosystems, and biodiversity threatened by the effects of climate change to ensure such resources. ecosystems, and biodiversity are healthy and continue to provide natural protections from the effects of climate change such as extreme weather;
- (10) provide resources, information, scientific data and modeling, innovative best practices, and technical assistance to support vulnerable developing countries to adapt to the effects of climate change;
- (11) promote sustainable and climate-resilient societies, including through improvements to make critical infrastructure less vulnerable to the effects of climate change;
- (12) encourage the adoption of policies and measures, including sector-based and cross-sector policies and measures, that substantially reduce, sequester, or avoid greenhouse gas emissions from the domestic energy and transportation sectors of developing countries;
- (13) reduce deforestation and land degradation to reduce greenhouse gas emissions and implement sustainable forestry practices;
- (14) promote sustainable land use activities, including supporting development planning, design, and construction with respect to transportation systems and land use:
- (15) promote sustainable agricultural practices that mitigate carbon emissions, conserve soil, and improve food and water security of commu-
- (16) foster partnerships with private sector entities and nongovernmental international development organizations to assist with developing solutions and economic opportunities that support projects, planning, policies, and initiatives described in subsection (b);
- (17) provide technical assistance and strengthen capacities of developing countries to meet the goals of the conditional nationally determined contributions of those countries;
- (18) establish investment channels designed to leverage private sector financing in-
- (A) clean energy;
- (B) sustainable agriculture and natural resource management; and
- (C) the transportation sector as described in paragraph (3); and
- (19) provide technical assistance and support for non-extractive activities that provide alternative economic growth opportunities while preserving critical habitats and natural carbon sinks.
  - (f) PROVISION OF ASSISTANCE.-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator USAID, in consultation with other Federal departments and agencies, shall provide assistance under the Program-
- (A) in the form of bilateral assistance pursuant to the requirements under subsection (g);
- (B) to multilateral funds or international institutions with programs for climate mitigation or adaptation in developing countries consistent with the policy described in subsection (e); or
- (C) through a combination of the mechanisms specified in subparagraphs (A) and (B).
  - (2) LIMITATION.-
- (A) CONDITIONAL DISTRIBUTION TO MULTILAT-ERAL FUNDS OR INTERNATIONAL INSTITUTIONS.-In any fiscal year, the Administrator of USAID may provide up to 40 percent of the assistance

- available to carry out the Program to 1 or more multilateral funds or international institutions that meet the requirements of subparagraph (B).
- (B) MULTILATERAL FUND OR INTERNATIONAL INSTITUTION ELIGIBILITY.—A multilateral fund or international institution is eligible to receive assistance under subparagraph (A)—

(i) if—

(1) such fund or institution is established pursuant to—

(aa) the Convention; or

- (bb) an agreement negotiated under the Convention; or
- (II) the assistance is directed to 1 or more multilateral funds or international development institutions, pursuant to an agreement negotiated under the Convention; and

(ii) if such fund or institution—

- (I) specifies the terms and conditions under which the United States is to provide assistance to the fund or institution, and under which the fund or institution is to provide assistance to recipient countries;
- (II) ensures that assistance from the United States to the fund or institution and the principal and income of the fund or institution are disbursed onlu—
- (aa) to support projects, planning, policies, and initiatives described in subsection (b);
- (bb) consistent with the policy described in subsection (e); and
- (cc) in regular consultation with relevant governing bodies of the fund or institution that—
- (AA) include representation from countries among the most vulnerable developing countries; and

(BB) provide public access.

- (C) CONGRESSIONAL NOTIFICATION.—The Secretary of State, the Administrator of USAID, or the Secretary of the Treasury shall notify the appropriate congressional committees not later than 15 days before providing assistance to a multilateral fund or international institution under this subsection.
- (3) LOCAL CONSULTATIONS.—Programs, projects, and activities supported by assistance provided under this subsection shall require consultations with local communities, particularly the most vulnerable communities and populations in such communities, and indigenous peoples in areas in which any programs, projects, or activities are planned to engage such communities and peoples through adequate disclosure of information, public participation, and consultation, including full consideration of the interdependence of vulnerable communities and ecosystems to promote the resilience of local communities.

(g) BILATERAL ASSISTANCE.—

- (1) IN GENERAL.—Except to the extent inconsistent with this subsection, the administrative authorities under the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2151 et seq.) shall apply to the implementation of this subsection to the same extent and in the same manner as such authorities apply to the implementation of such Act in order to provide the Administrator of USAID with the authority to provide assistance to countries, including the most vulnerable developing countries, for programs, projects, and activities consistent with the purposes described in subsection (b) and the policy described in subsection (e).
- (2) Considerations.—In carrying out this subsection, the Administrator shall ensure that—
- (A) the environmental impact of proposed programs, projects, and activities is considered through adequate consultation, public participation, and public disclosure of relevant information: and
- (B) programs, projects, and activities under this subsection—
- (i) avoid environmental degradation, to the maximum extent practicable; and
- (ii) are aligned, to the maximum extent practicable, with broader development, poverty alleviation, or natural resource management objectives and initiatives in the recipient country.

- (3) COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT.—The Administrator shall seek to ensure that—
- (A) local communities, particularly the most vulnerable communities and populations in areas in which any programs, projects, or activities are carried out under this subsection, are engaged in the design, implementation, monitoring, and evaluation of such programs, projects, and activities through disclosure of information, public participation, and consultation; and
- (B) the needs and interests of the most vulnerable communities and populations are addressed in national or regional climate change adaptation vlans developed with USAID support.
- (4) CONSULTATION AND DISCLOSURE.—For each country receiving assistance under this subsection, the Administrator shall establish a process for consultation with, and disclosure of information to, local, national, and international stakeholders regarding any programs, projects, or activities carried out under this subsection.
- (h) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section \$2,000,000,000 for fiscal year 2022 and each fiscal year thereafter.

### SEC. 30608. REDUCING THE NEGATIVE IMPACTS FROM SHORT-LIVED CLIMATE POL-LUTANTS.

- (b) In General.—The President shall direct the United States representatives to appropriate international bodies and conferences to use the voice, vote, and influence of the United States, consistent with the broad foreign policy goals of the United States, to advocate that each such body or conference—
- (1) commit to significantly increasing efforts to reduce short-lived climate pollutants;
- (2) invest in and develop alternative energy sources, industrial and agricultural processes, appliances, and products to replace sources of short-lived climate pollutants;
- (3) enhance coordination with the private sector—
- (A) to increase production and distribution of clean energy alternatives, industrial processes, and products that will replace sources of shortlived climate pollutants;
- (B) to develop action plans to mitigate shortlived climate pollutants from various private sector operations;
- (C) to encourage best technology, methods, and management practices for reducing short-lived climate pollutants:
- (D) to craft or enhance specific financing mechanisms for the incremental costs associated with mitigating short-lived climate pollutants; and
- (E) to grow economic opportunities and develop markets, as appropriate, for reducing short-lived climate pollutants;
- (4) provide technical assistance to foreign regulatory authorities and governments to remove unnecessary barriers to investment in shortlived climate pollutant mitigation solutions, including—
- (A) the use of safe and affordable clean energy;
- (B) the implementation of policies requiring industrial and agricultural best practices for capturing or mitigating the release of methane from extractive, agricultural, and industrial processes; and
- (C) climate assessment, scientific research, monitoring, and technological development activities;
- (5) develop and implement clear, accountable, and metric-based targets to measure the effectiveness of projects described in paragraph (4); and
- (6) engage international partners in an existing multilateral forum (or, if necessary, establish through an international agreement a new multilateral forum) to improve global cooperation for—
- (A) creating tangible metrics for evaluating efforts to reduce short-lived climate pollutants;
- (B) developing and implementing best practices for significantly reducing emissions of

short-lived climate pollutants, including expanding capacity for innovative instruments to effectively mitigate short-lived climate pollutants at the national and subnational levels of foreign countries, particularly countries with little capacity to reduce greenhouse gas emissions and deploy clean energy facilities, and countries that lack sufficient policies to advance such development;

(C) encouraging the development of standards and practices, and increasing transparency and accountability efforts for the reduction of shortlived climate pollutants;

(D) integrating tracking and monitoring systems into industrial processes;

(E) fostering research to improve scientific understanding of—

- (i) how high concentrations of short-lived climate pollutants affect human health, safety, and our environment:
- (ii) changes in the amount and regional concentrations of black carbon and methane emissions, based on scientific modeling and forecasting:
- (iii) effective means to sequester short-lived climate pollutants; and
- (iv) other related areas of research the United States representatives deem necessary;
- (F) encouraging the World Bank, the International Monetary Fund, and other international finance organizations—
- (i) to prioritize efforts to combat short-lived climate pollutants: and
- (ii) to enhance or maintain transparency by providing sufficient and adequate information to facilitate independent verification of their climate finance reporting;
- (G) encouraging observers of the Arctic Council (including India and China) to adopt mitigation plans consistent with the findings and recommendations of the Arctic Council's Framework for Action on Black Carbon and Methane;

(H) collaborating on technological advances in short-lived climate pollutants mitigation, sequestration and reduction technologies; and

- (I) advising foreign countries, at both the national and subnational levels, regarding the development and execution of regulatory policies, services, and laws pertaining to reducing the creation and the collection and safe management of short-lived climate pollutants.
- (c) ENHANCING INTERNATIONAL OUTREACH AND PARTNERSHIP OF UNITED STATES AGENCIES INVOLVED IN GREENHOUSE GAS REDUCTIONS.—
- (1) FINDING.—Congress recognizes the success of the United States Climate Alliance and the greenhouse gas reduction programs and strategies established by the Environmental Protection Agency's Center for Corporate Climate Leadership.
- (2) AUTHORIZATION OF EFFORTS TO BUILD FOR-EIGN PARTNERSHIPS.—The Secretary of State, in coordination with the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency, shall build partnerships, as appropriate, with the governments of foreign countries and to support international efforts to reduce short-lived climate pollutants.
- (e) CONSIDERATION OF BLACK CARBON, METH-ANE, AND HIGH-GWP HFC IN NEGOTIATING INTER-NATIONAL AGREEMENTS.—In negotiating any relevant international agreement with any country or countries after the date of the enactment of this Act. the President shall—

(1) consider the impact short-lived climate pollutants are having on the increase in global average temperatures and the resulting global climate change;

(2) consider the effects that climate change is having on the environment; and

(3) ensure that the agreement strengthens efforts to significantly reduce short-lived climate pollutants from such country or countries.

(f) PLAN TO REDUCE BLACK CARBON EMISSIONS FROM SHIPS.—The Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency, in consultation with the Secretary of State, the Secretary of Energy, the Secretary of Transportation, the Secretary of Commerce, and the Commandant of

- the Coast Guard, shall develop a comprehensive plan to reduce black carbon emissions from ships based on appropriate emissions data from oceangoing vessels. The plan shall provide for such reduction through—
  - (1) a clean freight partnership;
  - (2) limits on black carbon emissions; and
- (3) efforts that include protection of access to critical fuel shipments and emergency needs of coastal communities.
- (g) ESTABLISHMENT OF INTERAGENCY WORKING GROUP ON BLACK CARBON, METHANE, AND HIGH-GWP HFC MITIGATION.—
- (1) ESTABLISHMENT.—Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the President shall establish a task force, to be known as the Interagency Working Group on Short-Lived Climate Pollutant Mitigation.
- (2) MEMBERSHIP.—The members of the Working Group shall include the head (or a designee thereof) of—
- (A) the Department of Agriculture:
- (B) the Department of Commerce;
- (C) the Department of Defense;
- (D) the Department of Energy;
- (E) the Department of Health and Human Services;
- (F) the Department of the Interior;
- (G) the Department of State;
- (H) the Department of Transportation;
- (I) the Environmental Protection Agency;
- (1) the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration:
- (K) the Council on Environmental Quality;
- (L) the United States Agency for International Development; and
- (M) any other Federal agency the President determines appropriate.
  - (3) DUTIES.—The Working Group shall—
- (C) review the policy recommendations made by—
- (i) the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change;
  - (ii) the United States Climate Alliance;
- (iii) the Interagency Strategy to Reduce Methane Emissions;
- (iv) the Council on Climate Preparedness and Resilience;
  - (v) the Clean Cooking Alliance:
- (vi) the International Maritime Organization; and
- (vii) other relevant organizations and institutions; and
- (D) develop an action plan to reduce shortlived climate pollutants that incorporates any appropriate proposals or recommendations made by the entities referred to in subparagraph (C).

### SEC. 30609. BUILDING UNITED STATES ECONOMIC GROWTH AND TECHNOLOGICAL IN-NOVATION THROUGH THE GREEN CLIMATE FUND.

- (a) GREEN CLIMATE FUND.—
- (1) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that—
- (A) climate change most severely impacts vulnerable and disadvantaged communities in the United States and around the world;
- (B) it is the responsibility of the United States Government to work with and press other countries to address environmental justice and climate justice;
- (C) the report of the United Nations Environment Programme entitled "Climate Change and the Cost of Capital in Developing Countries", dated May 2018, found that, in the 10 years prior to the publication of the report, climate vulnerability has cost the 20 nations most affected by catastrophes rooted in climate change an additional \$62,000,000,000 in interest payments alone:
- (D) individuals and families, particularly communities of color, indigenous communities, and low-income communities, that are on the frontlines of climate change across the globe are often in close proximity to environmental stressors or sources of pollution;
- (E) the communities described in subparagraph (D)—
- (i) are often the first exposed to the causes and impacts of climate change; and

- (ii) have the fewest resources with which to mitigate those impacts or to relocate;
- (F) all efforts to adapt to and mitigate climate change must include specific protections for and acknowledgment of the harm of climate change to communities of color, indigenous peoples, women, and other frontline communities and marginalized peoples around the world;
- (G) in Paris, on December 12, 2015, the parties to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change adopted the Paris Agreement a henchmark agreement—
  - (i) to combat climate change:
- (ii) to accelerate and intensify the actions and investments needed for a sustainable low carbon future: and
- (iii) that acknowledges, "Parties should, when taking action to address climate change, respect, promote and consider their respective obligations on human rights, the right to health, the rights of indigenous peoples, local communities, migrants, children, persons with disabilities and people in vulnerable situations and the right to development, as well as gender equality, empowerment of women and intergenerational equity":
  - (H) the Paris Agreement—
- (i) notes the importance of "climate justice" when mitigating and adapting to climate change; and
- (ii) recognizes "the need for an effective and progressive response to the urgent threat of climate change";
- (I) it is imperative for all countries to undertake mitigation activities to rapidly meet the goal of limiting global warming to not more than 1.5 degrees Celsius:
- (J) developed countries have the greatest capacity to mitigate their greenhouse gas emissions, while—
- (i) developing countries have the least capacity to engage in mitigation activities; and
- (ii) the capacity of developing countries to engage in mitigation activities is less than the national mitigation potential of those developing countries:
- (K) the determination for the fair share of mitigation and adaptation activities for each country must take into account—
- (i) the historic greenhouse gas emissions of each country; and
- (ii) the current capacity of each country to both mitigate greenhouse gas emissions and adapt to climate impacts:
- (L) developed countries that have historically emitted a disproportionately high share of greenhouse gas emissions, and reaped the economic benefits of those polluting activities, have a corresponding disproportionately greater responsibility to engage in global mitigation and adaptation activities, as compared to less industrialized countries that have historically polluted far less;
- (M) the only realistic way for less industrialized countries to meet their full mitigation potential is through international climate financing by more developed countries:
- (N) in the 2009 Copenhagen Accord, developed countries committed to jointly mobilize, starting in 2020, \$100,000,000,000 per year in public climate financing (as well as private investment and other alternative forms of finance), for developing countries, a commitment reaffirmed in 2015 in Decision 1/CP.21 of the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change, Adoption of the Paris Agreement;
- (O) the \$100,000,000,000 commitment described in subparagraph (N) was a political compromise that falls short of the actual financing needs for climate action in developing countries;
- (P) Bloomberg New Énergy Finance has estimated that the transition to renewable energy sources in developing countries will require hundreds of billions of dollars annually;
- (Q) the United Nations Environment Programme has estimated that adaptation needs relating to climate change in developing countries may be as much as \$300,000,000,000 annually by 2030.

- (R) the Green Climate Fund was created in 2010 by 194 countries to serve as a crucial financing mechanism to help developing countries limit or reduce greenhouse gas emissions and adapt to climate change:
- (\$\tilde{S}\$) in 2015, the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change agreed that the Green Climate Fund should serve the goals of the Paris Agreement, which states that "developed country Parties shall provide financial resources to assist developing country Parties with respect to both mitigation and adaptation in continuation of their existing obligations under the Convention":
- (T) the Green Climate Fund is an essential institution for climate financing, as the Green Climate Fund ensures—
- (i) balanced governance between developed and developing countries;
- (ii) stakeholder engagement and discourse;
- (iii) a balanced approach between mitigation and adaptation;
- (iv) fair and equal labor and working conditions;
- (v) conservation of biodiversity and critical habitats; and
- (vi) strong environmental, social, and gender protections;
  - (U) the Green Climate Fund—
- (i) promotes and protects human rights and the rights of marginalized groups, including indigenous peoples, women, children, and people with disabilities; and
- (ii) continues to take steps to strengthen protection for marginalized groups;
- (iii) the United States committed \$3,000,000,000 of the first \$10,000,000,000 raised for the initial resource mobilization period of the Green Climate Fund, though only ½ of this pledge was fulfilled, leaving the United States the only country to fall substantially short of a commitment of a country to the Green Climate Fund;
- (V) the Green Climate Fund is a fully operational and proven institution supporting well over 100 projects and programs in developing countries around the world.
- (2) STATEMENT OF POLICY.—It is the policy of the United States to provide climate financing—
- (A) as an essential part of the global effort to combat climate change; and
  - (B) that—
- (i) upholds the principles of environmental justice and climate justice;
- (ii) supports programs and projects developed by recipient countries and communities;
- (iii) is designed and implemented with the free, prior, and informed consent of indigenous peoples and other impacted communities;
- (iv) promotes gender equality as essential in all of the projects and programs supported by climate financing;
- (v) includes best practices for environmental and social safeguards to ensure that projects and programs supported by climate financing respect fundamental human rights; and
- (vi) addresses both mitigation and adaptation as essential aspects of responding to climate change.
- (b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— There are authorized to be appropriated for contributions to the Green Climate Fund \$4,000,000,000 for each of the fiscal years 2022 and 2023.
- (c) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that the climate financing needs to achieve the greenhouse gas emissions reductions required to keep the planet at or below 1.5 degrees Celsius of global warming are significantly greater than the amount of funds authorized to be appropriated under subsection (a).

#### SEC. 30610. ENSURING A WHOLE-OF-GOVERN-MENT RESPONSE TO CLIMATE AC-TION.

(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary of State shall establish a Climate Impacts Task Force (referred to in this section as the "Task Force") with the mandate to—

- (1) monitor international climate and related impacted social conditions to anticipate and prevent climate and environmental stressors from evolving into national security risks;
- (2) monitor and assess climate action undertaken by other countries in response to national strategies and international commitments, and coordinate closely with allies and partners to ensure a coordinated response against any state or non-state actors, including the People's Republic of China (PRC) and PRC companies, undermining global climate objectives, norms, and practices:
- (3) strengthen the efforts of the Department of State and the United States Government to act proactively to mitigate the human harms and potential for national security risks resulting from international emerging events exacerbated by climate change; and

(4) assist other Federal departments and agencies, foreign partners, and multilateral organizations in their efforts to do the same.

- (b) Leadership.—The Secretary of State shall designate a senior career official, as appropriate, of the Department of State to serve as the Chair of the Task Force. Such official shall report to the Secretary of State.
- (c) RESPONSIBILITIES.—Under the direction of the Chair, the Task Force shall—
- (1) meet regularly to ensure that events exacerbated by climate change and the risk of emerging events exacerbated by climate change throughout the world are adequately considered and addressed:
- (2) facilitate the development and execution of policies and tools to enhance the capacity of the United States to prevent and respond to emerging events exacerbated by climate change worldwide;
- (3) monitor developments throughout the world that heighten the risk of emerging events exacerbated by climate change;
- (4) identify gaps in United States foreign policy related to the prevention of and response to emerging events exacerbated by climate change with respect to certain regions or particular countries;
- (5) incorporate lessons learned from past United States efforts to prevent and respond to emerging events exacerbated by climate change and other impacts that are comparable in scope or severity;
- (6) provide the Secretary of State with recommendations and potential improvements to policies, programs, resources, and tools related to the prevention of and response to emerging events exacerbated by climate change;

(7) coordinate the Department of State's engagement in interagency processes led by the National Security Council that share the Task Force's objectives;

- (8) conduct outreach not less frequently than biannually, with representatives of nongovernmental organizations dedicated to the prevention of and response to emerging events exacerbated by climate change and other appropriate parties, to—
- (A) receive assistance relating to the Task Force's efforts to address emerging events exacerbated by climate change and develop new or improved policies, programs, resources, and tools; and
- (B) provide a public understanding of the work of the Task Force;
- (9) in carrying out paragraphs (1) through (9), focus on particular ways for the United States to develop, strengthen, and enhance its capabilities to—
- (A) monitor, receive early warning of, and coordinate responses to potential emerging events eracerbated by climate change:
- (B) engage allies and partners, including multilateral and regional institutions, to build capacities and mobilize action for preventing and responding to emerging events exacerbated by climate change;
- (C) encourage the deployment of civilian advisors to prevent and respond to emerging events exacerbated by climate change;

- (D) increase the capacity of and develop doctrine for the United States Foreign Service, civil service, Armed Forces, development professionals, and other actors to engage in the full spectrum of activities to prevent and respond to emerging events exacerbated by climate change;
- (E) develop and implement tailored foreign assistance programs that address and mitigate the risks of emerging events exacerbated by climate change;
- (F) ensure intelligence collection, analysis, and sharing of appropriate information; and
- (G) address any other issues that the Task Force determines appropriate;
- (10) in carrying out paragraphs (1) through (9), receive support from bureaus and offices of the Department of State, as the Secretary of State determines appropriate; and
- (11) facilitate annual coordination between the Department of State and other appropriate departments and agencies to ensure international and domestic climate change objectives are aligned.
  - (d) Composition.—The Task Force shall—
- (1) seek to ensure that its efforts complement and support interagency processes led by the National Security Council that share the Task Force's objectives; and
- (2) operate with regular consultation and participation of designated representatives, at the Assistant Secretary level or higher, from all such executive departments, agencies, or offices as the Chair may designate.
- (e) REPORT.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act and every 2 years thereafter for the following 10 years, the Secretary of State, in consultation with the Task Force, shall submit to the Committee on Foreign Relations and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate and the Committee on Foreign Affairs and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives an unclassified report, with a classified annex if necessary, that includes—
- (1) a review, in consultation with the designated representatives specified in subsection (d), consisting of—
- (A) an evaluation of the efficacy of current efforts based on United States and locally identified indicators, including capacities and constraints for United States Government-wide detection, early warning and response, information-sharing, contingency planning, and coordination of efforts to prevent and respond to emerging events exacerbated by climate change:
- (B) an assessment of the funding expended by relevant Federal departments and agencies on emerging events exacerbated by climate change and the legal, procedural, and resource constraints faced by the Department of State and the United States Agency for International Development throughout respective budgeting, strategic planning, and management cycles to support the prevention of and response to emerging events exacerbated by climate change:
- (C) current annual global assessments of emerging events exacerbated by climate change;
  (D) recommendations to further strengthen
  United States capabilities described in subpara-
- graph (A); and
  (E) consideration of analysis, reporting, and
  policy recommendations by civil society, academic, and other nongovernmental organizations and institutions to prevent and respond to
  emerging events exacerbated by climate change:
- (2) recommendations to ensure shared responsibility by—
- (A) enhancing multilateral mechanisms for preventing, mitigating, and responding to emerging events exacerbated by climate change; and
- (B) strengthening regional organizations; and (3) the implementation status of the recommendations included in the review under paragraph (1).
- (f) BRIEFINGS AND MATERIALS.—The Chair and members of the Task Force shall, not less frequently than annually, provide briefings and

materials to the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives.

- (g) REPORT BY THE DIRECTOR OF NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE.—The Director of National Intelligence is encouraged to include, in his or her annual (or more often as appropriate) unclassified testimony, accompanied by a classified annex, if necessary, to Congress (including the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives and the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate) on threats to United States national security—
- (1) a review of countries and regions at risk of emerging events exacerbated by climate change; and
- (2) whenever possible, specific identification of countries and regions at immediate risk of emerging events exacerbated by climate change.
- (h) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that rapid and robust climate change response mechanisms, including the establishment of the Task Force, are critical for ensuring other countries remain accountable to their climate action commitments as well as preserving the national security and economic interests of the United States.

## SEC. 30611. WORKING WITH INTERNATIONAL PARTNERS TO REDUCE DEFOREST-ATION.

- (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following:
- (1) The People's Republic of China (PRC) is having a substantial impact on the most important forest ecosystems in the world, and illegal logging and agricultural expansion have caused the massive forest loss. According to the World Resources Institute, the PRC has become the world's leading importer and consumer of timber products, soybeans, and palm oil, as well as the largest manufacturing and export country of forest products.
- (2) În 2016, the PRC imported logs from more than 100 countries in the world. According to a Global Witness report, between January 2013 and April 2020, Chinese financial institutions provided more than \$22.5 billion to major companies that produce and trade commodities at high risk of driving deforestation. These commodities include beef, soy, palm oil, paper, pulp, rubber, and timber.
- (3) Further, the growing international demand for such agricultural commodities causes the majority of deforestation emissions globally, and most of the associated land-clearing violates applicable national or local laws. According to a 2021 Forest Trends report, at least 69 percent of forest land converted to pasture or cropland was cleared illegally.
- (4) The growing demand for timber and agriculturalcommoditieshasacceleratedunsustainable—and often illegal—logging and the trade of timber products, which harms the countries in which it takes place by siphoning away government tax revenue, transforming the livelihoods of communities dependent on forests, and hurting legal businesses' competitiveness. Further, illegal logging and illegal conversion of forest to agricultural land threatens biodiversity and accelerates deforestation and forest degradation in key timber supply countries, undermining United States and global climate goals.
- (5) The United States should work with international partners to ensure that Chinese and other banks factor into lending practices the environmental and social impact of the companies they finance. This should include pressuring the PRC and other countries to revise regulations to require the banking sector not to finance companies linked to deforestation and include rigorous checks on the companies operating in sectors or regions where there is a high risk of deforestation to ensure they are not associated with deforestation.
  - (b) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) ADMINISTRATOR.—Except as otherwise expressly provided, the term "Administrator" means the Administrator of the United States Agency for International Development.

- (2) DEFORESTATION.—The term "deforestation" means a change in land use from a forest (including peatlands) to any other land use.
- (3) DEVELOPING COUNTRY.—The term "developing country" means a country eligible to receive official development assistance according to the income guidelines of the Development Assistance Committee of the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development.
- (4) EMISSIONS REDUCTIONS.—The term "emissions reductions" means greenhouse gas emissions reductions achieved from reduced or avoided deforestation under this section.
  - (5) FOREST.
- (A) In GENERAL.—The term "forest" means a terrestrial ecosystem, including wetland forests, comprised of native tree species generated and maintained primarily through natural ecological and evolutionary processes.
- (B) EXCLUSION.—The term "forest" does not include plantations, such as crops of trees planted by humans primarily for the purposes of harvesting.
- (6) FOREST DEGRADATION.—The term "forest degradation" is any reduction in the carbon stock of a forest due to the effects of human land-use activities, including such land-use activities on peatlands.
- (7) INTACT FOREST.—The term "intact forest" means an unbroken expanse of natural ecosystems within the global extent of forest cover that—
- (A) covers an area of at least 500 square kilometers and is at least 10 kilometers in each direction; and
- (B) contains forest and non-forest ecosystems minimally influenced by human economic activity and large enough that all native biodiversity, including viable populations of wide-ranging species, could be maintained.
- (9) LEAKAGE.—The term "leakage" means the unexpected loss of anticipated carbon benefits due to the displacement of activities in a project area to areas outside the project, resulting in carbon emissions.
- (10) LEAKAGE PREVENTION ACTIVITIES.—The term "leakage prevention activities" means activities in developing countries that are directed at preserving existing forest carbon stocks, including forested wetlands and peatlands that might, absent such activities, be lost through leakage.
- (11) NATIONAL DEFORESTATION REDUCTION ACTIVITIES.—The term "national deforestation reduction activities" means activities in developing countries that reduce a quantity of greenhouse gas emissions from deforestation that is calculated by measuring actual emissions against a national deforestation baseline established pursuant to subparagraphs (B) and (C) of subsection (d)(4).
- (12) SUBNATIONAL DEFORESTATION AND FOREST DEGRADATION REDUCTION ACTIVITIES.—The term "subnational deforestation and forest degradation reduction activities" means activities in developing countries that reduce a quantity of greenhouse gas emissions from deforestation and forest degradation that is calculated by measuring actual emissions using an appropriate baseline, or an alternative determined under subsection (d)(4)(B)(i), established by the Administrator at the State or provincial level.
- (c) PURPOSES.—The purposes of this section are to provide United States assistance to developing countries to develop, implement, and improve actions that reduce deforestation and forest degradation or conserve or restore forest ecosystems—
- (1) to protect the value of forest ecosystems with respect to permanent carbon capture and sequestration in a manner in which such value is measurable, reportable, and verifiable; and
  - (2) in a manner that-
- (A) is consistent with and enhances the implementation of complementary United States policies that support the good governance of forests, biodiversity conservation, and environmentally sustainable development;

- (B) takes into consideration the views and participation of local communities and most vulnerable communities and populations, particularly forest-dependent communities; and
- (C) incorporates the right to free prior and informed consent of indigenous peoples.
- (d) Emissions Reductions Through Reduced Deforestation —
- (1) ESTABLISHMENT OF PROGRAM.—Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Administrator, in consultation with other appropriate agencies, shall establish a program to provide assistance to reduce deforestation in developing countries and its impacts, in accordance with this section.
- (2) OBJECTIVES.—The objectives of the program established under paragraph (1) shall be—
  (A) to achieve—
- (i) emissions reductions of at least 7,000,000,000 tons of carbon dioxide equivalent in 2025:
- (ii) cumulative emissions reductions of at least 11,000,000,000 tons of carbon dioxide equivalent by December 31, 2030; and
- (iii) additional emissions reductions in subsequent years;
- (B) to build capacity to reduce deforestation at a national level in developing countries experiencing deforestation, which may include—
- (i) preparing developing countries to participate in international markets for international offset credits for reduced emissions from deforestation:
- (ii) supporting the development of overseas domestic policy frameworks to ensure effective, efficient, and equitable benefit-sharing of the proceeds of such credits issued by national and subnational governments; and
- (iii) promoting and expanding land titling initiatives and programs in other countries;
- (C) to preserve forest carbon stocks in countries where such forest carbon may be vulnerable to leakage, particularly in developing countries with largely intact native forests;
- (D) to build the scientific knowledge and institutional capacity to help developing countries.
- (i) monitor the effects of climate change on their forests:
- (ii) develop and implement strategies to conserve their forests: and
- (iii) support forest-dependent communities adapt to climate change;
- (E) to the extent practicable, to reduce deforestation in ways that reduce the vulnerability and increase the resilience to climate effects for forests and forest-dependent communities;
- (F) to prevent degradation and fragmentation of forests and other intact ecosystems, particularly in tropical countries, including by providing assistance or supporting policies to—
- (i) conserve, protect, and restore the integrity of such ecosystems; and
- (ii) support the rights of Indigenous People and local communities and their ability to continue their effective stewardship of their intact traditional lands and territories;
- (G) to build capacity to address illegal deforestation for agricultural commodities; and
- (H) to remove subsidies that favor deforestation;
- (e) REQUIREMENTS FOR INTERNATIONAL DE-FORESTATION REDUCTION PROGRAM.—
- (1) Eligible countries.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subparagraph (B), the Administrator may provide assistance under this section only with respect to a developing country that—
- (i) the Administrator, in consultation with other appropriate agencies, determines—
- (I) is experiencing deforestation or forest degradation: or
- (II) has standing forest carbon stocks that may be at risk of deforestation or degradation;
- (ii) has the legal regimes, standards, and safeguards to ensure that the rights and interests of indigenous peoples and forest-dependent communities are protected in accordance with the standards established under paragraph (4); and

- (iii) has entered into a bilateral or multilateral agreement or arrangement with the United States, or is part of an international program supported by the United States to prevent deforestation, that establishes the conditions of participation by the country in the program established under this section, which shall include an agreement to meet the standards established under paragraph (4) for the activities to which such standards apply.
- (B) EXCEPTION.—A developing country that does not meet the requirement described in paragraph (1)(A)(ii) may receive assistance under this section for the purpose of building capacity to meet such requirement.
- (2) AUTHORIZED ACTIVITIES.—Subject to the requirements of this section, in providing assistance under this section, the Administrator may support activities to achieve the objectives described in subsection (c)(2), such as—
- (A) national deforestation reduction activities; (B) subnational deforestation and forest degradation reduction activities, including pilot activities, policies, and measures that reduce greenhouse gas emissions and are subject to significant uncertainty;
- (C) activities to measure, monitor, and verify deforestation, avoided deforestation, and rates of deforestation, including, if applicable, spatially explicit land use plans that identify intact and primary forest areas and managed forest areas:
  - (D) leakage prevention activities;
- (E) the development and implementation of measurement, monitoring, reporting, and verification capacities and governance structures, including legal regimes, standards, processes, and safeguards, as established under paragraph (4), to enable a country to quantify emissions reductions for purposes of purchasing or trading subnational emissions reduction credits in carbon markets:
- (F) the identification of, and actions to address, the drivers of land use emissions;
- (G) programs that would exclude from the United States illegally harvested timber or products made from illegally harvested timber, in accordance with and consistent with the objectives of the Lacey Act Amendments of 1981 (16 U.S.C. 3371 et seq.);
- (H) the development and strengthening of governance capacities to reduce deforestation and other land use emissions and to combat illegal logging and associated trade, including the development of systems for independent monitoring of the efficacy of forest law enforcement and increased enforcement cooperation, including joint efforts with Federal agencies, to enforce the Lacey Act Amendments of 1981 (16 U.S.C. 3371 et seq.);
- (I) programs to help countries strengthen the necessary governance and technological capacity to trace and make publicly available the origin of agricultural commodities associated with tropical deforestation, such as beef, soy, palm oil, paper, pulp, cocoa, and rubber;
- (1) the development and strengthening of governance capacities and associated implementation activities to combat illegal deforestation related to the production of agricultural commodities, such as those described in subparagraph
- (K) the provision of incentives for policy reforms to achieve the objectives described in subsection (c)(2);
  - (L) the development of pilot projects—
- (i) to examine where mitigation and adaptation activities in forest ecosystems coincide; and
- (ii) to explore means for enhancing the resilience of forest ecosystems and forest-dependent communities;
- (M) the promotion of mechanisms to deliver resources for local action and to address the needs, rights, interests, and participation of local and indigenous communities;
- (N) the promotion of land tenure and titling programs, including legal recognition and effective protection of the land tenure, access and

use rights of Indigenous People and local communities; and

- (O) the monitoring and evaluation of the results of the activities conducted under this section
- (3) MECHANISMS.—The Administrator shall apply the administrative authorities under the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2151 et seq.), except to the extent inconsistent with the provisions of this section, to the same extent and in the same manner as such authorities apply to the implementation of such Act in order to support activities to achieve the objectives described in subsection (c)(2) by—
- (A) developing and implementing programs and project-level activities that achieve such objectives;
- (B) to the extent practicable, giving priority in any review process to activities under paragraph (2)(A); and
- (C) as appropriate, considering multi-year funding arrangements in carrying out the purposes of this section.
- (4) STANDARDS.—The Administrator, in consultation with other appropriate agencies, shall establish program standards that—
- (A) ensure that emissions reductions achieved through supported activities—
- (i) are additional, measurable, verifiable, and monitored:
- (ii) account for leakage, uncertainty, and permanence; and
- (iii) at a minimum, meet the standards established under the emissions unit criteria of the Carbon Offsetting and Reduction Scheme for International Aviation (CORSIA) developed by the International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO);

(B) require-

- (i) the establishment of a national deforestation baseline for each country with national deforestation reduction activities that is used to account for reductions achieved from such activities: or
- (ii) if a developing country has established policies and taken measures to reduce emissions from disturbed peatlands, deforestation, or forest degradation, but has not established a national baseline, the provision of a credible, transparent, accurate, and conservative alternative for quantifying emissions:
- (C) provide that each national deforestation baseline established under subparagraph (B)(i)—
- (i) is national, or subnational on an interim basis, in scope; and
- (ii) is consistent with nationally appropriate mitigation commitments or actions with respect to deforestation, taking into consideration—
- (I) the average annual historical deforestation rates of the country during a period of at least 5 years; and
- (II) the applicable drivers of deforestation and other factors to ensure additionality;
- (iii) establishes a trajectory that would result in zero net deforestation by not later than 20 years after the date on which the baseline is established:
- (iv) is adjusted over time to account for changing national circumstances; and
- (v) is designed to account for all significant sources of greenhouse gas emissions from deforestation in the country;
- (D) with respect to assistance provided for activities described in subparagraph (A) or (B) of paragraph (2), require emissions reductions to be achieved and verified before the provision of any assistance under this section;
- (E) with respect to accounting for subnational deforestation and forest degradation reduction activities that lack the standardized or precise measurement and monitoring techniques needed for a full accounting of changes in emissions or baselines, or are subject to other sources of uncertainty, apply a conservative discount factor to reflect the uncertainty regarding the levels of reductions achieved:
- (F) ensure that activities under this section are designed, carried out, and managed—

(i) using forest management practices that, in an open and transparent process—

(I) improve the livelihoods of forest communities in a manner that promotes the maintenance of intact forests, protects associated biodiversity, and restores native forest species and ecosystems while avoiding the introduction of invasive nonnative species;

(II) maintain natural biodiversity, resilience, and carbon storage capacity of forests;

- (III) to the extent practicable, do not adversely affect the permanence of forest carbon stocks or emissions reductions:
- (IV) include broad stakeholder participation and the free prior and informed consent of affected indigenous peoples; and
- (V) take into account the needs and interests of local communities, forest-dependent communities, indigenous peoples, and vulnerable social groups:
- (ii) in consultation with, and with the full and effective participation of, local communities, indigenous peoples, and forest-dependent communities in affected areas, as partners and primary stakeholders, before and during the design, planning, implementation, monitoring, and evaluation of activities; and
- (iii) with equitable sharing of profits and benefits derived from the activities with local communities, indigenous peoples, and forest-dependent communities: and
- (G) with respect to assistance for all activities under this section, seek to ensure the establishment and enforcement of legal regimes, standards, processes, and safeguards by the country in which the activities are conducted, as a condition of such assistance or as a proposed activity for which such assistance may be provided, which—
- (i) protect the rights and interests of local communities, indigenous peoples, forest-dependent communities, human rights defenders, and vulnerable social groups; and
- (ii) promote consultations with local communities, indigenous peoples, and forest-dependent communities in affected areas, as partners and primary stakeholders, before and during the design, planning, implementation, monitoring, and evaluation of activities under this section; and
- (iii) ensure equitable sharing of profits and benefits from incentives for emissions reductions or leakage prevention with local communities, indigenous peoples, and forest-dependent communities.

(5) SCOPE.

- (A) REDUCED EMISSIONS.—The Administrator shall include reduced emissions from forest degradation and disturbance of peatlands within the scope of activities under this section.
- (B) EXPANSION OF AUTHORIZED ACTIVITIES.—If the Administrator determines, in consultation with other appropriate agencies, that sufficient methodologies and technical capacities exist to measure, monitor, and account for the emissions referred to in subparagraph (A), the Administrator may expand the authorized activities under this section, as appropriate, to include reduced soil carbon-derived emissions associated with deforestation and degradation of forested wetlands and peatlands, consistent with a comprehensive approach to maintaining and enhancing forests, increasing climate resiliency, reducing emissions, and increasing removals of greenhouse asses.
- (6) ACCOUNTING.—The Administrator shall use a publicly accessible registry to account for and register the emissions reductions achieved through assistance provided under this section each year, after appropriately discounting for uncertainty and other relevant factors as required by the standards established under paragraph (4).
- (7) INTERNATIONAL DEFORESTATION REDUCTION PROGRAM INSURANCE ACCOUNT FOR NONCOMPLETION OR REVERSAL.—In furtherance of the objectives described in subsection (c)(2), the Administrator shall develop and implement a program that—

- (A) addresses noncompletion or reversal with respect to any greenhouse gas emissions that were not, or are no longer, sequestered; and
- (B) may include a mechanism to hold in reserve a portion of the amount allocated for projects to support the program.

(8) Extension of assistance.—

- (A) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator may extend, for an additional 5 years, the period during which assistance is authorized for activities supported by assistance under this section, if the Administrator determines that—
- (i) the country in which the activities are conducted is making substantial progress toward adopting and implementing a program to achieve reductions in deforestation measured against a national baseline;
- (ii) the greenhouse gas emissions reductions achieved as a result of the activities are not resulting in significant leakage;
- (iii) such greenhouse gas emissions reductions are being appropriately discounted to account for any leakage that is occurring; and
- (iv) such extension would further advance or ensure achievement of the objectives of the activities.
- (B) ASSISTANCE FOR SUBNATIONAL DEFOREST-ATION AND FOREST DEGRADATION REDUCTION AC-TIVITIES.—
- (i) IN GENERAL.—If the Administrator extends the period during which assistance is authorized for activities under subparagraph (A), the Administrator shall determine, based on the criteria specified that subparagraph, whether such assistance should include assistance for subnational deforestation and forest degradation reduction activities.
- (ii) CONTINUED ASSISTANCE.—The Administrator may extend the period during which assistance is authorized for subnational deforestation and forest degradation reduction activities beyond the 5-year period described in subparagraph (A) in order to further the objectives described in subparagraph (B) or (C) of subsection (C)(2)
- (9) COORDINATION WITH FOREIGN ASSIST-ANCE.—Subject to the direction of the President, the Administrator shall, to the extent practicable and consistent with the objectives described in subsection (c)(2), seek to align activities under this section with broader development, poverty alleviation, or natural resource management objectives and initiatives in countries receiving assistance under this section.
- (10) ASSISTANCE AS SUPPLEMENT.—The provision of assistance for activities under this section shall be used to supplement, and not to supplant, any other Federal, State, or local support available to carry out activities under this section
- (11) FUNDING LIMITATION.—Of the funds made available to carry out this section in any fiscal year, not more than 7 percent may be used for the administrative expenses of the United States Agency for International Development in support of activities described in paragraph (2). Such amount shall be in addition to other amounts otherwise available for such purposes.
- (f) Legal Effect.—
  (1) In General.—Nothing in this section may be construed to supersede, limit, or otherwise affect any restriction imposed by Federal law (including regulations) on any interaction between an entity located in the United States and an entity located in a foreign country.

(2) ROLE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE.—Nothing in this section may be construed to affect the role of the Secretary of State or the responsibilities of the Secretary under section 622(c) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C.

2382(c)).

(g) INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS.— The President shall direct the United States representatives to the World Bank, the International Monetary Fund, and other international financial institutions (as defined in section 1701(c) of the International Financial Institutions Act (22 U.S.C. 262r(c)) to prioritize efforts to combat deforestation.

#### SEC. 30612. CONTROLLING THE EXPORT OF ELEC-TRONIC WASTE TO PROTECT UNITED STATES SUPPLY CHAINS.

- (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following:
- (1) It is in the national security interests of the United States to ensure that the export of electronic waste does not become the source of counterfeit goods that may reenter electronics supply chains in the United States, and for other purposes.
- (2) A 2012 Senate Armed Services Committee Report "discovered counterfeit electronic parts from China in the Air Force's largest cargo plane, in assemblies intended for Special Operations helicopters, and in a Navy surveillance plane among 1,800 cases of bogus parts".
- (3) Further, exporting such material has often resulted in environmental damage because of illegal dumping or inadequate environmental regulations in other countries for ensuring their safe and secure disposal.
- (4) China, the single largest producer of electronic waste, is on track for its e-waste industry to total \$23,800,000,000 by 2030, given its high supply of used products, demand for recycled materials, and capacity to transport these materials
- (5) As the second largest producer of electronic waste, the United States has a strong economic and national security incentive to enhance domestic e-waste recycling capacity rather than exporting to China and other countries.
- (6) Given China's lack of regulations and worker protections, workers in the e-waste industry have been exposed to over 1,000 harmful substances, including lead and mercury, endangering the health and wellbeing of workers.
  - (b) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
  - (1) Electronic Waste.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—The term "electronic waste" means any of the following used items containing electronic components, or fragments thereof, including parts or subcomponents of such items:
  - (i) Computers and related equipment.
- (ii) Data center equipment (including servers, network equipment, firewalls, battery backup systems, and power distribution units).
- (iii) Mobile computers (including notebooks, netbooks, tablets, and e-book readers).
- (iv) Televisions (including portable televisions and portable DVD players).
- (v) Video display devices (including monitors, digital picture frames, and portable video devices).
- (vi) Digital imaging devices (including printers, copiers, facsimile machines, image scanners, and multifunction machines).
  - (vii) Consumer electronics—
- (I) including digital cameras, projectors, digital audio players, cellular phones and wireless internet communication devices, audio equipment, video cassette recorders, DVD players, video game systems (including portable systems), video game controllers, signal converter boxes, and cable and satellite receivers; and
- (II) not including appliances that have electronic features.
- (viii) Portable global positioning system navigation devices.
- (ix) Other used electronic items that the Secretary determines to be necessary to carry out this section.
- (B) EXEMPT ITEMS.—The term "electronic waste" does not include—
- (i) exempted electronic waste items;
- (ii) electronic parts of a motor vehicle; or
- (iii) electronic components, or items containing electronic components, that are exported or reexported to an entity under the ownership or control of the person exporting or reexporting the components or items, with the intent that the components or items be used for the purpose for which the components or items were used in the United States.
- (2) Exempted electronic waste items.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—The term "exempted electronic waste items" means the following:

- (i) Tested, working used electronics.
- (ii) Low-risk counterfeit electronics.
- (iii) Recalled electronics.
- (B) DEFINITIONS.—In this paragraph:
- (i) TESTED, WORKING USED ELECTRONICS.—The term "tested, working used electronics" means any used electronic items that—
- (I) are determined, through testing methodologies established by the Secretary, to be—
- (aa) fully functional for the purpose for which the items were designed; or
- (bb) in the case of multifunction devices, fully functional for at least one of the primary purposes for which the items were designed;
- (II) are exported with the intent to reuse the products as functional products; and
- (III) are appropriately packaged for shipment to prevent the items from losing functionality as a result of damage during shipment.
- (ii) LOW-RISK COUNTERFEIT ELECTRONICS.— The term 'low-risk counterfeit electronics'' means any electronic components or items that—
- (I) have been subjected to destruction processes that render the items unusable for their original purpose; and
- (II) are exported as a feedstock, with no additional mechanical or hand separation required, in a reclamation process to render the electronic components or items recycled consistent with the laws of the foreign country performing the reclamation process.
- (iii) RECALLED ELECTRONICS.—The term "recalled electronics" means any electronic items
- (I) because of a defect in the design or manufacture of the items—
- (aa) are subject to a recall notice issued by the Consumer Product Safety Commission or other pertinent Federal authority and have been received by the manufacturer or its agent and repaired by the manufacturer or its agent to cure the defect; or
- (bb) have been recalled by the manufacturer as a condition of the validity of the warranty on the items and have been repaired by the manufacturer or its agent to cure the defect; and
- (II) are exported by the manufacturer of the items.
- (iv) FEEDSTOCK.—The term "feedstock" means any raw material constituting the principal input for an industrial process.
- (3) COUNTERFEIT GOOD.—The term "counterfeit good" means any good on which, or in connection with which, a counterfeit mark is used.
- (4) COUNTERFEIT MILITARY GOOD.—The term "counterfeit military good" means a counterfeit good that—
- (A) is falsely identified or labeled as meeting military specifications; or
- (B) is intended for use in a military or national security application.
- (5) COUNTERFEIT MARK.—The term "counterfeit mark" has the meaning given that term in section 2320 of title 18, United States Code.
- (6) EXPORT ADMINISTRATION REGULATIONS.— The term "Export Administration Regulations" means the regulations set forth in subchapter C of chapter VII of title 15, Code of Federal Regulations, or successor regulations.
- (7) EXPORT; REEXPORT.—The terms "export" and "reexport" have the meanings given such terms in section 1742 of the Export Control Reform Act of 2018 (50 U.S.C. 4801).
- (8) SECRETARY.—The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of Commerce.
- (9) USED.—The term "used", with respect to an item, means the item has been operated or employed.
- (c) PROHIBITION.—Except as provided in subsections (c) and (d), no person or entity may export or reexport electronic waste or exempted electronic waste items.
- (d) EXPORT PROHIBITION EXEMPTIONS.—A person or entity may export or reexport exempted electronic waste items, but only if the following reautirements are met:
- (1) REGISTRATION.—The person or entity is listed on a publicly available registry maintained by the Secretary.

- (2) FILING OF EXPORT INFORMATION.—For each export transaction, the person or entity files in the Automated Export System, in accordance with part 758 of the Export Administration Regulations (or any corresponding similar regulation or ruling), electronic export information that contains at least the following information:
- (A) A description of the type and total quantity of exempted electronic waste items exported.
  (B) The name of each country that received the exempted electronic waste items for reuse or recycling.
- (C)(i) The name of the ultimate consignee to which the exempted electronic waste items were received for reclamation, recall, or reuse; and
- (ii) documentation and a declaration that such consignee has the necessary permits, resources, and competence to manage the exempted electronic waste items as reusable products or recyclable feedstock and prevent its release as a counterfeit good or counterfeit military good.
- (3) COMPLIANCE WITH EXISTING LAWS.—The export or reexport of exempted electronic waste items otherwise comply with applicable international agreements to which the United States is a party and with other trade and export control laws of the United States.
- (4) EXPORT DECLARATIONS AND REQUIRE-MENTS.—The exempted electronic waste items are accompanied by—
- (A) documentation of the registration of the exporter required under paragraph (1);
- (B) a declaration signed by an officer or designated representative of the exporter asserting that the exempted electronic waste items meet the applicable requirements for exempted electronic waste items under this section:
- (C) a description of the contents and condition of the exempted electronic waste items in the shipment:
- (D) for tested, working electronics, a description of the testing methodologies and test results for each item;
- (E) the name of the ultimate consignee and declaration of the consignee's applicable permits, resources, and competence to process or use the items as intended; and
- (F) with respect to low-risk counterfeit electronics only and when required by the importing country, the written consent of the competent authority of the receiving country to allow the products in such country.
- (e) EXCEPTION FOR PERSONAL USE.—The Secretary may provide for an exception to the requirements of this section, subject to such recordkeeping requirements as the Secretary may impose, for the export or reexport of 5 or fewer items that are or contain electronic components intended for personal use.
  - (f) Effective Date.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to paragraph (2), this section shall take effect upon the expiration of the 1-year period beginning on the date of the enactment of this Act.
- (2) MODIFICATION OF EAR.—The Secretary, in consultation with the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency, shall, not later than the effective date under paragraph (1), ensure that the Export Administration Regulations are modified to carry out this section.
- (g) PENALTIES FOR VIOLATIONS.—Any person who violates this section or the regulations issued under subsection (e)(2) shall be subject to the same penalties as those that apply to any person violating any other provision of the Export Administration Regulations.

### DIVISION E—COMMITTEE ON OVERSIGHT AND REFORM

### SEC. 40101. FEDERAL ROTATIONAL CYBER WORK-FORCE PROGRAM.

- (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) AGENCY.—The term "agency" has the meaning given the term "Executive agency" in section 105 of title 5, United States Code, except that the term does not include the Government Accountability Office.
- (2) COMPETITIVE SERVICE.—The term "competitive service" has the meaning given that

- term in section 2102 of title 5, United States Code.
- (3) COUNCILS.—The term "Councils" means—
  (A) the Chief Human Capital Officers Council established under section 1303 of the Chief Human Capital Officers Act of 2002 (5 U.S.C. 1401 note): and
- (B) the Chief Information Officers Council established under section 3603 of title 44, United States Code.
- (4) CYBER WORKFORCE POSITION.—The term "cyber workforce position" means a position identified as having information technology, cybersecurity, or other cyber-related functions under section 303 of the Federal Cybersecurity Workforce Assessment Act of 2015 (5 U.S.C. 301 note).
- (5) DIRECTOR.—The term "Director" means the Director of the Office of Personnel Management.
- (6) EMPLOYEE.—The term "employee" has the meaning given the term in section 2105 of title 5, United States Code.
- (7) EMPLOYING AGENCY.—The term "employing agency" means the agency from which an employee is detailed to a rotational cyber workforce position.
- (8) EXCEPTED SERVICE.—The term "excepted service" has the meaning given that term in section 2103 of title 5, United States Code.
- (9) ROTATIONAL CYBER WORKFORCE POSI-TION.—The term "rotational cyber workforce position" means a cyber workforce position with respect to which a determination has been made under subsection (b)(1).
- (10) ROTATIONAL CYBER WORKFORCE PROGRAM.—The term "rotational cyber workforce program" means the program for the detail of employees among rotational cyber workforce positions at agencies.
- (11) SECRETARY.—The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of Homeland Security.
- $\begin{array}{cccc} \textit{(b)} & \textit{ROTATIONAL} & \textit{CYBER} & \textit{WORKFORCE} & \textit{POSITIONS.} \\ \hline \textit{TIONS.} \\ \hline \end{array}$
- (1) DETERMINATION WITH RESPECT TO ROTA-TIONAL SERVICE.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—The head of each agency may determine that a cyber workforce position in that agency is eligible for the rotational cyber workforce program, which shall not be construed to modify the requirement under subsection (c)(2)(C) that participation in the rotational cyber workforce program by an employee shall be voluntary.
- (B) NOTICE PROVIDED.—The head of an agency shall submit to the Director—
- (i) notice regarding any determination made by the head of the agency under subparagraph (A); and
- (ii) for each position with respect to which the head of the agency makes a determination under subparagraph (A), the information required under paragraph (2)(A).
- (2) PREPARATION OF LIST.—The Director, with assistance from the Councils and the Secretary, shall develop a list of rotational cyber workforce positions that—
- (A) with respect to each such position, to the extent that the information does not disclose sensitive national security information, includes—
- (i) the title of the position;
- (ii) the occupational series with respect to the position;
- (iii) the grade level or work level with respect to the position;
- (iv) the agency in which the position is located:
- (v) the duty location with respect to the position; and
- (vi) the major duties and functions of the position: and
- (B) shall be used to support the rotational cyber workforce program.
- (3) DISTRIBUTION OF LIST.—Not less frequently than annually, the Director shall distribute an updated list developed under paragraph (2) to the head of each agency and other appropriate entities.

- (c) ROTATIONAL CYBER WORKFORCE PROGRAM.—
- (1) OPERATION PLAN.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 270 days after the date of enactment of this section, and in consultation with the Councils, the Secretary, representatives of other agencies, and any other entity as the Director determines appropriate, the Director shall develop and issue a Federal Rotational Cyber Workforce Program operation plan providing policies, processes, and procedures for a program for the detailing of employees among rotational cyber workforce positions at agencies, which may be incorporated into and implemented through mechanisms in existence on the date of enactment of this section.
- (B) UPDATING.—The Director may, in consultation with the Councils, the Secretary, and other entities as the Director determines appropriate, periodically update the operation plan developed and issued under subparagraph (A).
- (2) REQUIREMENTS.—The operation plan developed and issued under paragraph (1) shall, at a minimum—
- (A) identify agencies for participation in the rotational cyber workforce program;
- (B) establish procedures for the rotational cyber workforce program, including—
- (i) any training, education, or career development requirements associated with participation in the rotational cyber workforce program;
- (ii) any prerequisites or requirements for participation in the rotational cyber workforce program; and
- (iii) appropriate rotational cyber workforce program performance measures, reporting requirements, employee exit surveys, and other accountability devices for the evaluation of the program:
- (C) provide that participation in the rotational cyber workforce program by an employee shall be voluntary:
- (D) provide that an employee shall be eligible to participate in the rotational cyber workforce program if the head of the employing agency of the employee, or a designee of the head of the employing agency of the employee, approves of the participation of the employee;
- (E) provide that the detail of an employee to a rotational cyber workforce position under the rotational cyber workforce program shall be on a nonreimbursable basis;
- (F) provide that agencies may agree to partner to ensure that the employing agency of an employee that participates in the rotational cyber workforce program is able to fill the position vacated by the employee;
- (G) require that an employee detailed to a rotational cyber workforce position under the rotational cyber workforce program, upon the end of the period of service with respect to the detail, shall be entitled to return to the position held by the employee, or an equivalent position, in the employing agency of the employee without loss of pay, seniority, or other rights or benefits to which the employee would have been entitled had the employee not been detailed;
- (H) provide that discretion with respect to the assignment of an employee under the rotational cyber workforce program shall remain with the employing agency of the employee;
- (1) require that an employee detailed to a rotational cyber workforce position under the rotational cyber workforce program in an agency that is not the employing agency of the employee shall have all the rights that would be available to the employee if the employee were detailed under a provision of law other than this section from the employing agency to the agency in which the rotational cyber workforce position is located:
- (J) provide that participation by an employee in the rotational cyber workforce program shall not constitute a change in the conditions of the employment of the employee; and
- (K) provide that an employee participating in the rotational cyber workforce program shall re-

- ceive performance evaluations relating to service in the rotational cyber workforce program in a participating agency that are—
- (i) prepared by an appropriate officer, supervisor, or management official of the employing agency, acting in coordination with the supervisor at the agency in which the employee is performing service in the rotational cyber workforce position:
- (ii) based on objectives identified in the operation plan with respect to the employee; and
- (iii) based in whole or in part on the contribution of the employee to the agency in which the employee performed such service, as communicated from that agency to the employing agency of the employee.
- (3) Program requirements for rotational service —
- (A) IN GENERAL.—An employee serving in a cyber workforce position in an agency may, with the approval of the head of the agency, submit an application for detail to a rotational cyber workforce position that appears on the list developed under subsection (b)(2).
- (B) OPM APPROVAL FOR CERTAIN POSITIONS.— An employee serving in a position in the excepted service may only be selected for a rotational cyber workforce position that is in the competitive service with the prior approval of the Office of Personnel Management, in accordance with section 300.301 of title 5, Code of Federal Regulations, or any successor thereto.
  - (C) SELECTION AND TERM.—
- (i) SELECTION.—The head of an agency shall select an employee for a rotational cyber workforce position under the rotational cyber workforce program in a manner that is consistent with the merit system principles under section 2301(b) of title 5. United States Code.
- (ii) Term.—Except as provided in clause (iii), and notwithstanding section 3341(b) of title 5, United States Code, a detail to a rotational cyber workforce position shall be for a period of not less than 180 days and not more than 1 year.
- (iii) EXTENSION.—The Chief Human Capital Officer of the agency to which an employee is detailed under the rotational cyber workforce program may extend the period of a detail described in clause (ii) for a period of 60 days unless the Chief Human Capital Officer of the employing agency of the employee objects to that extension.
  - (D) WRITTEN SERVICE AGREEMENTS.—
- (i) IN GENERAL.—The detail of an employee to a rotational cyber workforce position shall be contingent upon the employee entering into a written service agreement with the employing agency under which the employee is required to complete a period of employment with the employing agency following the conclusion of the detail that is equal in length to the period of the detail.
- (ii) Other agreement under clause (i) shall not supersede or modify the terms or conditions of any other service agreement entered into by the employee under any other authority or relieve the obligations between the employee and the employing agency under such a service agreement. Nothing in this clause prevents an employing agency from terminating a service agreement entered into under any other authority under the terms of such agreement or as required by law or regulation.
- (d) REPORTING BY GAO.—Not later than the end of the third fiscal year after the fiscal year in which the operation plan under subsection (c)(1) is issued, the Comptroller General of the United States shall submit to Congress a report assessing the operation and effectiveness of the rotational cyber workforce program, which shall address, at a minimum—
- (1) the extent to which agencies have participated in the rotational cyber workforce program, including whether the head of each such participating agency has—
- (A) identified positions within the agency that are rotational cyber workforce positions;

- (B) had employees from other participating agencies serve in positions described in subparagraph (A): and
- (C) had employees of the agency request to serve in rotational cyber workforce positions under the rotational cyber workforce program in participating agencies, including a description of how many such requests were approved; and
- (2) the experiences of employees serving in rotational cyber workforce positions under the rotational cyber workforce program, including an assessment of-
  - (A) the period of service;
- (B) the positions (including grade level and occupational series or work level) held by employees before completing service in a rotational cyber workforce position under the rotational cyber workforce program;
- (C) the extent to which each employee who completed service in a rotational cyber workforce position under the rotational cyber workforce program achieved a higher skill level, or attained a skill level in a different area, with respect to information technology, cubersecurity, or other cyber-related functions; and
- (D) the extent to which service in rotational cyber workforce positions has affected intraagency and interagency integration and coordination of cyber practices, functions, and personnel management.
- (e) SUNSET.—Effective 5 years after the date of enactment of this Act, this section is repealed.

### SEC. 40102. AI IN COUNTERTERRORISM OVER- $SIGHT\ ENHANCEMENT.$

- (a) AMENDMENTS TO AUTHORITIES AND RE-SPONSIBILITIES OF PRIVACY AND CIVIL LIBERTIES Officers.—Section 1062 of the Intelligence Reform and Terrorism Prevention Act of 2004 (42 U.S.C 2000ee-1) is amended—
- (1) in subsection (a)—
- (A) by redesignating paragraphs (3) and (4) as paragraphs (4) and (5); and
- (B) by inserting after paragraph (2) the following new paragraph:
- '(3) provide to the Privacy and Civil Liberties Oversight Board, with respect to covered artificial intelligence-enabled technologies-
- (A) not later than 180 days after the date on which this paragraph takes effect, and every 6 months thereafter, written notice of the use of such technologies or planned evaluation, use, development, acquisition, retention of services for, or repurposing of such technologies;
- (B) access to associated impact statements, including system of record notices, privacy impact assessments, and civil liberties impact assessments;
- "(C) access to associated information and materials documenting-
- '(i) the processes for data collection related to such technologies, for obtaining consent related to the use of such technologies, or for the disclosure of the use of such technologies;
- "(ii) the algorithms and models of such technologies;
- "(iii) the data resources used, or to be used, in the training of such technologies, including a comprehensive listing of any data assets or public data assets (or any combination thereof) used, or to be used, in the training of such technologies:
- "(iv) data governance processes and procedures, including acquisition, protection, retention, sharing, and access, related to data resources associated with such technologies; and
- '(v) processes for training and testing, evaluating, validating, and modifying such technologies: and
- '(D) access to all other associated information and materials.":
- (2) in subsection (d)(1), by inserting "(including as described under subsection (a)(3))" after 'officer''; and
  - (3) by adding at the end the following:
  - '(i) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- "(1) ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE.—The term 'artificial intelligence' has the meaning given that term in section 238(g) of the John S. McCain Na-

- tional Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (Public Law 115-232; 10 U.S.C. 2358
- COVERED ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE-EN-ABLED TECHNOLOGY.—The term 'covered artificial intelligence-enabled technology' means an artificial intelligence0enabled technology (including a classified technology)-
- "(A) in use by the applicable department, agency, or element, to protect the Nation from terrorism: or
- "(B) that the applicable department, agency, or element plans to evaluate, develop, acquire, retain, or repurpose to protect the Nation from
- "(3) Data asset: public data asset.—The terms 'data asset' and 'public data asset' have the meaning given those terms in section 3502 of title 44, United States Code.'
- (b) SELF-ASSESSMENT BY PRIVACY AND CIVIL LIBERTIES OVERSIGHT BOARD.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Privacy and Civil Liberties Oversight Board under section 1061 of the Intelligence Reform and Terrorism Prevention Act of 2004 (42 U.S.C. 2000ee) shall provide to the appropriate committees (as described in subsection (e) of such section) a self-assessment of any change in authorities, resources, or organizational structure that may be necessary to carry out the functions described in subsection (d) of such section related to artificial intelligence-enabled technologies.
- (c) Definition.—In this section, the term "artificial intelligence" has the meaning given that term in section 238(g) of the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (Public Law 115-232; 10 U.S.C. 2358 note).
- (d) EFFECTIVE DATE.—Subsections (a) and (b), and the amendments made by such subsections, shall take effect on the date that is one year after the date of the enactment of this Act.

### DIVISION F—COMMITTEE ON HOMELAND SECURITY

# SEC. 50101. HOMELAND PROCUREMENT REFORM.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Subtitle D of title VIII of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 391 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following.

#### "SEC. 836. REQUIREMENTS TO BUY CERTAIN ITEMS RELATED TO NATIONAL SECU-RITY INTERESTS.

- "(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- "(1) COVERED ITEM.—The term 'covered item' means any of the following:
  - "(A) Footwear provided as part of a uniform.
  - "(B) Uniforms.
- "(C) Holsters and tactical pouches.
- "(D) Patches, insignia, and embellishments.
- "(E) Chemical, biological, radiological, and nuclear protective gear.
- "(F) Body armor components intended to provide ballistic protection for an individual, consisting of one or more of the following:
  - "(i) Soft ballistic panels.
  - "(ii) Hard ballistic plates.
- "(iii) Concealed armor carriers worn under a uniform.
- "(iv) External armor carriers worn over a uni-
- "(G) Any other item of clothing or protective equipment as determined appropriate by the Secretary.
- "(2) FRONTLINE OPERATIONAL COMPONENT.term 'frontline operational component' means any of the following of the Department: "(A) U.S. Customs and Border Protection.
- "(B) U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement.
- "(C) The United States Secret Service.
- "(D) The Transportation Security Administra-
- "(E) The Coast Guard.
- "(F) The Federal Protective Service.
- "(G) The Federal Emergency Management Agency.

- "(H) The Federal Law Enforcement Training
- "(I) The Cybersecurity and Infrastructure Security Agency.
  "(b) REQUIREMENTS.-

"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall ensure that any procurement of a covered item for a frontline operational component satisfies the following criteria:

(A) To the maximum extent possible, not less than one-third of funds obligated in a specific fiscal year for the procurement of such covered items shall be covered items that are manufactured or supplied in the United States by entities that qualify as small business concerns, as such term is described under section 3 of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 632).

'(B) Each contractor with respect to the procurement of such a covered item, including the end-item manufacturer of such a covered item-

'(i) is an entity registered with the System for Award Management (or successor system) administered by the General Services Administration; and

'(ii) is in compliance with ISO 9001:2015 of the International Organization for Standardization (or successor standard) or a standard determined appropriate by the Secretary to ensure the quality of products and adherence to applicable statutory and regulatory requirements.

'(C) Each supplier of such a covered item with an insignia (such as any patch, badge, or emblem) and each supplier of such an insignia. if such covered item with such insignia or such insignia, as the case may be, is not produced, applied, or assembled in the United States, shall-

'(i) store such covered item with such insignia or such insignia in a locked area;

"(ii) report any pilferage or theft of such covered item with such insignia or such insignia occurring at any stage before delivery of such covered item with such insignia or such insignia;

"(iii) destroy any such defective or unusable covered item with insignia or insignia in a manner established by the Secretary, and maintain records, for three years after the creation of such records, of such destruction that include the date of such destruction, a description of the covered item with insignia or insignia destroyed, the quantity of the covered item with insignia or insignia destroyed, and the method of destruction.

'(2) WAIVER.

"(A) IN GENERAL.—In the case of a national emergency declared by the President under the National Emergencies Act (50 U.S.C. 1601 et seq.) or a major disaster declared by the President under section 401 of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 5170), the Secretary may waive criteria specified in subparagraph (A), (B) or (C) of paragraph (1) if the Secretary determines there is an insufficient supply of a covered item that satisfies such criteria.

'(B) NOTICE.—Not later than 60 days after the date on which the Secretary determines a waiver under subparagraph (A) is necessary, the Secretary shall provide to the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate and the Committee on Homeland Security, the Committee on Oversight and Reform, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives notice of such determination, which shall include-

"(i) identification of the national emergency or major disaster at issue declared by the President;
"(ii) identification of the covered item for

which the Secretary intends to issue the waiver; and

'(iii) a description of the demand for the covered item and corresponding lack of supply from contractors able to satisfy criteria specified in subparagraph (B) or (C) of paragraph (1).
"(c) PRICING.—The Secretary shall ensure

that covered items are purchased at a fair and

reasonable price, consistent with the procedures and guidelines specified in the Federal Acquisition Regulation.

"(d) REPORT.—Not later than one year after the date of enactment of this section and annually thereafter, the Secretary shall provide to the Committee on Homeland Security, the Committee on Oversight and Reform, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives, and the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate a briefing on instances in which vendors have failed to meet deadlines for delivery of covered items and corrective actions taken by the Department in response to such instances.

"(e) EFFECTIVE DATE.—This section applies with respect to a contract entered into by the Department or any frontline operational component on or after the date that is 180 days after the date of the enactment of this section."

(b) STUDY.-

- (1) In GENERAL.—Not later than 18 months after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Homeland Security shall submit to the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate and the Committee on Homeland Security of the House of Representatives a study of the adequacy of uniform allowances provided to employees of frontline operational components (as such term is defined in section 836 of the Homeland Security Act of 2002, as added by subsection (a)).
- (2) REQUIREMENTS.—The study conducted under paragraph (1) shall—
- (A) be informed by a Department-wide survey of employees from across the Department of Homeland Security who receive uniform allowances that seeks to ascertain what, if any, improvements could be made to the current uniform allowances and what, if any, impacts current allowances have had on employee morale and retention:
- (B) assess the adequacy of the most recent increase made to the uniform allowance for first year employees; and
- (C) consider increasing by 50 percent, at minimum, the annual allowance for all other employees.

(c) Additional Report.—

- (1) In GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Homeland Security shall provide a report with recommendations on how the Department of Homeland Security could procure additional items from domestic sources and bolster the domestic supply chain for items related to national security to—
- (A) the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate; and
- (B) the Committee on Homeland Security, the Committee on Oversight and Reform, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.

(2) CONTENTS.—The report required under paragraph (1) shall include the following:

- (A) A review of the compliance of the Department of Homeland Security with the requirements under section 604 of title VI of division A of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (6 U.S.C. 453b) to buy certain items related to national security interests from sources in the United States.
- (B) An assessment of the capacity of the Department of Homeland Security to procure the following items from domestic sources:
- (i) Personal protective equipment and other items necessary to respond to a pandemic such as that caused by COVID-19.
- (ii) Helmets that provide ballistic protection and other head protection and components.
- (iii) Rain gear, cold weather gear, and other environmental and flame resistant clothing.
- (d) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents in section 1(b) of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (Public Law 107–296; 116 Stat. 2135) is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 835 the following new item:

"Sec. 836. Requirements to buy certain items related to national security interests.".

# SEC. 50102. DHS SOFTWARE SUPPLY CHAIN RISK MANAGEMENT.

- (a) GUIDANCE.—The Secretary of Homeland Security, acting through the Under Secretary, shall issue guidance with respect to new covered contracts.
- (b) NEW COVERED CONTRACTS.—In developing guidance under subsection (a), with respect to each new covered contract, as a condition on the award of such a contract, each contractor responding to a solicitation for such a contract shall submit to the covered officer—
- (1) a planned bill of materials when submitting a bid proposal; and
- (2) the certification and notifications described in subsection (d).
- (c) UPDATING BILL OF MATERIALS.—With respect to a covered contract, in the case of a change to the information included in a bill of materials submitted pursuant to subsection (b)(1), each contractor shall submit to the covered officer in a timely manner the update to such bill of materials.
- (d) CERTIFICATION AND NOTIFICATIONS.—The certification and notifications referred to in subsection (b)(2), with respect to a covered contract, are the followina:
- (1) A certification that each item listed on the submitted bill of materials is free from all known vulnerabilities or defects affecting the security of the end product or service identified in—
- (A) the National Institute of Standards and Technology National Vulnerability Database; and
- (B) any database designated by the Under Secretary, in coordination with the Director of the Cybersecurity and Infrastructure Security Agency, that tracks security vulnerabilities and defects in open source or third-party developed software.
- (2) A notification of each vulnerability or defect affecting the security of the end product or service, if identified, through—
- (A) the certification of such submitted bill of materials required under paragraph (1); or

(B) any other manner of identification.

- (3) A notification relating to the plan to mitigate, repair, or resolve each security vulnerability or defect listed in the notification required under paragraph (2).
- (e) ENFORCEMENT.—In developing guidance under subsection (a), the Secretary of Homeland Security shall instruct covered officers with respect to—
- (1) the processes available to such officers enforcing subsections (b) and (c); and

(2) when such processes should be used.

- (f) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The guidance required under subsection (a) shall take effect on the date that is one year after the date of the enactment of this section.
- (g) REGULATIONS.—The Department shall prescribe such regulations as may be necessary to carry out this section.
- (h) GAO REPORT.—Not later than two years after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General of the United States shall submit to the Secretary of Homeland Security, the Committee on Homeland Security of the House of Representatives, and the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate a report that includes—
- (1) a review of the implementation of this section;
- (2) information relating to the engagement of the Department of Homeland Security with industry:
- (3) an assessment of how the guidance issued pursuant to subsection (a) complies with Executive Order 14208 (86 Fed. Reg. 26633; relating to improving the nation's cybersecurity); and
- (4) any recommendations relating to improving the supply chain with respect to covered contracts.
  - (i) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

- (1) BILL OF MATERIALS.—The term "bill of materials" means a list of the parts and components (whether new or reused) of an end product or service, including, with respect to each part and component, information relating to the origin, composition, integrity, and any other information as determined appropriate by the Under Secretary.
- (2) COVERED CONTRACT.—The term "covered contract" means a contract relating to the procurement of covered information and communications technology or services for the Department of Homeland Security.
- (3) COVERED INFORMATION AND COMMUNICA-TIONS TECHNOLOGY OR SERVICES.—The term "covered information and communications technology or services" means the terms—
- (A) "information technology" (as such term is defined in section 11101(6) of title 40, United States Code):
- (B) "information system" (as such term is defined in section 3502(8) of title 44, United States Code):
- (C) "telecommunications equipment" (as such term is defined in section 3(52) of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 153(52))); and
- (D) "telecommunications service" (as such term is defined in section 3(53) of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 153(53))).
- (4) COVERED OFFICER.—The term "covered officer" means—
- (A) a contracting officer of the Department of Homeland Security; and
- (B) any other official of the Department as determined appropriate by the Under Secretary.
- (5) SOFTWARE.—The term "software" means computer programs and associated data that may be dynamically written or modified during execution.
- (6) UNDER SECRETARY.—The term "Under Secretary" means the Under Secretary for Management of the Department of Homeland Security.

  SEC. 50103. DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY MENTOR-PROTEGE PROGRAM.
- (a) In GENERAL.—Subtitle H of title VIII of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 451 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

# "SEC. 890B. MENTOR-PROTÉGÉ PROGRAM.

- "(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established in the Department a mentor-protégé program (in this section referred to as the 'Program') under which a mentor firm enters into an agreement with a protégé firm for the purpose of assisting the protégé firm to compete for prime contracts and subcontracts of the Department.
- "(b) ELIGIBILITY.—The Secretary shall establish criteria for mentor firms and protégé firms to be eligible to participate in the Program, including a requirement that a firm is not included on any list maintained by the Federal Government of contractors that have been suspended or debarred.
- "(c) PROGRAM APPLICATION AND APPROVAL.—
  "(1) APPLICATION.—The Secretary, acting through the Office of Small and Disadvantaged Business Utilization of the Department, shall establish a process for submission of an application jointly by a mentor firm and the protégé firm selected by the mentor firm. The application shall include each of the following:
- "(A) A description of the assistance to be provided by the mentor firm, including, to the extent available, the number and a brief description of each anticipated subcontract to be awarded to the protégé firm.
- "(B) A schedule with milestones for achieving the assistance to be provided over the period of participation in the Program.
- "(C) An estimate of the costs to be incurred by the mentor firm for providing assistance under the Program.
- "(D) Attestations that Program participants will submit to the Secretary reports at times specified by the Secretary to assist the Secretary in evaluating the protégé firm's developmental progress.

- "(E) Attestations that Program participants will inform the Secretary in the event of a change in eligibility or voluntary withdrawal from the Program.
- "(2) APPROVAL.—Not later than 60 days after receipt of an application pursuant to paragraph (1), the head of the Office of Small and Disadvantaged Business Utilization shall notify applicants of approval or, in the case of disapproval, the process for resubmitting an application for reconsideration.
- "(3) RESCISSION.—The head of the Office of Small and Disadvantaged Business Utilization may rescind the approval of an application under this subsection if it determines that such action is in the best interest of the Department.
- "(d) PROGRAM DURATION.—A mentor firm and protégé firm approved under subsection (c) shall enter into an agreement to participate in the Program for a period of not less than 36 months.
- "(e) PROGRAM BENEFITS.—A mentor firm and protégé firm that enter into an agreement under this section may receive the following Program benefits:
- "(1) With respect to an award of a contract that requires a subcontracting plan, a mentor firm may receive evaluation credit for participating in the Program.
- "(2) With respect to an award of a contract that requires a subcontracting plan, a mentor firm may receive credit for a protégé firm performing as a first tier subcontractor or a subcontractor at any tier in an amount equal to the total dollar value of any subcontracts awarded to such protégé firm.
- "(3) A protégé firm may receive technical, managerial, financial, or any other mutually agreed upon benefit from a mentor firm, including a subcontract award.
- "(f) REPORTING.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this section and annually thereafter, the head of the Office of Small and Disadvantaged Business Utilization shall submit to the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs and the Committee on Small Business and Entrepreneurship of the Senate and the Committee on Homeland Security and the Committee on Small Business of the House of Representatives a report covering the immediately preceding 12 month period that—
- "(1) identifies each agreement between a mentor firm and a protégé firm entered into under this section, including the number of protégé firm participants that are—
  - "(A) small business concerns;
- "(B) small business concerns owned and controlled by veterans;
- "(C) small business concerns owned and controlled by service-disabled veterans;
- "(D) qualified HUBZone small business concerns;
- "(E) small business concerns owned and controlled by socially and economically disadvantaged individuals;
- "(F) small business concerns owned and controlled by women;
- "(G) historically Black colleges and universities; and
  - "(H) minority-serving institutions;
- "(2) describes the type of assistance provided by mentor firms to protégé firms;
- "(3) identifies contracts within the Department in which a mentor firm serving as the prime contractor provided subcontracts to a protégé firm under the Program; and
- "(4) assesses the degree to which there has been—
- "(A) an increase in the technical capabilities of protégé firms; and
- "(B) an increase in the quantity and estimated value of prime contract and subcontract awards to protégé firms for the period covered by each such report.
- "(g) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this section may be construed to limit, diminish, impair, or otherwise affect the authority of the Department to participate in any program carried

- out by or requiring approval of the Small Business Administration or adopt or follow any regulation or policy that the Administrator of the Small Business Administration may promulgate, except that, to the extent that any provision of this section conflicts with any other provision of law, regulation, or policy, this section shall control
  - "(h) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- "(1) HISTORICALLY BLACK COLLEGE OR UNIVER-SITY.—The term 'historically Black college or university' has the meaning given the term 'part B institution' in section 322 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1061).
- "(2) MENTOR FIRM.—The term 'mentor firm' means a for-profit business concern that is not a small business concern that—
- "(A) has the ability to assist and commits to assisting a protégé to compete for Federal prime contracts and subcontracts: and
- "(B) satisfies any other requirements imposed by the Secretary.
- ti'(3) MINORITY-SERVING INSTITUTION.—The term 'minority-serving institution' means an institution of higher education described in section 371 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1067q(a)).
- "(4) PROTÉGÉ FIRM.—The term 'protégé firm' means a small business concern, a historically Black college or university, or a minority-serving institution that—
- "(A) is eligible to enter into a prime contract or subcontract with the Department; and
- "(B) satisfies any other requirements imposed by the Secretary.
- "(5) SMALL BUSINESS ACT DEFINITIONS.—The terms 'small business concern', 'small business concern owned and controlled by veterans', 'small business concern owned and controlled by service-disabled veterans', 'qualified HUBZone small business concern', 'and small business concern owned and controlled by women' have the meanings given such terms, respectively, under section 3 of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 632). The term 'small business concern owned and controlled by socially and economically disadvantaged individuals' has the meaning given such term in section 8(d)(3)(C) of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 637(d)(3)(C))."
- (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents in section 1(b) of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 890A the following new item:
- "Sec. 890B. Mentor-protégé program.".

# SEC. 50104. UNMANNED AERIAL SECURITY.

- (a) Prohibition on Agency Operation or Procurement.—Except as provided in subsection (b) and subsection (c)(3), the Secretary of Homeland Security may not operate, provide financial assistance for, or enter into or renew a contract for the procurement of—
- (1) an unmanned aircraft system (UAS) that— (A) is manufactured in a covered foreign country or by a corporation domiciled in a covered foreign country:
- (B) uses flight controllers, radios, data transmission devices, cameras, or gimbals manufactured in a covered foreign country or by a corporation domiciled in a covered foreign country;
- (C) uses a ground control system or operating software developed in a covered foreign country or by a corporation domiciled in a covered foreign country; or
- (D) uses network connectivity or data storage located in a covered foreign country or administered by a corporation domiciled in a covered foreign country:
- (2) a software operating system associated with a UAS that uses network connectivity or data storage located in a covered foreign country or administered by a corporation domiciled in a covered foreign country; or
- (3) a system for the detection or identification of a UAS, which system is manufactured in a covered foreign country or by a corporation domiciled in a covered foreign country.

- (b) WAIVER.—
- (1) In General.—The Secretary of Homeland Security is authorized to waive the prohibition under subsection (a) if the Secretary certifies in writing to the Committee on Homeland Security of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate and the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives and the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate that a UAS, a software operating system associated with a UAS, or a system for the detection or identification of a UAS referred to in any of subparagraphs (A) through (C) of paragraph (1) of such subsection that is the subject of such a waiver is required—
- (A) in the national interest of the United States;
- (B) for counter-UAS surrogate research, testing, development, evaluation, or training; or
- (C) for intelligence, electronic warfare, or information warfare operations, testing, analysis, and or training.
- (2) NOTICE.—The certification described in paragraph (1) shall be submitted to the Committees specified in such paragraph by not later than the date that is 14 days after the date on which a vaiver is issued under such paragraph.
  - (c) Effective Dates.-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—This section shall take effect on the date that is 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.
- (2) WAIVER PROCESS.—Not later than 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Homeland Security shall establish a process by which the head of an office or component of the Department of Homeland Security may request a waiver under subsection (b).
- (3) EXCEPTION.—Notwithstanding the prohibition under subsection (a), the head of an office or component of the Department of Homeland Security may continue to operate a UAS, a software operating system associated with a UAS, or a system for the detection or identification of a UAS described in any of paragraphs (1) through (3) of such subsection that was in the inventory of such office or component on the day before the effective date of this section until—
- (A) such time as the Secretary of Homeland Security has—
- (i) granted a waiver relating thereto under subsection (b), or
  - (ii) declined to grant such a waiver, or
- (B) one year after the date of the enactment of this Act,
- whichever is later.
- (d) Drone Origin Security Report to Con-GRESS.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Homeland Security shall submit to the Committee on Homeland Security of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate a terrorism threat assessment and report that contains information relating to the following:
- (1) The extent to which the Department of Homeland Security has previously analyzed the threat that a UAS, a software operating system associated with a UAS, or a system for the detection or identification of a UAS from a covered foreign country operating in the United States poses, and the results of such analysis.
- (2) The number of UAS, software operating systems associated with a UAS, or systems for the detection or identification of a UAS from a covered foreign country in operation by the Department, including an identification of the component or office of the Department at issue, as of such date.
- (3) The extent to which information gathered by such a UAS, a software operating system associated with a UAS, or a system for the detection or identification of a UAS from a covered foreign country could be employed to harm the national or economic security of the United States.

- (e) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) COVERED FOREIGN COUNTRY.—The term "covered foreign country" means a country that—
- (A) the intelligence community has identified as a foreign adversary in its most recent Annual Threat Assessment; or
- (B) the Secretary of Homeland Security, in coordination with the Director of National Intelligence, has identified as a foreign adversary that is not included in such Annual Threat Assessment.
- (2) Intelligence community.—The term "intelligence community" has the meaning given such term in section 3(4) of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3003(4)).
- (3) UNMANNED AIRCRAFT SYSTEM; UAS.—The terms "unmanned aircraft system" and "UAS" have the meaning given the term "unmanned aircraft system" in section 341 of the FAA Modernization Act of 2018 (Public Law 115–254).

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### TITLE I—U.S. POLICY ON WORLD BANK GROUP AND ASIAN DEVELOPMENT BANK LOANS TO CHINA

#### SEC. 60101. U.S. POLICY ON WORLD BANK GROUP AND ASIAN DEVELOPMENT BANK LOANS TO CHINA.

Title XVI of the International Financial Institutions Act (22 U.S.C. 262p et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following:

# "SEC. 1632. U.S. POLICY ON WORLD BANK GROUP AND ASIAN DEVELOPMENT BANK LOANS TO CHINA.

- "(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of the Treasury shall instruct the United States Executive Directors at the World Bank Group and the Asian Development Bank to use the voice and vote of the United States at the respective institution to vote against any assistance to the People's Republic of China unless the Secretary of the Treasury has certified to the appropriate congressional committees that—
- "(1) the Government of the People's Republic of China and any lenders owned or controlled by the Government of the People's Republic of China have credibly committed—
- "(A) to participate in multilateral debt relief initiatives on terms at least comparable to other Group of 20 governments;
- "(B) to the practice of presumptive public disclosure of the terms and conditions on which they extend credit to other governments (without regard to the form of any such extension of credit):
- "(C) not to enforce any agreement terms that may impair their own or the borrowers' capacity fully to implement commitments described under subparagraphs (A) and (B); and
- "(D) not to enter into any agreement containing terms that may impair their own or the borrowers' capacity fully to implement commitments described under subparagraphs (A) and (B): and
- "(2) such assistance contributes significantly to the provision of a global public good that serves the national interest of the United States, such as limiting the negative impacts of climate change
- "(b) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- "(I) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMIT-TEES.—The term 'appropriate congressional committees' means the Committee on Financial Services of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate.
- "(2) WORLD BANK GROUP DEFINED.—The term 'World Bank Group' means the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development, the International Development Association, the International Finance Corporation, and the Multilateral Investment Guarantee Agency."

# TITLE II—PROHIBITIONS OR CONDITIONS ON CERTAIN TRANSMITTALS OF FUNDS

SEC. 60201. FINDINGS.

Congress finds the following:

- (1) The Financial Crimes Enforcement Network (FinCEN) is the Financial Intelligence Unit of the United States tasked with safeguarding the financial system from illicit use, combating money laundering and its related crimes including terrorism, and promoting national security.
- (2) Per statute, FinCEN may require domestic financial institutions and financial agencies to take certain "special measures" against jurisdictions, institutions, classes of transactions, or types of accounts determined to be of primary money laundering concern, providing the Secretary with a range of options, such as enhanced record-keeping, that can be adapted to target specific money laundering and terrorist financing and to bring pressure on those that pose money laundering threats.
- (3) This special-measures authority was granted in 2001, when most cross-border transactions occurred through correspondent or payable-through accounts held with large financial institutions which serve as intermediaries to facilitate financial transactions on behalf of other banks.
- (4) Innovations in financial services have transformed and expanded methods of cross-border transactions that could not have been envisioned 20 years ago when FinCEN was given its special-measures authority.
- (5) These innovations, particularly through digital assets and informal value transfer systems, while useful to legitimate consumers and law enforcement, can be tools abused by bad actors like sanctions evaders, fraudsters, money launderers, and those who commit ransomware attacks on victimized U.S. companies and which abuse the financial system to move and obscure the proceeds of their crimes.
- (6) Ransomware attacks on U.S. companies requiring payments in cryptocurrencies have increased in recent years, with the U.S. Treasury estimating that ransomware payments in the United States reached \$590 million in just the first half of 2021, compared to a total of \$416 million in 2020.
- (7) In July 2021, the White House, with support of U.S. allies, asserted that the People's Republic of China was responsible for ransomware operations against private companies that included demands of millions of dollars, including the 2021 ransomware attacks that breached Microsoft email systems and affected thousands of consumers, State and local municipalities, and government contractors attributed to a cyber espionage group with links to the Chinese Ministry of State Security.
- (8) As ransomware attacks organized by Chinese and other foreign bad actors continue to grow in size and scope, modernizing FinCEN's special measure authorities will empower FinCEN to adapt its existing tools, monitor and obstruct global financial threats, and meet the challenges of combating 21st century financial crime.

# SEC. 60202. PROHIBITIONS OR CONDITIONS ON CERTAIN TRANSMITTALS OF FUNDS.

Section 5318A of title 31, United States Code, is amended—

- (1) in subsection (a)(2)(C), by striking "subsection (b)(5)" and inserting "paragraphs (5) and (6) of subsection (b)"; and
- (2) in subsection (b)—
- (A) in paragraph (5), by striking "for or on behalf of a foreign banking institution"; and
- (B) by adding at the end the following:
  "(6) Prohibitions or Conditions on Certain
  Transmittals of Funds.—If the Secretary finds
  a jurisdiction outside of the United States, I or
  more financial institutions operating outside of
  the United States, I or more types of accounts
  within, or involving, a jurisdiction outside of
  the United States, or I or more classes of transactions within, or involving, a jurisdiction outside of the United States to be of primary money
  laundering concern, the Secretary, in consultation with the Secretary of the State, the Attorney General, and the Chairman of the Board of

Governors of the Federal Reserve System, may prohibit, or impose conditions upon certain transmittals of funds (as such term may be defined by the Secretary in a special measure issuance, by regulation, or as otherwise permitted by law), to or from any domestic financial institution or domestic financial agency if such transmittal of funds involves any such jurisdiction, institution, type of account, or class of transaction."

# TITLE III—U.S. STOCK EXCHANGE TRAD-ING PROHIBITION FOR 2 CONSECUTIVE AUDITOR NON-INSPECTION YEARS

### SEC. 60301. TRADING PROHIBITION FOR 2 CON-SECUTIVE NON-INSPECTION YEARS.

Section 104(i) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (15 U.S.C. 7214(i)) is amended—

- (1) in paragraph (2)(A)(ii), by striking "the foreign jurisdiction described in clause (i)" and inserting "a foreign jurisdiction"; and
  - (2) in paragraph (3)—
- (A) in the paragraph heading, by striking "3" and inserting "2"; and
- (B) in subparagraph (A), in the matter preceding clause (i), by striking "3" and inserting "2"

### TITLE IV—COMBATING WILDLIFE TRAF-FICKING FINANCING AND PROCEEDS STUDY ACT

#### SEC. 60401. FINDINGS.

Congress finds the following:

- (1) The 2017 report by the think tank, Global Financial Integrity, entitled "Transnational Crime and the Developing World", determined that the annual global retail value of illegal wildlife trade is between \$5 billion to \$23 billion, and when losses to ecosystem services are considered, the World Bank estimates the cost of environmental crime is between \$1 trillion and \$2 trillion, annually.
- (2) Wildlife traffickers do not prefer particular species or commodities, but instead, according to the non-governmental organization, United for Wildlife, wildlife traffickers focus on the demand, availability, profit potential, and relatively low risk associated with acquiring, trading, and distributing wildlife globally.
- (3) The trafficking of wildlife affects human health because of undetected spread of zoonotic diseases, scarcity in food resources, and the environmental results of degraded ecosystems.
- (4) Also, the trafficking of illicit wildlife such as pangolins from Africa, macaws from Peru, turtles from the United States, and rosewood species smuggled globally threatens our national security at home and American interests abroad because rogue organizations, including transnational criminal organizations, use the proceeds to fund illegal and violent acts throughout the world, fueling corruption and benefiting from corrupt government officials, weakening the rule of law, and distorting commercial markets.
- (5) Many of these supply chains are affected by Chinese activity, from the criminal organizations involved in the initial poaching of targeted commodities to the demand for goods produced from endangered plants and animals.
- (6) The Organized Crime Drug Enforcement Task Forces conducted an investigation known as "Operation Apex" which identified extensive overlaps among drug trafficking organizations, professional money launderers, and wildlife trafficking syndicates.
- (7) A study conducted by Federal entities that examined wildlife trafficking networks determined that—
- (A) more than two-thirds of persons trafficking wildlife also trafficked narcotics;
- (B) 10 percent of persons trafficking wildlife were doing so to finance terrorism; and
- (C) a small percentage of persons trafficking wildlife were doing so to finance the proliferation of nuclear materials.
- (8) Because wildlife trafficking is executed as part of a commodity-agnostic global enterprise, the United States and allies of the United States

should focus efforts to reduce wildlife trafficking on curtailing the expansive networks that traffic wildlife and other goods and on bringing enforcement actions against persons who launder the proceeds of those persons who traffic wildlife rather than pursue specific nations, groups, or commodities.

(9) In the past decade, the illicit wildlife trade has moved online, mainly to social media platforms, creating jurisdictional and technical challenges for law enforcement.

#### SEC. 60402, STUDY.

- (a) In General.—The Secretary of the Treasury and the Secretary of the Interior, acting through the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, shall jointly, not later than 2 years after the date of the enactment of this Act, conduct a study with respect to wildlife trafficking financing and proceeds and submit a report on such study to—
- (1) the Committees on Financial Services and Natural Resources and the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives; and
- (2) the Committees on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs and Energy and Natural Resources and the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate.
- (b) CONSULTATION.—In conducting the study required under subsection (a), the Secretary of the Treasury and the Secretary of the Interior shall consult with such other Federal officials as the Secretaries determine appropriate, including the Secretary of State, the Director of National Intelligence, the Director of Homeland Security Investigations, the Attorney General, and the Secretary of Defense.
- (c) INPUT.—In conducting the study required under subsection (a), the Secretary of the Treasury and the Secretary of the Interior shall solicit and incorporate, where possible and as determined appropriate by the Secretaries, input from—
- (1) domestic, foreign, and multilateral law enforcement organizations,
  - (2) the intelligence community;
- (3) wildlife advocates;
- (4) experts in transnational organized crime, cyber-crime, and illicit finance; and
- (5) nongovernmental organizations, academia, foundations, and other public and private entities
- (d) CONTENTS OF REPORT.—The report required under subsection (a) shall include—
- (1) an overview of the criminal and complicit actors, including individuals, organizations, corrupt networks, and nations, that participate in wildlife trafficking from source to market, both proactively and permissively.
- (2) an overview of the types of wildlife trafficked, for what purposes, and from where;
- (3) an overview of the roles of professional money launderers, corporate and trust formation agents, kleptocrats, and other supply chain and financial facilitators with respect to wildlife trafficking:
- (4) a discussion, based on a consideration of relevant prior studies and investigations, of the convergence of wildlife trafficking with other types of trafficking, including trafficking in persons, timber trafficking, and narcotics trafficking, including shared supply chains and financial facilitators;
- (5) an overview of the national security implications associated with wildlife trafficking and the financing and proceeds of wildlife trafficking, including—
- (A) potential threats to security, including corruption and State instability resulting from wildlife trafficking; and
- (B) potential threats to public health, including global pandemic and ecosystem collapse;
- (6) an examination of how anti-corruption activities might be leveraged with respect to mitigating the ways in which corrupt officials and politically exposed persons enable and engage in wildlife trafficking financing and proceeds;

- (7) an examination of payments methods used to facilitate the trafficking of wildlife, including its financing and proceeds;
- (8) an examination of how online platforms are used to facilitate trafficking and trafficking-related payments that—
- (A) describes the extent to which illicit wildlife trade occurs online, including through social media platforms, ecommerce sites, and encrypted messaging and other surface web platforms;
- (B) identifies payments- and proceeds-related reasons that different online platforms may be chosen by persons trafficking in wildlife; and
- (C) identifies online platforms that are used most for transactions and payments involving trafficking in wildlife:
- (9) an examination of private-sector best practices for combating wildlife trafficking financing and proceeds (including those found in the financial services industry), as well as any practices that have not had success combating wildlife trafficking financing and proceeds;
- (10) a discussion of ways in which existing laws, multilateral agreements, and forums could be expanded or modified to combat wildlife trafficking financing and disrupt its proceeds:
- (11) an identification of tools of international and national engagement, including partnerships with private sector and international financial institutions, that could be coordinated to combat wildlife trafficking financing and disrupt its proceeds:
- (12) recommendations about ways in which interdisciplinary collaboration across Federal agencies could be incentivized to maximize information and analysis from investigations into other types of trafficking and which may benefit from the information and analysis gleaned from wildlife trafficking investigations:
- (13) an examination of how data collection, collaboration, analysis, and technology tools, including artificial intelligence and machine learning might be leveraged to combat wildlife trafficking and its proceeds:
- (14) a recommendation of whether Congress should renew the wildlife trafficking task force authorized in the END Act and sunsetting in December 2021; and
- (15) an examination of how anti-corruption activities and practices could be included in existing Federal and international wildlife trafficking prevention and enforcement efforts.
- (e) CLASSIFICATION OF REPORT.—The report required under subsection (a) may be submitted in classified form but shall have an unclassified annex or executive summary.

# TITLE V—STUDY ON CHINESE SUPPORT FOR AFGHAN ILLICIT FINANCE

# SEC. 60501. STUDY ON CHINESE SUPPORT FOR AFGHAN ILLICIT FINANCE.

- (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following:
- (1) Though China and Afghanistan share only a small land border, when it comes to illicit financial activity between the two countries, China has a demonstrated history of permissiveness regarding trafficking and money laundering that could support both the Taliban and its associates.
- (2) A 2014 Financial Action Task Force report titled, "Financial Flows Linked to the Production and Trafficking of Afghan Opiates" found evidence of importiexport companies registered in China that were transferring funds to Afghanistan, likely as part of trade-based money laundering schemes centered around illicit opium production and trafficking, which, per the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime (UNODC), is one of the Taliban's main sources of income
- (3) Since the U.S. withdrawal from Afghanistan in August 2021, China has announced its willingness to lend financial support and legitimacy to the Taliban-led government in Afghanistan, including Afghan Interior Minister, Sirajuddin Haqqani, a member of the U.S.-sanctions designated Foreign Terrorist Organization, the Haqqani Network.

- (4) China's permissive policies regarding Afghan illicit finance run counter to the strategic interests of the United States with respect to countering trafficking and preventing terrorist groups from accessing the international financial system.
- (5) China's role as a critical source of financial wherewithal for the Taliban and its associates to process and implement drug and other illicit-activity transactions warrants further study as these actions pose a threat both to the safety and security of the people of Afghanistan and the international community.
- (6) Congress needs to better understand how China could leverage its relationships and resources within Afghanistan and how these activities could directly or indirectly provide financial support to terrorist organizations, including the Taliban and its associates.
  - (b) STUDY.—
- (1) REQUIREMENT.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Treasury shall provide to the Committee on Financial Services and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate and the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives and the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate a report on the financial activities of China and Chinese entities in connection with the finances of Afghanistan and the Taliban.
- (2) MATTERS INCLUDED.—The report under paragraph (1) shall include the following:
- (A) An assessment of the activities undertaken by the People's Republic of China and Chinese-registered companies to support illicit financial networks in Afghanistan, particularly such networks involved in narcotics trafficking, illicit financial transactions, official corruption, natural resources exploitation, and terrorist networks.
- (B) An assessment of financial, commercial, and economic activities undertaken by China and Chinese companies in Afghanistan to support Chinese policies counter to American strategic interests.
- (C) Any recommendations to Congress regarding legislative or regulatory improvements necessary to support the identification and disruption of Chinese-supported illicit financial networks in Afghanistan.
- (3) FORM.—The report under paragraph (1) may include a classified annex.

# TITLE VI—U.S. POLICY ON MULTILATERAL DEVELOPMENT BANK CO-FINANCING ARRANGEMENTS WITH CHINA'S INFRASTRUCTURE BANK

#### SEC. 60601. U.S. POLICY ON CO-FINANCING AR-RANGEMENTS AT THE MULTILAT-ERAL DEVELOPMENT BANKS.

Title XVI of the International Financial Institutions Act (22 U.S.C. 262p et seq.), as amended by section 60101, is further amended by adding at the end the following:

#### "SEC. 1633. U.S. POLICY ON CO-FINANCING AR-RANGEMENTS AT THE MULTILAT-ERAL DEVELOPMENT BANKS.

"The Secretary of the Treasury shall instruct the United States Executive Directors at the multilateral development banks (as defined in section 1701(c)(4)) to use the voice and vote of the United States to vote against any program or project at the respective institution if it includes joint or parallel financing provided by the Asian Infrastructure Investment Bank unless the Secretary of the Treasury has certified to the Committee on Financial Services of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate that the Asian Infrastructure Investment Bank—

"(1) has the authority and the resources to provide grants and concessional assistance to countries eligible to borrow from the International Development Association on terms similar to those provided to these countries by the International Development Association; and

"(2) has demonstrated a track record of providing such assistance to these countries.".

# TITLE VII—CHINA FINANCIAL THREAT MITIGATION

# SEC. 60701. CHINA FINANCIAL THREAT MITIGATION.

- (a) REPORT.—The Secretary of the Treasury shall conduct a study and issue a report that includes a description and analysis of any risks to the financial stability of the United States and the global economy emanating from the People's Republic of China, along with any recommendations to the United States representatives at relevant international organizations as appropriate to strengthen international cooperation to monitor and mitigate such financial stability risks.
- (b) Transmission of Report.—The Secretary of the Treasury shall transmit the report required under subsection (a) no later than December 31, 2022, to the Committees on Financial Services and Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives, the Committees on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs and Foreign Relations of the Senate, and to the United States representatives at relevant international organizations, as appropriate.
- (c) CLASSIFICATION.—The report required under subsection (a) shall be unclassified, but may contain a classified annex.
- (d) PUBLICATION OF REPORT.—The Secretary of the Treasury shall publish the report required under subsection (a) (other than any classified annex) on the website of the Department of the Treasury no later than December 31, 2022.

# TITLE VIII—SUPPORT FOR DEBT RELIEF FOR DEVELOPING COUNTRIES

# SEC. 60801. SUPPORT FOR INTERNATIONAL INITIATIVES TO PROVIDE DEBT RELIEF TO DEVELOPING COUNTRIES WITH UNSUSTAINABLE LEVELS OF DEBT.

- (a) DEBT RELIEF.—The Secretary of the Treasury, in consultation with the Secretary of State, shall—
- (1) engage with international financial institutions and official and commercial creditors to advance support for prompt and effective implementation and improvement of the Common Framework for Debt Treatments beyond the Debt Service Suspension Initiative (in this section referred to as the "Common Framework"), and any successor framework or similar coordinated international debt treatment process through the establishment and publication of clear and accountable—
- (A) debt treatment benchmarks designed to achieve debt sustainability for each participating debtor;
- (B) standards for equitable burden sharing among all creditors with material claims on each participating debtor, without regard for their official, private, or hybrid status;
- (C) robust debt disclosure, including but not limited to inter-creditor data sharing and a broad presumption in favor of public disclosure of material terms and conditions of claims on participating debtors;
- (D) expanded eligibility criteria to include all countries with unsustainable levels of sovereign
- (E) standards for comprehensive creditor participation consistent with robust application of the policies of the International Monetary Funds relating to lending into arrears; and
- (F) consistent enforcement and improvement of the policies of multilateral institutions relating to asset-based and revenue-based borrowing by participating debtors, and coordinated standards on restructuring collateralized debt;
- (2) engage with international financial institutions and official and commercial creditors to advance support for a comprehensive and effective debt payment standstill for each participating debtor from the time of its applications of an auntil the completion of its negotiations under, the Common Framework, or any successor framework or similar coordinated inter-

national debt treatment process: provided, however, that any such standstill should incentivize prompt and comprehensive debt restructuring agreement and provide temporary cash flow relief for the debtor, without exacerbating its vulnerability to debt distress; and

(3) instruct the United States Executive Director at the International Monetary Fund and the United States Executive Director at the World Bank to use the voice and vote of the United States to advance the efforts described in paragraphs (1) and (2), including by urging international financial institutions to participate in debt relief, without undermining their ability to continue to provide new and additional flows of aid and assistance

(b) REPORTING REQUIREMENT.—Not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter until the end of the COVID-19 pandemic, as determined by the World Health Organization, the Secretary of the Treasury, in coordination with the Secretary of State, shall submit to the Committees on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs and Foreign Relations of the Senate and the Committees on Financial Services and Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives a report that describes—

(1) actions that have been taken, in coordination with international financial institutions, by official creditors, including the government of, and state-owned enterprises in, the People's Republic of China, and relevant commercial creditor groups to advance debt relief for countries with unsustainable debt that have sought relief under the Common Framework, any successor framework or mechanism, or under any other coordinated international arrangement for sovereign debt restructuring;

(2) any implementation challenges that hinder the ability of the Common Framework to provide timely debt restructuring for any country with unsustainable debt that seeks debt relief or debt payment relief, including any refusal of any creditors to participate in equitable burden sharing, including but not limited to failure to share (or publish, as appropriate) all material information needed to assess debt sustainability and inter-creditor equitu:

(3) recommendations on how to address challenges identified in paragraph (2);

(4) any United States policy concerns with respect to providing debt relief to specific countries; and

(5) the transparency and accountability measures established or proposed to ensure that resources freed up by the debt relief described in paragraph (1) are used for activities that respond to the health, economic, and social effects of the COVID-19 pandemic, climate change resiliency, or help ensure equitable recoveries and growth.

# TITLE IX—SECURING AMERICA'S VACCINES FOR EMERGENCIES

# SEC. 60901. SHORT TITLE.

This title may be cited as the "Securing America's Vaccines for Emergencies Act of 2022" or the "SAVE Act of 2022".

### SEC. 60902. SECURING ESSENTIAL MEDICAL MA-TERIALS.

- (a) STATEMENT OF POLICY.—Section 2(b) of the Defense Production Act of 1950 (50 U.S.C. 4502) is amended—
- (1) by redesignating paragraphs (3) through (8) as paragraphs (4) through (9), respectively; and
- (2) by inserting after paragraph (2) the following:
- "(3) authorities under this Act should be used when appropriate to ensure the availability of medical materials essential to national defense, including through measures designed to secure the drug supply chain, and taking into consideration the importance of United States competitiveness, scientific leadership and cooperation, and innovative capacitu:".
- (b) Strengthening Domestic Capability.— Section 107 of the Defense Production Act of 1950 (50 U.S.C. 4517) is amended—

- (1) in subsection (a), by inserting "(including medical materials)" after "materials"; and
- (2) in subsection (b)(1), by inserting "(including medical materials such as drugs, devices, and biological products to diagnose, cure, mitigate, treat, or prevent disease that are essential to national defense)" after "essential materials"
- (c) Strategy on Securing Supply Chains for Medical Materials.—Title I of the Defense Production Act of 1950 (50 U.S.C. 4511 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following:

# "SEC. 109. STRATEGY ON SECURING SUPPLY CHAINS FOR MEDICAL MATERIALS.

- "(a) In GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this section, the President, in consultation with the Secretary of Health and Human Services, the Secretary of Commerce, the Secretary of Homeland Security, and the Secretary of Defense, shall transmit a strategy to the appropriate Members of Congress that includes the following:
- "(1) A detailed plan to use the authorities under this title and title III, or any other provision of law, to ensure the supply of medical materials (including drugs, devices, and biological products (as that term is defined in section 351 of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 262)) to diagnose, cure, mitigate, treat, or prevent disease) essential to national defense, to the extent necessary for the purposes of this Act.
- "(2) An analysis of vulnerabilities to existing supply chains for such medical materials, and recommendations to address the vulnerabilities.
- "(3) Measures to be undertaken by the President to diversify such supply chains, as appropriate and as required for national defense.
  - "(4) A discussion of-
- "(A) any significant effects resulting from the plan and measures described in this subsection on the production, cost, or distribution of biological products (as that term is defined in section 351 of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 262)) or any other devices or drugs (as defined under the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 301 et seq.));
- "(B) a timeline to ensure that essential components of the supply chain for medical materials are not under the exclusive control of a foreign government in a manner that the President determines could threaten the national defense of the United States; and
- "(C) efforts to mitigate any risks resulting from the plan and measures described in this subsection to United States competitiveness, scientific leadership, and innovative capacity, including efforts to cooperate and proactively engage with United States allies.
- "(b) PROGRESS REPORT.—Following submission of the strategy under subsection (a), the President shall submit to the appropriate Members of Congress an annual progress report until September 30, 2025, evaluating the implementation of the strategy, and may include updates to the strategy as appropriate. The strategy and progress reports shall be submitted in unclassified form but may contain a classified annex.
- "(c) APPROPRIATE MEMBERS OF CONGRESS.— The term 'appropriate Members of Congress' means the Speaker, majority leader, and minority leader of the House of Representatives, the majority leader and minority leader of the Senate, the Chairman and Ranking Member of the Committee on Financial Services of the House of Representatives, the Chairman and Ranking Member of the Committee on Energy and Commerce and the Chairman and Ranking Member of the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs of the Senate."

#### SEC. 60903. INVESTMENT IN SUPPLY CHAIN SECU-RITY.

- (a) In General.—Section 303 of the Defense Production Act of 1950 (50 U.S.C. 4533) is amended by adding at the end the following:
- "(h) INVESTMENT IN SUPPLY CHAIN SECU-RITY.—

- "(1) IN GENERAL.—In addition to other authorities in this title, the President may make available to an eligible entity described in paragraph (2) payments to increase the security of supply chains and supply chain activities, if the President certifies to Congress not less than 30 days before making such a payment that the payment is critical to meet national defense requirements of the United States.
- "(2) ELIGIBLE ENTITY.—An eligible entity described in this paragraph is an entity that—
- "(A) is organized under the laws of the United States or any jurisdiction within the United States; and
  - "(B) produces—
  - "(i) one or more critical components;
  - "(ii) critical technology; or
- "(iii) one or more products or raw materials for the security of supply chains or supply chain activities.
- "(3) DEFINITIONS.—In this subsection, the terms 'supply chain' and 'supply chain activities' have the meanings given those terms by the President by regulation.".
  - (b) REGULATIONS.—
- (1) In GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the President shall prescribe regulations setting forth definitions for the terms "supply chain" and "supply chain activities" for the purposes of section 303(h) of the Defense Production Act of 1950 (50 U.S.C. 4533(h)), as added by subsection (a).
- (2) SCOPE OF DEFINITIONS.—The definitions required by paragraph (1)—
  - (A) shall encompass—
- (i) the organization, people, activities, information, and resources involved in the delivery and operation of a product or service used by the Government; or
- (ii) critical infrastructure as defined in Presidential Policy Directive 21 (February 12, 2013; relating to critical infrastructure security and resilience); and
- (B) may include variations as determined necessary and appropriate by the President for purposes of national defense.

# TITLE X—COVID-19 EMERGENCY MEDICAL SUPPLIES ENHANCEMENT

# SEC. 61001. SHORT TITLE.

This title may be cited as the "COVID-19 Emergency Medical Supplies Enhancement Act of 2022".

#### SEC. 61002. DETERMINATION ON EMERGENCY SUPPLIES AND OTHER PUBLIC HEALTH EMERGENCIES.

- (a) COVID-19 PANDEMIC RESPONSE.—For the purposes of section 101 of the Defense Production Act of 1950 (50 U.S.C. 4511), the following materials may be deemed by the President, during the COVID-19 emergency period, to be scarce and critical materials essential to the national defense and otherwise meet the requirements of section 101(b) of such Act, and funds available to implement such Act may be used for the purchase, production (including the construction, repair, and retrofitting of government-owned facilities as necessary), or distribution of such materials:
- (1) In vitro diagnostic products (as defined in section 809.3(a) of title 21, Code of Federal Regulations) for the detection of SARS-CoV-2 or the diagnosis of the virus that causes COVID-19, and the reagents and other materials necessary for producing, conducting, or administering such products, and the machinery, equipment, laboratory capacity, or other technology necessary to produce such products.
- (2) Face masks and personal protective equipment, including non-surgical isolation gowns, face shields, nitrile gloves, N-95 filtering face-piece respirators, and any other masks or equipment (including durable medical equipment) determined by the Secretary of Health and Human Services to be needed to respond to the COVID-19 pandemic, and the materials, machinery, additional manufacturing lines or facilities, or

other technology necessary to produce such equipment.

- (3) Drugs and devices (as those terms are defined in the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 301 et seq.)) and biological products (as that term is defined by section 351 of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 262)) that are approved, cleared, licensed, or authorized under either of such Acts for use in treating or preventing COVID-19 and symptoms related COVID-19, and any materials, manufacturing machinery, additional manufacturing or fill-finish lines or facilities, technology, or equipment (including durable medical equipment) necessary to produce or use such drugs, biological products, or devices (including syringes, vials, or other supplies or equipment related to delivery, distribution, or administra-
- (4) Any other medical equipment or supplies determined by the Secretary of Health and Human Services or the Secretary of Homeland Security to be scarce and critical materials essential to the national defense for purposes of section 101 of the Defense Production Act of 1950 (50 U.S.C. 4511).
- (b) FUTURE PREPAREDNESS FOR HEALTH EMERGENCIES.—Section 702(14) of the Defense Production Act of 1950 is amended by striking "and critical infrastructure protection and restoration" and inserting ", critical infrastructure protection and restoration, and public health emergency preparedness and response activities".

#### SEC. 61003. EXERCISE OF TITLE I AUTHORITIES IN RELATION TO CONTRACTS BY STATE, LOCAL, OR TRIBAL GOVERN-MENTS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—In exercising authorities under title I of the Defense Production Act of 1950 (50 U.S.C. 4511 et seq.) during the COVID—19 emergency period, the President (and any officer or employee of the United States to which authorities under such title I have been delegated)—
- (1) may exercise the prioritization or allocation authority provided in such title I to exclude any materials described in section 61002 ordered by a State, local, or Tribal government that are scheduled to be delivered within 15 days of the time at which—
- (A) the purchase order or contract by the Federal Government for such materials is made; or
- (B) the materials are otherwise allocated by the Federal Government under the authorities contained in such Act; and
- (2) shall, within 24 hours of any exercise of the prioritization or allocation authority provided in such title I—
- (A) to the extent practicable notify any State, local, or Tribal government if the President determines that the exercise of such authorities would delay the receipt of such materials ordered by such government; and
- (B) take such steps as may be necessary, and as authorized by law, to ensure that such materials ordered by such government are delivered in the shortest possible period, consistent with the purposes of the Defense Production Act of 1950
- (b) UPDATE TO FEDERAL REGULATIONS.—
- (1) DPAS.—Not later than 30 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Defense Property Accountability System regulations (15 C.F.R. part 700) shall be revised to reflect the requirements of subsection (a).
- (2) FAR.—Not later than 30 days after the revisions required by paragraph (1) are made, the Federal Acquisition Regulation shall be revised to reflect the requirements of subsection (a), consistent with the revisions made pursuant to paragraph (1).

# SEC. 61004. ENGAGEMENT WITH THE PRIVATE SECTOR.

(a) Outreach Representative.—Consistent with the authorities in title VII of the Defense Production Act of 1950 (50 U.S.C. 4551 et seq.), the Administrator of the Federal Emergency

Management Agency, in consultation with the Secretary of Health and Human Services, may designate or appoint, pursuant to section 703 of such Act (50 U.S.C. 4553), an individual to be known as the "Outreach Representative" for the COVID-19 emergency period. Such individual shall—

- (1) be appointed from among individuals with substantial experience in the production or distribution of medical supplies or equipment; and
- (2) act as the Government-wide single point of contact during the COVID-19 emergency for outreach to manufacturing companies and their suppliers who may be interested in producing medical supplies or equipment, including the materials described under section 61002.
- (b) ENCOURAGING PARTNERSHIPS.—During the COVID—19 emergency period, the Outreach Representative shall seek to develop partnerships between companies, in coordination with any overall coordinator appointed by the President to oversee the response to the COVID—19 emergency, including through the exercise of the authorities delegated by the President under section 708 of the Defense Production Act of 1950 (50 U.S.C. 4558).

# SEC. 61005. ENHANCEMENT OF SUPPLY CHAIN PRODUCTION.

In exercising authority under title III of the Defense Production Act of 1950 (50 U.S.C. 4531 et seq.) with respect to materials described in section 61002, the President shall seek to ensure that support is provided to companies that comprise the supply chains for reagents, components, raw materials, and other materials and items necessary to produce or use the materials described in section 61002 to the extent necessary for the national defense during the COVID-19 emergency period.

#### SEC. 61006. ENHANCED REPORTING DURING COVID-19 EMERGENCY.

- (a) REPORT ON EXERCISING AUTHORITIES UNDER THE DEFENSE PRODUCTION ACT OF 1950.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the President, in consultation with the Administrator of the Federal Emergency Management Agency, the Secretary of Defense, and the Secretary of Health and Human Services, shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report on the exercise of authorities under titles I, III, and VII of the Defense Production Act of 1950 (50 U.S.C. 4501 et seq.) prior to the date of such report for the purposes of the COVID-19 response.
- (2) CONTENTS.—The report required under subsection (a) and the update required under paragraph (3) shall include the following:
- (A) IN GENERAL.—With respect to each exercise of such authority—
- (i) an explanation of the purpose of the applicable contract, purchase order, or other exercise of authority (including an allocation of materials, services, and facilities under section 101(a)(2) of the Defense Production Act of 1950 (50 U.S.C. 4511(a)(2)):
- (ii) the cost of such exercise of authority; and(iii) if applicable—
- (I) the amount of goods that were purchased or allocated;
- (II) an identification of the entity awarded a contract or purchase order or that was the subject of the exercise of authority; and
- (III) an identification of any entity that had shipments delayed by the exercise of any authority under the Defense Production Act of 1950 (50 U.S.C. 4501 et seq.).
- (B) CONSULTATIONS.—A description of any consultations conducted with relevant stakeholders on the needs addressed by the exercise of the authorities described in paragraph (1).
- (3) UPDATE.—The President shall provide an additional briefing to the appropriate congressional committees on the matters described under paragraph (2) no later than four months after the submission of the report.

- (b) Exercise of Loan Authorities.—
- (1) In GENERAL.—Any loan made pursuant to section 302 or 303 of the Defense Production Act of 1950, carried out by the United States International Development Finance Corporation pursuant to the authorities delegated by Executive Order No. 13922, shall be subject to the notification requirements contained in section 1446 of the BUILD Act of 2018 (22 U.S.C. 9656).
- (2) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES.—For purposes of the notifications required by paragraph (1) the term "appropriate congressional committees", as used section 1446 of the BUILD Act of 2018, shall be deemed to include the Committee on Financial Services of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Banking, Housing and Urban Development of the Senate.
- (c) SUNSET.—The requirements of this section shall terminate on the end of the COVID-19 emergency period.

# SEC. 61007. REPORT ON ACTIVITIES INVOLVING SMALL BUSINESS.

The report required by section 304(f)(3) of the Defense Production Act of 1950 (50 U.S.C. 4534(f)(3)) for fiscal years 2023 and 2024 shall include the percentage of contracts awarded using funds to carry out the Defense Production Act of 1950 for each of the fiscal years 2023 and 2024, respectively, to small business concerns (as defined under section 702 of such Act).

#### SEC. 61008. DEFINITIONS.

In this title:

- (1) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES.—The term "appropriate congressional committees" means the Committees on Appropriations, Armed Services, Energy and Commerce, Financial Services, and Homeland Security of the House of Representatives and the Committees on Appropriations, Armed Services, Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs, Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions, Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs, and Veterans' Affairs of the Senate.
- (2) COVID-19 EMERGENCY PERIOD.—The term "COVID-19 emergency period" means the period beginning on the date of enactment of this Act and ending on the earlier of—
- (A) the end of the incident period for the emergency declared on March 13, 2020, by the President under section 501 of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 4121 et seq.) relating to the Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) pandemic; or
  - (B) September 30, 2025.
- (3) Relevant stakeholder.—The term ''relevant stakeholder'' means—
  - (A) representative private sector entities;
  - (B) representatives of the nonprofit sector;
- (C) representatives of primary and secondary school systems; and
- (D) representatives of organizations representing workers, including health workers, manufacturers, teachers, other public sector employees, and service sector workers.
- (4) STATE.—The term "State" means each of the several States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and any territory of the United States.

# DIVISION H—COMMITTEE ON NATURAL RESOURCES

# TITLE I—ILLEGAL FISHING AND FORCED LABOR PREVENTION

# SEC. 70101. DEFINITIONS.

*In this title, the following definitions apply:* 

- (1) OPPRESSIVE CHILD LABOR.—The term "oppressive child labor" has the meaning given such term in section 3 of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 (29 U.S.C. 203).
- (2) FORCED LABOR.—The term "forced labor" means any labor or service provided for or obtained by any means described in section 1589(a) of title 18, United States Code.
- (3) HUMAN TRAFFICKING.—The term "human trafficking" has the meaning given the term

- "severe forms of trafficking in persons" in section 103 of the Trafficking Victims Protection Act of 2000 (22 U.S.C. 7102).
- (4) ILLEGAL, UNREPORTED, OR UNREGULATED FISHING.—The term "illegal, unreported, or unregulated fishing" has the meaning given such term in section 609 of the High Seas Driftnet Fishing Moratorium Protection Act (16 U.S.C. 1826j(e)), as amended by this title.
- (5) SEAFOOD.—The term "seafood" means fish meal, and all marine animal and plant life meant for consumption as food other than marine mammals and birds, including fish, shell-fish, shellfish products, and processed fish.
- (6) SEAFOOD IMPORT MONITORING PROGRAM.— The term "Seafood Import Monitoring Program" means the Seafood Traceability Program established under section 300.324 of title 50, Code of Federal Regulations.
- (7) SECRETARY.—The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of Commerce, acting through the Administrator of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration.

#### SEC. 70102. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIA-TIONS.

There is authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary \$20,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2022 through 2027 to carry out subtitle A, subtitle B, and the amendments made by those subtitles.

# Subtitle A—Combating Human Trafficking Through Seafood Import Monitoring

# SEC. 70111. DEFINITIONS.

- In this subtitle, the following additional definitions apply:
- (1) COMPETENT AUTHORITY.—The term "competent authority" means government and any third party that meets certain governing criteria. Such criteria shall be established by regulation, after outreach to key environmental and labor stakeholders.
- (2) UNIQUE VESSEL IDENTIFIER.—The term "unique vessel identifier" means a unique number that stays with a vessel for the duration of the vessel's life, regardless of changes in flag, ownership, name, or other changes to the vessel.

#### SEC. 70112. EXPANSION OF SEAFOOD IMPORT MONITORING PROGRAM TO ALL SPE-CIES

The Secretary shall, not later than 2 years after the date of enactment of this Act, expand the Seafood Import Monitoring Program to apply to all seafood and seafood products imported into the United States.

#### SEC. 70113. ENHANCEMENT OF SEAFOOD IMPORT MONITORING PROGRAM AUTOMATED COMMERCIAL ENVIRONMENT MES-SAGE SET.

The Secretary, in coordination with the Commissioner of U.S. Customs and Border Protection, shall, not later than 6 months after the date of enactment of this Act, develop a strategy to improve the quality and verifiability of already collected Seafood Import Monitoring Program Message Set data elements in the Automated Commercial Environment system that prioritizes the use of enumerated data types, such as checkboxes, dropdown menus, or radio buttons, and any additional elements the Agency finds necessary, among other options, rather than open text fields, for—

- (1) authorization to fish;
- (2) unique vessel identifier (if available);
- (3) catch document identifier;
- (4) location of wild-capture harvest and landing or aquaculture location;
- (5) type of fishing gear used to harvest the fish:
- (6) name of farm or aquaculture facility, if applicable; and
- (7) location of aquaculture facility, if applicable.

#### SEC. 70114. ADDITIONAL DATA REQUIREMENTS FOR SEAFOOD IMPORT MONITORING PROGRAM DATA COLLECTION.

(a) In General.—Not later than 1 year after date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall revise section 300.324 of title 50, Code of Federal Regulations, to—

- (1) require at the time of entry for imported seafood and seafood products—
- (A) location of catch or cultivation, includ-
- (i) geographic location at a resolution of not less than 1 degree latitude by 1 degree longitude;
- (ii) the country code of the International Organization for Standardization if the catch was within the exclusive economic zone or territorial waters of a country;
- (iii) if appropriate, the regional fisheries management organization or organizations having jurisdiction over the catch, if it occurs within the jurisdiction of any regional fisheries management organization; and
- (iv) the Food and Agriculture Organization major fishing area codes;
- (B) electronic reports of chain-of-custody records that identify, including with unique vessel identifiers when applicable, each custodian of the seafood, including transshippers, processors, storage facilities, and distributors and the physical address of such facilities;
- (C) maritime mobile service identity number of harvesting and transshipment vessels; and
- (D) beneficial owner of each harvesting and transshipment vessel or aquaculture facility, when applicable;
- (2) require all importers submitting seafood import data to require prior notification and submission of seafood import data at least 72 hours and no more than 15 days prior to entry;
- (3) require verification and certification of harvest information by competent authorities at all major transfer points in the supply chain, including harvest, landing, processing, and transshipment at the time of entry.
- (b) FORCED LABOR.—The Secretary, working in consultation with the Secretary of Homeland Security, the Secretary of Labor, and the Secretary of State, shall, not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, complete a regulatory process to establish additional key data elements for the Seafood Import Monitoring Program, that collect information about labor conditions in the harvest, transshipment, and processing of imported fish and fish products.
- (c) INTERNATIONAL FISHERIES TRADE PERMIT.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall—
- (1) publish and maintain on the website of the National Marine Fisheries Service a list of all current International Fisheries Trade Permit holders, including the name of the permit holder and expiration date of the permit;
- (2) begin to revoke, modify, or deny issuance of an International Fisheries Trade Permit with respect to a permit holder or applicant that has violated any requirement of section 300.322, 300.323, 300.324, or 300.325 of title 50, Code of Federal Regulations: and
- (3) require an International Fisheries Trade Permit for importers.

# SEC. 70115. IMPORT AUDITS.

- (a) AUDIT PROCEDURES.—The Secretary shall, not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, implement procedures to audit information and supporting records of sufficient numbers of imports of seafood and seafood products subject to the Seafood Import Monitoring Program to support statistically robust conclusions that the samples audited are representative of all seafood imports with respect to a given year.
- (b) ANNUAL REVISION.—In developing the procedures required in subsection (a), the Secretary shall, not less frequently than once each year, revise such procedures to prioritize for audit those imports originating from countries—
- (1) identified pursuant to sections 609(b) or 610(a) of the High Seas Driftnet Fishing Moratorium Protection Act (16 U.S.C. 1826j(b) or 1826k(a)) that have not yet received a subsequent positive certification pursuant to sections 609(d) or 610(c) of such Act, respectively;

- (2) identified by an appropriate regional fishery management organization as being the flag state or landing location of vessels identified by other countries or regional fisheries management organizations as engaging in illegal, unreported, or unregulated fishing;
- (3) identified as having human trafficking, including forced labor, in any part of the seafood supply chain, including on vessels flagged in such country and including feed for cultured production, in the most recent Trafficking in Persons Report issued by the Department of State in accordance with the Trafficking Victims Protection Act of 2000 (22 U.S.C. 7101 et sea.):
- (4) identified as producing goods that contain seafood using forced labor or oppressive child labor in the most recent List of Goods Produced by Child Labor or Forced Labor in accordance with the Trafficking Victims Protection Act (22 U.S.C. 7101 et seq.); and
- (5) identified as at risk for human trafficking. including forced labor, in their seafood catching and processing industries by the report required in section 3563 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2020 (Public Law 116-92).

#### SEC. 70116. AVAILABILITY OF FISHERIES INFOR-MATION.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 402(b)(1) of the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act (16 U.S.C. 1881a(b)(1)) is amended by striking "or" after the semicolon at the end of subparagraph (G), by striking the period at the end of subparagraph (H) and inserting "; or", and by adding at the end the following:
- "(I) to Federal agencies responsible for screening of imported seafood and for the purpose of carrying out the duties under or with respect to-
- "(i) the Seafood Import Monitoring Program; "(ii) the Antarctic Marine Living Resources Program:
- "(iii) the Tuna Tracking and Verification Program;
- "(iv) the Atlantic Highly Migratory Species International Trade Program;
- "(v) the List of Goods Produced by Child Labor or Forced Labor in accordance with the Trafficking Victims Protection Act of 2000 (22 U.S.C. 7101 et seq.);
- "(vi) the Trafficking in Persons Report required by section 110 of the Trafficking Victims Protection Act of 2000 (22 U.S.C. 7107);
- "(vii) enforcement activities and regulations authorized under section 307 of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1307); and
- "(viii) the taking and related acts in commercial fishing operations under section 216.24 of title 50, Code of Federal Regulations;
- "(J) to Federal, State and local agencies for the purposes of verification and enforcement of title II of this Act; or
- '(K) information that pertains to catch documentation and legality of catch, if disclosure of that information would not materially damage the value of catch or business.".
- (b) IMPLEMENTATION DEADLINE.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall issue regulations implementing the amendments in this section.

#### SEC. 70117. AUTHORITY TO HOLD FISH PROD-UCTS.

- Section 311(b)(1) of the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act (16 U.S.C. 1861(b)) is amended-
- (1) in subparagraph (B), striking "; and" and inserting a semicolon;
- (2) in subparagraph (C), striking the period and inserting "; and"; and
- (3) by adding at the end the following a new subparagraph:
- '(D) detain, for a period of up to 14 days, any shipment of fish or fish product imported into, landed on, introduced into, exported from, or transported within the jurisdiction of the United

States, or, if such fish or fish product is deemed to be perishable, sell and retain the proceeds therefrom for a period of up to 21 days.

#### SEC. 70118. REPORT ON SEAFOOD IMPORT MONI-TORING.

- (a) REPORT TO CONGRESS AND PUBLIC AVAIL-ABILITY OF REPORTS.—The Secretary shall, not later than 120 days after the end of each fiscal year, submit to the Committee on Natural Resources of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate a report that summarizes the National Marine Fisheries Service's efforts to prevent the importation of seafood harvested through illegal, unreported, or unregulated fishing, particularly with respect to seafood harvested, produced, processed, or manufactured bu forced labor. Each such report shall be made publicly available on the public website of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration.
- (b) CONTENTS.—Each report submitted under subsection (a) shall include-
- (1) the volume and value of seafood species subject to the Seafood Import Monitoring Program, described in section 300,324 of title 50. Code of Federal Regulations, reported by 10digit Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States codes, imported during the previous fiscal
- (2) the enforcement activities and priorities of the National Marine Fisheries Service with respect to implementing the requirements under the Seafood Import Monitoring Program:
- (3) the percentage of import shipments subject to this program selected for inspection or the information or records supporting entry selected for audit, as described in section 300.324(d) of title 50. Code of Federal Regulations:
- (4) the number and types of instances of noncompliance with the requirements of the Seafood Import Monitoring Program;
- (5) the number and types of instances of violations of State or Federal law discovered through the Seafood Import Monitoring Program;
- (6) the seafood species with respect to which violations described in paragraphs (4) and (5) were most prevalent:
- (7) the location of catch or harvest with respect to which violations described in paragraphs (4) and (5) were most prevalent; and
- (8) such other information as the Secretary considers appropriate with respect to monitoring and enforcing compliance with the Seafood Import Monitorina Program.

# SEC. 70119. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIA-TIONS.

There is authorized to be appropriated to the Commissioner of U.S. Customs and Border Protection to carry out enforcement actions pursuant to section 307 of the Tariff Act \$20,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2022 through 2026.

#### Subtitle B-Strengthening International Fisheries Management to Combat Human Trafficking

# SEC. 70121. DENIAL OF PORT PRIVILEGES.

Section 101(a)(2) of the High Seas Driftnet EnforcementFisheries ActU.S.C.1826a(a)(2)) is amended to read as follows:

- "(2) DENIAL OF PORT PRIVILEGES .- The Secretary of Homeland Security shall, in accordance with international law-
- "(A) withhold or revoke the clearance required by section 60105 of title 46, United States Code, for any large-scale driftnet fishing vessels of a nation that receives a negative certification under sections 609(d) or 610(c) of the High Seas Driftnet Fishing Moratorium Protection Act (16  $U.S.C.\ 1826i(d)$  or 1826k(c), or fishing vessels of a nation that has been listed pursuant to sections 609(b) or 610(a) of such Act (16 U.S.C. 1826j(b) or 1826k(a)) in 2 or more consecutive reports as described under section 607 of such Act (16 U.S.C. 1826h), until a positive certification has been received;
- "(B) withhold or revoke the clearance required by section 60105 of title 46, United States

Code, for fishing vessels of a nation that has been listed pursuant to sections 609(b) or 610(a) of such Act (16 U.S.C. 1826j(b) or 1826k(a)) in 2 or more consecutive reports as described under section 607 of such Act (16 U.S.C. 1826h); and

'(C) deny entry of that vessel to any place in the United States and to the navigable waters of the United States, except for the purposes of inspecting such vessel, conducting an investigation, or taking other appropriate enforcement action.'

#### SEC. 70122. IDENTIFICATION AND CERTIFICATION CRITERIA.

- (a) Denial of Port Privileges.—Section 609 of the High Seas Driftnet Fishing Moratorium Protection Act (16 U.S.C. 1826j) is amended-
- (1) by striking subsections (a) and (b): and (2) by inserting before subsection (c) the following:
- (a) COOPERATION WITH GOVERNMENTS. "(1) INFORMATION COLLECTION.—The Secretary, in consultation with the Secretary of State, shall engage with each flag, coastal, port, and market nation that exports seafood to the United States to collect information sufficient to evaluate the effectiveness of such nation's management of fisheries and control systems to prevent illegal, unreported, or unregulated fishing.
- "(2) RECOMMENDATIONS.—The Secretary, in consultation with the Secretary of State, shall provide recommendations to such nations to resolve compliance gaps and improve fisheries management and control systems in order to assist such nations in preventing illegal, unreported, or unregulated fishing.
  - (b) IDENTIFICATION AND WARNING.
- "(1) FOR ACTIONS OF A FISHING VESSEL.—The Secretary shall identify and list in the report required by section 607 a nation if a fishing vessel of such nation is engaged or has, in the preceding 3 years, engaged in illegal, unreported, or unregulated fishing. The Secretary shall include all nations that qualify for identification, regardless of whether the Secretary has engaged in the process described in this subsection or under subsection (a). Any of the following relevant information is sufficient to form the basis of an identification:
  - (A) Compliance reports.
- "(B) Data or information from international fishery management organizations, a foreign government, or an organization or stakeholder
  - f(C) Information submitted by the public.
- "(D) Information submitted to the Secretary under section 402(a) of the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act (16 U.S.C. 1881a(a)).
- "(E) Import data collected by the Secretary pursuant to part 300.324 of title 50, Code of Federal Regulations.
- '(F) Information compiled from a Federal agency, including, the Coast Guard and agencies within the Interagency Working Group on Illegal, Unreported, and Unregulated Fishing.
- (2) For actions of a nation.—The Secretary shall identify, and list in such report, a nation engaging in or endorsing illegal, unreported, or unregulated fishing, including the following:
- '(A) Any nation that is failing, or has failed in the preceding 3-year period, to cooperate with the United States Government in providing information about such nation's fisheries management and control systems described in subsection (a).
- '(B) Any nation that is violating, or has violated at any point during the preceding 3 years. conservation and management measures including catch and other data reporting obligations and requirements required under an international fishery management agreement.
- (C) Any nation that is failing, or has failed in the preceding 3-year period, to effectively address or regulate illegal, unreported, or unregulated fishing within its fleets in any areas where its vessels are fishina.
- '(D) Any nation that fails to discharge duties incumbent upon it under international law or

practice as a flag, port, or coastal state to take action to prevent, deter, and eliminate illegal, unreported, or unregulated fishing.

``(E) Any nation that provides subsidies that—

"(i) contribute to illegal, unreported, or unregulated fishing or increased capacity and overfishing at proportionally higher rates than subsidies that promote fishery resource conservation and management; or

"(ii) that otherwise undermine the effectiveness of any international fishery conservation

program.

"(F) Any nation that has been identified as having human trafficking, including forced labor, in any part of the seafood supply chain in the most recent Trafficking in Persons Report issued by the Department of State in accordance with the Trafficking Victims Protection Act of 2000 (22 U.S.C. 7101 et seg.).

"(G) Any nation that has been identified as producing seafood-related goods through forced labor or oppressive child labor in the most recent List of Goods Produced by Child Labor or Forced Labor in accordance with the Trafficking Victims Protection Act of 2000 (22 U.S.C.

7101 et seq.).

"(H) Any nation that has been identified as at risk for human trafficking, including forced labor, in their seafood catching and processing industries in the report required in section 3563 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2020 (Public Law 116–92).

"(3) WARNING.—The Secretary shall issue a warning to each nation identified under this

subsection.

"(4) TIMING.—The Secretary shall make an identification under paragraph (1) or (2) at any time that the Secretary has sufficient information to make such identification.".

- (b) ILLEGAL, UNREPORTED, OR UNREGULATED CERTIFICATION DETERMINATION.—Section 609(d) of the High Seas Driftnet Fishing Moratorium Protection Act (16 U.S.C. 1826j(d)) is amended to read as follows:
  - "(d) IUU CERTIFICATION PROCEDURE.-

"(1) CERTIFICATION DETERMINATION.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall establish a procedure for certifying whether a nation identified under subsection (b) has taken appropriate corrective action with respect to the offending activities identified under section (b) that has led to measurable improvements in the reduction of illegal, unreported, or unregulated fishing and any underlying regulatory, policy, or practice failings or gaps that may have contributed to such identification.

"(B) OPPORTUNITY FOR COMMENT.—The Secretary shall ensure that the procedure established under subparagraph (A) provides for notice and an opportunity for comment by the

identified nation.

"(C) DETERMINATION.—The Secretary shall, consistent with such procedure, determine and certify to the Congress not later than 90 days after the date on which the Secretary issues a final rule containing the procedure, and biennially thereafter—

"(i) whether the government of each nation identified under subsection (b) has provided documentary evidence that such nation has taken corrective action with respect to such

identification; or

"(ii) whether the relevant international fishery management organization has taken corrective action that has ended the illegal, unreported, or unregulated fishing activity by vessels of that nation.

"(2) ALTERNATIVE PROCEDURE.—The Secretary may establish a procedure to authorize, on a shipment-by-shipment, shipper-by-shipper, or other basis the importation of fish or fish products from a fishery within a nation issued a negative certification under paragraph (1) if the Secretary—

"(A) determines the fishery has not engaged in illegal, unreported, or unregulated fishing under an international fishery management agreement to which the United States is a party; "(B) determines the fishery is not identified by an international fishery management organization as participating in illegal, unreported, or unregulated fishing activities; and

"(C) ensures that any such seafood or seafood products authorized for entry under this section are imported consistent with the reporting and the recordkeeping requirements of Seafood Import Monitoring Program described in part 300.324(b) of title 50, Code of Federal Regulations (or any successor regulation).

``(3) Effect of certification determination.—

"(A) EFFECT OF NEGATIVE CERTIFICATION.— The provisions of subsections (a) and (b)(3) and (4) of section 101 of the High Seas Driftnet Fisheries Enforcement Act (16 U.S.C. 1826a(a) and (b)(3) and (4)) shall apply to any nation that, after being identified and warned under subsection (b) has failed to take the appropriate corrective actions for which the Secretary has issued a negative certification under this subsection.

"(B) EFFECT OF POSITIVE CERTIFICATION.— The provisions of subsections (a) and (b)(3) and (4) of section 101 of the High Seas Driftnet Fisheries Enforcement Act (16 U.S.C. 1826a(a) and (b)(3) and (4)) shall not apply to any nation identified under subsection (a) for which the Secretary has issued a positive certification under this subsection."

### SEC. 70123. ILLEGAL, UNREPORTED, OR UNREGU-LATED FISHING DEFINED.

(a) DEFINITION OF ILLEGAL, UNREPORTED, OR UNREGULATED FISHING IN THE HIGH SEAS DRIFTNET FISHING MORATORIUM PROTECTION ACT.—Section 609(e) of the High Seas Driftnet Fishing Moratorium Protection Act (16 U.S.C. 1826j(e)) is amended to read as follows:

"(e) ILLEGAL, UNREPORTED, OR UNREGULATED FISHING DEFINED.—In this title, the term 'illegal, unreported, or unregulated fishing' means any activity set out in paragraph 3 of the 2001 Food and Agriculture Organization International Plan of Action to Prevent, Deter and Eliminate Illegal, Unreported, and Unregulated Fishing.".

(b) Definition of Illegal, Unreported, or Unregulated Fishing in the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act.—Section 3 of the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act (16 U.S.C. 1802) is amended by adding at the end the following:

"(51) The term 'illegal, unreported, or unregulated fishing' means any activity set out in paragraph 3 of the 2001 Food and Agriculture Organization International Plan of Action to Prevent, Deter and Eliminate Illegal, Unreported, and Unregulated Fishing."

- (c) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—In construing the term "illegal, unreported, or unregulated fishing" for purposes of the High Seas Driftnet Fishing Moratorium Protection Act and the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act, the Secretary shall follow internationally recognized labor rights stated in the International Labour Organization Declaration on Fundamental Principles and Rights at Work and its Follow-Up (1998). including—
- (1) freedom of association and the effective recognition of the right to collective bargaining;(2) the elimination of all forms of forced or

(2) the elimination of all forms of for compulsory labor;

- (3) the effective abolition of oppressive child labor, a prohibition on the worst forms of child labor, and other labor protections for children and minors:
- (4) the elimination of discrimination in respect of employment and occupation; and
- (5) acceptable conditions of work with respect to minimum wages, hours of work, and occupational safety and health.

### SEC. 70124. EQUIVALENT CONSERVATION MEAS-URES.

(a) IDENTIFICATION.—Section 610(a) of the High Seas Driftnet Fishing Moratorium Protec-

tion Act (16 U.S.C. 1826k(a)) is amended to read as follows:

"(a) IDENTIFICATION.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall identify and list in the report under section 607—

"(A) a nation if—

"(i) any fishing vessel of that country is engaged, or has been engaged during the preceding 3 years in fishing activities or practices on the high seas or within the exclusive economic zone of any country, that have resulted in bycatch of a protected living marine resource; and

"(ii) the vessel's flag state has not adopted, implemented, and enforced a regulatory program governing such fishing designed to end or reduce such bycatch that is comparable to the regulatory program of the United States; and

"(B) a nation if—

"(i) any fishing vessel of that country is engaged, or has engaged during the preceding 3 years, in fishing activities on the high sees or within the exclusive economic zone of another country that target or incidentally catch sharks; and

"(ii) the vessel's flag state has not adopted, implemented, and enforced a regulatory program to provide for the conservation of sharks, including measures to prohibit removal of any of the fins of a shark, including the tail, before landing the shark in port that is comparable to that of the United States.

"(2) TIMING.—The Secretary shall make an identification under paragraph (1) at any time that the Secretary has sufficient information to make such identification.".

(b) CONSULTATION AND NEGOTIATION.—Section 610(b) of the High Seas Driftnet Fishing Moratorium Protection Act (16 U.S.C. 1826k(b)) is amended to read as follows:

"(b) Consultation and Negotiation.—The Secretary of State, acting in conjunction with the Secretary, shall—

"(1) notify, as soon as possible, the President, nations that have been identified under subsection (a), and other nations whose vessels engage in fishing activities or practices described in subsection (a), about the provisions of this

"(2) initiate discussions as soon as possible with all foreign countries which are engaged in, or a fishing vessel of which has engaged in, fishing activities described in subsection (a), for the purpose of entering into bilateral and multilateral treaties with such countries to protect such species and to address any underlying failings or gaps that may have contributed to identification under this Act;

"(3) seek agreements calling for international restrictions on fishing activities or practices described in subsection (a) through the United Nations, the Food and Agriculture Organization's Committee on Fisheries, and appropriate international fishery management bodies; and

"(4) initiate the amendment of any existing international treaty for the protection and conservation of such species to which the United States is a party in order to make such treaty consistent with the purposes and policies of this section.".

(c) CONSERVATION CERTIFICATION PROCEDURE.—Section 610(c) of the High Seas Driftnet Fishing Moratorium Protection Act (16 U.S.C. 1826k(c)) is amended—

(1) in subparagraph (A) of paragraph (1), by striking ", taking into account different conditions,":

- (2) in paragraph (2), by inserting "the public and" after "comment by";
  - (3) in paragraph (4)—
- (A) in subparagraph (A), by striking ", taking into account different conditions";
- (B) in subparagraph (B), by striking the period at the end and inserting "; and"; and
  - (C) by adding at the end the following:
- "(C) ensures that any such fish or fish products authorized for entry under this section are imported consistent with the reporting and the

recordkeeping requirements of the Seafood Import Monitoring Program established by part 300.324(b) of title 50, Code of Federal Regulations (or any successor regulations)."; and
(4) in paragraph (5), by striking "(except to

the extent that such provisions apply to sport fishing equipment or fish or fish products not caught by the vessels engaged in illegal, unreported, or unregulated fishing)".

### SEC. 70125. REGULATIONS.

Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall promulgate regulations implementing this title.

# Subtitle C-Maritime Awareness SEC. 70131. AUTOMATIC IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS.

- (a) REQUIREMENT FOR FISHING VESSELS TO HAVE AUTOMATIC IDENTIFICATION SYSTEMS.— Section 70114(a)(1) of title 46, United States Code, is amended-
- (1) by striking ", while operating on the navigable waters of the United States,'
- (2) by redesignating subparagraphs (A) through (D) as clauses (i) through (iv);
- (3) by inserting before clauses (i) through (iv), as redesignated by paragraph (2), the following:
- (A) While operating on the navigable waters of the United States:"; and
- (4) by adding at the end the following:
- '(B) A vessel of the United States that is more than 65 feet overall in length, while engaged in fishing, fish processing, or fish tendering operations on the navigable waters of the United States or in the United States exclusive economic zone."
- (b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.-There is authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary of Commerce for fiscal year 2022, \$5,000,000, to remain available until expended, to purchase automatic identification systems for fishing vessels, fish processing vessels, fish tender vessels more than 50 feet in length, as described under this title and the amendments made by this title.

### TITLE II—DRIFTNET MODERNIZATION AND BYCATCH REDUCTION

# SEC. 70201. DEFINITION.

Section 3(25) of the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act (16 U.S.C. 1802(25)) is amended by inserting ", or with a mesh size of 14 inches or greater," after "more".

# SEC. 70202. FINDINGS AND POLICY.

- (a) FINDINGS.—Section 206(b) of the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act (16 U.S.C. 1826(b)) is amended
- (1) in paragraph (6), by striking "and" at the end;
- (2) in paragraph (7), by striking the period and inserting "; and"; and
  - (3) by adding at the end the following:
- (8) within the exclusive economic zone, largescale driftnet fishing that deploys nets with large mesh sizes causes significant entanglement and mortality of living marine resources, including myriad protected species, despite limitations on the lengths of such nets.'
- (b) POLICY.—Section 206(c) of the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act (16 U.S.C. 1826(c)) is amended-
- (1) in paragraph (2), by striking "and" at the end;
- (2) in paragraph (3), by striking the period and inserting "; and"; and
- (3) by adding at the end the following:
- (4) prioritize the phase-out of large-scale driftnet fishing in the exclusive economic zone and promote the development and adoption of alternative fishing methods and gear types that minimize the incidental catch of living marine resources."

# SEC. 70203. TRANSITION PROGRAM.

Section 206 of the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act (16 U.S.C. 1826) is amended by adding at the end the following.

- "(i) Fishing Gear Transition Program.-
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—During the 5-year period beginning on the date of enactment of the America COMPETES Act of 2022, the Secretary shall conduct a transition program to facilitate the phase-out of large-scale driftnet fishing and adoption of alternative fishing practices that minimize the incidental catch of living marine resources, and shall award grants to eligible permit holders who participate in the program.
- "(2) PERMISSIBLE USES.—Any permit holder receiving a grant under paragraph (1) may use such funds only for the purpose of covering-
- "(A) any fee originally associated with a permit authorizing participation in a large-scale driftnet fishery, if such permit is surrendered for permanent revocation, and such permit holder relinquishes any claim associated with the per-
- "(B) a forfeiture of fishing gear associated with a permit described in subparagraph (A); or
- ``(C) the purchase of alternative gear with minimal incidental catch of living marine resources, if the fishery participant is authorized to continue fishing using such alternative gears.
- "(3) CERTIFICATION.—The Secretary shall certify that, with respect to each participant in the program under this subsection, any permit authorizing participation in a large-scale driftnet fishery has been permanently revoked and that no new permits will be issued to authorize such fishina.".

#### SEC. 70204. EXCEPTION.

Section 307(1)(M) of the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act (16 U.S.C. 1857(1)(M)) is amended by inserting before the semicolon the following: ", unless such large-scale driftnet fishing-

"(i) deploys, within the exclusive economic zone, a net with a total length of less than 21/2 kilometers and a mesh size of 14 inches or great-

"(ii) is conducted not later than 5 years after the date of enactment of the America COM-PETES Act of 2022.".

# SEC. 70205, FEES.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The North Pacific Fishery Management Council may recommend, and the Secretary of Commerce may approve, regulations necessary for the collection of fees from charter vessel operators who guide recreational anglers who harvest Pacific halibut in International Pacific Halibut Commission regulatory areas 2C and 3A as those terms are defined in part 300 of title 50, Code of Federal Regulations (or any successor regulations).
- (b) USE OF FEES.—Any fees collected under this section shall be available for the purposes
- (1) financing administrative costs of the Recreational Quota Entity program:
- (2) the purchase of halibut quota shares in International Pacific Halibut Commission regulatory areas 2C and 3A by the recreational quota entity authorized in part 679 of title 50, Code of Federal Regulations (or any successor regulations);
- (3) halibut conservation and research; and
- (4) promotion of the halibut resource by the recreational quota entity authorized in part 679 of title 50, Code of Federal Regulations (or any successor regulations).
- (c) LIMITATION ON COLLECTION AND AVAIL-ABILITY.—Fees shall be collected and available nursuant to this section only to the extent and in such amounts as provided in advance in appropriations Acts, subject to subsection (d).
- (d) FEE COLLECTED DURING START-UP PE-RIOD.—Notwithstanding subsection (c), fees may be collected through the date of enactment of an Act making appropriations for the activities authorized under this title through September 30, 2022, and shall be available for obligation and remain available until expended.

# TITLE III—MARINE MAMMAL RESEARCH AND RESPONSE

# SEC. 70301. DATA COLLECTION AND DISSEMINATION.

Section 402 of the Marine Mammal Protection Act of 1972 (16 U.S.C. 1421a) is amended-

(1) in subsection (b)-

- (A) in paragraph (1)(A), by inserting "or entangled" after "stranded";
  - (B) in paragraph (3)—
- (i) by striking "strandings," and inserting "strandings and entanglements, including unusual mortality events,"
- (ii) by inserting "stranding" before "region"; and
- (iii) by striking "marine mammals; and" and inserting "marine mammals and entangled marine mammals to allow comparison of the causes of illness and deaths in stranded marine mammals and entangled marine mammals with physical, chemical, and biological environmental parameters; and"; and
- (C) in paragraph (4), by striking "analyses, that would allow comparison of the causes of illness and deaths in stranded marine mammals with physical, chemical, and biological environmental parameters." and inserting "analyses.";
- (2) by striking subsection (c) and inserting the following:
- "(c) Information Required to Be Sub-MITTED AND COLLECTED.-
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—After each response to a stranding or entanglement event, the Secretary shall collect (including from any staff of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration that respond directly to such an event), and shall require each stranding network participant who responds to that stranding or entanalement to submit to the Administrator of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration-
- '(A) data on the stranding event, including NOAA Form 89-864 (OMB #0648-0178), NOAA Form 89-878 (OMB #0648-0178), similar successor forms, or similar information in an appropriate format required by the United States Fish and Wildlife Service for species under its management authority:
- "(B) supplemental data to the data described in subparagraph (A), which may include, as available, relevant information about-
  - '(i) weather and tide conditions:
- '(ii) offshore human, predator, or prey activity;
  "(iii) morphometrics;

  - "(iv) behavior;
  - "(v) health assessments;
  - (vi) life history samples: or
  - "(vii) stomach and intestinal contents; and
- "(C) data and results from laboratory analysis of tissues, which may include, as appropriate and available-
  - '(i) histopathology;
  - "(ii) toxicology;
  - "(iii) microbiology;
  - "(iv) virology; or
  - "(v) parasitology.
- "(2) TIMELINE.—A stranding network participant shall submit-
- "(A) the data described in paragraph (1)(A) not later than 30 days after the date of a response to a stranding or entanglement event;
- "(B) the compiled data described in paragraph (1)(B) not later than 30 days after the date on which the data is available to the stranding network participant; and
- "(C) the compiled data described in paragraph (1)(C) not later than 30 days after the date on which the laboratory analysis has been reported to the stranding network participant.
  - "(d) AVAILABILITY OF DATA.-
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall develop a program to make information, including any data and metadata collected under paragraphs (3) or (4) of subsection (b) or subsection (c), available to researchers, stranding network participants, and the public-

- "(A) to improve real-time coordination of response to stranding and entanglement events across geographic areas and between stranding coordinators;
- "(B) to identify and quickly disseminate information on potential public health risks;
- "(C) to facilitate integrated interdisciplinary research:
- $\lq\lq(D)$  to facilitate peer-reviewed publications;
- "(E) to archive regional data into 1 national database for future analyses; and
  - "(F) for education and outreach activities.
- "(2) ACCESS TO DATA.—The Secretary shall ensure that any data or metadata collected under subsection (c)—
- "(A) by staff of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration that responded directly to a stranding or entanglement event is available to the public through the Health MAP and the Observation System not later than 30 days after that data or metadata is collected by, available to, or reported to the Secretary; and
- "(B) by a stranding network participant that responded directly to a stranding or entanglement event is made available to the public through the Health MAP and the Observation System not later than 2 years after the date on which that data is submitted to the Secretary under subsection (c).
  - "(3) EXCEPTIONS.—
- "(A) WRITTEN RELEASE.—Notwithstanding paragraph (2)(B), the Secretary may make data described in paragraph (2)(B) publicly available earlier than 2 years after the date on which that data is submitted to the Secretary under subsection (c), if the stranding network participant has completed a written release stating that such data may be made publicly available.
- "(B) LAW ENFORCEMENT.—Notwithstanding paragraph (2), the Secretary may withhold data for a longer period than the period of time described in paragraph (2) in the event of a law enforcement action or legal action that may be related to that data.
- "(e) STANDARDS.—The Secretary, in consultation with the marine mammal stranding community, shall—
- (1) make publicly available guidance about uniform data and metadata standards to ensure that data collected in accordance with this section can be archived in a form that is readily accessible and understandable to the public through the Health MAP and the Observation System; and
  - $``(2)\ periodically\ update\ such\ guidance.$
- "(f) Management Policy.—In collaboration with the regional stranding networks, the Secretary shall develop, and periodically update, a data management and public outreach collaboration policy for stranding or entanglement events."

#### SEC. 70302. STRANDING OR ENTANGLEMENT RE-SPONSE AGREEMENTS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 403 of the Marine Mammal Protection Act of 1972 (16 U.S.C. 1421b) is amended—
- (1) in the section heading by inserting "OR ENTANGLEMENT" before "RESPONSE";
- (2) in subsection (a), by striking the period at the end and inserting "or entanglement."; and (3) in subsection (b)—
- (A) in paragraph (1), by striking "and" after the semicolon:
- (B) in paragraph (2), by striking the period at the end and inserting "; and"; and
- (C) by adding at the end the following:
- "(3) include a description of the data management and public outreach policy established under section 402(f).".
- (b) TABLE OF CONTENTS AMENDMENT.—The table of contents in the first section of the Marine Mammal Protection Act of 1972 (Public Law 92–522; 86 Stat. 1027) is amended by striking the item related to section 403 and inserting the following:
- "Sec. 403. Stranding or entanglement response agreements.".

# SEC. 70303. UNUSUAL MORTALITY EVENT ACTIVITY FUNDING.

Section 405 the Marine Mammal Protection Act of 1972 (16 U.S.C. 1421d) is amended—

- (1) by striking subsection (b) and inserting the following:
- "(b) USES.—Amounts in the Fund-
- "(1) shall be available only for use by the Secretary, in consultation with the Secretary of the Interior, and dispersed among claimants based on budgets approved by the Secretary prior to expenditure—
- "(A) to make advance, partial, or progress payments under contracts or other funding mechanisms for property, supplies, salaries, services, and travel costs incurred in acting in accordance with the contingency plan issued under section 404(b) or under the direction of an Onsite Coordinator for an unusual mortality event designated under section 404(a)(2)(B)(iii);
- "(B) for reimbursing any stranding network participant for costs incurred in the collection, preparation, analysis, and transportation of marine mammal tissues and samples collected with respect to an unusual mortality event for the Tissue Bank; and
- "(C) for the care and maintenance of a marine mammal seized under section 104(c)(2)(D); and
- "(2) shall remain available until expended."; and
- (2) in subsection (c)—
- (A) in paragraph (2), by striking "and" at the end:
- (B) in paragraph (3), by striking the period at the end and inserting a semicolon; and
- (C) by adding at the end the following:
- "(4) not more than \$250,000 per year, as determined by the Secretary of Commerce, from sums collected as fines, penalties, or forfeitures of property by the Secretary of Commerce for violations of any provision of this Act; and
- "(5) sums received from emergency declaration grants for marine mammal conservation.".

#### SEC. 70304. LIABILITY.

Section 406(a) of the Marine Mammal Protection Act of 1972 (16 U.S.C. 1421e(a)) is amended, in the matter preceding paragraph (1)—

- (1) by inserting "or entanglement" after "to a stranding"; and
- (2) by striking "government" and inserting "Government".

# SEC. 70305. NATIONAL MARINE MAMMAL TISSUE BANK AND TISSUE ANALYSIS.

Section 407 of the Marine Mammal Protection Act of 1972 (16 U.S.C. 1421f) is amended—

- (1) in subsection (c)(2)(A), by striking "the health of marine mammals and" and inserting "marine mammal health and mortality and the health of"; and
- (2) in subsection (d), in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by inserting "public" before "access".

#### SEC. 70306. MARINE MAMMAL RESCUE AND RE-SPONSE GRANT PROGRAM AND RAPID RESPONSE FUND.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 408 of the Marine Mammal Protection Act of 1972 (16 U.S.C. 1421f– 1) is amended—
- (1) by striking the section heading and inserting "Marine mammal rescue and response grant program and rapid response fund";
- (2) by striking subsections (a) through (d) and subsections (f) through (h);
- (3) by redesignating subsection (e) as subsection (f); and
- (4) by inserting before subsection (f), as redesignated by paragraph (3), the following:
  - "(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- "(1) EMERGENCY ASSISTANCE.—
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'emergency assistance' means—
- "(i) financial assistance provided to respond to, or that results from, a stranding event or entanglement event that—
- "(I) causes an immediate increase in the cost of a response, recovery, or rehabilitation that is greater than the usual cost of a response, recovery, or rehabilitation;

- "(II) is cyclical or endemic; or
- "(III) involves a marine mammal that is out of the normal range for that marine mammal; or
- "(ii) financial assistance provided to respond to, or that results from, a stranding event or an entanglement event that the appropriate Secretary or State or Tribal government considers to be an emergency.
- "(B) EXCLUSIONS.—The term 'emergency assistance' does not include financial assistance to respond to an unusual mortality event.
- (2) SECRETARY.—The term 'Secretary' has the meaning given that term in section 3(12)(A).
- "(3) STRANDING REGION.—The term 'stranding region' means a geographic region designated by the applicable Secretary for purposes of administration of this title.
- "(b) JOHN H. PRESCOTT MARINE MAMMAL RESCUE AND RESPONSE GRANT PROGRAM.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to the availability of appropriations or other funding, the applicable Secretary shall carry out a grant program, to be known as the 'John H. Prescott Marine Mammal Rescue and Response Grant Program' (referred to in this section as the 'grant program'), to award grants to eligible stranding network participants or stranding network collaborators, as described in this subsection.
- "(2) PURPOSES.—The purposes of the grant program are to provide for—
- "(A) the recovery, care, or treatment of sick, injured, or entangled marine mammals;
- "(B) responses to marine mammal stranding events that require emergency assistance;
- "(C) the collection of data and samples from living or dead stranded marine mammals for scientific research or assessments regarding marine mammal health;
- "(D) facility operating costs that are directly related to activities described in subparagraph (A), (B), or (C); and
- "(E) development of stranding network capacity, including training for emergency response, where facilities do not exist or are sparse.
- "(3) CONTRACT, GRANT, AND COOPERATIVE AGREEMENT AUTHORITY.—
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—The applicable Secretary may enter into a contract, grant, or cooperative agreement with any eligible stranding network participant or stranding network collaborator, as the Secretary determines to be appropriate, for the purposes described in paragraph (2).
- "(B) EMERGENCY AWARD FLEXIBILITY.—Following a request for emergency award flexibility and analysis of the merits of and necessity for such a request, the applicable Secretary may—
- "(i) amend any contract, grant, or cooperative agreement entered into under this paragraph, including provisions concerning the period of performance; or
- "(ii) waive the requirements under subsection (f) for grant applications submitted during the provision of emergency assistance.
  - "(4) EQUITABLE DISTRIBUTION OF FUNDS.—
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall ensure, to the extent practicable, that funds awarded under the grant program are distributed equitably among the stranding regions.
- "(B) CONSIDERATIONS.—In determining priorities among the stranding regions under this paragraph, the Secretary may consider—
- "(i) equitable distribution within the stranding regions, including the subregions (including the Gulf of Mexico);
- "(ii) any episodic stranding, entanglement, or mortality events, except for unusual mortality events, that occurred in any stranding region in the preceding year;
- "(iii) any data with respect to average annual stranding, entanglements, and mortality events per stranding region;
- "(iv) the size of the marine mammal populations inhabiting a stranding region;
- "(v) the importance of the region's marine mammal populations to the well-being of indigenous communities: and
- "(vi) the conservation of protected, depleted, threatened, or endangered marine mammal species.

- "(C) STRANDINGS .- For the purposes of the grant program, priority is to be given to applications focusing on marine mammal strandings.
- '(5) APPLICATION.—To be eligible for a grant under the grant program, a stranding network participant shall-
- '(A) submit an application in such form and manner as the applicable Secretary prescribes;
- "(B) be in compliance with the data reporting requirements under section 402(d) and any applicable reporting requirements of the United States Fish and Wildlife Service for species under its management jurisdiction.
- (6) GRANT CRITERIA.—The Secretary shall, in consultation with the Marine Mammal Commission, a representative from each of the stranding regions, and other individuals who represent public and private organizations that are actively involved in rescue, rehabilitation, release, scientific research, marine conservation, and forensic science with respect to stranded marine mammals under that Department's jurisdiction. develop criteria for awarding grants under their respective grant programs.
  - (7) Limitations.
- "(A) MAXIMUM GRANT AMOUNT.—No grant made under the grant program for a single award may exceed \$150,000 in any 12-month pe-
- "(B) UNEXPENDED FUNDS.—Any funds that have been awarded under the grant program but that are unexpended at the end of the 12-month period described in subparagraph (A) shall remain available until expended.
- (8) Administrative costs and expenses. The Secretary's administrative costs and expenses related to reviewing and awarding grants under the grant program, in any fiscal year may not exceed the greater of-
- "(A) 6 percent of the amounts made available each fiscal year to carry out the grant program;
  - (B) \$80,000.
- "(9) TRANSPARENCY.—The Secretary shall make publicly available a list of grant proposals for the upcoming fiscal year, funded grants, and requests for grant flexibility under this subsection
- '(c) Joseph R. Geraci Marine Mammal Res-CUE AND RAPID RESPONSE FUND.
- (1) IN GENERAL.—There is established in the Treasury of the United States an interest-bearing fund, to be known as the 'Joseph R. Geraci Marine Mammal Rescue and Rapid Response Fund' (referred to in this section as the 'Rapid Response Fund').
- (2) USE OF FUNDS.—Amounts in the Rapid Response Fund shall be available only for use by the Secretary to provide emergency assist-
- (d) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
- "(1) IN GENERAL.
- "(A) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out the grant program \$7,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2021 through 2026, to remain available until expended, of which for each fiscal year-
- '(i) \$6.000.000 is authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary of Commerce: and
- '(ii) \$1,000,000 is authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary of the Interior.
- '(B) DERIVATION OF FUNDS.—Funds to carry out the activities under this section shall be derived from amounts authorized to be appropriated pursuant to subparagraph (A) that are enacted after the date of enactment of the America COMPETES Act of 2022.
- '(2) Joseph R. Geraci marine mammal res-CUE AND RAPID RESPONSE FUND.—There is authorized to be appropriated to the Rapid Response Fund \$500,000 for each of fiscal years 2022 through 2026.
- '(e) ACCEPTANCE OF DONATIONS.—For the purposes of carrying out this section, the Secretary may solicit, accept, receive, hold, administer, and use gifts, devises, and bequests without any further approval or administrative action.".

- (b) Table of Contents Amendment.—The table of contents in the first section of the Marine Mammal Protection Act of 1972 (Public Law 92-522) is further amended by striking the item related to section 408 and inserting the following:
- "Sec. 408. Marine Mammal Rescue and Response Grant Program and Rapid Response Fund.".

### SEC. 70307. HEALTH MAP.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Title IV of the Marine Mammal Protection Act of 1972 (16 U.S.C. 1421 et sea.) is amended by inserting after section 408 the following:

#### "SEC. 408A. MARINE MAMMAL HEALTH MONI-TORING AND ANALYSIS PLATFORM (HEALTH MAP).

- "(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of the America COM-PETES Act of 2022, the Secretary, acting through the Administrator of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, in consultation with the Secretary of the Interior and the Marine Mammal Commission, shall-
- (1) establish a marine mammal health monitoring and analysis platform (referred to in this Act as the 'Health MAP');
- "(2) incorporate the Health MAP into the Observation System; and
  - "(3) make the Health MAP—
- "(A) publicly accessible through the web portal of the Observation System; and
- '(B) interoperable with other national data systems or other data systems for management or research purposes, as practicable.
- "(b) PURPOSES.—The purposes of the Health MAP are-
  - "(1) to promote-
- '(A) interdisciplinary research among individuals with knowledge and experience in marine mammal science, marine mammal veterinary and husbandry practices, medical science, and oceanography, and with other marine scientists;
- "(B) timely and sustained dissemination and availability of marine mammal health, stranding, entanglement, and mortality data;
- '(C) identification of spatial and temporal patterns of marine mammal mortality, disease, and strandina:
- "(D) evaluation of marine mammal health in terms of mortality, as well as sublethal marine mammal health impacts;
- '(E) improved collaboration and forecasting of marine mammal and larger ecosystem health events:
- '(F) rapid communication and dissemination information regarding marine mammal strandings that may have implications for human health, such as those caused by harmful algal blooms; and
- '(G) increased accessibility of data in a user friendly visual interface for public education and outreach: and
- "(2) to contribute to an ocean health index that incorporates marine mammal health data.
- REQUIREMENTS.—The Health shall-
- "(1) integrate in situ, remote, and other marine mammal health, stranding, and mortality data, including visualizations and metadata, collected by marine mammal stranding networks, Federal, State, local, territorial and Tribal governments, private partners, and academia; and
- '(2) be designed—
- "(A) to enhance data and information availability, including data sharing among stranding network participants, scientists, and the public within and across stranding network regions;
- "(B) to facilitate data and information access across scientific disciplines, scientists, and man-
- "(C) to facilitate public access to national and regional marine mammal health, stranding, entanglement, and mortality data, including visualizations and metadata, through the national and regional data portals of the Observation System; and

- "(D) in collaboration with, and with input from, States and stranding network partici-
- "(d) Procedures and Guidelines.—The Secretary shall establish and implement policies, protocols, and standards for-
- '(1) reporting marine mammal health data collected by stranding networks consistent with subsections (c) and (d) of section 402;
- (2) promptly transmitting health data from the stranding networks and other appropriate data providers to the Health MAP.
- "(3) disseminating and making publicly available data on marine mammal health, stranding, entanglement, and mortality data in a timely and sustained manner; and
- '(4) integrating additional marine mammal health, stranding, or other relevant data as the Secretary determines appropriate.
- '(e) CONSULTATION.—The Administrator of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration shall maintain and update the Health MAP in consultation with the Secretary of the Interior and the Marine Mammal Commission.
- (f) CONTRIBUTIONS.—For purposes of carrying out this section, the Secretary may solicit, accept, receive, hold, administer, and use gifts. devises, and bequests without any further approval or administrative action.
- (b) TABLE OF CONTENTS AMENDMENT.—The table of contents in the first section of the Marine Mammal Protection Act of 1972 (Public Law 92-522) is further amended by inserting after the item related to section 408 the following:
- "Sec. 408A. Marine Mammal Health Monitoring and Analysis Platform (Health MAP).

# SEC. 70308. REPORTS TO CONGRESS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Title IV of the Marine Mammal Protection Act of 1972 (16 U.S.C. 1421 et seq.) is further amended by inserting after section 408A the following:

### "SEC. 408B. REPORTS TO CONGRESS.

- "(a) DEFINITION OF APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS.—In this section, the term 'appropriate committees of Congress' means
- "(1) the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate; and
- '(2) the Committee on Natural Resources of the House of Representatives.
  - '(b) HEALTH MAP STATUS REPORT.-
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 2 year after the date of enactment of the America COM-PETES Act of 2022, the Administrator of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration. in consultation with the Marine Mammal Commission, the Secretary of the Interior, and the National Ocean Research Leadership Council, shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a report describing the status of the Health MAP
- "(2) REQUIREMENTS.—The report under paragraph (1) shall include-
- '(A) a detailed evaluation of the data made publicly available through the Health MAP:
- '(B) a detailed list of any gaps in data collected pursuant to the Health MAP, a description of the reasons for those gaps, and recommended actions to close those gaps:
- (C) an analysis of the effectiveness of using the website of the Observation System as the platform to collect, organize, visualize, archive, and disseminate marine mammal stranding and health data:
- '(D) a list of publications, presentations, or other relevant work product resulting from, or produced in collaboration with, the Health MAP.
- " $(\acute{E})$  a description of emerging marine mammal health concerns and the applicability of those concerns to human health;
- "(F) an analysis of the feasibility of the Observation System being used as an alert system during stranding events, entanglement events, and unusual mortality events for the stranding network, Observation System partners, Health MAP partners, Federal and State agencies, and local, territorial, and Tribal governments;

- "(G) an evaluation of the use of Health MAP data to predict broader ecosystem events and changes that may impact marine mammal or human health and specific examples of proven or potential uses of Observation System data for those purposes: and
- "(H) recommendations for the Health MAP with respect to—

"(i) filling any identified data gaps;

"(ii) standards that could be used to improve data quality, accessibility, transmission, interoperability, and sharing;

"(iii) any other strategies that would contribute to the effectiveness and usefulness of the Health MAP; and

"(iv) the funding levels needed to maintain and improve the Health MAP.

"(c) Data Gap Analysis.-

- "(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 5 years after the date on which the report required under subsection (b)(1) is submitted, and every 10 years thereafter, the Administrator of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, in consultation with the Marine Mammal Commission and the Secretary of Commerce, shall—
- "(A) make publicly available a report on the data gap analysis described in paragraph (2);
- "(B) provide a briefing to the appropriate committees of Congress concerning that data gap analysis.
- "(2) REQUIREMENTS.—The data gap analysis under paragraph (1) shall include—
- "(A) an overview of existing participants within a marine mammal stranding network;
- "(B) an identification of coverage needs and participant gaps within a network;
- "(C) an identification of data and reporting gaps from members of a network; and
- "(D) an analysis of how stranding and health data are shared and made available to scientists, academics, State, local, territorial, and Tribal governments, and the public.
- "(d) Marine Mammal Response Capabilities in the Arctic.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of the America COM-PETES Act of 2022, the Administrator of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, the Director of the United States Fish and Wildlife Service, and the Director of the United States Geologic Survey, in consultation with the Marine Mammal Commission and the Secretary of the Interior, shall—
- "(A) make publicly available a report describing the response capabilities for sick and injured marine mammals in the Arctic regions of the United States; and
- "(B) provide a briefing to the appropriate committees of Congress on that report.
- "(2) ARCTIC.—The term 'Arctic' has the meaning given the term in section 112 of the Arctic Research and Policy Act of 1984 (15 U.S.C. 4111).

"(3) REQUIREMENTS.—The report under paragraph (1) shall include—

- "(A) a description, developed in consultation with the Director of the United States Fish and Wildlife Service, of all marine mammal stranding agreements in place for the Arctic region of the United States, including species covered, response capabilities, facilities and equipment, and data collection and analysis capabilities;
- "(B) a list of State and local government agencies that have personnel trained to respond to marine mammal strandings in the Arctic region of the United States;
- "(C) an assessment of potential response and data collection partners and sources of local information and knowledge, including Alaska Native people and villages;
- "(D) an analysis of spatial and temporal trends in marine mammal strandings and unusual mortality events that are correlated with changing environmental conditions in the Arctic region of the United States;
- "(E) a description of training and other resource needs to meet emerging response requirements in the Arctic region of the United States;

- "(F) an analysis of oiled marine mammal response and rehabilitation capabilities in the Arctic region of the United States, including personnel, equipment, facilities, training, and husbandry capabilities, and an assessment of factors that affect response and rehabilitation success rates; and
- "(G) recommendations to address future stranding response needs for marine mammals in the Arctic region of the United States.".
- (b) Table of Contents Amendment.—The table of contents in the first section of the Marine Mammal Protection Act of 1972 (Public Law 92–522) is further amended by inserting after the item related to section 408A the following:

"Sec. 408B. Reports to Congress.".

#### SEC. 70309. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIA-TIONS.

Section 409 of the Marine Mammal Protection Act of 1972 (16 U.S.C. 1421g) is amended—

- (1) in paragraph (1), by striking "1993 and 1994;" and inserting "2022 through 2026;";
- (2) in paragraph (2), by striking "1993 and 1994;" and inserting "2022 through 2026;"; and (3) in paragraph (3), by striking "fiscal year 1993." and inserting "for each of fiscal years 2022 through 2026.".

#### SEC. 70310. DEFINITIONS.

Section 410 of the Marine Mammal Protection Act of 1972 (16 U.S.C. 1421h) is amended—

- (1) by redesignating paragraphs (1) through (6) as paragraphs (2), (5), (6), (7), (8), and (9), respectively;
- (2) by inserting before paragraph (2) (as so redesignated) the following:
- "(1) The term 'entangle' or 'entanglement' means an event in the wild in which a living or dead marine mammal has gear, rope, line, net, or other material wrapped around or attached to the marine mammal and is—
- "(A) on lands under the jurisdiction of the United States, including beaches and shorelines;
- "(B) in waters under the jurisdiction of the United States, including any navigable waters.";
- (3) in paragraph (2) (as so redesignated) by striking "The term" and inserting "Except as used in section 408, the term";
- (4) by inserting after paragraph (2) (as so redesignated) the following:
- "(3) The term 'Health MAP' means the Marine Mammal Health Monitoring and Analysis Platform established under section 408A(a)(1).
- "(4) The term 'Observation System' means the National Integrated Coastal and Ocean Observation System established under section 12304 of the Integrated Coastal and Ocean Observation System Act of 2009 (33 U.S.C. 3603)."

# SEC. 70311. STUDY ON MARINE MAMMAL MORTALITY.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 12 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Undersecretary of Commerce for Oceans and Atmosphere shall, in consultation with the Secretary of the Interior and the Marine Mammal Commission, conduct a study evaluating the connections among marine heat waves, frequency and intensity of harmful algal blooms, prey availability, and habitat degradation, and the impacts of these conditions on marine mammal mortality.
- (b) REPORT.—The Undersecretary of Commerce for Oceans and Atmosphere, in consultation with the Secretary of the Interior and the Marine Mammal Commission, shall prepare, post to a publicly available website, and brief the appropriate committees of Congress on, a report containing the results of the study described in subsection (a). The report shall identify priority research activities, opportunities for collaboration, and current gaps in effort and resource limitations related to advancing scientific understanding of how ocean heat waves, harmful algae blooms, availability of prey, and habitat degradation impact marine mammal mortality. The report shall include recommenda-

tions for policies needed to mitigate and respond to mortality events.

#### TITLE IV—REAUTHORIZATION OF CORAL REEF CONSERVATION ACT OF 2000 SEC. 70401. REAUTHORIZATION OF CORAL REEF CONSERVATION ACT OF 2000.

(a) PURPOSES; FEDERAL CORAL REEF MANAGE-MENT AND RESTORATION ACTIVITIES.—The Coral Reef Conservation Act of 2000 (16 U.S.C. 6401 et seq.) is amended by striking sections 202 and 203 and inserting the following:

### "SEC. 202. PURPOSES.

"The purposes of this title are-

"(1) to conserve and restore the condition of United States coral reef ecosystems challenged by natural and human-accelerated changes, including increasing ocean temperatures, ocean acidification, coral bleaching, coral diseases, water quality degradation, invasive species, and illegal, unreported, and unregulated fishing;

"(2) to promote the science-based management and sustainable use of coral reef ecosystems to benefit local communities and the Nation, including through improved integration and cooperation among Federal, State, and locally managed jurisdictions with coral reef equities;

"(3) to develop sound scientific information on the condition of coral reef ecosystems, continuing and emerging threats to such ecosystems, and the efficacy of innovative tools, technologies, and strategies to mitigate stressors and restore such ecosystems, including evaluation criteria to determine the effectiveness of management interventions, and accurate mapping for coral reef restoration;

"(4) to assist in the preservation of coral reefs by supporting science-based, consensus-driven State, Tribal, Pacific Islander, territorial, and community-based coral reef management, including monitoring, conservation, and restoration projects that empower local communities, small businesses, and nongovernmental organizations:

"(5) to provide financial resources, technical assistance, and scientific expertise to supplement and strengthen State, Tribal, Indigenous, and community-based management programs and conservation and restoration projects;

"(6) to establish a formal mechanism for collecting and allocating monetary donations from the private sector to be used for coral reef conservation and restoration projects;

"(7) to support the rapid and effective, science-based assessment and response to emergencies that imminently threaten coral reefs, such as coral disease outbreaks, invasive species, hurricanes, marine heat waves, coral bleaching, and other natural disasters, vessel groundings or chemical spills, and other exigent circumstances: and

"(8) to serve as a model for advancing similar international efforts to monitor, conserve, and restore coral reef ecosystems in the jurisdictions of United States allies and trading partners.

# "SEC. 203. FEDERAL CORAL REEF MANAGEMENT AND RESTORATION ACTIVITIES.

- "(a) In GENERAL.—The Administrator or the Secretary of the Interior may conduct activities described in subsection (b) to conserve and restore coral reefs and coral reef ecosystems that are consistent with—
- are consistent with—
  "(1) all applicable laws governing resource
  management in Federal and State waters, including this Act;
- "(2) the national coral reef resilience strategy in effect under section 204A;
- "(3) coral reef action plans in effect under section 205, as applicable; and
- "(4) coral reef emergency plans in effect under section 209, as applicable.
- "(b) ACTIVITIES DESCRIBED.—Activities described in this subsection are activities to conserve, research, monitor, assess, and restore coral reefs and coral reef ecosystems in waters managed under the jurisdiction of a Federal agency specified in subsection (c) or in coordination with a State in waters managed under the jurisdiction of such State, including—

- "(1) developing, including through the collection of requisite data, high-quality and digitized maps reflecting-
- "(A) current and historical live coral cover data;

(B) coral reef habitat quality data;

- "(C) priority areas for coral reef conservation to maintain biodiversity and ecosystem structure and function, including the reef matrix itself, that benefit coastal communities and living marine resources:
- '(D) priority areas for coral reef restoration to enhance biodiversity and ecosystem structure and function, including the reef matrix itself, to benefit coastal communities and living marine resources: and
- '(E) areas of concern that may require enhanced monitoring of coral health and cover:
- '(2) enhancing compliance with Federal laws that prohibit or regulate-
- '(A) the taking of coral products or species associated with coral reefs; or
- "(B) the use and management of coral reef ecosystems;
- "(3) long-term ecological monitoring of coral reef ecosystems;
- '(4) implementing species-specific recovery plans for listed coral species consistent with the Endangered Species Act of 1973 (16 U.S.C. 1531
- '(5) restoring degraded coral reef ecosystems; "(6) promoting ecologically sound navigation and anchorages, including mooring buoy systems to promote enhanced recreational access, near coral reefs:
- (7) monitoring and responding to severe bleaching or mortality events, disease outbreaks, invasive species outbreaks, and significant maritime accidents, including chemical spill cleanup and the removal of grounded vessels;
- '(8) conducting scientific research that contributes to the understanding, sustainable use, and long-term conservation of coral reefs;
- '(9) enhancing public awareness, understanding, and appreciation of coral reefs and coral reef ecosustems:
- (10) preventing or minimizing the likelihood of vessel impacts or other physical damage to coral reefs through navigational aids and expansion of reef-safe anchorages; and
- '(11) centrally archiving, managing, and distributing data sets and coral reef ecosystem assessments and publishing such information on publicly available internet websites of-
- '(A) the Coral Reef Conservation Program of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration; and
  - (B) the Task Force.
- "(c) FEDERAL AGENCIES SPECIFIED.—A Federal agency specified in this subsection is one of the following:
- "(1) The National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration.
- "(2) The National Park Service.
- "(3) The United States Fish and Wildlife Service.
  "(4) The Office of Insular Affairs."

  PROVISIONS—The
- (b) ADDITIONAL PROVISIONS.—The Coral Reef Conservation Act of 2000 (16 U.S.C. 6401 et sea.) is amended by striking sections 205 through 210 and inserting the following:

# "SEC. 204A. NATIONAL CORAL REEF RESILIENCE STRATEGY.

- "(a) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator shall—
- "(1) develop a national coral reef resilience strateau: and
- '(2) periodically, but not less frequently than every 15 years, review and revise the strategy
- '(b) ELEMENTS.—The strategy required by subsection (a) shall include the following:
- (1) A discussion addressing-
- "(A) continuing and emerging threats to the resilience of United States coral reef ecosystems;
- "(B) remaining gaps in coral reef ecosystem research, monitoring, and assessment;
- (C) the status of management cooperation and integration among Federal, State, Tribal, and locally managed jurisdictions with coral reef equities;

- "(D) the status of efforts to manage and disseminate critical information, and enhance interjurisdictional data sharing, related to research, reports, datasets, and maps;
- "(E) areas of special focus, which may include-
- "(i) improving natural coral recruitment
- "(ii) preventing avoidable losses of corals and their habitat:
- "(iii) enhancing the resilience of coral populations:
- "(iv) supporting a resilience-based management approach;
- "(v) developing, coordinating, and implementing watershed management plans; '(vi) building and sustaining watershed man-
- agement capacity at the local level;
- (vii) providing data essential for coral reef fisheries management;
- "(viii) building capacity for coral reef fisheries management;
- "(ix) increasing understanding of coral reef ecosystem services.
- $\dot{\bar{x}}$  educating the public on the importance of coral reefs, threats to coral reefs, and solutions to such threats: and

'(xi) evaluating intervention efficacu:

- (F) the status of conservation efforts, including the use of marine protected areas to serve as replenishment zones developed consistent with local practices and traditions and in cooperation with, and with respect for the scientific, technical, and management expertise and responsibilities of, State fish and wildlife management agencies: and
- '(G) science-based adaptive management and restoration efforts.
- "(2) A statement of national goals and objectives designed to guide-
- "(A) future Federal coral reef management and restoration activities authorized under section 203;
- "(B) conservation and restoration priorities
- for grants awarded under section 213; and "(C) research priorities for the cooperative institutes established under section 215(c)
- '(3) General templates for use by covered reef managers to guide the development of-
- '(A) coral reef action plans under section 205;
- "(B) coral reef emergency plans under section 209
- "(c) CONSULTATIONS.—In developing all elements of the strategy required by subsection (a), the Administrator shall-
- "(1) consult with the Secretary of the Interior the Task Force, covered States, and Tribal organizations:
- "(2) engage stakeholders, including coral reef stewardship partnerships, coral reef institutes and research centers described in section 215(c). and coral reef conservation grant awardees; and
- (3) solicit public review and comment regarding scoping and the draft strategy.
- SUBMISSION TO CONGRESS; PUBLICA-TION.—The Administrator shall—
- '(1) submit the strategy required by subsection (a) and any revisions to the strategy to the appropriate congressional committees; and
- '(2) publish the strategy and any such revisions on publicly available internet websites of-
- "(A) the Coral Reef Conservation Program of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration: and
- '(B) the Task Force.
- "(e) TRANSITION RULE.—On and after the date of the enactment of the America COMPETES Act of 2022, the 2018 Coral Reef Conservation Program Strategic Plan of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration shall be considered to be the national coral reef resilience strategy in effect under this section until the earlier of-
  - "(1) September 30, 2033; or
- "(2) the date on which the Administrator develops a national coral reef resilience strategy under this section.

# "SEC. 205. CORAL REEF ACTION PLANS.

"(a) CORAL REEF ACTION PLANS.—Except as provided in subsection (h), not later than 3

years after the date of the enactment of the America COMPETES Act of 2022, and not later than 2 years after the publication of a revised national coral reef resilience strategy under section 204A, each covered reef manager shall prepare and submit to the Task Force a coral reef action plan to guide management and restoration activities to be undertaken within the responsibilities and jurisdiction of the manager.

"(b) REQUIREMENTS.—A covered reef manager preparing a coral reef action plan under subsection (a) shall-

"(1) ensure that the plan is consistent with all

elements of the national coral reef resilience strategy in effect; and "(2) revise the plan not less frequently than

once every 5 years. "(c) PLAN ELEMENTS.—A coral reef action plan under subsection (a) shall include a discussion of the following elements:

"(1) Short- and mid-term coral reef conservation and restoration objectives within the applicable jurisdiction.

"(2) An updated adaptive management framework to inform research, monitoring, and assessment needs.

"(3) The status of any coral reef emergency plans in effect under section 209 covering coral reef ecosystems within the applicable jurisdic-

"(4) Tools, strategies, and partnerships necessary to identify, monitor, and redress the impacts of pollution, diminished water quality, temperature fluctuations, acidification, overfishing, disease, and other disturbances to coral reef ecosystems within the applicable jurisdic-

"(5) The status of efforts to improve coral reef ecosystem management cooperation and integration among neighboring Federal, State, Tribal, or locally managed jurisdictions, including the identification of existing research and monitoring activities that can be leveraged for coral reef status and trends assessments within the applicable jurisdiction.

'(6) An accounting of annual expenditures on coral reef management and restoration activities within the applicable jurisdiction while the preceding action plan, if any, was in effect.

"(7) Estimated budgetary and resource considerations necessary to carry out the proposed action plan.

"(d) TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.—The Administrator and the Task Force shall make all reasonable efforts to provide technical assistance upon request by a covered reef manager developing a coral reef action plan under subsection (a).

"(e) ADOPTION OF CORAL REEF ACTION PLANS.—A covered reef manager may adopt a coral reef action plan developed by another covered reef manager, in full or in part, as relevant to the adopting manager's applicable jurisdic-

"(f) PUBLIC REVIEW.—The development of a coral reef action plan by a covered reef manager under subsection (a), and the adoption of a plan under subsection (e), shall be subject to public review and comment.

(g) PUBLICATION.—The Administrator shall publish each coral reef action plan prepared and submitted to the Task Force under this section on publicly available internet websites of-

'(1) the Coral Reef Conservation Program of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration: and

"(2) the Task Force.

"(h) APPLICABILITY TO COVERED STATES AND CORAL REEF STEWARDSHIP PARTNERSHIPS.—A covered State or non-Federal coral reef stewardship partnership is not required to develop a coral reef action plan under subsection (a), but may do so in its own discretion. In developing a coral reef action plan, a covered State or non-Federal coral reef stewardship partnership is encouraged, but not mandated, to comply with the requirements of this section.

"(i) PLAN IN EFFECT.—A coral reef action plan shall be deemed to be in effect if the plan was

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submitted to the Task Force under this section during the preceding 6 years.

#### "SEC. 206. CORAL REEF STEWARDSHIP PARTNER-SHIPS.

- "(a) CORAL REEF STEWARDSHIP PARTNER-SHIPS.—The Administrator shall establish standards for the identification of coral reefs and the formation of partnerships among government and community members for the stewardship of coral reefs (in this title referred to as 'coral reef stewardship partnerships') in accordance with this section, including guidance for preparation and submission of coral reef action plans under section 205 for review and approval by the Administrator.
- "(b) IDENTIFICATION OF CORAL REEFS.—Each coral reef stewardship partnership shall identify with particularity the coral reef or ecologically significant component of a coral reef that will be the subject of its stewardship activities.
- "(c) Membership for Federal Coral Reefs.—A coral reef stewardship partnership that has identified, as the subject of its stewardship activities, a coral reef or ecologically significant component of a coral reef that is fully or partially under the management jurisdiction of any Federal agency specified in section 203(c) shall, at a minimum, include the following:
- "(1) That Federal agency, a representative of which shall serve as chair of the coral reef stewardship partnership.
- "(2) A State, county, or Tribal organization's resource management agency.
- "(3) A coral reef research center described in section 215(c)(4) or another institution of higher education.
  - "(4) A nongovernmental organization.
- "(5) Such other members as the partnership considers appropriate, such as interested stakeholder groups.
- "(d) Membership for Non-Federal Coral Reefs.—
- "(1) In GENERAL.—A coral reef stewardship partnership that has identified, as the subject of its stewardship activities, a coral reef or ecologically significant component of a coral reef that is not under the management jurisdiction of any Federal agency specified in section 203(c) shall, at a minimum, include the following:
- "(A) A State, county, or Tribal organization's resource management agency, a representative of which shall serve as the chair of the coral reef stewardship partnership.
- "(B) A coral reef research center described in section 215(c)(4) or another institution of higher education.
  - "(C) A nongovernmental organization.
- "(D) Such other members as the partnership considers appropriate, such as interested stake-holder groups.
  - "(2) Additional members.—
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—Subject to subparagraph (B), a coral reef stewardship partnership described in paragraph (1) may also include representatives of one or more Federal agencies that have management responsibility in the coral reef that is the subject of the partnership's stewardship activities.
- "(B) REQUESTS; APPROVAL.—A representative of a Federal agency described in subparagraph (A) may become a member of a coral reef stewardship partnership described in paragraph (1) if—
- "(i) the representative submits a request to become a member to the chair of the partnership referred to in paragraph (1)(A); and
  - "(ii) the chair consents to the request.
- "(e) NONAPPLICABILITY OF FEDERAL ADVISORY COMMITTEE ACT.—The Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App.) shall not apply to coral reef stewardship partnerships.

# "SEC. 207. BLOCK GRANTS AND COOPERATIVE AGREEMENTS.

"(a) In General.—The Administrator shall provide block grants of financial assistance to covered States to support management and restoration activities and further the implementation of coral reef action plans in effect under section 205 by covered States and non-Federal coral reef stewardship partnerships. "(b) ELIGIBILITY FOR ADDITIONAL AMOUNTS.—

- "(1) IN GENERAL.—A covered State shall qualify for and receive additional grant amounts beyond the base award specified in subsection (c)(1) if there is at least one coral reef action plan in effect within the jurisdiction of the cov-
- non-Federal coral reef stewardship partnership. "(2) WAIVER.—In any fiscal year before fiscal year 2025, the Administrator shall waive the requirement to qualify for and receive additional grant amounts described in paragraph (1).

ered State developed by that covered State or a

- "(c) FUNDING FORMULA.—The amount of each block grant awarded to a covered State under this section shall be the sum of—
  - "(1) a base award of \$100,000; and
- "(2) if the State is eligible under subsection (b)—
- "(A) an amount that is equal to non-Federal expenditures of up to \$3,000,000 on coral reef management and restoration activities within the jurisdiction of the State during the previous fiscal year, and
- "(B) an additional amount, from any funds appropriated for activities under this section that remain after distribution under subparagraph (A), paragraph (I), and subsection (g)based on the proportion of the State's share of total non-Federal expenditures on coral reef management and restoration activities, as reported within the previous fiscal year, in excess of \$3,000,000, relative to other covered States.
- "(d) EXCLUSIONS.—For the purposes of calculating block grant amounts under subsection (c), Federal funds provided to a covered State or non-Federal coral reef stewardship partnership shall not be considered as qualifying non-Federal expenditures, but non-Federal matching funds used to leverage Federal awards may be considered as qualifying non-Federal expenditures.
- "(e) RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE ADMINISTRATOR.—The Administrator is responsible for—
- "(1) providing guidance on qualifying non-Federal expenditures and the proper documentation of such expenditures;
- "(2) issuing annual solicitations to covered States for additional awards under this section; and
- "(3) determining the appropriate allocation of additional amounts among covered States in accordance with this section.
- "(f) RESPONSIBILITIES OF COVERED STATES.— Each covered State is responsible for documenting non-Federal expenditures within the jurisdiction of the State and formally reporting those expenditures for review in response to annual solicitations by the Administrator under subsection (e).
- "(g) COOPERATIVE AGREEMENTS.—The Administrator may enter into cooperative agreements with States to fund coral reef conservation and restoration activities in waters managed under the jurisdiction of such States that are consistent with the national coral reef resilience strategy in effect under section 204A.

# "SEC. 208. CORAL REEF STEWARDSHIP FUND.

- "(a) AUTHORITY TO ENTER INTO AGREE-MENTS.—The Administrator may enter into an agreement with the National Fish and Wildlife Foundation (in this section referred to as the 'Foundation'), authorizing the Foundation to receive, hold, and administer funds received under this section.
- "(b) FUND.—The Foundation shall invest, reinvest, and otherwise administer the funds received under this section and maintain such funds and any interest or revenues earned in a separate interest-bearing account, to be known as the 'Coral Reef Stewardship Fund' (in this section referred to as the 'Fund', and known before the date of the enactment of the America COMPETES Act of 2022 as the Coral Reef Conservation Fund administered through a public-

private partnership with the Foundation), established by the Foundation solely to support coral reef stewardship partnership activities that—

- "(1) further the purposes of this title; and
- "(2) are consistent with—
- "(A) the national coral reef resilience strategy in effect under section 204A; and
- "(B) coral reef action plans in effect, if any, under section 205 covering a coral reef or ecologically significant component of a coral reef to be impacted by such activities, if applicable.
- "(c) AUTHORIZATION TO SOLICIT DONATIONS.—
  "(1) IN GENERAL.—Pursuant to an agreement entered into under subsection (a), the Foundation may accept, receive, solicit, hold, administer, and use any gift (including, notwithstanding section 1342 of title 31, United States Code, donations of services) to further the purposes of this title.
- "(2) DEPOSITS IN FUND.—Notwithstanding section 3302 of title 31, United States Code, any funds received as a gift shall be deposited and maintained in the Fund.
- "(3) NOTIFICATION REQUIRED.—Not later than 30 days after funds are deposited in the Fund under paragraph (2), the Foundation shall notify the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives of the source and amount of such funds.
- "(d) REVIEW OF PERFORMANCE.—The Administrator shall conduct a continuing review of all deposits into, and disbursements from, the Fund. Each review shall include a written assessment concerning the extent to which the Foundation has implemented the goals and requirements of—
  - "(1) this section; and
- "(2) the national coral reef resilience strategy in effect under section 204A.
- "(e) ADMINISTRATION.—Under an agreement entered into pursuant to subsection (a), the Administrator may transfer funds appropriated to carry out this title to the Foundation. Amounts received by the Foundation under this subsection may be used for matching, in whole or in part, contributions (whether in money, services, or property) made to the Foundation by private persons, State or local government agencies, or Tribal organizations.

# "SEC. 209. CORAL REEF EMERGENCY PLANS.

- "(a) IN GENERAL.—A covered reef manager may develop and periodically update a plan (in this title referred to as a 'coral reef emergency plan') consistent with the template described in section 204A(b)(3) to guide the rapid and effective response to circumstances that pose an urgent and immediate threat to the coral reef ecosystems within the manager's responsibilities and jurisdictions, and consistent with any applicable coral reef action plan.
- "(b) CORAL REEF EMERGENCIES.—The Administrator shall develop a list of, and criteria for, circumstances that pose an urgent and immediate threat to coral reefs (in this title referred to as 'coral reef emergencies'), including—
- "(1) new and ongoing outbreaks of disease;
  "(2) new and ongoing outbreaks of invasive or
- "(2) new and ongoing outbreaks of invasive of nuisance species;
  - "(3) new and ongoing coral bleaching events;
  - "(4) natural disasters;
- "(5) man-made disasters, including vessel groundings, hazardous spills, or coastal construction accidents; and
  - '(6) other exigent circumstances.
- "(c) BEST RESPONSE PRACTICES.—The Administrator shall develop guidance on best practices to respond to coral reef emergencies that can be adopted within coral reef emergency plans. Such best practices shall be—
- "(I) based on the best available science and integrated with evolving innovative technologies; and
- "(2) revised not less frequently than once every 5 years.
- "(d) PLAN ELEMENTS.—A coral reef emergency plan shall include the following elements:

- "(1) A description of particular threats, and the proposed responses, consistent with the best practices developed under subsection (d).
- "(2) A delineation of roles and responsibilities for executing the plan.
- "(3) Evidence of engagement with interested stakeholder groups, as applicable, in the development of the plan.
- "(4) Any other information the Administrator considers to be necessary for the plan.
- "(e) TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.—The Administrator and the Task Force shall make all reasonable efforts to provide technical assistance upon request by a covered reef manager developing a coral reef emergency plan under subsection (a).
- "(f) ADOPTION OF CORAL REEF EMERGENCY PLANS.—A covered reef manager may adopt a coral reef emergency plan developed by another covered reef manager, in full or in part, as relevant to the adopting manager's applicable jurisdiction.
- "(g) PUBLIC REVIEW.—The development of a coral reef action plan by a covered reef manager under subsection (a), and the adoption of a plan under subsection (f), shall be subject to public review and comment.
- "(h) PUBLICATION.—The Administrator shall publish each coral reef emergency plan prepared and submitted to the Task Force under this section on publicly available internet websites of—
- "(1) the Coral Reef Conservation Program of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration; and
  - "(2) the Task Force.
- "(i) PLAN IN EFFECT.—A coral reef emergency plan shall be deemed to be in effect if the plan was submitted to the Task Force under this section during the preceding 6 years.

### "SEC. 210. CORAL REEF EMERGENCY FUND.

- "(a) ESTABLISHMENT OF FUND.—There is established in the Treasury an interest-bearing fund to be known as the 'Coral Reef Emergency Fund', consisting of such amounts as are appropriated to the Fund.
- "(b) USES.—Amounts in the Fund—
- "(1) shall be available only for use by the Administrator to compensate covered coral reef mangers to implement a coral reef emergency plan in effect under sections 210 and 212; and
  - "(2) shall remain available until expended.
  - "(c) ACCEPTANCE OF DONATIONS.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—For purposes of carrying out this title, the Administrator may accept, receive, solicit, hold, administer, and use any gift (including, notwithstanding section 1342 of title 31, United States Code, donations of services).
- "(2) DEPOSITS IN FUND.—Notwithstanding section 3302 of title 31, United States Code, any funds received as a gift shall be deposited and maintained in the Fund.

# "SEC. 211. EMERGENCY ASSISTANCE.

- $\begin{tabular}{llll} ``(a) & CORAL & REEF & EMERGENCY & DECLARATIONS.— \end{tabular}$ 
  - "(1) SUA SPONTE DECLARATION.—
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator may determine and declare a coral reef emergency, including at the recommendation of the Secretary of the Interior.
- $\lq\lq(B)$  REQUIREMENTS.—In declaring a coral reef emergency under subparagraph (A), the Administrator shall—
- "(i) certify that an emergency has occurred that is ecologically significant and harmful to coral reefs; and
- "(ii) submit to the appropriate congressional committees findings and analysis to justify the declaration.
- "(2) PETITIONS.—If a covered State or non-Federal coral reef stewardship partnership believes that a coral reef emergency has occurred, and is impacting coral reefs or ecologically significant components of coral reefs subject to the responsibilities or jurisdiction of the State or partnership, the State or partnership may petition the Administrator for a declaration of a coral reef emergency.
  - "(3) EVALUATION AND ACTION.—

- "(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 30 days after receiving a petition under paragraph (2) (except as provided in subparagraph (B)), the Administrator shall—
- "(i) evaluate the petition to determine whether a coral reef emergency has occurred; and
- "(ii) declare a coral reef emergency or deny the petition.
- "(B) EXTENSION.—The Administrator may extend the deadline provided for under subparagraph (A) by not more than 15 days.
- "(4) APPEAL.—If the Administrator denies a petition for an emergency declaration submitted under paragraph (2), the State or partnership that submitted the petition may, not later than 15 days after receiving notice of the denial, appeal the denial to the Administrator. Not later than 15 days after receiving an appeal under this paragraph, the Administrator shall grant or deny the appeal.
- "(5) REVOCATION.—The Administrator may revoke any declaration of a coral reef emergency in whole or in part after determining that circumstances no longer require an emergency response.
- "(6) RECOVERY OF EMERGENCY FUNDING.—The Administrator may seek compensation from negligent parties to recover emergency funds expended in excess of \$500,000 under this section as a result of an emergency declaration arising from direct impacts to coral reefs from manmade disasters or accidents.
  - "(b) Financial Assistance Authority.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—Upon the declaration of a coral reef emergency under subsection (a), the Administrator shall provide grants to carry out proposals that meet the requirements of paragraph (2) to implement coral reef emergency plans in effect under section 209.
- "(2) REQUIREMENTS.—A proposal for a grant under this subsection to implement a coral reef emergency plan in effect under section 209 shall include—
- "(A) the name of the entity submitting the proposal;
- "(B) a copy of the coral reef emergency plan; "(C) a description of the qualifications of the individuals and entities who will implement the plan:
- "(D) an estimate of the funds and time required to complete the implementation of the plan; and
- "(E) any other information the Administrator considers to be necessary for evaluating the eligibility of the proposal for a grant under this subsection.
- "(3) REVIEW.—Not later than 30 days after receiving a proposal for a grant under this subsection, the Administrator shall review the proposal and determine if the proposal meets the requirements of paragraph (2).
- "(4) CONCURRENT REVIEW.—An entity seeking a grant under this subsection may submit a proposal under paragraph (2) to the Administrator at any time following the submission of a petition for an emergency declaration under subsection (a)(2) that is applicable to coral reefs or ecologically significant components of coral reefs subject to the responsibilities or jurisdiction of the entity.

# "SEC. 212. VESSEL GROUNDING INVENTORY.

- "The Administrator, in coordination with the heads of other Federal agencies, shall establish and maintain an inventory of all vessel grounding incidents involving United States coral reefs, including a description of—
- "(1) the impacts of each such incident to coral reefs and related natural resources;
- "(2) vessel and ownership information relating to each such incident, if available;
- "(3) the estimated cost of removal of the vessel, remediation, or restoration relating to each such incident:
- "(4) the response actions taken by the owner of the vessel, the Administrator, the Commandant of the Coast Guard, or representatives of other Federal or State agencies;

- "(5) the status of the response actions, including the dates of—
  - "(A) vessel removal;
- "(B) remediation or restoration activities, including whether a coral reef emergency plan was implemented; and
- $\lq\lq(C)$  any actions taken to prevent future grounding incidents; and
- "(6) recommendations for additional navigational aids or other mechanisms for preventing future grounding incidents.

#### "SEC. 213. RUTH D. GATES CORAL REEF CON-SERVATION GRANT PROGRAM.

- "(a) GRANTS.—The Administrator shall establish a program (to be known as the 'Ruth D. Gates Coral Reef Conservation Grant Program') to provide grants for projects for the conservation and restoration of coral reef ecosystems (in this section referred to as 'coral reef projects') pursuant to proposals approved by the Administrator in accordance with this section.
- "(b) ELIGIBILITY.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—An entity described in paragraph (2) may submit to the Administrator a proposal for a coral reef project.
- "(2) ENTITIES DESCRIBED.—An entity described in this paragraph is—
- "(A) a natural resource management authority of a State or local government or Tribal organization—
- "(i) with responsibility for coral reef management; or
- "(ii) the activities of which directly or indirectly affect coral reefs or coral reef ecosystems;
- "(B) a regional fishery management council established under the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act (16 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.);
- "(C) a coral reef stewardship partnership seeking to implement a coral reef action plan in effect under section 205;
- "(D) a coral reef research center designated under section 215(c)(4); or
- "(E) another nongovernmental organization or research institution with demonstrated expertise in the conservation or restoration of coral reefs in practice or through significant contributions to the body of existing scientific research on coral reefs.
- "(c) PROJECT PROPOSALS.—Each proposal for a grant under this section for a coral reef project shall include the following:
- "(1) The name of the individual or entity responsible for conducting the project.
- "(2) A description of the qualifications of the individual or entity.
- "(3) A succinct statement of the purposes of the project.
- "(4) An estimate of the funds and time required to complete the project.
- "(5) Evidence of support for the project by appropriate representatives of States or other government jurisdictions in which the project will be conducted.
- "(6) Information regarding the source and amount of matching funding available to the applicant.
- ii(7) A description of how the project meets one or more of the criteria under subsection (e)(2).
- "(8) In the case of a proposal submitted by a coral reef stewardship partnership, a description of how the project aligns with the applicable coral reef action plan in effect under section 205.
- "(9) Any other information the Administrator considers to be necessary for evaluating the eligibility of the project for a grant under this subsection.
  - "(d) PROJECT REVIEW AND APPROVAL.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator shall review each coral reef project proposal submitted under this section to determine if the project meets the criteria set forth in subsection (e).
- "(2) PRIORITIZATION OF CONSERVATION PROJECTS.—The Administrator shall prioritize the awarding of grants for projects that meet the criteria for approval under subparagraphs

(A) through (G) of subsection (e)(2) that are proposed to be conducted within priority areas identified for coral reef conservation by the Administrator and consistent with the national coral reef resilience strategy in effect under sec $tion\ 204A.$ 

PRIORITIZATION OFRESTORATION PROJECTS.—The Administrator shall prioritize the awarding of grants for projects that meet the criteria for approval under subparagraphs (E) through (L) of subsection (e)(2) that are proposed to be conducted within priority areas identified for coral reef restoration by the Administrator and consistent with the national coral reef resilience strategy in effect under section 204A.

'(4) REVIEW; APPROVAL OR DISAPPROVAL .-Not later than 180 days after receiving a proposal for a coral reef project under this section, the Administrator shall-

(A) request and consider written comments on the proposal from each Federal agency, State government, Tribal organization, or other government jurisdiction, including the relevant regional fishery management councils established under the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act (16 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.), or any National Marine Sanctuary or Marine National Monument, with jurisdiction or management authority over coral reef ecosustems in the area where the project is to be conducted, including the extent to which the project is consistent with locally established priorities, unless such entities were directly involved in the development of the project proposal:

"(B) provide for the merit-based peer review of the proposal and require standardized documentation of that peer review;

'(C) after considering any written comments and recommendations based on the reviews under subparagraphs (A) and (B), approve or disapprove the proposal; and

(D) provide written notification of that approval or disapproval, with summaries of all written comments, recommendations, and peerreviews, to the entity that submitted the proposal, and each of those States, Tribal organizations, and other government jurisdictions that provided comments under subparagraph (A).

'(e) CRITERIA FOR APPROVAL.—The Administrator may not approve a proposal for a coral reef project under this section unless the

(1) is consistent with-

"(A) the national coral reef resilience strategy in effect under section 204A: and

(B) any Federal or non-Federal coral reef action plans in effect under section 205 covering a coral reef or ecologically significant component of a coral reef to be affected by the project;

"(2) will enhance the conservation and restoration of coral reefs by-

"(A) addressing conflicts arising from the use of environments near coral reefs or from the use of corals, species associated with coral reefs, and coral products, including supporting consensus-driven, community-based planning and management initiatives for the protection of coral reef ecosystems;

(B) improving compliance with laws that prohibit or regulate the taking of coral products or species associated with coral reefs or regulate the use and management of coral reef ecosystems;

'(C) designing and implementing networks of real-time water quality monitoring along coral reefs, including data collection related to turbidity, nutrient availability, harmful algal blooms, and plankton assemblages, with an emphasis on coral reefs impacted by agriculture and urban development:

'(D) promoting ecologically sound navigation and anchorages, including mooring buoy systems to promote enhanced recreational access. near coral reefs:

'(E) furthering the goals and objectives of coral reef action plans in effect under section 205 and coral reef emergency plans in effect under section 209;

"(F) mapping the location and distribution of coral reefs and potential coral reef habitat;

"(G) stimulating innovation to advance the ability of the United States to understand, research, or monitor coral reef ecosystems, or to develop management or adaptation options to preserve, sustain, and restore coral reef ecosystems:

'(H) implementing research to ensure the population viability of listed coral species in United States waters as detailed in the populationbased recovery criteria included in species-specific recovery plans consistent with the Endangered Species Act of 1973 (16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.);

"(I) developing and implementing cost-effective methods to restore degraded coral reef ecosystems or to create geographically appropriate coral reef ecosystems in suitable waters, including by improving habitat or promoting success of keystone species, with an emphasis on novel restoration strategies and techniques to advance coral reef recovery and growth near population centers threatened by rising sea levels and storm surge;

"(J) translating and applying coral genetics research to coral reef ecosystem restoration, including research related to traits that promote resilience to increasing ocean temperatures, ocean acidification, coral bleaching, coral diseases, and invasive species;

"(K) developing and maintaining in situ native coral propagation sites;

"(L) developing and maintaining ex situ coral propagation nurseries and land-based coral gene banks to-

"(i) conserve or augment genetic diversity of native coral populations:

"(ii) support captive breeding of rare coral species; or

"(iii) enhance resilience of native coral populations to increasing ocean temperatures, ocean acidification, coral bleaching, and coral diseases through selective breeding, conditioning, or other approaches that target genes, gene expression, phenotypic traits, or phenotypic plasticity;

"(M) maintaining the structure and function of coral reefs, including the reef matrix itself.

"(f) Funding Requirements.—To the extent practicable based upon proposals for coral reef projects submitted to the Administrator, the Administrator shall ensure that funding for grants awarded under this section during a fiscal year is distributed as follows:

'(1) Not less than 40 percent of funds available shall be awarded for projects in the Pacific Ocean within the maritime areas and zones subject to the jurisdiction or control of the United States

"(2) Not less than 40 percent of the funds available shall be awarded for projects in the Atlantic Ocean, the Gulf of Mexico, or the Caribbean Sea within the maritime areas and zones subject to the jurisdiction or control of the United States.

"(g) PROJECT REPORTING.—Each entity receiving a grant under this section shall submit to the Administrator such reports at such times and containing such information for evaluating project performance as the Administrator may require.

"(h) TASK FORCE.—The Administrator may consult with the Secretary of the Interior and the Task Force to obtain guidance in establishing priorities and evaluating proposals for coral reef projects under this section.

# "SEC. 214. REPORTS ON ADMINISTRATION.

"(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 2 years after the date of the enactment of the America COMPETES Act of 2022, and every 2 years thereafter, the Administrator shall submit to the committees specified in subsection (b) a report on the administration of this title during the 2year period preceding submission of the report, including-

"(1) a description of all activities undertaken to implement the most recent national coral reef resilience strategy under section 204A;

"(2) a statement of all funds obligated under the authorities of this title; and

"(3) a summary, disaggregated by State, of Federal and non-Federal contributions toward the costs of each project or activity funded, in full or in part, under the authorities of this

"(b) COMMITTEES SPECIFIED.—The committees specified in this subsection are-

"(1) the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate; and

'(2) the Committee on Natural Resources and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.

#### "SEC. 215. AUTHORITY TO ENTER INTO AGREE-MENTS.

"(a) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator may enter into and perform such contracts, leases, grants, or cooperative agreements as may be necessary to carry out the purposes of this title.

'(b) Cooperative Institutes .-

"(1) DESIGNATION.—The Administrator shall designate 2 cooperative institutes for the purpose of advancing and sustaining essential capabilities in coral reef research, to be known as the 'Atlantic Coral Reef Institute' and the 'Pacific Coral Reef Institute'

'(2) MEMBERSHIP.—Each institute established under paragraph (1) shall be housed within a single coral reef research center designated by the Administrator under paragraph (4) in the Atlantic and Pacific basins, respectively, and may contract with other coral reef research centers within the same basin to support each institute's capacity and reach.

"(3) FUNCTIONS.—The institutes established

under paragraph (1) shall-

(A) conduct federally directed research to fill national and regional coral reef ecosystem research gaps and improve understanding of, and responses to, continuing and emerging threats to the resilience of United States coral reef ecosystems consistent with the national coral reef resilience strategy in effect under section 204A;

"(B) support ecological research and monitoring to study the effects of conservation and restoration activities funded by this title on promoting more effective coral reef management and restoration: and

(C) through agreements—

"(i) collaborate directly with governmental resource management agencies, coral reef stewardship partnerships, nonprofit organizations, and other coral reef research centers designated under paragraph (4):

"(ii) assist in the development and implementation of-

"(I) the national coral reef resilience strategy under section 204A:

"(II) coral reef action plans under section 205; and

"(III) coral reef emergency plans under section 209;

"(iii) build capacity within governmental resource management agencies to establish research priorities and translate and apply research findings to management and restoration practices: and

'(iv) conduct public education and awareness programs for policymakers, resource managers, and the general public on-

(I) coral reefs and coral reef ecosystems:

"(II) best practices for coral reef ecosystem management and restoration:

(III) the value of coral reefs; and

"(IV) the threats to the sustainability of coral reef ecosystems.

"(4) CORAL REEF RESEARCH CENTERS.

"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator shall periodically solicit applications and designate all qualifying institutions in a covered State as coral reef research centers.

(B) CRITERIA.—An institution qualifies for designation as a coral reef research center under subparagraph (A) if the Administrator determines that the institution—

- "(i) is operated by an institution of higher education;
- "(ii) has established management-driven national or regional coral reef research or restoration programs;
- "(iii) has demonstrated abilities to coordinate closely with appropriate Federal and State agencies, as well as other academic and nonprofit organizations; and
- "(iv) maintains significant local community engagement and outreach programs related to coral reef ecosystems.
- "(c) USE OF RESOURCES OF OTHER AGEN-CIES.—The Administrator may use, with consent and with or without reimbursement, the land, services, equipment, personnel, and facilities of any agency or instrumentality of—
  - "(1) the United States;
  - "(2) any State or local government;
  - "(3) any Indian Tribe; or
- "(4) any foreign government not subject to economic sanctions imposed by the United States.

# "SEC. 216. CORAL REEF PRIZE COMPETITIONS.

- "(a) In General.—The head of any Federal agency with a representative serving on the U.S. Coral Reef Task Force established by Executive Order 13089 (16 U.S.C. 6401 note; relating to coral reef protection), may, individually or in cooperation with one or more agencies, carry out a program to award prizes competitively under section 24 of the Stevenson-Wydler Technology Innovation Act of 1980 (15 U.S.C. 3719).
- "(b) PURPOSES.—Any program carried out under this section shall be for the purpose of stimulating innovation to advance the ability of the United States to understand, research, or monitor coral reef ecosystems, or to develop management or adaptation options to preserve, sustain, and restore coral reef ecosystems.
- "(c) PRIORITY PROGRAMS.—Priority shall be given to establishing programs under this section that address communities, environments, or industries that are in distress as a result of the decline or degradation of coral reef ecosystems, including—
- "(1) scientific research and monitoring that furthers the understanding of causes behind coral reef decline and degradation and the generally slow recovery following disturbances;
- "(2) the development of monitoring or management options for communities or industries that are experiencing significant financial hardship;
- "(3) the development of adaptation options to alleviate economic harm and job loss caused by damage to coral reef ecosystems;
- "(4) the development of measures to help vulnerable communities or industries, with an emphasis on rural communities and businesses; and
- "(5) the development of adaptation and management options for impacted tourism industries. "SEC. 217. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
- "(a) IN GENERAL.—There is authorized to be appropriated to the Administrator \$38,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2022 through 2026 to carry out this title, which shall remain available until expended.
- "(b) ADMINISTRATION.—Of the amounts authorized to be appropriated under subsection (a), not more than the lesser of \$1,500,000 or 10 percent of such amounts is authorized to be appropriated for program administration or for overhead costs incurred by the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration or the Department of Commerce and assessed as an administrative charge.
- "(c) FEDERALLY DIRECTED RESEARCH AND CORAL REEF CONSERVATION PROGRAM GRANTS.—From the amounts authorized to be appropriated under subsection (a), not less than \$8,000,000 is authorized to be appropriated for each of fiscal years 2022 through 2026 to support purposes consistent with this title, of which—

- "(1) not less than \$3,500,000 is authorized to be appropriated for each such fiscal year for authorized activities under section 213; and
- "(2) not less than \$4,500,000 is authorized to be appropriated for each such fiscal year through cooperative agreements with the cooperative institutes designated under section 215(c).
- "(d) BLOCK GRANTS AND COOPERATIVE AGREE-MENTS.—There is authorized to be appropriated to the Administrator, \$15,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2022 through 2026, which shall remain available until expended, to carry out section 207

#### "SEC. 218. DEFINITIONS.

- "In this title:
- "(1) ADMINISTRATOR.—The term 'Administrator' means the Administrator of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration.
- "(2) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES.—The term 'appropriate congressional committees' means the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on Natural Resources of the House of Representatives.
- "(3) Conservation.—The term 'conservation' means the use of methods and procedures necessary to preserve or sustain geographically appropriate corals and associated species as diverse, viable, and self-perpetuating coral reef ecosystems with minimal impacts from invasive species, including—
- "(A) all activities associated with resource management, such as monitoring, assessment, protection, restoration, sustainable use, management of habitat, and maintenance or augmentation of genetic diversity;
  - "(B) mapping;
- "(C) scientific expertise and technical assistance in the development and implementation of management strategies for marine protected areas and marine resources consistent with the National Marine Sanctuaries Act (16 U.S.C. 1401 et seq.) and the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act (16 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.);
  - "(D) law enforcement;
  - $``(E)\ conflict\ resolution\ initiatives;$
- "(F) community outreach and education; and "(G) promotion of safe and ecologically sound navigation and anchoring.
- "(4) CORAL.—The term 'coral' means species of the phylum Cnidaria, including—
- "(A) all species of the orders Antipatharia (black corals), Scleractinia (stony corals), Alcyonacea (soft corals, organ pipe corals, gorgonians), and Helioporacea (blue coral), of the class Anthozoa: and
- "(B) all species of the order Anthoathecata (fire corals and other hydrocorals) of the class Hydrozoa.
- "(5) CORAL PRODUCTS.—The term 'coral products' means any living or dead specimens, parts, or derivatives, or any product containing specimens, parts, or derivatives, of any species referred to in paragraph (4).
- "(6) CORAL REEF.—The term 'coral reef' means calcium carbonate structures in the form of a reef or shoal, composed in whole or in part by living coral, skeletal remains of coral, crustose coralline algae, and other associated sessile marine plants and animals.
- ''(7) CORAL REEF ECOSYSTEM.—The term 'coral reef ecosystem' means—
- "(A) corals and other geographically and ecologically associated marine communities of other reef organisms (including reef plants and animals) associated with coral reef habitat; and
- "(B) the biotic and abiotic factors and processes that affect coral physiology, coral-algal symbiosis, and biodiversity in such habitat.
- "(8) CORAL REEF ECOSYSTEM SERVICES.—The term 'coral reef ecosystem services' means the attributes and benefits provided by coral reef ecosystems including—
- "(A) protection of coastal beaches, structures, and infrastructure;

- "(B) habitat for organisms of economic, ecological, biomedical, medicinal, and cultural
- "(C) serving as centers for the promulgation, performance, and training of cultural practices representative of traditional ecological knowledge; and
  - '(D) aesthetic value.
  - "(9) Covered reef manager.—
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'covered reef manager' means a management unit of a Federal agency specified in subparagraph (B) with jurisdiction over a coral reef ecosystem, covered State, or coral reef stewardship partnership.
- "(B) FEDERAL AGENCIES SPECIFIED.—A Federal agency specified in this subparagraph is one of the following:
- "(i) The National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration.
  - "(ii) The National Park Service.
- "(iii) The United States Fish and Wildlife Service.
  - "(iv) The Office of Insular Affairs.
- "(10) COVERED STATE.—The term 'covered State' means Florida, Hawaii, and the territories of American Samoa, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, Guam, Puerto Rico, and the United States Virgin Islands.
- "(11) INDIAN TRIBE.—The term 'Indian Tribe' has the meaning given that term in section 4 of the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act (25 U.S.C. 5304).
- Assistance Act (25 U.S.C. 5304).

  "(12) INSTITUTION OF HIGHER EDUCATION.—
  The term 'institution of higher education' has
  the meaning given that term in section 101 of the
  Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001).
- "(13) Interested stakeholder groups' includes term 'interested stakeholder groups' includes community members such as businesses, commercial and recreational fishermen, other recreationalists, Federal, State, Tribal, and local government units with related jurisdiction, institutions of higher education, and nongovernmental organizations.
- "(14) NONPROFIT ORGANIZATION.—The term 'nonprofit organization' means an organization that is described in section 501(c) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 and exempt from tax under section 501(a) of such Code.
- "(15) RESTORATION.—The term 'restoration' means the use of methods and procedures necessary to enhance, rehabilitate, recreate, or create a functioning coral reef or coral reef ecosystem, in whole or in part, within suitable waters of the historical geographic range of such ecosystems, to provide ecological, economic, cultural, or coastal resiliency services associated with healthy coral reefs and benefit native populations of coral reef organisms.
- "(16) RESILIENCE.—The term resilience' means the capacity for corals within their native range, coral reefs, or coral reef ecosystems to resist and recover from natural and human disturbances, and maintain structure and function to provide coral reef ecosystem services as determined by clearly identifiable, measurable, and science-based standards.
  - "(17) STATE.—The term 'State' means—
- "(A) any State of the United States that contains a coral reef ecosystem within its seaward boundaries;
- "(B) American Samoa, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, Guam, Puerto Rico, or the United States Virgin Islands; or
- "(C) any other territory of the United States or separate sovereign in free association with the United States that contains a coral reef ecosystem within its seaward boundaries.
- "(18) STEWARDSHIP.—The term 'stewardship', with respect to a coral reef, includes conservation, restoration, and public outreach and education
- "(19) TASK FORCE.—The term 'Task Force' means the United States Coral Reef Task Force established under section 70501 of the America COMPETES Act of 2022.
- "(20) TRIBAL ORGANIZATION.—The term 'Tribal organization' has the meaning given the term

'tribal organization' in section 3765 of title 38, United States Code.''.

(c) CONFORMING AMENDMENT TO NATIONAL OCEANS AND COASTAL SECURITY ACT.—Section 905(a) of the National Oceans and Coastal Security Act (16 U.S.C. 7504(a)) is amended by striking "and coastal infrastructure" and inserting ", coastal infrastructure, and ecosystem services provided by natural systems such as coral reefs".

#### SEC. 70402. MODIFICATION TO SECTION 204 OF THE CORAL REEF CONSERVATION ACT OF 2000.

Section 204 of the Coral Reef Conservation Act of 2000 (16 U.S.C. 6403) is amended—

of 2000 (16 U.S.C. 6403) is amended—
(1) in subsection (a), by striking "this section" and inserting "section 213"; and

(2) by striking subsections (c) through (j).

#### TITLE V—UNITED STATES CORAL REEF TASK FORCE

### SEC. 70501. ESTABLISHMENT.

There is established a task force to lead, coordinate, and strengthen Federal Government actions to better preserve, conserve, and restore coral reef ecosystems, to be known as the "United States Coral Reef Task Force" (in this title referred to as the "Task Force").

#### SEC. 70502. DUTIES.

The duties of the Task Force shall be-

- (1) to coordinate, in cooperation with State, Tribal, and local government partners, coral reef research centers designated under section 215(c) of the Coral Reef Conservation Act of 2000 (as amended by this Act), and other nongovernmental and academic partners as appropriate, activities regarding the mapping, monitoring, research, conservation, mitigation, and restoration of coral reefs and coral reef ecosystems;
- (2) to monitor and advise regarding implementation of the policy and Federal agency responsibilities set forth in—
- (A) Executive Order 13089 (63 Fed. Reg. 32701; relating to coral reef protection); and
- (B) the national coral reef resilience strategy developed under section 204A of the Coral Reef Conservation Act of 2000, as amended by this Act:
- (3) to work with the Secretary of State and the Administrator of the United States Agency for International Development, and in coordination with the other members of the Task Force—
- tion with the other members of the Task Force—
  (A) to assess the United States role in international trade and protection of coral species:
- (B) to encourage implementation of appropriate strategies and actions to promote conservation and sustainable use of coral reef resources worldwide; and
- (C) to collaborate with international communities successful in managing coral reefs:
- (4) to provide technical assistance for the development and implementation, as appropriate, of—
- (A) the national coral reef resilience strategy under section 204A of the Coral Reef Conservation Act of 2000, as amended by this Act;
- (B) coral reef action plans under section 205 of that Act; and
- (C) coral reef emergency plans under section 209 of that Act: and
- (5) to produce a report each year, for submission to the appropriate congressional committees and publication on a publicly available internet website of the Task Force, highlighting the status of the coral reef equities of a covered State on a rotating basis, including—
- (A) a summary of recent coral reef management and restoration activities undertaken in that State: and
- (B) updated estimates of the direct and indirect economic activity supported by, and other benefits associated with, those coral reef equities.

# SEC. 70503. MEMBERSHIP.

- (a) VOTING MEMBERSHIP.—The Task Force shall have the following voting members:
- (1) The Secretary of Commerce, acting through the Administrator of the National Oce-

- anic and Atmospheric Administration, and the Secretary of the Interior, who shall be co-chairs of the Task Force.
- (2) The Administrator of the United States Agency for International Development.
- (3) The Secretary of Agriculture.
- (4) The Secretary of Defense.
- (5) The Secretary of the Army, acting through the Assistant Secretary of the Army for Civil Works.
- (6) The Secretary of Homeland Security, acting through the Administrator of the Federal Emergency Management Agency.
- (7) The Commandant of the Coast Guard.
- (8) The Attorney General.
- (9) The Secretary of State.
- (10) The Secretary of Transportation.
- (11) The Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency.
- (12) The Ambassador of the United States Trade Representative.
- (13) The Administrator of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration.
- (14) The Director of the National Science Foundation.
- (15) The Governor, or a representative of the Governor, of each covered State.
- (b) NONVOTING MEMBERS.—The Task Force shall have the following nonvoting members:
- (1) A member appointed by the President of the Federated States of Micronesia.
- (2) A member appointed by the President of the Republic of the Marshall Islands.
- (3) A member appointed by the President of the Republic of Palau.

# SEC. 70504. RESPONSIBILITIES OF FEDERAL AGENCY MEMBERS.

- (a) In GENERAL.—A member of the Task Force specified in paragraphs (1) through (14) of section 70503(a) shall—
- (1) identify the actions of the agency that member represents that may affect coral reef ecosystems;
- (2) utilize the programs and authorities of that agency to protect and enhance the conditions of such ecosystems, including through the promotion of basic and applied scientific research:
- (3) collaborate with the Task Force to appropriately reflect budgetary needs for coral reef conservation and restoration activities in all agency budget planning and justification documents and processes; and
- (4) engage in any other coordinated efforts approved by the Task Force.
- (b) Co-CHAIRS.—In addition to their responsibilities under subsection (a), the co-chairs of the Task Force shall administer performance of the functions of the Task Force and facilitate the coordination of the members of the Task Force specified in paragraphs (1) through (14) of section 70503(a).

# SEC. 70505. WORKING GROUPS.

- (a) In GENERAL.—The co-chairs of the Task Force may establish working groups as necessary to meet the goals and carry out the duties of the Task Force.
- (b) REQUESTS FROM MEMBERS.—The members of the Task Force may request that the co-chairs establish a working group under subsection (a).
- (c) Participation by Nongovernmental Or-Ganizations.—The co-chairs may allow nongovernmental organizations as appropriate, including academic institutions, conservation groups, and commercial and recreational fishing associations, to participate in a working group established under subsection (a).
- (d) Nonapplicability of Federal Advisory Committee Act.—The Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App.) shall not apply to working groups established under this section.

# SEC. 70506. DEFINITIONS.

In this title:

(1) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES.—The term "appropriate congressional committees" means the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate and

the Committee on Natural Resources of the House of Representatives.

(2) CONSERVATION, CORAL, CORAL REEF, ETC.— The terms "conservation", "coral", "coral reef", "coral reef ecosystem", "covered State", "restoration", "resilience", and "State" have the meaning given those terms in section 218 of the Coral Reef Conservation Act of 2000, as amended by this Act.

# TITLE VI—DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR CORAL REEF AUTHORITIES

# SEC. 70601. CORAL REEF CONSERVATION AND RESTORATION ASSISTANCE.

- (a) In General.—The Secretary of the Interior, in addition to activities authorized under section 203 of the Coral Reef Conservation Act of 2000, as amended by this Act, may provide scientific expertise, technical assistance, and financial assistance for the conservation and restoration of coral reefs consistent with all applicable laws governing resource management in Federal, State, and Tribal waters, including—
- (1) the national coral reef resilience strategy in effect under section 204A of the Coral Reef Conservation Act of 2000, as amended by this Act:
- (2) coral reef action plans in effect under section 205 of that Act, as applicable; and
- (3) coral reef emergency plans in effect under section 209 of that Act, as applicable.
- (b) OFFICE OF INSULAR AFFAIRS CORAL REEF INITIATIVE.—The Secretary may establish within the Office of Insular Affairs a Coral Reef Initiative Program—
- (1) to provide grant funding to support local management, conservation, and protection of coral reef ecosystems in—
  - (A) insular areas of covered States; and
  - (B) Freely Associated States;
- (2) to complement the other conservation and assistance activities conducted under this title; and
- (3) to provide other technical, scientific, and financial assistance and conduct conservation activities that advance the purpose of this title.
- (c) CONSULTATION WITH THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE.—The Secretary of the Interior may consult with the Secretary of Commerce regarding the conduct of any activities to conserve and restore coral reefs and coral reef ecosystems in waters managed under the jurisdiction of the Federal agencies specified in paragraphs (2) and (3) of section 203(c) of the Coral Reef Conservation Act of 2000, as amended by this Act.
- (d) Cooperative Agreements.—The Secretary of the Interior may enter into cooperative agreements with covered reef managers to fund coral reef conservation and restoration activities in waters managed under the jurisdiction of such managers that—
- (1) are consistent with the national coral reef resilience strategy in effect under section 204A of the Coral Reef Conservation Act of 2000, as amended by this Act; and
  - (2) support and enhance the success of—
- (A) coral reef action plans in effect under section 205 of that Act; and
- (B) coral reef emergency plans in effect under section 209 of that Act.
- (e) DEFINITIONS.—In this section, the terms "conservation", "coral reef", "covered reef manager", "covered State", "restoration", and "State" have the meaning given those terms in section 218 of the Coral Reef Conservation Act of 2000, as amended by this Act.
- (f) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— There is authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary to carry out this title for each of fiscal years 2022 to 2026, \$4,000,000.

# TITLE VII—SUSAN L. WILLIAMS NATIONAL CORAL REEF MANAGEMENT FELLOWSHIP

# SEC. 70701. DEFINITIONS.

In this title:

- (1) ADMINISTRATOR.—The term "Administrator" means the Administrator of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration.
- (2) FELLOW.—The term "fellow" means a National Coral Reef Management Fellow.

- (3) FELLOWSHIP.—The term "fellowship" means the National Coral Reef Management Fellowship established in section 70702.
- (4) INDIAN TRIBE; TRIBAL ORGANIZATION.—The terms "Indian Tribe" and "Tribal organization" have the meanings given those terms in section 4 of the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act (25 U.S.C. 5304).

# SEC. 70702. ESTABLISHMENT OF FELLOWSHIP PROGRAM.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—There is established a National Coral Reef Management Fellowship Program.
- (b) PURPOSES.—The purposes of the fellowship are—
- (1) to encourage future leaders of the United States to develop additional coral reef management capacity in States and local communities with coral reefs:
- (2) to provide management agencies of States, Tribal organizations, and Freely Associated States with highly qualified candidates whose education and work experience meet the specific needs of each State, Indian Tribe, and Freely Associated State; and
- (3) to provide fellows with professional experience in management of coastal and coral reef resources

#### SEC. 70703. FELLOWSHIP AWARDS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator, in coordination with the Secretary of the Interior, shall award the fellowship in accordance with this section.
- (b) TERM OF FELLOWSHIP.—A fellowship awarded under this section shall be for a term of not more than 24 months.
- (c) QUALIFICATIONS.—The Administrator, in coordination with the Secretary of the Interior, shall award the fellowship to individuals who have demonstrated—
- (1) an intent to pursue a career in marine services and outstanding potential for such a career.
- (2) leadership potential, actual leadership experience, or both;
- (3) a college or graduate degree in biological science, experience that correlates with aptitude and interest for marine management, or both;
  - (4) proficient writing and speaking skills; and
- (5) such other attributes as the Administrator, in coordination with the Secretary of the Interior, consider appropriate.

# SEC. 70704. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIA-TIONS.

There are authorized to be appropriated to the Administrator to carry out this title for each of fiscal years 2022–2026, \$1,500,000, to remain available until expended.

# TITLE VIII—BUY AMERICAN SEAFOOD SEC. 70801. SENSE OF CONGRESS.

It is the sense of Congress that—

- (1) American wild-caught seafood is integral to the Nation's food supply and to American food security:
- (2) the seafood supply chain is often long and complex;
- (3) American caught and American-processed seafood especially from small-scale fishery operations, can be a sustainable healthy source of protein and micronutrients;
- (4) fresh, frozen, dried, and canned domestic seafood can be produced, processed, packaged, and transported in a manner that has a low carbon footprint;
- (5) marine species that are small, at lower trophic levels, and pelagic typically have the smallest carbon footprint; and
- (6) therefore, any executive agency that purchases seafood products should, to the extent practicable, buy local American-caught or American-harvested and American-processed seafood products from fisheries that are not overfished or experiencing overfishing, in order to support sustainable local seafood businesses, reduce greenhouse gas emissions associated with the seafood product supply chain, and reduce dependence on imported seafood products.

#### SEC. 70802. CAUGHT IN THE USA.

Section 2(c)(1) of the Act of August 11, 1939 (15 U.S.C. 713c-3(c)(1)) is amended to read as follows:

- "(1) The Secretary shall make grants from the fund established under subsection (b) to—
- "(A) assist persons in carrying out research and development projects addressed to any aspect of United States marine fisheries, including harvesting, processing, packaging, marketing, and associated infrastructures; or
- "(B) assist persons to market and promote the consumption of—
- "(i) local or domestic marine fishery products; "(ii) environmentally and climate-friendly marine fishery products that minimize and employ efforts to avoid bycatch and impacts on marine mammals:
  - "(iii) invasive species; or
  - "(iv) well-managed but less known species.".

# TITLE IX—INSULAR AFFAIRS

# SEC. 70901. OCEAN AND COASTAL MAPPING INTEGRATION ACT.

Section 12204 of the Ocean and Coastal Mapping Integration Act (33 U.S.C. 3503) is amended—

- (1) in paragraph (12) by striking "and";
- (2) in paragraph (13) by striking the period at the end and inserting "; and"; and
  - (3) by adding at the end the following:
- "(14) the study of insular areas and the effects of climate change.".

# TITLE X-STUDIES AND REPORTS

### SEC. 71001. DEEP SEA MINING.

- Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Commerce, acting through the Administrator of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, shall seek to enter into an agreement with the National Academies of Science, Engineering, and Medicine to conduct a comprehensive assessment of the environmental impacts of deep seabed mining, including—
- (1) characterization of deep seabed ecosystems;
- (2) assessment of potential impacts to deep seabed habitat and species from exploratory or extractive activities:
- (3) assessment of the potential impacts of sediment plumes from disturbance of the deep seabed on the pelagic food chain; and
- (4) approximate quantification of the greenhouse gas emissions associated with deep seabed mining, including emissions possibly from the release of greenhouse gases sequestered in the seabed.

# SEC. 71002. NATIONAL ACADEMIES ASSESSMENT OF OCEANIC BLUE CARBON.

- Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Commerce, acting through the Administrator of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration shall seek to enter into an agreement with the National Academies of Science, Engineering, and Medicine to conduct a comprehensive assessment of oceanic blue carbon, including—
- (1) the impacts of marine species decline on carbon sequestration potential in ocean ecosystems, an estimate of the global carbon dioxide mitigation potential of protecting or recovering populations of fish and marine mammals, and the ecological considerations of such conservation strategies;
- (2) an analysis of the geologic stores of carbon and deep sea storage of dissolved carbon in the deep seafloor environment, including current and potential natural long-term carbon storage, identification of gaps in scientific understanding, observations, and data regarding such geologic and deep sea carbon storage; and
- (3) the potential impacts to oceanic blue carbon storage by human activities including energy development activities, deep sea mining, deep sea carbon capture technology, and other disturbances to the sea floor and gas hydrate disruption atop the seabed.

# TITLE XI—MISCELLANEOUS

#### SEC. 71101. LAW ENFORCEMENT ATTACHE DE-PLOYMENT.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Beginning in fiscal year 2022, the Secretary of the Interior, acting through the Director of the United States Fish and Wildlife Service, in consultation with the Secretary of State, shall require the Chief of Law Enforcement of the United States Fish and Wildlife Service to hire, train, and deploy not fewer than 50 new United States Fish and Wildlife Service law enforcement attaches, and appropriate additional support staff, at one or more United States embassies, consulates, commands, or other facilities—
- (1) in one or more countries designated as a focus country or a country of concern in the most recent report submitted under section 201 of the Eliminate, Neutralize, and Disrupt Wildlife Trafficking Act of 2016 (16 U.S.C. 7621); and
- (2) in such additional countries or regions, as determined by the Secretary of Interior, that are known or suspected to be a source of illegal trade of species listed—
- (A) as threatened species or endangered species under the Endangered Species Act of 1973 (16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.); or
- (B) under appendix I of the Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora, done at Washington March 3, 1973 (27 UST 1087; TIAS 8249).
- (b) FUNDING.—There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section \$150,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2022 through 2031.

#### SEC. 71102. LACEY ACT AMENDMENTS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 42 of title 18, United States Code, is amended—
- (1) in subsection (a)(1)—
- (A) by inserting "or any interstate transport within the United States," after "or any possession of the United States" the first place it appears; and
- (B) by inserting after the first sentence the following: "Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary of the Interior may prescribe by regulation an emergency designation prohibiting the importation of any species of wild mammals, wild birds, fish (including mollusks and crustacea), amphibians, or reptiles, or the offspring or eggs of any such species, as injurious to human beings, to the interests of agriculture, horticulture, forestry, or to wildlife or the wildlife resources of the United States, for not more than 3 years, under this subsection, if the Secretary of the Interior determines that such regulation is necessary to address an imminent threat to human beings, to the interests of agriculture, horticulture, forestry, or to wildlife or the wildlife resources of the United States. An emergency designation prescribed under this subsection shall take effect immediately upon publication in the Federal Register, unless the Secretary of the Interior prescribes an effective date that is not later than 60 days after the date of publication. During the period during which an emergency designation prescribed under this subsection for a species is in effect, the Secretary of the Interior shall evaluate whether the species should be designated as an injurious wildlife species under the first sentence of this paragraph."; and
- (C) in subsection (b), inserting "knowingly" before "violates"; and
  - (2) by adding at the end the following:
- "(d) Presumptive Prohibition on Importation.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—Importation into the United States of any species of wild mammals, wild birds, fish (including mollusks and crustacea), amphibians, or reptiles, or the offspring or eggs of any such species, that is not native to the United States and, as of the date of enactment of the America COMPETES Act of 2022, is not prohibited under subsection (a)(1), is prohibited, unless—
- "(A) during the 1-year period preceding the date of enactment of the America COMPETES

Act of 2022, the species was, in more than minimal quantities—

"(i) imported into the United States; or

- "(ii) transported between the States, any territory of the United States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, or any territory of the United States; or
- "(B) the Secretary of the Interior determines, after an opportunity for public comment, that the species does not pose a significant risk of invasiveness to the United States and publishes a notice in the Federal Register of the determination.
- "(2) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in paragraph (1) shall be construed to limit the authority of the Secretary of the Interior under subsection (a)(1)."
- (b) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—Section 42(a) of title 18, United States Code, is amended—
- (1) in paragraph (2), by inserting "and subsection (d)" after "this subsection";
- (2) in paragraph (3)—
- (A) by striking "the foregoing" and inserting "paragraph (1) or subsection (d)"; and
- (B) by striking "this Act" each place the term appears and inserting "this section";
- (3) in paragraph (4), by inserting "or subsection (d)" after "this subsection"; and
  - (4) in paragraph (5)—
- (A) by inserting "and subsection (d)" after "this subsection"; and
- (B) by striking ''hereunder'' and inserting ''under such provisions''.
  - (c) REGULATIONS; EFFECTIVE DATE.—
- (1) REGULATIONS.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Interior shall promulgate regulations to define the term "minimal quantities" for purposes of subsection (d)(1)(A) of section 42 of title 18, United States Code, as added by subsection (a)(2).
- (2) EFFECTIVE DATE.—Subsection (d) of section 42 of title 18, United States Code, as added by subsection (a)(2), shall take effect on the date that is 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act.

# SEC. 71103. SHARK FIN SALES ELIMINATION.

- (a) Prohibition on Sale of Shark Fins.—
- (1) PROHIBITION.—Except as provided in subsection (c), no person shall possess, acquire, receive, transport, offer for sale, sell, or purchase shark fins or products containing shark fins.
- (2) PENALTY.—A violation of paragraph (1) shall be treated as an act prohibited by section 307 of the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act (16 U.S.C. 1857) and shall be penalized pursuant to section 308 of that Act (16 U.S.C. 1858).
- (b) EXCEPTIONS.—A person may possess a shark fin that was taken lawfully under a State, territorial, or Federal license or permit to take or land sharks, if the shark fin was separated after the first point of landing in a manner consistent with the license or permit and
- (1) destroyed or disposed of immediately upon separation from the carcass;
- (2) used for noncommercial subsistence purposes in accordance with State or territorial law; or
- (3) used solely for display or research purposes by a museum, college, or university, or other person under a State or Federal permit to conduct noncommercial scientific research.
  - (c) DOGFISH.-
- (1) In GENERAL.—It shall not be a violation of subsection (b) for any person to possess, acquire, receive, transport, offer for sale, sell, or purchase any fresh or frozen unprocessed fin or tail from any stock of the species Mustelus canis (smooth dogfish) or Squalus acanthias (spiny dogfish).
- (2) REPORT.—By not later than January 1, 2027, the Secretary of Commerce shall review the exemption contained in paragraph (1) and shall prepare and submit to Congress a report that includes a recommendation on whether the exemp-

- tion contained in paragraph (1) should continue or be terminated. In preparing such report and making such recommendation, the Secretary shall analyze factors including—
- (A) the economic viability of dogfish fisheries with and without the continuation of the exemption;
- (B) the impact to ocean ecosystems of continuing or terminating the exemption;
- (C) the impact on enforcement of the ban contained in subsection (b) caused by the exemption: and
- (D) the impact of the exemption on shark conservation.
- (d) DEFINITION OF SHARK FIN.—In this section, the term "shark fin" means—
- (1) the unprocessed or dried or otherwise processed detached fin of a shark; or
- (2) the unprocessed or dried or otherwise processed detached tail of a shark.
- (e) ENFORCEMENT.—The provisions of this section, and any regulations issued pursuant thereto, shall be enforced by the Secretary of Commerce. The Secretary may use by agreement, with or without reimbursement, the personnel, services, equipment, and facilities of any other Federal agency or any State agency or Indian Tribe for purposes of enforcing this section.
- (f) STATE AUTHORITY.—Nothing in this section may be construed to preclude, deny, or limit any right of a State or territory to adopt or enforce any regulation or standard that is more stringent than a regulation or standard in effect under this section.
- (g) SEVERABILITY.—If any provision of this section or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the invalidity does not affect other provisions or applications of this section which can be given effect without the invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions of this section are severable.

### DIVISION I—COMMITTEE ON THE JUDICIARY

#### TITLE I—SUBCOMMITTEE ON COURTS, IN-TELLECTUAL PROPERTY, AND THE INTERNET

# SEC. 80101. BASIC RESEARCH.

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, each agency that awards a Federal research grant shall not disclose, either publicly or privately, to an applicant for such grant the identity of any member of the grant review panel for such applicant.

#### SEC. 80102. COLLECTION OF DEMOGRAPHIC IN-FORMATION FOR PATENT INVEN-TORS.

(a) AMENDMENT.—Chapter 11 of title 35, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

# "§ 124. Collection of demographic information for patent inventors

- "(a) Voluntary Collection.—The Director shall provide for the collection of demographic information, including gender, race, military or veteran status, and any other demographic category that the Director determines appropriate related to each inventor listed with an application for patent, that may be submitted voluntarily by that inventor.
- "(b) Protection of Information.—The Director shall—
- "(1) keep any information submitted under subsection (a) confidential and separate from the application for patent; and
- "(2) establish appropriate procedures to ensure—
- "(A) the confidentiality of any information submitted under subsection (a); and
- "(B) that demographic information is not made available to examiners or considered in the examination of any application for patent.
- "(c) RELATION TO OTHER LAWS.-
- "(1) FREEDOM OF INFORMATION ACT.—Any demographic information submitted under subsection (a) shall be exempt from disclosure under section 552(b)(3) of title 5.

- "(2) FEDERAL INFORMATION POLICY LAW.— Subchapter I of chapter 35 of title 44 shall not apply to the collection of demographic information under subsection (a).
- "(d) PUBLICATION OF DEMOGRAPHIC INFORMA-
- "(1) REPORT REQUIRED.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this section, and not later than January 31 of each year thereafter, the Director shall make publicly available a report that, except as provided in paragraph (3)—
- "(A) includes the total number of patent applications filed during the previous year disaggregated—
- "(i) by demographic information described in subsection (a): and
- "(ii) by technology class number, technology class title, country of residence of the inventor, and State of residence of the inventor in the United States:
- "(B) includes the total number of patents issued during the previous year disaggregated—
  "(i) by demographic information described in
- "(i) by demographic information described in subsection (a); and
- "(ii) by technology class number, technology class title, country of residence of the inventor, and State of residence of the inventor in the United States; and
- "(C) includes a discussion of the data collection methodology and summaries of the aggregate responses.
- "(2) DATA AVAILABILITY.—In conjunction with issuance of the report under paragraph (1), the Director shall make publicly available data based on the demographic information collected under subsection (a) that, except as provided in paragraph (3), allows the information to be cross-tabulated to review subgroups.
  - '(3) PRIVACY.—The Director—
- "(A) may not include personally identifying information in—
- "(i) the report made publicly available under paragraph (1); or
- "(ii) the data made publicly available under paragraph (2); and
- "(B) in making publicly available the report under paragraph (I) and the data under paragraph (2), shall anonymize any personally identifying information related to the demographic information collected under subsection (a).
- "(e) BIENNIAL REPORT.—Not later than 2 years after the date of enactment of this section, and every 2 years thereafter, the Director shall submit to Congress a biennial report that evaluates the data collection process under this section, ease of access to the information by the public, and recommendations on how to improve data collection."
- (b) TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMEND-MENT.—The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 11 of title 35, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

# "124. Collection of demographic information for patent inventors.".

# SEC. 80103. STOPPING HARMFUL OFFERS ON PLATFORMS BY SCREENING AGAINST FAKES IN E-COMMERCE.

- (a) CONTRIBUTORY LIABILITY FOR ELECTRONIC COMMERCE PLATFORMS.—Section 32 of the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the registration and protection of trademarks used in commerce, to carry out the provisions of certain international conventions, and for other purposes", approved July 5, 1946 (commonly known as the "Trademark Act of 1946") (15 U.S.C. 1114), is amended by adding at the end the following:
- "(4)(A) An electronic commerce platform shall be contributorily liable in a civil action under paragraph (1) for a case in which a third-party seller uses in commerce a counterfeit mark in connection with the sale, offering for sale, distribution, or advertising of goods that implicate health and safety on the platform, unless the platform demonstrates that the platform took each of the following steps to prevent such use on the platform before any infringing act by the third-party seller:

"(i) Determined after a reasonable investigation, and reasonably periodically confirmed—

"(I) that the third-party seller designated a registered agent in the United States for service of process; or

"(II) in the case of third-party seller located in the United States that has not designated a registered agent under subclause (I), that the third-party seller has designated a verified address for service of process in the United States.

"(ii) Verified through reliable documentation, including to the extent possible some form of government-issued identification, the identity, principal place of business, and contact information of the third-party seller.

"(iii) Except as provided for in subparagraph (C), required the third-party seller to—

"(I) take reasonable steps to verify the authenticity of goods on or in connection with which a registered mark is used: and

"(II) attest to the platform that the thirdparty seller has taken reasonable steps under subclause (I) to verify the authenticity of the goods.

"(iv) Imposed on the third-party seller as a condition of participating on the platform contractual requirements that—

"(I) the third-party seller agrees not to use a counterfeit mark in connection with the sale, offering for sale, distribution, or advertising of goods on the platform:

"(II) the third-party seller consents to the jurisdiction of United States courts with respect to claims related to participation by the third-party seller on the platform; and

"(III) the third-party seller designates an agent for service of process in the United States, or, in the case of third-party seller located in the United States, the third-party seller designates a verified address for service of process in the United States

"(v) Displayed conspicuously on the platform the verified principal place of business, contact information, and identity of the third-party seller, and the country from which the goods were originally shipped from the third-party seller, except the platform shall not be required to display any such information that constitutes the personal identity of an individual, a residential street address, or personal contact information of an individual, and in such cases shall instead provide alternative, verified means of contacting the third-party seller.

"(vi) Except as provided for in subparagraph (C), displayed conspicuously in each listing the country of origin and manufacture of the goods as identified by the third-party seller, unless such information was not reasonably available to the third-party seller and the third-party seller has identified to the platform the steps it undertook to identify the country of origin and manufacture of the goods and the reasons it was unable to identify the same.

"(vii) Required each third-party seller to use images that accurately depict the goods sold, offered for sale, distributed, or advertised on the platform.

"(viii) Implemented at no charge from the platform to the registrant reasonable proactive measures for screening goods before displaying the goods to the public to prevent the use by any third-party seller of a counterfeit mark in connection with the sale, offering for sale, distribution, or advertising of goods on the platform. The determination of whether proactive measures are reasonable shall consider the size and resources of a platform, the available technological and non-technological solutions at the time of screening, the information provided by the registrant to the platform, and any other factor considered relevant by a court.

"(ix) Provided reasonably accessible electronic means by which a registrant and consumer can notify the platform of suspected use of a counterfeit mark.

"(x) Implemented at no charge from the platform to the registrant a program to expeditiously disable or remove from the platform any

listing for which a platform has reasonable awareness of use of a counterfeit mark in connection with the sale, offering for sale, distribution, or advertising of goods. Reasonable awareness of use of a counterfeit mark may be inferred based on information regarding the use of a counterfeit mark on the platform generally, general information about the third-party seller, identifying characteristics of a particular listing, or other circumstances as appropriate. A platform may reinstate a listing disabled or removed under this clause if, after an investigation, the platform reasonably determines that a counterfeit mark was not used in the listing. A reasonable decision to reinstate a listing shall not be a basis for finding that a platform failed to comply with this clause.

'(xi) Implemented a publicly available, written policy that requires termination of a thirdparty seller that reasonably has been determined to have engaged in repeated use of a counterfeit mark in connection with the sale, offering for sale, distribution, or advertising of goods on the platform. Use of a counterfeit mark by a third-party seller in 3 separate listings within 1 year typically shall be considered repeated use, but a platform may allow a thirdparty seller to remain active after repeated use of a counterfeit mark when reasonable mitigating circumstances exist. The determination of whether reasonable mitigating circumstances exist shall consider the overall activity of the third-party seller, efforts the third-party seller has taken to cure supply-chain concerns, efforts the third-party takes to resolve disputes once notified of a concern, and any other factor considered relevant by a court. A platform may reinstate a third-party seller if, after an investigation, the platform reasonably determines that the third-party seller did not engage in repeated use of a counterfeit mark or that reasonable mitigating circumstances existed. A reasonable decision to reinstate a third-party seller shall not be a basis for finding that a platform failed to comply with this clause.

"(xii) Implemented at no charge from the platform to the registrant reasonable measures for screening third-party sellers to ensure that sellers who have been terminated do not rejoin or remain on the platform under a different seller identity or alias. The determination of whether screening measures are reasonable shall consider the size and resources of a platform, the available technological and non-technological solutions at the time of screening, and any other factor considered relevant by a court.

"(xiii) Provided a verified basis to contact a third-party seller upon request by a registrant that has a bona fide belief that the seller has used a counterfeit mark in connection with the sale, offering for sale, distribution, or advertising of goods on the platform except that the platform is not required to provide information that constitutes the personal identity of an individual, a residential street address, or personal contact information of an individual (in such case, the provider shall provide an alternative means of contacting the third-party seller).

"(B)(i) This paragraph shall apply—

"(I) to an electronic commerce platform that has sales on the platform in the previous calendar year of not less than \$500,000; or

"(II) to an electronic commerce platform with less than \$500,000 in sales in the previous calendar year, 6 months after the platform has received 10 notices, in aggregate, that qualify under clause (ii).

"(ii) To count toward the aggregate 10-notice threshold under clause (i)(II), a notice shall—

"(I) include a reference to this paragraph;
"(II) include an explicit notification of the 10notice limit and the requirement of the platform
to publish the information in clause (iii); and

i(III) identify a listing on the platform that reasonably could be determined to have used a counterfeit mark in connection with the sale, offering for sale, distribution, or advertising of goods that implicate health and safety.

"(iii) Not later than 1 month after the date on which a platform described in clause(i)(II) receives the first notice described under clause (ii), the platform shall make publicly available an attestation that the sales on the platform in the previous calendar year were less than \$500,000 and an aggregate count of the notices that qualify under clause (ii). Such count shall be updated upon receipt of additional notices.

"(C) Notwithstanding clauses (iii) and (vi) of subparagraph (A), a platform is exempt from the requirements of such clauses for goods, on or in connection with which a registered mark is used, sold, offered for sale, or advertised by a third-party seller for less than \$5,000 if the third-party seller sells, offers for sale, or advertises on the platform 5 or fewer goods of the same type in connection with the same mark in a 1-year period.

"(D) This paragraph may not be construed to limit liability in contexts other than those described in this paragraph, including any cause of action available under any other provision of this Act, notwithstanding that the same facts may give rise to a claim under this paragraph.

"(E) With respect to fiscal year 2024, and each fiscal year thereafter, the amounts in subparagraphs (B) and (C) shall be increased each year by an amount equal to the percentage increase, if any, in the Consumer Price Index.

"(F) In this paragraph:

"(i) The term 'counterfeit mark' has the meaning given that term in section 34(d)(1)(B).

"(ii) The term 'electronic commerce platform' means any electronically accessed platform that includes publicly interactive features that allow for arranging the sale or purchase of goods, or that enables a person other than an operator of the platform to sell or offer to sell physical goods to consumers located in the United States.

"(iii) The term 'goods that implicate health and safety' means goods the use of which can lead to illness, disease, injury, serious adverse event, allergic reaction, or death if produced without compliance with all applicable Federal, State, and local health and safety regulations and industry-designated testing, safety, quality, certification, manufacturing, packaging, and labeling standards

"(iv) The term 'third-party seller' means a person other than the electronic commerce platform that uses the platform to arrange for the sale or purchase of goods.".

(b) MATERIAL MISREPRESENTATIONS IN TAKE-DOWN NOTICES.—

(1) AMENDMENT.—The Act entitled "An Act to provide for the registration and protection of trademarks used in commerce, to carry out the provisions of certain international conventions, and for other purposes", approved July 5, 1946 (commonly known as the "Trademark Act of 1946") is amended by inserting after section 32 (15 U.S.C. 1114), the following new section:

# "SEC. 32A. MATERIAL MISREPRESENTATIONS IN TAKE-DOWN NOTICES.

"(a) CIVIL LIABILITY.—Any person who knowingly makes any material misrepresentation in a notice to an electronic commerce platform that a counterfeit mark was used in a listing by a third party seller for goods that implicate health and safety shall be liable in a civil action for damages by the third-party seller that is injured by such misrepresentation, as the result of the electronic commerce platform relying upon such misrepresentation to remove or disable access to the listing, including temporary removal or disablement.

"(b) ACTION BY ELECTRONIC COMMERCE PLATFORM.—

"(1) AUTHORITY TO BRING ACTION.—If a thirdparty seller who otherwise could bring an action under subsection (a), consents and declines to file suit, an electronic commerce platform may bring an action under subsection (a) against a person who knowingly made a material misrepresentation in 10 or more notices to the platform alleging that a counterfeit mark was used in a listing by a third party seller for goods that implicate health and safety.

"(2) Consent by third-party seller re-QUIRED.—Consent shall be obtained in writing from each third-party seller to which the notices covered by the civil action were directed.

"(3) CONTENTS OF CONSENT.—The consent by a third-party seller shall be made in specific reference to a particular notice after the notice has been filed with the electronic commerce platform and removal or disablement has occurred.

'(c) STATUTORY DAMAGES.-Any person who brings a claim under this section may elect, at any time before final judgment is rendered by the trial court, to recover, instead of actual damages, statutory damages in the amount of-

"(1) not less than \$2,500 or more than \$15,000 per notice containing a knowing, material misrepresentation; or

"(2) if aggravating circumstances exist, not less than \$15,000 or more than \$75,000 per notice containing a knowing, material misrepresenta-

'(d) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

"(1) COUNTERFEIT MARK.—The term 'counterfeit mark' has the meaning given that term in section 34(d)(1)(B).

'(2) Electronic commerce platform; goods THAT IMPLICATE HEALTH AND SAFETY; THIRD-PARTY SELLER.—The terms 'electronic commerce platform', 'goods that implicate health and safety', and 'third-party seller' have the meaning given those terms in section 32(4)(F).

(2) TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMEND-MENT.—Section 35(a) of the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the registration and protection of trademarks used in commerce, to carry out the provisions of certain international conventions, and for other purposes", approved July 5, 1946 (commonly known as the "Trademark Act of 1946") (15 U.S.C. 1117(a)) is amended by inserting after "under section 43(a) or (d)," the following: "a violation under subsection (a) or (b) of section 32A,'

(c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—This section, and the amendments made by this section, shall take effect on the date that is 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act.

### TITLE II—SUBCOMMITTEE ON ANTITRUST, COMMERCIAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE LAW SEC. 80201. PREMERGER NOTIFICATION FILING FEES.

Section 605 of Public Law 101-162 (15 U.S.C. 18a note) is amended-

(1) in subsection (b)-

(A) in paragraph (1)—

- (i) by striking "\$30,000"; "\$45,000" and inserting
- (ii) by striking "\$100,000,000" and inserting "\$161.500.000".
- (iii) by striking "2004" and inserting "2022":
- (iv) by striking "2003" and inserting "2021";
- (B) in paragraph (2)—
  (i) by striking "\$125,000" and inserting (i) by striking "\$100,000";
- (ii) by striking "\$100,000,000" and inserting "\$161,500,000"
- (iii) by striking "but less" and inserting "but is less": and
- (iv) by striking "and" at the end;

(C) in paragraph (3)-

- (i) by striking "\$250,000"; and "\$280,000" and inserting
- (ii) by striking the period at the end and inserting "but is less than \$1,000,000,000 (as so adjusted and published);"; and

(D) by adding at the end the following:

(4) \$400,000 if the aggregate total amount determined under section 7A(a)(2) of the Clayton Act (15 U.S.C. 18a(a)(2)) is not less than \$1,000,000,000 (as so adjusted and published) but is less than \$2,000,000,000 (as so adjusted and published);

"(5) \$800,000 if the aggregate total amount determined under section 7A(a)(2) of the Clayton Act (15 U.S.C. 18a(a)(2)) is not less than \$2,000,000,000 (as so adjusted and published) but is less than \$5,000,000,000 (as so adjusted and published); and

"(6) \$2,250,000 if the aggregate total amount determined under section 7A(a)(2) of the Clayton Act (15 U.S.C. 18a(a)(2)) is not less than \$5,000,000,000 (as so adjusted and published).";

(2) by adding at the end the following:
"(c)(1) For each fiscal year commencing after September 30, 2022, the filing fees in this section shall be increased each year by an amount equal to the percentage increase, if any, in the Consumer Price Index, as determined by the Department of Labor or its successor, for the year then ended over the level so established for the year ending September 30, 2021.

'(2) As soon as practicable, but not later than January 31 of each year, the Federal Trade Commission shall publish the adjusted amounts

required by paragraph (1).
"(3) The Federal Trade Commission shall not adjust amounts required by paragraph (1) if the percentage increase described in paragraph (1) is less than 1 percent.

'(4) An amount adjusted under this section shall be rounded to the nearest multiple of \$5,000."

#### SEC. 80202. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIA-TIONS.

There is authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 2022-

(1) \$252,000,000 for the Antitrust Division of the Department of Justice; and

(2) \$418,000,000 for the Federal Trade Commis-

# TITLE III—IMMIGRATION PROVISIONS SEC. 80301. W VISAS.

Section 101(a)(15) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(15)) is amended-(1) in subparagraph (U)(iii), by striking "or" at the end:

(2) in subparagraph (V)(ii)(II), by striking the period at the end and inserting "; or"; and

(3) by adding at the end the following:

(W) subject to-

"(i) section 218A(a), an alien who is an entrepreneur with an ownership interest in a start-up

"((ii)) section 218A(b), an alien who is or will be an essential employee of a start-up entity; or

"(iii) section 218A(c), the spouse or child of an alien described in clause (i) or (ii) who is accompanying, or following to join, the alien.'

### SEC. 80302. START-UP ENTITIES; NONIMMIGRANT ENTREPRENEURS AND EMPLOYEES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 2 of title II of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1181 et seq.) is amended by inserting after section 218 the following:

# "SEC. 218A. START-UP ENTITIES; ADMISSION OF NONIMMIGRANT ENTREPRENEURS AND EMPLOYEES.

'(a) Nonimmigrant Entrepreneurs.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.

"(A) PROCEDURES.—The Secretary shall establish procedures for an alien to obtain nonimmigrant status under section 101(a)(15)(W)(i). Such procedures shall include a petition filed by the alien that shall be approved by the Secretary before a visa may be granted. The petition shall be in such form and contain such information as the Secretary shall prescribe, except that, in the case of an alien seeking a change of nonimmigrant classification, the petition shall include an option to request such a change.

(B) REQUIRED ELEMENTS.—The Secretary may approve a petition under subparagraph (A) if the Secretary determines that-

"(i) the alien possesses an ownership interest in a start-up entity of not less than 10 percent; "(ii) the alien will play a central and active role in the management or operations of the

start-un entitu: '(iii) the alien possesses the knowledge, skills,

or experience to substantially assist the start-up entity with the growth and success of its business: and

'(iv) subject to paragraph (4), the start-up entity, during the 18-month period preceding the filing of the petition, received-

"(I) at least \$250,000 in qualifying investments from one or more qualified investors; or

"(II) at least \$100,000 in qualifying government awards or grants.

DURATION.—Status under section 101(a)(15)(W)(i) shall be valid for an initial period of 3 years and may be extended thereafter in accordance with this subsection.

"(2) 3-YEAR EXTENSION ELIGIBILITY TERIA.—The Secretary may approve a petition to extend the initial status of an alien as a nonimmigrant under section 101(a)(15)(W)(i) for an additional 3-year period, if the Secretary determines that-

"(A) the alien—

"(i) possesses an ownership interest of not less than 5 percent in the start-up entity that formed the basis for the alien's initial petition for status nonimmigrantunder section 101(a)(15)(W)(i); and

"(ii) will continue to play a central and active role in the management or operations of the

start-up entity; and

"(B) subject to paragraph (4), during the alien's initial period of status as a nonimmigrant under section 101(a)(15)(W)(i), the start-up entity-

"(i) received at least \$500,000 in additional qualifying investments from one or more qualified investors, qualifying government awards or grants, or a combination of such funding;

'(ii) created at least 5 qualified jobs; or

"(iii) generated not less than \$500,000 in annual revenue in the United States and averaged 20 percent in annual revenue growth.

(3) Additional extensions in 1-year incre-MENTS.—With respect to an alien whose status nonimmigrantunder section 101(a)(15)(W)(i) was extended under paragraph (2), the Secretary may approve not more than 2 additional petitions to further extend such status in 1-year increments if the Secretary determines that-

"(A) the alien—

"(i) possesses an ownership interest in the start-up entity that formed the basis for the alien's initial petition for status as a nonimmigrant under section 101(a)(15)(W)(i); and

"(ii) will continue to play a central and active role in the management or operations of the

start-up entity; and

(B) the start-up entity has made substantial progress in satisfying the criteria under paragraphs (2) and (3) of section 218B(c) and is reasonably expected to satisfy such requirements within the 1-year period following the expiration of the alien's status as a nonimmigrant under section 101(a)(15)(W)(i).

"(4) OTHER COMPARABLE EVIDENCE.—If a start-up entity partially meets one or more of the criteria described in paragraph (1)(B)(iv) or (2)(B), and the Secretary determines, based on other reliable and compelling evidence, that the start-up entity has substantial potential for rapid growth and job creation, the Secretary may grant the applicable petition.

(5) REPORTING OF MATERIAL CHANGES.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—An alien with status under section 101(a)(15)(W)(i) shall immediately notify the Secretary in writing, in accordance with procedures established by the Secretary, if he or she will no longer play a central and active role in the management or operations of the start-up entity or ceases to possess a qualifying ownership interest in the start-up entity.

(B) QUALIFYING OWNERSHIP INTEREST.—For purposes of subparagraph (A), the alien will cease to possess a qualifying ownership interest in the start-up entity if-

"(i) during the initial 3-year period of status described in paragraph (1), the alien's ownership interest falls below 5 percent; or

(ii) during a period of status described in paragraph (2) or (3), the alien ceases to maintain any ownership interest.

(6) CLARIFICATION.—With respect to an alien who establishes a qualifying ownership interest described in paragraph (1)(B)(i) in a start-up entity and is otherwise eligible for status under section 101(a)(15)(W)(i) based on such ownership, any time previously spent in such status with a different start-up entity shall not render the alien ineligible to be granted such status in accordance with this subsection.

- "(b) NONIMMIGRANT ESSENTIAL EMPLOYEES.—
  "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall establish procedures for a start-up entity that serves as the basis for an approved petition under subsection (a) to file a petition to grant an alien status as a nonimmigrant under section 101(a)(15)(W)(ii). Status under such section shall be valid for an initial period of 3 years. The Secretary may approve an initial petition under this paragraph if the Secretary determines that the alien—
- "(A) has an offer from the start-up entity for employment in an executive capacity or managerial capacity; and
- "(B) possesses knowledge, skills, or experience that are essential to the growth and success of the start-up entity.
- "(2) NUMERICAL LIMITATIONS.—The number of aliens with status under section 101(a)(15)(W)(ii) who may be employed by a start-up entity at any one time may not exceed—
- "(A) 2 such aliens if such entity has 10 or fewer full-time employees in the United States;
- "(B) 3 such aliens if such entity has at least 11 and not more than 30 full-time employees in the United States;
- "(C) 4 such aliens if such entity has at least 31 and not more than 70 full-time employees in the United States: and
- "(D) 5 such aliens if such entity has more than 70 full-time employees in the United States.
- "(3) 3-YEAR EXTENSION.—The Secretary may approve a petition to extend the status of an alien as a nonimmigrant under section 101(a)(15)(W)(ii) for one additional 3-year period if the Secretary determines that the alien continues to meet the criteria described in paragraph (1).
- "(4) TERMINATION OF ELIGIBILITY TO PETITION FOR W-2 NONIMMIGRANTS.—A start-up entity's eligibility to submit new petitions for aliens under paragraph (1) shall terminate on the date on which the start-up entity no longer serves as the basis for status of any nonimmigrant under section 101(a)(15)(W)(i).
  - "(c) SPOUSES AND CHILDREN.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—A spouse or children accompanying or following to join a principal alien with status as a nonimmigrant under clause (i) or (ii) of section 101(a)(15)(W) shall be entitled to status as a nonimmigrant under clause (iii) of such section.
- "(2) EMPLOYMENT AUTHORIZATION.—In the case of an alien spouse with status as a non-immigrant under section 101(a)(15)(W)(iii), the Secretary shall authorize such spouse to engage in employment in the United States and provide the spouse with an 'employment authorized' endorsement or other appropriate work permit.
- "(d) TERMINATION OF NONIMMIGRANT STA-TUS.—
- "(1) In GENERAL.—The Secretary shall provide written notice to an alien admitted or otherwise granted status as a nonimmigrant under clause (i) or (ii) of section 101(a)(15)(W) of the Secretary's intent to terminate such status if the Secretary has reasonable grounds to believe that—
- "(A) the facts or information contained in the petition for such status were not true and accurate;
- "(B) the alien failed to timely file or otherwise comply with the material change reporting requirement in subsection (a)(5), if applicable; or "(C) the petition was erroneously granted.
- "(2) NOTICE AND DECISION.—A notice of intent to terminate issued under paragraph (1) shall identify the grounds for termination and provide at least 60 days for the alien to submit rebuttal evidence.
- "(e) DUAL INTENT.—Notwithstanding section 214(b), an alien may obtain a visa or be granted

status under section 101(a)(15)(W) even if such alien intends to seek lawful permanent resident status in the United States.

"(f) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

"(1) FULL-TIME EMPLOYEE.—The term 'fulltime employee' means an individual performing services in a position that requires a minimum of 35 working hours per week, and does not include independent contractors or combinations of part-time employees.

"(2) QUALIFIED INVESTOR .-

- "(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subparagraph (B) and consistent with subparagraph (C), the term 'qualified investor' means—
- "(i) an individual who is a United States citizen or lawful permanent resident of the United States: or
- "(ii) an organization that is located in the United States and operates through a legal entity that has its principal place of business in the United States, that is majority owned and controlled by United States citizens or lawful permanent residents of the United States.
- which individual or organization regularly makes substantial investments in start-up entities that subsequently exhibit substantial growth in revenue generation or job creation.
- "(B) EXCEPTIONS.—The term 'qualified investor' does not include an individual or organization that has been—
- "(i) permanently or temporarily enjoined from participating in the offer or sale of a security or in the provision of services as an investment adviser, broker, dealer, municipal securities dealer, government securities broker, government securities dealer, bank, transfer agent or credit rating agency;
- "(ii) barred from association with any entity involved in the offer or sale of securities or the provision of such services: or
- "(iii) otherwise found to have participated in the offer or sale of securities or the provision of such services in violation of law.
- "(C) SUBSTANTIAL INVESTMENT HISTORY.—An individual or organization shall be considered to regularly make substantial investments in startup entities that subsequently exhibit substantial growth in revenue generation or job creation if—
- "(i) during the preceding 5 years, the individual or organization invested a total of not less than \$600,000 in start-up entities in exchange for equity, convertible debt, or other security convertible into equity commonly used in financing transactions within their respective industries; and
- "(ii) subsequent to such investment, at least 2 such entities each created at least 5 qualified jobs or generated at least \$500,000 in revenue with average annualized revenue growth of at least 20 percent.
- "(3) QUALIFIED JOB.—The term 'qualified job' means a job located in the United States that requires a minimum of 35 working hours per week that has been filled for at least 1 year by one or more qualifying employees.
- "(4) QUALIFYING EMPLOYEE.—The term 'qualifying employee' means a United States citizen, a lawful permanent resident, or other immigrant lawfully authorized to be employed in the United States. Such term does not include independent contractors, nonimmigrant entrepreneurs or essential start-up employees of the start-up entity, or the parents, spouses, brothers, sisters, sons, or daughters of such nonimmigrant entrepreneurs.
- "(5) QUALIFYING GOVERNMENT AWARD OR GRANT.—The term 'qualifying government award or grant' means an award or grant for economic development, research and development, or job creation (or other similar monetary award typically given to start-up entities) made by a Federal, State, or local government entity (not including foreign government entities) that regularly provides such awards or grants to start-up entities. The term does not include any contractual commitment for goods or services.
  - "(6) QUALIFYING INVESTMENT.—

- "(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'qualifying investment' means an investment of lawfully derived capital made in good faith in a start-up entity that is a purchase from such entity of its equity, convertible debt, or other security convertible into its equity that is or becomes commonly used in financing transactions within such entity's industry.
- "(B) EXCLUSIONS.—The term 'qualifying investment' does not include a direct or indirect investment from an alien seeking status under section 101(a)(15)(W), the parent, spouse, brother, sister, son, or daughter of such an alien, or any corporation, limited liability company, partnership, or other entity in which such entrepreneur or the parents, spouse, brother, sister, son, or daughter of such entrepreneur has any direct or indirect ownership interest.
- "(7) SECRETARY.—The term 'Secretary' means the Secretary of Homeland Security.
- "(8) START-UP ENTITY.—The term 'start-up entity' means a United States business entity that has lawfully conducted business during any period of operation since its formation, and that was formed within the 5-year period immediately preceding the date the alien files a petition for classification under section 101(a)(15)(W)(i).
- "(9) UNITED STATES BUSINESS ENTITY.—The term 'United States business entity' means any corporation, limited liability company, partnership, or other entity that is organized under Federal law or the laws of any State, and that conducts business in the United States, that is not an investment vehicle primarily engaged in the offer, purchase, sale or trading of securities, futures contracts, derivatives or similar instruments.

#### "SEC. 218B. ADMISSION OF IMMIGRANT ENTRE-PRENEURS.

- "(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall establish procedures for an alien who is eligible under subsection (c) to petition for classification as an immigrant entrepreneur.
- "(b) EXCLUSION FROM NUMERICAL LIMITA-TIONS.—An alien classified as an immigrant entrepreneur under this section, and the spouse and children of such alien, shall be immediately eligible for immigrant visas and such visas shall not be subject to or counted against the numerical limitations under section 201, 202, or 203.
- "(c) ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA.—The Secretary may approve a petition filed by an alien for classification as an immigrant entrepreneur under this section if the Secretary determines that—
  - "(1) the alien—
- "(A) is present in the United States and has maintained status as a nonimmigrant under section 101(a)(15)(W)(i) or another nonimmigrant status pursuant to which the alien is employed by a start-up entity (as such term is defined in section 218A(f)(8)):
- "(B) has maintained an ownership interest in the start-up entity since its formation; and
- "(C) plays an active and central role in the management or operations of the start-up enti-
- ty;
  "(2) the start-up entity has created at least 10
  qualified jobs (as such term is defined in section
  218A(f)(3)); and
  - "(3) the start-up entity has—
- "(A) received not less than a total of \$1,250,000 in qualifying investments, qualifying government grants or awards, or a combination of such funding; or
- "(B) generated not less than \$1,000,000 in annual revenue in the United States in the 2-year period preceding the filing of the petition."
- "(d) IMMIGRANT VISA PROCESSING OR ADJUST-MENT OF STATUS.—An alien classified as an immigrant entrepreneur under this section, and the spouse and children of such alien, may apply for an immigrant visa in accordance with the procedures described in section 221 or for adjustment of status under section 245 if such individuals are otherwise eligible for adjustment of status.

#### "SEC. 218C. INFLATION ADJUSTMENT: FEES.

"(a) INFLATION ADJUSTMENT.—The Secretary may adjust the monetary amounts described in paragraphs (1)(B)(iv) and (2)(B) of section 218A(a) and section 218B(c)(3) on a biennial basis by the percentage (if any) by which the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers for the month of June preceding the date on which such adjustment takes effect exceeds the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers for the same month of the second preceding calendar year. Any such increase shall apply to aliens filing petitions on or after the date on which the increase takes effect.

(b) FEES.-

"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may require an alien petitioning or applying for any benefit under section 218A or 218B to pay a reasonable fee that is commensurate with the cost of processing the petition or application.

"(2) Supplemental fee for stem scholar-SHIPS.

"(A) IN GENERAL.—In addition to any required processing fee, the Secretary shall collect a \$1.000 supplemental fee in connection with each petition for classification of an alien as a nonimmigrant under section 101(a)(15)(W)(i) or as an immigrant under section 218B.

'(B) USE.—Supplemental fees collected under subparagraph (A) shall be credited as discretionary offsetting collections to the currently applicable appropriation, account, or fund of the National Science Foundation for purposes of providing scholarships for low-income individuals described in section 414(d)(2)(A) of the American Competitiveness and Workforce Improvement Act of 1998 (42 U.S.C. 1869c(2)(A)), and shall be made available for such purposes only to the extent and in the amounts provided in advance in appropriations Acts.

"(3) PREMIUM PROCESSING.—Subject to any reasonable conditions, the Secretary shall establish premium processing procedures for petitions or applications filed under sections 218A and 218B in accordance with section 286(u) and the Emergency Stopgap USCIS Stabilization Act (Public Law 116-159).

(b) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—The table of contents of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101 et seq.) is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 218 the following.

"Sec. 218A. Start-up entities; admission of nonimmigrant entrepreneurs and employees.

"Sec. 218B. Admission of immigrant entrepreneurs.

"Sec. 218C. Inflation adjustment; fees.".

# SEC. 80303. DOCTORAL STEM GRADUATES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 201(b)(1) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1151(b)(1)) is amended by adding at the end the following:

"(F)(i) Aliens who—

"(I) are described in paragraph (1) or (2) of section 203(b);

"(II) have earned a doctoral degree in a program of study involving science, technology, engineering, or mathematics-

'(aa) from a qualified United States research institution; or

"(bb) from a foreign institution if such degree is the equivalent to a degree issued by a qualified United States research institution; and

"(III) are seeking admission to engage in work in the United States in a field related to such

"(ii) Aliens who are a spouse or child of a principal alien described in clause (i), if accompanying or following to join the principal alien."

(b) PROCEDURES.—Section 204(a)(1) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1154(a)(1)) is amended by adding at the end the following:

"(M)(i) Any alien desiring to be classified under section 201(b)(1)(F)(i) may file a petition with the Secretary of Homeland Security for such classification.

"(ii)(I) In addition to any required processing fee, the Secretary shall collect a \$1,000 supplemental fee in connection with each petition filed under clause (i) for classification of an alien under section 201(b)(1)(F)(i).

"(II) Supplemental fees collected under subclause (I) shall be credited as discretionary offsetting collections to the currently applicable appropriation, account, or fund of the National Science Foundation for purposes of providing scholarships for low-income individuals described in section 414(d)(2)(A) of the American Competitiveness and Workforce Improvement Act of 1998 (42 U.S.C. 1869c(2)(A)), and shall be made available for such purposes only to the extent and in the amounts provided in advance in appropriations Acts.

'(iii) For purposes of section 201(b)(1)(F)(i):

"(I) The term 'historically Black college or university' has the meaning given the term 'part B institution' in section 322 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1061).

"(II) The term "minority-serving institution" means any of the following (as described in section 371 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20  $U.S.C.\ 1067q(a))):$ 

'(aa) A Hispanic-serving institution.

('(bb) An Alaska Native-serving institution or a Native Hawaiian-serving institution.

'(cc) A Predominantly Black Institution.

"(dd) An Asian American and Native American Pacific Islander-serving institution.

"(ee) A Native American-serving nontribal institution.

"(III) The term 'program of study involving science, technology, engineering, or mathematics' means a field included in the Department of Education's Classification of Instructional Programs taxonomy within the summary groups of agricultural sciences, natural resources and conservation, computer and information sciences and support services, engineering, biological and biomedical sciences, mathematics and statistics, military technologies, physical sciences, or medical residency and fellowship programs, or the summary group subsets of accounting and related services and taxation.

'(IV) The term 'qualified United States research institution', when used with respect to alienseekina status under section 201(b)(1)(F)(i), means an institution that—

"(aa) is described in section 101(a) of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001(a)): and

"(bb) for not less than 3 years during the period in which such alien was pursuing the doctoral degree, either-

"(AA) spent not less than \$25,000,000 for research and development, as determined by the National Center for Science and Engineering Statistics of the National Science Foundation;

"(BB) was classified by the Carnegie Foundation for the Advancement of Teaching as a doctorate-granting university with a very high level (R1) or high level (R2) of research activity and is a historically Black college or university or minority-serving institution."

# SEC. 80304. CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.

(a) Use of Fee for Low-income Scholarship PROGRAM.—Section 414(d)(4) of the of the American Competitiveness and Workforce Improvement Act of 1998 (42 U.S.C. 1869c(d)(4)) is amended to read as follows:

"(4) FUNDING .-

"(A) AMOUNTS DEPOSITED IN H-1B NON-IMMIGRANT PETITIONER ACCOUNT.tor shall carry out this subsection with funds made available under section 286(s)(3) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 1356(s)(3)). The Director may use not more than 50 percent of such funds for undergraduate programs for curriculum development, professional and workforce development, and to advance technological education. Funds for these other

programs may be used for purposes other than scholarships.

"(B) OTHER IMMIGRATION PETITION FEES .-Consistent with sections 218C(b)(2)(B) and 204(a)(1)(M)(ii)(II) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, the Director shall use funds made available under such sections to award scholarships under this subsection to individuals described in paragraph (2)(A).".

(b) Subsequent Finding of Non-Entitle-MENT TO CLASSIFICATION.—Section 204(e) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1154(e) is amended by inserting '201(b)(1)(F) or'' before "subsection (a),". "section

### SEC. 80305. RULEMAKING.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this title, the Secretary, in consultation with the Secretary of State and the Secretary of Commerce, shall publish in the Federal Register, an interim final rule implementing the amendments made by this title. Notwithstanding section 553 of title 5. United States Code, the rule shall be effective, on an interim basis, immediately upon publication, but may be subject to change and revision after public notice and opportunity for comment. The Secretary shall finalize such rule not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this title.

(b) DESIGNATED QUALIFIED INVESTORS.—The rule described in subsection (a) shall include-

(1) procedures for individuals and organizations to request designation as qualified investors (as such term is defined in section 218A(f) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as added by this title); and

(2) streamlined filing procedures for petitions to classify an alien as an nonimmigrant under section 101(A)(15)(W)(i) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(15)(W)(i)), as added by this title, or as an immigrant under section 218B of such Act (as so added) based on a start-up entity that has received investment capital from one or more qualified investors that have been designated as such pursuant to the procedures described in paragraph (1).

# DIVISION J—COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION AND LABOR

### TITLE I—NATIONAL APPRENTICESHIP ACT OF 2022

# SEC. 90101. SHORT TITLE.

This title may be cited as the "National Apprenticeship Act of 2022".

# SEC. 90102. EFFECTIVE DATE.

This title, and the amendments made by this title, shall take effect beginning on October 1, 2022.

# SEC. 90103. AMENDMENT.

The Act of August 16, 1937 (commonly referred to as the "National Apprenticeship Act"; 50 Stat. 664, chapter 663; 29 U.S.C. 50 et seq.), is amended to read as follows:

# "SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.

"(a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the 'National Apprenticeship Act'.

"(b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents for this Act is as follows:

"Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.

"Sec. 2. Definition's.

"Sec. 3. Programs under the national apprenticeship system.

'Sec. 4. Transition provisions.

"Sec. 5. Disaggregation of data. "Sec. 6. Relation to other laws.

"TITLE I-PROMOTING PROGRAMS UNDER THE NATIONAL APPRENTICESHIP SYSTEM

"Subtitle A—The Office of Apprenticeship, State Registration Agency Approval Process, and Interagency Agreement

Sec. 111. The Office of Apprenticeship.

"Sec. 112. National Advisory Committee on Apprenticeships.

"Sec. 113. State apprenticeship agencies and State Offices of Apprenticeship.

"Sec. 114. Interagency agreement with Department of Education.

- "Subtitle B-Process and Standards for the National Apprenticeship System
- "Sec. 121. Occupations suitable for apprenticeship.
- "Sec. 122. Quality standards of programs under the national apprenticeship system.
- "Sec. 123. Apprenticeship agreements.
- "Sec. 124. Registration of programs under the national apprenticeship system.

"Subtitle C-Evaluations and Research

- "Sec. 131. Program evaluations.
- "Sec. 132. National apprenticeship system research.

"Subtitle D-General Provisions

- "Sec. 141. Authorization of appropriations.
- "TITLE II-MODERNIZING THE NATIONAL APPRENTICESHIP SYSTEM FOR THE 21ST CENTURY GRANTS
- "Sec. 201. Grant requirements.
- "Sec. 202. Uses of Funds.
- "Sec. 203. Grant evaluations.
- "Sec. 204. Authorization of appropriations for grants.

### "SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.

"In this Act:

- "(1) ADMINISTRATOR.—The term 'Administrator' means the Administrator of the Office of Apprenticeship established under section 111(a).
- (2) Advisory committee.—The term 'Advisory Committee' means the National Advisory Committee on Apprenticeships established under section 112.
- "(3) APPRENTICE.— The term 'apprentice' means an individual who is-
- "(A) at least 16 years of age, except where a higher minimum age standard is otherwise required by law;
- "(B) employed by an employer that sponsors or participates in an apprenticeship program;
- "(C) a participant of such an apprenticeship program.
- "(4) Apprenticeship agreement.—The term 'apprenticeship agreement' means a written agreement under section 123 between-
- "(A) an apprentice, a youth apprentice, or a pre-apprentice; and

'(B) a sponsor.

- (5) APPRENTICESHIP HUB —The term 'apprenticeship hub' means a regional or sectoral qualified intermediary recognized by a State apprenticeship agency or a State Office of Apprenticeship as organizing and providing activities and services related to the development of programs under the national apprenticeship system.
- "(6) Apprenticeship program.—The term 'apprenticeship program' means a program that meets the standards described in section 122(b) and is registered under this Act.
- '(7) COMPETENCY.—The term 'competency means the attainment of knowledge, skills, and abilities in a subject area, as specified by an occupational skill standard and demonstrated by an appropriate written or hands-on proficiency measurement.
- "(8) DEPARTMENT.—The term 'Department' means the Department of Labor.
- "(9) EDUCATION AND TRAINING PROVIDER. The term 'education and training provider' means-
- "(A) an area career and technical education school:
  - "(B) an early college high school;
  - "(C) an educational service agency;
  - '(D) a high school:
- "(E) a local educational agency or State educational agency;
- (F) a Tribal educational agency, Tribally controlled college or university, or Tribally controlled postsecondary career and technical institution:
  - '(G) a postsecondary educational institution:
  - "(H) a minority-serving institution;
- "(I) a provider of adult education and literacy activities under the Adult Education and Family Literacy Act (29 U.S.C. 3271 et seq.);

- '(J) a local agency administering plans under title I of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. 720 et seq.), other than section 112 or part C of that title (29 U.S.C. 732, 741);
- '(K) a related instruction provider, including a qualified intermediary acting as a related instruction provider as approved by a registration
- (L) a Job Corps center (as defined in section 142 of the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (29 U.S.C. 3192)); or
- "(M) a consortium of entities described in any of subparagraphs (A) through (L).

(10) ELIGIBLE ENTITY.

"(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'eligible entity' means-

'(i) a program sponsor;

- "(ii) a State workforce development board or State workforce agency, or a local workforce development board or local workforce development
- '(iii) an education and training provider, or a consortium thereof:
- "(iv) if the applicant is in a State with a State apprenticeship agency, such State apprenticeship agencu:

(v) an Indian Tribe or Tribal organization;

- "(vi) an industry or sector partnership, a group of employers, a trade association, or a professional association that sponsors or participates in a program under the national apprenticeship sustem:
  - '(vii) a Governor of a State;
- "(viii) a labor organization or joint labormanagement organization: or

(ix) a qualified intermediary.

- "(B) SPONSOR REQUIREMENT.—Not fewer than one entity under subparagraph (A) shall be the sponsor of a program under the national apprenticeship system.
- "(11) Indian tribe; tribal organization. The terms 'Indian Tribe' and 'Tribal organization' have the meaning given the terms (without regard to capitalization) in section 4 of the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act (25 U.S.C. 5304).
- '(12) Interim Credential.—The term 'interim credential' means a credential issued by a registration agency, upon request of the appropriate sponsor, as certification of competency attainment by a program participant during participation in a program under the national apprenticeship system.
- IOURNEYWORKER.—The (13) term'journeyworker' means a worker who has attained a level of skill, abilities, and competencies recognized within an industry as having mastered the skills and competencies required for the occupation.
- "(14) Minority-serving institution.—The term 'minority-serving institution' means an institution defined in any of paragraphs (1) through (7) of section 371(a) of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1067q(a))).
- '(15) NATIONAL APPRENTICESHIP SYSTEM.—The term 'national apprenticeship system' means the apprenticeship programs, youth apprenticeship programs, and pre-apprenticeship programs that are coordinated by the Office of Apprenticeship and State apprenticeship agencies.
- (16) NATIONAL PROGRAM STANDARDS OF AP-PRENTICESHIP.—The term 'national program standards of apprenticeship' means a set of apprenticeship program standards developed and adopted by a sponsor that-
- (A) are designed for nontraditional apprenticeship occupations;
- (B) are demonstrably national or multi-State in their design, suitability, and scope; and
- '(C) are registered on a nationwide basis bu the Office of Apprenticeship upon having satisfied the requirements of this Act.
- '(17) NONTRADITIONAL APPRENTICESHIP POPU-LATION.—The term 'nontraditional apprenticeship population' means a group of individuals (such as individuals from the same gender, race, or ethnicity), the members of which-
- (A) comprise fewer than 25 percent of the program participants in a program under the national apprenticeship system; or

- '(B) comprise a percentage of individuals employed in an occupation that is lower than the percentage of the total population comprised by such members, based on the most recent satisfactory data from the Bureau of the Census.
- (18) NONTRADITIONAL APPRENTICESHIP OCCU-PATION.
- $``(A) \ In \ \textit{GENERAL}.—The \ term \ `nontraditional"$ apprenticeship occupation' means an occupation in an industry sector which has an average program participant rate of fewer than 10 percent for each of the 5 preceding years.
- "(B) PROGRAM PARTICIPANT RATE. paragraph, the term 'program participant rate', when used with respect to an occupation in an industry sector, means the percentage of the total program participants that participate in a program under the national apprenticeship system in such occupation.
- "(19) OCCUPATIONS SUITABLE FOR APPRENTICE-SHIP.—The term 'occupations suitable for apprenticeship' means an occupation that the Administrator has determined meets the requirements of section 121.
- '(20) Outlying area.—The term 'outlying area' means American Samoa, Guam, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, and the United States Virgin Islands.
- "(21) PRE-APPRENTICE.—The term prentice' means a participant in a pre-apprenticeship program.
- (22) PRE-APPRENTICESHIP PROGRAM.—The term 'pre-apprenticeship program' training model or program that
- '(A) prepares individuals for acceptance into an apprenticeship program;
- "(B) meets the standards described in section 122(c); and
  - "(C) is registered under this Act.
- "(23) PROGRAM PARTICIPANT.—The term 'program participant' means an apprentice, a preapprentice, or a youth apprentice.
  - (24) Qualified intermediary.-
- '(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'qualified intermediary' means an entity that demonstrates expertise in building, connecting, sustaining, and measuring the performance of partnerships described in subparagraph (B) and serves program participants and employers by-
- "(i) connecting employers to programs under the national apprenticeship system;
- "(ii) assisting in the design and implementation of such programs, including curriculum development and delivery for related instruction;
- "(iii) supporting entities, sponsors, or program administrators in meeting the registration and reporting requirements of this Act;
- (iv) providing professional development activities such as training to mentors;
- "(v) supporting the recruitment, retention, and completion of potential program participants, including nontraditional apprenticeship populations and individuals with barriers to em-
- "(vi) developing and providing personalized program participant supports, including by partnering with organizations to provide access to or referrals for supportive services and financial advisina:
- "(vii) providing services, resources, and supports for development, delivery, expansion, or improvement of programs under the national apprenticeship system; or
  - "(viii) serving as a program sponsor.
- "(B) PARTNERSHIPS.—The term 'partnerships described in subparagraph (B)' means partnerships among entities involved in, or applying to participate in, programs under the national apprenticeship system, including-
  - "(i) industry or sector partnerships;
- "(ii) partnerships among employers, labor-management organizations, labor organizations, community-based organizations, industry associations, State or local workforce development boards, education and training providers, social service organizations, economic development organizations, Indian Tribes or Tribal organizations, one-stop operators, one-stop

partners, or veterans-service organizations in the State workforce development system; or

"(iii) partnerships among one or more of the entities described in clauses (i) and (ii).

(25) Recognized Postsecondary Creden-TIAL.—The term 'recognized postsecondary credential' has the meaning given the term in section 3 of the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (29 U.S.C. 3102), except that such term does not include a certificate of completion of an apprenticeship.

'(26) REGISTRATION AGENCY.—The term 'reqistration agency' means the Office of Apprenticeship or State apprenticeship agency in a

State that is responsible for-

'(A) registering programs under the national apprenticeship system and program participants in the State or area covered by such Office or agency; and

'(B) carrying out the responsibilities of supporting the youth apprenticeship, pre-apprenticeship, or apprenticeship programs registered by such Office or agency, including-

'(i) providing technical assistance to such programs and sponsors of such programs; and

'(ii) conducting regular quality assurance assessments and reviews of such programs to ensure their compliance with the minimum labor standards and the equal employment opportunity requirements of Act.

(27) RELATED INSTRUCTION.—The term 'related instruction' means an organized and systematic form of instruction that meets the requirements of section 122(b)(1)(C).

(28) Related federal programs.—The term 'related Federal programs' means programs or activities under the following:

(A) The Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (29 U.S.C. 3101 et seq.), including adult education and literacy activities under such Act.

"(B) The Wagner-Peyser Act (29 U.S.C. 49 et

seq.).
"(C) The Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 6301 et seq.)

"(D) The Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001 et seq.).

"(E) The Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (20 U.S.C. 1400 et seq.).

'(F) Title I of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. 720 et seq.).

"(G) Title V of the Older Americans Act of

1965 (42 U.S.C. 3056 et seq.).

'(H) The postsecondary level under the Carl D. Perkins Career and Technical Education Act of 2006 (20 U.S.C. 2302).

'(I) Chapter 2 of title II of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2271 et seq.).

(J) Chapter 41 of title 38, United States Code. "(K) Employment and training activities carried out under the Community Services Block Grant Act (42 U.S.C. 9901 et seg.).

"(L) State unemployment compensation laws (in accordance with applicable Federal law).

'(M) Section 231 of the Second Chance Act of 2007 (34 U.S.C. 60541).

'(N) Part A of title IV of the Social Security

Act (42 U.S.C. 601 et seq.).
"(O) Employment and training activities carried out by the Department of Housing and Urban Development, the Department of Defense, the Department of Commerce, the Department of Energy, the Department of Transportation, and the Small Business Administration.

'(P) Section 6(d)(4) of the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008 (7 U.S.C. 2015(d)(4)).

"(Q) Educational assistance programs under chapters 30 through 36 of title 38, United States Code.

'(29) SECRETARY.—The term 'Secretary' means the Secretary of Labor.

'(30) Sponsor.—The term 'sponsor' any employer, joint labor-management organization, trade association, committee, professional association, labor organization, education and training provider, or qualified intermediaru-

'(A) in whose name a program under the national apprenticeship system is (or is to be) registered or approved by a registration agency;

"(B) that assumes responsibility for the implementation of such program.

"(31) STATE.—The term 'State'-

"(A) has the meaning given such term in section 3 of the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (29 U.S.C. 3102); and

"(B) includes each of the outlying areas.

"(32) STATE APPRENTICESHIP AGENCY.—The 'State apprenticeship agency' means a State agency recognized as a State apprenticeship agency under section 113.

(33) State apprenticeship council.—The term 'State apprenticeship council' means an entity established under section 113(b)(3) to assist the State apprenticeship agency.

"(34) State office of apprenticeship.—The term 'State office of apprenticeship' means the office designated by the Administrator to administer programs under the national apprenticeship system in such State and meets the requirements of section 111(b)(3).

"(35) State or local workforce develop-MENT BOARDS.—The terms 'State workforce development board' and 'local workforce development board' have the meanings given the terms 'State board' and 'local board', respectively, in section 3 of the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (29 U.S.C. 3102).

"(36) State Workforce agency.—The term 'State workforce agency' means the State agency with responsibility for workforce investment activities under chapters 2 and 3 of subtitle B of title I of the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (29 U.S.C. 3121 et seq., 3131 et seq.).

"(37) CTE TERMS.—The terms 'area career and technical education school', 'articulation agreement', 'credit transfer agreement'. 'postsecondary educational institution', 'Tribally controlled college or university', 'Tribally controlled postsecondary career and technical institution'. and 'work-based learning' have the meanings given in section 3 of the Carl D. Perkins Career and Technical Education Act of 2006 (20 U.S.C. 2302).

"(38) ESEA TERMS.—The terms 'dual or concurrent enrollment program', 'early college high school'. 'education service agency', 'high school', 'local educational agency', 'paraprofessional', and 'State educational agency' have the meanings given in section 8101 of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 7801).

"(39) Tribal educational agency.—The term 'Tribal educational agency' has the meaning given the term in section 6132 of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C.

"(40) WIOA TERMS.—The terms 'career pathway', 'dislocated worker', 'in-demand industry sector or occupation', 'individual with a barrier to employment', 'industry or sector partnership', 'labor market area', 'local area', 'one-stop center', 'one-stop operator', 'one-stop partner', 'supportive services', and 'workforce development system' have the meanings given in section 3 of the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (29 U.S.C. 3102).

"(41) YOUTH APPRENTICE.—The term 'youth apprentice' means a participant in a youth apprenticeship program.

"(42) Youth apprenticeship program.—The term 'youth apprenticeship program' means a model or program that meets the standards described in section 122(d) and is registered under this Act.

#### "SEC. 3. PROGRAMS UNDER THE NATIONAL AP-PRENTICESHIP SYSTEM.

"Any funds appropriated under this Act shall only be used for, or provided to, programs under the national apprenticeship system, including any funds awarded for the purposes of grants, contracts, or cooperative agreements, or the development, implementation, or administration, of program under the national apprenticeship system.

#### "SEC. 4. TRANSITION PROVISIONS.

'(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall take such steps as are necessary to provide for the orderly transition to the authority of this Act (as amended by National Apprenticeship Act of 2022) from any authority under this Act as in effect on the day before the date of enactment of the National Apprenticeship Act of 2022.

'(b) Rules and Regulations.—The Secretary

of Labor may-

'(1) prescribe, in accordance with chapter 5 of title 5, United States Code, rules and regulations to carry out this Act to the extent necessary to administer and ensure compliance with the reauirements of this Act: and

'(2) continue to administer any regulations in effect as of the date of enactment of the National Apprenticeship Act of 2022 that are not inconsistent with this Act.

#### "SEC. 5. DISAGGREGATION OF DATA.

"(a) IN GENERAL.—The disaggregation of data under this Act shall not be required when the number of program participants in a category is insufficient to yield statistically reliable information or when the results would reveal personally identifiable information about a program participant or would reveal such information when combined with other released information.

"(b) EXCEPTION.—This section shall not apply with respect to the disaggregation of data for the purposes of research and evaluation under

### "SEC. 6. RELATION TO OTHER LAWS.

"Nothing in this Act shall invalidate, supersede, or limit the remedies, rights, and procedures under any Federal, State, or local law, or the law of any State or political subdivision of any State or jurisdiction establishing minimum labor standards of apprenticeship or minimum requirements for equal employment opportunity in connection with programs under the national apprenticeship system that are more protective than those established under this Act, including those laws governing the numeric ratio of apprentices to journeyworkers, the minimum starting age of an apprentice, the minimum entry wage payable to a program participant, the minimum number of hours of on-the-job learning or related instruction required by an apprenticeship program, and the provision of remedies, rights, and procedures that provides greater or equal protection for individuals based on race, color, religion, national origin, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, age, genetic information, or disability than are afforded by this Act.

### "TITLE I—PROMOTING PROGRAMS UNDER THE NATIONAL APPRENTICESHIP SYSTEM "Subtitle A-The Office of Apprenticeship, State Registration Agency Approval Process, and Interagency Agreement

# "SEC. 111. THE OFFICE OF APPRENTICESHIP.

"(a) ESTABLISHMENT OF THE OFFICE OF AP-PRENTICESHIP.-

(1) IN GENERAL.—There is established, in the Employment and Training Administration of the Department of Labor, an Office of Apprenticeship (referred to in this section as the 'Office'), which shall be directed by an Administrator who has demonstrated knowledge of the national apprenticeship system necessary to head the Office to facilitate the administration of the requirements of this Act and of any regulations issued under this Act, to coordinate the effective operation of the national apprenticeship system. and to fulfill and advance the specific duties and objectives described in this Act.

(2) FINAL DECISION-MAKING AUTHORITY.—The Office of Apprenticeship shall retain final decision-making authority on all matters related to the registration, deregistration, and operation of programs registered by a registration agency for Federal purposes.

(b) RESPONSIBILITIES.—The Administrator shall be responsible for the administration of this Act. including:

"(1) PROMOTION AND AWARENESS ACTIVITIES .-The Administrator shall carry out promotion and awareness activities, including the following:

"(A) Supporting the development or scaling of apprenticeship models nationally, promoting the effectiveness of youth apprenticeship, pre-apprenticeship, and apprenticeship programs, and providing promotional materials to State apprenticeship agencies, State workforce development systems or local workforce development systems, State educational agencies or local educational agencies, employers, trade associations, professional associations, industry groups, labor organizations, joint labor-management organizations, education and training providers, Federal and State correctional facilities, veteransservice organizations, and prospective apprentices in such programs.

"(B) Promoting greater diversity in the national apprenticeship system including by—

"(i)(I) promoting outreach to nontraditional apprenticeship populations, including by engaging schools that participate in a schoolwide program under section 1114 of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 6314) and minority-serving institutions;

"(II) disseminating best practices to recruit nontraditional apprenticeship populations, women, minorities, long-term unemployed, individuals with a disability, individuals recovering from substance abuse disorders, veterans, military spouses, individuals experiencing homelessness, individuals impacted by the criminal or juvenile justice system, and foster and former foster youth, and

"(III) engaging small, medium-size, womenowned, and minority-owned businesses, and employers in high-skill, high-wage, and in-demand industry sectors and occupations that are nontraditional apprenticeship occupations; and

"(ii) supporting the participation and retention of apprentices and employers described in clause (i) in the national apprenticeship system.

"(2) TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE ACTIVITIES.—The Administrator shall carry out technical assistance activities, including the following:

"(A) Providing technical assistance to—

"(i) assist State apprenticeship agencies and sponsors in complying with the requirements of this Act, including developing the State plan in section 113(c), the process and standards described in subtitle B, and the evaluation and research requirements described in subtitle C;

"(ii) receive and resolve comments or complaints from youth apprentices, pre-apprentices, or apprentices, sponsors, employers, State apprenticeship agencies, State local workforce agencies or local workforce agencies, State educational agencies or local educational agencies, qualified intermediaries, labor organizations, joint labor-management organizations, or other stakeholders;

"(iti) assist sponsors, employers, qualified intermediaries, and education and training or related instruction providers, or other entities interested in becoming sponsors, or seeking support for developing programs under the national apprenticeship system or effectively carrying out such programs, including providing assistance for remote or virtual learning or training, as necessary:

"(iv) assist those applying for or carrying out grants, contracts, or cooperative agreements under title II, including through facilitating the sharing of best practices;

"(v) share, through a national apprenticeship system clearinghouse, high-quality materials for programs under the national apprenticeship system, such as related instruction or training materials, in user-friendly formats and languages that are easily accessible, as determined by the Administrator: and

"(vi) assist State apprenticeship agencies in establishing or expanding apprenticeship hubs as is required in section 113(c)(7).

"(B) Cooperating with other Federal agencies for the promotion and adoption of programs under the national apprenticeship system, including the"(i) Secretary of Education in—

"(I) providing technical assistance for the development and implementation of related instruction under the national apprenticeship system that is aligned with State education systems and education and training providers; and

"(II) supporting the stackability and portability of academic credit and credentials earned as part of such programs, including through articulation agreements and career pathways:

"(ii) State workforce development systems to promote awareness of opportunities under the national apprenticeship system:

"(iii) Attorney General and the Director of the Bureau of Prisons in providing technical assistance for the development and implementation of related instruction under the national apprenticeship system that is aligned with a mentoring program administered by the Attorney General

"(I) support the establishment or expansion of pre-apprenticeships and apprenticeship programs to all Federal correctional institutions;

"(II) share through the national apprenticeship system clearinghouse research and best practices for programs under the national apprenticeship system in correctional settings and for individuals impacted by the criminal and juvenile justice system;

"(III) provide technical assistance for State prison systems and employers seeking to operate or improve corrections-based pre-apprenticeship

or apprenticeship programs; and

"(IV) support the successful transition of individuals in correctional institutions to pre-apprenticeship or apprenticeship programs upon exiting from correctional settings; and

"(iv) Secretary of Health and Human Services to coordinate with State programs for temporary assistance to needy families funded under part A of title VI of the Social Security Act to promote awareness of opportunities under the national apprenticeship system for participants in such State programs.

"(3) STATE OFFICES OF APPRENTICESHIP.—

"(A) ESTABLISHMENT OF OFFICES.—

"(i) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator shall establish and operate a State Office of Apprenticeship in a State described in clause (ii) to serve as the registration agency for such State.

"(ii) APPLICABLE STATES.—A State described in this clause is a State—

"(I) in which, as of the day before the date of enactment of the National Apprenticeship Act of 2022, there is no State Office of Apprenticeship; and

"(II) that has not applied for recognition as a State apprenticeship agency under section 113, or for which such recognition has not provided or has been withdrawn by the Administrator under such section

under such section.

"(B) STATE PLAN REQUIREMENT.—Each State
Office of Apprenticeship shall be administered
by a State Director who shall prepare and submit a State plan that meets the requirements of
section 113(c).

"(C) VACANCIES.—Subject to the availability of appropriations, in the case of a State Office of Apprenticeship with a vacant position, the Administrator shall—

"(i) make information on such vacancy available on a publicly accessible website; and

"(ii) report to the Committee on Education and Labor of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions of the Senate, on the status and length of such vacancy if such vacancy is not filled not later than 90 days after such position has become vacant.

"(D) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to prohibit any State described in subparagraph (A)(ii) from establishing an agency or entity to promote programs under the national apprenticeship system in such State, in coordination with the State Office of Apprenticeship operating in the State, so long as such agency or entity does not act as the registration agency in such State.

'(4) QUALITY STANDARDS, APPRENTICESHIP AGREEMENT, AND REGISTRATION REVIEW.—In order for the Secretary, acting through the Administrator, to support the formulation and furtherance of labor standards necessary to safeguard the welfare of program participants, and to extend the application of such standards in apprenticeship agreements, not later than 1 year after the effective date of the National Apprenticeship Act of 2022, and at least every 3 years thereafter, the Administrator shall review, and where appropriate, update the process for meeting the requirements of subtitle B, including ap $plicable \ subregulatory \ guidance \ and \ registration$ processes to ensure that such process is easily accessible and efficient to bring together employers and labor as sponsors or potential sponsors of programs under the national apprenticeship system.

"(5) OCCUPATIONS SUITABLE FOR APPRENTICE-SHIP.—

"(A) EXISTING OCCUPATIONS.—The Administrator shall regularly review and update the requirements for each approved occupation suitable for apprenticeship to ensure that such requirements are in compliance with requirements under this Act.

"(B) NEW OCCUPATION.—

"(i) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator shall review and make a determination on whether to approve an occupation suitable for apprenticeship not later than 45 days after receiving an application from a person seeking such approval from the Administrator.

"(ii) ESTIMATED TIMELINE.—If such determination is not made with such 45 days, the Administrator shall provide the applicant with a written explanation for the delay and offer an estimated timeline for a determination that does not to exceed 90 days after the date of such written explanation.

"(C) NATIONAL OCCUPATIONAL STANDARDS.—

"(i) IN GENERAL.—From the funds appropriated under section 141(a), the Administrator shall convene, on an ongoing basis and taking into consideration recommendations of the Advisory Committee under section 112(d)(4), the industry sector leaders and experts described in clause (ii) for the purposes of establishing or updating specific frameworks of national occupational standards for occupations suitable for apprenticeship (including potential occupations) that—

"(I) meet the requirements of this Act; and "(II) describe program scope and length, related instruction, on-the-job training, recognized postsecondary credentials, and competencies, and relevant timelines for review of such frameworks.

"(ii) INDUSTRY SECTOR LEADERS AND EX-PERTS.—The industry sector leaders and experts are employers, industry associations, joint labor-management organizations, labor organizations, education and training providers, credential providers, program participants, national qualified intermediaries, including those supporting increased participation of nontraditional apprenticeship populations and nontraditional apprenticeship occupations, and other stakeholders relevant to the sector or occupation for which the frameworks are being established or updated, as determined by the Administrator.

"(iii) PRIORITY NATIONAL OCCUPATIONS SUIT-ABLE FOR APPRENTICESHIP.—In establishing frameworks under clause (i) for the first time after the effective date of the National Apprenticeship Act of 2022, the Administrator shall prioritize the establishment of such standards in high-skill, high-wage, or in-demand industry sectors and occupations.

"(D) REGULATIONS.—Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of the National Apprenticeship Act of 2022, the Secretary shall issue regulations that outline a process for proactively establishing and approving standards and requirements for occupations suitable for apprenticeship in consultation with the industry sector leaders and experts described in subparagraph (C)(ii).

- "(E) NONTRADITIONAL APPRENTICESHIP POPULATIONS.—The Administrator shall regularly evaluate the participation of the nontraditional apprenticeship populations for each of the approved occupations suitable for apprenticeship, such as women, minorities, long-term unemployed, individuals with a disability, individuals with substance abuse issues, veterans, military spouses, individuals experiencing homelessness, individuals impacted by the criminal or juvenile justice system, and foster and former foster youth.
- "(6) PROGRAM OVERSIGHT AND EVALUATION.-The Administrator shall—
- "(A) monitor State apprenticeship agencies, State Offices of Apprenticeship, grantees, and sponsors of programs under the national apprenticeship system to ensure compliance with the requirements of this Act;

"(B) provide technical assistance to assist such entities with such compliance or program

"(C) conduct research and evaluation in accordance with subtitle C; and

"(D) require regular reports on the performance of state agencies, including on efforts state agencies make to increase employer awareness of apprenticeship programs for employers who have not participated.

"(7) PROMOTING DIVERSITY IN THE NATIONAL APPRENTICESHIP SYSTEM.—The Administrator shall promote diversity and ensure equal opportunity to participate in programs for apprentices, youth apprentices, and pre-apprentices, including—

"(A) taking steps necessary to promote diversity in occupations suitable for apprenticeship under the national apprenticeship system, especially in high-skill, high-wage, or in-demand industry sectors and occupations in areas with high percentages of low-income individuals;

"(B) ensuring programs under the national apprenticeship system—

"(i) adopt and implement the policies and programs described in part 30 of title 29, Code of Federal Regulations (as in effect on January 1, 2022); and

"(ii) are subject, for any violation of clause (i), to enforcement action under this Act; and

- "(C) supporting the recruitment, employment, and retention of nontraditional apprenticeship populations in programs under the national apprenticeship system in high-skill, high-wage, and in-demand industry sectors and occupations, including women, people of color, individuals with disabilities, low-income participants in related Federal programs, individuals impacted by the criminal and juvenile justice system, and individuals with barriers to employment, as applicable.
- "(8) GRANT AWARDS.—The Administrator shall award grants, contracts, or cooperative agreements under title II.
- $\begin{tabular}{ll} ``(9) & NATIONAL & ADVISORY & COMMITTEE. The \\ Administrator & shall \end{tabular}$
- "(A) regularly consult with the National Advisory Committee on Apprenticeships under section 112: and
- "(B) ensure that the required recommendations and other reports of the Advisory Committee are submitted to the Secretary and transmitted to the Committee on Education and Labor of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions of the Senate.
- "(10) COORDINATION.—The Administrator shall coordinate and align programs under the national apprenticeship system with related Federal programs, to better promote participation in the national apprenticeship program.
- "(c) Information Collection and Dissemi-NATION.—The Administrator shall provide for data collection and dissemination of information regarding programs under the national apprenticeship system, including—
- "(1) not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of the National Apprenticeship Act of 2022, establishing and supporting a single infor-

mation technology infrastructure to support data collection and reporting from State apprenticeship agencies, State Offices of Apprenticeship, grantees under title II, program sponsors, and program administrators under the national apprenticeship system by providing for a data infrastructure that—

"(A) is developed and maintained by the Administrator, with input from national data and privacy experts, is informed by best practices on public provision of credential information, and to the extent practicable, aligns with the technology infrastructure for related Federal programs, such as the technology infrastructure used under the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (29 U.S.C. 3101 et seq.):

"(B) best meets the needs of the national apprenticeship system stakeholders reporting data to the Administrator or State apprenticeship agencies, including through the provision of technical assistance and financial assistance as necessary to ensure reporting systems are equipped to report into a single information technology infrastructure; and

"(C) is aligned with data from the performance reviews under section 131(b)(1)(A);

"(2) providing for data sharing that includes making nonpersonally identifiable apprenticeship data available on a publicly accessible website that is consumer tested and is searchable and comparable, through the use of common, linked, open-data description language, such as the credential transparency description language or a substantially similar resource, so that interested parties can become aware of apprenticeship opportunities and of program outcomes that best meets the needs of youth apprentices, pre-apprentices, and apprentices, employers, education and training providers, program sponsors, and relevant stakeholders, including—

"(A) information on program offerings under the national apprenticeship system based on geographical location and occupations suitable for apprenticeship."

for apprenticeship;

"(B) information on education and training providers providing opportunities under such system, including whether programs under such system offer dual or concurrent enrollment programs, articulation agreements, and recognized postsecondary credentials as part of the program offerings;

"(C) information about the educational and occupational credentials and related competencies of programs under such system; and

"(D) information based on the most recent data available to the Office that is consistent with national standards and practices.

# "SEC. 112. NATIONAL ADVISORY COMMITTEE ON APPRENTICESHIPS.

"(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—There is established, in the Department of Labor, a National Advisory Committee on Apprenticeships.

"(2) COMPOSITION.—

"(A) APPOINTMENTS.—The Advisory Committee shall consist of 27 voting members described in subparagraph (B) appointed by the Secretary.

"(B) LIST OF INDIVIDUALS.—The individuals described in this subparagraph are—

"(i) 9 representatives of employers or industry associations who participate in an apprenticeship program (at least 1 of which represents a women, minority, or veteran-owned business), including representatives of employers representing nontraditional apprenticeship occupations, and other high-skill, high-wage, or in-demand industry sectors or occupations, as applicable:

"(ii) 9 representatives of labor organizations or joint labor-management organizations who have responsibility for the administration of an apprenticeship program (including those sponsored by a joint labor-management organization and from nontraditional apprenticeship occupations), at least 1 of which represent employees primarily in the building trades and construction industry;

- "(iii) 1 representative of each from-
- "(I) a State apprenticeship agency;
- "(II) a State or local workforce development board with significant expertise in supporting a program under the national apprenticeship system;
- "(III) a community organization with significant expertise supporting such a program;
- "(IV) an area career and technical education school or local educational agency;
  - "(V) a State apprenticeship council;
- "(VI) a State or local postsecondary education and training providers that administers, or has not less than I articulation agreement with an entity administering, a program under the national apprenticeship system;
- "(VII) a provider of an industry recognized credential:
- "(VIII) a national qualified intermediary, including a national qualified intermediary that supports increased participation of nontraditional apprenticeship populations and nontraditional apprenticeship occupations; and

"(IX) a program participant.

- "(C) Ex officio nonvoting members.—The Advisory Committee shall consist of ex officio nonvoting members from each of the following departments, selected by the applicable Secretary—
  - "(i) the Department of Labor;
  - "(ii) the Department of Commerce;
  - "(iii) the Department of Education;
  - "(iv) the Department of Energy;
- "(v) the Department of Housing and Urban Development;
  - "(vi) the Department of Transportation:
  - "(vii) the Department of Veterans Affairs;
- "(viii) the Department of Health and Human Services;
  - '(ix) the Department of Justice;
- "(x) the Department of Defense; and
- ``(xi) the Federal Communications Commission.
- "(D) RECOMMENDATIONS.—The Speaker of the House of Representatives, the Minority Leader of the House of Representatives, the Majority Leader of the Senate, and the Minority Leader of the Senate may each recommend to the Secretary an individual described in clause (i) or (ii) of subparagraph (B) for appointment under subparagraph (A) who shall be subject to the requirements of paragraph (3).
- "(3) QUALIFICATIONS.—An individual shall be selected under paragraph (1) on the basis of the experience and competence of such individual with respect to programs under the national apprenticeship system.
  - "(4) TERMS.—
- "(A) In GENERAL.—Each voting member of the Advisory Committee shall be appointed for a term of 3 years, except as provided in subparagraphs (B) through (D).
  - "(B) TERMS OF INITIAL APPOINTEES.—
- "(i) IN GENERAL.—The appointments of the initial members of the Advisory Committee shall be made not later than 6 months after the effective date of the National Apprenticeship Act of 2022.
- "(ii) STAGGERING OF TERMS.—As designated by the Secretary at the time of the appointment, of the members first appointed—
- "(I) one-third of such members shall serve a 1year term;
- "(II) one-third of such members shall serve a 2-year term; and
- ``(III) one-third of such members shall serve a 3-year term.
- "(C) VACANCIES.—Any member appointed to fill a vacancy occurring before the expiration of the term for which the member's predecessor was appointed shall be appointed only for the remainder of that term. A member may serve after the expiration of that member's term until a successor has taken office. A vacancy in the Advisory Committee shall be filled in the manner in which the original appointment was made, except that such appointment shall be made not later than 90 days after the date of the vacancy.

A member who fulfilled a partial term as the result of a vacancy may, at the end that term, be appointed to a full term.

the Advisory Committee may serve not more than 2 full terms on the Advisory Committee.

"(E) SUBCOMMITTEES.—The Secretary may establish subcommittees under the Advisory Committee, which shall be composed in equal number of representatives from individuals listed in subclauses (I), (II), and (III) of subparagraph (B)(ii) to carry out specific functions related to the purposes of the Advisory Committee, and provide recommendations to the Advisory Committee for the review and consideration of the Advisory Committee, and which may meet, as appropriate, when the Advisory Committee is not meeting in accordance with subsection (c).

"(b) CHAIRPERSON.—The Secretary shall designate one of the voting members described in subsection (a)(2)(A) of the Advisory Committee to serve as Chairperson of the Advisory Committee

"(c) MEETINGS .-

"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Advisory Committee shall meet at the call of the Secretary and shall hold not fewer than 4 meetings during each calendar year. The Secretary shall consult with the Chairperson in developing the agenda for the meeting.

"(2) OPEN ACCESS.—All meetings of the Advisory Committee shall be open to the public. A transcript shall be kept of each meeting and made available for public inspection within 30 days of the meeting.

"(d) DUTIES.—The Advisory Committee shall, at a minimum—

"(1) advise, consult with, and make recommendations to the Secretary on matters relating to the administration of this Act, including recommendations on regulations and policies related to the administration of this Act;

"(2) annually prepare a set of recommendations for the Secretary, to be shared with the Committee on Education and Labor of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Health, Education, Labor and Pensions of the Senate, to improve the registration process under subtitle B to make the process easily accessible and efficient for use by sponsors while maintaining the requirements under subtitle B;

"(3) make recommendations on expanding participation of nontraditional apprenticeship populations in programs under the national apprenticeship system:

"(4) review occupations suitable for apprenticeship and, based on reviews of labor market trends and changes, make recommendations to the Secretary on whether to—

"(A) update the list of occupations suitable for apprenticeship under section 111(b)(5)(A); or

"(B) convene sector leaders and experts under section 111(b)(5)(C) for the establishing specific frameworks of national occupational standards; and

"(5) make recommendations on the development of demonstrations projects as described in section 132(f).

"(e) PERSONNEL.—

"(1) COMPENSATION OF MEMBERS.—

"(A) In GENERAL.—A member of the Advisory Committee who is not an officer or employee of the Federal Government shall be compensated at a rate equal to the daily equivalent of the annual rate of basic pay prescribed for level IV of the Executive Schedule under section 5315 of title 5, United States Code, for each day (including travel time) during which the member is engaged in the performance of the duties of the Advisory Committee.

"(B) OFFICERS OR EMPLOYEES OF THE UNITED STATES.—Members of the Advisory Committee who are officers or employees of the United States may not receive additional pay, allowances, or benefits by reason of their service on the Advisory Committee.

"(2) STAFF.—The Secretary shall supply the Advisory Committee with an executive Secretary

and provide such secretarial, clerical, and other services as the Secretary determines to be necessary to enable the Advisory Committee to carry out the duties described in subsection (d).

"(3) DATA REQUESTS.—The Advisory Committee through its Chairperson may request data from the Secretary as determined necessary by the Advisory Committee to carry out its functions as described in this section.

"(f) PERMANENT COMMITTEE.—The Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App.) (other than section 14 of such Act) shall apply to the Advisory Committee.

#### "SEC. 113. STATE APPRENTICESHIP AGENCIES AND STATE OFFICES OF APPREN-TICESHIP

"(a) RECOGNITION OF STATE APPRENTICESHIP AGENCIES.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator shall recognize a State agency as a State apprentice-ship agency in accordance with this section and cooperate with such State apprenticeship agency regarding the formulation and promotion of standards of apprenticeship under subtitle B.

"(2) APPLICATION.—A State desiring to have a State agency recognized as a State apprenticeship agency under this section shall submit an application at such time, in such manner, and containing such information as the Administrator may require, including—

"(A) the initial State plan described in subsection (c)(2)(A)(i);

"(B) a description of how the State apprenticeship agency will meet the State plan requirements of subsection (c); and

"(C) a description of the linkages and coordination of the State's proposed standards, criteria, and requirements with the State's economic development strategies and workforce development system and the State's secondary, postsecondary, and adult education systems.

"(3) REVIEW AND RECOGNITION.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 6 months after the date on which a State submits an application under paragraph (2), the Secretary shall notify the State regarding whether the agency of the State is recognized as a State apprenticeship agency under this section.

"(B) DURATION OF RECOGNITION.—

"(i) DURATION.—The recognition of a State apprenticeship agency shall be for a 4-year period beginning on the date the State apprenticeship agency is notified under subparagraph (A). "(ii) NOTIFICATION.—

"(I) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall notify a State apprenticeship agency not later than 180 days before the last day of the 4-year period regarding whether the State apprenticeship agency is in compliance with this section.

"(II) COMPLIANCE.—In the case of a State apprenticeship agency that is in compliance with this section, the agency's recognition under this section shall be renewed for an additional 4-year period and the notification under subclause (I) shall include notification of such renewal.

"(III) NONCOMPLIANCE.—In the case of a State apprenticeship agency that is not in compliance with this section, the notification shall—

"(aa) specify the areas of noncompliance;

"(bb) require corrective action; and

"(cc) offer technical assistance.

"(iti) RENEWAL AFTER CORRECTION.—If the Administrator determines that a State apprenticeship agency has corrected the identified areas of noncompliance under this subparagraph not later than 180 days of notification of noncompliance, the State apprenticeship agency's recognition under this section shall be renewed for an additional 4-year period.

"(C) TRANSITION PERIOD FOR STATE AGEN-CIES.—

"(i) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the effective date of the National Apprenticeship Act of 2022, a State agency that, as of the day before the date of enactment of such Act, was recognized by the Secretary for purposes of registering apprenticeship programs in accordance with this Act shall submit an application under paragraph (2).

"(ii) Transition Period.—A State agency described in clause (i) shall be recognized as a State apprenticeship agency under this section for a 4-year period beginning on the date on which the Secretary approves the application submitted by the State agency under paragraph (2).

"(b) Authority of a State Apprenticeship Agency.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—For the period during which a State apprenticeship agency is recognized under subsection (a) and to maintain such recognition, the State apprenticeship agency shall carry out the requirements of this Act.

"(2) PROGRAM RECOGNITION.—With respect to a State with a State apprenticeship agency, the State apprenticeship agency shall have sole authority to recognize and register a pre-apprenticeship, youth apprenticeship, or apprenticeship program in such State, which shall include—

"(A) determining whether such program is in compliance with the standards for such program under section 122:

"(B) in the case of such a program that is in compliance with such standards, recognizing the program and providing a certificate of recognition for such program;

"(C) providing technical assistance to current or potential sponsors; and

"(D) in the case of such a program that fails to meet the requirements of this Act, providing for the withdrawal of recognition of the program in accordance with section 131(b).

"(3) STATE APPRENTICESHIP COUNCIL.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—A State apprenticeship agency is authorized to establish and maintain a State apprenticeship council, which shall operate under the direction and control of the State apprenticeship agency, and whose functions shall include providing the State apprenticeship agency with advice, recommendations, and reports concerning apprenticeship policies, regulations, and trends.

"(B) COMPOSITION.—A State apprenticeship council may be regulatory or advisory in nature, and shall—

"(i) be composed of persons familiar with occupations suitable for apprenticeship; and

"(ii) be fairly balanced, with an equal number

"(I) representatives of employer organizations, including from nontraditional apprenticeship occupations;

"(II) representatives of labor organizations or joint labor-management organizations, including from nontraditional apprenticeship occupations; and

"(III) public members; and

"(iii) to the extent practicable, have not less than 1 member who is a member of the State workforce board.

"(C) SPECIAL RULE.—A State apprenticeship council may make recommendations on a sponsor's application for program registration, but shall not make final determinations on approval or disapproval of such application.

"(c) STATE PLAN.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—For a State apprenticeship agency to be eligible to receive allotments under subsection (f) and to be recognized under this section, the State apprenticeship agency shall submit to the Secretary a State plan that meets the requirements of this subsection.

"(2) APPROVAL OF STATE PLAN.—

"(A) SUBMISSION.—

"(i) INITIAL PLAN.—The first State plan of a State apprenticeship agency shall contain the contents required under this subsection, including the plan to promote diversity in the national apprenticeship system as described in paragraph (5), and shall be submitted to the Administrator not later than 120 days prior to the commencement of the first full program year of the State apprenticeship agency, which shall include—

"(I) a description of any State laws, policies, or operational procedures relating to the process of recognizing programs under the national apprenticeship system that is inconsistent with, or imposes requirements in addition to, the requirements of this Act;

"(II) an assurance that the State will notify the Administrator if there are any changes to the State laws (including regulations), policies, or procedures described in subclause (I) that occur after the date of submission of such plan; and

"(III) an assurance that the State will make available on a publicly available website a description of any laws (including regulations), policies, and operational procedures relating to the process of recognizing programs under the national apprenticeship system that are inconsistent with, or impose requirements in addition to, the requirements of this Act.

"(ii) SÜBSEQUENT PLANS.—Except as provided in clause (i), a State plan shall be submitted to the Administrator not later than 120 days prior to the end of the 4-year period covered by the

preceding State plan.

"(B) APPROVAL.—A State plan shall be subject to the approval of the Administrator and shall be considered to be approved at the end of the 90-day period beginning on the date that the plan is submitted under this paragraph, unless the Administrator, during the 90-day period, provides the State apprenticeship agency, in writing—

"(i) an explanation for why the State plan is inconsistent with the requirements of this Act;

and

"(ii) an opportunity for an appeal of such determination to an Administrative Law Judge for the Department of Labor not later than 30 days after receipt of the notice of denial from the Administrator.

"(C) MODIFICATIONS.—

"(i) MODIFICATIONS.—At the end of the first 2year period of any 4-year State plan, the State may submit modifications to the State plan to reflect changes in labor market and economic conditions or other factors affecting the implementation of the State plan.

"(ii) APPROVAL.—A modified State plan submitted for review under clause (i) shall be subject to the approval requirements described in

subparagraph (B).

"(3) TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.—Each State Plan shall describe how the State apprenticeship agency will provide technical assistance for—

"(A) potential sponsors, employers, labor organizations, joint labor-management organizations, qualified intermediaries, apprentices, education and training providers, credentialing bodies, eligible entities, industry associations, or any potential program participant in the national apprenticeship system in the State for the purposes of recruitment, retention, program development, expansion, or implementation, including supporting remote or virtual learning or training, as necessary;

"(B) sponsors of programs registered in the State, including sponsors that are not meeting performance goals under subtitle C, for purposes of assisting sponsors in meeting or exceeding

such goals; and

"(C) sponsors of programs registered in that State for purposes of assisting such sponsors in achieving State goals in diversity and equal opportunity in apprenticeships in accordance with

paragraph (5).

"(4) Reciprocity.—With respect to a program recognized by a registration agency in another State or that meets the national program standards of apprenticeship, each State plan shall describe how the State apprenticeship agency shall grant reciprocity to such program by recognizing such program in the State of such agency for purposes of this Act by not later than 30 days after receipt of an application for such recognition from a program sponsor, as long as the program seeking such reciprocity—

"(A) meets the wage and hour provisions of the State granting such reciprocity; and "(B) in the case of a program that is determined by the Secretary to be in a high-hazard occupation, meets the numerical ratio requirements of the State granting such reciprocity if such requirements are more protective with regard to health, safety, and supervision than the numerical ratio requirements the program is meeting as of the date of such application.

"(5) PROMOTING DIVERSITY IN THE NATIONAL APPRENTICESHIP SYSTEM.—Each State plan shall include a plan for how the State apprenticeship

agency will—

"(A) promote diversity in occupations suitable for apprenticeship offered throughout the State, and a description of how such agency will promote the addition of such occupations in highskill, high-wage, or in-demand industry sectors and occupations, and in nontraditional apprenticeship occupations: and

"(B) promote diversity and equal opportunity in programs under the national apprenticeship system by uniformly adopting and implementing the requirements of subparagraphs (B) and (C) of section 111(b)(7).

"(6) COMPLAINTS.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—Subject to subparagraph (B), each State plan shall include a description of the system for the State apprenticeship agency to receive and resolve complaints submitted by program participants, the program participant's authorized representative, sponsors, employers, or nonprofit compliance organizations, such as complaints concerning equal employment opportunity or discrimination, violations of the apprenticeship agreement, or violations of requirements under this Act.

<sup>t</sup>(B) COLLECTIVE BARGAINING AGREEMENTS.— Any controversy arising under an apprenticeship agreement which is covered by a collective bargaining agreement shall not be subject to the system described in subparagraph (A), except that complaints concerning discrimination or any matters described in subparagraph (5)(B)

shall be subject to such system.

"(7) State apprenticeship hubs.—Each State plan shall describe how the State will support, in a manner that takes into consideration geographic diversity, the creation and implementation of apprenticeship hubs throughout the State that shall work with industry and sector partnerships to expand programs under the national apprenticeship system, and occupations suitable for apprenticeship, in the State.

"(8) STATE APPRENTICESHIP PERFORMANCE

OUTCOMES.—Each State plan shall—

"(A) in coordination with the Administrator, establish annual State performance goals for the programs registered by the State apprenticeship agency for the indicators described—

"(i) in subparagraph (A) of section 131(b)(1); and

"(ii) in subparagraph (B)(ii) of section 131(b)(1); and

"(B) describe how the State apprenticeship agency will collect performance data from programs registered by the agency; and

"(C) annually report on the outcomes of each such program in relation to the State established goals under subparagraph (A).

"(9) USES OF FUNDS.—Each State plan shall include a description of the uses described in subsection (d) of the allotment received by the State apprenticeship agency under subsection (f)

(f).
"(10) ALIGNMENT OF WORKFORCE ACTIVITIES.—
Each State plan shall include a summary of
State-supported workforce development activities (including education and training) in the
State including—

"(A) a summary of the apprenticeship programs on the list of eligible providers of training services under section 122(d) of the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (29 U.S.C. 3152(d)):

"(B) the degree to which the programs under the national apprenticeship system in the State are aligned with and address the skill needs of the employers in the State identified by the State workforce development board; and "(C) a description of how apprenticeship programs will receive expedited consideration to be included on the list of eligible providers of training services under section 122(d) of the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (29 U.S.C. 3152(d)).

"(11) STATE STRATEGIC VISION.—Each State plan shall include a summary of the State's strategic vision and set of goals for preparing an educated and skilled workforce and for meeting the skilled workforce needs of employers, including in existing and emerging in-demand industry sectors and occupations as identified by the State, and how the programs registered by the State apprenticeship agency in the State will help to meet such goals.

(12) STRATEGY FOR ANY JOINT PLANNING, ALIGNMENT, COORDINATION, AND LEVERAGING OF FUNDS.—Each State plan shall provide a description of the State apprenticeship agency's strategy for joint planning, alignment, coordi-

nation, and leveraging of funds-

"(A) with the State's workforce development system, to achieve the strategic vision and goals described in paragraph (11), including the core programs defined in section 3 of the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (29 U.S.C. 3102) and the elements related to system alignment under section 102(b)(2)(B) of such Act (29 U.S.C. 3112(b)(2)(B));

"(B) for programs under the national apprenticeship system in the State with other Federal education programs, including programs under—

"(i) the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965;

"(ii) the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act;

"(iii) the Carl D. Perkins Career and Technical Education Act of 2006; and

"(iv) the Higher Education Act of 1965; and "(C) to provide information about access to available State assistance or assistance under related Federal programs, including such assistance under—

"(i) section 6(d) of the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008;

"(ii) subsection (c)(1) of section 3672 of title 38, United States Code;

"(iii) section 231 of the Second Chance Act of 2007 (34 U.S.C. 60541); and

"(iv) the State Temporary Assistance for Needy Families programs under part A of title IV of the Social Security Act.

"(13) STATE APPRENTICESHIP COUNCIL.—Each State plan shall provide for a description of the composition, roles, and responsibility of the State apprenticeship council, and how the Council will comply with the requirements of subsection (b)(3).

"(d) STATE APPRENTICESHIP AGENCY FUND-ING.—A State apprenticeship agency shall use funds received under clauses (i) and (ii) of subsection (f)(1)(A) according to the following requirements:

"(1) Program administration.—The State apprenticeship agency shall use such funds to support the administration of programs under the national apprenticeship system across the State, including for—

``(A) staff and resources;

"(B) oversight and evaluation as required under this Act;

"(C) technical assistance to program sponsors, program participants, employers, labor organizations, joint labor-management organizations, education and training providers, and qualified intermediaries:

"(D) pre-apprenticeship, youth, and apprenticeship program recruitment and development, including for—

"(i) engaging potential providers of such programs such as employers, qualified intermediaries, related instruction providers, and potential program participants;

"(ii) publicizing apprenticeship opportunities

and benefits; and

"(iii) engaging State workforce and education systems for collaboration and alignment across systems; "(E) supporting the enrollment and apprenticeship certification requirements to allow veterans and other individuals eligible for the educational assistance programs under chapters 30 through 36 of title 38, United States Code, and any related educational assistance programs under laws administered by the Secretary of Veterans Affairs, to use such assistance for the apprenticeship program, including the requirement of designating a certifying official; and

"(F) supporting the retention and completion of program participants in such programs, such as by assisting with the costs—

"(i) related to enrolling in such programs; or "(ii) of assessments related to obtaining a rec-

ognized postsecondary credential.

"(2) EDUCATIONAL ALIGNMENT.—The State apprenticeship agency shall use not less than 10 percent of such funds to engage with the State education system to provide technical assistance

and best practices regarding-

"(A) alignment of youth apprenticeship programs with the secondary education programs in the State, including support for career exploration, career pathways, education and career planning, and engagement with youth apprenticeship programs for teachers, career guidance and academic counselors, school leaders, administrators, and specialized instructional support personnel and paraprofessionals;

"(B) alignment of related instruction provided under the national apprenticeship system in the State with academic credit granting postsecondary programs (including developing career pathways, articulation agreements, and prior

learning assessments); and

"(C) the joint planning, alignment, coordination, and leveraging of funds described in subparagraphs (B) and (C) of subsection (c)(12).

"(3) WORKFORCE ALIGNMENT.—The State apprenticeship agency shall use not less than 10 percent of such funds to engage with the State workforce development system to provide technical assistance and best practices regarding—

"(A) alignment with the State's workforce activities and strategic vision in accordance with paragraphs (10), (11), and subparagraphs (A) and (C) of paragraph (12) of subsection (c);

"(B) guidance for training staff of the workforce development system, including the vocational rehabilitation agencies, within the State on the value of programs under the national apprenticeship system as a work-based learning option for participants, including participants of programs authorized under the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (29 U.S.C. 3101 et seq.) such as Job Corps under subtitle C of title I of such Act and YouthBuild under section 171 of such Act;

"(C) providing a list of programs under the national apprenticeship system that are offered in the State, including in the State's high-skill, high-wage, or in-demand industry sectors or oc-

cupations;

i'(D) alignment of funding received and reporting required under this Act, including relevant placement, retention, and earnings information, with the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (29 U.S.C. 3101 et seq.), and technical assistance in how individual training accounts under section 134(c)(3) of such Act could be used to pay for the costs of enrolling and participating in programs under the national apprenticeship system;

"(E) partnerships with State or local workforce development boards, State workforce agencies, and one-stop centers and one-stop operators that assist program participants in access-

ing supportive services to support—

"(i) the recruitment, retention, and completion of programs under the national apprenticeship system, including the recruitment of nontraditional populations and dislocated workers;

"(ii) transitions from youth apprenticeships and pre-apprenticeships to apprenticeship programs; and

"(iii) the placement into employment or further education upon program completion; and "(F) expanding the list of eligible providers of training services under section 122(d) of the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act to include programs under the national apprenticeship system in the State (29 U.S.C. 3152(d)).

"(4) LEADERSHIP ACTIVITIES.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—A State apprenticeship agency may reserve not more than 15 percent of the funds received under subsection (f) in support of State apprenticeship initiatives described in this paragraph.

"(B) DIVERSITY.—Not less than 5 percent of the amount reserved under subparagraph (A) shall be used by the State apprenticeship agency for supporting and expanding diversity in occupations suitable for apprenticeship under the national apprenticeship system in the State and program participant populations in the State.

"(C) INCENTIVES FOR EMPLOYERS.—A State apprenticeship agency may use funds reserved under subparagraph (A) to incentivize employers to participate in programs under the national apprenticeship system, such as costs related to program development, staffing for mentors and supervisors, related instruction, or the creation of industry or sector partnerships to support employer participation.

"(D) STATE-SPECIFIC INITIATIVES.—A State apprenticeship agency may use funds reserved under subparagraph (A) for State-specific initiatives, such as the development or expansion of youth apprenticeship programs or apprenticeship programs in high-skill, high-wage, or in-demand industry sectors and occupations.

''(5) STATE MATCH FOR FEDERAL INVEST-

"(A) In GENERAL.—Except in the case of exceptional circumstances, as determined by the Administrator, in order to receive a full allotment under subsection (f), a State apprenticeship agency shall use matching funds from non-Federal resources to carry out the activities of the agency under this Act in an amount not less than 25 percent of such allotment.

"(B) TRANSITION PERIOD.—The requirement under this paragraph shall take effect with respect to a State apprenticeship agency on the date that is 1 day after the date on which the transition period for such agency under sub-

section (a)(3)(C)(ii) ends.

"(e) DERECOGNITION OF STATE APPRENTICE-SHIP AGENCIES.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may withdraw recognition of a State apprenticeship agency before the end of the agency's 4-year recognition period under subsection (a)(2)(B) if the Secretary determines, after notice and an opportunity for a hearing, that the State apprenticeship agency has failed for one of the reasons described in paragraph (2), and has not been in compliance with the performance improvement plan under paragraph (3) to remedy such failure.

"(2) DERECOGNITION CRITERIA.—The recognition of a State apprenticeship agency under this section may be withdrawn under paragraph (1) in a case in which the State apprenticeship agency fails to—

"(A) adopt or properly enforce a State plan;

"(B) properly carry out its role as the sole registration agency in the State;

"(C) submit a report under section 131(b)(1)(B) for any morram year:

for any program year;

"(D) meet the State levels of performance as described in subsection (c)(8)(A) or demonstrate improvements in performance for 3 consecutive program years; or

"(3) Derecognition process.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—If a State apprenticeship agency fails for any of the reasons described in paragraph (2), the Secretary shall provide technical assistance to such agency for corrective action to remedy such failure, including assistance in the development of a performance improvement plan.

"(B) REDUCTION OF FUNDS.—Except in the case of exceptional circumstances as determined

by the Administrator, in a case in which such a State apprenticeship agency continues such failure after the provision of the technical assistance under subparagraph (A)—

"(i) the percentage of the funds to be allotted to the State apprenticeship agency under subsection (f) for each fiscal year following the fiscal year in which such failure has been identified shall be reduced by 5 percentage points; and

"(ii) the Administrator shall provide notice to the State apprenticeship agency that the agency's recognition under this section may be withdrawn if the agency fails to remedy the failure.

"(C) TERMINATION OF PROCEEDINGS.—If the Administrator determines that the State apprenticeship agency's corrective action under subparagraph (A) has addressed the agency's failure identified under paragraph (2), the Administrator shall—

"(i) restore the agency's full funding allocation under this title for the next full fiscal year; and

"(ii) notify the State apprenticeship agency that the agency's recognition will not be withdrawn under this section for the reason for which the agency's funding under this title was most recently reduced.

"(D) OPPORTUNITY FOR HEARING.—

"(i) IN GENERAL.—In a case in which a State apprenticeship agency fails to remedy a failure identified under paragraph (2), the Administrator shall—

"(I) notify, in writing, the State apprenticeship agency of the failure of the State apprenticeship agency, including a description of such failure and an explanation that the agency's recognition under this section may be withdrawn as a result of such failure; and

"(II) offer the State apprenticeship agency an opportunity to request a hearing not later than

30 days after the date of such notice.
"(ii) REFERRAL TO OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATIVE

"(11) REFERRAL TO OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGES.—In a case in which the State apprenticeship agency requests a hearing under clause (i)(II), the Administrator shall refer the matter to the Office of Administrative Law Judges for a recommended decision by the Administrative Review Board for final agency ac-

"(4) REQUIREMENTS REGARDING WITHDRAWAL OF RECOGNITION.—

"(A) OFFICE OF APPRENTICESHIP.—

"(i) PRIOR TO ORDER.—Prior to the withdrawal of the recognition of a State apprenticeship agency under this section, the Administrator shall—

"(I) provide to the State apprenticeship agency an order withdrawing recognition of such agency under this section; and

"(II) establish a State Office of Apprenticeship; and

"(ii) AFTER ORDER.—Not later than 30 days after the date of such order, provide notification of the withdrawal to the sponsors of the programs under the national apprenticeship system in such State that were registered with the State apprenticeship agency to enable each such sponsor to be registered with the Administrator (acting through the State Office of Apprenticeship established under clause (i)(II)).

"(B) STATE APPRENTICESHIP AGENCY REQUIRE-MENTS.—A State agency whose recognition as a State apprenticeship agency under this section has been withdrawn under paragraph (3)

shall-

"(i) provide to the Administrator program standards, apprenticeship agreements, completion records, cancellation and suspension records, performance metrics, and any other documents relating to the State's programs under the national apprenticeship system in the State:

"(ii) cooperate fully during the transition period beginning on the date of the order withdrawing such recognition and ending on the date on which the Administrator establishes a State Office of Apprenticeship in the State; and "(iii) extern appropriate funds received under the control with the state of the control with the control with the state of the control with the c

"(iii) return any unused funds received under this Act.

- "(5) REINSTATEMENT OF RECOGNITION.—A State apprenticeship agency that has had its recognition withdrawn under this section may have such recognition reinstated upon presentation of adequate evidence that the State apprenticeship agency has—
- "(A) submitted an application under subsection (a)(2): and
- "(B) demonstrated the ability to operate in compliance with the requirements of this Act.

"(f) RESERVATION AND STATE ALLOTMENTS.—

"(1) State allotments.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—Of the amount appropriated under subsection (g) for a fiscal year—

"(i) 33 1/3 percent shall be equally distributed among each State Office of Apprenticeship, outlying area, and eligible State: and

"(ii) 66 % percent shall be allotted to eligible States on the basis described in subparagraph

"(B) FORMULA.—

"(i) IN GENERAL.—Of the amount available under subparagraph (A)(ii)—

"(I) 25 percent shall be allotted on the basis of the relative share of program participants in each eligible State, as determined on the basis of the most recent satisfactory data available from the Administrator, compared to the total number of program participants in all eligible States, as determined on such basis;

"(II) 25 percent shall be allotted on the basis of the relative share of program participants who have completed a program under the national apprenticeship system in each eligible State during the most recent 5-year period, as determined on the basis of the most recent satisfactory data available from the Administrator, compared to the total 5-year average of program participants who have completed a program in all eligible States, as determined on such basis; and

"(III) 50 percent shall be allotted on the basis described in clause (ii).

"(ii) Allotments based on bls and acs data.—Of the amount available under clause (i)(III)—

"(I) 33½ percent shall be allotted on the basis of the relative share of individuals in the civilian labor force in each eligible State, compared to the total number of individuals in the civilian labor force in all eligible States;

"(II) 33½ percent shall be allotted on the basis of the relative share of individuals living below the poverty line in each eligible State, compared to the total number of individuals living below the poverty line in all eligible States; and

"(III) 33½ percent shall be allotted on the basis of the relative number of unemployed individuals in each eligible State, compared to the total number of unemployed individuals in all eligible States.

"(2) DEFINITIONS.—In this subsection—

"(A) ELIGIBLE STATE.—The term 'eligible State' means a State (as defined in section 2) that has a State apprenticeship agency.

"(B) POVERTY LINE.—The term 'poverty line' has the meaning given such term in section 3 of the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (29 U.S.C. 3102).

"(C) UNEMPLOYED INDIVIDUAL.—The term 'unemployed individual' has the meaning given such term in section 3 of the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (29 U.S.C. 3102).

"(g) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section—

- "(1) \$75,000,000 for fiscal year 2023;
- "(2) \$85,000,000 for fiscal year 2024;
- "(3) \$95,000,000 for fiscal year 2025;
- "(4) \$105,000,000 for fiscal year 2026; and
- "(5) \$115,000,000 for fiscal year 2027.

### "SEC. 114. INTERAGENCY AGREEMENT WITH DE-PARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

"(a) In GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the effective date of the National Apprenticeship Act of 2022, in order to cooperate with the Secretary of Education and promote awareness and adoption of apprenticeship programs, the Sec $\begin{array}{llll} retary & (acting & through & the & Administrator) \\ shall & & & & \\ \end{array}$ 

"(1) enter into an interagency agreement with the Secretary of Education to promote and support integration and alignment of programs under the national apprenticeship system with secondary, postsecondary, and adult education, through the activities described in this section; and

"(2) submit to the Committee on Education and Labor of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions of Senate, such agreement and any modifications to such agreement.

"(b) ALIGNMENT FOR YOUTH APPRENTICE-SHIPS.—In order to promote alignment between youth apprenticeship programs and high school graduation requirements, the interagency agreement under subsection (a) shall describe how the Secretaries will work to provide—

"(1) information and resources to—

"(A) parents and students to promote a better understanding of programs under the national apprenticeship system and their value in secondary and postsecondary education and career pathways by not later than middle school, and that are in user-friendly formats and languages that are easily accessible, as determined by the Secretaries: and

"(B) school leaders (working with academic counselors, teachers, and faculty) about the value of such programs and information on how to effectively align youth apprenticeship programs with secondary and career and technical education programs; and

"(2) technical assistance on how to—

"(A) align related instruction and skills and competencies for occupations suitable for apprenticeship to high school graduation requirements:

"(B) offer related instruction through dual and concurrent enrollment programs and other accelerated learning programs, as described in section 4104(b)(3)(A)(i)(IV) of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 7114(b)(3)(A)(i)(IV)):

"(C) facilitate transitions for youth apprentices who have completed their youth apprenticeships into further education, including an associate, baccalaureate, or advanced degree, and related apprenticeship opportunities; and

"(D) align activities carried out under this Act with eligible funding from, and planning processes for, the Carl D. Perkins Career and Technical Education Act of 2006 (20 U.S.C. 2301 et seq.), the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 6301 et seq.), the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (20 U.S.C. 1400 et seq.), the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, and the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001 et seq.).

"(c) APPRENTICESHIP COLLEGE CONSORTIUM.—
In order to support the establishment of a college consortium of postsecondary educational institutions, including minority serving institutions, related instruction providers, sponsors, qualified intermediaries, employers, labor organizations, and joint labor-management organizations for the purposes of promoting stronger connections between programs under the national apprenticeship system and participating 2- and 4-year postsecondary educational institutions, the interagency agreement under subsection (a) shall include a description of how the Secretaries will—

"(1) support data sharing systems that align education records and records of programs under the national apprenticeship system regarding whether program participants who receive financial aid under title IV of the Higher Education Act of 1965 enroll in, or complete, postsecondary coursework while participating in a program under such system;

"(2) provide guidance on how to align eligible funding from, planning processes for, and the requirements of the Carl D. Perkins Career and Technical Education Act of 2006 (20 U.S.C. 2301 et seq.), the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, and the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001 et seq.) with this Act;

(3) require all participants of the apprenticeship college consortium to enter into agreements

"(A) have an articulation agreement with a participating sponsor of an apprenticeship program, which may include a 2- or 4-year postsecondary educational institution;

"(B) create or expand the awarding and articulation of academic credit for related instruction completed and credentials awarded to program participants as part of a program under the national apprenticeship system; and

"(C) support the creation or expansion of electronic transcripts for apprenticeship programs and all academic content, including related instruction and on-the-job training;

"(4) provide technical assistance on eligible uses of financial aid, including the Federal work study program under part C of title IV of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1087–51 et seq.), for related instruction for programs under the national apprenticeship system:

"(5) provide to consortium participants or potential participants information regarding—

"(A) a list of apprenticeship programs in related occupations offered in the State or available under the Office of Apprenticeship that may become part of the consortium;

"(B) information on how to develop an apprenticeship program:

"(C) information on Federal, State, and local financial resources available to assist with the establishment and implementation of apprenticeship programs; and

"(D) information on related qualified intermediaries or industry or sector partnerships supporting apprenticeship programs, as applicable;

"(6) support information regarding the apprenticeship consortium being made available on a publicly accessible website, including—

"(A) a list of participating members of the consortium, apprenticeship programs provided, credentials awarded with each program, and available occupations suitable for apprenticeshin: and

"(B) models of articulation agreements, prior learning assessments, and competency-based curriculum for related instruction for illustrative purposes.

"(d) Best Practice Development and Sharing.—

"(1) DISSEMINATION.—Such interagency agreement shall require that the Secretaries disseminate information on the value of programs under the national apprenticeship system, including relevant placement, retention, and earnings information, labor market data from the local area, and sector forecasts to determine high-skill, high-wage, or in-demand industry sectors or occupations of such programs, to local education and training providers, labor organizations, or joint labor-management organizations (including those representing teachers).

"(2) CLEARINGHOUSE.—Such agreement shall require the Secretaries to create a clearinghouse of best practices—

"(A) for improving performance and increasing alignment of education and programs under the national apprenticeship system, including career pathways; and

"(B) publicly disseminate information and resources on—

"(i) replicable related instruction and on-thejob learning; and

"(ii) how to build an understanding of apprenticeship opportunities available to students.

"(e) DATA SHARING AGREEMENT.—The Secretaries shall disseminate best practices for the alignment of education records and records of programs under the national apprenticeship system, including information on program participants who enroll in, complete, and receive academic credit for postsecondary coursework while participating in such a program.

"(f) Secretaries Defined.—In this section. the term 'Secretaries' means the Secretary of Labor and the Secretary of Education.

#### "Subtitle B—Process and Standards for the National Apprenticeship System "SEC. 121. OCCUPATIONS SUITABLE FOR APPREN-TICESHIP.

- "(a) In General.—For an occupation to be considered suitable for apprenticeship under this Act. a person seeking approval for such occupation to be an occupation suitable for apprenticeship shall submit to the Administrator, an application that demonstrates demand from multiple employers in such occupation for a program under the national apprenticeship system in such occupation that will prepare individuals for the full range of skills and competencies needed for such occupation by describing how the occupation will-
- "(1) meet the national occupational standards under section 111(b)(5)(C); or
- "(2) involve the progressive attainment of skills, competencies, and knowledge that are-
- "(A) clearly identified and commonly recognized throughout the relevant industry or occu-
- "(B) customarily learned or enhanced in a practical way through a structured, systematic program of on-the-job supervised learning and related instruction to supplement such learning;
- "(C) offered through a time-based, competency-based, or hybrid model as described in section 122(b)(1)(E).
- "(b) ASSESSMENT. -In assessing whether an application submitted under subsection (a) meets the requirements of paragraph (1) or (2) of such subsection, a registration agency shall-
- '(1) conduct a comprehensive assessment of the skills, techniques, and competencies required by the occupation, which assesses whether such skills, techniques, and competencies-
- '(A) are specialized and acquired optimally through a structured, systematic training program involving close on-the-job supervision and mentoring by subject-matter experts:
- '(B) require at least 2,000 hours of on-the-job learning and mentoring, or whether an alternative amount of time is appropriate for the occupation; and
- '(C) are acquired optimally through a supplementary educational or instructional component conveying theoretical and conceptual knowledge relevant to the occupation: and
- '(2) determine whether the occupation is an occupation that is commonly recognized throughout an industry or sector.

#### "SEC. 122. QUALITY STANDARDS OF PROGRAMS UNDER THE NATIONAL APPRENTICE-SHIP SYSTEM.

- "(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, actina through the Administrator, shall formulate and promote the furtherance of quality standards necessary to safeguard the welfare of apprentices, pre-apprentices, and youth apprentices.
- "(b) Apprenticeship Program Standards. In addition to the standards described in subsection (e), an apprenticeship program shall meet the following standards:
- "(1) The program has an organized and clearly written plan, developed by the sponsor, that includes, at a minimum, the following informa-
- "(A) The employment and training to be received by each apprentice participating in the program, including-
- "(i) an outline of the work processes or the plan in which the apprentice will receive supervised work experience, on-the-job training, and on-the-iob learning:
- "(ii) the allocation of the approximate amount of time that will be spent in each major work process by the apprentice;
- "(iii) a description of the mentoring that will be provided to the apprentice; and
- '(iv) a description or timeline explaining the periodic reviews and evaluations of the appren-

tice's performance on the job and in related instruction.

"(B) A process for maintaining appropriate progress records, including the reviews and evaluations described in subparagraph (A)(iv).

"(C) A description of the organized related instruction the apprentice will receive in technical subjects related to the occupation, which-

"(i) for time-based or hybrid apprenticeship programs as described in paragraph (E), shall include not less than 144 hours for each year of apprenticeship, unless an alternative requirement is put forth by the employer and sponsor that reflects industry standards and is accepted by the registration agency:

'(ii) may be accomplished through classroom instruction, occupational or industry courses, instruction provided through electronic media, or other instruction approved by the registration

"(iii) shall be provided by one or more qualified instructors that-

"(I)(aa) meet technical instructor requirements of the applicable education agency in the State of registration; or

"(bb) are subject matter experts, defined for purposes of this subparagraph as individuals recognized within an industry as having expertise in a specific occupation; and

"(II) have training in teaching techniques and learning styles, or will obtain such training before providing the related technical instruc-

"(iv) where appropriate and to the extent practicable, shall be aligned to a career pathway; and

"(v) where appropriate and to the extent practicable, incorporate the principles of universal design for learning under section 103 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C.

"(D) A progressively increasing, clearly defined schedule of wages to be paid to the apprentice that is-

"(i) consistent with measurable skill gains;

"(ii) ensures the entry wage is not less than the greater of-

"(I) the minimum wage required under section 6(a) of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 (29  $U.S.C.\ 206(a)); or$ 

"(II) the applicable wage required by other applicable Federal or State laws (including regulations) or collective bargaining agreements.

'(E) The term of the apprenticeship program, which may be measured using-

"(i) a time-based model, which requires the completion of the industry standard for on-thejob learning hours, which in no case shall be less than a cumulative 2,000 hours, unless an alternative requirement is put forth by the employer and sponsor from a nontraditional apprenticeship occupation as of the date of the enactment of the National Apprenticeship Act of 2022 that reflects industry standards and the relative hazards of the occupation, and is accepted by the Secretary and registration agency;

'(ii) a competency-based model, which requires the attainment of competency in the occupation; or

'(iii) a hybrid model, which blends the timebased and competency-based approaches.

"(F) The methods used to measure an apprentice's skills and competencies, which may include an initial diagnostic assessment or assessment of credentials that verify an individual's foundational knowledge and skills that would be needed to succeed in an apprenticeship program, and which shall include

"(i) in the case of a time-based apprenticeship described in subparagraph (E)(i), the individual apprentice's completion of the required hours of on-the-job learning as described in a work process schedule;

'(ii) in the case of a competency-based model described in subparagraph (E)(ii), the individual apprentice's successful demonstration of acquired skills and knowledge through appropriate means of testing and evaluation for such competencies, and by requiring apprentices to complete a paid on-the-job learning component of the apprenticeship; or

"(iii) in the case of a hybrid apprenticeship described in subparagraph (E)(iii), a combination of a specified minimum number of hours of on-the-job learning and the successful demonstration of competency, as described in sub $paragraph \ (E)(i) \ and \ a \ work \ process \ schedule.$ 

"(2) The program equally grants advanced standing or credit to all individuals applying for the apprenticeship with demonstrated competency or acquired experience, training, or skills, and provides commensurate wages for any progression in standing or credit so grantincluding for veterans' service-acquired skills and experiences.

"(3) The program has minimum qualifications for individuals desiring to enter the apprenticeship program, with an eligible starting age for an apprentice of not less than 16 years.

"(4) In the case of a program that chooses to issue an interim credential, the program-

"(A) clearly identifies each interim credential; "(B) only issues an interim credential for recognized components of an occupation suitable for apprenticeship and demonstrates how each interim credential specifically links to the knowledge, skills, and abilities associated with such components; and

"(C) establishes the process for assessing an individual apprentice's demonstration of competency and measurable skill gains associated with the particular interim credential.

"(c) PRE-APPRENTICESHIP PROGRAM STAND-ARDS.—In addition to the standards described in subsection (e), a pre-apprenticeship program shall meet the following standards:

"(1) The program is designed to assist individuals who do not meet minimum qualifications for an apprenticeship program as described in subsection (b) and prepare them to enter and succeed in such an apprenticeship programs, including by providing the skills and competency attainment needed to enter the apprenticeship program.

'(2) The program—

"(A) is carried out by a sponsor that has a written agreement with at least one sponsor of an apprenticeship program;

"(B) demonstrates the existence of an active, advisory partnership with an industry or sector partnership to inform the training and education services necessary for a pre-apprenticeship program;

"(C) demonstrates evidence of sufficient demand in an apprenticeship program at the completion of a pre-apprenticeship program to support a transition from a pre-apprenticeship to an apprenticeship; and

"(D) demonstrates partnerships with qualified intermediaries, community-based organizations, labor organizations, or joint labor-management organizations.

'(3) The program includes a written plan developed by the sponsor of the pre-apprenticeship program that is developed in consultation with the sponsor of the apprenticeship program described in paragraph (2)(A), that-

"(A) provides for work-based learning, and paid work-based learning to the extent practicable, in which an industry or sector partnership and a related instruction provider collaborate to provide training that will introduce participants to the skills, competencies, and materials used in one or more occupations suitable for apprenticeship;

(B) is based on and aligned with national, State, regional, or local industry standards for high-skill, high-wage, or in-demand industry sectors and occupations, and the requirements of the related apprenticeship program;

"(C) to the extent appropriate and practicable, meets the related instruction requirements as described in clauses (ii) through (iv) of subsection (b)(1)(C) that includes enabling an individual to attain a secondary school diploma or its recognized equivalent that enables a preapprentice to enter into an apprenticeship program; and

"(D) includes mentoring, career exposure, career planning, and career awareness activities.

"(d) YOUTH APPRENTICESHIP PROGRAM STAND-ARDS.—In addition to the standards described in subsection (e), a youth apprenticeship program shall meet the following standards:

"(1) The program is designed for youth apprentices who at the start of the program are enrolled in high school.

"(2) The program includes each of the following core elements:

"(A) The employment and training to be received by each youth apprentice participating in the program, including—

"(i) an outline of the work processes or the plan in which the youth apprentice will receive supervised work experience and on-the-job training or in an experiential setting;

"(ii) the allocation of the approximate amount of time that will be spent in each major work process by the youth apprentice;

"(iii) a description of the mentoring that will be provided to the youth apprentice; and

"(iv) a description or timeline explaining the periodic reviews and evaluations of the youth apprentice's performance on the job and in related instruction.

"(B) A process for maintaining appropriate progress records, including the reviews and evaluations described in subparagraph (A)(iv).

"(C) Related classroom-based instruction, which may be fulfilled through dual or concurrent enrollment, and—

"(i) is, to the extent practicable, aligned with high school diploma requirements and career clusters: and

"(ii) meets the additional requirements as described in subsection (b)(1)(C).

"(D) A progressively increasing, clearly defined schedule of wages to be paid to the youth apprentice.

"(E) The term of the youth apprenticeship program, as described in subsection (b)(1)(E).

"(F) For a competency-based or hybrid youth apprenticeship program, the methods used to measure skill acquisition for a youth apprentice, including ongoing assessment against established skill and competency standards as described in subsection (b)(1)(F).

"(G) Prepares the youth apprentice for placement in further education, employment, or an

apprenticeship program.

"(3) The program equally grants advanced standing or credit to all individuals applying for the youth apprenticeship with demonstrated competency or acquired experience, training, or

"(4) In the case of a youth apprenticeship program that chooses to issue an interim credential, the program meets the requirements of subsection (b)(4).

"(e) GENERAL REQUIREMENTS.—Each program under the national apprenticeship system shall meet the following standards:

"(1) The program—

"(A) has adequate and safe equipment, environments, and facilities for training and supervision:

"(B) provides safety training on-the-job and in related instruction as applicable by the occupation suitable for apprenticeship; and

"(C) provides adequate training for mentors and qualified instructors on providing a safe work and training environment.

"(2) The program records and maintains all records concerning the program as may be required by the Secretary, the registration agency of the program, or any other applicable law, including records required under title 38, United States Code, in order for veterans and other individuals eligible for educational assistance under such title to use such assistance for enrollment in the program.

"(3) The program provides—

"(A) all individuals with an equal opportunity to participate in the program as described in subparagraphs (B) and (C) of section 111(b)(7); and

"(B) materials that meet, at a minimum, conformance to Level AA of the Web Content Accessibility Guidelines 2.0 of the Web Accessibility Initiative (or any successor guidelines).

"(4) The program awards a certificate of completion in recognition of successful completion of the program, evidenced by an appropriate certificate issued by the registration agency, and in the case of apprenticeships and youth apprenticeships, prepares a program participant to obtain a recognized postsecondary credential.

"(5) The program provides that an individual who is to become a program participant under the program enters into a written apprenticeship agreement described in section 123 with the sponsor of the program.

"(6) The numeric ratio of program participants to supervisors (such as journeyworkers, mentors, or on-the-job learning instructors, as applicable) for the occupation suitable for apprenticeship, which are based on evidence-based and evidence-informed best practices for supervision, training, safety, and continuity of employment, throughout the work processes of the program, job site, department, or plant, appropriate for the degree of hazard in different occupations, and—

"(A) are consistent with provisions in collective bargaining agreements, as applicable, except if such ratios are expressly prohibited by the collective bargaining agreements;

"(B) provide that such a ratio does not contravene the application of other Federal or State laws that may establish more protective standards with respect to the establishment of ratios of apprentices to journeyworkers, including any rules or orders promulgated under the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 with respect to the employment, training, and supervision of 16-and 17-year old youth apprentices in certain hazardous occupations.

#### "SEC. 123. APPRENTICESHIP AGREEMENTS.

"(a) IN GENERAL.—To ensure the standards described in section 122 are applied to programs under the national apprenticeship system, the Administrator shall require a sponsor to develop an apprenticeship agreement that shall—

"(1) be the same for each program participant; "(2) contain the names and signatures of the program participant and the sponsor;

"(3) meet the requirements of subsection (b);

"(4) be submitted to the registration agency in accordance with section 124 by the program sponsor.

"(b) STANDARDS.—Each agreement under subsection (a) shall contain, explicitly or by reference, program standards under section 122, including—

"(1) in the case of an apprenticeship program—

"(A) that is time-based, a statement of the number of hours to be spent by the program participant in on-the-job learning and on-the-job training in order to complete the program;

"(B) that is competency-based, a description of the skill sets to be attained by completion of the program, including the on-the-job learning and work components; or

"(C) that is a hybrid model, the minimum number of hours to be spent by the program participant in on-the-job learning and work components and in related instruction, and a description of the skill sets and competencies to be attained by completion of the program;

"(2) the number of hours and form of related instruction, including how related instruction will be compensated (whether through academic credit, wages, or both), the costs the program participant will incur for participating in the program (such as for equipment, related instruction, or assessment or licensure fees), and the recognized postsecondary credentials the program participants will be eligible to receive upon program completion;

"(3) a schedule of the work processes in the occupation or industry divisions in which the program participant is to be trained and the approximate time to be spent at each process;

"(4) for apprenticeships or youth apprenticeships, the graduated wage scale to be paid to the apprentices, benefits offered to the apprentices, and how the wages and benefits compare to State, local, or regional wages in the related occupation; and

"(5) demonstration of commitment to and compliance with subparagraphs (B) and (C) of sec-

tion 111(b)(7).

"(c) COLLECTIVE BARGAINING.—Nothing in an apprenticeship agreement or this Act shall operate to invalidate an applicable provision in a collective bargaining agreement between employers and employees establishing higher standards for programs under the national apprenticeship system.

#### "SEC. 124. REGISTRATION OF PROGRAMS UNDER THE NATIONAL APPRENTICESHIP SYSTEM.

"(a) PROGRAM REGISTRATION APPLICATION.— In order to bring together employers and labor for the formulation of programs under the national apprenticeship system, the Administrator shall provide for the registration of programs in which a sponsor applying to register a program under the national apprenticeship system shall request registration of such program from a registration agency by submitting the information required by the registration agency, including—

"(1) information demonstrating that each of the requirements of section 122 will be met for

the program;

"(2) a copy of the apprenticeship agreement described in section 123 used by the sponsor;

"(3) a written assurance that, if the program is registered under this Act, the sponsor will—

"(A) administer the program in accordance with the requirements of this Act and comply with the requirements of the apprenticeship agreement for each apprentice; and

"(B) enroll at least 1 program participant; and

"(4) methods the program sponsor will use to report performance data describing outcomes associated with the program as required by the registration agency—

"(A) on an annual basis for any program sponsor with fewer than 5 program participants; or

"(B) on a quarterly basis for any program sponsor with 5 or more program participants.

"(b) RECOGNITION AND REGISTRATION PROC-ESS.—

"(1) REVIEW AND APPROVAL PROCESS.—

"(A) PROVISIONAL APPROVAL REVIEW.—An application submitted under subsection (a) that the registration agency determines meets the requirements described in such subsection shall be registered for a provisional 1-year period beginning not later than 30 days after such application is submitted. During such period, the registration agency shall accept and record the apprenticeship agreement as evidence of the program's compliance and registration to operate such program.

"(B) FULL APPROVAL OR EXTENDED PROVI-SIONAL APPROVAL.—By the end of a provisional registration period for a program, the registration agency providing provisional approval under subparagraph (A) shall review the program for quality and for compliance with the applicable standards under this subtitle and all other applicable program requirements under this Act, and—

"(i) if a registration agency conducting a provisional review determines that the program complies with the standards and requirements under this Act, the registration agency shall fully approve the registration of the program; or

"(ii) if a registration agency conducting a provisional review determines that the program is not conforming to the requirements or standards under this Act, the registration agency may continue the provisional registration of the program through the first full training cycle for

program participants, and conduct an additional provisional review at the conclusion of the training cycle.

'(C) FAILURE TO MEET REQUIREMENTS.—If after an initial provisional review under subparagraph (A), a registration agency conducting such provisional review determines that the program is not in operation or does not conform to the requirements under this Act, the registration agency shall recommend technical assistance and corrective action for the program, or deregistration, in accordance with procedures established under subsections (b) and (c) of section 131.

(2) Certificate of registration.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—A registration agency that registers a program under paragraph (1) shall-

(i) provide the sponsor of the program with a certificate of registration or other written evi-

dence of registration; and

'(ii) provide a copy of the certificate of registration to the Secretary of Veterans Affairs or the applicable State veterans agency for the purpose of aligning the registration process with the process for approving such program for eligible veterans' use of supplemental educational assistance benefits.

"(B) REGISTRATION NAME.—A program shall be registered in the name of the sponsor, or if a sponsor enters into a partnership with an employer who registers the program, in the name of

the employer.

'(3) PROGRAM PARTICIPANT REGISTRATION — A sponsor providing a program that is registered in accordance with paragraph (2) shall provide to an individual seeking to be a program participant the opportunity to apply through the sponsor, and shall-

(A) enter into a written individual apprenticeship agreement described in section 123 with each such individual before the commencement

of the program: and

'(B) individually register each program participant with the registration agency by filing a copy of the individual apprenticeship agreement with the registration agency or as otherwise reauired by the registration agency, and sharing a copy with the Administrator as appropriate, as described under section 123(a)(4).

(4) TRANSITION PROCESS FOR PREVIOUSLY AP-PROVED PROGRAMS.—With respect to a program that was registered under this Act as of the day before the date of enactment of the National Apprenticeship Act of 2022, the registration agency shall take such steps as necessary to-

(A) in the case of a program that meets of the requirements of this Act, maintain the status of the sponsor of the program as of the date before such date of enactment as the sponsor of

such program under this Act; and

"(B) in the case of a program that does not meet the requirements of this Act, provide technical assistance to the sponsor of such program to ensure that the sponsor is in compliance with this Act not later than 3 years after the date of enactment of the National Apprenticeship Act of

"(c) Modifications or Changes to Youth APPRENTICESHIP, PRE-APPRENTICESHIP, OR AP-

PRENTICESHIP PROGRAMS.

"(1) SPONSOR PROPOSAL.—Any sponsor that wishes to modify a program, including the program's method of meeting the standards required under this Act, shall submit the proposal for such change or modification to the registration agency for the program.

(2) REGISTRATION AGENCY REQUIREMENTS.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—The registration agency shall determine whether to approve the proposal and notify the sponsor of the determination by not later than 60 days after receipt of the proposal.

"(B) APPROVAL OF PROPOSAL.—If the proposal is approved, the registration agency shall amend the record of the program to reflect the modification or change, and provide the sponsor or program administrator with an acknowledgment of the amended program, by not later than 30 days after the date of approval.

"(C) DISAPPROVAL OF PROPOSAL.—If the proposal is not approved, the registration agency shall-

"(i) notify the sponsor of the reasons for the disapproval and provide the sponsor with technical assistance to maintain the program as originally registered;

(ii) provide the sponsor with the opportunity to submit a revised modification proposal, including providing appropriate technical assistance to modify the proposal in order to meet the requirements of this Act; and

'(iii) in a case in which the sponsor submits a revised modification proposal, not later than 60 days after receipt of such proposal-

'(I) approve the proposal; or

"(II) disapprove the proposal and provide the sponsor with technical assistance to maintain the program as originally registered.

(D) LIST OF DISAPPROVED PROGRAMS.—The registration agency shall maintain a list of programs that were disapproved which includes the reasons for each such disapproval and provide such list to the Administrator at least annually.

#### "Subtitle C-Evaluations and Research "SEC. 131. PROGRAM EVALUATIONS

'(a) PURPOSE.—The purpose of this section is to provide program performance transparency across the programs under the national apprenticeship system, assess the effectiveness of States in achieving positive outcomes for program participants served by those programs, and establish performance accountability measures related to program completion and key indicators of performance under the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (29 U.S.C. 3101 et seq.).

"(b) REVIEWS BY REGISTRATION AGENCIES.

'(1) Performance reviews.

"(A) IN GENERAL.—A registration agency shall-

'(i) annually collect performance data for each program registered under section 124 by such agency to determine-

'(I) the performance of the program with respect to the indicators of performance under section 116(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (29 U.S.C. 3141(b)(2)(A)(i) or in the case of a youth apprenticeship program, section 116(b)(2)(A)(ii) of such Act (29 U.S.C. 3141(b)(2)(A)(ii), as applied to programs under the national apprenticeship system; and

'(II) the completion rates of the program;

"(ii) provide technical assistance for the collection of the information under clause (i) of this subparagraph and subparagraph (B), as necessaru:

'(iii) comply with the report requirements

under subparagraph (B); and

(iv) provide data collected under clause (i) of this subparagraph and subparagraph (B), disaggregated in accordance with clause (ii) of subparagraph (B), to the independent entity conducting the evaluations on behalf of the Secretary under section 132.

'(B) REPORTS.-

-The registration agency for "(i) IN GENERAL.a State shall annually prepare and submit to the Administrator a State performance report that is disaggregated in accordance with clause (ii), and includes the following information with respect to each program registered under section 124 by such agency:

"(I) Information specifying the levels of performance described in subparagraph (A), as compared to goals set in section 113(c)(8)(A)(i).

"(II) The percentage of program participants by race, sex ethnicity and, to the extent practicable, by individuals with disabilities, as compared to such percentages within the working age population who are in the geographical area from which the sponsor usually seeks or reasonably could seek program participants and who meet the minimum eligibility requirements for entry into in the program.

'(III) The percentage of program participants served by each of the programs that obtained unsubsidized employment in a field related to the occupation suitable for apprenticeship.

"(IV) The average time to completion for the program as compared to the description in the agreement under paragraphs (1) and (2) of section 123(b).

"(V) The average cost per participant during the most recent program year and the 3 preceding program years.

(VI) The percentage of program participants who received supportive services.

"(VII) Information on the State's activities required under section 113(c), including the State's uses of funds.

"(ii) DISAGGREGATION.—The performance data described in subclauses (I) through (VI) of clause (i) shall be disaggregated-

'(I) by the program type (apprenticeship, youth apprenticeship, or pre-apprenticeship program) involved; and

'(II) by race, ethnicity, sex, age, veteran status, and membership in a population specified in section 3(24) of the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (29 U.S.C. 3102(24)).

(C) REPORTS TO CONGRESS.—Not later than 60 days after receiving a report under subparagraph (B), the Secretary shall transmit to the Committee on Education and Labor of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions of the Senate.

"(D) PUBLICATION.—The Administrator shall annually make available on a publicly accessible website each report received under subparagraph (B) not later than 30 days after receipt of such report.

(2) Comprehensive program reviews.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—A registration agency shall periodically review each program registered under section 124 by such agency for quality assurance and compliance with the requirements of this Act.

"(B) TIMING OF REVIEWS .- A review described in subparagraph (A) shall occur-

"(i) at the end of the first full training cycle of program participants under the program; and '(ii) beginning after the review described in clause (i) at least once every 5 years.

"(C) REVIEW.—The review shall be a comprehensive review regarding all aspects of the

program performance, including-

'(i) determining whether the registration agency is receiving notification from the sponsor of a program regarding individuals who are registered as new youth apprentices, pre-apprentices, or apprentices under the program, or who successfully complete the program, as required under this Act:

"(ii) determining whether the sponsor of the program is complying with the requirements of

"(iii) evaluating the performance of the sponsor with respect to, at a minimum, the indicators described in paragraph (1)(A)(i), with the performance data disaggregated as described in paragraph (1)(B)(viii); and

"(iv) ensuring the sponsor's compliance with the requirement to provide equal opportunity in recruitment, training, and employment as described in subparagraphs (B) and (C) of section

"(D) REPORTS.—On completion of a review under this paragraph, the registration agency shall prepare and submit to the Administrator a report containing the results of the review.

(c) Subsequent Action.—

"(1) TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.—The registration agency shall provide technical assistance to the sponsor and identify areas that require technical assistance, including-

'(A) to support the sponsor in creating a plan to meet the State goals described in section 113(c)(8)(A)(ii), as applicable; and

"(B) assistance in the development of a performance improvement plan if the registration agency determines, pursuant to any review under subsection (b), that the youth apprenticeship, pre-apprenticeship, or apprenticeship proaram-

'(i) is not in operation;

"(ii) is not in compliance with the requirements of this Act; or

"(iii) is achieving levels of performance on inindicators described subsection (b)(1)(A)(i) that are lower than the State goals for any program year.
"(2) CORRECTIVE ACTION AND DEREGISTRATION

OF AN APPRENTICESHIP PROGRAM.—The registration agency may take corrective action, and if warranted, deregister a youth apprenticeship, pre-apprenticeship, or apprenticeship program, after making a determination that the program demonstrates persistent and significant failure to perform successfully, which occurs when-

'(A) the sponsor of the program consistently fails to register at least 1 program participant:

(B) the program shows a pattern of poor results on the indicators described in subsection (b)(1)(A)(i) over a period of 3 years, given the characteristics of program participants and economic conditions in the area served, or are lower than the national or State average;

(C) the program shows no indication of improvement in the areas identified by the registration agency and in the performance improvement plan under paragraph (1); or

'(D) the sponsor has not administered the program in accordance with the program's registration, as applicable, or with the requirements of this Act.

'(3) NOTIFICATION AND HEARING.—If the reaistration agency makes a determination described in paragraph (2), the registration agency shall notify the Secretary and the sponsor of the determination in writing, and permit the sponsor to request a hearing by the Office of Administrative Law Judges. The registration agency shall transmit to the Secretary a report containing all pertinent facts and circumstances concerning the determination, including findings and a recommendation for deregistration, and copies of all relevant documents and records. If the sponsor does not request the hearing not later than 15 days after receiving such notification, the registration agency shall deregister the program after the period for requesting such a hearing has expired.

'(4) NOTIFICATION AND TREATMENT OF AP-PRENTICES .- Not later than 15 days after the registration agency deregisters a program, the sponsor or program administrator shall notify

program participant-

'(A) of such deregistration and the effective date;

"(B) that such deregistration automatically deprives the program participant of individual registration as part of such youth apprenticeship, pre-apprenticeship, or apprenticeship program, including the ability to receive a certificate of completion from the registration agency;

'(C) that the deregistration of the program removes the program participant from eligibility for any Federal financial or other assistance. or rights, privileges, or exemptions under Federal law. that-

(i) relates to an apprentice; and

"(ii) requires the registration agency's ap-

"(D) that all youth apprentices, pre-apprentices, or apprentices are referred to the registration agency for information about potential transfers to other programs under the national apprenticeship system.

#### "SEC. 132. NATIONAL APPRENTICESHIP SYSTEM RESEARCH.

- "(a) RESEARCH.—The Secretary shall conduct. through an independent entity, research for the purpose of improving the management and effectiveness of the programs and activities carried out under this Act and to assist in the evaluation of the programs as described in section
- 131.
  "(b) TECHNIQUES.—The research conducted under this section shall utilize appropriate methodology and research designs.
- "(c) CONTENTS.—Such research shall address-
- "(1) the general effectiveness of such programs and activities in relation to their cost, in-

cluding the extent to which the programs and activities-

"(A) improve the skill and employment competencies of participants in comparison to comparably-situated individuals who did not participate in such programs and activities;

'(B) to the extent feasible, increase the levels of total employment, of attainment of recognized postsecondary credentials, and of measurable skills, above the levels that would have existed in the absence of such programs and activities;

'(C) respond to the needs reflected in labor market data in the local area and alian with high-skill, high-wage, or in-demand industries or occupations:

'(D) demonstrate a return on investment of Federal, State, local, sponsor, employer, and other funding for programs under the national apprenticeship system, capturing the full level of investment in, and impact of, such programs under the national apprenticeship system; and

(E) regularly assess the impact of apprenticeship programs under the national apprentice system in effectively increasing the participation of women, minorities, individuals with disabilities, long term unemployed, individuals impacted by the criminal and juvenile justice system, foster and former foster youth, and individuals with barriers to employment:

(2) the impact of the National Apprenticeship Act of 2022 on the general effectiveness of programs under the national apprenticeship system, including the implementation of policies such as dual or concurrent enrollment programs, advanced standing, or national occupational standards:

(3) best practices in increasing participation of nontraditional apprenticeship populations and individuals with barriers to employment, including individuals with disabilities, in programs under the national apprenticeship system: and

"(4) opportunities to scale up effective models under the national apprenticeship system.

"(d) REPORTS.

"(1) INDEPENDENT ENTITY.—The independent entity carrying out the research shall prepare and submit to the Secretary-

'(A) an interim report containing findings from the research: and

'(B) a final report containing the results of the research, including policy recommendations.

'(2) REPORTS TO CONGRESS.—Not later than 60 days after receipt of the interim report and final report described in subparagraphs (A) and (B) of paragraph (1), respectively, the Secretary shall submit each report to the Committee on Education and Labor of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions of the Senate.

PUBLIC ACCESS.—The Secretary shall (e) make the interim and final reports available on a publicly accessible website not later than 60 days after the receipt of the interim and final report.

'(f) DEMONSTRATION AUTHORITY .-

"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may initiate and carry out demonstration projects that-

"(A) are limited in size and scope;

"(B) have a duration of no more than 3 years; and

'(C) are carried out in nontraditional apprenticeship occupations, such as advanced manufacturing or information technology.

'(2) NATIONAL ADVISORY COMMITTEE RE-VIEW.—Prior to initiating a demonstration project, the Secretary shall-

(A) request the advice of the National Advisory Committee regarding such demonstration project, and consider such recommendation in making a determination whether to initiate and carry out such project; and

(B) not less than 15 days prior to the announcement of such demonstration project, inform the Committee on Education and Labor of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions of the Senate that the Secretary will be initiating such demonstration project.

'(3) Limitation on funding.—In initiating and carrying out demonstration projects under subsection (a), the Secretary may not use more than \$2,000,000 annually, and shall not exceed \$500,000 per demonstration project.

#### "Subtitle D—General Provisions

#### "SEC. 141. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

"(a) OFFICE OF APPRENTICESHIP.—There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out sections 111, 112, 131, and 132-

- '(1) \$50,000,000 for fiscal year 2023;
- "(2) \$60,000,000 for fiscal year 2024;
- "(3) \$70,000,000 for fiscal year 2025;
- "(4) \$80,000,000 for fiscal year 2026; and
- "(5) \$90,000,000 for fiscal year 2027.

"(b) INTERAGENCY AGREEMENT.—There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out section 114-

- '(1) \$10,000,000 for fiscal year 2023;
- "(2) \$12,000,000 for fiscal year 2024;
- "(3) \$14,000,000 for fiscal year 2025;
- "(4) \$16,000,000 for fiscal year 2026; and
- "(5) \$18,000,000 for fiscal year 2027.

#### "TITLE II-MODERNIZING THE NATIONAL APPRENTICESHIP SYSTEM FOR THE 21ST CENTURY GRANTS

#### "SEC. 201. GRANT REQUIREMENTS.

"(a) AUTHORITY.—

- (1) In General.—The Administrator shall award grants, contracts, or cooperative agreements to eligible entities on a competitive basis for the following purposes:
- '(A) CREATION AND EXPANSION ACTIVITIES .-To expand the offerings of programs under the national apprenticeship system-
- "(i) to create new apprenticeship programs in a nontraditional apprenticeship occupation, such as for programs demonstrating demand in advanced manufacturing (including semiconductor and automotive manufacturing), cybersecurity and information technology, computer science, clean energy (including renewable energy, environmental protection, and conservation), transportation (including electric vehicle infrastructure), health care, or education (including early childhood education);
- "(ii) to expand existing apprenticeship programs demonstrating labor market demand;
- "(iii) to create new or expand existing pre-apprenticeship programs; or
- "(iv) to create new or expand existing youth apprenticeship programs.
- (B) ENCOURAGING EMPLOYER PARTICIPA-TION.—To encourage employer participation in programs under the national apprenticeship sus-
- "(i) that target individuals with barriers to employment in youth apprenticeship, pre-apprenticeship, or apprenticeship programs. prioritizing nontraditional apprenticeship populations such as women minorities English lanauage learners, long-term unemployed, individuals with a disability, individuals with substance abuse issues, veterans, military spouses, individuals experiencing homelessness, individuals impacted by the criminal or juvenile justice (such as individuals currently or recently incarcerated), and foster and former foster youth;
- "(ii) that are in high-need social service-related industries, sectors, or occupations, such as direct care workers and early childhood, elementary school, and secondary school educators; or
- '(iv) among small- and medium-sized employ-
- "(C) INTERMEDIARY GRANTS.—To establish or expand sector-based partnerships for the delivery of programs under the national apprenticeship system to significant scale through-
- (i) national industry qualified intermediaries in key sectors, including manufacturing, information technology, cyber security, health care, insurance and finance, energy, hospitality, retail, construction, and other sectors identified by the Administrator and the Advisory Committee as targeted for expansion under the national apprenticeship system;

"(ii) national equity qualified intermediaries serving nontraditional apprenticeship populations, women, minorities, individuals with disabilities, and individuals impacted by the criminal or juvenile justice system; or

"(iii) local or regional qualified intermediaries serving programs under the national apprentice-

ship system.

(D) EDUCATIONAL ALIGNMENT.—To strengthen alignment between programs under the national apprenticeship system and education and training providers with secondary, postsecondary, and adult education systems, including degree and credential requirements.

(2) Duration.

"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator shall award grants, contracts, or cooperative agreements under this subsection for a period of not more than 3 years.

'(B) EXTENSION.—The eligible entity may apply for, and the Administrator may grant, an extension of the grant period for not more than 1 additional 2-year period, if the grant recipient demonstrates to the Administrator that the recipient-

'(i) has effectively implemented a project to achieve its stated purpose as described in subsections (e) and (f);

'(ii) has complied with the assurances as described in subsection (e)(9); and

"(iii) has improved applicable outcomes, as demonstrated through indicators referred to in section 203(a)(2).

(b) FUNDING REQUIREMENTS.—

"(1) MATCHING FUNDS REQUIRED —The Administrator shall require, as a condition of receipt of funds under this section, an eligible entity to match funds awarded under this section in an amount not less than 25 percent of the funds awarded to such recipient under this section. Such eligible entity may make the matching funds available directly or through donations from non-Federal, public, or private organizations, in cash or in kind, fairly evaluated.

"(2) WAIVER.—The Administrator may waive the requirement under paragraph (1) if the entity demonstrates that exceptional circumstances prevent the entity from meeting the requirement, such as demonstrating that the entity serves a high proportion of individuals with barriers to employment, or due to exceptional or uncontrollable circumstances, such as a natural disaster or a precipitous and unforeseen decline in the financial resources of the eligible entity.

"(c) PRIORITY AND DISTRIBUTION.

"(1) PRIORITY.—In awarding grants, contracts, or cooperative agreements under this section, the Administrator shall give priority to an eligible entitu-

'(A) proposing to serve a high number or high percentage of participants who are from nontraditional apprenticeship populations: and

'(B) providing opportunities in high-wage, high-skill, or in-demand sectors and occupa-

"(2) GEOGRAPHIC DISTRIBUTION.—In awarding grants, contracts, or cooperative agreements under this subsection, the Administrator shall, to the extent practicable, ensure a geographically diverse distribution of such awards, including a geographically diverse distribution among regions of the country and among urban, suburban, and rural areas.

f(d) ELIGIBLE ENTITY.—To be eligible to apply for grants, contracts, or cooperative agreements under this title, an eligible entity shall

(1) demonstrate a partnership with two or more of the following-

'(A) a State or local workforce development board or State or local workforce agency;

'(B) an education and training provider, or a consortium thereof;

(C) a State apprenticeship agency;

"(D) an Indian Tribe or Tribal organization;

"(E) an industry or sector partnership, a group of employers, a trade association, or a professional association that sponsors or participates in a program under the national apprenticeship system;

'(F) a Governor:

"(G) a labor organization or joint labor-management organization:

'(H) community-based organizations that assist program participants in accessing supportive services: or

'(I) a qualified intermediary; and

"(2) to the extent practicable

"(A) be part of an industry or sector partnership; and

"(B) partner with a labor or joint labor-management organization.

'(e) GENERAL APPLICATION REQUIREMENTS .-An eligible entity applying for a grant under this section shall submit to the Administrator  $\alpha$ description of each of the following:

"(1) Each purpose under subsection (a) for which the applicant intends to use such grant.

'(2) Each entity with which the eligible entity is partnered or engaged under subsection (d) and the role of each such entity in carrying out activities funded under this subsection.

"(3) The ability of the applicant, directly or through partners-

'(A) to enroll, instruct, advance, and graduate program participants served by the grant activities, and enable the participants to gain employment after program completion:

(B) to support (including by providing technical assistance) program sponsors and employers (especially small- and medium-sized businesses) in the creation of, recruitment for, and execution of programs under the national apprenticeship system; and

'(C) to provide opportunities to rural communities, as applicable.

"(4) A labor market analysis with respect to the geographic area of service that demonstrates-

"(A) the need to create or expand the pro-

"(B) a plan to align the activities supported by the grant with the labor market needs of high-skill, high-wage, or in-demand industry sectors or occupations.

"(5) A plan-

"(A) to comply with requirements for an evaluation and report under section 203;

'(B) as appropriate, to coordinate activities assisted under the grant with activities carried out under the Carl D. Perkins Career and Technical Education Act of 2006 (20 U.S.C. 2301 et seq.), the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 6301 et seq.), the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001 et seq.), the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (29 U.S.C. 3101 et seq.), and any related Federal programs and if appropriate, how funds provided under these programs will be leveraged in support of the programs supported by this

"(C) to use funds awarded under this section in support of the programs supported by this grant, as described in section 202;

'(D) to continue the program after the grant period ends;

"(E) to recruit and retain program participants for pre-apprenticeship, youth apprenticeship, and apprenticeship programs, including from nontraditional apprenticeship populations, such as women, minorities, individuals with disabilities, individuals impacted by the criminal or juvenile justice system, and individuals with barriers to employment;

"(F) to ensure program participants are able to access supportive services, as applicable; and

'(G) to comply with the equal opportunity requirements for diversity described in subparaaranhs (B) and (C) of section 111(b)(7) and section 113(c)(5), as applicable.

'(6) For any grants, contracts, or cooperative agreements expanding existing programs under the national apprenticeship system, a description of-

"(A) a plan to coordinate the activities carried out under the grant with the existing program: and

'(B) the effectiveness of the program, including demonstrations of programmatic components

such as program costs to employers and to program participants, completion and placement rates, credential attainment, diversity in populations served, the effectiveness of the program in increasing participant's wages and benefits, or services provided to employers and program participants.

"(7) A description of potential program participants and strategies to support the recruitment, retention, and completion of such participants, including nontraditional apprenticeship populations and individuals with barriers to employment, to the extent practicable.

"(8) A description of strategies to recruit and support employers involved in programs under the national apprenticeship system.

"(9) An assurance that the eligible entity

"(A) provide information to the Administrator, as requested, for any such evaluations as the Administrator may carry out;

"(B) make program performance data collected under section 131 available (in accordance with applicable data privacy laws, including section 444 of the General Education Provisions Act (20 U.S.C. 1232g) and section 4 of this Act) to independent evaluators to enable the evaluators to prepare the evaluations and research reports described in section 203(a)(1); and

(C) coordinate grant activities with a State Apprenticeship Agency, if such agency exists in the State where the eligible entity is applying

for a grant or carrying out activities.

"(f) ADDITIONAL APPLICATION MENTS.—The Administrator shall require an eligible entity applying for a grant under this title to include as part of their application in subsection (e) the following information, as appli-

"(1) CREATION AND EXPANSION ACTIVITIES.

"(A) NEW APPRENTICESHIP PROGRAMS.—An eligible entity applying to create new apprenticeship programs and carry out activities in accordance with subsection (a)(1)(A)(i) shall include as part of their application a description

"(i) any plans for further expansion upon development of the program; and

"(ii) employers, and to the extent practicable, labor organizations or joint labor-management organizations, engaged in the program creation and implementation.

"(B) EXPANDING APPRENTICESHIP PROGRAMS.-An eligible entity applying to expand existing apprenticeship programs and carry out activities in accordance with subsection (a)(1)(A)(ii) shall include as part of their application a description of employers engaged in the program expansion.

'(C) CREATING OR EXPANDING PRE-APPREN-TICESHIP PROGRAMS.—An eligible entity applying to create or expand pre-apprenticeship programs and carry out activities in accordance with subsection (a)(1)(A)(iii) shall include as part of their application a description of-

"(i) a partnership between the eligible entity and at least one apprenticeship program; and

"(ii) existing partnerships with employers acting in either an advisory capacity or actively participating in the pre-apprenticeship program.

"(D) CREATING OR EXPANDING YOUTH APPREN-TICESHIP PROGRAMS.—An eligible entity applying to create or expand youth apprenticeship programs and carry out activities in accordance with subsection (a)(1)(A)(iv) shall include as part of their application a description of-

"(i) an existing partnership with at least one high school offering related instruction for the youth apprenticeship program, with existing integration into the academic content of the high school diploma requirements, or with demonstrated plans for integration of related instruction into the high school curriculum; and

(ii) existing partnerships with employers acting in either an advisory capacity or actively participating in the youth apprenticeship program.

"(2) ENCOURAGING EMPLOYER PARTICIPA-TION.-

"(A) INDIVIDUALS WITH BARRIERS TO EMPLOY-MENT.—An eligible entity applying to target individuals with barriers to employment for apprenticeship, youth apprenticeship, or pre-apprenticeship programs and carry out activities in accordance with subsection (a)(1)(B)(i) shall include as part of their application a description of—

"(i) specific strategies to target both individuals with barriers to employment and employers for participation in the program; and

"(ii) partnerships with organizations that assist program participants in accessing supportive services to support recruitment, retention, and completion of the program by program participants.

"(B) HIGH-NEED SOCIAL SERVICE-RELATED IN-DUSTRIES.—An eligible entity applying to offer pre-apprenticeship, youth apprenticeship, or apprenticeship programs in high-need social service-related industries, sectors, or occupations and carry out activities in accordance with subsection (a)(1)(B)(ii) shall include as part of their application a description of wages and benefits offered to program participants.

"(C) INDIVIDUALS CURRENTLY OR RECENTLY IN-CARCERATED.—An eligible entity applying to target individuals currently or recently incarcerated and establish or carry out pre-apprenticeship programs and apprenticeship programs in accordance with subsection (a)(1)(B)(iii) shall include as part of their application a description of—

"(i) a plan to assist the program participants in obtaining the documentation and work authorization necessary to participate in such program;

"(ii) partnerships with organizations that will assist program participants in accessing activities to improve financial literacy and supportive services:

"(iii) how the assessments used to support the placement of potential program participants into a program accurately reflect the participants' skills and competencies;

"(iv) a plan to provide information about resources to program participants to address mental health or substance abuse issues;

"(v) partnerships with organizations that sup-

"(I) the transition from incarceration to reentry, such as assistance with housing, transportation, child care, and legal services; and

"(II) successful completion of an apprenticeship or pre-apprenticeship program;

"(vi) wages and benefits offered to program participants that are commensurate with wages for similar work in the State or local area, as allowable; and

"(vii) alignment and necessary supports to comply with and receive the benefits of the Federal Bonding Program and the Prison Industry Enhancement Certification Program for employers participating in apprenticeship programs.

"(D) SMALL- AND MEDIUM-SIZED EMPLOYERS.—
An eligible entity applying to engage small- and medium-sized employers and carry out activities in accordance with subsection (a)(1)(B)(iv) shall include as part of their application a description of demonstrated success in engaging small- and medium-sized employers and the ability to recruit new employers to participate in related partnerships or programs, including small businesses owned or controlled by women, minorities, or veterans.

"(3) Intermediary grants.—

"(A) SUPPORTING NATIONAL INDUSTRY AND EQ-UITY INTERMEDIARIES.—An eligible entity applying to carry out activities in accordance with subsection (a)(1)(C)(i) shall include as part of their application a description of the ability of such entity to convene a diverse group of industry specific stakeholders for the purposes of developing or expanding programs, including employers, workforce development organizations, industry associations, labor groups (including joint labor-management organizations), small businesses owned or controlled by women, minorities, or veterans, and education and training providers at a national level or with national reach.

"(B) Serving Programs in a local or regional setting.—An eligible entity applying to carry out activities in accordance with subsection (a)(1)(C)(ii) shall include as part of their application a description of how such entity will—

"(i) engage employers, especially small- and medium-sized businesses, in the formation or ongoing development of industry or sector partnerships and programs in the national apprenticeship system:

"(ii) identify the industry or sector partnerships that will be served, and demonstrate alignment to high-skill, high-wage, or in-demand industry sectors or occupations:

"(iii) leverage additional resources, including funding provided by Federal and non-Federal resources; and

"(iv) provide services to program sponsors and program participants.

"(4) EDUCATIONAL ALIGNMENT.—An eligible entity applying to carry out activities in accordance with subsection (a)(1)(D) shall include as part of their application a description of—

"(A) a demonstration of a partnership with—
"(i)(I) no less than three sponsors or employ-

"(II) an industry or sector partnership; and

"(ii) at least 1 of the following—

"(I) an educational service agency;

"(II) a high school;

"(III) a local educational agency; "(IV) State educational agency;

"(V) an Indian Tribe, Tribal organization, Tribal educational agency, Tribally controlled college or university, or Tribally controlled postsecondary career and technical institution, as applicable;

"(VI) a postsecondary educational institution; "(VII) a Job Corps center (as defined in section 142 of the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (29 U.S.C. 3192)); or

"(VIII) a State higher education agency; and "(B) a commitment to establishing or expanding the alignment of the related instruction to—

"(i) the requirements for a high school diploma, which may be fulfilled through a dual or concurrent enrollment program; or

"(ii) the requirements for a recognized postsecondary credential, including the degree requirements for an associate's or bachelor's degree.

#### "SEC. 202. USES OF FUNDS.

"(a) GENERAL ACTIVITIES.—An eligible entity applying for any grant activity under section 201(a)(1)—

"(1) shall use at least 5 percent of the grant funds to provide direct financial assistance to apprentices, pre-apprentices, or youth apprentices through emergency grants to support their financial needs to enter, remain enrolled in, and complete such program, such as support for the related costs of supplies and equipment, assessment or licensure fees, courses, transportation, child care, internet access, and housing; and

"(2) may use funds for any of the following activities:

"(A) To establish or expand partnerships with organizations that provide program participants access to financial planning, mentoring, and supportive services that are necessary to enable an individual to participate in and complete a program under the national apprenticeship system.

"(B) To conduct outreach and recruitment activities, including assessments of potential participants for, and enrollment of participants in, a program under the national apprenticeship system.

"(C) To conduct outreach, engagement, recruitment, and coordination of activities with employers, industry associations, labor and joint labor-management organizations, qualified intermediaries, education and training pro-

viders, State or local workforce agencies, potential sponsors, community-based organizations, communities with high numbers or percentages of nontraditional apprenticeship populations, small- and medium-sized businesses, or rural communities to establish or expand industry or sector partnerships and opportunities under the national apprenticeship system.

"(D) To carry out grant requirements, including program evaluation and reporting require-

ments.

"(E) To conduct any activities as described in the application that would advance the purposes of the grant.

"(F) To support the transition to virtual or remote learning or training, as necessary and as approved by the registration agency.

"(b) ADDITIONAL USES OF FUNDS.—

"(1) CREATION OR EXPANSION ACTIVITIES.—
"(A) APPRENTICESHIP PROGRAM CREATION.—
An eligible entity that receives funds under sec-

An eligible entity that receives funds under section 201(a)(1)(A)(i) shall use such funding to create and implement an apprenticeship program, which may include—

"(i) creating and providing training and related instruction based on employer engagement;

"(ii) applying apprenticeship frameworks as described in section 111(b)(5)(C) to the State or local labor market and employer needs;

"(iii) aligning the new program with existing apprenticeship programs; or

i(iv) appropriate equipment, technology, and instructional materials aligned with new program needs, including machinery, testing equipment, tools, implements, hardware and software, and other new and emerging instructional materials.

"(B) APPRENTICESHIP PROGRAM EXPANSION.— An eligible entity that receives funds under section 201(a)(1)(A)(ii) shall use such funds to expand an existing apprenticeship program, which may include—

"(i) expanding and enhancing related instruction:

"(ii) conducting outreach to and engagement with employers for the purposes of program expansion, including creation of new or expansion of existing industry or sector partnerships;

"(iii) preparing additional instructors or men-

tors needed for program expansion;

"(iv) building awareness of apprenticeship program opportunities for State or local workforce development, education, and economic development entities; and

"(v) providing commensurate wages to wages for on-the-job training for program participants during related instruction, as applicable.

"(C) PRE-APPRENTICESHIP PROGRAMS.—An eligible entity that receives funds under section 201(a)(1)(A)(iii) shall use such funds to create a new pre-apprenticeship program or expand an existing pre-apprenticeship program, which may include—

"(i) coordinating pre-apprenticeship program activities with an apprenticeship program in a high-skill, high-wage, or in-demand industry sector or occupation, including the creation or expansion of work-based learning opportunities, and articulation agreements for those who successfully complete a pre-apprenticeship to earn academic credit and enroll in an apprenticeship program;

"(ii) creating, expanding, or integrating related instruction and work-based learning, which may include training in the workplace and supporting partnerships to create opportunities for pre-apprentices to earn credit at a postsecondary educational institution for skills and competencies acquired during the pre-apprenticeship program:

"(iii) providing participants with career exploration and career planning activities and with exploration of postsecondary opportunities including apprenticeship programs:

"(iv) with respect to participants without a high school diploma or a generally recognized equivalent, paying the costs affiliated with acquiring such equivalent, and the costs of any related assessments of potential pre-apprentices or active pre-apprentices, including those that would verify the attainment of foundational knowledge and skills necessary to succeed in an apprenticeship program;

"(v) development or expansion of partnerships with organizations that assist program participants in accessing supportive services, which may include the 12-month period after the conclusion of a pre-apprenticeship program;

"(vi) providing commensurate wages to the linked apprenticeship program for pre-apprentices as they participate in and complete the pre-apprenticeship program, as appropriate;

"(vii) paying the cost of related instruction or assessment or licensure fees associated with the pre-apprenticeship program, as appropriate;

"(viii) providing stipends to pre-apprentices enrolled in a pre-apprenticeship program to cover costs such as housing, transportation, childcare or out of pocket expenses resulting from the pre-apprenticeship program such as assessments and fees for industry recognized credentials or drivers licenses during the time of enrollment; or

"(ix) creating or expanding industry or sector partnerships to support the pre-apprenticeship program and to provide additional opportunities

to the pre-apprentices.

"(D) YOUTH APPRENTICESHIP PROGRAMS.—An eligible entity that receives funds under section 201(a)(1)(A)(iv) shall use such funds to create a new youth apprenticeship program or expand an existing youth apprenticeship program, which may include—

"(i) paying for the costs associated with curriculum development and alignment of that curriculum with recognized postsecondary credentials including industry recognized credentials, high school graduation requirements, and related instruction, including curriculum development for dual or concurrent enrollment;

"(ii) providing employers, and to the extent practicable, labor organizations and joint labormanagement organizations, technical assistance to support the participation of youth appren-

tices under the age of 18;
"(iii) integrating work-based and academic learning, which may include training in the

workplace;

"(iv) providing career exploration and career planning activities, including exploration of postsecondary opportunities such as apprenticeship magrams:

"(v) providing technical assistance to support the participation of small- and medium-sized businesses in youth apprenticeship programs;

- "(vi) developing or expanding partnerships with organizations that assist program participants in accessing supportive services, which may include the 12-month period after the conclusion of such a youth apprenticeship program; or
- "(vii) providing teachers, career guidance and academic counselors, school leaders, administrators, specialized instructional support personnel, and paraprofessionals with professional development opportunities to build an understanding of apprenticeship opportunities available to students, including experiential opportunities like externships.

"(2) INCENTIVE FUNDS.—

- "(A) Barriers to employment.—An eligible entity that receives funds under section 201(a)(1)(B)(i) shall use such funds to encourage employer participation in programs under the national apprenticeship system that target individuals with barriers to employment, which may include—
- "(i) providing financial assistance to employers to support costs related to the programs, such as training incumbent workers for participation as mentors or employees supervising the on-the-job learning:
- "(ii) supporting the cost of related instruction, assessment or licensure fees, or wages for program participants during related instruction; and
- "(iii) establishing or expanding partnerships with organizations that assist program partici-

pants in accessing supportive services to support recruitment, retention, and completion, including providing supplies and equipment necessary to begin a program under the national apprenticeship system.

"(B) HIGH-NEED SOCIAL SERVICE-RELATED IN-DUSTRIES.—An eligible entity that receives funds under section 201(a)(1)(B)(ii) shall use such funds to incentivize employer participation in programs under the national apprenticeship system in high need social service-related industries, sectors, or occupations, which may include—

"(i) providing financial assistance to employers to support costs related to the program, such as training incumbent workers as mentors, or employees providing on-the-job training:

"(ii) supporting the cost of related instruction, assessment or licensure fees, or wages for program participants during related instruction;

"(iii) establishing or expanding partnerships with organizations that assist program participants in accessing supportive services to support recruitment, retention, and completion, including providing supplies and equipment necessary to begin a program under the national apprenticeship system; or

"(iv) aligning such program with career pathways and opportunities for advancement along such career pathways.

"(C) INDIVIDUALS IMPACTED BY THE JUSTICE SYSTEM.—An eligible entity that receives funds under section 201(a)(1)(B)(iii) shall use such funds to incentivize employer participation in programs under the national apprenticeship system that target individuals impacted by the criminal or juvenile justice system, which may include—

"(i) providing financial assistance to employers to support costs related to the program, such as training incumbent workers as mentors or employees supervising the on-the-job learning; or

"(ii) supporting the cost of related instruction, assessment or licensure fees, or wages for program participants during related instruction.

"(D) IN-DEMAND INDUSTRY SECTOR OR OCCUPA-TION GRANTS FOR SMALL- AND MEDIUM-SIZED BUSINESSES.— An eligible entity that receives funds under section 201(a)(1)(B)(iv) shall use such funds to encourage participation of smalland medium-sized businesses in programs under the national apprenticeship system, which may include—

"(i) providing financial assistance to employers to support costs related to the program, such as training incumbent workers as mentors or employees supervising the on-the-job learning;

"(ii) supporting the cost of related instruction, assessment or licensure fees, or wages for program participants during related instruction;

"(iii) providing technical assistance to smalland medium-sized businesses on the program registration process and leveraging other available funds to support carrying out programs supported by this grant; or

"(iv) establishing or expanding partnerships to support program development or expansion, including establishing or expanding industry or sector partnerships to ensure inclusion of smalland medium-sized husinesses

"(3) Intermediary grants.—

"(A) NATIONAL INDUSTRY AND EQUITY INTER-MEDIARIES.—An eligible entity that receives funds under section 201(a)(1)(C)(i) shall use such funds to carry out activities at a national and regional level to support the promotion and expansion of industry or equity intermediaries, which may include—

"(i) creating partnerships and leveraging collaborations with employers, workforce development organizations, industry associations, labor organizations, and education and training providers to help multiple employers make education and training more affordable and accelerate the expansion of programs under the national apprenticeship system nationwide; "(ii) assisting employers in expanding programs, starting new programs, and working together to create a pipeline of skilled workers;

"(iii) increasing the participation and completion of nontraditional apprenticeship populations in programs under the national apprenticeship system, which may include—

"(I) supporting the development, implementation, and scaling of plans and practices; and

"(II) identifying, developing, and disseminating effective program tools and strategies;

"(iv) providing national activities to increase awareness and access to programs, including strategic marketing and outreach, technology improvements, and innovations that make it easier for employers to start programs and for individuals to connect with program opportunities."

"(v) developing and disseminating training or related instruction associated with the program or for curriculum improvements that align with the requirements of the program and learning assessments; or

"(vi) providing industry employees or potential employees with a clear understanding of future career paths and the skills needed to succeed, along with cost effective ways of acquiring those skills through youth apprenticeship, preapprenticeship, or apprenticeship programs.

"(B) Local intermediaries.—An eligible entity that receives funds under section 201(a)(1)(C)(ii) may use such funds to carry out activities at a local or regional level to support the promotion and expansion of programs under the national apprenticeship system, which may include—

"(i) providing training or related instruction associated with the programs or for curriculum improvements that align with the requirements of the programs and learning assessments;

"(ii) engaging with local education and training providers to support related instruction aligned with the needs of high-skill, high-wage, or in-demand industry sectors and occupations, and to the extent practicable, support the provision of academic credit for related instruction;

"(iii) providing services, including business engagement, classroom instruction, and development of partnerships with organizations that assist program participants in accessing supportive services (which may include the 12-month period after the conclusion of the other activities in the youth apprenticeship and preapprenticeship programs involved);

"(iv) providing technical assistance on the registration process for a sponsor of a youth apprenticeship, pre-apprenticeship, or apprenticeship process."

ship program;

"(v) connecting businesses, labor organizations, or joint labor-management organizations with education and training providers to develop related instruction to complement the onthe-job learning portion of a youth apprenticeship, pre-apprenticeship, or apprenticeship program;

"(vi) providing training to employees to serve as on-the-job trainers or mentors to program participants; and

"(vii) providing career exposure, career planning, and career awareness activities.

ning, and career awareness activities. ''(4) EDUCATIONAL ALIGNMENT GRANTS.—An el-

igible entity that receives funds under section 201(a)(1)(D) shall use such funds to strengthen alignment between programs under the national apprenticeship system and education and training providers with secondary and postsecondary education systems, including degree and credential requirements, which may include—

"(A) creating and aligning the related instruction to requirements for a high school diploma or an associate's or bachelor's degree, including through—

"(i) dual enrollment and credit articulation for youth apprenticeship programs;

"(ii) articulation agreements; or

"(iii) credit transfer agreements;

"(B) creating or expanding career pathways aligned with pre-apprenticeship, youth apprenticeship, or apprenticeship programs;

- "(C) providing professional development for teachers, career guidance and academic counselors, school leaders, administrators, specialized instructional support personnel, and paraprofessionals to build an understanding of opportunities in the national apprenticeship system available to students and to incorporate such opportunities into academic content and offerings;
- "(D) offering prior learning assessments, which may include credit for prior learning to grant advanced standing in a program under the national apprenticeship system and credit towards an associate's or bachelor's degree;
- '(E) maintaining a connection between a preapprenticeship or youth apprenticeship program and an apprenticeship program; and
- "(F) providing training for instructors or mentors.

#### "SEC. 203. GRANT EVALUATIONS.

- "(a) RECIPIENT REPORTS.—Each recipient of a grant under this section shall—
- '(1) provide for an independent evaluation of the activities carried out under this title during the grant period:
- '(2) provide for an annual report and for a final report at the conclusion of the grant period, which include-
- '(A) a description of how the funds received through the grant were used and how the uses of funds aligned with the description in the application specified in section 201(e)(5)(C);
- '(B) in the case of an eligible entity that is required to report data under section 131(b)(1), the data collected under such section on a quarterly basis:
- "(C) the total number of active program participants served by each of the grant programs;
- '(D) the total number that obtained unsubsidized employment in a field related to the occupation suitable for apprenticeship;
- '(E) the total number of program participants that completed the program in which they were
- "(F) the average time to completion for each program as compared to the program standards description under paragraphs (1) and (2) of sec-
- "(G) the average cost per participant during the most recent program year and the 3 preceding program years;
- "(H) the percentage of participants who received support services; and
- '(I) the disaggregation of performance data described in subparagraphs (A) through (H)-
- '(i) by the program type (apprenticeship, youth apprenticeship, or pre-apprenticeship program) involved; and
- '(ii) by race, ethnicity, sex, age, and membership in a population specified in section 3(24) of the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (29 U.S.C. 3102(24)): and
- '(3) submit each report under paragraph (2)—
- '(A) to the registration agency; and
- "(B) to the Administrator.
- "(b) ADMINISTRATOR EVALUATIONS.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator shall prepare-
- '(A) not later than 36 months after the date of enactment of the National Apprenticeship Act of 2022, an interim evaluation on the activities carried out under grants, contracts, or cooperative agreements awarded under this section; and
- '(B) not later than 60 months after the date of enactment of the National Apprenticeship Act of 2022, a final evaluation containing the results of the grant activities.
- "(2) CONTENTS.—Such evaluations shall address, for the activities carried out under each grant awarded under this section, the general effectiveness of the activities in relation to their cost, including the extent to which the activi-
- "(A) improve the participation in, retention in, and completion of youth apprenticeship, preapprenticeship, and apprenticeship programs by nontraditional apprenticeship populations;

- '(B) to the extent feasible, increase the levels of total employment, of attainment of recognized postsecondary credentials, and of measurable skills, above the levels that would have existed in the absence of such activities;
- '(C) respond to the needs reflected in State, regional, or local labor market data;
- '(D) align with high-skill, high-wage, or indemand industries or occupations; and
- "(E) reach a wide variety of industry sectors and occupations;
- "(3) REPORTS TO CONGRESS.—Not later than 60 days after the completion of the interim evaluation and the final evaluation described in this section, the Administrator shall submit to the Committee on Education and Labor of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions of the Senate a report summarizing the findings of the interim evaluations and a report summarizing the final evaluations.
- (4) Public access. -The Administrator shall make the interim and final reports available on a publicly accessible website not later than 60 days after the completion of the interim report and the final report.

#### "SEC. 204. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR GRANTS.

- "There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this title:
- "(1) \$400,000,000 for fiscal year 2023: "(2) \$500,000,000 for fiscal year 2024;
- '(3) \$600,000,000 for fiscal year 2025;
- "(4) \$700,000,000 for fiscal year 2026; and
- "(5) \$800,000,000 for fiscal year 2027.

#### SEC. 90104. CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.

- (a) AMERICAN COMPETITIVENESS AND WORK-FORCE IMPROVEMENT ACT OF 1998.—Section 414(c) of the American Competitiveness and Workforce Improvement Act of 1998 (29 U.S.C. 2916a) is repealed.
- (b) Immigration and Nationality Act.—Section 286(s)(2) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1356(s)(2)) is amended-
- (1) in the heading, by striking "FOR JOB TRAINING" and inserting "FOR PROGRAMS UNDER THE NATIONAL APPRENTICESHIP SYSTEM"; and
- (2) by striking "for demonstration programs and projects described in section 414(c) of the American Competitiveness and Workforce Improvement Act of 1998" and inserting "to carry out title II of the National Apprenticeship Act".

#### TITLE II—ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY **EDUCATION**

#### SEC. 90201. POSTSECONDARY STEM PATHWAYS GRANTS.

- (a) PURPOSE.—The purpose of this section is to support equitable access to postsecondary STEM pathways to increase the number of students exposed to high-quality STEM advanced coursework, support students in reducing college costs, improve postsecondary credit transfers, and increase postsecondary completion.
- (b) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) ADVANCED COURSEWORK.—The term "advanced coursework" means coursework designed for students to earn postsecondary credit upon its successful completion while still in high school, including coursework or assessments associated with Advanced Placement, International Baccalaureate, a dual or concurrent enrollment program, or an early college high school program.
- (2) ELIGIBLE ENTITY.—The term "eligible entimeans a partnership that-
- (A) shall include-
- (i) the State educational agency;
- (ii) one or more local educational agencies, including charter schools operating as a local educational agency, located in the State, which may include an educational service agency; and (iii) either-
- (I) the State public higher education system inclusive of all 2-year and 4-year public institutions of higher education in the State; or
- (II) a consortium of the State's public higher education institutions or systems that, together,

- is inclusive of all 2-year and 4-year public institutions of higher education in the State; and
- (B) may include 1 or more businesses, associations, or nonprofit organizations representing businesses, an industry or sector partnership, private nonprofit institutions of higher education, nonprofit organizations, a State workforce agency, or a State board.
- (3) ESEA DEFINITIONS.—The terms "dual or concurrent enrollment program", "early college high school", "educational service agency" ementary school", "English learner", "evidence-based", "high school", "institution of higher education", "local educational agency", "middle grades", "other staff", "professional development", "regular high school diploma", "Secretary", "State educational agency", and "technology" have the meanings given the terms in section 8101 of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 7801).
- (4) FIRST-GENERATION COLLEGE STUDENT.—The term "first-generation college student" has the meaning given the term in section 402A(h) of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1070a-11(h)).
- (5) GOVERNOR.—The term "Governor" means the chief executive officer of a State.
- (6) OUTLYING AREA.— -The term "outluing area" has the meaning given the term in section 8101(36)(A) of the Elementary and Secondary Education of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 7801 (36)(A)).
- (6) PERKINS DEFINITIONS.—The terms "career and technical education" and "work-based learning" have the meanings given the terms in section 3 of the Carl D. Perkins Career and Technical Education Act of 2006 (20 U.S.C. 2302)
- (7) POSTSECONDARY STEM PATHWAY.—The term "postsecondary STEM pathway" means a sequence of courses focused on STEM education, including advanced coursework approved by the eliaible entity taken at any point during high school, that-
- (A) when taken together, provide at least 12 credit hours or the equivalent coursework toward an associate degree or baccalaureate degree, or, in the case of postsecondary credit in career and technical education earned through such sequence of courses, credit toward a recognized postsecondary credential for a high-skill. high-wage, or in-demand industry sector or occupation:
- (B) if completed successfully, results in credit that—
- (i) counts as credit toward the State's regular high school diploma; and
- (ii) is a part of the statewide articulation agreement described in subsection (d)(2)(B); and
- (C) may include work-based learning in a STEM field aligned with the academic coursework offered in a postsecondary STEM pathway.
- (8) STATE.—The term "State" means each of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico.
- (9) STEM EDUCATION.—The term "STEM education" has the meaning given the term in section 2 of the STEM Education Act of 2015 (42 U.S.C. 6621 note).
- (10) STUDENTS FROM A FAMILY WITH A LOW IN-COME.—The term "students from a family with a low income" means any students who are identified by any of the measures described in section 1113(a)(5) of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act (20 U.S.C. 6313(a)(5)).
- (10) Subgroup of Students.—The term "subgroup of students" means-
- (A) each subgroup of students described in subclauses (I) through (IV) of section 1111(b)(2)(B)(xi) of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 6311(b)(2)(B)(xi):
- (B) homeless children and youths, as defined in section 725 of the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 11434a);
- (C) students who are in foster care or are aging out of the foster care system; and
- (D) first-generation college students.

- (11) WIOA DEFINITIONS.—The terms "in-demand industry sector or occupation", "industry or sector partnership," "local board", "recognized postsecondary credential", and "State have the meanings given the terms in section 3 of the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (29 U.S.C. 3102).
  - (c) AUTHORIZATION OF GRANTS.
- (1) In General.—From the amounts appropriated under subsection (j) and not reserved under paragraph (2), the Secretary shall award grants, on a competitive basis, to eligible entities to enable those eligible entities to implement activities described under subsection (e).

(2) RESERVATIONS.—From the total amount appropriated under subsection (j) for a fiscal year, the Secretary shall reserve-

(A) 1 percent for the Bureau of Indian Education to improve access to postsecondary STEM pathways:

(B) 1 percent for allotments for payments to the outlying areas, to be distributed among those outlying areas on the basis of their relative need, as determined by the Secretary, to improve access to postsecondary STEM pathways;

(C) 2 percent to conduct the evaluation described under subsection (g); and

(D) 2 percent for technical assistance and dissemination, which may include—

- (i) providing, directly or through grants. contracts, or cooperative agreements, technical assistance on using evidence-based practices to improve the outcomes of activities funded under this section: and
- (ii) disseminating information on evidencebased practices that are successful in improving the quality of activities funded under this section.
- (3) DURATION.—A grant awarded under this section shall be for a period of not more than 5 years.
- (4) RENEWAL.—The Secretary may renew a grant awarded under this section for 1 additional 2-year period for programs that meet the goals specified in subsection (d)(4)(B).
- (5) DIVERSITY OF PROJECTS.—In awarding grants under this section, the Secretary shall ensure that, to the extent practicable, grants are distributed among eligible entities that will serve geographically diverse areas, including urban, suburban, and rural areas.
- (6) Sufficient size and scope.—Each grant awarded under this section shall be of sufficient size and scope to allow the eligible entity to carry out the purposes of this section.

(7) PRIORITIES.—In awarding grants under this section, the Secretary shall give priority to applications that-

(A) prioritize evidence-based strategies to increase the access of all subgroups of students served by the eligible entity to postsecondary STEM pathways: and

- (B) are submitted by eligible entities that include local educational agencies who are in the highest quartile of local educational agencies, in a ranking of all qualified local educational agencies in the State, ranked in descending order by the number or percentage of children in each agency counted under section 1124(c) of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 6333(c)).
- (d) ELIGIBLE ENTITY APPLICATION.—In order to receive a grant under subsection (c)(1), the eligible entity shall submit an application to the Secretary, at such time, and in such manner as the Secretary may reasonably require. Such application shall include—
- (1) signatures from the Governor, chief State school officer, and the State higher education executive officer (or, in the case of a State without such an officer, a representative of an entity described in subsection (b)(2)(A)(iii) within such eligible entity) verifying that the eligible entity shall meet the requirements described in paragraph (2) within the specified timeframe;

(2) a description of how the eligible entity will, not later than 2 years after the date of the initial receipt of funds under this section-

- (A) ensure STEM postsecondary pathways are aligned with entrance requirements for creditbearing coursework at the State's public institutions of higher education; and
- (B) develop or expand a formal, universal statewide articulation agreement among all public institutions of higher education or systems in the State-

(i) to guarantee that—

(I) all advanced coursework successfully completed as part of a postsecondary STEM pathway results in credit that-

(aa) counts as credit for a regular high school diploma:

(bb) is fully acceptable in transfer and is credited toward meeting related degree or certificate requirements by all public institutions of higher education in the State: and

(II) if a student earns an associate degree (including an associate degree in applied science) as part of a postsecondary STEM pathway, such associate degree, awarded by a participating institution of higher education in the State, shall be fully acceptable in transfer and credited as the first 2 years of a related baccalaureate program at a public institution of higher education in such State and, as applicable, other institutions of higher education participating in an articulation agreement described in subparagraph (C); and

(ii) to facilitate the seamless transfer of credit earned in the postsecondary STEM pathway, and at the discretion of the eligible entity, any other advanced coursework made available in the State, among such institutions of higher education, including between 2-year and 4-year public institutions of higher education and other institutions of higher education participating in an articulation agreement described in subparagraph (C), by using methods such as-

(I) common course numbering;

- (II) a general education core curriculum; and (III) management systems regarding course equivalency, transfer of credit, and articulation; and
- (C) in the case of one or more public institutions of higher education in another State, or one or more private, nonprofit institutions of higher education, which seek to participate in a postsecondary STEM pathway supported by the eligible entity, enable such institutions to participate in such postsecondary STEM pathway by developing one or more separate articulation agreements with such institutions that are aligned with the requirements of the articulation agreement described in subparagraph (B);
- (3) a description of how the eligible entity will disseminate information at a minimum to all subgroups of students in the middle grades and high school served by the eligible entity, including their families, about the opportunity to participate in a postsecondary STEM pathway and the benefits of participation;
- (4) a description of how the eligible entity will implement postsecondary STEM pathways in all local educational agencies participating in the eligible entity, including-
- (A) the timeline and plan to provide, by the end of the grant period, a substantial number of students in the local educational agencies within the eligible entity the opportunity to participate in a postsecondary STEM pathway; and
- (B) annual goals for participation in advanced coursework and postsecondary STEM pathways among all subgroups of students such that, if the goals are met-
- (i) significant progress will be made toward increasing equity in access to and participation advanced coursework and postsecondary STEM pathways for subgroups of students across the local educational agencies within the eligible entity; and
- (ii) the demographics of students participating in advanced coursework and postsecondary STEM pathways will be similar to the demographics of total student enrollment in the State the eligible entity is located in by the end of the grant period;

- (5) a description of how the eligible entity has, or will, ensure that postsecondary STEM pathways are aligned with recognized postsecondary credentials in high-skill, high-wage, or in-demand industries or occupations and provide students, where appropriate, with opportunities for work-based learning;
- (6) a description of how the eligible entity consulted with stakeholders in development of its application and how the eligible entity will continue to engage, collaborate, and solicit feedback with stakeholders to improve implementation of the application requirements described in this subsection and uses of funds described in subsection (e), including-

(A) the State board of education (if the State has a State board of education);

- (B) the State higher education governing or coordinating entity (if the State has such an entitu):
- (C) the State board and relevant local boards; (D) the State agency responsible for the administration of career and technical education in the State or for the supervision of the administration of career and technical education in the State (if the State has such an entity);

(E) institutions of higher education in the State;

- local educational agencies, including those located in rural areas and with the highest enrollments of students from low income families, as described in subsection (c)(7)(B);
- (G) representatives of Indian Tribes located in the State;
- (H) charter school leaders (if the State has charter schools);
  - (I) civil rights organizations in the State;
- (J) business leaders or their representatives in the State;
- (K) teachers, principals, and other school leaders; and
  - (L) parents and students;
- (7) an assurance that the eligible entity will provide postsecondary STEM pathways at no cost to students and their families, including that students and their parents shall not be required to pay the cost of tuition, fees (including examination fees associated with Advanced Placement, International Baccalaureate, and similar examinations), books, and supplies necessary to successfully complete postsecondary STEM pathways;
- (8) an assurance that not less than half of grant funds received by the eligible entity will be used to support all subgroups of students in accessing and completing postsecondary STEM pathways; and
- (9) an assurance that the State will comply with the supplement, not supplant requirement described under subsection (h); and
- (10) a description of how the eligible entity will sustain the activities assisted under the grant after the end of the grant period.
  - (e) USES OF FUNDS.-
- (1) REQUIRED USES.—An eligible entity receiving a grant under this section shall use grant funds to carry out the following:
- (A) Activities to implement the alignment requirements pursuant to subsection (d)(2) for a period of time not to exceed the first 2 fiscal years for which the grant is provided.
- (B) Supporting the development and implementation of postsecondary STEM pathways consistent with the timeline, plan, and goals specified in subsection (d)(4) in order to increase the number of students accessing and completing postsecondary STEM pathways in the State, which may include-
- (i) expanding advanced coursework offered to students served by the eligible entity to increase the availability of postsecondary STEM path-
- (ii) covering tuition, fees (including examination fees associated with Advanced Placement, International Baccalaureate, and similar examinations), books, and supplies for students participating in postsecondary STEM pathways, in accordance with subsection (d)(7); and

- (iii) covering transportation and technology infrastructure (including computers devices and internet connectivity) costs necessary for full participation in postsecondary STEM pathways for students from a family with a low income.
- (C) Implementing programs and activities to improve student preparation for, and participation in postsecondary STEM pathways, with a priority for students enrolled in local educational agencies described in subsection (c)(7)(B) and subgroups of students, which may include—
- (i) using data from evidence-based early warning indicator systems;
- (ii) providing supplemental advising or counseling activities that are voluntary to students, including information on choosing postsecondary options, applying for financial aid, completing applications to institutions of higher education, and career counseling and advising, beginning as early as the middle grades; and

(iii) other evidence-based activities to support the successful implementation of postsecondary STEM pathways and students' transition from high school to postsecondary education.

- (D) Conducting outreach and communicating with subgroups of students, including their families, to build awareness about the opportunity oparticipate in a postsecondary STEM pathway and the benefits of participation.
- (2) PERMITTED USES.—An eligible entity receiving a grant under this section may also use grant funds to—
- (A) provide professional development or recruitment for educators employed by the local educational agencies within the eligible entity and for faculty who teach courses that are included in a postsecondary STEM pathway, including increasing the number of educators qualified to teach dual or concurrent enrollment programs in STEM courses, to improve access and completion of such pathways, particularly for subgroups of students; and
- (B) carry out capacity-building efforts to improve the coordination between the elementary and secondary education system and the higher education system, including through stakeholder engagement and monitoring.
- (3) TRANSPORTATION CAP.—An eligible entity may use not more than 10 percent of grant funds to cover transportation costs authorized under paragraph (1)(B)(iii).
- (4) TECHNOLOGY INFRASTRUCTURE CAP.—An eligible entity may use not more than 10 percent of grant funds for purchasing technology as authorized under paragraph (1)(B)(iii).
  - (f) REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.—
- (1) ELIGIBLE ENTITY REPORTING.—Not later than 1 year after receipt of a grant under this section and every year until the grant period ends, the eligible entity shall provide a report to the Secretary that includes—
- (A) information on the progress of the eligible entity in establishing the policies and completing the required activities as specified in subsection (d)(2);
- (B) the number and percentage of local educational agencies and institutions of higher education in the State offering a postsecondary STEM pathway, including changes year-overyear, and the extent to which the eligible entity was meeting its timeline, plan, and goals specified in subsection (d)(4);
- (C) the eligible entity's progress in meeting the goals established by the eligible entity for the participation of subgroups of students in post-secondary STEM pathways as specified in subsection (d)(4);
- (D) evidence demonstrating how the eligible entity certified each such pathway meets all the requirements of this section;
- (E) the number and percentage of students in the State, including disaggregated by each subgroup of students, who—
- (i) participate in a postsecondary STEM pathway; and
- (ii) participate in a postsecondary STEM pathway and—

- (I) successfully complete a postsecondary STEM pathway;
- (II) enroll in an institution of higher education and receive credit, in accordance with the alignment requirements described in subsection (d)(2);
- (III) receive credit toward a recognized postsecondary credential for a high-skill, highwage, or in-demand industry sector or occupation; and
- (IV) earn a postsecondary credential; and
- (2) SECRETARY'S REPORT.—Not later than 6 months after receiving the initial report described in paragraph (1) and annually thereafter, the Secretary shall submit a report to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions of the Senate and the Committee on Education and Labor of the House of Representatives that includes a summary of reports submitted by eligible entities and identifies best practices related to improving access to STEM education and postsecondary education, particularly for subgroups of students, through the implementation of postsecondary STEM pathways.
- (g) EVALUATION.—The Secretary, acting through the Director of the Institute of Education Sciences, shall conduct an independent evaluation after the initial award of grants under this section, of the policies and services provided under this section, including at a minimum, the impact of such policies and services on outcomes for all students, and particularly for subgroups of students, with regard to each of the following:

(1) Enrollment in and completion of advanced coursework during high school, including the number of courses students take and the number of credits students earn.

(2) Postsecondary enrollment, remediation, first-year credit attainment, persistence, and completion, including the number of students who enrolled in a STEM field, and the number of students who received a credential in a STEM field.

(3) The rate at which credits earned through postsecondary STEM pathways are recognized for credit by public institutions of higher education institutions.

(4) Postsecondary degree attainment, including completion of an associate degree, baccalaureate degree, or recognized postsecondary credential, and the time it takes students to earn a degree.

(5) Changes in access and rigor of STEM education offered to students served by local educational agencies in eligible entities.

(6) To the extent practicable, analysis of student outcomes described in paragraphs (1) through (5) by STEM field.

(h) SUPPLEMENT, NOT SUPPLANT.—Federal funds provided under this section shall be used to supplement, not supplant, other Federal, State, or local funds available to carry out activities described in this section.

(i) DISAGGREGATION OF DATA.— Disaggregation of data required under this section shall not be required when the number of students in a subgroup is insufficient to yield statistically reliable information or the results would reveal personally identifiable information about an individual student.

(j) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—For the purpose of carrying out this section, there are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary for each of fiscal years 2022 through 2026.

# SEC. 90202. IMPROVING ACCESS TO ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY COMPUTER SCIENCE EDUCATION.

(a) PURPOSE.—The purpose of this section is to improve the United States' global competitiveness by improving access to computer science education and computational thinking skills for students enrolled in elementary schools and secondary schools operated by local educational agencies, particularly for students from groups who are underrepresented in computer science fields.

- (b) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) ESEA DEFINITIONS.—The terms "dual or concurrent enrollment program", "elementary school", "educational service agency", "English learner", "evidence-based", "local educational agency", "middle grades", "professional development", "secondary school", "Secretary", "State educational agency", and "technology" have the meanings given the terms in section 8101 of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 7801).

(2) COMPUTER SCIENCE EDUCATION.—The term "computer science education" means instruction or learning regarding the study of computers and algorithmic processes and the study of computing principles and theories, as defined by a State, and may include instruction or learning on—

(A) computer programming or coding as a tool to—

(i) create software, such as applications, games, and websites; and

(ii) process, manage, analyze, or manipulate data:

(B) development and management of computer hardware related to sharing, processing, representing, securing, and using digital information: and

(C) computational thinking skills and interdisciplinary problem-solving to equip students with the skills and abilities necessary to apply computational thinking in the digital world.

(3) COMPUTATIONAL THINKING SKILLS.—The term "computational thinking skills" means critical thinking skills that include—

(A) knowledge of how problems and solutions can be expressed in such a way that allow them to be modeled or solved using a computer or machine:

(B) the use of strategies related to problem decomposition, pattern matching, abstractions, modularity, and algorithm design; and

(C) that involve creative problem solving skills and are applicable across a wide-range of disciplines and careers.

(4) OUTLYING AREA.—The term "outlying area" has the meaning given the term in section 8101(36)(A) of the Elementary and Secondary Education of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 7801(36)(A)).

(5) STATE.—The term "State" means each of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico.

(4) SUBGROUP OF STUDENTS.—The term "subgroups of students" means—

(A) each subgroup of students described in section 1111(b)(2)(B)(xi) of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 6311(b)(2)(B)(xi)".

(B) homeless children and youth as defined in section 725 of the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 11434a); and

(C) children and youth in foster care.

(5) TECHNOLOGY INFRASTRUCTURE.—The term "technology infrastructure" means computer devices and internet connectivity.

(c) AUTHORIZATION OF GRANTS.

- (1) In GENERAL.—From the amounts appropriated under subsection (1), after making the reservations described in paragraph (2), the Secretary shall award computer science education program grants, on a competitive basis, to State educational agencies (which may include consortia of State educational agencies) that have submitted applications described in subsection (d) to increase access to computer science education and increase the development of computational thinking skills in elementary and secondary education, particularly for subgroups of students, in order to increase American competitiveness, in accordance with this section.
- (2) RESERVATIONS.—From the total amount appropriated under subsection (l) for a fiscal year, the Secretary shall reserve—

(A) 1 percent for the Bureau of Indian Education for the purpose of this section;

(B) I percent for allotments for payments to the outlying areas, to be distributed among those outlying areas on the basis of their relative need, as determined by the Secretary, for the purposes of this section;

- (C) 2 percent for technical assistance and administration; and
- (D) 2 percent for evaluation, in accordance with subsection (h).
- (3) STATE GRANTS.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—A State educational agency receiving a grant under paragraph (1) shall use not less than 90 percent of the grant funds to award competitive subgrants to local educational agencies, including charter schools operating as a local educational agency, and educational service agencies.
- (B) STATE RESERVATIONS.—A State educational agency receiving a grant under paragraph (1) shall reserve not more than 10 percent of the total grant amount received by the State for State level activities described in subsection (f)(1), of which not more than 2 percent of the total grant amount received by the State shall be used to provide technical assistance or for administrative purposes.
- (C) SUFFICIENT SIZE AND SCOPE.—Grants awarded by the Secretary under this section shall be of sufficient size and scope to allow State educational agencies to carry out the purpose of this section.
- (D) DURATION; RENEWAL.—A grant awarded under this section shall be for a period of not more than 5 years. The Secretary may renew a grant awarded under this section for 1 additional 2-year period for programs that meet the outcomes described in the data-driven plan required under subsection (d)(1).
- (4) COORDINATION.—The Secretary shall coordinate with the Director of the National Science Foundation to support the effective implementation of the grant program under this section
- (d) STATE APPLICATION.—In order to receive a grant under this section, a State educational agency shall submit an application to the Secretary at such time and in such manner as the Secretary may reasonably require, which shall include the following:
- (1) A description of the State educational agency's plan to increase equitable access to computer science education and improve the development of computational thinking skills for all students, and particularly for subgroups of students, including how the State educational agency will—
- (A) identify locations in the State, including across and within local educational agencies and across and within the schools served by such agencies, in which there are gaps in access to and enrollment in computer science coursework for subgroups of students;

(B) use data collected under subparagraph (A) to identify strategies for increasing access to and enrollment in computer science coursework for subgroups of students; and

- (C) ensure that local educational agencies and educational service agencies receiving a subgrant under this section develop and implement strategies to meet such agency's goals described in subsection (f)(2)(A), including through the measurement and collection of local data aligned with the State educational agency's plan.
- (2) A description of the factors the State educational agency will take into account when reviewing applications submitted by agencies under subsection (e) and making subgrants under this section, including how such State educational agency shall—
- (A) take into consideration the need among agencies, including the number of students served by such agencies who are from families with low incomes, in accordance with paragraph (3)(A)(i); and
- (B) consider the agency's capacity and commitment, including the agencies' previous work to address achievement gaps, to—
- (i) close equity gaps in access to and enrollment in computer science education coursework particularly for subgroups of students; and
- (ii) provide access to high-quality instruction to improve the development of computational

- thinking skills in elementary and secondary education, particularly for students in elementary school and in the middle grades.
- (3) An assurance that the State educational agency—
- (A) shall give priority in subgrant awards to local educational agencies that—
- (i) are in the highest quartile of local educational agencies, in a ranking of all local educational agencies in the State, ranked in descending order by the number or percentage of children in each agency counted under section 1124(c) of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 6333(c)); or
- (ii) will partner or collaborate with a Historically Black College or University (within the meaning of the term "part B institution" under section 322 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1061)) or other institution described in section 371(a) of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1067q(a)), that is located within the State, to carry out activities under the subgrant, in accordance with subsection (f)(2);
- (B) will distribute subgrant awards among geographically diverse areas, including urban, suburban, and rural areas; and
- (C) in operating the local competitive subgrant process described in subsection (c)(3)(A), shall conduct outreach to local educational agencies described in subparagraph (A)(i) to make the agencies aware of the subgrant availability under this section, and provide technical assistance and support to such agencies in submitting an application under subsection (e).
- (4) A description of the State educational agency's strategy to increase the number of educators prepared to teach computer science education, including by—
- (A) recruiting educators or individuals with backgrounds in computer science to teach computer science, diversifying the computer science educator pipeline, providing evidence-based professional development for current educators, or providing evidence-based training for current educators seeking to transition from other content areas to computer science; and
- (B) working with public institutions of higher education in the State to examine the State's policies regarding educator preparation and licensure to support increased access and enrollment for candidates enrolled in educator preparation programs and current educators in computer science education.
- (5) A description of the policies and practices of the State educational agency intended to support increased access and enrollment in computer science and support the development of computational thinking skills for elementary school and secondary school students, including
- (A) the State educational agency's efforts to assist local educational agencies to—
- (i) offer computer science education in secondary schools, which may include Advanced Placement or International Baccalaureate computer science courses, computer science courses in dual or concurrent enrollment programs, indemand industry credentials, or high-quality distance education, particularly for subgroups of students across the State as measured by the data collected under paragraph (1)(A): and
- (ii) support the development of opportunities for youth to access extracurricular opportunities, career exploration and exposure activities, career information and advising, and high-quality work-based learning opportunities (such as internships) to increase exposure to computer science education and career pathways, and support the development of computational thinking skills, particularly for subgroups of students:
- (B) how the State educational agency supports rigorous instruction in computer science education and the development of computational thinking skills, particularly for students enrolled in elementary school or in the middle grades; and
- (C) how the State educational agency's plan described in paragraph (1) and grant funds pro-

vided under subsection (c) will be used to inform and change such policies and practices to increase access to instruction in computer science education and the development of computational thinking skills for all students, and particularly for subgroups of students.

(e) SUBGRANT APPLICATIONS.—

- (1) IN GENERAL.—In order to receive a subgrant under this section, a local educational agency (which may include a consortium of local educational agencies) or an educational service agency shall submit an application to the State educational agency at such time, in such manner, and including such information as the State educational agency may reasonably require. At a minimum, such application shall include the following:
- (A) A description of how the local educational agency or educational service agency will—
- (i) develop and implement the plan described in subsection (f)(2)(A); and
- (ii) diversify and support its computer science educators, including through recruitment and retention activities, analyzing disparities among its educators by race, ethnicity, sex, socioeconomic status, age, disability status, and language ability, and addressing such disparities, in alignment with the State educational agency's strategy described in subsection (d)(4).
- (B) A description of the existing computer science education coursework offered in secondary schools operated by the local educational agency or educational service agency, including the number of students who enroll and complete such courses disaggregated by each subgroup of students.
- (C) A description of how the local educational agency or educational service agency will use subgrant funds to implement evidence-based practices to improve the quality of instruction in computer science and the development of computational thinking skills, including—
- (i) providing evidence-based professional development for educators who teach computer science or are seeking to transition to teaching computer science; and
- (ii) improving instruction in the development of computational thinking skills for students in elementary schools and secondary schools, particularly for students in elementary schools and middle grades.
- (D) A description regarding whether and how the local educational agency or educational service agency may partner or collaborate, to carry out activities with the subgrant, in accordance with subsection (f)(2), with at least 1 of the following entities, to the extent practicable if such entities are located within the
- (i) A Historically Black College or University (within the meaning of the term "part B institution" under section 322 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1061)) or other institution described in section 371(a) of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1067q(a)).
- (ii) A computer science industry, institution of higher education, nonprofit organization, community learning center (as defined in section 4201(b) of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 7171(b))), State workforce agency, or the State workforce development board established under section 101 of the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (29 U.S.C. 3111).
- (E) An assurance that the local educational agency or educational service agency will meet the requirements under paragraph (2).
- (2) Targeting of funds to high-needs schools.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—A local educational agency or educational service agency that receives a subgrant under this section shall use not less than 50 percent of such funds to support elementary schools and secondary schools that meet one of the following criteria:
- (i) Using any of the measures of poverty in section 1113(a)(5) of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C.

- 6313(a)(5)), elementary schools and secondary schools that have a higher percentage of students from families with low incomes than the average of the percentage of students from families with low incomes across all elementary schools and secondary schools served by the local educational agency or educational service agency.
- (ii) Using any of the measures of poverty in section 1113(a)(5) of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 6313(a)(5)), elementary schools and secondary schools by grade-span grouping that have a higher percentage of students from families with low incomes than the average of the percentage of students from families with low incomes across all elementary schools and secondary schools serving students in such grade-span grouping in the local educational agency or educational service agency.
- (B) SECONDARY SCHOOLS.—In identifying schools under subparagraph (A), percentages of students from families with low incomes in secondary schools may be calculated using comparable data from the schools that feed into such secondary school.
  - (f) USES OF FUNDS.—
- (1) STATE USE OF FUNDS.—A State educational agency shall use amounts reserved under subsection (c)(3)(B) for 1 or more of the following:
- (A) Implementing the plan described in subsection (d)(1), including through the provision of technical assistance, data collection and analysis, and capacity building supports to all local educational agencies within the State, to expand access to rigorous computer science education and increase the development of computational thinking skills for elementary school and secondary school students, particularly for subgroups of students.
- (B) Implementing the State educational agency's strategy to support computer science educators described in subsection (d)(4) by diversifying and increasing the number of educators adequately prepared to deliver rigorous instruction in computer science, through recruitment, evidence-based professional development for educators, or evidence-based training for current educators seeking to transition from other subjects to computer science.
- (C) Identifying and supporting the implementation and scaling of evidence-based instructional strategies in computer science education and instruction on how to develop computational thinking skills in students that are supported by strong or moderate evidence.
- (D) Supporting the development of opportunities for youth to access extracurricular opportunities, career exploration and exposure activities, career information and advising, and high-quality work-based learning opportunities (such as internships), to develop computational thinking skills and increase exposure to computer science education and career pathways particularly for subgroups of students.
- (2) LOCAL EDUCATIONAL AGENCY'S USE OF FUNDS.—A local educational agency or educational service agency that receives a subgrant under this section shall use funds for the following activities:
- (A) Developing and implementing a plan (in alignment with the State educational agency's plan described in subsection (d)(1)) that—
- (i) regularly measures, analyzes, and addresses gaps in access to and enrollment in computer science education and in the development of computational thinking skills for subgroups of students;
- (ii) establishes goals and specifies activities supported by subgrant funds to meet those goals by—
- (I) increasing access to computer science education coursework in elementary schools and secondary schools that do not offer such courses;
- (II) addressing challenges faced by subgroups of students in enrolling and succeeding in computer science education coursework in elemen-

- tary schools and secondary schools that do offer such courses; and
- (III) providing high-quality instruction to support the development of computational thinking skills for students in elementary schools and secondary schools, particularly for students in elementary schools and middle grades; and
- (iii) prioritizes using subgrant funds to support schools with significant enrollments of students from families with low incomes as described in subsection (e)(2).
  - (B) Carrying out 1 or more of the following:
- (i) Expanding access to rigorous computer science education and improve the development of computational thinking skills for all students especially subgroups of students, including through—
- (I) increasing access to computer science education in elementary schools and secondary schools, including through expanded course offerings such as Advanced Placement or International Baccalaureate courses, dual or concurrent enrollment programs, in-demand industry recognized credentials, or distance education; and
- (II) improving the development of computational thinking skills for students in elementary schools and secondary schools, particularly elementary schools and in the middle grades, including through instructional materials technology infrastructure, and evidence-based professional development, with the goal of more effectively preparing such students for success in computer science education, such as enrollment in computer science education coursework in secondary school, receiving a postsecondary degree or credential in computer science, and attaining a career in computer science or a related field.
- (ii) Diversifying, supporting, and increasing the number of educators adequately prepared to deliver rigorous instruction in computer science education, by—
- (1) providing evidence-based professional development for educators who, at the time that the local educational agency receives the subgrant—
  - (aa) teach computer science; or
- (bb) are seeking to transition to teaching computer science:
- (II) recruiting and retaining educators described in subclause (I): and
- (III) analyzing disparities amongst computer science educators by race, ethnicity, sex, socioeconomic status, age, disability status, and language ability, and addressing such disparities.
- (iii) Implementing evidence-based practices to improve the quality of instruction regarding computer science and the development of computational thinking skills.
- (iv) Supporting student mastery of the development of problem-solving skills and other key prerequisites for computer science education coursework, including algebra and statistics, to promote success in computer science education coursework.
- (v) Establishing robust regional collaborations with relevant local entities to improve workbased learning opportunities and career exploration and exposure in computer science, for elementary school and secondary school students, that may include collaborating with computer science industry, institutions of higher education, nonprofit organizations, community learning centers (as defined in section 4201(b) of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 7171(b)), a State workforce agency, or a State workforce development board established under section 101 of the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (29 U.S.C. 3111).
- (vi) Supporting the development of opportunities for youth to access extracurricular opportunities, career exploration and exposure activities, career information and advising, and high quality work-based learning opportunities (such as internships), to develop computational thinking skills and increase exposure to computer science education and career pathways.

- (3) RESTRICTION.—A local educational agency or educational service agency that receive a subgrant under this section shall not use more than 15 percent of subgrant funds for purchasing technology infrastructure as described in paragraph (2)(B)(i)(II).
  - (g) REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.—
- (1) LOCAL REPORTING.—Each local educational agency and educational service agency that receives a subgrant under this section shall submit a report to the State educational agency on an annual basis that contains any information required by the State educational agency and, at a minimum, the following:
- (A) The number of students enrolled in computer science education coursework in the schools served by such local educational agency or educational service agency, and an update on the progress in addressing the equity gaps identified under subsection (f(2)(4))
- (B) A description of actions and changes in policies and practice by the local educational agency or educational service agency to improve access and increase enrollment and success in computer science education and increase the development of computational thinking skills for elementary school and secondary school students, particularly for students in elementary schools and middle grades
- (C) Data on the number and diversity of educators providing instruction in computer science education.
- (2) STATE REPORTING.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this section and annually thereafter, a State educational agency that receives a grant under this section shall provide a report to the Secretary, including, at a minimum—
- (A) a summary of the reports received by the State educational agency under paragraph (1);
- (B) a description of changes in State policy to improve access and increase enrollment in computer science education and the development of computational thinking skills;
- (C) an update of the State educational agency's implementation of its plan described in subsection (d)(1): and
- (D) an update of the State educational agency's implementation of its strategy to increase the number and diversity of educators prepared to teach computer science described in subsection (d)(4).
  - (h) EVALUATION.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting through the Director of the Institute of Education Sciences, shall carry out an independent evaluation to measure the effectiveness of the program funded under this section.
- (2) CONTENTS.—The evaluation under paragraph (1) shall measure—
- (A) the effectiveness of the program in expanding access to computer science education and the development of computational thinking skills for all students, particularly for subgroups of students;
- (B) the extent to which the program improved the development of computational thinking skills for elementary schools and secondary school students, particularly in elementary schools and middle grades; and
- (C) the effectiveness of the program in diversifying, supporting, and increasing the number of educators adequately prepared to deliver rigorous instruction in computer science education and how to develop computational thinking skills in students.
- (i) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—The Secretary shall comply with the requirements of section 8526A of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 7906a) in carrying out activities under this section.
- (j) SUPPLEMENT NOT SUPPLANT.—Federal funds provided under this section shall be used to supplement, and not supplant, other Federal, State, or local funds available to carry out the activities described in this section.
- (k) DISAGGREGATION OF DATA.— Disaggregation of data required under this section shall not be required when the number of

students in a subgroup is insufficient to yield statistically reliable information or the results would reveal personally identifiable information about an individual student.

(1) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS. There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section such sums as may be necessary for each of fiscal years 2022 through 2026.

#### TITLE III—HIGHER EDUCATION

#### . REAUTHORIZATION OF INTER-NATIONAL EDUCATION PROGRAMS UNDER TITLE VI OF THE HIGHER SEC. EDUCATION ACT OF 1965.

- (a) Graduate and Undergraduate Lan-GUAGE AND AREA CENTERS AND PROGRAMS.—Section 602(b)(2)(B)(ii) of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1122(b)(2)(B)(ii)) is amended—
- (1) in subclause (III), by striking "or"
- (2) in subclause (IV), by striking the period at the end and inserting "; or"; and
- (3) by adding at the end the following:
- (V) the beginning, intermediate, or advanced study of a foreign language related to the area of specialization."
- (b) INTERNATIONAL RESEARCH AND INNOVA-TION.—Section 605 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1125) is amended to read as follows:

#### "SEC. 605. INTERNATIONAL RESEARCH AND INNO-VATION.

- "(a) PURPOSE.—It is the purpose of this section to support essential international and foreign language education research and innovation projects with the goal of assessing and strengthening international education capacity, coordination, delivery, and outcomes to meet national needs.
  - '(b) AUTHORITY.
- '(1) In General.—From the amount provided to carry out this section, the Secretary shall carry out the following activities:
- '(A) Conduct research and studies that contribute to the purpose described in subsection (a) and include research to provide a systematic understanding of the United States' international and foreign language education capacity, structures, and effectiveness in meeting growing demands by education, government, and the private sector (including business and other profes-
- ``(B) Create innovative paradigms or enhance or scale up proven strategies and practices that address systemic challenges to developing and delivering international and foreign language education resources and expertise across educational disciplines and institutions, and for employers and other stakeholders.
- '(C) Develop and manage a national standardized database that includes the strengths, gaps, and trends in the international and foreign language education capacity of the United States, and document the outcomes of programs funded under this title for every grant cycle.
- "(2) GRANTS OR CONTRACTS.—The Secretary shall carry out activities to achieve the outcomes described in paragraph (1)-
  - "(A) directly; or
- "(B) through grants awarded under subsection (d) or (e).
- "(c) Eligible Entities Defined.—In this section, the term 'eligible entity' means-
  - '(1) an institution of higher education:
  - '(2) a public or private nonprofit library;
  - "(3) a nonprofit educational organization;
  - "(4) an entity that—
- "(A) received a grant under this title for a preceding fiscal year and successfully met the goals and requirements of the grant; or
- '(B) as of the date of application for a grant under this section, is receiving a grant under this title and is demonstrating that the entity is successfully meeting the goals and requirements of such grant under this title; or
- '(5) a partnership of two or more entities described in paragraphs (1) through (4).
- '(d) Research Grants.-
- "(1) PROGRAM AUTHORIZED.—For any fiscal year for which the Secretary carries out activi-

ties to achieve the outcomes described in sub $section\ (b)(1)\ through\ research\ grants\ under\ this$ subsection, the Secretary shall award such grants, on a competitive basis, to eligible enti-

"(2) REQUIRED ACTIVITIES.—An eligible entity that receives a grant under this subsection shall use the grant funds to pay for the Federal share of the costs of the systematic development, collection, analysis, publication, and dissemination of data, and other information resources, in a manner that-

- '(A) is easily understandable, made publicly available, and contributes to achieving the purpose of subsection (a): and
- "(B) achieves at least 1 of the outcomes described in subsection (b)(1)(A) or (C).
- "(3) DISCRETIONARY ACTIVITIES.—An eligible entity that receives a grant under this subsection may use the grant to carry out any of the following activities:
- "(A) Assess and document international and foreign language education capacity and supply through studies or surveys that-
- "(i) determine the number of foreign language courses, programs, and enrollments at all levels of education and in all languages, including a determination of gaps in those deemed critical to the national interest;
- "(ii) measure the number and types of degrees or certificates awarded in area studies, global studies, foreign language studies, and international business and professional studies, including identification of gaps in those studies deemed critical to the national interest;
- '(iii) measure the number of foreign language or area or international studies faculty, including international business faculty and to the extent practicable, elementary school and secondary school foreign language teachers: or
- '(iv) measure the number of undergraduate and graduate students engaging in international education programs.
- '(B) Assess the demands for, and outcomes of,  $international\ and\ for eign\ language\ education$ and their alignment, through studies, surveys, and conferences to-
- "(i) determine demands for increased or improved instruction in foreign language, area or global studies, or other international fields, and the demand for employees with such skills and knowledge in the education, government, and private sectors (including business and other professions):
- "(ii) assess the employment or utilization of graduates of programs supported under this title by educational, governmental, and private sector organizations (including business and other professions); or
- "(iii) assess standardized outcomes and effectiveness and benchmarking of programs supported under this title.
- '(C) Develop and publish specialized materials for use in foreign language, area, global, or other international studies, including in international business or other professional education or technical training, as appropriate.
- "(D) Conduct studies or surveys that identify and document challenges in higher education and elementary school and secondary school systems in increasing the availability of international and foreign language education to students, including challenges in current evaluation standards, entrance and graduation requirements, program accreditation, student degree requirements, or teacher and faculty legal workplace barriers to education and research abroad.
- "(E) With respect to underrepresented institutions of higher education (including minorityserving institutions or community colleges), carry out studies or surveys that identify and document-
- "(i) systemic challenges and changes and incentives and partnerships needed to comprehensively and sustainably internationalize educational programming; or

- "(ii) short- and long-term outcomes of successful internationalization strategies and funding models.
- '(F) Evaluate the extent to which programs assisted under this title reflect diverse perspectives and a wide range of views and generate debate on world regions and international affairs.

'(e) INNOVATION GRANTS .-

- "(1) PROGRAM AUTHORIZED.—For any fiscal year for which the Secretary carries out activities to achieve the outcomes described in subsection (b)(1) through innovation grants under this subsection, the Secretary shall award such grants, on a competitive basis, to eligible enti-
- "(2) USES OF FUNDS.—An eligible entity that receives an innovation grant under this subsection shall use the grant funds to pay the Federal share of projects consistent with the purpose described in subsection (a) that establish and conduct innovative strategies, or scale up proven strategies, and that achieve at least 1 of the outcomes described in subsection (b)(1). Such projects may include one or more of the following:
- '(A) Innovative paradigms to improve communication, sharing, and delivery of resources that further the purpose described in subsection (a), including the following:
- '(i) Networking structures and systems to more effectively match graduates with international and foreign language education skills with employment needs.
- '(ii) Sharing international specialist expertise across institutions of higher education or in the workforce to pursue specialization or learning opportunities not available at any single institution of higher education, such as shared courses for studying less commonly taught languages, world areas or regions, international business or other professional areas, or specialized research topics of national strategic interest.
- (iii) Producing, collecting, organizing, preserving, and widely disseminating international and foreign language education expertise, resources, courses, and other information through the use of electronic technologies and other techniques.
- '(iv) Collaborative initiatives to identify, capture, and provide consistent access to, and creation of, digital global library resources that are beyond the capacity of any single eligible entity receiving a grant under this section or any single institution of higher education, including the professional development of library staff.
- v) Utilization of technology to create opensource resources in international, area, global, and foreign language studies that are adaptable to multiple educational settings and promote interdisciplinary partnerships between technologists, curriculum designers, international and foreign language education experts, language teachers, and librarians.
- "(B) Innovative curriculum, teaching, and learning strategies, including the following:
- '(i) New initiatives for collaborations of disciplinary programs with foreign language, area, global, and international studies, and education abroad programs that address the internationalization of such disciplinary studies with the purpose of producing globally competent graduates.
- "(ii) Innovative collaborations between established centers of international and foreign language education excellence and underrepresented institutions and populations seeking to further their goals for strengthening international, area, global, and foreign language studies, including at minority-serving institutions or community colleges.
- '(iii) Teaching and learning collaborations among foreign language, area, global, or other international studies with diaspora communities, including heritage students.
- (iv) New approaches and methods to teaching emerging global issues, cross-regional interactions, and underrepresented regions or countries, such as project- and team-based learning.

- '(C) Innovative assessment and outcome tools and techniques that further the purpose described in subsection (a), including the fol-
- "(i) International and foreign language education assessment techniques that are coupled with outcome-focused learning modules, such as certificates or badges, immersion learning, or eportfolio systems.
- "(ii) Effective and easily accessible methods of assessing professionally useful levels of proficiency in foreign languages or competencies in area, culture, and global knowledge or other international fields in programs under this title, which may include use of open access online and other cost-effective tools for students and educators at all educational levels and in the workplace.
- "(f) APPLICATION.—Each eligible entity desiring a grant under this section shall submit to the Secretary an application at such time, in such manner, and containing such information as the Secretary shall require, including-
- (1) a description of each proposed project the eligible entity plans to carry out under this section and how such project meets the purpose described in subsection (a);
- (2) if applicable, a demonstration of why the entity needs a waiver or reduction of the matching requirement under subsection (g); and
- (3) an assurance that each such proposed project will be self-sustainable after the project is completed.
- "(g) MATCHING REQUIREMENT.
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Federal share of the total cost for carrying out a project supported by a grant under this section shall be not more than 50 percent.
- "(2) Non-federal share contributions. The non-Federal share of such cost shall be no less than 50 percent and may be provided either in-kind or in cash, from institutional and noninstitutional funds, including contributions from State or private sector corporations, nonprofit entities, or foundations.
- (3) SPECIAL RULE.—Notwithstanding paragraphs (1) and (2), the Secretary may waive or reduce the non-Federal share required under paragraph (2) for eligible entities that-
- '(A) are minority-serving institutions or are community colleges; or
- "(B) have submitted a grant application as required by subsection (f) that demonstrates a need for such a waiver or reduction.
- "(h) Database and Reporting.retary shall directly, or through grants or contracts with an eligible grant recipient-
- (1) establish, curate, maintain, and update at least every grant cycle a web-based site which shall showcase the results of this section and serve as a user-friendly repository of the information, resources, and best practices generated through activities conducted under this section: and
- "(2) prepare, publish, and disseminate to Congress and the public at least once every 2 years, a report that summarizes key findings and policy issues from the activities conducted under this section, especially as such activities relate to international and foreign language education and outcomes.'
- (c) DISCONTINUATION OF FOREIGN INFORMA-TION ACCESS PROGRAM.—Part A of title VI of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1121 et seq.) is further amended-
  - (1) by striking sections 606 and 610; and
- (2) redesignating sections 607, 608, and 609 as sections 606, 607, and 608, respectively.
- (d) FINDINGS AND PURPOSE FOR GLOBAL BUSI-NESS AND PROFESSIONAL EDUCATION PRO-GRAMS.—Section 611 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1130) is amended-
  - (1) in subsection (a)—
- (A) by amending paragraph (1) to read as follows:
- "(1) the future welfare of the United States will depend substantially on increasing international and global skills in business, edu-

- cational, and other professional communities and creating an awareness among the American public of the internationalization of our economy and numerous other professional areas important to the national interest in the 21st cen-
- (B) by amending paragraph (2) to read as follows:
- "(2) concerted efforts are necessary to engage business and other professional or technical education programs, language, area, and global study programs, professional international affairs education programs, public and private sector organizations, and United States business in a mutually productive relationship which benefits the Nation's future economic and security interests;";
- (C) in paragraph (3), by striking "and the international" and inserting "and other professional fields and the international and global";
  - (D) in paragraph (4)—
- (i) by inserting ", as well as other professional after organizations." "departments of commerce": and
- (ii) by inserting "or other professions" after 'business''; and
  - (2) in subsection (b)-(A) in paragraph (1)—
- (i) by striking "and economic enterprise" and inserting ", economic enterprise, and security";
- (ii) by inserting "and other professional" before "personnel": and
- (B) in paragraph (2), by striking "to prosper in an international" and inserting "and other professional fields to prosper in a global
- (e) PROFESSIONAL AND TECHNICAL EDUCATION FOR GLOBAL COMPETITIVENESS.—Section 613 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1130a) is amended to read as follows:

#### "SEC. 613. PROFESSIONAL AND TECHNICAL EDU-CATION FOR GLOBAL COMPETITIVE-

- "(a) PURPOSE.—The purpose of this section is to support innovative strategies that provide undergraduate and graduate students with the global professional competencies, perspectives, and skills needed to strengthen and enrich global engagement and competitiveness in a wide variety of professional and technical fields important to the national interest in the 21st cen-
- "(b) PROGRAM AUTHORIZED.—The Secretary shall make grants to, or enter into contracts with, eligible entities to pay the Federal share of the cost of programs designed to-
- "(1) establish an interdisciplinary global focus in the undergraduate and graduate curricula of business, science, technology, engineering, and other professional or technical education programs to be determined by the Secretary based on national needs:
- "(2) produce graduates with proficiencies in both the global aspects of their professional or technical education fields and international, cross-cultural, and foreign language skills; and
- "(3) provide appropriate services to or partnerships with the corporate, government, and nonprofit communities in order to expand knowledge and capacity for global engagement and competitiveness and provide internship or employment opportunities for students and graduates with international skills.
- "(c) Mandatory Activities.—An eligible entity that receives a grant or contract under this section shall use the grant or contract to carry out the following:
- '(1) With respect to undergraduate or graduate professional and technical education curricula, incorporating-
- "(A) foreign language programs that lead to proficiency, including immersion opportunities;
- "(B) international, area, or global studies programs;
- "(C) education, internships, or other innovative or technological linkages abroad; and
- "(D) global business, economic, and trade studies, where appropriate.

- '(2) Innovating and improving international, global, and foreign language education curricula to serve the needs of business and other professional and nonprofit communities, including development of new programs for nontraditional, mid-career, or part-time students.
- '(3) Establishing education or internship abroad programs, domestic globally-focused internships, or other innovative approaches to enable undergraduate or graduate students in professional or technical education to develop foreign language skills and knowledge of foreign cultures, societies, and global dimensions of their professional fields.
- '(4) Developing collaborations between institutions of higher education and corporations or non-profit organizations in order to strengthen engagement and competitiveness in global business, trade, or other global professional activi-
- "(d) DISCRETIONARY ACTIVITIES.—An eligible entity that receives a grant or contract under this section may use the grant or contract to carry out the following:
- "(1) Developing specialized teaching materials and courses, including foreign language and area or global studies materials, and innovative technological delivery systems appropriate for professionally-oriented students.
- (2) Establishing student fellowships or other innovative support opportunities, including for underrepresented populations, first generation college students (defined in section 402A), and heritage learners, for education in global professional development activities.
- (3) Developing opportunities or fellowships for faculty or junior faculty of professional or technical education (including the faculty of minority-serving institutions or community colleges) to acquire or strengthen international and global skills and perspectives.
- '(4) Establishing international linkages or partnerships with institutions of higher education, corporations, or organizations that contribute to the objectives of this section.
- '(5) Establishing trade education programs through agreements with regional, national, alobal, bilateral, or multilateral trade centers. councils, or associations.
- '(e) APPLICATION.—Each eligible entity desiring a grant or contract under this section shall submit an application to the Secretary at such time, in such manner, and including such information as the Secretary may reasonably require, including assurances that-
- (1) each proposed project have reasonable and demonstrable plans for sustainability and replicability upon completion of the project;
- (2) the institution of higher education will use the assistance provided under this section to supplement and not supplant other activities described in subsection (b) that are conducted by the institution of higher education as of the day before the date of the grant or contract;
- (3) in the case of eligible entities that are consortia of institutions of higher education, or partnership described in subsection (g)(1)(C), a copy of their partnership agreement that demonstrates compliance with subsection (b) will be provided to the Secretary;
- (4) the activities funded by the grant or contract will reflect diverse perspectives and a wide range of views of world regions and international affairs where applicable; and
- '(5) if applicable, a demonstration of why the eligible entity needs a waiver or reduction of the matching requirement under subsection (f).
- "(f) Matching Requirement.—
  "(1) In General.—The Federal share of the total cost for carrying out a program supported by a grant under this section shall be not more than 50 percent.
- "(2) NON-FEDERAL SHARE CONTRIBUTIONS. The non-Federal share of such cost shall be not less than 50 percent and may be provided either in-kind or in cash, from institutional and noninstitutional funds, including contributions from State and private sector corporations, nonprofit entities, or foundations.

- "(3) SPECIAL RULE.—Notwithstanding paragraphs (1) and (2), the Secretary may waive or reduce the non-Federal share required under paragraph (2) for eligible entities that—
- "(A) are minority-serving institutions or are community colleges; or
- "(B) have submitted a grant application as required by subsection (e) that demonstrates a need for such a waiver or reduction.
  - "(g) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- "(1) ELIGIBLE ENTITY.—The term 'eligible entitu' means—
  - "(A) an institution of higher education;
  - "(B) a consortia of such institutions; or
  - "(C) a partnership between—
- "(i) an institution of higher education or a consortia of such institutions: and
- "(ii) at least one corporate or nonprofit entity.
  "(2) PROFESSIONAL AND TECHNICAL EDUCATION.—The term 'professional and technical
  education' means a program at an institution of
  higher education that offers undergraduate,
  graduate, or post-graduate level education in a
  professional or technical field that is determined
  by the Secretary as meeting a national need for
  global or international competency (which may
  include business, science, technology, engineering, law, health, energy, environment, agriculture, transportation, or education).
- (f) DISCONTINUATION OF CERTAIN AUTHORIZA-TIONS OF APPROPRIATIONS.—Part B of title VI of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1130 et seq.) is further amended by striking section
- (g) Repeal of Institute for International Public Policy.—Title VI of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1131 et seq.) is amended.—
  - (1) by striking part C; and
  - (2) by redesignating part D as part C.
- (h) DEFINITIONS.—Section 631(a) of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1132(a)) is amended—
  - (1) by adding at the end the following:
- "(11) the term 'community college' means—
- "(A) a degree-granting public institution of higher education (as defined in section 101 of the Higher Education Act of 1965) at which—
- "(i) the highest degree awarded is an associate degree; or
- "(ii) an associate degree is the most frequently awarded degree;
- "(B) a 2-year Tribal College or University (as defined in section 316(b)(3) of the Higher Education Act of 1965);
- "(C) a degree-granting Tribal College or University (as defined in section 316(b)(3) of the Higher Education Act of 1965) at which—
- "(i) the highest degree awarded is an associate degree; or
- "(ii) an associate degree is the most frequently awarded degree; or
- "(D) a branch campus of a 4-year public institution of higher education (as defined in section 101 of the Higher Education Act of 1965), if, at such branch campus—
- "(i) the highest degree awarded is an associate degree; or
- "(ii) an associate degree is the most frequently awarded degree;
- "(12) the term 'heritage student' means a postsecondary student who—
- "(A) was born in the United States to immigrant parents or immigrated to the United States at an early age;
- "(B) is proficient in English, but raised in a family primarily speaking 1 or more languages of the country of origin; and
- "(C) maintains a close affinity with the family's culture and language of origin;
- "(13) the term 'minority-serving institution' means an institution of higher education that is eligible to receive a grant under part A or B of title III or title V."; and
- (2) by reordering paragraphs (1) through (10) and the paragraphs added by paragraph (3) of this subsection in alphabetical order, and renumbering such paragraphs as so reordered.

- (i) PRIORITY TO MINORITY-SERVING INSTITU-TIONS.—Part C of title VI of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1132 et seq.), as redesignated by subsection (g)(2), is further amended—
- (1) by striking sections 637 and 638; and

## (2) by adding at the end the following: "SEC. 637. PRIORITY TO MINORITY-SERVING IN-

## STITUTIONS. "(a) PRIORITY.—In seeking applications and

- awarding grants under this title, the Secretary, may give priority to—
- "(1) minority-serving institutions: or
- "(2) institutions of higher education that apply for such grants that propose significant and sustained collaborative activities with one or more minority-serving institutions.
- "(b) Technical Assistance.—The Secretary shall provide technical assistance to minority-serving institutions to ensure maximum distribution of grants to eligible minority-serving institutions and among each category of such institutions."
- (j) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR INTERNATIONAL EDUCATION PROGRAMS.—Part C of title VI of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1132 et seq.), as redesignated by subsection (g)(2), is further amended by adding at the end the following:

#### "SEC. 638. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

"(a) IN GENERAL.—There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this title \$208,059,000 for fiscal year 2022 and such sums as may be necessary for each of the 5 succeeding fiscal years."

#### SEC. 90302. CONFUCIUS INSTITUTES.

- (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section-
- (1) the term "Confucius Institute" means a cultural institute established as a partnership between a United States institution of higher education and a Chinese institution of higher education to promote and teach Chinese language and culture that is funded, directly or indirectly, by the Government of the People's Republic of China; and
- (2) the term "institution of higher education" has the meaning given that term in section 102 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1002).
- (b) RESTRICTIONS OF CONFUCIUS INSTITUTES.— Except as provided in subsection (e), an institution of higher education that maintains a contract or agreement between the institution and a Confucius Institute shall not be eligible to receive Federal funds provided under the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001 et seq.), except funds provided under title IV of such Act, unless the institution satisfies the requirements and conditions of subsection (c) or (d).
- (c) EVALUATION OF CONFUCIUS INSTITUTE CONTRACTS OR AGREEMENTS.—
- (1) In GENERAL.—The Secretary of Education, in consultation with the National Academies of Science, Engineering, and Medicine, shall evaluate any contract or agreement between an institution of higher education and a Confucius Institute, and publish such evaluation on the website of the Department of Education, to confirm that any such contract or agreement includes clear provisions that—
- (A) protect academic freedom at the institution;
- (B) prohibit the application of any foreign law on any campus of the institution; and
- (C) grant full managerial authority of the Confucius Institute to the institution, including full control over what is being taught, the activities carried out, the research grants that are made, and who is employed at the Confucius Institute
- (2) FAILURE TO SATISFY CONDITIONS.—If the Secretary of Education, in consultation with the National Academies of Science, Engineering, and Medicine, cannot confirm that the contract or agreement includes the clear provisions in accordance with paragraph (1), the conditions under such paragraph shall not be considered to be satisfied for the purposes of subsection (b).

- (d) PUBLIC INSPECTION REQUIREMENT.—The Secretary of Education shall ensure that each institution of higher education that maintains a contract or agreement between the institution and a Confucius Institute makes available for public inspection—
- (1) a true copy of the contract or agreement between the institution and the Confucius Institute; and
- (2) a translation in English of the contract or agreement between the institution and the Confucius Institute that is certified by a third party translator.
- (e) SPECIAL RULE.—Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, this section shall not apply to an institution of higher education if that institution has fulfilled the requirements for a waiver from the Department of Defense as described under section 1062 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116–283) and made the documents available for public inspection in accordance with subsection (d).
- (f) SUNSET.—This section shall cease to be effective on September 30, 2027.

#### SEC. 90303. SUSTAINING THE TRUMAN FOUNDA-TION AND THE MADISON FOUNDA-TION

- (a) Truman Memorial Scholarship Fund.—
  (1) In General.—Section 10(b) of Public Law
  93-642 (20 U.S.C. 2001 et seq.) is amended to read
  as follows:
- "(b)(1) It shall be the duty of the Secretary of the Treasury to invest in full the amounts appropriated to the fund.
- "(2) Investments of amounts appropriated to the fund shall be made in public debt securities of the United States with maturities suitable to the fund. For such purpose, such obligations may be acquired—
  - "(A) on original issue at the issue price; or
- "(B) by purchase of outstanding obligations at the market price.
- "(3) The purposes for which obligations of the United States may be issued under chapter 31 of title 31, United States Code, are hereby extended to authorize the issuance at par of special obligations exclusively to the fund. Such special obligations shall bear interest at a rate equal to the average rate of interest, computed as to the end of the calendar month next preceding the date of such issue, borne by all marketable interest-bearing obligations of the United States then forming a part of the public debt, except that where such average rate is not a multiple of 1/8 of 1 percent, the rate of interest of such special obligations shall be the multiple of 1/8 of 1 percent next lower than such average rate. Such special obligations shall be issued only if the Secretary determines that the purchases of other interest-bearing obligations of the United States, or of obligations guaranteed as to both principal and interest by the United States or original issue or at the market price, is not in the public interest."
- (2) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—Section 14 of Public Law 93-642 (20 U.S.C. 2013) is amended by striking "\$30,000,000 to the fund" and inserting "to the Harry S. Truman Memorial Scholarship Trust Fund such sums as may be borne by all marketable interest-bearing obligations of the United States then forming a part of the public debt, except that where such average rate is not a multiple of 1/8 of 1 percent, the rate of interest of such special obligations shall be the multiple of 1/8 of 1 percent next lower than such average rate. Such special obligations shall be issued only if the Secretary determines that the purchases of other interest-bearing obligations of the United States, or of obligations guaranteed as to both principal and interest by the United States or original issue or at the market price, is not in the public interest.
- (2) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—Section 816 of the James Madison Memorial Fellowship Act (20 U.S.C. 4515) is amended to read as follows:

#### "SEC. 816. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

"There are authorized to be appropriated to the James Madison Memorial Trust Fund such sums as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this title for fiscal year 2022 and each succeeding fiscal year."

## SEC. 90304. DISCLOSURES OF FOREIGN GIFTS AND CONTRACTS AT INSTITUTIONS OF HIGHER EDUCATION.

(a) DISCLOSURES OF FOREIGN GIFTS.—Section 117 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1011f) is amended to read as follows:

#### "SEC. 117. DISCLOSURES OF FOREIGN GIFTS.

"(a) DISCLOSURE REPORTS.-

"(1) AGGREGATE GIFTS AND CONTRACT DISCLO-SURES.—An institution shall file a disclosure report described in subsection (b) with the Secretary not later than March 31 immediately following any calendar year in which—

"(A) the institution receives a gift from, or enters into a contract with, a foreign source, the value of which is \$100,000 or more, considered alone or in combination with all other gifts from, or contracts with, that foreign source

within the calendar year; or

"(B) the institution receives a gift from, or enters into a contract with, a foreign source, the value of which totals \$250,000 or more, considered alone or in combination with all other gifts from, or contracts with, that foreign source over the previous 3 calendar years.

"(2) DISCLOSURE OF CONTRACTS WITH UNDE-TERMINED MONETARY VALUE.—An institution shall file a disclosure report described in subsection (b) with the Secretary not later than March 31 immediately following any calendar year in which the institution enters into a contract with a foreign source that has an undetermined monetary value.

"(3) FOREIGN SOURCE OWNERSHIP OR CONTROL DISCLOSURES.—In the case of an institution that is owned or controlled by a foreign source, the institution shall file a disclosure report described in subsection (b) with the Secretary not later than March 31 of every year.

"(b) CONTENTS OF REPORT.—Each report to the Secretary required by subsection (a) shall contain the following:

"(1)(A) In the case of an institution required to file a report under paragraph (1) or (2) of subsection (a)—

"(i) for gifts received from or contracts entered into with a foreign government, the aggregate amount of such gifts and contracts received from each foreign government; and

"(ii) for gifts received from or contracts entered into with a foreign source other than a foreign government, the aggregate dollar amount of such gifts and contracts attributable to a particular country and the legal or formal name of the foreign source.

"(B) For purposes of this paragraph, the country to which a gift is attributable is—

"(i) the country of citizenship, or if unknown, the principal residence, for a foreign source who is a natural person; or

"(ii) the country of incorporation, or if unknown, the principal place of business, for a foreign source which is a legal entity.

"(2) In the case of an institution required to file a report under subsection (a)(3)—

"(A) the information described in paragraph (1)(A) (without regard to any gift or contract threshold described in subsection (a)(1)):

"(B) the identity of the foreign source that owns or controls the institution;

"(C) the date on which the foreign source assumed ownership or control; and

"(D) any changes in program or structure resulting from the change in ownership or control.

"(3) An assurance that the institution will maintain a true copy of each gift or contract agreement subject to the disclosure requirements under this section, until the latest of—

"(A) the date that is 4 years after the date of the agreement;

"(B) the date on which the agreement terminates; or

"(C) the last day of any period that applicable State public record law requires a true copy of such agreement to be maintained.

"(4) An assurance that the institution will produce true copies of gift and contract agreements subject to the disclosure requirements under this section upon request of the Secretary during a compliance audit or other institutional investigation and shall ensure all gifts and contracts from the foreign source are translated into English by a third party unaffiliated with the foreign source or institution for this purpose.

"(c) Additional Disclosures for Re-Stricted and Conditional Gifts and Contracts.—Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (b), whenever any institution receives a restricted or conditional gift or contract from a foreign source, the institution shall disclose the following to the Department translated into English by a third party unaffiliated with the foreign source or institution:

"(1) For such gifts received from or contracts entered into with a foreign source other than a foreign government, the amount, the date, and a description of such conditions or restrictions. The report shall also disclose the country of citizenship, or if unknown, the principal residence for a foreign source which is a natural person, and the country of incorporation, or if unknown, the principal place of business for a foreign source which is a legal entity.

"(2) For gifts received from or contracts entered into with a foreign government, the amount, the date, a description of such conditions or restrictions, and the name of the foreign government.

"(d) RELATION TO OTHER REPORTING RE-QUIREMENTS.—

"(1) STATE REQUIREMENTS.—If an institution that is required to file a disclosure report under subsection (a) is within a State which has enacted requirements for public disclosure of gifts from or contracts with a foreign source that includes all information required under this section for the same or an equivalent time period, a copy of the disclosure report filed with the State may be filed with the Secretary in lieu of the report required under such subsection. The State in which the institution is located shall provide to the Secretary such assurances as the Secretary may require to establish that the institution has met the requirements for public disclosure under State law if the State report is filed.

"(2) USE OF OTHER FEDERAL REPORTS.—If an institution receives a gift from, or enters into a contract with, a foreign source, where any other department, agency, or bureau of the executive branch requires a report containing all the information required under this section for the same or an equivalent time period, a copy of the report may be filed with the Secretary in lieu of a report required under subsection (a).

"(e) PUBLIC DISCLOSURE AND MODIFICATION OF REPORTS.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 30 days after receiving a disclosure report under this section, the Secretary shall make such report electronically available to the public for downloading on a searchable database under which institutions can be individually identified and compared.

"(2) MODIFICATIONS.—The Secretary shall incorporate a process permitting institutions to revise and update previously filed disclosure reports under this section to ensure accuracy, compliance, and ability to cure.

"(f) SANCTIONS FOR NONCOMPLIANCE.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—As a sanction for noncompliance with the requirements under this section, the Secretary may impose a fine on an institution that in any year knowingly or willfully violates this section, that is—

"(A) in the case of a failure to disclose a gift or contract with a foreign source as required under this section or to comply with the requirements of subsection (b)(4), in an amount that is not less than \$250 but not more than 50 percent

of the amount of the gift or contract with the foreign source; or

"(B) in the case of any violation of the requirements of subsection (a)(3), in an amount that is not more than 25 percent of the total amount of funding received by the institution under this Act.

"(2) REPEATED FAILURES.-

"(A) KNOWING AND WILLFUL FAILURES.—In addition to a fine for a violation in any year in accordance with paragraph (1) and subject to subsection (e)(2), the Secretary shall impose a fine on an institution that knowingly and willfully fails in 3 consecutive years to comply with the requirements of this section, that is—

"(i) in the case of a failure to disclose a gift or contract with a foreign source as required under this section or to comply with the requirements of subsection (b)(4), in an amount that is not less than \$100,000 but not more than the amount of the gift or contract with the foreign

source; or

"(ii) in the case of any violation of the requirements of subsection (a)(3), in an amount that is not more than 25 percent of the total amount of funding received by the institution under this Act.

"(B) ADMINISTRATIVE FAILURES.—The Secretary shall impose a fine on an institution that fails to comply with the requirements of this section in 3 consecutive years, in an amount that is not less than \$250 but not more than 50 percent of the amount of the gift or contract with the foreign source.

"(C) COMPLIANCE PLAN REQUIREMENT.—An institution that fails to file a disclosure report for a receipt of a gift from or contract with a foreign source in 2 consecutive years, shall be required to submit a compliance plan to Secretary. "(g) COMPLIANCE OFFICER.—Any institution that is required to report a gift or contract under this section shall designate and maintain

a compliance officer who—
"(1) shall be a current employee or legally au-

thorized agent of such institution; and

"(2) shall be responsible, on behalf of the institution, for compliance with the foreign gift reporting requirement under this section and section 124, if applicable.

"(h) SINGLE POINT OF CONTACT.—The Secretary shall maintain a single point of contact

"(1) receive and respond to inquiries and requests for technical assistance from institutions of higher education regarding compliance with the requirements of this section; and

"(2) coordinate the disclosure of information on the searchable database, and process for modifications of disclosures and ability to cure, as described in subsection (e).

"(i) TREATMENT OF CERTAIN PAYMENTS AND

"(1) EXCLUSIONS.—The following shall not be considered a gift from a foreign source under this section:

"(A) Any payment of one or more elements of a student's cost of attendance (as defined in section 472) to an institution by, or scholarship from, a foreign source who is a natural person, acting in their individual capacity and not as an agent for, at the request or direction of, or on behalf of, any person or entity (except the student), made on behalf of no more than 15 students that is not made under contract with such foreign source, except for the agreement between the institution and such student's cost of attendance.

"(B) Assignment or license of registered industrial and intellectual property rights, such as patents, utility models, trademarks, or copyrights, or technical assistance, that are not identified as being associated with a national security risk or concern.

"(C) Any payment from a foreign source that is solely for the purpose of conducting one or more clinical trials.

"(2) INCLUSIONS.—Any gift to, or contract with, an entity or organization, such as a research foundation, that operates substantially for the benefit or under the auspices of an institution shall be considered a gift to or with respectively, such institution.

"(j) DEFINITIONS.—In this section—

- "(1) the term 'clinical trial' means a research study in which one or more human subjects are prospectively assigned to one or more interventions to evaluate the effects of those interventions on health-related biomedical or behavioral outcomes:
  - "(2) the term 'contract'—

"(A) means any—

"(i) agreement for the acquisition by purchase, lease, or barter of property or services by the foreign source, for the direct benefit or use of either of the parties, except as provided in subparagraph (B); or

"(ii) affiliation, agreement, or similar transaction with a foreign source that is based on the use or exchange of an institution's name, likeness, time, services, or resources, except as provided in subparagraph (B); and

"(B) does not include any agreement made by an institution located in the United States for the acquisition, by purchase, lease, or barter, of property or services from a foreign source;

"(3) the term 'foreign source' means—

"(A) a foreign government, including an agency of a foreign government;

"(B) a legal entity, governmental or otherwise, created under the laws of a foreign state or states;

"(C) an individual who is not a citizen or a national of the United States or a trust territory or protectorate thereof; and

"(D) an agent, including a subsidiary or affiliate of a foreign legal entity, acting on behalf of a foreign source;

"(4) the term 'gift' means any gift of money, property, resources, staff, or services;

"(5) the term 'institution' means an institution of higher education, as defined in section 102, or, if a multicampus institution, any single campus of such institution, in any State; and

"(6) the term 'restricted or conditional gift or contract' means any endowment, gift, grant, contract, award, present, or property of any kind which includes provisions regarding—

"(A) the employment, assignment, or termination of faculty:

"(B) the establishment of departments, centers, institutes, instructional programs, research or lecture programs, or new faculty positions;

"(C) the selection or admission of students; or "(D) the award of grants, loans, scholarships,

fellowships, or other forms of financial aid restricted to students of a specified country, religion, sex, ethnic origin, or political opinion."

(b) POLICY REGARDING CONFLICTS OF INTEREST FROM FOREIGN GIFTS AND CONTRACTS.—Part B of title I of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1011 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following:

#### "SEC. 124. INSTITUTIONAL POLICY REGARDING FOREIGN GIFTS AND CONTRACTS TO FACULTY AND STAFF.

"(a) REQUIREMENT TO MAINTAIN POLICY AND DATABASE.—Each institution of higher education described in subsection (b) shall—

"(1) maintain a policy requiring faculty, professional staff, and other staff engaged in research and development (as determined by the institution) employed at such institution to disclose to such institution any gifts received from, or contracts entered into with, a foreign source the value of which is \$50,000 or more;

"(2) maintain a searchable database of information disclosed in paragraph (1) for the previous five years, except an institution shall not be required to include in the database gifts or contracts received or entered into before the date on which regulations are issued with respect to carrying out this section; and

"(3) maintain a plan to effectively identify and manage potential information gathering by foreign sources through espionage targeting faculty, professional staff, and other staff engaged in research and development (as determined by the institution) that may arise from gifts received from, or contracts entered into with, a foreign source, including through the use of periodic communications and enforcement of the policy described in paragraph (1).

"(b) Institutions.—An institution of higher education shall be subject to the requirements of this section if such institution—

"(1) is an institution of higher education as defined under section 102; and

"(2) had more than \$50,000,000 in Federal science and engineering funding in any of the previous five years.

"(c) SANCTIONS FOR NONCOMPLIANCE.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—As a sanction for noncompliance with the requirements under this section, the Secretary may impose a fine on an institution that in any year knowingly or willfully violates this section, in an amount that is not less than \$250 but not more than \$1,000.

"(2) SECOND FAILURE.—In addition to a fine for a violation in accordance with paragraph (1), the Secretary shall impose a fine on an institution that knowingly, willfully, and repeatedly fails to comply with the requirements of this section in a second consecutive year in an amount that is not less than \$1,000 but not more than \$25,000.

"(3) THIRD AND ADDITIONAL FAILURES.—In addition to a fine for a violation in accordance with paragraph (1) or (2), the Secretary shall impose a fine on an institution that knowingly, willfully, and repeatedly fails to comply with the requirements of this section in a third consecutive year, or any consecutive year thereafter, in an amount that is not less than \$25,000 but not more than \$50,000.

"(4) ADMINISTRATIVE FAILURES.—The Secretary shall impose a fine on an institution that fails in 3 consecutive years to comply with the requirements of this section in an amount that is not less than \$250 but not more than \$25,000.

"(5) COMPLIANCE PLAN REQUIREMENT.—An institution that fails to comply with the requirements under this section for 2 consecutive years shall be required to submit a compliance plan to the Secretary.

"(d) DEFINITIONS.—In this section—

"(1) the term 'contract' means any—

"(A) agreement for the acquisition by purchase, lease, or barter of property or services by the foreign source, for the direct benefit or use of either of the parties; or

"(B) affiliation, agreement, or similar transaction with a foreign source based on the use or exchange of the name, likeness, time services, or resources of faculty, professional staff, and other staff engaged in research and development (as determined by the institution);

"(2) the terms 'foreign source' and 'gift' have the meaning given the terms in section 117; and

"(3) the term 'professional staff' means professional employees, as defined in section 3 of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 (29 U.S.C. 203).

"(e) MODIFICATIONS AND SINGLE POINT OF CONTACT.—The Secretary shall—

"(1) maintain a single point of contact to—

"(A) receive and respond to inquiries and requests for technical assistance from institutions of higher education regarding compliance with the requirements of this section; and

"(B) coordinate—

"(i) the disclosure of information on the searchable databases of institutions; and

"(ii) the process for modifications of disclosures and ability to cure as described in paragraph (2); and

"(2) incorporate a process permitting institutions to revise and update the database required under this section to ensure accuracy, compliance, and ability to cure.".

(c) REGULATIONS.—

(1) In General.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Education shall begin the negotiated rule-making process under section 492 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1098a) to carry

out the amendments made by subsections (a) and (b).

(2) ISSUES.—Regulations issued pursuant to paragraph (1) to carry out the amendment made by subsection (a) shall, at a minimum, address the following issues:

(A) Instructions on reporting structured gifts and contracts.

(B) The inclusion in institutional reports of gifts received from, and contracts entered into with, foreign sources by entities and organizations, such as research foundations, that operate substantially for the benefit or under the auspices of the institution.

(C) Procedures to protect confidential or proprietary information included in gifts and contracts.

(D) The alignment of such regulations with the reporting and disclosure of foreign gifts or contracts required by other Federal agencies.

(E) The treatment of foreign gifts or contracts involving research or technologies identified as being associated with a national security risk or concern.

(3) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by subsections (a) and (b) shall take effect on the date on which the regulations issued under paragraph (1) take effect.

#### TITLE IV—IMPACT ACT

#### SEC. 90401. TELECOMMUNICATIONS WORKFORCE TRAINING GRANT PROGRAM.

(a) SHORT TITLE.—This section may be cited as the "Improving Minority Participation And Careers in Telecommunications Act" or the "IMPACT Act"

(b) Grant Program.—The Secretary of Labor (acting in coordination with the Director of the Office of Minority Broadband Initiatives established under section 902(b)(1) of division N of the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2021 (Public Law 116–260) and the Secretary of Education) shall establish a program (in this section referred to as the "Telecommunications Workforce Training Grant Program" or the "Grant Program") under which the Secretary shall meet the following requirements:

(1) DEADLINE.—Not later than 2 years after the date on which amounts are appropriated under subsection (h), the Secretary—

(A) may reserve not more than 2 percent of such amounts to administer the Grant Program; and

(B) after determining the percentage of such amounts to reserve under subparagraph (A), shall use the remainder of such amounts to award grants (in this section referred to as "covered grants") to eligible entities to develop and implement telecommunications training programs (which may include training programs providing training and education relating to the construction of telecommunications infrastructure).

(2) MINIMUM GRANT AMOUNTS TO CERTAIN EN-TITIES.—In awarding covered grants from the amounts described in paragraph (1)(B), the Secretary shall use not less than—

(A) 30 percent of such amounts to award covered grants to historically Black colleges or universities; and

(B) 30 percent of such amounts to award covered grants to Tribal Colleges or Universities.

(3) COORDINATION.—The Secretary shall ensure that grant amounts awarded under paragraph (1)(B) are coordinated with, and do not duplicate the specific use of, grant amounts provided under section 902 of division N of the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2021 (Public Law 116–260).

(4) SINGLE GRANT CYCLE.—After awarding covered grants under paragraph (1), the authority of the Secretary to award covered grants shall expire.

(5) Grant period.—The Secretary shall establish the grant period of a covered grant, which may not be less than 5 years.

(6) CONSTRUCTION PROGRAMS.—In awarding covered grants to eligible entities that plan to

use the grants for developing and implementing training programs providing training and education relating to construction, the Secretary shall prioritize such eligible entities that—

- (A) partner with-
- (i) a labor or labor-management organization with experience—
- (I) working in the telecommunications industry: or
- (II) in registered apprenticeship programs or pre-apprenticeship programs; or
- (ii) a community college that has a written agreement with 1 or more registered apprenticeship programs; and
- (B) ensure the such programs lead to employment with wages at rates not less than the rates prevailing on projects of a similar character in the locality as determined by the Secretary of Labor in accordance with subchapter IV of chapter 31 of title 40, United States Code.
- (c) APPLICATION.—
- (1) In GENERAL.—An eligible entity desiring a covered grant shall submit an application to the Secretary at such time, in such manner, and containing such information as the Secretary may require.
- (2) CONTENTS.—An eligible entity shall include in an application under paragraph (1) the following:
- (A) A description of how the eligible entity plans to use the covered grant, including the type of telecommunications training program the eligible entity plans to develop and implement.
- (B) A commitment from the telecommunications industry partner of the eligible entity to collaborate with the eligible entity to develop and implement a telecommunications training program, including the curricula for such program, and the internships, registered apprenticeships, or pre-apprenticeships aligned to such program.
- (C) A plan for recruitment of students to participate in the telecommunications training program.
- (D) A plan to ensure that female student participation (or participation among other populations who are underrepresented within the telecommunications industry) in the telecommunications training program of the eligible entity is at a higher rate than the employment rate of women (or other such populations) within the telecommunications industry.
- (E) A description of in-demand occupations within the telecommunications industry to be secured through the telecommunications training program, including—
- (i) jobs in the communities served by the eligible entity; and
- (ii) expected wage and benefit levels of such jobs.
- (F) A description of how the eligible entity plans to integrate the expertise of labor or labor-management organizations with experience working in the telecommunications industry into the development and implementation of the telecommunications training program.
- (d) AUTHORIZED USES OF FUNDS.—An eligible entity may use a covered grant, with respect to the telecommunications training program of the eligible entity developed and implemented with such covered grant, to—
- (1) hire faculty members to teach courses in the training program;
- (2) train faculty members to prepare students for employment in jobs related to the deployment of next-generation wired and wireless communications networks, including 5G networks, hybrid fiber-coaxial networks, and fiber infrastructure, particularly in—
- (A) broadband and wireless network engineering:
- (B) network deployment, operation, and maintenance;
- (C) telecommunications industry field activities; and
- (D) cloud networks, data centers, and cybersecurity:

- (3) design and develop, or customize existing, curricula, courses, or programs of study, in coordination with telecommunications industry partners, that reflect the skills and competencies needed in the telecommunications industry, and that lead to recognized postsecondary credentials:
- (4) pay for costs associated with instruction under the telecommunications training program, including the costs of equipment, telecommunications training towers, laboratory space, classroom space, and telecommunications industry field activities;
- (5) fund scholarships, student internships, registered apprenticeships, and pre-apprenticeship opportunities aligned to the telecommunications training program;

(6) recruit students for the telecommunications training program;

- (7) support the enrollment in the telecommunications training program of individuals working in the telecommunications industry in order to advance professionally within the industry;
- (8) support the development of career pathways in the telecommunications industry; and
- (9) provide supportive services (such as transportation, child care, dependent care, housing, and needs-related payments) necessary for participants to complete the training program.
  - (e) REPORT REQUIREMENTS.—
- (1) REPORTING BY ELIGIBLE ENTITIES.—During the grant period of a covered grant received by an eligible entity, the eligible entity shall submit to the Secretary a semiannual report that, with respect to the preceding 6-month period—
- (A) describes how the eligible entity used the covered grant amounts;
- (B) describes the progress the eligible entity made in developing and implementing the telecommunications training program of the eligible entity:
- (C) describes the number of faculty and students participating in the telecommunications training program of the eligible entity;
- (D) describes the partnership with the telecommunications industry partner of the eligible entity, including—
- (i) the commitments and in-kind contributions made by the telecommunications industry partner; and
- (ii) the role of the telecommunications industry partner in—
  - (I) curriculum development;
- (II) ensuring that the program leads to or is aligned with a degree program or recognized postsecondary credential; and
- (III) the internships, registered apprenticeships, and pre-apprenticeships offered under the program; and
- (E) includes data on internship, registered apprenticeship, and pre-apprenticeships, and employment opportunities and placements and completions.
- (2) Annual Report to congress.—Each year, until all covered grants have expired, the Secretary shall submit to Congress a report that, with respect to the preceding year—
- (A) identifies each eligible entity that received a covered grant and the amount of the covered grant;
- (B) describes the progress each such eligible entity has made in developing and implementing a telecommunications training program;
- (C) summarizes the job placement status, or registered apprenticeship or pre-apprenticeship opportunities of students who have participated in the training program of the eligible entity; and
- (D) includes the findings of any audits conducted by the Inspector General of the Department of Labor under subsection (f).
- (f) OVERSIGHT.—The Inspector General of the Department of Labor shall audit the Grant Program in order to—
- (1) ensure that eligible entities use covered grant amounts in accordance with the requirements of this section; and
- (2) prevent waste, fraud, and abuse in the operation of the Grant Program.

- (g) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) COMMUNITY COLLEGE.—The term "community college" means—
- (A) a degree-granting public institution of higher education (as defined in section 101 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001)) at which—
- (i) the highest degree awarded is an associate degree; or
- (ii) an associate degree is the most frequently awarded degree;
  - (B) a 2-year Tribal College or University;
- (C) a degree-granting Tribal College or University at which—
- (i) the highest degree awarded is an associate degree; or
- (ii) an associate degree is the most frequently awarded degree;
- (D) a branch campus of a 4-year public institution of higher education (as defined in section 101 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001)), if, at such branch campus—
- (i) the highest degree awarded is an associate degree; or
- (ii) an associate degree is the most frequently awarded degree; or
- (E) a community college, a postsecondary vocational institution (as defined in section 102(c) of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1002(c)).
  - (2) ELIGIBLE ENTITY.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—The term "eligible entity" means a historically Black college or university, Tribal College or University, or minority-serving institution, or a consortium of such entities, that forms a partnership with 1 or more telecommunications industry partners to carry out a telecommunications training program.
- (B) TELECOMMUNICATIONS INDUSTRY PART-NER.—The term "telecommunications industry partner" means 1 or more of the following:
- (i) A member of the telecommunications industry, such as a company or industry association.
- (ii) A labor or labor-management organization with experience working in the telecommunications industry or a similar industry.
  - (iii) A registered apprenticeship program.
- (iv) A nonprofit organization dedicated to helping individuals gain employment in the telecommunications industry.
- (v) A community college with experience in providing workforce development activities for individuals seeking employment in the telecommunications industry or a similar industry.
- (vi) A Federal agency laboratory specializing in telecommunications technology.
- (vii) A State board or local board.
- (viii) An industry or sector partnership relating to the telecommunications industry.
- (3) HISTORICALLY BLACK COLLEGE OR UNIVER-SITY.—The term "historically Black college or university" has the meaning given the term "part B institution" in section 322 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1061).
- (4) IN-DEMAND OCCUPATION.—The term "in-demand occupation" has the meaning given the term in section 3(23)(A)(ii) of the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (29 U.S.C. 3102(23)(A)(ii)).
- (5) MINORITY-SERVING INSTITUTION.—The term "minority-serving institution" means an institution described in section 371(a) of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1067q(a)).
- (6) PRE-APPRENTICESHIP.—The term "pre-apprenticeship" means a program that articulates to a registered apprenticeship program.
- (7) REGISTERED APPRENTICESHIP.—The term "registered apprenticeship" means an apprenticeship registered with the Office of Apprenticeship of the Employment and Training Administration of the Department of Labor or a State apprenticeship agency recognized by the Office of the Apprenticeship pursuant to the Act of August 16, 1937 (commonly known as the "National Apprenticeship Act"; 50 Stat. 664, chapter 663; 29 U.S.C. 50 et seq.).
- (8) SECRETARY.—The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of Labor.

- (9) TELECOMMUNICATIONS INDUSTRY FIELD ACTIVITIES.—The term "telecommunications industry field activities" means activities at active cable, broadband, or other telecommunications network worksites, such as towers, construction sites, and network management hubs.
- (10) TELECOMMUNICATIONS TRAINING PROGRAM.—The term "telecommunications training program" means a program developed by an eligible entity (that—
- (A) is designed to prepare students to participate in the telecommunications workforce;
- (B) includes a curriculum that reflects the skills and competencies for in-demand occupations within the telecommunications industry;
- (C) includes registered apprenticeship, pre-apprenticeship, or internship opportunities aligned to a degree program or resulting in a recognized postsecondary credential.
- (11) TRIBAL COLLEGE OR UNIVERSITY.—The term "Tribal College or University" has the meaning given the term in section 316(b)(3) of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1059c(b)(3)).
- (12) WIOA DEFINITIONS.—The terms "career pathway", "industry or sector partnership", "local board", "recognized postsecondary credential", "State board", and "workforce development activities" have the meanings given in section 3 of the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act.
- (h) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— There are authorized to be appropriated \$100,000,000 for fiscal years 2023 through 2028, to remain available until expended.

#### DIVISION K—MATTERS RELATING TO TRADE

Sec. 100001. Short title.

#### TITLE I—TRADE ADJUSTMENT ASSISTANCE

Sec. 101001. Short title.

Sec. 101002. Application of provisions relating to trade adjustment assistance.

## Subtitle A—Trade Adjustment Assistance for Workers

Sec. 101101. Filing petitions.

Sec. 101102. Group eligibility requirements.

- Sec. 101103. Application of determinations of eligibility to workers employed by successors-in-interest.
- Sec. 101104. Provision of benefit information to workers.
- Sec. 101105. Qualifying requirements for workers.
- Sec. 101106. Modification to trade readjustment allowances.
- Sec. 101107. Automatic extension of trade readjustment allowances.
- Sec. 101108. Employment and case management services.
- Sec. 101109. Training.
- Sec. 101110. Job search, relocation, and child care allowances.
- Sec. 101111. Agreements with States.
- Sec. 101112. Reemployment trade adjustment assistance program.
- Sec. 101113. Extension of trade adjustment assistance to public agency workers.
- $Sec.\ 101114.\ Definitions.$
- Sec. 101115. Subpoena power.

## Subtitle B—Trade Adjustment Assistance for Firms

- Sec. 101201. Petitions and determinations.
- Sec. 101202. Approval of adjustment proposals.
- Sec. 101203. Technical assistance.
- Sec. 101204. Definitions.
- Sec. 101205. Plan for sustained outreach to potentially-eligible firms.

#### Subtitle C—Trade Adjustment Assistance for Communities and Community Colleges

- $Sec.\ 101301.\ Trade\ adjustment\ assistance\ for \\ communities.$
- Sec. 101302. Trade adjustment assistance for community colleges and career training.

## Subtitle D—Trade Adjustment Assistance for Farmers

Sec. 101401. Definitions.

Sec. 101402. Group eligibility requirements.

Sec. 101403. Benefit information to agricultural commodity producers.

- Sec. 101404. Qualifying requirements and benefits for agricultural commodity producers.
- Subtitle E—Authorizations of Appropriations and Other Matters
- Sec. 101501. Extension of trade adjustment assistance program.
- Sec. 101502. Applicability of trade adjustment assistance provisions.

Subtitle F.—Health Care Tax Credit

Sec. 101601. Permanent credit for health insurance costs.

## TITLE II—IMPROVEMENTS TO TRADE REMEDIES LAWS

Subtitle A—Successive Investigations

- Sec. 102001. Establishment of special rules for determination of material injury in the case of successive anti-dumping and countervailing duty investigations.
- Sec. 102002. Initiation of successive antidumping and countervailing duty investigations.
- Sec. 102003. Issuance of determinations with respect to successive antidumping and countervailing duty investigations.
- Subtitle B—Responding to Market Distortions
- Sec. 102101. Addressing cross-border subsidies in countervailing duty investigations.
- Sec. 102102. Modification of definition of ordinary course of trade to specify that an insufficient quantity of foreign like products constitutes a situation outside the ordinary course of trade.
- Sec. 102103. Modification of adjustments to export price and constructed export price with respect to duty drawback.
- Sec. 102104. Modification of determination of constructed value to include distortions of costs that occur in foreign countries.
- Sec. 102105. Special rules for calculation of cost of production and constructed value to address distorted costs.

Subtitle C—Preventing Circumvention

- Sec. 102201. Modification of requirements in circumvention inquiries.
- Sec. 102202. Requirement of provision by importer of certification by importer or other party.
- Sec. 102203. Clarification of authority for Department of Commerce regarding determinations of class or kind of merchandise.
- Sec. 102204. Asset requirements applicable to nonresident importers.

#### Subtitle D—Countering Currency Undervaluation

- Sec. 102301. Investigation or review of currency undervaluation under countervailing duty law.
- Sec. 102302. Determination of benefit with respect to currency undervaluation.

Subtitle E—Preventing Duty Evasion

- Sec. 102401. Limitation on protest against decisions of U.S. Customs and Border Protection of claims of evasion of antidumping and countervailing duty orders.
- Sec. 102402. Procedures for investigating claims of evasion of safeguard actions.
- Sec. 102403. Application of provisions relating to certain proprietary information.

#### Subtitle F—General Provisions

- Sec. 102501. Application to Canada and Mexico. Sec. 102502. Repeal of the Softwood Lumber Act of 2008.
- Sec. 102503. Repeal of enforcement actions relating to cheese subject to an inquota rate of duty.
- Sec. 102504. Effective date.

## $TITLE\ III$ —IMPORT SECURITY AND FAIRNESS ACT

Sec. 103001. Short title.

- Sec. 103002. Additional exceptions to exemptions for de minimis treatment under the Tariff Act of 1930.
- Sec. 103003. Additional administrative provisions relating to de minimis treatment under the Tariff Act of 1930.

Sec. 103004. Effective date.

#### TITLE IV—NATIONAL CRITICAL CAPABILITIES REVIEWS

- Sec. 104001. National critical capabilities reviews.
- Sec. 105001. Modification and extension of Generalized System of Preferences.
- Sec. 105002. United States International Trade Commission study.
- TITLE VI—REAUTHORIZATION OF THE AMERICAN MANUFACTURING COMPETI-TIVENESS ACT OF 2016 AND OTHER MAT-TERS
- Sec. 106001. Reauthorization of american manufacturing competitiveness act of 2016
- Sec. 106002. Limitation on duty suspensions or reductions for finished goods.
- Sec. 106003. Sense of Congress on United States commitment to the World Trade Organization.
- Sec. 106004. Authority of U.S. Customs and Border Protection to consolidate, modify, or reorganize Customs revenue functions.

#### TITLE VII—TEMPORARY DUTY SUSPENSIONS AND REDUCTIONS

Sec. 107001. Reference.

Subtitle A—New Duty Suspensions and Reductions

- Sec. 107101. Shelled pine nuts.
- Sec. 107102. Licorice extract.
- Sec. 107103. Refined Carrageenan.
- Sec. 107104. Irish dairy chocolate crumb.
- Sec. 107105. Pepperoncini, preserved in vinegar.
  - Sec. 107106. Coconut water in PET bottles.
- $Sec.\ 107107.\ 9,11\mbox{-}Octade cadienoic\ acid.$
- Sec. 107108. Liquid galacto-oligosaccharides. Sec. 107109. Beverage containing coconut water.
- Sec. 107110. Animal feed additive containing guanidinoacetic acid.
- Sec. 107111. Tungsten concentrate.
- Sec. 107112. Piperylene.
- Sec. 107113. Normal paraffin M (alkanes C10-C14).
- Sec. 107114. Neodymium (Nd) metal.
- Sec. 107115. Praseodymium (Pr) metal.
- Sec. 107116. Heavy rare earth metals, dysprosium (Dy) metal and terbium (Tb) metal.
- Sec. 107117. Scandium crystal.
- Sec. 107118. Hexafluorotitanic acid.
- Sec. 107119. Silica gel cat litter with tray.
- Sec. 107120. Dioxosilane spherical particles (mean particle size 0.046-0.054 mm).
- Sec. 107121. Silica gel cat litter.
- Sec. 107122. Sulfuryl dichloride.
- Sec. 107123. FS-10D acicular electroconductive tin oxide.
- Sec. 107124. Certain potassium fluoride.
- Sec. 107125. Other potassium fluoride.
- Sec. 107126. LiPF6.

#### CONGRESSIONAL RECORD—HOUSE

February 2, 2022 CC	ONGRESSIONAL RECORD—HOU	ISE <b>H557</b>
Sec. 107127. LiPO2F2.	Sec. 107203. Permethrin.	Sec. 107282. Stabilizer for plastics and rubber.
Sec. 107128. Ammonium fluoroborate.	Sec. 107204. Sodium benzoate.	Sec. 107283. 2-Amino-5-chloro-N,3-
Sec. 107129. Sodium tetrafluoroborate.	Sec. 107205. Benzoic acid, flake.	dimethylbenzamide.
Sec. 107130. Ferric chloride. Sec. 107131. Ferrous chloride.		Sec. 107284. Glycyl-L-tyrosine dihydrate. Sec. 107285. L-Alanyl-L-tyrosine.
Sec. 107132. Cupric chloride dihydrate.		Sec. 107286. Enzalutamide ITS-2.
Sec. 107133. Copper chloride anhydrous.	Sec. 107209. p-Nitrobenzoic acid.	Sec. 107287. 4-Bromo-2-fluoro-N-
Sec. 107134. Manganese chloride anhydrous.	Sec. 107210. 4-tert Butylbenzoic acid.	methylbenzamide.
Sec. 107135. Manganese chloride tetrahydrate.		Sec. 107288. N-Boc-1-
Sec. 107136. Reducing agent. Sec. 107137. Manganese carbonate.	Sec. 107212. Dimethyl sebacate (DMS). Sec. 107213. Dodecanedioic acid.	aminocyclobutanecarboxylic acid. Sec. 107289. N'-(1,3-dimethylbutylidene)-3-hy-
Sec. 107138. Potassium tetraborate.	Sec. 107214. Polyhydroxystearic acid of low acid	droxy-2-naphthohydrazide (BMH)
Sec. 107139. Potassium pentaborate.	value.	(oil treated).
Sec. 107140. Ammonium thiocyanate.		Sec. 107290. Guanidine sulfamate.
Sec. 107141. Modified amine complex of boron		Sec. 107291. Liquid, blocked cycloaliphatic
trifluoride. Sec. 107142. Trichlorosilane.	Sec. 107217. Tetradecanedioic acid. Sec. 107218. Pentadecanedioic acid.	diamine used as crosslinker for polyisocyanate resins.
Sec. 107143. 1,3-Dichloropropene.		Sec. 107292. 3,4-Difluorobenzonitrile.
Sec. 107144. Hexafluoroisobutylene (HFIB).		Sec. 107293. 2-Amino-5-cyano-N,3-
Sec. 107145. 1,1,1,2,2,3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6-	bonyl)cyclopropanecarboxylate	dimethylbenzamide.
Tridecafluoro-8-iodooctane. Sec. 107146. Ethyl benzyl chloride.		Sec. 107294. TFMPA. Sec. 107295. Dimethyl 2,2'-Azobisisobutyrate.
Sec. 107147. Perfluoroalkyl sulfonate.		Sec. 107293. Dimetry 2,2-Azooisisoouty rate. Sec. 107296. Antioxidant/metal deactivator.
Sec. 107148. D-Mannitol.		Sec. 107297. Benzyl carbazate.
Sec. 107149. 3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,8,8,8-		Sec. 107298. Benzene-1,3-dicarbohydrazide.
Tridecafluorooctan-1-ol. Sec. 107150. Phenyl isopropanol.	tricarboxylate. Sec. 107225. Diisostearyl malate.	Sec. 107299. Input for resins, coatings, and
Sec. 107150. Phenyi isopropanoi. Sec. 107151. Hydroxytyrosol.	9	other products. Sec. 107300. Aldicarb.
Sec. 107152. 1,6-Dihydroxynaphthalene.		Sec. 107300. Atalcaro. Sec. 107301. Flubendiamide.
Sec. 107153. Antioxidant for plastics and rub-		Sec. 107302. Benzobicyclon.
ber.		Sec. 107303. Diphenylsulfone (DPS).
Sec. 107154. Toluhydroquinone (THQ). Sec. 107155. 1,1,1-Tris(4-hydroxyphenyl)ethane.		Sec. 107304. Phenolic antioxidant.
Sec. 107155. 1,1,1-1718(4-ngaroxyphenyt)ethane. Sec. 107156. mPEG6-mesylate.	Sec. 107231. 2-(2,4-Dictiorophenoxy)acetic acid. Sec. 107232. Diglycolic acid 98%.	Sec. 107305. Phenolic antioxidant and heat stabilizer.
Sec. 107157. Monoethylene glycol dimethyl		Sec. 107306. Phenylchlorothioformate (PTCFM).
ether.	Sec. 107234. Trimethylphosphite.	Sec. 107307. Methylene bis thiocyanate.
Sec. 107158. Diethylene glycol dimethyl ether.		Sec. 107308. Oxamyl.
Sec. 107159. Diethylene glycol dibutyl ether. Sec. 107160. Tetraethylene glycol dimethyl		Sec. 107309. L-Cystine. Sec. 107310. L-Cysteine.
ether.		Sec. 107310. L-Cysteine. Sec. 107311. N,N'-Bis-L-alanyl-L-cystine.
Sec. 107161. Glycol diether.		Sec. 107312. Lubricant additive.
Sec. 107162. Diglycidyl resorcinol ether.		Sec. 107313. Sodium benzenesulfinate.
Sec. 107163. Allyl glycidyl ether.	Sec. 107240. Dicetyl peroxydicarbonate. Sec. 107241. Tetraethyl silicate.	Sec. 107314. Thio-ether based co-stabilizer for
Sec. 107164. Vinylcyclohexane monoxide. Sec. 107165. Technical grade of butyl glycidyl		plastics. Sec. 107315. L-Cysteine hydrate hydrochloride.
ether.		Sec. 107316. Dimercaprol.
Sec. 107166. Aliphatic glycidyl ether.		Sec. 107317. Monoammonium salt of glyphosate.
Sec. 107167. Diglycidyl ether of 1,4-butanediol.		Sec. 107318. THPC.
Sec. 107168. Technical grade of the glycidyl ether of cyclohexane dimethanol.		Sec. 107319. Flame retardant for textiles. Sec. 107320. Glyphosate.
Sec. 107169. Glycidyl ester of neodecanoic acid.		Sec. 107320. Gigphosate. Sec. 107321. Ethephon.
Sec. 107170. Cumaldehyde.		Sec. 107322. Benzene phosphinic acid.
Sec. 107171. Cyprinal.		Sec. 107323. HEDP.
Sec. 107172. Sodium o-formylbenzenesulfonate. Sec. 107173. Acetylacetone.		Sec. 107324. Trimethylchlorosilane. Sec. 107325. Chloro-(chloromethyl)-
Sec. 107173. Acetyl acetylucetone. Sec. 107174. Acetyl propionyl.	Sec. 107251. Dictorun. Sec. 107252. N,N-Dimethyl-p-toluidine.	dimethylsilane.
Sec. 107175. Alpha ionone.		Sec. 107326. Silicone for electronics cleaners.
Sec. 107176. 2,3,4,5 Tetramethylcyclopent-2-		Sec. 107327. Silicon carrier fluid for active lo-
enone.	Sec. 107255. Diphenyl diphenylene diamine.	tions, creams.
Sec. 107177. Menthone. Sec. 107178. L-Carvone.		Sec. 107328. Vinyltrimethoxysilane. Sec. 107329. n-Octyltriethoxysilane.
Sec. 107179. Benzoin.		Sec. 107320. h-Octytthetholyshane. Sec. 107330. Dimethylbis(s-butylamino)silane.
Sec. 107180. Methyl cyclopentenolone.	Sec. 107259. p-Cresidine.	Sec. 107331. Aqueous solution of potassium
Sec. 107181. 2,4-Dihydroxy-1,5-	Sec. 107260. Iminodiacetic acid.	methyl siliconate.
dibenzoylbenzene. Sec. 107182. Difluorobenzophenone (DFBP).		Sec. 107332. Octyltrimethoxysilane. Sec. 107333. Octlytriethoxysilane.
Sec. 107183. PTMI.		Sec. 107334. Methyltris(sec-butylamino)silane.
Sec. 107184. Metrafenone.	Sec. 107264. Iron glycinate complex.	Sec. 107335. Methyltris (methylethy-
Sec. 107185. Hexachloroacetone.	Sec. 107265. Copper glycinate complex.	lketoximino)silane (MOS).
Sec. 107186. Fire suppression agent. Sec. 107187. D(+)-10-Camphor sulfonic acid.		Sec. 107336. Heptamethyltrisiloxane.
Sec. 107188. Benzyl acetate.	0 00 1	Sec. 107337. Tetramethyldisiloxane. Sec. 107338. Dimethylchlorosilane.
Sec. 107189. Propylene glycol diacetate.		Sec. 107339. Dichloromethylsilane.
Sec. 107190. Isopropenyl acetate.		Sec. 107340. Tris(TFP)-methylcyclo-trisiloxane
Sec. 107191. Diacetin.	ammonium fluoride.	DR.
Sec. 107192. Cocoamine. Sec. 107193. Caprylic acid 98%.	Sec. 107271. Betaine. Sec. 107272. Prolonium chloride in aqueous so-	Sec. 107341. Tetravinyltetramethyl cyclotetrasiloxane.
Sec. 107193. Caprytic acta 96%. Sec. 107194. Fine zinc myristate powder.		Sec. 107342. Divinyltetramethyldisiloxane.
Sec. 107195. Fine magnesium myristate powder.	Sec. 107273. N,N-Dimethylacetamide.	Sec. 107343. Input for plant protection agent.
Sec. 107196. Dipentaerythrityl	Sec. 107274. N,N-Dimethylformamide.	Sec. 107344. Strawberry furanone.
hexahydroxystearate/		Sec. 107345. Emamectin benzoate.
hexastearate/hexarosinate. Sec. 107197. Polyglyceryl-2 triisostearate.		Sec. 107346. Gibberellic acid. Sec. 107347. Rose oxide.
Sec. 107198. Neopentyl glycol diethylhexanoate.		Sec. 107347. Hose datae. Sec. 107348. Vinylene carbonate.
Sec. 107199. Isononyl isononate.	Sec. 107278. Glycyl-L-glutamine hydrate.	Sec. 107349. Kasugamycin technical.
Sec. 107200. Acetyl chloride.		Sec. 107350. 2H-Cyclododeca[b]pyran.
Sec. 107201. Potassium sorbate. Sec. 107202. Vinyl chloroformate.		Sec. 107351. Bixafen. Sec. 107352. Fluxapyroxad.
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Sec. 107353. 3,5 Dimethylpyrazole.
                                                    Sec. 107429. Disperse Blue 54.
                                                                                                         Sec. 107511. Pigment Orange 64.
                                                    Sec. 107430. Mixtures of several disperse dyes.
                                                                                                         Sec. 107512. Pigment Blue 29.
Sec. 107513. Pigment Violet 15.
Sec. 107354. Pyraclonil.
Sec. 107355. Imidazolidinyl urea.
                                                    Sec. 107431. Mixtures of 4 disperse blue dyes.
                                                                                                         Sec. 107514. Pigment Blue 14.
Sec. 107356. Allantoin.
                                                    Sec. 107432. Mixtures of 4 dyes.
Sec. 107357. Emulsifiable
                                                                                                         Sec. 107515. Solvent Blue 97.
                              concentrate
                                                    Sec. 107433. Disperse Red 86.
                                                                                                         Sec. 107516. Solvent Green 5.
              Imazalil fungicide.
                                                    Sec. 107434. Disperse Violet 1.
Sec. 107358. Technical cyazofamid fungicide.
Sec. 107359. Imazalil sulfate.
                                                                                                         Sec. 107517. Solvent Yellow 98.
                                                    Sec. 107435. Disperse Blue 60.
                                                                                                         Sec. 107518. Solvent Green 7.
                                                    Sec. 107436. Mixtures of Disperse Orange 29,
Sec. 107360. 1,2-Dimethylimidazole.
                                                                                                         Sec. 107519. Solvent Red 195.
                                                                   Disperse Red 167:1, and Disperse
Sec. 107361. 2-Methylimidazole flakes.
                                                                                                         Sec. 107520. Solvent Orange 115.
                                                                   Blue 56.
Sec. 107362. Diazolidinyl urea.
                                                                                                         Sec. 107521. Specialty dyes.
                                                    Sec. 107437. Disperse Yellow 54.
Sec. 107363. 1-(2-Aminoethyl)imidazolidin-2-one
                                                                                                         Sec. 107522. Solvent Green 3.
                                                    Sec. 107438. Acid Violet 48.
                                                                                                         Sec. 107523. Solvent Blue 36.
              (AEEU).
                                                    Sec. 107439. Acid Blue 280.
Sec. 107364. Zinc pyrithione.
                                                                                                         Sec. 107524. Mixtures of Solvent Green 3.
                                                    Sec. 107440. Acid Brown 282.
Sec. 107365. Technical Pyriofenone fungicide.
                                                                                                         Sec. 107525. Solvent Red 52.
                                                    Sec. 107441. Acid Red 131.
Sec. 107366. Picoxystrobin.
                                                                                                         Sec. 107526. Solvent Red 149.
                                                    Sec. 107442. Acid Red 249.
                                                                                                         Sec. 107527. Solvent Red 207.
Sec. 107367. Triclopyr BEE.
                                                    Sec. 107443. Acid Yellow 236.
Sec. 107368. Imazapyr.
                                                                                                         Sec. 107528. Solvent Violet 14.
                                                    Sec. 107444. Acid Red 407.
Sec. 107369. Tetraniliprole.
                                                                                                         Sec. 107529. Solvent Yellow 179.
                                                    Sec. 107445. Acid Yellow 220.
Sec. 107370. Cyantraniliprole.
                                                                                                         Sec. 107530. Solvent Yellow 131.
                                                    Sec. 107446. Acid Yellow 232.
Sec. 107371. Chlorantraniliprole.
                                                                                                         Sec. 107531. Hogen Blue XB-20.
                                                    Sec. 107447. Acid Yellow 235.
Sec. 107372. Chlorpyrifos.
                                                    Sec. 107448. Acid Yellow 151.
Sec. 107449. Acid Violet 43.
                                                                                                         Sec. 107532. Solvent Yellow 104.
Sec. 107373. Technical Cyclaniliprole insecti-
                                                                                                         Sec. 107533. Combination
                                                                                                                                               Fluorescent
                                                                                                                                        of
              cide.
                                                                                                                        Brighteners 367 and 371.
                                                    Sec. 107450. Acid Black 52.
Sec. 107374. Regorafenib.
                                                                                                         Sec. 107534. Fluorescent Brightener CBS-X.
                                                    Sec. 107451. Acid Black 2.
Sec. 107375. N-Butyl-TAD.
                                                                                                         Sec. 107535. Optical Brightener SWN.
                                                    Sec. 107452. Acid Green 25.
                                                                                                         Sec. 107536. C.I. Fluorescent Brightener 199:1.
Sec. 107376. Hindered amine light stabilizer and
                                                    Sec. 107453. Basic Brown 23.
                                                                                                         Sec. 107537. Fluorescent Brightener 368.
              phenolic antioxidant.
                                                    Sec. 107454. Basic Violet 11:1 rhodamine dye.
Sec. 107377. 4-Hydroxy-TEMPO.
                                                                                                         Sec.\ 107538.\ 1, 4-B is (2-cyanostyryl) benzene.
                                                    Sec. 107455. Basic Yellow 37.
                                                                                                         Sec. 107539. Certain manufacturing inputs.
Sec. 107378. 2,2,6,6-tetramethylpiperidin-4-ol
                                                    Sec. 107456. Basic Violet 3.
                                                                                                         Sec. 107540. Cerium sulfide pigments.
Sec. 107541. Matte pearlescent pigments.
              (TMP).
                                                    Sec. 107457. Direct Orange 118.
Sec. 107379. 5-Bromo-2-(3-chloropyridin-2-
                                                    Sec. 107458. Direct Blue 86.
                                                                                                         Sec. 107542. Angle-dependent interference pig-
              yl)pyrazole-3-carboxylic\ acid.
                                                    Sec. 107459. Direct Blue 199.
                                                                                                                        ments.
Sec. 107380. 2-Chloro-5-
                                                    Sec. 107460. Direct Black 168.
                                                                                                         Sec. 107543. Inorganic Lumilux.
              (trifluoromethyl) pyridine. \\
                                                    Sec. 107461. Direct Red 227.
                                                                                                         Sec. 107544. Ribbon/Matrix Resin.
Sec. 107381. Picarbutrox.
Sec. 107382. 5-amino-3-(trifluromethyl)
                                                    Sec. 107462. Direct Yellow 107.
                                                                                                         Sec. 107545. Bonding agent 2005.
                                                    Sec. 107463. Direct Green 26.
                                                                                                         Sec. 107546. Fluoropolymer resin.
              picolinonitrile (T3630).
                                                    Sec. 107464. Direct Yellow 11.
                                                                                                         Sec. 107547. Zirconium 12 paint drier.
Sec. 107383. Dextromethorphan hydrobromide.
                                                    Sec. 107465. Direct Orange 15.
                                                                                                         Sec. 107548. Zirconium 24 paint drier.
Sec. 107384. Ipflufenoquin.
                                                    Sec. 107466. Direct Brown 44.
                                                                                                         Sec. 107549. Drier accelerators.
Sec. 107385, THQ.
                                                    Sec. 107467. Direct Red 81.
                                                                                                         Sec. 107550. Lemon oil.
Sec. 107386. Pyrithiobac sodium.
                                                    Sec. 107468. Direct Yellow 142.
                                                                                                         Sec. 107551. Sulfonic acids, C14-17-sec-alkane,
Sec. 107387. Larotrectinib sulfate.
                                                    Sec. 107469. Direct Red 80.
Sec. 107388. Ibrutinib.
                                                                                                                        sodium\ salt.
                                                    Sec. 107470. Direct Red 16.
Sec. 107389. Orthosulfamuron.
                                                                                                         Sec. 107552. Potassium ethyl octylphosphonate.
                                                    Sec. 107471. Direct Red 254.
Sec. 107390. 5-Bromopyrimidine.
                                                                                                         Sec. 107553. Intermediate in the production of
                                                    Sec. 107472. Colorant.
                                                                                                                        industrial lubricants.
Sec. 107391. Butylthion.
                                                    Sec. 107473. Direct Yellow 34.
Sec. 107392. P-1062.
                                                                                                         Sec. 107554. Polyether dispersant.
                                                    Sec. 107474. Vat Orange 2 dye powder.
                                                                                                         Sec. 107555. D-Glucopyranose.
Sec. 107393. Carfentrazone Technical.
                                                    Sec. 107475. Vat Violet 13 dye.
                                                                                                         Sec. 107556. 2-Dodecoxy-6-
Sec. 107394. UV absorber 928.
                                                    Sec. 107476. Vat Brown 3 dye.
Sec. 107395. UV absorber for industrial coat-
                                                                                                                        (hydroxymethyl)oxane-3,4,5-triol.
                                                    Sec. 107477. Vat Red 10 dye powder.
                                                                                                         Sec. 107557. Mixtures of certain C12–14-alkyl
              ings.
                                                    Sec. 107478. Vat Brown 57 dye.
Sec. 107396. Uniconazole-P.
                                                                                                                        ethers.
                                                    Sec. 107479. Vat Red 31 dye powder.
                                                                                                         Sec. 107558. Manufacturing chemical.
Sec. 107559. Nonionic surfactant.
Sec. 107397. VcMMAE.
                                                    Sec. 107480. Dye mixtures of Vat Brown 3 and
Sec. 107398. UVA 360.
                                                                   Vat. Black 27
Sec. 107399. Trofinetide.
                                                                                                         Sec. 107560. Chemical used in textile manufac-
                                                    Sec. 107481. Vat Red 13.
Sec. 107400. Flurazole.
                                                                                                                        turing.
                                                    Sec. 107482. Vat Yellow 2 dye powder.
                                                                                                         Sec. 107561. Ethoxylated tristyrylphenol phos-
Sec. 107401. Oxathiapiprolin.
                                                    Sec. 107483. Vat Yellow 33 dye.
Sec. 107402. Certain antimicrobial.
                                                                                                                        phate\ potassium\ salt.
                                                    Sec. 107484. Vat Green 1 dye.
                                                                                                         Sec. 107562. Sodium polycarboxylate, aqueous
Sec. 107403. Rubber accelerator.
                                                    Sec. 107485. Vat Green 3.
Sec. 107404. 2-Amino benzothiazole.
                                                                                                                        solution.
                                                    Sec. 107486. Vat Blue 6 due.
                                                                                                         Sec. 107563. Aqueous emulsion of a mixture of
Sec. 107405. Technical Isofetamid fungicide.
                                                    Sec. 107487. Vat Blue 20 dye.
Sec. 107406. Clomazone Technical.
                                                                                                                        amine soaps and miscellaneous
                                                    Sec. 107488. Vat Violet 1.
Sec. 107407. NEM salt.
Sec. 107408. AMTC wet cake.
Sec. 107409. Photoinitiator 369.
                                                                                                                        other additives.
                                                    Sec. 107489. Vat Brown 1 dye.
                                                                                                         Sec. 107564. Aqueous dispersion of a mixture of
                                                    Sec. 107490. Vat Black 16 dye.
                                                                                                                        fatty amine and amide soaps and
                                                    Sec. 107491. Vat Black 25.
Sec. 107410. Isatoic anhydride.
                                                                                                                        miscellaneous other additives.
                                                    Sec. 107492. Vat Black 27.
Sec. 107411. Oclacitinib maleate.
                                                                                                         Sec. 107565. Aqueous dispersion of a mixture of
                                                    Sec. 107493. Reactive Yellow 145.
Sec. 107412. Thiencarbazone-methyl.
                                                                                                                        fatty amine and amide soaps and
                                                    Sec. 107494. Reactive Red 195.
Sec. 107413. Penoxsulam technical herbicide.
                                                                                                                        miscellaneous\ other\ additives.
                                                    Sec. 107495. Reactive Blue 49.
Sec. 107414. Ethyl 2-sulfamoylbenzoate.
                                                                                                         Sec. 107566. Photographic gelatin.
                                                    Sec. 107496. Reactive Blue 72.
Sec. 107415. Sulfosulfuron.
                                                                                                         Sec. 107567. Ice fountains (class 1.4G).
                                                    Sec. 107497. Reactive Yellow 95 powder.
Sec. 107416. Pyrimisulfan.
                                                                                                         Sec. 107568. Magic candles containing magne-
                                                    Sec. 107498. Reactive Red 245.
Sec. 107417. Purified
                          steviol
                                       glycoside,
                                                                                                                        sium powder.
              rebaudioside A.
                                                    Sec. 107499. Reactive Brown 11.
                                                                                                         Sec. 107569. Party snappers (Class 1.4G).
Sec. 107418. Glucosylated steviol glycosides.
                                                    Sec. 107500. Mixtures of Reactive Black 5 (Na)
                                                                                                         Sec. 107570. Fenpyroximate 5SC.
                                                                                                         Sec. 107571. Pyrifluquinazon 20SC.
Sec. 107419. Hydroxypropyl
                                          aamma
                                                                   (FKP), Reactive Scarlet F01-0439,
              cyclodextrin.
                                                                   and Reactive Orange 131.
                                                                                                         Sec. 107572. Imidacloprid and Muscalure formu-
Sec. 107420. Hydroxypropylated
                                                    Sec. 107501. Reactive Yellow F98-0159.
                                             heta.
                                                                                                                        lations
              cyclodextrin.
                                                    Sec. 107502. Dye mixtures of Reactive Orange
                                                                                                         Sec. 107573. Formulations of acephate and
                                                                   131 and Reactive Scarlet F07-0522.
Sec. 107421. Methyl beta cyclodextrin.
                                                                                                                        bifenthrin.
Sec. 107422. 2'-Fucosyllactose.
                                                    Sec. 107503. Reactive Black 31.
                                                                                                         Sec. 107574. Fipronil.
Sec. 107423. Ascorbyl glucoside.
                                                    Sec. 107504. Reactive Red 120.
                                                                                                         Sec. 107575. Aluminum phosphide.
Sec. 107424. Dimethylamine borane (DMAB).
                                                    Sec. 107505. Reactive Blue 5.
                                                                                                         Sec. 107576. Magnaphos formulations.
                                                    Sec. 107506. Reactive Orange 13.
                                                                                                         Sec. 107577. Formulated oxamyl.
Sec. 107425. Elderberry extract concentrate.
Sec. 107426. Disperse Yellow 241.
                                                    Sec. 107507. Reactive Orange 12.
                                                                                                         Sec. 107578. Formulated fungicides.
Sec. 107427. Disperse Orange.
Sec. 107428. Mixtures of Disperse
                                                    Sec. 107508. Pigment Red 177.
                                                                                                         Sec. 107579. Certain fungicides.
                                                    Sec. 107509. Pigment Yellow 110.
                                                                                                         Sec. 107580. Prothioconazole, Fluopyram, and
                                           Yellow
              FD11843 and acetic acid.
                                                    Sec. 107510. Pigment Yellow 147.
                                                                                                                        Trifloxystrobin fungicides.
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rec	n aar	y 2, 2022 CO	INO.	KESS	IONAL RECORD—HOC			11000
		Prothioconazole, Metalaxyl, and Tebuconazole fungicides.	Sec.	107630.	Aromatic amine antioxidants. Antioxidant blends.			Copolymer of vinyl acetate and higher vinyl esters.
		Mancozeb and Chlorothalonil for- mulations. Mixtures of Picarbutrox and appli-			Antioxidant blends to protect polymers.  Synthetic hydrotalcite coated with			Food-grade vinyl acetate copoly- mer. Vinyl chloride ethylene with en-
		cation adjuvants.  Mixtures of Tetraconazole and ap-	sec.	107032.	fatty acid and magnesium stea- rate.			hanced properties.  Vinyl acetate ethylene copolymer
		plication adjuvants.  Mancozeb and Azoxystrobin formu-	Sec.	107633.	Silica scorch retarders and polymerization inhibitors.			with enhanced properties. Food-grade polyvinyl acetate
Sec.	107586.	lations. Mixtures of Cymoxanil and fumed			Synthetic hydrotalcite. Light stabilizers for construction			homopolymers. Acrylic acid/vinylsulphonate ran-
		dioxosilane.  Microthiol formulations.  Formulations of thiencarbazone-			products. Light stabilizer for plastics.	Sec.	107691.	dom copolymers. Poly(methyl methacrylate) micro-
sec.	107300.	methyl, Iodosulfuron-methyl-so- dium, and dicamba.	Sec.	107637.	Preparations of bis(2,4–dichlorobenzoyl) peroxide 50 per-	Sec.	107692.	spheres. Methyl methacrylate crosspolymer
Sec.	107589.	Thiencarbazone-methyl, Isoxadifenethyl, and Tembotrione			cent paste.  Distilled tall oils.	Sec.	107693.	microspheres. Styrene acrylate copolymer with enhanced properties.
		herbicides.			Pyridine, alkyl derivatives. Polyisocyanate crosslinking agents.	Sec.	107694.	Copolymer for dental use.
		Herbicides used on grasses. Thiencarbazone-methyl,	Sec.	107641.	Bonding agent mixtures.	Sec.	107695.	Vinyl phosphonic acid, acrylic acid
sec.	107591.	Intercarbazone-metryt, Isoxaflutole, and Cyprosulfamide herbicides.			Liquid, chemically modified amine complex of boron trifluoride.	~	105000	copolymer, 20 percent solution in water.
Sec.	107592.	Thiencarbazone-methyl and			Phthalocyanine derivative.	Sec.	107696. 107697	Polyacrylate 33. AA/AMPS copolymer.
		Iodosulfuron-methylsodium herbi-	sec.	107044.	Mixtures of Cocamidopropyl beta- ine, glycol distearate, Laureth-4,			Flocculant dry polyacrylamides.
Coo	107502	cides.			and water.	Sec.	107699.	Sorbitol, propylene oxide, ethylene
sec.	107595.	Thiencarbazone-methyl and Mefenpyr-diethyl herbicides.	Sec.	107645.	Mixtures of tall oil mono-, di-, and	Soo	107700	oxide polymer. Trimethoxysilylpropylcarbamate-
Sec.	107594.	Thisensulfuron-methyl and Tribenuron-methyl formulations.			triglycerides. Tallow-bis(2-hydroxyethyl) amines.			terminated polyether.
		Tribenuron-methyl formulations.	Sec.	107647.	Additive mixtures for metalworking fluids.	sec.	107701.	Dimethox-
Sec.	107596.	Chlorsulfuron and metsulfuron-	Sec.	107648.	Naphthenic acids.			y(methyl)silylmethylcarbamate-
Sec.	107597.	methyl formulations. Thifensulfuron-methyl and	Sec.	107649.	Hydroxytyrosol powders.	Soo	107702	terminated polyether. Curing agent is used in two- or
G	107500	Fluroxypyr formulations.			Secondary alcohol ethoxylates. Ethylene glycol dimerate.	sec.	101102.	three-parts epoxy systems.
		Aciflurofen formulations. S-Metolachlor and Mestrione herbi-			Two-part liquid silicone kits.			Polyethylene glycol 450.
		cides.			Hydrophobic precipitated silica.	Sec.	107704.	Medicinal intermediate for investigational use.
		Metribuzin formulations. Pendimethaline and Metribuzine			Silane, trimethoxyoctyl-, hydrolysis products.	Sec.	107705.	Aqueous solutions of carboxylic acid-copolymer-salt in water.
Sec.	107602.	formulations. Formulations of S-Metolachlor and	Sec.	107655.	1,1,1-Trimethyl-N- (trimethylsilyl)silanamine hydrol-	Sec.	107706.	Aqueous solutions of a modified polymer bearing hydrophilic and
Sec.	107603.	Metribuzin. Thifensulfuron-methyl and			ysis products. Waterborne epoxy curing agents.	Sec	107707	hydrophobic groups.  Dimethylamine/epichlorohydrin/
Sec	107604	Tribenuron-methyl formulations.  Metsulfuron-methyl formulations.	Sec.	107657.	Preparations based on 1-phenylicosane-1,3-dione.	DCC.	101101.	ethylenediamine copolymer.
		Chlorimuron-ethyl formulations.	Sec.	107658.	Mixtures of 2-Mercaptopropionic	Sec.	107708.	Linear hydroxyl-terminated ali-
Sec.	107606.	Mixtures of Bromoxynil octanoate			acid, methyl ester, O-ethyl	Sec.	107709.	phatic polycarb diol. Short hollow PET fibers.
Sec.	107607.	and Bromoxynil heptanoate. Sulfometuron-methyl and			dithiocarbonate. Epoxy curing agents.	Sec.	107710.	Polytetrahydrofuran. Crystalline polyesters.
Sec.	107608.	Metsulfuron-methyl formulations. Chlorimuron-ethyl and Tribenuron-			Aliphatic amine curing agents. Non-halogenated flame retardants.	Sec.	107712.	Liquid crystal polymers.
		methyl formulations.			Ligaphob N 90.			Branched polyesters. High molecular weight co-polyester.
Sec.	107609.	Formulations containing Tiafenacil.			Organomodified siloxane.			High molecular weight co-polyester.
		Diuron 80.	sec.	107004.	Methyl palmitate-stearate, hydrogenated.			Polyester-polyamide dispersants.
		Flazasulfuron herbicides.	Sec.	107665.	Olfine E1010.			Nylon-12 micro-spheres. Short nylon-66 fibers.
sec.	107012.	Thifensulfuron-methyl formula- tions.	Sec.	107666.	Certain non-halogenated flame			Short nylon 6 fibers, colored.
		Herbicide for farm and ranch use.	Sec	107667	retardants. Flame retardants.			Short triangular nylon 6 fibers.
		Propanil formulations.			Preparations based on acetyl			Short star-shaped nylon 6 fibers. Short heart-shaped nylon 6 fibers.
		Thifensulfuron formulations. Tolpyralate and Nicosulfuron her-			hexapeptide-8 and pentapeptide-			PA510 polymer compounds.
		bicides.	Sec	107669	18. Lithium silicon oxide.			MXD6 polymer compounds.
Sec.	107617.	Mixtures of magnesium salts and application adjuvants.			Branched olefin from propylene po-			PA10T polymer compounds. PA10T/10I polymer compounds.
Sec.	107618.	Nisin formulations.	~	405054	lymerization.			Polyurethane aqueous resins.
		Certain fixatives.			Propuler a athular a conclumar			Aqueous resin.
Sec.	107620.	Fuel oil additives: cold flow im- provers containing poly(ethylene-			Propylene-ethylene copolymer. Ethylene-propylene copolymers.			Aliphatic polyisocyanate.  IPDI and HDI based aliphatic
		co-ethenyl acetate).			Benzene alkylated with poly-	Sec.	107700.	polyisocyanate.
Sec.	107621.	Fuel oil additives: cold flow improvers containing fumarate vinyl	Sec.	107675.	propylene. Chlorinated polyolefin.	Sec.	107731.	HDI/Trimethylol hexyllactone crosspolymer micro-spheres.
		acetate co-polymer.	Sec.	107676.	Adsorbent resin.	Sec.	107732.	HDI/PPG/Polycaprolactone
Sec.	107622.	Crude oil additives: cold flow im-	Sec.	107677.	Vinyl chloride-hydroxypropyl acry- late copolymer.	~	107700	crosspolymer micro-spheres.
		provers containing fumarate vinyl acetate copolymer.	Sec.	107678.	Vinyl chloride ethylene copolymer			Aromatic isocyanate prepolymer. Blocked polyisocyanate containing
		Pour point depressants. Fuel oil additives: cold flow im-	Sec.	107679.	with hydrophic properties. Fluids with boiling points above 170	Sec.	107735.	solvent. Polyisocyanate adduct for powder
		provers containing poly (ethylene- co-ethenyl acetate and vinyl 2-	Sec.	107680.	°C. Formulations of functionalized	Sec.	107736.	coatings. Blocked polyisocyanate for use in
Sec.	107625.	ethyl hexanoate). Poly(isobutylene) hydroformylation	Sec.	107681.	perfluoropolyether. Perfluoropolyether-urethane acry-			can and coil applications. Polydimethylsiloxane.
		products. Input for rubber products.	Sec.	107682.				Silicone resins.  Methoxyfunctional methyl-phenyl
		Mixtures of oligomers as general antioxidants for rubber tires.			copolymer mixtures. Chemically modified PVDF.			polysiloxane. Hydrogenpolysiloxane.
Sec.	107628.	Benzene, 2,4-diisocyanato-1,3,5- tris(1-methylethyl)-,	Sec.	107684.	Fluoropolymer, fluoroethylene- alkyl vinylether alternative co-		107741. 107742.	Methyl silicone resins. Epoxy functional
		homopolymer.			polymers.	sec.	101144.	polydimethylsiloxane.

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		Polymethylhydrogensiloxane.			Polycarbonate vanity cases. Aluminum vanity cases.	Sec.	107858.	Flame retardant rayon fibers,
		Vinyl terminated siloxanes. Silicone hybrid resin (solvent free).			Suitcases with outer surface of alu-	Sec.	107859.	measuring 4.55 decitex. Flame retardant rayon fibers,
		Hydrogenated polycyclopentadiene	~	107010	minum with built-in zipper locks.			measuring 4.4 decitex.
Sec	107747.	resin. Water dispersable HDI based	Sec.	107812.	Laminated recycled reusable shop- ping tote bags.			Other flame retardant rayon fibers. Cellulosic man-made viscose rayon
DEC.	101111.	polyisocyanate.	Sec.	107813.	Reusable shopping style tote bags.	DCC.	107001.	staple fibers, measuring 1.3–1.5
Sec.	107748.	Cyanate ester resins for high-end			Waterproof tote bags.			decitex.
		electronic, aerospace, and industrial applications.			Waterproof duffle bags. Waterproof zippered bags, without	Sec.	107862.	Viscose rayon staple fibers, meas- uring 1.5–1.67 decitex, with a fiber
Sec.	107749.	Polyethyleneimine, component used	200.	10.010.	handles, of plastic sheeting.			length of 38–42 mm.
		in manufacturing medical devices.			Waterproof backpacks.	Sec.	107863.	Cellulosic man-made viscose rayon
		Polyhexanide. Ethylene-norbornene copolymer.	Sec.	107818.	Waterproof waist packs. Guitar cases.			staple fibers, measuring 1.67–2 decitex.
		Cellulose powder.	Sec.	107820.	Jewelry boxes.	Sec.	107864.	Viscose rayon staple fibers, meas-
Sec.	107753.	Polymal totriose.	Sec.	107821.	Silicone rubber camera cases with			uring 1–2 decitex, with a fiber
		Chitosan. Plastic drinking straws.	Sec.	107822.	straps. Leather gloves with flip mitts for	Saa	107965	length of 4–8 mm. Viscose staple fibers used in textile,
		Garden hoses.			hunting.	sec.	107005.	medical, or hygiene applications.
		Plastic fittings of perfluoroalkoxy.	Sec.	107823.	Men's leather gloves valued at \$18 or more per pair.	Sec.	107866.	Viscose rayon staple fibers, meas-
Sec.	107758.	Low density polyethylene (LDPE) sheeting.	Sec.	107824.	Belts of calf skin.			uring 1.51–2 decitex, with a fiber length of 8–16 mm.
Sec.	107759.	Biaxially oriented dielectric poly-	Sec.	107825.	Bamboo engineered flooring: 12.5-	Sec.	107867.	Viscose rayon staple fibers, meas-
~	405500	propylene film.	Sec	107826	12.9 mm thick. Bamboo engineered flooring: 14.1-			uring 1–1.5 decitex, with a fiber
Sec.	107760.	Biaxially oriented polypropylene (BOPP) capacitor-grade film.			14.5 mm thick.	Sec	107868	length of 8–16 mm. Flame retardant viscose rayon sta-
Sec.	107761.	Polyester capacitor-grade film.	Sec.	107827.	Bamboo engineered flooring: 15.7-	Sec.	107000.	ple fibers, with a decitex of 4.7 mm
		Acid form membranes.	Sec.	107828.	16.1 mm thick. Strand bamboo flooring: 12.5–12.9	G	107000	and a fiber length of 51–60 mm.
		Melamine resin foam. Infant bathtubs and basins, of			mm thick.	Sec.	107869.	Viscose rayon staple fibers for nonwoven production.
500.	107701.	plastics.	Sec.	107829.	Strand bamboo flooring: 14.1–14.5	Sec.	107870.	Black viscose rayon staple fibers.
Sec.	107765.	Boxes, cases, crates, and similar ar-	Sec.	107830.	mm thick. Strand bamboo flooring: 10.9–11.3	Sec.	107871.	Acrylic or modacrylic staple fibers
Sec	107766	ticles of plastics. Nozzles, black, of polypropylene.			mm thick.	Sec.	107872.	with a decitex of 3–5.6. Made up hand-cast string-drawn
		Tip/cap combinations of poly-			Chopsticks made of bamboo.  Drying racks of wood.			fishing nets.
G	107760	ethylene.			Bamboo skewers.	Sec.	107873.	Knitted carpets containing 75 percent or more of cotton, with a
		Bottles made of LDPE. Plastic nasal irrigator caps for neti			Wood blinds with louvered slats.			rubber backing.
		pots.	sec.	107033.	100 percent cotton woven crimped unbleached fabric.	Sec.	107874.	Knitted carpets containing 75 per-
		Toy character bottle toppers.  Melamine platters, other than those	Sec.	107836.	Woven fabrics of cotton, containing			cent or more by weight of poly- ester, with a rubber backing.
BEC.	101111.	presented in sets.			85 percent or more by weight of	Sec.	107875.	Faux leather fabrics.
Sec.	107772.	Melamine plates, other than those			cotton, not more than 200 grams per square meter.			Grass catcher bags.
Sec	107773	presented in sets.  Melamine bowls not presented in	Sec.	107837.	100 percent cotton woven bleached	Sec.	107877.	Oxygenation membrane capillary material.
BEC.	107773.	sets.	Sec	107838	fabric pieces, open weave.  Incontinence underpad fabrics of	Sec.	107878.	Textile knitted fabrics composed of
Sec.	107774.	Melamine trays not presented in	Bec.	107050.	cotton.	G	107070	micromodal and elastane.
Sec	107775	sets. Plastic measuring cups and spoons	Sec.	107839.	Woven fabrics of cotton with an av-	sec.	107879.	Textile technical knitted fabrics combining technical cotton and
DEC.	101115.	in sets.			erage yarn number between 55 and 60.			elastane.
		Liquid measuring cups.	Sec.	107840.	Woven fabric of cotton of yarn	Sec.	107880.	Textile knit fabrics of modal, cash-
		Self-anchoring beverage containers.  PVC infant bathtub mats.	Coo	107041	number 69 or higher.	Sec.	107881.	mere, and spandex. Women's and girls' dresses, knitted
		Reversible playmats.	sec.	107041.	Woven fabrics of cotton with an average yarn number exceeding 68.			or crocheted, of synthetic fibers
		Hangers.	Sec.	107842.	Incontinence underpad fabrics, cot-	Can	107000	infused with minerals.
		Infant bath rinsing cups. Bathtub spout covers.			ton, plain weave, of yarn number 42 or lower.	sec.	107002.	Women's and girls' skirts and di- vided skirts of synthetic fibers in-
Sec.	107783.	Infant teethers.	Sec.	107843.	Incontinence underpad fabrics, cot-			fused with minerals.
		Lighted dog fetch toys.  Certain thermoplastic nylon 3-gang			ton, plain weave, of yarn number	Sec.	107883.	Women's and girls' knit cardigans or pullovers containing 70 percent
BEC.	107705.	switch wallplates.	Sec	107844	between 43 and 68. Incontinence underpad fabrics,			or more of silk.
Sec.	107786.	Manual plastic disposable cutlery			bleached.	Sec.	107884.	Men's and boys' knit cardigans or
Sec	107787	dispensers.  Ear bulb syringes of clear silicone.	Sec.	107845.	Incontinence underpad fabrics, printed.	Sec	107885	pullovers of linen. Babies' knit sweaters, pullovers,
		PVC inflatable pillows.	Sec.	107846.	Untwisted filament polyvinyl alco-			sweatshirts, waistcoats (vests),
		Self-inflatable queen air mattresses.			hol yarn, measuring 1,100 to 1,330	Can	107006	and cardigans, of artificial fibers. Women's and girls' tops, knitted or
		Plastic clip fasteners. Self-venting spouts for diesel ex-	Sec	107847	decitex. Untwisted filament polyvinyl alco-	sec.	107000.	crocheted, of man-made fibers in-
		haust fluid.	DCC.	107017.	hol yarn.			fused with minerals.
		Plastic pet carriers. Plastic mixing tips.			Polypropylene (PP) monofilament.	Sec.	107887.	Men's and boy's tops, knitted or
		Cable ties of plastics.	sec.	107849.	Acrylic fiber tow with an average decitex of 0.9.			crocheted, of man-made fibers in- fused with minerals.
Sec.	107795.	Flexible camera mountings.	Sec.	107850.	Black polyester bi-component fi-			Men's 3 mm wetsuits.
		Three-piece camera mount sets.  Magnetic swivel clips for cameras.	Soo	107851	bers. Acrylic staple fibers with an aver-			Men's 5.5 and 6.5 mm wetsuits. Men's 3.5 mm wetsuits.
		Helmet camera mounts.	DEC.	101001.	age decitex of 2.2, fiber length of			Men's 4.5 mm wetsuits.
		Short extension poles for use with	~	1050	100 mm.	Sec.	107892.	Women's 3 mm wetsuits.
Sec	107800	cameras.  Long extension poles for cameras.	Sec.	107852.	Modacrylic staple fibers not proc- essed for spinning.			Women's 3.5 mm wetsuits. Women's 4.5 mm wetsuits.
Sec.	107801.	Swivel mounts for cameras.			Short polypropylene fibers.			Women's 5.5 and 6.5 mm wetsuits.
		Tripod camera mounts.	Sec.	107854.	Polyoxadiazole fibers.	Sec.	107896.	Insulated handmuffs of knit poly-
		Bulk hydraulic hoses. Brake hydraulic hoses.	sec.	107855.	Artificial staple fibers of viscose rayon, 38–42 mm in length.	Sec.	107897	ester. Men's stockingfoot wader bottom
		Bulk fabric/metal-reinforced rubber	Sec.	107856.	Artificial fibers of viscose rayon for			subassemblies, of compressed neo-
Cac	107206	hoses. Disposable gloves.			the manufacture of feminine hy-	Coo	107900	prene. Men's stockingfoot wader bottom
		Reusable gloves.	Sec.	107857.	giene products. Flame retardant rayon fibers,	sec.	101030.	subassemblies, of non-compressed
		Dog and cat apparel.			measuring 4.78 decitex.			neoprene.

weighing at least 721 g/m² but not

over 771  $g/m^2$ .

Sec. 108021. Silver catalyst.

Februar	y 2, 2022	CO
Sec. 107899.	Fishing wader pocket pouch of blies.	ıssem-
	Martial arts uniforms.  Women's or girls' linen blouses, shirts and shirt-bl	woven ouses,
Sec. 107902.	washsuits, sunsuits, or one	woven e-piece
Sec. 107903.	playsuits. Women's or girls' linen wover eralls or jumpsuits.	n cov-
	Women's shawls and similar 100 percent silk.	goods,
	Winter cycling gloves. Lock pocket tents.	
Sec. 107907.	Dark room tents. Bi-component microfiber tube refills.	e mop
	Microfiber duster refills.	
	RFID mop pads. Microfiber cleaning cloths.	
	Microfiber mop pads.	
Sec. 107913.	Golf bag body flats.	
	Bathtub elbow rests.	
	Door swings.	
Sec. 107916.	Under bed restraints.	
	Bath kneeler.	
	Two-piece camera mount kits.	
	Sleeve covers.	010
	Men's cycling shoes valued or per pair. Women's cycling shoes value	
	\$16 per pair.  Men's golf shoes with outer	
	uppers of rubber or plastics ued over \$20 per pair.	s, val-
Sec. 107923.	Golf shoes other than for men outers and uppers of rubl plastics, valued over \$20 per	per or
Sec. 107924.	Winter cycling boots for men.	
	Winter cycling boots for wome	
	Children's footwear valued or per pair.	
	Women's protective active foot valued over \$25 per pair, 25.4 cm in height.	15.35–
	Cheer shoes covering the ankl	e.
	Sideline cheer shoes.  Men's athletic footwear, under \$9 per pair.	valued
Sec. 107931.	Athletic footwear for women ued not over \$9 per pair.	, val-
Sec. 107932.	Athletic footwear for children ued not over \$8 per pair.	ı, val-
Sec. 107933.	Men's golf shoes, with outer and uppers of rubber or pl not covering the ankle, valu	astics,
Sec. 107934.	per pair or over. Golf shoes other than for men outer soles and uppers of t	, with
Sec. 107935.	or plastics, not covering ankle, valued \$15 per pair or Men's rubber/plastic footwear	over.
Sec. 107936.	ued not over \$5 per pair. Women's rubber/plastic foo	twear,
Sec. 107937.	valued not over \$6 per pair.  Cheer shoes with sole less the mm.	an 12
Sec. 107938.	Men's golf shoes with outer uppers of rubber or plastics	
Sec. 107939.	ued over \$19 per pair. Golf shoes other than for outer soles and uppers of or plastics, valued over \$1	
Sec. 107940.	pair. Men's golf shoes, outer soles of ber, plastics, leather or contion leather and uppers of leather and upp	nposi-
Sec. 107941.	(except pigskin uppers). Women's leather footwear, with pigskin with zipper, v \$47-\$60 per pair.	lined
Sec. 107942.	Women's leather footwear, with pigskin, valued \$31-\$4	
Sec. 107943.	pair. Women's slip-on cow/calf hair wear, valued \$50–\$60 per pai	r foot-

Sec. 107944. Women's leather footwear lined

with sheepskin.

)NG	RESS	IONAL RECORD—HOU	JSE		H561
Sec.	107945.	Women's leather slip-on footwear lined with sheep leather.	Sec.	107976.	Women's footwear with cow/calf hair uppers, valued \$35-\$40 per
Sec.	107946.	Women's leather slip-on footwear lined with pigskin.	Sec.	107977.	pair, not covering the ankle.  Women's footwear with cow/calf
Sec.	107947.	Women's leather footwear, lined with pigskin, valued \$21-\$27 per	g	107070	hair uppers, valued \$19-\$25 per pair.
Sec.	107948.	pair. Women's footwear with leather uppers, lined with pigskin, closed toe	sec.	107978.	Women's footwear with cow/calf hair uppers, valued \$50-\$55 per pair.
~	107040	or heel with functional zippers on sides.	Sec.	107979.	Women's footwear, leather soles and rubber/plastic uppers, valued
Sec.	107949.	Women's footwear with leather uppers, lined with pigskin with adjustable laces.	Sec.	107980.	\$16-\$18 per pair.  Women's footwear with cow/calf hair uppers, valued \$19-\$34 per
		Competitive cheer shoes with leather uppers.	Sec.	107981.	pair. Footwear for women, valued over
Sec.	107951.	Women's footwear with leather uppers, with strap and buckle, valued \$27-\$40 per pair.			\$50 but not over \$60 per pair. Calf hair upper footwear. Gaiters of man-made fibers.
Sec.	107952.	Children's leather upper athletic footwear, valued not over \$9 per	Sec. Sec.	107984. 107985.	Hats of vegetable fibers. Hairnets.
Saa	107052	pair. Men's athletic type footwear with			Cotton knit hats, valued \$8 or less. Babies' woven cotton hats.
Bec.	107333.	uppers of textile materials of vege- table fibers and outer soles of rub-			Hats of man-made fiber, valued \$5- \$25.
Sec.	107954.	ber or plastic with textile flocking.  Athletic footwear for men, with a			Waterproof and insulated hats with ear flaps, valued over \$15.
		bellows tongue, valued over \$6.50 but not over \$12 per pair.			Fishing wading staffs. Plastic plants for aquariums, not
Sec.	107955.	Athletic footwear for women, with a bellows tongue, valued over	Sec.	107992.	glued or bound. Natural stone ledger tile of sand-
Sec.	107956.	\$6.50 but not over \$12 per pair. Athletic footwear for children, bel-	Sec.	107993.	stone. Marble mosaic and pebble tiles.
		lows tongue, valued over \$6.50 but			Natural stone limestone tiles.
~	107057	not over \$12 per pair.			Natural stone marble tiles. Waterjet natural stone mosaic tile.
Sec.	107957.	Athletic footwear for men, valued over \$6.50 but not over \$9 per pair.			Marble entertaining and serveware.
Sec.	107958.	Athletic footwear for children, val- ued over \$6.50 but not over \$9 per	Sec.	107998.	Articles of marble for kitchen and dining room.
Sec.	107959.	pair. Cheer shoes with uppers of textile			Natural stone ledger tiles of traver- tine.
Sec.	107960.	materials. Women's footwear with textile up-	Sec.	108001.	Travertine decorative tile. Limestone decorative tiles.
Sec.	107961.	pers and 50 percent or more of the surface area of which is leather. Women's footwear with textile up-	Sec.	108002.	Blank, embossed, and printed stoneware coaster disks and trivets.
		pers, open toes or heels, valued \$15-\$30 per pair.			Rolled green glass sheets. Framed rear-view mirrors.
Sec.	107962.	Men's textile upper footwear, with			Wall mirrors, unframed.
		open toes or open heels, valued not over \$12 per pair.			Wall mirrors, framed. Stemware (crystalline) drinking
Sec.	107963.	Women's textile upper footwear, with open toes or open heels, val-	Dec.	100007.	glasses valued over \$0.30 but not over \$3 each, other than those
Sec.	107964.	ued not over \$12 per pair. Children's textile upper footwear, with open toes or open heels, val-	Sec.	108008.	presented in sets.  Double-walled insulated glass tumblers.
Sec	107965	ued not over \$12 per pair. Oxford-style work footwear with	Sec.	108009.	Diamond-shaped stemmed wine glasses.
		steel safety toe and static dissipating protection.			Twisted-center stemless wine glass. Crystalline drinking glasses, with-
Sec.	107966.	Oxford footwear with textile uppers and composite toe, valued over \$20 per pair.	Sec.	108012.	out stems, not in sets.  Double-walled insulated glass bowls.
Sec.	107967.	Men's mid-cut footwear with a tex- tile upper and a protective toe			Leaf-shaped glass decanters. Set of four appetizer plates made of glass with steel caddy holder, val-
Sec.	107968.	cap. Women's footwear with leather soles and textile uppers, open toes	Sec.	108015.	ued at \$2 each.  Spice rack with glass jars and wooden lids valued not over \$3
Sec.	107969.	or heels, valued \$12-\$24 per pair. Footwear for women valued over	Coo	100016	each.
Sec.	107970.	\$20 but not over \$24 per pair. Women's footwear with leather soles and textile uppers, valued			Glass lens blanks for infrared ap- plications. Hair accessories of glass beads, imi-
Sec.	107971.	\$15-\$20 per pair.  Women's footwear with leather soles and textile uppers, valued	Sec.	108018.	tation pearls, and imitation stones, valued less than \$7. Filter bags with acid-resistant coat-
Sec.	107972.	\$20-\$25 per pair. Women's footwear with cork soles			ing, of woven fiberglass laminated to ePTFE, weighing at least 325 g/
		and textile uppers. Men's footwear with felt soles, not	Sec.	108019.	m² but not over 350 g/m². Fiberglass replacement wicks for
		covering the ankle, valued \$20 per pair or higher.	Sec.	108020.	outdoor garden torch. Filter bags of woven fiberglass fab-
Sec.	107974.	Women's and girls' footwear with cork uppers, valued less than \$25 per pair.			ric laminated to an ePTFE, with a polytetrafluoroethylene coated backing, not acid resistant,
Sec	107975	Women's footnear with cow/calf			weighing at least 721 a/m² but not

Sec. 107975. Women's footwear with cow/calf

pair, covering the ankle.

hair uppers, valued \$35-\$40 per

H562	CO	NG
Sec. 108022.	Silver round blanks.	Sec.
	Ferroboron alloy.	Sec.
Sec. 108024.	Cast iron nonmalleable threaded main body combo castings for resi-	Sec.
Sec. 108025.	dential fuel oil tanks.  Cast iron nonmalleable threaded vent caps for residential fuel oil	Sec.
Con 100026	tanks.	Sec.
Sec. 100020.	Cast iron nonmalleable threaded bushings for residential fuel oil tanks.	Sec.
Sec. 108027.	Cast iron nonmalleable threaded tank adapters for residential fuel oil tanks.	Sec. Sec. Sec.
Sec. 108028.	Cast iron nonmalleable threaded fill alarm main body for residen-	Sec. Sec. Sec.
Sec. 108029.	tial fuel oil tanks. Cast iron nonmalleable threaded fill box caps for residential fuel oil	Sec. Sec.
Sec. 108030.	tanks. Cast iron nonmalleable threaded leg flanges for residential fuel oil tanks.	Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec.
Sec. 108031	Portable gas cooking stoves.	Sec.
	Portable outdoor cookers.	
	Self-anchored beverage containers.	Sec.
Sec. 108034.	Stainless steel handmade kitchen sinks.	Sec. Sec.
	Loose frame baskets.	Sec.
Sec. 108036.	Two-story fire escape ladders.	
	Three-story fire escape ladders.	Sec.
Sec. 108038.	Work support stands of steel.	Sec.
Sec. 108039. Sec. 108040.	Locking fixtures of iron or steel. Stainless steel phone handle-and-	Sec.
	stand accessories.	Sec.
Sec. 108041.	Circular and S-shaped stainless	Sec.
Sec. 108042.	steel carabiners. Pieces of refined unwrought copper	Sec.
	cathode 99.9999 percent pure. Ultra-thin and wide-width alu-	Sec.
Sec. 108044.	minum foil.  Etched capacitor aluminum foil of a thickness 0.018–0.126 mm.	Sec. Sec. Sec.
Sec. 108045.	Stove top coffee makers.	sec.
	Aluminum shower caddies.	Sec.
Sec. 108047.	Step stools of aluminum.	Bec.
	Aluminum ladders. Circular and S-shaped aluminum	Sec.
	carabiners. Stationary sprinklers of zinc.	Sec.
	Tungsten waste and scrap.	~
	Cobalt alloys.	Sec.
	Certain gallium (Ga).	Sec.
Sec. 108054.	Niobium (columbium) rings no thicker than 20 mm.	Sec.
	Tungsten secondary raw material.  Gear-driven bolt cutters and pipe cutters.	Sec. Sec. Sec.
Sec. 108057.	Rotary cutters.	Sec.
Sec. 108058.	Food graters.	Dec.
	Hand tools for applying plastic clip fasteners to garments.	Sec.
	Steel workstations with vises adjustable by foot pedal.	Sec.
sec. 108061.	Fixed carbide cutter and roller cone drill bits.	Sec.
Can 100062	Rotary food graters.	Sec.
	Coffee presses.	Sec.
	Vacuum insulated coffee servers	Sec.
Sec. 108065.	with a brew-through lid.  Vacuum insulated coffee servers	Sec. Sec.
Sec. 108066.		Sec.
Sec. 108067.	with fitted hinged lid. Commercial vacuum insulated cof-	Sec.
Sec. 108068.	fee servers with sight gauge. Commercial vacuum insulated cof-	Sec.
Sec. 108069.	fee servers with plastic base. Commercial vacuum insulated cof- fee servers with plastic base and	Sec. Sec.
Sec. 108070.	stand. Craft knives with fixed pen-like or retractable blades.	Sec. Sec.
Sec 102071	Craft knives.	Sec. Sec.
	Blades for craft knives with non- fixed blades.	Sec. Sec.
Sec. 108073.	Ergonomic pinking shears.	Sec.
	Spring-action scissors.	

O.	NG	RESS	IONAL RECORD—HO	OUSE		February 2, 2022
	Sec.	108075.	Electronic locks for lockers.	Sec.	108136.	Electromechanical rotary hammers,
d			Luggage locks of base metal, pacaged for retail sale.	Sec.	108137.	corded and cordless. Electromechanical hammer impact
!- -			Key-operated door handles, pus pull-rotate.	Sec.	108138.	drivers, corded and cordless. Rotary hammer drill tools with self-
d :1	Sec.	108078.	Vent mounted magnetic mobi		100120	contained electric motor.
il	Sec.	108079.	phone holder for automobiles.  Dash mounted magnetic mobiles.	le		Drill driver tools with self-contained electric motor.
d il	Sec	108080	phone holder for automobiles. Windshield mounted magnetic m			Extruders. Three-dimensional drawing pens.
ıı	Dec.	100000.	bile phone holder for automobile			Professional grade three-dimen-
d	Sec.	108081.	Steel latches with plastic plunger		100112.	sional drawing pens.
el	Sec.	108082.	Non-key-operated door handles.	Sec.	108143.	Electric multi-functional blower
			Curtain rings.			vacuums.
d			Brackets. Curtain rods.	Sec.	108144.	Autosamplers (multisamplers) for
-			Curtain rod hardware.	Coo	100145	liquid chromatographs.
d			Curtain tiebacks.	sec.	100145.	Autosamplers (vialsamplers) for liq- uid chromatographs.
il			Curtain rod finials.	Sec.	108146.	Hydraulic hammer assembly.
			Curved shower rods.			Segmented bladder-operated molds,
d			Shower hooks and rings. Straight shower rods.			with more than 25-inch rim di-
il			Steel window rods.	g	100140	ameter.
			Antitheft steel cases with digit			Used valves for directional control.  Keg spears with pressure release
			locks.	Bec.	100143.	valves.
			Stainless steel hose kits.	Sec.	108150.	Multiport distribution controllers.
n			Stainless steel hoses. Wrist watch strap buckles not ov			Subsea modular trees.
	sec.	100030.	18 mm.	Sec.	108152.	Flow selector unit-multi-port 6-
	Sec.	108097.	Wrist watch strap buckles over	18 500	100159	branch engine crankshafts.
			mm.	Bec.		Engine crankshafts. Turbocharger journal bearings.
			Used cylinder heads.	Sec		Mid-range bearing housings.
	Sec.	108099.	Cylinder heads used solely or pri			Heavy duty bearing housings.
!-	Sec	108100	cipally with certain engines. Engine blocks.			Fixed ration gear boxes.
			Swirler assemblies for turbines.			Track drive gear boxes.
S			Barrels for fuel mixing.			Swing bearing assembly.  Gears for use in machinery or with-
r	Sec.	108103.	Injector assemblies for certain tu	r-	100100.	in engines.
•	Coo	100104	bines.	sec.	108161.	14Y stepper motors.
	sec.	100104.	Stem assemblies for certain tu bines.	sec.		Air door actuators.
c	Sec.	108105.	Tip assemblies for non-gas turbine		108163. 108164.	Servo motors.  DC brushed rhombic winding
f			High pressure fuel pumps.		100104.	NdFeb magnet motors, with out-
	Sec.	108107.	Dry scroll vacuum pum 364x333x485 mm.	ps		put under 18.65 W.
	Sec.	108108.		ρs	108165.	NdFeB magnet motors.
n	Sec.	108109.		ps Sec.	108166.	DC brushed rhombic winding Al- NiCo magnet motors, with output
		108110.	181x140x358 mm.	ps Sec.	108167.	
			Turbomolecular vacuum pumps.	1		NdFeB magnet motors, with output under 18.65 W.
	sec.	100112.	Rotary vane vacuum pumps valuover \$500 each.	sec.	108168.	DC brushed rhombic winding
0	Sec.	108113.	Vacuum diffusion pumps value over \$900 each.	ed		NdFeB magnet motors, with output over 18.65 but not over 37.5 W.
	Sec.	108114.	Hand- or foot-operated air pumps	Sec.	108169.	DC brushed rhombic winding Al-
e			Roof vent fans.			NiCo magnet motors, with output
			12-Amp corded electric leaf blower		108170	over 18.65 W but not over 37.5 W. DC brushless slotless rhombic wind-
	Sec.	108117.	Cordless battery powered leaf blowers not exceeding 20 volts.	v- Sec.	100170.	ing NdFeB magnet motors output
p	Sec.	108118.	Cordless battery powered leaf blow	v-		over 18.65 W but not over 37.5 W.
,	~	400440	ers between 20 and 60 V.		108171.	DC brushed rhombic winding NdFeB magnet motors output over
,-	Sec.	108119.	Fan assemblies for cab climate sy tems.	S-		37.5 W but not over 74.6 W.
e	Sec.	108120.	Aquarium air pumps.	Sec.	108172.	DC brushless slotless rhombic wind-
			Heat pumps for residential use.			ing NdFeB magnet motors output
	Sec.	108122.	Heat pumps (outdoor units) f		109172	over 37.5 W but not over 74.6 W. Motors.
s	Sec	108123	split air conditioner systems. High-wall indoor units.			DC motors of an output exceeding
			Single-zone outdoor units.			74.6 W but not exceeding 735 W.
S	Sec.	108125.	Mini heat pumps for split air cond	li- Sec.	108175.	DC motors, of an output exceeding
s	Sec.	108126.	tioner systems.  Multi-zone outdoor unit ductle	ss Sec.	108176.	
<u>-</u>	Sec.	108127.	systems. Indoor units of split air condition		102177	NdFeB magnet motors output over 74.6 W but not over 735 W. DC brushless slotless rhombic wind-
<u>-</u>	Sec.	108128.	systems.  Ductless 18000 BTU heat pump single zone inverter.		100177.	ing NdFeB magnet motors output over 74.6 W but not over 735 W.
_			Single-phase heat pump.		108178.	DC motors of an output exceeding
d			Steel vacuum pitchers with plast		100170	750 W but not exceeding 14.92 kW.
r	Sec	102121	hinged lid. Oil filters.	Sec.	108179.	DC electric motor for non-aircraft gas turbines.
			Battery powered nasal irrigators.	Sec	108180	AC alternators.
	Sec.	108133.	Struts to absorb vibration.	Sec.	108181.	AC alternators with copper
-			Table saws (25.4 cm.), operate corded and cordless.	Sec.	108182.	windings. Wound stators and rotor assem-
	sec.	108135.	Sliding miter saws (25.4 cm) wi laser, corded and cordless.		108183.	blies. Rotors.
			iaser, coraca ana coraces.	Bec.	100100.	1000010.

ers.

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Sec.	108184.	Stators for washing machines, with	Sec.	108228.	Body trimmers for detailed hair			Pressure cookers.
Sec.	108185.	a 27-tooth design. Stators for washing machines, with	Sec.	108229.	trimming. Hair clipper sets.			10-quart programmable slow cookers.
Sec.	108186.	an 18-tooth design. Rotors for washing machines, with	Sec.	108230.	Rechargeable trimmers for trimming human hair.	Sec.	108276.	Polished stainless steel 1.5-quart tea kettles.
		a height of 60.8 mm.	Sec.	108231.	PCB assemblies for clippers and trimmers.			Egg bite makers. Vacuum steel insulated coffee ca-
sec.	100107.	Rotors for washing machines, with a height of 49 mm.	Sec.	108232.	LED bicycle wheel spoke lights.	Dec.	100270.	rafes, of a kind used with deep ul-
Sec.	108188.	6 V lead-acid storage batteries.	Sec.	108233.	Bicycle rear lights.			traviolet lithography machines.
		12 V lead-acid storage batteries,	Sec.	108234.	Portable electric lamps.	Sec.	108279.	Vacuum steel insulated carafes for
		used for the auxiliary source of			Space heaters.			household coffee machines, of a
		power.	Sec.	108236.	Microwave ovens with capacity not			kind used with deep ultraviolet li-
Sec.	108190.	Lead-acid storage batteries, used	Coo	100227	exceeding 22.5 liters.	~	100000	thography machines.
~	400404	for wheelchairs.	sec.	100257.	Microwave ovens with capacity ex- ceeding 22.5 liters but not exceed-	Sec.	108280.	Vacuum steel bodies with inner and
Sec.	108191.	12 V lead-acid storage batteries,			ing 31 liters.	Sec	108281	outer steel layers. Lamp-holder housings of plastic.
		rated at less than 15 ampere-	Sec.	108238.	Low-profile microwave ovens with			660 W, 125 V, lamp-holder with two
Sec	108102	hours. 12 V lead-acid storage batteries,	200.	1002001	electronic opening mechanism and	Dec.	100202.	15 amp outlets.
Dec.	100132.	rated at 15 ampere-hours or more.			integral range hood.	Sec.	108283.	Combination duplex receptacle/out-
Sec.	108193.	Cell box assemblies, weighing 15 kg	Sec.	108239.	Low-profile microwave ovens with			let and USB charger, 15-20 amp,
		or more but not over 18 kg.			push button opening mechanism			125 V.
Sec.	108194.	Cell box assemblies, weighing 30 kg	_		and integral range hood.			Range and dryer receptacles.
		or more but not over 36 kg.	Sec.	108240.	Low-profile microwave ovens with			Residential grade receptacles.
Sec.	108195.	Cell box assemblies, weighing 36 kg			electronic opening mechanism and	sec.	100200.	Residential and commercial USB receptacles.
g	100100	or more but not over 49 kg.	Sec	108241	without a range hood. Searing grills.	Sec	108287	Power strips.
		Cell box assemblies NX. Food processors with a capacity			Automatic drip coffee makers.			Surge protectors.
sec.	100137.	greater than 2.9 liters but not ex-			Espresso machines.			Programmable controllers for archi-
		ceeding 3.1 liters.	Sec.	108244.	Coffee makers with dishwasher safe			tectural lighting.
Sec.	108198.	Food processors with a capacity			removable parts.	Sec.	108290.	Electronic modular control panels
		greater than 1.6 liters but not ex-	Sec.	108245.	Single-service coffee makers with	~	400004	for generators.
		ceeding 2.2 liters.	α	100046	milk frothers.	Sec.	108291.	Power distribution modules and
		Cordless hand blenders.	sec.	100240.	Electric coffee makers with dual dispensers.	Saa	108202	programmable controllers. Glass capacitive touchscreen assem-
		Cordless hand mixers.	Sec	108247	Electric coffee makers for brewing	sec.	100232.	blies with LCD.
		Corded hand blenders.	DCC.	100211.	capsules.	Sec.	108293.	Lamps containing deuterium gas
		Burr coffee grinders. Electric food processors with bowl	Sec.	108248.	Automatic or manual pour over cof-			without radio-frequency identi-
Dec.	100203.	scraper.			fee makers.			fication (RFID).
Sec.	108204.	Electric food processors with snap-			Removable reservoir coffeemakers.	Sec.	108294.	Lamps containing deuterium gas
		locking lid.			Single serve coffee makers. 2-way coffee makers with a 12-cup			with radio-frequency identification (RFID).
		Electric juice extractors. Electric drink mixers.	Dec.	100201.	carafe and a pod brewer.	Sec.	108295.	Fiber channel coaxial cables of sil-
		Spiralizing food processors with a	Sec.	108252.	Rapid cold brew and hot coffee			ver-plated copper conductors and
		capacity equal to or greater than	Sec	108253	makers. Electric kettles.	Sec	108206	expanded ePTFE dielectrics.  Insulated coaxial cables, of a kind
		2.36 liters but not exceeding 2.64				DCC.	100200.	
		711	sec.	100234.	Electric toasters with even-toast			usea with acen unitaviolet minoa-
Soo	109209	liters.			feature.			used with deep ultraviolet lithog- raphy machines.
Sec.	108208.	Spiralizing food processors with a	Sec.	108255.	feature. Electric toasters with 6.5 inch slots.	Sec.	108297.	raphy machines. Coaxial cables insulated with
Sec.	108208.		Sec.	108255.	feature. Electric toasters with 6.5 inch slots. Electric toasters with 37 mm wide	Sec.	108297.	raphy machines. Coaxial cables insulated with ePTFE, vapor sealed, of a kind
		Spiralizing food processors with a capacity equal to or greater than 2.83 liters but not exceeding 3.07 liters.	Sec.	108255.	feature. Electric toasters with 6.5 inch slots. Electric toasters with 37 mm wide slots, with an under-base cord	Sec.	108297.	raphy machines. Coaxial cables insulated with ePTFE, vapor sealed, of a kind used with deep ultraviolet lithog-
Sec.	108209.	Spiralizing food processors with a capacity equal to or greater than 2.83 liters but not exceeding 3.07 liters. Dicing food processors.	Sec. Sec.	108255. 108256.	feature. Electric toasters with 6.5 inch slots. Electric toasters with 37 mm wide slots, with an under-base cord wrap.			raphy machines. Coaxial cables insulated with ePTFE, vapor sealed, of a kind used with deep ultraviolet lithog- raphy machines.
Sec.	108209.	Spiralizing food processors with a capacity equal to or greater than 2.83 liters but not exceeding 3.07 liters.  Dicing food processors.  Compact food processor with	Sec. Sec.	108255. 108256.	feature. Electric toasters with 6.5 inch slots. Electric toasters with 37 mm wide slots, with an under-base cord			raphy machines. Coaxial cables insulated with ePTFE, vapor sealed, of a kind used with deep ultraviolet lithog-
Sec. Sec.	108209. 108210.	Spiralizing food processors with a capacity equal to or greater than 2.83 liters but not exceeding 3.07 liters. Dicing food processors. Compact food processor with smoothie function.	Sec. Sec.	108255. 108256. 108257.	feature. Electric toasters with 6.5 inch slots. Electric toasters with 37 mm wide slots, with an under-base cord wrap. 2- and 4-slot toasters, not having a button to keep toaster contents warm after toasting.			raphy machines.  Coaxial cables insulated with ePTFE, vapor sealed, of a kind used with deep ultraviolet lithography machines.  Coaxial cables insulated with
Sec. Sec. Sec.	108209. 108210. 108211.	Spiralizing food processors with a capacity equal to or greater than 2.83 liters but not exceeding 3.07 liters. Dicing food processors. Compact food processor with smoothie function. Juice extractors.	Sec. Sec.	108255. 108256. 108257.	feature. Electric toasters with 6.5 inch slots. Electric toasters with 37 mm wide slots, with an under-base cord wrap. 2- and 4-slot toasters, not having a button to keep toaster contents warm after toasting. 2-slot toasters, with a button to	Sec.	108298.	raphy machines.  Coaxial cables insulated with ePTFE, vapor sealed, of a kind used with deep ultraviolet lithography machines.  Coaxial cables insulated with ePTFE, non-vapor sealed, of a kind used with deep ultraviolet lithography machines.
Sec. Sec. Sec.	108209. 108210. 108211.	Spiralizing food processors with a capacity equal to or greater than 2.83 liters but not exceeding 3.07 liters. Dicing food processors. Compact food processor with smoothie function. Juice extractors. Integrated baby food making sys-	Sec. Sec.	108255. 108256. 108257.	feature. Electric toasters with 6.5 inch slots. Electric toasters with 37 mm wide slots, with an under-base cord wrap. 2- and 4-slot toasters, not having a button to keep toaster contents warm after toasting. 2-slot toasters, with a button to keep toaster content warm after	Sec.	108298.	raphy machines. Coaxial cables insulated with ePTFE, vapor sealed, of a kind used with deep ultraviolet lithography machines. Coaxial cables insulated with ePTFE, non-vapor sealed, of a kind used with deep ultraviolet lithography machines. Low speed automotive ethernet
Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec.	108209. 108210. 108211. 108212.	Spiralizing food processors with a capacity equal to or greater than 2.83 liters but not exceeding 3.07 liters. Dicing food processors. Compact food processor with smoothie function. Juice extractors.	Sec. Sec. Sec.	108255. 108256. 108257. 108258.	feature. Electric toasters with 6.5 inch slots. Electric toasters with 37 mm wide slots, with an under-base cord wrap. 2- and 4-slot toasters, not having a button to keep toaster contents warm after toasting. 2-slot toasters, with a button to keep toaster content warm after toasting.	Sec.	108298. 108299.	raphy machines.  Coaxial cables insulated with ePTFE, vapor sealed, of a kind used with deep ultraviolet lithography machines.  Coaxial cables insulated with ePTFE, non-vapor sealed, of a kind used with deep ultraviolet lithography machines.  Low speed automotive ethernet USB harnesses.
Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec.	108209. 108210. 108211. 108212. 108213. 108214.	Spiralizing food processors with a capacity equal to or greater than 2.83 liters but not exceeding 3.07 liters. Dicing food processors. Compact food processor with smoothie function. Juice extractors. Integrated baby food making systems. Electric juice mixers and grinders. Ultrasonic humidifiers.	Sec. Sec. Sec.	108255. 108256. 108257. 108258.	feature. Electric toasters with 6.5 inch slots. Electric toasters with 37 mm wide slots, with an under-base cord wrap. 2- and 4-slot toasters, not having a button to keep toaster contents warm after toasting. 2-slot toasters, with a button to keep toaster content warm after	Sec.	108298. 108299.	raphy machines.  Coaxial cables insulated with ePTFE, vapor sealed, of a kind used with deep ultraviolet lithography machines.  Coaxial cables insulated with ePTFE, non-vapor sealed, of a kind used with deep ultraviolet lithography machines.  Low speed automotive ethernet USB harnesses.  High speed autolink cable USB
Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec.	108209. 108210. 108211. 108212. 108213. 108214.	Spiralizing food processors with a capacity equal to or greater than 2.83 liters but not exceeding 3.07 liters. Dicing food processors. Compact food processor with smoothie function. Juice extractors. Integrated baby food making systems. Electric juice mixers and grinders. Ultrasonic humidifiers. Automatic litterboxes, valued no	Sec. Sec. Sec.	108255. 108256. 108257. 108258. 108259.	feature. Electric toasters with 6.5 inch slots. Electric toasters with 37 mm wide slots, with an under-base cord wrap. 2- and 4-slot toasters, not having a button to keep toaster contents warm after toasting. 2-slot toasters, with a button to keep toaster content warm after toasting. Electric toasters with double-slice slots. Electric toasters with 37 mm wide	Sec. Sec.	108298. 108299. 108300.	raphy machines.  Coaxial cables insulated with ePTFE, vapor sealed, of a kind used with deep ultraviolet lithography machines.  Coaxial cables insulated with ePTFE, non-vapor sealed, of a kind used with deep ultraviolet lithography machines.  Low speed automotive ethernet USB harnesses.
Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec.	108209. 108210. 108211. 108212. 108213. 108214. 108215.	Spiralizing food processors with a capacity equal to or greater than 2.83 liters but not exceeding 3.07 liters. Dicing food processors. Compact food processor with smoothie function. Juice extractors. Integrated baby food making systems. Electric juice mixers and grinders. Ultrasonic humidifiers. Automatic litterboxes, valued no more than \$100.	Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec.	108255. 108256. 108257. 108258. 108259. 108260.	feature. Electric toasters with 6.5 inch slots. Electric toasters with 37 mm wide slots, with an under-base cord wrap. 2- and 4-slot toasters, not having a button to keep toaster contents warm after toasting. 2-slot toasters, with a button to keep toaster content warm after toasting. Electric toasters with double-slice slots. Electric toasters with 37 mm wide slots, with a retractable cord.	Sec. Sec.	108298. 108299. 108300.	raphy machines. Coaxial cables insulated with ePTFE, vapor sealed, of a kind used with deep ultraviolet lithography machines. Coaxial cables insulated with ePTFE, non-vapor sealed, of a kind used with deep ultraviolet lithography machines. Low speed automotive ethernet USB harnesses. High speed autolink cable USB harnesses. Insulated electric conductors, of a kind used with extreme ultraviolet
Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec.	108209. 108210. 108211. 108212. 108213. 108214. 108215.	Spiralizing food processors with a capacity equal to or greater than 2.83 liters but not exceeding 3.07 liters. Dicing food processors. Compact food processor with smoothie function. Juice extractors. Integrated baby food making systems. Electric juice mixers and grinders. Ultrasonic humidifiers. Automatic litterboxes, valued no more than \$100. Electric toothbrushes.	Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec.	108255. 108256. 108257. 108258. 108259. 108260.	feature. Electric toasters with 6.5 inch slots. Electric toasters with 37 mm wide slots, with an under-base cord wrap. 2- and 4-slot toasters, not having a button to keep toaster contents warm after toasting. 2-slot toasters, with a button to keep toaster content warm after toasting. Electric toasters with double-slice slots. Electric toasters with 37 mm wide slots, with a retractable cord. Electric pressure cookers rated more	Sec. Sec. Sec.	108298. 108299. 108300. 108301.	raphy machines.  Coaxial cables insulated with ePTFE, vapor sealed, of a kind used with deep ultraviolet lithography machines.  Coaxial cables insulated with ePTFE, non-vapor sealed, of a kind used with deep ultraviolet lithography machines.  Low speed automotive ethernet USB harnesses.  High speed autolink cable USB harnesses.  Insulated electric conductors, of a kind used with extreme ultraviolet lithography machines.
Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec.	108209. 108210. 108211. 108212. 108213. 108214. 108215.	Spiralizing food processors with a capacity equal to or greater than 2.83 liters but not exceeding 3.07 liters. Dicing food processors. Compact food processor with smoothie function. Juice extractors. Integrated baby food making systems. Electric juice mixers and grinders. Ultrasonic humidifiers. Automatic litterboxes, valued no more than \$100. Electric toothbrushes. Ultrasonic cool/warm mist humidi-	Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec.	108255. 108256. 108257. 108258. 108259. 108260.	feature. Electric toasters with 6.5 inch slots. Electric toasters with 37 mm wide slots, with an under-base cord wrap. 2- and 4-slot toasters, not having a button to keep toaster contents warm after toasting. 2-slot toasters, with a button to keep toaster content warm after toasting. Electric toasters with double-slice slots. Electric toasters with 37 mm wide slots, with a retractable cord. Electric pressure cookers rated more than 800 W but not more than	Sec. Sec. Sec.	108298. 108299. 108300. 108301.	raphy machines. Coaxial cables insulated with ePTFE, vapor sealed, of a kind used with deep ultraviolet lithography machines. Coaxial cables insulated with ePTFE, non-vapor sealed, of a kind used with deep ultraviolet lithography machines. Low speed automotive ethernet USB harnesses. High speed autolink cable USB harnesses. Insulated electric conductors, of a kind used with extreme ultraviolet lithography machines. Insulated electric conductors, of a
Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec.	108209. 108210. 108211. 108212. 108213. 108214. 108215. 108216. 108217.	Spiralizing food processors with a capacity equal to or greater than 2.83 liters but not exceeding 3.07 liters. Dicing food processors. Compact food processor with smoothie function. Juice extractors. Integrated baby food making systems. Electric juice mixers and grinders. Ultrasonic humidifiers. Automatic litterboxes, valued no more than \$100. Electric toothbrushes.	Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec.	108255. 108256. 108257. 108258. 108259. 108260.	feature. Electric toasters with 6.5 inch slots. Electric toasters with 37 mm wide slots, with an under-base cord wrap. 2- and 4-slot toasters, not having a button to keep toaster contents warm after toasting. 2-slot toasters, with a button to keep toaster content warm after toasting. Electric toasters with double-slice slots. Electric toasters with 37 mm wide slots, with a retractable cord. Electric pressure cookers rated more than 800 W but not more than 1,000 W, with a capacity of not	Sec. Sec. Sec.	108298. 108299. 108300. 108301.	raphy machines. Coaxial cables insulated with ePTFE, vapor sealed, of a kind used with deep ultraviolet lithography machines. Coaxial cables insulated with ePTFE, non-vapor sealed, of a kind used with deep ultraviolet lithography machines. Low speed automotive ethernet USB harnesses. High speed autolink cable USB harnesses. Insulated electric conductors, of a kind used with extreme ultraviolet lithography machines. Insulated electric conductors, of a kind used with deep ultraviolet li-
Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec.	108209. 108211. 108212. 108213. 108214. 108215. 108216. 108217. 108218. 108219.	Spiralizing food processors with a capacity equal to or greater than 2.83 liters but not exceeding 3.07 liters. Dicing food processors. Compact food processor with smoothie function. Juice extractors. Integrated baby food making systems. Electric juice mixers and grinders. Ultrasonic humidifiers. Automatic litterboxes, valued no more than \$100. Electric toothbrushes. Ultrasonic cool/warm mist humidifiers with aromatherapy. 2-in-1 can opener. Food spiralizing devices.	Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec.	108255. 108256. 108257. 108258. 108259. 108260. 108261.	feature. Electric toasters with 6.5 inch slots. Electric toasters with 37 mm wide slots, with an under-base cord wrap. 2- and 4-slot toasters, not having a button to keep toaster contents warm after toasting. 2-slot toasters, with a button to keep toaster content warm after toasting. Electric toasters with double-slice slots. Electric toasters with 37 mm wide slots, with a retractable cord. Electric pressure cookers rated more than 800 W but not more than 1,000 W, with a capacity of not less than 5 liters.	Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec.	108298. 108299. 108300. 108301. 108302.	raphy machines. Coaxial cables insulated with ePTFE, vapor sealed, of a kind used with deep ultraviolet lithography machines. Coaxial cables insulated with ePTFE, non-vapor sealed, of a kind used with deep ultraviolet lithography machines. Low speed automotive ethernet USB harnesses. High speed autolink cable USB harnesses. Insulated electric conductors, of a kind used with extreme ultraviolet lithography machines. Insulated electric conductors, of a kind used with deep ultraviolet lithography machines.
Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec.	108209. 108210. 108211. 108212. 108213. 108214. 108215. 108216. 108217. 108218. 108219. 108220.	Spiralizing food processors with a capacity equal to or greater than 2.83 liters but not exceeding 3.07 liters. Dicing food processors. Compact food processor with smoothie function. Juice extractors. Integrated baby food making systems. Electric juice mixers and grinders. Ultrasonic humidifiers. Automatic litterboxes, valued no more than \$100. Electric toothbrushes. Ultrasonic cool/warm mist humidifiers with aromatherapy. 2-in-1 can opener. Food spiralizing devices. Ceramic bowls.	Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec.	108255. 108256. 108257. 108258. 108259. 108260. 108261.	feature. Electric toasters with 6.5 inch slots. Electric toasters with 37 mm wide slots, with an under-base cord wrap. 2- and 4-slot toasters, not having a button to keep toaster contents warm after toasting. 2-slot toasters, with a button to keep toaster content warm after toasting. Electric toasters with double-slice slots. Electric toasters with 37 mm wide slots, with a retractable cord. Electric pressure cookers rated more than 800 W but not more than 1,000 W, with a capacity of not	Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec.	108298. 108299. 108300. 108301. 108302.	raphy machines. Coaxial cables insulated with ePTFE, vapor sealed, of a kind used with deep ultraviolet lithography machines. Coaxial cables insulated with ePTFE, non-vapor sealed, of a kind used with deep ultraviolet lithography machines. Low speed automotive ethernet USB harnesses. High speed autolink cable USB harnesses. Insulated electric conductors, of a kind used with extreme ultraviolet lithography machines. Insulated electric conductors, of a kind used with deep ultraviolet li-
Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec.	108209. 108211. 108212. 108213. 108214. 108215. 108216. 108217. 108218. 108219.	Spiralizing food processors with a capacity equal to or greater than 2.83 liters but not exceeding 3.07 liters.  Dicing food processors.  Compact food processor with smoothie function.  Juice extractors.  Integrated baby food making systems.  Electric juice mixers and grinders.  Ultrasonic humidifiers.  Automatic litterboxes, valued no more than \$100.  Electric toothbrushes.  Ultrasonic cool/warm mist humidifiers with aromatherapy.  2-in-1 can opener.  Food spiralizing devices.  Ceramic bowls.  Food grinders for certain	Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec.	108255. 108256. 108257. 108258. 108259. 108260. 108261.	feature. Electric toasters with 6.5 inch slots. Electric toasters with 37 mm wide slots, with an under-base cord wrap. 2- and 4-slot toasters, not having a button to keep toaster contents warm after toasting. 2-slot toasters, with a button to keep toaster content warm after toasting. Electric toasters with double-slice slots. Electric toasters with 37 mm wide slots, with a retractable cord. Electric pressure cookers rated more than 800 W but not more than 1,000 W, with a capacity of not less than 5 liters. Electric pressure cookers rated more than 1,200 W but not more than 1,400 W, with a capacity of less	Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec.	108298. 108299. 108300. 108301. 108302.	raphy machines. Coaxial cables insulated with ePTFE, vapor sealed, of a kind used with deep ultraviolet lithography machines. Coaxial cables insulated with ePTFE, non-vapor sealed, of a kind used with deep ultraviolet lithography machines. Low speed automotive ethernet USB harnesses. High speed autolink cable USB harnesses. Insulated electric conductors, of a kind used with extreme ultraviolet lithography machines. Insulated electric conductors, of a kind used with deep ultraviolet lithography machines. Insulated electric conductors, of a kind used with deep ultraviolet lithography machines.
Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec.	108209. 108210. 108211. 108212. 108213. 108214. 108215. 108216. 108217. 108218. 108219. 108220.	Spiralizing food processors with a capacity equal to or greater than 2.83 liters but not exceeding 3.07 liters.  Dicing food processors.  Compact food processor with smoothie function.  Juice extractors.  Integrated baby food making systems.  Electric juice mixers and grinders.  Ultrasonic humidifiers.  Automatic litterboxes, valued no more than \$100.  Electric toothbrushes.  Ultrasonic cool/warm mist humidifiers with aromatherapy.  2-in-1 can opener.  Food spiralizing devices.  Ceramic bowls.  Food grinders for certain electromechanical stand food mix-	Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec.	108255. 108256. 108257. 108258. 108259. 108260. 108261.	feature. Electric toasters with 6.5 inch slots. Electric toasters with 37 mm wide slots, with an under-base cord wrap. 2- and 4-slot toasters, not having a button to keep toaster contents warm after toasting. 2-slot toasters, with a button to keep toaster content warm after toasting. Electric toasters with double-slice slots. Electric toasters with 37 mm wide slots, with a retractable cord. Electric pressure cookers rated more than 800 W but not more than 1,000 W, with a capacity of not less than 5 liters. Electric pressure cookers rated more than 1,200 W but not more than 1,400 W, with a capacity of less than 5 liters.	Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec.	108298. 108299. 108300. 108301. 108302. 108303.	raphy machines. Coaxial cables insulated with ePTFE, vapor sealed, of a kind used with deep ultraviolet lithography machines. Coaxial cables insulated with ePTFE, non-vapor sealed, of a kind used with deep ultraviolet lithography machines. Low speed automotive ethernet USB harnesses. High speed autolink cable USB harnesses. Insulated electric conductors, of a kind used with extreme ultraviolet lithography machines. Insulated electric conductors, of a kind used with deep ultraviolet lithography machines. Insulated electric conductors, of a kind used with deep ultraviolet lithography machines. Insulated electric conductors, of a kind used with optical instruments. Rings, blocks, and other insulating
Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec.	108209. 108211. 108212. 108213. 108214. 108215. 108216. 108217. 108218. 108219. 108220. 108221.	Spiralizing food processors with a capacity equal to or greater than 2.83 liters but not exceeding 3.07 liters. Dicing food processors. Compact food processor with smoothie function. Juice extractors. Integrated baby food making systems. Electric juice mixers and grinders. Ultrasonic humidifiers. Automatic litterboxes, valued no more than \$100. Electric toothbrushes. Ultrasonic cool/warm mist humidifiers with aromatherapy. 2-in-1 can opener. Food spiralizing devices. Ceramic bowls. Food grinders for certain electromechanical stand food mixers.	Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec.	108255. 108256. 108257. 108258. 108259. 108260. 108261.	feature. Electric toasters with 6.5 inch slots. Electric toasters with 37 mm wide slots, with an under-base cord wrap. 2- and 4-slot toasters, not having a button to keep toaster contents warm after toasting. 2-slot toasters, with a button to keep toaster content warm after toasting. Electric toasters with double-slice slots. Electric toasters with 37 mm wide slots, with a retractable cord. Electric pressure cookers rated more than 800 W but not more than 1,000 W, with a capacity of not less than 5 liters. Electric pressure cookers rated more than 1,200 W but not more than 1,400 W, with a capacity of less than 5 liters. Electric pressure cookers rated more	Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec.	108298. 108299. 108300. 108301. 108302. 108303.	raphy machines. Coaxial cables insulated with ePTFE, vapor sealed, of a kind used with deep ultraviolet lithography machines. Coaxial cables insulated with ePTFE, non-vapor sealed, of a kind used with deep ultraviolet lithography machines. Low speed automotive ethernet USB harnesses. High speed autolink cable USB harnesses. Insulated electric conductors, of a kind used with extreme ultraviolet lithography machines. Insulated electric conductors, of a kind used with deep ultraviolet lithography machines. Insulated electric conductors, of a kind used with deep ultraviolet lithography machines. Insulated electric conductors, of a kind used with optical instruments. Rings, blocks, and other insulating fittings of quartz.
Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec.	108209. 108211. 108212. 108213. 108214. 108215. 108216. 108217. 108218. 108219. 108220. 108221.	Spiralizing food processors with a capacity equal to or greater than 2.83 liters but not exceeding 3.07 liters.  Dicing food processors.  Compact food processor with smoothie function.  Juice extractors.  Integrated baby food making systems.  Electric juice mixers and grinders.  Ultrasonic humidifiers.  Automatic litterboxes, valued no more than \$100.  Electric toothbrushes.  Ultrasonic cool/warm mist humidifiers with aromatherapy.  2-in-1 can opener.  Food spiralizing devices.  Ceramic bowls.  Food grinders for certain electromechanical stand food mix-	Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec.	108255. 108256. 108257. 108258. 108259. 108260. 108261.	feature. Electric toasters with 6.5 inch slots. Electric toasters with 37 mm wide slots, with an under-base cord wrap. 2- and 4-slot toasters, not having a button to keep toaster contents warm after toasting. 2-slot toasters, with a button to keep toaster content warm after toasting. Electric toasters with double-slice slots. Electric toasters with 37 mm wide slots, with a retractable cord. Electric pressure cookers rated more than 800 W but not more than 1,000 W, with a capacity of not less than 5 liters. Electric pressure cookers rated more than 1,200 W but not more than 1,400 W, with a capacity of less than 5 liters. Electric pressure cookers rated more than 1,000 W but not more than 1,400 W puth a capacity of less than 5 liters. Electric pressure cookers rated more than 1,000 W but not more than	Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec.	108298. 108299. 108300. 108301. 108302. 108303.	raphy machines. Coaxial cables insulated with ePTFE, vapor sealed, of a kind used with deep ultraviolet lithography machines. Coaxial cables insulated with ePTFE, non-vapor sealed, of a kind used with deep ultraviolet lithography machines. Low speed automotive ethernet USB harnesses. High speed autolink cable USB harnesses. Insulated electric conductors, of a kind used with extreme ultraviolet lithography machines. Insulated electric conductors, of a kind used with deep ultraviolet lithography machines. Insulated electric conductors, of a kind used with deep ultraviolet lithography machines. Insulated electric conductors, of a kind used with optical instruments. Rings, blocks, and other insulating fittings of quartz. Front tire splash guards for vehi-
Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec.	108209. 108211. 108212. 108213. 108214. 108215. 108216. 108217. 108218. 108220. 108221.	Spiralizing food processors with a capacity equal to or greater than 2.83 liters but not exceeding 3.07 liters.  Dicing food processors.  Compact food processor with smoothie function.  Juice extractors.  Integrated baby food making systems.  Electric juice mixers and grinders.  Ultrasonic humidifiers.  Automatic litterboxes, valued no more than \$100.  Electric toothbrushes.  Ultrasonic cool/warm mist humidifiers with aromatherapy.  2-in-1 can opener.  Food spiralizing devices.  Ceramic bowls.  Food grinders for certain electromechanical stand food mixers.  Pasta press extruders for certain stand food mixers.  Stainless steel bowls for certain	Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec.	108255. 108256. 108257. 108258. 108259. 108260. 108261.	feature. Electric toasters with 6.5 inch slots. Electric toasters with 37 mm wide slots, with an under-base cord wrap. 2- and 4-slot toasters, not having a button to keep toaster contents warm after toasting. 2-slot toasters, with a button to keep toaster content warm after toasting. Electric toasters with double-slice slots. Electric toasters with 37 mm wide slots, with a retractable cord. Electric pressure cookers rated more than 800 W but not more than 1,000 W, with a capacity of not less than 5 liters. Electric pressure cookers rated more than 1,200 W but not more than 1,400 W, with a capacity of less than 5 liters. Electric pressure cookers rated more	Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec.	108298. 108299. 108300. 108301. 108302. 108303. 108304. 108305.	raphy machines. Coaxial cables insulated with ePTFE, vapor sealed, of a kind used with deep ultraviolet lithography machines. Coaxial cables insulated with ePTFE, non-vapor sealed, of a kind used with deep ultraviolet lithography machines. Low speed automotive ethernet USB harnesses. High speed autolink cable USB harnesses. Insulated electric conductors, of a kind used with extreme ultraviolet lithography machines. Insulated electric conductors, of a kind used with deep ultraviolet lithography machines. Insulated electric conductors, of a kind used with deep ultraviolet lithography machines. Insulated electric conductors, of a kind used with optical instruments. Rings, blocks, and other insulating fittings of quartz. Front tire splash guards for vehicles.
Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec.	108209. 108211. 108212. 108213. 108214. 108215. 108216. 108217. 108218. 108220. 108221.	Spiralizing food processors with a capacity equal to or greater than 2.83 liters but not exceeding 3.07 liters. Dicing food processors. Compact food processor with smoothie function. Juice extractors. Integrated baby food making systems. Electric juice mixers and grinders. Ultrasonic humidifiers. Automatic litterboxes, valued no more than \$100. Electric toothbrushes. Ultrasonic cool/warm mist humidifiers with aromatherapy. 2-in-1 can opener. Food spiralizing devices. Ceramic bowls. Food grinders for certain electromechanical stand food mixers. Pasta press extruders for certain stand food mixers. Stainless steel bowls for certain electromechanical stand food mixers.	Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec.	108255. 108256. 108257. 108258. 108259. 108260. 108261. 108262. 108263.	feature. Electric toasters with 6.5 inch slots. Electric toasters with 37 mm wide slots, with an under-base cord wrap. 2- and 4-slot toasters, not having a button to keep toaster contents warm after toasting. 2-slot toasters, with a button to keep toaster content warm after toasting. Electric toasters with double-slice slots. Electric toasters with 37 mm wide slots, with a retractable cord. Electric pressure cookers rated more than 800 W but not more than 1,000 W, with a capacity of not less than 5 liters. Electric pressure cookers rated more than 1,200 W but not more than 1,400 W, with a capacity of less than 5 liters. Electric pressure cookers rated more than 1,000 W but not more than 1,200 W, with a capacity of less than 5 liters. Contoured heating pads.	Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec.	108298. 108299. 108300. 108301. 108302. 108303. 108304. 108305. 108306.	raphy machines. Coaxial cables insulated with ePTFE, vapor sealed, of a kind used with deep ultraviolet lithography machines. Coaxial cables insulated with ePTFE, non-vapor sealed, of a kind used with deep ultraviolet lithography machines. Low speed automotive ethernet USB harnesses. High speed autolink cable USB harnesses. Insulated electric conductors, of a kind used with extreme ultraviolet lithography machines. Insulated electric conductors, of a kind used with deep ultraviolet lithography machines. Insulated electric conductors, of a kind used with deep ultraviolet lithography machines. Insulated electric conductors, of a kind used with optical instruments. Rings, blocks, and other insulating fittings of quartz. Front tire splash guards for vehi-
Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec.	108209. 108211. 108212. 108213. 108214. 108215. 108216. 108217. 108218. 108220. 108221.	Spiralizing food processors with a capacity equal to or greater than 2.83 liters but not exceeding 3.07 liters. Dicing food processors. Compact food processor with smoothie function. Juice extractors. Integrated baby food making systems. Electric juice mixers and grinders. Ultrasonic humidifiers. Automatic litterboxes, valued no more than \$100. Electric toothbrushes. Ultrasonic cool/warm mist humidifiers with aromatherapy. 2-in-1 can opener. Food spiralizing devices. Ceramic bowls. Food grinders for certain electromechanical stand food mixers. Pasta press extruders for certain stand food mixers steel bowls for certain electromechanical stand food mixers, with capacity greater than 4.2	Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec.	108255. 108256. 108257. 108258. 108259. 108260. 108261. 108262. 108263.	feature. Electric toasters with 6.5 inch slots. Electric toasters with 37 mm wide slots, with an under-base cord wrap. 2- and 4-slot toasters, not having a button to keep toaster contents warm after toasting. 2-slot toasters, with a button to keep toaster content warm after toasting. Electric toasters with double-slice slots. Electric toasters with 37 mm wide slots, with a retractable cord. Electric pressure cookers rated more than 800 W but not more than 1,000 W, with a capacity of not less than 5 liters. Electric pressure cookers rated more than 1,200 W but not more than 1,400 W, with a capacity of less than 5 liters. Electric pressure cookers rated more than 1,000 W but not more than 1,400 W, with a capacity of less than 5 liters. Electric pressure cookers rated more than 1,000 W but not more than 1,200 W, with a capacity of less than 5 liters. Contoured heating pads. Slow cookers with non-stick ce-	Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec.	108298. 108299. 108300. 108301. 108302. 108303. 108304. 108305. 108306. 108307.	raphy machines. Coaxial cables insulated with ePTFE, vapor sealed, of a kind used with deep ultraviolet lithography machines. Coaxial cables insulated with ePTFE, non-vapor sealed, of a kind used with deep ultraviolet lithography machines. Low speed automotive ethernet USB harnesses. High speed autolink cable USB harnesses. Insulated electric conductors, of a kind used with extreme ultraviolet lithography machines. Insulated electric conductors, of a kind used with deep ultraviolet lithography machines. Insulated electric conductors, of a kind used with deep ultraviolet lithography machines. Insulated electric conductors, of a kind used with optical instruments. Rings, blocks, and other insulating fittings of quartz. Front tire splash guards for vehicles. Rear tire splash guards for vehicles. Suspension systems (struts) for off-
Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec.	108209. 108211. 108212. 108213. 108214. 108215. 108216. 108217. 108218. 108220. 108221. 108222.	Spiralizing food processors with a capacity equal to or greater than 2.83 liters but not exceeding 3.07 liters. Dicing food processors. Compact food processor with smoothie function. Juice extractors. Integrated baby food making systems. Electric juice mixers and grinders. Ultrasonic humidifiers. Automatic litterboxes, valued no more than \$100. Electric toothbrushes. Ultrasonic cool/warm mist humidifiers with aromatherapy. 2-in-1 can opener. Food spiralizing devices. Ceramic bowls. Food grinders for certain electromechanical stand food mixers. Pasta press extruders for certain stand food mixers with capacity greater than 4.2 liters but not exceeding 4.8 liters.	Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec.	108255. 108256. 108257. 108259. 108260. 108261. 108262. 108263.	feature. Electric toasters with 6.5 inch slots. Electric toasters with 37 mm wide slots, with an under-base cord wrap. 2- and 4-slot toasters, not having a button to keep toaster contents warm after toasting. 2-slot toasters, with a button to keep toaster content warm after toasting. Electric toasters with double-slice slots. Electric toasters with 37 mm wide slots, with a retractable cord. Electric pressure cookers rated more than 800 W but not more than 1,000 W, with a capacity of not less than 5 liters. Electric pressure cookers rated more than 1,200 W but not more than 1,400 W, with a capacity of less than 5 liters. Electric pressure cookers rated more than 1,000 W but not more than 1,200 W, with a capacity of less than 5 liters. Electric pressure cookers rated more than 1,000 W but not more than 1,200 W, with a capacity of less than 5 liters. Contoured heating pads. Slow cookers with non-stick ce- ramic coated stoneware.	Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec.	108298. 108299. 108300. 108301. 108302. 108303. 108304. 108305. 108306. 108306. 108307. 108308.	raphy machines. Coaxial cables insulated with ePTFE, vapor sealed, of a kind used with deep ultraviolet lithography machines. Coaxial cables insulated with ePTFE, non-vapor sealed, of a kind used with deep ultraviolet lithography machines. Low speed automotive ethernet USB harnesses. High speed autolink cable USB harnesses. Insulated electric conductors, of a kind used with extreme ultraviolet lithography machines. Insulated electric conductors, of a kind used with extreme ultraviolet lithography machines. Insulated electric conductors, of a kind used with deep ultraviolet lithography machines. Insulated electric conductors, of a kind used with optical instruments. Rings, blocks, and other insulating fittings of quartz. Front tire splash guards for vehicles. Rear tire splash guards for vehicles. Automatic gear boxes. Suspension systems (struts) for offhighway trucks.
Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec.	108209. 108211. 108212. 108213. 108214. 108215. 108216. 108217. 108218. 108220. 108221. 108222.	Spiralizing food processors with a capacity equal to or greater than 2.83 liters but not exceeding 3.07 liters. Dicing food processors. Compact food processor with smoothie function. Juice extractors. Integrated baby food making systems. Electric juice mixers and grinders. Ultrasonic humidifiers. Automatic litterboxes, valued no more than \$100. Electric toothbrushes. Ultrasonic cool/warm mist humidifiers with aromatherapy. 2-in-1 can opener. Food spiralizing devices. Ceramic bowls. Food grinders for certain electromechanical stand food mixers. Pasta press extruders for certain stand food mixers steel bowls for certain electromechanical stand food mixers, with capacity greater than 4.2	Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec.	108255. 108256. 108257. 108258. 108259. 108260. 108261. 108262. 108263.	feature. Electric toasters with 6.5 inch slots. Electric toasters with 37 mm wide slots, with an under-base cord wrap. 2- and 4-slot toasters, not having a button to keep toaster contents warm after toasting. 2-slot toasters, with a button to keep toaster content warm after toasting. Electric toasters with double-slice slots. Electric toasters with 37 mm wide slots, with a retractable cord. Electric pressure cookers rated more than 800 W but not more than 1,000 W, with a capacity of not less than 5 liters. Electric pressure cookers rated more than 1,200 W but not more than 1,400 W, with a capacity of less than 5 liters. Electric pressure cookers rated more than 1,000 W, with a capacity of less than 5 liters. Electric pressure cookers rated more than 1,000 W but not more than 1,200 W, with a capacity of less than 5 liters. Contoured heating pads. Slow cookers with non-stick ce- ramic coated stoneware. Heating pads.	Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec.	108298. 108299. 108300. 108301. 108302. 108303. 108304. 108305. 108306. 108307. 108308. 108309.	raphy machines. Coaxial cables insulated with ePTFE, vapor sealed, of a kind used with deep ultraviolet lithography machines. Coaxial cables insulated with ePTFE, non-vapor sealed, of a kind used with deep ultraviolet lithography machines. Low speed automotive ethernet USB harnesses. High speed autolink cable USB harnesses. Insulated electric conductors, of a kind used with extreme ultraviolet lithography machines. Insulated electric conductors, of a kind used with deep ultraviolet lithography machines. Insulated electric conductors, of a kind used with deep ultraviolet lithography machines. Risulated electric conductors, of a kind used with optical instruments. Rings, blocks, and other insulating fittings of quartz. Front tire splash guards for vehicles. Rear tire splash guards for vehicles. Automatic gear boxes. Suspension systems (struts) for offhighway trucks. Suspension system stabilizer bars.
Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec.	108209. 108211. 108212. 108213. 108214. 108215. 108216. 108217. 108218. 108220. 108221. 108222.	Spiralizing food processors with a capacity equal to or greater than 2.83 liters but not exceeding 3.07 liters. Dicing food processors. Compact food processor with smoothie function. Juice extractors. Integrated baby food making systems. Electric juice mixers and grinders. Ultrasonic humidifiers. Automatic litterboxes, valued no more than \$100. Electric toothbrushes. Ultrasonic cool/warm mist humidifiers with aromatherapy. 2-in-1 can opener. Food spiralizing devices. Ceramic bowls. Food grinders for certain electromechanical stand food mixers. Pasta press extruders for certain stand food mixers. Stainless steel bowls for certain electromechanical stand food mixers, with capacity greater than 4.2 liters but not exceeding 4.8 liters. Stainless steel bowls for certain electromechanical stand food mixers, with capacity greater than 2.8	Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec.	108255. 108256. 108257. 108258. 108259. 108260. 108261. 108262. 108263.	feature. Electric toasters with 6.5 inch slots. Electric toasters with 37 mm wide slots, with an under-base cord wrap. 2- and 4-slot toasters, not having a button to keep toaster contents warm after toasting. 2-slot toasters, with a button to keep toaster content warm after toasting. Electric toasters with double-slice slots. Electric toasters with 37 mm wide slots, with a retractable cord. Electric pressure cookers rated more than 800 W but not more than 1,000 W, with a capacity of not less than 5 liters. Electric pressure cookers rated more than 1,200 W but not more than 1,400 W, with a capacity of less than 5 liters. Electric pressure cookers rated more than 1,000 W but not more than 1,200 W, with a capacity of less than 5 liters. Electric pressure cookers rated more than 1,000 W but not more than 1,200 W, with a capacity of less than 5 liters. Contoured heating pads. Slow cookers with non-stick ce- ramic coated stoneware.	Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec.	108298. 108299. 108300. 108301. 108302. 108303. 108304. 108305. 108306. 108307. 108308. 108309. 108309.	raphy machines. Coaxial cables insulated with ePTFE, vapor sealed, of a kind used with deep ultraviolet lithography machines. Coaxial cables insulated with ePTFE, non-vapor sealed, of a kind used with deep ultraviolet lithography machines. Low speed automotive ethernet USB harnesses. High speed autolink cable USB harnesses. Insulated electric conductors, of a kind used with extreme ultraviolet lithography machines. Insulated electric conductors, of a kind used with extreme ultraviolet lithography machines. Insulated electric conductors, of a kind used with deep ultraviolet lithography machines. Insulated electric conductors, of a kind used with optical instruments. Rings, blocks, and other insulating fittings of quartz. Front tire splash guards for vehicles. Rear tire splash guards for vehicles. Automatic gear boxes. Suspension systems (struts) for offhighway trucks.
Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec.	108209. 108211. 108212. 108213. 108214. 108215. 108216. 108217. 108218. 108220. 108221. 108222. 108223.	Spiralizing food processors with a capacity equal to or greater than 2.83 liters but not exceeding 3.07 liters. Dicing food processors. Compact food processor with smoothie function. Juice extractors. Integrated baby food making systems. Electric juice mixers and grinders. Ultrasonic humidifiers. Automatic litterboxes, valued no more than \$100. Electric toothbrushes. Ultrasonic cool/warm mist humidifiers with aromatherapy. 2-in-1 can opener. Food spiralizing devices. Ceramic bowls. Food grinders for certain electromechanical stand food mixers. Stainless steel bowls for certain electromechanical stand food mixers, with capacity greater than 4.2 liters but not exceeding 4.8 liters. Stainless steel bowls for certain electromechanical stand food mixers, with capacity greater than 2.8 liters but not exceeding 3.4 liters.	Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec.	108255. 108256. 108257. 108259. 108260. 108261. 108262. 108263. 108264. 108265. 108266. 108267.	feature. Electric toasters with 6.5 inch slots. Electric toasters with 37 mm wide slots, with an under-base cord wrap. 2- and 4-slot toasters, not having a button to keep toaster contents warm after toasting. 2-slot toasters, with a button to keep toaster content warm after toasting. Electric toasters with double-slice slots. Electric toasters with 37 mm wide slots, with a retractable cord. Electric pressure cookers rated more than 800 W but not more than 1,000 W, with a capacity of not less than 5 liters. Electric pressure cookers rated more than 1,200 W but not more than 1,400 W, with a capacity of less than 5 liters. Electric pressure cookers rated more than 1,000 W but not more than 1,200 W, with a capacity of less than 5 liters. Contoured heating pads. Slow cookers with non-stick ce- ramic coated stoneware. Heating pads. Programmable slow cookers with digital display. 8-Quart electric slow cookers.	Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec.	108298. 108299. 108300. 108301. 108302. 108303. 108304. 108305. 108306. 108308. 108309. 108310. 108311.	raphy machines. Coaxial cables insulated with ePTFE, vapor sealed, of a kind used with deep ultraviolet lithography machines. Coaxial cables insulated with ePTFE, non-vapor sealed, of a kind used with deep ultraviolet lithography machines. Low speed automotive ethernet USB harnesses. High speed autolink cable USB harnesses. Insulated electric conductors, of a kind used with extreme ultraviolet lithography machines. Insulated electric conductors, of a kind used with extreme ultraviolet lithography machines. Insulated electric conductors, of a kind used with deep ultraviolet lithography machines. Insulated electric conductors, of a kind used with optical instruments. Rings, blocks, and other insulating fittings of quartz. Front tire splash guards for vehicles. Automatic gear boxes. Suspension systems (struts) for offhighway trucks. Suspension system stabilizer bars. Tie rod assemblies. Used axle housings. Used parts for power trains.
Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec.	108209. 108211. 108212. 108213. 108214. 108215. 108216. 108217. 108218. 108220. 108221. 108222. 108223.	Spiralizing food processors with a capacity equal to or greater than 2.83 liters but not exceeding 3.07 liters.  Dicing food processors. Compact food processor with smoothie function. Juice extractors. Integrated baby food making systems. Electric juice mixers and grinders. Ultrasonic humidifiers. Automatic litterboxes, valued no more than \$100. Electric toothbrushes. Ultrasonic cool/warm mist humidifiers with aromatherapy. 2-in-1 can opener. Food spiralizing devices. Ceramic bowls. Food grinders for certain electromechanical stand food mixers. Pasta press extruders for certain stand food mixers. Stainless steel bowls for certain electromechanical stand food mixers, with capacity greater than 4.2 liters but not exceeding 4.8 liters. Stainless steel bowls for certain electromechanical stand food mixers, with capacity greater than 2.8 liters but not exceeding 3.4 liters. Stainless steel bowls for certain	Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec.	108255. 108256. 108257. 108258. 108259. 108260. 108261. 108262. 108263. 108263. 108264. 108265. 108266. 108267.	feature. Electric toasters with 6.5 inch slots. Electric toasters with 37 mm wide slots, with an under-base cord wrap. 2- and 4-slot toasters, not having a button to keep toaster contents warm after toasting. 2-slot toasters, with a button to keep toaster content warm after toasting. Electric toasters with double-slice slots. Electric toasters with 37 mm wide slots, with a retractable cord. Electric pressure cookers rated more than 800 W but not more than 1,000 W, with a capacity of not less than 5 liters. Electric pressure cookers rated more than 1,200 W but not more than 1,400 W, with a capacity of less than 5 liters. Electric pressure cookers rated more than 1,000 W, with a capacity of less than 5 liters. Electric pressure cookers rated more than 1,000 W but not more than 1,200 W, with a capacity of less than 5 liters. Electric pressure cookers rated more than 1,000 W but not more than 1,200 W, with a capacity of less than 5 liters. Contoured heating pads. Slow cookers with non-stick ce- ramic coated stoneware. Heating pads. Programmable slow cookers Programmable slow cookers.	Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec.	108298. 108299. 108300. 108301. 108302. 108303. 108304. 108305. 108306. 108307. 108308. 108310. 108311. 108312. 108313.	raphy machines. Coaxial cables insulated with ePTFE, vapor sealed, of a kind used with deep ultraviolet lithography machines. Coaxial cables insulated with ePTFE, non-vapor sealed, of a kind used with deep ultraviolet lithography machines. Low speed automotive ethernet USB harnesses. High speed autolink cable USB harnesses. Insulated electric conductors, of a kind used with extreme ultraviolet lithography machines. Insulated electric conductors, of a kind used with deep ultraviolet lithography machines. Insulated electric conductors, of a kind used with deep ultraviolet lithography machines. Insulated electric conductors, of a kind used with optical instruments. Rings, blocks, and other insulating fittings of quartz. Front tire splash guards for vehicles. Automatic gear boxes. Suspension systems (struts) for offhighway trucks. Suspension system stabilizer bars. Tie rod assemblies. Used axle housings. Used parts for power trains. Front windshield covers.
Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec.	108209. 108211. 108212. 108213. 108214. 108215. 108216. 108217. 108218. 108220. 108221. 108222. 108223.	Spiralizing food processors with a capacity equal to or greater than 2.83 liters but not exceeding 3.07 liters.  Dicing food processors.  Compact food processor with smoothie function.  Juice extractors.  Integrated baby food making systems.  Electric juice mixers and grinders.  Ultrasonic humidifiers.  Automatic litterboxes, valued no more than \$100.  Electric toothbrushes.  Ultrasonic cool/warm mist humidifiers with aromatherapy.  2-in-1 can opener.  Food spiralizing devices.  Ceramic bowls.  Food grinders for certain electromechanical stand food mixers.  Stainless steel bowls for certain electromechanical stand food mixers, with capacity greater than 4.2 liters but not exceeding 4.8 liters.  Stainless steel bowls for certain electromechanical stand food mixers, with capacity greater than 2.8 liters but not exceeding 3.4 liters.  Stainless steel bowls for certain electromechanical stand food mixers, with capacity greater than 2.8 liters but not exceeding 3.4 liters.  Stainless steel bowls for certain electromechanical stand food mixers, with capacity greater than 2.8 liters but not exceeding 3.4 liters.	Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec.	108255. 108256. 108257. 108258. 108259. 108260. 108261. 108262. 108263. 108263. 108264. 108265. 108266. 108267.	feature. Electric toasters with 6.5 inch slots. Electric toasters with 37 mm wide slots, with an under-base cord wrap. 2- and 4-slot toasters, not having a button to keep toaster contents warm after toasting. 2-slot toasters, with a button to keep toaster content warm after toasting. Electric toasters with double-slice slots. Electric toasters with 37 mm wide slots, with a retractable cord. Electric pressure cookers rated more than 800 W but not more than 1,000 W, with a capacity of not less than 5 liters. Electric pressure cookers rated more than 1,200 W but not more than 1,400 W, with a capacity of less than 5 liters. Electric pressure cookers rated more than 1,000 W but not more than 1,200 W, with a capacity of less than 5 liters. Contoured heating pads. Slow cookers with non-stick ce- ramic coated stoneware. Heating pads. Programmable slow cookers. Electric slow cookers with locking	Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec.	108298. 108299. 108300. 108301. 108302. 108303. 108304. 108305. 108306. 108307. 108308. 108311. 108311. 108312. 108313. 108314.	raphy machines. Coaxial cables insulated with ePTFE, vapor sealed, of a kind used with deep ultraviolet lithography machines. Coaxial cables insulated with ePTFE, non-vapor sealed, of a kind used with deep ultraviolet lithography machines. Low speed automotive ethernet USB harnesses. High speed autolink cable USB harnesses. Insulated electric conductors, of a kind used with extreme ultraviolet lithography machines. Insulated electric conductors, of a kind used with deep ultraviolet lithography machines. Insulated electric conductors, of a kind used with deep ultraviolet lithography machines. Rinsulated electric conductors, of a kind used with optical instruments. Rings, blocks, and other insulating fittings of quartz. Front tire splash guards for vehicles. Rear tire splash guards for vehicles. Automatic gear boxes. Suspension systems (struts) for offhighway trucks. Suspension system stabilizer bars. Tie rod assemblies. Used parts for power trains. Front windshield covers. Expansion chambers.
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Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec.	108209. 108211. 108212. 108213. 108214. 108215. 108216. 108217. 108218. 108220. 108221. 108222. 108223.	Spiralizing food processors with a capacity equal to or greater than 2.83 liters but not exceeding 3.07 liters.  Dicing food processors. Compact food processor with smoothie function. Juice extractors. Integrated baby food making systems. Electric juice mixers and grinders. Ultrasonic humidifiers. Automatic litterboxes, valued no more than \$100. Electric toothbrushes. Ultrasonic cool/warm mist humidifiers with aromatherapy. 2-in-1 can opener. Food spiralizing devices. Ceramic bowls. Food grinders for certain electromechanical stand food mixers. Pasta press extruders for certain stand food mixers. Stainless steel bowls for certain electromechanical stand food mixers, with capacity greater than 4.2 liters but not exceeding 4.8 liters. Stainless steel bowls for certain electromechanical stand food mixers, with capacity greater than 2.8 liters but not exceeding 3.4 liters. Stainless steel bowls for certain electromechanical stand food mixers, with capacity greater than 2.8 liters but not exceeding 3.4 liters. Stainless steel bowls for certain electromechanical stand food mixers, with capacity greater than 5.6 liters but not exceeding 8.6 liters. Pasta rollers and cutters for stand food mixers.	Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec.	108255. 108256. 108257. 108259. 108260. 108261. 108262. 108263. 108263. 108266. 108267. 108268. 108269. 108270. 108271.	feature. Electric toasters with 6.5 inch slots. Electric toasters with 37 mm wide slots, with an under-base cord wrap. 2- and 4-slot toasters, not having a button to keep toaster contents warm after toasting. 2-slot toasters, with a button to keep toaster content warm after toasting. Electric toasters with double-slice slots. Electric toasters with 37 mm wide slots, with a retractable cord. Electric pressure cookers rated more than 800 W but not more than 1,000 W, with a capacity of not less than 5 liters. Electric pressure cookers rated more than 1,200 W but not more than 1,400 W, with a capacity of less than 5 liters. Electric pressure cookers rated more than 1,000 W but not more than 1,200 W, with a capacity of less than 5 liters. Contoured heating pads. Slow cookers with non-stick ce- ramic coated stoneware. Heating pads. Programmable slow cookers with digital display. 8-Quart electric slow cookers. Programmable slow cookers. Electric slow cookers with locking lid. Double flip waffle makers with re- movable grids.	Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec.	108298. 108299. 108300. 108301. 108302. 108303. 108304. 108305. 108306. 108307. 108308. 108311. 108312. 108313. 108315. 108316. 108317.	raphy machines. Coaxial cables insulated with ePTFE, vapor sealed, of a kind used with deep ultraviolet lithography machines. Coaxial cables insulated with ePTFE, non-vapor sealed, of a kind used with deep ultraviolet lithography machines. Low speed automotive ethernet USB harnesses. High speed autolink cable USB harnesses. Insulated electric conductors, of a kind used with extreme ultraviolet lithography machines. Insulated electric conductors, of a kind used with deep ultraviolet lithography machines. Insulated electric conductors, of a kind used with deep ultraviolet lithography machines. Insulated electric conductors, of a kind used with optical instruments. Rings, blocks, and other insulating fittings of quartz. Front tire splash guards for vehicles. Automatic gear boxes. Suspension systems (struts) for offhighway trucks. Suspension systems stabilizer bars. Tie rod assemblies. Used axle housings. Used parts for power trains. Front windshield covers. Expansion chambers. Bicycle racks for car roofs. High pressure fuel injector rails. Stand-up bicycles, having both wheels exceeding 63.5 cm in diameter.

electromechanical stand food mix- Sec. 108273. Electric breakfast sandwich mak- Sec. 108318. Elliptical cycles, with wheels not

ers.

exceeding 63.5 cm in diameter.

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		Bicycle frames, other than of steel, valued \$600 or less.			Watch case bezels, backs, and centers.	Sec. 10842	5. Multimodality fitness equipment with integrated power sensor to
Sec. 10	08320.	Internal gear bicycle hubs, other than two or three speeds.			Watch case parts. Stainless steel watch bracelets.		measure the user's upper body power input.
Sec. 10	08321.	Bicycle pedals other than clipless pedals.			Watch dials. Watch crowns.	Sec. 108420	6. Parts and accessories for tread-
Sec. 10	08322.	Clipless bicycle pedals and parts thereof.	Sec.	108373.	Watch hands. Acoustic guitars.		mills. 7. Parts and accessories for ellipticals. 8. Parts and accessories for stationary
		Carbon fiber bicycle seatposts.	Sec.	108375.	Console digital pianos.	Sec. 100420	exercise cycles.
Sec. 10	)8324.	Bicycle handlebar tape, other than silicon or leather tape.			Grand digital pianos. Electronic 61-key keyboards.	Sec. 10842	9. Parts and accessories for weight
		Trailer cycles.	Sec.	108378.	Electric guitars and acoustic/electric guitars.	Sec. 108430	training equipment.  O. Parts and accessories for certain
		Dropper seatposts. Bicycle fenders.			Memory foam travel pillows.	Sec. 10843	exercise equipment machines. 1. Lateral elliptical machines.
		Bicycle handlebars. Multi-functional steel carts.			Lighting for wall installation.  Decorative bathroom fan assemblies	Sec. 10843	2. Adjustable-weight kettlebells.
		Non-mechanically propelled indus-	Sec	108382	(lighting fixtures) assemblies. Metal household floor lamps.		3. Adjustable-weight barbell. 4. Exercise cycles with dual-position
		trial hand truck. Moving dollies.			Solar powered pathway lights, each measuring between 36.8 cm and 42		handgrips. 5. Exercise cycles with single hand-
Sec. 10	18332.	Paragliders, paraglider wings and paraglider harnesses.			cm in height.		grips.
Sec. 10	08333.	Sailing catamarans and power catamarans.	Sec.	108384.	Solar powered pathway lights, each measuring between 45 cm and 48		6. Upright exercise cycles. 7. Recumbent exercise cycles with
		Projection lenses.	Coo	100005	cm in height.		touchscreen consoles.
		Mounted optical lenses. Objective lenses for broadcast cam-			Exterior exit viewing lights, dual beam.		8. Leaning exercise cycles. 9. Rod gyms, with vertical bench.
Sag. 10	10227	eras. Objective lenses for cinema cam-			LED flameless candles. Aquarium LED light strands.	Sec. 108440	O. Rod and resistance gyms, with flat benches.
		eras.			LED light modules for bathroom fans/lights.	Sec. 10844	1. Foldable treadmills, with LCD con-
		Magnifying spectacles. LCD television panel assemblies,			Aquarium LED light sticks.	Sec. 10844	soles with control keypads. 2. Foldable treadmills, with
		with a video display measuring over 175.26 cm.			Aquarium LED light strips. Decorative votive candle holders.		touchscreen consoles measuring
Sec. 10	08340.	LCD television panel assemblies,			Candle jar shades. Non-electrical lighting.	Sec. 10844.	44.5 cm or less.  3. Indoor cycling machines with wire-
		with a video display measuring over 149.86 cm but not over 175.26			Outdoor garden or patio torches of bamboo construction.	Sec. 10844	less data touchscreen displays. 4. Indoor cycling machines with LCD
Sec. 10	08341.	cm. LCD television panel assemblies,	Sec.	108395.	Outdoor garden or patio torches of		consoles and two water bottle holders.
		with a video display measuring over 139.7 cm but not over 149.86	Sec.	108396.	non-bamboo construction. Indoor oil lamps with base of glass	Sec. 10844	5. Indoor cycling machines with LCD
~ 40		cm.	Sec.	108397.	or metal. Outdoor garden torches for tabletop		consoles and single water bottle holder.
Sec. 10	)8342.	LCD television panel assemblies, with a video display measuring	Sec	108308	use. Glass lens arrays for spotlights.		6. Recumbent elliptical machines. 7. Fitness equipment combining the
		over 137.16 cm but not over 139.7 cm.	Sec.	108399.	Lamp shades.	Sec. 10044	functions of an elliptical and a
Sec. 10	08343.	Housings designed for infrared			Galvanized steel LED downlight housing frames.	Sec. 10844	stair stepper, weight over 90 kgs. 8. Foldable treadmills with
Sec. 10	08344.	lenses. Electronic temperature indicators,			Aluminum cylinders for LED lighting fixtures.		touchscreen console greater than 44.4 cm.
Sec. 10	08345.	weighing 14.2 g. Electronic temperature indicators, weighing 64.4 g.			Galvanized steel brackets and plates for LED lighting fixtures.	Sec. 10844	9. Interactive indoor cycling exercise cycles.
Sec. 10	08346.	Electronic temperature indicators, weighing 430 g.			Aluminum LED downlight reflectors.	Sec. 10845	9. Multimodality fitness equipment, with integrated contact grip heart
Sec. 10	08347.	Global cargo trackers, weighing 660			Outdoor garden torch replacement canisters.	Sec. 10845.	rate monitors.  1. Fishing reels valued not over \$2.70
Sec. 10	08348.	g. Temperature data monitors, weighing 115 g.			Iris subassemblies for moving lights.  Zoom modules for automated mov-		each, pre-spooled, with rod and fishing line.
Sec. 10	08349.	Temperature data monitors, weighing 138.9 g.			ing lights. Golf club heads for fairway woods. Golf club shafts for putters.	Sec. 10845.	2. Fishing reels valued not over \$2.70 each.
Sec. 10	08350.	Temperature data monitors, weigh-			Steel golf club shafts, other than		3. Hard artificial crankbaits. 4. Collapsible big game decoys.
Sec. 10	08351.	ing 133.2 g. Parts and accessories of bicycle	Sec.	108410.	for putters. Golf club shaft assemblies.		5. Vacuum steel hinged lid pitchers,
Sec. 10	08352	speedometers. Wired remote controllers.	Sec.	108411.	Graphite driver golf club shafts, extra stiff flex.	Sec. 10845	not exceeding 1 liter. 5. Vacuum insulated drinkware hav-
Sec. 10	08353.	Analog/digital wrist watches. Mechanical wrist watches.	Sec.	108412.	Graphite hybrid golf club shafts,		ing a capacity exceeding 1 liter
		Mechanical wrist watches with	Sec.	108413.	extra stiff flex. Graphite irons golf club shafts,	Sec. 10845	but not exceeding 2 liters. 7. Vacuum insulated drinkware hav-
Sec. 10	08356.	leather or other band. Analog pocket watches.	Sec.	108414.	extra stiff flex. Graphite driver golf club shafts,		ing a capacity exceeding 2 liters but not exceeding 4 liters.
Sec. 10	08357.	Projection alarm clocks, non-atom-ic.			regular, senior, adult, or ladies flex.	Sec. 10845	3. Vacuum glass lined steel coffee servers over 2 liters.
		Projection atomic alarm clocks.  Analog wall clocks without ther-	Sec.	108415.	Graphite golf club driver shafts, stiff flex.	Sec. 10845	9. Vacuum glass lined steel coffee servers over 2 liters with lever dis-
		mometer, hygrometer, or barom- eter gauges.	Sec.	108416.	Graphite hybrid golf club shafts, regular, senior, adult, or ladies		pensing.
Sec. 10	08360.	Analog clocks with thermometer and hygrometer.	Sec	108417	flex. Graphite hybrid golf club shafts,	Subtitle	B—Existing Duty Suspensions and Reductions
		Atomic analog wall clocks. Atomic digital clocks.			stiff flex. Graphite irons golf club shafts, reg-	Sec. 10846	D. Extension of certain existing duty suspensions and reductions and
Sec. 10	08363.	Analog kitchen timers.			ular, senior, adult, or ladies flex.		$other\ modifications.$
sec. 10	<i>1</i> 0304.	Wrist watch movements having over one jewel and less than 7			Graphite irons golf club shafts, stiff flex.	Subtitl	e C—Effective Date and Technical Corrections Authority
Sec. 10	08365.	jewels. Watch movements having over 7	Sec.	108421.	Pickleball paddles. Pickleballs.		1. Effective date. 2. Authority to make technical and
Sec. 10	08366.	jewels and under 17 jewels. Watch cases or "bodies" over 41			Exercise cycles. Stationary trainers.		conforming changes.
Sec. 10	08367	mm in diameter. Watch cases or "bodies" not over			Multimodality fitness equipment, without integrated contact grip		sion may be cited as the "American
200. 10		41 mm in diameter.			heart rate monitor.		d Trade Competitiveness Act''.

#### TITLE I—TRADE ADJUSTMENT ASSISTANCE

SEC. 101001. SHORT TITLE.

This title may be cited as the "Trade Adjustment Assistance Modernization Act of 2022".

#### SEC. 101002. APPLICATION OF PROVISIONS RE-LATING TO TRADE ADJUSTMENT AS-SISTANCE.

- (a) EFFECTIVE DATE; APPLICABILITY.—Except as otherwise provided in this title, the provisions of chapters 2 through 6 of title II of the Trade Act of 1974, as in effect on June 30, 2021, and as amended by this title, shall—
- (1) take effect on the date of the enactment of this Act; and
- (2) apply with respect to petitions for certification filed under chapter 2, 3, 4, or 6 of title II of the Trade Act of 1974 on or after such date of enactment.
- (b) REFERENCE.—Except as otherwise provided in this title, whenever in this title an amendment or repeal is expressed in terms of an amendment to, or repeal of, a provision of chapters 2 through 6 of title II of the Trade Act of 1974, the reference shall be considered to be made to a provision of any such chapter, as in effect on June 30, 2021.
- (c) Repeal of Snapback.—Section 406 of the Trade Adjustment Assistance Reauthorization Act of 2015 (Public Law 114–27; 129 Stat. 379) is repealed.

## Subtitle A—Trade Adjustment Assistance for Workers

#### SEC. 101101. FILING PETITIONS.

Section 221(a)(1) of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2271(a)(1)) is amended—

- (1) by amending subparagraph (A) to read as follows:
- "(A) One or more workers in the group of workers."; and
- (2) in subparagraph (C), by striking "or a State dislocated worker unit" and inserting "a State dislocated worker unit, or workforce intermediaries, including labor-management organizations that carry out re-employment and training services".

#### SEC. 101102. GROUP ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 222(a)(2) of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2272(a)(2)) is amended—
- (1) in subparagraph (A)—
- (A) in clause (i), by inserting ", failed to increase, or will decrease absolutely due to a scheduled or imminently anticipated, long-term decrease in or reallocation of the production capacity of the firm" after "absolutely"; and
- (B) in clause (iii)—
- (i) by striking "to the decline" and inserting "to any decline or absence of increase"; and
- (ii) by striking "or" at the end;
- (2) in subparagraph (B)(ii), by striking the period at the end and inserting "; or"; and
- (3) by adding at the end the following:
- "(C)(i) the sales or production, or both, of such firm have decreased:
- "(ii)(I) exports of articles produced or services supplied by such workers' firm have decreased; or
- "(II) imports of articles or services necessary for the production of articles or services supplied by such firm have decreased; and
- "(iii) the decrease in exports or imports described in clause (ii) contributed to such workers' separation or threat of separation and to the decline in the sales or production of such firm"
- (b) REPEAL.—Section 222 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2272) is amended—
- (1) in subsections (a) and (b), by striking "importantly" each place it appears; and
  - (2) in subsection (c)—
  - (A) by striking paragraph (1); and
- (B) by redesignating paragraphs (2) through (4) as paragraphs (1) through (3), respectively.
- (c) ELIGIBILITY OF STAFFED WORKERS AND TELEWORKERS.—Section 222 of the Trade Act of

- 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2272), as amended by subsection (b), is further amended by adding at the end the following:
- "(f) Treatment of Staffed Workers and Teleworkers.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—For purposes of subsection (a), workers in a firm include staffed workers and teleworkers.
  - "(2) DEFINITIONS.—In this subsection:
- "(A) STAFFED WORKER.—The term 'staffed worker' means a worker who performs work under the operational control of a firm that is the subject of a petition filed under section 221, even if the worker is directly employed by another firm.
- "(B) TELEWORKER.—The term 'teleworker' means a worker who works remotely but who reports to the location listed for a firm in a petition filed under section 221.".

#### SEC. 101103. APPLICATION OF DETERMINATIONS OF ELIGIBILITY TO WORKERS EM-PLOYED BY SUCCESSORS-IN-INTER-EST.

Section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2273) is amended by adding at the end the following:

"(f) TREATMENT OF WORKERS OF SUCCESSORS-IN-INTEREST.—If the Secretary certifies a group of workers of a firm as eligible to apply for adjustment assistance under this chapter, a worker of a successor-in-interest to that firm shall be covered by the certification to the same extent as a worker of that firm."

## SEC. 101104. PROVISION OF BENEFIT INFORMATION TO WORKERS.

Section 225 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2275) is amended—

- (1) in subsection (a), by inserting after the second sentence the following new sentence: "The Secretary shall make every effort to provide such information and assistance to workers in their native language.": and
- (2) in subsection (b)-
- (A) by redesignating paragraph (2) as paragraph (3);
- (B) by inserting after paragraph (1) the following:
- "(2) The Secretary shall provide a second notice to a worker described in paragraph (1) before the worker has exhausted all rights to any unemployment insurance to which the worker is entitled (other than additional compensation described in section 231(a)(3)(B) funded by a State and not reimbursed from Federal funds).";
- (C) in paragraph (3), as redesignated by paragraph (1), by striking "newspapers of general circulation" and inserting "appropriate print or digital outlets"; and
- (D) by adding at the end the following:
- "(4) For purposes of providing sustained outreach regarding the benefits available under this chapter to workers covered by a certification made under this subchapter, the Secretary may take any necessary actions, including the following:
- "(A) Collecting the email addresses and telephone numbers of such workers from the employers of such workers to provide sustained outreach to such workers.
- "(B) Partnering with the certified or recognized union, a community-based worker organization, or other duly authorized representatives of such workers.
- "(C) Hiring peer support workers to perform sustained outreach to other workers covered by that certification.
- "(D) Using advertising methods and public information campaigns, including social media, in addition to notice published in print or digital outlets under paragraph (3).".

## SEC. 101105. QUALIFYING REQUIREMENTS FOR WORKERS.

- (a) MODIFICATION OF CONDITIONS.
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 231(a) of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2291(a)) is amended—
- (A) by striking paragraph (2);
- (B) by redesignating paragraphs (3), (4), and (5) as paragraphs (2), (3), and (4), respectively; and

- (C) in paragraph (4) (as redesignated), by striking "paragraphs (1) and (2)" each place it appears and inserting "paragraph (1)".
- (2) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—(A) Section 232 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2292) is amended by striking "section 231(a)(3)(B)" each place it appears and inserting "section 231(a)(2)(B)".
- (B) Section 233(a) of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2293(a)) is amended—
- (i) in paragraph (1), by striking "section 231(a)(3)(A)" and inserting "section 231(a)(2)(A)"; and
  - (ii) in paragraph (2)—
- (I) by striking "adversely affected employment" and all that follows through "(A) within" and inserting "adversely affected employment within";
- (II) by striking ", and" and inserting a period; and
  - (III) by striking subparagraph (B).
- (b) WAIVERS OF TRAINING REQUIREMENTS.— Section 231(c)(1) of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2291(c)(1)) is amended—
- (1) by redesignating subparagraphs (A), (B), and (C) as subparagraphs (C), (D), and (E), respectively; and
- (2) by inserting before subparagraph (C) (as redesignated) the following:
- "(A) RECALL.—The worker has been notified that the worker will be recalled by the firm from which the separation occurred.
- "(B) RETIREMENT.—The worker is within 2 years of meeting all requirements for entitlement to either—
- "(i) old-age insurance benefits under title II of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 401 et seq.) (except for application therefor); or
- "(ii) a private pension sponsored by an employer or labor organization.".

#### SEC. 101106. MODIFICATION TO TRADE READ-JUSTMENT ALLOWANCES.

Section 233 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2293) is amended—

- (1) in subsection (a)—
- (A) in paragraph (2), by inserting after "104-week period" the following: "(or, in the case of an adversely affected worker who requires a program of prerequisite education or remedial education (as described in section 236(a)(5)(D)) in order to complete training approved for the worker under section 236, the 130-week period)";
- (B) in paragraph (3), by striking "65 additional weeks in the 78-week period" and inserting "78 additional weeks in the 91-week period"; and
- (C) in the flush text, by striking "78-week period" and inserting "91-week period";
- (2) by striking subsection (d); and
- (3) by amending subsection (f) to read as follows:
- "(f) Payment of Trade Readjustment Al-Lowances to Complete Training.—Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, in order to assist an adversely affected worker to complete training approved for the worker under section 236 that includes a program of prerequisite education or remedial education (as described in section 236(a)(5)(D)), and in accordance with regulations prescribed by the Secretary, payments may be made as trade readjustment allowances for up to 26 additional weeks in the 26-week period that follows the last week of entitlement to trade readjustment allowances otherwise payable under this chapter."

## SEC. 101107. AUTOMATIC EXTENSION OF TRADE READJUSTMENT ALLOWANCES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Part I of subchapter B of chapter 2 of title II of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2291 et seq.) is amended by inserting after section 233 the following new section:

## "SEC. 233A. AUTOMATIC EXTENSION OF TRADE READJUSTMENT ALLOWANCES.

"(a) In GENERAL.—Notwithstanding the limitations under section 233(a), the Secretary shall extend the period during which trade readjustment allowances are payable to an adversely affected worker who completes training approved

under section 236 by the Secretary during a period of heightened unemployment with respect to the State in which such worker seeks benefits, for the shorter of—

"(1) the 26-week period beginning on the date of completion of such training; or

"(2) the period ending on the date on which the adversely affected worker secures employment.

"(b) JOB SEARCH REQUIRED.—A worker shall only be eligible for an extension under subsection (a) if the worker is complying with the job search requirements associated with unemployment insurance in the applicable State.

"(c) Period of Heightened Unemployment Defined.—In this section, the term 'period of heightened unemployment' with respect to a State means a 90-day period during which, the the determination of the Secretary, either of the following average rates equals or exceeds 5.5 percent:

"(1) The average rate of total unemployment in such State (seasonally adjusted) for the period consisting of the most recent 3-month period for which data for all States are published before the close of such period.

"(2) The average rate of total unemployment in all States (seasonally adjusted) for the period consisting of the most recent 3-month period for which data for all States are published before the close of such period."

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents for the Trade Act of 1974 is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 233 the following:

"Sec. 233A. Automatic extension of trade readjustment allowances.".

#### SEC. 101108. EMPLOYMENT AND CASE MANAGE-MENT SERVICES.

Section 235 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2295) is amended—  $\,$ 

(1) in paragraph (3)—

(A) by inserting after "regional areas" the following: "(including information about registered apprenticeship programs, on-the-job training opportunities, and other work-based learning opportunities)"; and
(B) by inserting after "suitable training" the

(B) by inserting after "suitable training" the following: ", information regarding the track record of a training provider's ability to successfully place participants into suitable employment":

(2) by redesignating paragraph (8) as paragraph (10); and

(3) by inserting after paragraph (7) the following:

"(8) Information related to direct job placement, including facilitating the extent to which employers within the community commit to employing workers who would benefit from the employment and case management services under this section.

"(9) Sustained outreach to groups of workers likely to be certified as eligible for adjustment assistance under this chapter and members of certified worker groups who have not yet applied for or been enrolled in benefits or services under this chapter, especially such groups and members from underserved communities."

#### SEC. 101109. TRAINING.

Section 236 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2296(a)) is amended—

(1) in subsection (a)-

(A) in paragraph (1)(D), by inserting ", with a demonstrated ability to place participants into employment" before the comma at the end;

(B) in paragraph (3), by adding at the end before the period the following: ", except that every effort shall be made to ensure that employment opportunities are available upon the completion of training"; and

(C) in paragraph (5)—

(i) in subparagraph (G), by striking ", and" and inserting a comma;

(ii) in subparagraph (H)(ii), by striking the period at the end and inserting ", and"; and

(iii) by adding at the end before the flush text the following:

 $\lq\lq(I)\ pre-apprenticeship\ training.\lq\lq;\ and$ 

(2) by adding at the end the following:
"(h) REIMBURSEMENT FOR OUT-OF-POCKET
TRAINING EXPENSES.—If the Secretary approves
training for a worker under paragraph (1) of
subsection (a), the Secretary may reimburse the
worker for out-of-pocket expenses relating to
training program described in paragraph (5) of
that subsection that were incurred by the worker
on and after the date of the worker's total or
partial separation and before the date on which

# that covers the worker is issued.". SEC. 101110. JOB SEARCH, RELOCATION, AND CHILD AND OTHER DEPENDENT CARE ALLOWANCES.

the certification of eligibility under section 222

(a) JOB SEARCH ALLOWANCES.—Section 237 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2297) is amended—

(1) in subsection (a)(1), by striking "may use funds made available to the State to carry out sections 235 through 238" and inserting "shall use, from funds made available to the State to carry out sections 235 through 238A, such amounts as may be necessary";

(2) in subsection (a)(2), in the matter preceding subparagraph (A), by striking "may grant" and inserting "shall grant"; and

(3) in subsection (b)—

(A) in paragraph (1), by striking "not more than 90 percent" and inserting "100 percent";

(B) in paragraph (2), by striking "\$1,250" and inserting "\$2,000 (subject to adjustment under paragraph (4))"; and

(C) by adding at the end the following;

"(4) ADJUSTMENT OF MAXIMUM ALLOWANCE LIMITATION FOR INFLATION.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Labor shall adjust the maximum allowance limitation under paragraph (2) on the date that is 30 days after the date of the enactment of this paragraph, and at the beginning of each fiscal year thereafter, to reflect the percentage (if any) of the increase in the average of the Consumer Price Index for the preceding 12-month period compared to the Consumer Price Index for fiscal year 2020.

"(B) SPECIAL RULES FOR CALCULATION OF AD-JUSTMENT.—In making an adjustment under subparagraph (A), the Secretary—

"(i) shall round the amount of any increase in the Consumer Price Index to the nearest dollar; and

"(ii) may ignore any such increase of less than 1 percent.

"(C) Consumer Price Index Defined.—For purposes of this paragraph, the term 'Consumer Price Index' means the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the Department of Labor."

(b) RELOCATION ALLOWANCES.—Section 238 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2298) is amended.—

(1) in subsection (a)(1), by striking "may use funds made available to the State to carry out sections 235 through 238" and inserting "shall use, from funds made available to the State to carry out sections 235 through 238A, such amounts as may be necessary";

(2) in subsection (a)(2), in the matter preceding subparagraph (A), by striking "may be granted" and inserting "shall be granted":

(3) in subsection (b)—

(A) in paragraph (1), by striking "not more than 90 percent" and inserting "100 percent"; and

(B) in paragraph (2), by striking "\$1,250" and inserting "\$2,000 (subject to adjustment under subsection (d))": and

(4) by adding at the end the following:

"(d) ADJUSTMENT OF MAXIMUM PAYMENT LIMITATION FOR INFLATION.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Labor shall adjust the maximum payment limitation under subsection (b)(2) on the date that is 30 days after the date of the enactment of this subsection, and at the beginning of each fiscal year

thereafter, to reflect the percentage (if any) of the increase in the average of the Consumer Price Index for the preceding 12-month period compared to the Consumer Price Index for fiscal year 2020.

"(2) SPECIAL RULES FOR CALCULATION OF AD-JUSTMENT.—In making an adjustment under

paragraph (1), the Secretary-

"(A) shall round the amount of any increase in the Consumer Price Index to the nearest dollar; and

"(B) may ignore any such increase of less than 1 percent.

"(3) CONSUMER PRICE INDEX DEFINED.—For purposes of this subsection, the term 'Consumer Price Index' means the Consumer Price Index for All Urahan Consumers published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the Department of Labor."

(c) CHILD AND OTHER DEPENDENT CARE ALLOWANCES.

(1) IN GENERAL.—Part II of subchapter B of chapter 2 of title II of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2295 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following:

#### "SEC. 238A. CHILD CARE ALLOWANCES.

"(a) Child and other Dependent Care Allowances Authorized.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—Each State shall use, from funds made available to the State to carry out sections 235 through 238A, such amounts as may be necessary to allow an adversely affected worker covered by a certification issued under subchapter A of this chapter to file an application for a child and other dependent care allowance with the Secretary, and the Secretary may grant the child care allowance, subject to the terms and conditions of this section.

"(2) CONDITIONS FOR GRANTING ALLOWANCE.— A child and other dependent care allowance shall be granted if the allowance will assist an adversely affected worker to attend training or seek suitable employment, by providing for the care of one or more of the minor dependents of the worker.

"(b) AMOUNT OF ALLOWANCE.—Any child care allowance granted to a worker under subsection (a) shall not exceed \$2,000 per minor dependent per year.

"(c) ADJUSTMENT OF MAXIMUM ALLOWANCE LIMITATION FOR INFLATION.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Labor shall adjust the maximum allowance limitation under subsection (b) on the date that is 30 days after the date of the enactment of this subsection, and at the beginning of each fiscal year thereafter, to reflect the percentage (if any) of the increase in the average of the Consumer Price Index for the preceding 12-month period compared to the Consumer Price Index for fiscal year 2020.

"(2) SPECIAL RULES FOR CALCULATION OF AD-JUSTMENT.—In making an adjustment under paragraph (1), the Secretary—

"(A) shall round the amount of any increase in the Consumer Price Index to the nearest dollar; and

"(B) may ignore any such increase of less than 1 percent.

"(3) CONSUMER PRICE INDEX DEFINED.—For purposes of this subsection, the term 'Consumer Price Index' means the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the Department of Labor."

(2) Conforming amendments.—

(A) LIMITATIONS ON ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES AND EMPLOYMENT AND CASE MANAGEMENT SERVICES.—Section 235A of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2295a) is amended in the matter preceding paragraph (1) by striking "through 238" and inserting "through 238A".

(B) Training.—Section 236(a)(2) of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2296(a)(2)) is amended—

(i) in subparagraph (A), by striking "and 238" and inserting "238, and 238A":

(ii) in subparagraph (B), by striking "and 238" each place it appears and inserting "238, and 238A";

- (iii) in subparagraph (C)(i), by striking "and 238" and inserting "238, and 238A";
- (iv) in subparagraph (C)(v), by striking "and 238" and inserting "238, and 238A"; and
- (v) in subparagraph (E), by striking "and 238" each place it appears and inserting "238, and 238A".
- (3) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents for the Trade Act of 1974 is amended by adding after the item relating to section 238 the following new item:
- "Sec. 238A. Child and other dependent care allowances.".

#### SEC. 101111. AGREEMENTS WITH STATES.

- (a) COORDINATION.—Section 239(f) of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2311(f)) is amended—
- (1) by striking "(f) Any agreement" and inserting the following:
  - "(f)(1) Any agreement"; and
- (2) by adding at the end the following:
- "(2) In arranging for training programs to be carried out under this chapter, each cooperating State agency shall, among other factors, take into account and measure the progress of the extent to which such programs—
- "(A) achieve a satisfactory rate of completion and placement in jobs that provide a living wage and that increase economic security;
- "(B) assist workers in developing the skills, networks, and experiences necessary to advance along a career path;
- "(C) assist workers from underserved communities to establish a work history, demonstrate success in the workplace, and develop the skills that lead to entry into and retention in unsubsidized employment; and
- "(D) adequately serve individuals who face the greatest barriers to employment, including people with low incomes, people of color, immigrants, persons with disabilities, and formerly incarcerated individuals.
- "(3) Each cooperating State agency shall facilitate joint cooperation between training programs, representatives of workers, employers, and communities, especially in underserved rural and urban regions, to ensure a fair and engaging workplace that balances the priorities and well-being of workers with the needs of businesses.
- "(4) Each cooperating State agency shall seek, including through agreements and training programs described in this subsection, to ensure the reemployment of adversely affected workers upon completion of training as described in section 236."
- (b) ADMINISTRATION.—Section 239(g) of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2311(g)) is amended—
- (1) by redesignating—
- (A) paragraphs (1) through (4) as paragraphs (3) through (6), respectively; and
- (B) paragraph (5) as paragraph (8);
- (2) by inserting before paragraph (3) (as redesignated) the following:
- "(1) review each layoff of more than 5 workers in a firm to determine whether trade played a role in the layoff and whether workers in such firm are potentially eligible to receive benefits under this chapter,
- "(2) perform sustained outreach to firms to facilitate and assist with filing petitions under section 221 and collecting necessary supporting information,";
- (3) in paragraph (3) (as redesignated), by striking "who applies for unemployment insurance of" and inserting "identified under paragraph (1) of unemployment insurance benefits
- (4) in paragraph (4) (as redesignated), by inserting "and assist with" after "facilitate";
- (5) in paragraph (6) (as redesignated), by striking "and" at the end;
- (6) by inserting after paragraph (6) (as redesignated) the following:
- "(7) perform sustained outreach to workers from underserved communities and to firms that

- employ a majority or a substantial percentage of workers from underserved communities and develop a plan, in consultation with the Secretary, for addressing common barriers to receiving services that such workers have faced.":
- (7) in paragraph (8) (as redesignated), by striking "funds provided to carry out this chapter are insufficient to make such services available, make arrangements to make such services available through other Federal programs" and inserting "support services are needed beyond what this chapter can provide, make arrangements to coordinate such services available through other Federal programs"; and
  - (8) by adding at the end the following.
- "(9) develop a strategy to engage with local workforce development institutions, including local community colleges and other educational institutions, and
- "(10) develop a comprehensive strategy to provide agency staffing to support the requirements of paragraphs (1) through (9)."
- (c) STAFFING.—Section 239 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2311) is amended by striking subsection (k) and inserting the following:
- "(k) STAFFING.—An agreement entered into under this section shall provide that the cooperating State or cooperating State agency shall require that any individual engaged in functions (other than functions that are not inherently governmental) to carry out the trade adjustment assistance program under this chapter shall be a State employee covered by a merit system of personnel administration."

#### SEC. 101112. REEMPLOYMENT TRADE ADJUST-MENT ASSISTANCE PROGRAM.

Section 246(a) of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2318(a)) is amended—

- (1) in paragraph (3)(B)(ii), by striking "\$50,000" and inserting "\$70,000 (subject to adjustment under paragraph (8))";
- (2) in paragraph (5)(B)(i), by striking "\$10,000" and inserting "\$20,000 (subject to adjustment under paragraph (8))"; and
- (3) by adding at the end the following:
- "(8) ADJUSTMENT OF SALARY LIMITATION AND TOTAL AMOUNT OF PAYMENTS FOR INFLATION.—
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Labor shall adjust the salary limitation under paragraph (3)(B)(ii) and the amount under paragraph (5)(B)(i) on the date that is 30 days after the date of the enactment of this paragraph, and at the beginning of each fiscal year thereafter, to reflect the percentage (if any) of the increase in the average of the Consumer Price Index for the preceding 12-month period compared to the Consumer Price Index for fiscal year 2020.
- "(B) SPECIAL RULES FOR CALCULATION OF AD-JUSTMENT.—In making an adjustment under subparagraph (A), the Secretary—
- "(i) shall round the amount of any increase in the Consumer Price Index to the nearest dollar; and
- "(ii) may ignore any such increase of less than 1 percent.
- "(C) CONSUMER PRICE INDEX DEFINED.—For purposes of this paragraph, the term 'Consumer Price Index' means the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the Department of Labor."

# SEC. 101113. EXTENSION OF TRADE ADJUSTMENT ASSISTANCE TO PUBLIC AGENCY WORKERS.

- (a) DEFINITIONS.—Section 247 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2319) is amended—
- (1) in paragraph (3)—
- (A) in the matter preceding subparagraph (A), by striking "The" and inserting "Subject to section 222(d)(5), the"; and
- (B) in subparagraph (A), by striking "or service sector firm" and inserting ", service sector firm, or public agency"; and
  - (2) by adding at the end the following:
- "(20) The term 'public agency' means a department or agency of a State or local government or of the Federal Government.".

- (b) GROUP ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS.—Section 222 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2272), as amended by subsections (b) and (c) of section 101102, is further amended—
- (1) by redesignating subsections (c), (d), (e), and (f) as subsections (d), (e), (f), and (g), respectively;
- (2) by inserting after subsection (b) the following:
- "(c) ADVERSELY AFFECTED WORKERS IN PUB-LIC AGENCIES.—A group of workers in a public agency shall be certified by the Secretary as eligible to apply for adjustment assistance under this chapter pursuant to a petition filed under section 221 if the Secretary determines that—
- "(1) a significant number or proportion of the workers in the public agency have become totally or partially separated, or are threatened to become totally or partially separated;
- "(2) the public agency has acquired from a foreign country services like or directly competitive with services which are supplied by such agency; and
- "(3) the acquisition of services described in paragraph (2) contributed to such workers' separation or threat of separation.":
- (3) in subsection (d) (as redesignated), by adding at the end the following:
- "(5) REFERENCE TO FIRM.—For purposes of subsections (a) and (b), the term 'firm' does not include a public agency."; and
- (4) in paragraph (2) of subsection (e) (as redesignated), by striking "subsection (a) or (b)" and inserting "subsection (a), (b), or (c)".

#### SEC. 101114. DEFINITIONS.

- (a) EXTENSION OF ADJUSTMENT ASSISTANCE FOR WORKERS TO TERRITORIES.—Section 247(7) of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2319(7)) is amended—
- (1) by inserting ", Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, American Samoa, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands," after "District of Columbia"; and
- (2) by striking "such Commonwealth." and inserting "such territories.".
- (b) UNDERSERVED COMMUNITY.—Section 247 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2319), as amended by section 101113(a), is further amended by adding at the end the following:
- "(21) The term 'underserved community' means a community with populations sharing a particular characteristic that have been systematically denied a full opportunity to participate in aspects of economic, social, or civic life, such as Black, Latino, and Indigenous and Native American persons, Asian Americans and Pacific Islanders, other persons of color, members of other minority communities, persons with disabilities, persons who live in rural areas, and other populations otherwise adversely affected by persistent poverty or inequality."

## SEC. 101115. REQUIREMENTS FOR CERTAIN TERRITORIES.

- Section 248 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2320) is amended by adding at the end the following:
- "(c) REQUIREMENT FOR CERTAIN TERRITORIES.—
- The Secretary shall establish such requirements as may be necessary and appropriate to modify the requirements of this chapter, including requirements relating to eligibility for trade readjustment allowances and limitations on administrative expenditures, to address the particular circumstances of Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, American Samoa, and the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands in implementing and carrying out this chapter."

#### SEC. 101115. SUBPOENA POWER.

- Section 249 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2321) is amended—
- (1) in subsection (a), by adding at the end the following: "The authority under the preceding sentence includes the authority of States to require, by subpoena, a firm to provide information on workers employed by, or totally or partially separated from, the firm that is necessary

to make a determination under this chapter or to provide outreach to workers, including the names and address of workers."; and

(2) by adding at the end the following:

"(c) Enforcement of SUBPOENAS STATES.—A State may enforce compliance with a subpoena issued under subsection (a)-

"(1) as provided for under State law; and

"(2) by petitioning an appropriate United States district court for an order requiring compliance with the subpoena.".

#### Subtitle B—Trade Adjustment Assistance for Firms

#### SEC. 101201. PETITIONS AND DETERMINATIONS.

Section 251 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2341) is amended-

- (1) in the second sentence of subsection (a), by striking "Upon" and inserting "Not later than 15 days after";
- (2) by amending subsection (c) to read as fol-
- "(c)(1) The Secretary shall certify a firm (including any agricultural firm or service sector firm) as eligible to apply for adjustment assistance under this chapter if the Secretary deter-
- "(A)(i) that a significant number or proportion of the workers in such firm have become totally or partially separated, or are threatened to become totally or partially separated, or

"(ii) that-

- "(I) sales or production, or both, of the firm have decreased absolutely or failed to increase,
- "(II) sales or production, or both, of an article or service that accounted for not less than 25 percent of the total sales or production of the firm during the 12-month period preceding the most recent 12-month period for which data are available have decreased absolutely or failed to increase.
- '(III) sales or production, or both, of the firm during the most recent 12-month period for which data are available have decreased or failed to increase compared to-
- '(aa) the average annual sales or production for the firm during the 24-month period preceding that 12-month period, or
- '(bb) the average annual sales or production for the firm during the 36-month period preceding that 12-month period, and
- '(IV) sales or production, or both, of an article or service that accounted for not less than 25 percent of the total sales or production of the firm during the most recent 12-month period for which data are available have decreased or failed to increase compared to-
- '(aa) the average annual sales or production for the article or service during the 24-month period preceding that 12-month period, or
- "(bb) the average annual sales or production for the article or service during the 36-month period preceding that 12-month period, and
- "(B)(i) increases of imports of articles or services like or directly competitive with articles which are produced or services which are supplied by such firm contributed to such total or partial separation, or threat thereof, or to such decline or failure to increase in sales or produc-
- "(ii) decreases in exports of articles produced or services supplied by such firm, or imports of articles or services necessary for the production of articles or services supplied by such firm, contributed to such total or partial separation, or threat thereof, or to such decline in sales or production.
  - "(2) For purposes of paragraph (1)(B):
- "(A) Any firm which engages in exploration or drilling for oil or natural gas shall be considered to be a firm producing oil or natural gas.
- (B) Any firm that engages in exploration or drilling for oil or natural gas, or otherwise produces oil or natural gas, shall be considered to be producing articles directly competitive with imports of oil and with imports of natural gas."; and
  - (3) in subsection (d)—

- (A) by striking "this section," and inserting "this section."; and
- (B) by striking "but in any event" and all that follows and inserting the following: "If the Secretary does not make a determination with respect to a petition within 55 days after the date on which an investigation is initiated under subsection (a) with respect to the petition, the Secretary shall be deemed to have certified the firm as eligible to apply for adjustment assistance under this chapter.

#### SEC. 101202. APPROVAL OF ADJUSTMENT PRO-POSALS.

Section 252 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2342) is amended-

- (1) in the second sentence of subsection (a), by adding at the end before the period the following: "and an assessment of the potential employment outcomes of such proposal'
- (2) in subsection (b)(1)(B), by striking "gives adequate consideration to" and inserting "is
- (3) by redesignating subsection (c) as subsection (d): and
- (4) by inserting after subsection (b) the following:

'(c) Amount of Assistance.—

- "(1) IN GENERAL.—A firm may receive adjustment assistance under this chapter with respect to the firm's economic adjustment proposal in an amount not to exceed \$300,000, subject to adjustment under paragraph (2) and the matching requirement under paragraph (3).
- (2) ADJUSTMENT OF ASSISTANCE LIMITATION FOR INFLATION.-
- (A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Commerce shall adjust the technical assistance limitation under paragraph (1) on the date that is 30 days after the date of the enactment of this paragraph, and at the beginning of each fiscal year thereafter, to reflect the percentage (if any) of the increase in the average of the Consumer Price Index for the preceding 12-month period compared to the Consumer Price Index for fiscal year 2020.
- '(B) Special rules for calculation of ad-JUSTMENT.—In making an adjustment under subparagraph (A), the Secretary-
- '(i) shall round the amount of any increase in the Consumer Price Index to the nearest dollar;
- "(ii) may ignore any such increase of less than 1 percent.
- "(C) Consumer price index defined.—For purposes of this paragraph, the term 'Consumer Price Index' means the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the Department of
- "(3) MATCHING REQUIREMENT.—A firm may receive adjustment assistance under this chapter only if the firm provides matching funds in an amount equal to the amount of adjustment assistance received under paragraph (1).'

#### SEC. 101203. TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.

Section 253(a)(3) of the Trade Act of 1974 (19  $U.S.C.\ 2343(a)(3))$  is amended by adding at the end before the period the following: ", including assistance to provide skills training programs to employees of the firm"

#### SEC. 101204. DEFINITIONS.

- Section 259 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2351) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
- "(3) Underserved community.—The term 'underserved community' has the meaning given that term in section 247.''.

#### SEC. 101205. PLAN FOR SUSTAINED OUTREACH TO POTENTIALLY-ELIGIBLE FIRMS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 3 of title II of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2341 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following:

#### "SEC. 263. PLAN FOR SUSTAINED OUTREACH TO POTENTIALLY-ELIGIBLE FIRMS.

"(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall develop a plan to provide sustained outreach to firms that may be eligible for adjustment assistance under this chapter.

- "(b) MATTERS TO BE INCLUDED .- The plan required by paragraph (1) shall include the fol-
- "(1) Outreach to the United States International Trade Commission and to such firms in industries with increased imports identified in the Commission's annual report regarding the operation of the trade agreements program under section 163(c).
- '(2) Outreach to such firms in the service sec-
- tor. "(3) Outreach to such firms that are small businesses.
- "(4) Outreach to such firms that are minorityor women-owned firms.
- '(5) Outreach to such firms that employ a majority or a substantial percentage of workers from underserved communities.
- (c) UPDATES.—The Secretary shall update the plan required under this section on an annual basis.
- "(d) SUBMISSION TO CONGRESS.-The Secretary shall submit the plan and each update to the plan required under this section to Con-
- (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents for the Trade Act of 1974 is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 262 the following new item:
- "Sec. 263. Plan for sustained outreach to potentially-eligible firms.".

#### Subtitle C-Trade Adjustment Assistance for Communities and Community Colleges SEC. 101301. TRADE ADJUSTMENT ASSISTANCE

- FOR COMMUNITIES. (a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 4 of title II of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2371 et seq.) is amended-
- (1) by inserting after the chapter heading the following:

### "Subchapter B-Trade Adjustment Assistance for Community Colleges and Career Train-

- (2) by redesignating sections 271 and 272 as sections 279 and 279A, respectively; and
- (3) by inserting before subchapter B (as designated by paragraph (1)) the following:

#### "Subchapter A—Trade Adjustment Assistance for Communities

#### "SEC. 271. DEFINITIONS.

'In this subchapter:

- "(1) AGRICULTURAL COMMODITY PRODUCER.-The term 'agricultural commodity producer' has the meaning given that term in section 291.
- "(2) COMMUNITY.—The term 'community'
- '(A) a city or other political subdivision of a State, including a special purpose unit of a State or local government engaged in economic or infrastructure development activities, or a consortium of political subdivisions;
- '(B) an Economic Development District designated by the Economic Development Administration of the Department of Commerce; or

(C) an Indian Tribe.

- "(3) ELIGIBLE COMMUNITY.—The term 'eligible community' means a community that is impacted by trade under section 273(a)(2) and is determined to be eligible for assistance under this subchapter.
- "(4) ELIGIBLE ENTITY.—The term 'eligible entity' means-

(A) an eligible community:

- "(B) an institution of higher education or a consortium of institutions of higher education;
- or
  "(C) a public or private nonprofit organization or association acting in cooperation with officials of a political subdivision of a State.

(4) SECRETARY.—The term 'Secretary' means the Secretary of Commerce.

'(5) Underserved community.—The term 'underserved community' has the meaning given that term in section 247.

#### "SEC. 272. ESTABLISHMENT OF TRADE ADJUST-MENT ASSISTANCE FOR COMMU-NITIES PROGRAM.

"The Secretary, acting through the Assistant Secretary for Economic Development, shall, not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this subchapter, establish a program to provide communities impacted by trade with assistance in accordance with the requirements of this subchapter.

## "SEC. 273. ELIGIBILITY; NOTIFICATION OF ELIGIBILITY.

"(a) ELIGIBILITY.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—A community shall be eligible for assistance under this subchapter if the community is a community impacted by trade under paragraph (2).

"(2) COMMUNITY IMPACTED BY TRADE.—A community is impacted by trade if it meets each of

the following requirements:

"(A) One or more of the following certifications are made with respect to the community:
"(i) By the Secretary of Labor, that a group

of workers located in the community is eligible to apply for assistance under section 223.

"(ii) By the Secretary of Commerce, that a firm located in the community is eligible to apply for adjustment assistance under section 251.

"(iii) By the Secretary of Agriculture, that a group of agricultural commodity producers located in the community is eligible to apply for adjustment assistance under section 293.

"(B) The community—

"(i) applies for assistance not later than 180 days after the date on which the most recent certification described in subparagraph (A) is made; or

"(ii) in the case of a community with respect to which one or more such certifications were made on or after January 1, 1994, and before the date of the enactment of this subchapter, applies for assistance not later than September 30,

"(C) The community—

"(i) has a per capita income of 80 percent or less of the national average;

"(ii) has an unemployment rate that is, for the most recent 24-month period for which data are available, at least 1 percent greater than the national average unemployment rate; or

"(iii) is significantly affected by a loss of, or threat to, the jobs associated with any certification described in subparagraph (A), or the community is undergoing transition of its economic base as a result of changing trade patterns, as determined by the Secretary.

"(b) NOTIFICATION OF ELIGIBILITY.—If one or more certifications described in subsection (a)(2)(A) are made with respect to a community, the applicable Secretary with respect to such certification shall concurrently, notify the Governor of the State in which the community is located of the ability of the community to apply for assistance under this section.

#### "SEC. 274. GRANTS TO ELIGIBLE COMMUNITIES.

"(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may-

"(1) upon the application of an eligible community, award a grant under this section to the community to assist in developing or updating a strategic plan that meets the requirements of section 275; or

"(2) upon the application of an eligible entity, award an implementation grant under this section to the entity to assist in implementing projects included in a strategic plan that meets the requirements of section 275.

"(b) SPECIAL PROVISIONS.—

"(1) REVOLVING LOAN FUND GRANTS.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall maintain the proper operation and financial integrity of revolving loan funds established by eligible entities with assistance under this section.

"(B) EFFICIENT ADMINISTRATION.—The Secretary may—

"(i) at the request of an eligible entity, amend and consolidate grant agreements governing revolving loan funds to provide flexibility with respect to lending areas and borrower criteria; and

"(ii) assign or transfer assets of a revolving loan fund to third party for the purpose of liquidation, and the third party may retain assets of the fund to defray costs related to liquidation

"(C) TREATMENT OF ACTIONS.—An action taken by the Secretary under this subsection with respect to a revolving loan fund shall not constitute a new obligation if all grant funds associated with the original grant award have been disbursed to the recipient.

"(2) USE OF FUNDS IN PROJECTS CONSTRUCTED UNDER PROJECT COST.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—In the case of a grant for a construction project under this section, if the Secretary determines, before closeout of the project, that the cost of the project, based on the designs and specifications that were the basis of the grant, has decreased because of decreases in costs, the Secretary may approve the use of the excess funds (or a portion of the excess funds) to improve the project.

"(B) OTHER USES OF EXCESS FUNDS.—Any amount of excess funds remaining after application of subparagraph (A) may be used by the Secretary for providing assistance under this section.

"(c) COORDINATION.—If an eligible institution (as such term is defined in section 279) located in an eligible community is seeking a grant under section 279 at the same time the community is seeking an implementation grant under subsection (a)—

"(1) the Secretary, upon receipt of such information from the Secretary of Labor as required under section 279(e), shall notify the community that the institution is seeking a grant under section 279; and

"(2) the community shall provide to the Secretary, in coordination with the institution, a description of how the community will integrate projects included in the strategic plan with the specific project for which the institution submits the grant proposal under section 279.

"(d) LIMITATION.—The total amount of grants awarded with respect to an eligible community under this section for fiscal years 2022 through 2026 may not exceed \$25,000,000.

"(e) PRIORITY.—The Secretary shall, in awarding grants under this section, provide higher levels of funding with respect to eligible communities that have a history of economic distress and long-term unemployment, as determined by the Secretary.

"(f) GEOGRAPHIC DIVERSITY.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall, in awarding grants under this section, ensure that grants are awarded with respect to eligible communities from geographically diverse areas.

"(2) GEOGRAPHIC REGION REQUIREMENT.—The Secretary shall, in meeting the requirement under paragraph (1), award a grant under this section for each of the fiscal years 2022 through 2026 to at least one eligible community located in each geographic region for which regional offices of the Economic Development Administration of the Department of Commerce are responsible, to the extent that the Secretary receives an application from at least one eligible community in each such geographic region.

#### "SEC. 275. STRATEGIC PLANS.

``(a) In General.-A strategic plan meets the requirements of this section if—

"(1) the consultation requirements of subsection (b) are met with respect to the development of the plan;

"(2) the plan meets the requirements of subsection (c); and

"(3) the plan is approved in accordance with the requirements of subsection (d).

"(b) Consultation.-

"(1) IN GENERAL.—To the extent practicable, an eligible community shall consult with the entities described in paragraph (2) in developing the strategic plan.

"(2) Entities described in this paragraph are public and private entities located in or serving the eligible community, including—

"(A) local, county, or State government agencies:

cies;
"(B) firms, including small- and medium-sized firms:

"(C) local workforce investment boards;

"(D) labor organizations, including State labor federations and labor-management initiatives, representing workers in the community;

"(E) educational institutions, local educational agencies, and other training providers; and

"(F) local civil rights organizations and community-based organizations, including organizations representing underserved communities.

"(c) CONTENTS.—The strategic plan may contain, as applicable to the community, the following:

"(1) A description and analysis of the capacity of the eligible community to achieve economic adjustment to the impact of trade.

"(2) An analysis of the economic development challenges and opportunities facing the community, including the strengths and weaknesses of the economy of the community.

"(3) An assessment of—

"(A) the commitment of the community to carry out the strategic plan on a long-term basis;

"(B) the participation and input of members of the community who are dislocated from employment due to the impact of trade; and

"(C) the extent to which underserved communities have been impacted by trade.

"(4) A description of how underserved communities will benefit from the strategic plan.

"(5) A description of the role of the entities described in subsection (b)(2) in developing the strategic plan.

"(6) A description of projects under the strategic plan to facilitate the community's economic adjustment to the impact of trade, including projects to—

"(A) develop public facilities, public services, jobs, and businesses (including establishing a revolving loan fund):

"(B) provide for planning and technical assistance:

"(C) provide for training;

"(D) provide for the demolition of vacant or abandoned commercial, industrial, or residential property:

"(E) redevelop brownfields;

"(F) establish or support land banks; "(G) support energy conservation; and

"(H) support historic preservation.

"(7) A strategy for continuing the community's economic adjustment to the impact of trade after the completion of such projects.

"(8) A description of the educational and training programs and the potential employment opportunities available to workers in the community, including for workers under the age of 25, and the future employment needs of the community.

"(9) An assessment of—

"(A) the cost of implementing the strategic plan; and

"(B) the timing of funding required by the community to implement the strategic plan.

"(10) A description of the methods of financing to be used to implement the strategic plan, including—

"(A) an implementation grant received under section 274 or under other authorities;

"(B) a loan, including the establishment of a revolving loan fund; or

"(C) other types of financing.

"(11) An assessment of how the community will address unemployment among agricultural commodity producers, if applicable.

"(d) APPROVAL; CEDS EQUIVALENT.—
"(1) APPROVAL.—The Secretary shall approve

"(1) APPROVAL.—The Secretary shall approve the strategic plan developed by an eligible community under this section if the Secretary determines that the strategic plan meets the requirements of this section.

"(2) CEDS OR EQUIVALENT.—The Secretary may deem an eligible community's Comprehensive Economic Development Strategy that substantially meets the requirements of this section to be an approved strategic plan for purposes of this subchapter.

"(e) ALLOCATION.—Of the funds appropriated to carry out this chapter for each of the fiscal years 2022 through 2026, the Secretary may make available not more than \$50,000,000 to award grants under section 274(a)(1).

#### "SEC. 276. COORDINATION OF FEDERAL RE-SPONSE AND OTHER ADDITIONAL TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.

"(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall coordinate the Federal response with respect to an eligible community that is awarded an implementation grant under section 274(a)(2) to implement the community's strategic plan that meets the requirements of section 275 by—

"(1) identifying and consulting, as appropriate, with any other Federal, State, regional,

or local government agency;

- "(2) assisting the community to access assistance from other available Federal sources as necessary to fulfill the community's strategic plan developed under section 275; and
- "(3) ensuring that such assistance is provided in a targeted, integrated manner.

"(b) TRANSFER OF FUNDS.—

- "(1) TRANSFER OF FUNDS TO OTHER FEDERAL AGENCIES.—Subject to paragraph (3), funds appropriated to carry out this chapter may be transferred between Federal agencies, if the funds are used for the purposes for which the funds are specifically appropriated.
- "(2) TRANSFER OF FUNDS FROM OTHER FED-ERAL AGENCIES —
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—Subject to paragraph (3) and subparagraph (B), for the purposes of this chapter, the Secretary may accept transfers of funds from other Federal agencies if the funds are used for the purposes for which (and in accordance with the terms under which) the funds are specifically appropriated.
  - "(B) USE OF FUNDS.—The transferred funds—"(i) shall remain available until expended;

and
"(ii) may, to the extent necessary to carry out
this chapter, be transferred to and merged by
the Secretary with the appropriations for sala-

this chapter, be transferred to and merged by the Secretary with the appropriations for salaries and expenses.

(3) AVAILABILITY—The transfer authorities

(3) AVAILABILITY.—The transfer authorities provided by this subsection shall not apply with respect to amounts made available by an appropriations Act.

"(c) ADDITIONAL TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.—In addition to the coordination and assistance described in subsection (a), the Secretary shall provide technical assistance for communities—

"(1) to identify significant impediments to economic development that result from the impact of trade on the community, including in the course of developing a strategic plan under section 275; and

"(2) to access assistance under other available sources, including State, local, territorial, or private sources, to implement projects that diversify and strengthen the economy in the community.

#### "SEC. 277. GENERAL PROVISIONS.

"(a) REGULATIONS.-

"(1) In GENERAL.—The Secretary shall, subject to paragraph (3), promulgate such regulations as may be necessary to carry out this subchapter, including with respect to—

"(A) administering the awarding of grants under section 274, including establishing guidelines for the submission and evaluation of grant applications under such section; and

"(B) establishing guidelines for the evaluation of strategic plans developed to meet the requirements of section 275.

"(2) CONSULTATIONS.—The Secretary shall consult with the Committee on Ways and Means of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Finance of the Senate not later than 90 days prior to promulgating any final rule or regulation under this subsection.

"(3) Relationship to existing regulations.—The Secretary, to the maximum extent practicable, shall"(A) rely on and apply regulations promulgated to carry out other economic development programs of the Department of Commerce in carrying out this subchapter; and

"(B) provide guidance regarding the manner and extent to which such other economic development programs relate to this subchapter.

"(b) RESOURCES.—The Secretary shall allocate such resources as may be necessary to provide sufficiently individualized assistance to each eligible community that receives a grant under section 274(a) or seeks technical assistance under section 276(c) to develop and implement a strategic plan that meets the requirements of section 275."

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents for the Trade Act of 1974 is amended by striking the items relating to chapter 4 of title II and inserting the following:

"Chapter 4—Trade Adjustment Assistance for Communities

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} ``SUBCHAPTER A--TRADE ADJUSTMENT ASSISTANCE \\ FOR COMMUNITIES \end{tabular}$ 

"Sec. 271. Definitions.

"Sec. 272. Establishment of trade adjustment assistance for communities program.

"Sec. 273. Eligibility; notification of eligibility.

"Sec. 274. Grants to eligible communities.

"Sec. 275. Strategic plans.

"Sec. 276. Coordination of Federal response and other additional technical assistance.

"Sec. 277. General provisions.

"SUBCHAPTER B—COMMUNITY COLLEGE AND CAREER TRAINING GRANT PROGRAM

"Sec. 279. Community College and Career Training Grant Program.

"Sec. 279A. Authorization of appropriations.".
SEC. 101302. TRADE ADJUSTMENT ASSISTANCE

#### SEC. 101302. TRADE ADJUSTMENT ASSISTANCE FOR COMMUNITY COLLEGES AND CA-REER TRAINING.

Section 279 of the Trade Act of 1974, as redesignated by section 101301(a)(2), is amended as follows:

(1) In subsection (a)—

(A) in paragraph (1), by striking "eligible institutions" and inserting "eligible entities"; and (B) in paragraph (2)—

(i) in the matter preceding subparagraph (A), by striking "eligible institution" and inserting "eligible entity"; and

(ii) in subparagraph (B)—

(1) by striking "\$1,000,000" and inserting "\$2,500,000":

(II) by striking "(B)" and inserting "(B)(i) in the case of an eligible institution,";

(III) by striking the period at the end and inserting "; or"; and

(IV) by adding at the end the following:

"(ii) in the case of a consortium of eligible institutions, a grant under this section in excess of \$15.000.000.".

(2) In subsection (b), by adding at the end the following:

"(3) ELIGIBLE ENTITY.—The term 'eligible entity' means an eligible institution or a consortium of eligible institutions.

"(4) UNDERSERVED COMMUNITY.—The term 'underserved community' has the meaning given that term in section 247.".

(3) In subsection (c)—

(A) by striking "eligible institution" each place it appears and inserting "eligible entity"; and

(B) in paragraph (5)(A)(i)—

(i) in subclause (I), by striking "and" at the end; and

(ii) by adding at the end the following:

"(III) any opportunities to support industry or sector partnerships to develop or expand quality academic programs and curricula; and".

(4) In subsection (d), by striking "eligible institution" each place it appears and inserting "eligible entity".

(5) By redesignating subsection (e) as subsection (h) and inserting after subsection (d) the following:

(e) USE OF FUNDS.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—An eligible entity shall use a grant awarded under this section to establish and scale career training programs, including career and technical education programs, and career pathways and supports for students participating in such programs.

(2) STUDENT SUPPORT AND EMERGENCY SERV-ICES.—Not less than 15 percent of the amount of a grant awarded to an eligible entity under this section shall be used to carry out student support services, which may include the following:

"(A) Supportive services, including childcare, transportation, mental health services, or substance use disorder prevention and treatment, assistance in obtaining health insurance coverage, housing, and other benefits, as appropriate.

"(B) Connecting students to State or Federal means-tested benefits programs.

"(C) The provision of direct financial assistance to help students facing financial hardships that may impact enrollment in or completion of a program supported by such funds.

"(D) Navigation, coaching, mentorship, and case management services, including providing information and outreach to the population described in subparagraph (C) to take part in such a program.

"(E) Providing access to necessary supplies, materials, technological devices, or required equipment, and other supports necessary to participate in such a program.

"(f) PLAN FOR OUTREACH TO UNDERSERVED COMMUNITIES.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—In awarding grants under this section, the Secretary shall—

"(A) ensure that eligible institutions effectively serve individuals from underserved communities: and

"(B) develop a plan to ensure that grants provided under this subchapter effectively serve individuals from underserved communities.

"(2) UPDATES.—The Secretary shall update the plan required by paragraph (1)(B) on an annual basis.

"(3) SUBMISSION TO CONGRESS.—The Secretary shall submit the plan required by paragraph (1)(B) and each update to the plan required by paragraph (2) to Congress.

"(g) GEOGRAPHIC DIVERSITY.—The Secretary shall, in awarding grants under this section, ensure that grants are awarded with respect to eligible entities from geographically diverse areas.".

## Subtitle D—Trade Adjustment Assistance for Farmers

#### SEC. 101401. DEFINITIONS.

Section 291 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2401) is amended—

(1) by striking paragraph (3);

(2) by redesignating paragraphs (4) through (7) as paragraphs (3) through (6), respectively; and

(3) by adding at the end the following:

"(7) UNDERSERVED COMMUNITY.—The term 'underserved community' has the meaning given that term in section 247.".

#### SEC. 101402. GROUP ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS.

Section 292 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2401a) is amended—

(1) in subsection (c)—

(A) in paragraph (1)—

(i) by striking "85 percent of" each place it appears; and

(ii) in subparagraph (D), by adding "and" at the end:

(B) in paragraph (2), by striking "(2)" and inserting "(2)(A)(i)";

(C) by redesignating paragraph (3) as clause (ii) of paragraph (2)(A) (as designated by subparagraph (B));

(D) in clause (ii) of paragraph (2)(A) (as redesignated by subparagraph (C))—

(i) by striking "importantly"; and

(ii) by striking the period at the end and inserting "; or"; and

(E) in paragraph (2), by adding at the end the following:

"(B)(i) the volume of exports of the agricultural commodity produced by the group in the marketing year with respect to which the group files the petition decreased compared to the average volume of such exports during the 3 marketing years preceding such marketing year;

"(ii) the decrease in such exports contributed to the decrease in the national average price, quantity of production, or value of production of, or cash receipts for, the agricultural commodity, as described in paragraph (1)."; and

(2) in subsection (e)(3), by adding at the end before the period the following: "or exports".

#### SEC. 101403. BENEFIT INFORMATION TO AGRICUL-TURAL COMMODITY PRODUCERS.

Section 295(a) of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2401d(a)) is amended by adding at the end the following: "The Secretary shall develop a plan to conduct targeted sustained outreach and offer assistance to agricultural commodity producers from underserved communities".

#### SEC. 101404. QUALIFYING REQUIREMENTS AND BENEFITS FOR AGRICULTURAL COM-MODITY PRODUCERS.

Section 296 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2401e) is amended—

- (1) in subsection (a)(1)(A), by striking "90 days" and inserting "120 days";
- (2) in subsection (b)—
- (A) in paragraph (3)(B), by striking "\$4,000" and inserting "\$12,000"; and
- (B) in paragraph (4)(C), by striking "\$8,000" and inserting "\$24,000";
- (3) in subsection (c), by striking "\$12,000" and inserting "\$36,000"; and
- (4) by adding at the end the following new subsection:
  - "(e) ADJUSTMENTS FOR INFLATION.-
- "(1) In GENERAL.—The Secretary of Agriculture shall adjust each dollar amount limitation described in this section on the date that is 30 days after the date of the enactment of this subsection, and at the beginning of each fiscal year thereafter, to reflect the percentage (if any) of the increase in the average of the Consumer Price Index for the preceding 12-month period compared to the Consumer Price Index for fiscal year 2020.
- "(2) SPECIAL RULES FOR CALCULATION OF AD-JUSTMENT.—In making an adjustment under paragraph (1), the Secretary—
- "(A) shall round the amount of any increase in the Consumer Price Index to the nearest dollar; and
- "(B) may ignore any such increase of less than 1 percent.
- "(3) CONSUMER PRICE INDEX DEFINED.—For purposes of this subsection, the term 'Consumer Price Index' means the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the Department of Labor."

## Subtitle E—Authorizations of Appropriations and Other Matters

#### SEC. 101501. EXTENSION OF TRADE ADJUSTMENT ASSISTANCE PROGRAM.

- (a) EXTENSION OF TERMINATION PROVISIONS.— Section 285 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2271 note) is amended by striking "2021" each place it appears and inserting "2028".
- (b) Training Funds.—Section 236(a)(2)(A) of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2296(a)(2)(A)), as amended by section 133110(c)(2)(B), is further amended—
- (1) by striking "shall not exceed \$450,000,000" and inserting the following: "shall not exceed—"(i) \$450,000,000";
- (2) by striking the period at the end and inserting "; and"; and
  - (3) by adding at the end the following:
- "(ii) \$1,000,000,000 for each of the fiscal years 2022 through 2028.".
- (c) REEMPLOYMENT TRADE ADJUSTMENT AS-SISTANCE.—Section 246(b)(1) of the Trade Act of

- 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2318(b)(1)) is amended by striking "2021" and inserting "2028".
  (d) AUTHORIZATIONS OF APPROPRIATIONS.—
- (a) AUTHORIZATIONS OF APPROPRIATIONS.—
  (1) TRADE ADJUSTMENT ASSISTANCE FOR WORK-ERS.—Section 245 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19
- U.S.C. 2317) is amended—
  (A) in subsection (a), by striking "2021" and inserting "2028"; and

(B) by adding at the end the following:

"(d) RESERVATION BY THE SECRETARY.—Of the funds appropriated to carry out this chapter for any fiscal year, the Secretary of Labor may reserve not more than 1 percent for administration (in addition to amounts otherwise available for such purposes), technical assistance, grants for pilots and demonstrations, and the evaluation of activities carried out under this chapter.".

(2) Trade adjustment assistance for firms.—Section 255(a) of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2345(a)) is amended in the first sentence by adding at the end before the period the following: "and \$50,000,000 for each of the fiscal years 2022 through 2028".

(3) Trade adjustment assistance for communities.—

- (A) IN GENERAL.—There is authorized to be appropriated for each of fiscal years 2022 through 2026 \$1,000,000,000 to carry out subchapter A of chapter 4 of title II of the Trade Act of 1974, as added by section 101301 of this Act.
- (B) SALARIES AND EXPENSES.—Of the amounts appropriated pursuant to the authorization under subparagraph (A) for each of fiscal years 2022 through 2026, not more than \$40,000,000 is authorized to be made available for the salaries and expenses of personnel administering subchapter A of chapter 4 of title II of the Trade Act of 1974.
- (C) SUPPLEMENT AND NOT SUPPLANT.— Amounts appropriated pursuant to the authorization under subparagraph (A) for each of the fiscal years 2022 through 2026 shall be used to supplement, and not supplant, other Federal, State, regional, and local government funds made available to provide economic development assistance for communities.

(4) Trade adjustment assistance for community colleges and career training.—

- (A) IN GENERAL.—There is authorized to be appropriated for each of fiscal years 2022 through 2028 \$1,300,000,000 to carry out subchapter B of chapter 4 of title II of the Trade Act of 1974, as designated by section 101301 of this Act.
- (B) RESERVATION BY THE SECRETARY.—Of the funds appropriated to carry out subchapter B of chapter 4 of title II of the Trade Act of 1974 for each of fiscal ears 2002 through 2028, the Secretary of Labor may reserve not more than 5 percent for administration of the program, including providing technical assistance, sustained outreach to eligible institutions effectively serving minority or low-income populations, grants for pilots and demonstrations, and a rigorous third-party evaluation of the program.
- (5) TRADE ADJUSTMENT ASSISTANCE FOR FARM-ERS.—Section 298 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2401g(a)) is amended—
- (A) in subsection (a)—
- (i) by striking "\$90,000,000" and inserting "\$50,000,000"; and
- (ii) by striking "2021" and inserting "2028"; and
- (B) by adding at the end the following:
- "(c) RESERVATION BY THE SECRETARY.—Of the funds appropriated to carry out this chapter for any fiscal year, the Secretary of Agriculture may not reserve more than 5 percent for technical assistance, pilots and demonstrations, and the evaluation of activities carried out under this chapter.".

#### SEC. 101502. APPLICABILITY OF TRADE ADJUST-MENT ASSISTANCE PROVISIONS.

- (a) Workers Certified Before Date of Enactment.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in paragraphs (2) and (3), a worker certified as eligible

for adjustment assistance under section 222 of the Trade Act of 1974 before the date of the enactment of this Act shall be eligible, on and after such date of enactment, to receive benefits only under the provisions of chapter 2 of title II of the Trade Act of 1974, as in effect on such date of enactment, or as such provisions may be amended after such date of enactment.

(2) COMPUTATION OF MAXIMUM BENEFITS.—Benefits received by a worker described in paragraph (1) under chapter 2 of title II of the Trade Act of 1974 before the date of the enactment of this Act shall be included in any determination of the maximum benefits for which the worker is eligible under the provisions of chapter 2 of title II of the Trade Act of 1974, as in effect on the date of the enactment of this Act, or as such provisions may be amended after such date of enactment.

(3) AUTHORITY TO MAKE ADJUSTMENTS TO BENEFITS.—For the 90-day period beginning on the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary is authorized to make any adjustments to benefits to workers described in paragraph (1) that the Secretary determines to be necessary and appropriate in applying and administering the provisions of chapter 2 of title II of the Trade Act of 1974, as in effect on the date of the enactment of this Act, or as such provisions may be amended after such date of enactment, in a manner that ensures parity of treatment between the benefits of such workers and the benefits of workers certified after such date of enactment.

(b) Workers Not Certified Pursuant to Certain Petitions Filed Before Date of Enactment.—

(1) Certifications of workers not certified before date of enactment.—

(A) CRITERIA IF A DETERMINATION HAS NOT BEEN MADE.—If, as of the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Labor has not made a determination with respect to whether to certify a group of workers as eligible to apply for adjustment assistance under section 222 of the Trade Act of 1974 pursuant to a petition described in subparagraph (C), the Secretary shall make that determination based on the requirements of section 222 of the Trade Act of 1974, as in effect on such date of enactment.

(B) RECONSIDERATION OF DENIALS OF CERTIFICATIONS.—If, before the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary made a determination not to certify a group of workers as eligible to apply for adjustment assistance under section 222 of the Trade Act of 1974 pursuant to a petition described in subparagraph (C), the Secretary shall—

(i) reconsider that determination; and

- (ii) if the group of workers meets the requirements of section 222 of the Trade Act of 1974, as in effect on such date of enactment, certify the group of workers as eligible to apply for adjustment assistance.
- (C) PETITION DESCRIBED.—A petition described in this subparagraph is a petition for a certification of eligibility for a group of workers filed under section 221 of the Trade Act of 1974 on or after January 1, 2021, and before the date of the enactment of this Act.

(2) Eligibility for benefits.—

- (A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subparagraph (B), a worker certified as eligible to apply for adjustment assistance under section 222 of the Trade Act of 1974 pursuant to a petition described in paragraph (1)(C) shall be eligible, on and after the date of the enactment of this Act, to receive benefits only under the provisions of chapter 2 of title II of the Trade Act of 1974, as in effect on such date of enactment, or as such provisions may be amended after such date of enactment.
- (B) COMPUTATION OF MAXIMUM BENEFITS.— Benefits received by a worker described in paragraph (1) under chapter 2 of title II of the Trade Act of 1974 before the date of the enactment of this Act shall be included in any determination of the maximum benefits for which the worker is

eligible under the provisions of chapter 2 of title II of the Trade Act of 1974, as in effect on the date of the enactment of this Act, or as such provisions may be amended after such date of enactment.

(c) Conforming Amendments.-

- (1) TRADE ACT OF 2002.—Section 151 of the Trade Act of 2002 (19 U.S.C. note prec. 2271) is amended by striking subsections (a), (b), and
- (2) TRADE AND GLOBALIZATION ADJUSTMENT ASSISTANCE ACT OF 2009.—Section 1891 of the Trade and Globalization Adjustment Assistance Act of 2009 (19 U.S.C. 2271 note) is repealed.

(3) Trade adjustment assistance extension ACT OF 2011.—The Trade Adjustment Assistance Extension Act of 2011 is amended-

(A) in section 201 (19 U.S.C. note prec. 2271), by striking subsections (b) and (c); and

(B) in section 231(a) (19 U.S.C. 2271 note), by striking paragraphs (1)(B) and (2).

(4) Trade adjustment assistance reauthor-IZATION ACT OF 2015.—The Trade Adjustment Assistance Reauthorization Act of 2015 is amend-

(A) in section 402 (19 U.S.C. note prec. 2271), by striking subsections (b) and (c): and

(B) in section 405(a)(1) (19 U.S.C. 2319(a)(1)). by striking subparagraph (B).

TRADE ADJUSTMENT Assistance for FIRMS.

(1) CERTIFICATION OF FIRMS NOT CERTIFIED BEFORE DATE OF ENACTMENT.

(A) Criteria if a determination has not BEEN MADE.—If, as of the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Commerce has not made a determination with respect to whether to certify a firm as eligible to apply for adjustment assistance under section 251 of the Trade Act of 1974 pursuant to a petition described in subparagraph (C), the Secretary shall make that determination based on the requirements of section 251 of the Trade Act of 1974, as in effect on such date of enactment.

(B) RECONSIDERATION OF DENIAL OF CERTAIN PETITIONS.—If, before the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary made a determination not to certify a firm as eligible to apply for adjustment assistance under section 251 of the Trade Act of 1974 pursuant to a petition described in subparagraph (C), the Secretary

(i) reconsider that determination; and

(ii) if the firm meets the requirements of section 251 of the Trade Act of 1974, as in effect on such date of enactment, certify the firm as eligible to apply for adjustment assistance.

(C) PETITION DESCRIBED.—A petition described in this subparagraph is a petition for a certification of eligibility filed by a firm or its representative under section 251 of the Trade Act of 1974 on or after January 1, 2021, and before the date of the enactment of this Act.

(2) CERTIFICATION OF FIRMS THAT DID NOT SUBMIT PETITIONS BETWEEN JANUARY 1, 2021, AND DATE OF ENACTMENT.-

(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Commerce shall certify a firm described in subparagraph (B) as eligible to apply for adjustment assistance under section 251 of the Trade Act of 1974, as in effect on the date of the enactment of this Act. if the firm or its representative files a petition for a certification of eliaibility under section 251 of the Trade Act of 1974 not later than 90 days after such date of enactment.

(B) FIRM DESCRIBED.—A firm described in this subparagraph is a firm that the Secretary determines would have been certified as eligible to

apply for adjustment assistance if-

(i) the firm or its representative had filed a petition for a certification of eligibility under section 251 of the Trade Act of 1974 on a date during the period beginning on January 1, 2021, and ending on the day before the date of the enactment of this Act: and

(ii) the provisions of chapter 3 of title II of the Trade Act of 1974, as in effect on such date of enactment, had been in effect on that date during the period described in clause (i).

#### Subtitle F.—Health Care Tax Credit

#### SEC. 101601. PERMANENT CREDIT FOR HEALTH INSURANCE COSTS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Subparagraph (B) of section 35(b)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended by striking ", and before January 1, 2022" and inserting a period.

(b) INCREASE IN CREDIT PERCENTAGE.—Subsection (a) of section 35 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended by striking "72.5 perand inserting "80 percent".

(c) Conforming Amendments.—Subsections (b) and (e)(1) of section 7527 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 are each amended by striking 72.5 percent" and inserting "80 percent"

(d) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall apply to coverage months beginning after December 31, 2021.

#### TITLE II—IMPROVEMENTS TO TRADE REMEDIES LAWS

#### Subtitle A-Successive Investigations

SEC. 102001. ESTABLISHMENT OF SPECIAL RULES FOR DETERMINATION OF MATERIAL INJURY IN THE CASE OF SUCCES-SIVE ANTIDUMPING AND COUNTER-VAILING DUTY INVESTIGATIONS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 771(7) of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1677(7)) is amended-

(1) by redesignating subparagraphs through (J) as subparagraphs (F) through (K), respectively;

(2) in subparagraph (I), as redesignated by paragraph (1)-

(A) by striking "subparagraph (G)(ii)" and

inserting "subparagraph (H)(ii)"; and
(B) by striking "subparagraph (F)" and inserting "subparagraph (G)"; and

(3) by inserting after subparagraph (D) the following:

"(E) Special rules for successive inves-TIGATIONS.-

"(i) IN GENERAL.-

"(I) EVALUATION OF IMPACT ON DOMESTIC IN-DUSTRY.—In evaluating the impact of imports of the merchandise on producers of domestic like products under subparagraph (C)(iii), the Commission shall-

"(aa) consider the condition of the domestic industry as found in a recently completed inves-

(bb) consider the effect of a concurrent investigation or recently completed investigation on trade and the financial performance of the domestic industry; and

"(cc) take into account the considerations described in items (aa) and (bb), include in the record any prior injury determinations by the Commission with respect to imports of the mer-

"(II) EFFECT OF RECENT IMPROVEMENT ON MA-TERIAL INJURY DETERMINATION .- For the purposes of this subparagraph, the Commission may not find that there is no material injury or threat of material injury to a domestic industry solely based on recent improvements in the industry's performance, such as an increase in sales, market share, or profitability of domestic producers, that are related to relief granted pursuant to a concurrent investigation or recently completed investigation.

(ii) RETROACTIVE APPLICATION OF FINAL DE-TERMINATION.—In making any finding under section 705(b)(4)(A) or 735(b)(4)(A) in a successive investigation, the Commission shall determine that a concurrent investigation or recently completed investigation contributes to the likelihood that the remedial effect of the countervailing duty order to be issued under section 706 or the antidumping duty order to be issued under section 736 will be seriously undermined.'

(b) DEFINITIONS.—Section 771 of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1677) is amended by adding at the end the following:

"(37) TREATMENT OF SUCCESSIVE INVESTIGA-TIONS.—For purposes of sections 702(f), 732(f), and 784, as well as paragraph (7)(E) of this sec-

"(A) CONCURRENT INVESTIGATION.—The term 'concurrent investigation' means an ongoing investigation in which an affirmative determination under section 703(a) or 733(a) has been made by the Commission with respect to imports of a same class or kind of merchandise that are the same or similar to imports of a same class or kind of merchandise from another country that are the subject of a successive investigation.

'(B) Recently completed investigation. The term 'recently completed investigation' means a completed investigation in which an affirmative determination under section 705(b) or 735(b) was issued by the Commission with respect to imports of a class or kind of merchandise that are the same or similar to imports of a class or kind of merchandise from another countru that are the subject of a successive investigation not more than 2 years before the date of initiation of the successive investigation.

(C) Successive investigation.—The term 'successive investigation' means an investigation that has been initiated by the administering authority following a petition filed pursuant to

section 702(f) or 732(f).".

#### SEC. 102002. INITIATION OF SUCCESSIVE ANTI-DUMPING AND COUNTERVAILING DUTY INVESTIGATIONS.

(a) Countervalling Duty Investigation — Section 702 of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1671a) is amended by adding at the end the following:

'(f) Initiation by Administering Authority OF SUCCESSIVE COUNTERVAILING DUTY INVES-TIGATION.—A successive investigation shall be initiated-

'(1) under subsection (a), if—

"(A) the requirements under that subsection are met with respect to imports of a class or kind of merchandise; and

'(B) imports of the same or similar class or kind of merchandise from another country are or have been the subject of a concurrent investigation or recently completed investigation; or

(2) under subsection (b), if-

"(A) the determinations under clauses (i) and (ii) of subsection (c)(1)(A) are affirmative with respect to imports of a class or kind of merchandise; and

"(B) imports of the same or similar class or kind of merchandise from another country are or have been the subject of a concurrent investigation or recently completed investigation.".

(b) Antidumping Duty Investigation.—Section 732 of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1673a) is amended by adding at the end the following:

"(f) Initiation by Administering Authority OF SUCCESSIVE ANTIDUMPING DUTY INVESTIGA-TION.—A successive investigation shall be initiated-

''(1) under subsection (a), if–

"(A) the requirements under that subsection are met with respect to imports of a class or kind of merchandise; and

'(B) imports of the same or similar class or kind of merchandise from another country are or have been the subject of a concurrent investigation or recently completed investigation; or

(2) under subsection (b), if-"(A) the determinations under clauses (i) and (ii) of subsection (c)(1)(A) are affirmative with respect to imports of a class or kind of merchandise; and

"(B) imports of the same or similar class or kind of merchandise from another country are or have been the subject of a concurrent investigation or recently completed investigation.'

#### TO SUCCESSIVE AND CONTROL SEC. 102003. ISSUANCE OF DETERMINATIONS WITH RESPECT ANTIDUMPING VAILING DUTY INVESTIGATIONS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Subtitle D of title VII of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1677 et seg.) is amended by adding at the end the following:

#### "SEC. 784. DETERMINATIONS RELATING TO SUC-CESSIVE INVESTIGATIONS.

"(a) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other provision of this title, the administering authority—

- "(1) with respect to a successive investigation under section 702(f)—
- "(A) shall issue a preliminary determination under section 703(b) not later than 85 days after initiating the investigation;
- "(B) may not postpone under section 703(c) such deadline for the issuance of a preliminary determination unless requested by the petitioner;
- "(C) shall obtain the information required for a determination under section 703(e);
- "(D) shall make a determination under section 703(e) with respect to the investigation;
- "(E) shall issue a final determination under section 705(a) not later than 75 days after issuing the preliminary determination under subparagraph (A): and
- "(F) shall extend the date of the final determination under section 705(a) if requested by the petitioner; and
- "(2) with respect to a successive investigation under section 732(f)—
- "(A) shall issue a preliminary determination under section 733(b) not later than 140 days after initiating the investigation;
- "(B) may not postpone under section 733(c) such deadline for the issuance of a preliminary determination unless requested by the petitioner:
- "(C) shall obtain the information required for a determination under section 733(e);
- "(D) shall make a determination under section 733(e) with respect to the investigation;
- "(E) shall issue a final determination under section 735(a) not later than 75 days after issuing the preliminary determination under subparagraph (A): and
- "(F) may extend the date of the final determination under section 735(a)(2).".
- (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents for the Tariff Act of 1930 is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 783 the following:
- "Sec. 784.Determinations relating to successive investigations.".

#### Subtitle B—Responding to Market Distortions SEC. 102101. ADDRESSING CROSS-BORDER SUB-SIDIES IN COUNTERVAILING DUTY INVESTIGATIONS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 701(d) of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1671(d)) is amended—
- (1) in the subsection heading, by striking "INTERNATIONAL CONSORTIA" and inserting "SPECIAL RULES";
- (2) by striking "For purposes" and inserting the following:
- "(1) INTERNATIONAL CONSORTIA AND MULTI-NATIONAL CORPORATIONS.—For purposes":
- (3) in paragraph (1), as so designated, by inserting after "in their respective home countries," the following: "or multinational corporations that are engaged in the production of subject merchandise receive countervailable subsidies to assist, permit, or otherwise enable their production or manufacturing operations in the country in which the class or kind of merchandise is produced, exported, or sold (or likely to be sold) for importation into the United States,"; and
  - (4) by adding at the end the following:
  - "(2) TRANSNATIONAL SUBSIDIES.-
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—For purposes of this subtitle, if there is a countervailable subsidy conferred by a government of a country or any public entity within the territory of a country that is not the country in which the class or kind of merchandise is produced, exported, or sold (or likely to be sold) for importation into the United States and the government of the country or any public entity within the territory of the country in which the class or kind of merchandise is produced, exported, or sold (or likely to be sold) for importation into the United States (hereafter in this subparagraph referred to as the 'subject merchandise country') facilitates the provision of such subsidy, then the administering authority shall treat the subsidy as hav-

ing been provided by the government of the subject merchandise country or a public entity within the territory of the subject merchandise country and shall cumulate all such countervailable subsidies, as well as countervailable subsidies provided directly or indirectly by the government or any public entity within the territory of the subject merchandise country.

- "(B) APPLICATION.—This paragraph shall be applied in a manner consistent with the international obligations of the United States.".
- (b) DEFINITIONS.—Subtitle D of title VII of the Tariff Act of 1930 is amended as follows:
- (1) In section 771 (19 U.S.C. 1677)-
- (A) in paragraph (5A)—
- (i) in subparagraph (A), by striking "pursuant to subparagraph (D)" and inserting "pursuant to subparagraph (E)";
- (ii) by redesignating subparagraph (D) as subparagraph (E); and
- (iii) by inserting after subparagraph (C) the following:
- "(D) TRANSNATIONAL SUBSIDY.—In determining whether a transnational subsidy, including subsidies described in subparagraph (B) or (C) is a specific subsidy, in law or in fact, the administering authority shall examine the subsidy practice of the government or public entity that conferred the subsidy.";
- (B) in paragraph (9)-
- (i) in subparagraph (F), by striking "and" at the end;
- (ii) in subparagraph (G), by striking the period at the end and inserting "and"; and
- (iii) by adding at the end the following:
- "(H) in any investigation under subtitle A involving a transnational subsidy, the government of the country that confers the transnational subsidy."; and
  - (C) by adding at the end the following:
- "(38) Transational subsidy", with respect to subject merchandise, means a subsidy conferred by a country that is not the country in which the class or kind of merchandise is produced, exported, or sold (or likely to be sold) for importation into the United States to the producer, exporter, or supplier of the producer or exporter, of the subject merchandise.
- "(39) MULTINATIONAL CORPORATION.—The term 'multinational corporation' means a person, firm, or corporation which owns or controls, directly or indirectly, facilities for the production of subject merchandise in two or more foreign countries."
- (2) In section 771A(a)(1), by striking "in the same country as the authority".

# SEC. 102102. MODIFICATION OF DEFINITION OF ORDINARY COURSE OF TRADE TO SPECIFY THAT AN INSUFFICIENT QUANTITY OF FOREIGN LIKE PRODUCTS CONSTITUTES A SITUATION OUTSIDE THE ORDINARY COURSE OF TRADE.

Section 771(15) of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1677(15)) is amended by adding at the end the following:

"(D) Situations in which the quantity of a foreign like product selected for comparison under paragraph (16) is insufficient to establish that the conditions and practices associated with such sales have been normal in the trade under consideration for a reasonable period of time prior to the exportation of the subject merchandise, and permit a proper comparison to the export price or constructed export price."

#### SEC. 102103. MODIFICATION OF ADJUSTMENTS TO EXPORT PRICE AND CONSTRUCTED EXPORT PRICE WITH RESPECT TO DUTY DRAWBACK.

Section 772(c)(1)(B) of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1677a(c)(1)(B)) is amended—

- (1) by striking "any"; and
- (2) by inserting after "United States" the following: ", but that amount shall not exceed the per unit amount of such duties contained in the weighted average cost of production".

- SEC. 102104. MODIFICATION OF DETERMINATION OF CONSTRUCTED VALUE TO IN-CLUDE DISTORTIONS OF COSTS THAT OCCUR IN FOREIGN COUN-TRIES.
- (a) In General.—Section 773(b)(3) of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1677b(b)(3)) is amended—
- (1) in subparagraph (A), by striking "business" and inserting "trade"; and
- (2) in the matter following subparagraph (C), by inserting before "For purposes" the following: "For purposes of subparagraph (A), if a particular market situation exists such that the cost of materials and fabrication or other processing of any kind does not accurately reflect the cost of production in the ordinary course of trade, the administering authority may use another calculation methodology under this subtitle or any other calculation methodology."
- (b) Modification of Definition of Ordi-NARY Course of Trade to Include Adjusted Costs.—Section 771(15)(C) of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1677(15)(C)) is amended—
- (1) by striking "that the particular market situation prevents" and inserting "that a particular market situation exists that—
  - "(i) prevents".
- (2) in clause (i), as designated by paragraph (1), by striking the period at the end and inserting ", relating to normal value determined under subsection (a) of section 773; or"; and
  - (3) by adding at the end the following:
- "(ii) distorts certain costs of production, relating to normal value determined under subsections (b) and (e) of section 773.".

#### SEC. 102105. SPECIAL RULES FOR CALCULATION OF COST OF PRODUCTION AND CON-STRUCTED VALUE TO ADDRESS DIS-TORTED COSTS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 773(f)(3) of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1677b(f)(3)) is amended—
- (1) by striking "(3) MAJOR INPUT RULE.—If" inserting the following:
  - "(3) MAJOR INPUT RULE.—
  - "(A) IN GENERAL.—If"; and
  - (2) by adding at the end of the following:
- "(B) MAJOR INPUTS FROM CERTAIN UNAFFILI-ATED PERSONS.—
- "(i) IN GENERAL.—In the case of a transaction between the exporter or producer of the merchandise and any unaffiliated persons described in clause (ii) involving a major input to the merchandise, the administering authority may value such major input based on the information available as to what the amount would have been if the transaction had occurred between the exporter or producer of the merchandise and any unaffiliated persons other than unaffiliated persons described in clause (ii), if such amount is greater than that reflected in the records of the exporter or producer of the merchandise.
- "(ii) UNAFFILIATED PERSONS DESCRIBED.—Unaffiliated persons described in this clause include.—
- "(I) any person in a nonmarket economy country;
- "(II) any producer, exporter, or supplier of the input described in clause (i) found by the administering authority, or by any investigating authority of a third country, to be receiving a subsidy pertaining to an identical or comparable input in the respective country;
- "(III) any producer, exporter, or supplier of the input described in clause (i) found by the administering authority, or by any investigating authority of a third country, to be selling an identical or comparable input for less than fair market value in the respective country;
- "(IV) a government or public body operating within the territory of the exporting country or in any other country; or
- "(V) a group of governments or public bodies that collectively account for a meaningful share of the production of the input in the exporting country or in any other country.".

## Subtitle C-Preventing Circumvention SEC. 102201. MODIFICATION OF REQUIREMENTS IN CIRCUMVENTION INQUIRIES.

(a) In General.—Section 781 of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1677j) is amended by striking subsection (f) and inserting the following:

"(f) PROCEDURES FOR CONDUCTING CUMVENTION INQUIRIES .-

"(1) Initiation by administering author-ITY.—A circumvention inquiry shall be initiated whenever the administering authority determines, from information available to it, that a formal inquiry is warranted into the question of whether the elements necessary for a determination under this section exist.

(2) Initiation by inquiry request.-

"(A) IN GENERAL.—A circumvention inquiry shall be initiated whenever an interested party files an inquiry request that alleges the elements necessary for a determination under this section, accompanied by information reasonably available to the requestor supporting those alleaations.

'(B) RULES.—The administering authority shall specify requirements for the contents and service of an inquiry request under subparagraph(A).

"(3) ACTION WITH RESPECT TO INQUIRY RE-QUEST.-

"(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 30 days after the filing of an inquiry request under paragraph (2)(A), the administering authority shall-

'(i) initiate a circumvention inquiru:

"(ii) dismiss the inquiry request as inadequate and notify the requestor in writing of the reasons for the dismissal; or

'(iii) notify all interested parties that the inquiry request will be addressed through a determination (other than a determination under this section) by the administering authority as to whether a particular type of merchandise is within the class or kind of merchandise described in an existing finding of dumping or an antidumping or countervailing duty order.

"(B) EXTENSION.—The administering authority may extend the deadline under subparagraph (A) by a period not to exceed 15 days.

(4) Determinations.

"(A) PRELIMINARY DETERMINATIONS.

"(i) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in clause (ii), not later than 90 days after the date on which the initiation of a circumvention inquiry under paragraph (1) or (3)(A) is published, the administering authority shall make a preliminary determination, based on the information available to it at the time of the determination, of whether there is a reasonable basis to believe or suspect that the merchandise subject to the inquiry is circumventing an existing finding of dumping or an antidumping or countervailina dutu order

'(ii) EXTENSION.—The administering authority may extend the deadline under clause (i) by a period not to exceed 45 days.

'(B) Final determinations.-

"(i) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in clause (ii), not later than 120 days after the date on which the preliminary determination is published under subparagraph (A) with respect to a circumvention inquiry, the administering authority shall make a final determination of whether the merchandise subject to the inquiry is circumventing an existing finding of dumping or an antidumping or countervailing duty order.

"(ii) EXTENSION.—The administering authority may extend the deadline under clause (i) by a period not to exceed 60 days.

"(C) OTHER CLASS OR KIND DETERMINA-TIONS.—If an inquiry request under paragraph (2)(A) is addressed through a class or kind determination described in paragraph (3)(C), the administering authority shall make such determination not later than 335 days after the filing of the inquiry request.

"(5) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—The administering authority may simultaneously initiate a

circumvention inquiry under paragraph (1) or (3)(A) and issue a preliminary determination under paragraph (4)(A) if the pattern of circumvention alleged is similar to that of a prior final determination by the administering au-

(b) Suspension of Liquidation and Collec-TION OF DEPOSITS OF ENTRIES SUBJECT TO CIR-CUMVENTION INQUIRY: APPLICATION OF CIR-CUMVENTION DETERMINATION.—Section 781 of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1677i) is further amended by adding at the end the following:

'(g) Suspension of Liquidation and Collec-TION OF DEPOSITS OF ENTRIES SUBJECT TO CIR-

CUMVENTION INQUIRY.-

"(1) IN GENERAL.—If the administering authority initiates a circumvention inquiry under paragraph (1) or (3)(A) of subsection (f), for each unliquidated entry of merchandise subject to the circumvention inquiry entered or withdrawn from warehouse, that is already susthe administering authority pended,

"(A) the continued suspension of liquidation of such entries; and

'(B) the continued posting of a cash deposit in an amount equal to the antidumping duty or countervailing duty applicable for such entries.

(2) PRELIMINARY DETERMINATION.—If the administering authority issues a preliminary affirmative determination under paragraph (4)(A)of subsection (f), the administering authority shall order-

(A) the suspension, or continued suspension, of liquidation of all entries of merchandise subject to the circumvention inquiry entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after the date of publication of the notice of initiation of circumvention inquiry under paragraph (1) or (3)(A) of subsection (f);

(B) the suspension, or continued suspension, of liquidation of all entries of merchandise subject to the circumvention inquiry entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption prior to the date of publication of the notice of initiation of circumvention inquiry under paragraph (1) or (3)(A) of subsection (f) if the administering authority determines, in light of the circumstances, that such suspension under this paragraph is warranted; and

'( $\bar{C}$ ) the posting, or continued posting, of a cash deposit in an amount equal to the antidumping duty or countervailing duty applicable, for each entry of merchandise described in

subparagraphs (A) and (B). (3) FINAL DETERMINATION.—If the administering authority issues a final affirmative determination under paragraph (4)(B) of subsection (f), the administering authority shall

'(A) the suspension, or continued suspension, of liquidation of all entries of merchandise subject to the circumvention inquiry entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after the date of publication of the notice of initiation of circumvention inquiry under paragraph (1) or (3)(A) of subsection (f);

(B) the suspension, or continued suspension. of liquidation of all entries of merchandise subject to the circumvention inquiry entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption prior to the date of publication of the notice of initiation of circumvention inquiry under paragraph (1) or (3)(A) of subsection (f) if the administering authority determines, in light of the circumstances, that such suspension under this paragraph is warranted; and

'(C) the posting, or continued posting, of a cash deposit in an amount equal to the antidumping duty or countervailing duty applicable, for each entry of merchandise described in

subparagraphs (A) and (B). (4) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent the administering authority from applying the requirements under this subsection in a class or kind determination described in subsection (f)(3)(C).

"(h) APPLICATION OF CIRCUMVENTION DETER-MINATION.

'(1) IN GENERAL.—The administering authority shall consider the appropriate remedy to address circumvention and to prevent evasion of the order pursuant to a determination described in subsections (4)(f)(A) and (B). Such remedies may include the following:

(A) The application of the determination on a producer-specific, exporter-specific, importerspecific basis, or some combination thereof, and, as appropriate, the implementation of a certifi-

cation requirement under section 785.

(B) The application of the determination on a countrywide basis to all products from the same country, regardless of producer, exporter, or importer of those products, and, as appropriate, the implementation of a certification requirement under section 785.

(2) Exemption for Certification.—When a certification requirement is implemented under this paragraph and the eligible importer or other party complies with that requirement, antidumping and countervailing duties under this title may not be applied to the merchandise under certification.

(c) Publication in the Federal Register.— Section 777(i) of the Tariff Act of 1930 is amend-

ed by adding at the end the following:

'(4) CIRCUMVENTION INQUIRIES.—Whenever the administering authority makes a determination under section 781 whether to initiate a circumvention inquiry, or makes a preliminary or final determination under subsection (f)(4) of that section, the administering authority shall publish the facts and conclusions supporting that determination and shall publish notice of that determination in the Federal Register.

(d) Adding Verification Responses in Cir-CUMVENTION INQUIRIES.—Section 782(i) of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1677m(i)) is amended-

(1) in paragraph (2), by striking "and" at the end;

(2) in paragraph (3)(B), by striking the period at the end and inserting ", and"; and

(3) by adding at the end the following:

(4) a final determination in a circumvention inquiry conducted pursuant to section 781 if good cause for verification is shown."

## SEC. 102202. REQUIREMENT OF PROVISION BY IM-PORTER OF CERTIFICATION BY IM-PORTER OR OTHER PARTY.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Subtitle D of title VII of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1677 et seq.), as amended by section 102003(a), is further amended by adding at the end the following:

## "SEC. 785. REQUIREMENT FOR CERTIFICATION BY IMPORTER OR OTHER PARTY.

(a) REQUIREMENT.-

"(1) IN GENERAL.—For imports of merchandise into the customs territory of the United States, the administering authority may require an importer or other party-

"(A) to provide by electronic means, at the time of entry or with the entry summary, a certification described in paragraph (2);

(B) to maintain that certification; or

'(C) to otherwise demonstrate compliance with the requirements for that certification.

'(2) Certification described.—A certification described in this paragraph is a certification by the importer of the merchandise or other party, as required by the administering authority, that among other things-

'(A) the merchandise is not subject to an antidumping or countervailing duty proceeding under this title: and

'(B) the inputs used in production, transformation, or processing of the merchandise are not subject to an antidumping or countervailing duty under this title.

(3) AVAILABLE UPON REQUEST.—A certification required by the administering authority under paragraph (1), if not already provided, shall be made available upon request to the administering authority or the Commissioner of U.S. Customs and Border Protection (in this section referred to as the 'Commissioner').

(b) AUTHORITY TO COLLECT CASH DEPOSITS

AND TO ASSESS DUTIES .-

"(1) IN GENERAL.—If the administering authority requires an importer or other party to provide a certification described in paragraph (2) of subsection (a) for merchandise imported into the customs territory of the United States pursuant to paragraph (1) of that subsection, and the importer or other party does not provide that certification or that certification contains any false, misleading, or fraudulent statement or representation or any material omission, the administering authority shall instruct the Commissioner—

"(A) to suspend liquidation of the entry;

"(B) to require that the importer or other party post a cash deposit in an amount equal to the antidumping duty or countervailing duty applicable to the merchandise; and

"(C) to assess the appropriate rate of duty upon liquidation or reliquidation of the entry.

"(2) ASSESSMENT RATE.—If no rate of duty for an entry is available at the time of assessment under paragraph (1)(C), the administering authority shall identify the applicable cash deposit rate to be applied to the entry, with the applicable duty rate to be provided as soon as the duty rate becomes available.

"(c) PENALTIES.—If the administering authority requires an importer or other party to provide a certification described in paragraph (2) of subsection (a) for merchandise imported into the customs territory of the United States pursuant to paragraph (1) of that subsection, and the importer or other party does not provide that certification or that certification contains any false, misleading, or fraudulent statement or representation or any material omission, the importer of the merchandise may be subject to a penalty pursuant to section 592 of this Act, section 1001 of title 18, United States Code, or any other applicable provision of law."

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents for the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended by section 102003(b), is further amended by inserting after the item relating to section 784 the following:

"Sec. 785.Requirement for certification by importer or other party.".

## SEC. 102203. CLARIFICATION OF AUTHORITY FOR DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE RE-GARDING DETERMINATIONS OF CLASS OR KIND OF MERCHANDISE.

- (a) DETERMINATIONS OF CLASS OR KIND OF MERCHANDISE.—To determine whether merchandise imported into the United States is within the class or kind of merchandise covered by an antidumping or countervailing duty proceeding under title VII of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1671 et seq.), the administering authority may use any reasonable method and is not bound by the determinations of any other Federal department or agency, including tariff classification and country of origin marking rulings issued by the Commissioner of U.S. Customs and Border Protection. Class or kind determinations may be made under this section or under section 781 in accordance with the criteria set forth in this section or in section 781.
- (b) ORIGIN OF MERCHANDISE.—To determine the origin of merchandise for purposes of an antidumping or countervailing duty proceeding under title VII of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1671 et seq.), the administering authority may apply any reasonable method and may consider relevant factors, including—
- (1) whether the upstream and downstream products are within the same class or kind of merchandise;
- (2) whether an essential characteristic of the merchandise, or an essential component thereof, is substantially transformed in the country of exportation;
- (3) the physical characteristics of the merchandise:
- (4) the value added, nature, and sophistication of processing in the third country or countries;
- (5) the level of investment in the third country or countries; and

- (6) any other factors that the administering authority considers appropriate.
- (c) REVIEWABLE DETERMINATIONS.—Section 516A(a)(2)(A)(ii) of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1516a(a)(2)(A)(ii)) is amended to read as follows:
- "(ii) the date of publication in the Federal Register of notice of a determination described in clause (iv) of subparagraph (B), or, if no such notice is published, the date on which the administering authority conveys a copy of such determination to an interested party who is a party to the proceeding,".

# SEC. 102204. ASSET REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO NONRESIDENT IMPORTERS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Part III of title IV of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1481 et seq.) is amended by inserting after section 484b the following:

# "SEC. 484c. ASSET REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO NONRESIDENT IMPORTERS.

"(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

"(1) IMPORTER; NONRESIDENT IMPORTER.—The terms 'importer' and 'nonresident importer' have the meanings given those terms in section 641(i).

"(2) RESIDENT IMPORTER.—The term 'resident importer' means any importer other than a non-resident importer.

"(b) REQUIREMENTS FOR NONRESIDENT IM-PORTERS.—Except as provided in subsection (c), the Commissioner of U.S. Customs and Border Protection shall—

"(1) require a nonresident importer that imports merchandise into the United States to maintain assets in the United States sufficient to pay all duties that may potentially be applied to the merchandise; and

"(2) require a bond with respect to the merchandise in an amount sufficient to ensure full liability on the part of a nonresident importer and the surety of the importer based on the amount of assets the Commissioner determines to be sufficient under subsection (c).

"(c) DETERMINATION OF AMOUNT OF ASSETS REQUIRED TO BE MAINTAINED.—For purposes of subsection (b)(1), the Commissioner shall calculate the amount of assets sufficient to pay all duties that may potentially be applied to merchandise imported by a nonresident importer, calculated using the declared customs value of the merchandise, of all duties, fees, interest, taxes, or other charges, and all deposits for duties, fees, interest, taxes, or other charges, that would apply with respect to the merchandise if the merchandise were subject to the highest rate of all duties applicable to such imported merchandise.

"(d) Maintenance of Assets in the United States.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—For purposes of subsection (b)(1), a nonresident importer of merchandise meets the requirement to maintain assets in the United States if the importer has clear title, at all times between the entry of the merchandise and the liquidation of the entry and payment in full of all corresponding bills issued as a result of the liquidation, to assets described in paragraph (2) with a value equal to the amount determined under subsection (c).

"(2) ASSETS DESCRIBED.—An asset described in this paragraph is—

"(A) an asset held by a United States financial institution;

"(B) an interest in an entity organized under the laws of the United States or any jurisdiction within the United States; or

"(C) an interest in real or personal property located in the United States or any territory or possession of the United States.

"(e) EXCEPTIONS.—The requirements of this section shall not apply with respect to a non-resident importer—

"(1) that is a validated Tier 2 or Tier 3 participant in the Customs—Trade Partnership Against Terrorism program established under subtitle B of title II of the Security and Accountability For Every Port Act of 2006 (6 U.S.C. 961 et seq.); or "(2) if the Commissioner is satisfied, based on certified information supplied by the importer and any other relevant evidence, that the Commissioner has the same or equivalent ability to collect all duties that may potentially be applied to merchandise imported by the importer as the Commissioner would have if the importer were a resident importer.

"(f) PROCEDURES .-

"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Commissioner shall prescribe procedures for assuring that non-resident importers maintain the assets required by subsection (b).

"(2) DEADLINE.—The Commissioner shall ensure the procedures required by paragraph (1) are prescribed and in effect not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.

"(g) PENALTIES.—
"(1) IN GENERAL.—It shall be unlawful for any person to import into the United States any

merchandise in violation of this section.

"(2) CIVIL PENALTIES.—Any person who vio-

"(2) CIVIL PENALTIES.—Any person who violates paragraph (1) shall—

"(A) in the case of merchandise described in such paragraph with a domestic value that is equal to or greater than \$50,000, be liable for a civil penalty of \$50,000 for each such violation;

or "(B) in the case of merchandise described in such paragraph with a domestic value that is less than \$50,000, be liable for a civil penalty equal to 50 percent of the amount of such domestic value for each such violation.

"(3) OTHER PENALTIES.—In addition to the penalties specified in paragraph (2), any violation of this section that violates any other provision of the customs and trade laws of the United States (as defined in section 2 of the Trade Facilitation and Trade Enforcement Act of 2015 (19 U.S.C. 4301)) shall be subject to any applicable civil or criminal penalty, including seizure and forfeiture, that may be imposed under that provision or title 18, United States Code."

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents for the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended by sections 102003(b) and 102202(b), is further amended by inserting after the item relating to section 484b the following:

"Sec. 484c. Asset requirements applicable to nonresident importers.".

(c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—Section 484c of the Tariff Act of 1930, as added by subsection (a)—

(1) takes effect on the date of the enactment of this Act; and

(2) applies with respect to merchandise entered, or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, on or after the date that is 180 days after such date of enactment.

## Subtitle D—Countering Currency Undervaluation

## SEC. 102301. INVESTIGATION OR REVIEW OF CUR-RENCY UNDERVALUATION UNDER COUNTERVAILING DUTY LAW.

Section 702(c) of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1671a(c)) is amended by adding at the end the following:

"(6) CURRENCY UNDERVALUATION.—For purposes of a countervailing duty investigation under this subtitle in which the determinations under clauses (i) and (ii) of paragraph (1)(A) are affirmative and the petition includes an allegation of currency undervaluation by the government of a country or any public entity within the territory of a country that meets the requirements of clause (i) of that paragraph, or for purposes of a review under subtitle C with respect to a countervailing duty order involving such an allegation, the administering authority shall examine in its investigation or review whether currency undervaluation by the government of a country or any public entity within the territory of a country is providing, directly or indirectly, a countervailable subsidy,".

# SEC. 102302. DETERMINATION OF BENEFIT WITH RESPECT TO CURRENCY UNDERVALUATION.

Section 771(5)(E) of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1677(5)(E)) is amended—

- (1) in clause (iii), by striking ", and" and inserting a comma;
- (2) in clause (iv), by striking the period at the end and inserting ", and";
- (3) by inserting after clause (iv) the following: "(v) in the case of a transaction involving currency, if there is a difference between the amount of currency received in exchange for United States dollars and the amount of currency that the recipient would have received absent an undervalued currency."; and
- (4) in the flush text following clause (v), as added by paragraph (3), by adding at the end the following: "For purposes of clause (v), a determination of the existence and amount of a benefit from the exchange of an undervalued currency shall take into account a comparison of the exchange rates derived from a methodology determined by the administering authority to be appropriate in light of the facts and circumstances to the relevant actual exchange rates. That determination shall rely on authoritative information that is on the administrative record."

## Subtitle E-Preventing Duty Evasion

## SEC. 102401. LIMITATION ON PROTEST AGAINST DECISIONS OF U.S. CUSTOMS AND BORDER PROTECTION OF CLAIMS OF EVASION OF ANTIDUMPING AND COUNTERVAILING DUTY ORDERS.

The Tariff Act of 1930 is amended—

(1) in section 514(b) (19 U.S.C. 1514(b))—

- (A) by striking "title, determinations" and inserting "title, or with respect to determinations made under section 517 of this title which are reviewable under subsection (g) of such section, determinations": and
- (B) by inserting after "a determination listed in section 516A of this title" the following: "or a determination listed in section 517 of this title, as the case may be.": and
- (2) in section 517(h) (19 U.S.C. 1517(h)), by adding at the end before the period the following: ", except that any decision as to the liquidation or reliquidation of an entry of covered merchandise in accordance with a determination under subsection (c) and review under subsection (f), if applicable, shall not be subject to a protest of such decision filed in accordance with section 514".

# SEC. 102402. PROCEDURES FOR INVESTIGATING CLAIMS OF EVASION OF SAFEGUARD ACTIONS.

- (a) TARIFF ACT OF 1930.—Section 517 of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1517) is amended—
- (1) in the section heading, by adding at the end before the period the following: "AND SAFE-GUARD ACTIONS":
  - (2) in subsection (a)—
  - (A) in paragraph (3)—
- (i) in subparagraph (A), by striking "or" at the end:
- (ii) in subparagraph (B), by striking the period at the end and inserting "; or"; and
- (iii) by adding at the end the following:
- "(C) an action taken under section 203 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2253)."; and
- (B) in paragraph (5)(A), by inserting after "applicable antidumping or countervailing duties" the following: "or any applicable safeguard action";
- (3) in subparagraphs (A) and (B) of subsection (b)(4), by inserting after "covered merchandise" each place it appears the following: "under subparagraph (A) or (B) of subsection (a)(3)";
  - (4) in subsection (d)(1)—
  - (A) in subparagraph (C)—
- (i) in the matter preceding clause (i), by inserting after "(C)" the following: "if the determination relates to covered merchandise under subparagraph (A) or (B) of subsection (a)(3),"; and
- (ii) in clause (i), by inserting after "subparagraphs (A) and (B)" the following: "of this paragraph"; and
  - (B) in subparagraph (D)—
- (i) by inserting after "(D)" the following: "if the determination relates to covered merchan-

- dise under subparagraph (A) or (B) of subsection (a)(3),"; and
- (ii) by inserting after "subparagraphs (A) and (B)" the following: "of this paragraph".
- (b) TRADE FACILITATION AND TRADE ENFORCE-MENT ACT OF 2015.—The Trade Facilitation and Trade Enforcement Act of 2015 is amended—
- (1) in section 402 (19 U.S.C. 4361)—
- (A) in paragraph (2)—
- (i) in subparagraph (A), by striking "or" at the end:
- (ii) in subparagraph (B), by striking the period at the end and inserting "; or"; and (iii) by adding at the end the following:
- "(C) an action taken under section 203 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2253).";
- (B) in paragraph (5), by inserting after "applicable antidumping or countervailing duties" the following: "or any applicable safeguard action"; and
- (C) in paragraph (7), by adding at the end before the period the following: "and chapter 1 of title II of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2251 et seq.)"; and
  - (2) in section 412 (19 U.S.C. 4372)—
  - (A) in subsection (a)(2)—
- (i) by redesignating subparagraphs (A), (B), and (C) as subparagraphs (B), (C), and (D), respectively; and
- (ii) by inserting before subparagraph (B), as redesignated, the following:
- "(A) a person reasonably suspected of entering covered merchandise into the customs territory of the United States through evasion";";
  - (B) in subsection (b)(1)—
  - (i) in subparagraph (B)—
- (I) by redesignating clauses (i), (ii), and (iii) as clauses (ii), (iii), and (iv), respectively; and
- (II) by inserting before clause (ii), as redesignated, the following:
- "(i) a person from whom information was requested pursuant to subsection (a)(2)(A);"; and
- (ii) in subparagraph (C), by striking "clause (ii) or (iii)" and inserting "clause (i), (iii), or (iv)".

## SEC. 102403. APPLICATION OF PROVISIONS RE-LATING TO CERTAIN PROPRIETARY INFORMATION.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 517 of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1517), as amended by section 102402(a), is further amended by adding at the end the following:
- "(i) APPLICATION OF PROVISIONS RELATING TO CERTAIN PROPRIETARY INFORMATION.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in paragraph (2), the provisions of subsections (b), (c), and (d) of section 777, relating to information submitted in connection with proceedings under title VII of this Act, shall apply with respect to information submitted in connection with proceedings under this section to the same extent and in the same manner as such provisions apply to information submitted in connection with proceedings under such title VII.
- "(2) EXCEPTIONS.—In carrying out paragraph (1), the provisions of subsections (b), (c), and (d) of section 777 shall be applied and administered as follows:
- "(A) By substituting 'the Commissioner' for 'the administering authority or the Commission' and 'the administering authority and the Commission' each place either such term appears.
- "(B) Paragraphs (1)(A)(ii) and (3) of such subsection (b) shall not apply.
- "(C) The second and third sentences of such subsection (c)(1)(A) shall not apply.
  - "(D) In such subsection (c)—
  - "(i) in paragraph (1)—
- "(I) in subparagraph (B), by substituting 'determine to be appropriate' for 'determine to be appropriate, including disbarment from practice before the agency'; and
  - "(II) in subparagraph (C)—
- "(aa) in clause (i), by substituting '14 days' for '14 days (7 days if the submission pertains to a proceeding under section 703(a) or 733(a))';

- "(bb) in the text following clause (ii)(II), by substituting '30 days' for '30 days (10 days if the submission pertains to a proceeding under section 703(a) or 733(a))'; and
- "(ii) in paragraph (2), by substituting 'United States Court of International Trade' for 'United States Customs Court'.".
- (b) REGULATIONS.—The Commissioner of U.S. Customs and Border Protection shall prescribe such regulations as may be necessary to implement subsection (i) of section 517 of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1517), as added by subsection (a).
- (c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendment made by subsection (a) shall take effect on the date that is 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.

# Subtitle F—General Provisions SEC. 102501. APPLICATION TO CANADA AND MEX-

Pursuant to section 418 of the United States-Mexico-Canada Agreement Implementation Act (19 U.S.C. 4588), the amendments made by this title apply with respect to goods from Canada and Mexico.

## SEC. 102502. REPEAL OF THE SOFTWOOD LUMBER ACT OF 2008.

The second title VIII of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1683 et seq.; relating to softwood lumber), as added by section 3301 of the Food, Conservation, and Energy Act of 2008 (Public Law 110–246; 122 Stat. 1844), is repealed.

# SEC. 102503. ENFORCEMENT ACTIONS RELATING TO CHEESE SUBJECT TO AN INQUOTA RATE OF DUTY.

Section 702 of the Trade Agreements Act of 1979 (Public Law 96–39) is amended—

- (1) by striking subsection (a); and
- (2) by striking subparagraph (B) of subsection (b)(2).

## SEC. 102504. EFFECTIVE DATE.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Except as otherwise provided and except as provided by subsection (b) or (c) the amendments made by this title apply to countervailing duty investigations initiated under subtitle A of title VII of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1671 et seq.), antidumping duty investigations initiated under subtitle B of title VII of such Act (19 U.S.C. 1673 et seq.), reviews initiated under subtitle C of title VII of such Act (19 U.S.C. 1675 et seq.), circumvention inquiries requested under section 781 of such Act (19) U.S.C. 1677j), class or kind determinations under section 303 of this Act, claims of evasion of antidumping and countervailing duty orders initiated under the Tariff Act of 1930, and claims of evasion of safeguard actions initiated under the Tariff Act of 1930 on or after the date of the enactment of this Act.
  - (b) APPLICABILITY.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The amendments made by this title apply to—
- (A) investigations or reviews under title VII of the Tariff Act of 1930 pending on the date of the enactment of this Act if the date on which the fully extended preliminary determination is scheduled is not earlier than 45 days after such date of enactment, except that section 784 of the Tariff Act of 1930, as added by section 103 of this Act, shall not apply to investigations under title VII of the Tariff Act of 1930 that are pending on such date of enactment:
- (B) circumvention inquiries under section 781 of the Tariff Act of 1930 pending on such date of enactment, if the date of publication of the initiation of the inquiry is not earlier than 45 days before such date of enactment; and
- (C) circumvention inquiries requested under such section 781 but not initiated before such date of enactment.
- (2) DEADLINES FOR CIRCUMVENTION INQUIR-IES.—
- (A) DETERMINATIONS.—In the case of a circumvention inquiry described in paragraph (1)(B), subsection (f)(4) of section 781 of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended by section 102201(a), shall be applied and administered—

- (i) in subparagraph (A)(i), by substituting "the date of the enactment of the Eliminating Global Market Distortions to Protect American Jobs Act of 2021" for "the date on which the initiation of a circumvention inquiry under paragraph (1) or (3)(A) is published"; and
- (ii) in subparagraph (C), by substituting "the date of the enactment of the Eliminating Global Market Distortions to Protect American Jobs Act of 2021" for "the filing of the inquiry request".
- (B) ACTIONS WITH RESPECT TO INQUIRY REQUESTS.—In this case of a circumvention inquiry described in paragraph (1)(C), the administering authority (as defined in section 771(1) of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1677(1))) shall, not later than 45 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, take an action described in subsection (f)(3) of section 781 of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended by section 102201(a), with respect to the inquiry.

# TITLE III—IMPORT SECURITY AND FAIRNESS ACT

SEC. 103001. SHORT TITLE.

This title may be cited as the "Import Security and Fairness Act".

SEC. 103002. ADDITIONAL EXCEPTIONS TO EX-EMPTIONS FOR DE MINIMIS TREAT-MENT UNDER THE TARIFF ACT OF 1930.

Section 321 of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1321) is amended—

- (1) in subsection (a)—
- (A) in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by striking "(a) The Secretary" and inserting "(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary";
- (B) in paragraph (2)(C), by striking "\$800" and inserting "except as provided in subsection (b)(1), \$800"; and
- (C) in the matter following such paragraph (2)(C), as so amended, by striking "subdivision (2)" each place it appears and inserting "paragraph"; and
- (2) by striking "(b) The Secretary" and inserting the following:
  - "(b) EXCEPTIONS.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—An article may not be admitted free of duty or tax under the authority provided by subsection (a)(2)(C) if the country of origin of such article is—
- "(A) a nonmarket economy country (as such term is defined in section 771(18)); and
- "(B) a country included in the priority watch list (as such term is defined in section 182(g)(3) of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2242(g)(3)).
- "(2) OTHER EXCEPTIONS.—The Secretary".

## SEC. 103003. ADDITIONAL ADMINISTRATIVE PRO-VISIONS RELATING TO DE MINIMIS TREATMENT UNDER THE TARIFF ACT OF 1930.

- (a) ADMINISTRATIVE EXEMPTIONS.—Section 321 of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1321), as amended by section 103002, is further amended by adding at the end the following:
- "(c) Submission of Documentation and Information.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—For any articles that may qualify for an administrative exemption pursuant to subsection (a)(2), the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized to prescribe regulations to authorize or require the submission, transmission, or otherwise making available of such documentation or information to U.S. Customs and Border Protection as the Secretary determines is reasonably necessary for U.S. Customs and Border Protection to determine the eligibility of such articles to qualify for such exemption.
- "(2) MATTERS TO BE INCLUDED.—The regulations prescribed pursuant to paragraph (1) may provide that such documentation or information include documentation or information regarding the offer for sale or purchase, or the subsequent sale, purchase, transportation, importation or warehousing of such articles, including such documentation or information relating to the offering of such articles for sale or purchase in the United States through a commercial or mar-

keting platform, including an electronic commercial or marketing platform.

"(3) VERACITY OF DOCUMENTATION AND INFOR-MATION.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—The regulations prescribed pursuant to paragraph (1) shall provide that—

- "(i) such documentation or information is true and correct to the best of the knowledge and belief of the party submitting, transmitting, or otherwise making available such documentation or information, subject to any penalties authorized by law; or
- "(ii) if such party is not able to reasonably verify whether such documentation or information is true and correct to the best of the knowledge and belief of the party, such documentation or information may be submitted, transmitted, or otherwise made available on the basis of what the party reasonably believes to be true and correct.
- "(B) USE FOR ANY LAWFUL PURPOSE.— Such documentation or information may be used by U.S. Customs and Border Protection for any lawful purpose.
- "(4) CIVIL PENALTIES.—Any person who violates the regulations prescribed pursuant to paragraph (1) is liable for a civil penalty of \$5,000 for the first violation, and \$10,000 for each subsequent violation. A penalty imposed under this paragraph is in addition to any other penalty provided by law.
- "(d) IMPORTATIONS INVOLVING SUSPENDED OR DEBARRED PERSONS.—The Secretary of the Treasury is authorized to prescribe regulations to authorize exceptions to any administrative exemption pursuant to subsection (a) for any articles the importation of which is caused or otherwise facilitated by any person suspended or debarred from doing business with the Federal government at the time of the importation."
- (b) EXAMINATION OF MERCHANDISE.—Section 499(c) of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1499(c)) is amended.—
- 1499(c)) is amended—

  (1) by striking "the Customs Service" each place it appears and inserting "U.S. Customs and Border Protection"; and
- (2) in paragraph (2)—
- (A) in the first sentence, by striking "The Customs Service" and inserting the following:
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—U.S. Customs and Border Protection";
- (B) in the second sentence-
- (i) by striking "The" and inserting the following:
- "(B) INFORMATION TO BE INCLUDED.—The"; and
- (ii) by redesignating the subsequent subparagraphs (A), (B), (C), (D), and (E) as clauses (i), (ii), (iii), (iv), and (v), respectively, and moving the margins of such clauses, as redesignated, 2 ems to the right; and
- (C) by adding at the end the following:
- "(C) ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS RELATING TO MERCHANDISE THAT MAY QUALIFY FOR CERTAIN ADMINISTRATIVE EXEMPTIONS.—
- "(i) IN GENERAL.—In the case of detained merchandise that may qualify for an administrative exemption pursuant to section 321(a)(2)(C), U.S. Customs and Border Protection shall issue such notice to each party that U.S. Customs and Border Protections determines may have an interest in the detained merchandise, based on information reasonably available to U.S. Customs and Border Protection, in such form and manner as the Secretary of the Treasury shall by regulation prescribe.
- "(ii) VOLUNTARY ABANDONMENT OF MERCHAN-DISE.—In the case of detained merchandise that may qualify for an administrative exemption pursuant to section 321(a)(2)(C), such notice shall also advise each such interested party that, in lieu of supplying information to U.S. Customs and Border Protection in accordance with subparagraph (B)(v), the interested parties may voluntarily abandon the detained merchan-
- "(iii) ABANDONMENT DUE TO LACK OF RE-SPONSE.—If U.S. Customs and Border Protection

does not receive a response from each interested party in detained merchandise that may qualify for an administrative exemption pursuant to section 321(a)(2)(C) within 15 days of the date on which such notice is issued to the interested parties, the merchandise shall be deemed to be abandoned and title to such merchandise shall be vested in the United States and disposed of in accordance with law. "."

## SEC. 103004. EFFECTIVE DATE.

The amendments made by this title shall apply with respect to articles entered, or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, on or after the 180th day after the date of the enactment of this Act.

# TITLE IV—NATIONAL CRITICAL CAPABILITIES REVIEWS

# SEC. 104001. NATIONAL CRITICAL CAPABILITIES REVIEWS.

(a) In GENERAL.—The Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2101 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following:

# "TITLE X—NATIONAL CRITICAL CAPABILITIES REVIEWS

"SEC. 1001. DEFINITIONS.

"In this title:

- "(1) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMIT-TEES.—The term 'appropriate congressional committees' means—
- "(A) the Committee on Finance, the Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs, the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation, the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions, the Committee on Foreign Relations, the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs, and the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate; and
- "(B) the Committee on Ways and Means, the Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on Education and Labor, the Committee on Financial Services, the Committee on Homeland Security, the Committee on Foreign Affairs, the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure, and the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives.
- "(2) COMMITTEE.—The term 'Committee' means the Committee on National Critical Capabilities established under section 1002.
- "(3) CONTROL.—The term 'control' means the power, direct or indirect, whether exercised or not exercised, to determine, direct, or decide important matters affecting an entity, subject to regulations prescribed by the Committee.
- "(4) COUNTRY OF CONCERN.—The term 'country of concern'—
- "(A) has the meaning given the term 'foreign adversary' in section 8(c)(2) of the Secure and Trusted Communications Networks Act of 2019 (47 U.S.C. 1607(c)(2)); and
- "(B) may include a nonmarket economy country (as defined in section 771(18) of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1677(18))) identified by the Committee for purposes of this paragraph by regulation.
  - "(5) COVERED TRANSACTION.—
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as otherwise provided, the term 'covered transaction' means any of the following transactions, proposed or pending on or after the date of the enactment of this title:
- "(i) Any transaction by a United States business that—
- "(I) shifts or relocates to a country of concern, or transfers to an entity of concern, the design, development, production, manufacture, fabrication, supply, servicing, testing, management, operation, investment, ownership, or any other essential elements involving one or more national critical capabilities identified under subparagraph (B)(ii); or
- "(II) could result in an unacceptable risk to a national critical capability.
- "(ii) Any other transaction, transfer, agreement, or arrangement, the structure of which is designed or intended to evade or circumvent the

application of this title, subject to regulations prescribed by the Committee.

"(B) REGULATIONS.—

- "(i) IN GENERAL.—The Committee shall prescribe regulations further defining the term 'covered transaction' in accordance with subchapter II of chapter 5, and chapter 7, of title 5, United States Code (commonly known as the 'Administrative Procedure Act').
- "(ii) IDENTIFICATION OF NATIONAL CRITICAL CAPABILITIES.—For purposes of subparagraph (A)(I), the regulations prescribed by the Committee under clause (i) shall—
- "(I) identify the national critical capabilities subject to that subparagraph based on criteria intended to limit application of that subparagraph to the subset of national critical capabilities that is likely to pose an unacceptable risk to the national security and crisis preparedness of the United States; and
- "(II) enumerate, quantify, prioritize, and set forth sufficient allowances of, specific types and examples of such capabilities.
- "(6) CRISIS PREPAREDNESS.—The term 'crisis preparedness' means preparedness for—
- "(A) a public health emergency declared under section 319 of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 247d); or
- "(B) a major disaster declared under section 401 of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 5170).
- "(7) CRITICAL INFRASTRUCTURE.—The term 'critical infrastructure' means systems and assets, whether physical or virtual, so vital to the United States that the incapacity or destruction of such systems and assets would have a debilitating impact on national security, national economic security, national public health or safety, or any combination of those matters.
- "(8) ENTITY OF CONCERN.—The term 'entity of concern' means an entity—
- "(A) the ultimate parent entity of which is domiciled in a country of concern; or
- "(B) that is directly or indirectly controlled by, owned by, or subject to the influence of a foreign person that has a substantial nexus with a country of concern.

"(9) FOREIGN ENTITY.—

- "(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided by subparagraph (B), the term 'foreign entity' means any branch, partnership, group or sub-group, association, estate, trust, corporation or division of a corporation, or organization organized under the laws of a foreign country if—
- "(i) its principal place of business is outside the United States; or
- "(ii) its equity securities are primarily traded on one or more foreign exchanges.
- "(B) EXCEPTION.—The term 'foreign entity' does not include any entity described in subparagraph (A) that can demonstrate that a majority of the equity interest in such entity is ultimately owned by nationals of the United States.
- $\hbox{\it ``(10)} \ \ FOREIGN \ \ PERSON. \hbox{\it —The term 'foreign} \\ person' means \hbox{\it —}$
- "(A) any foreign national, foreign government, or foreign entity;
- "(B) any entity over which control is exercised or exercisable by a foreign national, foreign government, or foreign entity; or
- "(C) any entity over which control is exercised or exercisable by a person described in subparagraph (A) or (B).
- "(11) NATIONAL CRITICAL CAPABILITIES.—The term 'national critical capabilities', subject to regulations prescribed by the Committee—
- "(A) means systems and assets, whether physical or virtual, so vital to the United States that the inability to develop such systems and assets or the incapacity or destruction of such systems or assets would have a debilitating impact on national security or crisis preparedness; and
  - "(B) includes the following:
- "(i) The production, in sufficient quantities, of any of the following articles:
- "(I) Medical supplies, medicines, and personal protective equipment.

- "(II) Articles essential to the operation, manufacture, supply, service, or maintenance of critical infrastructure.
- "(III) Articles critical to infrastructure construction after a natural or manmade disaster.
- "(IV) Articles that are components of systems critical to the operation of weapons systems, intelligence collection systems, or items critical to the conduct of military or intelligence operations.
- "(V) Any other articles identified in regulations prescribed under section 1007.
- "(ii) Supply chains for the production of articles described in clause (i).
- "(iii) Essential supply chains for the Department of Defense.
- "(iv) Any other supply chains identified in regulations prescribed under section 1007.
- "(v) Services critical to the production of articles described in clause (i) or a supply chain described in clause (ii), (iii), or (iv).
- "(vi) Medical services.
- "(vii) Services critical to the maintenance of critical infrastructure.
- "(viii) Services critical to infrastructure construction after a natural or manmade disaster. "(ix) Any other services identified in regula-
- tions prescribed under services identified in regula-
- ``(12) NATIONAL SECURITY.—The term 'national security' includes—
- "(A) national security, as defined in section 721(a) of the Defense Production Act of 1950 (50 U.S.C. 4565(a));
- "(B) national defense, as defined in section 702 of that Act (50 U.S.C. 4552); and
- "(C) agricultural security and natural resources security.
- "(13) PARTY.—The term 'party', with respect to a transaction, has the meaning given that term in regulations prescribed by the Committee.
- "(14) UNITED STATES.—The term 'United States' means the several States, the District of Columbia, and any territory or possession of the United States.
- "(15) UNITED STATES BUSINESS.—The term 'United States business' means a person engaged in interstate commerce in the United States.

## "SEC. 1002. COMMITTEE ON NATIONAL CRITICAL CAPABILITIES.

- "(a) IN GENERAL.—There is established a committee, to be known as the 'Committee on National Critical Capabilities', which shall carry out this title and such other assignments as the President may designate.
  - "(b) MEMBERSHIP.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Committee shall be comprised of the head, or a designee of the head, of each of the following:
- "(A) The Office of the United States Trade Representative.
  - "(B) The Department of Commerce.
- "(C) The Office of Science and Technology Policy.
- "(D) The Department of the Treasury.
- "(E) The Department of Homeland Security.
- "(F) The Department of Defense.
- "(G) The Department of State.
- "(H) The Department of Justice.
- "(I) The Department of Energy
- "(I) The Department of Health and Human Services.
- "(K) The Department of Agriculture.
- "(L) The Department of Labor.
- "(M) Any other Federal agency the President determines appropriate, generally or on a caseby-case basis.
- "(2) EX OFFICIO MEMBERS.—
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—In addition to the members of the Committee specified in paragraph (1), the following shall, except as provided in subparagraph (B), be nonvoting, ex officio members of the Committee:
  - "(i) The Director of National Intelligence.
- "(ii) The Administrator of the Federal Emergency Management Agency.
- "(iii) The Director of the National Institute of Standards and Technology.
- "(iv) The Director of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.

- "(v) The Director of the National Institute of Allergy and Infectious Diseases."
- "(vi) The Chairperson of the Federal Communications Commission.
- "(vii) The Chairperson of the Securities and Exchange Commission.
- "(viii) The Chairperson of the Commodity Futures Trading Commission.
- "(ix) The Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration.
- "(B) DESIGNATION AS VOTING MEMBERS.—The chairperson of the Committee may designate any of the officials specified in clauses (ii) through (ix) of subparagraph (A) as voting members of the Committee.
  - "(c) CHAIRPERSON.-
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—The United States Trade Representative shall serve as the chairperson of the Committee.
- "(2) CONSULTATIONS WITH SECRETARIES OF DE-FENSE AND COMMERCE.—In carrying out the duties of the chairperson of the Committee, the United States Trade Representative shall consult with the Secretary of Defense and the Secretary of Commerce.
- "(d) DESIGNATION OF OFFICIALS TO CARRY OUT DUTIES RELATED TO COMMITTEE.—The head of each agency represented on the Committee shall designate an official, at or equivalent to the level of Assistant Secretary in the Department of the Treasury, who is appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, to carry out such duties related to the Committee as the head of the agency may assign.

## "SEC. 1003. REVIEW OF COVERED TRANSACTIONS.

- "(a) MANDATORY NOTIFICATION.—A United States business that engages in a covered transaction shall submit a written notification of the transaction to the Committee.
  - "(b) REVIEW .-
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 60 days after receiving written notification under subsection (a) of a covered transaction, the Committee may—
- ''(A) review the transaction to determine if the transaction is likely to result in an unacceptable risk to one or more national critical capabilities, including by considering factors specified in section 1005; and
- "(B) if the Committee determines under subparagraph (A) that the transaction poses a risk described in that subparagraph, make recommendations—
- "(i) to the President for appropriate action that may be taken under this title or under other existing authorities to address or mitigate that risk; and
- "(ii) to Congress for the establishment or expansion of Federal programs to support the production or supply of articles and services described in section 1001(a)(11)(B) in the United States.
- "(2) UNILATERAL INITIATION OF REVIEW.—The Committee may initiate a review under paragraph (1) of a covered transaction for which written notification is not submitted under subsection (a)
- "(3) INITIATION OF REVIEW BY REQUEST FROM CONGRESS.—The Committee shall initiate a review under paragraph (1) of a covered transaction if the chairperson and the ranking member of one of the appropriate congressional committees jointly request the Committee to review the transaction.
- "(c) Treatment of Business Confidential Information.—A United States business shall submit each notification required by subsection (a) to the Committee—
- "(1) in a form that includes business confidential information; and
- "(2) in a form that omits business confidential information and is appropriate for disclosure to the public.

## "SEC. 1004. ACTION BY THE PRESIDENT.

"(a) IN GENERAL.—Subject to subsection (d), the President may take such action for such time as the President considers appropriate to address or mitigate any unacceptable risk posed by a covered transaction to one or more national critical capabilities, including suspending or prohibiting the covered transaction.

(b) Announcement by the President.—The President shall announce the decision on whether or not to take action pursuant to subsection (a) with respect to a covered transaction not later than 15 days after the date on which the review of the transaction under section 1003 is completed.

"(c) ENFORCEMENT.—The President may direct the Attorney General of the United States to seek appropriate relief, including divestment relief, in the district courts of the United States, in order to implement and enforce this section.

'(d) FINDINGS OF THE PRESIDENT.—The President may exercise the authority conferred by subsection (a) to suspend or prohibit a covered transaction only if the President finds that-

'(1) there is credible evidence that leads the President to believe that the transaction poses an unacceptable risk to one or more national critical capabilities; and

'(2) provisions of law (other than this section) do not, in the judgment of the President, provide adequate and appropriate authority for the

President to protect such capabilities.
"(e) FACTORS TO BE CONSIDERED.—For purposes of determining whether to take action under subsection (a), the President shall consider, among other factors, each of the factors described in section 1005 as appropriate

## "SEC. 1005, FACTORS TO BE CONSIDERED.

"The Committee, in reviewing and making a determination with respect to a covered transaction under section 1003, and the President, in determining whether to take action under section 1004 with respect to a covered transaction, shall consider any factors relating to national critical capabilities that the Committee or the President considers relevant, including-

"(1) the long-term strategic economic, national security, and crisis preparedness interests of the United States;

"(2) the history of distortive or predatory trade practices in each country in which a foreign person that is a party to the transaction is domiciled:

'(3) control and beneficial ownership (as determined in accordance with section 847 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2020 (Public Law 116-92; 10 U.S.C. 2509 note)) of each foreign person that is a party to the transaction: and

'(4) impact on the domestic industry and resulting resiliency, including the domestic skills base, taking into consideration any pattern of foreign investment in the domestic industry.

## "SEC. 1006. SUPPLY CHAIN SENSITIVITIES.

"The Committee shall determine the sensitivities and risks for sourcing of articles described in section 1001(a)(11)(B)(i), in accordance with the following:

(1) The sourcing of least concern shall be articles the supply chains for which are housed in whole within countries that are allies of the United States.

(2) The sourcing of greater concern shall be articles the supply chains for which are housed in part within countries of concern or from an entity of concern but for which substitute production is available from elsewhere at required

"(3) The sourcing of greatest concern shall be articles the supply chains for which are housed wholly or in part in countries of concern or from an entity of concern and for which substitute production is unavailable elsewhere at required scale.

## "SEC. 1007. IDENTIFICATION OF ADDITIONAL NA-TIONAL CRITICAL CAPABILITIES.

"(a) IN GENERAL.—The Committee should prescribe regulations to identify additional articles, supply chains, and services to recommend for inclusion in the definition of 'national critical capabilities' under section 1001(a)(11).

'(b) Review of Industries.

"(1) IN GENERAL.—In identifying under subsection (a) additional articles, supply chains, and services to recommend for inclusion in the definition of 'national critical capabilities' under section 1001(a)(11), the Committee should conduct a review of industries identified by Federal Emergency Management Agency as carrying out emergency support functions, including the following industries:

(A) Energy.

"(B) Medical.

"(C) Communications, including electronic and communications components.

"(D) Defense.

"(E) Transportation.

"(F) Aerospace, including space launch.

'(G) Robotics.

"(H) Artificial intelligence.

"(I) Semiconductors.

"(J) Shipbuilding.

"(K) Water, including water purification.

"(2) QUANTIFICATION.—In conducting a review of industries under paragraph (1), the Committee should specify the quantity of articles, supply chains, and services, and specific types and examples of transactions, from each industry sufficient to maintain national critical capabilities.

## "SEC. 1008. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

"(a) Annual Report to Congress.

"(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of the National Critical Capabilities Defense Act of 2021, and annually thereafter, the Committee shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report-

"(A) on the determination under section 1006 with respect to sensitivities and risks for sourcing of articles described in section 1001(a)(11)(B)(i);

"(B) assessing whether identification of additional national critical capabilities under section 1007 is necessary; and

"(C) describing, for the year preceding submission of the report-

"(i) the notifications received under subsection (a) of section 1003 and reviews conducted pursuant to such notifications:

'(ii) reviews initiated under paragraph (2) or (3) of subsection (b) of that section;

'(iii) actions recommended by the Committee under subsection (b)(1)(B) of that section as a result of such reviews; and

"(iv) reviews during which the Committee determined no action was required; and

'(D) assessing the overall impact of such reviews on national critical capabilities.

"(2) FORM OF REPORT.—The report required by paragraph (1) shall be submitted in unclassified form but may include a classified annex.

(b) Use of Defense Production Act of 1950 AUTHORITIES.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of the National Critical Capabilities Defense Act of 2021, the Committee shall submit to Congress a report that includes recommendations relating to use the authorities under title III of the Defense Production Act of 1950 (50 U.S.C. 4531 et seq.) to make investments to enhance national critical capabilities and reduce dependency on materials and services imported from foreign countries.

## "SEC. 1009. REQUIREMENT FOR REGULATIONS.

"(a) In General.—The Committee shall prescribe regulations to carry out this title.

"(b) ELEMENTS.—Regulations prescribed to carry out this title shall—

f(1) provide for the imposition of civil penalties for any violation of this title, including any mitigation agreement entered into, conditions imposed, or order issued pursuant to this title: and

'(2) include specific examples of the types of— "(A) the transactions that will be considered to be covered transactions; and

"(B) the articles, supply chains, and services that will be considered to be national critical capabilities.

'(c) Coordination.—In prescribing regulations to carry out this title, the Committee shall coordinate with the United States Trade Representative, the Under Secretary of Commerce for Industry and Security, and the Committee on Foreign Investment in the United States to avoid duplication of effort.

## "SEC. 1010. REQUIREMENTS RELATED TO GOV-ERNMENT PROCUREMENT.

"(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of the National Critical Capabilities Defense Act of 2021 the Federal Acquisition Regulation shall be revised to require each person that is a prospective contractor for an executive agency to disclose the supply chains the person would use to carry out the contract and the extent to which the person would depend on articles and services imported from foreign countries, including the percentage of such materials and services imported from countries of concern.

'(b) MATERIALITY.—The head of an executive agency shall consider the failure of a person to make the disclosures required by subsection (a) to be material determinants in awarding a contract to that person.

"(c) APPLICABILITY.—The revisions to the Federal Acquisition Regulation required under subsection (a) shall apply with respect to contracts for which solicitations are issued on or after the date that is 90 days after the date of the enactment of the National Critical Capabilities Defense Act of 2021.

'(d) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

"(1) EXECUTIVE AGENCY.—The term 'executive agency' has the meaning given that term in section 133 of title 41, United States Code.

"(2) FEDERAL ACQUISITION REGULATION.—The term 'Federal Acquisition Regulation' means the regulation issued pursuant to section 1303(a)(1) of title 41, United States Code.

## "SEC. 1011. MULTILATERAL ENGAGEMENT AND COORDINATION.

The United States Trade Representative—

"(1) should, in coordination and consultation with relevant Federal agencies, conduct multilateral engagement with the governments of countries that are allies of the United States to secure coordination of protocols and procedures with respect to covered transactions with countries of concern: and

(2) upon adoption of protocols and procedures described in paragraph (1), shall work with those governments to establish information sharing regimes.

## "SEC. 1012. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIA-TIONS.

"There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary to carry out this title, including to provide outreach to industry and persons affected by this title.

## "SEC. 1013. RULE OF CONSTRUCTION WITH RE-SPECT TO FREE AND FAIR COM-MERCE.

"Nothing in this title may be construed as prohibiting or limiting the free and fair flow of commerce outside of the United States that does not pose an unacceptable risk to a national critical capability.'

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents for the Trade Act of 1974 is amended by adding at the end the following:

## "TITLE X-NATIONAL CRITICAL $CAPABILITIES\ REVIEWS$

"Sec. 1001. Definitions.

"Sec. 1002. Committee on National Critical Capabilities.

"Sec. 1003. Review of covered transactions.

"Sec. 1004. Action by the President. "Sec. 1005. Factors to be considered.

"Sec. 1006. Supply chain sensitivities.

"Sec. 1007. Identification of additional national critical capabilities.

"Sec. 1008. Reporting requirements.

"Sec. 1009. Requirement for regulations.

"Sec. 1010. Requirements related to government procurement.

- "Sec. 1011. Multilateral engagement and coordination.
- "Sec. 1012. Authorization of appropriations.
- "Sec. 1013. Rule of construction with respect to free and fair commerce.".

## TITLE V—MODIFICATION AND EXTENSION OF GENERALIZED SYSTEM OF PREF-ERENCES

## SEC. 105001. MODIFICATION AND EXTENSION OF GENERALIZED SYSTEM OF PREF-ERENCES.

- (a) DESIGNATION OF BENEFICIARY DEVELOPING COUNTRIES.—Section 502 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2462) is amended—
  - (1) in subsection (b)(2)-
- (A) in subparagraph (G), by striking "has not taken or is not taking steps to" and inserting "fails to effectively";
- (B) by inserting after subparagraph (H) the following:
- "(I) Such country engages in gross violations of internationally recognized human rights in that country (including any designated zone in that country).
- "(J) Such country fails to effectively enforce its environmental laws, regulations, or other measures, or to fulfill its international environmental obligations, including as such obligations relate to public health."; and
- (C) in the text following subparagraph (J) (as so inserted), by striking "and (H) (to the extent described in section 507(6)(D))" and inserting "(H) (to the extent described in section 507(6)(D)), (I), and (J)":
  - (2) in subsection (c)—
- (A) in paragraph (6)(B), by striking "; and" and inserting a semicolon;
  - (B) in paragraph (7)—
- (i) by striking "has taken or is taking steps to afford" and inserting "effectively affords"; and
- (ii) by striking the period at the end and inserting a semicolon; and
  - (C) by adding at the end the following:
- "(8) the extent to which such country effectively enforces its environmental laws, regulations, and other measures, and fulfills its international environmental obligations, including as such obligations relate to public health; and
- "(9) the extent to which such country has established, or is making continual progress toward establishing—
- "(A) the rule of law, political pluralism, and the right to due process, a fair trial, and equal protection under the law;
- "(B) economic policies to reduce poverty, increase the availability of health care and educational opportunities, expand physical infrastructure, promote the development of private enterprise, and encourage the formation of capital markets through micro-credit or other programs; and
- "(C) a system to combat corruption and bribery, such as signing and implementing the Convention on Combating Bribery of Foreign Public Officials in International Business Transactions.": and
  - (3) by adding at the end the following:
- "(g) Assessment and Report on Compliance With Eligibility Requirements.—
  - "(1) IN GENERAL.—The President shall—
  - "(A) on an annual basis-
- "(i) conduct assessments on compliance of an appropriate number of countries designated as beneficiary developing countries for purposes of this title in meeting or continuing to meet their eligibility requirements under this title; and
- "(ii) make determinations whether to self-initiate full country practice reviews of those countries' continued eligibility under this title; and
- "(B) submit to Congress a report consisting of the results of such assessments and determinations.
- "(2) FREQUENCY.—The President shall conduct an assessment described in clause (i) of paragraph (1)(A) and make a determination described in clause (ii) of such paragraph with respect to each country designated as a bene-

- ficiary developing country for purposes of this title not less frequently than once every 3 years.

  "(h) PENNEY AND PURPOS COMMENTS ON FLIGHT.
- "(h) REVIEW AND PUBLIC COMMENTS ON ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 60 days after the date of enactment of this subsection, the President shall establish a process to allow any interested person, at any time, to file a petition with the Office of the United States Trade Representative to review compliance of beneficiary developing countries with the eligibility criteria set forth in this section.
  - "(2) REVIEW.—
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subparagraph (B), a review of compliance of a beneficiary developing country with the eligibility criteria set forth in this section may not exceed a period of two years.
- "(B) EXTENSION.—Such a review may be extended for a longer period of time if extenuating circumstances exist, as determined by the United States Trade Representative.
- "(C) PUBLIC HEARINGS.—The Trade Representative shall hold annual public hearings with respect to each review that is extended under subparagraph (B).
- "(3) Publication of determinations relating to petitions for review—The United States Trade Representative shall publish in the Federal Register a notice of, and the rationale for, any determination of the Trade Representative with respect to a petition for review of the eligibility of a country for designation as a beneficiary developing country, including a determination—
  - "(A) to accept or deny such a petition;
- "(B) to continue to review the eligibility of the country: or
- "(C) to withdraw, suspend, or limit the application of duty-free treatment under this title with respect to the country."
- (b) SUPPLEMENTAL REVIEW AND REPORTING.—
  (1) POLICY OF THE UNITED STATES.—It is the policy of the United States to support equitable and inclusive economic development in countries in accordance with the provisions of title V of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2461 et seq.) that promotes benefits for workers and individuals subjected to persistent inequality, racial, ethnic, or gender discrimination, or systemic or social barriers that constrain their full and free
- economic participation in the global economy.
  (2) REVIEW OF LAWS.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—Title V of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2461 et seq.) is amended by inserting after section 504 the following:

## "SEC. 504A. REVIEW OF LAWS RELATING TO INTERNATIONALLY RECOGNIZED WORKER RIGHTS AND EQUAL RIGHTS AND PROTECTION UNDER THE LAW.

- "(a) In General.—Not later than May 1, 2022, and annually thereafter, the United States Trade Representative and the Deputy Undersecretary of Labor for International Affairs, in consultation with the policy advisory committee on labor established under section 135(c)(1), shall jointly—
- "(1) review the laws of each beneficiary developing country relating to internationally recognized worker rights and the affording of equal rights and protection under the law, regardless of gender, in each of the categories described in subsection (b):
- "(2) assess the legal rights and protections afforded in such countries; and
- "(3) submit to Congress a report on the laws of and legal rights and protections afforded in such countries.
- "(b) CATEGORIES DESCRIBED.—The categories described in this subsection are the following:
  - "(1) Internationally recognized worker rights.
  - "(2) Mobility.
- "(3) Employment conditions, benefits and pay, including equal pay for equal work and removal of employment restrictions.
  - "(4) Entrepreneurship.

- "(5) Assets, including property and inheritance rights.
  - "(6) Equal access to education.
  - "(7) Access to institutions.
- "(8) Protections from violence and harassment, including gender-based violence and harassment.
  - "(9) Marriage, divorce, and child custody.
- "(c) METHODOLOGY AND SOURCES.—The report required by subsection (a)(3) shall include—
- "(1) an explanation of the methodology and sources used for the conduct of reviews under subsection (a)(1) and the conduct of assessments under subsection (a)(2); and
- "(2) where relevant, citations to data, information, studies, and assessments that were used to prepare the report and were gathered, compiled, or developed by the United States Government, foreign governments, multilateral institutions, nongovernmental organizations, or educational institutions.
- "(d) Measurement of Women's Economic Empowerment.—To support the measurement of women's economic empowerment, the Trade Representative shall encourage and support the reporting by beneficiary developing countries of sex-disaggregated economic and business data, including the gathering of information consistent with the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals, particularly the goals relating to gender equality and decent work."
- (B) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents for the Trade Act of 1974 is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 504 the following:
- "Sec. 504A. Review of laws relating to internationally recognized worker rights and equal rights and protection under the law.".
- (c) Extension of Generalized System of Preferences.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 505 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2465) is amended by striking "December 31, 2020" and inserting "December 31, 2024".
- (2) EFFECTIVE DATE.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—The amendment made by paragraph (1) shall apply to articles entered on or after the 30th day after the date of the enactment of this Act.
- (B) RETROACTIVE APPLICATION FOR CERTAIN LIQUIDATIONS AND RELIQUIDATIONS.—
- (i) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding section 514 of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1514) or any other provision of law and subject to clause (ii), any entry of a covered article to which duty-free treatment or other preferential treatment under title V of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2461 et seq.) would have applied if the entry had been made on December 31, 2020, that was made—
- (I) after December 31, 2020, and
- (II) before the effective date specified in subparagraph (A),
- shall be liquidated or reliquidated as though such entry occurred on the effective date specified in subparagraph (A).
- (ii) REQUESTS.—A liquidation or reliquidation may be made under clause (i) with respect to an entry only if a request therefor is filed with U.S. Customs and Border Protection not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act that contains sufficient information to enable U.S. Customs and Border Protection—
- (I) to locate the entry; or
- (II) to reconstruct the entry if it cannot be located.
- (iii) PAYMENT OF AMOUNTS OWED.—Any amounts owed by the United States pursuant to the liquidation or reliquidation of an entry of a covered article under clause (i) shall be paid, without interest, not later than 90 days after the date of the liquidation or reliquidation (as the case may be).
  - (C) DEFINITIONS.—In this subsection:
- (i) COVERED ARTICLE.—The term "covered article" means an article from a country that is a

beneficiary developing country under title V of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2461 et seq.) as of the effective date specified in subparagraph (A)

- (ii) ENTER; ENTRY.—The terms "enter" and "entry" include a withdrawal from warehouse for consumption.
- (d) DEFINITION OF INTERNATIONALLY RECOGNIZED WORKER RIGHTS.—Section 507(4) of the Trade Act 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2467(4)) is amended—

(1) in subparagraph (E), by striking the period at the end and inserting a semicolon; and

(2) by adding at the end the following:

"(F) the elimination of discrimination with respect to employment and occupation; and

"(G) the elimination of violence or threats of violence against workers, including violence related to gender-based violence or harassment in the workplace and violence related to workers exercising or attempting to exercise any of the rights described in subparagraphs (A) through (F).".

## SEC. 105002. UNITED STATES INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION STUDY.

Not later than May 1, 2022, the United States International Trade Commission shall submit to Congress a report that contains a study on rules of origin and the utilization rates under the Generalized System of Preferences program under title V of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2461 et seq.), including an assessment of—

(1) the utilization rates of least-developed beneficiary developing countries under the program; and

(2) the effectiveness of the program's rules of origin in promoting trade benefits to least-developed beneficiary developing countries under the program and preventing the transshipment of products from countries that are not beneficiary developing countries under the program.

## TITLE VI—REAUTHORIZATION OF THE AMERICAN MANUFACTURING COMPETI-TIVENESS ACT OF 2016 AND OTHER MAT-TERS

# SEC. 106001. REAUTHORIZATION OF AMERICAN MANUFACTURING COMPETITIVENESS ACT OF 2016.

- (a) New Process for Consideration of Petitions.—Section 3(b)(1) of the American Manufacturing Competitiveness Act of 2016 (Public Law 114–159; 19 U.S.C. 1332 note) is amended, in the matter preceding subparagraph (A), by striking "October 15, 2016, and October 15, 2019" and inserting "October 15, 2022, and October 15, 2025".
- (b) CONTENT OF PETITIONS.—Section 3(b)(2)(E)(i) of such Act is amended to read as follows:
- "(i) the classification of the article under chapters I through 97 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States that has been used or will be used by the importer, to be included in the amendment to subchapter II of chapter 99 of that Schedule;".
- (c) REPORT.—Section 4(a) of such Act is amended by striking "12 months" and all that follows through "tariff bill" and inserting "18 months after the date on which the duty suspensions and reductions included in a miscellaneous tariff bill take effect".

## SEC. 106002. LIMITATION ON DUTY SUSPENSIONS OR REDUCTIONS FOR FINISHED GOODS.

- (a) LIMITATION ON ELIGIBILITY.—Section 3(b) of the American Manufacturing Competitiveness Act of 2016 (19 U.S.C. 1332 note) is amended as follows:
  - (1) In paragraph (2)—
- (A) by redesignating subparagraph (K) as subparagraph (L); and
- (B) by inserting after subparagraph (J) the following:
- "(K) A certification that the article is not a finished good, defined as a good that—
- "(i) is ready for sale to the ultimate purchaser, end user, or consumer, whether or not packed or repacked after entry into the customs

territory of the United States (as such term is defined in General Note 2 to the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States) for retail sale:

"(ii) will not undergo any substantial processing or transformation, as such terms are interpreted by U.S. Customs and Border Protection, after entry into the customs territory of the United States;

"(iii) is an unassembled, disassembled, or otherwise incomplete good, having the essential character of the complete and assembled finished good: or

"(iv) is solely intended to be—

"(I) repacked to make the good suitable for retail sale or distribution;

"(II) retagged or relabeled;

"(III) combined with instructional or warranty materials or with other items or accessories for post-entry sale; or

"(IV) subjected to other minor operations not substantially transforming the good as entered into the customs territory of the United States.".

(2) By amending paragraph (3)(C)(ii)(IV) to read as follows:

"(IV) A list of petitions for duty suspensions and reductions for which the Commission recommends modifications to the scope of the articles that are the subject of such petitions, with the modifications specified—

"(aa) to address objections by domestic producers to such petitions; or

"(b) to ensure that the articles are not finished goods as defined under paragraph (2)(K).".

(3) By amending paragraph (3)(C)(ii)(VI) to read as follows:

"(VI) A list of petitions for duty suspensions and reductions that the Commission does not recommend for inclusion in a miscellaneous tariff bill, other than petitions specified in subclause (V), including petitions for which, in the view of the Commission, the articles that are the subject of the petitions are finished goods, as defined under paragraph (2)(K)."

(b) Modification to Commerce Report.— Section 3(c) of the American Manufacturing Competitiveness Act of 2016 (19 U.S.C. 1332 note) is amended by adding at the end the following

new paragraph:

"(3) An identification of any article that is subject to an order issued pursuant to title VII of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1671 et seq.) whose article description may overlap with the article description of the subject of the petition."

(c) PROMULGATION OF LIST.—The United States International Trade Commission may issue such guidance, including in the form of a list of goods presumed to be finished goods and their accompanying headings under the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States, as the Commission determines useful or necessary to provide information to petitioners with respect to the limits imposed on duty suspensions and reductions by reason of the amendments under subsection (a).

# SEC. 106003. SENSE OF CONGRESS ON UNITED STATES COMMITMENT TO THE WORLD TRADE ORGANIZATION.

- (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following:
  (1) The United States is an original member of
  the World Trade Organization (WTO) and a key
  architect of the institution.
- (2) The WTO is a critical forum for strengthening the multilateral rules-based trading system and a bedrock of United States trade policy.
- (3) The United States has provided the leadership and political will to advance the goal of the WTO to create and enforce rules that reduce obstacles to international trade that help ensure a level playing field.
- (4) Sustained United States leadership in the WTO provides best paths to achieve necessary WTO reforms, create new trade rules that enhance opportunities for all, and address the needs and challenges of the United States and all other free and open economies in the 21st century.

(5) The United States recognizes the historic nature of Dr. Ngozi Okonjo-Iweala's selection as the WTO's new Director-General as being both the first woman and first African to be chosen.

(6) The WTO recognizes that trade should be conducted with a view to raising standards of living, ensuring full employment and a large and steadily growing volume of real income and effective demand, expanding the production of and trade in goods and services, optimally using the world's resources in accordance with the objective of sustainable development, and seeking to protect and preserve the environment.

(7) The WTO is the preferred forum in which member economies resolve disputes that arise

among them.

(8) The United States has consistently supported having a functional, efficient dispute settlement mechanism at the WTO that strictly follows the Dispute Settlement Understanding as agreed by all WTO members and remains accountable to WTO members.

(9) The United States, for decades, has sought to strengthen the WTO dispute settlement system by advocating for necessary, thoughtful and

prudent reforms.

(10) The United States has expressed longstanding concerns that the WTO Appellate Body, through its findings and procedural liberties, is improperly adding to or diminishing the rights or obligations of WTO members.

(11) The United States has consistently urged the WTO to improve transparency by requiring that all dispute settlement hearings at the WTO be open to the public, and all submissions by the parties be publicly available.

(12) While several WTO members have joined the United States in agreeing to open hearings to the public and in making public submissions, most WTO Members continue to insist on closed hearings and confidential submissions.

(13) Transparent WTO dispute settlement enhances WTO members' understanding of the dispute settlement system, particularly for those who do not participate often in the system.

(14) Open dispute settlement promotes the accountability, professionalism, and impartiality of WTO adjudicators, to the benefit of the dispute settlement system as a whole.

(15) Many WTO members have failed to meet basic notification obligations making it difficult and, in some cases, impossible to monitor or determine their compliance with WTO obligations, including subsidies disciplines.

(16) The United States has encouraged, by proposing various incentives and administrative measures, better compliance with notification obligations.

(17) The WTO allows members to self-identify as developing countries in order to receive special and differential treatment.

(18) Some self-declared developing countries that are now advanced continue to demand the same special and differential treatment intended for much smaller, less developed members, creating asymmetries that hinder the WTO from achieving meaningful outcomes in current and future negotiations.

(19) For over a decade, most WTO members have refused to engage in serious efforts to address longstanding United States calls for reform of dispute settlement and other important aspects of the WTO system.

(20) WTO members are engaged in negotiations to reform the WTO and create new rules, including with respect to fisheries subsidies and e-commerce.

(b) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of Congress that—

(1) the United States should continue to lead reform efforts to ensure that the World Trade Organization (WTO) functions as agreed by the membership and is updated appropriately for the 21st century;

(2) the United States should continue to urge other WTO members to work with the United States to achieve needed reforms so that the WTO and its members can address unjustified barriers to trade and promote economic norms that improve the standard of living across the world; and

(3) the United States Trade Representative should continue to lead and work with other countries to pursue reforms at the WTO that-

(A) address concerns with the WTO's Appellate Body;

- (B) improve the efficiency and transparency of dispute settlement proceedings;
- (C) remediate the failure to satisfy notification obligations of the various WTO agreements and develop accountability mechanisms to ad-

dress this issue proactively;
(D) discipline the use of special and differential treatment for self-declared developing coun-

(E) ensure there are platforms to discuss issues related to labor, the environment, and women's economic empowerment; and

(F) create new rules and structures that can serve the United States interests while promoting peace, prosperity, and open markets and societies.

# SEC. 106004. AUTHORITY OF U.S. CUSTOMS AND BORDER PROTECTION TO CONSOLIDATE, MODIFY, OR REORGANIZE CUSTOMS REVENUE FUNCTIONS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 412 of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 212(b)) is amend(1) in subsection (b)—

(A) in paragraph (1)—
(i) by striking "consolidate, discontinue," and  $inserting\ ``discontinue";\ and$ 

(ii) by inserting after "reduce the staffing level" the following: "below the optimal staffing level determined in the most recent Resource Allocation Model required by section 301(h) of the Customs Procedural Reform and Simplification Act of 1978 (19 U.S.C. (h))"; and

(B) in paragraph (2), by inserting ", National Account Managers" after "Financial Systems

Specialists''; and

(2) by adding at the end the following:

"(d) AUTHORITY TO CONSOLIDATE, MODIFY, OR REORGANIZE CUSTOMS REVENUE FUNCTIONS

"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Commissioner of U.S. Customs and Border Protection may, subject to subsection (b), consolidate, modify, or reorganize customs revenue functions delegated to the Commissioner under subsection (a), including by adding such functions to existing positions or establishing new or modifying existing job series, grades, titles, or classifications for personnel, and associated support staff, performing such functions.

"(2) Position classification standards.—At the request of the Commissioner, the Director of the Office of Personnel Management shall estab-

any new positions established by the Commissioner under paragraph (1).".

(b) TECHNICAL CORRECTION.—Section 412(a)(1) of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 212(a)(1)) is amended by striking "403(a)(1)" and inserting "403(1)".

## TITLE VII—TEMPORARY DUTY SUSPENSIONS AND REDUCTIONS

Except as otherwise expressly provided, whenever in this title an amendment or repeal is expressed in terms of an amendment to, or repeal of, a chapter, subchapter, note, additional U.S. note, heading, subheading, or other provision, the reference shall be considered to be made to a chapter, subchapter, note, additional U.S. note, heading, subheading, or other provision of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United

## Subtitle A-New Duty Suspensions and Reductions

## SEC. 107101. SHELLED PINE NUTS.

Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new

ed—	-	lish new position classification standards	for head	ling:		
"	9902.19.01	Pine nuts, shelled (provided for in subheading 0802.90.98)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
		RICE EXTRACT.				
serti		of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.19.02	Vegetable saps and extracts of licorice (provided for in subheading 1302.12.00)	0.7%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023"
		NED CARRAGEENAN.				
serti		of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.19.03	$N-\{[2-(\{4-[(3-Methylbutanoyl)amino]phenyl\gamma carbonyl)\\ hydrazino]carbonothioyl\gamma-3-nitrobenzamide (Carrageenan) (CAS No. 9000–07–1)\\ (provided for in subheading 1302.39.00)$	2.4%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	H DAIRY CHOCOLATE CRUMB. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	I	l	1	2025   .
"	9902.19.04	Chocolate crumb manufactured with fluid milk from Irish cows (provided for in subheading 1806.20.24)	2.9%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
SEC		PERONCINI, PRESERVED IN VIN-		•	•	1 2020
serti		<b>R.</b> of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.19.05	Pepperoncini, prepared or preserved by vinegar or acetic acid (provided for in subheading 2001.90.38)	5.2%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Si serti	ıbchapter II	ONUT WATER IN PET BOTTLES. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	•	•		
"	9902.19.06	Coconut water, not from concentrate, not containing added sugar or other sweetening matter, packaged for retail sale in polyethylene terephthalate bottles (provided for in subheading 2009.89.70)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023

SEC. 107107. 9,11-OCTADECADIENOIC ACID.
Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

	9902.19.07	Conjugated linoleic acids (9Z,11E)-octadeca-9,11-dienoic acid (CAS No. 2540–56-9), and (10E,12Z)-octadeca-10,12-dienoic acid (CAS No. 2420–56-6) (provided for in subheading 2106.90.98)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
SEC				Į.	l	1 2023
	ubchapter II	GOSACCHARIDES. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
hea	ding:					
"	9902.19.08	Liquid galacto-oligosaccharides (provided for in subheading 2106.90.98)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
SEC	 . 107109. BE	 VERAGE CONTAINING COCONUT	l			2023
		ER. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
	ding:	icui sequence ine jouowing new				
	i			i	i	
	9902.19.09	Non-alcoholic beverage containing 10 percent or more of not-from-concentrate coconut water, with added flavors and stevia, packaged for retail sale (provided for in subheading 2202.10.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
SEC		NIMAL FEED ADDITIVE CON-	I	l	l	2023   ''.
Sı		NING GUANIDINOACETIC ACID. of chapter 99 is amended by in-				
	ing in numei ding:	rical sequence the following new				
rica	aing.					
"	9902.19.10	Feed additive preparation consisting of guanidinoacetic acid and starch (provided for in subheading 2309.90.95)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
SEC	 . <i>107111. TUN</i>	GSTEN CONCENTRATE.	l		l	2023   ''.
		of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
	ding:	teat bequence the following new				
	1			1	1	
"	9902.19.11	Tungsten concentrate, presented as a dense, granular powder, in a range of colors from sandy brown to black/grey depending on the other elements present				
		(provided for in subheading 2611.00.60)	Free	No change	No change	On or be-
						fore 12/31/ 2023"
	. 107112. PIPE		•	l	ı	1 2023
sert		of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.19.12	Distillates (petroleum), C3-6, piperylene-rich (CAS No. 68477-35-0) (provided	0.50/			
		for in subheading 2710.12.90)	3.5%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
on o	40 <b>5</b> 440 NOD	NAME OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PR				2023 ,,
	C14)					
		of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
	ding:					
	l		ı	1	I	1 1
"	9902.19.13	A mixture of normal paraffin medium oils (alkanes, C10–14) (CAS No. 93924–07–3) (provided for in subheading 2710.19.90)	5.8%	No change	No change	On or be-
			0.070	Jiwnyc	Situatige	fore 12/31/
SEC	 . 107114. NEO	 DYMIUM (ND) METAL.				2023 ''.
Si	ubchapter II	of chapter 99 is amended by in-				
	ing in numei ding:	rical sequence the following new				
				1		
"	9902.19.14	Neodymium metal (CAS No. 7440-00-8), whether or not intermixed or	Em ~ ~	No cha	No charre	Om on ha
		interalloyed (provided for in subheading 2805.30.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
					l	2023 ,,

SEC. 107115. PRASEODYMIUM (PR) METAL.
Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

"	9902.19.15	Praseodymium metal (CAS No. 7440–10–0), whether or not intermixed or interalloyed (provided for in subheading 2805.30.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023 ".
	PRO (TB)	AVY RARE EARTH METALS, DYS- SIUM (DY) METAL AND TERBIUM METAL. of chapter 99 is amended by in-			ı	2023
	ing in numer ding:	ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.19.16	Dysprosium metal (CAS No. 7429–91–6), terbium metal (CAS No. 7440–27–9), and heavy rare earth metals, whether or not intermixed or inter-alloyed (provided for in subheading 2805.30.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	NDIUM CRYSTAL. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new			1	2023 '''.
"	9902.19.17	Scandium crystals of 99.9 percent purity containing 3 ppm or less by weight of cobalt, 80 ppm or less by weight of chromium and 500 ppm or less by weight of iron (CAS No. 7440–20–2) (provided for in subheading 2805.30.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	<b>AFLUOROTITANIC ACID.</b> of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new			l	2023   ''.
"	9902.19.18	Dihydrogen hexafluorotitanate(2-) (CAS No. 17439-11-1) (provided for in subheading 2811.19.61)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023".
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	CA GEL CAT LITTER WITH TRAY. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
	9902.19.19	Cat litter of synthetic silica gel, not crystalline, imported with a disposable cardboard tray coated with polyvinyl chloride (provided for in subheading 2811.22.10)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
SEC.	TICL	IOXOSILANE SPHERICAL PAR- .ES (MEAN PARTICLE SIZE 0.046- ! MM).	l l	ı	l	2023 '''.
sert	ıbchapter II	of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
	9902.19.20	Dioxosilane (silicon dioxide amorphous) (CAS No. 7631–86–9) presented in the form of entirely spherical micro-spheres, certified by the importer as having a mean particle size of between 0.046 and 0.054 mm, uniform particle size with a uniformity coefficient of 1.65 or less, specific electrical resistance of 50,000 Ohm cm or more, and surface area 300 to 700 $m^2/g$ (provided for in subheading 2811.22.10)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	CA GEL CAT LITTER. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new		l	I	2023   ''.
"	9902.19.21	Cat litter formulated from synthetic silica gel, put up for retail sale (provided for in subheading 2811.22.10)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
ar-	405400 OTTE	TURY DIGHT OFFE				

SEC. 107122. SULFURYL DICHLORIDE.
Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

"	9902.19.22	Sulfuryl dichloride (CAS No. 7791–25–5) (provided for in subheading 2812.19.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
SEC		3. FS-10D ACICULAR CTROCONDUCTIVE TIN OXIDE.					
sert	ubchapter II	of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new					
"	9902.19.23	Dispersions of tin(IV) oxide (CAS No. 18282–10–5), doped with antimony pent-oxide (CAS No. 1314–60–9), in water (provided for in subheading 2825.90.20)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	,,
Si sert	ubchapter II	TAIN POTASSIUM FLUORIDE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	,			2023	•
"	9902.19.24	Potassium fluoride (CAS No. 7789–23–3), spray-dried, crystalline, granular or any dry form (provided for in subheading 2826.19.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	".
Si sert	ubchapter II	ER POTASSIUM FLUORIDE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new					
	9902.19.25	Potassium fluoride (CAS No. 7789–23–3) other than spray-dried, crystalline, granular or any dry form (provided for in subheading 2826.19.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,, <u>,</u>
Si sert		<b>6.</b> of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new					
"	9902.19.26	Lithium hexafluorophosphate (LiPF6) (CAS No. 21324-40-3) (provided for in subheading 2826.90.90)	1.8%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
Si sert		<b>2F2.</b> of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	'		'	20231	•
"	9902.19.27	Lithium difluorophosphate (LiPO2F2) (CAS No. 24389-25-1) (provided for in subheading 2826.90.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
Si sert	ubchapter II	ONIUM FLUOROBORATE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	'		'	20231	•
"	9902.19.28	Azanium; tetrafluoroborate (CAS No. 13826–83–0) (provided for in subheading 2826.90.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
Si sert	ubchapter II	UM TETRAFLUOROBORATE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	!			2023	•
"	9902.19.29	Sodium tetrafluoroborate (CAS No. 13755-29-8) (provided for in subheading 2826.90.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,

SEC. 107130. FERRIC CHLORIDE.
Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

 SEC	9902.19.30	Trichloroiron (CAS No. 7705-08-0) (provided for in subheading 2827.39.55) ROUS CHLORIDE.	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Si sert	ubchapter II	of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.19.31	Iron(2+);dichloride (CAS No. 7758–94–3) (provided for in subheading 2827.39.55)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023"
Si sert	ubchapter II	RIC CHLORIDE DIHYDRATE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.19.32	Copper(II) chloride dihydrate (cupric chloride dihydrate) (CAS No. 10125–13–0) (provided for in subheading 2827.39.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023".
Si sert	ubchapter II	PER CHLORIDE ANHYDROUS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				. 2020
"	9902.19.33	Copper(II) chloride anhydrous (CAS No. 7447-39-4) (provided for in subheading 2827.39.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
SEC	. 107134. M DRO	IANGANESE CHLORIDE ANHY- US		l	1	1 2023
sert	ubchapter II	of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.19.34	Manganese(2+);dichloride (anhydrous manganese chloride) (CAS No. 7773–01–5) (provided for in subheading 2827.39.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Si sert	<b>HYD</b> ubchapter II	ANGANESE CHLORIDE TETRA- RATE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new		'		
"	9902.19.35	Manganese(II) chloride tetrahydrate (CAS No. 13446–34–9) (provided for in subheading 2827.39.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Si sert	ubchapter II	UCING AGENT. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new		I	I	2023   ''.
"	9902.19.36	Acetic acid, 2-oxo-, reaction products with sodium dithionite (2:1) (CAS No. 1444365-63-2) (provided for in subheading 2831.10.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023".
Si sert	ubchapter II	GANESE CARBONATE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.19.37	Manganese(2+);carbonate (CAS No. 598-62-9) (provided for in subheading 2836.99.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023"
Si sert	ubchapter II	ASSIUM TETRABORATE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.19.38	Potassium tetraborate (CAS No. 12045–78–2) (provided for in subheading 2840.20.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023 "

**SEC. 107139. POTASSIUM PENTABORATE.**Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

"	9902.19.39	Potassium pentaborate (CAS No. 12229–13–9) (provided for in subheading 2840.20.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	١,,
St sert	ubchapter II	OONIUM THIOCYANATE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	I	I	I	2023	•
"	9902.19.40	Azanium;thiocyanate (ammonium thiocyanate) (CAS No. 1762-95-4) (provided for in subheading 2842.90.10)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,, <u>,</u>
St sert	<b>BOR</b> ubchapter II	ODIFIED AMINE COMPLEX OF ON TRIFLUORIDE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
"	9902.19.41	Propan-2-amine, compound with trifluoroborane, reaction products with 2-(butoxymethyl)oxirane (amine complex of boron trifluoride) (CAS No. 68478-97-7) (provided for in subheading 2842.90.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
St sert	ubchapter II	CHLOROSILANE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	•	'			٠
"	9902.19.42	Trichlorosilicon (CAS No. 10025-78-2) (provided for in subheading 2853.90.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
St sert	ubchapter II	OICHLOROPROPENE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	•	'	'	1 2023	•
"	9902.19.43	(E)-1,3-Dichloroprop-1-ene (CAS No. 542-75-6) (provided for in subheading 2903.29.00)	2.3%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,,
St sert	ubchapter II	AFLUOROISOBUTYLENE (HFIB). of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
"	9902.19.44	3,3,3-Trifluoro-2-(trifluoromethyl)prop-1-ene (CAS No. 382–10–5) (provided for in subheading 2903.39.20)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
sert	<b>TRII</b> ubchapter II	145. 1,1,1,2,2,3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6- DECAFLUORO-8-IODOOCTANE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					•
"	9902.19.45	1,1,1,2,2,3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6-Tridecafluoro-8-iodooctane (CAS No. 2043–57–4) (provided for in subheading 2903.79.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
SEC	. 107146. ETH	YL BENZYL CHLORIDE.		1	•	. 2020 I	•

Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

"	9902.19.46	1-(Chloromethyl)-3-ethylbenzene (CAS No. 26968-58-1) (provided for in subheading 2903.99.80)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
		FLUOROALKYL SULFONATE.	l	l	l	1 2023
sert		of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.19.47	Potassium 1,1,2,2,3,3,4,4,4-nonafluorobutane-1-sulphonate (CAS No. 29420-49-3) (provided for in subheading 2904.99.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Si serti		INNITOL. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.19.48	(2R,3R,4R,5R)-Hexane-1,2,3,4,5,6-hexol (D-Mannitol) (CAS No. 69-65-8) (provided for in subheading 2905.43.00)	2.9%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
SEC		149. 3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,8,8,8- DECAFLUOROOCTAN-1-OL.				
sert	ıbchapter II	of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.19.49	3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,8,8,8-Trideca fluorooctan-1-ol~(CAS~No.~647-42-7)~(provided~for~in~subheading~2905.59.90)~	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Si serti	ıbchapter II	NYL ISOPROPANOL. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	•	'		1 2020
"	9902.19.50	2-Phenylpropan-2-ol (CAS No. 617–94–7) (provided for in subheading 2906.29.60)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023"
Si serti	ıbchapter II	ROXYTYROSOL.  of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.19.51	4-(2-Hydroxyethyl)benzene-1,2-diol (Hydroxytyrosol) (CAS No. 10597-60-1) (provided for in subheading 2907.29.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Si serti	ıbchapter II	IHYDROXYNAPHTHALENE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.19.52	Naphthalene-1,6-diol (CAS No. 575-44-0) (provided for in subheading 2907.29.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
SEC		TIOXIDANT FOR PLASTICS AND	•	ı	ı	
sert		BER. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
• •	9902.19.53	$Antioxidant  330  (4-[[3,5-Bis[(3,5-ditert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl])methyl]-2,4,6-trimethylphenyl]methyl]-2,6-ditert-butylphenol) \ (CAS\ No.\ 1709-70-2) \ (provided\ for\ in\ subheading\ 2907.29.90) \$	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023

SEC. 107154. TOLUHYDROQUINONE (THQ).
Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

"	9902.19.54	2-Methylbenzene-1,4-diol (CAS No. 95-71-6) (provided for in subheading 2907.29.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023"	,
SEC		107155. 1,1,1-TRIS(4-	l	ı	1	1 2025	٠
sert	ubchapter II	ROXYPHENYL)ETHANE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new					
"	9902.19.55	4-[1,1-Bis(4-hydroxyphenyl)ethyl]phenol (CAS No. 27955–94–8) (provided for in subheading 2907.29.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023"	
Si sert	ubchapter II	G6-MESYLATE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new		'			•
	9902.19.56	Methanesulfonic acid; 2-[2-[2-[2-[2-(2-methoxyethoxy) ethoxy]ethoxy]ethoxy]ethoxy]ethoxy] ethanol (CAS No. 130955-39-4) (provided for in subheading 2909.19.18)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023"	
SEC	. 107157. MON ETH	VOETHYLENE GLYCOL DIMETHYL					
sert	ubchapter II	of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new					
"	9902.19.57	1,2-Dimethoxyethane (CAS No. 110-71-4) (provided for in subheading 2909.19.60)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,
SEC		ETHYLENE GLYCOL DIMETHYL	'				•
sert		ek. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new					
"	9902.19.58	1-Methoxy-2-(2-methoxyethoxy)ethane (CAS No. 111-96-6) (provided for in subheading 2909.19.60)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023",	,
SEC		HETHYLENE GLYCOL DIBUTYL	'	•	•	1 2020	•
sert		ek. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new					
"	9902.19.59	1-[2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethoxy]butane (CAS No. 112-73-2) (provided for in subheading 2909.19.60)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023"	
SEC	. 107160. TETH	RAETHYLENE GLYCOL DIMETHYL ER					
sert	ubchapter II	of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
"	9902.19.60	1-Methoxy-2-[2-[2-(2-methoxyethoxy)ethoxy]ethoxy]ethoxy]ethane (CAS No. 143-24-8) (provided for in subheading 2909.19.60)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	,
Si sert	ubchapter II	C <b>OL DIETHER.</b> of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	ı	ı	ı	2023   '' <sub>·</sub>	•
"	9902.19.61	1-Methoxy-3-(3-methoxypropoxy)propane (CAS No. 111109-77-4) (provided for in subheading 2909.49.60)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023"	·.

SEC. 107162. DIGLYCIDYL RESORCINOL ETHER.
Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

"	9902.19.64	2-[[3-(Oxiran-2-ylmethoxy)phenoxy]methyl]oxirane (diglycidyl resorcinol ether) (CAS No. 101–90–6) (provided for in subheading 2910.90.20)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023 ''.
Si serti	ubchapter II	TI GLYCIDYL ETHER. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.19.66	2-(Prop-2-enoxymethyl)oxirane (allyl glycidyl ether) (CAS No. 106-92-3) (provided for in subheading 2910.90.91)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023''.
Si serti	ubchapter II	CLCYCLOHEXANE MONOXIDE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.19.67	3-Ethenyl-7-oxabicyclo[4.1.0]heptane (CAS No. 106-86-5) (provided for in subheading 2910.90.91)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Si serti	<b>GLY</b> ubchapter II	ECHNICAL GRADE OF BUTYL CIDYL ETHER. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	'		'	2023
"	9902.19.68	Technical grade 2-(butoxymethyl)oxirane (CAS No. 2426-08-6) (provided for in subheading 2910.90.91)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Si serti	ubchapter II	HATIC GLYCIDYL ETHER. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.19.69	2-(2-Ethylhexoxymethyl)oxirane (CAS No. 2461–15–6) (provided for in subheading 2910.90.91)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023 ''.
sert	<b>BUT</b> ubchapter II	DIGLYCIDYL ETHER OF 1,4- ANEDIOL. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.19.70	2-[4-(Oxiran-2-ylmethoxy)butoxymethyl]oxirane (CAS No. 2425-79-8) (provided for in subheading 2910.90.91)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
sert	GLY DIM ubchapter II	TECHNICAL GRADE OF THE CIDYL ETHER OF CYCLOHEXANE ETHANOL. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
	- I		i		ı	1
"	9902.19.71	2-[[4-(Oxiran-2-ylmethoxymethyl) cyclohexyl]methoxymethyl]oxirane (1,4-bis((2,3-epoxypropoxy)methyl)cyclohexane technical) (CAS No. 14228-73-0) (provided for in subheading 2910.90.91)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Si serti	<b>ACII</b> ubchapter II	CIDYL ESTER OF NEODECANOIC  Of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	I	ı	ı	l 2023 l ''.
	0000 10 70	0.0 Francisco	Ī	ı	ı	   I
٠	9902.19.72	2,3-Epoxypropyl neodecanoate (CAS No. 26761-45-5) (provided for in subheading 2910.90.91)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023 "

## SEC. 107170. CUMALDEHYDE.

Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

"	9902.19.73	4-Propan-2-ylbenzaldehyde (Cumaldehyde) (CAS No. 122-03-2) (provided for in subheading 2912.29.60)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
SEC	. 107171. CYPI	RINAL.	l	ı	l	1 2025
sert		of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.19.74	$\alpha\textsc{-Methylcinnamaldehyde}$ (CAS No. 101–39–3) (provided for in subheading 2912.29.60)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
SEC.	l 107	172. SODIUM O-				2023   ''.
sert	ubchapter II	MYLBENZENESULFONATE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.19.75	Sodium;2-formylbenzenesulfonate (CAS No. 1008–72–6) (provided for in subheading 2913.00.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti	ubchapter II	<b>TYLACETONE.</b> of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				2023   ''.
"	9902.19.76	Pentane-2,4-dione (Acetylacetone) (CAS No. 123-54-6) (provided for in subheading 2914.19.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	ubchapter II	TYL PROPIONYL. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.19.77	$Pentane \hbox{-} 2, \hbox{3-dione (CAS No. 600-14-6) (provided for in subheading 2914.19.00)} \ \dots$	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023"
Sı serti		IA IONONE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				. 2020
"	9902.19.78	(E)-4-(2,6,6-Trimethylcyclohex-2-en-1-yl)but-3-en-2-one ( $\alpha$ -ionone) derived from natural sources (CAS No. 127–41–3) (provided for in subheading 2914.23.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023"
SEC		4,5 TETRAMETHYLCYCLOPENT-2-	'	•	'	, 2020
sert		of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.19.79	2,3,4,5-Tetramethylcyclopent-2-enone (CAS No. 54458-61-6) (provided for in subheading 2914.29.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti		THONE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
	9902.19.80	Menthone ((2S,5R)-5-methyl-2-propan-2-ylcyclohexan-1-one) derived from natural sources (CAS No. 89–80–5) (provided for in subheading 2914.29.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023 ''.
Sı serti		<b>RVONE.</b> of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.19.81	(5R)-2-Methyl-5-(prop-1-en-2-yl)cyclohex-2-en-1-one (L-carvone) (CAS No. 6485-40-1) (provided for in subheading 2914.29.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023"

**SEC. 107179. BENZOIN.**Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

	9902.19.82	2-Hydroxy-1,2-diphenylethanone (Benzoin) (CAS No. 119–53–9) (provided for in subheading 2914.40.40)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	HYL CYCLOPENTENOLONE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	•	'	•	
"	9902.19.83	Methyl cyclopentenolone (2-hydroxy-3-methylcyclopent-2-en-1-one) (CAS No. 80–71–7) (provided for in subheading 2914.40.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023".
sert	<b>DIBI</b> ıbchapter II	7181. 2,4-DIHYDROXY-1,5- ENZOYLBENZENE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.19.84	(4,6-Dihydroxy-1,3-phenylene)bis(phenylmethanone) (CAS No. 3088-15-1) (provided for in subheading 2914.50.30)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	UOROBENZOPHENONE (DFBP). of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	•	'	'	
"	9902.19.85	Bis(4-fluorophenyl)methanone (CAS No. 345-92-6) (provided for in subheading 2914.79.40)	2.3%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023"
Sı serti		t. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.19.86	2-Methyl-1-[4-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]propan-1-one (CAS No. 56425-84-4) (provided for in subheading 2914.79.40)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023"
Sı serti		RAFENONE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
	9902.19.87	(3-Bromo-6-methoxy-2-methylphenyl)(2,3,4-trimethoxy-6-methylphenyl)methanone (Metrafenone) (CAS No. 220899-03-6) (provided for in subheading 2914.79.40)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	ACHLOROACETONE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	ı	1	1	2020
"	9902.19.88	Hexachloroacetone; 1,1,1,3,3,3-hexachloropropan-2-one (CAS No. 116–16–5) (provided for in subheading 2914.79.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023".
		SUPPRESSION AGENT. of chapter 99 is amended by in-				

serting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

	9902.19.89	1,1,1,2,2,4,5,5,5-nonafluoro-4-(trifluoromethyl)pentan-3-one (CAS No. 756–13–8) (provided for in subheading 2914.79.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	,,
Si sert	ıbchapter II	10-CAMPHOR SULFONIC ACID. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new			ı	2023	•
"	9902.19.90	(1S,4R)-7,7-Dimethyl-2-oxo-1-bicyclo[2.2.1]heptanyl] methanesulfonic acid (CAS No. 3144–16–9) (provided for in subheading 2914.79.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	··.
Si sert	ıbchapter II	<b>ZYL ACETATE.</b> of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new					
"	9902.19.91	Benzyl acetate (CAS No. 140–11–4) (provided for in subheading 2915.39.10)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	···.
Si sert	ıbchapter II	PYLENE GLYCOL DIACETATE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new					
	9902.19.92	2-Acetyloxypropyl acetate (CAS No. 623-84-7) (provided for in subheading 2915.39.47)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
Si sert	ıbchapter II	ROPENYL ACETATE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new			'	2023	٠
	9902.19.93	Prop-1-en-2-yl acetate (Isopropenyl acetate) (CAS No. 108–22–5) (provided for in subheading 2915.39.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,.
Si sert		<b>ETIN.</b> of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new					
"	9902.19.94	(2-Acetyloxy-3-hydroxypropyl) acetate (CAS No. 25395-31-7) (provided for in subheading 2915.39.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,,
Si sert	-	<b>DAMINE.</b> of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new					
	9902.19.95	Amines, coco alkyl (Cocoamine) (CAS No. 61788-46-3) (provided for in subheading 2915.90.10)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,,
Si sert	ıbchapter II	RYLIC ACID 98%. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new					
"	9902.19.96	Decanoic acid (CAS No. 334-48-5) (provided for in subheading 2915.90.10)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	".
Si sert	ıbchapter II	ZINC MYRISTATE POWDER. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new					
	9902.19.97	Zinc myristate powder, 99 percent is under 300 mesh (CAS No. 16260–27–8) (provided for in subheading 2915.90.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	".

SEC. 107195. FINE MAGNESIUM MYRISTATE POW-DER.

Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by in-serting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

"	9902.19.98	Magnesium tetradecanoate powder (CAS No. 4086-70-8) (provided for in subheading 2915.90.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	,,
sert	HEX. HEX. ıbchapter II	96. DIPENTAERYTHRITYL AHYDROXYSTEARATE/ ASTEARATE/HEXAROSINATE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	I		I	2023	ı ~·.
"	9902.19.99	Dipentaerythrityl mixed esters with stearate, 12-hydroxyoctadecanoate and resinate, two acidic residues (CAS No. 208126–52–7) (provided for in subheading 2915.90.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	VGLYCERYL-2 TRIISOSTEARATE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	'		'	2023	
"	9902.20.01	[3-[2,3-bis(16-Methylheptadecanoyloxy)propoxy]-2-hydroxypropyl] 16-methylheptadecanoate (CAS No. 120486-24-0) (provided for in subheading 2915.90.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
sert	<b>DIET</b> ıbchapter II	. NEOPENTYL GLYCOL FHYLHEXANOATE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	I		I	2023	
"	9902.20.02	[3-(2-Ethylhexanoyloxy)-2,2-dimethylpropyl] 2-ethylhexanoate (CAS No. 28510–23-8) (provided for in subheading 2915.90.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,,
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	IONYL ISONONATE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new					
"	9902.20.03	7-Methyloctyl 7-methyloctanoate (CAS No. 42131–25-9) (provided for in subheading 2915.90.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,,
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	<b>TYL CHLORIDE.</b> of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new					
 SEC	9902.20.04	Acetyl chloride (CAS No. 75–36–5) (provided for in subheading 2915.90.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,, <u>,</u>
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
"	9902.20.05	Potassium;(2E,4E)-hexa-2,4-dienoate (Potassium sorbate) (CAS No. 24634-61-5) (provided for in subheading 2916.19.10)	2%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,, ,,,
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	C CHLOROFORMATE.  of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new					
"	9902.20.06	Ethenyl carbonochloridate (Vinyl chloroformate) (CAS No. 5130–24–5) (provided for in subheading 2916.19.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,,

## CONGRESSIONAL RECORD—HOUSE

SEC. 107203. PERMETHRIN.
Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

"	9902.20.07	(3-Phenoxyphenyl)methyl 3-(2,2-dichloroethenyl)-2,2-dimethylcyclopropane-1-carboxylate (Permethrin) (CAS No. 52645-53-1) (provided for in subheading 2916.20.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
St sert	ubchapter II	I <b>UM BENZOATE.</b> of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	l	I	I	2023   ''.
"	9902.20.08	Micronized sodium benzoate (CAS No. 532–32–1) of a kind used as a polymer modifier (provided for in subheading 2916.31.11)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
St sert	ubchapter II	<b>ZOIC ACID, FLAKE.</b> of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.20.09	Benzoic acid, flake (CAS No. 65–85–0) (provided for in subheading 2916.31.11)	4.3%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023"
St sert	ubchapter II	PHYLENE GLYCOL DIBENZOATE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				. 2020
"	9902.20.10	2-(2-Benzoyloxyethoxy)ethyl benzoate (CAS No. 120-55-8) (provided for in subheading 2916.31.30)	1%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023".
St sert	ubchapter II	<b>HYL BENZOATE.</b> of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.20.11	Methyl benzoate (CAS No. 93–58–3) (provided for in subheading 2916.31.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023"
SEC	. 107208. M SAL	-NITROBENZOIC ACID SODIUM T.				
sert		of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.20.12	Sodium; 3-nitrobenzoate (CAS No. 827-95-2) (provided for in subheading 2916.39.79)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
St sert	ubchapter II	TROBENZOIC ACID. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				. 2020
"	9902.20.13	4-Nitrobenzoic acid (CAS No. 62–23–7) (provided for in subheading 2916.39.79)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023"
St sert	ubchapter II	RT BUTYLBENZOIC ACID. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	1	1	1	, 2020 I .
"	9902.20.14	4-tert-Butylbenzoic acid (CAS No. 98-73-7) (provided for in subheading 2916.39.79)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023".
SEC	107911 SOD	IIIM ADIPATE		•	•	. 2020

Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

	9902.20.15	Disodium; hexanedioate (Sodium adipate) (CAS No. 7486–38–6), in granule form, with a particle size of 250 $\mu m$ to 850 $\mu m$ (provided for in subheading 2917.12.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
SEC	107212 DIMI	ETHYL SEBACATE (DMS).				2023 '''.
Si sert	ıbchapter II	of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
	9902.20.16	Dimethyl sebacate (CAS No. 106–79–6) (provided for in subheading 2917.13.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023"
Si sert	ıbchapter II	<b>ECANEDIOIC ACID.</b> of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
	9902.20.17	Dodecanedioic acid (CAS No. 693–23–2) (provided for in subheading 2917.19.70)	2.8%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023"
SEC		VHYDROXYSTEARIC ACID OF LOW VALUE.				1 2023
sert	ıbchapter II	of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.20.18	Acyclic polycarboxylic containing octadecanoic acid, 12-hydroxy-, homopolymer, octadecanoate with an acid value less than 40 mg/g KOH (CAS No. 58128–22–6) (provided for in subheading 2917.19.70)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Si sert	ıbchapter II	<b>ECANEDIOIC ACID.</b> of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				2025   .
	9902.20.19	Undecanedioic acid (CAS No. 1852-04-6) (provided for in subheading 2917.19.70)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Si sert	ıbchapter II	ADECANEDIOIC ACID. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new			•	
	9902.20.20	Hexadecanedioic acid (CAS No. 505-54-4) (provided for in subheading 2917.19.70)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Si sert	ıbchapter II	AADECANEDIOIC ACID. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new			l	2023   ''.
	9902.20.21	Tetradecanedioic acid (CAS No. 821–38–5) (provided for in subheading 2917.19.70)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Si sert	ıbchapter II	PADECANEDIOIC ACID.  of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
	9902.20.22	Pentadecanedioic acid (CAS No. 1460–18–0) (provided for in subheading 2917.19.70)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Si sert	ıbchapter II	<b>ECANEDIOIC ACID.</b> of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new		'	•	. 2020
"	9902.20.23	Tridecanedioic acid (CAS No. 505–52–2) (provided for in subheading 2917.19.70)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023"

SEC. 107220. METHYL 1-(METHOXYCAR-BON-YL)CYCLOPROPANECARBOXYLATE (CPDM).

Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

	1		ı	ı	ı	
"	9902.20.24	Dimethyl 1,1-cyclopropanedicarboxylate (CAS No. 6914-71-2) (provided for in subheading 2917.20.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
SEC	. 107221. CAL	CIUM HHPA.				2023 '''.
sert		of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.20.25	Calcium (1S,2R)-cyclohexane-1,2-dicarboxylate (CAS No. 491589-22-1) (provided for in subheading 2917.20.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be-
		THYL PHTHALATE.  of chapter 99 is amended by in-				fore 12/31/ 2023 ''.
sert		ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.20.26	Diethyl benzene-1,2-dicarboxylate (CAS No. 84-66-2) (provided for in sub-heading 2917.34.01)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023 ".
		ONIUM LACTATE.		I	I	2023
sert		of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.20.27	Ammonium lactate (Azanium;2-hydroxypropanoate) (CAS No. 515-98-0) having a purity of at least 99 percent (provided for in subheading 2918.11.51)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023 ".
SEC		ETHYL 2-HYDROXYPROPANE-1,2,3- CARBOXYLATE.	•	!	·	
sert	ıbchapter II	of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.20.28	Triethyl 2-hydroxypropane-1,2,3-tricarboxylate (CAS No. 77-93-0) (provided for in subheading 2918.15.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Si serti	ıbchapter II	OSTEARYL MALATE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	l	I	I	2023   ''.
	ı		l	l	l	1
**	9902.20.29	Carboxylic acid of bis(16-methylheptadecyl) 2-hydroxybutanedioate (CAS No. 81230-05-9) (provided for in subheading 2918.19.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023 ".
Si serti		CYLIC ACID.  of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.20.30	2-Hydroxybenzoic acid (salicylic acid) (CAS No. 69-72-7) (provided for in subheading 2918.21.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Si serti	ıbchapter II	YL SALICYLATE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	ı	I	ı	2023   ''.
	9902.20.31	Hexyl 2-hydroxybenzoate (CAS No. 6259-76-3) (provided for in subheading 2918.23.20)	Free	No change	No change	On or be-
						fore 12/31/ 2023 ".

## CONGRESSIONAL RECORD—HOUSE

**SEC. 107228. ALPHA-KETOGLUTERIC ACID.**Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

"	9902.20.32	Alpha-ketogluteric acid (2-oxopentanedioic acid) (CAS No. 328-50-7) (provided for in subheading 2918.30.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
S1 sert	ubchapter II	B HERBICIDE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- cical sequence the following new	•	'		1 2020	
	9902.20.33	4-(4-Chloro-2-methylphenoxy) butyric acid (CAS No. 94-81-5) (provided for in subheading 2918.99.18)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
St sert	ubchapter II	BUTOXYETHYLESTER. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				. 2020	
"	9902.20.34	2-Butoxyethyl 2-(2,4-dichlorophenoxy)acetate (CAS No. 1929-73-3) (provided for in subheading 2918.99.20)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
SEC		-(2,4-DICHLOROPHENOXY)ACETIC		ı	•	1 2020	
sert		of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
"	9902.20.35	2-(2,4-Dichlorophenoxy)acetic acid (CAS No. 94-75-7) (provided for in subheading 2918.99.20)	4.9%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
St sert	ubchapter II	YCOLIC ACID 98%. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				. 2020	
	9902.20.36	2-(Carboxymethoxy)acetic acid (diglycolic acid) having a purity of at least 98 percent (CAS No. 110-99-6) (provided for in subheading 2918.99.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
S1 sert	ubchapter II	SO-BUTYL PHOSPHATE (TIBP). of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	•	'		1 2020	
"	9902.20.37	tris(2-Methylpropyl) phosphate (CAS No. 126-71-6) (provided for in sub- heading 2919.90.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
S1 sert	ubchapter II	BETHYLPHOSPHITE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	1	'	'	1 2025	
"	9902.20.38	Trimethyl phosphite (CAS No. 121–45–9) (provided for in subheading 2920.23.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	ļ ,,
St sert	ubchapter II	ANIC PHOSPHITE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
"	9902.20.39	1,9-Dicyclohexyl-11-hydroxy-3,7-dimethyl-5H-benzo[d] [1,3,2]benzodioxaphosphocine (CAS No. 73912-21-7) (provided for in subheading 2920.90.20)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
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## $SEC.\ 107236.\ DIETHYL\ SULFATE.$

Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

"	9902.20.40	Diethyl sulfate (CAS No. 64-67-5) (provided for in subheading 2920.90.51)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023"
Si sert	ıbchapter II	THYL CARBONATE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
neu	ung.					
"	9902.20.41	Diethyl carbonate (CAS No. 105–58–8) (provided for in subheading 2920.90.51) $\dots$	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Si sert	ıbchapter II	YL METHYL CARBONATE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new		1	1	
"	9902.20.42	Ethyl methyl carbonate (CAS No. 623–53–0) (provided for in subheading 2920.90.51)	2.7%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
SEC		TETRADECOXYCARBONYLOXY RADECYL CARBONATE.		ļ	ı	2023   ''.
sert	ıbchapter II	of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.20.43	Tetradecoxycarbonyloxy tetradecyl carbonate (CAS No. 53220–22–7) (provided for in subheading 2920.90.51)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Si sert	ıbchapter II	CTYL PEROXYDICARBONATE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new		'	1	
• •	9902.20.44	Hexadecoxycarbonyloxy hexadecyl carbonate (CAS No. 26322–14–5) (provided for in subheading 2920.90.51)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023"
Si sert	ıbchapter II	RAETHYL SILICATE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.20.45	$Tetraethyl\ silicate\ (CAS\ No.\ 78-10-4)\ (provided\ for\ in\ subheading\ 2920.90.51)\ \dots$	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Si sert	ıbchapter II	<b>r-OCTYLAMINE.</b> of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new		'	•	
"	9902.20.46	2,4,4-Trimethylpentan-2-amine (CAS No. 107–45–9) (provided for in subheading 2921.19.61)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023"
Si sert	ıbchapter II	ADECYLAMINE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.20.47	Octadecan-1-amine (Octadecylamine) (CAS No. 124–30–1) (provided for in subheading 2921.19.61)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023"
sert	<b>DOD</b> ıbchapter II	4. N'-(3-AMINOPROPYL)-N'- ECYLPROPANE-1,3-DIAMINE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.20.48	N'-(3-Aminopropyl)-N'-dodecylpropane-1,3-diamine (CAS No. 2372-82-9) (provided for in subheading 2921.29.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/

**SEC. 107245. 1,10-DIAMINODECANE.**Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

"	9902.20.49	Decane-1,10-diamine (CAS No. 646-25-3) (provided for in subheading 2921.29.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
o E o	105040 1 5 B	ENTRANEDIA MANE				2023	".
Si sert	ubchapter II	ENTANEDIAMINE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new					
"	9902.20.50	Pentane-1,5-diamine (CAS No. 462-94-2) (provided for in subheading 2921.29.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
Si sert	ubchapter II	CLOHEXYLAMINE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	'	l	'	1 2023 1	•
	9902.20.51	N-cyclohexylcyclohexanamine (CAS No. 101-83-7) (provided for in subheading 2921.30.30)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,.
Sı sert	ubchapter II	NTADINE HYDROCHLORIDE 99%. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new					
"	9902.20.52	Adamantan-1-amine hydrochloride having a purity of at least 99 percent (CAS No. 665–66–7) (provided for in subheading 2921.30.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	".
Si sert	ubchapter II	<b>DIMETHYLANILINE.</b> of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
"	9902.20.53	N,N-Dimethylaniline (CAS No. 121-69-7) (provided for in subheading 2921.42.10)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
Si sert	ubchapter II	ANITROANILINE (PNA). of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				. 2020	•
"	9902.20.54	p-Nitroaniline (CAS No. 100-01-6) (provided for in subheading 2921.42.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	".
Si sert		ORAN. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new					
"	9902.20.55	2,6-Dichloro-4-nitroaniline (Dicloran) (CAS No. 99–30–9) (provided for in subheading 2921.42.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
Si sert	ubchapter II	DIMETHYL-P-TOLUIDINE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					•
"	9902.20.56	N,N-Dimethyl-p-toluidine (CAS No. 99-97-8) (provided for in subheading 2921.43.08)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
SEC	. 107253. PEN	DIMETHALIN TECHNICAL.	•	,		, 2020	•

Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

"	9902.20.57	3,4-Dimethyl-2,6-dinitro-N-pentan-3-ylaniline (Pendimethalin) (CAS No. 40487–42–1) (provided for in subheading 2921.49.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	<b>ZYLDIMETHYLAMINE.</b> of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	'	'		
"	9902.20.58	N,N-Dimethyl-I-phenylmethanamine (CAS No. 103-83-3) (provided for in subheading 2921.49.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023''.
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	IENYL DIPHENYLENE DIAMINE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.20.59	1-N,4-N-Diphenylbenzene-1,4-diamine (CAS No. 74-31-7) (provided for in subheading 2921.51.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023 ''.
SEC	. 107256. CUI TEM	RATIVE FOR EPOXY RESIN SYS-	ļ	'	l	1 2023
sert	ıbchapter II	of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.20.60	4-[(4-Amino-3-methyl-5-propan-2-ylphenyl)methyl]-2-methyl-6-propan-2-ylaniline (CAS No. 16298-38-7) (provided for in subheading 2921.59.40)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti		B. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.20.61	4-[4-Amino-2-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-3-(trifluoromethyl)aniline (CAS No. 341–58–2) (provided for in subheading 2921.59.80)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	ALKYL-ANILIN. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	,	'		1 2023 1 * .
"	9902.20.62	2-Ethyl-N-[(2S)-1-methoxypropan-2-yl]-6-methylaniline (CAS No. 118604-70-9) (provided for in subheading 2922.19.60)	2.9%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023".
Sı serti		<b>ESIDINE.</b> of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	'	'		
"	9902.20.63	2-Methoxy-5-methylaniline (CAS No. 120-71-8) (provided for in subheading 2922.29.81)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	ODIACETIC ACID. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
	9902.20.64	2-(Carboxymethylamino)acetic acid (CAS No. 142-73-4) (provided for in subheading 2922.49.49)	1%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	MINOUNDECANOIC ACID. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	,	'		. 2020
"	9902.20.65	11-Aminoundecanoic acid (CAS No. 2432-99-7) (provided for in subheading 2922.49.49)	2.6%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023 "

SEC. 107262. L-ORINITHINE L-ASPARTATE.
Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

"	9902.20.66	(2S)-2-Aminobutanedioic acid;(2S)-2,5-diaminopentanoic acid (CAS No. 3230–94–2) (provided for in subheading 2922.49.49)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	I SODIUM DTPA. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new			l	2023   ''.
"	9902.20.67	Sodium 2-[bis[2-[bis(carboxymethyl) amino]ethyl]amino]acetate iron (CAS No. 12389-75-2) (provided for in subheading 2922.49.80)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	I GLYCINATE COMPLEX. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new			'	
	9902.20.68	Ferrate(2-), hexaaqua[ $\mu$ -(glycinato- $\kappa$ O: $\kappa$ O')](glycinato- $\kappa$ O)bis[sulfato(2-)- $\kappa$ O]di-, dihydrogen (CAS No. 536974–51–3) (provided for in subheading 2922.49.80)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023''.
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	PER GLYCINATE COMPLEX. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				. 2020
"	9902.20.69	Cuprate(1-), diaqua(glycinato- $\kappa O$ )[sulfato(2-)- $\kappa O$ ]-, hydrogen (CAS No. 536974–53–5) (provided for in subheading 2922.49.80)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	GLYCINATE COMPLEX. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.20.70	Zincate(1-), diaqua(glycinato-κO)[sulfato(2-)-κO]-, hydrogen, (T-4)- (CAS No. 536974-54-6) (provided for in subheading 2922.49.80)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	GANESE GLYCINATE COMPLEX. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new			'	
"	9902.20.71	Manganese(2+) 2-aminoacetate (CAS No. 14281-77-7) (provided for in subheading 2922.49.80)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	I SODIUM EDDHA. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.20.72	Iron sodium ethylenediaminedihydroxyphenylacetic acid (sodium [[ $\alpha$ , $\alpha$ '-(ethylenediimino)bis[2-hydroxybenzene-1-acetato]](4-)]ferrate(1-)) (CAS No. 16455–61–1) (provided for in subheading 2922.50.35)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti		DMA. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	I	ı	ı	2023   ''.
"	9902.20.73	1,1-Dimethoxy-N,N-dimethylmethanamine (CAS No. 4637–24–5) (provided for in subheading 2922.50.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023".

SEC. 107270. MIXTURES OF DMSO AND TETRABUTYL AMMONIUM FLUORIDE.
Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

	9902.20.74	Mixtures of methylsulfinylmethane (Dimethyl sulfoxide DMSO) (CAS No. 67–68–5) and tetrabutylammonium fluoride trihydrate (tetrabutylazanium;fluoride;trihydrate) (CAS No. 87749–50–6) (60:40) (provided for in subheading 2923.90.01)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
Sı serti		 AINE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new		I	I	2023	".
"	9902.20.75	Betaine (2-(trimethylazaniumyl)acetate) (CAS No. 107-43-7) (provided for in subheading 2923.90.01)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
Sı serti	<b>SOL</b> ubchapter II	LONIUM CHLORIDE IN AQUEOUS UTION. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					•
	9902.20.76	Aqueous solution of [2-hydroxy-3-(trimethylazaniumyl)propyl]-trimethylazanium;dichloride with a concentration of greater than 49 percent and less than 51 percent by weight (CAS No. 55636-09-4) (provided for in subheading 2923.90.01)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	".
Sı serti	ubchapter II	DIMETHYLACETAMIDE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
"	9902.20.77	N,N-Dimethylacetamide (CAS No. 127-19-5) (provided for in subheading 2924.19.11)	2%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,,
Sı serti	ubchapter II	DIMETHYLFORMAMIDE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
"	9902.20.78	N,N-Dimethylformamide (CAS No. 68-12-2) (provided for in subheading 2924.19.11)	1.2%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
Sı serti		M. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	•	'		1 2020	
"	9902.20.79	N-(2-Methyl-4-oxo-2-pentanyl)acrylamide (CAS No. 2873-97-4) (provided for in subheading 2924.19.80)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
Sı serti	ubchapter II	ANYL L-GLUTAMINE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	ı	I	I	2023	٠
	9902.20.80	L-Alanyl L-glutamine ((2S)-5-amino-2-[[(2S)-2-aminopropanoyl]amino]-5-oxopentanoic acid) (CAS No. 39537-23-0) (provided for in subheading 2924.19.80)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
SEC.	 . 107277. (	GRANULAR ACRYLAMIDO-TERT-		l	I	2023	".

BUTYL SULFONIC ACID (ATBS).
Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

"	9902.20.81	Granular 2-methyl-2-(prop-2-enoylamino)propane-1-sulfonic acid (CAS No. 15214-89-8) (provided for in subheading 2924.19.80)	6%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
Si sert	ubchapter II	CYL-L-GLUTAMINE HYDRATE.  of chapter 99 is amended by in-  ical sequence the following new	·		'		•
"	9902.20.82	$Glycyl-L-glutamine  hydrate  ((2S)-5-amino-2-[(2-aminoacetyl)amino]-5-oxopentanoic \ acid; hydrate) \ (CAS\ No.\ 211446-46-7) \ (provided \ for \ in \ subheading \ 2924.19.80) \$	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
Si sert		IFLUMURON. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	·		'	1 2023 1	•
"	9902.20.83	N-[[3,5-Dichloro-2-fluoro-4-(1,1,2,3,3,3-hexafluoropropoxy)] phenyl] carbamoyl]-2,6-difluorobenzamide (Noviflumuron) (CAS No. 121451-02-3) (provided for in subheading 2924.21.20)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
Si sert	ubchapter II	PANIL TECHNICAL. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	·				•
	9902.20.84	N-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)propanamide (CAS No. 709-98-8) (provided for in subheading 2924.29.47)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,.
Si sert	ubchapter II	AFLUMURON. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new					
"	9902.20.85	N-[[3,5-Dichloro-4-(1,1,2,2-tetrafluoroethoxy)phenyl]carbamoyl]-2,6-difluorobenzamide (Hexaflumuron) (CAS No. 86479-06-3) (provided for in subheading 2924.29.47)	4.4%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	···.
Si	<b>BER.</b> ubchapter II	of chapter 99 is amended by in-					
	ing in numer ding:	ical sequence the following new					
	9902.20.86	3-(3,5-Ditert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)-N-[3-[3-(3,5-ditert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl) propanoylamino]propyl]propanamide (CAS No. 69851-61-2) (provided for in subheading 2924.29.71)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,,
SEC	DIMI	ETHYLBENZAMIDE.					
sert		of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new					
	9902.20.87	2-Amino-5-chloro-N,3-dimethylbenzamide (CAS No. 890707–28–5) (provided for in subheading 2924.29.71)	6.1%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
Si sert	ubchapter II	CYL-L-TYROSINE DIHYDRATE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	'	•	•	. 2020 I	•
"	9902.20.88	$Glycyl-L-tyrosine \qquad dihydrate \qquad ((2S)-2-[(2-aminoacetyl)amino]-3-(4-hydroxyphenyl)propanoic \ acid;dihydrate) \ (CAS\ No.\ 39630-46-1) \ (provided\ for\ in\ subheading\ 2924.29.71) \$	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
	i l			ı		1 4040	

SEC. 107285. L-ALANYL-L-TYROSINE.
Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

"	9902.20.89				nopropanoyl]amino]-3-(4- 0) (provided for in sub-	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
Sı serti	ıbchapter II		<b>2.</b> camended by in- ne following new			•	'	'		
"	9902.20.90	1289942-66-0) (	provided for in sub		panoic acid (CAS No.	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	ļ ,,.
serti	<b>MET</b> ıbchapter II	<b>HYLBENZAMIDE</b> of chapter 99 is	OMO-2-FLUORO-N- : amended by in- ne following new							
"	9902.20.91	-	_		27–69–3) (provided for in	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	ļ ,,.
SEC.		107288. NOCYCLOBUTAN	N-BOC-1- ECARBOXYLIC							
serti	ıbchapter II	of chapter 99 is	amended by in- ne following new							
"	9902.20.92		opan-2-yl)oxycarbo 18–10–1) (provided f		utane-1-carboxylic acid (4.29.95)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,,
	DRO (BM)	XY-2-NAPHTHOH H) (OIL TREATEL	9).				'		1 2020	•
serti			amended by in- ne following new							
"	9902.20.93	(CAS No. 21441	7–91–1), oil treated		ohthalene-2-carboxamide heading 2925.19.42)	3.5%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
Sı serti	ıbchapter II		ATE.  amended by in- ne following new							
"	9902.20.94			· · · · ·	vided for in subheading	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
Sı serti	<b>DIA</b> <b>FOR</b> ıbchapter II	MINE USED AS POLYISOCYANA of chapter 99 is	CYCLOALIPHATIC S. CROSSLINKER TE RESINS. c amended by in- ne following new						. 2020	
"	9902.20.95	methylpropylic 3) (provided fo	r in subheading 292	0, 0,, 1	imine (CAS No. 54914–37–	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,,
SEC.	. 107292. 3,4-D	IFLUOROBENZO	NITRILE.							

Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

"	9902.20.96	3,4-Difluorobenzonitrile (CAS No. 64248-62-0) (provided for in subheading 2926.90.43)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/			
Si sert	SEC. 107293. 2-AMINO-5-CYANO-N,3- DIMETHYLBENZAMIDE.  Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by in- serting in numerical sequence the following new heading:								
"	9902.20.97	2-Amino-5-cyano-N,3-dimethylbenzamide (CAS No. 890707–29-6) (provided for in subheading 2926.90.43)	4.5%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/			
Si sert	SEC. 107294. TFMPA. Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:								
"	9902.20.98	2-[3-(Trifluoromethyl)phenyl]acetonitrile (CAS No. 2338–76–3) (provided for in subheading 2926.90.48)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/			
Si sert	SEC. 107295. DIMETHYL 2,2'-AZOBISISOBUTYRATE.  Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:								
"	9902.20.99	$Methyl \qquad \qquad 2\hbox{-}[(1\hbox{-}methoxy\hbox{-}2\hbox{-}methyl\hbox{-}1\hbox{-}oxopropan\hbox{-}2\hbox{-}yl)diazenyl]\hbox{-}2\hbox{-}methylpropanoate (CAS No. 2589-57-3) (provided for in subheading 2927.00.40)}$	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023			
Si sert	SEC. 107296. ANTIOXIDANT/METAL DEACTIVATOR. Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:								
"	9902.21.01	3-(3,5-Ditert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)-N'-[3-(3,5-ditert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propanoyl]propanehydrazide (CAS No. 32687-78-8) (provided for in subheading 2928.00.25)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/			
Si sert	SEC. 107297. BENZYL CARBAZATE. Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:								
"	9902.21.02	Benzyl N-aminocarbamate (CAS No. 5331–43–1) (provided for in subheading 2928.00.25)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023			
Si sert	SEC. 107298. BENZENE-1,3-DICARBOHYDRAZIDE.  Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:								
"	9902.21.03	Benzene-1,3-dicarbohydrazide (CAS No. 2760–98–7) (provided for in subheading 2928.00.25)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023			
Su	SEC. 107299. INPUT FOR RESINS, COATINGS, AND OTHER PRODUCTS.  Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:								
"	9902.21.04	1,3-Bis(isocyanatomethyl) cyclohexane (CAS No. 38661-72-2) (provided for in subheading 2929.10.55)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/			

SEC. 107300. ALDICARB.
Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

"	9902.21.05	$[(E)-(2-Methyl-2-methylsulfanylpropylidene)amino] N-methylcarbamate \\ (Aldicarb) (CAS~No.~116-06-3) (provided~for~in~subheading~2930.80.00)$	2.9%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023		
Si sert	SEC. 107301. FLUBENDIAMIDE. Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:							
"	9902.21.06	$1-N-[4-(1,1,1,2,3,3,3-Heptafluoropropan-2-yl)-2-methylphenyl]-3-iodo-2-N-(2-methyl-1-methylsulfonylpropan-2-yl)benzene-1,2-dicarboxamide \\ (Flubendiamide) (CAS No. 272451-65-7) (provided for in subheading 2930.90.10)$	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/		
Si sert	ubchapter II	<b>ZOBICYCLON.</b> of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	ı		I	2023   ''.		
• •	9902.21.07	3-[2-Chloro-4-(methylsulfonyl)benzoyl]-4-(phenylsulfanyl)bicyclo[3.2.1]oct-3-en-2-one (Benzobicyclon) (CAS No. 156963-66-5) (provided for in subheading 2930.90.10)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/		
Si sert	SEC. 107303. DIPHENYLSULFONE (DPS). Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:							
"	9902.21.08	Benzenesulfonylbenzene (CAS No. 127-63-9) (provided for in subheading 2930.90.29)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023 ".		
Si sert	SEC. 107304. PHENOLIC ANTIOXIDANT. Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:							
"	9902.21.09	2,4-bis(Dodecylsulfanylmethyl)-6-methylphenol (CAS No. 110675–26-8) (provided for in subheading 2930.90.29)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023"		
SEC. 107305. PHENOLIC ANTIOXIDANT AND HEAT STABILIZER. Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:								
"	9902.21.10	2-[2-[3-(3,5-ditert-Butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propanoyloxy] ethylsulfanyl]ethyl 3-(3,5-ditert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propanoate (CAS No. 41484–35–9) (provided for in subheading 2930.90.29)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/		
SEC		PHENYLCHLOROTHIOFORMATE	l			2023   ''.		
sert	ubchapter II	<b>FM).</b> of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new						
"	9902.21.11	o-Phenyl chloromethanethioate (CAS No. 1005-56-7) (provided for in subheading 2930.90.29)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/		
Si sert	ubchapter II	<b>HYLENE BIS THIOCYANATE.</b> of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	•		1	2023   ''.		
"	9902.21.12	Thiocyanatomethyl thiocyanate (CAS No. 6317-18-6) (provided for in sub-	1					
	0002.21.12	heading 2930.90.30)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023		

SEC. 107308. OXAMYL.
Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

" SEC	9902.21.13	Methyl (1Z)-2-(dimethylamino)-N-(methylcarbamoyloxy)-2- oxoethanimidothioate (CAS No. 23135-22-0) (provided for in subheading 2930.90.43)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
sert		of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.21.14	(2R)-2-Amino-3-[[(2R)-2-amino-2-carboxyethyl]disulfanyl]propanoic acid (CAS No. 56-89-3) (provided for in subheading 2930.90.49)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023".
St sert		STEINE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new		'		
"	9902.21.15	(2R)-2-Amino-3-sulfanylpropanoic acid (L-cysteine) (CAS No. 52-90-4) (provided for in subheading 2930.90.49)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
St sert	ubchapter II	BIS-L-ALANYL-L-CYSTINE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.21.16	2-(2-Aminopropanoylamino)-3-[[2-(2-aminopropanoylamino)-2-carboxyethyl]disulfanyl]propanoic acid (N,N'-bis-L-alanyl-L-cystine) (CAS No. 115888-13-6) (provided for in subheading 2930.90.49)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
St sert	ubchapter II	RICANT ADDITIVE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new		'	'	
"	9902.21.17	3-[bis(2-Methylpropoxy)phosphinothioylsulfanyl]-2-methylpropanoic acid (CAS No. 268567-32-4) (provided for in subheading 2930.90.49)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
St sert	ubchapter II	TUM BENZENESULFINATE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.21.18	Sodium benzenesulfinate (CAS No. 873-55-2) (provided for in subheading 2930.90.91)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
St sert	<b>FOR</b> ubchapter II	O-ETHER BASED CO-STABILIZER PLASTICS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new		'		
"	9902.21.19	1-(Octadecyldisulfanyl)octadecane (CAS No. 2500–88–1) (provided for in subheading 2930.90.91)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
SEC		CYSTEINE HYDRATE HYDRO- ORIDE.		'		
sert	ubchapter II	of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.21.20	(2R)-2-Amino-3-sulfanylpropanoic acid;hydrate;hydrochloride (CAS No. 7048–04-6) (provided for in subheading 2930.90.91)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023

SEC. 107316. DIMERCAPROL.
Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

"	9902.21.21	2,3-Bis(sulfanyl)propan-1-ol (CAS No. 59-52-9) (provided for in subheading 2930.90.91)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
SEC.	GLYI	MONOAMMONIUM SALT OF PHOSATE.	l	I		2023
serti		of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.21.22	Azane;2-(phosphonomethylamino)acetic acid (CAS No. 40465-66-5) (provided for in subheading 2931.39.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti	-	C. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new		I	ı	2023 ' ''.
"	9902.21.23	Tetrakis(hydroxymethyl) phosphonium chloride (CAS No. 124-64-1) (provided for in subheading 2931.39.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	IE RETARDANT FOR TEXTILES. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new		'		
"	9902.21.24	Tetrakis(hydroxymethyl) phosphonium sulfate (CAS No. 55566–30–8) (provided for in subheading 2931.39.00)	1.5%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti		PHOSATE.  of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.21.25	N-(Phosphonomethyl)glycine (Glyphosate) (CAS No. 1071-83-6) (provided for in subheading 2931.39.00)	3.5%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti		EPHON.  of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.21.26	(2-Chloroethyl)phosphonic acid (Ethephon) (CAS No. 16672–87–0) (provided for in subheading 2931.39.00)	2.4%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023".
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	ZENE PHOSPHINIC ACID.  of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.21.27	Phenylphosphinic acid (CAS No. 1779-48-2) (provided for in subheading 2931.39.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti		<b>P.</b> of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.21.28	Tetrasodium;1,1-diphosphonatoethanol (CAS No. 3794–83–0), in granule form, with a particle size of 250 $\mu m$ to 850 $\mu m$ (provided for in subheading 2931.39.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023 ".
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	IETHYLCHLOROSILANE.  of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.21.29	Chloro(trimethyl)silane (CAS No. 75–77–4) (provided for in subheading 2931.90.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023

## CONGRESSIONAL RECORD—HOUSE

107325. CHLORO-(CHLOROMETHYL)-DIMETHYLSILANE. SEC.

Subchapter II of chapter 9	99 is amended by in-
serting in numerical sequence	ce the following new
heading:	

"	9902.21.30	Chloro-(chloromethyl)-dimethylsilane (CAS No. 1719–57–9) (provided for in subheading 2931.90.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
SEC.	 . 107326. SILIC	CONE FOR ELECTRONICS CLEAN-	l		l	2023   ''.
serti		of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.21.31	[Dimethyl(trimethylsilyloxy) silyl]oxy-dimethyl-trimethylsilyloxysilane (CAS No. 141–62–8) (provided for in subheading 2931.90.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti	LOTI ubchapter II	CON CARRIER FLUID FOR ACTIVE IONS, CREAMS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	I	I	I	2023   ''.
"	9902.21.32	$Dode came thyl pentasiloxane;  bis [[dimethyl  (trimethyl silyloxy) silyl] oxyl-dimethyl silane \ (CAS\ No.\ 141-63-9) \ (provided\ for\ in\ subheading\ 2931.90.90)\$	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	ubchapter II	TTRIMETHOXYSILANE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	ı	l	1	2023   .
"	9902.21.33	Ethenyl(trimethoxy)silane (CAS No. 2768-02-7) (provided for in subheading 2931.90.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti	ubchapter II	TYLTRIETHOXYSILANE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	l	I	I	2023   ''.
"	9902.21.34	Triethoxy(octyl)silane (CAS No. 2943-75-1) (provided for in subheading 2931.90.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
serti	<b>BUT</b> ubchapter II	07330. DIMETHYLBIS(S- YLAMINO)SILANE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	1	l	'	
"	9902.21.35	N-[(Butan-2-ylamino)-dimethylsilyl]butan-2-amine (CAS No. 93777-98-1) (provided for in subheading 2931.90.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023 ''.
Sı serti	<b>MET</b> . ubchapter II	EOUS SOLUTION OF POTASSIUM HYL SILICONATE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	•	•	•	. 2020
"	9902.21.36	Tripotassium; methyl(trioxido)silane in aqueous solution (CAS No. 31795–24–1) (provided for in subheading 2931.90.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023 ''.

"	9902.21.37	Trimethoxy(2,4,4-trimethylpentyl)silane (CAS No. 34396-03-7) (provided for in subheading 2931.90.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
S: sert	ubchapter II	LYTRIETHOXYSILANE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	'		'		•
"	9902.21.38	Triethoxy(2,4,4-trimethylpentyl)silane (CAS No. 35435–21–3) (provided for in subheading 2931.90.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
SEC		7334. METHYLTRIS(SEC- YLAMINO)SILANE.		l	I	1 20231	•
sert	ubchapter II	of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
"	9902.21.40	$N\hbox{-[Bis(butan-2-ylamino)-methylsilyl]butan-2-amine (CAS~No.~37697-65-7) (provided~for~in~subheading~2931.90.90)} \\$	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
SEC		107335. HYLTRIS			•	,	-
	(MET (MOS	FHYLETHYLKETOXIMINO)SILANE S).					
sert		of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
"	9902.21.41	$(E)-N-[Bis[[(E)-butan-2-ylideneamino]oxy]-methylsilyl] oxybutan-2-imine  (CAS~No.~22984-54-9) \ (provided~for~in~subheading~2931.90.90) \$	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
S: sert	ubchapter II	TAMETHYLTRISILOXANE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	'		'		•
"	9902.21.42	Methyl-bis(trimethylsilyloxy)silicon (CAS No. 1873–88–7) (provided for in subheading 2931.90.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
S: sert	ubchapter II	RAMETHYLDISILOXANE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	•				•
"	9902.21.43	1,1,3,3-Tetramethyldisiloxane (CAS No. 3277–26–7) (provided for in subheading 2931.90.90)	1%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,.
S: sert	ubchapter II	ETHYLCHLOROSILANE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
"	9902.21.44	Chloro(dimethyl)silicon (CAS No. 1066-35-9) (provided for in subheading 2931.90.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
S: sert	ubchapter II	ILOROMETHYLSILANE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new					•
"	9902.21.45	Dichloromethylsilane (CAS No. 75–54–7) (provided for in subheading 2931.90.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
SEC	. 107340	. TRIS(TFP)-METHYLCYCLO-	-			!	•

"	9902.21.46	2,4,6-Trimethyl-2,4,6-tris(3,3,3-trifluoropropyl)-1,3,5,2,4,6-trioxatrisilinane (CAS No. 2374–14–3) (provided for in subheading 2931.90.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	".
SEC.		107341. RAVINYLTETRAMETHYLCYCLOT-					
serti	ıbchapter II	<b>ASILOXANE.</b> of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
"	9902.21.47	2,4,6,8-Tetrakis(ethenyl)-2,4,6,8-tetramethyl-1,3,5,7,2,4,6,8-tetraoxatetrasilocane (CAS No. 2554-06-5) (provided for in subheading 2931.90.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	NYLTETRAMETHYLDISILOXANE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
"	9902.21.48	Ethenyl-[ethenyl(dimethyl)silyl]oxy-dimethylsilane (CAS No. 2627-95-4) (provided for in subheading 2931.90.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,.
SEC.	107343. IN AGE	PUT FOR PLANT PROTECTION NT.					
serti		of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
"	9902.21.49	Cyclopropanol, 2-(butyldimethylsilyl)-1-methyl-, 1-metanasulfonate (CAS No. 1446996-86-6) (provided for in subheading 2931.90.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	AWBERRY FURANONE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new		'	•		•
"	9902.21.50	4-Hydroxy-2,5-dimethylfuran-3-one (CAS No. 3658-77-3) (provided for in subheading 2932.19.51)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	MECTIN BENZOATE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
"	9902.21.51	(4"R)-4"-Deoxy-4"-(methylamino)avermectin b1 benzoate (CAS No. 155569-91-8) (provided for in subheading 2932.20.10)	5.3%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,,
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	BERELLIC ACID.  of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
"	9902.21.52	$\begin{array}{ll} (1R,2R,5S,8S,9S,\ 10R,11S,12S)-5,12-Dihydroxy-11-methyl-6-methylidene-16-oxo-15-oxapentacyclo \ [9.3.2.15,8.01,10.02,8] \ heptadec-13-ene-9-carboxylic \ acid \ (Gibberellic\ acid)\ (CAS\ No.\ 77-06-5)\ (provided\ for\ in\ subheading\ 2932.20.50)\ \end{array}$	1.9%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	".
Sı serti	-	E OXIDE.  of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				,	
"	9902.21.53	4-Methyl-2-(2-methylprop-1-enyl)oxane (CAS No. 16409-43-1) (provided for in subheading 2932.99.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,

"	9902.21.54	1, 3-Dioxol-2-one~(CAS~No.~872-36-6)~(provided~for~in~subheading~2932.99.90)~	0.5%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023",
Si serti	ubchapter II	OGAMYCIN TECHNICAL.  of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
**	9902.21.55	$ \begin{array}{lll} 2\text{-}Amino\text{-}2\text{-}[(2R,3S,5S,6R)\text{-}5\text{-}amino\text{-}2\text{-}methyl\text{-}6\text{-}[(2S,3S,5S,6R)\text{-}2,3,4,5,6\text{-}\\ pentahydroxycyclohexyl]oxyoxan\text{-}3\text{-}yl]iminoacetic} & acid;hydrochloride & (CAS No. 19408-46-9) & (provided for in subheading 2932.99.90) & \dots & \dots & \dots & \dots \\ \end{array} $	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Si serti	ubchapter II	YCLODODECA[B]PYRAN. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new			I	2023   ''.
"	9902.21.56	3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,14-Dodecahydro-2H-cyclododeca[b]pyran (CAS No. 32539-83-6) (provided for in subheading 2932.99.90)	1%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023"
Si serti		<b>FEN.</b> of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.21.57	N-[2-(3,4-Dichlorophenyl)-4-fluorophenyl]-3-(difluoromethyl)-1-methylpyrazole-4-carboxamide (CAS No. 581809-46-3) (provided for in subheading 2933.19.23)	2.6%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Si serti		XAPYROXAD.  of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new			I	2023   ''.
**	9902.21.58	3-(Difluoromethyl)-1-methyl-N-(3',4',5'-trifluorobiphe-nyl-2-yl)pyrazole-4-carboxamide (Fluxapyroxad) (CAS No. 907204-31-3) (provided for in subheading 2933.19.23)	5.7%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Si serti	ubchapter II	IMETHYLPYRAZOLE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new			I	2023   ''.
""	9902.21.59	3,5-Dimethyl-1H-pyrazole (CAS No. 67–51–6) (provided for in subheading 2933.19.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Si serti		ACLONIL.  of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.21.60	1-(3-Chloro-4,5,6,7-tetrahydropyrazolo[1,5-a]pyridin-2-yl)-5-[methyl(prop-2-ynyl)amino]pyrazole-4-carbonitrile (Pyraclonil) (CAS No. 158353-15-2) (provided for in subheading 2933.19.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Si serti	ubchapter II	AZOLIDINYL UREA. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new			ı	2023   ''.
""	9902.21.61	1-[3-(Hydroxymethyl)-2,5-dioxoimidazolidin-4-yl]-3-[[[3-(hydroxymethyl)-2,5-dioxoimidazolidin-4-yl] carbamoylamino]methyl]urea (CAS No. 39236-46-9) (provided for in subheading 2933.21.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023

SEC. 107356. ALLANTOIN.
Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

"	9902.21.62	(2,5-Dioxoimidazolidin-4-yl)urea (CAS No. 97-59-6) (provided for in sub-heading 2933.21.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Si serti	<b>IMAZ</b> ıbchapter II	ULSIFIABLE CONCENTRATE OF ZALIL FUNGICIDE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	l	I	I	2023   ''.
"	9902.21.63	Mixtures of (1-[2-(allyloxy)-2-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)ethyl]-1H-imidazole) (Imazalil) (CAS No. 35554-44-0) and application adjuvants (provided for in subheading 2933.29.35)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
SEC		ECHNICAL CYAZOFAMID FUN-	•	l	ı	1 2023
sert		of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.21.64	$ \begin{tabular}{ll} 4-Chloro-2-cyano-N,N-dimethyl-5-(4-methylphenyl)imidazole-1-sulfonamide \\ (Cyazofamid) (CAS~No.~120116-88-3) (provided~for~in~subheading~2933.29.35) \end{tabular}$	3.1%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Si serti	ıbchapter II	CALIL SULFATE.  of chapter 99 is amended by in-  ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.21.65	1-[2-(2,4-Dichlorophenyl)-2-(prop-2-en-1-yloxy)ethyl]-1H-imidazole sulfate (Imazalil sulfate) (CAS No. 58594-72-2) (provided for in subheading 2933.29.35)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Si serti	ıbchapter II	IMETHYLIMIDAZOLE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	•			
"	9902.21.66	1,2-Dimethylimidazole (CAS No. 1739-84-0) (provided for in subheading 2933.29.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Si serti	ıbchapter II	THYLIMIDAZOLE FLAKES. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	I	I	I	2023   ''.
"	9902.21.67	2-Methyl-1H-imidazole (CAS No. 693–98–1) (provided for in subheading 2933.29.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Si serti	ıbchapter II	OLIDINYL UREA. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	I	I	I	2023   ''.
"	9902.21.68	1-[1,3-Bis(hydroxymethyl)-2,5-dioxoimidazolidin-4-yl]-1,3-bis(hydroxymethyl)urea (CAS No. 78491-02-8) (provided for in subheading 2933.29.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Si serti	<b>ONE</b> ıbchapter II	(2-AMINOETHYL)IMIDAZOLIDIN-2- (AEEU). of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	I	I	I	2023   ''.
"	9902.21.69	1-(2-Aminoethyl)imidazolidin-2-one (CAS No. 6281-42-1) (provided for in subheading 2933.29.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023 "

SEC. 107364. ZINC PYRITHIONE.
Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

"	9902.21.70	Zinc;1-oxidopyridin-1-ium-2-thiolate (CAS No. 13463-41-7) (provided for in subheading 2933.39.21)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	,,
SEC		ECHNICAL PYRIOFENONE FUN-	l		l	2023	··
sert		<b>DE.</b> of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
"	9902.21.71	(5-Chloro-2-methoxy-4-methyl-3-pyridyl)(4,5,6-trimethoxy-0-tolyl)methanone (Pyriofenone) (CAS No. 688046-61-9) (provided for in subheading 2933.39.21)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
St sert		<b>EXYSTROBIN.</b> of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	I	ı	ı	1 2023	•
"	9902.21.72	Methyl (E)-3-methoxy-2-[2-[[6-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]oxymethyl]phenyl]prop-2-enoate (Picoxystrobin) (CAS No. 117428-22-5) (provided for in subheading 2933.39.21)	5.2%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,,
St sert		CLOPYR BEE.  of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
"	9902.21.73	2-Butoxyethyl 2-(3,5,6-trichloropyridin-2-yl)oxyacetate (CAS No. 64700-56-7) (provided for in subheading 2933.39.25)	1.6%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
St sert		ZAPYR.  of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
"	9902.21.74	2-(4-Methyl-5-oxo-4-propan-2-yl-1H-imidazol-2-yl)pyridine-3-carboxylic acid (Imazapyr) (CAS No. 81334–34–1) (provided for in subheading 2933.39.25)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
St sert	ubchapter II	RANILIPROLE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	'	'	'		•
"	9902.21.75	2-(3-Chloropyridin-2-yl)-N-[4-cyano-2-methyl-6-(methylcarbamoyl)phenyl]-5- [[5-(trifluoromethyl)tetrazol-2-yl]methyl]pyrazole-3-carboxamide (CAS No. 1229654-66-3) (provided for in subheading 2933.39.27)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
St sert	ubchapter II	NTRANILIPROLE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	'	'	'	1 2023	•
"	9902.21.76	5-Bromo-2-(3-chloropyridin-2-yl)-N-[4-cyano-2-methyl-6- (methylcarbamoyl)phenyl]pyrazole-3-carboxamide (Cyantraniliprole) (CAS No. 736994–63–1) (provided for in subheading 2933.39.27)	3.1%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
St sert	ubchapter II	ORANTRANILIPROLE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	•	•	•		•
"	9902.21.77	5-Bromo-N-[4-chloro-2-methyl-6-(methylcarbamoyl)phenyl]-2-(3-chloropyridin-2-yl)pyrazole-3-carboxamide (Chlorantraniliprole) (CAS No. 500008-45-7) (provided for in subheading 2933.39.27)	4.8%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,,

SEC. 107372. CHLORPYRIFOS.
Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

"	9902.21.78	O,O-Diethyl O-3,5,6-trichloropyridin-2-yl phosphorothioate (Chlorpyrifos) (CAS No. 2921–88–2) (provided for in subheading 2933.39.27)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	TICI. ıbchapter II	HNICAL CYCLANILIPROLE INSEC- DE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	'			
	9902.21.79	3-Bromo-N-[2-bromo-4-chloro-6-[[(1-cyclo- propylethyl)amino]carbonyl]phenyl]-1-(3-chloro-2- pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-5-carboxamide (Cyclaniliprole) (CAS No. 1031756-98-5) (provided for in subheading 2933.39.27)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti		<b>ORAFENIB.</b> of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				2023   ''.
"	9902.21.80	$\begin{array}{lll} 4\text{-}[4\text{-}[[4\text{-}Chloro\text{-}3\text{-}(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]carbamoylamino]\text{-}3\text{-}fluorophenoxy]\text{-}\\ N\text{-}methylpyridine\text{-}2\text{-}carboxamide} & monohydrate & (Regorafenib) & (CAS & No. \\ 1019206\text{-}88\text{-}2) & (provided for in subheading 2933.39.41) & \dots & $	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti		TYL-TAD. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.21.81	N-Butyl-2,2,6,6-tetramethylpiperidin-4-amine (CAS No. 36177-92-1) (provided for in subheading 2933.39.61)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	<b>AND</b> ubchapter II	DERED AMINE LIGHT STABILIZER PHENOLIC ANTIOXIDANT. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
	9902.21.82	Bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethylpiperidin-4-yl) 2-butyl-2-[(3,5-ditert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)methyl]propanedioate (CAS No. 63843-89-0) (provided for in subheading 2933.39.61)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	DROXY-TEMPO. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	'			
"	9902.21.83	4-Hydroxy-2,2,6,6-tetramethylpiperidinoxyl (CAS No. 2226-96-2) (provided for in subheading 2933.39.61)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023"
Sı serti	( <b>ŤMI</b> ibchapter II	<b>6.6-TETRAMETHYLPIPERIDIN-4-OL</b> 9).  of chapter 99 is amended by in-  ical sequence the following new				
	9902.21.84	2,2,6,6-Tetramethylpiperidin-4-ol (CAS No. 2403-88-5) (provided for in subheading 2933.39.61)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023"
sert	<b>YL)P</b> ıbchapter II	5-BROMO-2-(3-CHLOROPYRIDIN-2- YRAZOLE-3-CARBOXYLIC ACID. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.21.85	5-Bromo-2-(3-chloropyridin-2-yl)pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid (CAS No. 500011-86-9) (provided for in subheading 2933.39.61)	6.4%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023

9902.21.93

re	oruary 2	2, 2022 CONGRESSIONAL REV	JOKD—HOUSE			1101	•
sert	<b>(TR</b> ubchapter I	107380. 2-CHLORO-5- IFLUOROMETHYL)PYRIDINE. I of chapter 99 is amended by in- crical sequence the following new					
"	9902.21.86	2-Chloro-5-(trifluoromethyl)pyridine (CAS No. 52334-81-3) (prov heading 2933.39.61)	vided for in sub- Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,
S'sert		ARBUTROX. I of chapter 99 is amended by in- crical sequence the following new	·	'		, 2020	•
• •	9902.21.87	Tert-butyl N-[6-[[(Z)-[(1-meth phenylmethylidene]amino]oxymethyl]pyridin-2-yl]carbamate (C 04-5) (provided for in subheading 2933.39.61)	CAS No. 500207-	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,.
sert	<b>PIC</b> ubchapter I	5-AMINO-3-(TRIFLUROMETHYL) OLINONITRILE (T3630). I of chapter 99 is amended by in- rrical sequence the following new					
"	9902.21.88	5-Amino-3-(trifluoromethyl)pyridine-2-carbonitrile (T3630) (CA: 6) (provided for in subheading 2933.39.61)		No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,.
sert	<b>HYI</b> ubchapter I	383. DEXTROMETHORPHAN DROBROMIDE. I of chapter 99 is amended by in- crical sequence the following new					
"	9902.21.89	Dextromethorphan hydrobromide (monohydrate (CAS No. 6700 drous (CAS No. 125-69-9)) (provided for in subheading 2933.49.2		No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023"	,
S's	ubchapter I.	LUFENOQUIN. I of chapter 99 is amended by in- crical sequence the following new	,	'		1 2020	•
"	9902.21.90	2-[2-(7,8-Difluoro-2-methylquinolin-3-yl)oxy-6-fluorophenyl]pro No. 1314008-27-9) (provided for in subheading 2933.49.30)	• '	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,.
S. sert		<b>?.</b> Tof chapter 99 is amended by in- crical sequence the following new					
"	9902.21.91	1,2,3,4-Tetrahydroquinoline (CAS No. 635-46-1) (provided for 2933.49.70)		No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,.
S. sert	ubchapter I.	ATHIOBAC SODIUM.  I of chapter 99 is amended by in- crical sequence the following new					
"	9902.21.92	Sodium 2-chloro-6-(4,6-dimethoxypyrimidin-2-yl)sulfanylbenzo 123343-16-8) (provided for in subheading 2933.59.10)		No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,.
S. sert	ubchapter I.	COTRECTINIB SULFATE.  I of chapter 99 is amended by in- crical sequence the following new					

Free

No change No change

On or before 12/31/ 2023 .......".

**SEC. 107388. IBRUTINIB.**Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

"	9902.21.94	1-[(3R)-3-[4-Amino-3-(4-phenoxyphenyl)pyrazolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-1-yl]piperidin-1-yl]prop-2-en-1-one (Ibrutinib) (CAS No. 936563-96-1) (provided for in subheading 2933.59.53)	5.1%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023			
Sı serti	SEC. 107389. ORTHOSULFAMURON. Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by in- erting in numerical sequence the following new neading:								
"	9902.21.95	1-(4,6-Dimethoxypyrimidin-2-yl)-3-[2- (dimethylcarbamoyl)phenylsulfamoyl]urea (Orthosulfamuron) (CAS No. 213464-77-8) (provided for in subheading 2933.59.95)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023			
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	OMOPYRIMIDINE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	•	'	'				
"	9902.21.96	5-Bromopyrimidine (CAS No. 4595–59–9) (provided for in subheading 2933.59.95)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023"			
Sı serti		<b>YLTHION.</b> of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				. 2020			
"	9902.21.97	4-Amino-6-tert-butyl-3-sulfanylidene-2H-1,2,4-triazin-5-one (Butylthion) (CAS No. 33509-43-2) (provided for in subheading 2933.69.60)	1%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023".			
Sı serti	SEC. 107392. P-1062.  Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by in- serting in numerical sequence the following new heading:								
"	9902.21.98	4-[4,6-Bis(2,4-dimethylphenyl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]benzene-1,3-diol (P-1062) (CAS No. 1668-53-7) (provided for in subheading 2933.69.60)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023".			
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	FENTRAZONE TECHNICAL. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new							
"	9902.21.99	Ethyl 2-chloro-3-[2-chloro-5-[4-(difluoromethyl)-3-methyl-5-oxo-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl]-4-fluorophenyl]propanoate (Carfentrazone-ethyl) (CAS No. 128639-02-1) (provided for in subheading 2933.99.22)	3.3%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023			
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	BSORBER 928. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	'	'	'	2025   .			
"	9902.22.01	2-(Benzotriazol-2-yl)-6-(2-phenylpropan-2-yl)-4-(2,4,4-trimethylpentan-2-yl)phenol (CAS No. 73936-91-1) (provided for in subheading 2933.99.79)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023"			
	COA	ABSORBER FOR INDUSTRIAL TINGS.							
serti	-	of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new							
"	9902.22.02	Methyl 3-[3-(benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl]propanoate (CAS No. 84268-33-7) (provided for in subheading 2933.99.79)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023			

SEC. 107396. UNICONAZOLE-P.
Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

	9902.22.03	(4Z)-5-(4-Chlorophenyl)-2,2-dimethyl-4-(1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)-4-hexen-3-ol (Uniconazole-P) (CAS No. 83657-17-4) (provided for in subheading 2933.99.79)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023 ''.
Sı serti		MAE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				. 2020
sec.	9902.22.04	[4-[[(2S)-5-(Carbamoylamino)-2-[[(2S)-2-[6-(2,5-dioxopyrrol-1-yl)hexanoylamino]-3-methylbutanoyl]amino] pentanoyl]amino]phenyl]methyl N-[(2S)-1-[[(2S)-1-[[(3R,4S,5S)-1-[(2S)-2-[(1R,2R)-3-[[(1S,2R)-1-hydroxy-1-phenylpropan-2-yl]amino]-1-methoxy-2-methyl-3-oxopropyl]pyrrolidin-1-yl]-3-methoxy-5-methyl-1-oxoheptan-4-yl]-methylamino]-3-methyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl]amino]-3-methyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl]-N-methylcarbamate (CAS No. 646502-53-6) (provided for in subheading 2933.99.79)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
	9902.22.05	2-(Benzotriazol-2-yl)-6-[[3-(benzotriazol-2-yl)-2-hydroxy-5-(2,4,4-trimethylpentan-2-yl)phenyl]methyl]-4-(2,4,4-trimethylpentan-2-yl)phenol (CAS No. 103597-45-1) (provided for in subheading 2933.99.79)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023".
Sı serti		FINETIDE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.22.06	(2S)-2-[[(2S)-1-(2-Aminoacetyl)-2-methylpyrrolidine-2-carbonyl]amino]pentanedioic acid (Trofinetide) (CAS No. 853400-76-7) (provided for in subheading 2933.99.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti		RAZOLE.  of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new			I	2023   ''.
"	9902.22.07	Benzyl 2-chloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1,3-thiazole-5-carboxylate (CAS No. 72850–64-7) (provided for in subheading 2934.10.10)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	THIAPIPROLIN. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new			'	
"	9902.22.08	$1-(4-\{4-[5-(2,6-Difluorophenyl)-4,5-dihydro-1,2-oxazol-3-yl]-1,3-thiazol-2-yl\gamma-1-piperidinyl)-2-[5-methyl-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]ethanone \\ (Oxathiapiprolin) (CAS No. 1003318-67-9) (provided for in subheading 2934.10.10)$	5.5%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	TAIN ANTIMICROBIAL. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	I		I	2023   ''.
"	9902.22.09	2-Methyl-1,2-thiazol-3-one (CAS No. 2682-20-4) (provided for in subheading 2934.10.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
SEC	. 107403. RUB	 BER ACCELERATOR.	ı	ı	ı	2023   ''.

"	9902.22.10	$\hbox{$2$-(1,3-Benzothiazol-2-yldisulfanyl)-1,3-benzothiazole (CAS~No.~120-78-5) (provided~for~in~subheading~2934.20.10)} \\$	2.5%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	INO BENZOTHIAZOLE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new			'	
ricui	aing.					
"	9902.22.11	1,3-Benzothiazol-2-amine (CAS No. 136-95-8) (provided for in subheading 2934.20.80)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	HNICAL ISOFETAMID FUNGICIDE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	l		I	2023   ''.
	9902.22.12	3-Methyl-N-[2-methyl-1-(2-methyl-4-propan-2-yloxyphenyl)-1-oxopropan-2-yllthiophene-2-carboxamide (Isofetamid) (CAS No. 875915-78-9) (provided for in subheading 2934.99.12)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	MAZONE TECHNICAL.  of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.22.13	2-[(2-Chlorophenyl)methyl]-4,4-dimethyl-1,2-oxazolidin-3-one (Clomazone) (CAS No. 81777-89-1) (provided for in subheading 2934.99.15)	5.5%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti		SALT. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new			'	
	9902.22.14	4-(4-Methylphenyl)-4-oxobutanoic acid-4-ethylmorpholine (2:1) (CAS No. 171054-89-0) (provided for in subheading 2934.99.39)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti		C <b>WET CAKE.</b> of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				. 2020
"	9902.22.15	5-Amino-3-methylthiophene-2,4-dicarbonitrile (CAS No. 52603-48-2) (provided for in subheading 2934.99.39)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	roinitiator 369. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.22.16	2-Benzyl-2-(dimethylamino)-1-(4-morpholin-4-ylphenyl)butan-1-one (CAS No. 119313-12-1) (provided for in subheading 2934.99.39)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	<b>OIC ANHYDRIDE.</b> of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	I	ı	ı	2023   ''.
	9902.22.17	2H-3,1-Benzoxazine-2,4(1H)-dione (Isatoic anhydride) (CAS No. 118-48-9) (provided for in subheading 2934.99.44)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023

"	9902.22.18	(Z)-But-2-enedioic acid; N-methyl-1-[4-[methyl(7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl)amino]cyclohexyl] methanesulfonamide (CAS No. 1208319-27-0) (provided for in subheading 2935.90.60)	5.2%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
Si sert	ıbchapter II	BNCARBAZONE-METHYL. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	l		l	2023	l ''.
	9902.22.19	Methyl 4-[(3-methoxy-4-methyl-5-oxo-1,2,4-triazole-1-carbonyl)sulfamoyl]-5-methylthiophene-3-carboxylate (Thiencarbazone-methyl) (CAS No. 317815-83-1) (provided for in subheading 2935.90.75)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,,
SEC		NOXSULAM TECHNICAL HERBI-	l	ļ.		1 2023	١.
sert		e. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
	9902.22.20	2-(2,2-Difluoroethoxy)-N-(5,8-dimethoxy-[1,2,4]triazolo[1,5-c]pyrimidin-2-yl)-6-(trifluoromethyl)benzenesulfonamide (Penoxsulam) (CAS No. 219714-96-2) (provided for in subheading 2935.90.75)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
Si sert	ıbchapter II	YL 2-SULFAMOYLBENZOATE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new		'		1 2020	•
"	9902.22.21	Ethyl 2-(Aminosulfonyl)benzoate (CAS No. 59777-72-9) (provided for in subheading 2935.90.75)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,,
Si sert	ıbchapter II	FOSULFURON. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				1 2020	•
"	9902.22.22	1-(4,6-Dimethoxypyrimidin-2-yl)-3-(2-ethylsulfonylimidazo[1,2-a]pyridin-3-yl)sulfonylurea (Sulfosulfuron) (CAS No. 141776-32-1) (provided for in subheading 2935.90.75)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
Si sert		   <b>IMISULFAN.</b> of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new		I	l	2023	l ''.
"	9902.22.23	(RS)-2'-[(4,6-dimethoxypyrimidin-2-yl)(hydroxy)methyl]-1,1-difluoro-6'-(methoxymethyl)methanesulfonanilide (Pyrimisulfan) (CAS No. 221205-90-9) (provided for in subheading 2935.90.95)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
Si sert	<b>REB</b> ıbchapter II	URIFIED STEVIOL GLYCOSIDE, AUDIOSIDE A. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	I	I	I	2023	Ι".
"	9902.22.24	Purified steviol glycosides, containing not less than 95 percent by weight rebaudioside A (19-O-B-glucopyranosyl-13-O-(B-glucopyranosyl(1-2)-B-glucopyranosyl(1-3))-B-glucopyranosyl-13-hydroxykaur-16-en-19-oic acid) (CAS No. 58543-16-1) (provided for in subheading 2938.90.00)	2.5%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
SEC	. 107418.	GLUCOSYLATED STEVIOL	I	I	I	2023	Ι".

	9902.22.25	β-D-glucopyranosyl es	nosyl-α-D-glucopyranosyl)oxy]kaur-16-en- ter (Stevioside) (CAS No. 57817–89–7) (pro	vided for in	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023"	,
SEC		HYDROXYPROPYL LODEXTRIN.	GAMMA		•	ı	ı	1 20251	•
sert	ubchapter II	of chapter 99 is amenderical sequence the follow							
"	9902.22.26		clodextrin (hydroxypropylated γ-cyclodextr for in subheading 2940.00.60)		Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023"	•
SEC		HYDROXYPROPYLATED LODEXTRIN.	BETA				•	. 2020	•
sert	ubchapter II	of chapter 99 is amende rical sequence the follow							
"	9902.22.27	0 01 10 , 0	lodextrin (CAS No. 128446–35–5) (provided	•	1%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023"	,
St sert	ubchapter II	HYL BETA CYCLODEXTRI of chapter 99 is amende rical sequence the follou	ed by in-		•				•
"	9902.22.28	- , -	(CAS No. 128446-36-6) (provided for in	_	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023"	
St sert	ubchapter II	COSYLLACTOSE. of chapter 99 is amenderical sequence the follow							
"	9902.22.29	[(2S,3S,4R,5S,6S)-3,4,5-tetrahydroxyhexanal (2)	3,4S,5R,6R)-4,5-Dihydroxy-6-(hydroxymethy trihydroxy-6-methyloxan-2-yl]oxyoxan-2-yl] 2'-Fucosyllactose) (CAS No. 41263–94–9) (pr	oxy-2,3,5,6- ovided for in	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023"	,
St sert	ubchapter II	DRBYL GLUCOSIDE. of chapter 99 is amende rical sequence the follow			I	l	1	2023	•
"	9902.22.30	trihydroxy-6-(hydroxyr	oxyethyl]-3-hydroxy-4-[(2R,3R,4S,5S,6R)-3,4 nethyl)oxan-2-yl]oxy-2H-furan-5-one (Asc 8–1) (provided for in subheading 2940.00.60)	orbyl gluco-	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
St sert	ubchapter II	E <b>THYLAMINE BORANE (D</b> . of chapter 99 is amende rical sequence the follow	d by in-		I	I	I	l 2023 l ''	•
"	9902.22.31	_	-borane (1:1) (CAS No. 74–94–2) (provided	-	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,
sert	<b>CEN</b> ubchapter II	ELDERBERRY EXTRACT TRATE. of chapter 99 is amende rical sequence the follou	d by in-		•	,	•	. 2020	
	9902.22.32		ncentrate (CAS No. 84603–58–7) (provided	-	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	

SEC. 107426. DISPERSE YELLOW 241.
Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

	9902.22.33	Disperse Yellow 241 (5-[(3,4-Dichlorophenyl)diazenyl]-2-hydroxy-1,4-dimethyl-6-oxopyridine-3-carbonitrile) (CAS No. 83249-52-9) (provided for in subheading 3204.11.35)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
St sert	ubchapter II	PERSE ORANGE.  of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
"	9902.22.34	Disperse Orange (Acetic acid, cyano-[3-[(6-methoxy-2-benzothiazoyl)amino]- $1H$ -isoindol-1-ylidene $\gamma$ -, pentyl ester) (CAS No. 173285-74-0) (provided for in subheading 3204.11.35)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
SEC		 XTURES OF DISPERSE YELLOW 1843 AND ACETIC ACID.				2023	".
sert	ubchapter II	of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
"	9902.22.35	Mixtures of Disperse Yellow FD11843 (acetic acid, 2-[3-(2-benzothiazolylamino)-1H-isoindol-1-ylidene]-2-cyano-, butyl ester (CAS No. 173285-73-9)) and acetic acid, [3-(2-benzothiazolylamino)-1H-isoindol-1-ylidene]cyano-, 2-butoxyethyl ester (CAS No. 173285-94-4) (provided for in subheading 3204.11.35)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	,,
St sert	ubchapter II	<b>PERSE BLUE 54.</b> of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	I	I	ı	l 2023 l	•
"	9902.22.36	Disperse Blue 54 (1-Anilino-4,8-dihydroxy-5-nitroanthracene-9,10-dione) (CAS No. 37203-97-7) (provided for in subheading 3204.11.35)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	.,
SEC	 	KTURES OF SEVERAL DISPERSE	l	I		2023	´´•
sert	ubchapter II	of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
• • • •	9902.22.37	Mixtures of 9,10-anthracenedione, 1,5(or 1,8)-dihydroxy-4-nitro-8(or 5)-(phenylamino)- (Disperse Blue 54 and 77) (CAS No. 37203-97-7); 1,5(or 1,8)-diamino-2-bromo-4,8(or 4,5)-dihydroxy-9,10-anthracenedione (Disperse Blue 81 (mixture of isomers)) (CAS No. 68134-65-6); reaction products of 3-pyridinecarbonitrile, 5-[2-(2-cyano-4-nitrophenyl)diazenyl]-2-[[2-(2-hydroxyethoxy)ethyl]amino]-4-methyl-6-(phenylamino)- (Disperse Red 1042A) (CAS No. 149988-44-3) and 3-pyridinecarbonitrile, 5-[2-(2-cyano-4-nitrophenyl)diazenyl]-6-[[2-(2-hydroxyethoxy)ethyl]amino]-4-methyl-2-(phenylamino)- (Disperse Red T-1042) (CAS No. 137428-29-6); 4-[(5-cyano-6-hydroxy-1,4-dimethyl-2-oxopyridin-3-yl)diazenyl]-N-(2-ethylhexyl)benzamide (Disperse Yellow 198) (CAS No. 30449-81-1); 4,11-diamino-2-(3-methoxypropyl)naphtho[2,3-f]isoindole-1,3,5,10-tetrone (Disperse Blue 60 (M)) (CAS No. 12217-80-0); and 4,11-diamino-2-[3-(2-methoxyethoxy)propyl]naphtho[2,3-f]isoindole-1,3,5,10-tetrone (Disperse Blue 60 (ME)) (CAS No. 65059-45-2) (provided for in subheading 3204.11.35)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
SEC	   107491 MI	 XTURES OF 4 DISPERSE BLUE	I	I	1	2023	···

# SEC. 107431. MIXT DYES.

"	9902.22.38	Disperse dye mixtures of Disperse Blue 77 (1-anilino-4,5-dihydroxy-8-nitroanthracene-9,10-dione) (CAS No. 20241-76-3); Disperse Blue 60 (M) (4,11-diamino-2-(3-methoxypropyl)naphtho[2,3-f]isoindole-1,3,5,10-tetrone) (CAS No. 12217-80-0); Disperse Blue 60 (ME) (4,11-diamino-2-[3-(2-methoxyethoxy)propyl]-1H-naphth[2,3-f]isoindole-1,3,5,10(2H)-tetrone) (CAS No. 65059-45-2) and Disperse Blue 77/54 (1,8- and 1,5-Isomers) (1-anilino-4,8-dihydroxy-5-nitroanthracene-9,10-dione) (CAS No. 37203-97-7) (provided for in subheading 3204.11.35)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
		   FURES <b>OF 4 DYES.</b>   of chapter 99 is amended by in-		l	l	2023   ''.
sert		of Chapter 33 is amenaed by the rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.22.39	Disperse dye mixtures of Solvent Yellow 163 (1,8-bis(phenylsulfanyl) anthracene-9,10-dione) (CAS No. 13676-91-0); Disperse Yellow FD11843 (acetic acid, 2-[3-(2-benzothiazolylamino)-1H-isoindol-1-ylidene]-2-cyano-, butyl ester) (CAS No. 173285-73-9)); acetic acid, [3-(2-benzothiazolylamino)-1H-isoindol-1-ylidene]cyano-, 2-butoxyethyl ester (CAS No. 173285-94-4); Disperse Orange FC 84508 (acetic acid, 2-cyano-2-[3-[(6-methoxy-2-benzothiazolyl)amino]-1H-isoindol-1-ylidene]-, pentyl ester) (CAS No. 173285-74-0) and Disperse Yellow 163 (3-[N-(2-cyanoethyl)-4-[(2,6-dichloro-4-nitrophenyl)diazenyl]anilino] propanenitrile) (CAS No. 67923-43-7) (provided for in subheading 3204.11.35)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
		ERSE RED 86. of chapter 99 is amended by in-		ı	I	1 2023 1 .
	ing in numer ding:	rical sequence the following new				
	9902.22.40	Disperse Red 86 (N-(4-Amino-3-methoxy-9,10-dioxoanthracen-1-yl)-4-methylbenzenesulfonamide) (CAS No. 81-68-5) (provided for in subheading 3204.11.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	ERSE VIOLET 1. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new		I	I	2023   .
"	9902.22.41	Disperse Violet 1 (1,4-Diaminoanthracene-9,10-dione) (CAS No. 128-95-0) (provided for in subheading 3204.11.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	ERSE BLUE 60. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new		I	I	2023   ''.
"	9902.22.42	Disperse Blue 60 (4,11-Diamino-2-(3-methoxy-propyl)-naphtho[2,3-f]isoindole-1,3,5,10-tetraone) (CAS No. 12217-80-0) (provided for in subheading 3204.11.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
SEC	DISI	TURES OF DISPERSE ORANGE 29, PERSE RED 167:1, AND DISPERSE		ı	I	2023   ''.
sert		<b>E 56.</b> of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.22.43	Disperse dye mixtures of Disperse Orange 29 (4-[[2-methoxy-4-[(4-nitrophenyl) diazenyl]phenyl] diazenyl]phenol) (CAS No. 19800-42-1); Disperse Red 167:1 (2-[3-acetamido-N-(2-acetyloxyethyl)-4-[(2-chloro-4-nitrophenyl)diazenyl] anilino]ethyl acetate) (CAS No. 1533-78-4); Disperse Blue 56 (1,8-diamino-2-bromo-4,5-dihydroxyanthracene-9,10-dione) (CAS No. 68134-65-6) and acetic acid, 2-[3-(2-benzothiazolylamino)-1H-isoindol-1-ylidene]-2-cyano-, 2-butoxyethyl ester (CAS No. 173285-94-4) (provided for in subheading 3204.11.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023

| SEC. 107437. DISPERSE YELLOW 54.
Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

"	9902.22.44	Disperse Yellow 54 (3-Hydroxy-2-(3-hydroxyquinolin-2-yl)inden-1-one) (CAS No. 17772-51-9) (provided for in subheading 3204.11.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
St sert		OVIOLET 48. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	ı	I	I	2023	•
"	9902.22.45	$Acid \ \ Violet \ \ 48 \ \ (Disodium \ \ 3\text{-}[[4\text{-}amino\text{-}9,10\text{-}dioxo\text{-}3\text{-}[2\text{-}sulfonato\text{-}4\text{-}(2,4,4\text{-}trimethylpentan\text{-}2\text{-}yl)phenoxy]anthracen-1-yl]amino]-2,4,6-trimethylbenzenesulfonate) \ \ (CAS \ \ No. \ 12220\text{-}51\text{-}8) \ \ (provided \ for \ in \ subheading \ 3204.12.17)$	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
St sert		BLUE 280. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	•	'	•		•
"	9902.22.46	Acid Blue 280 (Sodium 2-[[4-(cyclohexylamino)-9,10-dioxoanthracen-1-yl]amino]-5-ethoxybenzenesulfonate) (CAS No. 68214-62-0) (provided for in subheading 3204.12.20)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
St sert		O BROWN 282.  of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
"	9902.22.47	Acid Brown 282 (Disodium;chromium(3+);5-methyl-4-[(5-nitro-2-oxidophenyl)diazenyl]-2-phenylpyrazol-3-olate;[7-nitro-3-oxido-4-[(2-oxido-1,4-dihydronaphthalen-1-yl)diazenyl]naphthalen-1-yl] sulfate) (CAS No. 70236-60-1) (provided for in subheading 3204.12.20)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
St sert		RED 131. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	•	'	'		•
"	9902.22.48		Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
St sert		of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new					
	9902.22.49	Acid Red 249 (Disodium 3-[(5-chloro-2-phenoxyphenyl)diazenyl]-4-hydroxy-5-[(4-methylphenyl)sulfonylamino]naphthalene-2,7-disulfonate) (CAS No. 6416-66-6) (provided for in subheading 3204.12.20)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,.
St sert	ubchapter II	OYELLOW 236.  of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
"	9902.22.50	Acid Yellow 236 (CAS No. 77907–21–2) (provided for in subheading 3204.12.45)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
St sert		O RED 407.  of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
"	9902.22.51	Acid Red 407 (CAS No. 146103-68-6) (provided for in subheading 3204.12.45)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,

SEC. 107445. ACID YELLOW 220. Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

	9902.22.52	$\label{eq:continuous} Acid Yellow 220 \ (tetrasodium; 2-[[3-[[(Z)-1-(2-chloroanilino)-3-oxido-1-oxobut-2-en-2-yl]diazenyl]-4-oxidophenyl] sulfonylamino] benzoate; cobalt(2+)) \ (CAS\ No.\ 70851-34-2) \ (provided\ for\ in\ subheading\ 3204.12.45) \$	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	,,
S1 sert	ubchapter II	YELLOW 232. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				2023 l	•
"	9902.22.53	Acid Yellow 232 (Chromium, 2-[2-(4,5-dihydro-3-methyl-5-oxo-1-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)diazenyl]benzoate 2-[2-(4,5-dihydro-3-methyl-5-oxo-1-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)diazenyl]-5-sulfobenzoate lithium sodium complexes) (CAS No. 85828–89–3) (provided for in subheading 3204.12.45)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
S1 sert	ubchapter II	YELLOW 235. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new		'		2023	•
"	9902.22.54	Acid Yellow 235 (CAS No. 90585–54–9) (provided for in subheading 3204.12.45) $$	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
St sert	ubchapter II	YELLOW 151. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new		'		2023	٠
	9902.22.55	Acid Yellow 151 (Sodium; 2-[[(Z)-1-anilino-3-oxido-1-oxobut-2-en-2-yl]diazenyl]-4-sulfamoylphenolate; cobalt(3+)) (CAS No. 72496-88-9) (provided for in subheading 3204.12.45)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
S1 sert		VIOLET 43. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new		'		2023	•
"	9902.22.56	Acid Violet 43 (Sodium 2-[(4-hydroxy-9,10-dioxoanthracen-1-yl)amino]-5-methylbenzenesulfonate) (CAS No. 4430-18-6) (provided for in subheading 3204.12.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
S1 sert	-	BLACK 52. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new		'		2023	٠
"	9902.22.58	Acid Black 52 (Trisodium;chromium;3-hydroxy-4-[(2-hydroxynaphthalen-1-yl)diazenyl]-7-nitronaphthalene-1-sulfonate) (CAS No. 5610-64-0) (provided for in subheading 3204.12.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,,
S1 sert	-	BLACK 2. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new					
"	9902.22.59	Acid Black 2 (Disodium 4-amino-5-hydroxy-3-[(E)-(4-nitrophenyl)diazenyl]-6-[(E)-phenyldiazenyl]-2,7-naphthalenedisulfonate) (CAS No. 8005-03-6) (provided for in subheading 3204.12.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	,,
S1 sert		GREEN 25. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	I		ı	2023 l	•
"	9902.22.60	Acid Green 25 (Disodium;5-methyl-2-[[4-(4-methyl-2-sulfonatoanilino)-9,10-dioxoanthracen-1-yl]amino]benzenesulfonate) (CAS No. 4403-90-1) (provided for in subheading 3204.12.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	".

SEC. 107453. BASIC BROWN 23.
Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

"	9902.22.61	Basic Brown 23 (CAS No. 446876–48–8) (provided for in subheading 3204.13.60)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	IC VIOLET 11:1 RHODAMINE DYE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.22.62	Basic Violet 11:1 (Bis $\{6-(diethylamino)-N,N-diethyl-9-[2-(methoxycarbonyl)phenyl]-3H-xanthen-3-iminium\gamma tetrachlorozincate(2-)) (CAS No. 73398-89-7) (CIN 45174) (provided for in subheading 3204.13.60)$	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	C YELLOW 37. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	l		l	2023   ''.
"	9902.22.63	$Basic\ Yellow\ 37\ (4-[4-(diethylamino)benzene carboximidoyl]-N,N-diethylaniline;\\ hydrochloride)\ (CAS\ No.\ 6358-36-7)\ (provided\ for\ in\ subheading\ 3204.13.80)\$	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	-	C VIOLET 3. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
	9902.22.64	$Basic\ \ Violet\ \ 3\ \ ([4-[bis[4-(dimethylamino)phenyl]\ \ methylidene]cyclohexa-2,5-dien-1-ylidene]-dimethylazanium;chloride)\ (CAS\ No.\ 548-62-9)\ (provided\ for\ in\ subheading\ 3204.13.80)\$	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	CCT ORANGE 118. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
	9902.22.65	Direct Orange 118 (Tetrasodium 7,7'-(carbonyldiimino)bis{4-hydroxy-3-[(E)-(2-methyl-4-sulfonatophenyl)diazenyl]-2-naphthalenesulfonateq) (CAS No. 28706–33-4) (provided for in subheading 3204.14.20)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti		CCT BLUE 86. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	I		'	2023
	9902.22.66	Direct Blue 86 (Copper; disodium; $2,11,20,29$ , $38,40$ -hexaza- $37,39$ -diazanidanonacyclo [ $28.6.1.13,10.112,19.121$ , $28.04,9.013,18.022$ , $27.031,36$ ] tetraconta- $1(36),2,4(9),5,7,10(40)$ , $11,13,15,17,19,21(38)$ , $22(27),23,25,28,30,32,34$ -nonadecaene- $6,24$ -disulfonate) (CAS No. $1330-38-7$ ) (provided for in subheading $3204.14.25$ )	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	CCT BLUE 199. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	•	•	•	. 2020
"	9902.22.67	Direct Blue 199 (Copper, [29H,31H-phthalocyaninato(2-)- $\kappa$ N29, $\kappa$ N30, $\kappa$ N31, $\kappa$ N32]-, aminosulfonyl sulfo derivatives, sodium salts) (CAS No. 90295–11–7) (provided for in subheading 3204.14.30)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
SEC	   107460 DIRE	CCT BLACK 168	l	1	1	2023   ''.

••	9902.22.68	Direct Black 168 (Trisodium;2-[4-[(2-amino-4-oxidophenyl)diazenyl]anilino]-5-[(1-amino-8-oxido-7-phenyldiazenyl-3,6-disulfonaphthalen-2-yl)diazenyl]benzenesulfonate) (CAS No. 85631-88-5) (provided for in subheading 3204.14.30)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Si sert		CCT RED 227. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	'			
"	9902.22.69	Direct Red 227 (Hexasodium;4-hydroxy-5-[[4-[4-[(E)-2-[4-[(8-hydroxy-7-phenyldiazenyl-3,6-disulfonatonaphthalen-1-yl)amino]-6-morpholin-4-yl-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]amino]-3-sulfonatonalino]-6-morpholin-4-yl-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]amino]-3-phenyldiazenylnaphthalene-2,7-disulfonate) (CAS No. 17791-81-0) (provided for in subheading 3204.14.30)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Si sert	ubchapter II	CCT YELLOW 107. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	'			
• •	9902.22.70	Direct Yellow 107 (3-[[3-Methoxy-4-[[2-methoxy-4-[(3-sulfophenyl)diazenyl] phenyl]carbamoylamino] phenyl]diazenyl] benzenesulfonic acid) (CAS No. 25712-08-7) (provided for in subheading 3204.14.30)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Si sert	ubchapter II	CCT GREEN 26. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	'			
"	9902.22.71	Direct Green 26 (Pentasodium;5-[[4-[[4-anilino-6-[[8-hydroxy-7-[[4-[(8-hydroxy-3,6-disulfonatonaphthalen-1-yl)diazenyl]-2-methoxy-5-methylphenyl]diazenyl]-3,6-disulfonatonaphthalen-1-yl]amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]amino]phenyl]diazenyl]-2-hydroxybenzoate) (CAS No. 6388-26-7) (provided for in subheading 3204.14.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Si sert	ubchapter II	CCT YELLOW 11.  of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				2023   ''.
"	9902.22.72	Direct Yellow 11 (Disodium; 6-oxo-5-[(4-sulfonatophenyl)hydrazinylidene] naphthalene-2-sulfonate) (CAS No. 1325-37-7) (provided for in subheading 3204.14.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Si sert	ubchapter II	OCT ORANGE 15.  of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
	9902.22.73	Direct Orange 15 (Sodium; (8Z,20Z)-2,3,14,15-tetrazapentacyclo [20.2.2.24,7.210,13.216,19] dotriaconta-1(24),2,4,6,8,10, 12,14,16,18,20, 22,25,27,29,31-hexadecaene-6,11,18,23-tetrasulfonic acid) (CAS No. 1325-35-5) (provided for in subheading 3204.14.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Si sert	ubchapter II	CCT BROWN 44. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	. '			. 2020
"	9902.22.74	Direct Brown 44 (Disodium; 4-[[2,4-diamino-5-[[3-[[2,4-diamino-5-[(4-sulfonatophenyl) diazenyl]phenyl]diazenyl] phenyl]diazenyl]benzenesulfonate) (CAS No. 6252-62-6) (provided for in subheading 3204.14.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023

SEC. 107467. DIRECT RED 81.
Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

		Direct Red 81 (Disodium;7-benzamido-4-hydroxy-3-[[4-[(4-sulfonatophenyl)diazenyl] phenyl]diazenyl]naphthalene-2-sulfonate) (CAS No. 2610-11-9) (provided for in subheading 3204.14.50)	2%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
sert		of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.22.76	Direct Yellow 142 (CAS No. 71902-08-4) (provided for in subheading 3204.14.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023"
Si sert		of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.22.77	$\label{eq:discrete} Direct & Red & 80 & (hexasodium; 4-hydroxy-7-[[5-hydroxy-7-sulfonato-6-[[2-sulfonato-4-[(4-sulfonatophenyl)] & diazenyl]phenyl]diazenyl] & naphthalen-2-yl]carbamoylamino]-3-[[2-sulfonato-4-[(4-sulfonatophenyl)diazenyl] & phenyl]diazenyl]naphthalene-2-sulfonate) (CAS No. 2610–10–8) (provided for in subheading 3204.14.50) &$	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Si sert		CCT RED 16.  of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
	9902.22.78	Direct Red 16, disodium salt (disodium;7-amino-4-hydroxy-3-[(5-hydroxy-6-phenyldiazenyl-7-sulfonatonaphthalen-2-yl)diazenyl]naphthalene-2-sulfonate) (CAS No. 6227-02-7) (provided for in subheading 3204.14.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Si sert		CCT RED 254. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new		I	I	2023   .
	9902.22.79	Direct Red 254 (Disodium;7-amino-4-hydroxy-3-[[4-[(4-sulfonatophenyl)diazenyl] phenyl]diazenyl]naphthalene-2-sulfonate) (CAS No. 6300-50-1) (provided for in subheading 3204.14.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Si sert		<b>ORANT.</b> of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new		I	ı	1 2023
"	9902.22.80	Copper, $[\mu-[[3,3'-[(1-oxido-1,2-diazenediyl)bis[[2-(hydroxy-\kappa O)-4,1-phenylene]-2,1-diazenediyl-\kappa NI]]bis[4-(hydroxy-\kappa O)-2,7-naphthalenedisulfonato]](8-)]]di-, sodium (1:4) (CAS No. 75173-68-1) (provided for in subheading 3204.14.50)$	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Si sert	ubchapter II	CCT YELLOW 34. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.22.81	Direct Yellow 34 (Tetrasodium;3-[[4-[[4-[(4,8-disulfonatonaphthalen-2-yl)diazenyl]-2-methoxy-5-methylphenyl]carbamoylamino]-5-methoxy-2-methylphenyl]diazenyl]naphthalene-1,5-disulfonate) (CAS No. $6420-33-3$ ) (provided for in subheading $3204.14.50$ )	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
~ <b>n</b> ~			1	l .	ı	1 4040 l ´´.

SEC. 107474. VAT ORANGE 2 DYE POWDER.
Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

"	9902.22.82	Vat Orange 2 (1,2-Dibromopyranthrene-8,16-dione) (CAS No. 1324-35-2) (provided for in subheading 3204.15.20)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023"
Sı serti	ubchapter II	VIOLET 13 DYE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
	9902.22.83	Vat Violet 13 (5,20-Diazaheptacyclo [16.12.0.03,16.04,13.06, 11.019,28.021,26] triaconta-1(18),3(16),4(13),6,8,10, 14,19(28),21,23, 25,29-dodecaene-2,12,17,27-tetrone) (CAS No. 4424-87-7) (CIN 68700) (provided for in subheading 3204.15.20)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti	ubchapter II	BROWN 3 DYE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new		l	I	2023   ''.
"	9902.22.84	Vat Brown 3 (N-(28-Benzamido-6,13,19,26-tetraoxo-16-azaheptacyclo [15.12.0.02,15.05,14.07, 12.018,27.020,25] nonacosa-1(29),2(15),3,5(14),7(12), 8,10,17,20,22,24,27-dodecaen-8-yl)benzamide) (CAS No. 131-92-0) (provided for in subheading 3204.15.20)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	ubchapter II	RED 10 DYE POWDER. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.22.85	Vat Red 10 (2-(1-Amino-9,10-dioxoanthracen-2-yl)naphtho[2,3-f][1,3]benzoxazole-5,10-dione) (CAS No. 2379-79-5) (provided for in subheading 3204.15.30)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti	ubchapter II	BROWN 57 DYE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	l	I	I	2023   ''.
"	9902.22.86	Vat Brown 57 (CAS No. 12227–28–0) (provided for in subheading 3204.15.30)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023"
Sı serti	ubchapter II	RED 31 DYE POWDER. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
	9902.22.87	Vat Red 31 dye powder (1-Amino-2-[5-(1-amino-9,10-dioxoanthracen-2-yl)-1,3,4-oxadiazol-2-yl]anthracene-9,10-dione) (CAS No. 52591-25-0) (CIN 60030) (provided for in subheading 3204.15.40)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti	<b>VAT</b> ubchapter II	MIXTURES OF VAT BROWN 3 AND BLACK 27. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	l	I	I	2023   ''.
"	9902.22.88	Disperse dye mixtures of Vat Brown 3 (N-(28-benzamido-6,13,19,26-tetraoxo-16-azaheptacyclo [15.12.0.0° (2,15).0° (5,14).0° (7,12).0° (18,27).0° (20,25)] nonacosa-1(29),2(15), 3,5(14), 7(12), 8,10,17,20,22, 24,27-dodecaen-8-yl)benzamide) (CAS No. 131–92–0) and Vat Black 27 (N-(28-benzamido-6,13,19, 26-tetraoxo-16-azaheptacyclo [15.12.0.0° (2,15).0° (5,14).0° (7,12).0° (18,27).0° (20,25)] nonacosa-1(29),2,4,7, 9,11,14,17, 20,22, 24,27-dodecaen-4-yl) benzamide) (CAS No. 2379–81–9) (provided for in subheading 3204.15.40)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023

SEC. 107481. VAT RED 13.
Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

	9902.22.89	Vat Red 13 (15-Ethyl-12-(15-ethyl-8-oxo-14,15-diazatetracyclo [7.6.1.02,7.013,16] hexadeca-1(16),2,4,6,9,11,13-heptaen-12-yl)-14,15-diazatetracyclo [7.6.1.02,7.013,16] hexadeca-1(16),2,4,6,9,11,13-heptaen-8-one) (CAS No. 4203-77-4) (provided for in subheading 3204.15.80)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	YELLOW 2 DYE POWDER. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.22.90	Vat Yellow 2 (6,16-Diphenyl-5,15-dithia-7,17-diazapentacyclo [11.7.0.03,11.04,8.014,18] icosa-1(13),3(11),4(8),6,9, 14(18),16,19-octaene-2,12-dione) (CAS No. 129-09-9) (provided for in subheading 3204.15.80)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	YELLOW 33 DYE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.22.91	Vat Yellow 33 (N-(9,10-Dioxoanthracen-1-yl)-4-[4-[[4-[4-[(9,10-dioxoanthracen-1-yl)carbamoyl]phenyl] phenyl]diazenyl]phenyl] benzamide) (CAS No. 12227-50-8) (provided for in subheading 3204.15.80)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	GREEN 1 DYE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	'	'		
	9902.22.92	Vat Green 1 (Anthra[9,1,2-cde]benzo[rst]pentaphene-5,10-dione, 16,17-dimethoxy-) (CAS No. 128-58-5) (CIN 59825) (provided for in subheading 3204.15.80)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti		GREEN 3. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	'	'	•	
"	9902.22.93	Vat Green 3 (Anthra[2,1,9-mna]naphth[2,3-h]acridine-5,10,15(16H)-trione) (CAS No. 3271-76-9) (CIN 69500) (provided for in subheading 3204.15.80)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023 ".
Sı serti		BLUE 6 DYE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
	9902.22.94	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	BLUE 20 DYE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.22.95	Vat Blue 20 (Anthra[9,1,2-cde]benzo[rst]pentaphene-5,10-dione) (CAS No. 116-71-2) (CIN 59800) (provided for in subheading 3204.15.80)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti		VIOLET 1. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	. '			
	9902.22.96	Vat Violet 1 (Benzo[rst]phenanthro [10,1,2-cde] pentaphene-9,18-dione, dichloro-) (CAS No. 1324-55-6) (CIN 60010) (provided for in subheading 3204.15.80)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023

SEC. 107489. VAT BROWN 1 DYE.
Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

S: sert	ubchapter II	Vat Brown 1 (Naphth[2',3':6,7]indolo[2,3-c]dinaphtho[2,3-a:2',3'-i]carbazole-5,10,15,17,22,24-hexone, 16,23-dihydro-) (CAS No. 2475-33-4) (CIN 70800) (provided for in subheading 3204.15.80)  BLACK 16 DYE.  of chapter 99 is amended by inical sequence the following new	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
	9902.22.98	Vat         Black         16         (8-Aminononacyclo         [18.10.2.22,5.03,16.04,13.06,           11.017,31.022,27.028,32]         tetratriaconta-1(31),2,4,6(11),         7,9,13,15,17,19,22,24,26,           28(32),29,33-hexadecaene-12,21-dione)         (CAS No. 26763-69-9)         (provided for in subheading 3204.15.80)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
S: sert		BLACK 25.  of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	l	l	l	2023   ".
	9902.22.99	Vat Black 25 (Anthra[2,1,9-mna]naphth[2,3-h]acridine-5,10,15(16H)-trione, 3-[(9,10-dihydro-9,10-dioxo-1-anthracenyl)amino]-) (CAS No. 4395-53-3) (CIN 69525) (provided for in subheading 3204.15.80)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
S's sert		BLACK 27. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
	9902.23.01	Vat Black 27 (Benzamide, N,N'-(10,15,16,17-tetrahydro-5,10,15,17-tetraoxo-5H-dinaphtho[2,3-a:2',3'-i]carbazole-6,9-diyl)bis-) (CAS No. 2379-81-9) (CIN 69005) (provided for in subheading 3204.15.80)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
S: sert	ubchapter II	CTIVE YELLOW 145. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	l	1	'	1 2023
"	9902.23.02	Reactive Yellow 145 (Tetrasodium;7-[[2-(carbamoylamino)-4-[[4-chloro-6-[3-(2-sulfonatooxyethylsulfonyl) anilino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl] amino]phenyl]diazenyl] naphthalene-1,3,6-trisulfonate) (CAS No. 80157-00-2) (provided for in subheading 3204.16.30)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
S: sert	ubchapter II	C <b>TIVE RED 195.</b> of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	l	l	l	2023   ''.
	9902.23.03	Reactive Red 195 (Pentasodium 5-[[4-chloro-6-[3-(2-sulfonatooxyethylsulfonyl)anilino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]amino]-3-[(1,5-disulfonatonaphthalen-2-yl)diazenyl]-4-hydroxynaphthalene-2,7-disulfonate) (CAS No. 77365-64-1) (provided for in subheading 3204.16.30)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
S: sert	ubchapter II	CTIVE BLUE 49. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	9902.23.04	Reactive Blue 49 (Trisodium 1-amino-4-[3-[[4-chloro-6-(2-sulfonatoanilino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]amino]-2,4,6-trimethyl-5-sulfonatoanilino]-9,10-dioxoanthracene-2-sulfonate) (CAS No. 72214-18-7) (provided for in subheading 3204.16.30)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023

SEC. 107496. REACTIVE BLUE 72.

Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

"	9902.23.05	Reactive Blue 72 (Cuprate(2-), [C-[[[3-[(4-amino-6-chloro-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)amino]-4-sulfophenyl]amino]sulfonyl]-C-(aminosulfonyl)-29H,31H-phthalocyanine-C-sulfonato(4-)- $\kappa$ N29, $\kappa$ N30, $\kappa$ N31, $\kappa$ N32]-, sodium (1:2)) (CAS No. 68967-01-1) (provided for in subheading 3204.16.30)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	CTIVE YELLOW 95 POWDER. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				1 2020	
	9902.23.06	Reactive Yellow 95 (Trisodium 4-[[4-chloro-6-(3-sulfonatoanilino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]amino]-2-[[1-ethyl-6-hydroxy-4-methyl-2-oxo-5-(sulfonatomethyl)pyridin-3-yl]diazenyl]benzenesulfonate) (CAS No. 89923-43-3) (provided for in subheading 3204.16.30)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	CTIVE RED 245. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				, 2020	
"	9902.23.07	Reactive Red 245 (Tetrasodium 5-[4-chloro-6-(N-ethylanilino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-ylamino]-4-hydroxy-3-(1,5-disulfonatonaphtalen-2-ylazo)naphthalene-2,7-disulfonate) (CAS No. 130201-57-9) (provided for in subheading 3204.16.30)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	CTIVE BROWN 11. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				1 2020	
"	9902.23.08	Reactive Brown 11 (Tetrasodium; 2-[[4-[[4-[(4-amino-6-chloro-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)amino]-5-sulfonatonaphthalen-1-yl]diazenyl]-7-sulfonatonaphthalen-1-yl]diazenyl]benzene-1,4-disulfonate) (CAS No. 70161-16-9) (provided for in subheading 3204.16.30)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
Sı serti	( <b>NA)</b> <b>0439,</b> ıbchapter II	TTURES OF REACTIVE BLACK 5 (FKP), REACTIVE SCARLET F01- AND REACTIVE ORANGE 131. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new			1	1 2023	
	9902.23.09	Disperse dye mixture of Reactive Black 5 (Na) (FKP) (tetrasodium; 4-amino-5-hydroxy-3,6-bis[[4-(2-sulfonatooxyethylsulfonyl) phenyl]diazenyl]naphthalene-2,7-disulfonate (CAS No. 17095–24–8); Reactive Scarlet F01–0439 (2-naphthalenesulfonic acid, 7-amino-4-hydroxy-, coupled with diazotized 2-[(4-aminophenyl) sulfonyl] ethyl hydrogen sulfate and diazotized 2-amino-5-[[2-(sulfooxy)ethyl]sulfonyl] benzenesulfonic acid, potassium sodium salts) (CAS No. 214362–06–8); reaction mass of 7-amino-3,8-bis-[4-(2-sulfoxyethylsulfonyl)-2-sulfophenylazo]-4-hydroxynaphthalene-2-sulfonic acid, Na/K salt and 7-amino-3-[4-(2-sulfoxyethylsulfonyl) phenylazo]-4-hydroxy-8-[4-(2-sulfoxyethylsulfonyl)-2-sulfophenylazo] naphthalene-2-sulfonic acid, Na/K salt and 7-amino-8-[4-(2-sulfoxyethylsulfonyl)-phenylazo]-4-hydroxynaphthalene-2-sulfonic acid, Na/K salt and 7-amino-8-[4-(2-sulfoxyethylsulfonyl)-2-sulfophenylazo] naphthalene-2-sulfonic acid, Na/K salt, and Reactive Orange 131 (benzenesulfonic acid, 2,4-diamino-3-[2-[4-[[2-(sulfooxy) ethyl]sulfonyl] phenyl]diazenyl]-5-[2-[2-sulfo-4-[[2-(sulfooxy) ethyl]sulfonyl] phenyl]diazenyl]-, potassium sodium salt (1:2:?)) (CAS No. 187026–95–5) and dipotassium disodium 2,4-diamino-5-(2-\{2-sulfo-4-[2-(sulfooxy)ethanesulfonyl] phenylydiazen-1-yl)-3-(2-\{4-[2-(sulfooxy)ethanesulfonyl] phenylydiazen-1-yl) benzene-1-sulfonate (provided for in subheading 3204.16.30)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,,

Sec. 107501. REACTIVE YELLOW F98-0159.
Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

"	9902.23.10	Reactive Yellow F98-0159 (benzenesulfonic acid, 2-[2-[2-[(aminocarbonyl)amino]-4-[(2,6-difluoro-4-pyrimidinyl)amino]phenyl]diazenyl]-5-[[2-(sulfooxy)ethyl]sulfonyl]-, sodium salt (1:2)) (CAS No. 176449-21-1) (provided for in subheading 3204.16.30)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
SEC.	ANG	E MIXTURES OF REACTIVE OR- E 131 AND REACTIVE SCARLET	I	I	I	2023
serti		<b>0522.</b> of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.23.11	Disperse dye mixtures of Reactive Orange 131 (CAS No. 187026–95–5) (dipotassium disodium 2,4-diamino-5-(2-{2-sulfo-4-[2-(sulfooxy)ethanesulfonyl]} phenylydiazen-1-yl)-3-(2-{4-[2-(sulfooxy)ethanesulfonyl]} phenylydiazen-1-yl)benzene-1-sulfonate) and Reactive Scarlet F07–0522 (CAS No. 891857–92–4) (pentasodium 7-amino-4-hydroxy-3,8-bis-[2-sulfo-4-(2-sulfooxy-ethanesulfonyl)-phenylazo]-naphthalene-2-sulfonate) (provided for in subheading 3204.16.30)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	ubchapter II	CTIVE BLACK 31. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	I	ı	l	2023
		Reactive Black 31 (cuprate(4-), [4,5-dihydro-4-[2-[8-(hydroxykappa.O)-7-[2-[2-(hydroxykappa.O)-5-methoxy-4-[[2-(sulfooxy)ethyl] sulfonyl]phenyl]diazenylkappa.N1]-6-sulfo-2-naphthalenyl]diazenyl]-5-oxo-1-(4-sulfophenyl)-1H-pyr-azole-3-carboxylato(6-)]-, sodium) (CAS No. 85585-91-7) (provided for in subheading 3204.16.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
serti		of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.23.13	Reactive Red 120 (hexasodium 5-[[4-chloro-6-[4-[[4-chloro-6-[[8-hydroxy-3,6-disulfonato-7-[(2-sulfonatophenyl)diazenyl]naphthalen-1-yl]amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]amino]anilino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]amino]-4-hydroxy-3-[(2-sulfonatophenyl)diazenyl]naphthalene-2,7-disulfonate) (CAS No. 68214-04-0) (provided for in subheading 3204.16.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti	ubchapter II	CT <b>TVE BLUE 5.</b> of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	I	I	I	2023   ''.
"	9902.23.14	Reactive Blue 5 (1-Amino-4- $\{[3-(\{4-chloro-6-[(3-sulfophenyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\gammaamino)-4-sulfophenyl]amino\gamma-9,10-dioxo-9,10-dihydro-2-anthracenesulfonic acid) (CAS No. 16823-51-1) (provided for in subheading 3204.16.50)$	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	ubchapter II	CTIVE ORANGE 13. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	•	,		. 2020
"	9902.23.15	Reactive Orange 13 powder (trisodium 2-[[6-[(4-amino-6-chloro-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)-methylamino]-1-hydroxy-3-sulfonatonaphthalen-2-yl]diazenyl]naphthalene-1,5-disulfonate) (CAS No. 70616-89-6) (provided for in subheading 3204.16.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023

SEC. 107507. REACTIVE ORANGE 12.
Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

""	9902.23.16	Reactive Orange 12 powder (trisodium 7-[[4-[(4-amino-6-chloro-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)amino]-2-(carbamoylamino) phenyl]diazenyl]naphthalene-1,3,6-trisulfonate) (CAS No. 70161-14-7) (provided for in subheading 3204.16.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023".
Si sert	ubchapter II	IENT RED 177. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	1	'	'	2025   .
"	9902.23.17	Pigment Red 177 (1-amino-4-(4-amino-9,10-dioxoanthracen-1-yl)anthracene-9,10-dione) (CAS No. 4051-63-2) (provided for in subheading 3204.17.04)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Si sert	ubchapter II	IENT YELLOW 110.  of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.23.18	Pigment Yellow 110 (4,5,6,7-tetrachloro-3-[4-[(4,5,6,7-tetrachloro-3-oxoisoindol-1-ylidene)amino]phenyl]iminoisoindol-1-one) (CAS No. 5590-18-1) (provided for in subheading 3204.17.04)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Si sert	ubchapter II	<b>IENT YELLOW 147.</b> of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	l	I	I	2023   ''.
"	9902.23.19	Pigment Yellow 147 (1-[[4-[(9,10-dioxoanthracen-1-yl)amino]-6-phenyl-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]amino]anthracene-9,10-dione) (CAS No. 4118-16-5) (provided for in subheading 3204.17.60)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Si sert	ubchapter II	IENT ORANGE 64. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	'	'	'	
"	9902.23.20	Pigment Orange 64 (5-[(6-methyl-2-oxo-1,3-dihydrobenzimidazol-5-yl)diazenyl]-1,3-diazinane-2,4,6-trione) (CAS No. 72102-84-2) (provided for in subheading 3204.17.60)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Si sert	ubchapter II	IENT BLUE 29. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	ı	l	1	1 2025 1 .
"	9902.23.21	Pigment Blue 29 (aluminum sodium orthosilicate trisulfane-1,3-diide (6:8:6:1)) (CAS No. 57455-37-5) (provided for in subheading 3204.17.60)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023"
Si sert	ubchapter II	<b>IENT VIOLET 15.</b> of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.23.22	Pigment Violet 15 (hexaaluminum;hexasodium; tetrathietane;hexasilicate) (CAS No. 12769-96-9) (provided for in subheading 3204.17.60)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Si sert	ubchapter II	IENT BLUE 14. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.23.23	$Pigment\ Blue\ 14\ (ethanaminium,\ N-(4-(bis(4-(diethylamino)phenyl)methylene)-2,5-cyclohexadien-1-ylidene)-N-ethyl-, molybdatetungstatephosphate) (CAS\ No.\ 1325-88-8)\ (provided\ for\ in\ subheading\ 3204.17.90)\$	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023

SEC. 107515. SOLVENT BLUE 97.
Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

"	9902.23.24	$Solvent  Blue  97  (1,4\text{-}Bis(2,6\text{-}diethyl\text{-}4\text{-}methylanilino}) anthracene -9,10\text{-}dione) \\ (CAS \ Nos. \ 61969-44-6 \ and \ 32724-62-2) \ (provided \ for \ in \ subheading \ 3204.19.11) \ \dots \\ (CAS \ Nos. \ 61969-44-6 \ and \ 32724-62-2) \ (provided \ for \ in \ subheading \ 3204.19.11) \ \dots \\ (CAS \ Nos. \ 61969-44-6 \ and \ 32724-62-2) \ (provided \ for \ in \ subheading \ 3204.19.11) \ \dots \\ (CAS \ Nos. \ 61969-44-6 \ and \ 32724-62-2) \ (provided \ for \ in \ subheading \ 3204.19.11) \ \dots \\ (CAS \ Nos. \ 61969-44-6 \ and \ 32724-62-2) \ (provided \ for \ in \ subheading \ 3204.19.11) \ \dots \\ (CAS \ Nos. \ 61969-44-6 \ and \ 32724-62-2) \ (provided \ for \ in \ subheading \ 3204.19.11) \ \dots \\ (CAS \ Nos. \ 61969-44-6 \ and \ 32724-62-2) \ (provided \ for \ in \ subheading \ 3204.19.11) \ \dots \\ (CAS \ Nos. \ 61969-44-6 \ and \ 32724-62-2) \ (provided \ for \ in \ subheading \ 3204.19.11) \ \dots \\ (CAS \ Nos. \ 61969-44-6 \ and \ 32724-62-2) \ (provided \ for \ in \ subheading \ 3204.19.11) \ \dots \\ (CAS \ Nos. \ 61969-44-6 \ and \ 32724-62-2) \ (provided \ for \ in \ subheading \ 3204.19.11) \ \dots \\ (CAS \ Nos. \ 61969-44-6 \ and \ 32724-62-2) \ (provided \ for \ in \ subheading \ 3204.19.11) \ \dots \\ (CAS \ Nos. \ 61969-44-6 \ and \ 32724-62-2) \ (provided \ for \ in \ subheading \ 3204.19.11) \ \dots \\ (CAS \ Nos. \ 61969-44-6 \ and \ 32724-62-2) \ (provided \ for \ in \ subheading \ 3204.19.11) \ \dots \\ (CAS \ Nos. \ 61969-44-6 \ and \ 32724-62-2) \ (provided \ for \ in \ subheading \ 3204.19.11) \ \dots \\ (CAS \ Nos. \ 61969-44-6 \ and \ 32724-62-2) \ (provided \ for \ in \ subheading \ 3204.19.11) \ \dots \\ (CAS \ Nos. \ 61969-44-6 \ and \ 32724-62-2) \ (provided \ for \ in \ subheading \ subhea$	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Si serti	ubchapter II	VENT GREEN 5. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.23.25	Solvent Green 5 (bis(2-methylpropyl) perylene-3,9-dicarboxylate) (CAS No. 2744-50-5) (provided for in subheading 3204.19.11)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Si serti	ubchapter II	VENT YELLOW 98. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.23.26	Solvent Yellow 98 (14-octadecyl-8-thia-14-azapentacyclo [10.6.2.0°2,7.0°9, 19.0°16,20] icosa-1(19),2,4,6,9,11,16(20),17-octaene-13,15-dione) (CAS No. 12671-74-8) (provided for in subheading 3204.19.11)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Si serti	ubchapter II	VENT GREEN 7. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new		'		1 2025 1 .
"	9902.23.27	Solvent Green 7 (trisodium 8-hydroxypyrene-1,3,6-trisulfonate) (CAS No. 6358–69-6) (provided for in subheading 3204.19.11)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Si serti	ubchapter II	VENT RED 195. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
""	9902.23.28	Solvent Red 195 (methyl 4-cyano-5-[[5-cyano-2,6-bis(3-methoxypropylamino)-4-methylpyridin-3-yl]diazenyl]-3-methylthiophene-2-carboxylate) (CAS No. 72968–71–9) (provided for in subheading 3204.19.20)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Si serti	ubchapter II	VENT ORANGE 115. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				2023 '''.
"	9902.23.29	Solvent Orange 115 (7H-Benzimidazo[2,1-a] benzo[3,4][2]benzothiopyrano [7,8,1-def]isoquinolin-7-one) (CAS No. 53304-32-8) (provided for in subheading 3204.19.20)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Si serti	ubchapter II	CIALTY DYES.  of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				2023   ''.
• •	9902.23.30	White/bluish powder dye containing benzenesulfonamide, 2,2'-([1,1'-biphenyl]-4,4'-diyldi-2,1-ethenediyl)bis[N-(3-hydroxypropyl)-, polymer with formalde-hyde, ar-methylbenzenesulfonamide and 1,3,5-triazine-2,4,6-triamine (CAS No. 1191239–40–3) (provided for in subheading 3204.19.20)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Si serti	ubchapter II	VENT GREEN 3. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				2023   ''.
"	9902.23.31	Solvent Green 3 (1,4-bis(4-methylanilino)anthracene-9,10-dione) (CAS No. 128-80-3) (CIN 61565) (provided for in subheading 3204.19.25)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023".

SEC. 107523. SOLVENT BLUE 36.
Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

"	9902.23.33	Solvent Blue 36 (1,4-bis(propan-2-ylamino)anthracene-9,10-dione) (CAS No. 14233-37-5) (provided for in subheading 3204.19.25)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023,	,,
Si sert	ubchapter II	TURES OF SOLVENT GREEN 3. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new		l	'		•
"	9902.23.34	Mixtures of Solvent Green 3 (1,4-bis(4-methylanilino)anthracene-9,10-dione) (CAS No. 128-80-3) (provided for in subheading 3204.19.25)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023,	,,
Si sert		<b>VENT RED 52.</b> of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new		l	'		
"	9902.23.35	Solvent Red 52 (3-methyl-6-[(4-methylphenyl)amino]-3H-naphtho[1,2,3-de]quinoline-2,7-dione) (CAS No. 81–39–0) (provided for in subheading $3204.19.25$ )	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
Si sert	ubchapter II	VENT RED 149. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				2023	,.
	9902.23.36	Solvent Red 149 (6-(cyclohexylamino)-3-methyl-3H-naphtho[1,2,3-de]quinoline-2,7-dione) (CAS No. 21295-57-8 or 71902-8-6) (provided for in subheading 3204.19.25)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023,	,,
Si sert	ubchapter II	VENT RED 207. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new		l	'		•
"	9902.23.37	Solvent Red 207 (1,5-bis(cyclohexylamino) anthracene-9,10-dione) (CAS No. 15958-68-6) (provided for in subheading 3204.19.25)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023,	.,
Si sert	ubchapter II	VENT VIOLET 14. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new		'	•		•
"	9902.23.38	Solvent Violet 14 (1,5-bis(4-methylanilino)anthracene-9,10-dione) (CAS No. 8005-40-1) (provided for in subheading 3204.19.25)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023,	,,
Si sert	ubchapter II	VENT YELLOW 179. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new		1	'		•
"	9902.23.39	Solvent Yellow 179 (2-[[4-[2-(4-cyclohexylphenoxy) ethyl-ethylamino]-2-methylphenyl]methylidene] propanedinitrile) (CAS No. 54079–53–7) (provided for in subheading 3204.19.25)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	.,
Si sert	ubchapter II	VENT YELLOW 131. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	l	ı	ı	2023   '	•
"	9902.23.40	Solvent Yellow 131 (2-(3-hydroxypropyl)-6-(3-hydroxypropylamino)benzo[de]isoquinoline-1,3-dione) (CAS No. 52821-24-6) (provided for in subheading 3204.19.25)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	,,

"	9902.23.41	Synthetic organic coloring matter containing copper(II) phthalocyanine (CAS No. 147–14–8) (provided for in subheading 3204.19.40)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
St sert	ubchapter II	VENT YELLOW 104.  of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.23.42	Solvent Yellow 104 (CAS No. 143476-34-0) (provided for in subheading 3204.19.40)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
St sert	<b>BRIC</b> ubchapter II	MBINATION OF FLUORESCENT GHTENERS 367 AND 371. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
	9902.23.43	Mixture of Fluorescent Brightener 367 (CAS No. 5089–22–5) and Fluorescent Brightener 371 (provided for in subheading 3204.20.80)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
St sert	ubchapter II	ORESCENT BRIGHTENER CBS-X. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
	9902.23.44	Disodium 2,2'-[biphenyl-4,4'-diyldiethene-2,1-diyl]dibenzenesulfonate (CAS No. 27344-41-8) of a kind used as a fluorescent brightening agent (provided for in subheading 3204.20.80)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
St sert	ubchapter II	ICAL BRIGHTENER SWN. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	I	I	I	2023   ''.
"	9902.23.45	7-(Diethylamino)-4-methylchromen-2-one (CAS No. 91–44–1) (provided for in subheading 3204.20.80)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023".
St sert	<b>199:1</b> ubchapter II	I. FLUORESCENT BRIGHTENER t. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.23.46	Mixtures of 1-(2-cyanostyryl)-4-(4-cyanostyryl)benzene (CAS No. 13001-38-2); 2,2'-oxydi(ethan-1-ol) (CAS No. 111-46-6); acetic acid ethenyl ester, polymer with ethenol (CAS No. 25213-24-5); methyl 4-[2-[4-(5-methyl-2-benzoxazolyl)phenyl]vinyl]benzoate (CAS No. 18039-18-4); and formaldehyde, polymer with oxirane and phenol, methyl ether (CAS No. 68988-31-8) of a kind used as fluorescent brightening agents (provided for in subheading 3204.20.80)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023 ''.
St sert	ubchapter II	ORESCENT BRIGHTENER 368. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.23.47	$\label{eq:mixtures} Mixtures  of  2\text{-}[4\text{-}[(E)\text{-}2\text{-}[4\text{-}(1,3\text{-}benzoxazol\text{-}2\text{-}yl)phenyl]ethenyl]phenyl]-1,3-benzoxazole}  (CAS  No.  1533\text{-}45\text{-}5);  5\text{-}methyl\text{-}2\text{-}[4\text{-}(E)\text{-}2\text{-}[4\text{-}(5\text{-}methyl\text{-}1,3\text{-}benzoxazol\text{-}2\text{-}yl)phenyl]ethenyl]phenyl]-1,3-benzoxazole}  (CAS  No.  2397\text{-}00\text{-}4) \\ and  2\text{-}[4\text{-}[(E)\text{-}2\text{-}[4\text{-}(1,3\text{-}benzoxazol\text{-}2\text{-}yl)phenyl]ethenyl]phenyl]-5\text{-}methyl\text{-}1,3-benzoxazole}  (CAS  No.  5242\text{-}49\text{-}9)  (provided \ for \ in \ subheading \ 3204.20.80) $	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023 ''.
St sert	ubchapter II	IS(2-CYANOSTYRYL)BENZENE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	•	•	•	. 2020
"	9902.23.48	2-[(E)-2-[4-[(E)-2-(2-Cyanophenyl)ethenyl] phenyl]ethenyl]benzonitrile (CAS No. 13001-39-3) (provided for in subheading 3204.20.80)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/

SEC. 107539. CERTAIN MANUFACTURING INPUTS.
Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

"	9902.23.49	1-[3-(Dimethylamino)propyl]-4-methyl-6-oxo-3-pyridin-1-ium-1-ylpyridin-2-olate (CAS No. 104583-33-7) (provided for in subheading 3204.90.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
S1 sert	ubchapter II	<b>UM SULFIDE PIGMENTS.</b> of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	I	ı	'	2023   .
	9902.23.50	Pigment preparations based on cerium sulfide or mixtures of cerium sulfide and lanthanum sulfide (CAS Nos. 12014–93–6 and 12031–49–1) (provided for in subheading 3206.49.60)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
S1 sert	ubchapter II	TE PEARLESCENT PIGMENTS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	l	I		2023   ''.
	9902.23.51	Coloring matter of mica (CAS No. 12001–26–2) and titanium dioxide (CAS No. 13463–67–7), coated with submicron poly(methyl methacrylate) (CAS No. 9011–14–7) spheres to create a matte optical effect (provided for in subheading 3206.49.60)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
St sert	<b>PIGI</b> ubchapter II	ILE-DEPENDENT INTERFERENCE MENTS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				2023 ".
"	9902.23.52	Angle-dependent interference pigments based on a substrate of transparent or translucent inorganic flakes of fluorophlogopite (CAS No. 12003–38–2), titanium dioxide (CAS No. 13463–67–7), and synthetic amorphous silica (CAS No. 112945–52–5) (provided for in subheading 3206.49.60)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
S1 sert	ubchapter II	RGANIC LUMILUX. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	ı	1	'	
••	9902.23.53	Inorganic products of a kind used as luminophores containing zinc sulfide (ZnS), copper chloride-doped (CAS No. 68611–70–1), dizinc; silicate (CAS No. 68611–47–2), yttrium oxide sulfide (Y2O2S), europium-doped (CAS No. 68784–83–8), erbium sodium ytterbium fluoride (Er0.04Na Yb0.96F4) (CAS No. 753489–08–6), diyttrium dioxide sulfide (CAS No. 12340–04–4), oxygen(2-); yttrium(3+) (CAS No. 1314–36–9), (CAS No. 1314–37–9) and erbium(III) oxide (CAS No. 12061–16–4) (provided for in subheading 3206.50.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
S1 sert	ubchapter II	BON/MATRIX RESIN. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new		I	l	2023   ''.
	9902.23.54	Optical fiber ribbon cable matrix resin, a polymer in the form of a liquid coating, with a density of approximately 1.12 kg/liter, viscosity of 3000 to 5000 cps at 25 °C, with elongation greater than 20 percent and tensile strength of 22 to 32 MPa (provided for in subheading 3208.20.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
S1 sert	ubchapter II	<b>DING AGENT 2005.</b> of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	I	I	I	2023   ''.
	9902.23.55	Solution as defined in note 4 to chapter 32, mixture of poly(tolylene 2,4-diisocyanate) (CAS No. 26006-20-2); 2,4-diisocyanato-1-methylbenzene (CAS No. 584-84-9) and butyl acetate (CAS No. 123-86-4) (provided for in subheading 3208.90.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023

**SEC. 107546. FLUOROPOLYMER RESIN.**Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

"	9902.23.56	Solution of high molecular weight fluoroethylene-alkyl vinylether (FEVE) alternative copolymer, containing 38 to 42 percent by weight of moderate OH number resin in a blend of cyclohexanone and aromatic hydrocarbon solvent, having a Tg of 20 °C (CAS No. 207691–69–8) (provided for in subheading 3208.90.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
CEC	107547 ZIDC	ONIUM 12 PAINT DRIER.		l	l	2023   ''.
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.23.57	Zirconium 12 paint drier, mixtures of naptha, petroleum, hydrotreated heavy (CAS No. 64742–48–9), zirconium 2-ethylhexanoate (CAS No. 22464–99–9), nonane (CAS No. 111–84–2), zirconium, bis(acetate-o)oxo- (CAS No. 5153–24–2) (provided for in heading 3211.00.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	ONIUM 24 PAINT DRIER. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new		'	'	
"	9902.23.58	Zirconium 24 paint drier, mixtures of naptha, petroleum, hydrotreated heavy (CAS No. 64742–48–9), zirconium 2-ethylhexanoate (CAS No. 22464–99–9), nonane (CAS No. 111–84–2), zirconium, bis(acetate-o)oxo- (CAS No. 5153–24–2) (provided for in heading 3211.00.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	CR ACCELERATORS.  of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	•	'	'	
	9902.23.59	Prepared drier accelerators containing a mixture of cyclopentanone (CAS No. 120-92-3), cyclohexanone (CAS No. 108-94-1), and 2-pyridin-2-ylpyridine (CAS No. 366-18-7) (provided for in heading 3211.00.00))	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti		ON OIL.  of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	ı	I	I	1 2023 1 °°.
	9902.23.60	Essential oils of lemon (CAS No. 8008-56-8) (provided for in subheading 3301.13.00)	3.3%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	<b>KAN</b> ıbchapter II	ILFONIC ACIDS, C14–17-SEC-AL- E, SODIUM SALT. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.23.61	Sulfonic acids, C14–17-sec-alkane, sodium salt (CAS No. 97489–15–1) anionic aromatic surface-active agent (provided for in subheading 3402.11.20)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
sert	<b>OCT</b> ıbchapter II	2. POTASSIUM ETHYL YLPHOSPHONATE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	ı	ı	ı	l 2023 l ''.
"	9902.23.62	Potassium; ethoxy(octyl)phosphinate (CAS No. 68134–28–1) (provided for in subheading 3402.11.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
SEC	107553 INTE	ERMEDIATE IN THE PRODUCTION	1	I	I	2023   ''.

SEC. 107553. INTERMEDIATE IN THE PRODUCTION OF INDUSTRIAL LUBRICANTS.

Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

"	9902.23.63	(Z)-N-Methyl-N-(1-oxo-9-octadecenyl)glycine (N-oleylsarcosine) (CAS No. 110–25-8) surfactant (provided for in subheading 3402.11.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
St sert	ubchapter II	<b>YETHER DISPERSANT.</b> of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					•
"	9902.23.64	Oxirane, 2-methyl-, polymer with oxirane, mono[(diethylamino)alkyl] ether surfactant (CAS No. 68511-96-6) (provided for in subheading 3402.12.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
St sert	ubchapter II	UCOPYRANOSE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	'		'	1 2023 1	٠
"	9902.23.65	(3R,4S,5S,6R)-2-decoxy-6-(hydroxymethyl)oxane-3,4,5-triol (CAS No. 68515-73-1) (provided for in subheading 3402.13.20)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
SEC	(HYI	107556. 2-DODECOXY-6- DROXYMETHYL)OXANE-3,4,5-		•	•		•
sert		of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
"	9902.23.66	(3R,4S,5S,6R)-2-Dodecoxy-6-(hydroxymethyl)oxane-3,4,5-triol (CAS No. 110615–47-9) (provided for in subheading 3402.13.20)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	,,
SEC	ו ל. 107557. MIXT ETH	TURES OF CERTAIN C12–14-ALKYL ERS.	ļ	l	l	l 2023 l	•
sert		of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
"	9902.23.67	Mixtures of poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α-phosphono-ω-hydroxy-, C12-14-alkyl ethers (CAS No. 121158-63-2); poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α,α'-phosphinicobis[ω-hydroxy-, di-C12-14-alkyl ethers (CAS No. 121158-61-0); poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α,α',α"-phosphinylidynetris[ω-hydroxy-, tri-C12-14-alkyl ethers (CAS No. 121158-62-1); alcohols C12-14, ethoxylated (CAS No. 68439-50-9) (provided for in subheading 3402.13.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
St sert	ubchapter II	UFACTURING CHEMICAL. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	I		l	l 2023 l	".
"	9902.23.68	Mixtures of fatty acids, coco, ethoxylated (CAS No. 61791–29–5) and butan-1-ol;ethane-1,2-diol;propane-1,2-diol (CAS No. 9038–95–3) surfactant (provided for in subheading 3402.13.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	,,
St sert	ubchapter II	IONIC SURFACTANT. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	ı	ı	ı	l 2023 l	•
"	9902.23.69	D-Glucopyranose, oligomeric, C10–16-alkyl glycosides (CAS No. 110615–47–9); water (CAS No. 7732–18–5); and D-glucopyranose, oligomeric, 2-ethylhexyl glycosides (CAS No. 161074–93–7) (provided for in subheading 3402.13.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
SEC	. 107560. CHE	EMICAL USED IN TEXTILE MANU-	•	•	•	. 2020	•

SEC. 107560. CHEMICAL USED IN TEXTILE MANU-FACTURING.

Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by in-serting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

	9902.23.70	Mixtures of sodium [1-carboxy-17-(dibutylamino)-17-oxoheptadecan-8-yl] sulfate (CAS No. 62093-93-0); sodium;18-hydroxy-18-oxooctadecane-1-sulfonate (CAS No. 67998-94-1); sodium (Z)-octadec-9-enoate (CAS No. 143-19-1); and (Z)-N,N-dibutyloctadec-9-enoande (CAS No. 5831-80-1) (provided for in subheading 3402.90.10)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
SEC.		HOXYLATED TRISTYRYLPHENOL				2023   ''.	
Su		SPHATE POTASSIUM SALT. of chapter 99 is amended by in-					
	ng in numer ling:	rical sequence the following new					
"	9902.23.71	Mixtures of propane-1,2-diol (CAS No. 57–55–6), poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), $\alpha$ -(tris(1-phenylethyl)phenyl)- $\omega$ -hydroxy- (CAS No. 99734–09–5), and poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), $\alpha$ -(2,4,6-tris(1-phenylethyl)phenyl)- $\omega$ -hydroxy-, phosphate, potassium salt (CAS No. 163436–84–8) (provided for in subheading 3402.90.30)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
SEC.		OIUM POLYCARBOXYLATE, AQUE-		1	ļ	2023   ''.	
serti	bchapter II	SOLUTION. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
	9902.23.72	Mixtures of 2,5-furandione, polymer with 2,4,4-trimethylpentene, sodium salt (sodium;oxolane-2,5-dione;2,4,4-trimethylpent-1-ene) (CAS No. 37199-81-8), and poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), $\alpha$ -(carboxymethyl)- $\omega$ -(tridecyloxy)-, branched, sodium salt (CAS No. 68891-17-8) (provided for in subheading 3402.90.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
Su serti	<b>OF</b> <b>NEO</b> abchapter II	EOUS EMULSION OF A MIXTURE AMINE SOAPS AND MISCELLA- US OTHER ADDITIVES. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new		ı	l	2023   ''.	
**	9902.23.73	Mixtures of propane-1,2,3-triol (glycerol) (CAS No. 56-81-5); 2-octadec-9-enoxyethanol phosphoric acid (CAS No. 39464-69-2); tall oil fatty acid (CAS No. 61790-12-3); 2,3-bis[[(Z)-12-hydroxyoctadec-9-enoyl]oxy]propyl (Z)-12-hydroxyoctadec-9-enoate (castor oil) (CAS No. 8001-79-4); alcohols C16-18,18 unsaturated, ethoxylated (CAS No. 68920-66-1); 2-(2-hydroxyethylamino)ethanol (Diethanolamine) (CAS No. 111-42-2); distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic (CAS No. 64742-53-6); phosphoric acid (CAS No. 7664-38-2); ethane-1,2-diamine (CAS No. 107-15-3); and 2H-benzotriazole (CAS No. 95-14-7) (provided for in subheading 3403.19.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
	TUŘ SOA ADD	UEOUS DISPERSION OF A MIX- E OF FATTY AMINE AND AMIDE PS AND MISCELLANEOUS OTHER ITIVES.			l	l 2023 l ''.	
serti	-	of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new					
	9902.23.74	Mixtures of (2E,4E,6E,8E,10E,12E)-pentadeca-2,4,6,8,10,12,14-heptaenoic acid (Fatty acids, C14-18 and C16-18-unsaturated) (CAS No. 67701-06-8); 2-octadec-9-enoxyethanol;phosphoric acid (CAS No. 39464-69-2); distillates, petroleum, solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (CAS No. 64742-65-0); alcohols C16-18,18 unsaturated, ethoxylated (CAS No. 68920-66-1); 2-(2-hydroxyethylamino)ethanol (Diethanolamine) (CAS No. 111-42-2); ethane-1,2-diamine (CAS No. 107-15-3); phosphoric acid (CAS No. 7664-38-2), amines, tallow alkyl, ethoxylated (CAS No. 61791-26-2); and 2H-benzotiazole (CAS No. 95-14-7) (provided for in subheading 3403.19.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be-	
SEC.		UEOUS DISPERSION OF A MIX- E OF FATTY AMINE AND AMIDE	1100	110 change	Tro change	fore 12/31/ 2023	•

TURE OF FATTY AMINE AND AMIDE SOAPS AND MISCELLANEOUS OTHER ADDITIVES.

Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

"	9902.23.75	Mixtures of N-[2-(octadecanoylamino)ethyl]octadecanamide (CAS No. 110-30-5); 2-(2-hydroxyethylamino)ethanol (CAS No. 111-42-2); phosphoric acid (CAS No. 7664-38-2); amines, tallow alkyl, ethoxylated (CAS No. 61791-26-2); fatty acids, C14-18 and C16-18-unsaturated (CAS No. 67701-06-8); and nonylphenol, branched, ethoxylated, phosphated (CAS No. 68412-53-3) (provided for in subheading 3403.99.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	
St sert	ubchapter II	TOGRAPHIC GELATIN. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
"	9902.23.76	Photographic gelatin (CAS No. 9000-70-8) (provided for in subheading 3503.00.55)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	
St sert	ubchapter II	FOUNTAINS (CLASS 1.4G). of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new		'	•		
"	9902.23.77	Ice fountains (Class 1.4G) (CAS No. 9904-70-0) generating a jet of sparklers when lit (provided for in subheading 3604.10.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	
St sert	<b>NES</b> . ubchapter II	GIC CANDLES CONTAINING MAG- IUM POWDER. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new		'	'		
"	9902.23.78	Magic candles containing magnesium powder (CAS No. 7439–95–4) that automatically relight themselves when blown out and emit spark effects when lit (provided for in subheading 3604.90.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
St sert	ubchapter II	TY SNAPPERS (CLASS 1.4G). of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new		I	I	2023   ''.	
"	9902.23.79	Snaps designed to make a loud noise when thrown to the ground (CAS No. 7761–88–8) (provided for in subheading 3604.90.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	
St sert	ubchapter II	PYROXIMATE 5SC. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new		'			
	9902.23.80	Mixtures of tert-butyl 4- $[(E)$ - $(1,3$ -dimethyl-5-phenoxypyrazol-4-yl) methylideneamino] oxymethyl]benzoate (Fenpyroximate) (CAS No. 134098-61-6) and application adjuvants (provided for in subheading 3808.91.25)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	
St sert	ubchapter II	FLUQUINAZON 20SC. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new		•	•	. 2020	
"	9902.23.81	Mixtures of 1-acetyl-6-(1,1,1,2,3,3,3-heptafluoropropan-2-yl)-3-(pyridin-3-ylmethylamino)-4H-quinazolin-2-one (Pyrifluquinazon) (CAS No. 337458-27-2) and application adjuvants (provided for in subheading 3808.91.25)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023"	

SEC. 107572. IMIDACLOPRID AND MUSCALURE FORMULATIONS.

Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

SEC		Product mixtures containing (NE)-N-[1-[(6-chloropyridin-3-yl)methyl]imidazolidin-2-ylidene]nitramide (Imidacloprid) (CAS No. 138261-41-3) and (Z)-tricos-9-ene (Muscalure) (CAS No. 27519-02-4) (provided for in subheading 3808.91.25)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	".
sert	ıbchapter II	INTHRIN.  of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new					
"	9902.23.83	Formulations of N-[methoxy(methylsulfanyl) phosphoryl]acetamide (Acephate) (CAS No. 30560–19–1) and (2-methyl-3-phenylphenyl)methyl (1R,3R)-3-[(Z)-2-chloro-3,3,3-trifluoroprop-1-enyl]-2,2-dimethylcyclopropane-1-carboxylate (Bifenthrin) (CAS No. 82657–04–3) (provided for in subheading 3808.91.25)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
Sı serti		ONIL. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	'	'	'	1 2023	•
	9902.23.84	(RS)-5-Amino-1-[2,6-dichloro-4-(trifluoromethyl) phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethysulfinyl)-1H-pyrazole-3-carbonitrile (Fipronil) (CAS No. 120068–37–3) (provided for in subheading 3808.91.25)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	,,
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	MINUM PHOSPHIDE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	l	l	I	2023	".
"	9902.23.85	(Formulated aluminium phosphide (alumanylidynephosphane) (CAS No. 20859-73-8) (provided for in subheading 3808.91.30)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,.
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	NAPHOS FORMULATIONS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new					
	9902.23.86	Formulations of magnesium phosphide (trimagnesium;phosphorus(3-)) (Magnaphos) (CAS No. 12057-74-8) (provided for in subheading 3808.91.30)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,, <u>,</u>
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	MULATED OXAMYL. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new					
"	9902.23.87	Mixtures of methyl (1Z)-2-(dimethylamino)-N-(methylcarbamoyloxy)-2-oxoethanimidothioate (Oxamyl) (CAS No. 23135-22-0) and application adjuvants (provided for in subheading 3808.91.50)	0.2%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	MULATED FUNGICIDES. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	1	1	'	1 2023	•
: 6	9902.23.88	Mixtures of 2-(trichloromethylsulfanyl)-3a,4,7,7a-tetrahydroisoindole-1,3-dione (Captan) (CAS No. 133-06-2) and application adjuvants (provided for in subheading 3808.92.15)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	TAIN FUNGICIDES. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	•	•	•	. 2020 I	•
• •	9902.23.89	Mixtures of (2Z)-2-[2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]sulfanyl-2-[3-(2-methoxyphenyl)-1,3-thiazolidin-2-ylidene]acetonitrile (CAS No. 958647-10-4); 1-methylpyrrolidin-2-one (CAS No. 872-50-4) and polyoxyalkylene polystyryl phenyl ether (CAS No. 99734-09-5) (provided for in subheading 3808.92.15)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	".

### SEC. 107580. PROTHIOCONAZOLE, FLUOPYRAM, AND TRIFLOXYSTROBIN FUN-GICIDES.

Sı	<b>AND</b> ıbchapter II	Product mixtures containing 2-[2-(1-chlorocyclopropyl)-3-(2-chlorophenyl)-2-hydroxypropyl]-1H-1,2,4-triazole-3-thione (Prothioconazole) (CAS No. 178928-70-6), N-[2-[3-chloro-5-(trifluoromethyl) pyridin-2-yl]ethyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide (Fluopyram) (CAS No. 658066-35-4) and (2E)-2-methoxyimino-2-[2-[[(E)-1-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] ethylideneamino]oxymethyl] phenyl]acetate (Trifloxystrobin) (CAS No. 141517-21-7) (provided for in subheading 3808.92.15)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
	ing in numer ding:	ical sequence the following new				
	9902.23.91	$Product  mixtures  containing  2\text{-}[(2RS)\text{-}2\text{-}(1\text{-}chlorocyclopropyl)\text{-}3\text{-}(2\text{-}chlorophenyl)\text{-}2\text{-}hydroxypropyl]\text{-}2H\text{-}1,2,4\text{-}triazole\text{-}3(4H)\text{-}thione} \\ (Prothioconazole)  (CAS  No.  178928\text{-}70\text{-}6),  methyl  N\text{-}(2\text{-}methoxyacetyl)\text{-}N\text{-}(2,6\text{-}xylyl)\text{-}DL\text{-}alaninate}  (Metalaxyl)  (CAS  No.  57837\text{-}19\text{-}1)  and  (RS)\text{-}1\text{-}p\text{-}chlorophenyl\text{-}4,4\text{-}dimethyl\text{-}3\text{-}(1H\text{-}1,2,4\text{-}triazol\text{-}1\text{-}ylmethyl)}  pentan\text{-}3\text{-}ol  (Tebuconazole)  (CAS  No.  107534\text{-}96\text{-}3)  (provided \ for \ in \ subheading \ 3808.92.15)$	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
SEC.		NCOZEB AND CHLOROTHALONIL MULATIONS.	l	l	l	2023   ''.
serti	ıbchapter II	of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.23.92	Formulations of zinc;manganese(2+);N-[2-(sulfidocarbothioylamino)ethyl]carbamodithioate (Mancozeb) (CAS No. 8018–01–7) and 2,4,5,6-tetrachlorobenzene-1,3-dicarbonitrile (Chlorothalonil) (CAS No. 1897–45–6) (provided for in subheading 3808.92.15)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	<b>APP</b> ibchapter II	XTURES OF PICARBUTROX AND LICATION ADJUVANTS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
	9902.23.93	$\begin{tabular}{lllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti	<b>APP</b> ibchapter II	TURES OF TETRACONAZOLE AND LICATION ADJUVANTS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	l	l	I	2023   ''.
	9902.23.94	Mixtures of 1-[2-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-3-(1,1,2,2-tetrafluoroethoxy) propyl]-1,2,4-triazole (Tetraconazole) (CAS No. 112281-77-3) and application adjuvants (provided for in subheading $3808.92.15$ )	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
SEC.		ANCOZEB AND AZOXYSTROBIN MULATIONS.	I	I	I	2023   ''.
serti	ıbchapter II	of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
	9902.23.95	Formulations containing zinc;manganese(2+);N-[2-(sulfidocarbothioylamino)ethyl]carbamodithioate (Mancozeb) (CAS No. 8018–01–7) and methyl (E)-2-[2-[6-(2-cyanophenoxy)pyrimidin-4-yl]oxyphenyl]-3-methoxyprop-2-enoate (Azoxystrobin) (CAS No. 131860–33–8) (provided for in subheading 3808.92.28)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023 ''.

SEC. 107586. MIXTURES OF CYMOXANIL AND FUMED DIOXOSILANE.

Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

"	9902.23.96	Mixtures of (1E)-2-(ethylcarbamoylamino)-N-methoxy-2-oxoethanimidoyl cyanide (Cymoxanil) (CAS No. 57966-95-7), fumed dioxosilane (CAS No. 112945-52-5), and application adjuvants (provided for in subheading 3808.92.30)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
S: sert	ubchapter II	ROTHIOL FORMULATIONS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
	9902.23.97	Formulations of micronized sulfur (CAS No. 7704–34–9) (provided for in subheading 3808.92.30)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
SEC.	THII IOD AND	S. FORMULATIONS OF ENCARBAZONE-METHYL, OOULLFURON-METHYL-SODIUM, OICAMBA. Of chapter 99 is amended by in-					
sert		rical sequence the following new					
"	9902.23.98	Product mixtures containing methyl 4-[(3-methoxy-4-methyl-5-oxo-1,2,4-tri-azole-1-carbonyl)sulfamoyl]-5-methylthiophene-3-carboxylate (Thiencarbazone-methyl) (CAS No. 317815-83-1); sodium;(5-iodo-2-methoxycarbonylphenyl)sulfonyl-[(4-methoxy-6-methyl-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)carbamoyl]azanide (Iodosulfuron-methyl-sodium) (CAS No. 144550-36-7) and 3,6-dichloro-2-methoxybenzoic acid (Dicamba) (CAS No. 1918-00-9) (provided for in subheading 3808.93.15)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
sert	ISO2 TEM ubchapter II	THIENCARBAZONE-METHYL, KADIFENETHYL, AND BOTRIONE HERBICIDES. For chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					. •
"	9902.23.99	$\label{eq:methyl} Methyl  4-[(3-methoxy-4-methyl-5-oxo-1,2,4-triazole-1-carbonyl) sulfamoyl]-5-methylthiophene-3-carboxylate (Thiencarbazone-methyl) (CAS No. 317815-83-1), ethyl 5,5-diphenyl-4H-1,2-oxazole-3-carboxylate (Isoxadifen-ethyl) (CAS No. 163520-33-0) and 2-[2-chloro-4-methylsulfonyl-3-(2,2,2-trifluoroethoxymethyl) benzoyl] cyclohexane-1,3-dione (Tembotrione) (CAS No. 335104-84-2) (provided for in subheading 3808.93.15)$	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
S's	ubchapter II	BICIDES USED ON GRASSES. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				2023	''.
	9902.24.01	Product mixtures containing ethyl (2R)-2-[4-[(6-chloro-1,3-benzoxazol-2-yl)oxy]phenoxy]propanoate (Fenoxaprop-ethyl) (CAS No. 71283-80-2) (provided for in subheading 3808.93.15)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
SEC.	ISO2 CYP	THIENCARBAZONE-METHYL, KAFLUTOLE, AND ROSULFAMIDE HERBICIDES. of chapter 99 is amended by in-		'	•	. 2020	•

serting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

SEC.		Product mixtures containing methyl 4-[(3-methoxy-4-methyl-5-oxo-1,2,4-tri-azole-1-carbonyl)sulfamoyl]-5-methylthiophene-3-carboxylate (Thiencarbazone-methyl) (CAS No. 317815-83-1); (5-cyclopropyl-1,2-oxazol-4-yl)-[2-methylsulfonyl-4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methanone (Isoxaflutole) (CAS No. 141112-29-0) and N-[4-(cyclopropylcarbamoyl)phenyl]sulfonyl-2-methoxybenzamide (Cyprosulfamide) (CAS No. 221667-31-8) (provided for in subheading 3808.93.15)  HIENCARBAZONE-METHYL AND OSULFURON-METHYLSODIUM	5%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023 ".
~	HER	BICIDES.				
sert		of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.24.03	Product mixtures containing methyl 4-[(3-methoxy-4-methyl-5-oxo-1,2,4-tri-azole-1-carbonyl)sulfamoyl]-5-methylthiophene-3-carboxylate (Thiencarbazone-methyl) (CAS No. 317815-83-1) and sodium (5-iodo-2-methoxycarbonylphenyl)sulfonyl-[(4-methoxy-6-methyl-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)carbamoyl]azanide (Iodosulfuron methylsodium) (CAS No. 144550-36-7) (provided for in subheading 3808.93.15)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
SEC	. 107593. T	HIENCARBAZONE-METHYL AND				2023   ''.
Sı serti	<b>MEF</b> ıbchapter II	ENPYR-DIETHYL HERBICIDES. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.24.04	Product mixtures containing methyl 4-[(3-methoxy-4-methyl-5-oxo-1,2,4-tri-azole-1-carbonyl)sulfamoyl]-5-methylthiophene-3-carboxylate (Thiencarbazone-methyl) (CAS No. 317815-83-1) and diethyl 1-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-5-methyl-4H-pyrazole-3,5-dicarboxylate (Mefenpyr-diethyl) (CAS No. 135590-91-9) (provided for in subheading 3808.93.15)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023 ''.
SEC.	TRIE	HIFENSULFURON-METHYL AND BENURON-METHYL FORMULA-				
sert		of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.24.05	Formulations of methyl 3-[(4-methoxy-6-methyl-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl) carbamoylsulfamoyl]thiophene-2-carboxylate (Thifensulfuron-methyl) (CAS No. 79277-27-3) and methyl 2-[[(4-methoxy-6-methyl-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)-methylcarbamoyl]sulfamoyl]benzoate (Tribenuron-methyl) (CAS No. 101200-48-0) and application adjuvants (provided for in subheading 3808.93.15)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
SEC.		RIBENURON-METHYL FORMULA-				2023   ''.
sert		vs. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.24.06	Formulations of methyl 2-[[(4-methoxy-6-methyl-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)-methylcarbamoyl]sulfamoyl]benzoate (Tribenuron-methyl) (CAS No. 101200-48-0) and application adjuvants (provided for in subheading 3808.93.15)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
SEC		CHLORSULFURON AND SULFURON-METHYL FORMULA-		•	•	. 2020 I .
Sa	TION					
sert		ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.24.07	Formulations of 1-(2-chlorophenyl)sulfonyl-3-(4-methoxy-6-methyl-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)urea (Chlorsulfuron) (CAS No. 64902-72-3), methyl 2-[(4-methoxy-6-methyl-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)carbamoylsulfamoyl] benzoate (Metsulfuron Methyl) (CAS No. 74223-64-6) and application adjuvants (provided for in subheading 3808.93.15)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023

SEC. 107597. THIFENSULFURON-METHYL AND FLUROXYPYR FORMULATIONS.

Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new

	9902.24.08	$Formulations  of  methyl  3-[(4-methoxy-6-methyl-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl) \\ carbamoylsulfamoyl] thiophene-2-carboxylate  (Thifensulfuron-methyl)  (CAS \\ No.  79277-27-3),  2-(4-amino-3,5-dichloro-6-fluoropyridin-2-yl) \\ oxyacetic  acid  (Fluroxypyr)  (CAS \\ No.  69377-81-7)  and  application  adjuvants  (provided \\ for in \\ subheading  3808.93.15)  \\$	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
St sert	ubchapter II	LUROFEN FORMULATIONS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				, 2020
"	9902.24.09	Formulations of sodium;5-[2-chloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)phenoxy]-2-nitrobenzoate (Aciflurofen) (CAS No. 62476-59-9) (provided for in subheading 3808.93.15)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
SEC		IETOLACHLOR AND MESTRIONE		·	ı	1 2023 1 .
sert	ubchapter II	BICIDES. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.24.10	$Formulations \qquad of \qquad 2-chloro-N-(2-ethyl-6-methylphenyl)-N-[(2S)-1-methoxypropan-2-yl]acetamide \ (S-Metolachlor) \ (CAS\ No.\ 87392-12-9) \ and \ 4-amino-6-tert-butyl-3-methylsulfanyl-1,2,4-triazin-5-one \ (Mestrione) \ (CAS\ No.\ 21087-64-9) \ (provided\ for\ in\ subheading\ 3808.93.15) \$	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
St sert	ubchapter II	RIBUZIN FORMULATIONS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				2023
"	9902.24.11	Formulations of 4-amino-6-tert-butyl-3-methylsulfanyl-1,2,4-triazin-5-one (Metribuzin) (CAS No. 21087-64-9) (provided for in subheading 3808.93.15)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
sert	<b>MET</b> ubchapter II	PENDIMETHALINE AND RIBUZINE FORMULATIONS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.24.12	$Formulations \qquad of \qquad 3,4-dimethyl-2,6-dinitro-N-pentan-3-ylaniline \\ (Pendimethaline) \qquad (CAS \qquad No. \qquad 40487-42-1) \qquad and \qquad 4-amino-6-tert-butyl-3-methylsulfanyl-1,2,4-triazin-5-one \qquad (Metribuzine) \qquad (CAS \qquad No. \qquad 21087-64-9) \qquad (provided for in subheading 3808.93.15) \\ \qquad \qquad \qquad \\ \\$	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
SEC		MULATIONS OF S-METOLACHLOR	ı	l	ı	2023 ''.
sert	ubchapter II	METRIBUZIN. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
	9902.24.13	$Formulations \qquad of \qquad 2\text{-}chloro-N-(2\text{-}ethyl-6\text{-}methylphenyl)-N-[(2S)-1\text{-}methoxypropan-2-yl]acetamide}  (S\text{-}Metolachlor)  (CAS \ \ No. \ 87392-12-9)  and  4\text{-}amino-6\text{-}tert-butyl-3\text{-}methylsulfanyl-1,2,4-triazin-5-one}  (Metribuzin)  (CAS \ \ No. \ 21087-64-9)  (provided \ for \ in \ subheading \ 3808.93.15)  \qquad \qquad$	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
SEC		HIFENSULFURON-METHYL AND BENURON-METHYL FORMULA- NS.				,

	9902.24.14	Formulations of methyl 2-[[(4-methoxy-6-methyl-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)-methylcarbamoyl] sulfamoyl]benzoate (Tribenuron-methyl) (CAS No. 101200-48-0) and 3-[(4-methoxy-6-methyl-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)carbamoylsulfamoyl] thiophene-2-carboxylic acid (Thifensulfuron) (CAS No. 79277-67-1) and application adjuvants (provided for in subheading 3808.93.15)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
SEC		TSULFURON-METHYL FORMULA-			l	2023 ''.
sert		vs. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.24.15	Formulations of methyl 2-[(4-methoxy-6-methyl-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl) carbamoylsulfamoyl]benzoate (Metsulfuron-methyl) (CAS No. 74223-64-6) and application adjuvants (provided for in subheading 3808.93.15)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
SEC		HLORIMURON-ETHYL FORMULA-	l	I	ı	1 2023
sert		of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
	9902.24.16	Formulations of ethyl 2-[(4-chloro-6-methoxypyrimidin-2-yl)carbamoylsulfamoyl] benzoate (Chlorimuron-ethyl) (CAS No. 90982-32-4) and application adjuvants (provided for in subheading 3808.93.15)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
SEC	107606. MIX NOA	CTURES OF BROMOXYNIL OCTA- TE AND BROMOXYNIL	'	'		
sert	ıbchapter II	<b>TANOATE.</b> of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
	9902.24.17	Mixtures of 2,6-dibromo-4-cyanophenyl octanoate (Bromoxynil octanoate) (CAS No. 1689-99-2) and 2,6-dibromo-4-cyanophenyl heptanoate (Bromoxynil heptanoate) (CAS No. 56634-95-8) (provided for in subheading 3808.93.15)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
SEC		SULFOMETURON-METHYL AND SULFURON-METHYL FORMULA-	l	I	ı	1 2023
sert		<b>vs.</b> of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.24.18	Formulations of methyl 2-[(4,6-dimethylpyrimidin-2-yl)carbamoylsulfamoyl] benzoate (Sulfometuron-methyl) (CAS No. 74222-97-2) and methyl 2-[(4-methoxy-6-methyl-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)carbamoylsulfamoyl] benzoate (Metsulfuron-methyl) (CAS No. 74223-64-6) and application adjuvants (provided for in subheading 3808.93.15)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
SEC		CHLORIMURON-ETHYL AND BENURON-METHYL FORMULA-		l	I	2023   ''.
sert		<b>vs.</b> of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
« SEC	9902.24.19	Formulations of ethyl 2-[(4-chloro-6-methoxypyrimidin-2-yl)carbamoylsulfamoyl] benzoate (Chlorimuron-ethyl) (CAS No. 90982-32-4) and methyl 2-[(4-methoxy-6-methyl-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)-methylcarbamoyl]sulfamoyl] benzoate (Tribenuron-methyl) (CAS No. 101200-48-0) and application adjuvants (provided for in subheading 3808.93.15)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023

	9902.24.20	Formulations containing methyl 3-[2-[2-chloro-4-fluoro-5-[3-methyl-2,6-dioxo-4-(trifluoromethyl)pyrimidin-1-yl]phenyl] sulfanylpropanoylamino]propanoate (Tiafenacil) (CAS No. 1220411-29-9) (provided for in subheading 3808.93.15)	0.9%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023".
St sert		<b>RON 80.</b> of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.24.21	Formulated products containing mixtures of 3-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)-1,1-dimethylurea (CAS No. 330-54-1) and application adjuvants (provided for in subheading 3808.93.15)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
St sert	ubchapter II	<b>LASULFURON HERBICIDES.</b> of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new		I	I	2023   ''.
"	9902.24.22	Formulations of 1-(4,6-dimethoxypyrimidin-2-yl)-3-[3-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]sulfonylurea (Flazasulfuron) (CAS No. 104040-78-0) (provided for in subheading 3808.93.15)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
St sert	<b>LAT</b> ubchapter II	FENSULFURON-METHYL FORMU- IONS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	l	I	l	2023   ''.
"	9902.24.23	Formulations of methyl 3-[(4-methoxy-6-methyl-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl) carbamoylsulfamoyl]thiophene-2-carboxylate (Thifensulfuron-methyl) (CAS No. 79277–27–3) and application adjuvants (provided for in subheading 3808.93.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
St sert	<b>USE</b> . ubchapter II	RBICIDE FOR FARM AND RANCH  of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	'	'	'	
"	9902.24.24	Formulations of (RS)-2-Chloro-N-(2-ethyl-6-methyl-phenyl)-N-(1-methoxypropan-2-yl)acetamide (S-metolachlor) (CAS No. 87392-12-9) and ammonium (2RS)-2-amino-4-(methylphosphinato)butyric acid (Glufosinate) (CAS No. 77182-82-2) (provided for in subheading 3808.93.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
St sert	ubchapter II	PANIL FORMULATIONS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	'	'	'	
"	9902.24.25	Formulations of N-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)propanamide (Propanil) (CAS No. 709–98–8) (provided for in subheading 3808.93.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
St sert	ubchapter II	TENSULFURON FORMULATIONS.  of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	-			
"	9902.24.26	Formulations of 3-[(4-methoxy-6-methyl-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)carbamoylsulfamoyl] thiophene-2-carboxylic acid (Thifensulfuron) (CAS No. 79277-67-1) and application adjuvants (provided for in subheading 3808.93.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
SEC	107616 TOL	PVRALATE AND NICOSULFURON	ı	I	ı	2023 ''.

# SEC. 107616. TOLPYRALATE AND NICOSULFURON HERBICIDES.

sec.	9902.24.27	Formulations of (RS)-1-{1-ethyl-4-[4-mesyl-3-(2-methoxyethoxy)-o-toluoyl]pyrazol-5-yloxyyethyl methyl carbonate (Tolpyralate) (CAS No. 1101132-67-5) and 2-[(4,6-dimethoxypyrimidin-2-yl)carbamoylsulfamoyl]-N,N-dimethylpyridine-3-carboxamide (Nicosulfuron) (CAS No. 111991-09-4) (provided for in subheading 3808.93.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023 ".
020.		APPLICATION ADJUVANTS.				
serti		of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.24.28	Mixtures of magnesium dinitrate (CAS No. 10377-60-3), 5-chloro-2-methyl-1,2-thiazol-3-one (CAS No. 26172-55-4), 2-methyl-1,2-thiazol-3-one (CAS No. 2682-20-4), magnesium dichloride (CAS No. 7786-30-3), and application adjuvants (provided for in subheading 3808.94.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023".
Sı serti	ubchapter II	N FORMULATIONS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.24.29	Nisin preparations including 2.5 percent Nisin and 92 percent salt (CAS No. 1414–45–5) (provided for in subheading 3808.99.95)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023".
Sı serti	ubchapter II	<b>FAIN FIXATIVES.</b> of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
	9902.24.30	Dye fixative used in the textile industry containing benzenesulfonic acid, hydroxy-, sodium salt (1:1), polymer with formaldehyde and 4,4'-sulfonylbis(phenol) (CAS No. 71832–81–0) (provided for in subheading 3809.91.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti	PRO POL: TATI ubchapter II	COIL ADDITIVES: COLD FLOW IM- VERS CONTAINING Y(ETHYLENE-CO-ETHENYL ACE- E). of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new		l	l	l 2023 l ''.
"	9902.24.31	Mixtures containing poly(ethylene-co-ethenyl acetate) (CAS No. 24937-78-8) used as a cold flow improver for fuel oils (provided for in subheading 3811.90.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti	PRO VINY ubchapter II	LOIL ADDITIVES: COLD FLOW IM- VERS CONTAINING FUMARATE VL ACETATE CO-POLYMER. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new		l	l	2023   ''.
	9902.24.32	Mixtures containing fumarate vinyl acetate co-polymer (CAS No. 68954-13-2) used as a cold flow improver for fuel oils (provided for in subheading 3811.90.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	IMPI VINY ubchapter II	TOE OIL ADDITIVES: COLD FLOW ROVERS CONTAINING FUMARATE TA ACETATE COPOLYMER.  of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.24.33	Mixtures containing fumarate vinyl acetate copolymer (CAS No. 68954-15-4 or 68954-14-3) used as a cold flow improver for crude oil (provided for in subheading 3811.90.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023

## CONGRESSIONAL RECORD—HOUSE

SEC. 107623. POUR POINT DEPRESSANTS.

Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

"	9902.24.34	Mixtures containing hydrophobic acrylic polymer (CAS No. 27029–57–8) used as a pour point depressant for crude oil (provided for in subheading 3811.90.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
Si sert	PRO (ETF AND ubchapter II	LOIL ADDITIVES: COLD FLOW IM- VERS CONTAINING POLY IYLENE-CO-ETHENYL ACETATE VINYL 2-ETHYL HEXANOATE). of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new		ı	'	1 2023 1	
	9902.24.35	Mixtures containing poly (ethylene-co-ethenyl acetate and vinyl 2-ethyl hexanoate) (CAS No. 52856-75-4) used as a cold flow improver for fuel oil (provided for in subheading 3811.90.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
sert	<b>HYD</b> ubchapter II	825. POLY(ISOBUTYLENE) ROFORMYLATION PRODUCTS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new		l	l	2023	
"	9902.24.36	Mixtures consisting of poly(isobutylene) hydroformylation products, reaction products with ammonia (CAS No. 337367–30–3), used in the production of gasoline detergent additive packages (provided for in subheading 3811.90.00)	5%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,,
Si sert	ubchapter II	IT FOR RUBBER PRODUCTS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
"	9902.24.37	Mixtures of 3-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)-1,1-dimethylurea (CAS No. 330-54-1) with acrylate rubber (provided for in subheading 3812.10.10)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,,
Sı sert	<b>ERA</b> <b>TIRI</b> ubchapter II	TURES OF OLIGOMERS AS GEN- L ANTIOXIDANTS FOR RUBBER 25. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
"	9902.24.38	Mixtures of oligomers of 2,2,4-trimethyl-1,2-dihydroquinoline (CAS Nos. 147–47–7 and 26780–96–1) as general antioxidants for rubber tires (provided for in subheading 3812.31.00)	4.4%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
Si sert	TRIS HOM ubchapter II	NZENE, 2,4-DIISOCYANATO-1,3,5-6(1-METHYLETHYL)-, IOPOLYMER. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new		'	'		
"	9902.24.39	Benzene, 2,4-diisocyanato-1,3,5-tris(1-methylethyl)-, homopolymer (CAS No. 29963-44-8) (provided for in subheading 3812.39.60)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	,,
Si sert	ubchapter II	MATIC AMINE ANTIOXIDANTS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new		ı	ı	2023	
	9902.24.40	Aromatic amine liquid antioxidants for various polymers consisting of benzenamine, N-phenyl-, reaction products with 2,4,4-trimethylpentene (CAS No. 68411–46–1) (provided for in subheading 3812.39.60)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
CEC	107690 4377	IOVIDANT DI ENDE					

## $SEC.\ 107630.\ ANTIOXIDANT\ BLENDS.$

« SEC	9902.24.41	Antioxidant blends for polymers consisting of tetrakismethylene (3, 5-di-t-butyl-4-hydroxyhydrocinnamate) methane (CAS No. 6683-19-8) and tris (2, 4-di-t-butylphenyl) phosphite (CAS No. 31570-04-4) (provided for in subheading 3812.39.60)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
sert	ubchapter II	YMERS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
	9902.24.42	Antioxidant blends for polymers consisting of N, N'-hexamethylene bis[3-(3,5-di-t-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionamide] (CAS No. 23128-74-7) and tris (2, 4-di-t-butylphenyl) phosphite (CAS No. 31570-04-4) (provided for in subheading 3812.39.60)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı	<b>WIT</b> <b>STE</b> ubchapter II	THETIC HYDROTALCITE COATED H FATTY ACID AND MAGNESIUM ARATE. of chapter 99 is amended by in-		I	I	l 2023 l ''.
	ing in numei ding:	rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.24.43	Polyvinyl chloride stabilizers consisting of magnesium aluminum hydroxide carbonate (synthetic hydrotalcite) (CAS No. 11097–59–9) coated with fatty acids (CAS No. 67701–03–5) and magnesium stearate (CAS No. 91031–63–9) (provided for in subheading 3812.39.90)	1.7%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti	<b>LYM</b> ubchapter II	CA SCORCH RETARDERS AND PO- ERIZATION INHIBITORS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	l	l	I	2023   ''.
	9902.24.44	Mixtures of precipitated silica gel (CAS No. 112926-00-8) and (4-hydroxy-2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-1-piperidinyl)oxidanyl (CAS No. 2226-96-2) of a kind used as polymerization inhibitors (provided for in subheading 3812.39.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti	ubchapter II	THETIC HYDROTALCITE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new			l	2023   ''.
	9902.24.45	Magnesium aluminum hydroxide carbonate (synthetic hydrotalcite) (CAS No. 11097-59-9) coated with a vegetable-based (palm oil) stearic acid (provided for in subheading 3812.39.90)	1.6%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	<b>TIO</b> I ubchapter II	TT STABILIZERS FOR CONSTRUC- N PRODUCTS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new		'	'	
"	9902.24.46	Hindered amine light stabilizers for polypropylene, polyvinyl chloride and other similar goods, the foregoing consisting of 1,6-hexanediamine, N,N-bis(2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-4-piperidinyl)-, polymer with 2,4,6-trichloro-1,3,5-triazine, reaction products with N-butyl-1-butanamine and N-butyl-2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-4-piperidinamine (CAS No. 192268-64-7) (provided for in subheading 3812.39.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti	ubchapter II	IT STABILIZER FOR PLASTICS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new		I	I	2023   ''.
"	9902.24.47	Light stabilizer for plastics containing a mixture of (2,2,6,6-tetramethy, 4-piperidinyl) polymer in 50 percent polypropylene (CAS No. 69447-45-8); 2,2,6,6-tetramethylpiperidin-4-yl) octadecanoate (CAS No. 167078-06-0) and 2,2,6,6-tetramethylpiperidin-4-ol (CAS No. 2403-88-5) (provided for in subheading 3812.39.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023 "

SEC. 107637. PREPARATIONS OF BIS(2,4-DICHLOROBENZOYL) PEROXIDE 50 PERCENT PASTE.

Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

"	9902.24.48	Preparations each used as an initiator (radical source) in the crosslinking of polymers consisting of bis(2,4-dichlorobenzoyl)peroxide (CAS No. 133–14–2) and silicone oil (provided for in subheading 3815.90.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	ubchapter II	<b>ILLED TALL OILS.</b> of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.24.49	Distilled tall oils containing more than 2 percent by weight rosin (CAS No. 8002–26–4) (provided for in subheading 3823.13.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	ubchapter II	IDINE, ALKYL DERIVATIVES. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.24.50	Pyridine, alkyl derivatives (CAS No. 68391–11–7) (provided for in subheading 3824.99.28)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
SEC.	. 107640. PC AGE	OLYISOCYANATE CROSSLINKING NTS.				
sert	ubchapter II	of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.24.51	Polyisocyanate crosslinking agent tris(4-isocyanatophenoxy)-sulfanylidene- $\lambda$ 5-phosphane (CAS No. 4151–51–3) (provided for in subheading 3824.99.28)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	ubchapter II	DING AGENT MIXTURES. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	•	'		
"	9902.24.52	Mixture of phenol;propane-1-sulfonic acid (CAS No. 70775-94-9) and 1,3-diisocyanato-2-methylbenzene;2,4-diisocyanato-1-methylbenzene (CAS No. 31370-61-3) (provided for in subheading 3824.99.28)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı	<b>AMI</b> I <b>TRIF</b> ubchapter II	QUID, CHEMICALLY MODIFIED  QUID, CHEMICALLY MODIFIED  FLUORIDE.  of chapter 99 is amended by in-  rical sequence the following new				2023   ''.
	ding:	tour ocquerioe the formatting new				
"	9902.24.53	Liquid, chemically modified amine complex of (benzylamine)trifluoroboron (CAS No. 696–99–1) (provided for in subheading 3824.99.28)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti	ubchapter II	HALOCYANINE DERIVATIVE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	I			2023   ''.
"	9902.24.54	1-Octadecanaminium, N,N-dimethyl-N-octadecyl-, (Sp-4-2)-[29H,31H-phthalocyanine-2-sulfonato(3-)- $\kappa$ N29, $\kappa$ N30, $\kappa$ N31, $\kappa$ N32]cuprate(1-) (CAS No. 70750–63–9) (provided for in subheading 3824.99.28)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
SEC.	 . 107644. MIXT TAIN	TURES OF COCAMIDOPROPYL BE-	I		l	2023   ''.

TAINE, GLYCOL DISTEARATE, LAURETH-4, AND WATER.

Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

"	9902.24.55	Mixtures of 2-[3-(dodecanoylamino)propyl-dimethylazaniumyl]acetate (Cocamidopropyl betaine) (CAS No. 61789-40-0); fatty acids, C16-18, esters with ethylene glycol (glycol distearate) (CAS No. 91031-31-1); alcohols C12-14, ethoxylated (Laureth-4) (CAS No. 68439-50-9) and oxidane (water) (CAS No. 7732-18-5) (provided for in subheading 3824.99.41)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
SEC	107645. MIX	TURES OF TALL OIL MONO-, DI-,				2023	•
Ca		TRIGLYCERIDES. of chapter 99 is amended by in-					
		rical sequence the following new					
head	ding:						
				i	ı		
"	9902.24.56	Mixtures of tall oil mono-, di-, and triglycerides of a kind used for fuel addi-		37 7	37 7		
		tives (CAS No. 97722-02-6) (provided for in subheading 3824.99.41)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
						2023	,
SEC.	. 107646. AMI	TALLOW-BIS(2-HYDROXYETHYL) NES.					
sert		of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
"	9902.24.57	Mixtures of fatty substances of animal origin containing 50 percent by weight					
		of 2-(2-hydroxyethylamino)ethanol on a polyethylene carrier (provided for in subheading 3824.99.41)	Free	No change	No change	On or be-	
		suoneuung 3024.33.41)	rree	No change	1vo change	fore 12/31/	
or o	105045 AD	DIMBLE MIVELIBES FOR METAL				2023	<b>'</b> .
	WOR	DITIVE MIXTURES FOR METAL- KING FLUIDS.					
		of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
	ding:	ical sequence the following new					
"	9902.24.58	Additive mixtures for metalworking fluids of 2-[dimethyl(propyl)azaniumyl]ethyl-[2-[2-[2-[2-[2-[2-[2-[2-[2-[2-[2-[2-[2-	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
or o	107649 NAD	HITHENIC ACIDS				2023	<b>'</b> .
		HTHENIC ACIDS. of chapter 99 is amended by in-					
	ing in numer ling:	rical sequence the following new					
neu	ung.						
"	9902.24.59	Naphthenic acids composed of 3-(3-ethylcyclopentyl)propanoic acid (CAS No.				1	
	0002.24.00	1338–24–5) having an acidic fraction greater than 70 percent (provided for in					
		subheading 3824.99.75)	Free	No change	No change		
						fore 12/31/ 2023,	,
		ROXYTYROSOL POWDERS.			ı	1 20231	•
		of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
	ding:	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
"	9902.24.60	Mixtures containing (2R,3S,4R,5R)-2,3,4,5,6-pentahydroxyhexanal (CAS No.					
		9050-36-6 (less than 90 percent by weight)) and 4-(2-hydroxyethyl)benzene-1,2-diol (CAS No. 10597-60-1 (less than 25 percent by weight)) (provided for in sub-					
		heading 3824.99.92)	Free	No change	No change	On or be-	
						fore 12/31/	
SEC	107650.	SECONDARY ALCOHOL		ı	I	2023	•

"	9902.24.61	Mixtures of C12-14-secondary ethoxylated alcohols with an average of less than 5 ethylene oxide monomer units (CAS No. 84133-50-6) (provided for in subheading 3824.99.92)	2.8%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	YLENE GLYCOL DIMERATE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new			l	2023 '''.
"	9902.24.62	Mixtures containing fatty acid polymer of a kind used as fuel additives (fatty acids, C18-unsaturated, dimers, polymers with ethylene glycol) (CAS No. 68082–28–0) (provided for in subheading 3824.99.92)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	PART LIQUID SILICONE KITS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new			1	2023   ''.
••	9902.24.63	Two-part liquid silicone kits (parts A and B) containing 58 to 70 percent by weight aluminum oxide (CAS No. 1344–28–1) treated with tetrapropyl silicate (CAS No. 682–01–9), 10 to 20 percent by weight ethenyl-[eth-enyl(dimethyl)silyl]oxy-dimethylsilane (CAS No. 68083–19–2), 5 to 15 percent by weight [dimethyl(trimethylsilyloxy)silyl]oxy-ethenyl-methyl-trimethylsilyloxysilane (CAS No. 67762–94–1), 5 to 15 percent by weight iron oxide (CAS No. 1309–37–1), 1 to 3 percent by weight bis(dimethylsilyloxy)-dimethylsilane (CAS No. 70900–21–9) and 1 to 3 percent by weight silica, [(ethenyldimethylsilyl)oxy]- and [(trimethylsilyl)oxy]-modified (CAS No. 68988–89–6) (provided for in subheading 3824.99.92)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti	<b>CA.</b> ubchapter II	of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new			l	2023 ' ''.
"	9902.24.64	Siloxanes and silicones, di-methyl, reaction products with silica (CAS No. 67762-90-7) (provided for in subheading 3824.99.92)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti	<b>DRO</b> . ıbchapter II	ANE, TRIMETHOXYOCTYL-, HY- LYSIS PRODUCTS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				2023 '''.
"	9902.24.65	Dioxosilane; trimethoxy(octyl)silane (CAS No. 92797–60–9) (provided for in subheading 3824.99.92)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
serti	( <b>TRI</b> <b>DRO</b> ıbchapter II	1,1,1-TRIMETHYL-N- METHYLSILYLISILANAMINE HY- LYSIS PRODUCTS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.24.66	1,1,1-Trimethyl-N-(trimethylsilyl)silanamine hydrolysis products with silica and 3-(triethoxysilyl)-1-propanamine (CAS No. 199876-44-3) (provided for in subheading 3824.99.92)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
SEC.	107656. V AGE	VATERBORNE EPOXY CURING NTS.				
serti	ıbchapter II	of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.24.67	Waterborne epoxy curing agents based on cycloaliphatic amine technology containing (3-aminimethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine) (CAS No. 285513–2) (provided for in subheading 3824.99.92)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023

SEC. 107657. PREPARATIONS BASED ON 1-PHENYLICOSANE-1,3-DIONE. Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by in-serting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

"	9902.24.68	Preparations based on 1-phenylicosane-1,3-dione (CAS No. 58446-52-9) (provided for in subheading 3824.99.92)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	
serti	MER YL DITI ıbchapter II	MIXTURES OF 2- CAPTOPROPIONIC ACID, METH- ESTER, O-ETHYL HOCARBONATE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
"	9902.24.69	Mixtures of methyl 2-ethoxycarbothioylsulfanylpropanoate (CAS No. 351491–23–1); heptane (CAS No. 142–82–5) and methanedithione (CAS No. 75–15–0) (provided for in subheading 3824.99.92)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023 ".	
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	XY CURING AGENTS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
"	9902.24.70	Epoxy curing agent mixtures of linseed oil polymer with bisphenol A, bisphenol A diglycidyl ether, diethylenetriamine, formaldehyde, glycidyl phenyl ether and pentaethylenehexamine (CAS No. 68915–81–1) (provided for in subheading 3824.99.92)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	THATIC AMINE CURING AGENTS.  of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				2023   ''.	
SEC.	9902.24.71	[3-(Aminomethyl)phenyl]methanamine (CAS No. 1477-55-0) (provided for in subheading 3824.99.92)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023 ''.	
Sı serti	<b>RET</b> . ıbchapter II	ARDANTS.  of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new					
"	9902.24.72	Non-halogenated flame retardants based on organic phosphinates aluminum; diethylphosphinate (CAS No. 225789–38–8) phosphonic acid, aluminum salt (3:2) (CAS No. 56287–23–1) (provided for in subheading 3824.99.92)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023 '''.	
Sı serti		PHOB N 90. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new		1	1	2023	
"	9902.24.73	Fatty acids, C16–18 and C18–unsaturated, sodium salts (CAS No. 68424–26–0) (provided for in subheading 3824.99.92)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	ANOMODIFIED SILOXANE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	-		-		
"	9902.24.74	Mixtures of poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], \(\alpha\)-butyl-\(\omega\)-hydroxy- (CAS No. 9003-13-8); polysiloxanes, di-Me, hydroxy-terminated, ethoxylated propoxylated (CAS No. 64365-23-7); and oxirane, 2-methyl-, polymer with oxirane (CAS No. 9003-11-6) (provided for in subheading 3824.99.92)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	-

SEC. 107664. METHYL PALMITATE-STEARATE, HY-DROGENATED. Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by in-serting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

"	9902.24.75	Fatty acids, C16–18, methyl esters (methyl palmitate-stearate, hydrogenated) (CAS No. 85586–21–6) (provided for in subheading 3824.99.92)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023 ''.
Sı serti	-	<b>NE E1010.</b> of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	'	'		
"	9902.24.76	Mixtures of ethane-1,2-diol;2,4,7,9-tetramethyldec-5-yne-4,7-diol (CAS No. 9014-85-1) (provided for in subheading 3824.99.92)	1%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	<b>RET</b> ıbchapter II	TAIN NON-HALOGENATED FLAME ARDANTS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
**	9902.24.77	Non-halogenated flame retardants based on organic phosphinates aluminum; diethylphosphinate (CAS No. 225789–38–8) phosphoric acid;1,3,5-triazine-2,4,6-triamine (CAS No. 218768–84–4) (provided for in subheading 3824.99.92)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	ME RETARDANTS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	l			2023   ''.
••	9902.24.78	Non-halogenated flame retardant based on organic phosphinates aluminum; diethylphosphinate (CAS No. 225789–38–8) phosphoric acid;1,3,5-tri-azine-2,4,6-triamine (CAS No. 218768–84–4) boron zinc oxide (CAS No. 12767–90–7) (provided for in subheading 3824.99.92)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti	HEX. PEN: ubchapter II	EPARATIONS BASED ON ACETYL APEPTIDE-8 AND TAPEPTIDE-18. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				2023   ''.
**	9902.24.79	Mixtures of propane-1,2,3-triol (CAS No. 56-81-5); (4S)-4-acetamido-5-[[(2S)-1-[[(2S)-1-[[(2S)-1-[[(2S)-1-[[(2S)-1-[((2S)-1-[((2S)-1-[((2S)-1-[((2S)-1-(((2S)-1-(((2S)-1-(((2S)-1-(((2S)-1-(((2S)-1-(((2S)-1-(	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	IIUM SILICON OXIDE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	I			2023   ''.
"	9902.24.80	Lithium poly-silicate (lithium silicon oxide) in dark gray powdered form (CAS No. 12627–14–4) (provided for in subheading 3824.99.92)	3.9%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
SEC		RANCHED OLEFIN FROM PRO- ENE POLYMERIZATION.	•	'		. 2020

"	9902.24.81	Branched olefin from propylene polymerization (12-[(2S,3R)-3-octyloxiran-2-yl]dodecanoic acid) (CAS No. 9003-07-0) (provided for in subheading 3902.10.00), the foregoing other than polypropylene in pellet form, containing 1 percent or more but not over 10 percent by weight of mineral filler (talc) and 10 percent or more but not over 30 percent by weight of carbon powder	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
St sert	ubchapter II	<b>PPROPYLENE PELLETS.</b> of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	•	'	•	
• •	9902.24.82	Polypropylene in pellet form, containing 1 percent or more but not over 10 percent by weight of mineral filler (talc) and 10 percent or more but not over 30 percent by weight of carbon powder (CAS No. 9003–07–0) (provided for in subheading 3902.10.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
St sert	ubchapter II	PYLENE-ETHYLENE COPOLYMER. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	•	'	•	
"	9902.24.83	Poly(propylene-co-ethylene) (CAS No. 9010-79-1) (provided for in subheading 3902.30.00), the foregoing other than ethylene-propylene copolymers containing 50 to 75 percent by weight of propylene	4.9%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023".
St sert	<b>MER</b> ubchapter II	THYLENE-PROPYLENE COPOLY- S. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.24.84	Ethylene-propylene copolymers, containing 50 to 75 percent by weight of propylene (CAS No. 9010–79–1) (provided for in subheading 3902.30.00)	3.3%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023 ".
SEC		NZENE ALKYLATED WITH POLY- PYLENE.				
sert	ubchapter II	of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.24.85	Benzene, polypropylene derivatives (CAS No. 68081-77-6) (provided for in subheading 3902.90.00)	1.3%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
St sert	ubchapter II	ORINATED POLYOLEFIN. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.24.86	Chlorinated polyolefin (1-butene, polymer with ethene and 1-propene, chloro- and tetrahydro-2,5-dioxo-3-furanyl-terminated) (CAS No. 560096-07-3) (pro- vided for in subheading 3902.90.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
St sert	ubchapter II	<b>DRBENT RESIN.</b> of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	I	I	I	2023   ''.
"	9902.24.87	Poly(divinylbenzene-co-ethylstyrene) (CAS No. 9043–77–0) (provided for in subheading 3903.90.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023 ''.
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SEC. 107677. VINYL CHLORIDE-HYDROXYPROPYL ACRYLATE COPOLYMER. Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by in-serting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

"	9902.24.88	2-Hydroxypropyl prop-2-enoate (acrylate), oxiran-2-ylmethyl 2-methylprop-2-enoate (glycidyl methacrylate), vinyl chloride copolymer (CAS No. 164718-75-6) (provided for in subheading 3904.40.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
SEC.		NYL CHLORIDE ETHYLENE CO- YMER WITH HYDROPHIC PROP-	ļ		l	2023
serti	ERT ubchapter II					
"	9902.24.89	Mixtures containing by weight less than 70 percent of ethylene-vinyl chloride copolymer (CAS No. 25037–78–9) (provided for in subheading 3904.40.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
SEC.		LUIDS WITH BOILING POINTS VE 170 °C.	'	'	'	
serti		of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.24.90	1-Propene, 1,1,2,3,3,3-hexafluoro-, oxidized, polymerized (CAS 69991–67–9) (provided for in subheading 3904.69.50), with boiling point above 170 $^{\circ}$ C	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
serti	FUN PER ibchapter II	O. FORMULATIONS OF CTIONALIZED FLUOROPOLYETHER. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	'	'		
"	9902.24.91	Ethene, 1,1,2,2-tetrafluoro-, oxidized, polymerized, reduced, fluorinated, ethyl esters, reduced (CAS No. 1573124-82-9) (provided for in subheading 3904.69.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
SEC.		RFLUOROPOLYETHER-URETHANE				2023 '''.
serti	ıbchapter II	<b>YLATE.</b> of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
	9902.24.92	Perfluoropolyether-urethane acrylate (2-propenoic acid, 2-hydroxyethyl ester, reaction products with 5-isocyanato-1-(isocyanatomethyl)-1,3,3-trimethylcyclohexane trimer and reduced Me esters of reduced polymerized, oxidized tetrafluoroethylene) (CAS No. 918664-08-1) present in a quantity comprising 60 percent or more but less than 70 percent by weight, the foregoing dissolved in 0.5 percent or more but less than 1 percent by weight of propan-2-ol (isopropyl alcohol) (CAS No. 67-63-0), 15 percent or more but less than 20 percent by weight of ethyl acetate (CAS No.141-78-6) and 10 percent or more but less than 15 percent by weight of butyl acetate (CAS No.123-86-4) (provided for in subheading 3904.69.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti	<b>POL</b> : ubchapter II	F HOMOPOLYMER/PVDF/CTFE CO- YMER MIXTURES. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				2023   ''.
	9902.24.93	Mixtures of ethene, 1,1-difluoro-, homopolymer (CAS No. 24937-79-9) and ethene, 1-chloro-1,2,2-trifluoro-, polymer with 1,1-difluoroethene (CAS No. 9010-75-7) (provided for in subheading 3904.69.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	MICALLY MODIFIED PVDF. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	l	'		
"	9902.24.94	Chemically modified ethene, 1,1-difluoro-, homopolymer (CAS No. 24937-79-9) (provided for in subheading 3904.69.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023"

SEC.

107684. FLUOROPOLYMER, FLUOROETHYLENE-ALKYL VINYLETHER ALTERNATIVE COPOLY-MERS.

	9902.24.95	Chlorotrifluoroethylene-cyclohexyl vinyl ether-hydroxybutyl vinyl ether copolymer in flake or powder form, having a glass transition temperature of 51 $^{\circ}$ C (CAS No. 89461–13–2) (provided for in subheading 3904.69.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023				
Su sertin	SEC. 107685. COPOLYMER OF VINYL ACETATE AND HIGHER VINYL ESTERS.  Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:									
	9902.24.96	Mixtures containing 50 percent by weight poly(vinyl acetate-co-vinyl laurate) (CAS No. 26354-30-3) and 50 percent by weight bis(2-ethylhexyl) adipate (CAS No. 103-23-1) (provided for in subheading 3905.19.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023				
Su sertin	SEC. 107686. FOOD-GRADE VINYL ACETATE CO- POLYMER.  Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by in- serting in numerical sequence the following new heading:									
	9902.24.97	Dodecanoic acid, ethenyl ester, polymer with ethenyl acetate (CAS No. 26354–30–3) (provided for in subheading 3905.19.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023".				
Su sertin	SEC. 107687. VINYL CHLORIDE ETHYLENE WITH ENHANCED PROPERTIES.  Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:									
	9902.24.98	Mixtures containing by weight less than 75 percent of ethylene-vinyl acetate- vinyl chloride copolymer (CAS No. 25085-46-5) (provided for in subheading 3905.29.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023 ".				
Su	<b>MER</b> bchapter II ng in nume	YL ACETATE ETHYLENE COPOLY- WITH ENHANCED PROPERTIES. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new								
**	9902.24.99	Mixtures containing not more than 75 percent by weight of poly(ethylene-co-ethenyl acetate) (CAS No. 24937–78–8), other than in aqueous dispersion (provided for in subheading 3905.29.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023				
SEC.		OD-GRADE POLYVINYL ACETATE IOPOLYMERS.	ı	·		1 20231 .				
	ng in nume	of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new								
	9902.25.01	Dodecanoic acid, ethenyl ester, polymer with ethenyl acetate (CAS No. 26354–30–3) (provided for in subheading 3905.29.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023 ".				
Su	RAN bchapter II ng in numer	RYLIC ACIDIVINYLSULPHONATE DOM COPOLYMERS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new								
	9902.25.02	Acrylic acid-sodium vinylsulfonate copolymers, sodium persulfate initiated, reaction product with tetrasodium vinylidene diphosphonic acid (CAS No. 397256-50-7) (provided for in subheading 3905.91.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023 ".				

SEC. 107691. POLY(METHYL METHACRYLATE)
MICROSPHERES.
Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

"	9902.25.03	Poly(methyl methacrylate) granular or spherical micro-spheres, each with mean particle size of 1 to 25 $\mu m$ (CAS No. 9011–14–7) (provided for in subheading 3906.10.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
SEC.		METHYL METHACRYLATE SSPOLYMER MICROSPHERES.			•	, 2020	
sert	ıbchapter II	of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
	9902.25.04	Composites of methyl methacrylate crosspolymer (methyl 2-methylprop-2-enoate;2-(2-methylprop-2-enoyloxy)ethyl 2-methylprop-2-enoate) (CAS No. 25777-71-3), entirely spherical micro-spheres with mean particle size of 1 to 25 µm and containing 7 to 10 percent by weight of dicalcium phosphate (CAS No. 7757-93-9) (provided for in subheading 3906.10.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
SEC.	107693. ST	 YRENE ACRYLATE COPOLYMER	l			2023	۱".
	WIT	H ENHANCED PROPERTIES.					
sert		of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
"	9902.25.05	Mixtures containing less than 65 percent by weight of butyl prop-2-enoate; styrene (CAS No. 25767-47-9) (provided for in subheading 3906.90.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	OLYMER FOR DENTAL USE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	•			1 2020	
	9902.25.06	Reacted copolymer of itaconic and acrylic acids, containing by weight over 90 percent 2-propenoic acid polymer with methylenebutanedioic acid, and also containing ethyl acetate and tetrahydrofuran (CAS No. 25948–33–8) (provided for in subheading 3906.90.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
SEC	ACII	 YL PHOSPHONIC ACID, ACRYLIC D COPOLYMER, 20 PERCENT SO- ION IN WATER.				2023	Ι ''.
sert	ıbchapter II	of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new					
"	9902.25.07	2-Propenoic acid, polymer with p-ethenylphosphonic acid, 20 percent solution in water (CAS No. 27936–88–5) (provided for in subheading 3906.90.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	YACRYLATE 33. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	'		'	1 2025	
	9902.25.08	Mixtures of polyacrylate 33 (methyl methacrylate, polymers with ethyl acrylate, polyethylene glycol methacrylate C16-22-alkyl ethers and polyethylene-polypropylene glycol methacrylate 2-(6,6-dimethylbicyclo[3.1.1]hept-2-en-2-yl)ethyl ether) (CAS No. 1204525-16-5) and alcohols, C10-16, ethoxylated, sulfates, ammonium salts (CAS No. 67762-19-0) (provided for in subheading 3906.90.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	".
SEC.	107697. AA/A	MPS COPOLYMER.					

• •	9902.25.09	Acrylic acid-2-acrylamide-2-methyl propanesulfonic acid copolymer (prop-2-enoic acid;2-(prop-2-enoylamino)butane-2-sulfonic acid) (CAS No. 40623–75–4) in granule form, with a particle size between 250 and 850 $\mu m$ (provided for in subheading 3906.90.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023''.
SEC		8. FLOCCULANT DRY YACRYLAMIDES.				
sert	ubchapter II	of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.25.10	Flocculant dry polyacrylamides (prop-2-enamide) (CAS No. 9003-05-8) (provided for in subheading 3906.90.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
SEC		ORBITOL, PROPYLENE OXIDE, YLENE OXIDE POLYMER.		I		2023   ''.
sert		of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.25.11	Oxirane, 2-methyl-, polymer with oxirane, ether with D-glucitol (6:1) (CAS No. 56449–05–9) (provided for in subheading 3907.20.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
SEC	PRO	700. TRIMETHOXYSILYL- PYLCARBAMATE-TERMINATED		Į.		1 2023
sert	ubchapter II	<b>YETHER.</b> of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
• •	9902.25.12	$Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], \\ (trimethoxysilyl)propyl)amino)carbonyl)-\omega-((((3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl)amino)carbonyl)oxy)- (CAS No. 216597–12–5) (provided for in subheading 3907.20.00)$	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
SEC	  -	107701.				2023 '''.
Si sert	<b>DIMI</b> SILY <b>NAT</b> : ubchapter II	ETHOXY(METHYL)- LMETHYLCARBAMATE-TERMI- ED POLYETHER.  of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.25.13	$Poly(oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)), \qquad \alpha-((((dimethoxymethylsilyl) methyl)amino)carbonyl)-\omega-((((dimethoxymethylsilyl) methyl)amino)carbonyl)oxy)-(CAS No. 611222–18–5) (provided for in subheading 3907.20.00)$	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
St sert	<b>THR</b> ubchapter II	ING AGENT IS USED IN TWO- OR EE-PARTS EPOXY SYSTEMS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new		1	'	1 2023
"	9902.25.14	Polyoxypropylen glycol diamine ((3S,4S)-pyrrolidine-3,4-diol) (CAS No. 9046–10-0) (provided for in subheading 3907.20.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
St sert	ubchapter II	YETHYLENE GLYCOL 450. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new		ı	1	. 2020 I .
"	9902.25.15	$Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), \alpha-hydro-\omega-hydroxy-ethane-1,2-diol,$ ethoxylated, $PEG~450~(CAS~No.~25322-68-3)~(provided~for~in~subheading~3907.20.00)~$	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023 ''.
SEC	. 107704. MEI	DICINAL INTERMEDIATE FOR IN-				

"	9902.25.16	Poly(oxy-1,2-ethandiyl), $\alpha$ -[[(2,5-dioxo-1-pyrrolidinyl) oxy]carbonyl]- $\omega$ -[[(2,5-dioxo-1-pyrrolinyl)oxy]carbonyl]oxy-(di-NHS PEG40K) (CAS No. 122375-06-8) (provided for in subheading 3907.20.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
SEC		QUEOUS SOLUTIONS OF CAR- YLIC ACID-COPOLYMER-SALT IN	l	l		2023
sert	<b>WAT</b> ıbchapter II					
""	9902.25.18	Aqueous solutions containing by weight more than 35 percent of 2,5-furandione, polymer with $\alpha$ -[4-(ethenyloxy)butyl]- $\omega$ -hydroxypoly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), sodium salt (CAS No. 250591–55–0) (provided for in subheading 3907.20.00)	3%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Si serti	FIEL PHII ıbchapter II	UEOUS SOLUTIONS OF A MODI- D POLYMER BEARING HYDRO- LIC AND HYDROPHOBIC GROUPS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				2023 ".
"	9902.25.19	Aqueous solutions containing by weight more than 40 percent of 2,5-furandione, polymer with ethenylbenzene, hydrolyzed, 3-(dimethylamino)propyl imide, imide with polyethylene-polypropylene glycol 2-aminopropyl me ether, 2,2'-(1,2-diazenediyl)bis(2-methylbutanenitrile)-initiated (CAS No. 1062609–13–5) (provided for in subheading 3907.20.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
SEC		7707. DIMETHYLAMINE/ HLOROHYDRIN/ETHYLENE-	l	l	l	2023   ''.
sert	<b>DIAN</b> ıbchapter II	IINE COPOLYMER. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.25.20	1,2-Ethane diamine, polymer with 2-(chloromethyl) oxirane and N-methylmethanamine (CAS No. 42751-79-1) (provided for in subheading 3907.30.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Si serti	<b>IPH</b> A ıbchapter II	CAR HYDROXYL-TERMINATED AL- NATIC POLYCARB DIOL. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	I		ı	2023   ''.
"	9902.25.21	Poly(dimethyl carbonate-co-1,6-hexanediol) (CAS No. 101325-00-2) (provided for in subheading 3907.40.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Si serti	ıbchapter II	RT HOLLOW PET FIBERS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.25.22	Hollow fibers of poly(ethylene terephthalate) (CAS No. 25038–59–9), having a viscosity number of 78 ml/g or higher, each fiber measuring 0.5 mm or more but not more than 5 mm in length (provided for in subheading 3907.61.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Si serti	ıbchapter II	TETRAHYDROFURAN. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	I		I	2023   ''.
"	9902.25.23	Polytetrahydrofuran (CAS No. 25190-06-1) (provided for in subheading 3907.99.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023

SEC. 107711. CRYSTALLINE POLYESTERS.
Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

"	9902.25.24	1,4-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, 1,4-dimethyl ester, polymer with 1,4-butanediol and $\alpha$ -hydro- $\omega$ -hydroxypoly(oxy-1,4- butanediyl) (CAS No. 9078-71-1) (provided for in subheading 3907.99.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	ıbchapter İI	TID CRYSTAL POLYMERS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	'	'		
"	9902.25.25	1,4-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, polymer with 1,4-butanediol and $\alpha$ -hydro- $\omega$ -hydroxypoly(oxy-1,4-butanediyl) (CAS No. 37282-12-5) (provided for in subheading 3907.99.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	NCHED POLYESTERS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	,			2023 1 ".
	9902.25.26	1,3-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, polymer with 1,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-5-isobenzofurancarboxylic acid, 1,4-dimethyl 1,4-benzenedicarboxylate, 2,2-dimethyl-1,3-propanediol and 1,2-ethanediol (CAS No. 207346-22-3) (provided for in subheading 3907.99.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	<b>ESTI</b> ıbchapter II	H MOLECULAR WEIGHT CO-POLY- ER. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
	9902.25.27	1,4-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, 1,4-dimethyl ester, polymer with 1,4-butanediol and tricyclodecanedimethanol (CAS No. 490017-22-6) (provided for in subheading 3907.99.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	<b>ESTI</b> ıbchapter II	H MOLECULAR WEIGHT CO-POLY- ER. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.25.28	1,3-Benzenedicarboxylic acid polymer with 1,4-benzenedicarboxylic acid, dimethyl ester, 1,4-cyclohexanedimethanol, 2,2-dimethyl-1,3-propanediol and 1,2-ethanediol (CAS No. 74239–60–4) (provided for in subheading 3907.99.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
SEC.	. 10771	6. POLYESTER-POLYAMIDE	ļ			2023
serti		ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.25.29	Dodecanoic acid, reaction products with ethylenimine-2-oxepanone polymer (CAS No. 132434-99-2) (provided for in subheading 3907.99.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	ON-12 MICRO-SPHERES. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.25.30	Nylon-12, entirely spherical micro-spheres with mean particle size of 1 to 25 $\mu m$ (CAS No. 24937–16–4) (provided for in subheading 3908.10.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023 ".
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	RT NYLON-66 FIBERS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.25.31	Nylon 66 (CAS No. 32131–17–2) fiber, measuring 3.3 decitex or more but not more than 22.2 decitex and having a fiber length each measuring 0.5 mm or more but not over 2 mm (provided for in subheading 3908.10.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023

SEC. 107719. SHORT NYLON 6 FIBERS, COLORED.
Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

"	9902.25.32	Nylon 6 (CAS No. 25038-54-4) fibers, colored with pigments, measuring approximately 5.5 or more but not more than 22.2 decitex and having a fiber length each measuring 1 mm or more but not over 5 mm (provided for in subheading 3908.10.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023,	,,,
SEC	. 107720. SH BER	ORT TRIANGULAR NYLON 6 FI-					
sert	ubchapter II	of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
"	9902.25.33	Triangular nylon 6 (CAS No. 25038–54–4) fibers, measuring 2 or more but not more than 5 decitex and having a fiber length each measuring 0.5 mm or more but not over 2 mm (provided for in subheading 3908.10.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	,,
SEC		ORT STAR-SHAPED NYLON 6 FI-	l	I	l	2023   '	•
sert		S. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
"	9902.25.34	Star-shaped nylon 6 (CAS No. 25038-54-4) fibers, measuring 50 or more but not more than 200 decitex and having a fiber length each measuring 0.5 mm or more but not over 5 mm (provided for in subheading 3908.10.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
SEC	. 107722. SHO BER	ORT HEART-SHAPED NYLON 6 FI-		•	'	1 2020	•
sert	ubchapter II	of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
	9902.25.35	Heart-shaped nylon 6 (CAS No. 25038–54-4) fibers, measuring 150 decitex and having a fiber length each measuring 0.5 mm or more but not over 2 mm (provided for in subheading 3908.10.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
St sert	ubchapter II	O POLYMER COMPOUNDS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new		I	l	l 2023 l '	•
"	9902.25.36	Mixtures containing poly(imino-1,5-pentanediylimino(1,10-dioxo-1,10-decanediyl)) PA510 (CAS No. 105063-19-2) (provided for in subheading 3908.90.70)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023,	,,
St sert	ubchapter II	6 POLYMER COMPOUNDS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new		'		, 2020	•
	9902.25.37	Compounds in which hexanedioic acid, polymer with 1,3-benzenedimethanamine (MXD6) (CAS No. 25728-70-1) is the predominant polymer resin (provided for in subheading 3908.90.70)	2.2%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
St sert	ubchapter II	of POLYMER COMPOUNDS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	I	I	I	l 2023 l '	•
	9902.25.38	Compounds in which poly(iminocarbonyl-1,4-phenylenecarbonylimino-1,10-decanediyl) (PA10T) (CAS No. 24938-74-7) is the predominant polymer resin (provided for in subheading 3908.90.70)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023,	,,
0710		WALL DOLL THE COLUMN CO					

SEC. 107726. PA10T/10I POLYMER COMPOUNDS.
Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

Sı serti	ıbchapter II	Compounds in which poly(iminocarbonyl-1,4-phenylenecarbonylimino-1,10-decanediyl)-co-(iminocarbonyl-1,3-phenylenecarbonylimino-1,10-decanediyl) (PA10T/101) (CAS No. 106413-15-4) is the predominant polymer resin (provided for in subheading 3908.90.70)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
"	9902.25.40	Butane-1,4-diol;1,6-diisocyanatohexane;hexanedioic acid;5-isocyanato-1-(isocyanatomethyl)-1,3,3-trimethylcyclohexane (CAS No. 107934-19-0) (provided for in subheading 3909.50.20)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	EOUS RESIN. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.25.41	Hexanedioic acid, polymer with 1,4-butanediol, 1,6-diisocyanatohexane, 1,6-hexanediol and 5-isocyanato-1-(isocyanatomethyl)-1,3,3-trimethylcyclohexane (CAS No. 153640-62-1) (provided for in subheading 3909.50.20)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	HATIC POLYISOCYANATE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.25.42	1,2,3-Propanetriol, polymer with 2,4-diisocyanato-1-methylbenzene, 2-ethyl-2-(hydroxymethyl)-1,3-propanediol, methyloxirane and oxirane (CAS No. 127821–00–5) (provided for in subheading 3909.50.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	<b>POL</b> : ubchapter II	OI AND HDI BASED ALIPHATIC YISOCYANATE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
	9902.25.43	Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], $\alpha$ -hydro- $\omega$ -hydroxy-, polymer with 1,6-diisocyanatohexane (CAS No. 9048–90–2) and cyclohexane, 5-isocyanato-1-(isocyanatomethyl)-1,3,3-trimethyl-, (CAS No. 53880–05–0) (provided for in subheading 3909.50.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti	CRO ubchapter II	ITRIMETHYLOL HEXYLLACTONE SSPOLYMER MICRO-SPHERES. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	l			2023 '''.
"	9902.25.44	Hexamethylene diisocyanate (HDI)/trimethylol hexyllactone crosspolymer (1,6-diisocyanatohexane;2-ethyl-2-(hydroxymethyl)propane-1,3-diol;oxepan-2-one) (CAS No. 129757-76-2), entirely spherical micro-spheres with mean particle size of 1 to 25 μm and coated with 1 to 3 percent by weight of silica (CAS No. 7631-86-9) (provided for in subheading 3909.50.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
serti	<b>CRO</b> ubchapter II	HDI/PPG/POLYCAPROLACTONE SSPOLYMER MICRO-SPHERES. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new		'		2023   ''.
	9902.25.45	2-Oxepanone, polymer with 1,6-diisocyanatohexane, 2-ethyl-2-(hydroxymethyl)-1,3-propanediol and $\alpha$ -hydro- $\omega$ -hydroxy[poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)]] ether with D-glucitol (6:1) (CAS No. 302791–95–3), entirely spherical micro-spheres with mean particle size of 3 to 25 $\mu$ m (provided for in subheading 3909.50.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023 ''.

7733. AROMATIC PREPOLYMER. ISOCYANATE SEC. Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading: 9902.25.46Isocyanic acid, polymethylenepolyphenylene ester, polymer withmethyloxirane and oxirane (CAS No. 67423-05-6) (provided for in subheading 3909.50.50) ..... Free No change No change On or before 12/31/ 2023 ..... SEC. 107734. BLOCKED POLYISOCYANATE CONTAINING SOLVENT. Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading: 9902.25.47 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis-, Phenol. with 1,3polymer diisocyanatomethylbenzene, 1,1'-methylenebis[4-isocyanatobenzene], methyloxirane and 2-methyloxirane polymer with oxirane ether with 1,2,3propanetriol (3:1), Me Et ketone oxime-blocked (CAS No. 1334421-42-9) (provided for in subheading 3909.50.50) Free No change No change On or before 12/31/ 2023 ..... SEC. 107735. POLYISOCYANATE ADDUCT FOR POW-DER COATINGS. Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading: 9902.25.48 1, 3-Bis ((5-isocyanato-1, 3, 3-trimethylcyclohexyl) methyl) - 1, 3-diazetidine-2, 4-diazetidine-2, 4-diaz $dione; but an e-1, 4-diol \ (CAS\ No.\ 72828-34-3) \ (provided\ for\ in\ subheading$ 3909.50.50) FreeNo change No change On or before 12/31/ 2023 ...... SEC. 107736. BLOCKED POLYISOCYANATE FOR USE IN CAN AND COIL APPLICA-TIONS. Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading: 9902.25.49 Isocyanato-1-(isocyanatomethyl)-1,3,3-trimethylcyclohexane (Isophorone  $\ diisocyanante),\ homopolymer,\ methyl\ ethyl\ ketone\ oxime-blocked\ (CAS\ No.$ 103170-26-9) (provided for in subheading 3909.50.50) ..... FreeNo change No change On or before 12/31/ 2023 ...... SEC. 107737. POLYDIMETHYLSILOXANE. Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading: 9902.25.50 Polydimethylsiloxane (Dimethyl-bis(trimethylsilyloxy)silane) (CAS No. 63148-62-9) (provided for in heading 3910.00.00) ..... Free No change No change On or before 12/31/ 2023 ..... SEC. 107738. SILICONE RESINS. Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading: 9902.25.51 Siloxanes and silicones, di-Me, polymers with Me PH silsesquioxanes (CAS No.

Free

No change

On or be-

fore 12/31/ 2023 ......

No change

## SEC. 107739. METHOXYFUNCTIONAL METHYL-PHENYL POLYSILOXANE.

68440-81-3) (provided for in heading 3910.00.00) .....

"	9902.25.52	Siloxanes and silicones, di-Me, polymers with PH silsesquioxanes, butoxy- and methoxy-terminated (CAS No. 104780–72–5) (provided for in heading 3910.00.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023 ''.
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	ROGENPOLYSILOXANE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.25.53	Dimethyl-[methyl(trimethylsilyloxy)silyl]oxy-trimethylsilyloxysilane (CAS No. 68037-59-2) (provided for in heading 3910.00.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023".
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	HYL SILICONE RESINS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.25.54	Siloxanes and silicones, di-Me, polymers with Me silsesquioxanes, ethoxy-terminated (CAS No. 68554-66-5) (provided for in heading 3910.00.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023".
SEC.		. EPOXY FUNCTIONAL YDIMETHYLSILOXANE.				
serti	ıbchapter II	of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.25.56	Methoxy-methyl-[3-[3-(oxiran-2-yl)propoxy]propyl]-trimethylsilyloxysilane (CAS No. 68440-71-1) (provided for in heading 3910.00.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	METHYLHYDROGENSILOXANE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.25.57	Poly(methylhydrosiloxane) (CAS No. 63148-57-2) (provided for in heading 3910.00.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023".
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	TI TERMINATED SILOXANES.  of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
	9902.25.58	Siloxanes and silicones, di-Me, vinyl group-terminated (ethenyl-[eth-enyl(dimethyl)silyl]oxy-dimethylsilane) (CAS No. 68083–19–2) (provided for in heading 3910.00.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
SEC.	. 107745. SILI	CONE HYBRID RESIN (SOLVENT	ļ			2023 \ ''.
serti		E). of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
	9902.25.59	Mixtures containing 85 percent or more by weight of silsesquioxanes, Me Ph, methoxy-terminated, polymers with epichlorohydrin, 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis[cyclohexanol] and trimethyl (CAS No. 349656-42-4) and 10 percent or less by weight cyclohexanol, 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis-, polymer with 2-(chloromethyl)oxirane (CAS No. 30583-72-3) (provided for in heading 3910.00.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
SEC.		07746. HYDROGENATED	ļ	ļ	l	2023 \ ''.
Sı serti	<b>POL</b> ıbchapter II	YCYCLOPENTADIENE RESIN. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.25.60	$Hydrogenated\ polycyclopenta diene\ resin\ (1,3-Cyclopenta diene\ homopolymer, hydrogenated)\ (CAS\ No.\ 68132-00-3)\ (provided\ for\ in\ subheading\ 3911.10.00)\$	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023

SEC. 107747. WATER DISPERSABLE HDI BASED POLYISOCYANATE.

Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

	9902.25.61	Hexane,1,6-diisocyanato-, homopolymer (CAS No. 28182-81-2) and cyclohexane,5-isocyanato-1-(isocyanatomethyl)-1,3,3-trimethyl-,homopolymer (CAS No. 53880-05-0) (provided for in subheading 3911.90.25)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
Sı serti	<b>END</b> <b>IND</b> ubchapter II	NATE ESTER RESINS FOR HIGH- ELECTRONIC, AEROSPACE, AND USTRIAL APPLICATIONS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new			I	2023	·".
"	9902.25.62	Cyanic acid, C,C'-[(1-methylethylidene)di-4,1-phenylene] ester, homopolymer (CAS No. 25722-66-1) (provided for in subheading 3911.90.45)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
SEC.	USE	YETHYLENEIMINE, COMPONENT D IN MANUFACTURING MEDICAL ICES.			I	2023	
serti	ıbchapter II	of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
	9902.25.63	Polyethylenimine (CAS No. 9002–98–6), of a kind used as a component for further manufacturing into a finished medical device (provided for in subheading 3911.90.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
Sı serti		YHEXANIDE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new			l	2023	· ~·•
"	9902.25.64	Poly (hexamethylenebiguanide) hydrochloride (Polyhexanide) (CAS No. 32289–58-0) (provided for in subheading 3911.90.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,,
Sı serti	<b>MER</b> ıbchapter II	HYLENE-NORBORNENE COPOLY- : of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
"	9902.25.65	Poly(ethylene-ran-(2-norbornene)), substantially amorphous, having a glass transition temperature less than 145 °C (CAS No. 26007–43–2) (provided for in subheading 3911.90.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	LULOSE POWDER. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new			'		
"	9902.25.66	Cellulose entirely spherical micro-spheres, each with mean particle size of 1 to 25 $\mu m$ (CAS No. 9004–34–6) (provided for in subheading 3912.90.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,,
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	WMALTOTRIOSE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
"	9902.25.67	$Poly[6)$ - $\alpha$ - $D$ - $glucopyranosyl$ - $(1->4)$ - $\alpha$ - $D$ - $glucopyranosyl$ - $(1->4)$ - $\alpha$ - $D$ - $glucopyranosyl$ - $(1->)$ ( $Polymaltotriose$ ) ( $CAS$ No. 9057–02–7) ( $provided$ for in $subheading$ 3913.90.20)	1.3%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	,,
SEC.	. 107754. CHIT	COSAN.			I	2023	۱ ′'.

***	9902.25.68	$Chitosan \qquad (methyl \qquad N-[(2S,3R,4R,5S,6R)-5-[(2S,3R,4R,5S,6R)-3-amino-5-[(2S,3R,4R,5S,6R)-3-amino-5-[(2S,3R,4R,5S,6R)-3-amino-5-[(2S,3R,4R,5S,6R)-3-amino-5-[(2S,3R,4R,5S,6R)-3-amino-5-[(2S,3R,4R,5S,6R)-3-amino-6-[(2S,3R,4R,5S,6R)-3-amino-4,3-dihydroxy-6-(hydroxymethyl)oxan-2-yl]oxy-4-hydroxy-6-(hydroxymethyl)oxan-2-yl]oxy-4-hydroxy-6-(hydroxymethyl)oxan-2-yl]oxy-4-hydroxy-6-(hydroxymethyl)oxan-2-yl]oxy-4-hydroxy-6-(hydroxymethyl)oxan-3-yl]oxy-2-[(2R,3S,4R,5R,6S)-5-amino-6-[(2R,3S,4R,5R,6R)-5-amino-4,6-dihydroxy-2-(hydroxymethyl)oxan-3-yl]oxy-4-hydroxy-2-(hydroxymethyl)oxan-3-yl]oxy-4-hydroxy-6-(hydroxymethyl)oxan-3-yl]oxy-4-hydroxy-6-(hydroxymethyl)oxan-3-yl]carbamate) (CAS No. 9012-76-4) (provided for in subheading 3913.90.20)$	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
S. sert	ubchapter II	STIC DRINKING STRAWS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new		'	'	
"	9902.25.69	Drinking straws of plastics, each measuring 8 mm or more in outside diameter and 20 cm or more in length (provided for in subheading 3917.32.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
S. sert		DEN HOSES.  of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
sec		Garden hoses of plastics, constructed with a grade 304 stainless steel interlocking spiral band outer shell, flexible polyvinyl chloride (PVC) inner hose, having aluminum fittings with rubber grips, weighing not more than 2.8 kg, the foregoing whether or not presented with nozzle (provided for in subheading 3917.39.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023".
sert	ubchapter II	FLUOROALKOXY. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
• •	9902.25.71	Plastic fittings of perfluoroalkoxy (PFA), of a kind used principally with machines and apparatus for the manufacture of semiconductors and flat panel displays of heading 8486 (provided for in subheading 3917.40.00, 3926.90.99 or 3923.50.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sert	( <b>LDI</b> ubchapter II	OW DENSITY POLYETHYLENE PE) SHEETING. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new		1	'	2025   .
"	9902.25.72	Low density sheeting of polyethylene, measuring in width 3,810 mm, gauge 0.15 mm and length 2,000 meters, translucent solid with waxy color as presented (provided for in subheading 3920.10.00)	3.1%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
S'sert	<b>POL</b> ubchapter II	XIALLY ORIENTED DIELECTRIC YPROPYLENE FILM. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.25.73	Biaxially oriented dielectric polypropylene film, produced from solvent-washed low ash content (less than 50 ppm) polymer resin (CAS No. 9003-07-0) (provided for in subheading 3920.20.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023

## SEC. 107760. BIAXIALLY ORIENTED POLY-PROPYLENE (BOPP) CAPACITOR-GRADE FILM.

• •	9902.25.74	Transparent coextruded biaxially oriented polypropylene film, capacitor-grade, presented in rolls of a width not exceeding 790 mm and of a thickness not exceeding 15 $\mu m$ (provided for in subheading 3920.20.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023".
SEC	. 107761. I FILN	POLYESTER CAPACITOR-GRADE 1.				
sert		of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
**	9902.25.75	Transparent coextruded biaxially oriented polyester film, capacitor-grade, presented in roll form, of a width not exceeding 790 mm and of a thickness not exceeding 15 $\mu$ m (provided for in subheading 3920.62.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Si serti	ubchapter II	PFORM MEMBRANES. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	I	l	1	1 2023
""	9902.25.76	Membranes of short side chain (Poly(tetrafluoroethylene-co-perfluoro(3-oxa-4-pentenesulfonic acid)) (CAS No. 1163733-25-2) (provided for in subheading 3920.99.20)	4.1%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Si serti	ubchapter II	AMINE RESIN FOAM. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	l	I	I	2023   ''.
••	9902.25.77	Foam of thermoset melamine resin, measuring 1,250 mm or more in width, 500 mm in height and 1,300 mm or more but not more than 3,100 mm in length, with a density not less than 4 and not more than 11 kg/m³ per EN ISO 845 specimen size 250 mm³ (provided for in subheading 3921.19.00)	5.4%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
SEC	 . 107764. INF.	 ANT BATHTUBS AND BASINS, OF	l	l	I	2023   ''.
Si serti	<b>PLA</b> ubchapter II	STICS.  of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.25.78	Infant bathtubs and washbasins of plastics, each measuring not over 70 cm in length, 48 cm in width and 29 cm in height (provided for in subheading 3922.10.00)	3.4%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Si serti	<b>LAR</b> ubchapter II	KES, CASES, CRATES, AND SIMI- ARTICLES OF PLASTICS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	I	I	I	2023   ''.
"	9902.25.79	Boxes, cases, crates and similar articles of plastics (provided for in subheading 3923.10.90), the foregoing specially shaped or fitted for the conveyance of lithography machines, apparatus or parts thereof for the manufacture of semiconductor devices or of electronic integrated circuits of subheading 8486.20.00 or 8486.90.00	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
sert	<b>PRO</b> ubchapter II	NOZZLES, BLACK, OF POLY- PYLENE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	I	l	I	2023   ''.
••	9902.25.80	Nozzles of polypropylene, black in color, each measuring 4.5 mm in inside diameter, with an outer diameter of 29 mm and a height of 39.2 mm (provided for in subheading 3923.10.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023

SEC. 107767. TIP/CAP COMBINATIONS OF POLY-ETHYLENE.

Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by in-serting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

	9902.25.81	Tips of low density polyethylene, each measuring 19.1 mm in height, with outer diameter of 18.4 mm, of a capacity of 20 ml and weighing not over 0.9 g; each such tip attached to a cap of high density polyethylene, measuring 16.2 mm, with outer diameter of 18.4 mm and weighing not over 1.3 g (provided for in subheading 3923.10.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	TLES MADE OF LDPE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new		I	I	2023   ''.
	9902.25.82	Bottles of low density polyethylene, each measuring 56 mm in height, having an outer diameter of 27 mm, with a bottle neck having an outer diameter of 16.2 mm, of a capacity of 20 ml, weighing not over 4 g (provided for in subheading 3923.30.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
SEC.		ASTIC NASAL IRRIGATOR CAPS NETI POTS.	1	I	I	1 2023 1 .
serti	ıbchapter II	of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.25.83	Nasal irrigator caps of plastics, designed for use on ceramic neti pots (provided for in subheading 3923.50.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	CHARACTER BOTTLE TOPPERS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new		l	I	2023   ''.
***	9902.25.84	Three-dimensional (3D) toy character bottle toppers of plastics, each consisting of a threaded bottle cap, a straw-like sipper and a 3D children's toy character from children's movies or television programs, having a diameter of at least 32 mm (provided for in subheading 3923.50.00)	2.8%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
SEC.		AMINE PLATTERS, OTHER THAN SE PRESENTED IN SETS.		l	l	2023   ''.
serti		of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.25.85	Melamine platters, other than those presented in sets (provided for in subheading 3924.10.20)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
SEC.		LAMINE PLATES, OTHER THAN SE PRESENTED IN SETS.		l	I	2023   ''.
serti	ıbchapter II	of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.25.86	Melamine plates, other than those presented in sets (provided for in sub- heading 3924.10.20)	0.8%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
SEC.	107773. MEL IN S	AMINE BOWLS NOT PRESENTED	'	!		1 2023
serti	ıbchapter II	of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.25.87	Melamine bowls, not presented in sets (provided for in subheading 3924.10.20)	0.8%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023"
SEC.	107774. MEI IN S	AMINE TRAYS NOT PRESENTED ETS.				
serti		of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.25.88	Melamine trays, the foregoing other than those presented in sets (provided for in subheading 3924.10.30)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023

SEC. 107775. PLASTIC MEASURING CUPS AND SPOONS IN SETS.

Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

"	9902.25.89	Measuring cups, spoons, or combinations thereof, the foregoing of plastics, designed for table or kitchen use to measure ingredients, such goods presented in sets each containing from 4 to 12 pieces (provided for in subheading 3924.10.40)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,,
Sı serti	ubchapter II	of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new					
"	9902.25.90	Household kitchen measuring tools, of plastics, designed to be used for liquid ingredients, such goods with measuring size not exceeding 1 liter (provided for in subheading 3924.10.40)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
Sı serti	<b>TAIN</b> ubchapter II	F-ANCHORING BEVERAGE CON- VERS.  of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					•
	9902.25.91	Self-anchoring beverage containers of plastics, each with a base made from orange silicone, such base measuring no more than 60.4 mm (provided for in subheading 3924.10.40)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,,
Sı serti	ubchapter II	INFANT BATHTUB MATS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
	9902.25.92	Polyvinylchloride (PVC) infant bathtub mats, whale-shaped, each with non- slip surface, drainage-allowing perforations and suction cups on the bottom surface, of a length less than 76.2 cm and not over 39.4 cm in width (provided for in subheading 3924.90.10)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
Sı serti	ubchapter II	ersible Playmats. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	I		I	l 2023 l	
"	9902.25.93	Printed, cushioned mats, each with core of polyurethane foam and outer layer of thermoplastic polyurethane film, measuring approximately 218.4 cm by 132.1 cm and 11.5 mm in thickness when unrolled (provided for in subheading 3924.90.10)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,,
Sı serti		GERS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	1	'	'	1 2025 1	
"	9902.25.95	Molded plastic hangers of a width not exceeding 6.35 mm, coated or covered with a velvet-like, textile flocking material and incorporating a metal hook (provided for in subheading 3924.90.56)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
Sı serti	ubchapter II	NT BATH RINSING CUPS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	•				
"	9902.25.96	Infant bath rinsing cups, of polypropylene plastics, each with interior fins and with a soft thermoplastic rubber lip designed to keep water from infant's forehead; not containing bisphenol A (BPA), polyvinyl chloride (PVC) and phthalate (provided for in subheading 3924.90.56)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,.

SEC. 107782. BATHTUB SPOUT COVERS.
Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

	9902.25.97	Whale-shaped adjustable bathtub spout covers, of thermoplastic materials (provided for in subheading 3924.90.56)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
Su serti	bchapter II	NT TEETHERS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				2023 l	"•
: 6	9902.25.98	Infant teethers of silicone, each measuring not over 10 cm by 10 cm, weighing over 0.05 kg and containing a silicone-encased disk of stainless steel (provided for in subheading 3924.90.56)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	,,
Su serti	bchapter II	TTED DOG FETCH TOYS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				2023 l	···
	9902.25.99	Molded balls of thermoplastic rubber, with encased light-emitting diode (LED) lights, each battery-operated, measuring 64 mm in diameter, with a hardness of 40 Shore A per ASTM D2240 (provided for in subheading 3924.90.56)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
Su serti	<b>GAN</b> bchapter II	TAIN THERMOPLASTIC NYLON 3- G SWITCH WALLPLATES. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new		'		2020	•
	9902.26.01	Thermoplastic nylon 3-gang switch wallplates, each measuring approximately 17.14 cm by 12.4 cm (provided for in subheading 3925.90.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
Su serti	<b>LER</b> : bchapter II	IVAL PLASTIC DISPOSABLE CUT- Y DISPENSERS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new					
"	9902.26.02	Dispensers designed to contain and release pieces of disposable cutlery of plastics, manually operated, each dispenser with press lever single-dispensing operation and designed to hold banded cartridges of same-branded (only) disposable cutlery, such dispensers designed to be wall mounted (provided for in subheading 3925.90.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,,
Su serti	<b>CON</b> bchapter II	BULB SYRINGES OF CLEAR SILI- E. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new					
"	9902.26.03	Ear bulb syringes, each with tip and bulb of clear silicone and with polystyrene ring connector (provided for in subheading 3926.90.21)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
Su serti	bchapter II	INFLATABLE PILLOWS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new		'		2023	•
: €	9902.26.04	Inflatable travel pillows of flexible polyvinyl chloride, the exterior of which may be flocked, each with a valve for inflation, such pillows measuring between 60 cm and 70 cm in length and 15 cm to 25 cm in width and weighing between 150 g and 190 g, the foregoing presented with an attached nylon flat cord measuring between 75 cm to 80 cm in length and 1 cm to 1.5 cm in width, and which may each have a cover of polyester (provided for in subheading 3926.90.75)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	

SEC. 107789. SELF-INFLATABLE QUEEN AIR MATTRESSES.

Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

"	9902.26.05	Pneumatic air mattresses of polyvinyl chloride, each with a flocked surface and built-in 120 V electric pump, measuring approximately 205.7 cm by 157.5 cm by 54.6 cm, weighing 11.3 kg and valued \$34 or more but not over \$40 (provided for in subheading 3926.90.75)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,,
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	STIC CLIP FASTENERS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	•	'			
	9902.26.06	Fasteners of nylon or of polypropylene, with a filament length of 2.5 mm or more but not over 127 mm, presented on clips each holding the quantity of 25, 50, 100 or 120 pieces, suitable for use in a mechanical attaching device (provided for in subheading 3926.90.85)	3.6%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
Sı serti	<b>EXH</b> ıbchapter II	F-VENTING SPOUTS FOR DIESEL AUST FLUID. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	l	I		l 2023	Ι΄.
	9902.26.07	Self-venting spouts or nozzles, threaded for connection to plastic containers on one end and fitted for connection to diesel exhaust fluid (DEF) tanks of diesel motor vehicles on the other, the foregoing presented without the containers (provided for in subheading 3926.90.99)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	STIC PET CARRIERS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new		l		2023	l ''.
	9902.26.08	Carrying cases of hard plastics, each with handle and door of plastics and with no door of metal, the foregoing designed for use for reptiles or amphibians and not for the housing or transport of mammals, measuring not over 381 mm on any side (provided for in subheading 3926.90.99)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,,
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	STIC MIXING TIPS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	•	'		1 2020	
"	9902.26.09	Plastic mixing tips, each consisting of a mixer housing, mixing elements and a retaining ring, each designed for use as a disposable mixing tip for two-part chemistries in the dental industry (provided for in subheading 3926.90.99)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,,
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	LE TIES OF PLASTICS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
	9902.26.10	Cable ties of nylon, measuring 20 cm or more but not more than 61 cm in length, sold in packs each containing not over 100 pieces and valued not over \$1 per pack (provided for in subheading 3926.90.99)	3.8%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,,
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	TIBLE CAMERA MOUNTINGS.  of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
	9902.26.11	Camera mounts of plastics, each with an elongated, segmented plastic neck composed of 6 to 8 ball joints, incorporating a base that clips into other types of mounts, engineered to mount cameras of subheading 8525.80.40 (provided for in subheading 3926.90.99)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,,

SEC. 107796. THREE-PIECE CAMERA MOUNT SETS.
Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

	9902.26.12	Sets each containing three camera mounts of plastics, such mounts designed for cameras of subheading 8525.80.40; with each set containing one mount incorporating an adjustable head-strap designed to encircle the forehead, one mount buoyant in water incorporating a handle designed to allow a user to grip with the hand and one mount in the form of a clip (provided for in subheading 3926.90.99)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
SEC.		SNETIC SWIVEL CLIPS FOR CAM-				2023 '''.
serti		s. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.26.13	Camera mounts of plastics, designed to hold cameras of subheading 8525.80.40, each mount incorporating a clip and magnetic base, capable of rotating the camera 360 degrees on a plane (provided for in subheading 3926.90.99)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	MET CAMERA MOUNTS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.26.14	Camera mounts of plastics, each designed to attach camera of subheading 8525.80.40 securely onto the front or side of a helmet (provided for in subheading 3926.90.99)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	<b>WITI</b> ubchapter II	RT EXTENSION POLES FOR USE H CAMERAS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new			'	
"	9902.26.15	Extension poles of plastics, designed for use with cameras of subheading 8525.80.40; such poles not buoyant in water, each having an adjustable length greater than 11 cm and less than 23 cm and incorporating a collapsible tripod handle (provided for in subheading 3926.90.99)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
SEC.	. 107800. LON ERA	UG EXTENSION POLES FOR CAM-	•			2023
serti	ıbchapter II	of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
	9902.26.16	Extension poles of plastics, designed for use with cameras of subheading 8525.80.40; such poles not buoyant in water and without folding extension arms, each pole having an adjustable length between 23 cm and 56 cm and incorporating a collapsible tripod handle (provided for in subheading 3926.90.99)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023''.
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	VEL MOUNTS FOR CAMERAS.  of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.26.17	Camera mounts of plastics, designed to hold cameras of subheading 8525.80.40, each mount containing a ball joint and capable of swiveling the camera 360 degrees without detaching the mount (provided for in subheading 3926.90.99)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	OD CAMERA MOUNTS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	•	. '	•	. 2020 1 .
"	9902.26.18	Camera mounts of plastics, each designed to attach a camera of subheading 8525.80.40 securely onto a tripod (provided for in subheading 3926.90.99)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023

## CONGRESSIONAL RECORD—HOUSE

**SEC. 107803. BULK HYDRAULIC HOSES.**Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

"	9902.26.19	Bulk hoses of vulcanized rubber, reinforced with metal, without fittings, designed for hydraulic use (provided for in subheading 4009.21.00)	1.6%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	,,
Si sert	ubchapter II	KE HYDRAULIC HOSES. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	l	I	I	l 2023 l	
	9902.26.20	Brake hoses, with fittings, for the vehicles of subheading 8701.20 or headings 8702, 8703, 8704, 8705 or 8711, such hoses reinforced or otherwise combined only with textile materials (provided for in subheading 4009.32.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
SEC		ILK FABRIC/METAL-REINFORCED		l	I	2023	´´•
sert	ubchapter II	BER HOSES. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
	9902.26.21	Hoses of vulcanized rubber (other than hard rubber), reinforced with both textile materials and metal, without fittings, presented in bulk and designed for hydraulic use (provided for in subheading 4009.41.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
Si sert	ubchapter II	OSABLE GLOVES. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	'	'	'	1 2023	•
"	9902.26.22	Seamless disposable gloves of vulcanized rubber other than hard rubber, designed for household use, such gloves other than surgical or medical gloves (provided for in subheading 4015.19.10)	1.5%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
Si sert	ubchapter II	SABLE GLOVES. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new		l	ı	2023	•
"	9902.26.23	Household reusable seamless gloves, of vulcanized rubber other than hard rubber (provided for in subheading 4015.19.10)	1.2%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
Si sert	ubchapter II	AND CAT APPAREL. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	•	'	'	1 2023	•
	9902.26.24	Articles of pet apparel, excluding life jackets for pets and pet apparel with attached or built-in collars or harnesses; such articles put up for retail sale (provided for in subheading 4201.00.60)	1%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
Si sert	ubchapter II	YCARBONATE VANITY CASES. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	-		-	020	•
"	9902.26.25	Hard-sided polycarbonate vanity cases with zipper closure, such cases measuring 13 cm (including hinge) in width, 18.2 cm (including top ring) in height, at least 7 cm but not over 7.6 cm deep, each case weighing 167.26 grams or more but not over 184.27 grams (provided for in subheading 4202.12.21)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
SEC	  - 107810. ALU	MINUM VANITY CASES.	1	l	I	2023	".

"	9902.26.26	Hard-sided vanity cases of aluminum, such cases with latch closure and measuring 13.8 cm in width (including hinge and latch), 18.2 cm in height (including top ring) and at least 7.5 cm but not over 7.6 cm in depth; the foregoing weighing at least 240.97 grams but not over 297.67 grams each (provided for in subheading 4202.19.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
SEC		ITCASES WITH OUTER SURFACE	l	1	l	2023 ''	٠
		ALUMINUM WITH BUILT-IN ZIP- LOCKS.					
sert		of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
**	9902.26.27	Suitcases with outer surface of aluminum, with 4 wheels, at least 1 handle, with built-in zipper locks of a type compliant with standards of the Transportation Security Administration keyed for opening with a universal master tool made and patented in the United States, the first side of the locks measuring 3.73 cm or more but not over 17.78 cm, the second side of the locks measuring 1.77 cm or more but not over 7.72 cm and the third side of the locks measuring 1.06 cm or more but not over 3.97 cm (provided for in subheading 4202.19.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
SEC		MINATED RECYCLED REUSABLE	l	1	l	2023   ''	•
sert	ıbchapter II	of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
"	9902.26.29	Shopping tote bags made from laminated 100 percent recycled PET fabric made from recycled plastic bottles, each bag having a width of 38.1 cm and shoulder straps with a length of 59.69 cm (provided for in subheading 4202.92.31)	12.7%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
SEC	. 107813. RE	 USABLE SHOPPING STYLE TOTE		l		2023 ' ''	
sert		'S. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
"	9902.26.31	Reusable shopping-style tote bags of plastic, each with handles, load capacity not over 13.61 kg and measuring at least 43.18 cm but not over 63.5 cm in width, at least 38.1 cm but not over 50.8 cm in height and 19.94 cm but not over 23.5 cm in depth (provided for in subheading 4202.92.45), the foregoing other than of woven man-made fiber fabric visibly coated on the outer surface with plastics	6.9%	No change	No change	On or be-	
						fore 12/31/ 2023 "	,
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	ERPROOF TOTE BAGS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	'	ı	'	1 2023 1	•
"	9902.26.32	Waterproof tote bags of woven man-made fiber fabric visibly coated on the outer surface with plastics, each bag with welded seams, two or more adjustable handles, a reinforced bottom, and with a toothless plastic fully watertight zipper on both the primary compartment and the side pocket (provided for in subheading 4202.92.45)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	ERPROOF DUFFLE BAGS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				2023 ' ''	
"	9902.26.33	Waterproof duffle bags of woven man-made fiber fabric visibly coated on the outer surface with plastics, each with welded seams, a toothless plastic fully watertight zipper, a reinforced bottom and a separate watertight zippered compartment at the bottom (provided for in subheading 4202.92.45)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023 ''	,
SEC	. 107816. W	 VATERPROOF ZIPPERED BAGS,	'	ı	ı	1 2020 I	•

SEC. 107816. WATERPROOF ZIPPERED BAGS, WITHOUT HANDLES, OF PLASTIC SHEETING.

Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

"	9902.26.34	Waterproof bags of clear thermoplastic polyurethane (TPU) film and woven man-made fiber fabric visibly coated on the outer surface with plastics, each with welded seams and incorporating a toothless plastic fully watertight zipper closure; such bags measuring not over 26.2 cm wide, 27.0 cm high and 8.2 cm deep (provided for in subheading 4202.92.45), the foregoing without handles	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	ERPROOF BACKPACKS.  of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new		I	I	2023   ''.
"	9902.26.35	Waterproof backpacks of woven man-made fiber fabric visibly coated on the outer surface with plastics, each with welded seams, a toothless plastic fully watertight zipper and a reinforced bottom, the foregoing not presented with a detachable front pouch having its own shoulder strap (provided for in subheading 4202.92.45)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	ERPROOF WAIST PACKS.  of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new		I	I	2023   ''.
	9902.26.36	Waterproof waist packs of woven man-made fiber fabric visibly coated on the outer surface with plastics, each with welded seams and toothless plastic fully watertight zipper and adjustable waist strap (provided for in subheading 4202.92.45)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti		PAR CASES.  of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	I	I	I	l 2023 l ''.
"	9902.26.37	Guitar cases, each having a guitar-shaped (not rectangular) exterior, a polyester plush interior lining and a single carrying handle, such handle with a covering of a kind known as Tolex; the foregoing cases made from plywood covered with sheeting of plastics and incorporating 4 or 5 metal locking clasps and valued over \$40 but not over \$60 each (provided for in subheading 4202.92.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	ELRY BOXES. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				2023
"	9902.26.38	Jewelry boxes constructed of medium density fiberboard (MDF) covered with sheeting of plastics on the outer surface, each box with an embossed design covering more than 50 percent of the exterior and incorporating one exterior window through which the jewelry can be viewed, the foregoing with compartmentalized interior sections lined with velvet (provided for in subheading 4202.92.97)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti	<b>WIT</b> lbchapter II	ICONE RUBBER CAMERA CASES H STRAPS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				2023
"	9902.26.39	Camera cases of silicone rubber, designed to hold cameras of subheading 8525.80.40, each case containing openings for the operation of the camera and an adjustable nylon strap and measuring not more than 52 mm in height, 76 mm in width and 29 mm in depth (provided for in subheading 4202.99.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023

SEC. 107822. LEATHER GLOVES WITH FLIP MITTS FOR HUNTING.

Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

S sert	<b>\$18 (</b> ubchapter II	Full-fingered gloves, each with a palm side of leather and a back side comprising a camouflage-printed knitted fabric wholly of polyester and laminated to expanded polytetrafluoroethylene (EPTFE), such gloves with insulation comprising 40 percent by weight of synthetic microfiber and 60 percent by weight of duck down; each having a mitt sewn to the back of the glove as a flap, with leather tips for each finger and thumb designed to improve grip, such mitt designed to cover the fingers for additional warmth; the foregoing gloves designed for use in the sport of hunting (provided for in subheading 4203.21.80)  TS LEATHER GLOVES VALUED AT OF MORE PER PAIR. Of chapter 99 is amended by inicical sequence the following new	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023			
"	9902.26.41	Men's full-fingered gloves with a palm side of leather and a backside of woven fabric comprising 89 percent or more but not over 95 percent by weight of manmade fibers and 5 percent or more but not over 11 percent by weight of elastomeric fibers, such fabric fully lined with a waterproof membrane, such gloves stuffed with synthetic microfiber for thermal insulation, with elasticized wrist and valued at \$18 or more/pr; the foregoing other than gloves specially designed for use in sports (provided for in subheading 4203.29.30)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023			
S's	SEC. 107824. BELTS OF CALF SKIN.  Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by in- serting in numerical sequence the following new heading:								
"	9902.26.42	Belts of calf skin (provided for in subheading 4303.10.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023"			
S sert	SEC. 107825. BAMBOO ENGINEERED FLOORING: 12.5–12.9 MM THICK. Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:								
	9902.26.43	Plywood flooring with a face ply of bamboo (Phyllostachys pubescens), such face ply measuring less than 4 mm in thickness; each flooring panel measuring at least 12.5 mm but not over 12.9 mm in thickness and at least 125.0 mm but not over 230.6 mm in width (provided for in subheading 4412.10.05)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/			
S sert	<b>14.1-</b> ubchapter II	MBOO ENGINEERED FLOORING: -14.5 MM THICK. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new		l	I	2023   ''.			
	9902.26.44	Plywood flooring with a face ply of bamboo (Phyllostachys pubescens), such face ply measuring less than 4 mm in thickness; each flooring panel measuring at least 14.1 mm but not over 14.5 mm in thickness and at least 125.0 mm but not over 230.6 mm in width (provided for in subheading 4412.10.05)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/			
S: sert	<b>15.7-</b> ubchapter II	MBOO ENGINEERED FLOORING: -16.1 MM THICK. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new		I	I	2023   ''.			
"	9902.26.45	Plywood flooring with a face ply of bamboo (Phyllostachys pubescens), such face ply measuring less than 4 mm; each flooring panel measuring at least 15.7 mm but not over 16.1 mm in thickness and at least 125.0 mm but not over 230.6 mm in width (provided for in subheading 4412.10.05)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023			

SEC. 107828. STRAND BAMBOO FLOORING: 12.5—12.9 MM THICK.

Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

	9902.26.46	Strand bamboo (Phyllostachys pubescens) flooring, tongued and grooved, continuously shaped along any of its ends, surface covered with a clear or transparent material which does not obscure the grain, texture or markings of the face ply, such flooring measuring at least 12.5 mm but not over 12.9 mm in thickness and at least 126.8 mm but not over 127.2 mm in width (provided for in subheading 4418.91.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
SEC	  - 107829. STI	RAND BAMBOO FLOORING: 14.1-	l			2023 '''.
.St		MM THICK. of chapter 99 is amended by in-				
sert		ical sequence the following new				
	9902.26.47	Strand bamboo (Phyllostachys pubescens) flooring, tongued and grooved, continuously shaped along any of its ends, surface covered with a clear or transparent material which does not obscure the grain, texture or markings of the face ply, such flooring measuring at least 14.1 mm but not over 14.5 mm in thickness and at least 126.8 mm but not over 127.2 mm in width (provided for in subheading 4418.91.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
SEC	  - 107830, STI	RAND BAMBOO FLOORING: 10.9-				2023 '''.
St sert	<b>11.3</b> ubchapter II	MM THICK.  of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
	9902.26.48	Strand bamboo (Phyllostachys pubescens) flooring, tongued and grooved, continuously shaped along any of its ends, surface covered with a clear or transparent material which does not obscure the grain, texture or markings of the face ply, such flooring measuring at least 10.9 mm but not over 11.3 mm in thickness and at least 126.8 mm but not over 127.2 mm in width (provided for in subheading 4418.91.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
St sert	ubchapter II	PSTICKS MADE OF BAMBOO. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	'	'	•	
"	9902.26.49	Bamboo chopsticks (provided for in subheading 4419.12.00)	0.7%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
St sert	ubchapter II	ING RACKS OF WOOD. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	l	I	ı	2023   ''.
"	9902.26.50	Drying racks of wood designed to mount on the wall and fold up accordion style, the foregoing used for drying delicate clothing (provided for in subheading 4420.90.80)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
St sert	ubchapter II	BOO SKEWERS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	l	l	ı	2023   ''.
"	9902.26.51	Skewers or sticks made of bamboo, the foregoing not over 31 cm in length (provided for in subheading 4421.91.60)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023"
SEC		OOD BLINDS WITH LOUVERED		•	•	. 2020 I .
sert		of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.26.52	Wood blinds with louvered boards (provided for in subheading 4421.99.40)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023"

SEC. 107835. 100 PERCENT COTTON WOVEN CRIMPED UNBLEACHED FABRIC.

Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

Si	TAIN WEIG THA MET ubchapter II	Woven fabrics wholly of cotton, unbleached, crimped, with yarn number between 43 and 68, presented folded into 3 layers, measuring less than 84 cm wide before folding and less than 28 cm wide after folding; weighing less than 25 g/m² before folding and less than 75 g/m² after folding (measuring 3 layers at once); piece length less than 76 cm; put up layered on rolls of up to 200 pieces per roll, with edges not attached in any way, such fabric easily unfolded (provided for in subheading 5208.11.40)  WEN FABRICS OF COTTON, CON-WING 85 PERCENT OR MORE BY GHT OF COTTON, NOT MORE BY GHT OF COTTON, NOT MORE BY 200 GRAMS PER SQUARE ER.  10 of chapter 99 is amended by inical sequence the following new	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023 ''.
	ding:	ical sequence me following new				
"	9902.26.54	Woven fabrics of cotton, containing 85 percent or more by weight of cotton, weighing not more than 200 g/m², unbleached, satin weave or twill weave, 256 cm or greater in width; such fabrics having a thread count exceeding 200 or an average yarn number exceeding 68 (provided for in subheading 5208.19.20)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
SEC		00 PERCENT COTTON WOVEN	l	I	l	2023   ''.
sert	<b>WEA</b> ubchapter II	ACHED FABRIC PIECES, OPEN VE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.26.56	Fabrics wholly of cotton, bleached, open weave, average yarn number between 43 and 68 metric, weighing less than 60 g/m²; presented folded in layers ranging in number from 2 to 16 layers, in pieces on rolls or stacked in a box, or on bolts, or continuous length on large rolls; measuring 89 cm to 92 cm in width before folding, folded widths between 22 cm and 42 cm in width, lengths vary depending upon packaging but ranging from 22 cm to 950 m (provided for in subheading 5208.21.40)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023 ''.
SEC		ONTINENCE UNDERPAD FABRICS OTTON.	l	ı	l	1 2023 1 .
sert	ubchapter II	of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.26.57	Woven fabrics wholly of cotton, bleached, twill weave, of single ply yarns, weighing between 132 and 140 $g/m^2$ , measuring 182 to 194 cm in width, with 286 and 304 decitex in the warp and between 358 and 380 decitex in the filling, with 25 to 27 yarns per cm in the warp and 16 to 18 yarns per cm in the filling (provided for in subheading 5208.29.20)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Si sert	AN TWE ubchapter II	VEN FABRICS OF COTTON WITH AVERAGE YARN NUMBER BE- EN 55 AND 60. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	I	I	I	l 2023 l ''.
"	9902.26.58	Woven fabrics of cotton, containing over 50 percent but less than 85 percent by weight of cotton, mixed mainly with man-made fibers, weighing not more than 200 g/m², unbleached, plain weave, in widths of 305 cm or greater; such fabrics having an average yarn number exceeding 55 but not exceeding 60 (provided for in subheading 5210.11.60)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Si sert	<b>NUM</b> ubchapter II	EN FABRIC OF COTTON OF YARN (BER 69 OR HIGHER. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	ı	I	I	1 2023 1 * .
"	9902.26.59	Woven fabrics of cotton, containing over 50 percent but less than 85 percent by weight of cotton, mixed mainly with man-made fibers, weighing not more than 200 g/m², unbleached, plain weave, of yarn number 69 or higher number, in widths of 226 cm or greater (provided for in subheading 5210.11.80)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023 '''.

## SEC. 107841. WOVEN FABRICS OF COTTON WITH AN AVERAGE YARN NUMBER EX-CEEDING 68.

Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

••	9902.26.60	Woven fabric of cotton, containing over 50 percent but less than 85 percent by weight of cotton, mixed solely with man-made fibers, weighing not more than 200 g/m², unbleached, satin weave or twill weave, other than 3-thread or 4-thread twill or cross twill, in widths of 226 cm or greater; such fabrics having an average yarn number exceeding 68 (provided for in subheading 5210.19.20).	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
SEC		ONTINENCE UNDERPAD FABRICS, TON, PLAIN WEAVE, OF YARN	ļ <u></u>		I	1 2023
sert	<b>NUM</b> ıbchapter II	IBER 42 OR LOWER.  of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
	9902.26.61	Woven fabrics of cotton, of yarn number 42 or lower, containing by weight 77 percent to 83 percent of cotton and 17 percent to 23 percent of polyester, bleached, plain weave, weighing 165 to 175 $g/m^2$ , measuring 182 to 194 cm in width, constructed with single ply yarns with 239 to 253 decitex in the warp and with two ply yarns of 573 to 609 decitex in the filling, 19 to 21 yarns per cm in the warp and 9 to 11 single yarns per cm in the filling (provided for in subheading 5210.21.40)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti	COT NUM ıbchapter II	ONTINENCE UNDERPAD FABRICS, TON, PLAIN WEAVE, OF YARN IBER BETWEEN 43 AND 68. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new			I	2023   ''.
**	9902.26.62	Woven fabrics of cotton, of yarn numbers 43 to 68, such fabrics containing by weight 51 percent to 55 percent of cotton and 45 percent to 49 percent of polyester, bleached, plain weave of single ply yarns, weighing 99 to 105 g/m², measuring 182 to 194 cm in width, with 184 to 196 decitex in the warp and filling, 29 to 31 yarns per cm in the warp and 19 to 21 yarns per cm in the filling (provided for in subheading 5210.21.60)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
SEC.	. 107844. INCO	ONTINENCE UNDERPAD FABRICS,				2023 '''.
Sı serti	<b>BLE</b> ıbchapter II	ACHED.  of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
	9902.26.63	Woven fabrics of cotton, 3-thread or 4-thread twill, containing by weight 51 percent to 55 percent of cotton and 45 percent to 49 percent of polyester, bleached, of single ply yarns, weighing 132 to 140 g/m², measuring 182 to 194 cm in width, with 162 to 172 decitex in the warp and 358 to 380 decitex in the filling, 29 to 31 yarns per cm in the warp and 21 to 23 yarns per cm in the filling (provided for in subheading 5210.29.10)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
SEC.		ONTINENCE UNDERPAD FABRICS,				2023   ''.
sert	ıbchapter II	<b>NTED.</b> of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
	9902.26.64	Woven fabrics of cotton, 3-thread or 4-thread twill, containing by weight 51 percent to 55 percent of cotton and 45 percent to 49 percent of polyester, printed, made from single ply yarns, weighing 132 to 140 g/m², measuring 182 to 194 cm in width, with 162 to 172 decitex in the warp and 358 to 380 decitex in the filling, 29 to 31 yarns per cm the warp and 21 to 23 yarns per cm in the filling (provided for in subheading 5210.59.10)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
SEC	107846 UN	TWISTED FILAMENT POLYVINYL				2023 ''.

ALCOHOL YARN, MEASURING 1,100
TO 1,330 DECITEX.
Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

"	9902.26.65	Synthetic (polyvinyl alcohol) filament yarn, untwisted, measuring from 1,100 to 1,330 decitex and consisting of 200 filaments (provided for in subheading 5402.49.91)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
SEC	 ! 107847 UN	TWISTED FILAMENT POLYVINYL				2023 ''.
Si sert	<b>ALC</b> ubchapter II	OHOL YARN. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.26.66	Synthetic (polyvinyl alcohol) filament yarn, untwisted, measuring 1,330 to 2,070 decitex and consisting of between 600 and 1000 filaments (provided for in subheading 5402.49.91)	0.5%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
SEC				Į.	ļ.	1 2023 1 .
sert	ubchapter II	IOFILAMENT.  of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.26.67	Synthetic monofilament of polypropylene, of 67 decitex or more and of which no cross-sectional dimension exceeds 1 mm (provided for in subheading 5404.12.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
SEC		YLIC FIBER TOW WITH AN AVER-		l	l	2023   ''.
sert	ubchapter II	of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.26.68	Acrylic filament tow containing at least 85 percent but not more than 94 percent by weight of acrylonitrile units and 1 percent or more but not over 4 percent of water, raw white (undyed), crimped, with an average decitex of 0.9 (plus or minus 10 percent) and an aggregate filament measure in the tow bundle between 660,000 and 1,300,000 decitex, with a length greater than 2 m (provided for in subheading 5501.30.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
SEC		ACK POLYESTER BI-COMPONENT		l		2023   ''.
sert		CRS.  of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.26.71	Synthetic staple fibers, not carded, combed or otherwise processed for spinning, the foregoing comprising black polyester bi-component fibers measuring between 4.4 and 6.7 decitex and with fiber length between 50 and 51 mm; having an outer copolymer sheath that melts at a lower temperature than the core; the foregoing of a kind used for bonding fibers together (provided for in subheading 5503.20.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Si sert	<b>AVE</b> <b>LEN</b> ubchapter II	RYLIC STAPLE FIBERS WITH AN RAGE DECITEX OF 2.2, FIBER GTH OF 100 MM. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new		'	'	
	9902.26.72	Acrylic staple fibers containing at least 85 percent by weight of acrylonitrile units and 2 percent or more but not over 3 percent of water, raw white (undyed), crimped, with an average decitex of 2.2 (plus or minus 10 percent) and fiber length of 100 mm (plus or minus 10 percent) (provided for in subheading 5503.30.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
OE-C	1 105050 350	DAGONIA GOMANA ENDADO MOM		l	l	2023 ''.

SEC. 107852. MODACRYLIC STAPLE FIBERS NOT PROCESSED FOR SPINNING.

Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

	9902.26.73	Modacrylic staple fibers containing 35 percent or more but not over 85 percent by weight of acrylonitrile units and 1 percent or more but not over 3 percent of water, pigmented, crimped, with an average decitex between 1.9 and 3.3 (plus or minus 10 percent) and a fiber length between 45 and 51 mm (plus or minus 10 percent) (provided for in subheading 5503.30.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	RT POLYPROPYLENE FIBERS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new		I		2023   ''.
"	9902.26.74	Polypropylene fibers, 6.66 decitex, with a fiber length of 0.5 mm (provided for in subheading 5503.40.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023".
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	YOXADIAZOLE FIBERS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
	9902.26.75	Synthetic staple fibers of polyoxadiazole, not carded, combed or otherwise processed for spinning, measuring between 1 and 2 decitex and with fiber length between 38 mm and 51 mm (provided for in subheading 5503.90.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023''.
Sı serti	COS ubchapter II	TIFICIAL STAPLE FIBERS OF VISERAYON, 38-42 MM IN LENGTH.  of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
	9902.26.76	Artificial staple fibers of viscose rayon, not carded, combed or otherwise processed for spinning, each measuring 1.5 or more but not over 1.8 decitex and having a fiber length measuring 38 mm or more but not over 42 mm (provided for in subheading 5504.10.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	RAYO FEM ubchapter II	TIFICIAL FIBERS OF VISCOSE ON FOR THE MANUFACTURE OF ININE HYGIENE PRODUCTS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	'	'	'	
"	9902.26.77	Artificial staple fibers of viscose rayon, not carded, combed or otherwise processed for spinning, each measuring 2.9 or more but not over 3.7 decitex and having a fiber length measuring 28 mm, the foregoing suitable for use in producing goods of heading 9619 (provided for in subheading 5504.10.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti	<b>MEA</b> ıbchapter II	ME RETARDANT RAYON FIBERS, SURING 4.78 DECITEX. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	l	l	I	2023   ''.
	9902.26.78	Artificial staple fibers of viscose rayon, not carded, combed or otherwise processed for spinning, containing 28 percent or more but not over 33 percent by weight of silica, measuring 4.78 decitex in lengths of 60 mm (provided for in subheading 5504.10.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti	<b>MEA</b> ıbchapter II	ME RETARDANT RAYON FIBERS, SURING 4.55 DECITEX. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new			I	2023   ''.
	9902.26.79	Artificial staple fibers of viscose rayon, not carded, combed or otherwise processed for spinning, containing 28 percent or more but not over 33 percent by weight of silica measuring 4.55 decitex in lengths of 60 mm (provided for in subheading 5504.10.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/

SEC. 107859. FLAME RETARDANT RAYON FIBERS, MEASURING 4.4 DECITEX. Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by in-serting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

"	9902.26.80	Artificial staple fibers of viscose rayon, not carded, combed or otherwise processed for spinning, each containing 28 percent or more but not over 33 percent by weight of silica, measuring 4.4 decitex and 60 mm in length (provided for in subheading 5504.10.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	,,
SEC		HER FLAME RETARDANT RAYON		ı	l	2023	•
sert		of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
"	9902.26.81	Artificial staple fibers of viscose rayon, not carded, combed or otherwise processed for spinning and containing 28 percent or more but not over 33 percent by weight of silica (provided for in subheading 5504.10.00); the foregoing other than fibers measuring 2.2 decitex in lengths of 38 mm, measuring 4.7 decitex in lengths of 51 mm or measuring 3.3, 4.4, 4.55, 4.7, 4.78 or 5.0 decitex in lengths of 60 mm	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
SEC		LLULOSIC MAN-MADE VISCOSE ON STAPLE FIBERS, MEASURING					
sert	ubchapter II	.5 DECITEX.  of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
"	9902.26.82	Artificial staple fibers of viscose rayon, not carded, combed or otherwise processed for spinning, measuring 1.3 decitex but not over 1.5 decitex and having a fiber length each measuring 20 mm or more but not over 150 mm (provided for in subheading 5504.10.00), the foregoing other than fibers with a length of 38 mm or more but not over 42 mm	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
Si sert	<b>MEA</b> <b>A FI</b> ubchapter II	SCOSE RAYON STAPLE FIBERS, SURING 1.5-1.67 DECITEX, WITH BER LENGTH OF 38-42 MM. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	l	I	I	2023	".
"	9902.26.83	Artificial staple fibers of viscose rayon, not carded, combed or otherwise processed for spinning, each measuring greater than 1.5 decitex but not over 1.67 decitex and having a fiber length measuring 20 mm or more but not over 150 mm (provided for in subheading 5504.10.00), the foregoing other than fibers with a length of 38 mm or more but not over 42 mm	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	,,
	RAY 1.67-	ELULOSIC MAN-MADE VISCOSE ON STAPLE FIBERS, MEASURING 2 DECITEX.	ı	I	I	2023	···
sert		of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
"	9902.26.84	Artificial staple fibers of viscose rayon, not carded, combed or otherwise processed for spinning, measuring greater than 1.67 decitex but not over 2 decitex and having a fiber length each measuring 20 mm or more but not over 150 mm (provided for in subheading 5504.10.00), the foregoing other than fibers with a length of 38 mm or more but not over 42 mm	0.6%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
SEC		 SCOSE RAYON STAPLE FIBERS, SURING 1-2 DECITEX, WITH A	I	1	I	2023	···

MEASURING 1-2 DECITEX, WITH A FIBER LENGTH OF 4-8 MM.

Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

• •	9902.26.85	Artificial staple fibers of viscose rayon, not carded, combed or otherwise processed for spinning, measuring 1 decitex or more but not over 2 decitex and having a fiber length each measuring 4 mm or more but less than 8 mm (provided for in subheading 5504.10.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
SEC		COSE STAPLE FIBERS USED IN FILE, MEDICAL, OR HYGIENE AP-	l	l	I	2023   ''.
Sı	PLIC	ATIONS.  of chapter 99 is amended by in-				
sert		rical sequence the following new				
""	9902.26.86	Staple fibers of viscose rayon, not carded, combed or otherwise processed for spinning, measuring over 2 decitex but not over 3.3 decitex and having a fiber length each measuring over 55 mm or more but not over 60 mm (provided for in subheading 5504.10.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
SEC	MEA	SCOSE RAYON STAPLE FIBERS, SURING 1.51–2 DECITEX, WITH A IR LENGTH OF 8–16 MM.		l	I	2023   ''.
sert	ubchapter II	of chapter 99 is amended by in- cical sequence the following new				
"	9902.26.87	Artificial staple fibers of viscose rayon, not carded, combed or otherwise processed for spinning, measuring 1.51 decitex or more but not over 2.0 decitex and having a fiber length each measuring 8 mm or more but not over 16 mm (provided for in subheading 5504.10.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
SEC		SCOSE RAYON STAPLE FIBERS, SURING 1-1.5 DECITEX, WITH A		I	I	2023   ''.
sert	<b>FIBE</b> ubchapter II	of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.26.88	Artificial staple fibers of viscose rayon, not carded, combed or otherwise processed for spinning, measuring 1 decitex or more but not over 1.5 decitex and having a fiber length each measuring 8 mm or more but not over 16 mm (provided for in subheading 5504.10.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
SEC	STAI	ME RETARDANT VISCOSE RAYON PLE FIBERS, WITH A DECITEX OF IM AND A FIBER LENGTH OF 51-				2023   ''.
sert	ıbchapter II	of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.26.89	Artificial staple fibers of viscose rayon, not carded, combed or otherwise processed for spinning, each measuring 4.7 decitex (plus or minus 10 percent) and having a fiber length measuring 51 mm but not over 60 mm (provided for in subheading 5504.10.00), the foregoing other than fibers containing 28 percent or more but not over 33 percent by weight of silica, measuring 4.7 decitex and 60 mm in length	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
SEC		OSE RAYON STAPLE FIBERS FOR WOVEN PRODUCTION.	I	I	I	2023   ''.
sert	ubchapter II	of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
• •	9902.26.90	Staple fibers of viscose rayon, with decitex ranging from either 0.5 decitex to less than 0.9 decitex or greater than 2 decitex to 3.5 decitex, the foregoing with a fiber length of 25 mm to 55 mm (provided for in subheading 5504.10.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
CEC	107070 DIA	CV VICCOSE DAVON STADIE EI	'	1	•	, 2020 I .

## SEC. 107870. BLACK VISCOSE RAYON STAPLE FIBERS.

"	9902.26.91	Artificial staple fibers, not carded, combed or otherwise processed for spinning, each black in color, having a decitex of 1.7 but not over 2, with cut length measuring 30 mm but not over 80 mm (provided for in subheading 5504.10.00), the foregoing other than fibers of 1.7 decitex or more but not over 1.8 decitex, with fiber length measuring 38 mm or more but not over 42 mm	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
SEC.		RYLIC OR MODACRYLIC STAPLE		l	I	2023	´´•
Sı		CRS WITH A DECITEX OF 3–5.6. of chapter 99 is amended by in-					
serti	-	rical sequence the following new					
"	9902.26.92	Acrylic or modacrylic staple fibers, carded, combed or otherwise processed for spinning, containing by weight 92 percent or more of polyacrylonitrile, not more than 0.1 percent of zinc and 2 percent or more but not over 8 percent of water, undyed, with an average decitex of 3 to 5.6 (provided for in subheading 5506.30.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,,
SEC.		ADE UP HAND-CAST STRING-		ı	ı	1 2023	•
Sı		<b>WN FISHING NETS.</b> of chapter 99 is amended by in-					
	ing in numer ling:	rical sequence the following new					
пеш	ung.						
"	9902.26.93	Made up hand-cast string-drawn fishing nets, of nylon monofilament, each with attached string or rope, incorporating a neoprene cuff and attachment for user's waistband belt (provided for in subheading 5608.11.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	ļ,,
Sı serti	PER WIT ubchapter II	TITED CARPETS CONTAINING 75 CENT OR MORE OF COTTON, HARUBBER BACKING. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new		'	'	1 2023	•
"	9902.26.94	Carpets and other textile floor coverings, knitted, made up, containing 75 percent or more by weight of cotton fibers, each with a rubber backing (provided for in subheading 5705.00.20)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	ļ ,,
SEC.	PER POL	TTTED CARPETS CONTAINING 75 CENT OR MORE BY WEIGHT OF YESTER, WITH A RUBBER BACK-		l	I	2023	•
serti		of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new					
"	9902.26.95	Whether or not made up knitted carpets and other textile floor coverings, made up, containing 75 percent or more by weight of polyester fibers, each with a rubber backing (provided for in subheading 5705.00.20)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	X <b>LEATHER FABRICS.</b> of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new		I	I	2023	''.
cut	~···vy·						
"	9902.26.96	Fabrics of 'faux leather', polyurethane-coated, of man-made fibers, containing by weight 50 percent or more but not over 62 percent of polyurethane, 36 percent or more but not over 45 percent of man-made fibers and 2 percent or more but not over 5 percent of elastomeric fibers, for use in women's apparel, weighing 330 to 360 g/m², measuring 132 cm to 137 cm in width (provided for in subheading 5903.20.25)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
- 1				1	I	2023	

SEC. 107876. GRASS CATCHER BAGS.
Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

"	9902.26.97	Grass catcher bags of man-made fiber fabric, used primarily with push lawn mowers, riding lawn mowers and chipper/shredder/vacuums (provided for in subheading 5911.90.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,,
SEC		XYGENATION MEMBRANE CAP-		•	•	1 2020	•
sert	ıbchapter II	RY MATERIAL. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
"	9902.26.98	Knitted or crocheted fabrics of polymethylpentene (PMP) oxygenation membrane capillary fibers, such fabrics consisting of PMP tubes arranged and secured in a knitted fabric of PMP (provided for in subheading 6003.30.60)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
SEC	POS.	XTILE KNITTED FABRICS COM- ED OF MICROMODAL AND STANE.		l	I	l 2023 l	".
sert		of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new					
	9902.26.99	Knitted fabrics containing by weight 66 to 79 percent micromodal and 21 to 34 percent elastane, measuring over 30 cm in width, weighing 155 to 220 g/m², knitted with fine machine gauges of 44 to 50 (provided for in subheading 6004.10.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
Si sert	RICS TON ıbchapter II	TILE TECHNICAL KNITTED FAB- S COMBINING TECHNICAL COT- AND ELASTANE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				2023	".
"	9902.27.01	Technical knitted fabrics containing by weight 71 percent technical cotton and 29 percent elastane, measuring 170 to 180 cm in width, weighing 160 to 200 g/ $m^2$ , valued at \$14.50 or more per linear meter (provided for in subheading 6004.10.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
SEC	. 107880. TEX	TILE KNIT FABRICS OF MODAL,		I	l	2023	".
sert	ıbchapter II	HMERE, AND SPANDEX. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
"	9902.27.02	Textile knitted fabric containing by weight 78 percent modal, 14 percent cashmere and 8 percent spandex, weighing 75 to 85 grams per square meter, with cuttable width of 130 to 140 cm, valued at not less than \$17 per linear meter as presented (provided for in subheading 6006.43.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	,,
SEC	KNI'	OMEN'S AND GIRLS' DRESSES, ITED OR CROCHETED, OF SYN- TIC FIBERS INFUSED WITH MIN- US	ı	I	I	l 2023 l	•
sert	ıbchapter II	of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new					
"	9902.27.05	Women's and girls' dresses, knitted or crocheted, of synthetic fibers infused with minerals including silicon dioxide, titanium dioxide or aluminum oxide ground to a size not greater than 1 micron, such dresses specially designed for the sport of competitive cheerleading (provided for in subheading 6104.43.20)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,,

# SEC. 107882. WOMEN'S AND GIRLS' SKIRTS AND DIVIDED SKIRTS OF SYNTHETIC FIBERS INFUSED WITH MINERALS. Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by in-

"	9902.27.06	Women's and girls' skirts and divided skirts of synthetic fibers infused with minerals including silicon dioxide, titanium dioxide or aluminum oxide ground to a size not greater than 1 micron, such skirts or divided skirts specially designed for the sport of competitive cheerleading (provided for in subheading 6104.53.20)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
SEC		   MEN'S AND GIRLS' KNIT CARDI-   S OR PULLOVERS CONTAINING				2023   ''.
sert	<b>70 P</b> ubchapter II	ERCENT OR MORE OF SILK. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.27.09	Women's or girls' knitted or crocheted pullovers and cardigans, containing 70 percent or more by weight of silk or silk waste, each with more than 9 stitches/2 cm, measured in the direction the stitches were formed, and an average of less than 10 stitches/linear cm in each direction counted on an area measuring at least 10 cm by 10 cm, such apparel articles that reach the waist (provided for in subheading 6110.90.10)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Si sert	<b>OR I</b> ubchapter II	V'S AND BOYS' KNIT CARDIGANS PULLOVERS OF LINEN. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	l	l	I	2023   ''.
"	9902.27.10	Men's or boys' knitted or crocheted pullovers and cardigans, of linen, each with more than 9 stitches/2 cm, measured in the direction the stitches were formed, and an average of less than 10 stitches/linear cm in each direction counted on an area measuring at least 10 cm by 10 cm, such apparel articles that reach the waist (provided for in subheading 6110.90.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Si sert	OVE (VES FICI ubchapter II	ABIES' KNIT SWEATERS, PULL- RS, SWEATSHIRTS, WAISTCOATS ITS), AND CARDIGANS, OF ARTI- AL FIBERS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	I	I	I	2023   ''.
	9902.27.11	Babies' knitted or crocheted sweaters, pullovers, sweatshirts, waistcoats (vests) and cardigans, the foregoing of artificial fibers and other than those imported as parts of sets (provided for in subheading 6111.90.40)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023''.
Si sert	OR BER ubchapter II	IEN'S AND GIRLS' TOPS, KNITTED CROCHETED, OF MAN-MADE FI- S INFUSED WITH MINERALS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	'	'	'	
• •	9902.27.15	Women's and girls' tops, knitted or crocheted, of man-made fibers infused with minerals including silicon dioxide, titanium dioxide or aluminum oxide ground to a size not greater than 1 micron, such tops specially designed for the sport of competitive cheerleading (provided for in subheading 6114.30.10)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Si sert	<b>CRO</b> <b>INF</b> U ubchapter II	PS AND BOY'S TOPS, KNITTED OR CHETED, OF MAN-MADE FIBERS USED WITH MINERALS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	I	I	I	2023   ''.
"	9902.27.16	Men's and boy's tops, knitted or crocheted, of man-made fibers infused with minerals including silicon dioxide, titanium dioxide or aluminum oxide ground to a size not greater than 1 micron, such tops specially designed for the sport of competitive cheerleading (provided for in subheading 6114.30.10)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/

SEC. 107888. MEN'S 3 MM WETSUITS.
Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

 SEC	9902.27.17	Men's full-body wetsuits, each made from three-layer fabric composed of a knitted outer layer of polyester and spandex bonded to a fleece knit pile inner layer of polyester and spandex with a center core of expanded rubber for its body, and a three-layer fabric composed of knitted inner and outer layers of polyester with a center core of expanded rubber for its sleeves, shoulders and lower legs, measuring no more than 3.4 mm in thickness in the torso, such wetsuits valued \$97 or more but not over \$130 each (provided for in subheading 6114.30.30)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
sert		of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
	9902.27.18	Men's full-body wetsuits, each made from three-layer fabric composed of a knitted outer layer of polyester and spandex bonded to a fleece knit pile inner layer of polyester and spandex with a center core of expanded rubber for its body, and a three-layer fabric composed of knitted inner and outer layers of polyester with a center core of expanded rubber for its sleeves, shoulders and lower legs, measuring 5.1 mm or more but not over 7 mm in thickness in the torso, such wetsuits valued \$120 or more but not over \$175 each (provided for in subheading 6114.30.30)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
St sert	ubchapter II	<b>PS 3.5 MM WETSUITS.</b> of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	ı	I	I	2023   ''.
	9902.27.19	Men's full-body wetsuits, made from three-layer fabric composed of a knitted outer layer of polyester and spandex bonded to a fleece knitted pile inner layer of polyester and spandex with a center core of expanded rubber for its body, and a three-layer fabric composed of knitted inner and outer layers of polyester with a center core of expanded rubber for its sleeves, shoulders and lower legs, measuring 3.5 mm or more but not over 4 mm in thickness in the torso, such wetsuits each valued at \$102 or more but not over \$150 (provided for in subheading 6114.30.30)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
St sert	ubchapter II	PS 4.5 MM WETSUITS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new		I	I	2023   ''.
**	9902.27.20	Men's full-body wetsuits, each made from a three-layer fabric composed of a knitted outer layer of polyester and spandex bonded to a fleece knitted pile inner layer of polyester and spandex with a center core of expanded rubber for its body, and a three-layer fabric composed of a knitted inner of polyester and outer layers with a center core of expanded rubber for its sleeves, shoulders and lower legs, measuring 4.1 mm or more but not over 5 mm in thickness in the torso, such wetsuits valued \$105 or more but not over \$160 each (provided for in subheading 6114.30.30)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
St sert	ubchapter II	IEN'S 3 MM WETSUITS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				2023   ''.
	9902.27.21	Women's full-body wetsuits, each made from three-layer fabric composed of a knitted outer layer of polyester and spandex bonded to a fleece knit pile inner layer of polyester and spandex with a center core of expanded rubber for its body, and a three-layer fabric composed of knitted inner and outer layers of polyester with a center core of expanded rubber for its sleeves, shoulders and lower legs, measuring no more than 3.4 mm in thickness in the torso, such wetsuits valued \$97 or more but not over \$130 each (provided for in subheading 6114.30.30)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
~	l		l	I	I	2023 '''.

SEC. 107893. WOMEN'S 3.5 MM WETSUITS.
Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

"	9902.27.22	Women's full-body wetsuits, made from three-layer fabric composed of a knitted outer layer of polyester and spandex bonded to a fleece knitted pile inner layer of polyester and spandex with a center core of expanded rubber for its body, and a three-layer fabric composed of knitted inner and outer layers of polyester with a center core of expanded rubber for its sleeves, shoulders and lower legs, measuring 3.5 mm or more but not over 4 mm in thickness in the torso, such wetsuits each valued \$102 or more but not over \$150 (provided for in subheading 6114.30.30)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	IEN'S 4.5 MM WETSUITS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new		I	I	2023   ''.
**	9902.27.23	Women's full-body wetsuits, each made from three-layer fabric composed of a knitted outer layer of polyester and spandex bonded to a fleece knitted pile inner layer of polyester and spandex with a center core of expanded rubber for its body, and a three-layer fabric composed of knitted inner and outer layers of polyester with a center core of expanded rubber for its sleeves, shoulders and lower legs, measuring 4.1 mm or more but not over 5 mm in thickness in the torso, such wetsuits valued \$105 or more but not over \$160 each (provided for in subheading 6114.30.30)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	MEN'S 5.5 AND 6.5 MM WETSUITS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new		I	I	2023   ''.
"	9902.27.24	Women's full-body wetsuits, of three-layer fabric composed of a knitted outer layer of polyester and spandex bonded to a polyester and spandex fleece knitted pile inner layer with a center core of expanded rubber for its body, and a three-layer fabric composed of knitted inner and outer layers of polyester with a center core of expanded rubber for its sleeves, shoulders and lower legs with material measuring 5.1 mm or more but not over 7 mm in thickness in the torso, such wetsuits valued \$120 or more but not over \$175 each (provided for in subheading 6114.30.30)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
SEC	107896. INS	SULATED HANDMUFFS OF KNIT				2023 ".
Sı serti	<b>POL</b> ibchapter II	YESTER. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.27.25	Hand muffs of knitted fabrics of polyester laminated with plastics, such muffs stuffed with synthetic microfiber for thermal insulation, each with side openings having elastic closures, with one exterior pocket with zipper closure and weighing not more than 500 g (provided for in subheading 6117.80.95)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	TOM PRE ubchapter II	V'S STOCKINGFOOT WADER BOT- SUBASSEMBLIES, OF COM- SSED NEOPRENE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new		I	I	2023   ~.
"	9902.27.26	Men's stockingfoot wader bottom subassemblies, constructed from neoprene (originally measuring 6 mm to 8 mm in thickness) compressed to 4 mm in thickness, laminated on both sides with a knitted nylon fabric, whose height exceeds 20.5 cm; each such stockingfoot formed anatomically (provided for in subheading 6117.90.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023 ''.

SEC. 107898. MEN'S STOCKINGFOOT WADER BOTTOM SUBASSEMBLIES, OF NON-COMPRESSED NEOPRENE.

Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

	SEM	Men's stockingfoot wader bottom subassemblies, made from non-compressed neoprene having a thickness of 4 mm, laminated on both sides with a knitted nylon fabric, height exceeding 20.5 cm; each such stockingfoot formed anatomically (provided for in subheading 6117.90.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
serti		ical sequence the following new				
	9902.27.28	Pocket pouches, each with outer shell of woven textile fabric visibly coated with rubber or plastics and laminated to an inner layer of knitted fabric, with a zippered cargo pocket and other pockets designed to organize tippets and leaders and with dual entry zippers; the foregoing designed to be affixed to a fishing wader and not put up for individual retail sale (provided for in subheading 6117.90.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	FIAL ARTS UNIFORMS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	· · · · ·	'		
"	9902.27.40	Women's and girls' judo, karate and other oriental martial arts uniforms of cotton, presented as ensembles each consisting of a top and a bottom, with or without an accompanying belt (provided for in subheading 6204.22.10)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
SEC.	BLO	MEN'S OR GIRLS' LINEN WOVEN USES, SHIRTS AND SHIRT- USES, AND SLEEVELESS TANK ES	,			. 2020
serti	ıbchapter II	of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
	9902.27.48	Women's or girls' woven blouses, shirts and shirt-blouses and sleeveless tank styles, the foregoing of linen and extending from the neck area to or below the waist, with or without sleeves, with full or partial opening or no opening, with pockets below the waist or tightening at the bottom (provided for in subheading 6211.49.80)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
	WAS: PIEC	MEN'S OR GIRLS' LINEN WOVEN HSUITS, SUNSUITS, OR ONE- E PLAYSUITS.		'	l	2023   ''.
serti		of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.27.49	Women's or girls' woven washsuits, sunsuits and one-piece playsuits, of linen (provided for in subheading 6211.49.80)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	COV ubchapter II	MEN'S OR GIRLS' LINEN WOVEN ERALLS OR JUMPSUITS.  of chapter 99 is amended by inical sequence the following new				
"	9902.27.50	Women's or girls' woven coveralls or jumpsuits, of linen (provided for in subheading 6211.49.80)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	<b>GOO</b> ıbchapter II	OMEN'S SHAWLS AND SIMILAR DS, 100 PERCENT SILK. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	, <u> </u>	'		1 2023 1
"	9902.27.51	Women's shawls, scarves and similar goods, wholly of silk, valued less than \$7 each (provided for in subheading 6214.10.10)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023

SEC. 107905. WINTER CYCLING GLOVES.

Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

"	9902.27.52	Winter cycling gloves, each with woven outer shell of man-made fibers and a merino wool lining (provided for in subheading 6216.00.46)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
St sert	ubchapter II	K POCKET TENTS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new		'	'	1 2023 1	•
"	9902.27.59	Dome-shaped tents of woven fabric of polyester, each tent with attached polyethylene floor and fiberglass poles permanently attached to the rear bottom corners of the tent by means of polyvinyl chloride end connectors sewn into webbing straps, with the opposite ends having polyvinyl chloride ball-shaped caps that insert into mesh fabric pockets 10.7 cm to 12.1 cm long at the front bottom corners of the tent and attach to the tent at intervals via webbing straps with fitted plastic clips, the foregoing tents each valued at \$19 or higher (provided for in subheading 6306.22.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	,,
Si	ubchapter II	K ROOM TENTS. of chapter 99 is amended by in-		l	I	2023	•
	ing in numer ding:	rical sequence the following new					
"	9902.27.60	Tents of woven fabric of polyester, with light-blocking dark pigment coating, such tents with attached polyethylene floor, measuring 144.7 cm by 213.3 cm or more but not over 426.8 cm by 304.8 cm, with a center height of at least 142.2 cm but not over 201 cm, each such tent valued at \$30 or higher (provided for in subheading 6306.22.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
SEC		  COMPONENT MICROFIBER TUBE   REFILLS.		l	I	l 2023l	".
sert		of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
"	9902.27.62	Replacement mop heads, constructed from circular knit bi-component microfiber fabric tubes containing by weight 65 to 90 percent of polyester and 10 to 35 percent of nylon, sewn together with raw edges enclosed, valued at least \$2 but no more than \$4 each (provided for in subheading 6307.10.20)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
St sert	ubchapter II	ROFIBER DUSTER REFILLS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new		l	I	2023	•
"	9902.27.63	Duster refill pads made from knitted high pile microfiber fabric containing by weight 60 percent to 90 percent of polyester and 10 percent to 40 percent of nylon, valued less than \$1.80 each (provided for in subheading 6307.10.20)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	,,
St sert		DMOP PADS.  of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	l.	I	ı	l 2023 l	
"	9902.27.64	Finished mop pads made from warp knit fabric containing by weight 60 percent to 90 percent of polyester and 10 percent to 40 percent of nylon, weighing at least 300 $g/m^2$ but no more than 700 $g/m^2$ , such mop pads each having an RFID chip permanently stitched inside them (provided for in subheading 6307.10.20)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
SEC	. 107911. MICI	ROFIBER CLEANING CLOTHS.	I	I	ı	1 4043 I	•

"	9902.27.65	Microfiber cloths made from warp knit fabric containing by weight 60 percent to 90 percent of polyester and 10 percent to 40 percent of nylon, weighing at least 190 $g/m^2$ but no more than 360 $g/m^2$ , such cloths having edges finished with an overcast stitch, valued at least \$0.06 but not more than \$0.90 each (provided for in subheading 6307.10.20)	4%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Si	ubchapter II	ROFIBER MOP PADS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	l	I	I	2023   ''.
	ding:	ical sequence me foliowing new				
"	9902.27.66	Finished mop pads made from warp knit microfiber fabric containing by weight 60 percent to 90 percent of polyester and 10 percent to 40 percent of nylon, each weighing at least 300 $g/m^2$ but no more than 700 $g/m^2$ and valued at least \$0.40 but no more than \$4.90 (provided for in subheading 6307.10.20)	2%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
		F BAG BODY FLATS.		l	I	2023   ''.
sert		of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
ricu	umy.		ı			
"	9902.27.70	Golf bag bodies made of woven fabric of man-made textile materials, sewn together with pockets, each presented with golf bag rain hood, sling, webbing clips and top and bottom collars (provided for in subheading 6307.90.98), the foregoing presented either without bottoms or with bottoms not attached to such bodies	1.2%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
		HTUB ELBOW RESTS.		I	I	2023 ''.
sert		of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.27.71	Elbow pads of textile materials, with faux neoprene shell and foam inner layer, with non-slip backing with suction cups to attach to the bath tub, containing no bisphenol-A (BPA) or phthalates, measuring approximately 40 cm in length by 10.2 cm in width by 15.9 cm in height (provided for in subheading 6307.90.98)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Si sert	-	R SWINGS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new		l	I	2023   ''.
"	9902.27.72	Door swings, each comprising two straps wholly of polypropylene and measuring approximately 1.52 m in length, such straps each having two cuffs wholly of velour, an acrylic bar with end caps wholly of polyurethane and two adjustable buckles wholly of polyoxymethylene (provided for in subheading 6307.90.98)	Free	No change	No change	On or be-
						fore 12/31/ 2023 ".
Si sert	ubchapter II	ER BED RESTRAINTS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.27.73	Sets of bed restraints designed to restrain a bed's occupant, each comprising four straps wholly of polypropylene and measuring approximately 1.37 m in length, such straps each connected by one large O-ring wholly of iron and having one small O-ring; each restraint with 4 cuffs wholly of velour; such cuffs each with one small O-ring wholly of iron attached to a carabiner hook wholly of zinc alloy and with two buckles wholly of polyoxymethylene, with a hook-and-loop fastener strap wholly of polyester (provided for in subheading 6307.90.98)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
	l			1	1	2023 ''.

SEC. 107917. BATH KNEELER.
Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

"	9902.27.76	Knee pads of man-made fiber neoprene fabric, containing no bisphenol A (BPA) or phthalates, measuring approximately 43.2 cm in length by 28 cm in width by 3.3 cm in height (provided for in subheading 6307.90.98)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	PIECE CAMERA MOUNT KITS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new			'	
	9902.27.78	Two-piece camera mount kits of textile materials, presented in sets, designed for cameras of subheading 8525.80.40; each set containing one chest harness of textile materials and one plastic mount designed to securely attach a camera onto tubes measuring 9 to 35 mm in diameter and incorporating a base capable of rotating the camera 360 degrees (provided for in subheading 6307.90.98)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti		EVE COVERS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	I		l	2023   ''.
"	9902.27.79	Sleeve covers of non-woven fabric of man-made fibers (provided for in sub-heading 6307.90.98)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023"
Sı serti	<b>OVE</b> ubchapter II	EN'S CYCLING SHOES VALUED  R \$18 PER PAIR.  of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
	9902.27.82	Cycling shoes with outer soles and uppers of rubber or plastics, valued over \$18/pr, for men, the foregoing having a cleat mounting system on the sole for attaching to bicycle pedals (provided for in subheading 6402.19.90), the foregoing other than winter cycling boots	4.6%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	<b>OVE</b> ubchapter II	MEN'S CYCLING SHOES VALUED R \$16 PER PAIR. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.27.83	Cycling shoes with outer soles and uppers of rubber or plastics, valued over \$16/pr, for women, having a cleat mounting system on the sole for attaching to bicycle pedals (provided for in subheading 6402.19.90); the foregoing other than winter cycling boots for women	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti	AND TICS ubchapter II	N'S GOLF SHOES WITH OUTERS UPPERS OF RUBBER OR PLAS- 5, VALUED OVER \$20 PER PAIR. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	l		l	2023   ''.
	9902.27.84	Golf shoes with outer soles and uppers of rubber or plastics, for men, such shoes whether designed to be worn on-course, off-course or both, the foregoing with spikes, sprigs, cleats, stops, clips, bars or the like intended to enhance traction and grip, valued over \$20/pr (provided for in subheading 6402.19.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
	WITE BER PER	F SHOES OTHER THAN FOR MEN, H OUTERS AND UPPERS OF RUB- OR PLASTICS, VALUED OVER \$20 PAIR.			l	2023   ''.
serti		of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.27.85	Golf shoes with outer soles and uppers of rubber or plastics, whether designed to be worn on- or off-course, the foregoing with spikes, sprigs, cleats, stops, clips, bars or the like intended to enhance traction and grip, valued over \$20/pr, for persons other than men (provided for in subheading 6402.19.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023

**SEC. 107924. WINTER CYCLING BOOTS FOR MEN.**Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

"	9902.27.86	Winter cycling boots for men, designed to be compatible with flat or clipless				
		pedals, the foregoing with or without removeable liner, with boa closure system and lugged rubber outsole with microglass inserts (provided for in subheading 6402.19.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be-
		,				fore 12/31/ 2023"
SEC.	107925. W WOM	VINTER CYCLING BOOTS FOR	l	ı		1 2023
serti	ıbchapter II	of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
	9902.27.87	Winter cycling boots with outer soles and uppers of rubber or plastics, for women, designed to be compatible with flat or clipless pedals, with or without removeable liner, the foregoing with boa closure system and lugged rubber outsole with microglass inserts (provided for in subheading 6402.19.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
SEC.		HILDREN'S FOOTWEAR VALUED R \$15 PER PAIR.		•		. 2020
serti	ıbchapter II	of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
	9902.27.92	Footwear for persons other than men or women, with outer soles and uppers of rubber or plastics (other than footwear described in subheading note 1 to chapter 64), that is designed for outdoor activities, such as hiking shoes, trekking shoes, running shoes and trail running shoes, which provides protection against water that is imparted by the use of a laminated textile fabric, valued over \$15/pr (provided for in subheading 6402.91.50); the foregoing, if valued over \$18/pr, without openings in the bottom and/or side of the sole, or covered openings in the upper above the sole unit, or a combination thereof, designed to permit moisture vapor transport from under the foot	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti	<b>WEA</b> 15.35 ibchapter II	len's Protective Active Foot- R, VALUED OVER \$25 PER PAIR, 5-25.4 CM IN HEIGHT. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new		I	l	2023   ''.
	9902.27.93	Footwear for women, with outer soles and uppers of rubber or plastics (other than footwear described in subheading note 1 to chapter 64), that is designed for outdoor activities, such as hiking shoes, trekking shoes, running shoes and trail running shoes, valued over \$25/pr, which provides protection against water that is imparted by the use of a laminated textile fabric, with or without insulation, whose height from the bottom is at least 15.35 cm and does not exceed 25.4 cm (provided for in subheading 6402.91.50); the foregoing, if valued over \$27/pr, has openings in the bottom and/or side of the sole, or covered openings in the upper above the sole unit, or a combination thereof, designed to permit moisture vapor transport from under the foot	17.4%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023 ".
SEC.	107928. C. ANK	HEER SHOES COVERING THE LE.				
serti		of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
	9902.27.95	Women's footwear with outer soles and uppers of rubber or plastics; such outer soles measuring not over 14 mm in thickness, such footwear covering the ankle, with a welded thermoplastic polyurethane external ankle brace in each shoe, valued over \$12/pr and weighing not more than 0.5 kg/pr (provided for in subheading 6402.91.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
SEC.	107929 SIDE	LINE CHEER SHOES	l	I	1	2023 '''.

" SEC		Women's footwear with outer soles of rubber or plastics measuring not over 14 mm in thickness and with uppers of plastics, such footwear designed for use in cheerleading activities, weighing no more than 0.5 kg/pr (provided for in subheading 6402.99.31)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
sert	ubchapter II	UNDER \$9 PER PAIR. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
""	9902.27.98	Tennis shoes, basketball shoes, gym shoes, training shoes and the like, with outer soles and uppers of rubber or plastics, the foregoing for men, not covering the ankle and valued not over \$9/pr (provided for in subheading 6402.99.31)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Si sert	<b>VAL</b> ubchapter II	ILETIC FOOTWEAR FOR WOMEN, UED NOT OVER \$9 PER PAIR. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.27.99	Tennis shoes, basketball shoes, gym shoes, training shoes and the like, with outer soles and uppers of rubber or plastics, for women, not covering the ankle, valued not over \$9/pr (provided for in subheading 6402.99.31), the foregoing other than footwear for women designed for use in cheerleading activities	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
SEC	DRE	HLETIC FOOTWEAR FOR CHIL- N, VALUED NOT OVER \$8 PER	I		l	2023   ''.
sert		t. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
• •	9902.28.01	Tennis shoes, basketball shoes, gym shoes, training shoes and the like, with outer soles and uppers of rubber or plastics, for persons other than men or women, such footwear not covering the ankle and valued not over \$8/pr (provided for in subheading 6402.99.31)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Si sert	SOL. PLA: ANK OVE ubchapter II	N'S GOLF SHOES, WITH OUTER ES AND UPPERS OF RUBBER OR STICS, NOT COVERING THE LEVALUED \$15 PER PAIR OR R. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	I	I	I	2023   ''.
"	9902.28.02	Men's golf shoes, designed to be worn on- or off- course, with outer soles and uppers of rubber or plastics, not covering the ankle, having uppers of which over 90 percent of the external surface area is rubber or plastics, valued \$15/pr or higher (provided for in subheading 6402.99.31)	3.3%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Si	WITE RUB ERIT PAII ubchapter II	F SHOES OTHER THAN FOR MEN, H OUTER SOLES AND UPPERS OF BER OR PLASTICS, NOT COV- NG THE ANKLE, VALUED \$15 PER & OR OVER. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	I	I	I	2023   ''.
	ding:	tour sequence me journmy new				
• •	9902.28.03	Golf shoes, designed to be worn on- or off-course, with outer soles and uppers of rubber or plastics, not covering the ankle, having uppers of which over 90 percent of the external surface area is rubber or plastics, valued \$15/pr or higher, for persons other than men (provided for in subheading 6402.99.31)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023''.

SEC. 107935. MEN'S RUBBER/PLASTIC FOOTWEAR, VALUED NOT OVER \$5 PER PAIR. Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by in-serting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

••	9902.28.04	Footwear for men, with outer soles and uppers of rubber or plastics, not covering the ankle, valued not over \$5/pr, the foregoing other than house slippers, work footwear and tennis shoes, basketball shoes, gym shoes, training shoes and the like (provided for in subheading 6402.99.31)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
SEC.		MEN'S RUBBER/PLASTIC FOOT- R, VALUED NOT OVER \$6 PER		l	l	1 2023
serti	ıbchapter II	 of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
	9902.28.05	Footwear for women, with outer soles and uppers of rubber or plastics, not covering the ankle, valued not over \$6/pr, the foregoing other than house slippers, work footwear and tennis shoes, basketball shoes, gym shoes, training shoes and the like (provided for in subheading 6402.99.31)	4.3%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
SEC.		EER SHOES WITH SOLE LESS			l	2023   ''.
serti	ıbchapter II	<b>N 12 MM.</b> of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
	9902.28.07	Women's footwear with outer soles and uppers of rubber or plastics, each sole measuring not over 12 mm in thickness, the foregoing footwear designed for use in cheerleading activities, valued over \$12/pr and weighing not over 0.5 kg/pr (provided for in subheading 6402.99.90)	1%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	AND TICS abchapter II	VS GOLF SHOES WITH OUTERS UPPERS OF RUBBER OR PLAS. , VALUED OVER \$19 PER PAIR. of chapter 99 is amended by inical sequence the following new  Golf shoes for men, designed to be worn on- or off-course, with outer soles and uppers of rubber or plastics, valued over \$19/pr (provided for in subheading 6402.99.90)	7.1%	No change	No change	On or be-
	OUT. BER PER	F SHOES OTHER THAN FOR MEN, ER SOLES AND UPPERS OF RUB- OR PLASTICS, VALUED OVER \$19 PAIR. of chapter 99 is amended by in-				fore 12/31/ 2023 ".
serti	-	ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.28.09	Golf shoes with outer soles and uppers of rubber or plastics, designed to be worn on- or off-courses, such footwear valued over \$19/pr, for persons other than men (provided for in subheading 6402.99.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
SEC.	OF E COM	V'S GOLF SHOES, OUTER SOLES UUBBER, PLASTICS, LEATHER OR POSITION LEATHER AND UP- S OF LEATHER (EXCEPT PIGSKIN	ı	I	I	2023
serti	ıbchapter II	<b>ERS).</b> of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
	9902.28.10	Golf shoes for men, with outer soles of rubber, plastics, leather or composition leather and uppers of leather (except pigskin uppers), not welt, the foregoing with spikes, sprigs, cleats, stops, clips, bars or the like intended to enhance traction and grip and other than footwear which contains laminated textile with openings in the bottom and/or side of the sole or covered openings in the upper above the sole, or a combination thereof, designed to vent moisture (provided for in subheading 6403.19.30)	5%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023

### SEC. 107941. WOMEN'S LEATHER FOOTWEAR, LINED WITH PIGSKIN WITH ZIPPER, VALUED \$47-\$60 PER PAIR.

	9902.28.13	Footwear for women, with outer soles and uppers of leather, covering the ankle, each with zipper closure, lined wholly or in part with pigskin, valued over \$47 but not over \$60/pr, whose height from the bottom of the outer sole to the top of the upper is over 43 cm, with a heel height over 60 mm (provided for in subheading 6403.51.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
SEC.	LINI	OMEN'S LEATHER FOOTWEAR, ED WITH PIGSKIN, VALUED \$31- PER PAIR.			l	l 2023 l ''.
sert	ıbchapter II	of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
	9902.28.14	Footwear for women, with outer soles and uppers of leather, covering the ankle, each lined wholly or in part with pigskin, with zipper closure, valued over \$31 but not over \$40/pr, whose height from the bottom of the outer sole to the top of the upper does not exceed 21 cm, with a heel height over 70 mm (provided for in subheading 6403.51.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023 ".
Sı serti	FOO PAII ıbchapter II	MEN'S SLIP-ON COWCALF HAIR TWEAR, VALUED \$50-\$60 PER 2. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
	9902.28.15	Footwear of the slip-on type for women with outer soles and uppers of leather, covering the ankle, lined wholly or in part with pigskin, valued over \$50 but not over \$60/pr, whose height from the bottom of the outer sole to the top of the upper is over 50 cm, with a heel height over 90 mm (provided for in subheading 6403.51.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti	<b>LINI</b> ıbchapter II	OMEN'S LEATHER FOOTWEAR ED WITH SHEEPSKIN. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new		l	l	2023   ''.
"	9902.28.16	Footwear for women with outer soles and uppers of leather, having open toe and/or open heel and with buckle closure, with lining wholly or in part of sheepskin, valued over \$23 but not over \$27/pr, heel height under 26 mm (provided for in subheading 6403.59.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti	<b>WEA</b> ıbchapter II	MEN'S LEATHER SLIP-ON FOOT- R LINED WITH SHEEP LEATHER. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new		l	l	2023   ''.
	9902.28.17	Footwear for women, with outer soles and uppers of leather, each with open toe and/or open heel; of the slip-on type, that is, held to the foot without the use of laces or buckles or other fasteners; lined wholly or in part of sheep leather; valued over \$18 but not over \$26/pr; with heel height over 60 mm but not over 90 mm (provided for in subheading 6403.59.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023 ''.
Sı serti	<b>WEA</b> ıbchapter II	MEN'S LEATHER SLIP-ON FOOT- R LINED WITH PIGSKIN. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
	9902.28.18	Footwear for women with outer soles and uppers of leather; of the slip-on type, that is, held to the foot without the use of laces or buckles or other fasteners; with lining wholly or in part of pigskin, valued over \$21 but not over \$27/pr, heel height under 26 mm (provided for in subheading 6403.59.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023

SEC. 107947. WOMEN'S LEATHER FOOTWEAR, LINED WITH PIGSKIN, VALUED \$21-\$27 PER PAIR.

Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

"	9902.28.19	Footwear for women with outer soles and uppers of leather, with open toe and/or open heel and with buckle closure, with lining wholly or in part of pigskin, valued over \$21 but not over \$27/pr, with heel height over 60 mm but not over 90 mm (provided for in subheading 6403.59.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be-	
SEC	UPP CLO	 MEN'S FOOTWEAR WITH LEATHER EERS, LINED WITH PIGSKIN, SED TOE OR HEEL WITH FUNC- NAL ZIPPERS ON SIDES.		I	I	2023	"•
sert		of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
"	9902.28.30	Footwear for women, with outer soles of rubber or plastics and uppers of leather, each with closed toe and closed heel, covering the ankle, functional zipper on the medial side and a functional zipper on the lateral side, lined wholly or in part with pigskin, with foxing or foxing-like band, whose height from the bottom of the outer sole to the top of the upper does not exceed 14 cm, valued over \$18 but not over \$22/pr (provided for in subheading 6403.91.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
SEC	UPP	NEN'S FOOTWEAR WITH LEATHER PERS, LINED WITH PIGSKIN WITH	l	ı	I	1 2023	•
sert	ubchapter II	USTABLE LACES. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
"	9902.28.36	Footwear for women, with outer soles of rubber or plastics and uppers of leather, closed toe and heel, such footwear covering the ankle, having closure with adjustable laces, lined wholly or in part with pigskin, whose height from the bottom of the outer sole to the top of the upper is over 21 cm but not over 23 cm, with a heel height of at least 75 mm, valued over \$36 but not over \$38/pr (provided for in subheading 6403.91.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
SEC		 MPETITIVE CHEER SHOES WITH				2023	".
sert	ubchapter II	THER UPPERS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
"	9902.28.39	Women's footwear with uppers of leather and outer soles of rubber or plastics, such soles measuring not over 9 mm in thickness, the foregoing designed for use in cheerleading activities, valued over \$2.50/pr and weighing no more than 0.5 kg/pr (provided for in subheading 6403.99.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
SEC	UPP	   MEN'S FOOTWEAR WITH LEATHER   ERS, WITH STRAP AND BUCKLE,   UED \$27-\$40 PER PAIR.		I	I	2023	´´•
sert	ubchapter II	of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
"	9902.28.43	Footwear for women, with outer soles of rubber or plastics and uppers of leather, each with a strap that wraps around the leg above the ankle bone and includes a functional buckle, a heel height of 92 mm or more but not over 97 mm, valued at \$27 or more but not over \$40/pr (provided for in subheading 6403.99.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
SEC		  LDREN'S LEATHER UPPER ATH-   C FOOTWEAR VALUED NOT				2023	".

LETIC FOOTWEAR, VALUED NOT OVER \$9 PER PAIR.

Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

"	9902.28.45	Tennis shoes, basketball shoes and the like, for persons other than men or women, such footwear with uppers of leather and outer soles of rubber or plastics, valued over \$2.50/pr but not over \$9/pr (provided for in subheading 6403.99.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	WITI RIAI OUT TIC ibchapter II	N'S ATHLETIC TYPE FOOTWEAR H UPPERS OF TEXTILE MATE- LS OF VEGETABLE FIBERS AND ER SOLES OF RUBBER OR PLAS- WITH TEXTILE FLOCKING. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.28.46	Men's footwear with uppers of vegetable fibers and outer soles of rubber or plastics, having outer soles with textile materials having the greatest surface area in contact with the ground, of an athletic type, with or without foxing or foxing-like band; such footwear valued over \$6.50 but not over \$12/pr (provided for in subheading 6404.11.81)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	WITI OVE. PAII ibchapter II	HLETIC FOOTWEAR FOR MEN, H A BELLOWS TONGUE, VALUED R \$6.50 BUT NOT OVER \$12 PER t. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.28.47	Tennis shoes, basketball shoes, gym shoes, training shoes and the like, for men, with outer soles of rubber or plastics and uppers of textile materials other than vegetable fibers, such footwear having a bellows tongue, valued over \$6.50 but not over \$12/pr, such outer soles with textile materials having the greatest surface area in contact with the ground but not taken into account under the terms of additional U.S. note 5 to chapter 64 (provided for in subheading 6404.11.85)	10.3%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti	WITI OVE. PAIH ibchapter II	ILETIC FOOTWEAR FOR WOMEN, H A BELLOWS TONGUE, VALUED R \$6.50 BUT NOT OVER \$12 PER t. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new			l	2023   ''.
"	9902.28.48	Tennis shoes, basketball shoes, gym shoes, training shoes and the like, for women, with outer soles of rubber or plastics and uppers of textile materials other than vegetable fibers, each having a bellows tongue, valued over \$6.50 but not over \$12/pr, such outer soles with textile materials having the greatest surface area in contact with the ground but not taken into account under the terms of additional U.S. note 5 to chapter 64 (provided for in subheading 6404.11.85)	10%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023 ''.
Sı serti	DRE OVE PAIR ibchapter II ing in numer	HLETIC FOOTWEAR FOR CHIL- N, BELLOWS TONGUE, VALUED R \$6.50 BUT NOT OVER \$12 PER L. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new			'	
head	ding:					
SEC.	9902.28.49	Tennis shoes, basketball shoes, gym shoes, training shoes and the like, for persons other than men and women, such footwear with outer soles of rubber or plastics and uppers of textile materials other than vegetable fibers, having a bellows tongue, valued over \$6.50 but not over \$12/pr, such outer soles with textile materials having the greatest surface area in contact with the ground but not taken into account under the terms of additional U.S. note 5 to chapter 64 (provided for in subheading 6404.11.85)	7.7%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023 ''.

Sec. 10/957. ATHLETIC FOOTWEAR FOR MEN, VAL-UED OVER \$6.50 BUT NOT OVER \$9 PER PAIR. Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by in-serting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

	9902.28.50	Tennis shoes, basketball shoes, gym shoes, training shoes and the like, for men, with outer soles of rubber or plastics and uppers of textile materials other than vegetable fibers, in which elastic strips are attached to either side of the tongue and anchored beneath the insole, valued over \$6.50 but not over \$9/pr, such outer soles with textile materials having the greatest surface area in contact with the ground but not taken into account under the terms of additional U.S. note 5 to chapter 64 (provided for in subheading 6404.11.85)	10.3%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
SEC.		HLETIC FOOTWEAR FOR CHIL- N, VALUED OVER \$6.50 BUT NOT		l	l	2023 '''.
Sı	OVE	R \$9 PER PAIR. of chapter 99 is amended by in-				
	ing in numer ding:	ical sequence the following new				
••	9902.28.51	Tennis shoes, basketball shoes, gym shoes, training shoes and the like, for persons other than men or women, such footwear with outer soles of rubber or plastics and uppers of textile materials other than vegetable fibers, in which elastic strips are attached to either side of the tongue and anchored beneath the insole, valued over \$6.50 but not over \$9/pr, such outer soles with textile materials having the greatest surface area in contact with the ground but not taken into account under the terms of additional U.S. note 5 to chapter 64 (provided for in subheading 6404.11.85)	6.8%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
SEC.	. 107959. CHE	ER SHOES WITH UPPERS OF TEX-				2023 ''.
serti	ıbchapter II	MATERIALS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
	9902.28.56	Footwear for women, with outer soles of rubber or plastics measuring not over 14 mm in thickness and with uppers of textile materials, such footwear designed for use in cheerleading activities, valued over \$12/pr and weighing no more than 0.5 kg/pr (provided for in subheading 6404.11.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
SEC.	UPP OF T	MEN'S FOOTWEAR WITH TEXTILE ERS AND 50 PERCENT OR MORE WE SURFACE AREA OF WHICH IS THER.				2023   ''.
serti		of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
	9902.28.59	Footwear for women, with outer soles of rubber or plastics and uppers of textile materials, having uppers of which over 50 percent of the external surface area (including any leather accessories or reinforcements) is leather, the foregoing other than sports footwear, tennis shoes, basketball shoes, training shoes and the like (provided for in subheading 6404.19.15)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023 ".
SEC.	UPP	IEN'S FOOTWEAR WITH TEXTILE ERS, OPEN TOES OR HEELS, VAL-			'	
serti	ıbchapter II	\$15-\$30 PER PAIR. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
	9902.28.61	Footwear with outer soles of rubber or plastics, with uppers of textile material other than vegetable fibers and having outer soles with textile materials having the greatest surface area in contact with the ground, but not taken into account under the terms of additional note U.S. note 5 to chapter 64, with open toes or open heels or of the slip-on type, weighing 10 percent or more of rubber or plastics, valued \$15/pr or higher but not more than \$30/pr; the foregoing for women (other than house slippers) (provided for in subheading 6404.19.37)	11.3%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
						2023 ".

SEC. 107962. MEN'S TEXTILE UPPER FOOTWEAR,
WITH OPEN TOES OR OPEN HEELS,
VALUED NOT OVER \$12 PER PAIR.
Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new

	9902.28.62	Footwear for men, with open toes or open heels, other than house slippers; the foregoing with outer soles of rubber or plastics and uppers of textile materials, such uppers consisting of straps not exceeding 26 mm in width and having no heel straps, valued not over \$12/pr (provided for in subheading 6404.19.39)	16.4%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
SEC.	WEA HEE	OMEN'S TEXTILE UPPER FOOT- R, WITH OPEN TOES OR OPEN LS, VALUED NOT OVER \$12 PER		'		2023
serti		t. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
***	9902.28.63	Footwear for women, with open toes or open heels and other than house slippers; such footwear with outer soles of rubber or plastics and uppers of textile materials, such uppers consisting of straps not exceeding 26 mm in width and having no heel straps, valued not over \$12/pr (provided for in subheading 6404.19.39)	30.2%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
SEC.	WEA.	LDREN'S TEXTILE UPPER FOOT- R, WITH OPEN TOES OR OPEN LS, VALUED NOT OVER \$12 PER L.				2023   ''.
serti		of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
	9902.28.64	Footwear for persons other than men or women, such footwear with open toes or open heels (other than house slippers), with outer soles of rubber or plastics and uppers of textile materials, with straps not exceeding 20 mm in width and having no heel straps, valued not over \$12/pr (provided for in subheading 6404.19.39)	20.2%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Su serti	<b>WITH</b> <b>IC D</b> bchapter II	FORD-STYLE WORK FOOTWEAR IN STEEL SAFETY TOE AND STAT- ISSIPATING PROTECTION. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new		'		2023 l ''.
	9902.28.67	Footwear for men or women, with outer soles of rubber or plastics and uppers of textile materials, not covering the ankle, valued at over \$12/pr, incorporating a protective toe cap of steel and with electrostatic dissipating properties meeting ASTM F2413 standards with an ESD classification of SD-10 (provided for in subheading 6404.19.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Su	UPP UED bchapter II ng in numer	ORD FOOTWEAR WITH TEXTILE ERS AND COMPOSITE TOE, VAL- OVER \$20 PER PAIR. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				2023 ".
	9902.28.70	Footwear for men or women, with outer soles of rubber or plastics and uppers of textile materials, not covering the ankle, valued over \$20/pr, incorporating a protective toe cap of materials other than metal (provided for in subheading 6404.19.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
SEC.	TEXT	VS MID-CUT FOOTWEAR WITH A FILE UPPER AND A PROTECTIVE				2023 ".
serti		CAP. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
	9902.28.71	Footwear for men, with outer soles of rubber or plastics and uppers of textile materials, covering the ankle to a height of less than 15.24 cm, incorporating a protective toe cap of alloy materials, valued over \$12/pr (provided for in subheading 6404.19.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023

SEC. 107968. WOMEN'S FOOTWEAR WITH LEATHER SOLES AND TEXTILE UPPERS, OPEN TOES OR HEELS, VALUED \$12-\$24 PER PAIR.

PEK PAIR.
Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

	9902.28.72	Footwear for women with outer soles of leather or composition leather and uppers of textile materials, each with open toe and/or open heel, not over 50 percent by weight of textile materials and rubber or plastics with at least 10 percent by weight being rubber or plastics, valued over \$12.00 but not over \$24.00/pr (provided for in subheading 6404.20.40)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
SEC		OTWEAR FOR WOMEN VALUED R \$20 BUT NOT OVER \$24 PER			I	1 2023
sert	ıbchapter II	of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
	9902.28.73	Footwear for women with outer soles of leather or composition leather and uppers of textile materials, with closed toe and closed heel, not over 50 percent by weight of textile materials and rubber or plastics with at least 10 percent by weight being rubber or plastics; such footwear with a heel counter of pig suede and a zipper at the back of the shoe, each shoe featuring at least one strap that wraps around the leg above the ankle and does not cover the ankle; the foregoing valued over \$20 but not over \$24/pr (provided for in subheading 6404.20.40)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti	<b>SOL</b> <b>UED</b> ıbchapter II	IEN'S FOOTWEAR WITH LEATHER ES AND TEXTILE UPPERS, VAL- \$15-\$20 PER PAIR. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				2023 ".
	9902.28.74	Footwear for women with outer soles of leather or composition leather and uppers of textile materials, not elsewhere specified or included, valued over \$15 but not over \$20/pr, the foregoing other than footwear containing less than 10 percent by weight of rubber or plastics and other than containing 50 percent or less by weight of textile materials and rubber or plastics with at least 10 percent by weight being rubber or plastics (provided for in subheading 6404.20.60)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
SEC	SOL	IEN'S FOOTWEAR WITH LEATHER ES AND TEXTILE UPPERS, VAL- \$20-\$25 PER PAIR.	!		l	2023   ''.
sert	ıbchapter II	of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
	9902.28.75	Footwear for women, with outer soles of leather or composition leather and uppers of textile materials, not elsewhere specified or included, valued over \$20 but less than \$25/pr; the foregoing other than footwear containing less than 10 percent by weight of rubber or plastics and other than containing 50 percent or less by weight of textile materials and rubber or plastics with at least 10 percent by weight being rubber or plastics (provided for in subheading 6404.20.60)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023 ".
Sı serti	<b>SOL</b> i ibchapter II	MEN'S FOOTWEAR WITH CORK ES AND TEXTILE UPPERS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	·			
	9902.28.76	Footwear for women, with uppers of textile materials and outer soles of cork or agglomerated cork, each with open toe and/or open heel, valued over \$13 but not over \$18/pr (provided for in subheading 6405.20.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
SEC.		'S FOOTWEAR WITH FELT SOLES,	ļ		I	I ∠U∠3 I ″.

SEC. 107973. MEN'S FOOTWEAR WITH FELT SOLES, NOT COVERING THE ANKLE, VALUED \$20 PER PAIR OR HIGHER.

"	9902.28.77	Footwear for men, with uppers of which over 30 percent of the external surface is polyurethane measuring 0.25 mm in thickness, with cemented outer soles of which over 50 percent of the external surface is felt, having the characteristics required for normal use, including durability and strength; the foregoing not covering the ankle and valued \$20/pr or higher (provided for in subheading 6405.20.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	<b>WIT</b> <b>THA</b> ıbchapter II	MEN'S AND GIRLS' FOOTWEAR H CORK UPPERS, VALUED LESS N \$25 PER PAIR. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.28.78	Women's and girls' footwear with uppers of cork (other than disposable and designed for one-time use), valued less than \$25/pr (provided for in subheading 6405.90.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	CAL. PER ıbchapter II	OMEN'S FOOTWEAR WITH COW/ F HAIR UPPERS, VALUED \$35-\$40 PAIR, COVERING THE ANKLE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.28.79	Footwear for women, with uppers of cow or calf hair and outer soles of rubber or plastics, such footwear with closed toe and heel, covering the ankle, with a lace closure, having an upper with exterior surface area over 80 percent cow or calf hair, valued over \$35 but not over \$40/pr (provided for in subheading 6405.90.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	CAL PER ANK ıbchapter II	OMEN'S FOOTWEAR WITH COW/ F HAIR UPPERS, VALUED \$35-\$40 PAIR, NOT COVERING THE LE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.28.80	Footwear for women, with uppers of cow or calf hair and outer soles of rubber or plastics, each with closed toe and closed heel, not covering the ankle, of the slip-on type, having an upper with exterior surface area over 70 percent cow or calf hair, valued over \$35 but not over \$40/pr (provided for in subheading 6405.90.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti	CAL PER ıbchapter II			I		2023   ''.
"	9902.28.81	Footwear for women, with uppers of cow or calf hair and outer soles of rubber or plastics, each with closed toe and closed heel, not covering the ankle, of the slip-on type, having an upper with exterior surface area over 85 percent cow or calf hair, valued over \$19 but not over \$25/pr (provided for in subheading 6405.90.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti	CAL PER ıbchapter II	OMEN'S FOOTWEAR WITH COW/ F HAIR UPPERS, VALUED \$50-\$55 PAIR. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	I	ı	I	l 2023 l ''.
"	9902.28.82	Footwear for women, with uppers of cow or calf hair and outer soles of rubber or plastics, such footwear covering the ankle, with zipper closure, with exterior surface area over 70 percent cow or calf hair, valued over \$50 but not over \$55/pr (provided for in subheading 6405.90.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023

## SEC. 107979. WOMEN'S FOOTWEAR, LEATHER SOLES AND RUBBER/PLASTIC UPPERS, VALUED \$16-\$18 PER PAIR.

Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

Sı serti	CALI PER ıbchapter II	Footwear for women with uppers of rubber or plastics and outer soles of composition leather, with open toe and/or heel, valued over \$16 but not over \$18/pr (provided for in subheading 6405.90.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
	9902.28.84	Footwear for women, with uppers of cow or calf hair and outer soles of rubber or plastics, such footwear covering the ankle, with zipper or buckle closure, with exterior surface area over 90 percent of cow or calf hair, valued over \$19 but not over \$34/pr (provided for in subheading 6405.90.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	<b>OVE</b> <b>PAIR</b> ıbchapter II	R \$50 BUT NOT OVER \$60 PER				
	9902.28.85	Footwear of the slip-on type, for women, with uppers of cow or calf hair and outer soles of rubber or plastics, such footwear with closed toe and heel, covering the ankle, having an upper with exterior surface area over 90 percent cow or calf hair, whose height from the bottom of the outer sole to the top of the upper is over 42 cm, valued over \$50 but not over \$60/pr (provided for in subheading 6405.90.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	F HAIR UPPER FOOTWEAR. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	l	!		2023   ''.
"	9902.28.86	Footwear with uppers of calf hair (provided for in subheading 6405.90.90), the foregoing other than goods described in any other heading of this subchapter	3.1%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023 ".
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	<b>ERS OF MAN-MADE FIBERS.</b> of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
	9902.28.87	Woven gaiters of man-made fibers, not containing elastomeric fiber, seamless, each with full front hook-and-loop closure, boot lace loop attachment, with webbing or cord at the top for tightening and boot strap at the bottom (provided for in subheading 6406.90.15)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	S OF VEGETABLE FIBERS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	l	'		2023   ''.
"	9902.28.88	Hats and other headgear of vegetable fibers, of unspun fibrous vegetable materials or of paper yarn, sewed (provided for in subheading 6504.00.30)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
SEC.	. 107985. HAIR	RNETS.				

"	9902.28.89	Hair-nets (provided for in subheading 6505.00.01)	1%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
SEC	. 107986. COT LES	TON KNIT HATS, VALUED \$8 OR	•	ı	ı	1 2020	•
sert	ubchapter II	of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
"	9902.28.90	Women's and girls' hats and other headgear, of cotton, knitted, other than visors or hats that provide no covering for the crown of the head; such goods valued up to \$8 each (provided for in subheading 6505.00.15); the foregoing other than hats and other headgear described in subheading 9902.14.63	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
St sert	ubchapter II	l <b>iES' WOVEN COTTON HATS.</b> of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	l	I	I	l 2023 l	´´•
"	9902.28.91	Babies' headwear of cotton, not knitted (provided for in subheading 6505.00.20)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
SEC		S OF MAN-MADE FIBER, VALUED		I	I	2023I	•
sert		of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
"	9902.28.92	Hats and other headgear, of man-made fibers, knitted or crocheted or made up from knitted or crocheted fabrics in the piece (but not in strips), not in part of braid, each valued at least \$5 but not more than \$12 (provided for in subheading 6505.00.60)	6.4%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
St sert	<b>WIT</b> ubchapter II	ERPROOF AND INSULATED HATS H EAR FLAPS, VALUED OVER \$15. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				2023	".
"	9902.28.93	Dome-shaped hats, of man-made fibers, each with ear flaps constructed entirely of 2-layer laminate consisting of woven face fabric wholly of polyester and expanded polytetrafluoroethylene (PTFE) membrane, each such hat fully lined with woven ripstop fabric wholly of nylon, the crown and earflaps having insulation wholly of polyester, adjustable by a 2 mm elastic cord covered in a braided textile sheath and back cord lock; such hats valued over \$15 each (provided for in subheading 6505.00.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	,,
St sert	ubchapter II	IIING WADING STAFFS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	1	1	1	l 2023 l	•
	9902.28.94	Wading sticks of carbon fiber, each measuring 3.5 cm to 4.5 cm in diameter, adjustable from approximately 129.5 cm to 142.2 cm in length and weighing 227 g; the foregoing not put up for sale in pairs (provided for in heading 6602.00.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
SEC	 	 ISTIC PLANTS FOR AQUARIUMS,	l	I	I	2023	· ''.

"	9902.28.95	Foliage and flowers of plastics, representing desert or underwater plants, each inserted directly into a base or suction cup, measuring not over 55.88 cm in height, not assembled by gluing or similar means or by binding with flexible materials such as wire, paper, textile materials or foil; the foregoing presented put up for retail sale as goods designed for a household terrarium or aquarium (provided for in subheading 6702.10.40)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
SEC		TURAL STONE LEDGER TILE OF			l	2023   ''.
sert	ubchapter II	<b>DSTONE.</b> of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.28.96	Natural stone tiles of sandstone; such cut pieces each measuring less than 6.985 cm in width and 6.985 cm in length and collectively glued together or to a mesh backing to form a panel; such finished tiles measuring 15.24 cm or more but not over 40.64 cm in width and 45.72 cm or more but not over 60.96 cm in length (provided for in subheading 6802.10.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023 ".
Si sert	ubchapter II	BLE MOSAIC AND PEBBLE TILES. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
	9902.28.97	Marble mosaic and pebble tiles, each with the individual mosaic and pebble pieces measuring 50.8 mm in width and ranging from 50.8 mm to 152.4 mm in length; each tile measuring approximately 304.8 mm wide and 304.8 mm long (provided for in subheading 6802.10.00)	2.6%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Si sert	ubchapter II	URAL STONE LIMESTONE TILES. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	l	I	I	2023   ''.
••	9902.28.98	Natural stone tiles made of limestone quarried from India with a surface area greater than 101.6 mm square and ranging in size from 50.8 to 304.8 mm in width and 152.4 mm to 406.44 mm in length; the foregoing honed and 12.7 mm in thickness (provided for in subheading 6802.91.05)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Si sert	ubchapter II	URAL STONE MARBLE TILES. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	I	I	I	2023 '''.
••	9902.28.99	Natural stone tiles made of marble quarried from Greece, Italy, Turkey, and Spain, each tile with a surface area greater than 101.6 mm²; the foregoing in sizes ranging from 50.8 to 304.8 mm in width and 152.4 mm to 406.44 mm in length (provided for in subheading 6802.91.05)	1%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
SEC	. 107996. WAT TILL	ERJET NATURAL STONE MOSAIC	ļ	l	ı	1 2023
sert	ubchapter II	of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
	9902.29.01	Waterjet cut mosaic tiles, composed of natural marble stone, such marble stone tiles measuring more than 7 cm in width and more than 7 cm in length and covering over 50 percent of the surface area, in combination with tiles of glass, metal, mother of pearl or other materials, with surface faces honed or polished and edges worked beyond simple straight cuts and affixed to a mesh backing, having a width not less than 22.86 cm but not more than 45.72 cm and a length not less than 20.32 cm but not more than 45.72 cm (provided for in subheading 6802.91.15)	2.2%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023

SEC. 107997. MARBLE ENTERTAINING AND SERVEWARE.

Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

"	9902.29.02	Serving trays, serving boards, cake stands, bowls, pastry boards, rolling pins and similar articles of marble, for preparing or serving food (provided for in subheading 6802.91.15)	1%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
SEC.		ICLES OF MARBLE FOR KITCHEN				2023
serti	bchapter II	DINING ROOM.  of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.29.03	Coasters, trivets, paper towel holders, napkin holders and similar articles of marble, the foregoing designed for use in the home and not for contact with food (provided for in subheading 6802.91.15)	1%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
SEC.	107999. NAT	URAL STONE LEDGER TILES OF			1	2023
serti	bchapter II	<b>VERTINE.</b> of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.29.04	Natural stone tiles of travertine, each composed of small, cut pieces of travertine; such cut pieces each measuring less than 69.85 mm in width and 68.85 mm in length and collectively glued to a mesh backing; such finished tiles measuring 152.4 mm or more but not over 406.4 mm in width and 457.2 mm or more but not over 609.6 mm in length (provided for in subheading 6802.91.25)	0.6%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
SEC.	108000. TRA	VERTINE DECORATIVE TILE.				
serti		of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.29.05	Travertine decorative tiles with smooth-satin finish, rectangular-shaped, each tile measuring 50.8 mm or more but not more than 203.2 mm in width and 101.6 mm or more but not more than 304.8 mm in length (provided for in subheading 6802.91.25)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti	bchapter II	STONE DECORATIVE TILES. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new			l	2023   ''.
"	9902.29.06	Limestone decorative tiles each with smooth-satin finish and rectangular-shaped stones, each tile measuring in size from 12.7 mm to 101.6 mm in width and 152.4 mm to 406.4 mm in length (provided for in subheading 6802.91.25)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
SEC.		ANK, EMBOSSED, AND PRINTED NEWARE COASTER DISKS AND				2023 1 ''.
serti	<b>TRIV</b> abchapter II	of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.29.07	Blank, embossed and printed stoneware coaster disks and trivets (provided for in subheading 6912.00.48)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	bchapter II	LED GREEN GLASS SHEETS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.29.08	Rolled glass in sheets, of a yellow-green color not colored throughout the mass, not finished or edged-worked, textured on one surface imparted by the rolling process, imported in sheets of a width not exceeding 1,600 mm and a length not exceeding 900 mm, having a thickness not exceeding 6 mm (provided for in subheading 7003.19.00)	0.2%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023

	9902.29.09	Framed rear-view mirrors, such goods comprising parts of machines of heading 8429 or vehicles of heading 8701, 8704 or 8430, such mirrors measuring not over 929 cm² in reflecting area and not containing LED or fluorescent lighting (provided for in subheading 7009.10.00)	1.4%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti	ubchapter II	L MIRRORS, UNFRAMED. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new		I	I	2023   ''.
"	9902.29.10	Glass mirrors, unframed, each greater than 5,000 cm² in reflecting area, not containing LED or fluorescent lighting, designed for mounting on the wall (provided for in subheading 7009.91.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	ubchapter II	L MIRRORS, FRAMED. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	'	1	1	1 20231 .
	9902.29.11	Glass mirrors, framed, each greater than 5,000 cm² in reflecting area, not containing LED or fluorescent lighting, designed for mounting on the wall (provided for in subheading 7009.92.50)	3.1%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı sert:	ING BUT THA ubchapter II	EMWARE (CRYSTALLINE) DRINK- GLASSES VALUED OVER \$0.30 NOT OVER \$3 EACH, OTHER N THOSE PRESENTED IN SETS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new		1	1	2023   .
"	9902.29.12	Stemware (crystalline) drinking glasses valued over \$0.30 but not over \$3 each other than those presented in sets (provided for in subheading 7013.28.20)	21.2%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti	<b>TUM</b> ubchapter II	BLE-WALLED INSULATED GLASS BLERS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	l	I	I	2023   ''.
	9902.29.13	Double-walled drinking glasses of specially tempered borosilicate glass, with or without handles (provided for in subheading 7013.37.05)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti	<b>GLA</b> ubchapter II	MOND-SHAPED STEMMED WINE SSES. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	l	I	I	2023   ''.
	9902.29.14	Hexagonal, stemmed wine glasses, each with diamond-shaped base and made from specially toughened borosilicate glass (provided for in subheading 7013.37.05)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
SEC	. 108010. TW	ISTED-CENTER STEMLESS WINE SS.				. 2020
sert		of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
	9902.29.15	Stemless wine glasses, each with twisted center indentation, of specially tempered borosilicate glass (provided for in subheading 7013.37.05)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023

SEC. 108011. CRYSTALLINE DRINKING GLASSES, WITHOUT STEMS, NOT IN SETS.

Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

"	9902.29.16	Crystalline drinking glasses without stems, valued over \$0.30 but not over \$3 each, other than those presented in sets (provided for in subheading 7013.37.20)	21.1%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,, ,,,
SEC	. 108012. DOU BOW	VBLE-WALLED INSULATED GLASS VLS.					
sert		of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
"	9902.29.17	Double-walled (insulated) bowls of specially tempered borosilicate glass, such bowls of a kind used for table or kitchen purposes (provided for in subheading 7013.49.10)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
S sert	ubchapter II	r-SHAPED GLASS DECANTERS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
	9902.29.18	Leaf-shaped decanters of pressed and toughened (specially tempered) borosilicate glass (provided for in subheading 7013.49.10)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,,
S sert	<b>MAD</b> <b>HOL</b> ubchapter II	T OF FOUR APPETIZER PLATES DE OF GLASS WITH STEEL CADDY DER, VALUED AT \$2 EACH. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	1	1	1	, 2023 I	
"	9902.29.19	Set of four appetizer plates made of glass with steel caddy holder valued at \$2 each (provided for in subheading 7013.49.20)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,,
	WOO EAC	CE RACK WITH GLASS JARS AND DEN LIDS VALUED NOT OVER \$3 H. of chapter 99 is amended by in-					
sert		of chapter to be amonated by the rical sequence the following new					
"	9902.29.20	Spice racks, each presented with glass jars and wooden lids, valued not over \$3 each (provided for in subheading 7013.49.20)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	,,
SEC		SS LENS BLANKS FOR INFRARED	l	l	I	2023	
sert	ubchapter II	<b>LICATIONS.</b> of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
"	9902.29.21	Glass lens blanks that are not optically worked, containing one or more of sulfur, selenium or tellurium, certified by the importer as suitable for infrared applications (CAS No. 57673–50–4, 39290–81–8, 1450602–84–2 or 1303–36–2) (provided for in subheading 7014.00.10)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
SEC	BEA. TAT	AIR ACCESSORIES OF GLASS DS, IMITATION PEARLS, AND IMI- ION STONES, VALUED LESS N \$7.	•		•	1 2020	
sert		of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
"	9902.29.22	Hair accessories of glass beads, imitation pearls and imitation stones valued less than \$7 (provided for in subheading 7018.90.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	ļ ".
SEC		TER BAGS WITH ACID-RESISTANT TING OF WOVEN FIREDCIASS					

COATING, OF WOVEN FIBERGLASS LAMINATED TO EPTFE, WEIGHING AT LEAST 325 G/M<sup>2</sup> BUT NOT OVER 350 G/M<sup>2</sup>.

Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by in-

serting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

	9902.29.23	Filter bags with acid-resistant coating; such bags of woven fiberglass fabric laminated to an expanded polytetrafluoroethylene (ePTFE) membrane, coated with an acid-resistant on its backing, weighing at least 325 g/m² but not over 350 g/m²; the foregoing with a burst strength of 4137 kPA (600 psi) or higher per ASTM D3786 (provided for in subheading 7019.90.10)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti	FOR ubchapter II	ERGLASS REPLACEMENT WICKS OUTDOOR GARDEN TORCH. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new		l	l	2023   ''.
	9902.29.24	Replacement wicks exclusively of fiberglass for garden, patio and table top burning torches of subheading 9405.50, the foregoing for outdoor use (provided for in subheading 7019.90.10)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
SEC.	GLAS EPTI ETH ACIL	TER BAGS OF WOVEN FIBER- SS FABRIC LAMINATED TO AN FE, WITH A POLYTETRAFLUORO- YLENE COATED BACKING, NOT D RESISTANT, WEIGHING AT ST 721 G/M² BUT NOT OVER 771 G/				
serti	-	of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
	9902.29.25	Filter bags of woven fiberglass fabric without an acid-resistant coating; laminated to an expanded polytetrafluoroethylene (ePTFE) membrane with a polytetrafluoroethylene coated backing, weighing at least 721 g/m² but not over 771 g/m²; the foregoing with a burst strength of 6205 kPa (900 psi) or higher per ASTM D3786 (provided for in subheading 7019.90.10)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	ER CATALYST. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new		l	'	2025   .
"	9902.29.26	Silver exceeding 99.9 percent purity, in spherical shapes formed from silver anodes in an electrochemical process, such shapes with surface areas of 80 mm³ or greater (CAS No. 7440–22–4) and ready for use as catalysts (provided for in subheading 7106.91.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	<b>ER ROUND BLANKS.</b> of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new		l	'	1 2025 1 .
"	9902.29.27	Silver round blanks (CAS No. 7440–22–4), semimanufactured and weighing not more than 1,000 grams (provided for in subheading 7106.92.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023 ''.
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	ROBORON ALLOY.  of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.29.28	Ferroboron alloys in powders, lumps, granules or chunks (provided for in subheading 7202.99.80)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023 ''.
serti	THR. CAST OIL : ibchapter II	CAST IRON NONMALLEABLE EADED MAIN BODY COMBO FINGS FOR RESIDENTIAL FUEL FANKS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new			•	
"	9902.29.29	Main body combo castings of nonmalleable cast iron designed for residential fuel oil tanks (provided for in subheading 7307.11.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023

### SEC. 108025. CAST IRON NONMALLEABLE THREADED VENT CAPS FOR RESI-DENTIAL FUEL OIL TANKS.

"	9902.29.30	Threaded vent caps of nonmalleable cast iron designed for residential fuel oil tanks (provided for in subheading 7307.11.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be-	
		tantes (provided for in substituting 1501.11.00)	1766	1vo change	ivo change	fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
serti	<b>THR</b> <b>TIAI</b> ubchapter II	CAST IRON NONMALLEABLE EADED BUSHINGS FOR RESIDEN- FUEL OIL TANKS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new					
	9902.29.31	Threaded bushings of nonmalleable cast iron to be installed to a residential fuel oil tank opening (provided for in subheading 7307.11.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
sert	THR RESi ubchapter II	CAST IRON NONMALLEABLE EADED TANK ADAPTERS FOR IDENTIAL FUEL OIL TANKS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				. 2020	•
"	9902.29.32	Threaded tank adapters of nonmalleable cast iron designed for residential fuel oil tanks (provided for in subheading 7307.11.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	,,
sert	THR FOR ubchapter II	CAST IRON NONMALLEABLE EADED FILL ALARM MAIN BODY RESIDENTIAL FUEL OIL TANKS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	I	I		l 2023 l	··•
	9902.29.33	Fittings of nonmalleable cast iron, each comprising the main body of a fill alarm designed for residential fuel oil tanks (provided for in subheading 7307.11.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
sert	THR IDEN ubchapter II	CAST IRON NONMALLEABLE EADED FILL BOX CAPS FOR RES- VITAL FUEL OIL TANKS.  of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	•	'			•
"	9902.29.34	Threaded fill box caps of nonmalleable cast iron designed for residential fuel oil tanks (provided for in subheading 7307.11.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
sert	THR DEN ubchapter II	CAST IRON NONMALLEABLE EADED LEG FLANGES FOR RESI- TIAL FUEL OIL TANKS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	l	I	ı	l 2023 l	<i>"</i> .
	9902.29.35	Threaded leg flanges of nonmalleable cast iron designed for residential fuel oil tanks (provided for in subheading 7307.11.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	,,
Sı serti	ubchapter II	TABLE GAS COOKING STOVES. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	I	I	I	2023	•
"	9902.29.36	Portable propane gas camping stoves, each with one adjustable burner rated to generate up to 10,000 British thermal units (BTUs) of power, with casing of steel and pan support of steel covered with porcelain, the foregoing valued \$4 or more but not over \$20 each (provided for in subheading 7321.11.10)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	".

## CONGRESSIONAL RECORD—HOUSE

**SEC. 108032. PORTABLE OUTDOOR COOKERS.**Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

"	9902.29.37	Portable outdoor cookers, fueled by natural gas or propane, put up in sets for retail sale (provided for in subheading 7321.11.10)	1.2%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
SEC.		LF-ANCHORED BEVERAGE CON-				2023	l ′′.
serti	ıbchapter II	VERS.  of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new					
"	9902.29.38	Self anchoring beverage containers made of stainless steel with a base partially made of orange colored silicone material with said orange silicone base measuring no more than 60.325 mm (provided for in subheading 7323.93.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
SEC.		STAINLESS STEEL HANDMADE				2023	٠,,
serti	ıbchapter II	<b>THEN SINKS.</b> of chapter 99 is amended by in-  ical sequence the following new					
	9902.29.39	Handmade, top mounted, residential kitchen sinks of stainless steel, consisting of 1 or 2 bowls, 0.64 mm or more but not exceeding 1.2 mm in thickness, 13.97 cm or more but not exceeding 25.4 cm in depth, 43.18 cm or more but not exceeding 55.88 cm in width, and 68.58 cm or more but not exceeding 83.82 cm in length (provided for in subheading 7324.10.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,.
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	SE FRAME BASKETS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new					
"	9902.29.40	Steel wire loose frame basket (provided for in subheading 7326.20.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,,
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	STORY FIRE ESCAPE LADDERS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
"	9902.29.41	Fire escape ladders of iron or steel, measuring not over 4.3 m in length when fully extended, with a ladder load rating of 170 kg and designed to be hung from a windowsill measuring 15 cm or more but not over 33 cm in width; such ladders each having window brackets and rungs (stairs) of steel and webbing of nylon that connect the rungs to each other and to the window bracket; with slip resistant rungs and stabilizers, the foregoing designed for residential use and valued not over \$28 each (provided for in subheading 7326.90.86)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
SEC.		REE-STORY FIRE ESCAPE LAD-				2023	,,,
serti		s. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
	9902.29.42	Fire escape ladders of iron or steel, measuring 4.4 m or more but not more than 7.4 m in length when fully extended, with a ladder load rating of 170 kg and designed to be hung from a windowsill measuring 15 cm or more but not over 33 cm in width; such ladders each composed of window brackets and rungs (stairs) of steel and webbing of nylon that connect the rungs to each other and to the window bracket; with slip resistant rungs and stabilizers, the foregoing designed for residential use and valued not over \$47 each (provided for in subheading 7326.90.86)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
SEC.	108038. WOR	K SUPPORT STANDS OF STEEL.				2023	".

"	9902.29.43	Portable work support stands of steel, each with a hand-tightened clamp (provided for in subheading 7326.90.86)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
SEC		CKING FIXTURES OF IRON OR	I			2023   ''.
sert		EL. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.29.44	Locking fixtures of iron and steel, the foregoing designed to secure moving parts of lithography machine modules or apparatus, and parts thereof (provided for in subheading 7326.90.86)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
SEC		INLESS STEEL PHONE HANDLE-				2023   ''.
sert	ıbchapter II	-STAND ACCESSORIES. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
**	9902.29.45	Mobile phone handle-and-stand accessories of stainless steel, each comprising two circular slabs measuring 4 mm in thickness, with adhesive on one side of one circular slab, the slabs connected by an adjustable arm; valued not over \$4.50 each (provided for in subheading 7326.90.86)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
SEC		ULAR AND S-SHAPED STAINLESS EL CARABINERS.	•			
sert	ıbchapter II	of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.29.46	Carabiners or rings made of stainless steel, with a spring-loaded gate used to connect and secure non-load bearing components, valued no more than \$10 (provided for in subheading 7326.90.86)	1%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
	COP. PUR	CES OF REFINED UNWROUGHT PER CATHODE 99.9999 PERCENT E. of chapter 99 is amended by in-				
sert		ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.29.47	Pieces of copper cathode, refined and unrwought, 99.9999 percent pure, measured by glow discharge mass spectrometry (GDMS) to have sulfur content not exceeding 150 parts per billion (ppb), aluminum content not exceeding 15 ppb and iron content not exceeding 15 ppb (provided for in subheading 7403.11.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023''.
SEC		RA-THIN AND WIDE-WIDTH ALU- UM FOIL.				
sert		of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.29.48	Aluminum foil (whether or not printed, or backed with paper, paperboard, plastics or similar backing materials), rolled but not further worked, such foil of a thickness (excluding any backing) of 6.35 microns and with a width between 1085 mm to 1899 mm, or of a thickness of 7 microns to 9 microns with a width between 1549 mm to 1899 mm (provided for in subheading 7607.11.30)	1.9%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Si serti	<b>FOII</b> ıbchapter II	TCHED CAPACITOR ALUMINUM  OF A THICKNESS 0.018-0.126 MM.  of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	ı		ı	2023   ''.
"	9902.29.49	Etched capacitor foil of aluminum, 0.018 mm or more but not over 0.126 mm in thickness, electrochemically oxidized ('formed') and containing 99.8 percent or more by weight of aluminum, of a kind used for manufacturing electrolytic capacitors (provided for in subheading 7607.19.10)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023 ".

**SEC. 108045. STOVE TOP COFFEE MAKERS.**Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

"	9902.29.50	Kitchen stove top coffee makers of aluminum, each with a capacity not exceeding 3 liters (provided for in subheading 7615.10.71)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
S1 sert	ubchapter II	MINUM SHOWER CADDIES. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new		I	I	l 2023 l	".
"	9902.29.51	Shower caddies made of aluminum wire with a dimension of 12 mm by 8 mm or less, designed to be hung over shower heads to hold bath accessories (provided for in subheading 7615.20.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
S1 sert	ubchapter II	PSTOOLS OF ALUMINUM.  of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				2023	".
	9902.29.52	Step stools of aluminum, each having three steps, of a width of no less than 22 cm, with a folding safety bar and rubber non-slip feet (provided for in subheading 7616.99.51)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
S1 sert	ubchapter II	MINUM LADDERS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new					
	9902.29.53	Articulated ladders of aluminum with a ladder load rating of 137 kg consisting of one or more pairs of locking joints and extendable sections, valued not over \$100 (provided for in subheading 7616.99.51)	1.5%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
S1 sert	<b>MIN</b> ubchapter II	RCULAR AND S-SHAPED ALU- UM CARABINERS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	'	'	'	1 2025	•
	9902.29.54	Carabiner or rings of aluminum, either single or double, each with a spring-loaded gate used to connect and secure non-load bearing components, valued no more than \$3.25 (provided for in subheading 7616.99.51)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
S1 sert	ubchapter II	TONARY SPRINKLERS OF ZINC. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	l	I	I	l 2023 l	···
	9902.29.55	Household irrigation sprinklers of zinc, designed to stay in one spot during use, with no moving irrigation arms and no adjustable watering patterns on the outside, of maximum dimension of 11 cm by 8.1 cm by 3.2 cm (provided for in subheading 7907.00.10)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
S1 sert	ubchapter II	GSTEN WASTE AND SCRAP. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				2023	".
	9902.29.56	Tungsten (wolfram) waste and scrap (provided for in subheading 8101.97.00) $\dots$	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,.
S1 sert		ALT ALLOYS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new					
"	9902.29.57	Cobalt alloys (provided for in subheading 8105.20.30)	2.8%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	,,

SEC. 108053. CERTAIN GALLIUM (GA).
Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

"	9902.29.58	Gallium (CAS No. 7440-55-3) (provided for in subheading 8112.92.10), the foregoing other than goods described in heading 9902.15.12	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
Sı serti	<b>THIC</b> ubchapter II	DBIUM (COLUMBIUM) RINGS NO CKER THAN 20 MM. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new			'	1 2023 1	•
	9902.29.59	Rings of Niobium (columbium) (other than unwrought, waste and scrap and powders), measuring not over 20 mm in thickness (provided for in subheading 8112.99.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,,
Sı serti	<b>RIAI</b> ıbchapter II	IGSTEN SECONDARY RAW MATE- of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new					
	9902.29.60	Used cermets and articles thereof, including waste and scrap, the foregoing imported for the extraction of tungsten (provided for in heading 8113.00.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,,
Sı serti	<b>PIPE</b> ibchapter II	AR-DRIVEN BOLT CUTTERS AND CUTTERS.  of chapter 99 is amended by inical sequence the following new			'		•
"	9902.29.61	Pipe cutters and bolt cutters, each with a gear-driven mechanism (provided for in subheading 8203.40.30)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,,
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	ARY CUTTERS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new					
	9902.29.62	Rotary cutting hand tools, of iron or steel, designed to cut fabrics and craft materials, each with a replaceable circular blade and plastic handle with blade lock (provided for in subheading 8205.51.30)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,,
Sı serti		D GRATERS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				, 2020	•
	9902.29.63	Food graters with blades or working surfaces of base metal, with nonworking parts of plastic, such graters not exceeding 31 cm in overall length (provided for in subheading 8205.51.30)	0.8%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,,
Sı serti	<b>TIC</b> (ubchapter II	ID TOOLS FOR APPLYING PLAS- CLIP FASTENERS TO GARMENTS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new			l	1 2023 1	٠
	9902.29.64	Hand tools of plastics, designed for insertion and application of plastic clip fasteners, such hand tools each with an outer body and internal mechanism of plastics, containing a replaceable hollow steel needle with an outside diameter measuring less than 2.4 mm through which a fastener is fed and inserted into the intended target material (provided for in subheading 8205.59.80)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,_
SEC	108060. STE	EL WORKSTATIONS WITH VISES	'				•

SEC. 108066. STEEL WORKSTATIONS WITH VISES ADJUSTABLE BY FOOT PEDAL.

Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

	9902.29.65	Clamping workstations, each with steel vise, adjustable by foot pedal lever, weighing less than 20 kg, with a jaw width between 0 and 94 cm (provided for in subheading 8205.70.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
SEC		ED CARBIDE CUTTER AND ROLL-		I	l	2023   ''.
sert	ubchapter II	CONE DRILL BITS.  of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
**	9902.29.66	Rotary rock drill bits, and parts thereof, each such bit with cutting part containing by weight over 0.2 percent of chromium, molybdenum or tungsten or over 0.1 percent of vanadium (provided for in subheading 8207.19.30), designed for use with rock drilling and earth boring tools of heading 8430	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti	ubchapter II	ARY FOOD GRATERS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new		I	I	2023   ''.
	9902.29.67	Rotary food graters, each incorporating blade drums of stainless steel and a suction base, operated by hand, weighing not more than 1.5 kg (provided for in heading 8210.00.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	ubchapter II	FEE PRESSES. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
	9902.29.68	Coffee presses designed to brew ground coffee, each consisting of a glass cylinder, a plastic or metal handle or frame and a stainless steel mesh filter; the foregoing having a capacity of 0.5 liters or more but not over 1.5 liters (provided for in heading 8210.00.00)	1.1%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti	<b>ERS</b> ubchapter II	CUUM INSULATED COFFEE SERV- WITH A BREW-THROUGH LID. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	l	I	I	2023   ''.
"	9902.29.69	Vacuum insulated coffee servers with liners of steel, each with a capacity over 2 liters, having a brew-through lid, feet attached to the base and a hole at bottom of server for lever faucet attachment (provided for in heading 8210.00.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
sert	ubchapter II	CUUM INSULATED COFFEE SERV- WITH NO LID. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	l	l	l	2023   ''.
	9902.29.70	Vacuum insulated coffee servers with liners of steel, each with a capacity over 2 liters, presented with base with feet but no lid and with a hole at bottom of server for lever faucet attachment (provided for in heading 8210.00.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti	<b>ERS</b> ubchapter II	CUUM INSULATED COFFEE SERV- WITH FITTED HINGED LID. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	I	I	I	2023   ''.
"	9902.29.71	Vacuum insulated coffee servers, each with outer layer and liner of steel, with a capacity over 2 liters, with tightly fitted hinged lid with a center hole designed to allow brewed beverages to pass directly into such server with top lever action for dispensing and steel base plate (provided for in heading 8210.00.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/

# SEC. 108067. COMMERCIAL VACUUM INSULATED COFFEE SERVERS WITH SIGHT GAUGE.

Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

	9902.29.72	Commercial vacuum insulated coffee servers, each with outer layer and liner of steel, plastic base, a capacity over 2 liters, plastic carrying handle, bottom lever faucet, see-through contents window and a brew-thru lid (provided for in heading 8210.00.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
SEC		MMERCIAL VACUUM INSULATED FEE SERVERS WITH PLASTIC F				2023	".
sert	ubchapter II	of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new					
"	9902.29.73	Commercial vacuum insulated coffee servers, each with outer layer and liner of steel, plastic base, capacity over 2 liters, plastic carrying handle, bottom lever faucet and brew-thru lid (provided for in heading 8210.00.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
SEC	COF	MMERCIAL VACUUM INSULATED FEE SERVERS WITH PLASTIC E AND STAND.	l	I	ı	1 2023	•
sert	ubchapter II	of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new					
"	9902.29.74	Commercial vacuum insulated coffee servers, each with outer layer and liner of steel, with plastic base and stand, with a capacity over 2 liters, with plastic carrying handle, with bottom lever faucet and brew-thru lid (provided for in heading 8210.00.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
Si sert	<b>OR I</b> ubchapter II	FT KNIVES WITH FIXED PEN-LIKE RETRACTABLE BLADES. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new		I	ı	2023	~·
"	9902.29.75	Craft knives with fixed pen-like or retractable blade design, each with removable thin angled or scoop like blades of steel; such knives measuring between 152.4 mm and 228.6 mm in length and between 6.35 mm and 25.4 mm in diameter, valued between $0.50$ and $2$ each (provided for in subheading $0.50$	Free	No change	No change	On or be-	
Sı sert		FT KNIVES. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new		I	ı	2023	´´•
	9902.29.76	Craft knives, each with thermoplastic over mold grip, maximum handle dimensions measuring 135 mm in length, 26 mm in width and 17 mm in height (provided for in subheading 8211.93.00); the foregoing other than craft knives with fixed pen-like or retractable blade design, with removable scoop like blades of steel	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
SEC		ADES FOR CRAFT KNIVES WITH -FIXED BLADES.		I		2023	".
sert	ubchapter II	of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
"	9902.29.77	Blades for craft knives, non-fixed, angled or scoop like shaped; such blades not over 58 mm in length (provided for in subheading 8211.94.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
SEC	. 108073. ERG	ONOMIC PINKING SHEARS.	•	•	•	1 2020	•

"	9902.29.78	Ergonomic pinking shears, valued over \$30/dozen, with contoured plastic handles and with stainless steel blades, with the lower blade extending a minimum of 7 mm past the end of the upper blade (provided for in subheading 8213.00.60)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023"
Sı sert	ubchapter II	NG-ACTION SCISSORS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.29.79	Scissors, each with a spring-action design that also features a slide lock and with only 1 loop handle, valued over \$1.75/dozen (provided for in subheading 8213.00.90), the foregoing other than goods described in heading 9902.15.30	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Si sert	ubchapter II	of chapter 99 is amended by incical sequence the following new			I	l 2023 l ''.
	9902.29.80	Electronically actuated locks, of a kind used for locking furniture, each enclosed in metal housing and operated by a keypad or radio-frequency identification device (RFID), such goods each containing a key slot to operate the lock with an electronic key with a built-in power jumper (provided for in subheading 8301.30.00)	1.6%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Si sert	<b>PAC</b> ubchapter II	GGAGE LOCKS OF BASE METAL, KAGED FOR RETAIL SALE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new			l	2023   ''.
"	9902.29.81	Luggage locks of base metal, packaged for retail sale, of a type compliant with standards of the Transportation Security Administration, such locks each keyed for opening with a universal master tool made and patented in the United States (provided for in subheading 8301.40.30)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Si sert	<b>PUS</b> ubchapter II	TY-OPERATED DOOR HANDLES, H-PULL-ROTATE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new		'	•	
	9902.29.82	Door locks, locksets and other locks of base metal, key-operated, suitable for use with interior or exterior doors, but excluding garage, overhead or sliding doors; such locks capable of unlatching door knobs or levers by pushing, pulling or rotating (provided for in subheading 8301.40.60)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Si sert	<b>PHO</b> ubchapter II	T MOUNTED MAGNETIC MOBILE NE HOLDER FOR AUTOMOBILES. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new		'	'	
	9902.29.83	Hands-free cell phone mounts of base metal, suitable for mounting cell phones to the air vents of motor vehicles, each with a 25 mm diameter polished steel ball securely mounted on an aluminum die cast base containing a two-prong lever-release clip and a ring-shaped magnet socket filled with a silicone pad (provided for in subheading 8302.30.30)	1.3%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Si sert	<b>PHO</b> ubchapter II	H MOUNTED MAGNETIC MOBILE NE HOLDER FOR AUTOMOBILES. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new			l	2023   ''.
	9902.29.84	Hands-free cell phone mounts of base metal, suitable for mounting cell phones to the dashboard of motor vehicles, each with of a 25 mm diameter polished steel ball securely mounted on a machined aluminum base with adhesive material and a ring-shaped magnet socket filled with a silicone pad (provided for in subheading 8302.30.30)	0.9%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
						2023 ''.

# SEC. 108080. WINDSHIELD MOUNTED MAGNETIC MOBILE PHONE HOLDER FOR AUTO-MOBILES.

"	9902.29.85	Hands-free cell phone mounts of base metal, suitable for mounting cell phones to the windshield of motor vehicles, each with a 25 mm diameter polished steel ball securely mounted on a stamped and formed aluminum arm with a 72 mm diameter suction device and a ring-shaped magnet socket filled with a silicone pad (provided for in subheading 8302.30.30)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
SEC.		EEL LATCHES WITH PLASTIC				. 2020
serti	ıbchapter II	<b>VGERS.</b> of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
••	9902.29.86	Steel latches, each measuring 5 cm in length and designed to secure the steps of a recreational vehicle in a locked position, such latches each containing a plunger of plastic measuring 1.7 cm by 1.5 cm and a compression spring (provided for in subheading 8302.30.30)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023''.
SEC.		ON-KEY-OPERATED DOOR HAN-			ı	1 2020
serti		of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.29.87	Non-key-operated door handle assemblies, of base metal, suitable for use with interior or exterior doors, excluding garage, overhead or sliding doors; the foregoing with handles capable of opening a door by pushing, pulling or rotating (provided for in subheading 8302.41.60)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti		<b>TAIN RINGS.</b> of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new			l	2023   ''.
"	9902.29.88	Curtain or drapery rings of base metal, specially designed for use with curtain or drapery rods, presented in sets of 10 rings (provided for in subheading 8302.41.60)	2.2%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti		CKETS.  of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	!		'	2023
"	9902.29.89	Brackets of iron or steel, of aluminum or of zinc, such brackets specially designed for use with curtain or drapery rods (provided for in subheading 8302.41.60)	2.5%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti		TAIN RODS.  of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				. 2020
"	9902.29.90	Telescoping curtain rods of base metal, whether or not presented with mounting hardware (provided for in subheading 8302.41.60)	1.8%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	TAIN ROD HARDWARE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	. '			. 2020
"	9902.29.91	Endcaps of base metal, specially designed for use with curtain or drapery rods (provided for in subheading 8302.41.60)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023

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**SEC. 108087. CURTAIN TIEBACKS.**Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

"	9902.29.92	Tiebacks of base metal, specially designed for use with curtains or drapes (provided for in subheading 8302.41.60)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	ubchapter II	TAIN ROD FINIALS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				. 2020
	9902.29.93	Finials of base metal, specially designed for use with curtain or drapery rods (provided for in subheading 8302.41.60)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023".
Sı serti	ubchapter II	<b>VED SHOWER RODS.</b> of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
	9902.29.94	Curved shower rods of stainless steel and aluminum, each capable of being installed by tension or by mounting with wall brackets (provided for in subheading 8302.41.60)	0.8%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	ubchapter II	WER HOOKS AND RINGS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.29.95	Shower curtain hooks or rings, the foregoing of aluminum, of iron or steel or of zinc (provided for in subheading 8302.41.60)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	ubchapter II	MGHT SHOWER RODS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
	9902.29.96	Straight shower rods, of aluminum or stainless steel, either designed to be mounted by means of tension or incorporating a dual mount permitting the mounting by either tension or by use of a bracket (provided for in subheading 8302.41.60)	1.1%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti	ubchapter II	EL WINDOW RODS.  of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new		I	I	2023   ''.
	9902.29.97	Tension or screw-mount curtain or drapery rods, made of closed tubing of steel (provided for in subheading 8302.41.60); the foregoing other than telescoping curtain rods of base metal	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti	<b>ITAL</b> ubchapter II	ITHEFT STEEL CASES WITH DIG- LOCKS.  of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new		I	I	l 2023 l ''.
"	9902.29.98	Reinforced safes of welded steel, each weighing 11.8 kg or less, valued \$19 or more but not over \$38, with digital lock (provided for in heading 8303.00.00)  NLESS STEEL HOSE KITS.	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
		of chanter 99 is amended by in-				

	9902.29.99	Mechanical kits each containing flexible hoses of base metal with fittings, clamps, manifolds and other hardware designed for use with machines and apparatus of subheading 8486.20.00 (provided for in subheading 8307.10.30)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	NLESS STEEL HOSES. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new			1	2025   .
**	9902.30.01	Flexible stainless steel hoses with fittings, designed for used with machines and apparatus of subheading 8486.20.00 (provided for in subheading 8307.10.30); the foregoing not presented in kits containing goods described in other subheadings	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023 ".
SEC.		ST WATCH STRAP BUCKLES NOT R 18 MM.			ı	1 2023
serti	ıbchapter II	of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.30.02	Buckles of stainless steel, of a kind used for wrist watch straps measuring not over 18 mm (provided for in subheading 8308.90.60)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023"
SEC.	. 108097. WRIS 18 M	ST WATCH STRAP BUCKLES OVER M.				
serti		of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.30.03	Buckles of stainless steel, of a kind used for wrist watch straps measuring over 18 mm (provided for in subheading 8308.90.60)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023"
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	O CYLINDER HEADS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new			'	
"	9902.30.04	Used cast-iron cylinder heads designed for use in spark-ignition internal combustion piston engines (provided for in subheading 8409.91.99)	0.8%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
SEC.		INDER HEADS USED SOLELY OR NCIPALLY WITH CERTAIN EN- ES.		l	l	2023   ''.
serti		of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
	9902.30.05	Cast-iron cylinder heads for use solely or principally with engines of heading 8708, such engines designed to be installed in vehicles classifiable in subheading 8701.20 or 8704.23 and with bore greater than 126 mm (provided for in subheading 8409.99.91)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti	-	INE BLOCKS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new			I	2023   ''.
"	9902.30.06	Engine blocks, each weighing over 272 kg but not over 317 kg, for compressionignition internal combustion piston engines (diesel or semi-diesel engines), such engines each having a cylinder capacity of approximately 12.4 liters and for vehicles of subheading 8701.20 or 8704.23 (provided for in subheading 8409.99.91)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023

SEC. 108101. SWIRLER ASSEMBLIES FOR TURBINES.
Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

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"	9902.30.07	Swirler assemblies, designed to be used in non-aircraft gas turbines (provided for in subheading 8411.99.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
SEC	. 108102. BAR	RELS FOR FUEL MIXING.		1	'	1 2023
S' sert	ubchapter II	of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.30.08	Barrels of nickel alloy, for fuel mixing within non-aircraft gas turbines of heading 8411 (provided for in subheading 8411.99.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
SEC	. 108103. IN.	JECTOR ASSEMBLIES FOR CER-		ı	1	1 2025
sert	ubchapter II	NTURBINES.  of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.30.09	Injector assemblies of fuel injection components, designed to deliver fuel in the combustion system for use in non-aircraft gas turbines of heading 8411 (provided for in subheading 8411.99.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
SEC		EM ASSEMBLIES FOR CERTAIN		ı	1	1 2023
sert	ubchapter II	BINES. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.30.10	Fuel tube air-swirlers forming stem assemblies of nickel alloys and stainless steel for use in non-aircraft gas turbines of heading 8411 (provided for in subheading 8411.99.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
SEC	. 108105. TIP	ASSEMBLIES FOR NON-GAS TUR-	ı	ı	1	1 2023 1 .
		of chapter 99 is amended by in-				
	ing in numer ding:	rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.30.11	Tip assemblies of nickel alloy, for use in non-aircraft gas turbines of heading 8411 (provided for in subheading 8411.99.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
S' sert	ubchapter II	PRESSURE FUEL PUMPS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.30.12	High pressure fuel pumps, each incorporating a dual layered damper enclosed with a multi-step stamped cover to aid in stabilizing pressure, certified by the importer to be used in regulating the fuel supply into the fuel rail, designed for use in gasoline direct injection (GDI) spark-ignition internal combustion piston engines (provided for in subheading 8413.30.90); the foregoing other than used goods	1.3%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
SEC	l c. 108107. D	RY SCROLL VACUUM PUMPS	l	I	I	2023   ''.
sert	ubchapter II	333X485 MM. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.30.13	Dry scroll vacuum pumps, measuring approximately 364 mm in height, 333 mm in width and 485 mm in length, valued over \$1,000 each (provided for in subheading 8414.10.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
	1		1	I	I	2023   ''.

SEC. 108108. DRY SCROLL VACUUM PUMPS 297X260X420 MM.

Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

	9902.30.14	Dry scroll vacuum pumps, measuring approximately 297 mm in height, 260 mm in width and 420 mm in length, valued over \$1,000 each (provided for in subheading 8414.10.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
SEC		PRY SCROLL VACUUM PUMPS 260X420 MM.				
sert	ubchapter II	of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.30.15	Dry scroll vacuum pumps, each measuring approximately 254 mm in height, 260 mm in width and 420 mm in length and valued over \$1,000 (provided for in subheading 8414.10.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
SEC		PRY SCROLL VACUUM PUMPS 140X358 MM.				
sert	ubchapter II	of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.30.16	Dry scroll vacuum pumps, each measuring approximately 181 mm in height, 140 mm in width and 358 mm in length and valued over \$1,000 (provided for in subheading 8414.10.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Si sert	ubchapter II	BOMOLECULAR VACUUM PUMPS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	•			. 2020
"	9902.30.17	Turbomolecular vacuum pumps, valued over \$1,000 each (provided for in subheading 8414.10.00)	0.2%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
SEC		ARY VANE VACUUM PUMPS VAL-	1	l	ı	1 2023
sert	ubchapter II	OVER \$500 EACH. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
	9902.30.18	Rotary vane vacuum pumps, incorporating vanes mounted to a rotor inside a cavity, such pumps valued over \$500 each (provided for in subheading 8414.10.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
SEC	 . 108113. VAC	UUM DIFFUSION PUMPS VALUED	l		l	2023   ''.
Si sert	<b>OVE</b> ubchapter II	<b>R \$900 EACH.</b> of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.30.19	Vacuum diffusion pumps, using a high speed jet of vapor to direct gas molecules, valued over \$900 each (provided for in subheading 8414.10.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
SEC	. 108114. HA PUM	AND- OR FOOT-OPERATED AIR PS.				
sert		of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.30.20	Hand- or foot-operated air pumps (provided for in subheading 8414.20.00)	2.8%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023".
Si sert	ubchapter II	<b>F VENT FANS.</b> of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.30.21	Ventilation fans, designed for permanent installation on the rooftop of recreational and specialty vehicles, each consisting of an electric D/C motor with an output wattage over 9 W but not exceeding 28 W, a plastic fan blade of a diameter between 15.24 cm and 30.48 cm and a base plate (provided for in subheading 8414.51.30)	2.8%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023

## SEC. 108116. 12-AMP CORDED ELECTRIC LEAF BLOWERS.

Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

"	9902.30.22	Electric centrifugal blowers, of a kind used solely or principally for blowing leaves, each with a self-contained AC electric motor not exceeding 12 A and an output not exceeding 1.45 kW (provided for in subheading 8414.59.65)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
SEC	. 108117. COR	 DLESS BATTERY POWERED LEAF				2023	۱".
sert	ıbchapter II	WERS NOT EXCEEDING 20 VOLTS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
"	9902.30.23	Centrifugal blowers of a kind used solely or principally for blowing leaves, each powered by a self-contained DC lithium-ion battery not exceeding 20 V and an output not exceeding 0.04 kW (provided for in subheading 8414.59.65)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
SEC.		DLESS BATTERY POWERED LEAF WERS BETWEEN 20 AND 60 V.		•	•	1 2020	
sert	ıbchapter II	of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
**	9902.30.24	Centrifugal blowers of a kind used solely or principally for blowing leaves, each powered by a self-contained DC lithium-ion battery greater than 20 V but not exceeding 60 V, and of an output greater than 0.04 kW but not exceeding 0.12 kW (provided for in subheading 8414.59.65)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	,,,
SEC		ASSEMBLIES FOR CAB CLIMATE	I		I	2023	١.
sert	ıbchapter II	<b>FEMS.</b> of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
"	9902.30.25	Centrifugal fans designed to be used in cab climate systems, for heating, cooling or air circulation units in machinery or vehicles of headings 8429, 8701 or 8704 (provided for in subheading 8414.59.65)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	ARIUM AIR PUMPS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	•		'	1 2020	
	9902.30.26	Air pumps designed for use in aquarium tanks having a volume of 3.78 liters or more but not over 1,135.7 liters, such pumps with housings of plastics and feet of rubber, powered by 120 V AC (provided for in subheading 8414.80.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	,,
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	T PUMPS FOR RESIDENTIAL USE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	I		I	2023	
••	9902.30.27	Heat pumps designed for residential use, each with copper piping, an aluminum plate-fin heat exchanger, a rotary inverter compressor and a fan covered with galvanized steel sheets, such pumps measuring between 555 mm and 702 mm in height, between 770 mm and 845 mm in width and between 300 mm and 363 mm in depth (provided for in subheading 8415.90.80)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	,,,
SEC.	. 108122. HEA	 T PUMPS (OUTDOOR UNITS) FOR	l	1	I	2023	۱".

## SEC. 108122. HEAT PUMPS (OUTDOOR UNITS) FOR SPLIT AIR CONDITIONER SYSTEMS.

"	9902.30.28	Heat pumps (outdoor units) designed for use with split air conditioner systems for residential use, such units consisting of copper piping, an aluminum platefin heat exchanger, a rotary inverter compressor and a fan, all of which is covered with galvanized steel sheets to form units measuring between 703 mm and 810 mm in height, between 845 mm and 946 mm in width and between 335 mm and 386 mm in depth (provided for in subheading 8415.90.80)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	HWALL INDOOR UNITS.  of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				2023   ''.
SEC	9902.30.29	Heat pumps designed for residential use, consisting of a fan coil, electrical circuit boards, electrical components and motors, covered in a molded plastic casing, such heat pumps measuring between 280 mm and 343 mm in height, between 835 mm and 1,186 mm in width and between 198 mm and 258 mm in depth (provided for in subheading 8415.90.80)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.30.30	Heat pumps designed for residential use, each consisting of a rotary compressor, a fan coil and aluminum plate-fin heat exchanger, covered in galvanized steel, such heat pumps measuring between 300 mm and 322 mm in depth, 770 mm in width and 555 mm in height (provided for in subheading 8415.90.80)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti	CON ıbchapter II	I HEAT PUMPS FOR SPLIT AIR DITIONER SYSTEMS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new		l	l	2023   ''.
"	9902.30.31	Heat pumps (outdoor units) designed for use with split air conditioner systems for residential use, such units each consisting of copper piping, aluminum plate-fin heat exchanger, a rotary inverter compressor and a pair of fans, all of which is covered with galvanized steel sheets to form units measuring 1,327.15 mm in height, 901.7 mm in width and 400 mm in depth (provided for in subheading 8415.90.80)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti	<b>LES</b> lbchapter II	LTI-ZONE OUTDOOR UNIT DUCT- S SYSTEMS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				2023 ".
"	9902.30.32	Heat pumps designed for residential use, each consisting of copper piping, aluminum plate-fin heat exchanger, a rotary inverter compressor, a pair of fans and covered in galvanized steel sheets, such heat pumps measuring 1,333 mm in height, 1,045 mm in width and 380 mm in depth (provided for in subheading 8415.90.80)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti	<b>TIO</b> I ıbchapter II	OOR UNITS OF SPLIT AIR CONDI- NER SYSTEMS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new		I	I	2023   ''.
"	9902.30.33	Indoor units of split air conditioner systems, designed for use with ducted systems, consisting of motors, pumps and fans covered in steel casing, such units measuring approximately 1,400 mm in width, 447 mm in height and 898 mm in depth (provided for in subheading 8415.90.80)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023

SEC. 108128. DUCTLESS 18000 BTU HEAT PUMPS, SINGLE ZONE INVERTER.

Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

"	9902.30.34	Heat pumps designed for residential use with ductless air conditioning machines, each with a motor, a fan, brazed tubes and aluminum plate-fin heat exchanger and covered in sheet metal, such heat pumps measuring between approximately 551.2 mm and 1,341.12 mm in height, between 779.8 mm and 899.2 mm in width and between 289.6 mm and 680.7 mm in depth (provided for in subheading 8415.90.80)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	<b>LE-PHASE HEAT PUMP.</b> of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.30.35	Heat pumps designed for residential use with both ducted and ductless systems, each with two fans, finned tube and hermetic rotary compressor and covered in galvanized steel, measuring 154.9 cm in height, 101.1 cm in width and 37.1 cm in depth (provided for in subheading 8415.90.80)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	<b>PLA</b> ! ibchapter II	EEL VACUUM PITCHERS WITH STIC HINGED LID. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.30.36	Vacuum insulated thermal pitchers, each with stainless steel interior and exterior, with a capacity exceeding 1 liter but not exceeding 2 liters, measuring approximately 27.9 cm or more but not over 30.5 cm in height, with plastic brewthrough lid for direct brewing and plastic spout and handle for pouring, used and marketed for commercial coffee brewers of subheading 8419.81 (provided for in subheading 8419.90.95)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti		FILTERS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	l	l	I	2023   ''.
"	9902.30.37	Oil filters for use solely or principally with diesel engines, such engines producing 63 kW of power (provided for in subheading 8421.23.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
sert	<b>IRRI</b> ıbchapter II	BATTERY POWERED NASAL GATORS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				. 2020
"	9902.30.38	Battery-operated personal nasal irrigators (provided for in subheading 8424.89.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	OTS TO ABSORB VIBRATION. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	I	I	I	2023   ''.
"	9902.30.39	Spring struts designed to absorb vibration in household- or laundry-type washing machines, such struts each measuring in overall length 350 mm or more but not over 380 mm and in diameter approximately 35 mm or more but not over 40 mm, with 8 mm threads at each end (provided for in subheading 8450.90.60)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti	<b>COR</b> ıbchapter II	BLE SAWS (25.4 CM.), OPERABLE DED AND CORDLESS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	l	l	I	2023   ''.
"	9902.30.40	Brushless table saws for working wood, cork, bone, hard rubber, hard plastics or similar hard materials, each capable of being powered by either a 36 V DC lithium-ion battery or by AC power, with blade measuring 25.4 cm (provided for in subheading 8465.91.00), the foregoing other than goods described in any other heading of this subchapter	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023

SEC. 108135. SLIDING MITER SAWS (25.4 CM) WITH LASER, CORDED AND CORDLESS. Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by in-serting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

"	9902.30.41	Brushless miter sawing machines, each capable of being powered by either a 36 V DC lithium-ion battery or by AC power, not numerically controlled, for working wood, cork, bone, hard rubber, hard plastics or similar hard materials, with 25.4 cm blade, capable of adjusting bevel of cut, with laser guides and slide rail (provided for in subheading 8465.91.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
SEC		CTROMECHANICAL ROTARY HAM- S, CORDED AND CORDLESS.				
sert	ubchapter II	of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.30.42	Rotary hammer tools, of a kind for working in the hand, each with self-contained brushless electromechanical motor, such tools capable of performing drilling and chiseling and of being powered both by a 36 V DC lithium-ion battery and by AC power, with a minimum speed of 260 RPM and a maximum speed of 590 RPM (provided for in subheading 8467.21.00)	0.9%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
SEC	PAC	CCTROMECHANICAL HAMMER IM- T DRIVERS, CORDED AND DLESS.	I	l	l	2023   ''.
		of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
	ding:					
	9902.30.43	Hand-held brushless electromechanical impact drivers, designed to drive screws at varying speeds, each capable of being powered by a 36 V DC lithiumion battery or by AC power as required by the user (provided for in subheading 8467.21.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
SEC		 DTARY HAMMER DRILL TOOLS	l			2023   ''.
sert	<b>MOT</b> ubchapter II	H SELF-CONTAINED ELECTRIC OF chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.30.44	Rotary drill and hammer tools with self-contained electric motor, each with pneumatic hammering mechanism designed to engage with carbide drill bits and an electromechanical mechanism that separates the drive from the internal gearings, each with rated amperage that does not exceed 9 A, and with triaxial vibration values, measured in accordance with European Norm 60745, that does not exceed 17 m/s² (provided for in subheading 8467.21.00)	0.5%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
SEC	108139 DR	 ILL DRIVER TOOLS WITH SELF-				2023 ''.
Si sert	<b>CON</b> ubchapter II	TAINED ELECTRIC MOTOR.  of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.30.45	Drill driver tools with self-contained electric motor, each encased in a rubberized glass-fiber reinforced casing that engages a smooth or slotted shank drillbit, powered by 10.8 V, 21.6 V or 120 V, with rated amperage that does not exceed 12 A, and with triaxial vibration values, measured in accordance with European Norm 60745, that does not exceed 3.5 m/s² (provided for in subheading 8467.21.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
SEC	 . 108140. EXTI	 RUDERS.	I		I	2023 '''.
Si sert	ubchapter II	of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.30.46	Extruders, designed for processing thermoplastics, with a screw size of 6.4 cm or greater (provided for in subheading 8477.20.00)	2.2%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023

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SEC. 108141. THREE-DIMENSIONAL DRAWING PENS.
Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new

"	9902.30.47	Three-dimensional (3D) drawing devices, each with an exterior on/off switch, dual control buttons to activate the device's motor or control speed of extruding filament, removable metal nozzle and removable maintenance panel, such drawing devices measuring between 10 mm and 50 mm in length and between 5 mm and 20 mm in width (provided for in subheading 8477.80.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
SEC		 OFESSIONAL GRADE THREE-DI-		1	l	2023   ''.
Si		ISIONAL DRAWING PENS. of chapter 99 is amended by in-				
	ing in nume ding:	rical sequence the following new				
	Ü					
"	9902.30.48	Three-dimensional (3D) drawing devices, each with dual control buttons to activate the device's motor or control the direction of the extruding filament, an exterior liquid crystal display (LCD), a magnetically affixed removable panel and removable metal nozzle, such drawing devices measuring between 5 cm and 15 cm in length and between 1 cm and 3 cm in width (provided for in subheading 8477.80.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023 ".
SEC		ELECTRIC MULTI-FUNCTIONAL WER VACUUMS.	•			1 2023
sert	ubchapter II	were vacuous.  of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	l	l <del></del>	I	I	I	l I
	9902.30.49	Electromechanical appliances capable of blowing, vacuuming and mulching, each with a self-contained AC electric motor not exceeding 12 A and an output not exceeding 1.45 kW (provided for in subheading 8479.89.65)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Si sert	<b>FOR</b> ubchapter II	TOSAMPLERS (MULTISAMPLERS) LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	'	1	'	
	9902.30.50	Autosamplers ("multisamplers") for liquid chromatographs, such autosamplers capable of lifting and handling both microliter plates and vials and each measuring approximately 320 mm in height, 468 mm in depth and 396 mm in width (provided for in subheading 8479.89.94)	0.2%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
SEC		UTOSAMPLERS (VIALSAMPLERS)	l	1	I	2023 '".
sert	ubchapter II	LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.30.51	Autosamplers ("vialsamplers") for liquid chromatographs, such autosamplers capable of lifting and handling only vials and measuring approximately 320 mm in height, 468 mm in depth and 396 mm in width (provided for in subheading 8479.89.94)	0.5%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Si sert	ubchapter II	RAULIC HAMMER ASSEMBLY. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	I	I	I	2023   ''.
	9902.30.52	Hydraulic hammers designed for use on backhoes, shovels, clamshells or drag- lines and suitable for use in demolishing concrete or asphalt (provided for in subheading 8479.89.94)	2.2%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
SEC		  GMENTED BLADDER-OPERATED   LDS, WITH MORE THAN 25-INCH	l		l	2023 ''.

## RIM DIAMETER.

"	9902.30.53	Segmented bladder-operated molds, designed to be used for molding/forming and curing "green tires" with a rim diameter measuring over 63.5 cm (provided for in subheading 8480.79.90), such tires for off-the-road use	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	,,
SEC		ED VALVES FOR DIRECTIONAL		l		2023	•
sert	ubchapter II	TROL. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
"	9902.30.54	Used hydraulic directional control valves (provided for in subheading 8481.20.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
SEC	 	G SPEARS WITH PRESSURE RE-				2023	".
sert	ubchapter II	SE VALVES. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
"	9902.30.55	Keg spears, each with automatic (not hand operated) relief valve designed to release pressure at approximately 30 bar (provided for in subheading 8481.40.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be-	
						fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
SEC		ULTIPORT DISTRIBUTION CON- LLERS.					
sert		of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
"	9902.30.56	Solenoid actuated valves equipped with multiple apparatus (up to two sub multi-port distribution controllers) for electrical control and 6, 8, 10 or 16 ports for variable refrigerant flow all of which is covered in a galvanized steel plate box with white powder coating, such valves measuring 323.85 mm in height and between 939.8 mm and 1,181.1 mm in width (provided for in subheading 8481.80.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
S: sert	ubchapter II	SEA MODULAR TREES. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new		I	I	2023	".
"	9902.30.57	Subsea trees, each comprising an assembly of valves, capable of regulating and containing the hydrocarbon flow from a well, such trees also capable of preventing the release of hydrocarbons from a well into the environment (provided for in subheading 8481.80.90)	1.5%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
S: sert	<b>6-BR</b> ubchapter II	DW SELECTOR UNIT-MULTI-PORT ANCH ENGINE CRANKSHAFTS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new		l	I	l 2023 l	".
"	9902.30.58	Solenoid actuated control valves consisting of brazed copper pipes and galvanized steel plates, each designed for use with residential heat pumps and fan coils and measuring 215.9 mm in height, 1,056.64 mm in width and 568.96 mm in length (provided for in subheading 8481.80.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
OF C	   100150 EMG	INTE CONTANTICAL A PERC		I	I	2023	".

SEC. 108153. ENGINE CRANKSHAFTS.
Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

• •	9902.30.59	Engine crankshafts used in engines under headings 8407 or 8408, such crankshafts weighing between 275 kg and 650 kg, or between 100 kg and 130 kg (provided for in subheading 8483.10.30), the foregoing other than goods described in heading 9902.15.96	1.5%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023		
SEC		RBOCHARGER JOURNAL BEAR-	•			1 2023		
sert		of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new						
"	9902.30.60	Journal bearings, each designed to support and permit free rotation of a rotor within a turbocharger (provided for in subheading 8483.30.80)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023		
Si sert	ubchapter II	RANGE BEARING HOUSINGS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	•		•			
"	9902.30.61	Mid-range bearing housings, shell cast and sand molded, of gray cast iron, machine finished and designed for compression-ignition internal combustion diesel engines with cylinder capacities of 5.9 liters or more but not exceeding 10 liters, each bearing housing with an overall length between 55 mm and 135 mm and weighing at least 6 kg but not over 25 kg (provided for in subheading 8483.30.80)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/		
Si sert	2023 ''.  2. 108156. HEAVY DUTY BEARING HOUSINGS.  ubchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inting in numerical sequence the following new adding:							
"	9902.30.62	Heavy duty bearing housings, shell cast and sand molded of gray cast iron, machine finished, designed for compression-ignition internal combustion diesel engines, such engines with cylinder capacity of 10 liters or more but not exceeding 16 liters, each bearing housing with an overall length between 55 mm and 135 mm and weighing 6 kg or more but not exceeding 25 kg (provided for in subheading 8483.30.80)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/		
Si sert	ubchapter II	<b>D RATION GEAR BOXES.</b> of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	ı	ı	ı	2023   ''.		
"	9902.30.63	Fixed ratio gearboxes designed for use with generating sets of heading 8502 (provided for in subheading 8483.40.50)	2.4%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023		
Si sert	ubchapter II	CK DRIVE GEAR BOXES.  of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new						
"	9902.30.64	Track drive gear boxes, designed for use in machinery of heading 8429 or 8436 (provided for in subheading 8483.40.50)	1.5%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023		
Si sert	ubchapter II	of BEARING ASSEMBLY. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	-					
"	9902.30.65	Geared swing bearing assemblies, of a kind used to rotate the cab of machinery described in subheading 8429.52.10 (provided for in subheading 8483.90.50)	1.5%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023"		

SEC. 108160. GEARS FOR USE IN MACHINERY OR WITHIN ENGINES.
Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

	9902.30.66	Transmission timing gears or gear drive gears, the foregoing of alloy steel and designed to be used in machinery or within an engine, such gears each weighing between 1.885 kg and 500 kg, measuring between 30 mm and 505 mm in diameter and between 15 mm and 285 mm in width (provided for in subheading 8483.90.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023 ".
Sı serti	ubchapter II	STEPPER MOTORS.  of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new		'	'	
"	9902.30.67	Electric DC stepper motors of an output under 18.65 W, measuring between 20 mm and 39 mm in length (provided for in subheading 8501.10.40)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	ubchapter II	OOOR ACTUATORS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.30.68	Air door actuator DC motor of an output under 18.65 W for heating, ventilating and air conditioning (HVAC) climate-control systems (provided for in subheading 8501.10.40)	2.1%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti		VO MOTORS.  of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	l	I	ı	l 2023 l ''.
"	9902.30.69	Ferrite type DC electric motors, of a kind used to control air temperature in permanently installed heating, ventilation and air conditioning systems in the automotive industry, each motor with an operating voltage ranging between 8 $V$ and 14.5 $V$ (amp side voltage ranging between 10 $V$ and 16 $V$ ), ring varistor, brush and $D$ cut output shaft (provided for in subheading 8501.10.40)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti	<b>NDF</b> <b>PUT</b> ubchapter II	BRUSHED RHOMBIC WINDING EB MAGNET MOTORS, WITH OUT- UNDER 18.65 W. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new		l		2023   ''.
"	9902.30.70	Electric DC, brushed, ironless core motors with rhombic winding and NdFeB magnets, each motor with an output under 18.65 W and a diameter exceeding 8 mm but not exceeding 15 mm (provided for in subheading 8501.10.40)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti	<b>NDF</b> ubchapter II	BRUSHED RHOMBIC WINDING EB MAGNET MOTORS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new		I		2023   ''.
	9902.30.71	Electric DC, brushed, ironless core motors with rhombic winding and NdFeB magnets, each motor with an output under 18.65 W and a diameter exceeding 15 mm (provided for in subheading 8501.10.40)	0.4%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023''.
Sı serti	<b>NICO</b> <b>PUT</b> ubchapter II	RUSHED RHOMBIC WINDING AL- D MAGNET MOTORS, WITH OUT- UNDER 18.65 W. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new		1	•	. 2023 1
"	9902.30.72	Electric DC, brushed ironless core motors with rhombic winding and AlNiCo magnets, each motor with an output under 18.65 W (provided for in subheading 8501.10.40)	0.2%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/

## SEC. 108167. DC BRUSHLESS RHOMBIC WINDING NDFEB MAGNET MOTORS, WITH OUT-PUT UNDER 18.65 W.

Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

"	9902.30.73	Electric DC, brushless slotless motors with rhombic winding and NdFeB magnets, each motor with an output under 18.65 W and a diameter exceeding 8 mm (provided for in subheading 8501.10.40)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
SEC.	NDF.	BRUSHED RHOMBIC WINDING EB MAGNET MOTORS, WITH OUT- OVER 18.65 BUT NOT OVER 37.5				
serti	ıbchapter II	of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.30.74	Electric DC, brushed, ironless core motors with rhombic winding and NdFeB magnets, each motor with an output of 18.65 W or more but not exceeding 37.5 W (provided for in subheading 8501.10.60)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
SEC.	NICO	GRUSHED RHOMBIC WINDING AL- O MAGNET MOTORS, WITH OUT- OVER 18.65 W BUT NOT OVER W.		'	•	
serti	ıbchapter II	of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.30.75	Electric DC, brushed ironless core motors with rhombic winding and AlNiCo magnets, each motor with an output of 18.65 W or more but not exceeding 37.5 W (provided for in subheading 8501.10.60)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	WINI OUT: OVE ibchapter II	BRUSHLESS SLOTLESS RHOMBIC DING NDFEB MAGNET MOTORS PUT OVER 18.65 W BUT NOT R 37.5 W. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.30.76	Electric DC, brushless slotless motors consisting of rhombic winding and NdFeB magnets, each with an output of 18.65 W or more but not exceeding 37.5 W (provided for in subheading 8501.10.60)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	NDF. OVE. ubchapter II	BRUSHED RHOMBIC WINDING EB MAGNET MOTORS OUTPUT R 37.5 W BUT NOT OVER 74.6 W. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new		'		
"	9902.30.77	Electric DC, brushed ironless core motors with rhombic winding and NdFeB magnets, each motor with an output exceeding 37.5 W but not exceeding 74.6 W (provided for in subheading 8501.31.20)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
SEC.	WINI	BRUSHLESS SLOTLESS RHOMBIC DING NDFEB MAGNET MOTORS PUT OVER 37.5 W BUT NOT OVER W.				•
serti	ıbchapter II	of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.30.78	Electric DC, brushless slotless motors with rhombic winding and NdFeB magnets, each motor with an output exceeding 37.5 W but not exceeding 74.6 W (provided for in subheading 8501.31.20)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
SEC.	. 108173. MOT	ORS.		•	•	. 2020 I .

	9902.30.79	Electric DC motors, of an output exceeding 37.5 W but not exceeding 74.6 W (provided for in subheading 8501.31.20); the foregoing excluding brushed ironless core motors or brushless slotless motors containing rhombic winding and NdFeB magnets	2.6%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
SEC	ING	MOTORS OF AN OUTPUT EXCEED- 74.6 W BUT NOT EXCEEDING 735	l	l	l	2023   ''.
sert		of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.30.80	DC motors of an output exceeding 74.6 W but not exceeding 735 W, weighing 2.6 kg, measuring 155 mm in length, each equipped with an electronic power steering control module with an exterior surface of carbon steel coated on both sides with an aluminum-silicon alloy; where the three phase neutral point is external to the motor and located within the control module as certified by the importer (provided for in subheading 8501.31.40)	2.5%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
SEC	ING	IOTORS, OF AN OUTPUT EXCEED- 74.6 W BUT NOT EXCEEDING 735	ı	l	l	2023
sert		of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.30.81	DC motors, of an output exceeding 74.6 W but not exceeding 735 W, each valued not over \$18 (provided for in subheading 8501.31.40); the foregoing excluding products described in heading 9902.16.07 and DC motors with rhombic winding and NdFeB magnets	3.3%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Si sert	NDF OVE ubchapter II	BRUSHED RHOMBIC WINDING EB MAGNET MOTORS OUTPUT R 74.6 W BUT NOT OVER 735 W. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	I	I	I	2023   ''.
"	9902.30.82	Electric DC, brushed ironless core motors with rhombic winding and NdFeB magnets, each motor with an output exceeding 74.6 W but not exceeding 735 W (provided for in subheading 8501.31.40); the foregoing excluding products described in heading 9902.16.07	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
SEC	WIN	BRUSHLESS SLOTLESS RHOMBIC DING NDFEB MAGNET MOTORS PUT OVER 74.6 W BUT NOT OVER W	I	I	I	2023   ''.
sert	ubchapter II	of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.30.83	Electric DC, brushless slotless motors containing rhombic winding and NdFeB magnets, each motor of an output exceeding 74.6 W but not exceeding 735 W (provided for in subheading 8501.31.40); the foregoing excluding products described in heading 9902.16.07	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
SEC	ING	MOTORS OF AN OUTPUT EXCEED- 750 W BUT NOT EXCEEDING 14.92	I		l	2023   ''.
sert		of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.30.84	DC motors of an output exceeding 750 W but not exceeding 14.92 kW, each weighing 3.04 kg or more but not over 3.37 kg, each measuring 187 mm or more in length but not over 198 mm, each equipped with an electronic power steering control module with an exterior surface of carbon steel coated on both sides with an aluminum-silicon alloy, in which the three phase neutral point is external to the motor and located within the control module as certified by the importer (provided for in subheading 8501.32.20)	2.1%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023 ''.

SEC. 108179. DC ELECTRIC MOTOR FOR NON-AIR-CRAFT GAS TURBINES.

Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

SRC. 108180. AC ALTERNATORS. Subchapter II of chapter 90 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new tocaling:  "9902.30.36 AC alternators with copper windings for diesel engines, gas engines or turbines, each weighing approximately between 57 kg and 250 kg, and rated from 1 kV4 to 73 kV4 (provided for in subheading 8591.61.00)	"	9902.30.85	Electric DC motors of an output exceeding 750 W but not exceeding 14.92 kW, such motors used in non-aircraft gas turbines (provided for in subheading 8501.32.20)	Free	No change	No change	On or be-	
Size the part of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:  1 992,30.86 AC alternators with copper windings for diesel engines, gas engines or turbines, each veighing approximately between 57 kg and 230 kg, and rated from 1 kVA to 73 kVA (provided for in subheading 8501.61.00)							fore 12/31/ 2023	,,,
bines, each weighing approximately between 37 kg and 250 kg, and rated from 1 kVA to 75 kVA (provided for in subheading \$501.61.60)	Sı serti	ibchapter II ing in numer	of chapter 99 is amended by in-					
SEC. 108181. AC ALTERNATORS WITH COPPER WIDDINGS. Subchapter 11 of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:  " 9902.30.87 AC alternators with copper windings for diesel engines, gas engines or turbines rated from 75 kVA to 375 kVA (provided for in subheading 8501.62.00)	"	9902.30.86	bines, each weighing approximately between 57 kg and 250 kg, and rated from	Free	No change	No change	fore 12/31/	,,
Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:  " 9902.30.87 AC alternators with copper windings for diesel engines, gas engines or turbines rated from 75 kVA to 375 kVA (provided for in subheading 8501.62.00)	SEC.				l	I	2023	ı ···.
Tated from 75 kVA to 375 kVA (provided for in subheading 3591.62.00)	serti	ıbchapter II ing in numer	of chapter 99 is amended by in-					
SEC. 108182. WOUND STATORS AND ROTOR AS- Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by in- serting in numerical sequence the following new heading:  " 9902.30.88 Stators and rotors for the goods of heading 8501, for motors over 18.65 W, such motors being used in oilfield electrical submersible pumps (ESPs) (provided for in subheading 8503.00.65)	"	9902.30.87		1.8%	No change	No change	fore 12/31/	,,
Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:  " 9902.30.88 Stators and rotors for the goods of heading 8501, for motors over 18.65 W, such motors being used in oilfield electrical submersible pumps (ESFs) (provided for in subheading 8503.00.65)	SEC.			l	ļ	ı	2023	
SEC. 108184. STATORS FOR WASHING MACHINES,  " 9902.30.90 Stators for trushless permanent magnet alternating current three-phase motors exceeding 18.65 W but not exceeding 735 W, with a 27 tooth design, each having a variable speed range of zero to 1,200 revolutions per minute and having the capability of 968 A-weighted decibel sound levels, each stator having a diameter of 260.6 mm and a maximum height of 58 mm (provided for in subheading 8503.00.65)  SEC. 108185. STATORS FOR WASHING MACHINES,  WITH A 27-TOOTH DESIGN.  SEC. 108186. STATORS FOR WASHING machines and each having a helical wrapped lamination, overmolded resin construction, a 4.2 to one tooth lengthwidth ratio, and having the capability of 68 A-weighted decibel sound levels, each stator having a diameter of 260.6 mm and a maximum height of 58 mm (provided for in subheading 8503.00.65)  SEC. 108185. STATORS FOR WASHING MACHINES,  Free No change No change On or before 12/31/2023	serti	ıbchapter II ing in numer	of chapter 99 is amended by in-					
SEC. 108183. ROTORS. Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:  " 9902.30.89 Rotors suitable for motors of heading 8501 exceeding 18.65 W but not over 735 W (provided for in subheading 8503.00.65)	"	9902.30.88	motors being used in oilfield electrical submersible pumps (ESPs) (provided for	Free	No change	No change	fore 12/31/	,,
W (provided for in subheading \$503.00.65)	Sı serti	ibchapter II ing in numer	of chapter 99 is amended by in-	ı	I	I	1 2023	
WITH A 27-TOOTH DESIGN.  Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:  "  9902.30.90 Stators for brushless permanent magnet alternating current three-phase motors exceeding 18.65 W but not exceeding 735 W, with a 27 tooth design, each having a variable speed range of zero to 1,200 revolutions per minute and having the capability of producing starting torque up to 5.7 kg-m; the foregoing stators for use in laundry appliances and each having a helical wrapped lamination, overmolded resin construction, a 4.2 to one tooth length/width ratio, and having the capability of 68 A-weighted decibel sound levels, each stator having a diameter of 260.6 mm and a maximum height of 58 mm (provided for in subheading 8503.00.65)	"	9902.30.89		Free	No change	No change	fore 12/31/	,,,
"  9902.30.90 Stators for brushless permanent magnet alternating current three-phase motors exceeding 18.65 W but not exceeding 735 W, with a 27 tooth design, each having a variable speed range of zero to 1,200 revolutions per minute and having the capability of producing starting torque up to 5.7 kg-m; the foregoing stators for use in laundry appliances and each having a helical wrapped lamination, overmolded resin construction, a 4.2 to one tooth length/width ratio, and having the capability of 68 A-weighted decibel sound levels, each stator having a diameter of 260.6 mm and a maximum height of 58 mm (provided for in subheading 8503.00.65)	SEC.							
tors exceeding 18.65 W but not exceeding 735 W, with a 27 tooth design, each having a variable speed range of zero to 1,200 revolutions per minute and having the capability of producing starting torque up to 5.7 kg-m; the foregoing stators for use in laundry appliances and each having a helical wrapped lamination, overmolded resin construction, a 4.2 to one tooth length/width ratio, and having the capability of 68 A-weighted decibel sound levels, each stator having a diameter of 260.6 mm and a maximum height of 58 mm (provided for in subheading 8503.00.65)	serti	ing in numer						
fore 12/31/   2023    SEC. 108185. STATORS FOR WASHING MACHINES,		9902.30.90	tors exceeding 18.65 W but not exceeding 735 W, with a 27 tooth design, each having a variable speed range of zero to 1,200 revolutions per minute and having the capability of producing starting torque up to 5.7 kg-m; the foregoing stators for use in laundry appliances and each having a helical wrapped lamination, overmolded resin construction, a 4.2 to one tooth length/width ratio, and having the capability of 68 A-weighted decibel sound levels, each stator having a diameter of 260.6 mm and a maximum height of 58 mm (provided for	Free	No change	No change	On or be-	
	SEC.						fore 12/31/	".

Sı serti	<b>WITI</b> ıbchapter II	Stators for brushless permanent magnet alternating current three-phase motors exceeding 18.65 W but not over 735 W, with an 18 tooth design, each having a variable speed range of zero to 900 revolutions per minute and having the capability of producing starting torque of up to 1.1 kg-m, the foregoing stators each having a nested helical wrapped lamination, an overmolded resin construction, and the capability of 60 A-weighted decibel sound levels, and having a diameter of 208 mm and a height of 45 mm (provided for in subheading 8503.00.65)  TORS FOR WASHING MACHINES, HAHEIGHT OF 60.8 MM.  of chapter 99 is amended by intical sequence the following new	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
	9902.30.92	Rotors for brushless permanent magnet alternating current three-phase motors exceeding 18.65 W but not over 735 W, each with 24 poles and a variable speed range of zero to 1,200 revolutions per minute and having the capability of producing starting torque of up to 5.7 kg-m, the foregoing rotors designed for use in a laundry appliance, with an overmolded resin construction and 20 percent contour discreet magnets capable of 68 A-weighted decibel sound levels, with a diameter of 296 mm and a height 60.8 mm (provided for in subheading 8503.00.65)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti	<b>WITI</b> ıbchapter II	TORS FOR WASHING MACHINES, HA HEIGHT OF 49 MM. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				2023   ''.
	9902.30.93	Rotors for brushless permanent magnet AC 3-phase motors exceeding 18.65 W but not over 735 W, with 24 poles, a variable speed range of zero to 900 revolutions per minute, producing starting torque of up to 1.1 kg-m, with an overmolded resin construction, designed to mount directly to the transmission input shaft, and including a flux ring for an electro-magnetic shifter, with a diameter of 236 mm and a height 49 mm (provided for in subheading 8503.00.65)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	LEAD-ACID STORAGE BATTERIES. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	l	l	I	2023   ''.
"	9902.30.94	6 V Lead-acid storage batteries, with a maximum length of 17 cm, maximum width of 9 cm and maximum height of 17 cm, of a kind used for the source of power for medical devices (provided for in subheading 8507.20.80)	0.3%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023''.
Su serti	TERI SOU. ibchapter II	V LEAD-ACID STORAGE BAT- IES, USED FOR THE AUXILIARY RCE OF POWER. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	1	l	'	1 2023
"	9902.30.95	12 V Lead-acid storage batteries, of a kind used for the auxiliary source of power for burglar or fire alarms and similar apparatus of subheading 8531.10.00 (provided for in subheading 8507.20.80)	2.5%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti	<b>USE</b> ubchapter II	AD-ACID STORAGE BATTERIES, D FOR WHEELCHAIRS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	I	I	I	2023   ''.
"	9902.30.96	12 V Lead-acid storage batteries, of a kind used for the source of power for wheelchairs and mobility scooters of subheading 8713.90.00 (provided for in subheading 8507.20.80)	3.1%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/

## SEC. 108191. 12 V LEAD-ACID STORAGE BAT-TERIES, RATED AT LESS THAN 15 AM-PERE-HOURS.

Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

"	9902.30.97	12 V Lead-acid storage batteries, with a maximum length of 20 cm, maximum width of 10 cm and maximum height of 10 cm, rated at less than 15 amperehours, of a kind used for the source of power for medical devices (provided for in subheading 8507.20.80)	3%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	".
SEC	TER	V LEAD-ACID STORAGE BAT- IES, RATED AT 15 AMPERE-			•		•
ert	ubchapter II	RS OR MORE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new					
"	9902.30.98	12 V Lead-acid storage batteries, with a maximum length of 35 cm, maximum width of 18 cm and maximum height of 25 cm, rated at 15 ampere-hours or more, of a kind used for the source of power for medical devices (provided for in subheading 8507.20.80)	3.1%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
Si sert	<b>KG C</b> ubchapter II	L BOX ASSEMBLIES, WEIGHING 15 OR MORE BUT NOT OVER 18 KG. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new			l		•
	9902.30.99	Lithium-ion battery cell boxes having aluminum cases, of a kind used for electrically powered motorcycles of heading 8711, containing numerous individual lithium-ion battery cells, such cell boxes having a minimum specific energy density of 175 watt-hour per kg, a minimum volumetric specific energy of 380 watt-hour per liter and weighing 15 kg or more but not over 18 kg (provided for in subheading 8507.60.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	,,
Si sert	<b>KG C</b> ubchapter II	L BOX ASSEMBLIES, WEIGHING 30 OR MORE BUT NOT OVER 36 KG. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new			I	2023	
•••	9902.31.01	Lithium-ion battery cell boxes having aluminum cases, of a kind used for electrically powered motorcycles of heading 8711, containing numerous individual lithium-ion battery cells, such cell boxes having a minimum specific energy density of 168 watt-hour per kg, a minimum volumetric specific energy of 370 watt-hour per liter and weighing 30 kg or more but not over 36 kg (provided for in subheading 8507.60.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
Si sert	<b>KG C</b> ubchapter II	L BOX ASSEMBLIES, WEIGHING 36 R MORE BUT NOT OVER 49 KG. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new			I	l 2023 l	".
	9902.31.02	Lithium-ion battery cell boxes having aluminum cases, of a kind used for electrically powered motorcycles of heading 8711, containing numerous individual lithium-ion battery cells, such cell boxes having a minimum specific energy density of 180 watt-hour per kg, a minimum volumetric specific energy of 385 watt-hour per liter and weighing 36 kg or more but not over 49 kg (provided for in subheading 8507.60.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	".
SEC	. 108196, CELI	L BOX ASSEMBLIES NX.					

"	9902.31.03	Lithium-ion battery cell boxes having aluminum cases, of a kind used for electrically powered motorcycles of heading 8711, containing numerous individual lithium-ion battery cells, such cell boxes having a minimum specific energy density of 210 watt-hour per kg, a minimum volumetric specific energy of 445 watt-hour per liter and weighing 18 kg or more but not over 30 kg (provided for in subheading 8507.60.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
SEC		DD PROCESSORS WITH A CAPAC-	l	I		2023   ".
C'a	NOT	GREATER THAN 2.9 LITERS BUT  PEXCEEDING 3.1 LITERS.  of chapter 99 is amended by in-				
sert		ical sequence the following new				
			i			
"	9902.31.04	Electromechanical food processors, of a kind used for domestic purposes, with a self-contained electric motor with a minimum of two speeds and a sealable clear plastic bowl, the foregoing having a capacity greater than 2.9 liters but not exceeding 3.1 liters, each lid being attached to the plastic bowl with a hinge, the foregoing food processors having three paddle buttons, each button featuring an indicator light (provided for in subheading 8509.40.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
SEC		DD PROCESSORS WITH A CAPAC- GREATER THAN 1.6 LITERS BUT	•	1	ı	1 2020
sert	<b>NOT</b> ubchapter II	EXCEEDING 2.2 LITERS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.31.05	Electromechanical food processors, of a kind used for domestic purposes, with a self-contained electric motor with a minimum of two speeds and a sealable clear plastic bowl, the foregoing having a capacity greater than 1.6 liters but not exceeding 2.2 liters, each lid being attached to the plastic bowl with a hinge, the foregoing food processors having three paddle buttons, each button featuring an indicator light (provided for in subheading 8509.40.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti	ubchapter II	DLESS HAND BLENDERS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				2023   ''.
"	9902.31.06	Electromechanical cordless handheld food and beverage blending devices, of a kind used for domestic purposes, each with a self-contained electric motor, a non-removable rechargeable lithium ion battery, and a plastic housing with a brushed aluminum trim band; the foregoing blending devices, each having a battery indicator light on the top of the handle, a variable speed control button, a safety lock and a removable stainless steel blending arm (provided for in subheading 8509.40.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
SEC.	 . 108200. COR.	DLESS HAND MIXERS.				2023 ''.
sert		of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.31.07	Electromechanical cordless handheld food mixers, of a kind used for domestic purposes, each with a self-contained motor and a rechargeable lithium ion battery, the foregoing having at least seven speed options, a battery indicator light, and a handle containing a chrome plated speed control lever and a plastic button for ejecting beaters, each food mixer with the ability to stand on one end unassisted (provided for in subheading 8509.40.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023 ''.
Sı serti	ubchapter II	DED HAND BLENDERS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.31.08	Electromechanical domestic corded handheld food and beverage blending devices, each with a self-contained electric motor and a plastic housing with a brushed aluminum trim band and a removable stainless steel blending arm, the foregoing not having a non-removable rechargeable lithium ion battery (provided for in subheading 8509.40.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023

**SEC. 108202. BURR COFFEE GRINDERS.**Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

	9902.31.09	Electromechanical burr coffee grinders, of a kind used for domestic purposes, each with an aluminum trim band, internal portafilter holder that can accommodate multiple sizes of portafilters, a self-contained electric motor, the foregoing coffee grinders having one clear plastic top storage vessel and one clear plastic bottom storage vessel, having a rotary lever for selecting grind size immediately below the top storage vessel and a grinding enclosure containing a liquid crystal display, control buttons and a rotating knob for selecting desired coffee amount (provided for in subheading 8509.40.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
	BOW	CTRIC FOOD PROCESSORS WITH L SCRAPER.				2020	•
sert		of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
	9902.31.10	Electromechanical food processors of a kind used for domestic purposes, each containing an electric motor with an output wattage not exceeding 450 W, a processing bowl with a capacity no greater than 1.9 liters, a twist-locking lid, a built-in bowl scraper controlled by a rotating handle on the lid, a stainless steel S-blade for chopping and mixing and a reversible disc for slicing and shredding (provided for in subheading 8509.40.00)	1.2%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
Si sert	SNA ubchapter II	CTRIC FOOD PROCESSORS WITH P-LOCKING LID. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				2023 l	···
	9902.31.11	Electromechanical food processors of a kind used for domestic purposes, each containing an electric motor with an output wattage not exceeding 500 W, a processing bowl with a capacity greater than 1.9 liters but not exceeding 2.88 liters, a lid-locking mechanism incorporating one or more clips, a stainless steel S-blade for chopping and mixing and a blade for slicing and shredding (provided for in subheading 8509.40.00)	2.6%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
Si sert	ubchapter II	CTRIC JUICE EXTRACTORS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				2023 l	".
"	9902.31.12	Electromechanical juice extractors of a kind used for domestic purposes, each containing an electric motor with an output wattage of 800 W or greater, a chute measuring 7.62 cm in width, a pulp bin and a mesh filtering basket with an integrated cutting blade designed to separate pulp from juice (provided for in subheading 8509.40.00)	3.3%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
Si sert	ubchapter II	CTRIC DRINK MIXERS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	'	•	'	1020 I	٠
"	9902.31.13	Electromechanical drink mixers of a kind used for domestic purposes, each including two-speed settings, a tiltable mixing head, a stainless steel mixing cup with a capacity no greater than 0.83 liters and no more than one spindle (provided for in subheading 8509.40.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
aro	100007 67	IDALIZING EGOD DDGGEGGODG		1		2023	´´•

SEC. 108207. SPIRALIZING FOOD PROCESSORS
WITH A CAPACITY EQUAL TO OR
GREATER THAN 2.36 LITERS BUT NOT
EXCEEDING 2.64 LITERS.

	9902.31.14	Electromechanical food processors of a kind used for domestic purposes, each containing an electric motor with an output wattage not exceeding 450 W, a capacity equal to or greater than 2.36 liters but not exceeding 2.64 liters, a twist-locking lid, spiral blade, ribbon blade, reversible stainless steel disc and stainless steel S-blade attachments (provided for in subheading 8509.40.00), the foregoing without a locking arm designed to secure the lid or a dough kneading blade	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
SEC.	WITE GRE	IRALIZING FOOD PROCESSORS H A CAPACITY EQUAL TO OR ATER THAN 2.83 LITERS BUT NOT EEDING 3.07 LITERS.		l	l	2023   ''.
serti		of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.31.15	Electromechanical food processors of a kind used for domestic purposes, each containing an electric motor with an output wattage not exceeding 450 W, a capacity equal to or greater than 2.83 liters but not exceeding 3.07 liters, a locking arm designed to secure the lid, a pour spout, spiral blade, ribbon blade, reversible stainless steel disk, S-blade and a dough blade designed for kneading (provided for in subheading 8509.40.00), the foregoing not including an attachment designed for dicing	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023 ".
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	NG FOOD PROCESSORS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
	9902.31.16	Electromechanical food processors of a kind used for domestic purposes, each containing an electric motor with an output wattage not exceeding 600 W, a capacity of at least 3.31 liters, a locking arm designed to secure the lid, a pour spout, an attachment designed for dicing, a slicing blade, a shredding disc, a S-blade and a dough blade designed for kneading (provided for in subheading 8509.40.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023 ".
SEC.		MPACT FOOD PROCESSOR WITH OTHIE FUNCTION.				
serti		of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
	9902.31.17	Electromechanical food processors of a kind used for domestic purposes, each containing an electric motor with an output wattage not exceeding 250 W, a capacity not exceeding 0.94 liters and two clamps designed to secure the lid (provided for in subheading 8509.40.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	E EXTRACTORS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	'	'	•	
	9902.31.18	Electromechanical domestic juice extractors, each with a self-contained electric motor with an output wattage not exceeding 1100 W, an 8.89 cm wide chute and a pitcher with a capacity no greater than 1 liter (provided for in subheading 8509.40.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023

## SEC. 108212. INTEGRATED BABY FOOD MAKING SYSTEMS.

**	9902.31.19	Integrated baby food making systems, such systems including: (i) an electromechanical nutrient extractor of a kind used for domestic purposes to puree baby food, each with a self-contained electric motor with a maximum output wattage of 200 W and two interchangeable blade assemblies; (ii) an open-topped batch bowl with a capacity of 0.94 liters; (iii) a single-serve, double-handled tip-proof cup with a capacity of 0.29 liters and a twist-off lid; (iv) six single-serve storage cups, each with a capacity of 0.05 liters and twist-off lids with numerical dials; (v) a spatula; and (vi) a freezer tray with a six-cup grid and a lid (provided for in subheading 8509.40.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023 ''.			
Sı serti	<b>GRI</b> I ıbchapter II	LECTRIC JUICE MIXERS AND NDERS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new							
"	9902.31.20	Electromechanical combination food grinders, juicers and mixers of a kind used for domestic purposes, each consisting of a base with a self-contained electric motor with an output wattage not exceeding 1,400 W, a stainless-steel blade assembly, and three interchangeable stainless-steel square jars with a capacity of 0.5 liters or more and not exceeding 1.5 liters, the foregoing with lids fitted with gaskets and locking tabs (provided for in subheading 8509.40.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/			
Sı serti									
	9902.31.21	Electromechanical ultrasonic humidifiers, each with self-contained electric motor, of a kind used for domestic purposes, with cool and warm mist, with clean transducer ultrasonic membrane light (provided for in subheading 8509.80.50)	3.2%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/			
Sı serti	<b>NO I</b> ıbchapter II	COMATIC LITTERBOXES, VALUED MORE THAN \$100. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	I	l	l	2023   ''.			
"	9902.31.22	Litterboxes, each with self-contained electric motor powered by an external adapter that plugs into a wall socket or electrical outlet and may have batteries for back-up, such devices which rake and/or disperse cat waste into a compartment after a certain amount of time has passed once the mechanism is triggered by cat entering the litterbox; the foregoing designed for domestic use, valued no more than \$100 (provided for in subheading 8509.80.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023			
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	TRIC TOOTHBRUSHES. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	1	'	'				
"	9902.31.23	Battery-operated electric toothbrushes (provided for in subheading 8509.80.50)	3.6%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/			
Sı serti	<b>MID</b> ıbchapter II	PRASONIC COOL/WARM MIST HU- IFIERS WITH AROMATHERAPY. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	I	I	I	2023   ''.			
"	9902.31.24	Ultrasonic humidifiers with self-contained electric motor, with options for warm or cool mist, four output settings, having a 3.785 liter tank capacity, a drawer for aromatherapy oils, with a rectangular base measuring 23.6 cm by 22.1 cm by 23.9 cm, weighing no more than 5 kg empty and valued \$15 or more but not over \$19 (provided for in subheading 8509.80.50)	0.8%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023 ".			

SEC. 108218. 2-IN-1 CAN OPENER.
Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

"	9902.31.25	Hand-held battery-operated automatic can openers, each with self-contained electric motor, such can openers with a weight not exceeding 1.36 kg exclusive of extra interchangeable parts or detachable auxiliary devices (provided for in subheading 8509.80.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
St sert	ıbchapter II	D SPIRALIZING DEVICES. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new			l	2023	".
"	9902.31.26	Food spiralizing devices of a kind used for domestic purposes, designed for use on electromechanical food stand mixers, such devices designed for peeling, coring and slicing fruits and vegetables and capable of cutting such food into spiral strands and shapes, the foregoing with four or more interchangeable cutting blades and a peeling blade (provided for in subheading 8509.90.55)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
St sert	ubchapter II	AMIC BOWLS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new			'	1 2025	•
"	9902.31.27	Ceramic bowls designed for use on electromechanical stand food mixers, each having a capacity greater than 4.5 liters but not exceeding 4.9 liters, the foregoing each having a base with four protrusions designed to interlock with a stand food mixer base (provided for in subheading 8509.90.55)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,.
Si sert	<b>ELE</b> <b>MIX</b> ubchapter II	OOD GRINDERS FOR CERTAIN CTROMECHANICAL STAND FOOD ERS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
	9902.31.28	Food grinding devices designed for use on electromechanical domestic food stand mixers, each having a molded plastic or metal housing with a singular stainless steel blade, and an auger (provided for in subheading 8509.90.55)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
St sert	<b>TAII</b> ubchapter II	TA PRESS EXTRUDERS FOR CER- N STAND FOOD MIXERS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new			I	l 2023 l	".
"	9902.31.29	Pasta-making devices designed for use on electromechanical domestic stand food mixers, each having a molded plastic housing with metal auger and cutting arm, the foregoing having five interchangeable steel discs for forming various pasta shapes (provided for in subheading 8509.90.55)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
	TAIN FOO GRE EXC	INLESS STEEL BOWLS FOR CER- N ELECTROMECHANICAL STAND D MIXERS, WITH CAPACITY ATER THAN 4.2 LITERS BUT NOT EEDING 4.8 LITERS. of chapter 99 is amended by in-			I	l 2023 l	".
sert	-	of Chapter 33 is amenaed by the rical sequence the following new					
"	9902.31.30	Stainless steel bowls designed for use on electromechanical stand food mixers, each having a capacity greater than 4.2 liters but not exceeding 4.8 liters (whether or not having a single stainless steel vertically oriented welded handle), the foregoing each having a rolled top edge and welded stainless steel base with four protrusions designed to interlock with a stand food mixer base (provided for in subheading 8509.90.55)	0.7%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
SEC		 INLESS STEEL BOWLS FOR CER- N ELECTROMECHANICAL STAND				2023	".

TAIN ELECTROMECHANICAL STAND
FOOD MIXERS, WITH CAPACITY
GREATER THAN 2.8 LITERS BUT NOT
EXCEEDING 3.4 LITERS.
Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

"	9902.31.31	Stainless steel bowls designed for use on electromechanical stand food mixers, each having a capacity greater than 2.8 liters but not exceeding 3.4 liters (whether or not having a single stainless steel vertically oriented welded handle), the foregoing each having a rolled top edge and welded stainless steel base with four protrusions designed to interlock with a stand food mixer base (provided for in subheading 8509.90.55)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Su serti	TAIN FOO GRE EXC. ibchapter II	INLESS STEEL BOWLS FOR CER- N ELECTROMECHANICAL STAND D MIXERS, WITH CAPACITY ATER THAN 5.6 LITERS BUT NOT EEDING 8.6 LITERS of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new		l	l	2023   ''.
"	9902.31.32	Stainless steel bowls designed for use on electromechanical stand food mixers, each having a capacity greater than 5.6 liters but not exceeding 8.6 liters (whether or not having a single stainless steel vertically oriented welded handle), the foregoing each having a rolled edge and two welded stainless steel side brackets with circular holes designed to interlock with the arm of the stand mixer (provided for in subheading 8509.90.55)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti	<b>STA</b> l lbchapter II	TA ROLLERS AND CUTTERS FOR ND FOOD MIXERS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new		l	l	2023   ''.
	9902.31.33	Metal pasta rolling and cutting devices designed for use on electromechanical food stand mixers, each not having a molded plastic housing (provided for in subheading 8509.90.55)	1%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
serti	<b>ELE</b> <b>MIX</b> ibchapter II	SLASS BOWLS FOR CERTAIN COTROMECHANICAL STAND FOOD ERS.  of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.31.34	Glass bowls designed for use on electromechanical stand food mixers, each having a capacity greater than 4.5 liters but not exceeding 4.9 liters, the foregoing each having a base with four protrusions designed to interlock with a stand food mixer base (provided for in subheading 8509.90.55)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	<b>HAII</b> ibchapter II	DY TRIMMERS FOR DETAILED R TRIMMING. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new		l	1	2023   .
	9902.31.35	Hair clippers, with self-contained electric motor, vertical reciprocating stamped stainless steel blade and aluminum housing (provided for in subheading 8510.20.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	R CLIPPER SETS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new		•	•	. 2020 1 .
"	9902.31.36	Hair clipper sets, with self-contained electric motor, comprised of blade guide combs and one or more hair clippers, wherein at least one clipper is corded, has a non-detachable ground steel blade and is used for human hair, all put up in sets for retail sale, valued at \$5 or less (provided for in subheading 8510.20.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023 ''.

"	9902.31.37	Hair clipper set, with self-contained electric motor, comprised of blade guide combs, detailers and one or more hair clippers, wherein at least one clipper has a rechargeable lithium-ion battery, a detachable ground steel blade and is used for human hair, all put up in sets for retail sale, valued at \$6 or less (provided for in subheading 8510.20.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
SEC	 	ASSEMBLIES FOR CLIPPERS AND				2023	".
sert	ubchapter II	MMERS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
"	9902.31.38	Subassemblies consisting of a printed circuit board, power connector, rechargeable lithium ion battery and motor, designed for use with hair clippers of subheading 8510.20.90 or shavers of subheading 8510.10.00 (provided for in subheading 8510.90.40)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	".
Si sert	ubchapter II	BICYCLE WHEEL SPOKE LIGHTS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
"	9902.31.39	Bicycle signaling lights, consisting of one light-emitting diode (LED), measuring between 2.54 to 12.192 cm in width and 2.54 to 4.572 cm in height, with mechanism to attach to wheel spokes, each light valued not more than \$4 (provided for in subheading 8512.10.40)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
Si sert	ubchapter II	CCLE REAR LIGHTS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	l		ı	2023	•
"	9902.31.40	Electrical visual signaling equipment of a kind used as taillights on bicycles (provided for in subheading 8512.10.40)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
Si sert	ubchapter II	TABLE ELECTRIC LAMPS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new			•		•
"	9902.31.41	Portable battery powered, handheld LED lantern, other than lighting equipment of heading 8512, having a collapsible plastic body, measuring not greater than 22 cm in height (provided for in subheading 8513.10.40)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	,,
Si sert		of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	l		l	l 2023 l	•
	9902.31.42	Fan-forced, portable electric space heaters, each having a power consumption of not more than 1.5 kW and weighing more than 1.5 kg but not more than 17 kg, whether or not incorporating a humidifier or air filter (provided for in subheading 8516.29.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
Si sert	<b>NOT</b> ubchapter II	ROWAVE OVENS WITH CAPACITY *EXCEEDING 22.5 LITERS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new			I	2023	".
"	9902.31.43	Microwave ovens of a kind used for domestic purposes, each having a capacity not exceeding 22.5 liters (provided for in subheading 8516.50.00)	1.7%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	,.
SEC	   108937 MIC	ROWAVE OVENS WITH CAPACITY	l	I	l	2023	··

EXCL. 108237. MICROWAVE OVENS WITH CAPACITY
EXCEEDING 22.5 LITERS BUT NOT EXCEEDING 31 LITERS.

Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new
heading:

	9902.31.44	Microwave ovens of a kind used for domestic purposes, each having a capacity exceeding 22.5 liters but not exceeding 31 liters (provided for in subheading 8516.50.00)	1.7%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
SEC		W-PROFILE MICROWAVE OVENS H ELECTRONIC OPENING MECHA-	•			1 2023
sert	<b>NISI</b> ubchapter II	of chapter 99 is amended by incical sequence the following new				
"	9902.31.45	Microwave ovens with integral range hoods, of a kind used for domestic purposes, each having a height not exceeding 28 cm and having oven capacity greater than 31 liters but not exceeding 32 liters and containing a glass turntable plate with a diameter greater than 30 cm but not exceeding 31 cm, the foregoing ovens with a width greater than 75 cm but not exceeding 77 cm and having two interior fan motors and an electronic opening mechanism (provided for in subheading 8516.50.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
SEC	WITI	W-PROFILE MICROWAVE OVENS H PUSH BUTTON OPENING HANISM AND INTEGRAL RANGE	l		l	2023   ''.
sert	ubchapter II	of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.31.46	Microwave ovens with integral range hoods, of a kind used for domestic purposes, each having a height not exceeding 28 cm, each having oven capacity greater than 31 liters but not exceeding 32 liters and containing a glass turntable plate with a diameter greater than 30 cm but not exceeding 31 cm, the foregoing ovens with a width greater than 75 cm but not exceeding 77 cm, and having a single interior fan motor and a push-button opening system (provided for in subheading 8516.50.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Si sert	<b>WITI</b> <b>NISM</b> ubchapter II	W-PROFILE MICROWAVE OVENS H ELECTRONIC OPENING MECHA- M AND WITHOUT A RANGE HOOD. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	l			2023 l ''.
"	9902.31.47	Microwave ovens of a kind used for domestic purposes, each without a range hood, each having oven capacity greater than 31 liters but not exceeding 32 liters, the foregoing containing a glass turntable plate with a diameter greater than 30 cm but not exceeding 31 cm, and an electronic opening mechanism (provided for in subheading 8516.50.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023 ".
Si sert	ubchapter II	RING GRILLS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.31.48	Electrothermic grills of a kind used for domestic purposes, each with a maximum temperature of 233 °C (provided for in subheading 8516.60.60); the foregoing excluding goods described in 9902.16.56	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Si sert	ubchapter II	OMATIC DRIP COFFEE MAKERS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	ı		ı	2023   ''.
"	9902.31.49	Electrothermic automatic drip coffee makers of a kind used for domestic purposes, each capable of brewing multiple servings and incorporating a removable water tank with a handle and having a liquid crystal display and control buttons adjacent to the removable water tank, and a brew button in the coffee maker base; the foregoing excluding coffee makers designed for permanent installation into a wall, cabinet or shelf, and excluding coffee makers designed to utilize coffee capsules or pods (provided for in subheading 8516.71.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023

SEC. 108243. ESPRESSO MACHINES.
Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

	9902.31.50	Electromechanical espresso makers of a kind used for domestic purposes, each with an aluminum trim band, each incorporating a removable water tank with a handle and having a metal or plastic enclosure containing seven indicator lights and four chrome plated control buttons, the foregoing with two temperature sensors to regulate water temperature (provided for in subheading 8516.71.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti	<b>SAFI</b> ibchapter II	FEE MAKERS WITH DISHWASHER E REMOVABLE PARTS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new			l	2023   ''.
	9902.31.51	Automatic drip electric coffeemakers, each with latch-release removable and dishwasher safe water reservoir with a 2.83 liter capacity, brew basket and showerhead, valued not over \$19 (provided for in subheading 8516.71.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
SEC.		NGLE-SERVICE COFFEE MAKERS			•	
sert	ıbchapter II	H MILK FROTHERS.  of chapter 99 is amended by in-  ical sequence the following new				
«	9902.31.52	Electrothermic coffee machines of a kind used for domestic purposes, designed to brew single servings using coffee capsules, each having a loading lever containing both stainless steel and plastic and a milk frother with a fold-up power base (provided for in subheading 8516.71.00), the foregoing excluding coffee makers with a removable reservoir	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	<b>DUA</b> ubchapter II	L DISPENSERS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
• •	9902.31.53	Electrothermic coffee machines of a kind used for domestic purposes, each with two dispensers to allow brewing using capsules and ground coffee, with a spent capsule collection bin and a single removable reservoir with a capacity equal to or greater than 1.65 liters (provided for in subheading 8516.71.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti	<b>BRE</b> ubchapter II	ECTRIC COFFEE MAKERS FOR WING CAPSULES. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				l 2023 l ''.
"	9902.31.54	Electrothermic coffee machines of a kind used for domestic purposes, designed to brew using only coffee capsules, each having a loading lever containing both stainless steel and plastic and a removable reservoir with a capacity no greater than 1.18 liters (provided for in subheading 8516.71.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti	COF abchapter II	OMATIC OR MANUAL POUR OVER FEE MAKERS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new			l	l 2023 l ''.
	9902.31.55	Electrothermic coffee machines of a kind used for domestic purposes, each capable of brewing multiple servings using an automatic drip or manual pour over with a capacity equal to or greater than 1.89 liters, the foregoing including a glass carafe, a cone-shaped brew basket and a permanent filter (provided for in subheading 8516.71.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023 ".

REMOVABLE RESERVOIR SEC. 108249. COFFEEMAKERS. Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading: 9902.31.56 Electrothermic automatic drip coffee makers of a kind used for domestic purposes, each capable of brewing multiple servings and incorporating a removable water tank with a handle, the foregoing excluding coffee makers with dome-shaped housing or designed for permanent installation into a wall, cabinet or shelf and excluding coffee makers designed to utilize coffee capsules or pods (provided for in subheading 8516.71.00); the foregoing excluding coffee makers with a brew button in the coffee maker base ..... Free $No\ change$  $No\ change$ On or before 12/31/ 2023 ...... SEC. 108250. SINGLE SERVE COFFEE MAKERS. Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading: 9902.31.57 Electrothermic coffee machines of a kind used for domestic purposes, capable of brewing single servings using coffee capsules or ground coffee, each with not more than one water reservoir with a capacity not exceeding 0.41 liters, the foregoing including a coffee ground filter basket (provided for in subheading 3% 8516.71.00) ..... No change  $No\ change$ On or before 12/31/ 2023 ...... SEC. 108251. 2-WAY COFFEE MAKERS WITH A 12-CUP CARAFE AND A POD BREWER. Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading: 9902.31.58 Electrothermic coffee machines of a kind used for domestic purposes, each with dual dispensers to allow brewing single serving or multiple servings using capsules and ground coffee, a glass carafe with a capacity not exceeding 2.83 liters, and two separate non-removable water reservoirs, the foregoing without a spent capsule collection bin (provided for in subheading 8516.71.00) ...... 3.2% On or be-No change No change fore 12/31/ 2023 ..... SEC. 108252. RAPID COLD BREW AND HOT COFFEE Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading: 9902.31.59 Electrothermic coffee machines of a kind used for domestic purposes, designed to brew both cold or hot coffee using coffee grounds with a rotating knob to select between settings (provided for in subheading 8516.71.00) ..... Free No change No change On or before 12/31/ 2023 ..... SEC. 108253. ELECTRIC KETTLES. Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new

heading:

"	9902.31.60	Electrothermic kettles of a kind used for domestic purposes, each with a stain-					i
		less-steel construction, 1.7-liter capacity, pop-up lid, removable mesh filters,					i
		and a handle having a translucent capacity indicator, the foregoing having a					ı
		base with digital Liquid Crystal Display (LCD) paneled controls, including					i
		variable temperature settings (provided for in subheading 8516.71.00)	Free	No change	$No\ change$	On or be-	i
						fore 12/31/	i
						2023	".

## SEC. 108254. ELECTRIC TOASTERS WITH EVEN-TOAST FEATURE.

	SLO	Electrothermic toasters of a kind used for domestic purposes, each toaster measuring 28.19 cm in length, 17.3 cm in width and 20.32 cm in height and incorporating two single-slice toaster slots measuring 13.7 cm in length at the top of the toaster, with a slide-out crumb tray, the foregoing with a function designed to turn off the center heating element after a certain toasting time has elapsed (provided for in subheading 8516.72.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
serti		of chapter 33 is amenaed by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.31.62	Electrothermic toasters of a kind used for domestic purposes, each incorporating two single-slice toaster slots measuring 16.51 cm in length at the top of the oven, the foregoing with a function designed to turn off the center heating element after a certain toasting time has elapsed (provided for in subheading 8516.72.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
SEC.	WID	ECTRIC TOASTERS WITH 37 MM E SLOTS, WITH AN UNDER-BASE	l	I	ı	2023   ''.
serti	bchapter II	<b>D WRAP.</b> of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
	9902.31.63	Electrothermic toasters of a kind used for domestic purposes, each incorporating two single-slice toaster slots measuring 37 mm in width at the top of the oven, with a slide-out crumb tray, under-base cord wrap, toast shade selector and a programmable setting to hold the toast in the slot for three minutes after toasting (provided for in subheading 8516.72.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023 ''.
Su serti	ING CON abchapter II	ND 4-SLOT TOASTERS, NOT HAV- A BUTTON TO KEEP TOASTER TENTS WARM AFTER TOASTING. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
	9902.31.64	Electrothermic toasters, of a kind used for domestic purposes, with two or four toaster slots, each toaster slot with a width exceeding 3.8 cm but not exceeding 4 cm, the foregoing toasters each having one or two plastic buttons used to eject toaster contents and one or two plastic buttons used to lower power to heating elements for desired toasting; each toaster not having a button to keep toaster contents warm after toasting or a button to defrost, the foregoing toasters having one or two plastic knobs, each knob with no more than five options for selecting different degrees of shading, and a manual lift lever (provided for in subheading 8516.72.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Su serti	TO I AFT abchapter II	OT TOASTERS, WITH A BUTTON KEEP TOASTER CONTENT WARM ER TOASTING. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new		l	I	2023   ''.
"	9902.31.65	Electrothermic toasters, of a kind used for domestic purposes, each with two toaster slots, each toaster slot with a width exceeding 3.8 cm but not exceeding 4 cm, the foregoing toasters each having singular plastic buttons used to defrost, eject toaster contents, lower power to heating elements for desired toasting, and to keep toaster contents warm at the end of a completed toasting cycle, and each toaster having one plastic knob to select up to six varying degrees of shading, and a manual lift lever (provided for in subheading 8516.72.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023

Suc. 108259. ELECTRIC TOASTERS WITH DOUBLE-SLICE SLOTS.

Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by in-serting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

"	9902.31.66	Electrothermic toasters of a kind used for domestic purposes, each incorporating two 37 mm wide double-slice toaster slots at the top of the oven, with a slide-out crumb tray, under-base cord wrap, toast shade selector, and a programmable setting to hold the toast in the slot for three minutes after toasting (provided for in subheading 8516.72.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	
SEC	WID	CCTRIC TOASTERS WITH 37 MM E SLOTS, WITH A RETRACTABLE	,			. 2020	
sert		of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new					
"	9902.31.67	Electrothermic toasters of a kind used for domestic purposes, each incorporating two single-slice toaster slots measuring 37 mm in width at the top of the oven, with a slide-out crumb tray, retractable cord, toast shade selector and a manually activated setting to hold the toast in the slot after toasting (provided for in subheading 8516.72.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
Sı serti	RAT. MOR ITY ( ıbchapter II	LECTRIC PRESSURE COOKERS ED MORE THAN 800 W BUT NOT EE THAN 1,000 W, WITH A CAPAC- OF NOT LESS THAN 5 LITERS.  of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	I			2023   ".	
"	9902.31.68	Electrothermic pressure cookers of a kind used for domestic purposes, with a capacity of not less than 5 liters and rated from 800 W to 1,000 W (provided for in subheading 8516.79.00); the foregoing excluding pressure cookers with a lift-out steaming rack designed for roasting/steaming, extra lid gasket, measuring cup and paddle and variable temperature settings	0.1%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
Sı serti	RAT. MOR ITY ( lbchapter II	LECTRIC PRESSURE COOKERS ED MORE THAN 1,200 W BUT NOT EE THAN 1,400 W, WITH A CAPAC- OF LESS THAN 5 LITERS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- cical sequence the following new	'	'		2023   ''.	
"	9902.31.69	Electrothermic pressure cookers of a kind used for domestic purposes, with a capacity of less than 5 liters and rated more than 1,200 W but not more than 1,400 W (provided for in subheading 8516.79.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
Si serti	RAT. MOR ITY ( ibchapter II	LECTRIC PRESSURE COOKERS ED MORE THAN 1,000 W BUT NOT EE THAN 1,200 W, WITH A CAPAC- OF LESS THAN 5 LITERS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	I			2023   ''.	
"	9902.31.70	Electrothermic pressure cookers of a kind used for domestic purposes, with a capacity of less than 5 liters, rated more than 1,000 W but not more than 1,200 W (provided for in subheading 8516.79.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	TOURED HEATING PADS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	•	'		, 2020 I .	
"	9902.31.71	Electric heating pads with contoured shape measuring 38.1 cm in height and 60.96 cm in width, with removable waist strap that adjusts up to 2.16 m in circumference, with cut pile knit outer surface and four heat settings, valued not over \$12, such heating pads not worn on or about the person (provided for in subheading 8516.79.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	

SEC. 108265. SLOW COOKERS WITH NON-STICK CE-RAMIC COATED STONEWARE.

Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by in-serting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

••	9902.31.72	Slow cookers with capacity from 5.678 liters to 6.624 liters, each having a stoneware insert with a ceramic-based nonstick coating, a locking gasket glass lid, digital control with three temperature settings and cooking timer, the foregoing valued over \$15 but not over \$22 (provided for in subheading 8516.79.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023 "
Si serti		TING PADS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	1	'	'	
"	9902.31.73	Electrothermic heating pads of nonwoven polyester with stamp welding, having a power consumption of not more than 50 W and weighing 0.635 kg, measuring 50.8 cm by 60.96 cm; the foregoing with a removable knit 100 percent polyester fleece cover, valued between \$15 and \$109 (provided for in subheading 8516.79.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Si serti	<b>WIT</b> ubchapter II	COGRAMMABLE SLOW COOKERS H DIGITAL DISPLAY. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	I	I	I	2023   ''.
"	9902.31.74	Electrothermic slow cookers of a kind used for domestic purposes, each with a litho-wrapped steel exterior and the following features: (i) a locking glass lid, (ii) a removable oval stoneware cooking pot with a capacity not exceeding 5.68 liters, and (iii) a single digital display with a knob used to control time and temperature settings, the foregoing without a thermometer probe (provided for in subheading 8516.79.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Si serti	ıbchapter İI	UART ELECTRIC SLOW COOKERS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	I	l	I	2023   ''.
"	9902.31.75	Electrothermic slow cookers of a kind used for domestic purposes, each with a litho-wrapped steel exterior and the following features: (i) a non-locking glass lid, (ii) a removable oval stoneware cooking pot, (iii) a volume capacity of 7.57 liters or greater, and (iv) three heat settings (keep warm, low, and high), the foregoing without a digital display or thermometer probe (provided for in subheading 8516.79.00)	0.1%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Si serti	ıbchapter II	GRAMMABLE SLOW COOKERS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				2023   ''.
"	9902.31.76	Electrothermic slow cookers of a kind used for domestic purposes, each with a litho-wrapped exterior and the following features: (i) non-locking glass lid, (ii) a digital control panel, and (iii) a feature designed to automatically reduce temperature at the end of the cooking cycle, the foregoing without a timer display or thermometer probe (provided for in subheading 8516.79.00)	0.7%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Si serti	<b>LOC</b> ıbchapter II	ECTRIC SLOW COOKERS WITH KING LID. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	I	I	I	l 2023 l ''.
"	9902.31.77	Electrothermic slow cookers of a kind used for domestic purposes, each with a litho-wrapped exterior and the following features: (i) a capacity not exceeding 4.73 liters, (ii) a glass lid, (iii) a removable oval stoneware cooking pot, and (iv) a locking lid (provided for in subheading 8516.79.00); the foregoing without a knob used to control time and temperature settings	0.8%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023

SEC. 108271. DOUBLE FLIP WAFFLE MAKERS WITH REMOVABLE GRIDS.

Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

	9902.31.78	Electrothermic rotating waffle makers of a kind used for domestic purposes, each with two sets of double-sided round cooking plates, non-stick removable grids, a drip tray, and a locking handle (provided for in subheading 8516.79.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023''.
SEC.	. 108272. ICE ( MAK	CREAM WAFFLE CONE AND BOWL ERS.				
sert	ubchapter II	of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
••	9902.31.79	Electrothermic ice cream waffle cone and bowl makers of a kind used for domestic purposes, each with two round non-stick cooking plates (provided for in subheading 8516.79.00), the foregoing including a plastic cone roller and a bowl mold	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
SEC.	. 108273. EL. MAK	ECTRIC BREAKFAST SANDWICH ERS.				
sert	ubchapter II	of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
	9902.31.80	Electrothermic sandwich cookers of a kind used for domestic purposes, each designed to be used with round bread and incorporating a cooking plate for eggs (provided for in subheading 8516.79.00); the foregoing excluding goods described in heading 9902.16.57	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti	ubchapter II	SSURE COOKERS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new			I	2023   ''.
SEC.		Electrothermic pressure cookers of a kind used for domestic purposes, with a stainless-steel construction with a capacity of not less than 5.67 liters and an output wattage not exceeding 1,000 W, a lift-out steaming rack designed for roasting/steaming, extra lid gasket and a measuring cup and paddle, the forgoing with variable temperature settings (provided for in subheading 8516.79.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023 ".
sert		of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
	9902.31.82	Electrothermic slow cookers of a kind used for domestic purposes with a capacity greater than 7.57 liters but not exceeding 9.46 liters, each with a full-color litho-wrapped exterior, glass lid, removable round aluminum cooking pot, and a digital control display, the foregoing without a thermometer probe (provided for in subheading 8516.79.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti	<b>QUA</b> ubchapter II	LISHED STAINLESS STEEL 1.5- RT TEA KETTLES. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new			l	2023 '''.
"	9902.31.83	Tea kettles of stainless steel, polished, each with a capacity of 1.41 liters (provided for in subheading 8516.79.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	ubchapter II	BITE MAKERS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new		'		. 2020   .
**	9902.31.84	Electrothermic bite-sized egg makers, of a kind used for domestic purposes, each incorporating two circular cooking plates and a removable cover (provided for in subheading 8516.79.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023

SEC. 108278. VACUUM STEEL INSULATED COFFEE CARAFES, OF A KIND USED WITH DEEP ULTRAVIOLET LITHOGRAPHY MACHINES.

MACHINES.
Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

"	9902.31.85	Vacuum insulated coffee carafes used with commercial coffee machines, with interior and exterior of stainless steel, each with a capacity over 1 liter but not over 2 liters and plastic brew-through lid for direct brewing commercial coffee machines provided for in subheading 8419.81 (provided for in subheading 8516.90.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
SEC	RAF MAC DEE	ACUUM STEEL INSULATED CA- ES FOR HOUSEHOLD COFFEE HINES, OF A KIND USED WITH PP ULTRAVIOLET LITHOGRAPHY HINES.		I	I	1 20231 .
sert		of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.31.86	Vacuum insulated carafes for coffee makers of a kind used for domestic purposes, with interior and exterior of stainless steel, each with a capacity over 1 liter but not over 2 liters with brew through top for direct brewing (provided for in subheading 8516.90.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
SEC		   UUM STEEL BODIES WITH INNER   OUTER STEEL LAYERS.		ļ	_	2023   ''.
sert	ıbchapter II	of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
	9902.31.87	Vacuum vessel bodies, each with exterior layer of steel and vacuum liner of steel, with a capacity over 2 liters and a bottom port and top opening, the foregoing presented without top cover and bottom base (provided for in subheading 8516.90.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
SEC.		 MP-HOLDER HOUSINGS OF PLAS-				2023 '''.
sert		of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.31.88	Lamp-holder housings of plastics, containing sockets for screw-in Edison base (provided for in subheading 8536.61.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
SEC		   W, 125 V, LAMP-HOLDER WITH   15 AMP OUTLETS.		ļ	l	2023   ".
sert	ıbchapter II	of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.31.89	Lamp-holders, rated for 660 W and 125 V, each with two 15 amp outlets (provided for in subheading 8536.61.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
SEC.	TAC	   OMBINATION DUPLEX RECEP-   LE/OUTLET AND USB CHARGER,   0 AMP, 125 V.				2023 '''.
sert	ıbchapter II	of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
	9902.31.90	Dual-use electrical wall outlets incorporating one or more built-in Universal Serial Bus (USB) chargers, rated at 15–20 amp and 125 V (provided for in subheading 8536.69.80)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
SEC	. 108284. RAN	 GE AND DRYER RECEPTACLES.		ļ	l	2023   ''.

••	9902.31.91	Electrical receptacles consisting of straight blade outlets for mounting in walls, made of thermoplastic and steel, measuring not more than 3.4 cm in depth, 10.7 cm in height and 6.4 cm in width (provided for in subheading 8536.69.80)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Si serti	ıbchapter II	IDENTIAL GRADE RECEPTACLES. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	l		l	2023   ''.
""	9902.31.92	Electrical receptacles of thermoplastic and steel, consisting of two outlets for mounting in walls, each weighing not more than 58.1 g, and measuring not more than 2.5 cm in depth, 10.7 cm in height and 3.4 cm in width (provided for in subheading 8536.69.80)	1.4%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
SEC		IDENTIAL AND COMMERCIAL USB	I	ļ	I	1 2023 1 .
sert	ıbchapter II	EPTACLES. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.31.93	Dual-use electrical wall outlets incorporating one or more built-in Universal Serial Bus (USB) chargers, made of a polycarbonate shell with steel framing and screws and internal circuit boards, weighing not more than 136.1 grams, and not exceeding 10.7 cm in height, 4.4 cm in width, and 4.3 cm in depth (provided for in subheading 8536.69.80)	1.5%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Si serti		ER STRIPS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	I	ı	ı	2023
""	9902.31.94	6-outlet power strips of type B sockets of 125 V, with 14 gauge cord measuring 76.2 to 91.44 cm in length, the foregoing without surge protection (provided for in subheading 8537.10.91)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Si serti	ıbchapter II	GE PROTECTORS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	I	I	I	2023   ".
**	9902.31.95	6-outlet power strips of type B sockets of 125 V, with 14 gauge cord measuring 60.96 to 91.44 cm in length, with 400–10,180 joule rating for surge protection (provided for in subheading 8537.10.91)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Si serti	ARC. ıbchapter II	GRAMMABLE CONTROLLERS FOR HITECTURAL LIGHTING. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	1	1	1	2025   .
"	9902.31.96	Programmable controllers for architectural lighting effects and displays, with ethernet, digital visual interface (DVI) and DB9 ports, each in an aluminum enclosure without keyboard, capable of controlling greater than 3,000 control channels of lighting and of pixel mapping light-emitting diode (LED) arrays (provided for in subheading 8537.10.91)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023

SEC. 108290. ELECTRONIC MODULAR CONTROL PANELS FOR GENERATORS.

Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

	9902.31.97	Programmable electronic modular control panels, designed for monitoring and controlling generators and generating sets of heading 8501 and 8502, operating at a voltage not exceeding 1,000 V, and equipped with electrical control apparatus of heading 8535 or 8536, such as circuit breakers, auxiliary contactors, and relays, which provide a front panel user interface, such as control switches and/or a touch screen, for the electrical control and monitoring of the generator or generating set (provided for in subheading 8537.10.91)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
SEC	l . 108291. PC AND	   DWER DISTRIBUTION MODULES 	l	l	l	2023   ''.
sert	<b>LER</b> ubchapter II					
• •	9902.31.98	Power distribution modules and programmable controllers, for a voltage not exceeding 1,000 V (provided for in subheading 8537.10.91), the foregoing of a kind used with machines and apparatus for the manufacture or inspection of semiconductor devices of subheading 8486.20.00	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
St	<b>ASS</b> ubchapter II	ASS CAPACITIVE TOUCHSCREEN  EMBLIES WITH LCD.  of chapter 99 is amended by in- vical sequence the following new	l		I	2023   ''.
	ding:	ical sequence the jouowing new				
"	9902.31.99	Capacitive touchscreens bonded to liquid crystal display (LCD), equipped with two or more apparatus of heading 8536, for electric control or the distribution of electricity, consisting of two glass layers bonded by silicon adhesive with attached flexible printed circuit with surface mount technology components, each touchscreen with diagonal measuring between 10 cm and 41 cm (provided for in subheading 8537.10.91)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Si sert	<b>GAS</b> <b>IDE</b> I ubchapter II	MPS CONTAINING DEUTERIUM WITHOUT RADIO-FREQUENCY NTIFICATION (RFID). of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				2023 ".
"	9902.32.01	Ultraviolet lamps filled with deuterium gas, each without radio-frequency identification device and valued over \$200 (provided for in subheading 8539.49.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
SEC	GAS	MPS CONTAINING DEUTERIUM WITH RADIO-FREQUENCY IDEN- CATION (RFID).			l	2023   ''.
sert		of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.32.02	Ultraviolet lamps filled with deuterium gas, each with radio-frequency identification device and valued over \$200 (provided for in subheading 8539.49.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
SEC	OF DUC	EER CHANNEL COAXIAL CABLES SILVER-PLATED COPPER CON- TORS AND EXPANDED EPTFE LECTRICS.	I	I	I	2023   ''.
sert	ubchapter II	of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.32.03	Fiber channel coaxial cables of silver-plated copper conductors and expanded polytetrafluoroethylene (ePTFE) dielectrics, jacketed with fluoropolymers; such bulk cables having an operating temperature ranging from minus 55 °C to 200 °C (provided for in subheading 8544.20.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
~=-	·		ı	I	ı	1 4040 1 °.

SEC. 108296. INSULATED COAXIAL CABLES, OF A
KIND USED WITH DEEP ULTRAVIOLET LITHOGRAPHY MACHINES.
Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new
heading:

"	9902.32.04	Insulated coaxial cables, each with a polyvinyl chloride outer coating, an outside diameter of 4 mm or more but not over 10 mm, a length of 180 cm or more but not over 270 cm (provided for in subheading 8544.20.00), the foregoing of a kind used with medical ultrasonic scanning apparatus of subheading 9018.12.00	1%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
SEC.	EPT I	XIAL CABLES INSULATED WITH FE, VAPOR SEALED, OF A KIND D WITH DEEP ULTRAVIOLET LI- GRAPHY MACHINES.				2023	".
serti	ıbchapter II	of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new					
"	9902.32.05	Coaxial cables insulated with expanded polytetrafluoroethylene (ePTFE), vapor sealed meeting the requirements of MIL-STD-202, method 122e, as certified by the importer (provided for in subheading 8544.20.00)	0.6%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
Sı serti	<b>EPT</b> <b>KINI</b> <b>VIOI</b> ıbchapter II	XIAL CABLES INSULATED WITH FE, NON-VAPOR SEALED, OF A D USED WITH DEEP ULTRA- LET LITHOGRAPHY MACHINES. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new		'	'	1 2023 1	•
"	9902.32.06	Coaxial cables insulated with expanded polytetrafluoroethylene (ePTFE), non-vapor sealed (provided for in subheading 8544.20.00)	3%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
Sı serti	<b>USB</b> ubchapter II	SPEED AUTOMOTIVE ETHERNET HARNESSES. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new					
	9902.32.07	USB 2.0 cable assemblies for automotive infotainment applications, 30 V AC (RMS)/30 V DC, rated current of 1 amp max/circuit, each with USB 4- or 5-wire cable, with or without drain wire, with USCAR-30 5-circuit plug, inline, or 4-circuit STD A receptacle connectors, solder terminated at both ends, for use as low speed Ethernet components such as in-vehicle databus, display, sensors and cameras (provided for in subheading 8544.30.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
SEC.		H SPEED AUTOLINK CABLE USB	-			2023	".
serti	ıbchapter II	<b>NESSES.</b> of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new					
••	9902.32.08	USB 2.0 cable assemblies for automotive infotainment applications, 30 V AC (RMS)/30 V DC, rated current of 1 amp max/circuit, each with USB 4-wire cable, with drain wire, USCAR-30 5-circuit plug or inline, 4-circuit illuminated STD A receptacle connectors, solder terminated at both ends, where the illumination is up to 1.0 FL, fixed or dimmable, for use as low speed Ethernet components such as in-vehicle databus, display, sensors and cameras (provided for in subheading 8544.30.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
SEC.	OF A	VLATED ELECTRIC CONDUCTORS, A KIND USED WITH EXTREME UL- VIOLET LITHOGRAPHY MA- NES.		ı	ı	2023	•
serti		of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new					
"	9902.32.09	Electrical cables and cable bundles for a voltage not exceeding 1,000 V, fitted with connectors (provided for in subheading 8544.42.90), the foregoing of a kind used with Extreme Ultraviolet (EUV) Lithography machines and apparatus for the manufacture of semiconductor devices of subheading 8486.20.00	0.9%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	,,

# SEC. 108302. INSULATED ELECTRIC CONDUCTORS, OF A KIND USED WITH DEEP ULTRA-VIOLET LITHOGRAPHY MACHINES.

Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

	9902.32.10	Electrical cables and cable bundles for a voltage not exceeding 1,000 V, fitted with connectors (provided for in subheading 8544.42.90), the foregoing of a kind used with Deep Ultraviolet (DUV) Lithography machines and apparatus for the manufacture of semiconductor devices of subheading 8486.20.00	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	,,
Sı serti	<b>OF</b> A <b>STR</b> i ubchapter II	VLATED ELECTRIC CONDUCTORS, A KIND USED WITH OPTICAL IN- UMENTS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				l 2023 l	
SEC.		Electrical cables and cable bundles for a voltage not exceeding 1,000 V, fitted with connectors (provided for in subheading 8544.42.90), the foregoing of a kind used with optical instruments and appliances for inspecting semiconductor wafers of 9031.41.00	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,,
	ıbchapter II	ING FITTINGS OF QUARTZ. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
	ding:	teal bequeries the following hea					
"	9902.32.12	Rings, blocks, and other insulating fittings of quartz (provided for in sub-heading 8547.90.00), the foregoing of a kind used with machines and apparatus for the manufacture or inspection of semiconductor devices of subheading 8486.20.00	3.3%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
SEC.		 DNT TIRE SPLASH GUARDS FOR ICLES.		l	l	2023	Ι΄΄.
sert	ıbchapter II	of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
"	9902.32.13	Front tire splash guards of thermoplastic polyolefin, composed of 85 to 87 percent ethylene propylene and 9 to 11 percent talc (provided for in subheading 8708.29.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
SEC.	108306. REAL HICI	 R TIRE SPLASH GUARDS FOR VE- UFS				2023	Ι".
sert	ıbchapter II	of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
"	9902.32.14	Rear tire splash guards of thermoplastic polyolefin, composed of 85 to 87 percent ethylene propylene and 9 to 11 percent talc (provided for in subheading 8708.29.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,,
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	OMATIC GEAR BOXES. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new			•	1 2020	
"	9902.32.15	Automatic gear boxes used for vehicles of headings 8701 and 8704, other than goods described in heading 9902.17.01, each with 14 speeds and torque ratings of 280 kg/m (provided for in subheading 8708.40.11)	1.5%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
SEC.	108308. SUSI	   PENSION SYSTEMS (STRUTS) FOR   HICHWAY TOLICES				2023	۱".

"	9902.32.16	Struts used in suspension systems for vehicles of headings 8704 (provided for in subheading 8708.80.16)	1.2%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
SEC	. 108309. SU BAR	SPENSION SYSTEM STABILIZER	•	ı	ı	1 2025
sert	ubchapter II	of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.32.17	Suspension system stabilizer bars of alloy steel, weighing between 35 and 44 kg, designed for use in Class 7 and Class 8 heavy duty trucks only (provided for in subheading 8708.80.65)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti	ubchapter II	ROD ASSEMBLIES. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	ı	l	ı	2023   ''.
	9902.32.18	Tie rod assemblies of steering columns and steering boxes; parts thereof (provided for in subheading 8708.94.75)	0.4%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	ubchapter II	D AXLE HOUSINGS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	'	'	'	
	9902.32.19	Used axle housings (spindles) for vehicles of heading 8704 (provided for in subheading 8708.99.68)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	ubchapter II	D PARTS FOR POWER TRAINS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.32.20	Used final drive and wheel assemblies for power trains, such final drive and wheel assemblies consisting of planetary gear reduction final drives and wheel assemblies, brake discs or rotors and a wheel hub for vehicles of heading 8704 (provided for in subheading 8708.99.68)	2%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	ubchapter II	NT WINDSHIELD COVERS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new		l	1	
	9902.32.21	Front windshield cover constructed of 100 percent water resistant polyester, having an elastic attachment system, side view mirror covers, wiper protector cover and a dry storage pouch when not in use (provided for in subheading 8708.99.81)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti	ubchapter II	ANSION CHAMBERS.  of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	I	I	I	2023   ''.
"	9902.32.22	Expansion chambers, each consisting of a blow molded tube shaped HDPE plastic body, measuring approximately 59.89 cm in width, 73.17 cm in length and 26.46 cm in height, designed for permanent welding to a gasoline or diesel fuel tank body (provided for in subheading 8708.99.81)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023

"	9902.32.23	Roof mounted bicycle rack trays for motor vehicles, such trays designed to transport bicycles (provided for in subheading 8708.99.81)	2.4%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
SEC		GH PRESSURE FUEL INJECTOR	l	I	I	2023	•
sert		ss. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new					
"	9902.32.24	High pressure fuel injector rails made of steel alloy used to transport fuel from a pump to fuel injectors on a diesel engine principally used in articles under heading 8702 or 8704 (provided for in subheading 8708.99.81)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
SEC		ND-UP BICYCLES, HAVING BOTH ELS EXCEEDING 63.5 CM IN DI- TER.		'	'	1 2020	
sert		of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
"	9902.32.25	Stand-up bicycles each with no seat, no seat tube, and no seat stay, designed to be pedaled by a user in a standing position only, such bicycles having both wheels exceeding 63.5 cm in diameter (provided for in subheading 8712.00.35)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
Si sert	<b>NOT</b> <b>TER</b> . ubchapter II	IPTICAL CYCLES, WITH WHEELS EXCEEDING 63.5 CM IN DIAME- of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new		1	1		
"	9902.32.26	Cycles, each either with two wheels or with three wheels and having all wheels exceeding 63.5 cm in diameter; all the foregoing propelled by laterally mounted pedals designed to be pushed in an alternative elliptical step motion (provided for in subheading 8712.00.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	,,
St sert	<b>STE</b> l ubchapter II	YCLE FRAMES, OTHER THAN OF EL, VALUED \$600 OR LESS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new		I	l	2023	•
"	9902.32.27	Bicycle frames, other than of steel, valued not over \$600 each (provided for in subheading 8714.91.30)	2.8%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	,,
SEC	I . 108320. IN OTH SPEI		l	l	I	2023	
sert	ubchapter II	of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
""	9902.32.28	Variable speed internal gear hubs for bicycles, other than two or three speed hubs (provided for in subheading 8714.93.28)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
SEC		CYCLE PEDALS OTHER THAN PLESS PEDALS.				2023	۰۰.
sert	ubchapter II	of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new					
"	9902.32.29	Flat pedals and parts thereof (provided for in subheading 8714.96.10); the foregoing excluding clipless bicycle pedals and parts thereof	5.7%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,

SEC. 108322. CLIPLESS BICYCLE PEDALS AND PARTS THEREOF.

Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

"	9902.32.30	Clipless bicycle pedals and parts thereof (provided for in subheading 8714.96.10)	3.8%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
or o	100909 CAD	DOM EIDER BIOVOLE GEATROCTIC			l	2023	".
Sı serti	ubchapter II	BON FIBER BICYCLE SEATPOSTS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
neu	uing.						
"	9902.32.31	Seat posts of carbon fiber, such seat posts designed for use on bicycles (provided for in subheading 8714.99.80)	1%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	,,
SEC	l . 108324. BIC	YCLE HANDLEBAR TAPE, OTHER	I	ļ	I	2023	
sert	ubchapter II	N SILICON OR LEATHER TAPE. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
"	9902.32.32	Handlebar tape, other than of silicon or of leather, such tape designed for use on bicycles (provided for in subheading 8714.99.80)	4.2%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
Sı serti	ubchapter II	l <b>ILER CYCLES.</b> of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	l	l	I	2023	''.
			_				
	9902.32.33	Trailer cycles with a steel or aluminum frame, a single wheel measuring approximately 50-52 cm, a seat, a crankset, pedals and a handlebar designed for child riders (provided for in subheading 8714.99.80)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	,,
Sı serti	ubchapter II	PPER SEATPOSTS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	I	I	I	l 2023 l	•
"	9902.32.34	Bicycle seatposts of aluminum with an internal mechanism to adjust saddle height while riding using a remote lever control (provided for in subheading 8714.99.80)	5%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
						2023	".
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	CLE FENDERS.  of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
"	9902.32.35	Bicycle fenders other than of steel (provided for in subheading 8714.99.80)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
Sı serti	ubchapter II	CLE HANDLEBARS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
"	9902.32.36	Bicycle handlebars, other than steel bicycle handlebars with a stem clamp diameter of 25.4 millimeters or less (provided for in subheading 8714.99.80)	5.6%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
Sı serti	ubchapter II	TI-FUNCTIONAL STEEL CARTS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	I	I	I	l 2023 l	''.
"	9902.32.37	Multi-functional carts of steel, not mechanically propelled, each with a capacity less than 0.125 cubic meters, such carts designed to function as a combined dolly, wheelbarrow and work cart (provided for in subheading 8716.80.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,,

Si sert	ubchapter II	Four wheeled non-motorized carts constructed primarily of base metal, such carts designed to move lithography equipment modules, apparatus and parts thereof (provided for in subheading 8716.80.50)	0.3%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Si	<b>AND</b> ubchapter II	Moving dollies, of hardwood, not mechanically propelled, measuring greater than 45.72 cm but not exceeding 76.2 cm in length, and greater than 30.48 cm but not exceeding 45.72 cm in width; each mounted on casters with a diameter not exceeding 8 cm, such dollies valued not over \$9 each (provided for in subheading 8716.80.50)  RAGLIDERS, PARAGLIDER WINGS PARAGLIDER HARNESSES. of chapter 99 is amended by in-	3.1%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
	ing in numer ding:	rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.32.40	Paragliders, paraglider wings, and paraglider harnesses (provided for in heading 8804.00.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Si sert	<b>CAT</b> ubchapter II	LING CATAMARANS AND POWER AMARANS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new		l	l	2023   ''.
"	9902.32.41	Sailboats, for pleasure or sports, with an auxiliary motor, exceeding 9.2 m in length (provided for in subheading 8903.91.00)	1.2%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Si sert	ubchapter II	JECTION LENSES. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	l	I	I	l 2023 l ''.
"	9902.32.42	Projection lenses, each with focal length of 5.2 mm or more but not over 165.0 mm, throw ratio of 0.28:1 or more but not over 12:1 and focus range optical 0.45 m or more but not over 40 m, the foregoing not exceeding 15 kg in weight (provided for in subheading 9002.11.40)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Si sert	ubchapter II	NTED OPTICAL LENSES. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	l	l	I	2023   ''.
	9902.32.43	Mounted optical lenses of molded plastic or optically worked glass, measuring between 15 mm and 25 mm in height and between 10 mm and 14 mm in diameter, such lenses mounted in a barrel of brass, aluminum or similar metal (provided for in subheading 9002.11.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
SEC		 ECTIVE LENSES FOR BROADCAST ERAS.				2023 ''.
sert	ubchapter II	of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.32.44	Objective lenses with a B4 mount, such lenses for cameras with 11 mm diagonal sensors (provided for in subheading 9002.11.90)	1.1%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
oro	100997 OB	HOMBIE LENGER FOR GIVENA	l	l	l	2023 ''.

SEC. 108337. OBJECTIVE LENSES FOR CINEMA CAMERAS.

Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

•	9902.32.45	Objective lenses with a positive lock mount for cameras with diagonal sensors of more than 28 mm but less than 46 mm (provided for in subheading 9002.11.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/				
Sı ert	ubchapter II	NIFYING SPECTACLES. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				2023   ''.				
ć	9902.32.46	Magnifying spectacles consisting of spectacle frames with convex lenses worn to enlarge images (provided for in subheading 9004.90.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/				
Si ert	<b>BLIE</b> <b>URI</b> I ubchapter II	D TELEVISION PANEL ASSEM- S, WITH A VIDEO DISPLAY MEAS- NG OVER 175.26 CM.  of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new		I		2023   ''.				
•	9902.32.47	Liquid crystal display (LCD) television panel assemblies, each with a video display diagonal measuring over 175.26 cm (provided for in subheading 9013.80.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023				
Si	108340. LCD TELEVISION PANEL ASSEMBLIES, WITH A VIDEO DISPLAY MEAS-URING OVER 149.86 CM BUT NOT OVER 175.26 CM.  Schapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inneg in numerical sequence the following new									
ıea	ding:									
•	9902.32.48	Liquid crystal display (LCD) television panel assemblies, each with a video display diagonal measuring over 149.86 cm but not over 175.26 cm (provided for in subheading 9013.80.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/				
EC	BLIE URII	D TELEVISION PANEL ASSEM- IS, WITH A VIDEO DISPLAY MEAS- NG OVER 139.7 CM BUT NOT OVER 6 CM.				2023   ''.				
ert		of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new								
ć	9902.32.49	Liquid crystal display (LCD) television panel assemblies, each with a video display diagonal measuring over 139.7 cm but not over 149.86 cm (provided for in subheading 9013.80.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/				
EC	BLIE URII	D TELEVISION PANEL ASSEM- S, WITH A VIDEO DISPLAY MEAS- NG OVER 137.16 CM BUT NOT R 139.7 CM.				2023   ''.				
ert	ubchapter II	of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new								
ć	9902.32.50	Liquid crystal display (LCD) television panel assemblies, each with a video display diagonal measuring over 137.16 cm but not over 139.7 cm (provided for in subheading 9013.80.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/				
EC		USINGS DESIGNED FOR INFRA- LENSES.		I	I	2023   ''.				
ert	ubchapter II	of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new								
•	9902.32.51	Lens housings of aluminum alloy, with or without anodization, designed for infrared lenses with diameters not less than 10 mm and not more than 100 mm (provided for in subheading 9013.90.80)	Free	No change	No change	On or be-				
		. , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	**		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	fore 12/31/ 2023"				

SEC. 108344. ELECTRONIC TEMPERATURE INDICA-TORS, WEIGHING 14.2 G.
Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by in-serting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

	TOR	Electrical data monitors, of a kind used to measure ambient temperature, each designed for single use, with customizable alarm settings, liquid crystal display (LCD) screen, enclosed in plastic housing measuring 4.1 cm by 4.9 cm by 0.8 cm, weighing 14.2 g (provided for in subheading 9025.80.10)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
sert		of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.32.53	Electrical data monitors, of a kind used for measuring ambient temperatures and designed for single use, each with a programmable alarm and liquid crystal display (LCD) screen, enclosed in a plastic housing, measuring 98.9 mm in length, 58 mm in width, 17.7 mm in height and weighing 64.4 g (provided for in subheading 9025.80.10)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti	<b>TOR</b> ıbchapter II	CTRONIC TEMPERATURE INDICA- S, WEIGHING 430 G. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	l		l	2023   ''.
**	9902.32.54	Electrical data monitors, each with sensors to measure temperature, light, motion, and jamming detection, and capable of transmitting such data using cellular 3G networks, each with a liquid crystal display (LCD), encased in a plastic housing, measuring 132.05 mm in height, 148.07 mm in width, 25.2 mm in diameter, containing a 10.4 Ahr lithium ion battery, and weighing 430 g (provided for in subheading 9025.80.10)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	<b>ING</b> ıbchapter II	BAL CARGO TRACKERS, WEIGH- 660 G. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new		'		
"	9902.32.55	Electrical data monitors, each with sensors to monitor location, temperature, light, motion and jamming detection, capable of transmitting such data using cellular 3G networks, with a liquid crystal display (LCD) encased in a plastic housing, measuring 170.05 mm in height, 148.01 mm in width, 26.72 mm in diameter, containing a 20.8 Ahr lithium ion battery, and weighing 660 g (provided for in subheading 9025.80.10)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti	<b>WEI</b> 0 lbchapter II	EMPERATURE DATA MONITORS, GHING 115 G. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				2023 '*.
"	9902.32.56	Electrical data monitors, each with sensors to measure temperature, light and location and each capable of transmitting such data using cellular 2G networks, of a kind used in the transportation of goods, enclosed in a plastic housing measuring 101 mm by 65 mm by 29 mm, weighing 115 g (provided for in subheading 9025.80.10)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti	<b>WEI</b> 0 ubchapter II	EMPERATURE DATA MONITORS, GHING 138.9 G. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	I	I	I	2023   ''.
"	9902.32.57	Electrical data monitors, each with sensors to measure temperature, light and location and each capable of transmitting such data using cellular 3G networks, of a kind used in the transportation of goods, enclosed in a plastic housing measuring 101 mm by 65 mm by 29 mm, weighing 138.9 g (provided for in subheading 9025.80.10)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023

SEC. 108350. TEMPERATURE DATA MONITORS, WEIGHING 133.2 G.
Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new

	9902.32.58	Electrical data monitors, each with sensors to measure temperature, light and location and each capable of transmitting such data using cellular 2G networks, of a kind used in the transportation of goods, enclosed in a plastic housing measuring 101 mm by 65 mm by 29 mm, weighing 133.2 g (provided for in subheading 9025.80.10)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
SEC	. 108351. PAR	TS AND ACCESSORIES OF BICY-		l	'	1 2023
sert	ubchapter II ing in numer	SPEEDOMETERS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
nead	ding:					
	9902.32.59	Parts and accessories of bicycle speedometers (provided for in subheading 9029.90.40)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	ubchapter II	ED REMOTE CONTROLLERS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.32.60	Thermostats designed for use with indoor fan coils, each with a screen, six buttons, electrical components and covered in a plastic coating, such thermostats measuring 190.5 mm in length, 287.02 mm in width and 157.5 mm in height (provided for in subheading 9032.10.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti	ubchapter II	LOG/DIGITAL WRIST WATCHES. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	l	l	I	2023   ''.
**	9902.32.61	Analog/digital wrist watches (other than those of heading 9101), electrically operated, whether or not incorporating a stop watch facility, such watches having no jewels or only one jewel in the movement and with bracelet other than of textile material or of base metal (provided for in subheading 9102.19.40)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	ubchapter II	HANICAL WRIST WATCHES. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	•	'	•	
	9902.32.62	Mechanical wrist watches (other than those of heading 9101), with automatic winding, having over 17 jewels in the movement, with bracelet of stainless steel, whether or not gold- or silver-plated (provided for in subheading 9102.21.70)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Si serti	<b>LEA</b> ubchapter II	HANICAL WRIST WATCHES WITH THER OR OTHER BAND. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new		l	l	2023   .
"	9902.32.63	Mechanical wrist watches (other than those of heading 9101), with automatic winding, having over 17 jewels in the movement, such watches with bracelet other than of textile material or of base metal (provided for in subheading 9102.21.90)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	ubchapter II	LOG POCKET WATCHES. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
	9902.32.64	Analog pocket watches (other than those of heading 9101), electrically operated, having no jewels or only one jewel in the movement (provided for in subheading 9102.91.40)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023

### SEC. 108357. PROJECTION ALARM CLOCKS, NON-ATOMIC.

Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new

"	9902.32.65	Electrically-operated alarm clocks, such clocks capable of displaying time, date, indoor humidity and indoor temperature, the foregoing including an integrated Universal Serial Bus (USB) charging port and a projection unit that projects time, whether or not also capable of projecting temperature (provided for in subheading 9105.11.40)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
SEC		 PROJECTION ATOMIC ALARM			I	2023   ''.
sert	ubchapter II	CKS.  of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.32.66	Electrically-operated atomic alarm clocks, such clocks capable of displaying time, date and temperature, the foregoing including an integrated Universal Serial Bus (USB) charging port and a projection unit that projects both time and temperature (provided for in subheading 9105.11.40)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Si sert	<b>THE</b> <b>BAR</b> ubchapter II	IALOG WALL CLOCKS WITHOUT ERMOMETER, HYGROMETER, OR COMETER GAUGES.  of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new		I	I	2023   ''.
	9902.32.67	Analog wall clocks, each with a diameter measuring between 35 cm to 62 cm (provided for in subheading 9105.21.80), the foregoing without thermometer, hygrometer or barometer gauges	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
St sert	<b>ETE</b> ubchapter II	ALOG CLOCKS WITH THERMOM- R AND HYGROMETER. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new		'	'	
"	9902.32.68	Analog clocks, each with a temperature gauge and a humidity gauge and a diameter measuring between 20 cm and 62 cm (provided for in subheading 9105.21.80)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
St sert	ubchapter II	MIC ANALOG WALL CLOCKS.  of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	'	1	1	1 2023
"	9902.32.69	Electrically operated atomic wall clocks, designed to receive phase-modulated time code, the foregoing each with a stainless steel frame measuring approximately 35.56 cm in diameter and an analog display (provided for in subheading 9105.21.80)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
St sert	ubchapter II	MIC DIGITAL CLOCKS.  of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	•	,	•	. 2020 I .
"	9902.32.70	Electrically-operated atomic clocks, each with one or more opto-electronic displays to provide time, date and temperature, whether or not such clocks have an alarm function or a moon phase display; the foregoing each with openings on the back for wall-mounting and a pull-out stand for placement on flat surfaces (provided for in subheading 9105.91.40)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
SEC	. 108363. ANA	LOG KITCHEN TIMERS.	1	1	1	1 2020

"	9902.32.71	Analog kitchen timers, not battery or AC powered, each with dimensions not exceeding 6 cm by 12 cm by 24 cm, such timers designed to count down from 60 minutes and shut off automatically (provided for in subheading 9106.90.85)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
SEC.		 IST WATCH MOVEMENTS HAVING			l	2023	٠.
	OVE JEW	R ONE JEWEL AND LESS THAN 7 ELS.					
serti		of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
"	9902.32.72	Complete watch movements, unassembled, having over one jewel but not over 7 jewels, measuring less than 33.8 mm in diameter (provided for in subheading 9110.11.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023,	,,
SEC.		CH MOVEMENTS HAVING OVER 7 ELS AND UNDER 17 JEWELS.	1	ı	1	1 2023	•
serti	ıbchapter II	of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
"	9902.32.73	Complete watch movements, unassembled, having over 7 jewels but not over 17				1	
		jewels, measuring less than 33.8 mm in diameter (provided for in subheading 9110.11.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
CEC.	100000 WAT	CH CASES OR "BODIES" OVER 41				2023	<b>,</b>
Sı serti	<b>MM</b> . ibchapter II	IN DIAMETER.  of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
"	9902.32.74	Watch cases of stainless steel, other than gold- or silver-plated, each measuring over 41 mm in width or diameter (provided for in subheading 9111.20.40)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023,	,,
SEC.		TCH CASES OR "BODIES" NOT R 41 MM IN DIAMETER.		I	ı	1 2023	•
serti	ıbchapter II	of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
"	9902.32.75	Watch cases of stainless steel, other than gold- or silver-plated, each measuring not over 41 mm in width or diameter (provided for in subheading 9111.20.40)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023,	··,
SEC.		TCH CASE BEZELS, BACKS, AND TERS.					
serti	-	of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
"	9902.32.76	Watch case bezels, backs and centers, the foregoing not of precious metal or of metal clad with precious metal (provided for in subheading 9111.90.50)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023,	,
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	CH CASE PARTS.  of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	•	•		. 2020	•
"	9902.32.77	Parts of watch cases, not of precious metal or of metal clad with precious metal, the foregoing other than watch bezels, backs and centers (provided for in subheading 9111.90.70)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023,	,,

SEC. 108370. STAINLESS STEEL WATCH BRACE-LETS.

Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by in-serting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

"	9902.32.78	Watch bracelets of stainless steel, whether or not gold- or silver-plated, valued over \$100 per dozen (provided for in subheading 9113.20.40)	4.1%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
Sı serti		CH DIALS.  of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	'	'	'	1 2023	•
"	9902.32.79	Watch dials, not exceeding 50 mm in width (provided for in subheading 9114.30.40)	1%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,,
Sı serti		CH CROWNS.  of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new					
"	9902.32.80	Watch crowns of stainless steel, each with a diameter greater than 3 mm but not exceeding 10 mm (provided for in subheading 9114.90.40)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
Sı serti		CH HANDS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	1	1	1	1 2023	٠
"	9902.32.81	Watch hands of brass, designed to indicate hour, minute, second or counter (provided for in subheading 9114.90.40)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	USTIC GUITARS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	•	'	'		٠
"	9902.32.82	Acoustic guitars, valued not over \$100 each, excluding the value of the case (provided for in subheading 9202.90.20)	3.6%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	SOLE DIGITAL PIANOS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	'	'	'	1 2023	•
	9902.32.83	Upright console digital pianos, the sound of which is produced, or must be amplified, electrically; each with one 88-key hammer action keyboard and valued at \$100 or more (provided for in subheading 9207.10.00)	4.5%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	ND DIGITAL PIANOS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	l	I	I	l 2023 l	<i>"</i> ·
"	9902.32.84	Grand pianos, digital, each with one 88-key hammer action keyboard and valued \$100 or more (provided for in subheading 9207.10.00)	0.4%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	,,
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	CTRONIC 61-KEY KEYBOARDS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	ı	I	I	2023	٠
	9902.32.85	Electronic 61-key musical single keyboard instruments, each with folding stand and stool, weighing approximately 5.4 kg and valued \$48 or more but not over \$55 (provided for in subheading 9207.10.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	".

SEC. 108378. ELECTRIC GUITARS AND ACOUSTIC/ ELECTRIC GUITARS.

Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by in-serting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

"	9902.32.86	Electric guitars, designed to be amplified electronically, valued over \$40 but not more than \$200 per unit (provided for in subheading 9207.90.00)	3.7%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Si serti	ıbchapter II	ORY FOAM TRAVEL PILLOWS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new			l	2023   .
"	9902.32.87	Travel pillows of viscoelastic polyurethane foam and with cover of polyester fabric, each pillow with a zipper and a hook-and-loop attachment and measuring 10 cm or more but not over 13 cm in height, 21 cm or more but not over 28 cm in length and 21 cm or more but not over 26 cm in width (provided for in subheading 9404.90.20)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Si serti	ıbchapter II	HTING FOR WALL INSTALLATION. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new			I	2023   ''.
"	9902.32.88	Electrical lighting fittings, of base metal other than of brass, such goods designed for permanent wall installation (provided for in subheading 9405.10.60)	7%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	SEM SEM ıbchapter II	CORATIVE BATHROOM FAN AS- BLIES (LIGHTING FIXTURES) AS- BLIES. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new			'	
"	9902.32.89	Decorative bathroom fan globe assemblies (lighting fixtures), with base metal and glass, acrylic or polycarbonate lens or globe, the foregoing designed to be used exclusively for exhaust fan lights (provided for in subheading 9405.10.80)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Si serti	ıbchapter II	<b>AL HOUSEHOLD FLOOR LAMPS.</b> of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new			I	2023   ''.
"	9902.32.90	Electric household floor standing lamps, of base metal other than brass, each with an E26 socket (provided for in subheading 9405.20.60)	5.7%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Si serti	EAC. AND ıbchapter II	AR POWERED PATHWAY LIGHTS, H MEASURING BETWEEN 36.8 CM 42 CM IN HEIGHT. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
""	9902.32.91	Solar powered pathway lights, of base metal other than of brass, having glass lenses, each measuring between 45 cm and 48 cm in height, containing a rechargeable 900 milliampere-hour (mAh) battery and LED lamp (provided for in subheading 9405.40.60)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Si serti	EAC. AND ıbchapter II	AR POWERED PATHWAY LIGHTS, H MEASURING BETWEEN 45 CM 48 CM IN HEIGHT. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new			1	1
	9902.32.92	Solar powered pathway lights, of base metal other than of brass, having glass lenses, measuring between 36.8 cm and 42 cm in height, each containing a rechargeable 800 milliampere-hour (mAh) battery and a light-emitting diode (LED) lamp (provided for in subheading 9405.40.60)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023

SEC. 108385. EXTERIOR EXIT VIEWING LIGHTS, DUAL BEAM.

Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

"	9902.32.93	Exterior exit viewing lights, of aluminum alloy, round in shape, with a diameter not more than 12.5 cm and a weight not over 0.3 kg, each containing a two light emitting diode, printed circuit board and electrical connector, the foregoing configured to be mounted to the exterior of an aircraft and designed for illuminating the ground contact areas for personnel in the event of an emergency landing (provided for in subheading 9405.40.60)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
St sert	ubchapter II	FLAMELESS CANDLES. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	I	I	I	2023     .
"	9902.32.94	Light-emitting diode (LED) flameless pillar-shaped candles, of unscented wax, each incorporating a timer, with realistic flame movement and with remote control (provided for in subheading 9405.40.84)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
St sert	ubchapter II	ARIUM LED LIGHT STRANDS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.32.95	Light-emitting diode (LED) low voltage lighting designed for use with aquarium tanks, each with from one to ten LED modules with three LED arrays, with power source and plastic housing to protect circuitry (provided for in subheading 9405.40.84)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
St sert	<b>ROO</b> ubchapter II	D LIGHT MODULES FOR BATH- OM FANS/LIGHTS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	l	l	I	2023   ''.
"	9902.32.96	Light emitting diode (LED) lighting modules, each with DC output between 260 milliampere and 320 milliampere and designed to be used in the manufacture of a bathroom exhaust fan/light (provided for in subheading 9405.40.84)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
St sert	ubchapter II	ARIUM LED LIGHT STICKS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				. 2020
"	9902.32.97	Light-emitting diode (LED) low voltage light sticks designed for use with aquarium tanks, ranging in length from 4 cm to 70 cm, including single and double light sticks with power source, with LED arrays distributed along the length of the stick, LEDs and circuitry protected by a clear plastic sealed tube (provided for in subheading 9405.40.84)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
St sert	ubchapter II	ARIUM LED LIGHT STRIPS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new			I	2023   ".
"	9902.32.98	Light-emitting diode (LED) low voltage light strips designed for use with aquarium tanks, having protective housings of plastics or of aluminum, with LED arrays arranged in rows and columns, presented with power source, with plastic lens to protect circuitry (provided for in subheading 9405.40.84)	1.7%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
	ERS.		'	'		
sert		of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.32.99	Decorative candle holders other than of brass, each measuring 5 cm to 17.2 cm in height and 5 cm to 15.25 cm in diameter, weighing 6.2 g or more but not more than 2.7 kg, valued over \$0.50 but not over \$15 each (provided for in subheading 9405.50.40)	3.9%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023 ".

SEC. 108392. CANDLE JAR SHADES.
Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

	9902.33.01	Decorative candle holder shades, other than of brass, each designed to fit on the top of a jar style candle holder (provided for in subheading 9405.50.40)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	,,
Si sert	ubchapter II	-ELECTRICAL LIGHTING. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new			1	l 2023 l	•
	9902.33.02	Non-electrical lamps (luminaires) designed for wall mounting, of base metal other than of brass, each having a glass sleeve; the foregoing not including candle lamps (provided for in subheading 9405.50.40)	5.8%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
SEC	TOR	UTDOOR GARDEN OR PATIO CHES OF BAMBOO CONSTRUC-				2023	".
sert		v. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
"	9902.33.03	Outdoor garden torches, each comprising a dried bamboo pole supporting a compartment holding a fuel canister and wick, measuring 0.75 m to 1.6 m in height (provided for in subheading 9405.50.40)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
SEC	TOR	UTDOOR GARDEN OR PATIO CHES OF NON-BAMBOO CON- UCTION.			ı	2023	•
sert	ubchapter II	of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new					
	9902.33.04	Outdoor garden torches, of any single material including base metal (other than brass), glass, ceramic or resin or a combination thereof; but not of bamboo; each incorporating a reservoir for fuel and a wick (provided for in subheading 9405.50.40)	0.8%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
SEC		OOR OIL LAMPS WITH BASE OF				2023	".
sert	ubchapter II	ss OR METAL. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
"	9902.33.05	Oil lamps, with a base of metal (other than of brass) or of glass, each lamp with wick holder, glass chimney and flat or round wick (provided for in subheading 9405.50.40)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
SEC		TDOOR GARDEN TORCHES FOR LETOP USE.				l 2023 l	".
sert	ubchapter II	of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
"	9902.33.06	Outdoor garden torches for tabletop use, such torches of bamboo, metal other than brass, glass, ceramic or resin, each incorporating a woven wick (provided for in subheading 9405.50.40)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
SEC	. 108398. GL LIGH	ASS LENS ARRAYS FOR SPOT- ITS.		l.	I	1 2023 1	•
sert	-	of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
• •	9902.33.07	Glass lens arrays, each molded to form 60 individual lenses on one side, each such lens measuring 10 mm in diameter, with a smooth reverse side, designed for insertion into an LED light fixture (provided for in subheading 9405.91.60)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	".

### CONGRESSIONAL RECORD—HOUSE

SEC. 108399. LAMP SHADES.
Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

SEC. 108400. ALLYNINGE CONTROL Solitor in numerical sequence the following new heading.  " \$992,33,00   Housing frames of galvanized steel (bare metal), designed for use in light emiting diode (LED) downlights (provided for in subheading \$405,59,40)	"	9902.33.08	Shades for lamps (luminaires), of vegetable fibers (provided for in subheading 9405.99.40)	4.8%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,,
subchapter II of chapter 90 is amended by in- serting in numerical sequence the following new heading:  "9002.31.00 Housing frames of galaxnised steel (bare metal), designed for use in light entit- ting diodae (LED) deswilights (provided for in subheading 9405.98.40)	SEC.		GALVANIZED STEEL LED NLIGHT HOUSING FRAMES.					
SRC. 108401. ALUMINUM CYLINDERS FOR LED LIGHTING FIXTURES. Subchapter 11 of chapter 90 is unmended by in- serting in numerical sequence the following new heading:  "" 9002.33.10 Cylinders of aluminum, designed for light emitting diode (LED) lighting fix- tures (growided for in subheading 9405.99.40)	serti	ibchapter II ing in numer	of chapter 99 is amended by in-					
SEC. 108-102. LILIMINIM CYLINDERS FOR LED Subchapter 11 of chapter 90 is memaded by in- setting numerical sequence the following new heading.  " 9992.33.10 Cylinders of aluminum, designed for light emitting diode (LED) lighting fix- tures (provided for in subheading 9403.59.40)	"	9902.33.09		4.8%	No change	No change	fore 12/31/	,,
Subchapter II of chapter 90 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:  "9902.33.10 Cylinders of aluminum, designed for light emitting diode (LED) lighting fixtures (provided for in subheading 9405.99.40)	SEC.				•	•		
tures (provided for in subheading 9405.99.40)	serti	ibchapter II ing in numer	of chapter 99 is amended by in-					
SRC. 108403. ALIMINUM LED DOWNLIGHT RE- FILETORS.  Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by in- serting in numerical sequence the following new heading:  " 9902.33.11 Brackets and plates of galvanized steel, designed for use with light emitting diode (LED) lighting fixtures (provided for in subheading 9405.99.40)	"	9902.33.10		4%	No change	No change	fore 12/31/	,,
Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:  " 9902.33.11 Brackets and plates of galvanized steel, designed for use with light emitting diode (LED) lighting fixtures (provided for in subheading 9405.99.40)	SEC.	PLA'	TES FOR LED LIGHTING FIX-		l	I	2023	•
diode (LED) lighting fixtures (provided for in subheading 9405.99.40)	serti	ibchapter II ing in numer	of chapter 99 is amended by in-					
SEC. 108403. ALUMINUM LED DOWNLIGHT RE- FLECTORS. Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by in- serting in numerical sequence the following new heading:  " 9902.33.12 Reflectors of aluminum, designed for light emitting diode (LED) downlights (provided for in subheading 9405.99.40)	"	9902.33.11		3.5%	No change	No change	fore 12/31/	,,
Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:  " 9902.33.12 Reflectors of aluminum, designed for light emitting diode (LED) downlights (provided for in subheading 9405.99.40)	SEC			ı	ļ	ı	1 2025	•
Sec. 108404. Outdoor Garden torches, of base metal other than brass, each incorporating a wick and flameguard (provided for in subheading 9405.99.40)   Sec. 108405. IRIS SUBASSEMBLIES FOR MOVING LIGHTS.  Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:    Sec. 108405. IRIS SUBASSEMBLIES FOR MOVING LIGHTS. Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:    Sec. 108405. IRIS SUBASSEMBLIES FOR MOVING LIGHTS. Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:    Sec. 108405. IRIS subassemblies, each consisting of two or more parts or pieces fastened or joined together, including an adjustable opening, the foregoing designed for controlling the dimensions of a beam produced by an automated moving light fixture (provided for in subheading 9405.99.40)   Free   No change   No change   On or before 12/31/2023   No change   On or before 12/31/2023   No change   No change   On or before 12/31/2023	serti	ibchapter II ing in numer	of chapter 99 is amended by in-					
SEC. 108404. OUTDOOR GARDEN TORCH REPLACEMENT CANISTERS.  Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:  " 9902.33.13   Canisters designed for outdoor garden torches, of base metal other than brass, each incorporating a wick and flameguard (provided for in subheading 9405.99.40)   Free   No change   No change   On or before 12/31/2023   No change   No chang	"	9902.33.12		3.5%	No change	No change	fore 12/31/	,,
Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:  " 9902.33.13   Canisters designed for outdoor garden torches, of base metal other than brass, each incorporating a wick and flameguard (provided for in subheading 9405.99.40)	SEC.			l	l	l	1 2023	٠
SEC. 108405. IRIS SUBASSEMBLIES FOR MOVING LIGHTS. Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:  ""  9902.33.14 Iris subassemblies, each consisting of two or more parts or pieces fastened or joined together, including an adjustable opening, the foregoing designed for controlling the dimensions of a beam produced by an automated moving light fixture (provided for in subheading 9405.99.40)	serti	ibchapter II ing in numer	of chapter 99 is amended by in-					
Sec. 108405. IRIS SUBASSEMBLIES FOR MOVING LIGHTS.  Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:  "  9902.33.14   Iris subassemblies, each consisting of two or more parts or pieces fastened or joined together, including an adjustable opening, the foregoing designed for controlling the dimensions of a beam produced by an automated moving light fixture (provided for in subheading 9405.99.40)	"	9902.33.13	each incorporating a wick and flameguard (provided for in subheading	Free	No change	No change	fore 12/31/	
serting in numerical sequence the following new heading:  "  9902.33.14 Iris subassemblies, each consisting of two or more parts or pieces fastened or joined together, including an adjustable opening, the foregoing designed for controlling the dimensions of a beam produced by an automated moving light fixture (provided for in subheading 9405.99.40)	SEC.						2023	· ".
joined together, including an adjustable opening, the foregoing designed for controlling the dimensions of a beam produced by an automated moving light fixture (provided for in subheading 9405.99.40)	serti	ing in numer						
	"	9902.33.14	joined together, including an adjustable opening, the foregoing designed for controlling the dimensions of a beam produced by an automated moving light	Free	No change	No change		
	SEC.	108406. ZO	OM MODULES FOR AUTOMATED				2023	۰,,

"	9902.33.15	Zoom modules, each consisting of two or more parts or pieces fastened or joined together, including rails or lenses, such modules each designed for moving the lenses of an automated moving light fixture (provided for in subheading 9405.99.40)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,, <u>.</u>
	woo						
serti		rical sequence the following new					
"	9902.33.16	Golf club heads designed for clubs designated as fairway woods (provided for in subheading 9506.39.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
Sı serti	ubchapter II	F CLUB SHAFTS FOR PUTTERS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new		1	'	1 2025 1	٠
"	9902.33.17	Golf club shafts, designed for use with putters (provided for in subheading 9506.39.00), the foregoing other than goods described in any other heading of this subchapter	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
Sı serti	<b>THA</b> ubchapter II	EL GOLF CLUB SHAFTS, OTHER N FOR PUTTERS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new		'	'	1 2020	٠
"	9902.33.18	Golf club shafts of steel, other than those designed for use with putters (provided for in subheading 9506.39.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	ļ ,, <u>.</u>
Sı serti	ubchapter II	F CLUB SHAFT ASSEMBLIES. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
"	9902.33.19	Golf club shaft assemblies, each comprising a graphite golf shaft with a grip attached by adhesive tape and a loft adapter attached by glue (provided for in subheading 9506.39.00), the foregoing other than goods described in any other heading of this subchapter	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	ļ ,,
Sı serti	SHA ubchapter II	RAPHITE DRIVER GOLF CLUB FTS, EXTRA STIFF FLEX. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new		I	ı	2023	
"	9902.33.20	Golf club shafts of graphite, designed for use with driver and/or fairway wood clubs, the forgoing measuring from approximately 106.7 cm to 121.9 cm, of extra stiff flexibility as denoted by a letter code of "X" or "TX" imprinted on the shaft (provided for in subheading 9506.39.00), the foregoing other than goods described in any other heading of this subchapter	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
Sı serti	<b>SHA</b> ubchapter II	RAPHITE HYBRID GOLF CLUB FTS, EXTRA STIFF FLEX. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	l	I	I	l 2023 l	".
"	9902.33.21	Golf club shafts of graphite, designed for use with hybrid clubs, the forgoing measuring from approximately 101.6 cm to 106.6 cm, of extra stiff flexibility as denoted by a letter code of "X" or "TX" imprinted on the shaft (provided for in subheading 9506.39.00), the foregoing other than goods described in any other heading of this chapter	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	

SEC. 108413. GRAPHITE IRONS GOLF CLUB SHAFTS, EXTRA STIFF FLEX. Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by in-serting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

"	9902.33.22	Golf club shafts of graphite, designed for use with irons, each measuring from approximately 88.9 cm to 101.5 cm, of extra stiff flexibility as denoted by a letter code of "X" or "TX" imprinted on the shaft (provided for in subheading 9506.39.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023"	
SEC	SHA	RAPHITE DRIVER GOLF CLUB FTS, REGULAR, SENIOR, ADULT, LADIES FLEX.	I	ı	1	1 2023	•
sert		of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
"	9902.33.23	Golf club shafts of graphite, designed for use with driver and/or fairway wood clubs, each measuring from approximately 106.7 cm to 121.9 cm, of regular, light, senior, adult and/or ladies flexibility as denoted by a code of "R", "L", "A", "M", "A/M", "F2", "F3", "5.0", "5.", or "Senior" imprinted on the shaft (provided for in subheading 9506.39.00), the foregoing not described in any other heading of this subchapter	2.3%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023"	
Si sert	<b>SHA</b> ubchapter II	RAPHITE GOLF CLUB DRIVER FTS, STIFF FLEX. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	'	1	'	1 2020	•
"	9902.33.24	Golf club shafts of graphite, designed for use with driver and/or fairway wood clubs, each measuring from approximately 106.7 cm to 121.9 cm, of stiff flexibility denoted by a letter code "S", "SR", "TS", "6.0", "6.5" or "F4" imprinted on the shaft (provided for in subheading 9506.39.00), the foregoing presented without loft adapter	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023''	
Si sert	SHA OR I ubchapter II	RAPHITE HYBRID GOLF CLUB FTS, REGULAR, SENIOR, ADULT, LADIES FLEX. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
"	9902.33.25	Golf club shafts of graphite, designed for use with hybrid clubs, each measuring from approximately 101.6 cm to 106.6 cm, such shafts of regular, light, senior, adult and/or ladies flexibility as denoted by a code of "R", "L", "A", "M", "AM", "F2", "F3", "5.0", "5.5" or "Senior" imprinted on the shaft (provided for in subheading 9506.39.00), the foregoing not described in any other heading of this subchapter	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
Si sert	<b>SHA</b> ubchapter II	RAPHITE HYBRID GOLF CLUB FTS, STIFF FLEX. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	I	I	l	l 2023 l ''	•
"	9902.33.26	Golf club shafts of graphite, designed for use with hybrid clubs, the foregoing measuring approximately 101.6 cm to 106.6 cm in length, of stiff flexibility as denoted by a letter code of "S", "SR", "TS", "6.0", "6.5" or "F4" imprinted on the shaft (provided for in subheading 9506.39.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
SEC		GRAPHITE IRONS GOLF CLUB FTS, REGULAR, SENIOR, ADULT,	I	ļ	I	2023   ''	•

Si sert	<b>SHA</b> ubchapter II	Golf club shafts of graphite, designed for use with irons meaning the foregoing measuring from approximately 88.9 cm to 101.5 cm, each having regular, light, senior, adult, and/or ladies flexibility as denoted by a letter code of "R", "L", "A", "M", "AM", "HZ", "F3", "5.0", "5.5" or "Senior" imprinted on the shaft (provided for in subheading 9506.39.00)"	2.9%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	".
	9902.33.28	Golf club shafts of graphite, designed for use with irons, each measuring from approximately 88.9 cm to 101.5 cm, of stiff flexibility as denoted by a letter code of "S", "SR", "TS", "6.0", "6.5" or "F4" imprinted on the shaft (provided for in subheading 9506.39.00), the foregoing other than goods described in any other heading of this subchapter	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
Si sert	ubchapter II	<b>TEBALL PADDLES.</b> of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new		l	1	1 2023 1	
"	9902.33.29	Pickleball paddles or rackets (provided for in subheading 9506.59.80)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	,,
Si sert	-	<b>(LEBALLS.</b> of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	ı	I	I	2023	
	9902.33.30	Noninflatable hollow pickleballs, each measuring not over 19 cm in diameter (provided for in subheading 9506.69.40)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
Si sert	ubchapter II	RCISE CYCLES. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				2020	. •
"	9902.33.31	Upright, recumbent and semi-recumbent exercise cycles (provided for in sub-heading 9506.91.00), the foregoing other than goods described in any other heading of this subchapter	4.5%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
Si sert	ubchapter II	TIONARY TRAINERS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new		l	1	1 2023 1	
"	9902.33.32	Bicycle stationary trainers, designed to hold bicycles upright and off-ground, each with 2 sections: a front stand with a clamp to attach to a bicycle's steering column and a molded plastic piece to capture the front wheel, and a rear section that attaches to the bicycle's rear axle having a resistance unit on which the rear wheel sits (provided for in subheading 9506.91.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
Si sert	<b>MEN</b> <b>TAC</b> : ubchapter II	JLTIMODALITY FITNESS EQUIP- IT, WITHOUT INTEGRATED CON- T GRIP HEART RATE MONITOR.  of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	•			. 2020 1	•
• •	9902.33.33	Fitness equipment, each with pivoting handles and foot pedals that perform alternating movements which combine the motions of a stepper and an elliptical machine, driving simultaneously a radial fan and magnetic brake in the base, such equipment without integrated contact grip heart rate monitor and weighing less than 90 kg (provided for in subheading 9506.91.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	,,

SEC. 108425. MULTIMODALITY FITNESS EQUIP-MENT WITH INTEGRATED POWER SENSOR TO MEASURE THE USER'S UPPER BODY POWER INPUT.

Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

SEC.		Fitness equipment, each unit with pivoting handles and foot pedals that allow the user to perform alternating movements which combine the motions of a stepper and an elliptical machine, and driving simultaneously a radial fan and magnetic brake in the base; each weighing less than 90 kg and equipped with integrated contact grip heart rate monitor and integrated power sensor to measure the user's upper body power input (provided for in subheading 9506.91.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023 ".
S		ADMILLS. of chapter 99 is amended by in-				
sert	-	rical sequence the following new				
	9902.33.35	Parts and accessories (other than display consoles) of treadmills (provided for in subheading 9506.91.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
SEC.		ARTS AND ACCESSORIES FOR IPTICALS.				
sert	ıbchapter II	of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
	9902.33.36	Parts and accessories (other than display consoles) of elliptical fitness machines that use a forward and backward pedaling motion with adjustable vertical incline (provided for in subheading 9506.91.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	<b>TIO</b> I ıbchapter II	TS AND ACCESSORIES FOR STA- VARY EXERCISE CYCLES. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.33.37	Parts and accessories (other than display consoles) of stationary exercise cycles (provided for in subheading 9506.91.00)	1.2%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
SEC.	. 108429. P.	ARTS AND ACCESSORIES FOR				2023   ''.
Sı serti	<b>WEI</b> 0 ubchapter II	GHT TRAINING EQUIPMENT. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.33.38	Parts of and accessories for dumbbells and other weight and strength training equipment (for example, resistance gyms) (provided for in subheading 9506.91.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
	TAIN CHI			•	•	. 2020
sert		of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.33.39	Parts of and accessories for (other than display consoles) indoor aerobic fitness equipment, other than such goods for treadmills, stationary exercise cycles and ellipticals using forward and backward pedaling motion with adjustable vertical incline (provided for in subheading 9506.91.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
SEC.	. 108431. LATI	ERAL ELLIPTICAL MACHINES.		I	I	2023   ''.

sec.	9902.33.40 108432. ADJ	Fitness equipment, each with pivoting handles and vertical stationary grips, with suspension pedals that move in a lateral elliptical motion to drive a magnetic resistance assembly in the base, presented with contact grip heart rate monitor (provided for in subheading 9506.91.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
serti		of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
••	9902.33.41	Adjustable-weight kettlebells, each with rotating dial for selecting interlocking integrated weight plates within a designated weight range and presented with a separable base for holding unused weight plates (provided for in subheading 9506.91.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti	bchapter II	USTABLE-WEIGHT BARBELL. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	I	!	I	2023   ''.
	9902.33.42	Adjustable-weight barbells, each with rotating selection end dials for selecting interlocking, integrated weight plates within a designated weight range, whether or not also including additional weight plates, adjustable-weight curl bar or specially designed stand (provided for in subheading 9506.91.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	<b>TION</b> bchapter II	RCISE CYCLES WITH DUAL-POSI- N HANDGRIPS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	•	'		
	9902.33.43	Stationary wind-resistance exercise cycles, each with pivoting handlebars with dual-position horizontal handgrips and rotating foot pedals that drive a large, caged axial fan (provided for in subheading 9506.91.00), the foregoing other than goods described in any other heading of this subchapter	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
Sı serti	<b>HAN</b> bchapter II	ERCISE CYCLES WITH SINGLE DGRIPS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	'	'	'	
	9902.33.44	Stationary wind-resistance exercise cycles, each with pivoting handlebars and single horizontal handgrips, with rotating foot pedals that drive a large, caged axial fan (provided for in subheading 9506.91.00), the foregoing other than goods described in any other heading of this subchapter	0.5%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti	bchapter II	IGHT EXERCISE CYCLES. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new	l		l	2023   ''.
	9902.33.45	Upright stationary exercise cycles, each having an enclosed magnetic brake system, fitted with connectors for and designed to incorporate a touchscreen console, whether or not presented with the touchscreen console (provided for in subheading 9506.91.00), the foregoing other than goods described in any other heading of this subchapter	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti	<b>TOU</b> bchapter II	UMBENT EXERCISE CYCLES WITH CHSCREEN CONSOLES. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new			l	2023   ''.
	9902.33.46	Recumbent stationary exercise cycles, each having an enclosed magnetic brake system, fitted with connectors for and designed to incorporate a touchscreen console, whether or not presented with such touchscreen console (provided for in subheading 9506.91.00), the foregoing other than goods described in any other heading of this subchapter	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023

SEC. 108438. LEANING EXERCISE CYCLES.
Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

**	9902.33.47	Stationary exercise cycles, each comprising a bicycle component connected to a base frame by pivots designed to partially rotate the bicycle component on a longitudinal axis, moving it side-to-side in response to the shifting weight of the user to simulate the rocking motion of an outdoor road bicycle (provided for in subheading 9506.91.00), the foregoing other than goods described in any other heading of this subchapter	1.1%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	,,
St sert	ubchapter II	GYMS, WITH VERTICAL BENCH. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new		I	ı	l 2023 l	•
"	9902.33.48	Full-body strength training fitness equipment (home gyms), each incorporating a vertical bench, a removable, adjustable seat, an attached backrest and a detachable leg extension/leg curl attachment, the foregoing each with interchangeable hand grips to connect to a cable and pulley system designed to employ flexible resistance rods, whether or not presented with such flexible rods (provided for in subheading 9506.91.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,,
St sert	<b>FLA</b> ubchapter II	D AND RESISTANCE GYMS, WITH T BENCHES. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new		1	'	2023	•
"	9902.33.49	Full-body strength training fitness equipment (home gyms), each with flat bench, sliding seat and removable backrest, equipped with interchangeable hand grips to connect to a cable and pulley system designed to employ flexible resistance rods or torsion resistance plates, whether or not presented with rods or plates (provided for in subheading 9506.91.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
Si sert	<b>CON</b> <b>KEY</b> ubchapter II	DABLE TREADMILLS, WITH LCD SOLES WITH CONTROL PADS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new		l	1	l 2023 l	٠
"	9902.33.50	Foldable treadmills, each with a button-release locking mechanism required for folding the running deck for storage and releasing from the storage position for use, capable of wireless data exchange and incorporating a liquid crystal display console with control keypad (provided for in subheading 9506.91.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
sert	<b>TOU</b> <b>URI</b> ubchapter II	OLDABLE TREADMILLS, WITH CHSCREEN CONSOLES MEAS- NG 44.5 CM OR LESS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new		1	'	1 2023	•
"	9902.33.51	Foldable treadmills, each equipped with a button-release locking mechanism required for folding the running deck for storage and releasing from the storage position for use, capable of wireless data exchange and incorporating a touchscreen console having a diagonal display size measuring 44.5 cm or less (provided for in subheading 9506.91.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,,
SEC	. 108443. INL	OOOR CYCLING MACHINES WITH					

## WIRELESS DATA TOUCHSCREEN DIS-PLAYS.

"	9902.33.52	Stationary indoor cycling exercise cycles, each with a frame designed to simulate the user's body position and pedaling of an outdoor road bicycle, with visible flywheel, equipped with an adjustable magnetic brake to resist rotation of the flywheel, manual emergency braking mechanism and interactive touchscreen display capable of wireless data exchange and two water bottle holders (provided for in subheading 9506.91.00), the foregoing other than goods described in any other heading of this subchapter	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023 ''.
SEC.		OOR CYCLING MACHINES WITH CONSOLES AND TWO WATER		l	l	2023
serti	ıbchapter II	TLE HOLDERS.  of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.33.53	Stationary indoor cycling exercise cycles, each with a frame designed to simulate the user's body position and pedaling of an outdoor road bicycle, with visible flywheel, equipped with an adjustable magnetic brake to resist rotation of the flywheel, manual emergency braking mechanism, liquid crystal display console, wireless data exchange capability and two water bottle holders (provided for in subheading 9506.91.00), the foregoing other than goods described in any other heading of this subchapter	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
SEC.		OOR CYCLING MACHINES WITH CONSOLES AND SINGLE WATER	l			2023
serti	ıbchapter II	TLE HOLDER. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
"	9902.33.54	Stationary indoor cycling exercise cycles, each with frame designed to simulate the user's body position and pedaling of an outdoor road bicycle, with visible flywheel, equipped with an adjustable friction pad brake to resist rotation of the flywheel, manual emergency braking mechanism, liquid crystal display console and single water bottle holder (provided for in subheading 9506.91.00), the foregoing other than goods described in any other heading of this subchapter	1.4%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	UMBENT ELLIPTICAL MACHINES. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new			l	2023   ''.
"	9902.33.55	Recumbent seated fitness equipment, each with pivoting closed-loop handles that perform alternating movements and foot pedals that move in an elliptical motion, driving a resistance assembly in the base, with optional-use stationary foot supports for enhanced upper body workout (provided for in subheading 9506.91.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
SEC.	THE AND	INESS EQUIPMENT COMBINING FUNCTIONS OF AN ELLIPTICAL A STAIR STEPPER, WEIGHT R 90 KGS.	l			l 2023 l ''.
serti	ıbchapter II	of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.33.56	Fitness equipment, each with pivoting handles and foot pedals that perform alternating movements combining the motions of a stepper and an elliptical machine, driving simultaneously a radial fan and magnetic brake in the base, equipped with a lever for the manual adjustment of resistance levels, weighing over 90 kgs (provided for in subheading 9506.91.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
SEC.		FOLDABLE TREADMILLS WITH CHSCREEN CONSOLE GREATER				

TOUCHSCREEN CONSOLE GREATER THAN 44.4 CM.
Subchapter II of chapter 99 is amended by inserting in numerical sequence the following new heading:

« SEC	9902.33.57	Foldable treadmills, each equipped with a button-release locking mechanism required for folding the running deck for storage and releasing the deck from the storage position for use; such treadmills capable of wireless data exchange and each incorporating a touchscreen console having a diagonal display measuring over 44.4 cm (provided for in subheading 9506.91.00)	0.5%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,.
	ERC	ISE CYCLES.					
sert		of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new					
"	9902.33.58	Interactive indoor cycling exercise cycles, capable of wireless data exchange, simulating the movement of outdoor cycling, employing dynamic inertia magnetic resistance and an electromotor brake system within an enclosed plastic four-legged base and incorporating curved drop handlebars with electronic gear shifters, dual interactive air fans, tablet mount and a workout session performance display (provided for in subheading 9506.91.00), the foregoing other than goods described in any other heading of this subchapter	Free	No change	No change	On or be-	
SEC	. 108450. MU	ILTIMODALITY FITNESS EQUIP-	ı	ı	1	2023	•
Sı serti	<b>MEN</b> <b>GRII</b> ıbchapter II	T, WITH INTEGRATED CONTACT PHEART RATE MONITORS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new					
				1			
"	9902.33.59	Fitness equipment, each with pivoting handles and foot pedals that perform alternating movements which combine the motions of a stepper and an elliptical machine, driving simultaneously a radial fan and magnetic brake in the base, the foregoing weighing less than 90 kg and equipped with integrated contact grip heart rate monitor (provided for in subheading 9506.91.00)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	,,
Sı	<b>\$2.70</b> <b>ROD</b> ıbchapter II	HING REELS VALUED NOT OVER  DEACH, PRE-SPOOLED, WITH  AND FISHING LINE.  of chapter 99 is amended by in-	ı	I	I	2023	٠
	ing in numer ding:	rical sequence the following new					
"	9902.33.60	Fishing rods, each presented with a fishing reel valued not over \$2.70 each, pre-spooled with fishing line, the foregoing put up for retail sale as a complete kit each comprising one rod and one reel (whether or not containing other accessories), with each kit having an aggregate value of no more than \$30 (provided for in subheading 9507.30.20)	5.9%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/	
SEC	108452 FISI	HING REELS VALUED NOT OVER				2023	· ".
Sı serti	<b>\$2.70</b> ıbchapter II	EACH. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new					
"	9902.33.61	Fishing reels valued not over \$2.70 each (provided for in subheading 9507.30.20)	5.7%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,
Sı serti	ıbchapter II	DARTIFICIAL CRANKBAITS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new	-			020	٠
"	9902.33.62	Artificial baits of rigid plastics, each with two or more treble hooks attached and with wire loops at the top or front end for attaching fishing line, such baits shaped to approximate bait fish, whether or not having a plastic lip at the bottom front end, the foregoing put up for retail sale and valued not over \$20 each; such goods excluding baits with a blunt front end and excluding baits with a torpedo shape (provided for in subheading 9507.90.70)	3.8%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023	,,,

	9902.33.63	Foldable decoys, each depicting birds or wildlife, constructed from two or more layers of printed textile fabric of polyester supported by a metal spring band system (provided for in subheading 9507.90.80)	0.3%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti	ERS, ıbchapter II	UUM STEEL HINGED LID PITCH- NOT EXCEEDING 1 LITER. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new		I	I	2023   ''.
"	9902.33.64	Insulated thermal pitchers, each with stainless steel interior and exterior, with hinged stainless steel lid, no separate base and a capacity not exceeding 1 liter (provided for in subheading 9617.00.10)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
SEC	HAV	CUUM INSULATED DRINKWARE ING A CAPACITY EXCEEDING 1 R BUT NOT EXCEEDING 2 LI- S		ı	'	1 2025
sert	ıbchapter II	of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.33.65	Stainless steel vacuum insulated drinkware, double-walled, and complete with cases, having a capacity exceeding 1 liter but not exceeding 2 liters (provided for in subheading 9617.00.30)	6.1%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
SEC.	HAV. LITE	CUUM INSULATED DRINKWARE ING A CAPACITY EXCEEDING 2 IRS BUT NOT EXCEEDING 4 LI-		l	I	2023   ''.
sert		of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new				
"	9902.33.66	Stainless steel vacuum insulated drinkware, double-walled, having a capacity exceeding 2 liters but not exceeding 4 liters, complete with cases (provided for in subheading 9617.00.40)	4.9%	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
Sı serti	<b>FEE</b> ıbchapter II	SUUM GLASS LINED STEEL COF- SERVERS OVER 2 LITERS. of chapter 99 is amended by in- ical sequence the following new		I	I	l 2023 l ''.
	9902.33.67	Insulated coffee servers, each with exterior of stainless steel and vacuum liner of glass, with a hinged brew-through lid with push-button dispensing, such servers with seamless design and without separate base; the foregoing with capacity over 2 liters (provided for in subheading 9617.00.40)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/
SEC.	FEE	CUUM GLASS LINED STEEL COF- SERVERS OVER 2 LITERS WITH ER DISPENSING.		l	l	2023   ''.
sert		of chapter 99 is amended by in- rical sequence the following new				
••	9902.33.68	Insulated vacuum coffee servers, each with exterior layer of stainless steel and liner of glass, with a hinged brew-through lid with lever action dispensing, such servers without separate base; the foregoing with capacity over 2 liters (provided for in subheading 9617.00.40)	Free	No change	No change	On or be- fore 12/31/ 2023
		cisting Duty Suspensions and Reductions (3) Heading 9902.01.03 (relating to unsweened cocoa powder).  TENSION OF CERTAIN EXISTING (4) Heading 9902.01.09 (relating	sphe	rical particles	s of silicon di	ating to certain
		Y SUSPENSIONS AND REDUC. pepperoncini preserved in brine).	sphe	rical particles	s (mean parti	cle size 0.007-0.0

## TIONS AND OTHER MODIFICATIONS.

- (a) EXTENSIONS.—Each of the following headings is amended by striking the date in the effective period column and inserting "12/31/2023":
- (1) Heading 9902.01.01 (relating to frozen, boiled glutinous corn).
- (2) Heading 9902.01.02 (relating to mustard seed oil).
- (5) Heading 9902.01.11 (relating to dried strawberries).
- (6) Heading9902.01.18 (relating is odo de cane).
- (7) Heading9902.01.22 (relating nitrosylsulfuric acid).
- (8) Heading 9902.01.24 (relating to sulfamic acid).
- (11) Heading 9902.01.29 (relating to certain silicon dioxide spherical particles (mean particle size 28-45 micrometers)).
- (12) Heading 9902.01.33 (relating to thionyl chloride).
- (13) Heading 9902.01.36 (relating to hydroxylamine free base).

- (14) Heading 9902.01.37 (relating to hydroxylamine sulphate).
- (15) Heading 9902.01.40 (relating to tin(IV) oxide).
- (16) Heading 9902.01.41 (relating to ammonium bifluoride).
- (17) Heading 9902.01.46 (relating to potassium bifluoride).
- (18) Heading 9902.01.52 (relating to cesium chloride).
  (19) Heading 9902.01.53 (relating to cesium io-
- dide).
  (20) Heading 9902.01.54 (relating to sodium
- sulfides).
- (21) Heading 9902.01.55 (relating to sodium thiosulfate).
- (22) Heading 9902.01.57 (relating to sodium hypophosphite).
- (23) Heading 9902.01.58 (relating monopotassium phosphate).
- (24) Heading 9902.01.59 (relating to ammonium polyphosphate).
- (25) Heading 9902.01.63 (relating to sodium ferrocyanide).
- (26) Heading 9902.01.68 (relating to sodium thiocyanate).
- thiocyanate).
  (27) Heading 9902.01.69 (relating to silver so-
- dium zirconium hydrogenphosphate).
  (28) Heading 9902.01.75 (relating to yttrium
- (29) Heading 9902.01.76 (relating to ytterbium trifluoride powder).
- (30) Heading 9902.01.77 (relating to titanium hudride).
- nyariae). (31) Heading 9902.01.79 (relating to lithium
- aluminum hydride).
  (32) Heading 9902.01.81 (relating to n-butyl
- chloride).
  (33) Heading 9902.01.82 (relating to 1,6-
- dichlorohexane).
  (34) Heading 9902.01.83 (relating to allyl bro-
- mide). (35) Heading 9902.01.84 (relating to DCP).
- (36) Heading 9902.01.86 (relating to odichlorobenzene).
- (37) Heading 9902.01.89 (relating to 1,2,4-trichlorobenzene).
- (38) Heading 9902.01.91 (relating to o-chlorobenzyl chloride (oCBC)).
- (39) Heading 9902.01.92 (relating to dichlorotoluene).
- (40) Heading 9902.01.93 (relating to 2-chloro-6-fluorobenzylchloride).
- (41) Heading 9902.01.98 (relating to lithium p-
- styrenesulfonate).
  (42) Heading 9902.01.99 (relating to monomer used in water treatment).
- (43) Heading 9902.02.01 (relating to para toluene sulfonic acid).
- (44) Heading 9902.02.03 (relating to methanesulfonyl chloride).
- (45) Heading 9902.02.04 (relating to 4-chloro-
- 3,5-dinitrobenzotrifluoride). (46) Heading 9902.02.05 (relating to 2-methyl-5-
- nitrobenzenesulfonic acid).
  (47) Heading 9902.02.06 (relating to triflic acid).
- (48) Heading 9902.02.07 (relating to triflic an-
- hydride). (49) Heading 9902.02.08 (relating to potassium perfluoroethyl cyclohexanesulphonate).
- (50) Heading 9902.02.09 (relating to 2-octanol solvent).
- (51) Heading 9902.02.11 (relating to sodium methylate powder).
- (52) Heading 9902.02.12 (relating to magnesium tert-butoxide).
- (53) Heading 9902.02.13 (relating to propargyl alcohol).
- (54) Heading 9902.02.15 (relating to 1,2-pentanediol).
- (55) Heading 9902.02.16 (relating to 2,5-dimethylhexane-2,5-diol).
- (56) Heading 9902.02.19 (relating to  $\alpha$ -naph-thol).
- (57) Heading 9902.02.21 (relating to 2-phenylphenol).
- (58) Heading 9902.02.22 (relating to Preventol ON extra preservative).

- (59) Heading 9902.02.26 (relating to 2,2'-methylene-bis-(4-methyl-6-tert-butylphenol)).
- (60) Heading 9902.02.27 (relating to 2,2'-(2-methylpropylidene)bis[4,6-dimethyl-phenol]).
- (61) Heading 9902.02.28 (relating to 4,4'-butylidenebis(3-methyl-6-tert-butylphenol)).
- (62) Heading 9902.02.29 (relating to 2,5-bis(1,1-dimethylpropyl)-1,4-benzenediol).
- (63) Heading 9902.02.30 (relating to tris(2'-methyl-4'-hydroxy-5'-t-butylphenyl)butane).
- (64) Heading 9902.02.32 (relating to ortho nitro phenol).
- (65) Heading 9902.02.33 (relating to 3-trifluoromethyl-4-nitrophenol).
- (66) Heading 9902.02.37 (relating to allyl pentaerythritol).
- (67) Heading 9902.02.38 (relating to t-butyl cumyl peroxide).
  (68) Heading 9902.02.39 (relating to dicumyl
- peroxide). (69) Heading 9902.02.40 (relating to cumene
- hydroperoxide). (70) Heading 9902.02.44 (relating to 3,7-
- dimethylocta-2,6-dienal).

  (71) Heading 9902.02.47 (relating to
- cyclobutanecarboxaldehyde).
- (72) Heading 9902.02.50 (relating to TBMB).
- (73) Heading 9902.02.51 (relating to 7 hydroxycitronellal).
- (74) Heading 9902.02.52 (relating to 2,4-disulfobenzaldehyde).
- (75) Heading 9902.02.53 (relating to p (trifluoromethyl)benzaldehyde).
- (76) Heading 9902.02.55 (relating to (E)-4-(2,6,6-trimethyl-1-cyclohexen-1-yl)-3-bute).
- (77) Heading 9902.02.57 (relating to 1,3-cyclohexanedione).
- (78) Heading 9902.02.61 (relating to 5-chloro-1-indanone).
- (79) Heading 9902.02.64 (relating to 2,4-dihydroxybenzophenone).
- (80) Heading 9902.02.67 (relating to amalanthraquine (AAQ)).
- (81) Heading 9902.02.68 (relating to nitroanthraquinone).
- (82) Heading 9902.02.74 (relating to dichloroacetyl chloride).
- (83) Heading 9902.02.79 (relating to dilauroyl peroxide).
- (84) Heading 9902.02.84 (relating to crotonic acid).
- (85) Heading 9902.02.88 (relating to 4-nitrobenzoul chloride).
- (86) Heading 9902.02.89 (relating to methyl cinnamate).
- (87) Heading 9902.02.90 (relating to peroxide used in silicone rubber).
- (88) Heading 9902.02.91 (relating to oxalic acid).
- (89) Heading 9902.02.96 (relating to himic anhydride).
- (90) Heading 9902.02.99 (relating to BPDA-U).
- (91) Heading 9902.03.06 (relating to hydroxypivalic acid neopentyl glycol ester).
- (92) Heading 9902.03.10 (relating to gallic acid).
- (93) Heading 9902.03.19 (relating prohexadione calcium).
- (94) Heading 9902.03.21 (relating the Dichlorproperation of the Dichlo
  - (95) Heading 9902.03.22 (relating to 2,4-DB).
- (96) Heading 9902.03.29 (relating to DEDC). (97) Heading 9902.03.30 (relating to input for
- (97) Heading 9902.03.30 (relating to input for high performance films).
  (98) Heading 9902.03.33 (relating to (+)-
- abscisic acid).
  (99) Heading 9902 03 38 (relating to tolcloses
- (99) Heading 9902.03.38 (relating to tolclofos methyl).
- (100) Heading 9902.03.40 (relating to DMHP).
- (101) Heading 9902.03.42 (relating to anti-oxidant/stabilizer).
- (102) Heading 9902.03.43 (relating to Fosetyl-Al).
- (103) Heading 9902.03.44 (relating to Perkadox 16).
- (104) Heading 9902.03.48 (relating to 2-ethylhexylamine).
- (105) Heading 9902.03.51 (relating to N,N'-bis(3-aminopropyl)ethylenediamine).

- (106) Heading 9902.03.53 (relating to N,N-diethyl-1,3-propanediamine).
- (107) Heading 9902.03.54 (relating to 2,4-dichloroaniline).
- (108) Heading 9902.03.55 (relating to 4-chloro-2-nitroaniline).
- (109) Heading 9902.03.59 (relating to 2,6-dichloroaniline).
  (110) Heading 9902.03.60 (relating to N-ethyl-
- N-benzyl aniline).
- (111) Heading 9902.03.62 (relating to p-chloroaniline).
- (112) Heading 9902.03.64 (relating to ethyl benzyl aniline sulfonic acid).
- (113) Heading 9902.03.67 (relating to p-toluidine).
- (114) Heading 9902.03.68 (relating to Benfluralin).
- (115) Heading 9902.03.72 (relating to Butralin). (116) Heading 9902.03.73 (relating to 4-amino-3-methylbenzenesulfonic acid).
- (117) Heading 9902.03.74 (relating to 2,4-xylidine).
- (118) Heading 9902.03.75 (relating to mixed xulidines).
- (119) Heading 9902.03.76 (relating to dodecyl
- aniline mixed isomers).
  (120) Heading 9902.03.78 (relating to amino
- methyl benzene). (121) Heading 9902.03.79 (relating to 2-ethyl-6-
- methylaniline).
  (122) Heading 9902.03.90 (relating to
- dipropoxy-p-toluidine).
- (123) Heading 9902.03.95 (relating to RODA).
- (124) Heading 9902.03.96 (relating to 4 methoxy-2-methyldiphenylamine).
- (125) Heading 9902.04.04 (relating to 4-chlorophenylglycine).
- (126) Heading 9902.04.05 (relating to 2-amino-5-sulfobenzoic acid).
- (127) Heading 9902.04.09 (relating to intermediate used in herbicides).
- (128) Heading 9902.04.10 (relating to manganese disodium EDTA).
- (129) Heading 9902.04.11 (relating to sarcosine, sodium salt)
- (130) Heading 9902.04.12 (relating to copper disodium EDTA).
- (131) Heading 9902.04.13 (relating to sodium lauriminodipropinonate).
- (132) Heading 9902.04.18 (relating to lecithin derived from sunflower).
- (133) Heading 9902.04.19 (relating to lecithin derived from soybeans).
- (134) Heading 9902.04.24 (relating to tetra-n-
- butylurea).
  (135) Heading 9902.04.26 (relating to certain crosslinking agent for powder coatings).
- (136) Heading 9902.04.31 (relating to Linuron). (137) Heading 9902.04.32 (relating to carboxyamide function compounds).
- (138) Heading 9902.04.33 (relating to Chlorpropham).
- (139) Heading 9902.04.37 (relating to Zoxamide).
- (140) Heading 9902.04.41 (relating to Cyclanilide).
- (141) Heading 9902.04.44 (relating to Napropamide).
- (142) Holding 9902.04.47 (relating to Mandestrobin technical).
- (143) Heading 9902.04.50 (relating to MMTDCA).
- (144) Heading 9902.04.53 (relating to 2 chloroacetoacetanilide (AAOCA)).
- $\begin{array}{lll} (145) & Heading & 9902.04.54 & (relating & to \\ acetoacetyl-2,5-dimethoxy-4-chloroanilide). \end{array}$
- (146) Heading 9902.04.72 (relating to Cyfluthrin (excluding  $\beta$ -Cyfluthrin)).
- (147) Heading 9902.04.73 (relating to Cypermethrin).
- (148) Heading 9902.04.75 (relating to Alpha-Cypermethrin technical).
- (149) Heading 9902.04.83 (relating to aminoazobenzene-p-sulfonic acid).
- (150) Heading 9902.04.91 (relating to Daminozide).
- (151) Heading 9902.04.92 (relating to aminoguanidine bicarbonate).

- (152) Heading 9902.04.95 (relating to chlorophenylisocyanate)
- (relatingHeading 9902.04.96phenylisocyanate).
- (154)Heading 9902.04.99 (relating Thiohencarh).
  - (155) Heading 9902.05.01 (relating to EPTC).
- (156) Heading 9902.05.02 (relating to Phosmet). (157) Heading 9902.05.06 (relating to active in-
- gredient for fungicide).
- (158) Heading 9902.05.10 (relating to 4,6 $bis (octyl thiomethyl) \hbox{--} o-cresol).$
- (159) Heading 9902.05.11 (relating to 4.4) thiobis 2-1,1-dimethylethyl-5-methyl-phenol).
- (160) Heading 9902.05.13 (relating to thiobis(6tert-butyl-4-methylphenol)).
- Heading (161)9902.05.21 (relating tothioglycolic acid). 2-
- (162) Heading 9902.05.22 (relating to mercaptoethanol).
- (163) Heading 9902.05.30 (relating totriphenylphosphine).
- (164) Heading 9902.05.31 (relating toFenbutatin oxide).
- (165) Heading 9902.05.33 (relating to ultraviolet due).
- (166) Heading 9902.05.38 (relating to MSMA). (167) Heading 9902.05.55 (relating Ethofumesate).
- (168)Heading 9902.05.56 (relating Carbosulfan Technical).
- (169) Heading 9902.05.57 (relating to Helional). (170) Heading 9902.05.58 (relating to reaction mixture of (rel-2R,4R)-tetrahydro (pyranol)).
- Heading (171)9902.05.61 (relating Fenpyroximate).
- (172)Heading 9902.05.64 (relating toTolfenpyrad).
- Heading(173)9902.05.65 (relating toPenflufen).
- (174)Headina 9902.05.75 (relating toFenamidone)
- (175) Heading 9902.05.81 (relating to Boscalid). (176)Heading 9902.05.93 (relating Triclopur).
- (177) Heading 9902.05.96 (relating to Mepiquat chloride).
- (178) Heading 9902.05.98 (relating to Saltidin). Heading 9902.06.03 (relating (179)
- Pyridalyl) (180) Heading 9902.06.08 (relating to 2-
- acetylnicotinic acid). (181) Heading 9902.06.09 (relating to light sta-
- (182) Heading 9902.06.12 (relating to
- methylpyridine-2,3-dicarboxylic acid (5-MPDC)).9902.06.26 (183)(relating
- HeadingQuinaldine).
- (184) Heading 9902.06.28 (relating to Terbacil). Heading 9902.06.29 (relating (185)Bispyribac sodium).
- (186)Heading 9902.06.36 (relating toPirimiphos-methyl).
- (187)Heading 9902.06.42 (relating tophenyl(4,6-dimethoxy-pyrimidin-2yl)carbamate).
- $\dot{Heading}$ (188)9902.06.43 (relating Methyliodouracil).
- (189) Heading 9902.06.48 (relating to 2-amino-4,6-dimethylpyrimidine).
- (190) Heading 9902.06.50 (relating to cyanuric chloride).
- (191)Heading9902.06.55 (relating Simazine)
- (192) Heading 9902.06.62 (relating to tris (2-hy-
- droxyethyl) isocyanurate (THEIC)). (193) Heading 9902.06.63 (relating to 2-amino-
- 4-methoxy-6-methyl-1,3,5-triazine). (194) Heading 9902.06.64 (relating
- methoxy-N.6-dimethyl-1.3.5-triazin-2-amine). (195) Heading 9902.06.65 (relating to trially)

to

- cuanurate). Heading 9902.06.71 (196)(relating Fenbuconazole fungicide).
- (197)Heading 9902.06.72 (relating toFenazaquin).
- Heading (198)9902.06.74(relating toPyridaben).

(199)Heading 9902.06.79 (relating Triticonazole).

to

- (200)Heading 9902.06.83 (relating Carbendazim).
- (201)Heading 9902.06.86 (relating Tetraconazole).
- (202) Heading 9902.06.92 (relating to 2-[3-(2H $benzotriazol\hbox{-}2-yl)\hbox{-}4-hydroxyphenyl] ethyl \quad meth$ a crylate).
- Heading 9902.06.96 (203)(relating PolyAziridine PZ-33).
- (204) Heading 9902.06.98 (relating to 5-amino-1,2-dihydro-3H-1,2,4-triazole-3-thione).
- (205) Heading 9902.07.09 (relating mercaptobenzothiazole).
- (206) Heading 9902.07.10 (relating to corrosion inhibitor).
- (207) Heading 9902.07.11 (relating to 2-amino 4-methyl benzothiazole).
- (208) Heading 9902.07.12 (relating to accelerator for rubber production).
- (209)Heading 9902.07.17 (relating Carboxin).
- (210) Heading 9902.07.18 (relating to 1,2benzisothiazolin-3(2H)-one,2-butyl).
- (211) Heading 9902.07.19 (relating to 4-[3-(4chlorophenyl)-3-(3,4-dimethoxyph)).
- Heading9902.07.23 (212)(relating Bentazon). (213) Heading 9902.07.25 (relating
- Topramezone).(214) Heading 9902.07.34 (relating to OBPA).
- (215) Heading 9902.07.48 (relating to 2-amino-3-cuanothiophene).
- 9902.07.49 (216)Heading (relating Tebuthiuron technical).
- (217) Heading 9902.07.51 (relating to performance fluid).
- Heading 9902.07.52 (218)(relating toEtridiazole).
- (219) Heading 9902.07.59 (relating to para-toluene sulphonyl hydrazide).
- Heading 9902.07.61 (220)(relating toSulfometuron-methul)
- (221) Heading 9902.07.63 (relating to Tosyl-4-CPP)
- (222) Heading 9902.07.64 (relating to Asulam). (223) Heading 9902.07.67 (relating to methyl 2-(aminosulfonyl) benzoate).
- (224) Heading 9902.07.68 (relating to methyl 3sulfamoylthiophene-2-carboxylate).
- (225) Heading 9902.07.69 (relating (ethylsulfonyl)-2-pyridinesulfonamide).
- (226) Heading 9902.07.70 (relating to carbamic acid, N-[[3-[(dimethyl...]-, phenyl ester). (227) Heading 9902.07.81 (relating to black car-
- rot color concentrate).
- (228) Heading 9902.07.82 (relating to purple sweet potato color concentrate). (229) Heading 9902.07.83 (relating to red cab-
- bage color concentrate). (230) Heading 9902.07.84 (relating to red radish
- color concentrate). (231) Heading 9902.08.09 (relating to Disperse
- Blue 77)
- (232) Heading 9902.08.11 (relating to Disperse Red 60). (233) Heading 9902.08.16 (relating to Acid
- Black 194). (234) Heading 9902.08.18 (relating to acid dye
- for Pigment Red 144). (235) Heading 9902.08.39 (relating to indigo,
- Vat. Blue 1). (236) Heading 9902.08.40 (relating to Pigment
- Orange 43/Vat Orange 7). (237) Heading 9902.08.43 (relating to Vat Blue
- 19) (238) Heading 9902.08.45 (relating to Vat Blue
- reduced). 9902.08.46 (239)Headina (relating
- isoviolanthrone-Vat Violet 10). (240) Heading 9902.08.47 (relating to Vat Blue
- (241) Heading 9902.08.57 (relating to Reactive
- Red 180). (242) Heading 9902.08.61 (relating to G500 blue crude).
- (243) Heading 9902.08.65 (relating to Solvent Orange 63).

- (244) Heading 9902.08.69 (relating to Solvent Red 179)
- (245) Heading 9902.08.71 (relating to Solvent Violet 13 (CI 60725))
- (246) Heading 9902.08.72 (relating to Solvent Yellow 195). (247) Heading 9902.08.73 (relating to Solvent
- Yellow 163). (248) Heading 9902.08.74 (relating to Solvent
- Red 227) (249) Heading 9902.08.75 (relating to Solvent Red 169)
- (250) Heading 9902.08.76 (relating to Solvent Yellow 114).
- (251) Heading 9902.08.77 (relating to Solvent Orange 60). (252) Heading 9902.08.78 (relating to Solvent
- Red 135) (253) Heading 9902.08.79 (relating to Solvent
- Blue 35). (254) Heading 9902.08.81 (relating to 2,4-
- dinitrophenol). (255) Heading 9902.08.84 (relating to optical
- brightener). (256) Heading 9902.08.85 (relating to whitening
- agent).(257) Heading 9902.08.87 (relating to organic
- luminescent pigments and dyes).
- (258) Heading 9902.08.88 (relating to phosphorescent pigments zinc sulfide, copper doped). (259) Heading 9902.09.01 (relating to cold pressed grapefruit oil).
- (260) Heading 9902.09.02 (relating to oil of lemon eucalyptus (OLE))
- (261) Heading 9902.09.03 (relating to ADV 7800 S-ME
- (262) Heading 9902.09.04 (relating to surfac-
- tant).(263) Heading 9902.09.05 (relating to ADV 7850 A-ME)
- (264) Heading 9902.09.06 (relating to ADV 7800 S-W).
- (265) Heading 9902.09.09 (relating to certain esters).
- (266) Heading 9902.09.12 (relating to surfactant used in pesticides).
- (267) Heading 9902.09.14 (relating to spar-
- (268) Heading 9902.09.17 (relating to poly pale ester 10).
- (269) Heading 9902.09.18 (relating to Dymerex). Heading 9902.09.26 (relating Tetrachlorvinfos formulations).
- (271) Heading 9902.09.27 (relating to mixtures of Clofentezine).
- (272) Heading 9902.09.32 (relating to zinc phosphate formulations).
- (273) Heading 9902.09.39 (relating to formulated Methomyl). (274) Heading 9902.09.47 (relating to mixtures
- of Oxathiapiprolin). (275) Heading 9902.09.65 (relating to product
- for post-harvest fruit treatment). (276) Heading 9902.09.67 (relating to mixtures
- of Famoxadone, Cymoxanil, and application ad-
- (277) Heading 9902.09.73 (relating to Ziram).
- (278) Heading 9902.09.74 (relating to Thiram). (279) Heading 9902.09.82 (relating to Dodine mixtures.)
- (280) Heading 9902.09.83 (relating to packs used in fruit treatment).
- 9902.09.91 (relatingHeadingPyraflufen ethyl 40 percent (ET MB 40)).
- (282)Heading9902.09.97 (relating toNapropamide formulations).
- (283)Heading9902.09.98 (relating toSulfometuron-methyl formulations).
- (284) Heading 9902.10.16 (relating to granular herbicide).
- (285)Heading 9902.10.18 (relating toFosamine).
- (286) Heading 9902.10.20 (relating to 5-amino-1,3-dihydro-2H-benzimidazol-2-one). (287) Heading 9902.10.26 (relating to mixture
- used in vulcanization).
- (288) Heading 9902.10.34 (relating to reaction products of phosphorus trichloride).

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- (289) Heading 9902.10.38 (relating to potassium methylate solution).
- (290) Heading 9902.10.39 (relating to additive for use in dish cleaning formulations).
- (291) Heading 9902.10.43 (relating to glycol ester).
- (292) Heading 9902.10.46 (relating to lauryl-cetyl alcohol).
- (293) Heading 9902.10.52 (relating to polymeric ester blend).
- (294) Heading 9902.10.53 (relating to CE-1618BL methyl palmitate/oleate).
- (295) Heading 9902.10.58 (relating to speciality monomers).
- (296) Heading 9902.10.60 (relating to sodium ethylate).
- (297) Heading 9902.10.63 (relating to synthetic acid washed beta zeolite powder).
- (298) Heading 9902.10.70 (relating to amorphous alpha olefin with high softening point).
- (299) Heading 9902.10.71 (relating to polymethylpentene (PMP) polyolefin copolymer).
- (300) Heading 9902.10.72 (relating to light stabilizer).
- (301) Heading 9902.10.73 (relating to non-functionalized polybutadiene).
- (302) Heading 9902.10.78 (relating to vinyl chloride-hydroxypropyl acrylate copolymer).
- (303) Heading 9902.10.80 (relating to S02F melt processable resin).
- (304) Heading 9902.10.85 (relating to material used in paper coatings).
- (305) Heading 9902.10.89 (relating to esters for use in coatings).
- (306) Heading 9902.10.92 (relating to lubricant
- for use in media). (307) Heading 9902.10.94 (relating to ingredient
- used in transfermal patches).
  (308) Heading 9902.10.99 (relating to vinyl ace-
- tate-alkeneoic acid copolymer).
- (309) Heading 9902.11.03 (relating to product used in coatings and adhesives).
- (310) Heading 9902.11.05 (relating to polymeric sulfonic acid).
- (311) Heading 9902.11.06 (relating to 2-propenoic acid, sodium salt).
- (312) Heading 9902.11.07 (relating to polu(butul methacrulate).
- poly(butyl methacrylate). (313) Heading 9902.11.08 (relating to poly(ethyl acrylate-co-methyl methacrylate)).
- (314) Heading 9902.11.09 (relating to poly(methacrylic acid-co-methyl methacrylate)
- (315) Heading 9902.11.10 (relating to poly(methyl acrylate-co-methyl methacrylate).
- (316) Heading 9902.11.17 (relating to sorbitol diglycidyl ether epoxide resin).
- (317) Heading 9902.11.20 (relating to linear aliphatic polycarbonate polyester).
- (318) Heading 9902.11.30 (relating to products for enhancing optical transparency).
- (319) Heading 9902.11.31 (relating to polyamide powders)
- powders).
  (320) Heading 9902.11.32 (relating to formulation for use in thermoplastic injection molding).
- (321) Heading 9902.11.33 (relating to formulation for use in plastics applications).
- (322) Heading 9902.11.35 (relating to Phenol, 4-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-,polymer with formaldehyde).
- (323) Heading 9902.11.38 (relating to polyurethane hardener).
- (324) Heading 9902.11.39 (relating to H12MDI based aliphatic polyisocyanate).
- (325) Heading 9902.11.40 (relating to TDI based blocked aromatic polyisocyanate).
- (326) Heading 9902.11.41 (relating to self-cross linking, stoving polyurethane resin).
- (327) Heading 9902.11.46 (relating to aliphatic/aromatic polyisocyanate copolymer).
- (328) Heading 9902.11.47 (relating to TDI based aromatic polyisocyanate).
- (329) Heading 9902.11.48 (relating to water-dispersible HDI based polyisocyanate).
- (330) Heading 9902.11.58 (relating to industrial nitrocellulose (damped alcohol content of 33–37%)).

- (331) Heading 9902.11.60 (relating to propylene glycol alginate (PGA)).
- (332) Heading 9902.11.61 (relating to alginic acid and other alginates).
- (333) Heading 9902.11.63 (relating to sodium hyaluronate).
- (334) Heading 9902.11.64 (relating to weak acid cation ion-exchange resin).
- (335) Heading 9902.11.65 (relating to weak acid macroporous cation ion-exchange resins).
- (336) Heading 9902.11.87 (relating to regenerated cellulose sheets for industrial sponges).
- (337) Heading 9902.11.95 (relating to single wrapped cutlery joined by a skewer).
  (338) Heading 9902.11.98 (relating to plastic
- pet crate pan).
  (339) Heading 9902.12.01 (relating to boxing
- and mixed martial arts gloves of plastic).
  (340) Heading 9902.12.06 (relating to plastic
- non-skid base rings for toilet by caddies).
- (341) Heading 9902.12.12 (relating to head straps and quickclips for cameras).
- (342) Heading 9902.12.16 (relating to frame mounts for cameras).
- (343) Heading 9902.12.17 (relating to large tube mounts for cameras).
- (344) Heading 9902.12.21 (relating to replacement camera doors).
- (345) Heading 9902.12.22 (relating to seatpost camera mounts).
- (346) Heading 9902.12.23 (relating to adhesive camera mounts).
- (347) Heading 9902.12.27 (relating to sets of assorted plastic camera mounts).
- sorted plastic camera mounts).
  (348) Heading 9902.12.35 (relating to life jackets for pets).
- (349) Heading 9902.12.53 (relating to plastic cases for electronic games or accessories).
- (350) Heading 9902.12.60 (relating to boxing and mixed martial arts gloves of leather).
- (351) Heading 9902.12.64 (relating to women's leather belts valued at \$7 or more).
- (352) Heading 9902.12.66 (relating to woven bamboo products).
- (353) Heading 9902.12.67 (relating to woven wood products).
- (354) Heading 9902.12.69 (relating to cashmere, not carded or combed)
- not carded or combed). (355) Heading 9902.12.70 (relating to camel
- hair, not carded or combed).
  (356) Heading 9902.12.71 (relating to camel
- (357) Heading 9902.12.72 (relating to noils of camel hair).
- (358) Heading 9902.12.73 (relating to cashmere, carded or combed).
- (359) Heading 9902.12.74 (relating to camel hair, carded or combed).
- (360) Heading 9902.12.75 (relating to yarn of carded cashmere, with a yarn count of 19.35 metric or higher).
- (361) Heading 9902.12.76 (relating to yarn of carded cashmere, with a yarn count of less than 19.35 metric).
- (362) Heading 9902.12.77 (relating to yarn of carded camel hair).
- (363) Heading 9902.12.78 (relating to yarn of combed cashmere or yarn of camel hair).
- (364) Heading 9902.12.79 (relating to woven fabric of carded vicuna hair of a weight not exceeding  $300 \text{ g/m}^2$ ).
- (365) Heading 9902.12.83 (relating to production roll bleached woven cotton gauze).
- (366) Heading 9902.12.84 (relating to bleached pique fabric).
- (367) Heading 9902.12.85 (relating to dyed pique fabric).
- (368) Heading 9902.12.89 (relating to high tenacity single rayon yarn with a decitex equal to or greater than 1,000).
- (369) Heading 9902.12.90 (relating to high tenacity single rayon yarn with a decitex less than 1.000).
- (370) Heading 9902.12.91 (relating to high tenacity multiple or cabled rayon yarn).
- (371) Heading 9902.12.92 (relating to single yarn of viscose rayon).
- (372) Heading 9902.12.93 (relating to twisted yarn of viscose rayon).

- (373) Heading 9902.12.97 (relating to elastic, water-repellent woven polyester fabric).
- (374) Heading 9902.12.98 (relating to acrylic fiber tow with an average decitex of between 2 and 5).
- (375) Heading 9902.12.99 (relating to acrylic filament tow with an average decitex of 2.2).
- (376) Heading 9902.13.01 (relating to acrylic fiber tow with an average decitex of 3.3).
- (377) Heading 9902.13.05 (relating to acrylic filament tow with a decitex of 3.3).
- (378) Heading 9902.13.06 (relating to acrylic or modacrylic staple fibers, not processed).
- (379) Heading 9902.13.07 (relating to modacrylic staple fibers with an average decitex of 2.2 and a fiber length of 38 mm).
- (380) Heading 9902.13.08 (relating to modacrylic staple fibers with an average decitex of 2.2 and a fiber length of 51 mm).
- (381) Heading 9902.13.09 (relating to modacrylic staple fibers with an average decitex of 1.7 and a fiber length of 51 mm).
- (382) Heading 9902.13.10 (relating to acrylic staple fibers with an average decitex of 1.3 and a fiber length of 38 mm).
- (383) Heading 9902.13.11 (relating to acrylic staple fibers with an average decitex of 1.3 and a fiber length of 40 mm).
- (334) Heading 9902.13.12 (relating to synthetic staple fibers not processed for spinning).
- (385) Heading 9902.13.13 (relating to acrylic staple fibers with a fiber length between 40 and 47.5 mm and a solar reflectance index less than 10)
- (386) Heading 9902.13.14 (relating to acrylic staple fibers with a fiber length between 40 and 47.5 mm and a solar reflectance index between 10 and 30).
- (387) Heading 9902.13.16 (relating to acrylic staple fibers with a fiber length between 48 and 60 mm and a solar reflectance index less than 10).
- (388) Heading 9902.13.17 (relating to acrylic staple fibers with a fiber length between 48 and 60 mm and a solar reflectance index between 10 and 30).
- (389) Heading 9902.13.18 (relating to acrylic staple fibers with a fiber length between 48 and 60 mm and a solar reflectance index greater than 30).
- (390) Heading 9902.13.22 (relating to modified acrylic flame retardant staple fiber with a decitex of 3.9).
- (391) Heading 9902.13.25 (relating to cellulosic man-made viscose rayon staple fiber).
- (392) Heading 9902.13.27 (relating to certain staple fibers of viscose rayon).
- (393) Heading 9902.13.30 (relating to flame retardant viscose rayon staple fibers, with decitex of 3.3 and length of 60 mm).
- (394) Heading 9902.13.32 (relating to flame retardant viscose rayon staple fibers, with a decitex of 2.2 and length of 38 mm).
- (395) Heading 9902.13.37 (relating to acrylic or modacrylic staple fibers, processed and with a decitex of 11.0).
- (396) Heading 9902.13.39 (relating to rayon top).
- (397) Heading 9902.13.40 (relating to woven fabrics of certain synthetic fibers).
- (398) Heading 9902.13.43 (relating to heat exchange capillary material).
- (399) Heading 9902.13.48 (relating to men's or bous' silk knit nullovers and cardigans).
- (400) Heading 9902.13.52 (relating to neoprene guard socks).
- (401) Heading 9902.13.70 (relating to batting gloves of manmade fibers).
- (402) Heading 9902.13.72 (relating to fishing wader pocket pouches).
- (403) Heading 9902.13.73 (relating to nylon wool packs).
- (404) Heading 9902.13.86 (relating to bee nets). (405) Heading 9902.13.87 (relating to camera chest harnesses).
- (406) Heading 9902.13.90 (relating to camera wrist strap mounts).
- (407) Heading 9902.13.95 (relating to men's protective active footwear with outer soles and uppers of rubber or plastic).

- (408) Heading 9902.13.96 (relating to women's protective active shoes, covering the ankle).
- (409) Heading 9902.13.97 (relating to women's protective active footwear, valued over \$26 per pair, covering the ankle).
- (410) Heading 9902.14.05 (relating to footwear made on a base or platform of wood).
- (411) Heading 9902.14.19 (relating to men's & boys' golf shoes with waterproof soles).
- (412) Heading 9902.14.23 (relating to men's waterproof leather footwear, valued at \$29 per pair or higher).
- (413) Heading 9902.14.34 (relating to ski boots and snowboard boots).
- (414) Heading 9902.14.37 (relating to men's boots for fishing waders).
- (415) Heading 9902.14.48 (relating to house slippers with textile uppers).
- (416) Heading 9902.14.56 (relating to removable footwear neoprene cuffs).
- (417) Heading 9902.14.63 (relating to hats containing less than 23 percent or more of wool).
- (418) Heading 9902.14.67 (relating to plastic plants for aquariums/terrariums).
- (419) Heading 9902.14.76 (relating to polished wired glass in retangular sheets).
- (420) Heading 9902.14.77 (relating to meniscus-
- shaped drawn glass-ceramic discs). (421) Heading 9902.14.79 (relating to trans-
- parent glass-ceramic cookware).
  (422) Heading 9902.14.85 (relating to chopped
- strands of glass). (423) Heading 9902.14.89 (relating to strips
- consisting of silver and tin).
  (424) Heading 9902.14.98 (relating to small
- metal wire crates for dogs).
- (425) Heading 9902.15.05 (relating to side press wringer handles).
- (426) Heading 9902.15.07 (relating to isosceles triangle wire).
- (427) Heading 9902.15.10 (relating to zinc punches).
- (428) Heading 9902.15.12 (relating to gallium unwrought in solid form).
- unwrought in solid form). (429) Heading 9902.15.15 (relating to gear driv-
- en one-handed pruners).
  (430) Heading 9902.15.17 (relating to swivel
- head grass shears).
  (431) Heading 9902.15.30 (relating to pet
- grooming scissors). (432) Heading 9902.15.34 (relating to manicure and pedicure sets).
- (433) Heading 9902.15.45 (relating to cast iron crankcases).
- (434) Heading 9902.15.46 (relating to cylinder heads used solely or principally with marine compression ignition engines).
- (435) Heading 9902.15.47 (relating to pistons).
- (436) Heading 9902.15.49 (relating to high pressure pumps).
- (437) Heading 9902.15.55 (relating to exhaust fans for permanent installation).
- (438) Heading 9902.15.57 (relating to household range hoods).
- (439) Heading 9902.15.58 (relating to pre-assembled pedestal fan column assemblies).
- (440) Heading 9902.15.59 (relating to grilles for exhaust fans).
- (441) Heading 9902.15.66 (relating to pressure distillation columns).
- (442) Heading 9902.15.68 (relating to mobile sprinklers).
- (443) Heading 9902.15.75 (relating to benchtop band saws).
- (444) Heading 9902.15.76 (relating to certain stationary band saws).
- (445) Heading 9902.15.77 (relating to tilting
- arbor table saws). (446) Heading 9902.15.78 (relating to certain
- table saws with 10 inch (25.4 cm) blade).
  (447) Heading 9902.15.80 (relating to drill
- presses). (448) Heading 9902.15.81 (relating to electrical rotary drill, hammer and chiseling tools).
- (449) Heading 9902.15.89 (relating to telescope mirror segment support assemblies).
- (450) Heading 9902.15.93 (relating to regulator valves).

- (451) Heading 9902.15.97 (relating to used camshafts and crankshafts for diesel engines).
- (452) Heading 9902.15.99 (relating to crank-shaft bearings).
- (453) Heading 9902.16.03 (relating to flexplates for engines).
- (454) Heading 9902.16.11 (relating to motor assemblies for air circulator electric fans).
- (455) Heading 9902.16.12 (relating to motors for high wattage fans).
- (456) Heading 9902.16.13 (relating to alternating current multiphase submersible pump motors with output between 3 kilowatts and 14.92 kilowatts).
- (457) Heading 9902.16.14 (relating to alternating current multiphase submersible pump motors with output between 149.2 kilowatts and 150 kilowatts).
- (458) Heading 9902.16.15 (relating to alternating current generators for exercise equipment).
- (459) Heading 9902.16.26 (relating to electromechanical knives).
- (460) Heading 9902.16.28 (relating to automatic food feeders for dogs and cats).
- (461) Heading 9902.16.30 (relating to automatic fish feeders).
- (462) Heading 9902.16.39 (relating to alternators).
- (463) Heading 9902.16.42 (relating to bulb heaters with or without a fan).
- (464) Heading 9902.16.49 (relating to microwave ovens with 53 to 55 liter capacity and integral range hood).
- (465) Heading 9902.16.50 (relating to microwave ovens with 58 to 60 liter capacity and integral range hoods).
- (466) Heading 9902.16.52 (relating to microwave ovens with 53 to 55 liter capacity, glass turntable plate, and integral range hood).
- (467) Heading 9902.16.53 (relating to microwave ovens with 56 to 58 liter capacity and integral range hood).
- (468) Heading 9902.16.54 (relating to microwave ovens with rectangular plate and integral range hood).
- (469) Heading 9902.16.55 (relating to vertical waffle makers).
- (470) Heading 9902.16.56 (relating to multifunction grills).
- (471) Heading 9902.16.57 (relating to electric sandwich grillers).
- (472) Heading 9902.16.64 (relating to front-loading coffee makers).
- (473) Heading 9902.16.66 (relating to built-in coffee machines).
- (474) Heading 9902.16.75 (relating to programmable slow cookers with thermometer probe).
- (475) Heading 9902.16.76 (relating to electric pressure cookers rated more than 1000W but not more than 1200W, with a capacity of not less than 5 liters).
- (476) Heading 9902.16.77 (relating to electric rice cookers).
- (477) Heading 9902.16.78 (relating to electric pressure cookers rated more than 1200W but not more than 1400W, with a capacity of not less than 5 liters).
- (478) Heading 9902.16.81 (relating to candle warmers).
- (479) Heading 9902.16.90 (relating to chassis or shelving containing backplane).
- (480) Heading 9902.16.95 (relating to mirror segment controller sensors).
- (481) Heading 9902.17.03 (relating to used gear boxes for certain vehicles).
  (482) Heading 9902.17.07 (relating to stand-up
- (482) Heading 9902.17.07 (relating to stand-up bicycles, having both wheels not exceeding 63.5cm in diameter).
- (483) Heading 9902.17.08 (relating to elliptical cycles, with wheels not exceeding 63.5 cm in diameter).
- (484) Heading 9902.17.17 (relating to swim goggles).
- (485) Heading 9902.17.19 (relating to LCD television panel assemblies, with a video display measuring not over 58.42 cm).
- (486) Heading 9902.17.20 (relating to LCD television panel assemblies, with a video display measuring over 58.42 cm but not over 78.74 cm).

- (487) Heading 9902.17.21 (relating to LCD television panel assemblies, with a video display measuring over 78.74 cm but not over 81.28 cm).
- (488) Heading 9902.17.22 (relating to LCD television panel assemblies, with a video display measuring over 81.28 cm but not over 99.06 cm).
- (489) Heading 9902.17.23 (relating to LCD television panel assemblies, with a video display measuring over 99.06 cm but not over 101.6 cm).
- (490) Heading 9902.17.28 (relating to bicycle speedometers).
- (491) Heading 9902.17.47 (relating to light emitting diode (LED) hanging lamps with total internal reflection).
- (492) Heading 9902.17.49 (relating to electric table or desk light emitting diode (LED) task lamps with ball joints).
- (493) Heading 9902.17.52 (relating to exterior emergency lights).
- (494) Heading 9902.17.53 (relating to wing illumination lights).
- (495) Heading 9902.17.54 (relating to lantern globes of extruded borosilicate glass).
- (496) Heading 9902.17.56 (relating to golf club driver heads with a loft of 9.5 degrees).
- (497) Heading 9902.17.64 (relating to golf club heads with a loft greater than 56 degrees).
- (498) Heading 9902.17.65 (relating to golf club putter heads).
- putter heads). (499) Heading 9902.17.70 (relating to tennis
- rackets, strung). (500) Heading 9902.17.72 (relating to
- racquetball rackets).
  (501) Heading 9902.17.73 (relating to squash
- rackets).
- (502) Heading 9902.17.76 (relating to leather basketballs).
- (503) Heading 9902.17.78 (relating tracquetballs).
- (504) Heading 9902.17.84 (relating to speed bags and related equipment).
- (505) Heading 9902.17.86 (relating to certain bluetooth enabled adjustable dumbbells).
- (506) Heading 9902.17.92 (relating to boxing and mixed martial arts protective equipment).
- (507) Heading 9902.17.94 (relating to fishing reels valued more than \$2.70 but not more than \$8.45, pre-spooled, with rod).
- (508) Heading 9902.17.95 (relating to hair-slides with imitation pearls or stones).
- (b) MODIFICATION TO ARTICLE DESCRIPTIONS.—
- (1) COCONUT WATER IN PAPER CARTONS.— Heading 9902.01.15 is amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Coconut water, not from concentrate, not containing added sugar or other sweetening matter, packaged for retail sale in paper-based cartons (provided for in subheading 2009.89.70)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/31/2023".
- (2) FLAVORED COCONUT WATER.—Heading 9902.01.16 is amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Coconut water not from concentrate, flavored, packaged for retail sale (provided for in subheading 2009.89.70)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/31/2023".
- (3) HYPOPHOSPHOROUS ACID 50%.—Heading 9902.01.23 is amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Hypophosphorous acid 50 percent (phosphinic acid) (CAS No. 6303–21–5) (provided for in subheading 2811.19.61)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/31/2023".
- (4) POTASSIUM FLUOROBORATE.—Heading 9902.01.47 is amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Potassium fluoroborate (CAS No. 14075-53-7) (provided for in subheading 2826.90.90)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/31/2023".
- (5) POTASSIUM FLUOROTITANATE.—Heading 9902.01.48 is amended—

- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Potassium fluorotitanate (Dipotassium hexafluorotitanate(2-)) (CAS No. 16919-27-0) (provided for in subheading 2826.90.90)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (6) POTASSIUM FLUOZIRCONATE.—Heading 9902.01.49 is amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to asfollows: "Dipotassium; readhexafluorozirconium(2-) (potassium fluozirconate) (CAS No. 16923-95-8) (provided for in subheading 2826.90.90)"; and (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/
- 31/2023
- (7) ZIRCONIUM BASIC CARBONATE.—Heading 9902.01.61 is amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Zirconium basic carbonate (zirconium(4+) dicarbonate) (CAS No. 57219-64-4) (provided for in subheading 2836.99.50)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (8) O-CHLOROTOLUENE.—Heading 9902.01.95 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "2-Chlorotoluene (CAS No. 95-49-8) (provided for in subheading 2903.99.80)";
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (9) LEUCOQUINIZARIN.—Heading 9902.02.25 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Leucoquinizarin as 1,4,9,10tetrahydroxyanthracene (CAS No. 476-60-8), 2,3dihydro-9,10-dihydroxyanthracene-1,4-dione
- (CAS No. 17648-03-2) or 2,3-dihydro-1,4dihydroxy-9,10-anthracenedione (CAS40498–13–3) (provided for 2907.29.90 or 2914.69.90)''; and insubheading
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (10) ANISALDEHYDE.—Heading 9902.02.49 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to ead as follows: "p-Anisaldehyde (4read methoxybenzaldehyde) (CAS No. 123–11–5) (provided for in subheading 2912.49.10)": and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (11) METHYLIONONE.—Heading 9902.02.56 is amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "(E)-1-(2,6,6-trimethylcyclohex-2-en-1-yl)pent-1-en-3-one (Methylionone) (CAS No. 1335-46-2) (provided for in subheading 2914.23.00)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (12) ITACONIC ACID.—Heading 9902.02.95 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to follows: ``Ita conicasacidmethylidenebutanedioic acid) (CAS No. 97-65-4) (provided for in subheading 2917.19.70)''; and (B) by striking ''12/31/2020'' and inserting ''12/
- 31/2023'
- (13) 4-SULFO-1,8-NAPHTHALIC ANHYDRIDE PO-TASSIUM SALT.—Heading 9902.02.97 is amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to ead as follows: "Potassium 1,3-dioxo-1H,3Hread as follows: benzoldelisochromene-6-sulfonate (CAS)No.71501–16–1) (provided for 2917.39.04)"; and subheadina in
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (14) NTCDA.—Heading 9902.03.01 is amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to follows: "1.4.5.8readasNaphthalenetetracarboxylic dianhydride (NTCDA) (CAS No. 81-30-1) (provided for in subheading 2917.39.70)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023".
- STABILIZER(15)OFFOAMS.—Heading 9902.03.11 is amended-

- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Octyl 3-(3,5-ditert-butyl-4hydroxyphenyl)propanoate (CAS No. 125643-61-0) (provided for in subheading 2918.29.65)"; and (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/
- (16) HINDERED PHENOLIC ANTIOXIDANT.— Heading 9902.03.25 is amended—

31/2023'

- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Triethylene glycol bis[3-(3-tert $butyl\hbox{--}4-hydroxy\hbox{--}5-methyl\hbox{--}phenyl) propionate]$ (CAS No. 36443-68-2) (provided for in subheading 2918.99.43)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (17) D-HPPA.—Heading 9902.03.28 is amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to follows: "(R)-(+)-2-(4readasHydroxyphenoxy)propionic acid (CAS94050–90–5) (provided for in 2918.99.43)"; and subheading
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (18) Tetrachlorvinfos.—Heading 9902.03.35 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "[(Z)-2-Chloro-1-(2,4,5-trichlorophenyl)ethenyl] dimethyl phosphate (Tetrachlorvinfos) (CAS No. 22248-79-9) (provided for in subheading 2919.90.30)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023".
- (19) PROPARGITE.—Heading 9902.03.41 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to "2-[4-(2-Methyl-2read as follows: propanyl)phenoxy]cyclohexyl 2-propyn-1-yl sulfite (Propargite) (CAS No. 2312-35-8) (provided for in subheading 2920.90.10)"; and (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/
- 31/2023"
- (20) 2-CHLORO-4-TOLUIDINE (2-CAT).—Heading 9902.03.69 is amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "3-Chloro-4-methylaniline (ochloro-p-toluidine) (CAS No. 95-74-9) (provided for in subheading 2921.43.90)"; and (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/
- 31/2023
- (21) M-TOLUIDINE.—Heading 9902.03.70 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "m-Toluidine (CAS No. 108–44– 1) (provided for in subheading 2921.43.90)"; and (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023'
- (22) FLUMETRALIN.—Heading 9902.03.77 is amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to "N-[(2-Chloro-6asfollows: readfluorophenyl)methyl]-N-ethyl-2,6-dinitro-4-(trifluoromethyl)aniline (Flumetralin) (CAS No. 62924-70-3) (provided for in subheading 2921.49.45)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023"
- (23) 4,4-METHYLENE BIS O-CHLORO ANILINE.— Heading 9902.03.83 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to ``4,4'-Methylenebis(2readasfollows: chloroaniline) (CAS No. 101–14–4) (provided for in subheading 2921.59.08)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023''
- PHENOL, 2.2'-II(1S...1BISI6-(1.1-(24)DIMETHYLETHYL).—Heading 9902.03.86 is amended-(A) by amending the article description to
- read as follows: "2,2'-[[(1S,2S)-1,2-Diphenyl-1,2ethanediyl]bis(iminomethylene)]bis[6-(1,1dimethylethyl)phenoll (CAS No. 481725-63-7) (provided for in subheading 2921.59.40)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (25) Tris[2-[[2,4,8,10-tetra-tert-butyldibe (AO 12).—Heading 9902.03.89 is amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "2-{[2,4,8,10-Tetrakis(2-methyl-

- 2-propanyl)diben- zo[d,f][1,3,2]dioxaphosphepin- $6-yl]oxy\gamma-N, N-bis(2-\{[2,4,8,10-tetra-\ kis(2-methyl-1)]\})$ 2-propanyl)dibenzo[d,f][1,3,2]dioxaphos-phepin-6-yl]oxyγethyl)ethanamine (CAS No. 80410-33-9) (provided for in subheading 2922.19.60)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023'
- (26) L-LYSINE HYDRATE.—Heading 9902.04.03 is amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "L-Lysine hydrate (1:1) (CAS No. 39665-12-8) (provided for in subheading 2922.41.00)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (27) Non-genetically modified lecithin of RAPESEED.—Heading 9902.04.17 is amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Lecithin derived from non-genetically modified rapeseed (CAS No. 8002-43-5) (provided for in subheading 2923.20.20)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023".
- (28) N, N, N', N'-TETRAKIS(2-HYDROXY-ETHYL)HEXANEDIAMIDE.—Heading 9902.04.27 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "N,N,N',N'-tetrakis(2-hydroxyethyl)hexanediamide (CAS No. 6334-25-4) (provided for in subheading 2924.19.80)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023".
- (29)METALAXYL.—Heading 9902.04.36 amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to follows: ``Methylmethoxyacetyl)-2,6-dimethylanilino)propanoate (Metalaxyl) (CAS No. 57837-19-1) (provided for in subheading 2924.29.47)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023'
- (30) CARBARYL.—Heading 9902.04.39 is amend-
- (A) by amending the article description to follows: "1-Naphthalenyl readasmethylcarbamate (Carbaryl) (CAS No. 63-25-2) (provided for in subheading 2924.29.47)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (31) Mandipropamid.—Heading 9902.04.45 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "2-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N-{2-[3 $methoxy-4-(2-propyn-1-yloxy)phe-nyl]ethyl\gamma-2-$ (2-propyn-1-yloxy)acetamide (Mandipropamid) (CAS No. 374726-62-2) (provided for in subheading 2924.29.47)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023".
- (32) FENHEXAMID.—Heading 9902.04.46 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to "N-(2,3-Dichloro-4asfollows: hydroxyphenyl)-1-methylcyclohexanecarboxamide (Fenhexamid) (CAS No. 126833-17-8) (provided for in subheading 2924.29.47)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023".
- 2,5-BIS[(1,3-(33)DIOXOBUTYL)AMINOJBENZENESULFONIC ACID.— Heading 9902.04.51 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to asfollows: "2,5-Bis(3readoxobutanoylamino)benzenesulfonic acid (CAS No. 70185-87-4) (provided for in subheading 2924.29.71)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023"
- (34) P-AMINOBENZAMIDE.—Heading 9902.04.55 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to as follows: "p-Aminobenzamide" Aminobenzamide) (CAS No. 2835-68-9) (provided for in subheading 2924.29.77)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/
- (35) TRANS-N-BOC ACID.—Heading 9902.04.57 is amended-

- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Trans-4-{[(2-Methyl-2propanyl)oxy]carbonylycyclohex-anecarboxylic acid (CAS No. 53292-89-0) (provided for in subheading 2924.29.95)''; and (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/
- 31/2023'
- (36) Flumiclorac Pentyl Ester.—Heading 9902.04.62 is amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Pentyl [2-chloro-5-(1,3-dioxoisoindol-2-yl)-4-1,3,4,5,6,7-hexahydro-2Hfluorophenoxy]acetate (Flumiclorac ester) (CAS No. 87546–18–7) (provided for in subheading 2925.29.60)''; and (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/
- 31/2023
- (37) ESFENVALERATE.—Heading 9902.04.74 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to asfollows: "(S)-Cyano(3read $phenoxyphenyl)methyl(S)-4-chloro-\alpha-(1-meth$ ylethyl)benzeneacetate (Esfenvalerate) (CAS No. 66230-04-4) (provided for in subheading 2926.90.30)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023"
- (38) Zeta-cypermethrin.—Heading 9902.04.76 is amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to follows: as"(S)-Cyano-(3phenoxyphenyl) methyl(+)cis-3-(2,2 -dichloroethenyl)-2,2-
- dimethyl cyclopropane carboxy latecyano-(3-phenoxyphenyl)methyl (+)trans-3-(2,2dichloroethenul)-2.2-
- dimethyl cyclopropane carboxylatecypermethrin) (CAS No. 1315501-18-8) (provided for in subheading 2926.90.30)"; and (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/
- 31/2023'
- (39) FENPROPATHRIN.—Heading 9902.04.78 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: " $\alpha$ -Cyano-3-phenoxybenzyl 2,2,3,3-tetramethylcyclopropanecarboxylate (Fenpropathrin) (CAS No. 39515-41-8) (provided
- for in subheading 2926.90.30)"; and (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/
- (40) PHTHALODINITRILE.—Heading 9902.04.79 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Benzene-1,2-dicarbonitrile (Phthalodinitrile) (CAS No. 91-15-6) (provided for in subheading 2926.90.43)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023''.
- DIPHENYLACETONITRILE.—Heading 9902.04.80 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "2,2-Diphenylacetonitrile (CAS 86-29-3) (provided for in subheading 2926.90.48)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/
- (42) IPN.—Heading 9902.04.81 is amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to ``Isophthalonitrileread as follows: dicyanobenzene) (CAS No. 626-17-5) (provided for in subheading 2926.90.48)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (43) TRIFLOXYSTROBIN.—Heading 9902.04.86 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Methyl (E)-methoxyimino- $\{(E)-2-[1-(\alpha,\alpha,\alpha-trifluoro-m-tolyl)\}$ ethylideneaminooxy]-o-tolylγacetate
- (Trifloxystrobin) (CAS No. 141517-21-7) (provided for in subheading 2928.00.25)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (44) CYFLUFENAMID.—Heading 9902.04.87 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read asfollows:  $"(1Z)-N-\{(Z)-$ [(Cyclopropylmethoxy)imino][2,3-difluoro-6-

- $omethyl)phenyl]methyl\gamma-2$ phenylethanimidic acid (Cyflufenamid) (CAS No. 180409-60-3) (provided for in subheading 2928.00.25)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (45) TEBUFENOZIDE.—Heading 9902.04.88 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "N'-(4-Ethylbenzoyl)-3,5-dimethyl-N-(2-methyl-2-propanyl) benzohydrazide(Tebufenozide) (CAS No. 112410-23-8) (provided for in subheading 2928.00.25)"; and (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/
- 31/2023
- (46) CARBONOHYDRAZIDE.—Heading 9902.04.89 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "1,3-Diaminourea (CAS No. 497–18–7) (provided for in 2928.00.50)"; and subheading
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023'
- (47) ADH.—Heading 9902.04.93 is amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Hexanedihydrazide (adipic dihydrazide) (CAS No. 1071-93-8) (provided for in subheading 2928.00.50)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023"
- (48) ORGANIC CHEMICALS.—Heading 9902.04.94 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Bitolylene diisocyanate (3,3'dimethylbiphenyl-4,4'-diyl diisocyanate) (CAS 91-97-4) (provided for in subheading 2929.10.20)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023'
- (49) PCM.—Heading 9902.04.97 is amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to ead as follows: "Ethyl [4-chloro-2-fluoro-5read as follows: [[[[methyl(1-methylethyl)a-
- mino]sulfonyl]amino]carbonyl]phenyl]carbamate (CAS No. 874909-61-2) (provided for in subheading 2929.90.15)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023"
- (50) PROFENOFOS.—Heading 9902.05.04 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "O-4-Bromo-2-chlorophenyl Oethyl S-propyl phosphorothioate (Profenofos) (CAS No.  $4\overline{1198}$ –08– $\overline{7}$ ) (provided for in subheading 2930.90.10)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023'
- (51) DCDPS, DICHLORODIPHENYLSULFONE.-Heading 9902.05.14 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to follows: "1-Chloro-4-(4aschlorophenyl)sulfonylbenzene (CAS No. 80-07-9) (provided for in subheading 2930.90.29)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023'
- (52) CAPTAN TECHNICAL.—Heading 9902.05.19 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "2-[(Trichloromethyl)sulfanyl]-3a,4,7,7a-tetrahydro-1H-isoindione (Captan) (CAS No. 133-06-2) (provided for in subheading 2930.90.43)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023".
- PENTAERYTHRITOL (53) TETRAKIS LAURYLTHIOPROPIONATE).—Heading 9902.05.23 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read follows: "3-{[3as $(Dodecyl sulfany l) propanoy l] oxy \gamma-2, 2-bis (\{[3-c]\}) for all of the propanol lines$ dodecylsulfanyl)propanoyl]oxymethyl)propyl 3-(dodecylsulfanyl)propanoate) (CAS No. 29598-76-3) (provided for in subheading 2930.90.91)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (54)DINOTEFURAN.—Heading 9902.05.45 is amended-

- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "1-Methyl-2-nitro-3-(oxolan-3ylmethyl)guanidine (Dinotefuran) (CAS No. 165252–70–0) (provided for in subheading 2932.19.51)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023"
- COUMAPHOS.—Heading 9902.05.47 (55)amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to follows: "3-Chloro-7asdiethoxyphosphinothioyloxy-4-methylchromen-2-one (Coumaphos) (CAS No. 56-72-4) (provided (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/
- 31/2023
- (56) Spiromesifen.—Heading 9902.05.48 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to "[2-Oxo-3-(2,4,6follows: readastrimethulphenul)-1-oxaspiro[4.4]non-3-en-4-ull 3,3-dimethylbutanoate (Spiromesifen) (CAS No. 283594-90-1) (provided for in subheading 2932.20.10)'': and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (57) BRODIFACOUM.—Heading 9902.05.50 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "4-Hydroxy-3-(3-(4'-bromo-4biphenylyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-1-naph-
- thyl)coumarin (Brodifacoum) (CAS No. 56073-10-0) (provided for in subheading 2932.20.10)";
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023".
- (58)SODIUM ERYTHORBATE.—Heading 9902.05.54 is amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Sodium erythorbate (sodium (2R)-2-[(2R)-4,5-dihydroxy-3-oxo-2,3-dihydro-2furanyl]-2-hydroxyethanolate) (CAS No. 6381-77-7) (provided for in subheading 2932.20.50)";
- and (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (59) PYRACLOSTROBIN TECHNICAL.—Heading 9902.05.67 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to ead as follows: "Methyl N-(2-[[1-(4read as chlorophenyl)pyrazol-3-yl]oxymethyl]-phenyl)-(N-methoxy)carbamate (Pyraclostrobin) (CAS No. 175013-18-0) (provided for in subheading 2933.19.23)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023"
- TRIFLUMIZOLE TECHNICAL.—Heading (60)9902.05.74 is amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "(E)-4-Chloro-lpha, lpha-trifluoro-N-(1-imidazol-1-yl-2propoxyethylidene)-o-toluidine (Triflumizole) (CAS No. 99387-89-0) (provided for in subheading 2933.29.35)"; and
  (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/
- 31/2023". (61) FLUOPYRAM.—Heading 9902.05.80 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to "N-[2-[3-Chloro-5follows: readas(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]ethyl]-2-
- (trifluoromethyl)benzamide (Fluopyram) (CAS No. 658066-35-4) (provided for in subheading 2933.39.21)"; and (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/
- 31/2023".  $CLODINAFOP ext{-}PROPARGYL.$ —Heading
- 9902.05.91 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to "2-Propyn-1-yl (2R)-2-{4-[(5read as follows: chloro-3-fluoro-2-
- $pyridinyl)oxy]phenoxy\gamma propanoate$  (Clodina foppropargyl) (CAS No. 105512-06-9) (provided for in subheading 2933.39.25)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023''.
- ACETAMIPRID TECHNICAL.—Heading (63)9902.05.99 is amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to readasfollows: "(E)-N1-[(6-Chloro-3-pyridyl)methyl]-N2-cyano-N1- methyl-acetamidine

- (Acetamiprid) (CAS No. 135410-20-7) (provided for in subheading 2933.39.27)"; and (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/
- 31/2023"
- (64) PYRIPROXYFEN.—Heading 9902.06.04 is amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "2-{[1-(4-Phenoxyphenoxy)-2propanyl]oxyγpyridine (Pyriproxyfen) (CAS No. 95737–68–1) (provided for in 2933.39.27)"; and subheading
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023'
- (65) CERTAIN LIGHT STABILIZER.—Heading 9902.06.14 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to asfollows: "N-[6-[formyl-(2,2,6,6tetramethylpiperidin-4-yl)amino]hexyl]-N-(2,2,6,6-tetramethylpiperidin-4-yl)formamide
- (CAS No. 124172-53-8) (provided for in subheading 2933.39.61)"; and (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/
- 31/2023". (66)N,N'-BIS(2,2,6,6-TETRAMETHYL-4-PIPERIDINYL)ISOPH.—Heading 9902.06.16
- amended-(A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "N,N'-Bis(2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-4piperidinyl)isophthalamide (CAS No. 42774–15–2) (provided for in subheading 2933.39.61)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/
- (67) UV ABSORBER.—Heading 9902.06.17 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to follows: "3-Dodecyl-1-(2,2,6,6astetramethyl-4-piperidinyl)-2,5-pyr-rolidinedione (CAS No. 79720-19-7) (provided for in subheading 2933.39.61)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023'
- (68) ACYLATED STERICALLY HINDERED LIGHT STABILIZER.—Heading 9902.06.18 is amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "1-(1-Acetyl-2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-4-piperidinyl)-3-dodecyl-2,5-pyrrolidinedione (CAS No. 106917-31-1) (provided for in subheading 2933.39.61)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/
- (69) PYRIMETHANIL.—Heading 9902.06.32 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to follows: "4,6-Dimethyl-Nphenylpyrimidin-2-amine (Pyrimethanil) (CAS No. 53112-28-0) (provided for in subheading 2933.59.15)": and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (70) BENZYLADENINE.—Heading 9902.06.33 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "N-Benzyl-3H-purin-6-amine (Benzyladenine) (CAS No. 1214–39–7) (provided for in subheading 2933.59.15)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (71) PYRIFLUQUINAZON.—Heading 9902.06.40 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "1-Acetyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-[(3-pyridylmethyl)amino]- 6-[1,2,2,2-tetrafluoroquinazolin-2-one 1-(trifluoromethyl) ethyl](Pyrifluquinazon) (CAS No. 337458-27-2) (provided for in subheading 2933.59.70)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023"
- (72) HEXAZINONE.—Heading 9902.06.52 amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "3-Cyclohexyl-6-dimethylamino-1-methyl-1,3,5-triazine-2.4(1H.3H)-dione (Hexazinone) (CAS No. 51235-04-2) (provided for in subheading 2933.69.60)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/
- (73)PYMETROZINE.—Heading 9902.06.53 is amended-

- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "6-Methyl-4-{[(1E)-pyridin-3ylmethylene]aminoγ-4,5dihydro-1,2,4-triazin-3(2H)-one (Pymetrozine) (CAS No. 123312-89-0) (provided for in subheading 2933.69.60)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (74) LOW VOLATILE HYDROXYPHENYL TRIAZINE UV ABSORBER.—Heading 9902.06.59 is amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "2-(4,6-Diphenyl-1,3,5-triazin-2yl)-5-(hexyloxy)phenol (CAS No. 147315–50–2) (provided for in subheading 2933.69.60)": and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (75) VERY LOW VOLATILE HYDROXYPHENYL TRI-AZINE UV ABSORBER.—Heading 9902.06.60 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "2-[4,6-Di(4-biphenylyl)-1,3,5triazin-2-yl]-5-[(2-ethylhexyl)oxy]phenol No. 204583-39-1) (provided for in subheading 2933.69.60)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023"
- TERBUTRYN.—Heading (76) 9902.06.61 amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "(4E)-4-(Ethylimino)-N-(2-methyl-2-propanyl)-6-(methylsulfanyl)- 1,4-dihydro-1,3,5-triazin-2-amine (Terbutryn) (CAS No. 886-50-0) (provided for in subheading 2933.69.60)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (77) Bonding agent for polyester-rein-FORCED RUBBER PRODUCTS.—Heading 9902.06.69 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "N,N'-(Methylenedi-p-phenylene)bis[hexahydro-2oxo-1H-azepine-1carboxamide] (CAS No. 54112-23-1) (provided for in subheading 2933.79.15)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (78) MYCLOBUTANIL TECHNICAL FUNGICIDE.— Heading 9902.06.70 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "2-(4-Chlorophenyl)-2-(1H-1,2,4triazol-1-ylmethyl)hexanenitrile (Myclobutanil) (CAS No. 88671-89-0) (provided for in subheading 2933.99.06)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- TRIADIMEFON.—Heading 9902.06.75 is (79)amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to "1-(4-Chlorophenoxy)-3,3-diread as follows: methyl-1-(1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)butan-2-one(Triadimefon) (CAS No. 43121-43-3) (provided
- for in subheading 2933.99.22)"; and (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (80) PYRAZIFLUMID.—Heading 9902.06.76 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "N-(3',4'-Difluorobiphenyl-2-yl)-3-(trifluoromethyl)pyrazine-2-carboxamide (Pyraziflumid) (CAS No. 942515-63-1) (provided for in subheading 2933.99.22)"; and (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/
- 31/2023
- (81) ECONEA TECHNICAL.—Heading 9902.06.88 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "4-Bromo-2-(4-chlorophenyl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrrole-3-carbonitrile(Tralopyril) (CAS No. 122454-29-9) (provided for
- in subheading 2933.99.22)"; and
  (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (82) Ultraviolet light absorber.—Heading 9902.06.89 is amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "2-(Benzotriazol-2-yl)-4,6-bis(2methylbutan-2-yl)phenol (CAS No. 25973-55-1) (provided for in subheading 2933.99.79)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023

- (83) 2-(2H-BENZOTRIAZOL-2-YL)-4,6-BIS(1-METH-YL-1-PHENYLETHYL)PHENOL.—Heading 9902.06.90 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "2-(Benzotriazol-2-yl)-4,6-bis(2phenylpropan-2-yl)phenol (CAS No. 70321-86-7)
- (provided for in subheading 2933.99.79)"; and (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023"
- (84) ISAVUCONAZONIUM SULFATE.—Heading 9902.07.03 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to ead as follows: " $(2-\{[(1-\{1-\{2R,3R\})-3-[4-\{4-\{2R\},3R\},-3-[4-\{4-\{2R\},3R\},-3-[4-\{4-\{2R\},3R\},-3-[4-\{4-\{2R\},3R\},-3-[4-\{4-\{2R\},3R\},-3-[4-\{4-\{2R\},3R\},-3-[4-\{4-\{2R\},3R],-3-[4-\{4-\{2R\},3R\},-3-[4-\{4-\{2R\},3R],-3-[4-[4-\{2R\},3R],-3-[4-[4-[4-\{2R],3R],-3-[4-[4-[4-[4-[4R],3R],2-[4-[4-[4R],3R],2-[4-[4-[4R],3R],2-[4-[4-[4R],3R],2-[4-[4R],3R],2-[4-[4R],3R],2-[4-[4R],3R],2-[4R],$ read as follows: Cyanophenyl)-1,3-thiazol-2-yl]-2-(2.5difluorophenyl)-2-hydroxybutyl]-1H-1,2,4triazol-4-ium-4-
- ylγethoxy)carbonyl](methyl)aminoγ-3-
- pyridinyl)methyl N-methylglycinate hydrogen sulfate (Isavuconazonium Sulfate) (CAS No. 946075–13–4) (provided for in subheadina 2934 10.10)" and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (85) ETHABOXAM.—Heading 9902.07.08 amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "N-[Cyano(2-thienyl)methyl]-4ethyl-2-(ethylamino)-1,3- thiazole-5-carboxamide (Ethaboxam) (CAS No. 162650-77-3) (provided
- for in subheading 2934.10.90)"; and
  (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (86) Propiconazole.—Heading 9902.07.16 is amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "1-[[2-(2,4-Dichlorophenyl)-4propyl-1,3-dioxolan-2-yl]- methyl]-1H-1,2,4-tri-azole (Propiconazole) (CAS No. 60207-90-1) (provided for in subheading 2934.99.12)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023"
- ETOXAZOLE.—Heading 9902.07.35 (87)amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to ead as follows: "2-(2,6-Difluorophenyl)-4-[2read as follows: ethoxy-4-(2-methyl-2-propanyl)phenyl]-4.5dihydro-1,3-oxazole (Etoxazole) (CAS No.153233-91-1) (provided for in subheadling 2934.99.18)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023".
- FLUCARBAZONE-SODIUM.—Heading 9902.07.65 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Sodium [(3-methoxy-4-methyl-5-oxo-4,5-dihydro-1H-1,2,4triazol-1 $yl) carbonyl] \{ [2-(trifluorometh-$
- oxy)phenyl]sulfonylyazanide (Flucarbazone-sodium) (CAS No. 181274-17-9) (provided for in subheading 2935.90.75)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023'
- (89) IMAZOSULFURON.—Heading 9902.07.71 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "2-Chloro-N-[(4,6-dimethoxy-2pyrimidinyl)carba- moyl]imidazo[1,2-a]pyridine-3-sulfonamide (Imazosulfuron) (CAS No. 122548-33-8) (provided for in subheading 2935.90.75)";
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023''. PURIFIED STEVIOL GLYCOSIDE.
- (90)REBAUDIOSIDE M.—Heading 9902.07.76 is amended
- (A) by amending the article description to  $(4-\alpha)-13-I(O-\beta-D$ readfollows: as $Glucopyranosyl\hbox{-}(1\hbox{-}2)\hbox{-}O\hbox{-}[\beta\hbox{-}D\hbox{-}$ alucopuranosul-(1-3)]- $\beta$ -D-glucopyranosyl)oxy]-kaur-16- en-18oic acid O-β-D-glucopyranosyl-(1-2)-O-[β-Dglucopyranosyl- (1-3)]- $\beta$ -D-glucopyranosyl ester(Rebaudioside M) (CAS No. 1220616-44-3) (provided for in subheading 2938,90,00)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023"
- (91) TREHALOSE.—Headina 9902.07.78 amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to follows: ``Trehaloseread  $(\alpha - D$ as

glucopyranosyl  $\alpha$ -D-glucopyranoside dihydrate) (CAS No. 6138-23-4) (provided for in subheading 2940.00.60)"; and

(B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023

(92) CHLOROPHYLLIN.—Heading 9902.07.80 is amended—

(A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Chlorophyllin-copper complex (CAS No. 11006-34-1) (provided for in sub-heading 2942.00.50)"; and (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/

31/20233

(93) DISPERSE BLUE 56.—Heading 9902.07.85 is amended-

(A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Disperse Blue 56 (1,5-diamino-2-bromo-4,8-dihydroxy-9,10-anthraquinone) (CAS No. 68134-65-6) (provided for in subheading 3204.11.10)"; and

(B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023"

(94) DISPERSE BLUE 284.—Heading 9902.07.86 is amended-

(A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Disperse Blue 284 (({4-[(E)- $(3, 5\hbox{-}dinitro\hbox{-}2\hbox{-}thienyl) diazenyl] phenyl \gamma imino) di-$ 2,1-ethanediyl diacetate) (CAS No. 42783-06-2) (provided for in subheading 3204.11.10)"; and

(B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023

(95) MIXTURE OF DISPERSE BLUE 60 M DISPERSE BLUE 60 ME.—Heading 9902.07.88 is amended-

(A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Mixtures of 4,11-diamino-2-(3methoxypropyl)-1H-Naphtho[2.3-f]isoindole-1,3,5,10(2H)-tetrone (Disperse Blue 60 M) (CAS 12217-80-0) and 4.11-diamino-2-[3-(2methoxyethoxy)propyl]-1H-naphtho[2,3f]isoindole-1,3,5,10(2H)-tetrone (Disperse Blue 60 ME) (CAS No. 65059-45-2) (provided for in sub-heading 3204.11.35)"; and

(B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023

(96) MIX OF DISPERSE BLUE 77, 56, 60M, 60ME, 77.—Heading 9902.07.89 is amended—

(A) by amending the article description to ead as follows: "Mixtures of 1-anilino-4,5read as follows: dihydroxy-8-nitro-9,10-anthraquinone (Disperse Blue 77) (CAS No. 20241-76-3); 1,5-diamino-2bromo-4.8-dihudroxy-9.10-anthraquinone perse Blue 56) (CAS No. 68134-65-6); 4,11diamino-2-(3-methoxypropyl)-1H-naphtho[2,3f]isoindole-1,3,5,10(2H)-tetrone (Disperse Blue 60 M) (CAS No. 12217-80-0) and 4,11-diamino-2-[3naphtho[2,3-(2-methoxyethoxy)propyl]-1Hf]isoindole-1,3,5,10(2H)-tetrone (Disperse Blue 60 ME) (CAS No. 65059-45-2) (provided for in subheading 3204.11.35)"; and

(B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023

(97) MIXTURE OF DISPERSE YELLOW 64, 211, 42, AND 54.—Heading 9902.07.90 is amended-

(A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Mixtures of 2-(4-Bromo-3-hydroxy-2-quinolinyl)-1H-indene-1,3(2H)-dione (Disperse Yellow 64) (CAS No. 10319-14-9); 5- $\hbox{\it [(E)-(4-Chloro-2-nitrophenyl)} diazenyl]-1-ethyl-6$ hydroxy-4-methyl-2oxo-1,2-dihydro-3pyridinecarbonitrile (Disperse Yellow 211) (CAS 70528-90-4); 4-Anilino-3-nitro-Nphenylbenzenesulfonamide (Disperse Yellow 42) (CAS No. 5124-25-4) and 2-(3-Hydroxy-2-quinolinyl)-1H-indene-1,3(2H)-dione (Disperse Yellow 54) (CAS No. 7576-65-0) (provided for in subheading 3204.11.35)"; and

(B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/

(98) DYE MIXTURE.—Heading 9902.07.92 is amended-

(A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Mixtures of Disperse Yellow (3,3'-({4-[(E)-(2,6-Dichloro-4nitrophenyl)diazenyl]

phenylyimino)dipropanenitrile) (CAS No. 67923-SolventYellow163 Bis(phenylthio)anthracene-9,10-dione) (CAS No. 13676-91-0); Disperse Blue 56 (1,5-Diamino-2bromo-4,8-dihydroxy-9,10-anthraquinone) (CAS No. 68134-65-6); Disperse Blue 77 (1-Anilino-4,5dihydroxy-8-nitro-9,10-anthraquinone) (CAS No. 20241-76-3); Disperse Red 1042A (5-[2-(2-Cyano-4-nitrophenyl)diazenyl]-2-[[2-(2-

hydroxyethoxy)ethyl]amino]-4-methyl-6-(phenylamino)-3-pyridinecarbonitrile) (CAS No. 149988-44-3); Disperse Red 1042B (5-[(2-Cyano-4nitrophenyl) diazenyl] -6 -[[2 - (2 -

hydroxyethoxy)ethyl]amino]-4-methyl-2-(phenylamino)-3-pyridine carbonitrile) (CAS No. 137428-29-6); Disperse Blue 60 M (4,11-Diamino-2-(3-methoxypropyl)-1H-naphtho[2,3-f]isoindole-1,3,5,10(2H)-tetrone) (CAS No. 12217-80-0) and Disperse Blue 60 ME (4,11-Diamino-2-[3-(2methoxyethoxy)propyl]-1H-naphtho[2,3-

flisoindole-1,3,5,10(2H)-tetrone) (CAS No. 65059-45-2) (provided for in subheading 3204.11.35)"; and

(B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023

(99) MIXTURE OF DISPERSE ORANGE T9601, -Heading 9902.07.93 is amended-

(A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Mixtures of Disperse Orange 288  $(3-(Benzyl\{4-[(4-nitrophenyl)diazenyl]$ phenylyamino)propanenitrile) (CAS No. 96662-24-7); Disperse Blue 291:1 (N-{2-[(E)-(2-Bromo-4,6-dinitrophenyl)diazenyl]-5-(diallylamino)-4methoxyphenylyacetamide) (CAS No. 51868-46-3) and Disperse Violet 93:1 (N-{2-[(E)-(2-Bromo-4,6phenyl)diazenyl]-5-(diethylamino)phenylγacetamide) (CAS52697–38–8) (provided for in 3204.11.35)"; and subheading

(B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023

(100) MIXTURES OF SOLVENT YELLOW 163 AND OTHER PRODUCTS.—Heading 9902.07.94 is amend-

(A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Mixtures of Solvent Yellow 163 (1,8-Bis(phenylsulfanyl)-9,10-anthraquinone)(CAS No. 13676-91-0); Disperse Blue 56 (1,5-Diamino-2-bromo-4, 8-dihydroxy-9, 10-

anthraquinone) (CAS No. 68134-65-6); Disperse Red167.1 ({3-(Acetylamino)-4-[(2-chloro-4nitrophenyl)azo] $phenyl\gamma imino)diethane-2,1-diyl$ diacetate) (CAS No. 1533-78-4); Disperse Orange  $(4-({2-Methoxy-4-}/{4-})$ 

nitrophenyl)diazenyl]phenyl\gammadiazenyl)phenol) (CAS No. 19800-42-1); Disperse Red 1042A (5-[2-(2-Cyano-4-nitrophenyl)diazenyl]-2-[[2-(2hydroxyethoxy)ethyl]amino]-4-methyl-6-

(phenylamino)-3-pyridinecarbonitrile) (CAS No. 149988-44-3); Disperse Red 1042B (5-[(2-Cyano-4nitrophenyl)diazenyl]-6-[[2-(2-

hydroxyethoxy)ethyl]amino]-4-methyl-2-(phenylamino)-3-pyridine carbonitrile) (CAS No. 137428-29-6); Disperse Blue 60 M (4,11-Diamino-2-(3-methoxypropyl)-1H-naphtho[2,3-f]isoindole-1,3,5,10(2H)-tetrone) (CAS No. 12217-80-0) and Disperse Blue 60 ME (4,11-Diamino-2-[3-(2methoxyethoxy)propyl]-1H-naphtho[2,3f]isoindole-1,3,5,10(2H)-tetrone) (CAS No. 65059-

45-2) (provided for in subheading 3204.11.35)"; and

(B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023''.

TEXTILEDYE MXTURES.—Heading 9902.07.95 is amended-

(A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Mixtures of Disperse Blue ANT (Br) (N-[5-(acetylamino)-4-[2-(2-bromo-4,6dinitrophenyl)diazenyl]-2-methoxy- phenyl]-N-(2-methoxy-2-oxoethyl)-glycine, methyl ester) (CAS No. 88938-51-6); Disperse Green GNA (N-[5-(acetylamino)-2-methoxy-4-[2-(5-nitro-2,1benzisothiazol-3-yl)diazenyl]phenyl]-Nmethoxy-2-oxoethyl)-glycine, methyl ester) (CAS No. 1235882-84-4); Disperse Yellow FC60954 (4-[2-(5-cyano-1,6-dihydro-2-hydroxy-1,4-dimethyl-6oxo-3- pyridinyl)diazenyl]-benzoic acid, phenoxyethyl ester) (CAS No. 88938-37-8); Dis-Red DYNS 2246 (N-[4-[2-(2-cyano-4nitrophenyl)diazenyl]phenyl]-N-2-oxopropylester) (phenylmethyl)-B-alanine, (CAS No. 1021394-33-1); and Disperse Yellow DYLA 1306 (1,2-dihydro-6-hydroxy-1,4methyl-5-[2-[2-nitro-4-(phenyl-

methoxy)phenyl]diazenyl]-2-oxo-3pyridinecarbonitrile) (CAS No. 1613451-37-8)

(provided for in subheading 3204.11.35)"; and (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023

(102) MIXTURES OF DISPERSE BLUE 77 AND DIS-PERSE BLUE 60 M.—Heading 9902.07.96 is amended-

(A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Mixtures of Disperse Blue 77 (1-anilino-4,5-dihydroxy-8-nitro-9,10-

anthraquinone) (CAS No. 20241-76-3) and Dis-60 M (4,11-diamino-2-(3-Bluemethoxypropyl)-1H-naphtho[2,3-f]iso-1,3,5,10(2H)-tetrone) (CAS No. 12217-80-0) (provided for in subheading 3204.11.35)"; and

(B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023".

DISPERSEYELLOW 184:1.—Heading (103)9902.07.97 is amended-

(A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Disperse Yellow 232 (3-(5chloro-2-benzoxazolyl)-7-(diethyl-amino)-2H-1benzopyran-2-one) (CAS No. 35773-43-4) (provided for in subheading 3204.11.35)"; and

(B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023

(104) MIXTURES OF DISPERSE BLUE ANT (BR) AND OTHER DYES.—Heading 9902.07.98 is amended-

(A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Mixtures of Disperse Blue ANT (Br) (N-[5-(acetylamino)-4-[2- (2-bromo-4,6dinitrophenyl)diazenyl]-2-methoxyphenyl]-N-(2-methoxy-2-oxoethyl)-glycine, methyl ester) (CAS No. 88938-51-6); Disperse Green GNA (N-[5-(acetylamino)-2-methoxy-4-[2-(5-nitro-2,1 $benz is othiazol \hbox{-} 3-yl) diazenyl] phenyl] \hbox{-} N\hbox{-} (2-yl) diazenyl] phenyl] \hbox{-} N$ methoxy-2-oxoethyl)-glycine, methyl ester) (CAS No. 1235882-84-4); Disperse Yellow FC60954 (4-[2-(5-cyano-1,6-dihydro-2-hydroxy- 1,4-dimethyl-6oxo-3-pyridinyl)diazenyl]-benzoic acidphenoxyethyl ester) (CAS No. 88938-37-8) and Disperse Red DYNS 2246 (N-[4-[2-(2-cyano-4nitrophenyl)diazenyl]phenyl]-N-(phenylmethyl)-B-alanine, 2-oxopropyl ester) (CAS No. 1021394-33-1) (provided for in sub-

heading 3204.11.35)''; and (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023

(105) MIXTURES OF DISPERSE BLUE 60 M AND OTHER PRODUCTS.—Heading 9902.08.01 is amend-

(A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Mixtures of Disperse Blue 60 propyl)-1H-(4,11-diamino-2-(3-methoxynaphtho[2,3-f]isoindole-1,3,5,10(2H)-tetrone) (CAS No. 12217-80-0); Disperse Blue 60 ME (4,11diamino-2-[3-(2-methoxyethoxu)propull-1Hnaphtho[2,3-f] isoindole-1,3,5,10(2H)-tetrone)(CAS No. 65059-45-2) and Disperse Blue 1771 (8E)-8-{[2-(dibutylamino)-4-phenyl-1,3- thiazol- $5-yl] imino \gamma -2-(3-heptanyl)-7-methyl-5-oxo-5, 8$ dihudro[1.2.4]triazolo[1.5-alpuridine-6carbonitrile (CAS No. 169324-83-8) (provided for in subheading 3204.11.35)"; and

(B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023

(106) MIXTURES OF DISPERSE BLUE 7 AND OTHER DYES.—Heading 9902.08.03 is amended-

(A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Mixtures of Disperse Blue 77 (1-anilino-4,5-dihydroxy-8-nitro-9,10-

anthraquinone) (CAS No. 20241-76-3); Disperse Red1042A (5-[2-(2-Cyano-4nitrophenyl)diazenyl]-2-[[2-(2-

hydroxyethoxy)ethyl]amino]-4-methyl-6-(phenylamino)-3-pyridinecarbonitrile) (CAS No.

149988-44-3); Disperse Red 1042B (5-[(2-cyano-4nitrophenyl)diazenyl]-6-[[2-(2-

hydroxyethoxy)ethyl]amino]-4-methyl-2-(phenylamino)-3-pyridine carbonitrile) (CAS No. 137428-29-6) and Disperse Orange FC84508 (Cyano[3-[(6-methoxy-2-benzothiazolyl)amino]-

1H- isoindol-1-ylidene]acetic acid, pentyl ester) (CAS)No.173285-74-0) (provided for 3204.11.35)"; and

- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/
- (107) MIX OF DISPERSE YELLOW 163, ETC. (DX BLACK HLA-E).—Heading 9902.08.04 is amended—

(A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Mixtures of Disperse Yellow 163 (3,3'-({4-[(2,6-dichloro-4nitrophenyl)diazenyl]  $phenyl\gamma$ imino) dipropanenitrile) (CAS No. 67923-43-7); Disperse 167:1  $({3-(acetylamino)-4-[(2-chloro-4$ nitrophenyl)azo]phenylγimino) diethane-2,1-diyl diacetate) (CAS No. 1533-78-4); Disperse red 60 (1-amino-4-hydroxy-2-phenoxy-9,10-

anthracenedione) (CAS No. 17418-58-5); Disperse Blue 77 (1-anilino-4,5-dihydroxy-8-nitro-9,10-anthraquinone) (CAS No. 20241-76-3); Dis-Blue56 (1,5-diamino-2-bromo-4,8dihydroxy-9,10-anthraquinone) (CAS No. 68134-65-6); Disperse Blue 214 E (4,8-diamino-2-(4ethoxyphenyl)-1,5-dihydroxy-9,10-

anthraquinone) (CAS No. 15114-15-5) and Disperse Blue 214 EE (4,8-diamino-2-[4-(2ethoxyethoxy) phenyll-1,5-dihydroxy-9,10anthraquinone) (CAS No. 23119-35-9) (provided

for in subheading 3204.11.35)"; and (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/

(108) MIX OF DISPERSE RED 356, 367, & H111030.-Heading 9902.08.05 is amended-

(A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Mixtures of Disperse Red 356 (3-phenyl-7-(4-propoxyphef][1]benzofuran-2,6-dione) (CAS No. 79694-17-0); Disperse Red 367 ([4-(2,6-dihydro-2,6-dioxo-7phenylbenzo[1,2- b:4,5-b']difuran-3-yl)phenoxy]acetic acid, 2-ethoxyethyl ester) (CAS No. 126877-05-2) and Disperse Red H1111030 ([4-[2,6dihydro-2,6-dioxo-7-(4-propoxyphe-

nyl)benzo[1,2-b:4,5-b']difuran-3-yl]phenoxy]-acetic acid, 2-ethoxyethyl ester) (CAS No. 126877-06-3) (provided for in subheading 3204.11.35)";

(B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023

(109) MIX OF DISPERSE RED 1042A & DISPERSE RED 1042B.—Heading 9902.08.06 is amended-

(A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Mixtures of Disperse Red 1042A (5-[2-(2-cyano-4-nitro-phenyl)diazenyl]-2-[[2-(2-hydroxyethoxy)ethyl]amino]-4-methyl-6-(phenylamino)-3-pyridine carbonitrile) (CAS No. 149988-44-3) and Disperse Red 1042B (5-[(2cyano-4-nitrophenyl)diazenyl]-6-[[2-(2hydroxyethoxy)ethyl]amino]-4methyl-2-(phenylamino)-3-pyridine carbonitrile) (CAS No. 137428-29-6) (provided for in subheading 3204.11.35)"; and

(B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023

(110) MIX OF DISPERSE BLUE 77, 60 M, & DIS-PERSE YELLOW 71.—Heading 9902.08.07 is amend-

(A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Mixtures of Disperse Blue 77 (1-anilino-4,5-dihydroxy-8-nitro-9,10-

anthraquinone) (CAS No. 20241-76-3); Disperse Blue 60 M (4,11-diamino-2-(3-methoxypropyl)-1H-naphtho[2,3-f]isoindole-1,3,5,10(2H)-tetrone) (CAS No. 12217-80-0); and Disperse Yellow 71 (9 10)-Methoxy-7H-benzimidazo[2,1albenz[deliso-quinolin-7-one) (CAS No. 68296-59-3) (provided for in subheading 3204.11.35)"; and (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023

(111) DISPERSE YELLOW 64.—Heading 9902.08.12 is amended—

(A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Disperse Yellow 64 (2-(4bromo-3-hydroxy-2-quinolinyl)-1H-indene-1,3(2H)-dione) (CAS No. 10319-14-9) (provided (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/

31/2023

(112) MIX OF DISPERSE BLUE 73 A & DISPERSE BLUE 73 P.—Heading 9902.08.13 is amended-

(A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Mixtures of Disperse Blue 73 A (1,5-diamino-4,8-dihydroxy(4-methoxyphenyl)-

9,10-anthracenedione) (CAS No. 31288-44-5) and Disperse Blue 73 P (1,5-diamino-4,8-dihydroxy(4hydroxyphenyl)-9,10-anthracenedione) No. 31529-83-6) (provided for in subheading 3204.11.50)"; and

(B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023'

(113) SOLVENT BLUE 182.—Heading 9902.08.15 is amended-

(A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Acid Blue 182 (disodium;4-[4-[acetyl(methyl)amino]-2-sulfonatoanilino]-1amino-9,10-dioxoanthracene-2-sulfonate) No. 72152-54-6) (provided for in subheading 3204.12.20)"; and

(B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023

(114) SANODAL DEEP BLACK HBL.—Heading 9902.08.19 is amended—

(A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Tetrasodium [7-amino-3-[(3chloro-2-hydroxy-5-nitrophenyl)azo]-4-hydroxy -2-naphthalenesulfonato(3-)][6-amino-4droxy-3-[(2-hydroxy-5-nitro-3-sulfophenyl)azo]-2-naphthalene-sulfonato(4-)]-chromate(4-) (Sanodal Deep Black HBL) (CAS No. 184719-87-

7) (provided for in subheading 3204.12.45)"; and (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023'

(115) ACID RED 182.—Heading 9902.08.20 is amended-

(A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Acid Red 182 (sodium [4-(hydroxy-κO)-3-{[2- $(hydroxy-\kappa O)-1$ naphthyl]diazenylybenzenesulfonamidato(2-)][4-hydroxy-3-{[2-(hydroxy-кО)-1-

naphthyl]diazenylybenzenesulfonamidato(2-)]cobaltate(1-)) (CAS No. 58302-43-5) (provided for in subheading 3204.12.45)"; and (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/

31/2023'

(116) ACID ORANGE 67.—Heading 9902.08.21 is amended-

(A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Sodium 4-({3-[(E)-(2-methyl-4-{[(4-methylphenyl)sulfonyl]

oxyγphenyl)diazenyl]phenylγamino)-3nitrobenzenesulfonate (Acid Orange 67) (CAS No. 12220-06-3) (provided for in subheading 3204.12.45)", and

(B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023'

(117) ACID BLUE 324.—Heading 9902.08.22 is amended—

(A) by amending the article description to follows: ``Sodium4-[(3acetamidophenyl)amino]-1-amino-9,10dioxo-9,10-dihydro-2-anthracenesulfonate (Acid Blue 324) (CAS No. 70571-81-2) (provided for in subheading 3204.12.45)"; and

(B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023

(118) ACID BLUE 171.—Heading 9902.08.23 is amended—

(A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Acid Blue 171 (sodium [6-(amino-κN)-5-[2-[2-(hydroxy-κO)-4nitrophenyl]diazenyl-κN1]-N-methyl-2-

 $naphthalenesulfonamidato(2-)][6-(amino-\kappa N)-5-$ [2-[2-(hydroxy-κO)-4-nitrophenyl]diazenyl- $\kappa N1$ ]-2-naphthalenesulfonato(3-)]-Cobaltate(2-) (1:2) (1:2)) (CAS No. 75314-27-1) (provided for in subheading 3204.12.45)"; and

(B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023

(119) MIXTURES OF ACID BLACK 220A AND ACID BLACK 220 B.—Heading 9902.08.24 is amended—

(A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Mixtures of Acid Black 220 A (chromate(2-), [3-hydroxy-4-[(2hydroxy-1naphthalenyl)azo]-7-nitro-1naphthalenesulfonato(3-)]nitrophenyl)azo]-2-naphthalenolato(2-)]-, lithium sodium) (CAS No. 85828-76-8) and Acid Black 220 B (chromate(2-), [3-hydroxy-4-[(2-hydroxy-1naphthalenyl)azo]-7-nitro-1naphthalenesulfonato(3-)] [N-[7-hydroxy-8-[(2hydroxy-5-nitrophenyl)azo]-1naphthalenyl]acetamidato(2-)]-, lithium sodium) (CAS No. 85828-75-7) (provided for in subheading 3204.12.45)"; and

(B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023

(120) ACID RED 87 (EOSINE DISODIUM SALT).— Heading 9902.08.25 is amended-

(A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Acid Red 87 (eosine disodium salt) (disodium 2-(2,4,5,7-tetrabromo-6-oxido-3oxoxanthen-9-yl)benzoate) (CAS No. 17372-87-1) (provided for in subheading 3204.12.50)"; and

(B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023

(121) ACID BLUE 80.—Heading 9902.08.27 is amended-

(A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Acid Blue 80 (disodium 3,3'- $\lceil (9,10-dioxo-9,10-dihydroanthra$ cene-1.4diyl) diimino] bis (2,4,6-trimethylbenzenesulfonate) (CAS No. 4474-24-2) (provided

for in subheading 3204.12.50)"; and (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/

31/2023". (122)BASIC YELLOW 40 DYE.—Heading

9902.08.29 is amended-(A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Basic Yellow 40 (2-[7-(diethylamino)-2-oxo-2H-chromen-3-y1]-1,3-dimethyl-1H-3,1-benzimidazol-3-ium chloride) (CAS No. 29556-33-0) (provided for in sub-

heading 3204.13.10)"; and (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023

(123) BASIC RED 1:1.—Heading 9902.08.31 is amended-

(A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Basic Red 1:1 (3,6-bis (ethylamino)-9-[2-(methoxycarbonyl) phenyl]-2,7-dimethylxanthenium chloride) (CAS No. 3068-39-1) (provided for insubheading 3204.13.80)"; and

(B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023'

(124) DIRECT BLUE 71.—Heading 9902.08.35 is amended—

(A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Direct Blue 71 (tetrasodium 3- $[(E)-\{4-[(E)-\{4-[(E)-(6-amino-1-hydroxy-3$ sulfonato-2-naphthyl) diazenyl]-6-sulfonato-1 $naphthyl\gamma$   $diazenyl]-1-naphthyl\gamma diazenyl]-1,5$ naphthalenedisulfonate) (CAS No. 4399-55-7) (provided for in subheading 3204.14.50)"; and

(B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023

(125) DIRECT BLUE 279.—Heading 9902.08.36 is amended-

(A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Direct Blue 279 (4-N-(5,8dimethoxy-2,4-dimethylquinolin-6-yl)-1-N,1-Ndiethylpentane- 1,4-diamine) (CAS No. 72827-89-5) (provided for in subheading 3204.14.50)"; and

(B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023

(126) DIRECT VIOLET 51.—Heading 9902.08.37 is amended-

(A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Disodium 7-anilino-3-[(E)-{4-[(E)-(2,4-dimethyl-6-sulfonatophenyl) diazenyl]-2-methoxy-5-methylphenylγ diazenull-4-hudroxy-2-naphthalenesulfonate (Direct Violet 51) (CAS No. 5489-77-0) (provided for in subheading 3204.14.50)"; and

(B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023".

(127) DIRECT VIOLET 9 CRUDE.—Heading 9902.08.38 is amended-

(A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Disodium 7-anilino-4-hydroxy- $3-(\{2-methoxy-5-methyl-4-[(4-sulfonatophenyl)$ diazenyl] phenylydiazenul)-2naphthalenesulfonate (Direct Violet 9) (CAS No. 6227–14–1) (provided 3204.14.50)"; and for in subheading

(B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/

(128) VAT RED 15.—Heading 9902.08.41 is amended—

- (A) by amending the article description to follows: ``Vat(bisbenzimidazo[2,1-b:1',2'-
- j]benzo[lmn][3,8]phenanthroline-6,9-dione) (CAS No. 4216-02-8) (provided for in subheading 3204.15.30)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (129) VAT BLUE 66.—Heading 9902.08.42 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to "Vat Blue 66 read as follows: (9.10anthracenedione,1,1'-[(6-phenyl-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diyl)diimino]bis(3"-acetyl-4-amino-)) (CASNo. 32220-82-9) (provided for in subheading 3204.15.30)": and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (130) REACTIVE BLUE 19.—Heading 9902.08.48 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Reactive Blue 19 (Disodium 1 $amino-9,10-dioxo-4-[(3-\{[2-(sulfonatooxy)ethyl]$ amino]-9,10-dihydro-2sulfonyly phenyl) anthracenesulfonate) (CAS No. 2580-78-1) (provided for in subheading 3204.16.20)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (131) MIXTURES OF REACTIVE BLUE 19 AND RE-ACTIVE BLUE 187.—Heading 9902.08.50 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Mixtures of Reactive Blue 19 (1-amino-9,10-dihydro-9,10-dioxo-4-[[3-[[2-(sulfooxy)ethyl]sulfonyl] phenyl]aminol-2-
- anthracenesulfonic acid, sodium salt (1:2)) (CAS No. 2580-78-1) and Reactive Blue 187 (1,1'-[(6,13dichloro-4,11-disulfo-3,10-triphenodioxazinediyl) his [imino-2,1-ethanediylimino[6-[(2,5disulfophenyl) amino]-1,3,5-triazine-4,2-diyl]]] bis [3-carboxy-, bis(inner salt), hexasodium salt) (CAS No. 79771-28-1) (provided for in sub-
- heading 3204.16.30)''; and (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023".
- REACTIVE(132)BLUEFC75311.—Headina 9902.08.51 is amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Reactive Blue FC75311 (sodium [2-[2-[[2-[3-[[4-fluoro-6-[phenyl[2-[[2-(sulfooxy) ethyl]sulfonyl] ethyl]amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2 $yl]amino]-2-(hydroxy-\kappa O)-5-sulfophenyl]$ diazenyl- $\kappa N$ ] phenylmethyl] diazenyl- $\kappa N$ ]-4-sulfobenzoato (6-)- $\kappa O$ ]-cuprate(4-) (CAS No. 156830-72-7) (provided for in subheading
- 3204.16.30)"; and (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023\*\*.
- (133) Reactive yellow foo-0155.—Heading 9902.08.52 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Reactive Yellow F00-0155 (1Hxantheno[2,1,9-def]isoquinoline-5,9-disulfonic 2,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-2-[3-[[2-(sulfooxy)ethyl]sulfonyl]phenyl]-, potassium sodium salt (1:?:?)) (CAS No. 1309975-18-5) (pro-
- vided for in subheading 3204.16.30)"; and (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (134) MIXTURES OF REACTIVE RED 198 AND RE-ACTIVE RED 239.—Heading 9902.08.53 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Mixtures of Reactive Red 198 (5-[[4-chloro-6-[(3-sulfophenyl) aminol-1.3.5triazin-2-ull amino]-4-hydroxy-3-[[4-[[2-(sulfoxy)ethyl] sulfonyl]phenyl]azo]-2,7naphthalenedisulfonic acid, sodium salt (1:?)) (CAS No. 78952-61-1) and Reactive Red 239 (2-12-[8-[[4-chloro-6-[[4-[[2-(sulfooxu)ethul] sulfonyl] phenyl]amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]amino]-1-hydroxy-3,6- disulfo-2-naphthalenyl]diazenyl]-1,5naphthalenedisulfonic acid, sodium salt (1:5)) (CAS No. 89157-03-9) (provided for in sub-
- heading 3204.16.30)"; and
  (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/
- (135) REACTIVE BLUE 187.—Heading 9902.08.54 is amended—

- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Reactive Blue 187 (1,1'-[(6,13dichloro-4,11-disulfo-3,10-
- triphenodioxazinediyl) bis [imino-2,1ethanediylimino [6-[(2,5-disulfophenyl) amino]-1,3,5-triazine-4,2-diyl]]] bis carboxylatopyridinium], dihydroxide, bis (inner salt), hexasodium salt) (CAS No. 79771-28-1) (provided for in subheading 3204.16.30)"; and (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/
- 31/2023".
- REACTIVE (1.36)ORANGE131.—Headina 9902.08.55 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Reactive Orange 131 (2,4diamino-3-[4-(2-sulfoxyethylsulfonyl)-
- phenylazo] -5-[4-(2-sulfoxyethylsulfonyl)-2sulfophenylazo]- benzenesulfonic acid, potassium sodium salt) (CAS No. 187026-95-5) (provided for in 3204.16.30)": and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (137) REACTIVE BLACK 5.—Heading 9902.08.56 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Reactive Black 5 (tetrasodium 4-amino-5-hydroxy-3,6-bis (sulfonatooxy)ethyl] sulfonyly phenyl)diazenyl]-2,7-naphthalenedisulfonate) (CAS No. 17095-24-8) (provided for in subheading 3204.16.50)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023".
- COPPERMONOSULFONATE.—Heading 9902.08.60 is amend-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Copper phthalocyanine monosulfonate(hydrogen [29H.31Hphthalocyaninesulphonato (3-)-N29, N30, N31, N32]cuprate(1-)), not ready for use as pigment (CAS No. 28901-96-4) (provided for in subheading 3204.17.60)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023''.
- PIGMENT INTERMEDIATE.—Heading (1.39)9902.08.62 is amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Mixture of nonchlorinated copper phthalocyanine blue crude not ready for use as pigment (CAS No. 147-14-8) (30-40 percent andchlorinatedweiaht) conner phthalocyanine blue crude not ready for use as pigment (CAS No. 68987-63-3) (60-70 percent by weiaht) (provided forinsubheadina 3204.17.60)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (140) COPPER PHTHALOCYANINE GREEN 7.— Heading 9902.08.63 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to follows: readas
- "[1,2,3,4,8,9,10,11,15,16,17,18,22,23,25-Pentadecachloro-29,31-dihydro-5H, 26Hphthalocyaninato (2-) -k2 N29, N311 copper (CAS No. 1328-53-6) (provided for in subheading 3204.17.90)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/
- (141) COPPERCHLORO PCN CRUDE FOR PIGMENT MAKING.—Heading 9902.08.64 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Copper chlorophthalocyanine, crude not ready for use as pigment (CAS No. 12239-87-1) (provided for in subheading 3204.17.90)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023".
- (142)SOLVENT YELLOW 160:1.—Heading 9902.08.66 is amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Solvent Yellow 160:1 (3-(5chloro-1.3-benzoxazol-2-ul)-7-(diethylamino)chromen-2-one) (CAS No. 35773-
- 43-4) (provided for in subheading 3204.19.11)"; and.
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (143) SOLVENT BLUE 104.—Heading 9902.08.70 is amended—

- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Solvent Blue 104 (1,4bis(mesitylamino)-9,10-anthraquinone) (CAS No. 116-75-6) (provided for in subheading 3204.19.20) '; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023'
- (144) Mono or diphthalimido methyl cop-PER PHTHALOCYANINE.—Heading 9902.08.82 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Mono or diphthalimido methyl phthalocyanine ([2-(29H,phthalocyaninylmethyl) -1H -isoindole-1,3 (2H)dionato (2-)-N29, N30, N31, N32] copper) (CAS No. 42739-64-0) (provided for in subheading 3204.19.50)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023'
- (145) SOLUBILIZED SULPHUR BLACK 1.—Heading 9902.08.83 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Solubilized Sulphur Black 1 (CAS No. 1326-83-6) (provided for in subheading 3204.19.50)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023".
- (146) PHTHALOCYANINE BLUE ADDITIVE.— Heading 9902.08.86 is amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "N, N-Dimethyl-N-octadecyl-1octade can a minium - (Sp-4-2)-[29H,phthalocyanine-2- sulfonato- N29, N30,N31, N32] cuprate (phthalocyanine blue additive) (CAS No. 70750-63-9) (provided for in subheading 3204.90.00)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023".
- 184.—Heading (147)PIGMENTYELLOW9902.08.89 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Pigment Yellow 184 (bismuth vanadium oxide) (CAS No. 14059-33-7) (provided for in subheading 3206.49.60)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023'
- (148) POLYMERIC WETTING AGENT.—Heading 9902.09.11 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Mixtures of 1-butanol (CAS No. 71-36-3); 1-propoxy-2-propanol (mixed isomers) (CAS No. 1569-01-3); siloxanes and silidimethyl, 3-hydroxypropyl methyl, cones, ethoxylated propoxylated (CAS No. 68937-55-3); 2-methyloxirane, oxirane, 3-prop-2-enoxyprop-1ene (CAS No. 9041-33-2); urea, polymer with formaldehyde, methylated (CAS No. 68071-45-4); 2-propanol (CAS No. 67-63-0); 2-amino-2-methyl-1-propanol (CAS No. 124-68-5); 2-methyl-2-(methylamino)-1-propanol (CAS No. 27646-80-6); methanol (CAS No. 67-56-1) and water (CAS No. (provided for in subheading 3402.19.50)": and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/
- (149) PARTY POPPER.—Heading 9902.09.15 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Party poppers (Class 1.4G) (provided for in subheading 3604.90.00)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/
- (150) B-CYFLUTHRIN FORMULATIONS.—Heading 9902.09.19 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Product mixtures containing (RS)- $\alpha$ -cyano-4-fluoro-3-phenoxybenzyl(1RS, 3RS, 1RS, 3SR) - 3 - (2, 2 - dichlorovinyl) - 2, 2 - (
- dimethylcyclopropanecarboxylate ( $\beta$ -Cyfluthrin) (CAS No. 68359-37-5) (provided for in subheading 3808.91.25)"; and (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/
- 31/2023
- (151) IMIDACLOPRID AND β-CYFLUTHRIN FOR-MULATIONS.—Heading 9902.09.21 is amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Product mixtures containing 1-(6-chloro-3-pyridinyl)methyl-N-

nitroimidazolidin-2-ylideneamine (Imidacloprid) (CAS No. 138261-41-3) and (RS)-α-cyano-4fluoro-3-phenoxybenzyl (1RS, 3RS;1RS, 3SR)- 3-(2,2-dichlorovinyl)-2,2-

dimethylcyclopropanecarboxylate ( $\beta$ -Cyfluthrin) (CAS No. 68359-37-5) (provided for in subheading 3808.91.25)"; and

(B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023".

(152) ACEQUINOCYL.—Heading 9902.09.28 is amended—

(A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Mixtures of 3-dodecyl-1,4dioxo-1,4-dihydronaphthalen-2-yl acetate (CAS No. 57960-19-7) (Acequinocyl) and application adjuvants (provided for in subheading 3808.91.25)"; and

(B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023'

(153) GAMMA-CYHALOTHRIN FORMULATIONS.— Heading 9902.09.30 is amended-

(A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Mixtures containing Cyano (3phenoxyphenyl) methyl 3-[ (1Z)-2-chloro-3,3,3trifluoro-1-propen-1-yl] dimethyl cyclopropane carboxy late(aamma-

cyhalothrin) and application adjuvants (CAS No. 76703-62-3) (provided for in subheading 3808.91.25)"; and

(B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023\*\*

(154) AZADIRACHTIN.—Heading 9902.09.33 is amended—

(A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Mixtures containing dimethyl (2aR,3S,4S,4aR,5S,7aS,8S,10R,10aS, 10bR)-10acetoxy-3,5-dihydroxy-4[(1aR, 2S, 3aS, 6aS, 7S, 7aS)-6a-hydroxy-7a-methyl-3a,6a,7,7a-

tetrahydro-2,7-methanofuro [2,3-b] $oxireno[e]oxepin-1a(2H)-yl]-4-methyl-8-\{[(2E)-2-methyl-8-1](2H)-yl]-4-methyl-8-1=(2H)-4-methyl-8-1=(2H)-yl]-4-methyl-8-1=(2H)-yl]-4-methyl-8-1=(2H)-yl]$ methylbut-2-enoyl] oxyγ octahydro-1H-naphtho [1,8a-c:4,5-b'c'] difuran-5,10a (8H)-dicarboxylate (Azadirachtin) (CAS No. 11141-17-6) (provided for in subheading 3808.91.50)"; and

(B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/

(155) Insecticides, aromatic or modified AROMATIC.—Heading 9902.09.38 is amended-

(A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Mixtures of 1-methyl-2-nitro-3-(oxolan-3-ylmethyl)guanidine (Dinotefuran) (CAS No. 165252-70-0) with application adjuvants (provided for in subheading 3808.91.50)";

(B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023''.

(156)METALAXYL, PENFLUFEN, PROTHIOCONAZOLE FUNGICIDES.—Heading 9902.09.40 is amended-

(A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Product mixtures containing N-(2-methoxyacetyl)-N-(2,6-xylyl)-DLalaninate (Metalaxyl) (CAS No. 57837-19-1), 5fluoro-1,3-dimethyl-N-[2-(4-methylpentan-2-yl)]phenyl] -1H-pyrazole-4-carboxamide (Penflufen) (CAS No. 494793–67–8) and 2-[(2RS)-2-(1chlorocyclopropyl)-3-(2-chlorophenyl)-2hydroxypropyl]-2H-1,2,4-triazole-3(4H)-thione (Prothioconazole) (CAS No. 178928-70-6) (provided for in subheading 3808.92.15)"; and

(B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023

(157) FLUOXASTROBIN FORMULATIONS.—Heading 9902.09.41 is amended—

(A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Product mixtures containing (E)- $\{2$ -[6-(2-chlorophenoxy)-5-fluoropyrimidin-4yloxy] phenyly (5,6-dihydro-1,4,2-dioxazin-3-yl) methanone O-methyloxime (Fluoxastrobin) (CAS No. 361377-29-9) (provided for in subheading 3808.92.15)"; and

(B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023

(158) FLUOPYRAM AND TEBUCONAZOLE FORMU-LATIONS.—Heading 9902.09.48 is amended-

(A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Product mixtures containing  $N-\{2-[3-chloro-5-(trifluoromethyl)-2-$   $pyridinyl]ethyl\gamma-2-(trifluoromethyl)$  benzamide (Fluopyram) (CAS No. 658066-35-4) and 1-(4chlorophenyl)-4,4-dimethyl-3-(1H-1,2,4-triazol-1ylmethyl) pentan-3-ol (Tebuconazole) (CAS No. 107534-96-3) (provided for in subheading 3808.92.15) "; and

(B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023

(159) Trifloxystrobin and tebuconazole FORMULATIONS.—Heading 9902.09.53 is amend-

(A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Product mixtures containing (E)-methoxyimino- $\{(E)-2-[1-(\alpha,\alpha,\alpha$ methultrifluoro-m-tolul) ethulideneaminooxul-otolylyacetate (Trifloxystrobin) (CAS No. 141517-21-7) and (RS)-1-p-chlorophenyl-4,4-dimethyl-3-(1H-1.2.4-triazol-1-ulmethul) nentan-3-01(Tebuconazole) (CAS No. 107534–96–3) (provided for in subheading 3808.92.15)"; and (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/

31/2023

(160) Fluopyram + pyrimethanil formula-TIONS.—Heading 9902.09.54 is amended-

(A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Product mixtures containing N-[2-[3-chloro-5-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2*yl]ethyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl)* (Fluopyram) (CAS No. 658066-35-4) and 4,6-dimethyl-N-phenyl-2-pyrimidinamine (Pyrimethanil) (CAS No. 53112-28-0) (provided

for in subheading 3808.92.15)"; and (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023

(161) Fluopyram and trifloxystrobin for-MULATIONS.—Heading 9902.09.55 is amended—

(A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Product mixtures containing N-[2-[3-chloro-5-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2yl]ethyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl) benzamide (Fluopyram) (CAS No. 658066-35-4) and methyl (E)-methoxyimino- $\{(E)$ -2-[1- $(\alpha,\alpha,\alpha$ -trifluoro-methylideneaminooxy]-o-tolyl $\gamma$ acetate(Trifloxystrobin) (CAS No. 141517-21-7) (provided for in subheading 3808.92.15)"; and

(B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023".

TRIFLOXYSTROBIN (162)FORMULATIONS.-Heading 9902.09.57 is amended—

(A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Product mixtures containing methyl(2E)- $(methoxyimino)[2-({[(E)-{1-[3-$ (trifluoromethyl) phenull  $ethylidene\gamma amino]oxy\gamma methyl)phenyl]acetate$ (Trifloxystrobin) (CAS No. 141517-21-7) (provided for in subheading 3808.92.15)"; and

(B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/

(163) FLUOPYRAM AND PROTHIOCONAZOLE FOR-MULATIONS.—Heading 9902.09.58 is amended-

(A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Product mixtures containing N-[2-[3-chloro-5-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2yl]ethyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl) benzamide (Fluopyram) (CAS No. 658066-35-4) and (RS)-2-[2-(1-chlorocyclopropyl)-3-(2-chlorophenyl)-2--2,4-dihydro-1,2,4-triazole-3hudroxupropull thione (Prothioconazole) (CAS No. 178928-70-6) (provided for in subheading 3808.92.15)"; and

(B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023'

(164)PROTHIOCONAZOLE FORMULATIONS.— Heading 9902.09.59 is amended-

(A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Product mixtures containing 2-[2-(1-chlorocyclopropyl)-3-(2-chlorophenyl)-2hydroxypropyl] -1,2-dihydro-3H-1,2,4-triazole-3thione (Prothioconazole) (CAS No. 178928-70-6) (provided for in subheading 3808.92.15)"; and

(B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023"

FLUOPYRAM FORMULATIONS.—Heading (165)9902.09.61 is amended-

(A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Mixtures of N-[2-[3-chloro-5-(trifluoromethyl) pyridin-2-yl]ethyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl) benzamide (Fluopyram) (CAS No. 658066-35-4) (provided for in subheading 3808.92.15)"; and

(B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023\*\*

(166) Fluopyram and imidacloprid formu-LATIONS.—Heading 9902.09.62 is amended-

(A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Mixtures of N-[2-[3-chloro-5-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]ethyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl) benzamide (Fluopyram) (CAS No. 658066-35-4) and N-[1-[(6-chloropyridin-3yl)methyl]-4,5-dihydroimidazol-2-yl] nitramide (Imidacloprid) (CAS No. 138261-41-3) (provided for in subheading 3808.92.15)"; and

(B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023

(167) IPRODIONE AND TRIFLOXYSTROBIN FOR-

MULATIONS.—Heading 9902.09.70 is amended-(A) by amending the article description to

read as follows: "Mixtures containing 3-(3,5dichlorophenyl)-N-isopropyl-2,4-dioxo-1imidazolidinecarboxamide (Iprodione) (CAS No. 36734-19-7) and methyl (2E)-(methoxyimino) [2- $(\{[(E)-\{1-[3-(trifluoromethyl)\}$ 

phenyl]ethylideneyamino]oxyymethyl)phenyl] acetate (Trifloxystrobin) (CAS No. 141517-21-7) (provided for in subheading 3808.92.15)"; and

(B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023'

(168) Tetraconazole and azoxystrobin.— Heading 9902.09.71 is amended-

(A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Mixtures of 1-[2-(2,4dichlorophenyl)-3-(1,1,2,2-tetrafluoroethoxy)propyl]-1H-1,2,4-triazole (Tetraconazole) (CAS 112281-77-3), methyl (2E)-2-(2-{[6-(2cyanophenoxy)-4-pyrimidinyl]oxy $\gamma$ phenyl)-3methoxyacrylate (Azoxystrobin) (CAS 131860-33-8) and application adjuvants (provided for in subheading 3808.92.15)"; and

(B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023

(169) MIXTURES OF AT LEAST 95 PERCENT BY WEIGHT ALLYL ISOTHIOCYANATE AND APPLICA-TION ADJUVANTS.-Heading 9902.09.75 is amend-

(A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Mixtures of at least 95 percent isothiocyanate weightallulisothiocyanato-1-propene) (CAS No. 57-06-7), and application adjuvants (provided for in subheading 3808.92.28)"; and

(B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023".

(170) POLYOXIN D ZINC SALT.—Heading 9902.09.79 is amended—

(A) by amending the article description to ead as follows: "Formulations of zinc 1read as follows:  $\{(2R,3R,4S,5R)-5-[(S)-\{[(2S,3S,4S)-2-amino-5-(S)-4]\}\}$ carbamoyloxy)-3,4-dihydroxypentanoyl]  $amino\gamma (carboxylato) methyl]-3,4-$ 

dihydroxytetrahydro-2-furanylγ-2,4-dioxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-5-pyrimidinecarboxylate (Polyoxin D zinc salt) (CAS No. 146659-78-1) (provided for in subheading 3808.92.50)"; and

(B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/

(171) FORAMSULFURON FORMULATIONS.—Heading 9902.09.87 is amended-

(A) by amending the article description to follows: "Mixtures of 2-[[[(4,6asdimethoxy-2-

pyrimidinyl)amino]carbonyl]amino]sulfonyl]-4-(formylamino)-N,N-dimethylbenzamide (Foramsulfuron) (CAS No. 173159-57-4) and ap-

plication adjuvants (provided for in subheading 3808.93.15)"; and

(B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023'

(172) Indaziflam and rimsulfuron formu-LATIONS.—Heading 9902.09.90 is amended—

(A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Product mixtures containing N-[(1R,2S)-2,6-dimethyl-2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-1yl]-6-[(1R)-1-fluoroethyl] -1,3,5-triazine-2,4diamine (Indaziflam) (CAS No. 950782-86-2) and  $N-[(4,6-dimethoxy-2-pyrimidinyl) \ carbamoyl] -3-$ (ethylsulfonyl)-2-pyridinesulfonamide (Rimsulfuron) (CAS No. 122931-48-0) (provided for in subheading 3808.93.15)"; and

- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/
- (173) PACLOBUTRAZOL FORMULATIONS.—Heading 9902.09.92 is amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Mixtures of (2RS, 3RS)-1-(4chlorophenyl)-4,4-dimethyl-2-(1H-1,2,4-triazol-1yl)pentan-3-ol (Paclobutrazol) (CAS No. 76738-62-0) and application adjuvants (provided for in subheading 3808.93.15)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023"
- (174) PROSULFURON.—Heading 9902.09.93 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Mixtures of N-[(4-methoxy-6methyl-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)carbamoyl]-2-(3,3,3trifluoropropyl) benzenesulfonamide

(Prosulfuron) (CAS No. 94125-34-5) and application adjuvants (provided for in subheading 3808.93.15)"; and

- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (175) MIXTURES OF RIMSULFURON.—Heading 9902.10.03 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to as follows: "Mixtures of N-[[(4,6dimethoxy-2-pyrimidinyl) amino] carbonyl]-3-(ethyl sulfonyl)-2-pyridine sulfonamide

(Rimsulfuron) (CAS No. 122931-48-0) and application adjuvants (provided for in subheading 3808.93.15)"; and

- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (176) CERTAIN HERBICIDES FOR USE ON CERE-ALS.—Heading 9902.10.04 is amended— (A) by amending the article description to
- read as follows: "Product mixtures containing 4-{[(3-methoxy-4-methyl-5-oxo-4,5methyl dihydro-1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)carbonyl]  $sulfamoyl\gamma$ -5-methyl-3-thiophenecarboxylate (Thiencarbazone-methyl) (CAS No. 317815-83-1), methyl 2-{[(4,6-dimethoxy-2-pyrimidinyl) carsulfamouly-4- $\{[(methylsulfonyl)amino]methyl\gamma$ benzoate(Mesosulfuron-methyl) (CAS No. 208465-21-8) and diethyl 1-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-5-methyl-4,5-

(Mefenpyr-diethyl) (CAS No. 135590-91-9) (provided for in subheading 3808.93.15)"; and (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/

dihydro-1H-pyrazole

31/2023".

-3,5-dicarboxylate

(177) HERBICIDES FOR WEED CONTROL IN GRASSY AREAS.—Heading 9902.10.11 is amended— (A) by amending the article description to

read as follows: "Mixtures containing methyl 4- $\{[(3-methoxy-4-methyl-5-oxo-4,5-dihydro-1H-$ 1,2,4-triazol-1-yl) carbonyl] sulfamoylγ-5-methyl-3-thiophenecarboxylate (Thiencarbazone-methyl) (CAS No. 317815-83-1); 2-{[(4,6-Dimethoxy-2pyrimidinyl) carbamoyl]sulfamouly-4formamido-N,N-dimethylbenzamide

(Foramsulfuron) (CAS No. 173159-57-4); and 3-chloro-5- $\{[(4,6$ -dimethoxy-2pyrimidinyl) carbamoyl] sulfamoylγ-1-methyl -1H-pyrazole-4-carboxylate (Halosulfuron-methyl) (CAS No. 100784-20-1) and application adjuvants (provided for in subheading 3808.93.15)."; and

- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/
- 31/2023''. (178) MIXTURES OF ORTHOSULFAMURON.— Heading 9902.10.12 is amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to ``Mixturesasfollows: of1-(4.6dimethoxypyrimidin-2-yl)-3-[2-
- dimethylcarbamoyl) phenylsulfamoyl] (Orthosulfamuron) (CAS No. 213464-77-8) and application adjuvants (provided for in subheading 3808.93.20)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023\*\*.
- (179)PROPARGITEMIXTURES.—Heading 9902.10.19 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Mixtures containing 2-[4-(2methyl-2-propanyl)phenoxy]cyclohexyl propyn-1-yl sulfite (CAS No. 2312–35–8)

- (Propargite) and application adjuvants (provided for in subheading 3808.99.95)"; and (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/
- 31/20233
- (180) MIXTURES USED IN RUBBER PRODUC-TION.—Heading 9902.10.28 is amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Mixtures of zinc dicyanato diamine ((T-4)-diamminebis(cyanato- $\kappa N$ )-zinc) (CAS No. 122012-52-6) with an elastomer binder of ethylene-propylene-diene monomer and ethul vinul acetate, and dispersing agents (provided

for in subheading 3812.10.50)''; and (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023

(181) ANTIDEGRADANTS.—Heading 9902.10.31 is amended—

(A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Antioxidizing preparations for rubber consisting of a mixture of 1,3-dihydro-4methyl-2H-benzimidazole-2-thione dihydro-5-methyl-2H-benzimidazole-2-thione, in the form of zinc salts (CAS No. 61617-00-3) (provided for in subheading 3812.39.60)"; and

(B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023'

(182) Antioxidizing preparations.—Heading 9902.10.32 is amended—

(A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Antioxidizing preparations for plastics containing2,4-dimethyl-6-(1methylpentadecyl)phenol (CAS No. 134701-20-5) (provided for in subheading 3812.39.60)"; and (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/

31/2023

(183) Phenol, 4-methyl-, reaction prod-UCTS.—Heading 9902.10.35 is amended—

(A) by amending the article description to follows: "4-Methylphenolreadastricyclo[5.2.2.02,6]undecane (1:1) (CAS No. 68610-51-5) (provided for 3812.39.60)''; and subheading in

(B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/

(184) PRODUCT USED IN AGRICULTURAL FILM.-Heading 9902.10.36 is amended-

(A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Hindered amine light and thermal stabilizers for plastics containing 1,6hexane diamine, N1, N6-bis(2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-4-tetramepiperidinyl)-, polymer with 2,4,6-trichloro-1,3,5triazine, reaction products with 3-bromo-1propene, N-butyl-1-butanamine and N-butyl-2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-4-piperidinamine, hydrogenated (CAS No. 247243-62-5) (provided for in subheading 3812.39.90)"; and

(B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023"

(185) Light Stabilizer/UV-absorber for COATINGS.—Heading 9902.10.50 is amended—

(A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Preparations based on N-(2ethoxyphenyl)-N'-[4-(10-methylundecyl)phenyl] ethanediamide (CAS No. 82493-14-9) (provided

for in subheading 3824.99.28)"; and (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023

(186) MIXTURES OF C5-C18 PERFLUOROCARBON ALKANES. PERFLUOROCARBON AMINES. PERFLUOROCARBON ETHERS.—Heading 9902.10.57 is amended—

(A) by amending the article description to "Mixtures of as follows: C5-C18 readperfluor o carbonperfluorocarbon alkanes. amines, and/or perfluorocarbon ethers (CAS No. 86508–42–1) (provided for 3824.99.92)"; and in subheading

(B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023

- (187) METHOXYSILANATED AMORPHOUS POLY ALPHA OLEFIN.—Heading 9902.10.69 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Silane, ethenyltrimethoxy-, reaction products with 1-butene-ethylene-propene polymer (CAS No. 832150-35-3) (provided for in subheading 3902.30.00)"; and

(B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/

(188)ACID FORM DISPERSION.—Heading 9902.10.79 is amended-

(A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Poly(1,1,2,2-tetrafluoro-2-[(trifluoroethenyl)oxy]ethanesulfonyl fluorideco-tetrafluoroethylene) (CAS No. 1163733-25-2) (provided for in subheading 3904.69.50)"; and

(B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/

31/2023"

(189) FLUOROPOLYMER LITHIUM SALT POW-DER.—Heading 9902.10.81 is amended—

- (A) by amending the article description to ead as follows: "Poly(1,1,2,2-tetrafluoro-2read as follows: [(trifluoroethenyl)oxy]ethanesulfonyl fluorideco-tetrafluoroethylene) lithium salt (CAS No. 1687740-67-5) (provided for in subheading 3904.69.50)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (190) Fluoropolymer, polyvinyl, ammonium SALT.—Heading 9902.10.82 is amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Poly(1,1,2,2-tetrafluoro-2-[(trifluoroethenyl)oxy]ethanesulfonyl fluorideco-tetrafluoroethylene) ammonium salt (CAS No. 1126091-34-6) (provided for in subheading 3904.69.50)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023''.
- (191)ELECTROACTIVE POLYMER.—Heading 9902.10.83 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "1,1,2-Trifluoroethene-1,1difluoroethene (1:1) (Vinylidene fluoridetrifluoroethylene copolymer) (CAS No. 28960-88-5) (provided for in subheading 3904.69.50)"; and (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023'
- (192) TERPOLYMER USED IN SENSORS.—Heading 9902.10.84 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Poly(1,1-difluoroethene-co-1chloro-1.2.2-trifluoroethene-co trifluoroethene) (CAS No. 81197-12-8) (provided

for in subheading 3904.69.50)"; and (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/

31/2023

(193) CERTAIN MIXTURE FOR USE IN GREASES.— Heading 9902.10.87 is amended-

(A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Mixture of poly(1-[difluoro(trifluoromethoxy)methoxy]-1,1,2,2tetrafluoro -2-(trifluoromethoxy)ethane) (CAS 69991-61-3) and

Perfluoropolymethylisopropyl ether (CAS No. 69991-67-9) (provided for in subheading 3904.69.50)'; and

(B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023

(194) Additive for rust prevention.—Headina 9902.10.90 is amended-

(A) by amending the article description to as follows: "1-Propene, 1,1,2,3,3,3-Hexafluoro-, oxidized, polymerized, reduced, hydrolized reaction products with ammonia (CAS No. 370097-12-4) (provided for in subheading 3904.69.50)"; and

(B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023".

(195)MOLDRELEASEAGENT.—Heading 9902.10.95 is amended-

(A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Ethene, tetrafluoro, oxidized, polymerized, reduced, methyl esters, reduced, ethoxylated (CAS No. 162492-15-1) (provided for in subheading 3904.69.50)"; and

(B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023"

(196) POLYVINYL FORMAL RESIN.—Heading 9902.11.02 is amended—

(A) by amending the article description to ead as follows: "Polyvinyl formal resin read as follows: (ethenol: [(ethenuloxy)methoxylethene (CASNos. 63450-15-7, 63148-64-1, and 9003-33-2) (provided for in subheading 3905.91.10)": and

(B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/

(197) SOIL ENHANCER.—Heading 9902.11.11 is amended—

- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Starch-g-poly (propenamideco-2-propenoic acid) potassium salt (CAS No. 863132-14-3) (provided for in subheading 3906.90.50)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023''.
- (198)UVLIGHT ABSORBER.—Heading 9902.11.12 is amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to ead as follows: "Mixtures of  $\alpha$ -(3-(3-(2Hread as follows: benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-
- hydroxyphenyl) -1-oxopropyl)-ω-hydroxy-poly (oxy-1,2-ethanediyl) (CAS No. 104810-48-2); α-(3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-ul)-5-(1.1-dimethylethyl)-4hydroxyphenyl) -1-oxopropyl)-ω-(3-(3-(2Hbenzotriazol-2-yl) -5-(1,1-dimethylethyl) hydroxyphenyl) -1-oxopropoxy)-poly (oxy-1,2ethanediyl) (CAS No. 104810-47-1) and polyethylene glycol (CAS No. 25322-68-3) (provided for in subheading 3907.20.00)"; and (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/
- 31/2023
- (199) High-performance dispersant use in CONCRETE.—Heading 9902.11.13 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Oxirane, 2-methyl-, polymer with oxirane, monoether with 1,2-propanediol mono(2-methyl-2-propenoate) (CAS No. 220846-90-2) (provided for in subheading 3907.20.00)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/
- (200) HDI-BASED POLYISOCYANATE.—Heading 9902.11.49 is amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Poly(1,6-diisocyanatohexane)block-polyethylene-block-poly (1-butoxypropan-2-ol) (CAS No. 125252-47-3) (provided for in subheading 3911.90.90)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023''
- IPDI(201)BASEDALIPHATIC POLYISOCYANATE.—Heading 9902.11.50 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "N,N',N"-[(2,4,6-Trioxo-1,3,5-triazine-1,3,5(2H,4H,6H)-triyl) [methtrisylene(3,5,5-trimethyl-3,1-cyclohexanediyl)]] tris [hexahydro-2-oxo-1H-azepine-1-carboxamide] (CAS No. 68975-83-7) in organic solvent (provided for in subheading 3911.90.90)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023\*\*.
- (202)HDIBASEDALIPHATIC POLYISOCYANATE.—Heading 9902.11.51 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to ead as follows: "3,5-Dimethyl-1H-pyrazoleoligo(hexamethylene diisocyanate) in solvents (CAS No. 163206-31-3) (provided for in sub-
- heading 3911.90.90)''; and (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (203) STRIPS OF 100% EPTFE SEALANT 3 MM<30 MM.—Heading 9902.11.79 is amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Strips wholly of expanded poly(tetrafluoroethylene) (PTFE) (CAS No. 9002-84-0), noncellular, with adhesive backing, of a thickness greater than 3 mm but not over 30 mm, presented rolled in spools, certified by the importer as having a tensile strength of 24.1 MPa or higher per ASTM F-152 (provided for in subheading 3916.90.50)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (204) E-PTFE SHEETS 1.6 MM ≤ 3.00 MM FOR SEALANTS.—Heading 9902.11.88 is amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to follows: "Expanded aspoly(tetrafluoroethylene) (PTFE) nonadhesive cellular sheets, of a thickness greater than 1.5 mm but not more than 3 mm, certified by the importer as having a tensile strength of at least 48.3 MPa per ASTM F-152 (CAS No. 9002-84-0) (provided for in subheading 3921.19.00)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/

31/2023\*\*.

- (205) E-PTFE SHEETS 3.1 MM < 6.00 MM FOR SEALANTS.—Heading 9902.11.89 is amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to follows: "Expanded poly(tetrafluoroethylene) (PTFE) nonadhesive cellular sheets, of a thickness greater than 3 mm but not more than 6 mm, certified by the importer as having a tensile strength of at least 48.3 MPa per ASTM F-152 (CAS No. 9002-84-0) (provided for in subheading 3921.19.00)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (206) PLASTIC HANDLES FOR COOLERS.—Heading 9902.12.02 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Handles of plastics for coolers (provided for in subheading 3926.90.25)"; and (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/
- 31/2023
- (207) GOLF BAG COMPONENT TOP BOTTOM DI-VIDER.—Heading 9902.12.05 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Plastic components of a kind used as one-piece internal top and bottom dividers for golf bags (provided for in subheading 3926.90.99)": and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (208) PLASTIC LIP FOR DUSTPANS.—Heading 9902.12.07 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Cut-to-shape pieces or profiles of polyvinyl chloride plastics, the foregoing designed to be attached to the edge of a dustpan tray having contact with the floor or other surface, rigid and flexible in form, each measuring 24.77 cm to 30 cm in length and 1.35 cm to 1.87 cm in width, valued not over \$0.09 each (provided for in subheading 3926.90.99)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (209) THREE-WAY CAMERA MOUNTS.—Heading 9902.12.11 is amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Accessories of plastics for cameras of subheading 8525.80.40, each incorporating a handheld camera grip, folding extension arms and a tripod screwed into the base of the handle the foregoing measuring between 50 and 53 cm when fully extended without the tripod, 62 to 65 cm when fully extended with the tripod and 18 to 21 cm when folded and collapsed (provided for in subheading 3926.90.99)";
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (210) BUOYANT PISTOL GRIP CAMERA MOUNTS.-Heading 9902.12.13 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Accessories of plastics, designed for use with cameras of subheading 8525.80.40; such goods measuring between 14 cm and 17 cm in length, buoyant in water, each incorporating a handle designed to allow a user to grip with the hand, an adjustable hand-strap and an adjustable thumb screw designed to permit mounting of the camera and adjusting the viewing angle of the camera on a pivot (provided for in subheading 3926.90.99)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (211) SUCTION CUP CAMERA MOUNTS.—Heading 9902.12.14 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Mounts of plastics, engineered to attach to cameras of subheading 8525.80.40; designed to attach to flat surfaces by means of a round suction cup measuring between 8 and 10 cm in diameter; each incorporating x, y and zdirectional pivots to adjust the camera's viewpoint (provided for in subheading 3926.90.99)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (212) Rubber Pet Toys Covered with felt.— Heading 9902.12.31 is amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Toys for pets, of noncellular

- vulcanized rubber other than hard rubber, each with felt textile covering, without holes (provided for in subheading 4016.99.20)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023".
- CAMERA(213)DIVE HOUSINGS.—Heading 9902.12.51 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Camera cases of transparent polycarbonate plastics, designed to encase cameras of subheading 8525.80.40; each incorporating buttons for the operation of the camera, an opaque plastic base that clips into a camera mount, a thumb-screw on the base mount that allows for adjustment of the camera viewing angle on a pivot, a silicon gasket in the door of the case that allows for waterproof operation of the camera at a depth of more than 40 m but not more than 60 m, a flat and optically coated glass lens and a heat sink to dissipate camera heat (provided for in subheading 4202.99.90)": and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (214) Woven fabric of carded vicuna hair OF A WEIGHT EXCEEDING 300 G/M2.—Heading 9902.12.80 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Woven fabrics of carded vicuna hair, containing 85 percent or more by weight of vicuna hair and of a weight exceeding  $300 \, g/m^2$  (provided for in subheading 5111.19.60)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/
- (215) Woven fabric of combed vicuna hair OF A WEIGHT NOT EXCEEDING 200 G/M<sup>2</sup>.—Heading 9902.12.81 is amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Woven fabrics of combed vicuna hair, such fabrics containing 85 percent or more by weight of vicuna hair, of a weight not exceeding 200 g/m2 (provided for in subheading 5112.11.60)": and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023'
- (216) Woven fabric of combed vicuna hair OF A WEIGHT EXCEEDING 200 G/M2.—Heading 9902.12.82 is amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Woven fabrics of combed vicuna hair, such fabrics containing 85 percent or more by weight of vicuna hair and of a weight exceeding 200 g/m² (provided for in subheading 5112.19.95)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023".
- (217) Fusible bonding and separation YARN.—Heading 9902.12.88 is amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Synthetic filament yarn (other than sewing thread) not put up for retail sale, single, with a twist exceeding 50 turns/m, of nylon or other polyamides, measuring 23 or more but not over 840 deciter, each formed from 4 to 68 filaments and containing 10 percent or more by weight of nylon 12 (provided for in subheading 5402.51.00)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/
- (218) POLYACRYLONITRILE TOW WITH AN AVER-AGE DECITEX OF 2.75.—Heading 9902.13.02 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to "Acrylic filament tow read as follows: (polyacrylonitrile tow), containing by weight 92 percent or more of polyacrylonitrile, not more than 0.01 percent of zinc and 2 percent or more but not over 8 percent of water, dyed, presented in the form of bundles of crimped product each containing 214,000 filaments (plus or minus 10 percent) with an average decitex of 2.75 (plus or minus 10 percent) and length greater than 2 meters (provided for in subheading 5501.30.00)";
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (219) POLYACRYLONITRILE TOW WITH AN AVER-AGE DECITEX OF 3.3.—Heading 9902.13.03 is amended-

- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Acrylic filament (polyacrylonitrile tow) containing by weight 92 percent or more of polyacrylonitrile, not more than 0.01 percent of zinc and 2 percent or more but not over 8 percent of water, dyed, presented in the form of bundles of crimped product each containing 214,000 filaments (plus or minus 10 percent) with an average decitex of 3.3 (plus or minus 10 percent) and length greater than 2 meters (provided for in subheading 5501.30.00)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023"
- (220) ACRYLIC STAPLE FIBERS NOT PROCESSED FOR SPINNING.—Heading 9902.13.20 is amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to as follows: "Acrylic staple (polyacrylonitrile staple), not dyed and not carded, combed or otherwise processed for spinning, containing by weight 92 percent or more of polyacrylonitrile, not more than 0.01 percent of zinc and 2 percent or more but not over 8 percent of water, with a decitex of 5 to 5.6, with a fiber shrinkage of 0 to 22 percent and with a cut fiber length of 80 mm to 150 mm (provided for in subheading 5503.30.00)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023'
- (221) Modified acrylic flame retardant STAPLE FIBER WITH A DECITEX OF 2.7.—Heading 9902.13.21 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Modacrylic staple fibers, not carded, combed or otherwise processed for spinning, containing over 35 percent and less than 85 percent by weight of acrylonitrile, 2.7 decitex (plus or minus 2 percent), natural in color, with fiber length between 38 mm and 120 mm (provided for in subheading 5503.30.00)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/
- (222) ACRYLIC FIBER STAPLE, DYED.—Heading 9902.13.23 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to "Acrylic staple fiber asfollows: (polyacrylonitrile staple), dyed, not carded, combed or otherwise processed for spinning, the foregoing containing by weight 92 percent or more of polyacrylonitrile, not more than 0.01 percent of zinc and 2 percent or more but not over 8 percent of water, with a decitex of 3.3 to 5.6, a fiber shrinkage from 0 to 22 percent (provided for in subheading 5503.30.00)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (223) Flame retardant rayon fibers, 4.7 DECITEX.—Heading 9902.13.29 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Artificial staple fibers of viscose rayon, not carded, combed or otherwise processed for spinning, each containing 28 percent or more but not over 33 percent by weight of silica, measuring 4.7 decitex and 60 mm in length (provided for in subheading 5504.10.00)";
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (224) ACRYLIC STAPLE FIBERS PROCESSED AND WITH A DECITEX OF 2.75 TO 3.3.—Heading 9902.13.36 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Acrylic staple fibers, carded, combed or otherwise processed for spinning, containing by weight 92 percent or more of polyacrylonitrile, not more than 0.01 percent of zinc and 2 percent or more but not over 8 percent of water, dyed or raw white (undyed), with an average decitex of 2.75 to 3.30 (plus or minus 10 percent) (provided for in subheading 5506.30.00)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (225) ACRYLIC STAPLE FIBERS PROCESSED AND A DECITEX OF 5.0 TO 5.6.—Heading 9902.13.38 is amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Acrylic staple fibers, carded,

- combed or otherwise processed for spinning, containing by weight 92 percent or more of polyacrylonitrile, not more than 0.01 percent of zinc and 2 percent or more but not over 8 percent of water, dyed, with an average decitex of 5.0 to 5.6 (provided for in subheading 5506.30.00)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/
- (226) NEOPRENE WADING SOCKS.—Heading 9902.13.51 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Socks with uppers comprising neoprene measuring 2.5 mm in thickness and covered on both sides with jersey knitted fabric of nylon; such socks with underfoots of breathable neoprene measuring 2.5 to 3 mm in thickness and covered on both sides with a jersey knitted fabric of nylon; the foregoing each formed anatomically so as to be designed for the wearer's left or right foot (provided for in subheading 6115.96.90)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (227) TRAINING GLOVES.—Heading 9902.13.53 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Training gloves of vulcanized rubber other than of hard rubber (provided for in subheading 4015.19.50) or of synthetic textile (provided for subheading materialsin6116.93.08), such gloves of textile materials knitted or crocheted"; and
  (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/
- 31/2023
- (228) Brake segments.—Heading 9902.13.82 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Nonwoven radial segment and chordal orientation brake segments of oxidized polyacrylonitrile fibers, made up and presented as cut otherwise than into squares or rectangles, such segments formed by needling web and unidirectional tow fabrics together, the foregoing designed for use in aircraft braking systems (provided for in subheading 6307.90.98)";
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (229) Sports and athletic footwear for WOMEN.—Heading 9902.14.32 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Women's sports footwear; tennis shoes, basketball shoes, gym shoes, training shoes and the like, with outer soles of rubber or plastics and uppers of textile materials, such uppers of which over 50 percent of the external surface area (including any leather accessories or reinforcements such as those mentioned in note 4(a) to chapter 64) is leather (provided for in subheading 6404.11.20)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (230) MEN'S BOOTS FOR FISHING WADERS WITH FELT OUTSOLES.—Heading 9902.14.53 is amend-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Footwear for men, with vulcanized uppers of neoprene measuring 7 mm in thickness, covered with a polyester knit fleece on the interior and coated with rubber on the exterior: such footwear measuring (from the base of the inner sole to the top of the upper) 20.32 cm or more but not over 25.4 cm in height, with felt outsoles; the foregoing waterproof, valued at \$40/pr or higher and with each boot having a slit in the top of upper collar to allow boot to be affixed to a fishing wader (provided for in subheading 6405.20.90)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (231) Catalytic converter needled blanket MATS WITH A THICKNESS OF 10 MM OR MORE AND NOT OVER 3 PERCENT OF BINDER.—Heading 9902.14.70 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Catalytic converter needled blanket mats of ceramic fibers, containing over

- 65 percent by weight of aluminum oxide and not over 3 percent of acrylic latex organic binder, of a basis weight greater than or equal to 1745 g/ m<sup>2</sup>, measuring 10.0 mm or more in thickness; the foregoing presented in bulk, sheets or rolls, designed for use in motor vehicles of heading 8703 (provided for in subheading 6806.10.00)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023'
- (232) CATALYTIC CONVERTER BLANKET MATS WITH A THICKNESS BETWEEN 5 MM AND 9.9 MM AND NOT OVER 3 PERCENT OF BINDER.—Heading 9902.14.71 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Catalytic converter needled blanket mats of ceramic fibers, containing over 65 percent by weight of aluminum oxide and not over 3 percent by weight of acrylic latex organic binder, of a basis weight less than 1745 g/m<sup>2</sup>, measuring 5 mm or more but not over 9.9 mm in thickness; presented in bulk, sheets or rolls, designed for use in motor vehicles of heading 8703 (provided for in subheading 6806.10.00)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/
- (233) Catalytic converter needled blanket MATS WITH A THICKNESS BETWEEN 5 MM AND 9.9 MM AND BETWEEN 3 AND 7 PERCENT OF BINDER.-Heading 9902.14.72 is amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Catalytic converter needled blanket mats of ceramic fibers containing over 65 percent by weight of aluminum oxide, containing an acrylic latex organic binder of greater than 3 percent and less than 7 percent by weight, of a basis weight less than 1745 g/m<sup>2</sup>, measuring at least 5 mm or no more than 9.9 mm in thickness, in bulk, sheets or rolls, designed for motor vehicles of heading 8703 (provided for in subheading 6806.10.00)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (234) CATALYTIC CONVERTER NEEDLED BLANKET MATS WITH A THICKNESS OF 10 MM OR MORE AND BETWEEN 3 AND 7 PERCENT BINDER.—Heading 9902.14.73 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Catalytic converter needled blanket mats of ceramic fibers, containing over 65 percent by weight of aluminum oxide and 3 percent or more but less than 7 percent by weight of acrylic latex organic binder, measuring 10.0 mm or more in thickness, of a basis weight greater than or equal to 1745 g/m2; presented in bulk, sheets or rolls, designed for use in motor vehicles of heading 8703 (provided for in subheading 6806.10.00)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023''.
- (235)CERTAIN SILVERWIRE.—Heading 9902.14.88 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Silver wire, containing 90 percent or more by weight of silver, but not more than 93 percent by weight of silver, and containing 6 percent or more by weight of tin oxide, but not more than 9 percent by weight of tin oxide (provided for in subheading 7106.92.50)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023'
- (236) METAL GAUZES.—Heading 9902.14.90 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Gauzes containing platinum, palladium and rhodium (provided for in subheading 7115.10.00)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (237) Strips consisting of silver and copper AND ZINC.—Heading 9902.14.91 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Clad strips of silver, further worked than semimanufactured, each containing 54 percent or more but not over 56 percent by weight of silver; having three layers with one layer containing 87 percent or more but not over 89 percent by weight of silver and 1.1

percent or more but not over 3 percent of tin, a second layer containing 99.9 percent or more by weight of silver, and a third layer containing 14.5 percent or more but not over 15.5 percent by weight of silver, 79 percent or more but not over 81 percent of copper and 4.8 percent or more but not over 5.2 percent of phosphorus; measuring 15.65 mm in width and 0.95 mm in thickness, presented in coils (provided for in subheading 7115.90.40)''; and

- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023".
- GERMANIUM UNWROUGHT IN (238)FORM.—Heading 9902.15.13 is amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Ingots of germanium, unwrought, each weighing 0.5 kg or more but less than 2 kg (provided for in subheading 8112.92.60)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023''.
- TWEEZERS.—Heading 9902.15.18 (239)amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Tweezers (provided for in subheading 8203.20.20)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (240) NAIL CLIPPERS, NAIL NIPPERS AND NAIL FILES.—Heading 9902.15.33 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Nail nippers and clippers and nail files, the foregoing other than nail nippers and clippers with one or both blades having rounded edged cut-outs and designed for use in cutting nails of dogs, cats or other small pets (including birds, rabbits, ferrets, hamsters, guinea pigs or gerbils) (provided for in subheading 8214.20.30)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023'
- (241) PORTABLE AIR CONDITIONER.—Heading 9902.15.63 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Air conditioning machines, each incorporating a refrigerating unit, mounted on wheels or castors, rated at less than 3.52 kW per hour (provided for in subheading 8415.82.01)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (242) ELECTRIC CYLINDRICAL COFFEE GRIND-ERS.—Heading 9902.16.25 is amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Electromechanical domestic cylindrical coffee grinders, each operated by pushing the plastic cover into the base, the foregoing having a removable stainless steel bowl with a capacity of more than 0.1 liter and not exceeding 0.2 liter (provided for in subheading 8509.40.00)": and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (243) HANDHELD ELECTRIC CAN OPENERS.— Heading 9902.16.32 is amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Hand-held battery-operated automatic can openers, each with self-contained electric motor, such can openers weighing not over 20 kg exclusive of extra interchangeable parts or detachable auxiliary devices (provided for in subheading 8509.80.50)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (244) FOOD BEATERS DESIGNED TO ATTACH TO HANDHELD MIXERS.—Heading 9902.16.33 amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Stainless steel food beaters, designed for use solely on electromechanical handheld food mixers suitable for domestic purposes (provided for in subheading 8509.90.55)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (245) Lamp-holder housings of porcelain.-Heading 9902.16.89 is amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Lamp-holder housings of por-

- celain, containing sockets (provided for in subheading 8536.61.00)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023"
- (246)CATHODE-RAY TUBES.—Heading 9902.16.94 is amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Cathode-ray data/graphic display tubes, color, with a phosphor dot screen pitch smaller than 0.4 mm and with less than 90degree deflection (provided for in subheading 8540.40.10)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023"
- (247)ZEE CAGES.—Heading 9902.17.11 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: ""Z"-shaped water bottle holders (cages) of alloy or composite material, designed for use on bicycles (provided for in subheading 8714.99.80)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023".
- (248)OPTICALATTENUATORS.—Heading 9902.17.27 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Optical attenuators designed to reduce the power level of an optical signal, either in free space or in an optical fiber, such instruments or apparatus specifically designed for telecommunications (provided for in subheading 9013.80.90)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (249) SKI BINDINGS, VALUED NOT MORE THAN \$55 EACH.—Heading 9902.17.55 is amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Ski bindings (other than for cross-country skis), valued not over \$55 each (provided for in subheading 9506.12.80)"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (c) Modification to Duty Rates.—
- ARTICHOKES, IN VINEGAR.—Heading 9902.01.04 is amended-
- (A) by striking "7.2%" and inserting "Free";
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (2) ARTICHOKES, OTHER THAN IN VINEGAR.— Heading 9902.01.10 is amended—
  (A) by striking "12.7%" and inserting "12%";
- and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023 (3) NICOTINE GUM.—Heading 9902.01.13 is
- amended-(A) by striking "5.8%" and inserting "5.7%";
- and(B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/
- 31/2023' ISOHEXADECANE.—Heading 9902.01.19 is
- amended-(A) by striking "Free" and inserting "1%";
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023"
- (5) SODIUM.—Heading 9902.01.20 is amended— (A) by striking "2.5%" and inserting "Free"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023"
- (6) SODIUM CONTAINING NOT MORE THAN 200 PPM OF CALCIUM.—Heading 9902.01.21 is amended-
- (A) by striking "0.7%" and inserting "3.6%"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (7) HYDRAZINE 64%.—Heading 9902.01.38 is amended-(A) by striking "Free" and inserting "0.1%";
- and (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/
- 31/2023 (8) GERMANIUM DIOXIDE (GEO2).—Heading 9902.01.39 is amended-
- (A) by striking "Free" and inserting "1%"; and

- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023".
- (9) Sodium tungstate dihydrate.—Heading 9902.01.67 is amended-
- (A) by striking "Free" and inserting "2.1%"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023".
- MONOCHLOROBENZENE.—Heading (10)9902.01.85 is amended-
- (A) by striking "3.9%" and inserting "3.8%"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023 (11) P-DICHLOROBENZENE.—Heading 9902.01.87
- is amended-(A) by striking "2.7%" and inserting "4.4%";
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/
- 31/2023" (12)P-CHLOROBENZOTRIFLUORIDE.—Heading
- 9902.01.88 is amended-(A) by striking "4.3%" and inserting "4.7%";
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/
- 31/2023". (13)METHANESULFONICACID.—Heading
- 9902.02.02 is amended— (A) by striking "0.8%" and inserting "0.7%";
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/
- 31/2023 (14) LEAF ALCOHOL.—Heading 9902.02.14 is
- amended-(A) by striking "Free" and inserting "1%":
- and(B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/
- 31/2023" (15)RESORCINOL —Heading 9902.02.23
- amended-(A) by striking "Free" and inserting "4.7%";
- and(B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/
- 31/2023 (16) OXYFLUORFEN.—Heading 9902.02.35 is amended-
- (A) by striking "0.8%" and inserting "3.5%"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (17) GLYOXAL.—Heading 9902.02.45 is amend-
- (A) by striking "0.2%" and inserting "Free"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023"
- (18) 4-PROPYL BENZALDEHYDE (NPBAL).—Heading 9902.02.46 is amended-(A) by striking "2.8%" and inserting "4.2%";
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023''.
- (19)4-(1.1-DIMETHYLETHYL)-ALPHA-M(LYSMERAL EXTRA).—Heading 9902.02.48 is amended-
- (A) by striking "Free" and inserting "2.3%"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023'
- (20) DIETHYL KETONE.—Heading 9902.02.54 is amended-
- (A) by striking "0.2%" and inserting "1.7%"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023 (21) CYCLOPENTANONE.—Heading 9902.02.59 is
- amended-(A) by striking "1.7%" and inserting "Free";
- and(B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/
- 31/2023 (22) HYDROXYLMETHYLPENTANONE.—Heading
- 9902.02.63 is amended-(A) by striking "1%" and inserting "2.8%";
- and(B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (23) ETFBO.—Heading 9902.02.71 is amend-

- (A) by striking "Free" and inserting "1.7%"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/31/2023".
- (24) SORBIC ACID.—Heading 9902.02.83 is amended—
- (A) by striking "2.6%" and inserting "2.5%"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/31/2023".
- (25) BENZOYL CHLORIDE.—Heading 9902.02.87 is amended—
- (A) by striking "2%" and inserting "2.9%"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/31/2023".
- (26) SEBACIC ACID.—Heading 9902.02.93 is amended—
- amenaea— (A) by striking ''2%'' and inserting ''2.9%'';
- and
  (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/31/2023"
- (27) DIMETHYL MALONATE OR DMM.—Heading 9902.02.94 is amended—
- (A) by striking "Free" and inserting "1.6%";
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/31/2023".
- (28) PYROMELLITIC DIANHYDRIDE.—Heading 9902.03.02 is amended—
- (A) by striking "Free" and inserting "4.3%";
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/31/2023".
- (29) O-ACETYLSALICYLIC ACID (ASPIRIN).— Heading 9902.03.07 is amended—
- Heading 9902.03.07 is amended—
  (A) by striking "1.9%" and inserting "2.2%";
- and
  (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/
- 31/2023''. (30) METHYL SAL.—Heading 9902.03.08 is amended—
- (A) by striking "2.3%" and inserting "3.4%";
- and
  (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/
- 31/2023''. (31) PHBA.—Heading 9902.03.09 is amended—
- (A) by striking "2%" and inserting "3.4%";
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/31/2023".
- (32) PLASTIC ADDITIVE.—Heading 9902.03.14 is amended—
- (A) by striking "Free" and inserting "3%"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/31/2023".
- (33) MCPA.—Heading 9902.03.23 is amended— (A) by striking "2.5%" and inserting "4.2%";
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/31/2023".
- (34) DIMETHYL CARBONATE.—Heading 9902.03.46 is amended—
- (A) by striking "Free" and inserting "1.2%"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/31/2023".

  (35) PERFLUOROCARBONS FOR PERFORMANCE
- FLUID.—Heading 9902.03.50 is amended—
  (A) by striking "Free" and inserting "0.7%"
- (A) by striking "Free" and inserting "0.7%"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/31/2023".
- (36) 3,5-DIFLUOROANILINE.—Heading 9902.03.57 is amended—
  (A) by striking "Free" and inserting "1.5%";
- and
  (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/
- (37) TRIFLURALIN.—Heading 9902.03.65 is
- amended—
   (A) by striking "4%" and inserting "1.2%";
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/31/2023".
- (38) ETHALFLURALIN.—Heading 9902.03.66 is amended—

- (A) by striking "Free" and inserting "1.3%";
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/31/2023".
- (39) O-TOLUIDINE.—Heading 9902.03.71 is amended—
- (A) by striking "5.5%" and inserting "5.8%"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/31/2023".
- (40) MPDA.—Heading 9902.03.80 is amended— (A) by striking "Free" and inserting "5.4%"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/31/2023".
- (41) 4-ADPA (4-AMINODIPHENYLAMINE).—Heading 9902.03.82 is amended—
- $\bar{\ }(A)$  by striking "4.6%" and inserting "5.3%"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/31/2023".
- (42) 4,4'-DIAMINOSTILBENE-2,2'-DISULFONIC ACID.—Heading 9902.03.84 is amended—
- (A) by striking "1.5%" and inserting "4.3%"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/31/2023".
- (43) PRODIAMINE.—Heading 9902.03.87 is amended—
- (A) by striking "1.6%" and inserting "4.1%"; and (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/
- 31/2023".
- (44) P-CRESIDINE SULFONIC ACID.—Heading 9902.03.98 is amended—
- (A) by striking "Free" and inserting "4%"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/31/2023".
- (45) CHOLINE HYDROXIDE.—Heading 9902.04.16 is amended—
- (A) by striking "Free" and inserting "0.6%"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/31/2023".
- (46) DIURON.—Heading 9902.04.30 is amended—  $\,$
- (A) by striking "0.4%" and inserting "3.8%"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/31/2023".
- (47) METOLACHLOR.—Heading 9902.04.35 is amended—
  (A) by striking "Free" and inserting "5.3%";
- and
  (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/
- 31/2023°. (48) FLUTOLANIL.—Heading 9902.04.40 is
- amended—
   (A) by striking "1.5%" and inserting "1.4%";
- and
  (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/31/2023".
- (49) MEFENOXAM.—Heading 9902.04.42 is
- amended—
  (A) by striking "4.2%" and inserting "5.5%";
  and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/31/2023".
- (50) FLUFENACET-ALCOHOL.—Heading 9902.04.48 is amended—
- 9902.04.48 is amenaea—
  (A) by striking "3.9%" and inserting "3.7%";
  and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/31/2023".
- (51) 2-(TRIFLUOROMETHYL)BENZAMIDE.—Heading 9902.04.49 is amended—
- (A) by striking "4.2%" and inserting "Free"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/31/2023".
- $\begin{array}{lll} (52) & \textit{METHYL-4-TRIFLUOROMETHOXYPHENYL-N-} \\ (\textit{CHL.}) & \textit{CARBAMATE.--Heading} & 9902.04.52 & \textit{is} \\ \textit{amended---} \end{array}$
- (A) by striking "2%" and inserting "2.5%"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/31/2023".

- $\begin{array}{ll} (53) & \textit{GUANIDINOACETIC} & \textit{ACID.} \textit{Heading} \\ 9902.04.64 \; is \; amended \end{array}$
- (A) by striking "Free" and inserting "1.6%"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/31/2023". (54) CHLOROTHALONIL.—Heading 9902.04.65 is
- (A) by striking "5%" and inserting "5.6%";
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/
- 31/2023''.
  (55) BROMOXYNIL OCTANOATE.—Heading
- 9902.04.67 is amended—
  (A) by striking "Free" and inserting "3.4%";
- and
  (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/31/2023".
- (56) BIFENAZATE TECHNICAL.—Heading 9902.04.85 is amended—
- (A) by striking "Free" and inserting "3.7%";
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/31/2023".
- (57) MESOTRIONE.—Heading 9902.05.03 is amended—
- amenaea—
  (A) by striking "6.2%" and inserting "6.1%";
- and
  (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/
- 31/2023''. (58) 2-(METHYLTHIO)-4-(TRIFLUOROMETHYL)BENZOIC ACID.—Heading 9902.05.08 is amended—
- (A) by striking "Free" and inserting "5.4%";
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/31/2023".
- (59) ACEPHATE.—Heading 9902.05.16 is amended—
- (A) by striking "3.2%" and inserting "Free"; and (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/
- 31/2023". (60) METHOMYL.—Heading 9902.05.18 i
- amended—
  (A) by striking "5%" and inserting "Free";
- and
  (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/
- 31/2023°. (61) ALLYL ISOTHIOCYANATE.—Heading
- 9902.05.26 is amended—
  (A) by striking "Free" and inserting "1.0";
- and
  (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/31/2023".
- (62) PMIDA.—Heading 9902.05.29 is amended—
- (A) by striking "2.5%" and inserting "2.9%"; and (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/
- 31/2023''.

  (63) TRIPHENYLTIN HYDROXIDE.—Heading
- (63) TRIPHENYLTIN HYDROXIDE.—Heading 9902.05.32 is amended—
  (A) by striking "Free" and inserting "3.2%";
- and
  (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/
- 31/2023''.
  (64) PBA SOLID (PHENYL BORONIC ACID).—
  Heading 9902.05.34 is amended—
- (A) by striking "4.6%" and inserting "1.9%"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/31/2023".
- (65) SEDAXANE.—Heading 9902.05.68 is amended—
- (A) by striking "Free" and inserting "6.2%"; and (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/
- 31/2023''.
  (66) TECHNICAL FLUAZINAM FUNGICIDE.—Headina 9902 05 83 is amended—
- (A) by striking "Free" and inserting "3.5%";
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/31/2023".
  (67) IMAZETHAPYR.—Heading 9902.05.86 is
- amended—

  (A) by striking "2.2%" and inserting "4.3%";
  and

- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/
- 31/2023''. (68) Fluridone.—Heading 9902.05.87 amended—
- (A) by striking "Free" and inserting "0.1%";
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (69) BICYCLOPYRONE.—Heading 9902.05.88 is amended-
- (A) by striking "4%" and inserting "2.5%"; (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/
- 31/2023''.
- (70)CLOPYRALIDTECHNICAL.—Heading 9902.05.89 is amended—
- (A) by striking "1.4%" and inserting "3.2%"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023".
- (71)AMINOPYRALIDTECHNICAL.—Heading 9902.05.92 is amended-
- (A) by striking "4.1%" and inserting "3.5%"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023".
- (72)FLUROXYPYR ${\it TECHNICAL.-Heading}$ 9902.05.94 is amended—
- (A) by striking "1.6%" and inserting "4.6%";
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023''.
- (73)2.3-DICHLORO-5-(TRIFLUOROMETHYL)PYRIDINE.—Heading 9902.06.07 is amended—
- (A) by striking "2.5%" and inserting "5.3%"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023"
- (74) 2.3-PYRIDINEDICARBOXYLIC ACID.—Heading 9902.06.13 is amended-
- (A) by striking "Free" and inserting "2.9%"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (75) FOOD AND FEED PRESERVATIVE.—Heading 9902.06.22 is amended-
- (A) by striking "1.2%" and inserting "2.1%"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023''.
- (76)  ${\it CLOQUINTOCET-MEXYL.} - {\it Heading}$ 9902.06.24 is amended-
- (A) by striking "4.2%" and inserting "Free";
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023".
- (77)CYPRODINIL TECHNICAL.—Heading 9902.06.31 is amended—
- (A) by striking "Free" and inserting "3.2%";
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023".
- (78)AMINOCYCLOPYRACHLOR.—Heading 9902.06.37 is amended—
- (A) by striking "Free" and inserting "3.8%";
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (79) DMDS.—Heading 9902.06.45 is amended— (A) by striking "1%" and inserting "Free";
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/
- 31/2023". (80) METRIBUZIN.—Heading 9902.06.51
- amended-(A) by striking "1.9%" and inserting "3.2%";
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/
- 31/2023" (81) ATRAZINE.—Heading 9902.06.54 is amend-
- (A) by striking "Free" and inserting "2.7%"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (82) 1,2,4-TRIAZOLE.—Heading 9902.06.97 is amended—

- (A) by striking "2.8%" and inserting "5.1%";
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023''.
- 9902.07.13 is (83) OXADIAZON.—Heading amended-
- (A) by striking "1.3%" and inserting "3.7%"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023".
- (84)FLUDIOXONII. TECHNICAL.—Heading 9902.07.15 is amended— (A) by striking "5%" and inserting "4.7%";
- and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023"
- (85) THIDIAZURON.—Heading 9902.07.24 is amended-
- (A) by striking "Free" and inserting "4.8%"; and(B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/
- 31/2023"
- (86) Flupyradifurone.—Heading 9902.07.32 is amended-
- (A) by striking "Free" and inserting "0.1%"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023"
- (87) PENTHIOPYRAD.—Heading 9902.07.47 is amended-
- (A) by striking "Free" and inserting "4.1%"; and(B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/
- 31/2023" (88) CYPROSULFAMIDE.—Heading 9902.07.56 is
- amended\_ (A) by striking "5%" and inserting "1.6%";
- and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023"
- (89) Sulfentrazone.—Heading 9902.07.60 is amended-
- (A) by striking "5.4%" and inserting "6%"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (90) COLD PRESSED ORANGE OIL.—Heading 9902.08.99 is amended—
- (A) by striking "Free" and inserting "1%"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023"
- (91) Instant print film.—Heading 9902.09.16 is amended-
- (A) by striking "3.1%" and inserting "3.2%"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023".
- (92)FLUPYRADIFURONEFORMULATIONS.-Heading 9902.09.20 is amended—
- (A) by striking "4.2%" and inserting "Free"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023'
- (93) Spiromesifen formulations.—Heading 9902.09.23 is amended-
- (A) by striking "1.0%" and inserting "Free"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023''.
- (94) FLONICAMID.—Heading 9902.09.29 is amended-
- (A) by striking "Free" and inserting "4.9%"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023".
- (95)ABAMECTIN.—Heading 9902.09.34 amended-
- (A) by striking "Free" and inserting "2.3%"; and(B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/
- 31/2023''. ACEPHATE FORMULATIONS.—Heading
- 9902.09.35 is amended-(A) by striking "1.8%" and inserting "3.1%"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023".

- QUINOXYFEN FUNGICIDE.—Heading 9902.09.66 is amended-
- (A) by striking "1.6%" and inserting "1.8%"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023''. (98) COPPER HYDROXIDE
- AND COPPER OXYCHLORIDE.—Heading 9902.09.76 is amended— (A) by striking "Free" and inserting "0.4%";
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023"

and

- (99) 1,1'-DIMETHYL-4,4'-BIPYRIDINIUM DICHLO-RIDE.—Heading 9902.09.94 is amended— (A) by striking "4.6%" and inserting "5.8%";
- and(B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/
- 31/2023". (100) FORMULATED PYRITHIOBAC-SODIUM.—
- Heading 9902.10.07 is amended-(A) by striking "1.0%" and inserting "Free";
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/
- 31/2023 (101) HERBICIDE MIXTURE.—Heading 9902.10.15
- is amended-
- (A) by striking "Free" and inserting "1.7%"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/
- 31/2023". (102) PLASTICIZER.—Heading 9902.10.30 is amended-
- (A) by striking "3.2%" and inserting "3.9%"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023''.
- (103)PALMFATTYACIDDISTILLATE ("PFAD").—Heading 9902.10.44 is amended—
- (A) by striking "1.4%" and inserting "0.9%": and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023\*\*
- (104) IMINODISUCCINATE.—Heading 9902.10.55 is amended-
- (A) by striking "Free" and inserting "1%"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023" (105) VINYLACETATE-VINYLCHLORIDE COPOLY-
- MER.—Heading 9902.10.75 is amended-(A) by striking "Free" and inserting "0.9%";
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/
- 31/2023". (106) COMPOUNDS USED IN LUBRICANTS.—Heading 9902.10.88 is amended-
- (A) by striking "2.4%" and inserting "2.1%"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023".
- (107) POLYVINYL ACETATE FOR FOOD USE.— Heading 9902.10.98 is amended-
- (A) by striking "Free" and inserting "1.2%";
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023' (108) MIXTURES FOR USE IN PAPER COATINGS.—
- Heading 9902.11.14 is amended— (A) by striking "0.3%" and inserting "Free";
- and (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/
- 31/2023''.
  (109) HINDERED AMINE LIGHT STABILIZER.—
- Heading 9902.11.21 is amended-(A) by striking "Free" and inserting "0.3%";
- and(B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023".
- HYDROGENATED (110)POLYMERS NORBORNENE DERIVATIVES.—Heading 9902.11.43 is amended-
- (A) by striking "Free" and inserting "1.5%"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023"
- (111) MODIFIED ETHYLENE-NORBORNENE CO-POLYMER.—Heading 9902.11.54 is amended—
- (A) by striking "Free" and inserting "0.6%"; and

- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023".
- (112) Industrial nitrocellulose (damped ALCOHOL CONTENT 28-32%).—Heading 9902.11.57 is amended—
- (A) by striking "Free" and inserting "2%";
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (113) SODIUM ALGINATE.—Heading 9902.11.59 is amended-
- (A) by striking "Free" and inserting "2.3%";
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023\*\*
- (114) ACRYLIC FILMS.—Heading 9902.11.85 is amended-
- (A) by striking "Free" and inserting "0.6%"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (115) PLASTIC ORNAMENTATION FOR AQUAR-
- IUMS.—Heading 9902.11.99 is amended— (A) by striking "0.5%" and inserting "Free";
- and (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023'
- (116) QUICK CLAMPS.—Heading 9902.12.08 is amended-
- (A) by striking "0.2%" and inserting "1.5%"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023"
- (117) HIGH-QUALITY BULL HIDES.—Heading
- 9902.12.34 is amended— (A) by striking "Free" and inserting "0.2%"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/
- 31/2023 (118) BATTING GLOVES OF LEATHER.—Heading
- 9902.12.58 is amended-(A) by striking "Free" and inserting "0.1%";
- and (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/
- 31/2023 (119) Leather gloves with fourchettes.—
- Heading 9902.12.61 is amended-(A) by striking "9.2%" and inserting "7.6%";
- and(B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/
- 31/2023". (120)LEATHER GLOVESWITHOUT
- FOURCHETTES.—Heading 9902.12.62 is amended— (A) by striking "13.1%"; and ''13.4%'' and inserting
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023"
- (121) ACRYLIC STAPLE FIBERS WITH A FIBER LENGTH BETWEEN 40 AND 47.5 MM AND A SOLAR RE-FLECTANCE INDEX GREATER THAN 30 .- Heading 9902.13.15 is amended—
- (A) by striking "Free" and inserting "0.5%"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023"
- (122) RAYON STAPLE FIBERS FOR USE IN GOODS OF HEADING 9619.—Heading 9902.13.28 is amended-
- (A) by striking "1.7%" and inserting "2.6%";
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023''.
- (123)MECHANICS' WORKGLOVESFOURCHETTES.—Heading 9902.13.71 is amended— (A) by striking "9.8%" and inserting "7%";
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/
- 31/2023''. (124)SLEEPING BAGSHELLS.—Heading
- 9902.13.80 is amended-(A) by striking "Free" and inserting "0.2%";
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (125) WORK FOOTWEAR FOR WOMEN.—Heading 9902.14.07 is amended—
- (A) by striking "2.5%" and inserting "Free"; and

- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023"
- (126) Work footwear for men.—Heading 9902.14.08 is amended-
- (A) by striking "3.6%" and inserting "1.3%"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (127) MEN'S AND BOYS' HOUSE SLIPPERS WITH LEATHER UPPERS.—Heading 9902.14.22 is amended-
- (A) by striking "5.7%" and inserting "5%"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (128) Women's house slippers with leather UPPERS.—Heading 9902.14.28 is amended—
- (A) by striking "7.9 %" and inserting "4.4%"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (129) Women's footwear with textile up-PERS, OPEN TOES OR HEELS, VALUED \$10-\$14.99 PER PAIR.—Heading 9902.14.43 is amended—
- (A) by striking "Free" and inserting "12.2%"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023'
- (130) MEN'S FOOTWEAR, COVERING THE ANKLE BUT NOT THE KNEE, VALUED OVER \$24 PER PAIR .-Heading 9902.14.49 is amended-
- (A) by striking "8.1%" and inserting "Free"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (131) Opaque glass-ceramic cookware.— Heading 9902.14.80 is amended-
- (A) by striking "7.1%" and inserting "Free"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (132) LIQUID-FILLED GLASS BULBS.—Heading 9902.14.87 is amended-
- (A) by striking "1.8%" and inserting "1%"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023'
- (133) SCREW ANCHORS.—Heading 9902.14.94 is amended-
- (A) by striking "Free" and inserting "3.5%"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023''.
- (134)STAINLESS STEEL HANDLESCOOKWARE.—Heading 9902.14.96 is amended—
- (A) by striking "1.5%" and inserting "Free"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023'
- (135) Large metal wire crates for dogs.— Heading 9902.14.99 is amended-
- (A) by striking "1.4%" and inserting "2%"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023"
- (136) Metal wire cages for pets other than DOGS.—Heading 9902.15.01 is amended—
- (A) by striking "Free" and inserting "1.7%"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023'
- (137) USED COMPRESSION-IGNITION INTERNAL COMBUSTION ENGINES.—Heading 9902.15.41 is amended-
- (A) by striking "1.5%" and inserting "1.7%"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (138) CONNECTING RODS.—Heading 9902.15.44 is amended-
- (A) by striking "0.4%" and inserting "Free"; and (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/
- 31/2023 (139) USED FUEL PUMPS.—Heading 9902.15.50 is
- amended-(A) by striking "0.6%" and inserting "1.2%"; and

- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023\*\*
- (140) EXHAUST FANS FOR PERMANENT INSTAL-
- LATION.—Heading 9902.15.54 is amended—
  (A) by striking "4.1%" and inserting "2%";
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (141) SELF-CONTAINED PORTABLE AIR CONDI-TIONER.—Heading 9902.15.64 is amended-
- (A) by striking "1.8%" and inserting "Free"; and(B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/
- 31/2023°. (142) TABLE SAWS.—Heading 9902.15.74 is amended-
- (A) by striking "1.2%" and inserting "1.7%"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023'
- (143) Vehicle stability control actuator ASSEMBLIES.—Heading 9902.15.85 is amended-
- (A) by striking "2.3%" and inserting "1.5%"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023"
- (144) VALVE-TYPE FUEL INJECTORS.—Heading 9902.15.91 is amended-
- (A) by striking "0.5%" and inserting "1.1%";
- and(B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (145) NEW CRANKSHAFTS.—Heading 9902.15.96
- is amended-(A) by striking "0.6%" and inserting "Free";
- and(B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/
- 31/2023" (146) POWER BACK DOOR ACTUATOR ASSEM-
- ${\it BLIES.--Heading~9902.16.06}$  is amended— (A) by striking "1.7%" and inserting "Free"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023'
- (147) DIRECT CURRENT PUMP MOTORS.—Heading 9902.16.07 is amended-
- (A) by striking "2.8%" and inserting "Free"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023"
- (148) MOTORS FOR LOW WATTAGE FANS.—Heading 9902.16.10 is amended-(A) by striking "0.3%" and inserting "1.6%";
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (149) USED STARTERS.—Heading 9902.16.38 is amended-
- (A) by striking "0.4%" and inserting "Free"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023"
- (150) USED ALTERNATORS.—Heading 9902.16.40 is amended-
- (A) by striking "1.6%" and inserting "Free"; (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/
- 31/2023\*\*. ELECTRIC STEAM (151)IRONS.—Heading
- 9902.16.46 is amended-(A) by striking "1.0%" and inserting "Free";
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/
- 31/2023 (152) MICROWAVE HOODS WITH A PLASTIC HAN-
- DLE.—Heading 9902.16.47 is amended-(A) by striking "0.5%" and inserting "0.7%";
- and(B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023'
- (153) MICROWAVE HOODS WITH A METAL HAN-DLE.—Heading 9902.16.48 is amended-
- (A) by striking "1.2%" and inserting "1.4%"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (154) CARAFE-LESS COFFEE MAKERS.—Heading 9902.16.65 is amended-

- (A) by striking "0.4%" and inserting "Free";
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (155) Toaster ovens with a pop-up toaster FEATURE.—Heading 9902.16.67 is amended-
- (A) by striking "Free" and inserting "1.4%";
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023".
- (156) Electric pressure cookers rated MORE THAN 800W BUT NOT MORE THAN 1000W, WITH A CAPACITY OF LESS THAN 5 LITERS.—Heading 9902.16.79 is amended-
- (A) by striking "0.4%" and inserting "Free";
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023"
- (157) FLAT PANEL LCD TELEVISIONS FOR EXER-CISE EQUIPMENT.—Heading 9902.16.85 is amended-
- (A) by striking "3.6%" and inserting "3%"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (158) Motor vehicle chassis with cab and ONLY AN ELECTRIC MOTOR FOR PROPULSION FOR THE TRANSPORT OF GOODS.—Heading 9902.16.97 is amended—
- (A) by striking "23.9%" and inserting "20.9%"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (159) USED GEAR BOXES FOR CERTAIN VEHICLES FOR THE TRANSPORTATION OF GOODS.—Heading 9902.17.01 is amended—
- (A) by striking "Free" " and inserting "0.9%";
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (160) NEW GEAR BOXES.—Heading 9902.17.02 is amended-
- (A) by striking "2.1%" and inserting "1.2%"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023''.
- (161)BICYCLE DISC BRAKES.—Heading 9902.17.10 is amended-
- (A) by striking "6.7%" and inserting "8.8%"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023"
- (162) BABY STROLLERS.—Heading 9902.17.13 is amended-
- (A) by striking "Free" and inserting "2.8%"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023".
- (163) LCD TELEVISION PANEL ASSEMBLIES, WITH A VIDEO DISPLAY MEASURING OVER 101.6 CM BUT NOT OVER 124.46 CM.—Heading 9902.17.24 is amended-
- (A) by striking "Free" and inserting "2.8%";
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023\*\*.
- (164) LCD TELEVISION PANEL ASSEMBLIES, WITH A VIDEO DISPLAY MEASURING OVER 124.46 CM BUT NOT OVER 137.16 CM.—Heading 9902.17.25 is amended-
- (A) by striking "Free" and inserting "0.3%";
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023".
- (165) LIGHT EMITTING DIODE (LED) LAMPS, MOUNTING OPTIONS, BASES, CLAMPS, MOUNTS.-Heading 9902.17.48 is amended—
- (A) by striking "3.0%" and inserting "Free";
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (166) GOLF CLUB DRIVER HEADS WITH A LOFT OVER 9.5 DEGREES.—Heading 9902.17.57 is amended-
- (A) by striking "Free" and inserting "3.5%"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023".

- (167) GOLF CLUB DRIVER HEADS WITH A LOFT UNDER 9.5 DEGREES.—Heading 9902.17.58 is amended—
- (A) by striking "Free" and inserting "1.6%"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023'
- (168) GOLF CLUB HYBRID HEADS.—Heading 9902.17.60 is amended—
- (A) by striking "Free" and inserting "1.2%"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (169) GOLF CLUB WEDGE HEADS WITH A LOFT OF 56 DEGREES OR LESS.—Heading 9902.17.61 is amended—
- (A) by striking "Free" and inserting "1.9%"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (170) GOLF CLUB IRON HEADS OF 8-IRONS AND 9-IRONS.—Heading 9902.17.63 is amended-
- (A) by striking "Free" and inserting "1.4%";
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023'
- (171) TENNIS RACKET FRAMES, UNSTRUNG.— Heading 9902.17.71 is amended-
- (A) by striking "0.4%" and inserting "1.2%"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023"
- (172) VOLLEYBALLS.—Heading 9902.17.74 is amended-
- (A) by striking "Free" and inserting "2.1%"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (173) Basketballs other than leather or
- RUBBER.—Heading 9902.17.75 is amended—
  (A) by striking "3.1%" and inserting "3.2%"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023''.
- (174)RUBBERBASKETBALLS.—Heading 9902.17.77 is amended—
- (A) by striking "2.5%" and inserting "1.6%";
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023"
- (175) FISHING RODS, ONE-PIECE, OF BOTH FI-RERGLASS ANDCARBONFIBER.—Heading 9902.17.93 is amended—
- (A) by striking "Free" and inserting "4.3%"; and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023;
- (176) HAIR-SLIDES WITHOUT IMITATION PEARLS OR STONES.—Heading 9902.17.96 is amended-
- (A) by striking "Free" and inserting "8.6%"; and(B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/
- 31/2023 (177) Eyelash curlers.—Heading 9902.17.97 is
- amended-(A) by striking "Free" and inserting "0.7%";
- and
- (B) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (d) Modifications to Article Descriptions AND RATES OF DUTY.—
- (1) MINCED PIMIENTO STUFFED GREEN OL-IVES.—Heading 9902.01.07 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Olives, green in color, stuffed with minced pimiento, the foregoing in brine and presented in glass containers, other than place packed (provided for in subheading 2005.70.25)
- (B) by striking "Free" and inserting "1.9%"; and
- (C) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (2) VINYL NEODECANOATE.—Heading 9902.02.78 is amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Vinyl neodecanoate (vinyl 7,7dimethyloctanoate) (CAS No. 51000-52-3) (provided for in subheading 2915.90.18)";

- (B) by striking "Free" and inserting "1.1%";
- (C) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023\*\*
- (3) BIFENTHRIN.—Heading 9902.02.86 is amend-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "2-Methylbiphenyl-3-ylmethyl (1RS,3RS)-3-[(Z)-2-chloro-3,3,3-trifluoroprop-1enyl]-2,2-dimethylcyclopropanecar-boxylate (Bifenthrin) (CAS No. 82657-04-3) (provided for
- in subheading 2916.20.50)";
  (B) by striking "2.4%" and inserting "3.3%";
- (C) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023"
- (4) TRINEXAPAC-ETHYL.—Heading 9902.03.31 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to follows: read"Ethyl cyclopropyl(hydroxy)methylene-3,5-
- dioxocyclohexanecarboxylate (Trinexapac-ethyl) (CAS No. 95266-40-3) (provided for in subheading 2918.99.50)";
- (B) by striking "Free" and inserting "2.5%"; (C) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/
- 31/2023''.
- 3,3' (5) DICHLOROBENZIDINE DIHYDROCHLORIDE.—Heading 9902.03.88 amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read asfollows: "3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine dihydrochloride(3,3'-Dichloro-4,4'biphenyldiamine dihydrochloride) (CAS No. 612-83-9) (provided for in subheading 2921.59.80)'
- (B) by striking "Free" and inserting "0.8%";
- (C) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023".
- (6)4-(4-AMINOPHENOXY)ANILINE.—Heading9902.04.01 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "4-(4-Aminophenoxy)aniline (CAS No. 101-80-4) (provided for in subheading 2922.29.81)";
- (B) by striking "1.3%" and inserting "3.3%";
- (C) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023"
- (7) S-METOLACHLOR.—Heading 9902.04.43 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to "2-Chloro-N-(2-ethyl-6follows: methylphenyl)-N-[(1S)-2-methoxy-1methylethyl]acetamide ((S)-Metolachlor) (CAS No. 87392-12-9) (provided for in subheading 2924.29.47)";
- (B) by striking "6.0%" and inserting "6.3%";
- (C) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023"
- (8) COMPOUND USED IN POLYMER PRODUC-TION.—Heading 9902.04.58 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to follows: read as"1.1'-[1.3-Phenylenebis(methylene)]bis(3-methyl-1H-pyrrole-2,5-dione) (CAS No. 119462-56-5) (provided for in subheading 2925.19.42)";
- (B) by striking "Free" and inserting "2.7%"; and
- (C) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023''.
- (9) 2-METHOXLYETHYL(RS)-2-(4-TERT-(CYFLUMETOFEN).—Heading 9902.04.66 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "2-Methoxyethyl 2-cyano-2-[4-(2-methyl-2-propanyl)phenyl]-3-oxo-3-[2-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]propanoate (Cyflumetafen) (CAS No. 400882-07-7) (provided
- for in subheading 2926.90.25)", (B) by striking "Free" and inserting "1.5%"; and
- (C) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (10)β-CYFLUTHRIN.—Heading 9902.04.70 is amended-

- (A) by amending the article description to follows: "Cyano-(4-fluoro-3phenoxyphenyl)methyl 3-(2,2-dichloroethenyl)-2,2-dimethylcyclopropane-1-carboxylate Cyfluthrin) (CAS No. 68359-37-5) (provided for in subheading 2926.90.30)";
  (B) by striking "3.4%" and inserting "Free";
- (C) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023"
- (11) DELTAMETHRIN.—Heading 9902.04.71 is amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to follows: "[(S)-Cyano-(3readasphenoxyphenyl)methyl] (1R,3R)-3-(2,2dibromoethenyl)-2,2-dimethylcyclopropane-1carboxylate (Deltamethrin) (CAS No. 52918-63-5) (provided for in subheading 2926.90.30)'
- (B) by striking "1.8%" and inserting and
- (C) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (12) METHOXYFENOZIDE TECHNICAL INSECTI-CIDE.—Heading 9902.04.84 is amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "N-(3,5-Dimethylbenzoyl)-3methoxy-2-methyl-N-(2-methyl-2-
- propanyl)benzohydrazide (Methoxyfenozide) (CAS No. 161050-58-4) (provided for in subheading 2928.00.25)",
- (B) by striking "3.2%" and inserting "5.4%"; and
- (C) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023''.
- (13)N-BUTYLTHIOPHOSPHORIC TRIAMIDE (NBPT).—Heading 9902.04.98 is amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to ead as follows: "N-Butylthiophosphoric triamide (CAS No. 94317-64-3) (provided for in subheading 2929.90.50)";
- (B) by striking "Free" and inserting "5.1%";
- (C) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023".
- (14) CLETHODIM.—Heading 9902.05.05 amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "2-[1-({[(2E)-3-Chloro-2-propen-1-yl]oxyyamino)propylidene1-5-[2anedione (ethylsulfanyl)propyl]-1,3-cyclohex-(Clethodim) (CAS No. 99129-21-2) (provided for
- in subheading 2930.90.10)";
  (B) by striking "Free" and inserting "3.9%";
- (C) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023"
- (15) AE 747 ETHER.—Heading 9902.05.07 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "2-Chloro-4-(methylsulfonyl)-3-((2,2,2-trifluoroethoxy)methyl)benzoic(CAS No. 120100-77-8) (provided for in sub-
- heading 2930.90.29)";
  (B) by striking "5.7%" and inserting "6%";
- (C) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/
- 31/2023". (16) THIODICARB.—Heading 9902.05.15 is amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Methyl (1E)-N-[methyl-[methul-I(E)-1-methulsulfanulethulideneaminol oxucarbonulaminol sulfanulcarbamoylloxyethanimidothioate (Thiodicarb) (CAS No. 59669-26-0) (provided for in subheading 2930.90.43)
- (B) by striking "Free" and inserting "3.6%"; and
- (C) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023".
- GLUFOSINATE-AMMONIUM.—Heading (17)9902.05.37 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to follows: "2-amino-4-[hyasdroxy(methyl)phosphoryl]butanoic acid;azane (Glufosinate Ammonium) (CAS No. 77182-82-2) (provided for in subheading 2931.39.00)";
- (B) by striking "1.5%" and inserting "3.5%";

- (C) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/
- (18) PYRAFLUFEN-ETHYL.—Heading 9902.05.63 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Ethyl 2-chloro-5-(4-chloro-5 $difluoromethoxy\hbox{-}1\hbox{-}methyl\hbox{-}1H\hbox{-}pyra\hbox{-} \quad zol\hbox{-}3\hbox{-}yl)\hbox{-}4\hbox{-}$ fluorophenoxyacetate (Pyraflufen-ethyl) (CAS. No 129630-19-9) (provided for in subheading 2933.19.23)"
- (B) by striking "Free" and inserting "2.2%";
- (C) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023'
- (19) FIPRONIL.—Heading 9902.05.66 is amend-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "(RS)-5-Amino-1-[2,6-dichloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethysulfinyl)-1H-pyrazole-3-
- carbonitrile (Fipronil) (CAS No. 120068-37-3) (provided for in subheading 2933.19.23)"
- (B) by striking "4.4%" and inserting "5.4%";
- (C) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023\*\*.
- SOLATENOL.—Heading 9902.05.69 (20)amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "N-[9-(Dichloromethylidene)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-1,4-methanonaphthalen-5yl]-3-(difluoromethyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazole-4carboxamide(Benzovindiflupyr) 1072957-71-1) (provided for in subheading 2933.19.23)
- (B) by striking "4.0%" and inserting "4.3%";
- (C) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023'
- (21) TECHNICAL TOLPYRALATE HERBICIDE.-Heading 9902.05.71 is amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to asfollows: "1-[[1-Ethyl-4-[3-(2methoxyethoxy)-2-methyl-4-(methylsulfonyl)benzoyl]-1H-pyrazol-5-

yl]oxy]ethyl methyl carbonate (Tolpyralate) (CAS No. 1101132-67-5) (provided for in subheading 2933.19.23)",

- (B) by striking "Free" and inserting "3.7%"; and
- (C) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (22) IPRODIONE.—Heading 9902.05.73 is amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "3-(3,5-Dichlorophenyl)-N-isopropyl-2,4-dioxoimidazolidine-1-carboxamide (Iprodione) (CAS No. 36734-19-7) (provided for in subheading 2933.21.00)";
- (B) by striking "2.0%" and inserting "1.4%"; and
- (C) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (23) FLUOPICOLIDE.—Heading 9902.05.79 is amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "2,6-Dichloro-N-[3-chloro-5-(trifluoromethyl)-2- pyridylmethyl]benzamide pyridylmethyl]benzamide (Fluopicolide) (CAS No. 239110-15-7) (provided for in subheading 2933.39.21)";
- (B) by striking "Free" and inserting "1%"; and
- (C) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023".
- (24)PICLORAMTECHNICAL.—Heading 9902.05.90 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to follows: "4-Amino-3,5,6-trichloro-2aspyridinecarboxylic acid (CAS No. 1918-02-1) (provided for in subheading 2933.39.25)".
- (B) by striking "4.3%" and inserting "5.1%"; and
- (C) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (25) IMIDACLOPRID.—Heading 9902.05.97 is amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "N-[1-[(6-Chloropyridin-3-

- yl)methyl]-4,5-dihydroimidazol- 2-yl]nitramide(Imidacloprid) (CAS No. 138261-41-3) (provided for in subheading 2933.39.27)",
- (B) by striking "4.3%" and inserting "5.4%"; and
- (C) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023"
- (26) 2-CYANOPYRIDINE.—Heading 9902.06.20 is amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to follows: "2-Cyanopyridine read asPyridinecarbonitrile) (CAS No. 100–70–9) (provided for in subheading 2933.39.91)";
  (B) by striking "2.3%" and inserting "3.2%";
- (C) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023".
- (27) QUINCLORAC.—Heading 9902.06.23 is amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to ead as follows: "3,7-dichloroquinoline-8-carread as boxylic acid (Quinclorac) (CAS No. 84087-01-4) (provided for in subheading 2933.49.30)";
- (B) by striking "Free" and inserting "3.1%";
- (C) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023"
- (28) AZOXYSTROBIN.—Heading 9902.06.30 is amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Methyl (2E)-2-(2-{[6-(2cyanophenoxy)pyrimidin-4yl]oxyγphenyl)-3methoxyacrylate (Azoxystrobin) (CAS131860-33-8) (provided for subheading 2933.59.15)";
- (B) by striking "6.2%" and inserting "5.9%";
- (C) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/
- 31/2023' (29) DEDS.—Heading 9902.06.41 is amended— (A) by amending the article description to
- read as follows: "5-Ethoxy-2-[(5-ethoxy-7-fluoro-[1,2,4]triazolo[1,5-c]pyrimidin-2-yl)disulfanyl]-7fluoro-[1,2,4]triazolo[1,5-c]pyrimidine (CAS No. 166524-75-0) (provided for in subheading 2933.59.70)"
- (B) by striking "0.6%" and inserting "5%";
- (C) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023'
- (30) SPIROTETRAMAT.—Heading 9902.06.67 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "[3-(2,5-Dimethylphenyl)-8methoxy-2-oxo-1-azaspiro[4.5]dec-3-en-4-yl] ethyl carbonate (Spirotetramat) (CAS 203313-25-1) (provided for in subheading
- (B) by striking "3.2%" and inserting "1%";

2933.79.08)

- (C) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023'
- (31) CYPROCONAZOLE.—Heading 9902.06.77 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "[ $\alpha$ -(4-Chlorophenyl)- $\alpha$ -(1cyclopropylethyl)-1H-1-1,2,4- triazole-1-ethanol (Cyproconazole) (CAS No. 94361-06-5) (provided for in subheading 2933.99.22)",
- (B) by striking "Free" and inserting "1.3%";
- (C) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023'
- (32) TEBUCONAZOLE.—Heading 9902.06.78 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "(RS)-1-p-Chlorophenyl-4,4-dimethyl-3-(1H-1,2,4-triazol-1- ylmethyl)pentan-3ol (Tebuconazole) (CAS No. 107534-96-3) (provided for in subheading 2933.99.22)";
- (B) by striking "Free" and inserting "4.4%";
- (C) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023'
- (33) METCONAZOLE.—Heading 9902.06.80 is amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to ``5-[(4-Chlorophenyl)methyl]read as follows:

- 2,2-dimethyl-1-(1,2,4-triazol-
- ylmethyl)cyclopentan-1-ol (Metconazole) (CAS No. 125116-23-6) (provided for in subheading 2933.99.22)"
- (B) by striking "1.6%" and inserting "Free";
- (C) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023\*\*
- (34) PROTHIOCONAZOLE.—Heading 9902.06.81 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to "2-[(2RS)-2-(1follows: Chlorocyclopropyl)-3-(2-chlorophenyl)-2-
- hydroxypropyl]-2H-1,2,4-triazole-3(4H)-thione (Prothioconazole) (CAS No. 178928-70-6) (provided for in subheading 2933.99.22)";
- (B) by striking "5.3%" and inserting "5.7%";
- (C) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023''.
- (35) FLUTRIAFOL.—Heading 9902.06.84 is amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "1-(2-Fluorophenyl)-1-(4fluorophenyl)-2-(1H-1,2,4triazol-1-yl)ethanol (Flutriafol) (CAS No. 76674-21-0) (provided for in subheading 2933.99.22)";
- (B) by striking "0.2%" and inserting "3%";
- (C) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023".
- (36) IPCONAZOLE.—Heading 9902.06.85 is amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "(1R,2S,5R)-2-(4-Chlorobenzyl)-5-isopropyl-1-(1H-1,2,4ylmethyl)cyclopentanol (Ipconazole) (CAS No. 125225–28–7) (provided for in subheading 2933.99.22)"
- (B) by striking "Free" and inserting "1.3%";
- (C) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023"
- (37) HEXYTHIAZOX.—Heading 9902.06.99 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "(4RS,5RS)-5-(4-chlorophenyl)-N-cyclohexyl-4-methyl-2- oxo-1,3-thiazolidine-3carboxamide (Hexythiazox) (CAS No. 78587-05-0) (provided for in subheading 2934.10.10)";
- (B) by striking "1.8%" and inserting "2.4%";
- (C) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023".
- (38) CLOTHIANIDIN.—Heading 9902.07.06 is amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "(E)-1-(2-Chloro-1,3-thiazol-5ylmethyl)-3-methyl-2-nitroquanidine (Clothianidin) (CAS No. 210880-92-5) (provided for in subheading 2934.10.90)";
- (B) by striking "6.1%" and inserting "5.9%"; and
- (C) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (39) THIAMETHOXAM.—Heading 9902.07.07 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Thiamethoxam (3-(2-chloro-5thiazolylmethyl)tetrahydro-5- methyl-N-nitro-1,3,5-oxadiazin-4-imine) (CAS No. 153719-23-4) (provided for in subheading 2934.10.90)";
- (B) by striking "2.5%" and inserting
- (C) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023"
- (40) DIFENOCONAZOLE.—Heading 9902.07.14 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to "1-({2-[2-Chloro-4-(4asfollows: chlorophenoxy)phenyl]-4-methyl-1,3- dioxolan-2-ylymethyl)-1H-1,2,4-triazole (Difenoconazole) (CAS No. 119446-68-3) (provided for in subheading 2934.99.12)",
- (B) by striking "4.6%" and inserting "5.6%";
- (C) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023".

- (41) FLUOXASTROBIN.—Heading 9902.07.21 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "(E)-1-[2-[6-(2-Chlorophenoxy)-5-fluoropyrimidin-4-yl]oxyphenyl]-1-(5,6dihydro-1,4,2-dioxazin-3-yl)-N-
- methoxymethanimine (Fluoxastrobin) (CAS No. (provided for in subheading 361377-29-9) 2934.99.12)"
- (B) by striking "Free" and inserting "2.7%";
- (C) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (42) ISOXAFLUTOLE.—Heading 9902.07.22 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "(5-Cyclopropyl-1,2-oxazol-4yl)-[2-methylsulfonyl-4-
- (trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methanone (Isoxaflutole) (CAS No. 141112-29-0) (provided
- for in subheading 2934.99.15)" (B) by striking "5.5%" and inserting "4.8%";
- (C) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/
- 31/2023''. PINOXADEN.—Heading(43)9902.07.26 is amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to follows: "8-(2,6-Diethyl-4readasmethylphenyl)-1,2,4,5-tetrahydro-7-oxopyrazolo[1,2-d][1,4,5]oxadiazepin-9-yl-2,2dimethylpropanoate (Pinoxaden) (CAS 243973-20-8) (provided for insubheading
- (B) by striking "5.4%" and inserting "Free";

2934.99.15)

- (C) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023".
- (44) ISOXABEN TECHNICAL HERBICIDE.—Heading 9902.07.27 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "2,6-Dimethoxy-N-[3-(3-methyl-3-pentanyl)-1,2-oxazol-5yl]benzamide (isoxaben) (CAS No. 82558-50-7) (provided for in subheading 2934.99.15)";
  (B) by striking "3.1%" and inserting "2.7%";
- (C) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023"
- (45) Fluthiacetmethyl.—Heading 9902.07.29 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Methyl [[2-chloro-4-fluoro-5[(tetrahydro-3-oxo-1H,3H-[1,3,4]thiadiazolo[3,4-a]pyridazin-1-
- ylidene)amino]phenyl]thio]acetate (Fluthiacetmethyl technical) (CAS No. 117337-19-6) (provided for in subheading 2934.99.15)";
- (B) by striking "Free" and inserting "3%"; and
- (C) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023"
- (46) FLUMIOXAZIN.—Heading 9902.07.30 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "2-[7-Fluoro-3-oxo-4-(2-propyn-1-yl)-3,4-dihydro-2H-1.4-benzoxazin-6-ull-4,5,6,7-tetrahydro-1Hisoindole-1.3(2H)-dione (Flumioxazin) (CAS No. 103361-09-7) (provided for in subheading 2934.99.15)";
- (B) by striking "6.1%" and inserting "5.6%";
- (C) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023\*\*
- (47) BUPROFEZIN.—Heading 9902.07.31 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "(2Z)-3-Isopropyl-2-[(2-methyl-2-propanyl)imino]-5-phenyl- 1,3,5-thiadiazinan-4-one (Buprofezin) (CAS No. 69327-76-0 or 953030-84-7) (provided for in subheading 2934.99.16)
- (B) by striking "1.4%" and inserting "Free"; and
- (C) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023\*\*.
- (48)SAROLANER.—Heading 9902.07.38 amended-

- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "1-{5'-[(5S)-5-(3,5-Dichloro-4fluorophenyl)-4,5-dihydro-5- (trifluoromethyl)-1,2-oxazol-3-yl]-1H,3'H-spiro[azetidine-3,1'-
- [2]benzofuran]-1- $yl\gamma$ -2-mesylethanone(Sarolaner) (CAS No. 1398609-39-6) (provided for in subheading 2934.99.30)";
  (B) by striking "Free" and inserting "4.5%";
- (C) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/
- 31/2023' (49) ISOXADIFEN-ETHYL.—Heading 9902.07.43 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Ethyl 5,5-diphenyl-4H-1,2oxazole-3-carboxylate (Isoxadifen-ethyl) (CAS No. 163520-33-0) (provided for in subheading 2934.99.39)
- (B) by striking "4.0%" and inserting "5.6%"; and
- (C) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023"
- (50) PYROXASULFONE TECHNICAL.—Heading 9902.07.53 is amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "3-(\{[5-(Difluoromethoxy)-1methyl-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1H $yl]methyl\gamma sulfonyl)-5,5-dimethyl-4,5$ dihudro-1,2-oxazole (Pyroxasulfone) (CAS No. 447399-55-5) (provided for in subheading 2934.99.90)"
- (B) by striking "3.5%" and inserting "6.3%"; and
- (C) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023"
- (51) TRIASULFURON.—Heading 9902.07.57 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "2-(2-Chloroethoxy)-N-[(4methoxy - 6 - methyl - 1, 3, 5 - triazin - 2 -
- yl) carbamoy l] benzene sulfonamide(Triasulfuron) (CAS No. 82097-50-5) (provided for in subheading 2935.90.75)";
- (B) by striking "0.4%" and inserting "Free"; and
- (C) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023'
- (52) Trifloxysulfuron.—Heading 9902.07.58 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Sodium 4,6-dimethoxy-2-[({[3ethoxy)pyridin-2-(2.2.2-trifluoroyl]sulfonylycarbamoyl)imino]-2H-purimidin-1ide (Trifloxysulfuron-sodium) (CAS No. 199119-58-9) (provided for in subheading 2935.90.75)
- (B) by striking "4.6%" and inserting "4.9%"; and
- (C) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (53) COPPER PHTHALOCYANINE BLUE CRUDE.-Heading 9902.08.59 is amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Copper phthalocyanine ((Phthalocyanato(2-))-copper), not ready for use as pigment (PCN Blue Crude) (CAS No. 147-14-8) (provided for in subheading 3204.17.20)'
- (B) by striking "3.3%" and inserting "3%";
- (C) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023''
- (54) Spirotetramat formulations.—Heading 9902.09.24 is amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Product mixtures containing (5s, 8s)-3-(2,5-dimethylphenyl)-8-methoxy-2-oxo-1-azaspiro [4.5] dec-3-en-4-ul ethul carbonate (Spirotetramat) (CAS No. 203313-25-1) (provided
- for in subheading 3808.91.25)";
  (B) by striking "5.2%" and inserting "Free"; and
- (C) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (55) PROTHIOCONAZOLE AND TEBUCONAZOLE FORMULATIONS.—Heading 9902.09.50 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Product mixtures containing 2-[(2RS)-2-(1-chlorocyclopropyl)-3-(2-chlorocyclopropy
- chlorophenyl) -2-hydroxypropyl]-2H-1,2,4-triazole-3 (4H)-thione (Prothioconazole) (CAS No.

- 178928-70-6) and (RS)-1-p-chlorophenyl-4,4-dimethyl-3-(1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-ylmethyl) pentan-3ol (Tebuconazole) (CAS No. 107534-96-3) (provided for in subheading 3808.92.15)";
- (B) by striking "4.9%" and inserting "3.2%"; and
- (C) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/31/2023".
- (56) TRIFLOXYSTROBIN AND PROTHIOCONAZOLE FORMULATIONS.—Heading 9902.09.51 is amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Product mixtures containing methyl (E)-methoxyimino-\{(E)-2-[1-(\alpha,\alpha,\alpha,trifluoro-m-tolyl) ethylideneaminooxy]-o-tolyl\alphacetate (Trifloxystrobin) (CAS No. 141517-21-7) and 2-[(2RS)-2-(1-chlorocyclopropyl)-3-(2-chlorophenyl) -2-hydroxypropyl]-2H-1,2,4-triazole-3(4H)-thione (Prothioconazole) (CAS No. 178928-70-6) (provided for in subheading 3808.92.15)";
- (B) by striking "4.0%" and inserting "Free";
- (C) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/31/2023".
- (57) PROPOXYCARBAZONE-SODIUM FORMULA-TIONS.—Heading 9902.09.85 is amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Product mixtures containing sodium {[2-(methoxycarbonyl) phenyl]sulfonyly [(4,5-dihydro-4-methyl-5-oxo-3-propoxy-1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl) carbonyl] azanide (Propoxycarbazone sodium) (CAS No. 181274-15-7) (provided for in subheading 3808.93.15)";
- (B) by striking "3.8%" and inserting "Free";
- (C) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/31/2023".
- (58) HERBICIDE FOR BROADLEAF WEEDS.— Heading 9902.09.86 is amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Product mixtures containing (5-hydroxy-1,3-dimethyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)[2-
- (methylsulfonyl)-4-(trifluoromethyl) phenyl] methanone (Pyrasulfotole) (CAS No. 365400-11-9); (2,6-dibromo-4-cyanophenyl) octanoate (Bromoxynil Octanoate) (CAS No. 1689-99-2); 2,6-dibromo-4-cyanophenyl heptanoate (Bromoxynil Heptanoate) (CAS No. 56634-95-8); and diethyl 1-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-5-methyl-4,5dihydro-1H-pyrazole-3,5-dicarboxylate
- (Mefenpyr-diethyl) (CAS No. 135590-91-9) (provided for in subheading 3808.93.15)";
- (B) by striking "3.7%" and inserting "2.6%"; and
- (C) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/31/2023".
- (59) ASULAM SODIUM SALT FORMULATIONS.— Heading 9902.09.96 is amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Mixtures of methyl sulfanilylcarbamate, sodium salt (Asulam sodium salt) (CAS No. 2302–17–2) and application adjuvants (provided for in subheading 3808.93.15)":
- (B) by striking "2.0%" and inserting "3.7%";
- (C) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/31/2023".
- (60) ISOXAFLUTOLE AND CYPROSULFAMIDE FOR-MULATIONS.—Heading 9902.10.01 is amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Mixtures containing 5-cyclopropyl-4-(2-mesyl-4-trifluoromethylbenzoyl) isoxazole (Isoxaflutole) (CAS No. 141112-29-0) and N-({4-[(cyclopropylamino) carbonyl]phenyly-sulfonyl)-2-methoxybenzamide (Cyprosulfamide) (CAS No. 221667-31-8) (provided for in subheading 3808.93.15)";
- (B) by striking "2.5%" and inserting "5%"; and
- (C) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/31/2023".
- (61) ISOXADIFEN-ETHYL AND TEMBOTRIONE FORMULATIONS.—Heading 9902.10.02 is amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Product mixtures containing

- ethyl 5,5-diphenyl-4H-1,2-oxazole-3-carboxylate (Isoxadifen-ethyl) (CAS No. 163520–33–0) and 2-{2-chloro-4-(methylsulfonyl)-3-[(2,2,2-
- trifluoroethoxy)methyl]benzoyly -1,3cyclohexanedione (Tembotrione) (CAS No. 335104-84-2) (provided for in subheading 3808.93.15)'';
- (B) by striking "1.3%" and inserting "Free";
- (C) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/31/2023".
- (62) INDAZIFLAM FORMULATIONS.—Heading 9902.10.09 is amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Mixtures containing N-[(1R,2S)-2,6-dimethyl-2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-1-yl]-6-[(1R)-1-fluoroethyl]-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-
- diamine (Indaziflam) (CAS No. 950782–86–2) and application adjuvants (provided for in subheading 3808.93.15)";
- (B) by striking "5.6%" and inserting "5.1%";
- (C) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/31/2023".
- (63) HERBICIDE MIXTURES.—Heading 9902.10.10 is amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Mixtures containing 2,5-dimethyl-4-[2-methylsulfonyl-4-
- (trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-1H-pyrazol-3-one (Pyrasulfotole) (CAS No. 365400-11-9); 2,6-dibromo-4-cyanophenyl octanoate (Bromoxynil Octanoate) (CAS No. 1689-99-2); methyl 4-{[(3-methoxy-4-methyl-5-oxo-4,5-dihydro -1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl) carbonyl] sulfamoyly-5-methyl-3-thiophenecarboxylate (Thiencarbazone-Methyl) (CAS No. 317815-83-1); and diethyl 1-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-5-methyl-4,5-dihydro-1H-pyr-
- azole -3,5-dicarboxylate (Mefenpyr-diethyl) (CAS No. 135590-91-9) (provided for in subheading 3808.93.15)'';
- (B) by striking "3.6%" and inserting "2.6%";
- (C) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/31/2023".
- (64) Product used as lubricant or mold Release material.—Heading 9902.10.93 is amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Ethene, 1,1,2,2-tetrafluoro-, oxidized, polymerized, reduced, methyl esters, reduced (CAS No. 88645-29-8) (provided for in subheading 3004.69.50)".
- subheading 3904.69.50)";
  (B) by striking "2.1%" and inserting "Free";
  and
- (C) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/31/2023".
- (65) HEAT-CURABLE EPOXY RESIN MIXTURES.— Heading 9902.11.15 is amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Heat-curable epoxy resin mixtures containing more than 30 percent by weight of 4,4"-(9H-fluorene-9,9-diyl)bis(2-chloroaniline) (CAS No. 107934-68-9) as a curing agent (provided for in subheading 3907.30.00)";
- (B) by striking "Free" and inserting "3.4%"; and
- (C) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/31/2023".
- (66) POLYMER OF 1,4-BENZENEDICARBOXYLIC ACID WITH 1,4-BUTANEDIOL AND HEXANEDIOIC ACID.—Heading 9902.11.23 is amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Polymer of 1,4-benzenedicarboxylic acid with 1,4-butanediol and hexanedioic acid (CAS No. 60961-73-1) (provided for in subheading 3907.99.50)";
- (B) by striking "1.6%" and inserting "3.6%"; and
- (C) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/31/2023".
- (67) SET OF PLASTIC CUTLERY WRAPPED IN PAPER.—Heading 9902.11.96 is amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Cutlery of plastics, presented with quantities of identical cutlery items joined together by paper wrapping or paper banding designed for ease of loading in a fully enclosed

- dispensing system (provided for in subheading 3924.10.40)";
- (B) by striking "Free" and inserting "1.8%"; and
- (C) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/31/2023".
- (68) ACRYLIC FILAMENT TOW WITH A DECITEX OF 5 TO 5.6.—Heading 9902.13.04 is amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Acrylic filament tow containing 85 percent or more by weight of acrylonitrile units and 2 percent or more but not more than 8 percent of water, dyed, such tow with a decitex of 5 to 5.6, an aggregate filament measure in the tow bundle between 660,000 and 1,200,000 and a length greater than 2 m (provided for in subheading 5501.30.00)";
- (B) by striking "Free" and inserting "1.5%"; and
- (C) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/31/2023".
- (69) MODACRYLIC STAPLE FIBER WITH A DECITEX OF 1.7 AND A FIBER LENGTH OF 38MM.—Heading 9902.13.19 is amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Modacrylic staple fibers containing by weight 2 percent or more but not over 3 percent of water, not pigmented (ecru), crimped, with a decitex of 1.7 and fiber length of the containing
- 38 mm (provided for in subheading 5503.30.00)";
  (B) by striking "Free" and inserting "0.6%";
  and
- (C) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/31/2023".
- (70) HAND-TUFTED WOOL CARPETS.—Heading 9902.13.42 is amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Carpets and other textile floor coverings, tufted, whether or not made up, of wool or fine animal hair, hand-hooked, that is, in which the tufts were inserted by hand or by means of a hand tool that is not power-driven (provided for in subheading 5703.10.20)";
- (B) by striking "5.8%" and inserting "5.3%"; and
- (C) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/31/2023".
- (71) Women's footwear made on a base or platform of wood.—Heading 9902.14.20 is amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Footwear for women, with outer soles of rubber or plastics and uppers of leather, made on a base or platform of wood (provided for in subheading 6403.99.20)":
- (B) by striking "1.4%" and inserting "Free"; and
- (C) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/31/2023".
- (72) SCISSORS, VALUED OVER \$1.75 PER DOZEN.— Heading 9902.15.31 is amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Scissors, valued over \$1.75/dozen, each with stainless steel blades, one small loop handle and one larger loop handle and with an overall length of less than 17 cm, the foregoing other than those scissors designed for use in pet grooming and presented with attached retail labeling or put up for retail sale as goods designed to cut pet hair (provided for in subheading \$213.00.90)":
- (B) by striking "4.2%" and inserting "2.5%"; and
- (C) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/31/2023".
- (73) TIRE ASSEMBLY MACHINES.—Heading 9902.15.82 is amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Machinery for molding, assembling or otherwise forming uncured, unvulcanized rubber (green) tires (provided for in subheading 8477.59.01), the foregoing to be used in production of new pneumatic tires designed in all sizes for motor cars (such tires of subheadings 4011.10.10 and 4011.10.50), buses and trucks (such tires of subheadings 4011.20.50) motorcycles (such tires of subheading 4011.40.00) and agricultural, forestry,

- construction or industrial vehicles (such tires of subheadings 4011.70.00, 4011.80.10, 4011.80.20, 4011.80.80, 4011.90.10, 4011.90.20 and 4011.90.80)"
- (B) by striking "2.5%" and inserting "2.1%";
- (C) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023'
- (74) FUEL INJECTORS.—Heading 9902.15.94 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Fuel injectors (other than used), each incorporating a valve and a microstamped orifice hole, certified by the importer as designed to deliver fuel to the combustion chamber of a gasoline engine with a pressure not exceeding 120 MPa (1200 bar) (provided for in subheading 8481.80.90)";
- (B) by striking "1.9%" and inserting "1.3%"; and
- (C) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023".
- SUBSEA FLOW MODULES.—Heading 9902.15.95 is amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Valves, capable of operating at pressures of 68.94 MPa or more (provided for in subheading 8481.80.90), for controlling production flow through a subsea tree, each valve mounted in a module that can be unlocked by a remotely operated underwater vehicle for subsequent removal and replacement";
- (B) by striking "Free" and inserting "0.4%";
- (C) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023'
- (76) USED TRANSMISSIONS.—Heading 9902.16.01 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Used fixed ratio speed changers (provided for in subheading 8483.40.50), other than transmissions for the vehicles of
- headings 8701, 8702, 8703, 8704 and 8705''; (B) by striking "1.9%" and inserting "Free";
- (C) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023".
- (77) Motor assemblies for electric box FANS.—Heading 9902.16.08 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "AC electric motors of an output exceeding 37.5 W but not exceeding 74.6 W, single phase, each equipped with a capacitor, rotary speed control mechanism and a motor mounting cooling ring (provided for in subheading 8501.40.20)
- (B) by striking "Free" and inserting "1.1%"; and
- (C) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023
- (78) Motor assemblies for oscillating -Heading 9902.16.09 is amended—
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "AC electric motors of an output exceeding 37.5 W but not exceeding 72 W, single phase, each equipped with a capacitor, a speed control mechanism, and a motor mount of plastics and a self-contained gear mechanism for oscillation (provided for in subheading 8501.40.20)"
- (B) by striking "2.0%" and inserting "2.3%";
- (C) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023''.
- ELECTRICMULTI-COOKERS.—Heading 9902.16.74 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Electrothermic multifunctional cookers (multicookers) of a kind used for domestic purposes, each incorporating a timer and designed to prepare foods by various methods, including boiling, simmering, baking, frying, roasting or stewing (provided for in subheading 8516.79.00), the foregoing without a thermometer probe".
- (B) by striking "Free" and inserting "2.3%";
- (C) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023\*\*.

- BABY STROLLER SYSTEMS.—Heading 9902.17.14 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Baby strollers, each with chassis presented with removable seat and removable bassinet, with the seat designed to be attached to the chassis base plate, with the seat backrest designed to allow a child to be in a reclining position or to be supported at varying backrest angles; the foregoing not including any such stroller with a tilting or tilted seat only (provided for in subheading 8715.00.00)";
- (B) by striking "Free" and inserting "2.5%";
- (C) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023".
- (81) IRON HEAD GOLF CLUBS.—Heading 9902.17.59 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Golf club heads designed for clubs designated as 1-irons, 2-irons, 3-irons, 4irons or 5-irons (provided for in subheading 9506.39.00)"
- (B) by striking "1.0%" and inserting "2.1%"; and
- (C) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023'
- (82) Golf club iron heads of 6-irons and 7-IRONS.—Heading 9902.17.62 is amended-
- (A) by amending the article description to read as follows: "Golf club heads designed for clubs designated as 6-irons and 7-irons (provided for in subheading 9506.39.00)'
- (B) by striking "1.0%" and inserting "2.4%";
- (C) by striking "12/31/2020" and inserting "12/ 31/2023'

## Subtitle C-Effective Date and Technical Corrections Authority

#### SEC. 108461. EFFECTIVE DATE.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The amendments made by this title apply to articles entered on or after the date that is 120 days before the date of the enactment of this Act.
  - (b) RETROACTIVE APPLICATION.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding section 514 of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1514) or any other provision of law and subject to paragraph (2), any entry of an article classifiable under a heading of subchapter II of chapter 99 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States added or amended by this title-
  - (A) that was made—
- (i) on or after the date that is 120 days before the date of the enactment of this Act, and
- (ii) before the date of the enactment of this Act, and
- (B) to which a lower rate of duty would apply if the entry were made on or after such date of enactment.
- shall be liquidated or reliquidated as though such entry occurred on such date of enactment.
- (2) REQUESTS.—A liquidation or reliquidation may be made under paragraph (1) with respect to an entry only if a request therefor is filed with U.S. Customs and Border Protection not later than 300 days after the date of the enactment of this Act that contains sufficient information to enable U.S. Customs and Border Protection-
- (A) to locate the entry or
- (B) to reconstruct the entry if it cannot be located
- (c) Definitions—In this section the terms "enter" and "entry" include a withdrawal from warehouse for consumption.

#### SEC. 108462. AUTHORITY TO MAKE TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING CHANGES.

The United States Trade Representative is authorized to make such conforming changes to the article descriptions of subchapter II of chapter 99 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States, as added or amended by this title, as may be necessary to ensure that such article descriptions conform to and are otherwise in accordance with the modifications to the Harmonized Tariff Schedule proclaimed by the President pursuant to Presidential Proclamation 10326 (86 Fed. Reg. 73593; relating to modifying the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States and for other purposes).

# DIVISION L—COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE SEC. 110001. RECOMPETE PILOT PROGRAM.

- (a) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.is authorized to be appropriated \$4,000,000,000 for fiscal years 2022 through 2025 to remain available until expended, to the Department of Commerce for economic adjustment assistance as authorized by section 209 of the Public Works and Economic Development Act of 1965 (42 U.S.C. 3149) to establish a pilot program, to be known as the "Recompete Pilot Program", to provide grants to eligible recipients to carry out activities in eligible areas and Tribal lands represented by an eligible recipient to alleviate persistent economic distress and support long-term comprehensive economic development and job creation in eligible areas, except that sections 204 and 301 of such Act shall not apply to a grant provided under this section.
- (b) TERM.—A grant shall have a term of 10 fiscal years and be disbursed at such time and in such manner as determined by the Secretary of Commerce in accordance with benchmarking requirements established by the Secretary.
- (c) ALLOCATION OF FUNDS.—Of the funds provided by this section-
- (1) not less than 96 percent shall be used for grants to be awarded to eligible recipients representing eligible areas to carry out activities described in a recompete plan that has been approved by the Secretary of Commerce;
- (2) not more than I percent may be used for planning and technical assistance grants to be awarded to eligible recipients representing eligible areas to develop a recompete plan and carry out related predevelopment activities; and
- (3) the Secretary shall transfer not more than 3 percent to the Salary and Expenses Account of the Economic Development Administration for the costs of administration and oversight of this section.
  - (d) LIMITATIONS.-
- (1) LIMITATION ON ELIGIBLE AREAS.—An eligible area may not benefit from more than 1 grant described in subsection (c)(1) and 1 grant described in subsection (c)(2).
- (2) LIMITATION ON RECIPIENTS.—For purposes of the program under this section, an eligible recipient may not receive a grant described in subsection (c)(1) on behalf of more than 1 eligible
- AWARD AMOUNT .-- In determining the amount of a grant that an eligible recipient may be awarded under subsection (c)(1), the Secretary shall-
- (1) take into consideration the proposed activities and projected expenditures outlined in an approved recompete plan; and
- (2) use not more than the product obtained by multipluing-(A) the prime-age employment gap of the eligi-
- ble area; (B) the prime-age population of the eligible
- area; and
  - (C) either-
  - (i) \$70.585 for local labor markets: or
  - (ii) \$53,600 for local communities.
- (f) ELIGIBLE USES.—Eligible receipents and other specified entities in an eligible area may use funds awarded under subsection (C)(1), in accordance with an approved recompete plan, to carry out coordinated and comprehensive economic development programs and activities in an eligible area, which shall include-
- (1) the provision of business advice and assistance to small and medium-sized local businesses and entrepreneurs, including-
  - (A) manufacturing extension services; (B) small business development centers:
- (C) centers to help businesses bid for Federal
- procurement contracts:
- (D) entrepreneurial assistance programs that link entrepreneurs with available public and private resources;

- (E) legal advice and resources; and
- (F) assistance in accessing capital;
- (2) land and site development programs, such as brownfield redevelopment, research and technology parks, business incubators, business corridor development, and Main Street redevelopment programs;
- (3) infrastructure and housing activities that are directly related to supporting job creation and employment for residents, such as-
- (A) improvements to transit, roads, broadband access;
- (B) housing development and other activities to address local housing needs;
  - (C) land-use and zoning reforms; and
  - (D) transit-oriented development activities;
- (4) job training oriented to local employer needs, such as customize job training programs carried out by local community colleges in partnership with local businesses:
- (5) workforce outreach programs, such as-
- (A) programs located in, and targeted to, lower-income and underemployed neighborhoods; and
- (B) embedding job placement and training services in neighborhood institutions such as churches, housing projects, and community advocacy programs;
- (6) job retention programs and activities, such as the provision of-
  - (A) job coaches;
  - (B) child care services; and
  - (C) transportation support:
- (7) planning, predevelopment, technical assistance, and other administrative activities as may be necessary for the ongoing implementation, administration, and operation of the programs and activities carried out with a grant described in subsection (c)(1) and in accordance with the requirements of this section, including but not limited to economic development planning and evaluations; and
- (8) such other programs and activities as the Secretary determines to be appropriate, including any proposed programs or activities that the recipient demonstrates clearly and substantially, to the satisfaction of the Secretary, will directly advance the goals of the program established under this section.
  - (6) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) ELIGIBLE AREA.—The term "eligible area" means either of the following:
  - (A) A local labor market that-
- (i) has a prime-age employment gap equal to not less than 2.5 percent; and
- (ii) meets additional criteria as the Secretary may establish.
  - (B) A local community that—
- (i) has a prime-age employment gap equal to not less than 5 percent;
- (ii) is not located within an eligible local labor market that meets the criteria described in subparagraph (A);
- (iii) has a median annual household income of not more than \$75,000; and
- (iv) meets additional criteria as the Secretary may establish.
- (2) ELIGIBLE RECIPIENT.—The term "eligible recipient" means a specified entity which has been authorized in a manner as determined by the Secretary to represent and act on behalf of an eligible area for the purposes of the Recompete Pilot Program.
- (3) LOCAL LABOR MARKET.—The term "local labor market" means any of the following areas that contains 1 or more specified entities described in subparagraphs (A) through (D) of paragraph (6):
- (A) A metropolitan statistical area micropolitan statistical area, excluding any area described in subparagraph (C).
- (B) A commuting zone, excluding any areas described in subparagraphs (A) and (C).
- (C) The Tribal land with a Tribal prime-age population represented by a Tribal government.
- (4) LOCAL COMMUNITY.—The term "local community" means the area served by a unit of general local government that is located within, but

does not cover the entire area of, a local labor market that does not meet the criteria described in paragraph (1)(A).

- (5) PRIME-AGE EMPLOYMENT GAP.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—The term "prime-age employment gap" means the difference (expressed as a percentage) between-
- (i) the national 5-year average prime-age emploument rate: and
- (ii) the 5-year average prime-age employment rate of the eligible area.
- (B) CALCULATION.—For the purposes of subparagraph (A), an individual is prime-age if such individual between the ages of 25 years and 54 years.
- (6) RECOMPETE PLAN.—The term "recompete plan" means a comprehensive 10-year economic development plan that-
- (i) proposed programs and activities to be carried out with a grant awarded under subsection (c)(1) to address the economic challenges of the eligible area in a comprehensive manner that promotes long-term, sustained economic growth, lasting job creation, per capita wage increases, and reduction in the prime-age employment gap of the eligible area;
- (ii) projected costs and annual expenditures and proposed disbursement schedule;
- (iii) the roles and responsibilities of specified entities which may receive funds awarded under this grant to carry out proposed programs and activities; and
- (iv) other information as the Secretary determines appropriate;
- (B) is developed by an eligible recipient that is the recipient of a planning and technical assistance grant described in subsection (c)(2);
- (C) is submitted to the Secretary for approval for an eligible recipient to be considered for a arant described in subsection (c)(1): and
- (D) may be modified over the term of the grant by the eligible recipient, subject to the approval of the Secretary or at the direction of the Secretary, if benchmarking requirements are repeatedly not met or if other circumstances necessitate a modification.
- (7) Specified Entity.—The term "specified entitu" means-
- (A) a unit of local government;
- (B) the District of Columbia;
- (C) a territory of the United States;
- (D) a Tribal government;
- (E) a State-authorized political subdivision or other entity, including a special-purpose entity engaged in economic development activities;
- (F) a public entity or nonprofit organization. acting in cooperation with the officials of a political subdivision or entity described in subparagraph(E):
- (G) an economic development district (as defined in section 3 of the Public Works and Economic Development Act of 1965 (42 U.S.C. 3122);
- (H) a consortium of any of the specified entities described in this paragraph which serve or are contained within the same eligible area.
- (8) TRIBAL GOVERNMENT.—The term "Tribal government" means the recognized governing body of any Indian or Alaska Native Tribe. band, nation, pueblo, village, community, component hand or component reservation individually identified (including parenthetically) in the list published by the Bureau of Indian Affairs on January 29, 2021, pursuant to section 104 of the Federally Recognized Indian Tribe List Act of 1994 (25 U.S.C. 5131).
- (9) TRIBAL LAND.—The term "Tribal land" means any land-
- (A) located within the boundaries of an Indian reservation, pueblo or rancheria; or
- (B) not located within the boundaries of an Indian reservation, pueblo, or rancheria, the title to which is held-
- (i) in trust by the United States for the benefit of an Indian Tribe or an individual Indian;
- (ii) by an Indian Tribe or an individual Indian, subject to restriction against alienation under laws of the United States; or

- (iii) by a dependent Indian community.
- (10) Tribal prime-age population.—
  (A) IN GENERAL.—The term "Tribal prime-age population" shall be equal to the sum obtained by adding-
  - (i) the product obtained by multiplying—
- (I) the total number of individuals ages 25 through 54 residing on the Tribal land of the Tribal government: and
  - (II) 0.65; and
  - (ii) the product obtained by multiplying-
- (I) the total number of individuals ages 25 through 54 included on the membership roll of the Tribal government; and
  - (II) 0.35.
- (B) USE OF DATA.—A calculation under subparagraph (A) shall be determined based on data provided by the applicable Tribal government to the Department of the Treasury under the Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund programs under title VI of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 801 et seq.).

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The bill, as amended, is debatable for 2 hours equally divided and controlled by the chair and ranking minority member of the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology or their respective des-

The gentlewoman from Texas (Ms. JOHNSON) and the gentleman from Florida (Mr. WALTZ) each will control 60 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentlewoman from Texas.

#### GENERAL LEAVE

Ms. JOHNSON OF Texas. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that all Members have 5 legislative days to revise and extend their remarks and include extraneous material on H.R. 4521, the bill now under consideration.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentlewoman from Texas?

There was no objection.

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Ms. JOHNSON of Texas. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Mr. Speaker, it is an honor to stand before this body today to speak in support of H.R. 4521, the America COM-PETES Act of 2022.

I am very proud to be the sponsor of this bill, and as chairwoman of the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology, I am especially proud of the strong bipartisan bills from my committee that are included in this package.

It is a privilege to be able to come together in the House this week to consider this consequential piece of legislation. It is legislation that is critical to the future health of our American science and innovation enterprise and our Nation's competitiveness.

The United States has long been a beacon of excellence in science and innovation. However, we cannot rest on our laurels. It is time for us to revitalize Federal support for the kinds of research and development initiatives that enabled us to achieve that excellence in the first place.

We need to take a holistic approach that encompasses everything from the state-of-the-art research and development taking place at our national labs to advanced manufacturing facilities that employ and support communities across the Nation.

It is not an understatement to say that we can usher in an exciting and prosperous future for American competitiveness with the suite of provisions contained in Divisions A and B of the America COMPETES Act. These include transformative support for the National Science Foundation, the Department of Energy's Office of Science, and the National Institute of Standards and Technology.

In addition, the provisions in this act will enable us to create a strong and diverse STEM workforce, one that is ready to address the great societal and scientific challenges we face as a nation.

One of many STEM provisions included in the America COMPETES Act is the STEM Opportunities Act. This is an initiative I have been working to make law for 15 years and which is needed now more than ever.

With this legislation, we are making investments to build clean energy solutions, address the climate crisis, reinforce our national security, enhance our semiconductor manufacturing capabilities, and so much more.

In short, we are acting to address the critical needs identified by the scientific community, industry, academia, and other stakeholders as what they need most to succeed in the 21st century.

If we are to continue to lead and be able to compete on a global scale, we must chart our own course. The United States has endless potential to lead the world in innovation and competitiveness, and the America COMPETES Act can supply the driving force to get us there.

Before I close, I would like to thank Speaker Pelosi and my colleagues on and off the Science, Space, and Technology Committee for their work in getting us to this point.

I would also like to thank Ranking Member LUCAS for being a constructive partner with me to ensure that we passed bipartisan bills that incorporated the good ideas put forth by Members on both sides of the aisle in our committee.

Finally, I would like to thank the staff of the Science, Space, and Technology Committee for the hard work, dedication, and long hours that they have put in throughout this process. I deeply appreciate what they have done.

This is a strong package, one that was put together with the needs of each and every American, especially those in historically underserved communities, in mind.

Mr. Speaker, I urge all of my colleagues to support the America COM-PETES Act of 2022, and I look forward to its swift passage.

Mr. Speaker, I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. WALTZ. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Mr. Speaker, we are here today to discuss what House Democrats are now

calling the America COMPETES Act, and frankly, it is a shame. It is a shame that they are framing this as a bill about competitiveness. While it may have started as just that, it has now morphed into another attempt to impose the Democrats' out-of-touch agenda on America.

Mr. Speaker, the sad reality is that we are in desperate need of a competitiveness bill. The Chinese Communist Party is trying to overtake us and intends to overtake us as the global leader in science and technology because they know that leadership in science directly equates to a stronger economy, a more secure homeland, and greater influence in ethical standards that underpin all of our emerging technologies.

It is no wonder that the Chinese Communist Party is doing everything in its power to take every possible advantage in this global competition. The Chinese Communist Party is outspending us on research and development. They are graduating more STEM students and building their high-tech workforce faster than we are, and they are acquiring valuable research and intellectual property through any means necessary, absolutely including forced acquisition and theft.

Mr. Speaker, they are stealing their way to the top, and it is not an exaggeration to say that countering China's global influence must be one of our highest priorities in Congress.

The House Science, Space, and Technology Committee with Chairwoman JOHNSON'S and Ranking Member Lucas' leadership took on this responsibility and rightly so-and did what the American people expect us to do. We spent more than 1 year meeting with stakeholders, gathering feedback, finding consensus policies, and passing bipartisan legislation. In total, with their leadership and with the great work of the Science, Space, and Technology Committee, we passed a dozen bills to double down on our investment and transformative basic research, build our STEM workforce, and strategically support the most important emerging technologies like artificial intelligence, quantum sciences, and advanced manufacturing.

While you will hear about all of those bills that are in this package, Mr. Speaker, it is inaccurate to say this is a China bill or a competitiveness bill. I want to be crystal clear: This is not bipartisan legislation, and it is not focused on the problems at hand.

If the Speaker and our colleagues, the House Democrats, were serious about addressing the threat from the Chinese Communist Party, then they would have moved our science bill—those dozen bills—into conference months ago. We have been ready to go since June, and everyone who has worked on it on both sides of the aisle knows it. That is when the two core elements of our package passed the House with overwhelming bipartisan support.

Instead, this body wasted all summer and fall on massive spending bills like Build Back Better, and now we have little to show for it. So here we are, on Groundhog Day, fittingly and sadly, going through the same exercise we have already done multiple times.

Let's be candid. Democrats are trying to cram through a massive bill filled with unnecessary spending that dramatically alters what has passed through this House instead of focusing on the issues at hand. What started as a bipartisan effort to keep the U.S. globally competitive somehow, in the last few weeks, went through the black box of Speaker Pelosi's office and emerged as the Build Back Better backup plan filled with failed initiatives and progressive demands.

Instead of addressing competition and the threat from the Communist leadership in China, this bill now corrupts good, solid bipartisan work I was personally very proud of, and it corrupts it with thousands of pages of irrelevant policies.

What kind of China bill mentions coral reefs more than China?

There are very real consequences to this bad faith effort. As much as 85 percent of America's long-term economic growth is due to advances in science and technology. We cannot take that continued growth for granted.

I can assure you, Mr. Speaker, when the Chinese Communist Party considers how to outpace us in the technologies of the future, they aren't wasting their time and money on U.N. climate funds, which, by the way, send money right back over to Beijing. We should be taking this every bit as seriously as they are.

I expect my Republican colleagues will share the countless poison pills that have been inserted into this bill, so I won't elaborate on them here. Instead, I will simply urge my colleagues, with a heavy heart, to oppose this bill and urge Democratic leadership to get serious about the threat from China.

Let's stay focused on that threat. Let's go to conference with a clean bipartisan competitiveness bill and set our country up for the continued economic success that Americans deserve.

Mr. Speaker, I reserve the balance of my time.

Ms. JOHNSON of Texas. Mr. Speaker, I yield 3 minutes to the outstanding gentleman from New Jersey (Mr. PALLONE).

Mr. PALLONE. Mr. Speaker, I stand in strong support of the America COM-PETES Act, legislation that restores a strong and robust American manufacturing base that can outcompete any other nation. It will put us on course to lead the pack in creating the strongest and most advanced economy of the future

Over the past 40 years, America's manufacturing sector has lost market share to economic competitors like China. This decline in manufacturing, coupled with the COVID-19 pandemic, has led to severe supply chain disruptions across our economy.

The America COMPETES Act will strengthen our economy by bolstering our Nation's supply chains and ensuring that more critical goods are made right here in the United States.

The legislation invests \$45 billion in grants, loans, and loan guarantees to support supply chain resilience and manufacturing of critical goods, industrial equipment, and manufacturing technology here in the U.S.

It invests \$52 billion for the CHIPS for America Act, incentivizing private-sector investments in superconductor fabrication in the United States. This funding will help eliminate disruptions in the superconductor supply chain from abroad that has hurt American automakers, medical supply chain companies, and manufacturers of heavy machinery.

It invests \$3 billion to help build a domestic solar manufacturing supply chain so we can aggressively counter China's control of the solar chain that jeopardizes our energy security interests. The bill also keeps our electric grid secure and resilient in the face of evolving cybersecurity and physical security threats.

The America COMPETES Act also improves our medical supply chain and strengthens our Strategic National Stockpile. During the early days of the COVID-19 pandemic, there were widespread shortages of essential medicines, medical supplies, and some personal protective equipment. This legislation increases our domestic drug manufacturing base by expanding the use of advanced and what we call continuous manufacturing practices.

It also establishes a \$1.5 billion supply chain manufacturing pilot program that will help maintain domestic reserves of critical medical supplies. It creates a \$10.5 billion program that awards grants to States to expand or maintain a strategic stockpile of products essential in the event of a public health emergency.

Finally, Mr. Speaker, the America COMPETES Act innovates our wireless supply chain and network security by funding the deployment of cutting-edge technology and ensuring that next-generation mobile wireless networks are safe and secure from foreign adversaries.

Mr. Speaker, for too long, America has relied too heavily on other nations to manufacture critical goods essential to our economy. That has to end, and the America COMPETES Act makes the investments to ensure that America can outcompete any other nation now and well into the future.

Mr. Speaker, I strongly urge my colleagues to support the bill.

Mr. WALTZ. Mr. Speaker, I yield 5 minutes to the gentleman from Texas (Mr. McCaul), who is the Republican leader of the Foreign Affairs Committee.

Mr. McCAUL. Mr. Speaker, last year, the CCP's hypersonic weapons program successfully launched a missile that traveled all the way around the world. That program was built on the backbone of U.S. technology.

And as we speak, the Chinese Communist Party is committing genocide against their own people. Women are forced to abort their children. Families are ripped apart. And all the while, American IP is being used to build the CCP's police state to help the CCP surveil and imprison the ethnic and religious minorities that they torture.

A substantive bill that counters the CCP isn't just a national security issue; it is a moral issue. That is why any serious legislation must include export controls to keep U.S. technology out of the hands of the CCP's military and surveillance state.

The stakes could not be higher, and the outcome hinges on a technology race. Unfortunately, this bill takes no meaningful step to address this significant risk to U.S. national security. Instead, it is a Trojan horse being used to inject \$8 billion worth of taxpayer money into an unaccountable United Nations slush fund.

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That is more than double the amount of money authorized for actual foreign policy programs. This U.N. slush fund has already provided at least \$100 million directly to China, U.S. taxpayer dollars to a country that this Congress, that the former Republican President and the current Democrat President have all agreed is committing genocide; to a country that even Secretary Kerry admitted is using slave labor to make green energy projects, like solar panels and batteries.

And for some unknown reason, Democrats rejected Republican efforts to guarantee that the CCP could not access U.S. taxpayer money in this bill.

But even worse, this legislation could send U.S. taxpayer dollars to fund green energy projects built on the CCP's genocide program against its own people, to fund their slave labor, to prop up their forced abortions.

Shockingly, Republicans attempted to stop this from happening, to stop U.S. taxpayers from funding slave labor, but we were outright rejected by the Democrats.

Mr. Speaker, this is a moral issue. It is the test of our time. If we allow this legislation to pass, we will be on the wrong side of history. We will be helping the CCP build the future of global energy on the foundation of slave labor and genocide.

And Mr. Speaker, I stand before you today both angry and disappointed. This bill could have been the bipartisan crowning achievement of this Congress and we could have worked together.

We could have shown the American people that when it comes to generational threats posed by the CCP, that Republicans and Democrats can put U.S. interests over special interests; that we can put national security over party politics; that we can put morality over money.

Instead, the gentlewoman from California hijacked this legislation that

was bicameral, bipartisan; hijacked these negotiations, and threw it together in this legislation that she well knew contained provisions that Republicans could not support.

In other words, she chose to turn this into a partisan political stunt. And she did it in secret, behind the backs of Republicans, while many of us were still negotiating with our Democrat counterparts in good faith to find a bipartisan agreement.

So, Mr. Speaker, the CCP is the most significant economic and national security threat the United States faces. The American people deserved better than this superficial partisan response.

I urge my colleagues to vote "no" on this immoral bill and stand with me against genocide.

Ms. JOHNSON of Texas. Mr. Speaker, I yield 2 minutes to the gentlewoman from California (Ms. WATERS).

Ms. WATERS. Mr. Speaker, I rise in support of the America COMPETES Act. This crucial piece of legislation will strengthen our Nation's financial system and allow us to maintain and strengthen our ability to compete with the rest of the world, especially with the People's Republic of China; that is, PRC.

After arriving in Congress, I have made it a priority to advance legislation to empower American workers and make sure America's economy remains competitive for generations to come.

Under my leadership, the Committee on Financial Services has:

Reauthorized the Terrorism Risk Insurance Act and the Export-Import Bank to benefit American workers, small businesses, and communities throughout our country;

Set aside \$60 billion of Paycheck Protection Program, that is PPP, funds for community lenders to lend to some of the smallest businesses, including minority, and women-owned businesses;

Protected small investors and businesses from bad practices on Wall Street to give everyone a fair shot in our capital markets.

Today, I continue that leadership with the America COMPETES Act, including several provisions from our committee that, among other things, will combat ransomware attacks, strengthen Defense Production Act authorities to protect the supply chains of medical materials, and more.

I am also pleased to have included my bill to end World Bank and Asian Development Bank funding for China, unless such assistance contributes a global public good that serves the U.S. national interest, such as stopping climate change.

Moreover, I urge the House to pass the Sherman amendment, which strengthens the integrity and, thus, increases the competitiveness of our economy and capital markets by adding long overdue transparency to the shadow or exempt securities markets.

Mr. Speaker, this bill will set up our Nation, its businesses and workers, to better compete in the world, especially against the PRC. Let's invest in our Nation's future and get this historic bill to the President's desk.

I urge an "aye" vote.

Mr. WALTZ. Mr. Speaker, I yield 5 minutes to the gentlewoman from Washington (Mrs. Rodgers), the Republican leader of the Energy and Commerce Committee.

Mrs. RODGERS of Washington. Mr. Speaker, I appreciate the gentleman yielding.

I rise in strong opposition to this dangerous bill. This isn't just a missed opportunity to boost American competitiveness; it actually will set us back on our goal to beat China and win the future.

I have heard the majority say that if you oppose this bill, you aren't in favor of increasing our competitiveness against China. Yet, the White House didn't even mention China in its statement of support.

This is a go-it-alone approach that will actually embolden China; ignore the damage of the radical agenda that has been pushed through this Congress under one-party rule and what it has done to our ability to compete.

The Chinese Communist Party tries to compete by cheating, stealing, and using their centrally controlled economy to pick winners and losers through massive government subsidies.

Instead of embracing free markets and American ingenuity, this bill tries to copy that type of an approach of centralized industrial policy and massive government handouts that benefit political allies.

We cannot and we should not even try to beat the Chinese Communist Party at their own game. It is not the American way.

The United States of America has a record. Ours is one where we have done more to lift people out of poverty, raise the standard of living, cure diseases, spur innovation, more than any other country in the history of the world. We have done so by embracing freedom, free markets, human rights, and the respect for human dignity; where success isn't contingent upon the approval or the direction of the government, the Federal Government; where hard work, creative thinking, and risk-taking are rewarded.

The approach of this bill ignores this and, instead, attempts to cover up the many crises that have been created in the last year under the Biden-Harris administration and this majority.

Virtually every piece of this radical agenda from the last year, under one-party rule, has hurt our ability to compete. The war on American energy has set back our energy independence and harmed our economic and national security, while making us more dependent upon China.

The record amount of spending has created rampant inflation. The regulatory agenda has made it more difficult for our businesses.

Speaker Pelosi's drug pricing control scheme will destroy American

medical innovation. The radical environmental agenda will make it impossible to have a domestic source for critical minerals and chemicals needed for advanced manufacturing. And the push to keep our schools closed will set back an entire generation of Americans.

If the Democrats wanted to make America more competitive, they would abandon the destructive agenda and work to reform burdensome permitting, licensing, and regulatory regimes.

Sadly, this legislation, driven out of the Speaker's Office, is Speaker Pelosi doubling down on that agenda, one that is benefiting political allies, leading to rampant waste, fraud, and abuse, and the increase of dependence on China.

You know, there were many bipartisan provisions from the Committee on Energy and Commerce included in this bill but, unfortunately, the overall bill is extremely problematic. And a previously bipartisan program that we had negotiated that would spur development and deployment of like, for example, advanced communications infrastructure, had labor restrictions attached to them that is only going to make it harder for us to lead in 5G and next-gen communications.

It also creates massive slush funds and more grants for Democrats' political allies. There is a new grant and loan program at the Department of Energy that is Solyndra on steroids, a \$3 billion domestic solar manufacturing program with less waste, fraud, and abuse protections than what had led to Solyndra. It is a supercharged Solyndra, that will benefit China, which controls critical minerals and parts for solar panels.

There is a \$45 billion supply chain program that is also for their political allies, prioritizing labor unions, Blue State mayors and Governors, and other allies over businesses and entities that could actually make our supply chains more resilient.

I urge my colleagues to abandon this plan. Let's not surrender our competitive edge to China. Let's work on real solutions that will make us more competitive, win the future, and offer a better life for all.

Ms. JOHNSON of Texas. Mr. Speaker, I yield 2 minutes to the gentlewoman from New York (Mrs. CAROLYN B. MALONEY)

Mrs. CAROLYN B. MALONEY of New York. Mr. Speaker, I thank the gentlewoman for yielding, and for her leadership

I rise in strong support of the America COMPETES Act. As our country fights to emerge from this pandemic, the policies of the Biden-Harris administration increased GDP by 5.7 percent in 2021, with the last quarter clocking in at an impressive 6.9 percent Gross Domestic Product.

But we cannot return to the pre-pandemic status quo in which geopolitical adversaries, like China, threatened our industrial base, supply chains, intellectual property, technological security, and global leadership and innovation.

The America COMPETES Act will protect and enhance the competitive edge of America's workers, businesses, and economy, which other nations are seeking to undermine.

Nowhere are the intentions of our adversaries clearer than in the cyber realm. Over the past several years, the country has been rocked, rocked by major attacks by cybercriminals like China and Russia.

Just this morning, our committee approved a sweeping, bipartisan bill to modernize and improve the cybersecurity framework of the Federal Government. But these efforts will be hindered if we don't have the right personnel in place to implement our Federal policies.

The America COMPETES Act will help address this by including H.R. 3599, a bipartisan bill by Ro Khanna and Nancy Mace, which establishes a rotation program for cybersecurity professionals at Federal agencies.

The America COMPETES Act also includes H.R. 4469, a bill I led with Representatives LYNCH and RASKIN, to ensure the Privacy and Civil Liberties Oversight Board has the authority and resources it needs to protect civil liberties through oversight of artificial intelligence use of executive agencies.

The America COMPETES Act will ensure that America can compete and win in the economy of the future, and it positions the Federal Government in a way to lead the way forward. There is so much to say about it.

My time has expired. This is a must

My time has expired. This is a must vote if you want America to be competitive in the world economy.

Mr. WALTZ. Mr. Speaker, I yield 1 minute to the gentleman from California (Mr. McCarthy), the Republican leader.

Mr. McCARTHY. Mr. Speaker, I want to thank the gentleman for yielding. But more importantly, I want to thank him for his service to this country.

After ignoring the China threat for years, House Democrats finally introduced a bill that is allegedly tough on China. They call it the America COMPETES Act.

But make no mistake: It is a bill that concedes to China. The America concedes act is Democrats' desperate answer to their stream of self-created crises

While it contains some provisions supported by Republicans, Speaker PELOSI is holding these good ideas hostage by using this 3,000-page bill as a vehicle for the party's far-left agenda.

Almost every page of the Democrats' concedes act has a provision that helps China but hurts America.

Now, I know 3,000 pages is a lot to read, and my friends may not always get the opportunity, Mr. Speaker, to read it before they vote on it. So I want to take an opportunity here to actually give you some of the pages and what it actually does.

Now, here are just a few excerpts. On page 1689, it provides a new, unlimited green card program for the Chinese Communist Party to exploit.

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It also allows research funds to freely flow to colleges and universities that host Confucius Institutes which are essentially CCP propaganda centers. They literally censor our colleges and campuses.

These policies would make our Nation more vulnerable to Chinese espionage. In fact, the threat of Chinese spying in America is so widespread that the FBI has 2,000 active cases. Think about that. There are 2,000, almost as many pages as this bill is. They open a new case every 12 hours. So as we debate this bill for the next few days, there will be six new cases opened.

I wonder what they would do. How far would the Chinese spy? I have watched a lot of Hollywood movies. I don't know. Could you imagine? Would they go as far and as deep to even meet somebody and spy on them when they are on the city council?

Would they develop a friendship through a college like we see here with Confucius? Maybe they would even help if the city council person wanted to run for Congress. Maybe they would go as far as, if this person runs for Congress and they had developed this long relationship from meeting in college, to offer to put people in their office, to help them work in that office, the interns. It would be good.

Could they go as far as this person that got elected to Congress may be just in their second term to get on one of the most influential committees, the Committee on Intelligence? Could they go that far? With the FBI opening up cases every 12 hours, if this person got on the Committee on Intelligence, they would probably warn leadership here about that, I would imagine, because they wouldn't know. If leadership was warned about it, instantly that Member probably would not be on a committee where they could hear secrets that Members here don't get to know. Surely that person would not still be on that committee. I don't know if this is Hollywood or not.

Mr. Speaker, what if that Member even wanted to run for President after that? That would be shocking to me. It is probably too Hollywood. It couldn't be true. It couldn't happen in today's world. I don't know. The FBI has 2,000 active cases, and they open a new one every 12 hours.

So what are you doing to stop that? Oh, we are going to help them. We are going to give them more money. We are going to give them a green card program. I am sure, when the FBI warns of the next, maybe that person could even become a subcommittee chair on the Committee on Intelligence. That couldn't happen in America. I just know with new leadership it won't be allowed.

On page 995, it requests a toothless report from the Biden administration on the origins of COVID. Instead of taking action to get real accountability, it is going to ask for a report. Now this leadership could open a lot of

select committees. They do that quite often. Why don't we have a select committee on the origins of COVID?

I know we are going to debate this bill for a couple of days. Today, I just got a notice we were going to have a memorial this week on the steps of the Capitol like we had before, because 900,000 Americans have now died because of COVID. That got postponed. I don't know if you know why it was postponed. Was it postponed because we were debating this bill and we didn't want to put them together at the same time? I am not sure of that. I don't know. It is a question I would wonder.

Mr. Speaker, the bigger question I would wonder is, instead of just sitting out there and giving a moment of silence, why wouldn't we give them more time to explain why those 900,000 in America died, let alone the millions around the world where it originated from? Don't you think that would be a better use of our time? I know with the new leadership we will have that committee.

On page 1396, it directs the American military to train to combat climate change. How does that compete? I always thought the American military would be trained to defend America, to protect America. But lo and behold this Congress on page 1396 is going to direct the American military to train to combat climate change. If the leadership in this Congress was different, I know that would not be in there.

On page 1645, this is very important for competing. It creates a Coral Reef Task Force because, you know, a Coral Reef Task Force, somebody can cut himself, but 900,000 Americans can die of COVID, but you can't have a task force on that to know where it originated from. If anybody gets hurt from a coral reef, we have got the task force right here in this building. That is going to make America compete like no other country can.

On page 227, it creates a new Federal program to study plumbing. Mr. Speaker, I will tell you we don't need any new program to study plumbing. If anybody here wants to study plumbing, I know MARKWAYNE MULLIN will give you a class day in and day out. Nobody is finer. He has proven it. This is going to make America compete?

Mr. Speaker, 900,000 Americans can die, but you are not going to do anything about understanding where the origin was created. We are getting spied on every single day, all the way down to city council, but we are not doing anything there. We are actually going to fund it and let them do more. When it comes to coral reefs and plumbing, we are going to excel.

On page 1392, it gives \$8 billion. Can you imagine \$8 billion? How do we get \$8 billion? We take it from the tax-payer. How does the taxpayer get \$8 billion? They wake up in the morning. They work. They are paying more for gas. They are paying more for their milk, for their eggs, for their break-

fast. They are paying more for the masks they have got to put on their kids, if the schools are even open. They earn less because inflation hits them every day, but what we are going to do is take more of their money.

Mr. Speaker, \$8 billion, what would this Congress invest in? Well, they are going to give it to the unaccountable U.N. Green Climate Fund.

Now what have they done with this fund? Where does this money go? If it is really worthy, I am sure the American taxpayer would offer \$8 billion more for this Congress to decide where they should be able to send that so their kids can't enjoy maybe a day at Disneyland or somewhere else or simply to be able to pay their electricity bill that continues to rise.

Well, the U.N. is very, very accountable for this. They have already funneled \$100 million to China. So how does the America COMPETES Act do anything to China but provide them more money? Whose money are they provided? You are taking it from the hardworking American taxpayer to give to China through the U.N. Maybe they can buy more solar panels and batteries made by the slave labor in China but paid for by the American taxpayer. I don't think that does much to help us to compete.

Now, Republicans have offered amendments to prevent China from using that money. Wouldn't it seem like it would be an easy vote? I think it would be hands down. I would really be interested in knowing who in this body has constituents that have raised their hand and said they will give \$8 billion of their hard-earned taxpayer money so we can send it to the U.N. for the Green Climate Fund that has given China \$100 million. I would like to know that district.

We offered the amendment to stop it. Do you know what is so interesting? There has to be at least 218 districts that want to do that because it failed. The Democrats said no. They are in the majority. So it had to be your districts. I am not sure if any of you have taken a poll on that. Maybe I am wrong.

Mr. Speaker, all of these far-left policies would make America more vulnerable. We might be stronger in the coral reef, but in everything else we are going to be more vulnerable when it comes to China.

Mr. Speaker, Democrats have spent this debate defending none of them. Earlier this week the Biden White House never mentioned the word China in a letter to the House Democrats, urging them to support the America COMPETES Act.

How is that possible, Mr. Speaker? This is the White House with an administration that has worked closely with this Democrat leadership. This bill is all based upon competes, making us stronger against China. The only thing I could think of is the White House must have read the bill, because there is nothing in there that actually makes

us stronger against China, only weaker. So I guess they didn't want to mention it.

Now Democrats seem to be pivoting to talking about the economy. You should be so proud of what you have done to the economy because you have changed it. You have changed it drastically. It looks worse today than it did 1 year ago. We have just passed the 1-year anniversary of one-party rule. I am not sure you can blame other people for it. You can show what you accomplished. Some have even said that this \$320 billion will help reduce inflation. That is deja vu all over again.

Mr. Speaker, we were on this floor and lo and behold it became a moment in time where no longer did we want to do anything bipartisan when it came to COVID because now you had the Senate. You had the White House. So I guess you think you didn't need to do that. So you came up with this great idea to spend almost \$2 trillion. You know what? I can't blame you because it is kind of similar to this bill. Title it COVID but only spent 9 percent on it. Spend \$2 trillion. We come to the floor, and we debate.

Mr. Speaker, we actually warned you. There were moments in time I thought, should we warn you or should we not? But I care too much about the country. It is too much pain. If you make this bill go through and you spend \$2 trillion, you are going to create inflation, a tax on every single American. Oh, no, no, you said. Lo and behold, a year later, we were right again.

Don't make the same mistake twice. Don't bring a bill where even the President won't mention China. And don't lie to the American public that it's going to make us stronger. If you are talking about the coral reef bill, go right ahead.

It is not a surprise that Democrats want to change the subject. Unfortunately, China is not waiting around for us to act. The real threats we face should remind all of us about the importance of leading by example and putting America first. That starts with taking the threat of China seriously.

Mr. Speaker, I believe personally the two greatest threats to the future of this country are the size of our debt and China. No matter what you study in history, every great society that overextends themselves collapses.

We have \$30 trillion in debt, larger than our economy. You are here, wanting to take more money to give to the U.N. to give to China. You want to take more money to study plumbing. We all know water goes downhill. You want to take more money to study the coral reef. You want to tell the American public that we are going to be better, that we are going to be able to compete.

Mr. Speaker, I don't sit here just to criticize. I tried to work, to do it together, to make it better. House Republicans have tried to work with Democrats on important issues. Three

years ago, I remember traveling to the 75th anniversary of Normandy. It is an unbelievable location. I remember a lot of the Members went together. I went with Speaker Pelosi.

I remember walking through the cemetery. You look at those headstones from the Star of David to the cross. All the names were young men who died, all about the same age and close in proximity. All died in about the same timeframe. As you reflect on their life, you begin to reflect on the position that we currently serve.

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What action could have been done that that day never had to take place? It wouldn't be a week before or a month before; it would be years before. What position, what policy could we have done then as a country that D-day didn't have to take place?

In doing so, as I ponder this, as we were sitting on foreign soil and we were watching as Americans gave the ultimate sacrifice, their lives-with the Speaker and others—and knowing what I think about our debt and China. I asked the Speaker, could we create a committee, a select committee-make it an equal number of Republicans and Democrats so politics is out of it—to focus on not only making America compete, but compete against China, from our critical minerals, from our medical supplies, and others; that we could have a real plan that could come out united as one.

Now, I didn't give up. I worked on it for like 8 months. I talked to the majority leader, STENY HOYER. I will tell you, we finally came to agreement, and the answer was yes. I was so excited.

We worked on who would we appoint. We wanted to make it right. We worked hard on it. We even came back, when the Democrats said it had to be a smaller committee, I said, "Okay, I will make it smaller just so we can do it."

In February 2020, a joint release was ready to go out. This is how far we came. I don't know if you know the reporter Josh Rogin with the Washington Post? We even brought him in to interview the Members of Congress who were going to be appointed to this committee so we could have a story about it. That is how close we were.

But just as that press release was ready to hit the button to go at the time, on 2-24, Chairman Engel's staff said some small things needed to be changed.

March 18, the early days of China coronavirus outbreak, and the cover-up came out. A study published in March indicated that if Chinese authorities had acted 3 weeks earlier than they did, the number of cases could have been reduced by 95 percent. I am sure that committee could have found a lot of that.

On May 7, 2020, The Washington Post wrote, "GOP to Launch China Task Force," because I wanted the Demo-

crats to stay with us. We had the reports; we had the names; we had everything; but they said no. They said no. Three years ago they said no.

This select committee was not going to study the coral reef, was not going to study plumbing, was simply going to focus on how does America compete for the future, what do we need to compete against China. That is all we were going to do. We were not going to take \$8 billion and give it to the U.N. to give to China. We weren't going to do any of that.

So we went ahead without you. That was May 7. One week later, Mr. Speaker, on May 14, the Speaker of this House, NANCY PELOSI, said: "Trump's focus on China is an interesting diversion." An interesting diversion. Think about where we are today and if we had acted back then.

Today, Mr. Speaker, Speaker Pelosi says the only thing is the GOP may not want the President to have a victory, which is a sad statement on their part because this is really a jobs issue and a national security issue. Well, I am not sure, because in reading the bill, if it is a jobs issue, I guess she takes that from the plumbing study. A national security issue, I guess making our military trained against climate change. But why couldn't we have done that 3 years ago, to have a real committee?

Three years ago the bipartisan talks for the China Task Force, it did take me a year, but unfortunately Speaker PELOSI walked away. Luckily for America, the House Republicans started the task force anyway.

We quickly delivered hundreds of specific recommendations that addressed every part of the China threat. There wasn't one bill on plumbing or one bill on the coral reef.

In October of 2020 our China Task Force released something no Congress in history has done before, a comprehensive blueprint to guide our response to China. I am proud that it is the most thorough report on China in the history of Congress. I am proud that it is bold, achievable, and realistic. It identifies the threat of Communist China. It doesn't reward them with money.

Two-thirds of those recommendations are bipartisan, and one-third have already passed the House or the Senate. And we did not stop there.

On the issue of COVID, perhaps the greatest offense China has committed, House Republicans offered eight reasonable solutions to achieve justice for Americans and to hold China accountable, including relocating the Olympics from Beijing.

Mr. Speaker, those opening ceremonies are going to be quite interesting. President Xi and President Putin are probably going to be arm in arm. I don't know, we might be arm in arm, I don't know the exact day we are going to go out to pay tribute to the 900,000 Americans who died from COVID. More in the last year than the year before.

No select committee here to study the origins of it. Wouldn't you want to know? None of those families can sue the people who created it. That was one of the recommendations. I kind of think that would be common sense. I kind of think we both could get to the same place.

Meanwhile, House Democrats picked this week of all weeks to finally put a weak bill that requests moving the Games. Yeah, if you wait to that very last day, I bet you could do it then, 2 days before they begin. Frankly, it is too little and too late. I bet you China laughs just like they laugh at this bill.

The actions of the majority tell you all you need to know about who they truly want to help—themselves, their corporate allies, and the Chinese Communist Party.

Mr. Speaker, I do not know what the Communist Party has on the majority party here, but it must be powerful. It must be powerful. To be that close to have a select committee, to have the reporter who already had written the story to get pulled away, to have 900,000 American lives taken, and you move the date.

I don't know why, but could it be this bill at this time? There is nothing in this bill to study the origins; there is nothing in this bill to give those families the right to be compensated for the life they lost. But there is money in here for China. There is money in here to give more green cards. There is money in here where the institutes could be continued.

Mr. Speaker, I implore my colleagues to take some time and think deeply about what our country stands for. It certainly isn't this political stunt by the majority.

Mr. Speaker, I will never question somebody's patriotism. The only thing I ask is if you were there on the 75th anniversary of Normandy, and you walked through, and you read those names, and you ever wondered what could have been done beforehand, I think you would know this is not the right path. I would hope you would have the political courage to say so, and I would hope you would have the will to vote "no," not because your political life depends on it, but because America's future depends on it.

Ms. JOHNSON of Texas. Mr. Speaker, I yield 2 minutes to the gentlewoman from Massachusetts (Ms. CLARK).

Ms. CLARK of Massachusetts. Mr. Speaker, I want to start by thanking Chairwoman Johnson for all of her leadership and her diligence in bringing the America COMPETES Act to the floor.

Once again, Democrats are answering the economic challenges we face with real solutions. What we didn't hear in the last 20 minutes or so was anything about how this act is going to strengthen our supply chain, it is going to create American jobs, and it is going to bring families lower costs and fully stocked shelves. It will improve our national security and global competitive-

ness by reducing our reliance on semiconductor production abroad and supporting innovation and research right here at home.

What is more, this act not only creates great jobs but invests in our STEM workforce, helping it to better represent the diversity of our Nation and create better outcomes for everyone.

With this bill, Americans will feel the benefits of our work in Washington at the gas pump, the car dealership, and the grocery store. I am proud to vote "yes" for this act that will turbocharge our economy and national security.

Mr. WALTZ. Mr. Speaker, I yield 2 minutes to the gentlewoman from North Carolina (Ms. Foxx), the Republican leader of the Education and Labor Committee.

Ms. FOXX. Mr. Speaker, the Democrats' China bill will weaken the United States on the world stage. This legislation isn't about competing with China. This bill is about appeasing China.

This is a bill without teeth, and it does too little to confront the Chinese Communist Party while simultaneously curbing the success and opportunities of American job creators and workers. Contrary to my colleague's statements just now, this bill is not positive for our workforce.

By further centralizing apprenticeship programs and giving unions unfair advantage over small businesses, this bill closes pathways to success for many American workers.

This legislation also fails to curb the CCP's influence at our universities and workplaces. Where there should be action, Democrats promote inaction. Where there should be strength, Democrats show weakness. Where there should be security, Democrats make our country more vulnerable. This is not the America COMPETES Act. This is the America concedes act.

Ms. JOHNSON of Texas. Mr. Speaker, I yield 1 minute to the gentleman from California (Mr. HUFFMAN).

Mr. HUFFMAN. Mr. Speaker, I rise in strong support of this legislation, particularly the natural resource provisions, much maligned by the minority Member just now. However, the health of our ecosystems and the industries that depend on healthy ecosystems are part of our natural infrastructure. That is part of our competitiveness, too.

Case in point, seafood supply chains. We know foreign fisheries do not have the same environmental and labor standards we have here in the U.S. Illegal, unreported and unregulated fishing, or IUU fishing, is a scourge. In the United States we intend to do something about it. I am proud to lead a bipartisan bill with my colleague from Louisiana, GARRET GRAVES. That bill has been largely incorporated into the America COMPETES Act. It will help level the playing field for American fishing industries, and it is part of

what will make us more competitive in the long run.

Mr. Speaker, I want to urge my colleagues to support this important legislation.

Mr. WALTZ. Mr. Speaker, I yield 3 minutes to the gentleman from Nebraska (Mr. SMITH).

Mr. SMITH of Nebraska. Mr. Speaker, I rise in opposition to H.R. 4521, the so-called America COMPETES Act.

The trade division of this bill falls squarely within the Ways and Means Committee's jurisdiction, yet the first time we saw these provisions was last week when bill text was released by House Democrats. There was no committee process, no interest in putting together a thoughtfully vetted solution to address China.

In fact, House Democrats wouldn't even bring my TPA amendment to the floor for a vote, an amendment that reflected years of bipartisan work and consensus about the importance of a close partnership between Congress and every President to achieve high-standard, enforceable trade agreements that open new markets for American goods and services.

Instead, what we have before us today is a bill that fails to address China and fails American small businesses and consumers with provisions that would actually discourage work during a workforce shortage by expanding and delinking Trade Adjustment Assistance from new trade opportunities.

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It would add more red tape to and narrows eligibility of trade programs like GSP and MTB that small businesses and manufacturers rely on to compete in the global marketplace.

It would also exacerbate the supply chain crisis by making unvetted changes to the de minimis rules. That would also do nothing to address the administration's minimal effort to compete with China in the Indo-Pacific and around the world.

Clearly, this bill is more about talking points than actual effective and proactive policymaking.

President Biden and his party may be content with America sitting on the sidelines as China and our other competitors set global trade standards and divvy up the world's consumers, but I

am not.

This is a missed opportunity to spur momentum on a proactive trade agenda, protect American innovation, and alleviate some of the supply chain and workforce pressures our Nation is facing.

Therefore, I will vote "no" on this legislation, and I urge my colleagues to do the same.

Ms. JOHNSON of Texas. Mr. Speaker, I yield 1 minute to the gentleman from Virginia (Mr. Scott).

Mr. SCOTT of Virginia. Mr. Speaker, I thank the gentlewoman from Texas for her hard work on this legislation.

Mr. Speaker, the success and security of America's economy depends on the

strength of our workforce. That is why the America COMPETES Act connects students and workers with the skills they need to succeed in high-tech industries while strengthening our economy's competitiveness in the years ahead.

The investments in this bill increase equitable access to computer science education and postsecondary STEM pathways. The legislation also builds on bipartisan support for apprenticeships by creating nearly 1 million new registered apprenticeship opportunities over the next 5 years.

The America COMPETES Act also includes protection so the jobs created in this bill will pay a decent wage.

Mr. Speaker, this legislation provides investments that we need to secure a brighter future for our Nation's workers and our economy. I urge my colleagues to support this critical legislation.

Mr. WALTZ. Mr. Speaker, I yield 1 minute to the gentlewoman from Oklahoma (Mrs. BICE).

Mrs. BICE of Oklahoma. Mr. Speaker, I thank my friend from Florida for yielding. I rise today in strong opposition to the so-called America COMPETES Act.

This legislation is climate funding disguised as foreign policy, and it will funnel millions of taxpayer dollars to the Chinese economy.

While I support the CHIPS Act funding in this bill, the overall package is a disaster

As a member of the Science, Space, and Technology Committee, we have advanced bipartisan legislation that increases STEM opportunities and clean energy research. Instead of passing these bills that strengthen American competitiveness against China, Democrats have poisoned bipartisan efforts by including billions in wasteful spending

Later today, the House will consider my amendment to block the \$8 billion for the U.N.'s green climate slush fund until we have insight into how emission reduction targets are set and their impacts on our economy.

This type of scientific transparency shouldn't be a partisan issue. This farleft legislation weakens our stance against China and threatens our economy and national security.

I urge my colleagues to oppose this misguided and wasteful bill.

Ms. JOHNSON of Texas. Mr. Speaker, I yield 2 minutes to the gentlewoman from Michigan (Ms. STEVENS).

Ms. STEVENS. Mr. Speaker, I rise today in support of this bill. I rise in support of American supply chains. I rise in support of the American workforce. I rise in support of advanced manufacturing. I rise in support of autoworkers who are waiting for those chips.

I thank the incredible chairwoman from the Science, Space, and Technology Committee, Congresswoman JOHNSON

We ask ourselves often as policymakers what the world is going to look

like in 10 years, in 20 years, in 30 years, what we can do today to ensure that my neighbors in southeastern Michigan are on a strong path to succeed right here and now for the rest of the 21st century. The Democrats have come yet again to save the day and get the job done for our economy.

The America COMPETES Act—this legislation that we are debating today will answer the big questions. It will secure our competitive edge for generations to come. It is an investment in our people. And it reflects on our ability to reach higher, think deeper, and invent solutions to not only today's problems but tomorrow's challenges as well.

I will always bet on the American workforce. My job in Congress is to connect people to the tools that unlock our future, and those tools are in this bill, turbocharging America's leadership in science and technology, a doubling of scientific investment, and a plan for our supply chains, including how we address climate change.

It also mends the acute stressors that we are all feeling today. I was talking to my car dealership just yesterday, and they are scared of being out of work.

Let's get this done as of today.

Over the past 30 years, the U.S. manufacturing capacity for semiconductors has collapsed. The crazy thing is that the U.S. led the world in inventing them.

Let's come together. Let's get this done.

Mr. WALTZ. Mr. Speaker, I yield 1 minute to the gentleman from Iowa (Mr. FEENSTRA).

Mr. FEENSTRA. Mr. Speaker, I thank my friend from Florida for yielding.

China will stop at nothing to try and surpass the United States as the world's greatest superpower, and we have the tools at our disposal to counter this growing threat of the Chinese Communist Party. But this nearly \$325 billion bill prioritizes liberal Build Back Better and Green New Deal provisions over real solutions to compete with China.

Mr. Speaker, \$8 billion of the socalled America COMPETES Act funds the United Nations' green climate slush fund, which destroys American industry, harms American workers, and prevents us from competing with China on a level playing field. In fact, the U.N. has awarded \$100 million from this fund to China.

The House bill leaves out the critical fact that China is our greatest political

It also fails to mention the word "genocide" anywhere in describing the CCP's systemic human rights abuses against the ethnic Uyghur population.

Unfortunately, this bill only compounds the damages from the Biden administration's \$40 billion giveaway in no-strings-attached IMF money to the CCP last spring. This is wrong.

Ms. JOHNSON of Texas. Mr. Speaker, I yield 2 minutes to the gentlewoman from California (Ms. Lofgren).

Ms. LOFGREN. Mr. Speaker, I thank Chairwoman JOHNSON and House leadership for finding a path forward on this important bill.

I am so pleased to see renewed enthusiasm for Federal scientific investment under this administration and in this Congress.

The investments contained in the bill could hardly be more urgent. Over the past few decades, Federal investment in research and development has flatlined as a share of the overall U.S. economy. Meanwhile, our global competitors are jump-starting innovation and economic growth by accelerating investment. Without action, they will soon outpace us.

America needs to improve the speed and scale of scientific research while promoting innovative solutions.

This is a matter of national security. Members of the House Science, Space, and Technology Committee have worked hard to advance bipartisan innovation bills included in this package as strong counterparts to the Senate-passed U.S. Innovation and Competition Act. The proposals offer a strategic and sustainable plan to grow American science, innovation, and technology to ensure our investments are aligned with the best interests of our scientific enterprise and builds on successful prior efforts. It includes provisions to diversify our workforce.

Additionally, to firmly establish the U.S. as a global leader in innovation and to compete for generations to come, we must build our domestic STEM workforce and encourage start-up companies to establish roots here.

While increasing STEM scholarships for U.S. students, the act simultaneously draws the world's best and brightest STEM doctoral recipients and company founders to the U.S. It ensures that individuals who earned STEM doctoral degrees from top research universities will be eligible for permanent residence.

Unlike Canada, the United Kingdom, and Germany, our laws don't provide a visa option for company founders to start a new venture and create jobs in the United States. This act would fix this.

I thank Priscilla Kim on my staff for the hard work she put into this, and once again, I thank our most wonderful chairwoman, EDDIE BERNICE JOHNSON.

Mr. WALTZ. Mr. Speaker, I yield 4 minutes to the gentleman from the great State of Texas (Mr. WEBER).

Mr. WEBER of Texas. Mr. Speaker, I thank the gentleman for yielding me time.

Mr. Speaker, when I testified before the Rules Committee yesterday on behalf of the Science, Space, and Technology Committee Republicans, I expressed my frustration with the process that got us here. At nearly 3,000 pages, H.R. 4521 is a partisan package tossed together by Democratic leadership behind closed doors with no Republican input—probably the only thing they lacked was the cigar smoke.

As I stand before you today, Mr. Speaker, my serious concerns with the America COMPETES Act have only increased. After a back-room process last night, 261 out of the over 600 submitted amendments were made in order, and there seems to be no rhyme or reason why, Mr. Speaker.

That is right. This week, we are going to consider 261 amendments to a 3,000-page bill. Frankly, the sheer number of the amendments reflects what happens when rank and file Members on both sides of the aisle are not given an opportunity to legislate in their respective committees.

This is a stark contrast, Mr. Speaker, to the way we do business on the Science, Space, and Technology Committee. The fact that there are a dozen bipartisan Science, Space, and Technology Committee bills mixed up in this bag of poison pills only adds to the confusion.

On that note, I want to be very clear. Just because this 3,000-page behemoth has bipartisan bills in it does not mean it is a bipartisan bill. Those bipartisan bills were hijacked and misused for political gamesmanship.

The plain truth is that the hundreds of unrelated partisan policies that were crammed into this bill ruined any chance of bipartisanship.

Mr. Speaker, I am disappointed in this wasted opportunity. We have had shared momentum to take action on China.

Instead of voting on this partisan catchall bill with more references to coral reefs than to China, let's focus on what is most important. I don't know, how about strengthening American competitiveness and holding China accountable for its actions?

We should get back to prioritizing truly productive legislation—by that, I mean bipartisan—to increase our international competitiveness like H.R. 3593, the DOE Science for the Future Act, which passed the House last summer with 351 votes, I might add.

Mr. Speaker, the stakes are higher than ever, and we cannot afford to put our national security and prosperity at risk.

Mr. Speaker, it is kind of ironic. The leftists on the other side of the aisle have ignored the Chinese threat for years, and now they have suddenly got religion. It is kind of ironic.

Now that I think about it, Mr. Speaker, the America COMPETES Act may actually be a good title as the so-called America COMPETES Act may indeed compete as one of the worst bills ever.

For that reason, I urge my colleagues to oppose this legislation.

Ms. JOHNSON of Texas. Mr. Speaker, I yield 1 minute to the gentleman from New York (Mr. TONKO).

Mr. TONKO. Mr. Speaker, we are in a global economic competition, but for far too long, we have neglected the research, workforce development, and manufacturing needs to ensure America is the world's leader in critical industries of the future.

Take, for example, the United States semiconductor industry, which has seen its share of chip production drop in recent decades. This bill would reverse that trend through a \$52 billion investment to fund the CHIPS for America Act, reinvigorating American leadership in the microchip technology arena.

The America COMPETES Act also includes my Micro Act, which will complement the provisions in the CHIPS for America Act by accelerating early-stage microelectronics research to feed into the National Semiconductor Technology Center and manufacturing facilities funded by this bill.

New York's Capital Region has been home to trailblazers in the microelectronics industry for over two decades. I am proud that this legislation would indeed allow them to continue to innovate and compete on the global stage.

Chairwoman Johnson has done a tremendous job leading us to this moment. The work she has done with the Science, Space, and Technology Committee has ensured this groundbreaking legislation responds to the needs of the scientific community, industry, and the American people. I thank her and the committee for their efforts and urge my colleagues to support the passage of the America COM-PETES Act. It sharpens America's competitive edge.

## □ 1545

Mr. WALTZ. Mr. Speaker, I yield 2 minutes to the gentleman from Kentucky (Mr. BARR).

Mr. BARR. Mr. Speaker, let's be clear, the so-called America COM-PETES Act, is not about countering the threat from the Chinese Communist Party. It is a subterfuge intended to conceal what this legislation is actually about, a repackaged Build Back Better, and the Democrats' backup plan to push their Green New Deal agenda.

It is \$350 billion in deficit spending to pay off the climate activists and the labor unions that run the Democrat Party. It sends \$10 billion of taxpayer funds to a climate slush fund at the U.N. that subsidizes solar projects in China that use Uyghur slave labor.

The bill implements a Supply Chain Resiliency Program that gives preferential treatment to labor unions, a scheme designed more to maintain resiliency for Democratic Party fundraising than resiliency of our supply chains. The bill references coral reefs more times than China and climate change twice as much as national security.

The bill bans overfishing and the sale of shark fins from the Pacific, but it doesn't put more *Virginia*-class subs in the Pacific. It doesn't put more forward class aircraft carriers in the Pacific. It does nothing to hold the CCP accountable for the origins of COVID at the Wuhan Institute of Virology. By trying to copy China's Big Government, central planning, industrial pol-

icy, the bill would actually make the United States less, not more, competitive. We cannot out-compete China by trying to become more like China.

But most troubling of all and what underscores that this bill is not a serious effort to confront the very real economic and security challenges posed by the People's Republic of China, is the fact that this bill completely disregards the work of the China Task Force, as well as the work of this, the bipartisan United States-China Economic and Security Review Commission.

If this bill were serious, it would take into account these recommendations. It does neither of those things. This was a very serious effort that this bill completely disregards.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The time of the gentleman has expired.

Mr. WALTZ. Mr. Speaker, I yield the gentleman from Kentucky an additional 1 minute.

Mr. BARR. Mr. Speaker, exhibit A of how unserious this bill is when it comes to confronting China is how it does nothing to address the key challenge facing us from China, and that is the unfettered access that the Chinese Communist Party military and surveillance companies now have to American capital markets. If we really wanted to confront the threat from China, we would protect American investors from unwittingly financing and fueling the rise of China. This bill does nothing to address that. Right now, American investors are unwittingly fueling the civil-military fusion of the Chinese Communist Party.

The House should pass a real bill, a bill recommended by this report, the Chinese Military and Surveillance Company Sanctions Act, that would actually address Chinese access to American capital markets.

Mr. Speaker, today, I urge my colleagues to reject this subterfuge, reject this distraction, this bill that they say confronts China but does nothing of the sort, that actually assists and enables the rise of China. Let's formulate a real strategy that will position us to take on the military, economic, and technological threat of the Chinese Communist Party.

Ms. JOHNSON of Texas. Mr. Speaker, I yield 1 minute to the gentlewoman from California (Ms. Chu).

Ms. CHU. Madam Speaker, I rise today in strong support of the America COMPETES Act, which will make historic investments in America and ensure we remain a global leader in science and technology.

From climate change to cybersecurity, many of the greatest challenges facing our country can only be met through research and innovation that will develop new products and create new jobs, but in order to rise to this moment, we need to turbocharge America's scientific sector. And that is what this bill would do by investing \$52 billion for semiconductor production here

at home, an investment that will improve the supply chain for almost every product in our lives.

And it modernizes the National Science Foundation to advance America's scientific leadership by supporting institutions like Caltech, based in my district, which is one of NSF's most trusted partners.

I thank my colleagues today who have modeled responsibility in debating this bill by focusing on what we gain and not who we should fear.

Mr. WALTZ. Mr. Speaker, I yield 2 minutes to the gentleman from Illinois (Mr. LaHood).

Mr. LaHOOD. Mr. Speaker, I thank the gentleman for yielding the time.

Mr. Speaker, I rise today in opposition to the so-called America COM-PETES Act. Instead of following the productive bipartisan efforts initiated in the Senate, House Democrats have chosen the go-it-alone approach that fails to meet the urgent needs to strengthen U.S. competitiveness and protect our national security as it relates to China.

On the Committee on Ways and Means, I have worked across the aisle on China policy with my Democrat colleagues, including trade priorities to bring manufacturing back to the United States, to hold China to their trade commitments, and to prioritize digital trade agreements with likeminded allies to combat China's abusive digital standards.

Yet here we are today. Democrats are pushing partisan legislation stocked with more D.C. control over our economy that fails to address the critical trade initiatives to put American workers and businesses first and to counter the market distorting and dangerous economic practices of China.

As a member of the Intelligence Committee and the China Task Force, and the co-chair of the bipartisan U.S.-China Working Group, I understand the unique and urgent action required to strengthen American competitiveness and combat growing challenges from China. It is disappointing that House Democrats are again ignoring this opportunity to work together with Republicans as they did in the Senate, Republicans and Democrats together, to put forth a commonsense bill. Where is that bill? It is not here.

We need to address the real challenges presented by China, and instead, we are cynically pushing forward unrelated liberal agenda items.

Vote "no."

Ms. JOHNSON of Texas. Mr. Speaker, I yield 2 minutes to the gentlewoman from Oregon (Ms. BONAMICI).

Ms. BONAMICI. Mr. Speaker, I rise in strong support of the America COMPETES Act.

Our country is home to some of the most cutting edge research, innovative discoveries, and unparalleled national laboratories in the world.

Unfortunately, in some ways, we have fallen behind competitors during the past several decades, but with this

legislation, we will strengthen our enterprise, bolster research and development, grow our domestic semiconductor manufacturing base, and make sure critical supply chains are based in the U.S.

This legislation includes a provision similar to my Regional Clean Energy Innovation Act to help cutting-edge technologies achieve commercialization by leveraging regional clean energy capabilities and markets.

As co-chair of the House Apprenticeship Caucus, I am thrilled that the America COMPETES Act includes not only the National Apprenticeship Act but also my PARTNERS Act, which will promote workforce training and help more people access good-paying jobs.

I am very grateful to Chair Johnson for her leadership on this bill and for Chair McGovern for making in order six of my amendments. If incorporated, they will help address climate change, improve workforce development, and enhance STEM education. In particular, the Blue Carbon for our Planet Act, BLUE GLOBE Act, and COAST Research Act will strengthen coastal acidification research and monitoring, expand efforts to map and conserve blue carbon ecosystems, and enhance ocean data collection.

And my bipartisan BUILDS Act, which provides grants for infrastructure industry partnerships, will play a pivotal role in helping workers get the skills they need to fill the jobs created by the bipartisan infrastructure law.

And my amendment with Mr. Langevin to enhance NSF's Mathematics and Science Education Partnership program will support innovative research and provide professional development for educators on how to boost creativity in STEM by integrating the arts.

The America COMPETES Act will reinvigorate America's research enterprise and restore its competitive edge. I strongly urge my colleagues to support this important bill.

Mr. Speaker, I thank Chairwoman Johnson for yielding me the time.

Mr. WALTZ. Mr. Speaker, I yield 2 minutes to the gentleman from Ohio (Mr. Chabot).

Mr. CHABOT. Mr. Speaker, I thank the gentleman for yielding.

Mr. Speaker, as ranking member of the Asia-Pacific Subcommittee, which has jurisdiction over China, I rise today in strong opposition to the America COMPETES Act, which should really be called the America concedes act.

After decades of inaction, it is high time we reevaluate our basic approach towards engagement with China. On every front, the Chinese Communist Party is aggressively challenging the free world and the premise that open societies, free markets, and the rule of law logically result in a prosperous and equitable civilization.

The CCP's ambitions have thrust us into a new Cold War that we did not

start, and we do not want but which we must win. Because if we fail, the Chinese Communist Party will replace the post-World War II order with one that revolves around Beijing. This moment calls for bold policies to ensure that we win this struggle.

On this score, today's legislation is woefully deficient. It is stuffed full of irrelevant provisions. The Committee on Foreign Affairs' section of the bill is a prime example. It fails to take advantage of serious tools, like export controls and security assistance, and instead, spends twice as much money on climate policy as it does on Chinarelated matters.

Democratic leadership has refused to even allow debate on Ranking Member McCaul's serious amendment or in the package that I offered that includes 13 tough, relevant proposals crafted by subcommittee Republicans. We must take the Chinese Communist Party's threat seriously. If we don't, we are going to see China continuing to eat our lunch and steal our jobs.

This Democratic effort was an opportunity for bipartisanship and actually doing something that mattered. They blew it, let's face it. And that is most unfortunate.

Therefore, I have to encourage my colleagues to oppose their misguided legislation today.

Ms. JOHNSON of Texas. Mr. Speaker, I yield 1 minute to the gentlewoman from Michigan (Mrs. LAWRENCE).

Mrs. LAWRENCE. Mr. Speaker, I rise today in strong support of the America COMPETES Act.

I am proud to represent the Big Three automakers State and a district where GM is headquartered. I know how important it is to fix our supply chain. Semiconductors power our economy—everything from smart phones to computers to cars. We have to start making them here in America.

This legislation will make sure of that while increasing American innovation, manufacturing, and R&D. And I am proud to offer two amendments to ensure that our efforts in the America COMPETES Act is centered around equality so that all Americans will benefit from the significant R&D investment of our critical goods while creating good jobs.

Let's get this done so we can ensure that our economy is secure and strengthen our global competitiveness.

Mr. WALTZ. Mr. Speaker, I yield 5 minutes to the gentleman from Arkansas (Mr. WESTERMAN), the Republican leader of the Committee on Natural Resources.

Mr. WESTERMAN. Today, I think about when my four children were young. They are stair-stepped 2 years apart. They used to have competitions in the backyard. They would race from the patio to the elm tree and back. And I would stagger the starting time: Let the youngest one go first, then the next to the youngest, and so on. And by the time they touched the tree and came back, it turned into a real competition—a photo finish a lot of times.

Mr. Speaker, we have all competed in games whose outcome has little significance in life, but we are not facing an insignificant competition in our future. We are in a race of ideologies. The stakes are as high as they can be. We are literally in a struggle for the future of western civilization, of democracy, of representative government, of human rights, and freedom.

Mr. Speaker, this isn't a matter of competing. It is a must-win scenario. And quite frankly, I am aghast that this majority thinks that we only need to compete. Losing is not an option. Our attitude must be to win. If we lose, humanity loses.

#### □ 1600

I believe freedom-loving Republicans, Democrats, Independents, and people all across the world want America to win. I am disappointed that the Speaker and this majority, once again, dropped a massive bill that could and should be bipartisan, but instead is a cloak for failed Build Back Better policies that lie dead in the Senate.

Mr. Speaker, "You and I have a rendezvous with destiny. We will preserve for our children this, the last best hope of man on Earth, or we will sentence them to take the first step into a thousand years of darkness. If we fail, at least let our children and our children's children say of us we justified our brief moment here. We did all that could be done."

Those familiar words were from Ronald Reagan in the 1960s, but they have never been more true than today.

How serious are the issues that we face? Take a look at these charts from the economist. This first one is in 2000. The blue is the U.S. and its trading partners. The red is China and its trading partners. Look what has happened in a short 20-year span as we look at this same map from 2022. We see a massive increase in red on this map and a massive decrease of blue on this map.

What do provisions in this bill from the blue New Deal have to do with us winning against China? It does the exact opposite by killing American jobs. Restoring coral reefs off our coast is a commendable goal, but what does spending \$292 million on coral reef restoration have to do with us winning against China?

This bill gives supreme, unilateral authority to the Fish and Wildlife Service to determine what species can be imported into the U.S. This so-called "white list" mandated in the bill is virtually impossible to implement and will effectively shut down aquaculture and similar industries who need trade to conduct business.

The weaponization of the Lacey Act will only empower bureaucrats and ignores the current State-based approach on species imports. It is legislative laziness since there have been no hearings or an introduced bill on this topic. What in the world does that have to do with winning against China?

The bill requires biased studies and new heavy-handed regulations designed to kill American mineral development.

Mr. Speaker, how can this majority propose this bill while the Democratic administration continues to illustrate incompetency by killing American energy and jobs, and even pulling mining leases in Minnesota that could create jobs and supply resources for the very policies on electrification the administration supports? This only shifts wealth and jobs to China. How does that help us win?

It reminds me of my kids' races, where the majority is trying to handicap America and give China a head start. What we should be doing to have a winning strategy—we should be working together on real issues to ensure that America wins. We should be strengthening diplomacy and trade with our allies and create a solid Western Hemisphere alliance to ensure that America wins.

We should be developing our resources and jobs to help America win. We should be part of the solution and not the problem. Americans and freedom will win if we let them.

As I close, I want to remind you of a fable by Aesop, the Eagle and the Arrow. The Eagle was struck by an arrow and as he lie on the ground he looked back at it, and he said: Alas, I have been wounded by an arrow that was feathered with my own plume.

Mr. Speaker, we cannot afford to put more plumes on China's arrows. I oppose this bill.

Ms. JOHNSON of Texas. Mr. Speaker, I yield 3 minutes to the distinguished gentleman from Massachusetts (Mr. NEAL).

Mr. NEAL. Mr. Speaker, I rise in strong support of the America COM-PETES Act. This legislation will transport our Nation into the future, it will strengthen supply chains, advance manufacturing, and create millions of jobs. Ways and Means members assertively made their contributions to this package, including a strong provision for Trade Adjustment Assistance.

To the previous speaker, I know he was sincere in what he said. There will be a final package, it will be bicameral in nature, bipartisan in nature, it is just too important to get done. The rhythms of legislative life will dictate that outcome. This is a full effort of the House, and to say that there are no provisions in here that Republicans will favor is simply untrue.

The Trade Subcommittee chairman, EARL BLUMENAUER, has been a very important leader in developing this legislation, along with our colleague, TIM RYAN, who has not stopped telling me of just how important this is to Ohio to fund the Nation's newest semiconductor factory. This is a good, bold proposal.

I am going to remain standing Madam Speaker, so that I might yield the balance of my time to the Trade Subcommittee chair, Mr. BLUMENAUER.

Mr. BLUMENAUER. Will the gentleman yield?

Mr. NEAL. I yield to the gentleman from Oregon.

Mr. BLUMENAUER. Mr. Speaker, a careful examination of this bill shows many bipartisan proposals. One area of bipartisan agreement is that for too long America has been too weak in its engagement with China.

The Chinese Government is strengthening its economic power while doubling down on religious persecution and forced labor. Those practices undercut the competitiveness of American workers and business. Congress must step up and confront China head on—our trade title does just that.

Those damaged by trade, whether workers, business, or farmers will benefit from a dramatically improved trade adjustment assistance program, which expired in June and completely phases out in July. Our provisions modernizing and reauthorizing GSP and MTB will improve American competitiveness and labor standards around the globe.

And we get tough on China by closing the de minimus loophole that allows \$800 per day per person for products undoubtedly, including forced labor, intellectual property theft, and illegal goods. China doesn't give us reciprocity on de minimus—their threshold is less than \$8. They are not about to subject their companies to duty-free, unregulated American competition.

Allowing items like air conditioners, microwaves, and suitcases under MTB doesn't help American manufacturing, it undercuts it and directly undermines Congress' goal of rebuilding domestic capacity.

Our changes restore the programs back to their original intent of supporting American workers and domestic manufacturing, not undercutting

American suppliers.

At its simplest, this legislation meets workers' needs and bolsters America's capacity to compete. If you want to support the American worker and get tough on China, you have a chance to do so with this bill.

Madam Speaker, I urge everyone to

vote in the affirmative.

Mr. WALTZ. Madam Speaker, I yield 1 minute to the gentleman from Pennsylvania (Mr. MEUSER).

Mr. MEUSER. Madam Speaker, I thank my good friend and colleague, the gentleman from Florida for yielding.

Madam Speaker, we have far too many domestic and international crises facing us right now to name them here. From the southern border to Ukraine, Afghanistan to the crime in Philadelphia's streets, soaring gasoline prices to supply chain bottlenecks.

We have an opportunity here to make the U.S. economy more competitive—we can do that with the right bill—particularly against our number one competitor and often adversary, China. Rather than lower the costs for American large and small businesses, Madam Speaker, and creating a more competitive business environment, this so-called America COMPETES Act places burdens on the American economy in the form of debt and regulations, is filled with special interest

subsidies, nobody can deny that, and has a whopping \$325 billion price tag to go along with our escalating deficit and debt.

Meanwhile, the only part of the \$325 billion that I agree with, and I believe my constituents agree with, would be the CHIPS USA Act and some of the rural broadband.

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mrs. Bustos). The time of the gentleman

has expired.

Mr. WALTZ. Madam Speaker, I yield an additional 30 seconds to the gentleman from Pennsylvania.

Mr. MEUSER. Madam Speaker, this bill really is a plethora of new government programs that will not advance the U.S. economy.

Madam Speaker, this bill will likely get the vote of China, but would not get the vote of American small business. The CCP is very serious about economic growth with little regard for how to get there. We had better wake up or we will be responsible for letting them.

Ms. JOHNSON of Texas. Madam Speaker, how much time do I have remaining?

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The gentlewoman from Texas has 33 minutes remaining.

Ms. JÖHNSON of Texas. Madam Speaker, I yield 1 minute to the gentlewoman from Pennsylvania (Ms. WILD).

Ms. WILD. Madam Speaker, I am proud to rise in support of the America COMPETES Act. This legislation incorporates two bills that my office introduced: The Supply Chain Security and Resilience Act and the Regional Innovation Act.

At a time when the need to finally secure our supply chains and rebuild a Made in America economy could not be clearer, my provisions of the bill from the Supply Chain Security and Resilience Act will put us on the path to doing just that.

By creating a new office within the Commerce Department to promote U.S. leadership of critical industries and supply chains that are essential to our national and economic security, we will join businesses and government in common, national effort.

The Regional Innovation Act would establish a Regional Technology and Innovation Hub program at the Department of Commerce to support regional economic development and innovation hubs nationwide. We can ensure that workers and businesses from all corners of our country, not just the coasts, benefit from investment.

My community, Pennsylvania's Greater Lehigh Valley, is full of workers and businesses who have the vision, the talent, and the grit to reach global economic heights. They deserve the exposure to get their products to market. Our country has extraordinary promise. Let's pass this bill.

Mr. WALTZ. Madam Speaker, I yield 1 minute to the gentleman from North Carolina (Mr. MURPHY).

Mr. MURPHY of North Carolina. Madam Speaker, this so-called com-

petition bill proves just how feckless Democrats are about confronting our biggest adversary, the Chinese Communist Party. Why is this President so afraid to call out China? They are our greatest generational threat to democracy, human rights, and the American way of life. China will stop at nothing until they have world domination.

Confronting Communist China should be a clear bipartisan priority. As Secretary Pompeo recently said, the Chinesse have infiltrated our schools, businesses, and politics, and will stop at nothing until they have world domination.

We should be coming together on a strong consensus framework that holds China accountable and strengthens our national security. Instead, Speaker PELOSI offers more poison pills that will be dead on arrival in the Senate. Let us stop the nonsensical leftist Progressive messaging and be serious about our jobs.

Democrats have steamrolled Congress with yet another multi-billion dollar package, thousands of pages long, without proper analysis. Our Nation now hits a \$30 trillion debt mark this week.

Madam Speaker, I refuse to support another package that sends hardearned taxpayer dollars to the Chinese Communist Party. Please, I urge my colleagues to vote "no" on the America concedes to China act.

Ms. JOHNSON of Texas. Madam Speaker, I yield 1 minute to the gentleman from Michigan (Mr. KILDEE).

Mr. KILDEE. Madam Speaker, I rise in support of the America COMPETES Act. With this legislation we have an opportunity to strengthen domestic supply chains, invest in American manufacturing, and to lower costs for families, for small businesses, and seniors.

This pandemic has exposed deep weaknesses in our supply chains that have increasingly relied on foreign manufacturing, instead of making goods right here in America with American workers. This bill will help fix our broken supply chains so that we can build more critical components here in America, not overseas in China where government exploits its own people

For Michigan's auto workers, this includes addressing the semiconductor chips shortage, which has shuttered auto plants and forced thousands of auto workers to temporarily be laid off. This bill will invest billions to bring chip manufacturing back to the United States.

Also, this legislation includes my legislation to create a new Trade Adjustment Assistance for Communities program, and it will help many older industrial communities that have been negatively impacted by trade communities like Flint, Saginaw, and Bay City. TAA for Communities will address the needs in these places and develop local economic development strategies.

Madam Speaker, I urge my colleagues to support this legislation.

Mr. WALTZ. Madam Speaker, I yield 1 minute to the gentlewoman from Georgia (Mrs. GREENE).

Mrs. GREENE of Georgia. Madam Speaker, I rise in opposition to another bill that puts China first and America last. Instead of focusing on a bill that is almost 3,000 pages worth \$325 billion in spending, estimated, that doesn't really help America. It is going to give \$8 billion to the UN Climate Fund and mentions coral reefs 383 times.

What Congress should be doing is working on a budget that will fund our government, since we are running out of money in just a few weeks. What Congress should be doing is doing something about the fentanyl that is coming from China that is killing young people. It is now the number one cause of death in Americans from 18 to 45, not COVID-19.

# □ 1615

What Congress should be doing is funding a wall, building a wall, protecting our border, and deporting illegal aliens who are stealing American jobs. That is what we should be doing to help the American worker. But instead, we are debating a bill that is going to fund climate change and the Green New Deal and help the coral reefs. This isn't what Americans care about.

We all should be voting "no" and doing a better job.

Ms. JOHNSON of Texas. Madam Speaker, I yield 1 minute to the gentle-woman from New Mexico (Ms. Leger Fernandez).

Ms. LEGER FERNANDEZ. Madam Speaker, with the America COMPETES Act, we will invent it in America; we will build it in America; and we will create American jobs.

Importantly, the America COM-PETES Act gives us the opportunity to discover, develop, and make what we need everywhere in America. That is why I introduced, and I urge my colleagues to support, four amendments that could expand jobs to rural, Latino, Native American, and minority communities. The workers who produce what America needs must look like America.

The America COMPETES Act could invest billions of dollars to build chips and conduct research in New Mexico and other rural communities facing economic despair. With my amendments, this bill can create jobs for that beautifully diverse workforce that powers our Nation as we transition to clean energy.

Energy workers deserve economic opportunity in a changing world. Let's ensure we have innovation, training, and jobs for American workers everywhere as we power a prosperous future.

Mr. WALTZ. Madam Speaker, I yield 1 minute to the gentlewoman from Missouri (Mrs. Hartzler).

Mrs. HARTZLER. Madam Speaker, I rise in opposition to the so-called America COMPETES Act.

Let's be clear: China is one of the largest national security threats our Nation faces. Addressing this threat will require a whole-of-nation approach with policies to enable the United States to not only compete but to beat China.

This legislation fails to achieve that goal. Unfortunately, the Democrats have, once again, rushed through a massive package riddled with partisan and unvetted policies that enrich China rather than constrain them.

Amazingly, the Democrats blocked consideration of all of my commonsense amendments, which would have prevented known Chinese spies from entering our Nation, stopped CCP officials from taking advantage of our higher education system, and sanctioned those responsible for forced abortions and forced sterilizations of Uyghur women.

If Democrats were serious about protecting America, they should have welcomed these commonsense measures.

This legislation fails to address the threat of China.

Madam Speaker, I urge my colleagues to oppose this legislation and instead work on legislation that will actually empower the United States to beat China.

Ms. JOHNSON of Texas. Madam Speaker, I yield 1 minute to the gentleman from North Carolina (Mr. PRICE).

Mr. PRICE of North Carolina. Madam Speaker, I rise in strong support of the America COMPETES Act, in particular the inclusion of legislation to reauthorize title VI of the Higher Education Act sponsored by myself and Representative Young of Alaska.

This will help our Nation develop a strong foundation in international education, research, and world language studies, especially in languages that hold special strategic interests.

The bipartisan, bicameral bill will increase and expand these programs incorporating some 200 languages and also build international capacity at minority-serving institutions.

In addition, the America COMPETES Act enhances the Advanced Technological Education Program at the National Science Foundation, doubling the authorization for a program that I helped initiate which strengthens hightech worker training through community and technical colleges. It incentivizes critical partnerships between businesses and schools to meet local workforce needs.

Madam Speaker, I urge adoption of the America COMPETES Act to better equip our citizens to succeed in an increasingly interconnected world.

Mr. WALTZ. Madam Speaker, I yield 1 minute to the gentleman from Texas (Mr. Arrington).

Mr. ARRINGTON. Madam Speaker, unfortunately and sadly enough, this is a repeat of the political ruse where you wrap a flag and give a great name to legislation. The reality is it has very little to do with the threats China poses to the United States and the world.

There is plenty of common ground we could find to work on that big challenge, a huge threat. Instead, this is a misleading piece of legislation.

It is another legislative wagonloaded with the same tired, old, progressive policies: union giveaways; green energy subsidies; and unhinged—in my opinion—social policies and experimentation, like training our Armed Forces not to fight and win wars but to combat climate change and naming a chief diversity officer. That should make us safer and all sleep better at night with respect to China.

The Democratic Party, Madam Speaker, has been hijacked by the left, and they are willing to sacrifice America's prosperity, our security, and our global leadership on climate apocalypse now. I don't get it.

Ms. JOHNSON of Texas. Madam Speaker, I yield 1 minute to the gentlewoman from Alabama (Ms. SEWELL).

Ms. SEWELL. Madam Speaker, I rise today in strong support of the America COMPETES Act.

I am especially proud that my legislation, H.R. 6121, the Leveling the Playing Field Act 2.0, was included in this bill. This bipartisan legislation sponsored by myself and my Republican colleague, BILL JOHNSON, will modernize our outdated trade remedy laws to push back against many of China's most aggressive anti-free market practices.

For years, a number of American industries have faced repeated dumped and subsidized imports into the U.S. market. In 2000, China produced about 18 percent of the world's steel. Today, it produces roughly 50 percent.

This overcapacity has undermined U.S. steel manufacturing and has put our steelworkers and steel manufacturers like those in my district, U.S. Steel and Nucor, at a big disadvantage.

At the end of the day, this bill will promote global competitiveness. When America competes fairly, America's workers win, and America's businesses win.

Mr. WALTZ. Madam Speaker, I yield 1 minute to the gentleman from Wisconsin (Mr. TIFFANY).

Mr. TIFFANY. Madam Speaker, there has been a lot of rhetoric today about creating American jobs and having American businesses thrive. Let's read something that was slipped into this bill, a prohibition: No person may possess, acquire, receive, transport, offer for sale, sell, or purchase any American mink.

What a sneak attack on people who create jobs and create goods for America. These people are good stewards, good stewards of the land, and they are also terrific at animal husbandry.

This is a sneak attack on them, trying to drive them out of business.

There is one question here: When is the hostility to the producers of America—the people who grow our food, clothe our people, and produce our energy—going to end by the other side of the aisle?

Ms. JOHNSON of Texas. Madam Speaker, I yield 1 minute to the gentlewoman from Michigan (Mrs. DINGELL).

Mrs. DINGELL. Madam Speaker, I rise today in strong support of H.R. 4521, the America COMPETES Act.

We stand at a defining moment for the future of American manufacturing and our global competitiveness. If we fail to act, we put both our economic security and our national security at risk.

This bold, comprehensive package, which includes several of my bipartisan bills, will create good-paying American jobs through investments to boost American manufacturing, bring our supply chain home, and keep America at the forefront of innovation and technology.

The bill includes \$52 billion in funding, including \$2 billion for legacy automotive chips, to address the semiconductor chip shortage that has crippled the auto industry and shut down plants in my district. It invests in domestic production of critical medicines and PPE and meaningfully addresses rising prices for everyday goods.

In Michigan and across the Nation, too many Americans have been impacted and are counting on our fixing this. By passing the America COMPETES Act, we will solidify our future leadership around the globe and strengthen our workforce here at home.

Madam Speaker, I urge all of my colleagues to support this bill.

Mr. WALTZ. Madam Speaker, I yield 1 minute to the gentlewoman from West Virginia (Mrs. MILLER).

Mrs. MILLER of West Virginia. Madam Speaker, President Biden's trade moratorium undermines U.S. leadership and hands all adversaries a dangerous opportunity to get ahead.

China is seizing this moment to advance in the Indo-Pacific. This is why I join with my colleague, DARIN LAHOOD, to introduce the U.S. Trade Leadership in the Indo-Pacific and China Act. Our bill would require President Biden to act and report on a trade strategy in the Indo-Pacific and with China.

Once again, Democrats didn't allow any bipartisan input in their legislation. There has been zero guidance by President Biden on a trade plan with China. Instead, we continue on a useless wait-and-see approach.

The competition between the U.S. and China demands strong leadership. Democrats must wake up to this reality and take decisive action.

Madam Speaker, I urge my colleagues to support our bill to ensure America's lasting trade leadership.

Ms. JOHNSON of Texas. Madam Speaker, I yield 3 minutes to the gentleman from New York (Mr. MEEKS), who is the chair of the Foreign Affairs Committee.

Mr. MEEKS. Madam Speaker, I rise today in strong support of this bill.

We find ourselves in a strategic competition with an increasingly assertive People's Republic of China. The PRC is

trying to manipulate and alter the economic, political, and security underpinnings of the American-led, rules-based international order, an order that has brokered decades of peace, prosperity, and stability for many.

As it has grown in wealth and power, we have seen the PRC bend international rules and laws to meet its interests, bully nations over maritime and border disputes, and grow more closed and authoritarian at home.

Today, the PRC is systematically leveraging its growing military, economic, and technological heft to compete with us globally. And that is happening whether we like it or not.

We must reckon with this stark, new reality by positioning America to win this competition, and H.R. 4521, the America COMPETES Act, does just that. It powers the engine of the American economy through investments in science, innovation, and technology. It raises the flag of American diplomacy and leadership to reassure the world that America is indeed back at the table, ready to counter China's efforts to manipulate the international system and to strengthen our allies and partnerships.

Centering diplomacy and bolstering America's global leadership and engagement are the themes of my bill, the EAGLE Act, which serves as the foreign affairs division of the America COMPETES Act.

The EAGLE Act bolsters our diplomacy bilaterally, at regional organizations, and through groupings like the Quad to ensure that we bring our partners and allies with us to prevent the PRC from undermining global rules. It demonstrates that America is capable and willing to tackle the world's biggest problems and marshal a response to shared challenges like the current pandemic. And it ensures that the United States will lead with its values and stand up for international law and human rights.

In many respects, this legislation goes further than the Senate's competition bill in terms of responding to the People's Republic of China's human rights abuses. In addition to sanctions related to the genocide in Xinjiang, the EAGLE Act contains refugee protections for Uyghurs and Hong Kongers and also calls for a special envoy for Xinjiang.

I can say with absolute confidence that when it comes to standing up for our values, the America COMPETES Act is bold and principled.

Madam Speaker, I support this historic bill, and I urge my fellow colleagues to do just the same.

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Mr. WALTZ. Madam Speaker, I yield the balance of my time to the gentleman from Texas (Mr. BABIN) to control the remaining time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The gentleman from Texas will control the time.

Mr. BABIN. Madam Speaker, I yield 2 minutes to the gentleman from Utah (Mr. MOORE).

Mr. MOORE of Utah. Madam Speaker, I rise today in opposition to H.R. 4521. I won't let my constituents be fooled by an attempt here to recycle priorities from President Biden's failed Build Back Better plan.

While this bill plays a role in formalizing a necessary discussion—and again, you will hear from my comments that there is large bipartisan support on what we need to do here to address the effects of a great power competition on the American economy—this is a superficial partisan effort that will not properly confront China and will only make inflation worse for American families.

This pandemic dashed any illusion that the Chinese Communist Party can be a trusted partner for American business, or they will take any accountability when their recklessness results in devastating supply chain disruptions.

Enhancements to domestic manufacturing that support American workers and increase global competitiveness are long overdue but, sadly, it will continue to go unaddressed by this bill because, simply, this legislation does not require these organizations to reexamine their relationship with the CCP.

In addition, it is another attempt to create a big, large piece of legislation where you can add in a whole bunch of climate change priorities. And the American people—and as I talk to my constituents, they want us to address the issue at hand, not just lump a bunch of things in together. And, again, that is what we are doing here by making it a China bill.

There is an appetite and desire among many of my colleagues to send a clear message to the Communist Party in Beijing. My constituents want a China bill that confronts intellectual property theft, the genocide of religious minorities, CCP influence in civil society, the antagonism of our allies, and a bill that finally holds the CCP accountable for their covering up of COVID-19

Despite the grave threat our Nation faces from the CCP, American ascendancy can be maintained only if we remain the preferred partner across the world and the primary destination for innovators and job creators.

Congress can and must do better. Let's get back to work.

Ms. JOHNSON of Texas. Madam Speaker, I yield 1 minute to the gentleman from Illinois (Mr. CASTEN).

Mr. CASTEN. Madam Speaker, I rise today in support of the America COMPETES Act. And I am particularly proud of the House science legislation in this bill designed to ensure that the Department of Energy Office of Science, the National Science Foundation, and NIST are well-equipped to succeed in the 21st century.

It also invests in a STEM workforce for the future to ensure we have the

talents to bring all these semiconductor, climate and manufacturing jobs back home where they belong.

And if I could just share a personal story. About 13 years ago, I was building a tree house in my backyard, and as I was starting, this 6-year-old neighborhood kid shows up behind me with a cute little hard hat and a tool belt and said, "I'm here to help." And my 2009 summer intern, as it were, is now a sophomore at the University of Illinois studying nuclear engineering.

His opportunity was made possible, in part, by investments that were made decades ago in nuclear technology in a test reactor on that University of Illinois campus. That reactor has now hit the end of its life. It has been shut down, and there are few other States that have those kinds of opportunities.

That is why I look forward to the consideration of my National Nuclear University Research Infrastructure Reinvestment Act, in America COMPETES, with Congressman Foster, Congressman Gonzalez, and Congressman Meijer, that will enhance the research capabilities of nuclear science and engineering programs, meet the workforce needs of the U.S. nuclear industry, and accelerate the deployment of advanced nuclear technologies in Illinois and across the country.

I hope my colleagues will join me in supporting this bill as we develop new generations of advanced nuclear energy at our Nation's universities.

Mr. BABIN. Madam Speaker, I yield 2 minutes to the gentlewoman from Florida (Mrs. CAMMACK).

Mrs. CAMMACK. Madam Speaker, I rise in strong opposition to this bill which could be more appropriately named the America concedes act. Heck, we could go so far as to say that this is the American corruption act.

This bill has nothing to do with countering China or holding them accountable. It is 2,900—2,900 pages. Have any of my colleagues supporting this bill actually read the bill? I would venture no. I would say no, they probably haven't because if they had, they would know what was in it, and they would recognize that it is selling us out to China.

I, however, have read this bill. I have spent the last couple of days poring through the language and have found egregious provision after egregious provision. And, quite frankly, it is infuriating.

Just one example is the fact that under section 61008, COVID pandemic measures could be extended until December 31, 2025. What better way to make Americans dependent upon China for critical supplies like PPE than to mandate that we get it from them, and make sure that COVID provisions stay in place?

Another example is the \$8 billion, with a B, authorization for the Green Climate Fund, which was conceived as a tool for incentivizing developing countries to participate in the Paris climate agreement. In practice, this

U.N. fund has done nothing more but distort global energy markets, and even encourages corruption.

I have an amendment to this bill that would strike the funding, and I urge my colleagues to support that amendment.

However, we know that this is more about politics than it is about good policy, so I am not particularly optimistic. However, I still would encourage my colleagues to support that amendment.

Madam Speaker, this bill is misguided. We should stand as Americans and counter China and its rise. Support true American innovation.

I encourage my colleagues to oppose this bill. It is dangerous and misguided.

Ms. JOHNSON of Texas. Madam Speaker, I yield 1 minute to the gentlewoman from Georgia (Ms. BOURDEAUX).

Ms. BOURDEAUX. Madam Speaker, I rise in strong support of the America COMPETES Act, a bill that would bolster American leadership in critical economic sectors for decades to come.

In addition to necessary provisions to spur American production of semi-conductors, the America COMPETES Act would take action to address supply chain disruptions and shortages.

My bill, the Supply CHAIN Act, is included in this package and would ensure the newly created Office of Supply Chain Resiliency and Crisis Response at the Department of Commerce has the tools it needs to map and monitor critical supply chains, as well as prepare for and respond to supply chain shocks and disruptions.

I have heard from families and small businesses and manufacturers in Georgia's Seventh District of the challenges presented by supply chain disruptions, especially amidst the pandemic.

This package of supply chain resiliency measures will help us to identify and mitigate these disruptions moving forward.

In closing, I would like to commend my colleagues for their hard work in assembling this critical legislation. I urge my colleagues on both sides of the aisle to support the America COM-PETES Act.

Mr. BABIN. Madam Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

I stand in strong opposition to what should be called the concedes act. Once again, we are voting on a bill that was forced through this Chamber in a partisan fashion, and one that lacks the policies needed to bolster our competitiveness and combat the threats from our foreign adversaries.

The hard work and the bipartisan collaboration of the Space, Science, and Technology Committee has, once again, been obliterated so that the left can pass partisan policies.

Once again, in a sincere and goodwill attempt to work across the aisle on important policy, I introduced an amendment that would have reauthorized NASA's enhanced-use leasing program for 1 year, a timeline supported by both parties. But to no surprise, the Demo-

crats put messaging over good governance and refused to make that non-controversial amendment in order.

And just a few weeks ago, we had a bipartisan EUL bill that had already passed this House. It was stolen from us, gutted, and turned into a Federal election takeover bill.

Instead of focusing on commonsense solutions to our China problems, H.R. 4521 hurts the American people. It lets China off the hook for failing to contain COVID-19. It fails to ban funding to CCP-tied organizations. It fails to punish the CCP for its blatant human rights abuses, and it fails to stop China's theft of America's intellectual property.

Today, we had another opportunity to pass important legislation to support American technology and to hold foreign adversaries accountable. Instead, we are, once again, wasting the American people's time, and I urge every single one of my colleagues to vote "no".

Madam Speaker, I reserve the balance of my time.

Ms. JOHNSON of Texas. Madam Speaker, I yield 1 minute to the gentleman from Texas (Mr. GREEN).

Mr. GREEN of Texas. Madam Speaker, I thank the chairwoman, Ms. JOHNSON, for the time.

Madam Speaker, Dr. King was eminently correct when he reminded us that life is an inescapable network of mutuality tied to a single garment of destiny. What impacts one directly impacts all indirectly.

This became perspicuously clear to us when we had a shortage of PPE in this country. We have a strategic petroleum stockpile, in the sense that we have oil, petroleum that is on reserve for emergencies. When we pass this bill, we will have a strategic medical supply stockpile, something that is desperately needed; something that I will vote for, and I encourage my colleagues to do so as well.

Pass the bill.

Mr. BABIN. Madam Speaker, I reserve the balance of my time.

Ms. JOHNSON of Texas. Madam Speaker, I yield 1 minute to the gentlewoman from Illinois (Ms. Kelly).

Ms. KELLY of Illinois. Madam Speaker, I want to thank Chairwoman EDDIE BERNICE JOHNSON and her committee for all of their hard work.

Passing the America COMPETES Act will help small businesses and ensure the U.S. remains a leader in scientific development.

This bill funds STEM programs to develop the next generation of diverse scientists and inventors and funds the CHIPS Act to bring back semiconductor manufacturing to U.S. shores.

Companies large and small across industries are confronting new supply chain challenges. In my district, I have visited companies like Plochman's. They are doing their best to produce delicious mustards, despite current production challenges.

The bipartisan Supply CHAIN Act included in this bill will create an Office of Supply Chain Resiliency and Crisis Response within the Department of Commerce to monitor supply chains of critical goods and materials to mitigate future challenges.

I hope my colleagues on both sides of the aisle will support this bill and bring relief to small businesses across the country.

Mr. BABIN. Madam Speaker, I continue to reserve the balance of my time.

Ms. JOHNSON of Texas. Madam Speaker, I yield 1 minute to the gentleman from New Jersey (Mr. PASCRELL).

Mr. PASCRELL. Madam Speaker, I thank the chairwoman for bringing this forward. It is going to affect the weaknesses that we have found in our trade deal.

So I rise in support of the America COMPETES Act. This includes my bipartisan, bicameral bill, the National Critical Capabilities Defense Act. Our bill will strengthen frayed supply chains. It will stop the bleeding of our industrial might being shipped to foreign adversaries.

The Chinese Communist Party government climbed our back to economic power. They are abusing that power to commit genocide, crush democratic norms, and undermine our workers. We must stop our adversaries from leeching off America's economic might to sow discord.

It is time to enhance supply chain visibility. We must empower trade that does not undermine American competitors.

I want to thank Representatives DELAURO, SPARTZ, and FITZPATRICK for working on this legislation.

Madam Speaker, I include in the RECORD statements of support for the bill from the AFL-CIO, the Communications Workers of America, the United Steelworkers, and the Alliance for American Manufacturing.

AFL-CIO, January 31, 2022.

DEAR REPRESENTATIVE: On behalf of the 12.5 million union members of the AFL-CIO, I write in strong support of the America COMPETES Act. This comprehensive legislation presents Congress with a rare opportunity to improve the United States' competitiveness across a broad cross-section of industry, science, trade, and technology. We commend the House Leadership and the committee chairs for putting together a legislative package that will benefit millions of working families.

The COMPETES Act includes important

provisions that will help curb China's aggressive non-market trade distortions that have put downward pressure on U.S. production, employment and wages. Specifically, the \$52 billion in funding for the CHIPS Act is critical to sustaining U.S. leadership in semiconductors and addressing the current chip shortage that continues to adversely impact production in the automotive sector and elsewhere. In addition, the Research and Innovation provisions in Division B will strengthen our nation's technology and innovation infrastructure, bolster the involvement of workers in our federal research enterprise, expand STEM education, and protect vital research and development.

The trade title of COMPETES, Division K. includes critically important fixes to the trade title that was added at the last minute to the Senate USICA bill (see attached Fact Sheet). These include stronger protections for workers under the Generalized System of Preferences (GSP), and restrictions in the Miscellaneous Tariff Bill in order to maintain its historical purpose of exempting components, and not finished products, for goods to be produced domestically.

The Ways and Means Committee also added provisions that must be included in any competitiveness package that purports to challenge China's increasing economic dominance. These include renewal of robust Trade Adjustment Assistance (TAA); the Sewell-Johnson Leveling the Playing Field Act 2.0; the DeLauro-Pascrell-Spartz-Fitzpatrick National Critical Capabilities Defense Act; and the Blumenauer Import Security and Fairness Act that would halt China's exploitation of U.S. de minimis policy. This section also removes harmful language from the Senate bill that would unnecessarily tie the administration's hands with regard to China tariffs.

Passage of the House's America COM-PETES Act will provide critical and overdue enhancements to America's global competitive capabilities, support workers whose jobs are lost to trade, and protect and expand the tools to fight foreign unfair trade. The AFL-CIO stands ready to fight for these priorities. to level the playing field against unfair trade practices and to improve opportunities for America's hard-working families. We urge you to support this legislation and fight for the enactment of its provisions into law.

Sincerely,

WILLIAM SAMUEL, Director, Government Affairs. Fact Sheet on Trade Provision in COMPETES Act

Trade Adjustment Assistance (TAA). Unfortunately, TAA reverted at the end of June 2021 to an insufficient program with limited funding and coverage that does not help workers whose jobs are outsourced to countries with which the U.S. does not have a Free Trade Agreement, such as China, Renewing TAA with robust funding and support is critical to American workers and families who lose their jobs to trade.

The Sewell-Johnson Level the Playing Field Act 2.0 (similar legislation was introduced by Senators Brown and Portman in the Senate) is critically needed to update the rules against unfair trade. Inclusion will update U.S. trade laws and help ensure that the unique circumstances relating to economic recovery from the pandemic do not limit the ability of workers, farmers, and businesses to address the injury caused by illegally dumped and subsidized imports.

The National Critical Capabilities Defense Act, a bipartisan bill introduced by Representatives DeLauro, Pascrell, Spartz and Fitzpatrick. This companion to Senate legislation authored by Senators Casey and Cornyn creates a new review process to protect our supply chains by screening outbound investment and guarding against offshoring of critical capabilities to adversaries like China and Russia. It is a common-sense approach that finally recognizes how important our supply chains are to our national, health and economic security. From semiconductors to pharmaceutical ingredients, it will provide a needed review mechanism to advance U.S. production and employment. The approach was recommended as part of the most recent unanimously-approved report of the bipartisan U.S.-China Economic & Security Review Commission.

H.R. 3975, the "Generalized System of Preferences and Miscellaneous Tariff Bill Mod-

ernization Act of 2021." This bill would reauthorize and strengthen the Generalized System of Preferences (GSP) program. Importantly, the bill would be the first significant update of the labor eligibility criteria and enforcement process since 1984, when these standards were first included.

A Miscellaneous Tariff Bill (MTB) that allows for exemptions of product components if they are not available in the United States: but unlike the Senate provisions will not expand longstanding policy by allowing tariff-free exemptions for finished products. Historically, the MTB has been drafted only to allow components into the U.S. tariff-free if they were unavailable domestically but necessary for the production of final products manufactured here.

Removal of a Senate provision that would shift more jobs and production to China and undermine enforcement actions designed to address that country's predatory and protectionist practices. The Senate provisions on Section 301 would tie the President's hands in responding to unfair and illegal foreign trade practices like intellectual property theft. It puts new, unnecessary burdens on USTR and Customs & Border Protection. Touted as "oversight," these provisions' purpose is to roll back China tariffs and would grease the skids for more imports from China. It should not have been included in legislation dealing with the competitive challenges we face from China.

A provision to halt exploitation of "de minimis." Currently, individual shipments into the U.S. are exempt from duties and tariffs so long as they are valued below the "de minimis" threshold of \$800 USD. This threshold is far too high and has allowed a new model of direct-to-consumer imports, particularly from China, with significant negative impact on many U.S. sectors, including textiles and apparel. By comparison, China's de minimis is under \$10 USD. Inclusion of the Import Security and Fairness Act would prohibit goods from countries that are both Non-Market Economies (NME) and on the U.S. Trade Representative's (USTR) Priority Watch List (e.g. China) from avoiding tariffs and abuse of de minimis. In addition, "de minimis" packages arriving from China are not screened by CBP and may contain goods made with forced labor, particularly from the Xinjiang region.

Elimination of troublesome 301 Digital Trade language that would overwhelmingly benefit large digital corporations (Google, Facebook/Meta, Uber) at the expense of countries' right to reasonably regulate global digital platforms.

COMMUNICATIONS Workers AMERICA, GOVERNMENT AFFAIRS DEPARTMENT.

Washington, DC, February 1, 2022.

Hon. RICHARD NEAL,

Chair, House Committee on Ways and Means, Washington, DC.

Hon. EARL BLUMENAUER,

Chair, House Subcommittee on Trade,

Washington, DC.

DEAR CHAIRMAN NEAL AND SUBCOMMITTEE CHAIRMAN BLUMENAUER: On behalf of the members and officers of the Communications Workers of America, I am writing to express my gratitude for your work in creating a strong and comprehensive trade title in the America COMPETES Act. Because of your work and the work of committee and member staff, working families across the country will have the support and tools to combat unfair trade practices once this legislation is enacted.

Included in the trade title, Division K, are critically important fixes to the trade title in the Senate USICA bill. The House provisions included in the trade title creates a

worker centered trade agenda while also enhancing U.S. competitiveness. Specifically, the trade title includes:

A renewal of Trade Adjustment Assistance (TAA) with robust funding and support to help workers whose jobs are outsourced;

A reauthorization of the Generalized System Preferences (GSP) with updated labor eligibility criteria and enforcement process to ensure that workers are protected;

The bipartisan Sewell-Johnson Level the Playing Field Act 2.0, which strengthen U.S. trade remedy laws to protect American workers and push back against China's egregious efforts to manipulate the global market;

The bipartisan National Critical Capabilities Defense Act, which establishes a new review process to protect our supply chains and guards against the offshoring of critical capabilities so to ensure that the United States can quickly detect supply chain vulnerabilities: and

A removal of provisions on Section 301 and 301 Digital Trade language included in the Senate version of the bill, ensuring tariff preferences to economically developing countries uplift workers and countries keep their right to regulate global digital platforms

The Ways and Means Committee has created a trade title that includes proactive trade enforcement and reforms which will uplift workers and make our supply chains more resilient. Thank you again for your work to create a comprehensive trade title that will benefit working families for years to come.

Sincerely,

DAN MAUER, Director of Government Affairs Communications Workers of America (CWA).

> UNITED STEELWORKERS, January 31, 2022.

Re United Steelworkers supports H.R. 4521, the America COMPETES Act of 2022.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, Washington, DC.

DEAR REPRESENTATIVE: On behalf of the United Steel, Paper and Forestry, Rubber, Manufacturing, Energy, Allied Industrial and Service Workers International Union (USW), I write in strong support of the America COMPETES Act of 2022 (H.R. 4521). Passage of this legislation will improve the country's manufacturing competitiveness, defend American workers from unfair trade practices, provide them with new skills, and bolster labor-management cooperation in the workplace.

The comprehensive work of multiple House Committees has created a product that will foster leadership in the global economy, which has seen a rise in state owned enterprises, dangerously concentrated supply chains, and an over reliance on the People's Republic of China for critical materials, H.R. 4521 will bolster U.S. leadership in research, innovation, and manufacturing by including the following items.

The Ways and Means Committee pulled together a comprehensive trade title that sets a path to a worker centered trade agenda. This includes pro-active trade enforcement reforms, which USW has supported, by the inclusion of H.R. 6121—Representative Sewell and Johnson's trade law update, commonly known as the "Leveling the Playing Field Act 2.0". This legislation will aid domestic manufacturers and workers in their ability to defend against illegally dumped and subsidized goods from entering the U.S. market, and put a better check on China's "Belt and Road Initiative"

The COMPETES Act also improves labor rights accountability in a reauthorization of the Generalized System Preference (GSP) program, ensuring that the tariff preferences we provide to economically developing countries uplift workers. The legislation also contains important bills that stops abuse of the United States' de minimis policy, and better tracks U.S. investment in China through the bipartisan National Critical Capabilities Defense Act led by Representatives DeLauro, Pascrell, Spartz, and Fitzpatrick.

In an increasingly globalized economy, job training for workers who lost their jobs to overseas competition should be a priority, and H.R. 4521 improves and upgrades the Trade Adjustment Assistance program. Without this reauthorization, workers who lose their job to Chinese competition do not have access to comprehensive job retraining. The bill also includes the National Apprenticeship Act of 2022.

The Energy and Commerce Committee's title will provide significant federal resources to build more resilient supply chains—incorporation of the bipartisan legislation led by Representatives Blunt-Rochester, Kinzinger, and Malinowski will reduce dependence on critical materials from China, encourage domestic manufacturing expansion with fair guardrails, and ensure that labor and management cooperate in the creation of good paying union jobs. When combined with provisions to increase the domestic solar manufacturing supply chain, which also has strong labor protection, workers will be better positioned to benefit from Federal aid to manufacturers. Improving our domestic supply chain in semi-conductors is also bolstered through the inclusion of the CHIPS act.

Bringing labor to the table was also a priority in the research and innovation title as the National Science Foundation language in COMPETES will ensure the inclusion of a worker's perspective through the participation of labor organizations and workforce training organizations.

Ensuring that the U.S. remains a global competitor as China continues its rise in the global economy requires labor, management, and government to work together, uplifting each other and guaranteeing federal investments are appropriately deployed. The America COMPETES Act of 2022 does this, and a vote against this bill is a vote to let our global economic competitors, like China, win at the expense of America workers. The USW urges you to support this legislation and fight for the enactment of its provisions into law.

Sincerely.

THOMAS CONWAY, International President.

ALLIANCE FOR AMERICAN MANUFACTURING, Washington, DC, January 31, 2022.

AAM Supports Passage of the America COM-

PETES Act of 2022

DEAR MEMBERS OF THE U.S. HOUSE OF REP-RESENTATIVES: On behalf of the Alliance for American Manufacturing (AAM)-a partnership between some of America's leading manufacturers and the United Steelworkers-I write in support of the America COMPETES Act of 2022 (H.R. 4521). This bill represents one of the most comprehensive efforts in recent years to invest in America's industrial sector, critical research capacities, and workers while also providing modernized tools to level the playing field against competitors engaged in systematic unfair trade practices. If enacted, these policies will create jobs, strengthen supply chains, and make our nation more competitive and better-equipped to respond to current and future challenges.

The last two years have exposed in rather dramatic fashion that years of flawed tax,

trade, procurement, and other policies have put the United States in a perilous position of being overly reliant on imports for everything from personal protective equipment (PPE) to semiconductors. To this day, the one-two punch of gutted domestic supply chains and a dangerous reliance on foreign production is still impacting Americans in countless ways. We must be better prepared for the next crisis and that requires taking bold action starting right away.

Critical Supply Chain Resilience Program. The bill authorizes \$45 billion in federal assistance to support supply chain resilience and manufacturing of critical goods. At an October 14, 2021, Energy & Commerce subcommittee hearing, AAM testified in support of this initiative because it offers the opportunity to create a long-overdue policy framework for supply chain security, resiliency, and revitalization. We also cautioned that policy guardrails should be added to ensure that this assistance can only be used for U.S.-based investments and should utilize U.S.-produced construction inputs. While we appreciate that some of these concerns have already been addressed, more should be done to ensure that tax dollars are not used to build up production capacity offshore when domestic investment should be the clear pri-

AAM supports adoption of the Garamendi (D-CA) amendment to apply existing domestic content preferences for iron, steel, manufactured products, and construction materials to federal assistance projects funded by the Critical Supply Chain Resilience Program.

Strategic Transformer Reserve and Resilience Program. The bill authorizes a new program to reduce the vulnerability of the electric grid by establishing a Strategic Transformer Reserve. While the provision aims to "facilitate the domestic manufacturing" of transformers and related critical grid equipment, it would be improved by giving preference to U.S.-produced components necessary for transformer production.

AAM supports adoption of the Lamb (D-PA) amendment to add a domestic content preference for electrical steel used in transformer components, a critical input that is at risk due to predatory trade practices by competitors.

Section 301 Policy. AAM applauds the House bill for discarding the Senate's deeply flawed provision that would undermine Section 301 tariffs applied to certain imports from China. USICA—the Senate version of the bill-includes language mandating that the U.S. Trade Representative (USTR) reinstate all exemptions and exclusions to the 301 tariffs through the end of 2022. Doing so would completely take the fact-based review process out of USTR's hands while giving Beijing a free pass in legislation intended to counter China's predatory economic and trade policies.

AAM is opposed to the Murphy (D-FL) amendment to insert the Senate's flawed anti-Section 301 provision into the House's

AAM is opposed to the Kind (D-WI)/ DelBene (D-WA) amendment to express the sense of Congress that USTR should expand Section 301 exclusions, resulting in increased imports from China.

Import Security and Fairness Act. The bill includes Rep. Blumenauer's (D-OR) commonsense reforms to U.S. de minimis policy, which is routinely exploited to evade U.S. enforcement actions against competitors engaged in systematic unfair trade. The bill takes aim at the worst offenders, while also addressing loopholes used by bad actors to avoid paying taxes, duties and fees. We strongly encourage the adoption of these reforms while also ensuring that additional

steps are taken to monitor transshipments and increases in de minimis volume from other countries

Leveling the Playing Field Act 2.0. The bill includes the bipartisan, bicameral Sewell (D-AL)/Johnson (R-OH) measure to modernize our antidumping and countervailing duty (AD/CVD) trade remedy laws to keep up with unfair trade tactics used by foreign competition to seize U.S. market share. As we seek to revitalize our industrial base and grow our economy, these commonsense updates to our trade enforcement tools will support domestic manufacturers and American workers facing predatory and unfair imports.

National Critical Capabilities Defense Act. The bill includes the bipartisan, bicameral DeLauro (D-CT)/Pascrell (D-NJ)/Spartz (R-IN)/Fitzpatrick (R-PA) measure to establish an outbound investment review process designed to avert the offshoring of production capacity in critical U.S. sectors to foreign adversaries. By creating additional visibility into supply chains, this legislation establishes mechanisms to ensure that our national security is not undermined by the outsourcing of these "national critical capabilities." The provision provides necessary tools in the event that a national security risk is identified.

The America COMPETES Act presents a valuable opportunity to take concrete steps to strengthen domestic manufacturing, rebuild critical supply chains, and strengthen the tools available to counter unfair trade. Thank you for your support of American manufacturing.

Sincerely,

SCOTT N. PAUL, President, Alliance for American Manufacturing.

Mr. BABIN. Madam Speaker, I continue to reserve the balance of my time.

JOHNSON of Texas. Madam Ms. Speaker, I yield 1 minute to the gentleman from Indiana (Mr. MRVAN).

Mr. MRVAN. Madam Speaker, I thank Chairwoman Johnson for allowing me to speak in support of H.R. 5421, the America COMPETES Act of 2022.

Congress must advance this legislation to ensure American technology and manufacturing has the innovation advantage to continue to grow our economy, strengthen our national security, and tackle our supply chain issues.

Indiana's First Congressional District is home to an incredible manufacturing, steel, and industrial complex, and I want to recognize my Senate colleague from Indiana, Senator Todd Young, for his initiative on the Senate companion legislation, the Endless Frontier Act.

Our Nation has been faced with technology challenges in the past. Today, we have the opportunity to legislate together, with our collective interests in mind, to protect our workers and lead the world in innovation.

Madam Speaker, I thank Chairwoman Johnson for the time, and I encourage all my House colleagues to support the America COMPETES Act.

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Mr. BABIN. Madam Speaker, I reserve the balance of my time.

Ms. JOHNSON of Texas. Madam Speaker, I yield 1 minute to the gentlewoman from California (Ms. ESHOO).

Ms. ESHOO. Madam Speaker, I thank the chairwoman who has done so much extraordinary work in leading the Science Committee and bringing this forward.

Madam Speaker, I rise with great enthusiasm in support of this legislation because it is so highly consequential for our country. If anyone is concerned about supply chains, this legislation is for you. If we are concerned about inflation as a result of supply chain issues, we have policies in this that are going to speak to it.

I am very proud that four of my bills are included in the underlying bill. They deal with chip material and equipment production to the API that is used for drugs that are manufactured overseas and that we need to bring back to the United States. We have created a comprehensive study so that we can really study wireless network cybersecurity and also to educate the public on best cyber recommendations.

Madam Speaker, I urge all of my colleagues. This is really nonpartisan legislation. It is about keeping America competitive, moving our greatness ahead, making sure we address where we are lagging. It will be good for our entire country, for its workers, and our economy.

Mr. BABIN. Madam Speaker, I reserve the balance of my time.

Ms. JOHNSON of Texas. Madam Speaker, how much time remains?

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The gentlewoman from Texas has 17 minutes remaining.

Ms. JOHNSON of Texas. Madam Speaker, I yield 2 minutes to the gentleman from Georgia (Mr. JOHNSON).

Mr. JOHNSON of Georgia. Madam Speaker, I have an amendment at the desk.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The gentleman is recognized for general dehate

Mr. JOHNSON of Georgia. Madam Speaker, my amendment would help strengthen cybersecurity, improve American competitiveness, and contribute to a more diverse workplace by creating the David Satcher Cybersecurity Education Grant Program which gives the Commerce Department's National Institute of Standards and Technology, also known as NIST, the authority to make grants to historically Black colleges and universities and also minority-serving institutions and schools that serve large numbers of Pell Grant receiving students. It would help these students promote cybersecurity education and research.

Madam Speaker, we must include more women and minorities so we are maximizing all the tech talent our country has to offer. We are engaged in a cyber war, and we need all hands on deck. HBCUs are doing some of the most sophisticated and technologically advanced work in our Nation, and we should tap into and fully support those institutions to help us win this cyber war. I urge my colleagues to support my amendment when it comes up.

I would also recognize the fact that, as I have listened to the debate today on this very important topic, from my friends on the other side of the aisle I have heard a lot of Asian bashing. It is quite dangerous for us to go down that path, stoking the passions of people against other people. This is not about other people. This is about what America can do to put itself in a position to protect its supply chains and to make things in America and restore the greatness that this country has.

Madam Speaker, I would urge my colleagues on the other side of the aisle to refrain from the constant bashing of Asian people because it translates into real time. I mean, it has a real detrimental effect to our brothers and sisters who may not look like some but they are people, too. They are Americans as well. So we should not demonize an entire people just to score cheap political points.

Mr. BABIN. Madam Speaker, I take great offense at what I just heard, that we are supposedly Asian bashing. Nothing could be further from the truth. This is typical Democrat accusations, politics, and identity politics; I should say this. We have never bashed anybody for their heritage whatsoever. Our argument is totally 100 percent countering the Chinese Communist Party. It has nothing whatsoever to do with the heritage of any people whatsoever.

Our greatest adversary in the world today is the Chinese Communist Party. If we can't push back on the Communist Chinese without being accused of racial accusations and racism, which is so typical of this other side. I feel like this country is not being well served at all.

Madam Speaker, with that, I reserve the balance of my time.
Ms. JOHNSON of Texas. Madam

Speaker, I yield 1 minute to the gentleman from Indiana (Mr. MRVAN).

Mr. MRVAN. Madam Speaker, I want to take this opportunity to thank the chairwoman and to reiterate one fact. a story about my district, one of the top-producing steel districts in the Nation and also one of the top auto producers in the Nation.

Today we are faced with enhancing the ability for them to perform, enhancing the ability to produce automobiles because it takes semiconductors. When we don't have semiconductors, people stop working. When the auto industry stops working, then the steel industry stops working. Then my district is impacted. Today is vital for the creation of jobs, to protect our Nation, and, as a national security issue, to be able to correct the supply chain and to be able to produce semiconductors here in the United States.

The vitality of that is the example of the plant in Columbus, Ohio, and the investments that are going to be made in technology jobs so that the next generation of workers in technology will have an opportunity to equitably participate in our economy.

Madam Speaker, I encourage the House to pass this piece of legislation.

Mr. BABIN. Madam Speaker, I reserve the balance of my time.

Ms. JOHNSON of Texas. Madam Speaker, I yield 1 minute to the gentlewoman from California (Ms. Pelosi).

Ms. PELOSI. Madam Speaker, I thank the gentlewoman for her recognition. I want to recognize her as a great leader on the matter before us today. This legislation, the America COMPETES Act, is something that has come to the floor largely because of the investments that she has made over the years in science and technology, keeping America competitive, and now as the chair of the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology. I thank her for the intellect that she has brought to this and the reputation that she has enjoyed in the scientific and academic community in support of her legislative initiatives, this bill being a highlight of it all.

Madam Speaker, America has long been a beacon of excellence in science and engineering in the world, forging innovations that have been transformative for workers, businesses, and for our economy. By investing in education and research, we were preeminent. We have been preeminent in the world's arena. A number of years ago, maybe 20, maybe longer, other countries followed our blueprint. They followed our lead. They invested in education and recognized the value of investment in research and new technologies. Now they threaten our position as the world leader in science and innovation. We have been seeing that over time.

The technology that we rely on each day and those that will take us into the future must be made here in America or else we will be at the mercy of those other countries, driving up costs for American families and eroding our global competitiveness.

Madam Speaker, this situation is a challenge to the economic security of our country, the financial security of our families, and the national security of our Nation. It must be met head-on with bold, strategic action that seizes the opportunity for progress. Today the House is seizing that opportunity in passing legislation that meets the moment by securing the preeminence of American manufacturing, innovation, and economic strength with the America COMPETES Act.

To be preeminent in technology and innovation is essential so that America becomes self-sufficient in the manufacture of critical goods.

The America COMPETES Act will do this, and transport our Nation into the future, by: First, supercharging our investment in CHIPS for America Act. Semiconductors are a key component to everything from computers to cars to your personal phone, Madam Speaker. Cars contain hundreds of chips; electric cars, thousands. Chips are the lifeblood of modern technology.

Over the past 30 years, America's global share of manufacturing semiconductors has been outpaced by other countries, leaving us dependent on those countries and vulnerable to their supply chain issues, which drive up costs at home, for Americans.

The America COMPETES Act directs \$52 billion for the CHIPS for America Act. That is contained in this bill. It will address supply chain disruptions that push up costs for families, bring back chips production to America, and ensure that the United States leads the way on semiconductor fabrication.

Madam Speaker, specifically, the bill provides financial assistance to incentivize investment in facilities and equipment for semiconductor fabrication, assembly, testing, advanced packaging, and research development. This is very specific and very well thought out.

Secondly, the America COMPETES Act advances manufacturing at home in our country and strengthens our supply chains. The pandemic has exposed the vulnerabilities of global supply chains that rely on other countries. We need to be making goods in America with American workers. The America COMPETES Act authorizes \$45 billion to support the manufacture and acquisition of critical goods or industrial equipment that are essential for national security and economic vitality including components and products for public health in biological preparedness. This is very important.

Madam Speaker, information and communications technology, energy and transportation sector's industrial base, and agriculture and food product supply chains, that affects everyone in

our country.

The America COMPETES Act reduces our reliance on critical goods from countries of concern and encourages the relocation of manufacturing facilities out of those countries. It supports the creation of jobs with competitive wages including by preserving existing collective bargaining agreements and supporting union organizing efforts.

I will remind you that one and two were about supercharging our investment in chips and advancing manufacturing at home and strengthening the supply chains.

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Three, the America COMPETES Act advances America's scientific research and innovation excellence to ensure that we lead the technologies of the future. It includes a suite of bipartisan science, research, and technology bills to turbocharge American innovation focused squarely on producing solutions and results. I reiterate, a suite of bills that have been bipartisan in committee and on the floor of the House.

It maximizes the American talent pool by strengthening and diversifying our Nation's STEM workforce. This is very important because we want many more people, women, people of color, other previously underrepresented communities to be part of this.

And, fourth, the America COM-PETES Act promotes U.S. global leadership, ensuring that the 21st century is the American century, positioning the interests and values of the United States to win on the world stage. And there are competitors for that honor.

Central to the America COMPETES Act is the strong action taken to hold the PRC accountable for its trade abuses, which hurt U.S. workers, and for its human rights violations, including the genocide against the Uyghurs. People have to understand the connection between human rights violations and fairness to American workers. Actually, what is happening in China with the Uyghurs is beyond human rights; it is genocide to the nth degree.

This use of forced labor which they are doing with the Uyghurs is immoral and horrific, yes, and it hurts U.S. workers who have to compete with slave labor. So understand human rights there and fairness to our workers here are connected.

The House bill reflects a rigorous, comprehensive process of listening to the experts and crafting legislation that will truly rise to this challenge, and I thank Madam Chair for doing that. Eleven committees have fed into this legislation, so I know we have heard from many of the chairs in the debate today, and we will hear from many more Members as we go into the amendment process. But I want to congratulate you, Madam Chair.

Well over 100 research and scientific institutions have already endorsed this bill or its key components, from:

Academic institutions: Including the Association of American Universities and dozens of top research universities, including the Ivy League schools and leading public institutions, including the University of California system.

Leading scientific groups: Such as American Association for the Advancement of Science, American Nuclear Society, American Mathematical Society, and American Society for Engineering Education.

Top innovation firms and business groups: The Chamber of Commerce, the Semiconductor Industry Association, the National Association of Manufacturers, and companies like Intel who invest in these chips.

Groups representing American workers—and this is very important.

Groups representing American workers, led by the AFL-CIO, and I mentioned the Teamsters, who write, "On behalf of America's supply chain union," they call themselves, "I applaud the House Democratic leadership for moving forward with their own legislation that addresses the crucial issue of competing with China in a way that benefits U.S. working families for many years to come." Their statement continues, "I agree with President Biden that America COMPETES Act will bring manufacturing jobs back home to this country and make America's supply chains more resilient."

The America COMPETES Act is built on bipartisan bills, many of which have already passed the House with overwhelming bipartisan margins, my colleagues, overwhelming bipartisan margins. And that includes the National Science Foundation for the Future Act, the Department of Energy Science for the Future Act, Rural STEM Education Act, Open RAN Outreach Act, FUTURE Networks Act, Strengthening America's Strategic National Stockpile Act, and many more.

In closing, I just want to say the America COMPETES Act recognizes and meets the challenges of the 21st century, ensuring that America cannot just compete but must win the global landscape. As I said in the beginning, we were in the lead. We set a good example for the world. Others followed our lead and became competitive with

A vote for this bill would be a vote for making more American goods here in America with American workers. A vote for this bill would strengthen our supply chains and lower costs for families. It would bring forceful action to ensure that America, not the People's Republic of China, but America writes the rules of the road for the 21st century.

Madam Speaker, I urge a strong bipartisan vote for the America COM-PETES Act and for ensuring the global preeminence of America's manufacturing for American workers and the American economy and our security now and for years to come.

Again, congratulations to Chairwoman EDDIE BERNICE JOHNSON and other chairs who worked so hard to bring this very important legislation to the floor and to the fore.

Mr. BABIN. Madam Speaker, I reserve the balance of my time.

Ms. JOHNSON of Texas. Madam Speaker, I yield 2 minutes to the gentlewoman from Texas (Ms. JACKSON LEE).

Ms. JACKSON LEE. Madam Speaker, first of all, I think it is important to say how great it is to have an opportunity to create jobs and promote human rights at the same time, while respecting our fellow Americans, Asian Pacific Americans.

I think it is important that we make that statement, that as we promote this very important legislation, Asian Pacific Islanders and others will also have the respect of this Nation because we do believe in human rights.

But I want to pause for a moment to be able to thank my friend, my colleague, the Honorable EDDIE BERNICE JOHNSON, for sticking to her higher values, her commitment to science for more than two decades, going on three decades.

As I watched her on the Science Committee, first as a member myself, and then as she proceeded to take the leadership reins, look where we are today, with an outstanding America COMPETES Act that builds on previous legislation, brings together 11 jurisdictional committees, and comes out on the side of creating jobs. We owe her a great debt of gratitude, and I am grateful to call her a Member of the United

States Congress, but I am even more grateful to call her a fellow Texan.

This legislation will answer the questions of those who are complaining about the supply chain because \$45 billion will improve our Nation's supply chain and strengthen our economy and national security by preventing shortages of critical goods.

There is an outcry of inflation. There is an outcry of empty shelves, but I will tell you that the immediate signing of this bill will turn the corner for all Americans. I am grateful that we will be advancing the American scientific research technology and innovation.

Just the other day I was at the Ion Center sponsored by Rice, and looking at a number of technology companies in my 18th Congressional District. I was glad to talk to a former truck driver who was there in a program that dealt with training at-risk persons or persons who were changing careers. He was saying he could not do trucking anymore, but how glad he was to do this.

I am also very glad that legislation that I had is in this bill regarding STEM and also K-12 students by creating State and regional workshops to create jobs. This is a bill that will continue to create jobs and working with the National Science Foundation to ensure the diversity in STEM.

I will continue to work on these issues and create jobs. The COMPETES Act creates jobs.

Madam Speaker, as a senior member of the House and the Committee on Homeland Security, and as Chair of the Judiciary Subcommittee on Crime, Terrorism, and Homeland Security, I rise in strong support of Rules Committee Print 117–31 and H.R. 4521, the America Creating Opportunities for Manufacturing Pre-Eminence in Technology and Economic Strength or "America COMPETES) Act of 2022," as well as the underlying legislation.

I particularly wish to thank my colleague from Texas, Congresswoman EDDIE BERNICE JOHNSON, the Chair of the Science, Space, and Technology Committee, for her extraordinary leadership and the progress and success made possible by her steadfast commitment to fairness and equality.

For 15 terms the constituents of her congressional district have been ably represented by one of this body's great legislators, who will be missed deeply when she leaves this body at the end of the current Congress.

Madam Speaker, the America COMPETES Act of 2022 is a bold legislative package that makes transformational new investments in research, innovation and American manufacturing that will ensure that America can outcompete any nation in the world, now and for decades to come.

The package will accelerate production of critical semiconductor chips, strengthen the supply chain to make more goods in America, turbocharge our research capacity to lead the technologies of the future, and advance our global competitiveness, while supporting strong labor standards and human rights, among other key provisions.

The America COMPETES Act of 2022 is a bold, comprehensive package to strengthen

America's competitiveness, which includes the "Creating the CHIPS for America Fund," providing \$52 billion to incentivize private-sector investments and continue American leadership in semiconductor fabrication, helping address supply chain disruptions and ensure that more semiconductors are produced here at home.

The legislation strengthening the supply chain and American manufacturing by authorizing \$45 billion to improve our nation's supply chains and strengthen our economy and national security by preventing shortages of critical goods and ensuring that more of these goods are made right here in the United States.

The America COMPETES Act of 2022 advances American scientific research, technology, and innovation excellence by making major new solutions-driven investments in every aspect of innovation and scientific research, making the kind of investments that will lead to breakthrough discoveries.

I am particularly pleased that the America COMPETES Act will help maintain and secure America's global competitiveness and leadership through economic development diplomacy, human rights, and partnering with allies by including numerous provisions to strengthen and promote America's leadership around the globe, including in such areas as investing in partnerships and alliances, investing in standing up for America's values, expanding our investments in diplomacy, and promoting human rights.

Madam Speaker, the United States has long been a beacon of excellence in science and technology in the world.

I have worked hard on the COMPETES Act over time to make sure that this legislation includes provisions that stimulates government reinvestment in the private sector; and reimagination of the Federal government's approach to innovation that ignites and excites new ideas that ensure that the United States remains the leader in innovation globally.

I am very pleased that the legislation before us retains provisions I sponsored that were included when the America COMPETES Act was previously passed.

One of those provisions, which is incorporated in RCP 117–31 addresses the STEM education gap for K–12 students by creating State and regional workshops to train K–12 teachers in project-based science and technology learning, allowing them to provide instruction in initiating robotics and other STEM competition team development programs.

Another provision included in the legislation requires the National Science Foundation (NSF) to report on the economic and ethnic breakdown of "Science Technology Engineering and Mathematics" (STEM) industry internship program recipients.

Facilitating links between institutes of higher education and the private sector is vital to ensuring that education enables a skilled and relevant workforce.

Such links are especially important for minorities and under-served communities because these students often lack alternative avenues to connect their education with an industry.

Internship experience is an increasingly vital component of a successful resume, yet the unpaid nature of internships is cost-prohibitive for many people.

Mandating that the National Science Foundation report on the economic and ethnic

breakdown of STEM program recipients will help ensure that minorities and economically disadvantaged students have adequate access to internships that bridge STEM academia and industry.

I am hopeful this data will provide evidence of robust participation by minority and economically disadvantaged students; however, if such students are not fully participating, these reporting requirements will provide Congress with the data it needs to facilitate broader participation.

Now is the time to recommit to boldly and strategically investing in our nation's future—to promote America's economic strength, the well-being of our communities, our national security and our leadership in the world. This transformative legislation will ensure that America can out-compete any nation, for decades to come.

Madam Speaker, I strongly support this legislation and urge all Members to join me in voting for the rule governing debate of RCP 117–31, the America COMPETES Act of 2022

Mr. BABIN. Madam Speaker, I reserve the balance of my time.

Ms. JOHNSON of Texas. Madam Speaker, I yield 1 minute to the gentleman from Illinois (Mr. GARCÍA).

Mr. GARCÍA of Illinois. Madam Speaker, I rise today in support of the America COMPETES Act. We have heard a lot about competing with China on the global stage, and I strongly agree that we have to invest in American innovation.

But what does innovation mean if technological development and economic growth leaves everyday people behind? To truly compete, we must take a hard look inward.

Our economy is built on the backs of many low-wage workers, many of them being Latino, Black, and immigrant, like my neighbors in Chicago.

How can we compete globally as inequality rises, our healthcare system crumbles, and the middle class remains out of reach for millions?

I support the America COMPETES Act because it puts our focus on where it needs to be, on investing in communities. The bill strengthens our supply chains, builds sustainable technologies, includes people from diverse backgrounds in the STEM field, and protects and expands living-wage jobs.

It is about real access to opportunity, so more Americans can share in our country's wealth because our people are our strength.

Mr. BABIN. Madam Speaker, I reserve the balance of my time.

Ms. JOHNSON of Texas. Madam Speaker, how much time is remaining? The SPEAKER pro tempore. The gentlewoman from Texas has 10 minutes remaining.

Ms. JOHNSON of Texas. Madam Speaker, I yield 1 minute to the gentlewoman from California (Ms. Speigr).

Ms. SPEIER. Madam Speaker, I thank the chairwoman for the bold legislation and for her legacy of service.

Members, we cannot rest, we cannot be asleep at the switch. The countries that innovate and commercialize new technologies the fastest will be able to set the political, military, and economic agenda for the 21st century. We must prevail.

The global microchip shortage is only a symptom of a broader challenge, which is that the United States' share of global semiconductor production has fallen from 37 percent to just 12 percent over the last 30 years.

President Putin recently said the country that becomes the leader in AI will reign the world. Think about that. It is all about artificial intelligence. In the field of AI, China now surpasses the United States in the global share of research papers and consistently files more AI patents than any other country.

The America COMPETES Act will reset our focus. We need to invest in research; we need to invest in application; and we need to invest in talent.

The decline in American technology, innovation, and competitiveness is a national security challenge. We must avoid it.

Mr. BABIN. Madam Speaker, I reserve the balance of my time.

Ms. JOHNSON of Texas. Madam Speaker, I yield 1 minute to the gentlewoman from Ohio (Ms. KAPTUR).

Ms. KAPTUR. Madam Speaker, I thank the Chairwoman for yielding and thank her for her dutiful service to our country. What a legacy to leave for the American people. Congratulations.

I rise today to highlight two amendments I have offered to the America COMPETES Act. The first will ensure that innovative startups in our Great Lakes region, our freshwater industrial heartland, are prioritized when Federal support is awarded to accelerate the commercialization of clean energy technology.

The second will allow economically distressed communities throughout the industrial heartland to receive fair consideration for new investments in domestic solar facilities. This is vitally important when our Nation is competing against China, which constantly hacks our technology and takes outsourced jobs paying penny wages to their workers.

The America COMPETES Act offers a remarkable opportunity to stimulate 21st century growth in America. We must make sure these investments reach down to the communities that have been outsourced of jobs and not always received their fair share in compensation.

My amendments will allow Great Lakes communities to receive the resources they deserve as they labor to make, build, and grow that which makes, builds, and grows America. I ask for support of these amendments.

Mr. BABIN. Madam Speaker, I reserve the balance of my time.

Ms. JOHNSON of Texas. Madam Speaker, how much time remains?

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The gentlewoman from Texas has 8 minutes remaining.

Ms. JOHNSON of Texas. Madam Speaker, we have no further requests for time.

Mr. BABIN. Madam Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

During the past 2 hours of debate, you have heard my colleagues mention dozens and dozens of flaws in this bill, and they haven't even covered all of them.

There is an excessive transfer of taxpayer dollars to international climate slush funds, with no guardrails preventing that money from going to China, our greatest adversary today.

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There is a dramatic expansion of the Treasury's authority, giving them unchecked power to block Americans' digital currency payments worldwide. There is the permanent extension of the healthcare tax credit for trade adjustment assistance beneficiaries with no justification. There are Solyndrastyle loan guarantees.

It seems like this bill has everything in it except for the one thing that it desperately needs: a focus on countering the growing danger we face from the Chinese Communist Party.

There is no question in my mind that the Chinese Communist Party is the greatest threat that we face as a nation today. I was proud to work on bipartisan House Science, Space, and Technology Committee legislation to make America more competitive and more secure. I had high hopes that we could take our proposals, which passed the House with broad bipartisan support, and conference them with the Senate to create a strong, strategic approach for America's continued technological growth and global competitiveness

Unfortunately, the Speaker had other priorities. Instead of moving forward on a true China bill, she created a massive Christmas tree with unrelated liberal priorities hung from every branch like ornaments.

We cannot afford this partisan gamesmanship. The threat is too real for the American people and our national security.

I urge my colleagues to oppose this bill, and I yield back the balance of my time

Ms. JOHNSON of Texas. Madam Speaker, I have no further requests for time, and I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. THOMPSON of Mississippi. Madam Speaker, I am proud to join with Speaker PELOSI and my Democratic colleagues in support of the "America COMPETES Act"—legislation that holds the promise of preserving America's place as a global economic leader for generations to come.

Enactment of this comprehensive and strategic package of largely bipartisan measures would enhance America's competitiveness on the world economic stage and our security.

This package includes bipartisan legislation advanced by the Committee on Homeland Security that spurs scientific and technological innovation and, at the same time, reduces our dependence on foreign countries by creating incentives for more U.S. manufacturing of critical goods and technology.

The "America COMPETES Act" includes legislation offered by my colleague on the Homeland Security Committee, Representative Correa, which passed the House last November. The "Homeland Procurement Reform Act," or "HOPR Act," requires the Department of Homeland Security use least one-third of the funds obligated for uniforms or gear, like vital personal protective equipment, to purchase goods manufactured or supplied by American small businesses to the maximum extent possible.

These provisions would boost domestic sourcing of vital homeland security equipment and supplies, create new opportunities for small businesses, and improve supply chain security.

The vice chair of the Homeland Security Committee, Representative Torres, has also focused on supply chain security. His "DHS Software Supply Chain Risk Management Act" is included in the homeland security division of this measure.

This legislation directs DHS to issue Department-wide guidance to improve visibility into the supply chain for software purchased from new and existing contractors. As the lead Federal agency for cybersecurity, it is important that DHS lead by example in aggressively protecting its own networks.

Similarly, Representative GUEST's "Unmanned Aerial Security Act" ensures the integrity of DHS data by preventing DHS from operating, financing, or procuring unmanned aircraft systems that are manufactured in certain foreign countries that are identified as foreign adversaries by the intelligence community

Finally, the homeland security division of this measure also includes Representative MCEACHIN's "Department of Homeland Security Mentor-Protégé Program Act," which would help build and sustain a reliable pool of small business vendors that could compete for DHS contracts. This program encourages big businesses to help small businesses build their capacity to compete for government contracts, which is incredibly important for woman-, veteran-, and minority-owned firms.

The "America COMPETES Act" strengthens our economy, creates good jobs—including good union jobs—and delivers for American families.

Madam Speaker, I congratulate my dear friend, Representative EDDIE BERNICE JOHNSON, the chair of the Science, Space, and Technology Committee for shepherding this complex bill through the legislative process. I am so pleased we are acting expeditiously on this measure and look forward to working with my partners here and in the Senate to turbocharge our economy by getting this package signed into law.

Mr. McHENRY. Madam Speaker, I rise today to express my strong opposition to H.R. 4521.

This bill does nothing to counter the global threat posed by the Chinese Communist Party. This bill will not make our global standing stronger. In fact, this bill suggests a sort of complacency with respect to China and its agenda.

This bill says that we must compete with China on China's terms to succeed.

This is the wrong kind of thinking.

There are three principles that I think we need to focus on when dealing with China.

First, for the United States to beat China, it cannot become China. We need to focus on

America's ability to innovate, grow, and efficiently allocate capital. We need to reaffirm our commitment to free people and free markets

Second, the United States and its allies must prevent China from rewriting the international rules of the road.

Third, we need to lead by example. National security requires the United States financial sector to remain open, vibrant, and resilient, even as we prevent Chinese companies from advancing Beijing's strategic goals.

This bill fails to accomplish any of these goals.

In fact, this bill is contrary to many of the principles that have made this country great.

For example, this bill would create a back door for the Treasury Secretary to strangle financial innovation.

Currently, under Section 311 of the PA-TRIOT Act, the Treasury Secretary can invoke one of five special measures when a foreign entity is suspected of money laundering and investigate potential wrongdoing.

These measures have only been invoked 26 times since enactment, with 12 of those ultimately rescinded. This is a powerful regulatory tool that Democrats now want to expand so that the Department of Treasury can block individual financial transactions as it sees fit.

The Democrats' partisan bill would allow the Treasury Secretary to redefine what counts as a "transmittal of funds," potentially sweeping up vast swaths of the digital economy and shutting down transactions with people and institutions they don't like abroad.

We went through this during the Obama Administration and Operation Chokepoint, when we witnessed unelected bureaucrats at agencies across the federal government shutting legal businesses out of the banking system for little more than ideological disagreement.

Well, here we are again. This time the target is digital assets. It's been clear from the start that this Administration and Democrats are anti-innovation.

Unfortunately, this is not the only time we've seen this move; Democrats recently tried adding this provision to the NDAA as well.

It was a bad policy there, and it's a bad policy now. Elected officials need to govern cryptocurrency thoughtfully and transparently, not slip prohibitions into an unrelated, 3,000-page bill.

To ensure our continued leadership, including in the digital assets space, we must focus on our strengths and the frameworks that work that made our country great—the free market. We should legislate to ensure those attributes are protected—not legislate out of fear.

Mr. SABLAN. Madam Speaker, the America COMPETES Act makes landmark investments to ensure our people, research, innovation, and manufacturing remain competitive globally. The legislation includes several of my bills supporting these goals: by providing Marianas students pathways to well-paying jobs through access to STEM courses and apprenticeships, by ensuring math and science teachers in the Marianas are recognized at the national level along with their peers in education, and by protecting the ocean life that has always been so important to the people and culture of the Marianas.

To be specific the America COMPETES Act includes my bill, the Outlying Areas Apprenticeship Expansion Act, which provides \$2.8 million to establish an apprenticeship program.

Our school systems already equip students with the skills employers seek. Now we need to build a connection between that classroom learning and the real-world workplace. Apprenticeships provide that link. And with our economy still struggling to recover due to the pandemic, that link is needed now more than ever

We also need to recognize the teachers who are giving those students the skills they need. My bill, the STEM Educator Awards Equity Act, has also been incorporated in the COMPETES Act and expands the annual Presidential Awards for Excellence in Mathematics and Science Teaching so a teacher in each of America's insular areas can be recognized. Selected teachers receive \$10,000 from the National Science Foundation and participate in expert-led training and collaboration opportunities in Washington. Currently, teachers from the Marianas, Guam, American Samoa, and the U.S. Virgin Islands must compete against each other for two awards. This defeats the purpose of the program, which is to inspire excellence and provide a role model in every area of our nation.

Lastly, the America COMPETES Act protects our environment, which is the foundation of economic activity. The bill addresses the sharp decline in shark populations by banning the commercial trade in shark fins. This matches the ban in my legislation, H.R. 2811, which has 240 cosponsors in the House of Representatives, and which follows the lead already established by law in the Marianas and U.S. state governments. The COMPETES Act will also protect the Marianas' coral reefs through increased funding for conservation activities. These provisions support our tourism economy by maintaining the natural beauty of our islands to showcase to visitors from around the world.

With historic investments in job training, STEM education and the environment, the America COMPETES Act supports communities in the Marianas and around America in this time of economic challenge. I ask my colleagues to support the America COMPETES Act.

Ms. ESHOO. Madam Speaker, I rise in strong support of H.R. 4521, the America COMPETES Act, critical legislation to ensure America maintains its leadership in science and technology on the global stage and invests where we are lagging.

The legislation includes \$52 billion to fund the CHIPS for America Act, authorizing legislation I was proud to cosponsor last Congress. Additionally, the America COMPETES Act, includes four of my bills:

(1) Section 10002(a)(1) is based on H.R. 6359, the Investing in Domestic Semiconductor Manufacturing Act, bipartisan and bicameral legislation I introduced to bolster American semiconductor production and supply chains by expanding the eligibility of the programs authorized under the CHIPS for America Act to include manufacturers of semiconductor materials and equipment. I thank Rep. Trent Kelly, along with Senators Gary Peters, Rob Portman, Marsha Blackburn, and Mark Kelly for partnering with me on this important legislation.

(2) Section 20403 is based on H.R. 6483, the Improved Transparency of Foreign Drug Manufacturing Act, which is a bill I introduced that directs the Food and Drug Administration to collect additional information on drugs and

the active pharmaceutical ingredients that are manufactured overseas every three months instead of annually. This will help to better identify the drugs that are most dependent on foreign supply chains. This is legislation that the FDA testified is needed during a House Health Subcommittee hearing.

Subcommittee hearing.
(3) Section 20102 is based on H.R. 2685, the Understanding Cybersecurity of Mobile Networks Act, bipartisan legislation which requires the National Telecommunications and Information Administration (NTIA) to conduct a comprehensive study on the cybersecurity vulnerabilities of our 2G, 3G, and 4G networks. There have been many one-off reports from agencies, universities, companies, and think tanks, but we need a comprehensive study on what vulnerabilities exist and what has been addressed, so that policymakers have the full picture. I thank Rep. ADAM KINZINGER for partnering with me on this legislation which passed the House on December 1, 2021, as a standalone bill.

(4) Section 20107 is based on H.R. 4055, the American Cybersecurity Literacy Act, bipartisan legislation I co-led with Rep. KINZINGER, along with Senators AMY KLOBUCHAR and JOHN THUNE, that requires the Department of Commerce to conduct a public education campaign to improve cyber literacy among the American populace. H.R. 4055 passed the House on December 1, 2021.

I thank Chairman FRANK PALLONE and Chairwoman EDDIE BERNICE JOHNSON for including an update to the bill in the manager's amendment based on Rules Amendment No. 57 that I authored.

In addition to the above provisions, I thank the Rules Committee for making in order three of my amendments for consideration by the House, and I ask my colleagues to vote for them:

Amendment No. 75, which appears as the new Paragraph (4) of Section 10002(b), amends a requirement in the CHIPS for America Act for an existing GAO study to include an evaluation of demand-side incentives (i.e., role of government as a buyer of technology) for alleviating semiconductor shortages in the information communications and technology industry and in other industries.

Amendment No. 76 creates a new Section 50105 based on H.R. 6541, the Improving Cybersecurity of Small Businesses, Nonprofits, and Local Governments Act, which is my bipartisan and bicameral bill that directs the Cybersecurity and Infrastructure Security Agency to publish an annual report to promote evidence-based policies and controls that small entities (i.e., small businesses, nonprofits, local governments) may employ to improve cybersecurity. The provision also requires a Commerce Department annual report on barriers that small entities face in implementing cybersecurity policies and controls. I thank Reps. WILLIAM TIMMONS, JAMIE RASKIN, and ED CASE for cosponsoring my amendment and bill, and I thank Senators JACKY ROSEN and JOHN CORNYN for their leadership on this bill in the Senate.

Amendment No. 77 creates a new Section 3 that directs the President to ensure that the provisions of the America COMPETES Act which are aimed at countering the influence of the Chinese Communist Party are implemented in a manner that does not result in discrimination against people of Asian descent. I thank Rep. JUDY CHU, Chairwoman of

the Congressional Asian Pacific American Caucus, for partnering with me on this highly important amendment.

The legislation before us is critical for our national security and economic competitiveness, and I urge my colleagues to support the legislation.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. All time for debate has expired.

Each further amendment printed in part D of House Report 117-241 not earlier considered as part of amendments en bloc pursuant to section 8 of House Resolution 900 shall be considered only in the order printed in the report, may be offered only by a Member designated in the report, shall be considered as read, shall be debatable for the time specified in the report equally divided and controlled by the proponent and an opponent, may be withdrawn by the proponent at any time before the question is put thereon, shall not be subject to amendment, and shall not be subject to a demand for division of the question.

It shall be in order at any time for the chair of the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology or her designee to offer amendments en bloc consisting of further amendments printed in part D of House Report 117-241 not earlier disposed of. Amendments en bloc shall be considered as read, shall be debatable for 20 minutes equally divided and controlled by the chair and ranking minority member of the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology or their respective designees, shall not be subject to amendment, and shall not be subject to a demand for division of the question.

AMENDMENTS EN BLOC NO. 1 OFFERED BY MS. JOHNSON OF TEXAS

Ms. JOHNSON of Texas. Madam Speaker, pursuant to House Resolution 900, I offer amendments en bloc.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Clerk will designate the amendments en bloc.

Amendments en bloc No. 1 consisting of amendment Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 9, 10, 11, 12, 14, 16, 17, 19, 20, 21, 24, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 46, 48, 49, 50, 58, 61, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 77, 84, 85, 86, 87, 90, 91, 93, 97, 98, 99, 102, 103, 104, 105, 108, 109, 112, 113, 115, 122, 123, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 132, 133, 134, 136, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 163, 167, 168, 169, 170, 172, 173, 175, 176. 166. 177, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 200, 201, 205, 207, 208, 209, 210, 213, 214, 215, 216, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 224, 223.225, 226, 227, 228, 231, 232, 233, 234, 236, 241, 242, 243, 245, 246, 247, 248, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 257, and 259 printed in part D of House Report 117-241, offered by Ms. Johnson of Texas:

AMENDMENT NO. 1 OFFERED BY MS. ADAMS OF NORTH CAROLINA

Page 325, line 3, strike "The Director" and insert "(A) The Director".

Page 325, after line 7, insert the following: (B) The Director shall administer separate competitions for each category of eligible institution described in subclauses (I) through (IV) of paragraph (2)(A)(i).

Page 326, beginning line 1, amend clause (ii) to read as follows:

(ii) shall—

(I) have not more than \$50,000,000 in annual federally financed research and development expenditures for science and engineering as reported through the National Science Foundation Higher Education Research and Development Survey; or

(II) not be an institution classified as having very high research activity by the Carnegie Classification of Institutions of Higher Education.

Page 328, beginning line 12, strike "\$100,000,000" and all that follows through "through 2026" and insert "\$200,000,000 for fiscal year 2022 and \$250,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2023 through 2026".

AMENDMENT NO. 2 OFFERED BY MR. AUCHINCLOSS OF MASSACHUETTS

In section 30241(2)(G), insert "and countering their disbursement of vaccines in exchange for exploitative concessions in low to middle-income countries while maintaining United States engagement with and support for multilateral vaccine procurement and equitable distribution" after "in the PDC."

AMENDMENT NO. 3 OFFERED BY MR. AUCHINCLOSS OF MASSACHUETTS

Page 989, line 22, insert "auto-disable syringes," after "diagnostics,".

AMENDMENT NO. 4 OFFERED BY MR. AUCHINCLOSS OF MASSACHUETTS

Page 415, line 9, strike "support for biomanufacturing testbeds" and insert "support for a national network of testbeds based on open standards, interfaces, and processes".

Page 430, strike lines 10 through 15 and insert the following (and redesignate the succeeding subparagraphs accordingly):

(A) advance the development of standard reference materials and measurements, including to promote interoperability between new component technologies and processes for engineering biology and biomanufacturing discovery, innovation, and production processes;

(B) create new data tools, techniques, and processes necessary to advance engineering biology and biomanufacturing;

AMENDMENT NO. 5 OFFERED BY MR. AUCHINCLOSS OF MASSACHUETTS

At the end of division G, add the following:

### TITLE XI—AFGHAN TRADE ZONES FOR LICIT TRADE

## SEC. 62001. STUDY AND REPORT ON FEASIBILITY OF ESTABLISHMENT AND IMPLEMENTATION OF AFGHAN TRADE ZONES FOR LICIT TRADE.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—To facilitate a secure path of licit market activity to support the legitimate economy and the humanitarian needs to every day Afghans, the Secretary of the Treasury and the Secretary of State, in consultation with the heads of other Federal agencies as appropriate, shall jointly conduct a study on the management of sanctions imposed against Afghan individuals, including with respect granting of licenses to such individuals, to facilitate the implementation of foreign trade zones in Afghanistan for licit trade.
- (b) MATTERS TO BE INCLUDED.—The study required under subsection (a) should—
- (1) identify individuals described in subsection (a) that, if sanctions imposed against such individuals are revised or licenses are granted to such individuals, could establish and implement such foreign trade zones but still maintain United States national security; and
- (2) review the possibility of establishing such foreign trade zones within the current sanctions regime, including—

- (A) identifying such individuals that would implement foreign trade zones;
- (B) identifying the programs under which such individuals are sanctioned to determine if revised sanctions or granting of licenses is appropriate:
- (C) identifying the possibility of such individuals implementing such foreign trade zones; and
- (D) identifying any potential conflicts with non-United States or other foreign allied sanctions, such as sanctions imposed by the United Nations or the European Union.
- (c) REPORT.—The Secretary of the Treasury and the Secretary of State shall jointly submit to Congress a report on the results of the study.

AMENDMENT NO. 9 OFFERED BY MS. BASS OF CALIFORNIA

Page 1099, beginning line 3, strike section 30274 and insert the following:

### SEC. \_\_\_. SUPPORT FOR YOUNG AFRICAN LEAD-ERS INITIATIVE.

- (a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that—
- (1) the Young African Leaders Initiative, launched in 2010, is a signature effort to invest in the next generation of African leaders:
- (2) Africa is a continent of strategic importance and it is vital for the United States to support strong and enduring partnerships with the next generation of African leaders;
- (3) the United States Government should prioritize investments to build the capacity of emerging young African leaders in sub-Saharan Africa, including through efforts to—
  - (A) enhance leadership skills;
  - (B) encourage entrepreneurship;
- (C) strengthen public administration and the role of civil society;
- (D) enhance peace and security in their respective countries of origin and across Africa; and
- (E) connect young African leaders continentally and globally across the private, civic, and public sectors;
- (4) youth in Africa have a positive impact on efforts to foster economic growth, improve public sector transparency and governance, and counter extremism, and should be an area of focus for United States outreach on the African continent; and
  - (5) the Secretary of State should-
- (A) increase the number of fellows from Africa participating in the Mandela Washington Fellowship above the estimated 700 fellows who participated during fiscal year 2021; and
- (B) identify additional ways to connect YALI alumni to United States public and private resources and institutions.
- (b) Young African Leaders Initiative Program.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—There is established the Young African Leaders Initiative ("YALI"), which shall be carried out by the Secretary of State
- (2) PURPOSE.—YALI shall seek to build the capacity of young African leaders in sub-Saharan Africa in the areas of business, civic engagement, or public administration, including through efforts to—
- (A) support young African leaders by offering professional development, training, and networking opportunities, particularly in the areas of leadership, innovation, civic engagement, elections, human rights, entrepreneurship, good governance, peace and security, and public administration; and
- (B) provide increased economic and technical assistance to young African leaders to promote economic growth, strengthen ties between United States and African businesses, build resilience to predatory lending practices, and improve capacity in key economic areas such as tendering, bidding, and

contract negotiations, budget management and oversight, anti-corruption, and establishment of clear policy and regulatory practices

- (3) Fellowships.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—YALI shall support the participation in the United States in the Mandela Washington Fellowship for Young African Leaders of fellows from Africa who—
- (i) are between25 and 35 years of age;
- (ii) have demonstrated strong capabilities in entrepreneurship, innovation, public service, and leadership; and
- (iii) have had a positive impact in their communities, organizations, or institutions.
- (B) OVERSIGHT.—The fellowships described in paragraph (1) shall be overseen by the Secretary of State through the Bureau of Education and Cultural Affairs.
- (C) ELIGIBILITY.—The Secretary of State shall establish and publish—
- (i) eligibility criteria for participation as a fellow under paragraph (1); and
- (ii) criteria for determining which eligible applicants will be selected.
- (4) RECIPROCAL EXCHANGES.—Subject to the approval of the Secretary of State, United States citizens may—
- (A) engage in reciprocal exchanges in connection with alumni of the fellowship described in subsection (c); and
- (B) collaborate on projects with such fellowship alumni.
- (5) REGIONAL LEADERSHIP CENTERS AND NET-WORKS.—The Administrator of the United States Agency for International Development shall establish—
- (A) not fewer than 4 regional leadership centers in sub-Saharan Africa to offer in-person and online training throughout the year on business and entrepreneurship, civic leadership, and public management to young African leaders between 18 and 35 years of age who have demonstrated strong capabilities in entrepreneurship, innovation, public service and leadership, and peace-building and conflict resolution, and who have had a positive impact in their communities, organizations, or institutions; and
- (B) an online network that provides information and courses on, and connections with leaders in, the private and public sectors of Africa.
- (6) ACTIVITIES.—
- (A) UNITED STATES-BASED ACTIVITIES.—The Secretary of State, in coordination with the heads of relevant Federal departments and agencies, shall oversee all United Statesbased activities carried out under YALI, including—
- (i) the participation of Mandela Washington Fellows in a six-week Leadership Institute at a United States educational institution in business, civic engagement, or public management, including academic sessions, site visits, professional networking opportunities, leadership training, community service, and organized cultural activities; and
- (ii) the participation by Mandela Washington fellows in an annual Mandela Washington Fellowship Summit, to provide such Fellows the opportunity to meet with United States leaders from the private, public, and non-profit sectors.
- (B) AFRICA-BASED ACTIVITIES.—The Secretary of State, in coordination with the Administrator for the United States Agency for International Development and the heads of other relevant Federal departments and agencies, should continue to support YALI activities in sub-Saharan Africa, including—
- (i) continued leadership training and other professional development opportunities for Mandela Washington Fellowship for Young African Leaders alumni upon their return to their home countries, including online

- courses, technical assistance, and access to funding:
- (ii) training for young African leaders at regional leadership centers established in accordance with subsection (e), and through online and in-person courses offered by such centers; and
- (iii) opportunities for networking and engagement with—
- (I) alumni of the Mandela Washington Fellowship for Young African Leaders;
- (II) alumni of programs at regional leadership centers established in accordance with subsection (e);
- (III) United States and like-minded diplomatic missions, business leaders, and others as appropriate; and
- (IV) where practicable and appropriate, other United States-funded regional leadership programs, including the Young Southeast Asian Leaders Initiative (YSEALI), the Young Leaders of the Americas Initiative (YLAI), the Young Pacific Leaders (YPL), and the Young Transatlantic Innovation Leaders Initiative (YTILI), and through Department of State programs such as the Community Engagement Exchange Program and other initiatives.
- (C) IMPLEMENTATION.—To carry out this subsection, the Secretary of State, in coordination with the Administrator of the United States Agency for International Development and the heads of other relevant Federal departments and agencies shall seek to partner with the private sector to pursue public-private partnerships, leverage private sector expertise, expand networking opportunities, and identify funding opportunities as well as fellowship and employment opportunities for YALI.
- (7) IMPLEMENTATION PLAN.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State, in coordination with the Administrator of the United States Agency for International Development and the heads of other relevant Federal departments and agencies, shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a plan for implementing YALI, including—
- (A) a description of clearly defined program goals, targets, and planned outcomes for each year and for the duration of implementation of the program;
- (B) a strategy to monitor and evaluate the program and progress made toward achieving such goals, targets, and planned outcomes; and
- (C) a strategy to ensure the program is promoting United States foreign policy goals in Africa, including ensuring that the program is clearly branded, paired with robust public diplomacy efforts, and incorporates diversity among participants as practicable, including countries and communities in Africa facing economic distress, civil conflict, marginalization, and other challenges.
- (8) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter for 5 years, the Secretary of State, in coordination with the Administrator of the United States Agency for International Development, shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees and publish in a publicly accessible, internet-based form, a report that includes—
- (A) a description of the progress made toward achieving the goals, targets, and planned outcomes described in subsection (g)(1), including an overview of the program implemented in the previous year and an estimated number of beneficiaries;
- (B) an assessment of how YALI is contributing to and promoting United States-Africa relations, particularly in areas of increased private sector investment, trade promotion, support to civil society, improved public administration, promoting peace and security,

- and fostering entrepreneurship and youth empowerment;
- (C) recommendations for improvements or changes to YALI and the implementation plan, if any, that would improve their effectiveness during subsequent years of YALI's implementation; and
- (D) for the first report submitted under this subsection, an assessment of the feasibility of expanding YALI to Morocco, Algeria, Tunisia, Libya, and Egypt.
- (9) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES DEFINED.—In this section, the term "appropriate congressional committees" means—
- (A) the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate:
- (B) the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate;
- (C) the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives: and
- (D) the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.
- (10) SUNSET.—The requirements of this section shall terminate on the date that is 5 years after the date of the enactment of this Act.

AMENDMENT NO. 10 OFFERED BY MRS. BEATTY OF OHIO

Page 69, line 24, strike "and" at the end.

Page 70, line 1, insert the following new paragraph and redesignate all subsequent paragraphs accordingly:

(5) in consultation with the Director of the Minority Business Development Agency, adequately addresses the inclusion of economically disadvantaged individuals and similarly-situated small businesses; and

AMENDMENT NO. 11 OFFERED BY MRS. BEATTY OF OHIO

At the end of division A, add the following new section:

#### SEC. 10003. OFFICE OF OPPORTUNITY AND IN-CLUSION.

- (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—Not later than 6 months after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Commerce shall establish an Office of Opportunity and Inclusion in the Department of Commerce, within the program established under section 9902 of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116-283), that shall be responsible for carrying out this section using existing appropriated funds.
  - (b) DIRECTOR.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Director shall be appointed by, and shall report to, the Secretary or the designee of the Secretary. The position of Director shall be a career reserved position in the Senior Executive Service, as that position is defined in section 3132 of title 5, United State Code, or an equivalent designation.
- (2) DUTIES.—The Director shall assist the Secretary by developing standards for—
- (A) assessing the eligibility of a covered entity for financial assistance for a project as it relates to section 9902(a)(2)(B)(ii)(II) and (III) of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116-283);
- (B) ensuring a covered entity has carried out the commitments of the covered entity to economically disadvantaged individuals as described in its application by the target dates for completion set by the Secretary in section 9902(a)(5)(A) of such Act; and
- (C) increased participation of and outreach to economically disadvantaged individuals, minority-owned businesses, veteran-owned businesses and women-owned businesses in the geographic area of a project under such section 9902 and serve as a resource for those individuals, businesses, and covered entity.
- (c) STAFF.—The Office of Opportunity and Inclusion shall be staffed at the appropriate

levels to carry out the functions and responsibilities of the Office under this section at least until 12 months after 95 percent of funds have been expended.

(d) REPORT.—The Secretary shall submit to Congress and make publicly available on its website an annual report regarding the actions taken by the Department of Commerce and the Office under this section.

AMENDMENT NO. 12 OFFERED BY MR. BERA OF CALIFORNIA

Amend section 30124 to read as follows:

### SEC. 30124. TASK FORCE TO COUNTER CHINA'S ECONOMIC COERCION.

- (a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that—
- (1) the People's Republic of China's (PRC) increasing use of economic coercion against foreign governments, companies, organizations, other entities, and individuals requires that the United States better understand these measures in order to devise a comprehensive, effective, and multilateral response;
- (2) the private sector is a crucial partner in helping the United States Government understand the PRC's coercive economic measures and hold the PRC accountable, and that additional business transparency would help the United States Government and private sector stakeholders conduct early assessments of potential pressure points and vulnerabilities; and
- (3) PRC coercive economic measures create pressures for the private sector to behave in ways antithetical to United States national interests and competitiveness.
- (b) ESTABLISHMENT OF TASK FORCE.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the President shall establish an interagency task force to be known as the "Countering Economic Coercion Task Force" (referred to in this section as the "Task Force").
  - (c) Duties.—
  - (1) IN GENERAL.—The Task Force shall—
- (A) oversee the development and implementation of an integrated United States Government strategy to respond to People's Republic of China (PRC) coercive economic measures, which shall include—
- (i) systematically monitoring and evaluating—
- (I) the costs of such measures on United States businesses and overall United States economic performance;
- (II) instances in which such measures taken against a non-PRC entity has benefitted other parties; and
- (III) the impacts such measures have had on United States national interests; and
- (ii) facilitating coordination among Federal departments and agencies when responding to such measures as well as proactively deterring such economic coercion; including by clarifying the roles for departments and agencies identified in subsection (d) in implementing the strategy;
- (B) consult with United States allies and partners on the feasibility and desirability of collectively identifying, assessing, and responding to PRC coercive economic measures, as well as actions that could be taken to expand coordination with the goal of ensuring a consistent, coherent, and collective response to such measures and establishing long-term deterrence to such measures;
- $(\bar{C})$  effectively engage the United States private sector, particularly sectors, groups, or other entities that are susceptible to such PRC coercive economic measures, on concerns related to such measures; and
- (D) develop and implement a process for regularly sharing relevant information, including classified information to the extent appropriate and practicable, on such PRC coercive economic measures with United

- States allies, partners, and the private sector.
- (2) CONSULTATION.—In carrying out its duties under this subsection, the Task Force should regularly consult, to the extent necessary and appropriate, with the following:
- (A) Relevant stakeholders in the private sector.
- (B) Federal departments and agencies that are not represented on the Task Force.
- (C) United States allies and partners.
- (d) MEMBERSHIP.—The President shall—
- (1) appoint the chair of the Task Force from among the staff of the National Security Council;
- (2) appoint the vice chair of the Task Force from among the staff of the National Economic Council; and
- (3) direct the head of each of the following Federal departments and agencies to appoint personnel at the level of Assistant Secretary or above to participate in the Task Force:
  - (A) The Department of State.
- (B) The Department of Commerce.
- (C) The Department of the Treasury.
- (D) The Department of Justice.
- (E) The Office of the United States Trade Representative.
- (F) The Department of Agriculture.
- (G) The Office of the Director of National Intelligence and other appropriate elements of the intelligence community (as defined in section 3 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3003)).
- (H) The Securities and Exchange Commission.
- (I) The United States International Development Finance Corporation.
- (J) Any other department or agency designated by the President.
- (e) Reports.-
- (1) INITIAL REPORT.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Task Force shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report that includes the following elements:
- (A) A comprehensive review of the array of economic tools the Government of the People's Republic of China (PRC) employs or could employ in the future to coerce other governments, non-PRC companies (including United States companies), and multilateral institutions and organizations, including the Government of the PRC's continued efforts to codify informal practices into its domestic law.
- (B) The strategy required by subsection (c)(1)(A).
- (C) An interagency definition of PRC coercive economic measures that captures both—
- (i) the use of informal or extralegal PRC coercive economic measures; and
- (ii) the illegitimate use of formal economic tools.
- (D) A comprehensive review of the array of economic and diplomatic tools the United States Government employs or could employ to respond to economic coercion against the United States and United States allies and partners.
- (E) A list of unilateral or multilateral—
- (i) proactive measures to defend or deter against PRC coercive economic measures; and
- (ii) actions taken in response to the Government of the PRC's general use of coercive economic measures, including the imposition of reputational costs on the PRC.
- (F) An assessment of areas in which United States allies and partners are vulnerable to PRC coercive economic measures.
- (G) A description of gaps in existing resources or capabilities for United States Government departments and agencies to respond effectively to PRC coercive economic measures directed at United States entities and assist United States allies and partners

- in their responses to PRC coercive economic measures
- (H) An analysis of the circumstances under which the PRC employs different types of economic coercion and against what kinds of targets.
- (I) An assessment, as appropriate, of international norms and regulations as well as any treaty obligations the PRC has stretched, circumvented, or broken through its economically coercive practices.
  - (2) Interim reports.—
- (A) FIRST INTERIM REPORT.—Not later than one year after the date on which the report required by paragraph (1) is submitted to the appropriate congressional committees, the Task Force shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report that includes the following elements:
- (i) Updates to information required by subparagraphs (A) through (G) of paragraph (1).
- (ii) A description of activities conducted by the Task Force to implement the strategy required by subsection (c)(1)(A), and;
- (iii) An assessment of the implementation and effectiveness of the strategy, lessons learned from the past year and planned changes to the strategy.
- (B) SECOND INTERIM REPORT.—Not later than one year after the date on which the report required by subparagraph (A) is submitted to the appropriate congressional committees, the Task Force shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report that includes an update to the elements required under the report required by subparagraph (A).
- (3) FINAL REPORT.—Not later than 30 days after the date on which the report required by paragraph (2)(B) is submitted to the appropriate congressional committees, the Task Force shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees and also make available to the public on the website of the Executive Office of the President a final report that includes the following elements:
- (A) An analysis of PRC coercive economic measures and the cost of such coercive measures to United States businesses.
- (B) A description of areas of possible vulnerability for United States businesses and businesses of United States partners and allies
- (C) Recommendations on how to continue the effort to counter PRC coercive economic measures, including through further coordination with United States allies and partners.
- (D) A list of cases made public under subsection (f).
  - (4) FORM.—
- (A) INITIAL AND INTERIM REPORTS.—The reports required by paragraphs (1), (2)(A), and (2)(B) shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified annex.
- (B) FINAL REPORT.—The report required by paragraph (3) shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified annex.
  - (f) PUBLICLY AVAILABLE LIST.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Task Force shall to the extent practicable make available to the public on the website of the Executive Office of the President a list of cases in the past six months in which open source reporting indicates that the PRC has directed coercive economic measures against a non-PRC entity.
- (2) UPDATES.—The list required by paragraph (1) should be updated every 180 days, and shall be managed by the Department of State after the termination of the Task Force under subsection (g).
- (g) Sunset.—

- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Task Force shall terminate at the end of the 60-day period beginning on the date on which the final report required by subsection (e)(3) is submitted to the appropriate congressional committees and made publicly available.
- (2) ADDITIONAL ACTIONS.—The Task force may use the 60-day period referred to in paragraph (1) for the purposes of concluding its activities, including providing testimony to Congress concerning the final report required by subsection (e)(3).
  - (h) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES.—The term "appropriate congressional committees" means—
- (A) the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives; and
- (B) the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate.
- (2) COERCIVE ECONOMIC MEASURES.—The term "coercive economic measures" includes formal or informal restrictions or conditions, such as on trade, investment, development aid, and financial flows, intended to impose economic costs on a non-People's Republic of China target in order to achieve strategic political objectives, including influence over the policy decisions of a foreign government, company, organization, or individual.

### AMENDMENT NO. 14 OFFERED BY MS. BLUNT ROCHESTER OF DELAWARE

Page 479, line 13, after "including", insert "historically Black colleges and universities, Tribal Colleges or Universities, minority serving institutions, and".

AMENDMENT NO. 16 OFFERED BY MS. BONAMICI OF OREGON

#### Page 537, after line 24, insert the following: SEC. 10613. NATIONAL CIRCULAR ECONOMY ROADMAP.

- (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) CIRCULAR ECONOMY.—The term "circular economy" means an economy that uses a systems-focused approach and involves industrial processes and economic activities that—
- (A) are restorative or regenerative by design;
- (B) enable resources used in such processes and activities to maintain their highest values for as long as possible; and
- (C) aim for the elimination of waste through the superior design of materials, products, and systems (including business models).
- (2) DIRECTOR.—The term "Director" means the Director of the Office of Science and Technology Policy.
- (b) NATIONAL CIRCULAR ECONOMY ROAD-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 2 years after the date of the enactment of this section, the Director shall develop a national circular economy roadmap that includes—
- (A) a vision for how the science and technology enterprise should support the development of a circular economy in the United States;
- (B) identification of key public and private stakeholders that may contribute to or benefit from a transition to a circular economy; and
- (C) recommendations on specific Federal policies needed to drive this transition.
- (2) COORDINATION.—In developing the roadmap under paragraph (1), the Director shall, as appropriate, coordinate with—
- (A) the Secretary of Energy;
- (B) the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency;
- (C) the Secretary of Commerce;
- (D) the Director of the National Institutes of Standards and Technology; and
- (E) the head of any other relevant Federal agency.

- (3) LEVERAGING EXISTING AGENCY PROGRAMS.—In developing the roadmap under paragraph (1), the Director shall, as appropriate, leverage efforts from existing Federal agency programs relevant to a circular economy.
- (4) CONSULTATION.—In developing the roadmap under paragraph (1), the Director may consult academic, nonprofit, and industry stakeholders.

### AMENDMENT NO. 17 OFFERED BY MS. BONAMICI OF OREGON

- Page 312, after line 25, insert the following: (i) INCORPORATION OF ART AND DESIGN INTO CERTAIN STEM EDUCATION.—Section 9(a) of the National Science Foundation Authorization Act of 2002 (42 U.S.C. 1862n(a)) is amended—
- (1) in paragraph (3)—
- (A) in subparagraph (M), by striking "and" at the end:
- (B) by redesignating subparagraph (N) as subparagraph (O); and
- (C) after subparagraph (M), by inserting the following new subparagraph:
- "(N) developing science, technology, engineering, and mathematics educational curriculum that incorporates art and design to promote creativity and innovation; and"; and
  - (2) in paragraph (10)(A)—
- (A) in clause (xi), by striking "and" at the end:
- (B) in clause (xii), by striking the period and inserting "; and"; and
- (C) after clause (xii), by inserting the following new clause:
- "(xiii) have a component that includes the integration of art and design principles and processes.".

AMENDMENT NO. 19 OFFERED BY MS. BONAMICI OF OREGON

Page 1668, after line 13, insert the following:

#### TITLE XII—BOLSTERING LONG-TERM UN-DERSTANDING AND EXPLORATION OF THE GREAT LAKES, OCEANS, BAYS, AND ESTUARIES

### SEC. 71201. PURPOSE.

The purpose of this title is to promote and support—

- (1) the monitoring, understanding, and exploration of the Great Lakes, oceans, bays, estuaries, and coasts; and
- (2) the collection, analysis, synthesis, and sharing of data related to the Great Lakes, oceans, bays, estuaries, and coasts to facilitate science and operational decision making.

### SEC. 71202. SENSE OF CONGRESS.

- It is the sense of Congress that—
- (1) agencies should optimize data collection, management, and dissemination, to the extent practicable, to maximize their impact for research, commercial, regulatory, and educational benefits and to foster innovation, scientific discoveries, the development of commercial products, and the development of sound policy with respect to the Great Lakes, oceans, bays, estuaries, and coasts;
- (2) agencies should consider current and future needs relating to supercomputing capacity, data storage capacity, and public access, address gaps in those areas, and coordinate across agencies as needed;
- (3) the United States is a leading member of the Intergovernmental Oceanographic Commission of the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization, a founding member of the Atlantic Ocean Research Alliance, and a key partner in developing the United Nations Decade of Ocean Science for Sustainable Development;
- (4) the Integrated Ocean Observing System and the Global Ocean Observing System are

key assets and networks that bolster understanding of the marine environment;

- (5) the National Oceanographic Partnership Program is a meaningful venue for collaboration and coordination among Federal agencies, scientists, and ocean users;
- (6) the National Centers for Environmental Information of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration should be looked to by other Federal agencies as a primary, centralized repository for Federal ocean data:
- (7) the Marine Cadastre, a joint effort of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration and the Bureau of Ocean Energy Management, provides access to data and information for specific issues and activities in ocean resources management to meet the needs of offshore energy and planning efforts:
- (8) the regional associations of the Integrated Ocean Observing System, certified by the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration for the quality and reliability of their data, are important sources of observation information for the Great Lakes, oceans, bays, estuaries, and coasts; and
- (9) the Regional Ocean Partnerships and regional data portals, which provide publicly available tools such as maps, data, and other information to inform decisions and enhance marine development, should be supported by and viewed as collaborators with Federal agencies and ocean users.

#### SEC. 71203. DEFINITION OF ADMINISTRATOR.

In this title, the term "Administrator" means the Under Secretary of Commerce for Oceans and Atmosphere in the Under Secretary's capacity as Administrator of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration.

#### SEC. 71204. INCREASED COORDINATION AMONG AGENCIES WITH RESPECT TO DATA AND MONITORING.

- (a) Interagency Ocean Observation Committee.—In addition to its responsibilities as of the date of the enactment of this Act, and in consultation with the associated advisory committee authorized by section 12304(d) of the Integrated Coastal and Ocean Observation System Act of 2009 (33 U.S.C. 3603(d)), the Interagency Ocean Observation Committee shall—
- (1) work with international coordinating bodies, as necessary, to ensure robust, direct measurements of the Great Lakes, oceans, bays, estuaries, and coasts, including oceanographic data; and
- (2) support cross-agency and multi-platform synergy, by coordinating overlapping data collection by satellites, buoys, submarines, gliders, vessels, and other data collection vehicles and technologies.
- (b) FEDERAL GEOGRAPHIC DATA COMMITTEE.—In addition to its responsibilities as of the date of the enactment of this Act, and in consultation with the National Geospatial Advisory Committee, the Federal Geographic Data Committee shall—
- (1) work with international coordinating bodies, as necessary, to ensure robust, continuous measurements of the Great Lakes, oceans, bays, estuaries, and coasts, including satellite and geospatial data; and
- (2) support new and old data and metadata certification, quality assurance, quality control, integration, and archiving.
- (c) Interagency Committee on Ocean and Coastal Mapping.—In addition to its responsibilities as of the date of the enactment of this Act, and in consultation with its associated advisory panel authorized by section 12203(g) of the Ocean and Coastal Mapping Integration Act (33 U.S.C. 3502(g)), the Interagency Committee on Ocean and Coastal Mapping shall—

- (1) work with international coordinating bodies, as necessary, to ensure robust, continuous satellite and direct measurements of the Great Lakes, oceans, bays, estuaries, and coasts, including bathymetric data; and
- (2) make recommendations on how to make data, metadata, and model output accessible to a broader public audience, including through geographic information system layers, graphics, and other visuals.

### SEC. 71205. TECHNOLOGY INNOVATION TO COM-BAT ILLEGAL, UNREPORTED, AND UNREGULATED FISHING.

- (a) DEFINITIONS.—Section 3532 of the Maritime Security and Fisheries Enforcement Act (16 U.S.C. 8001) is amended-
- (1) by redesignating paragraphs (6) through (13) as paragraphs (7) through (14), respectively: and
- (2) by inserting after paragraph (5) the following:
- "(6) Innovative technologies.—The term 'innovative technologies' includes the following:
- "(A) Improved satellite imagery and tracking.
- "(B) Advanced electronic monitoring equipment.
- '(C) Vessel location data.
- "(D) Improved genetic, molecular, or other biological methods of tracking sources of
- "(E) Electronic catch documentation and traceability.
- "(F) Such other technologies as the Administrator of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration considers appro-
- (b) TECHNOLOGY PROGRAMS.—Section 3546 of the Maritime Security and Fisheries Enforcement Act (16 U.S.C. 8016) is amended
- (1) in paragraph (3), by striking "and" after the semicolon;
- (2) in paragraph (4), by striking the period
- at the end and inserting "; and"; and (3) by adding at the end the following:
- "(5) coordinating the application of existing innovative technologies and the development of emerging innovative technologies. SEC. 71206. WORKFORCE STUDY.
- (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 303(a) of the America COMPETES Reauthorization Act of 2010 (33 U.S.C. 893c(a)) is amended-
- (1) in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by striking "Secretary of Commerce" and inserting "Under Secretary of Commerce for Oceans and Atmosphere":
- (2) in paragraph (2), by inserting skillsets, or credentials" after "degrees"
- (3) in paragraph (3), by inserting "or highly professionals qualified technical and tradespeople" after "atmospheric scientists":
- (4) in paragraph (4), by inserting skillsets, or credentials" after "degrees":
  - (5) in paragraph (5)—
  - (A) by striking "scientist"; and
- (B) by striking "; and" and inserting ", observations, and monitoring;
- (6) in paragraph (6), by striking "into Federal" and all that follows and inserting ' technical professionals, and tradespeople into Federal career positions;'
- (7) by redesignating paragraphs (2) through (6) as paragraphs (3) through (7), respectively;
- (8) by inserting after paragraph (1) the fol-
- "(2) whether there is a shortage in the number of individuals with technical or trade-based skillsets or credentials suited to a career in oceanic and atmospheric data collection, processing, satellite production, or satellite operations;"; and
  - (9) by adding at the end the following:
- "(8) workforce diversity and actions the Federal Government can take to increase diversity in the scientific workforce; and

- "(9) actions the Federal Government can take to shorten the hiring backlog for such
- (b) COORDINATION.—Section 303(b) of such Act (33 U.S.C. 893c(b)) is amended by striking "Secretary of Commerce" and inserting "Under Secretary of Commerce for Oceans and Atmosphere".
- (c) REPORT.—Section 303(c) of such Act (33 U.S.C. 893c(c)) is amended-
- (1) by striking "the date of enactment of this Act" and inserting "the date of the enactment of the America COMPETES Act of
- (2) by striking "Secretary of Commerce" and inserting "Under Secretary of Commerce for Oceans and Atmosphere'": and
- (3) by striking "to each committee" and all that follows through "section 302 of this Act" and inserting "to the Committee on Commerce. Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on Natural Resources and the Committee on Science. Space, and Technology of the House of Representatives".
- (d) PROGRAM AND PLAN.—Section 303(d) of
- such Act (33 U.S.C. 893c(d)) is amended—
  (1) by striking "Administrator of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration" and inserting "Under Secretary of Commerce for Oceans and Atmosphere"; and
- (2) by striking "academic partners" and all that follows and inserting "academic partners.

#### SEC. 71207. ACCELERATING INNOVATION AT CO-OPERATIVE INSTITUTES.

- (a) FOCUS ON EMERGING TECHNOLOGIES .-The Administrator shall ensure that the goals of the Cooperative Institutes of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration include focusing on advancing or applying emerging technologies, which may include-
- (1) applied uses and development of realtime and other advanced genetic technologies and applications, including such technologies and applications that derive genetic material directly from environmental samples without any obvious signs of biological source material;
- (2) deployment of, and improvements to, the durability, maintenance, and other lifecycle concerns of advanced unmanned vehicles, regional small research vessels, and other research vessels that support and launch unmanned vehicles and sensors; and
- (3) supercomputing and big data management, including data collected through electronic monitoring and remote sensing.
- (b) DATA SHARING.—Each Cooperative Institute shall ensure that data collected from the work of the institute, other than classified, confidential, or proprietary data, are archived and made publicly accessible.
- (c) COORDINATION WITH OTHER PROGRAMS.-The Cooperative Institutes shall work with the Interagency Ocean Observation Committee, the regional associations of the Integrated Ocean Observing System, and other ocean observing programs to coordinate technology needs and the transition of new technologies from research to operations.

### SEC. 71208. OCEAN INNOVATION PRIZE AND PRIORITIZATION.

(a) OCEAN INNOVATIVE PRIZES.—Not later than 4 years after the date of the enactment of this Act, and under the authority provided by section 24 of the Stevenson-Wydler Technology Innovation Act of 1980 (15 U.S.C. 3719), the Administrator, in consultation with the heads of relevant Federal agencies, including the Secretary of Defense, and in conjunction with nongovernmental partners, as appropriate and at the discretion of the Administrator, shall establish at least one Ocean Innovation Prize to catalyze the rapid development and deployment of data collection and

- monitoring technology related to the Great Lakes, oceans, bays, estuaries, and coasts in at least one of the areas specified in subsection (b).
- (b) AREAS.—The areas specified in this subsection are the following:
- (1) Improved eDNA analytics and deployment with autonomous vehicles.
- (2) Plastic pollution detection, quantification, and mitigation, including with respect to used fishing gear and tracking technologies to reduce or eliminate bycatch.
- (3) Advanced satellite data and other advanced technology for improving scientific assessment.
- (4) New stock assessment methods using satellite data or other advanced technologies.
- (5) Advanced electronic fisheries monitoring equipment and data analysis tools. including improved fish species recognition software, confidential data management, data analysis and visualization, and storage of electronic reports, imagery, location information, and other data.
- (6) Autonomous and other advanced surface vehicles, underwater vehicles, or airborne platforms for data collection and monitoring.
- (7) Artificial intelligence and machine learning applications for data collection and monitoring related to the Great Lakes, oceans, bays, estuaries, and coasts.
  - (8) Coral reef ecosystem monitoring.
- (9) Electronic equipment, chemical or biological sensors, data analysis tools, and platforms to identify and fill gaps in robust and shared continuous data related to the Great Lakes, oceans, bays, estuaries, and coasts to inform global earth system models.
- (10) Means for protecting aquatic life from injury or other ill effects caused, in whole or in part, by monitoring or exploration activities.
- (11) Discovery and dissemination of data related to the Great Lakes, oceans, bays, estuaries, and coasts.
- (12) Water quality monitoring, including improved detection and prediction of harmful algal blooms and pollution.
- (13) Enhancing blue carbon sequestration and other ocean acidification mitigation opportunities
- (14) Such other areas as may be identified by the Administrator.
  (c) PRIORITIZATION OF PROPOSALS.—In se-
- lecting recipients of Small Business Innovation Research (SBIR) and Small Business Technology Transfer (STTR) solicitations and interagency grants for ocean innovation, including the National Oceanographic Partnership Program, the Administrator shall prioritize proposals for fiscal years 2023 and 2024 that address at least one of the areas specified in subsection (b).

### SEC. 71209. REAUTHORIZATION OF NOAA PRO-GRAMS.

Section 306 of the Hydrographic Services Improvement Act of 1998 (33 U.S.C. 892d) is amended-

- (1) in paragraph (1), by striking "\$70,814,000 for each of fiscal years 2019 through 2023' and inserting "\$71,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2023 through 2026";
- (2) in paragraph (2), by striking "\$25,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2019 through 2023" and inserting "\$34,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2023 through 2026";
- (3) in paragraph (3), by striking "\$29,932,000 for each of fiscal years 2019 through 2023" and inserting "\$38,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2023 through 2026";
- (4) in paragraph (4), by striking "\$26,800,000 for each of fiscal years 2019 through 2023" and inserting "\$45,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2023 through 2026"; and
- (5) in paragraph (5), by striking "\$30,564,000 for each of fiscal years 2019 through 2023"

and inserting "\$35,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2023 through 2026".

#### SEC. 71210. BLUE ECONOMY VALUATION.

- (a) Measurement of Blue Economy Indus-TRIES.—The Administrator, the Director of the Bureau of Economic Analysis, the Commissioner of the Bureau of Labor Statistics. the Secretary of the Treasury, and the heads of other relevant Federal agencies, shall prioritize the collection, aggregation, and analysis of data to measure the value and impact of industries related to the Great Lakes, oceans, bays, estuaries, and coasts on the economy of the United States, including living resources, marine construction, marine transportation, offshore mineral extraction, ship and boat building, tourism, recreation, subsistence, and such other industries the Administrator considers appropriate (known as "Blue Economy" industries).
- (b) COLLABORATION.—In carrying out subsection (a), the Administrator shall—
- (1) work with the Director of the Bureau of Economic Analysis and the heads of other relevant Federal agencies to develop a Coastal and Ocean Economy Satellite Account that includes national and State-level statistics to measure the contribution of the Great Lakes, oceans, bays, estuaries, and coasts to the overall economy of the United States; and
- (2) collaborate with national and international organizations and governments to promote consistency of methods, measurements, and definitions to ensure comparability of results between countries.
- (c) REPORT.—Not less frequently than once every 2 years, the Administrator, in consultation with the Director of the Bureau of Economic Analysis, the Commissioner of the Bureau of Labor Statistics, the Secretary of the Treasury, and the heads of other relevant Federal agencies, shall publish a report that—
- (1) defines the Blue Economy, in coordination with Tribal governments, academia, industry, nongovernmental organizations, and other relevant experts;
- (2) makes recommendations for updating North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) reporting codes to reflect the Blue Economy; and
- (3) provides a comprehensive estimate of the value and impact of the Blue Economy with respect to each State and territory of the United States, including—
  - (A) the value and impact of—
- (i) economic activities that are dependent upon the resources of the Great Lakes, oceans, bays, estuaries, and coasts;
- (ii) the population and demographic characteristics of the population along the coasts:
  - (iii) port and shoreline infrastructure;
- (iv) the volume and value of cargo shipped by sea or across the Great Lakes; and
- (v) data collected from the Great Lakes, oceans, bays, estuaries, and coasts, including such data collected by businesses that purchase and commodify the data, including weather prediction and seasonal agricultural forecasting; and
- (B) to the extent possible, the qualified value and impact of the natural capital of the Great Lakes, oceans, bays, estuaries, and coasts with respect to tourism, recreation, natural resources, and cultural heritage, including other indirect values.

### SEC. 71211. ADVANCED RESEARCH PROJECTS AGENCY-OCEANS.

- (a) AGREEMENT.—Not later than 45 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall seek to enter into an agreement with the National Academy of Sciences to conduct the comprehensive assessment under subsection (b).
  - (b) Comprehensive Assessment.—

- (1) IN GENERAL.—Under an agreement between the Administrator and the National Academy of Sciences under this section, the National Academy of Sciences shall conduct a comprehensive assessment of the need for and feasibility of establishing an Advanced Research Projects Agency-Oceans (ARPA-O) that operates in coordination with and with nonduplication of existing Federal oceanic research programs, including programs of the Office of Oceanic and Atmospheric Research of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration.
- (2) ELEMENTS.—The comprehensive assessment carried out pursuant to paragraph (1) shall include—
- (A) an assessment of how an ARPA-O could help overcome the long-term and high-risk technological barriers in the development of ocean technologies, with the goal of enhancing the economic, ecological, and national security of the United States through the rapid development of technologies that result im—
- (i) improved data collection, monitoring, and prediction of the ocean environment, including sea ice conditions;
- (ii) overcoming barriers to the application of new and improved technologies, such as high costs and scale of operational missions;
- (iii) improved management practices for protecting ecological sustainability;
- (iv) improved national security capacity;
- (v) improved technology for fishery population assessments;
- (vi) expedited processes between and among Federal agencies to successfully identify, transition, and coordinate research and development output to operations, applications, commercialization, and other uses; and
- (vii) ensuring that the United States maintains a technological lead in developing and deploying advanced ocean technologies;
- (B) an evaluation of the organizational structures under which an ARPA-O could be organized, which takes into account—
- (i) best practices for new research programs;
- (ii) consolidation and reorganization of existing Federal oceanic programs to effectuate coordination and nonduplication of such programs:
- (iii) metrics and approaches for periodic program evaluation;
- (iv) capacity to fund and manage external research awards; and
- (v) options for oversight of the activity through a Federal agency, an interagency organization, nongovernmental organization, or other institutional arrangement; and
- (C) an estimation of the scale of investment necessary to pursue high priority ocean technology projects.
- (c) REPORT.—Not later than 18 months after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall submit to Congress a report on the comprehensive assessment conducted under subsection (b).

AMENDMENT NO. 20 OFFERED BY MS. BONAMICI OF OREGON

Add at the end of division J the following:

## TITLE V—BUILDING U.S. INFRASTRUCTURE BY LEVERAGING DEMANDS FOR SKILLS (BUILDS)

### SEC. 90501. DEFINITIONS.

- (1) IN GENERAL.—In this title, except as otherwise provided in this title, the terms have the meanings given the terms in section 3 of the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (29 U.S.C. 3102).
- (2) APPRENTICESHIP, APPRENTICESHIP PROGRAM.—The term "apprenticeship" or "apprenticeship program" means an apprenticeship program registered under the Act of August 16, 1937 (commonly known as the "Na-

- tional Apprenticeship Act" (29 U.S.C. 50 et seq.)).
- (3) CTE TERMS.—The terms "area career and technical education school", "articulation agreement", "career guidance and academic counseling", "credit transfer agreement", "early college high school", "high school", "program of study", "Tribal educational agency", and "work-based learning" have the meanings given the terms in section 3 of the Carl D. Perkins Career and Technical Education Act of 2006 (20 U.S.C. 2302).
  - (4) EDUCATION AND TRAINING PROVIDER.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—The term "education and training provider" means an entity listed in subparagraph (B) that provides academic curriculum and instruction related to targeted infrastructure industries.
- (B) ENTITIES.—An entity described in this subparagraph is as follows:
- (i) An area career and technical education school, early college high school, or high school providing career and technical education programs of study.
- (ii) An Indian Tribe, Tribal organization, or Tribal educational agency.
- (iii) A minority-serving institution (as described in any of paragraphs (1) through (7) of section 371(a) of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1067g(a))).
- (iv) A provider of adult education and literacy activities under the Adult Education and Family Literacy Act (29 U.S.C. 3271 et seq.);
- (v) A local agency administering plans under title I of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. 720 et seq.), other than section 112 or part C of that title (29 U.S.C. 732, 741);
- (vi) A related instruction provider for an apprenticeship program.
- (vii) A public institution of higher education (as defined in section 101 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001).
- (viii) A provider included on the list of eligible providers of training services described in section 122(d) of the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (29 U.S.C. 3152(d)).
- (ix) A consortium of entities described in any of clauses (i) through (viii).
- (5) ELIGIBLE ENTITY.—The term "eligible entity" means—
  - (A) an industry or sector partnership;
- (B) a State workforce development board or State workforce development agency, or a local board or local workforce development agency;
- (C) an eligible institution described in paragraph (4)(B), or a consortium thereof;
- (D) an Indian Tribe, Tribal organization, or Tribal educational agency;
- (E) a labor organization or joint-labor management organization; or
  - (F) a qualified intermediary.
- (6) NONTRADITIONAL POPULATION.—The term "nontraditional population" means a group of individuals (such as a group of individuals from the same gender or race) the members of which comprise fewer than 25 percent of the individuals employed in a targeted infrastructure industry.
  - (7) QUALIFIED INTERMEDIARY.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—The term "qualified intermediary" means an entity that demonstrates an expertise—
- (i) in engaging in the partnerships described in subparagraph (B); and
- (ii) serving participants and employers of programs funded under this title by—
- (I) connecting employers to programs funded under this title;
- (II) assisting in the design and implementation of such programs, including curriculum development and delivery of instruction;
- (III) providing professional development activities such as training to mentors;

- (IV) connecting students or workers to programs funded under this title;
- (V) developing and providing personalized support for individuals participating in programs funded under this title, including by partnering with organizations to provide access to or referrals for supportive services and financial advising; or
- (VI) providing services, resources, and supports for development, delivery, expansion, or improvement of programs funded under this title.
- (B) REQUIRED PARTNERSHIPS.—In carrying out activities under this title, the qualified intermediary shall act in partnerships with—
- (i) industry or sector partnerships, including establishing a new industry or sector partnership or expanding an existing industry or sector partnership:
- (ii) partnerships among employers, joint labor-management organizations, labor organizations, community-based organizations, education and training providers, social service organizations, economic development organizations, Indian Tribes or Tribal organizations, or one-stop operators, or one-stop partners, in the State workforce development system; or
- (iii) partnerships with State or local workforce development boards and among one or more of the entities described in clauses (i) and (ii).
- (8) SECRETARY.—The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of Labor.
- (9) Targeted infrastructure industry.—The term "targeted infrastructure industry" means an industry, including the transportation (including surface, transit, aviation, maritime, or railway transportation), construction, energy (including the deployment of renewable and clean energy, energy efficiency, transmission, and battery storage), information technology, or utilities industry) to be served by a grant, contract, or cooperative agreement under this title.

### SEC. 90502. GRANTS AUTHORIZED.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, in consultation with the Secretary of Transportation, the Secretary of Energy, the Secretary of Commerce, the Secretary of Education, and the Chief of Engineers and Commanding General of the Army Corps of Engineers, shall award, on a competitive basis, grants, contracts, or cooperative agreements to eligible entities to plan and implement activities to achieve the strategic objectives described in section 90504(b) with respect to a targeted infrastructure industry identified in the application submitted under section 90503 by such eligible entities.
- (b) Types of Awards.—A grant, contract, or cooperative agreement awarded under this title may be in the form of—
- (1) an implementation grant, contract, or cooperative agreement, for entities seeking an initial grant under this title; or
- (2) a renewal grant, contract, or cooperative agreement for entities that have already received an implementation grant, contract, or cooperative agreement under this title.
- (c) DURATION.—Each grant awarded under this title shall be for a period not to exceed 3 years.
- (d) AMOUNT.—The amount of a grant, contract, or cooperative agreement awarded under this title may not exceed—
- (1) for an implementation grant, contract, or cooperative agreement, \$2,500,000; and
- (2) for a renewal grant, contract, or cooperative agreement, \$1,500,000.
- (e) AWARD BASIS.—
- (1) GEOGRAPHIC DIVERSITY.—The Secretary shall award funds under this title in a manner that ensures geographic diversity (such as urban and rural distribution) in the areas in which activities will be carried out using such funds.

- (2) PRIORITY FOR AWARDS.—In awarding funds under this title, the Secretary shall give priority to eligible entities that—
- (A) in the case of awarding implementation grants, contracts, or cooperative agreements—
- (i) demonstrate long-term sustainability of a program or activity funded under this title:
- (ii) will serve a high number or high percentage of nontraditional populations and individuals with barriers to employment; and
- (iii) will provide a non-Federal share of the cost of the activities: and
- (B) in the case of awarding renewal grants, contracts, or cooperative agreements—
- (i) meet the criteria established in subparagraph (A); and
- (ii) have demonstrated ability to meet the—  $\,$
- (I) strategic objectives of the implementation grant, contract or cooperative agreement described in section 90503(b)(4); and
- (II) meet or exceed the requirements of the evaluations and progress reports described in section 90504(f).

#### SEC. 90503. APPLICATION.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—An eligible entity desiring a grant, contract, or cooperative agreement under this title shall submit an application to the Secretary at such time, in such manner, and containing such information as the Secretary may require, including the contents described in subsection (b).
- (b) CONTENTS.—An application submitted under this title shall contain, at a minimum
- (1) a description of the entities engaged in activities funded under the grant, including—
- (A) evidence of the eligible entity's capacity to carry out activities to achieve the strategic objectives described in section 90504(b); and
- (B) identification, and expected participation and responsibilities of each key stakeholder in the targeted infrastructure industry described in section 90504(b)(1) with which the eligible entity will partner to carry out such activities;
- (2) a description of the targeted infrastructure industry to be served by the eligible entity with funds received under this title, and a description of how such industry was identified, including—
- (A) the quantitative data and evidence that demonstrates the demand for employment in such industry in the geographic area served by the eligible entity under this title; and
- (B) a description of the local, State, or federally funded infrastructure projects with respect to which the eligible entity anticipates engaging the partners described in paragraph (1)(B):
- (3) a description of the workers that will be targeted or recruited by the eligible entity, including—
- (A) how recruitment activities will target nontraditional populations to improve the percentages of nontraditional populations employed in targeted infrastructure industries; and
- (B) a description of potential barriers to employment for targeted workers, and a description of strategies that will be used to help workers overcome such barriers;
- $(\bar{4})$  a description of the strategic objectives described in section 90504(b) that the eligible entity intends to achieve concerning the targeted infrastructure industry and activities to be carried out as described in section 90504, including—
- (A) a timeline for progress towards achieving such strategic objectives;
- (B) a description of the manner in which the eligible entity intends to make sustain-

- able progress towards achieving such strategic objectives; and
- (C) assurances the eligible entity will provide performance measures for measuring progress towards achieving such strategic objectives, as described in section 90504(f);
- (5) a description of the recognized postsecondary credentials that the eligible entity proposes to prepare individuals participating in activities under this title for, which shall—
- (A) be nationally or regionally portable and stackable;
- (B) be related to the targeted infrastructure industry that the eligible entity proposes to support; and
- (C) be aligned to a career pathway and work-based learning opportunity, such as an apprenticeship program or a pre-apprenticeship program articulating to an apprenticeship program;
- (6) a description of the Federal and non-Federal resources, available under provisions of law other than this title, that will be leveraged in support of the partnerships and activities under this title; and
- (7) a description of how the eligible entity or the education and training provider in partnership with such eligible entity under this title will establish or implement plans to be included on the list of eligible providers of training services described in section 122(d) of the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (29 U.S.C. 3152(d)).

### SEC. 90504. ELIGIBLE ACTIVITIES.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—An eligible entity receiving funds under this title shall carry out activities described this section to achieve the strategic objectives identified in the entity's application under section 90503, including the objectives described in subsection (b).
- (b) STRATEGIC OBJECTIVES.—The activities to be carried out with the funds awarded under this title shall be designed to achieve strategic objectives, including the following:
- (1) Recruiting key stakeholders (such as employers, labor organizations, local workforce boards, and education and training providers, economic development agencies, and as applicable, qualified intermediaries) in the targeted infrastructure industry to establish or expand industry and sector partnerships for the purpose of—
- (A) assisting the eligible entity in carrying out the activities described in subsection (a); and
- (B) convening with the eligible entity in a collaborative structure that supports the sharing of information and best practices for supporting the development of a diverse workforce to support the targeted infrastructure industry
- (2) Identifying the training needs of the State or local area in the targeted infrastructure industry, including—
- (A) needs for skills critical to competitiveness and innovation in the industry;
- (B) needs of the apprenticeship programs or other paid work-based learning programs supported by the funds; and
- (C) the needed establishment, expansion, or revisions of career pathways and academic curriculum in the targeted infrastructure industries to establish talent pipelines for such industry.
- (3) Identifying and quantifying any disparities or gaps in employment of nontraditional populations in the targeted infrastructure industries and establishing or expanding strategies to close such gaps.
- (4) Supporting the development of consortia of education and training providers receiving assistance under this title to align curricula, recognized postsecondary credentials, and programs to the targeted infrastructure industry needs and the credentials described in section 90503(b)(5), particularly

for high-skill, high-wage or in-demand industry sectors or occupations related to the targeted infrastructure industry.

- (5) Providing information on activities carried out with such funds to the State and local board and the State agency carrying out the State program under the Wagner-Peyser Act (29 U.S.C. 49 et seq.), including staff of the agency that provide services under such Act, to enable the State agency to inform recipients of unemployment compensation or the employment and training opportunities that may be offered through such activities.
- (6) Establishing or expanding partnerships with employers in industry or sector partnerships to attract potential workers from a diverse jobseeker base, including individuals with barriers to employment and nontraditional populations, by identifying any such barriers through analysis of the labor market data and recruitment strategies, and implementing strategies to help such workers overcome such barriers and increase diversity in the targeted infrastructure industries
- (c) PLANNING ACTIVITIES.—An eligible entity receiving a planning grant, contract, or cooperative agreement under this title shall use not more than \$250,000 of such funds to carry out planning activities during the first year of the grant, contract, or agreement period, which may include—
- (1) establishing or expanding industry or sector partnerships described in subsection (b)(1):
- (2) conducting outreach to local labor organizations, employers, industry associations, education and training providers, economic development organizations, and qualified intermediaries, as applicable:
- (3) recruiting individuals for participation in programs assisted with funds under this title, including individuals with barriers to employment and nontraditional populations;
- (4) establishing or expanding paid workbased learning opportunities, including apprenticeship programs or programs articulating to apprenticeship programs;
- (5) establishing or implementing plans for any education and training provider receiving funding under this title to be included on the list of eligible providers of training services described in section 122(d) of the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (29 U.S.C. 3152(d));
- (6) establishing or implementing plans for awarding academic credit or providing for academic alignment towards credit pathways for programs or programs of study assisted with funds under this title, including academic credit for industry-recognized credentials, competency-based education, workbased learning, or apprenticeship programs;
- (7) making available open, searchable, and comparable information on the recognized postsecondary credentials awarded under such programs, including the related skills or competencies and related employment and earnings outcomes:
- (8) conducting an evaluation of workforce needs in the local area: or
- (9) career pathway and curriculum development or expansion, program establishment, and acquiring equipment necessary to support activities permitted under this section.
- (d) EMPLOYER ENGAGEMENT.—An eligible entity receiving funds under this title shall use the grant funds to provide services to engage employers in efforts to achieve the strategic objectives identified in the partnership's application under section 90503(b)(4), such as—
- (1) navigating the registration process for a sponsor of an apprenticeship program;
- (2) connecting the employer with an education and training provider, to support the development of curriculum for work-based

- learning opportunities, including the related instruction for apprenticeship programs;
- (3) providing training to incumbent workers to serve as trainers or mentors to individuals participating in a work-based learning program funded under this title;
- (4) subsidizing the wages and benefits for individuals participating in activities or programs funded under this title for a period of not more than 6 months for employers demonstrating financial need, including due to COVID-19; and
- (5) recruiting for employment or participation in programs funded under this title, including work-based learning programs, including—
- (A) individuals participating in programs under the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (29 U.S.C. 3101 et seq.), or the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. 701 et seq.);
- (B) recipients of assistance through the supplemental nutrition assistance program established under the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008 (7 U.S.C. 2011 et seq.);
- (C) recipients of assistance through the program of block grants to States for temporary assistance for needy families established under part A of title IV of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 601 et seq.);
- (D) individuals with a barrier to employment; or
- (E) nontraditional populations in the targeted infrastructure industry served by such funds
- (e) Participant Services.—The eligible entity receiving funds under this title shall use the grant funds to provide services to support the success of individuals participating in a program supported under this title, which shall include—
- (1) in coordination with the State or local board—
- (A) training services as described in section 134(c)(3) of the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (29 U.S.C. 3174(c)(3));
- (B) career services as described in section 134(c)(2) of such Act; and
- (C) supportive services, such as child care and transportation;
- (2) providing access to necessary supplies, materials, technological devices, or required equipment, attire, and other supports necessary to participate in such programs or to start employment;
- (3) job placement assistance, including in paid work-based learning opportunities which may include apprenticeship programs, or employment at the completion of a program provided by an education and training provider;
- (4) providing career awareness activities, such as career guidance and academic counseling; and
- (5) services to ensure individuals served by funds under this title maintain employment after the completion of a program funded under this title for at least 12 months, including through the continuation of services described under paragraphs (1) through (4) as applicable continuation of services described under paragraphs (1) through (4).
- (f) EVALUATION AND PROGRESS REPORTS.— Not later than 1 year after receiving a grant under this title, and annually thereafter, the eligible entity receiving the grant shall submit a report to the Secretary and the Governor of the State that the eligible entity serves, that—
- (1) describes the activities funded under this title;
- (2) evaluates the progress the eligible entity has made towards achieving the strategic objectives identified under section 90503(b)(4); and
- (3) evaluates the levels of performance achieved by the eligible entity for training participants with respect to the performance indicators under section 116(b)(2)(A) of the

Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (29 U.S.C. 3141(b)(2)(A)) for all such workers, disaggregated by each population specified in section 3(24) of the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (29 U.S.C. 3102(24)) and by race, ethnicity, sex, and age.

(g) ADMINISTRATIVE COSTS.—An eligible partnership may use not more than 5 percent of the funds awarded through a grant, contract, or cooperative agreement under this title for administrative expenses in carrying out this section.

#### SEC. 90505. ADMINISTRATION BY THE SEC-RETARY.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may use not more than 2 percent of the amount appropriated under section 90506 for each fiscal year for administrative expenses to carry out this title, including the expenses of providing the technical assistance and oversight activities under subsection (b).
- (b) TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE; OVERSIGHT.— The Secretary shall provide technical assistance and oversight to assist the eligible entities in applying for and administering grants awarded under this title.

#### SEC. 90506. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIA-TIONS.

There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this title such sums as may be necessary for fiscal year 2023 and each of the succeeding 4 fiscal years.

### SEC. 90507. SPECIAL RULE.

Any funds made available under this title that are used to fund an apprenticeship or apprenticeship program shall only be used for, or provided to, an apprenticeship or apprenticeship program that meets the definition of such term in section 90501 of this title, including any funds awarded for the purposes of grants, contracts, or cooperative agreements, or the development, implementation, or administration, of an apprenticeship or an apprenticeship program.

AMENDMENT NO. 21 OFFERED BY MR. BOWMAN OF NEW YORK

Page 312, after line 25, insert the following: (i) MANDATORY COST-SHARING.—

- (1) WAIVER.—The cost-sharing requirements under section 7036(c) of the America Creating Opportunities to Meaningfully Promote Excellence in Technology, Education, and Science Act (42 U.S.C. 18620–14(c)) for the Major Research Instrumentation Program and under section 10A(i) of the National Science Foundation Authorization Act of 2002 (42 U.S.C. 1862n–1a(i)) for teaching fellowships administered within the Robert Noyce Teacher Scholarship Program are waived for a period of 5 years following the date of enactment of this Act.
- (2) ASSESSMENT.—Not later than 5 years following the date of enactment of this Act, the Director shall submit to Congress an assessment, that includes feedback from the research community, of the impacts of the waivers provided under paragraph (1), including—
  - (A) programmatic and scientific goals;
- (B) institutional commitment and stewardship of Federal resources;
- (C) institutional strategic planning and administrative burden;
- (D) equity among grantee institutions; and (E) recommendations for or against extending or making permanent such waivers.

  AMENDMENT NO. 24 OFFERED BY MS. BROWNLEY OF CALIFORNIA

Page 433, line 4, after "synthetic biology", insert "alternative proteins.".

AMENDMENT NO. 31 OFFERED BY MS. BUSH OF MISSOURI

Insert after section 30216 the following:

### SEC. 30217. ACTIONS TO PREVENT THE SPREAD OF THE COVID-19 PANDEMIC.

The Secretary of State, in coordination with the Administrator for the US Agency

for International Development, shall to the extent practicable, expand testing capacity, vaccination distribution, and acquisition of needed medical supplies, including available COVID-19 vaccines and supporting vaccination efforts, to—

- (1) ensure continued success in preventing the spread of the COVID-19 pandemic,
- (2) achieve swift and widespread vaccinations, pursuing long-term economic recovery globally, and
- (3) demonstrate American commitment to global engagement and diplomatic support.

AMENDMENT NO. 32 OFFERED BY MS. BUSH OF MISSOURI

Page 1660, after line 6, insert the following: SEC. 71003. NATIONAL ACADEMIES ASSESSMENT OF OIL SPILLS AND PLASTIC INGES-TION ON SEA LIFE.

Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Commerce, acting through the Administrator of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, shall seek to enter into an agreement with the National Academies of Science, Engineering, and Medicine to conduct a comprehensive assessment of the environmental impacts of plastic ingestion and oil and other fossil fuel spills on sea life, including—

- (1) assessment of the potential health and ecological impacts of plastic ingestion on marine life:
- (2) assessment of the types of plastics most commonly ingested by marine life and the types that have the most damaging health and ecosystem impacts, and recommendations for preventing and eliminating these plastics from the environment;
- (3) quantification of the economic impacts of plastic pollution including the costs of cleanup, impacts on lost tourism, impacts on aquaculture and fishing, and other economic impacts identified by the Academy;
- (4) assessment and quantification of the health and ecological impacts oil and other fossil fuel spills, flares, pipeline leaks, and extraction, including greenhouse gas emissions, have on marine life;
- (5) quantification of the cost and effectiveness of cleaning up oil and other fossil fuel spills, flares, and pipeline leaks, and repairing damage to marine life, coasts, and businesses:
- (6) quantification of the number of people employed in fossil fuel extraction on Federal waters with breakdown by State:
- (7) quantification of the number of people employed in marine tourism and the blue economy, including the fishing and seafood industries, impacted by plastic, oil, and other fossil fuel pollution; and
- (8) assessment and quantification of riverine sources of coastal plastic pollution in the United States, including a breakdown by sources that includes but is not limited to the Mississippi River.

AMENDMENT NO. 33 OFFERED BY MS. BUSH OF MISSOURI

Page 1892, after line 2, insert the following new paragraphs (and redesignate the succeeding paragraphs accordingly):

- (6) HISTORICALLY BLACK COLLEGE OR UNIVERSITY.—The term "historically Black college or university" has the meaning given the term "part B institution" in section 322 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1061).
- (7) MINORITY-SERVING INSTITUTION.—The term "minority-serving institution" a means a Hispanic-serving institution, Alaska Native-serving institution and Native Hawaiian-serving institution, Predominantly Black Institution, Asian American and Native American Pacific Islander-serving institution, or Native American-serving nontribal institution, as defined in section 371 of the

Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1067q(a)).

Page 1894, line after line 11, insert the following new paragraph (and redesignate the succeeding paragraph accordingly):

(11) TRIBAL COLLEGE OR UNIVERSITY.—The term "Tribal College or University" has the meaning given that term in section 316 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1059c).

Page 1900, line 12, insert "(including public institutions in another State and private, nonprofit institutions that are historically Black colleges and universities, Tribal Colleges and Universities, and minority-serving institutions)" after "education".

AMENDMENT NO. 34 OFFERED BY MS. BUSH OF MISSOURI

Page 1668, after line 13, insert the following:

#### SEC. 71104. OFFSHORE WIND ENERGY DEPLOY-MENT.

The Secretary of the Interior, the Secretary of Energy, the Secretary of Defense, the Secretary of Commerce, and all other Federal agencies the Secretary of the Interior determines are necessary in the authorization of offshore wind energy projects shall collectively seek to deploy 30 gigawatts of offshore wind energy on the Outer Continental Shelf of the United States by 2030, while protecting the biodiversity of the ocean and promoting ocean co-use.

AMENDMENT NO. 35 OFFERED BY MS. BUSH OF MISSOURI

Page 789, line 20, insert ", or have the ability to manufacture," before "solar components".

AMENDMENT NO. 36 OFFERED BY MS. BUSH OF MISSOURI

Page 1498, beginning line 3, insert the following:

(C) Information relating to the impacts of existing United States and multilateral laws, regulations, and sanctions, including environmental and public health impacts of natural resources exploitation.

AMENDMENT NO. 38 OFFERED BY MR. CASE OF HAWAII

Page 1660, after line 6, insert the following: SEC. 71003. OFFSHORE AQUACULTURE.

Not later than 24 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Commerce acting through the Administrator of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration shall enter into an agreement with the Board of Ocean Studies and Board Science, Technology, and Economic Policy of the National Academies of Sciences, Engineering, and Medicine to conduct a comprehensive assessment on the development of offshore aquaculture in the exclusive economic zone including—

- (1) assessment of the potential environmental impacts of offshore aquaculture operations, including an evaluation on the risks of siting, water pollution, habitat impact, escape of farmed species on wild population stocks, waste treatment and disposal, feed operations, and the cumulative risks of multiple aquaculture operations in shared ecosystems;
- (2) evaluation of the potential for offshore aquaculture to serve as a tool for environmental management, including connections to water quality, watershed management, and fishery conservation and management;
- (3) identification of existing control technologies, management practices and regulatory strategies to minimize the environmental impact of offshore aquaculture operations, including from traditional aquaculture methods and practices of Native Americans, Alaska Natives, and Native Hawaiians:

- (4) recommending best management practices related to sustainable feed for the offshore aquaculture industry, including best practices for sourcing from sustainably managed fisheries and traceability of source fish meal ingredients;
- (5) evaluation of the potential impact of offshore aquaculture on the economies of coastal communities, particularly those dependent on traditional fishery resources; and
- (6) assessment of the impacts of growing international offshore aquaculture operations on the United States seafood market and domestic seafood producers, including dependence of the United States on foreign-sourced seafood.

AMENDMENT NO. 39 OFFERED BY MR. CASE OF HAWAII

Page 1031, after line 2, insert the following:

SEC. \_\_\_\_. REPORT ON INDIGENOUS ENGAGEMENT.

- (a) REPORT REQUIRED.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State, in coordination with the Secretary of the Interior and in consultation with other relevant Federal departments and agencies, shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report on international indigenous engagement.
- (b) ELEMENTS.—The report required by subsection (a) shall include the following:
- (1) a description of existing programs and efforts by the United States Government that promote international engagement with indigenous peoples by Native Americans and Native American communities as well as Native American representation and participation in international organizations dedicated to indigenous communities;
- (2) a description of existing programs and efforts by other countries, especially United States allies and partners, to promote international diplomatic representation, educational and cultural exchange, and other people-to-people engagements among their indigenous peoples;
- (3) a strategy for enhancing and promoting greater Native American participation and representation in United States diplomatic engagement in international organizations and international educational and cultural exchange programs operated by the United States Government, including the establishment of an Office of Indigenous Affairs headed by a presidentially appointed Special Envoy for Indigenous Affairs; and
- (4) steps that the Secretary of State shall take to enhance cooperation and relationship with Native Americans in accordance with the Federal trust responsibility and to promote best practices among the staff of the Department of State for engagement with Native Americans.
  - (c) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES.—The term "appropriate congressional committees" means—
- (A) the Committee on Foreign Affairs and the Committee on Natural Resources of the House of Representatives; and
- (B) the Committee on Foreign Relations and the Committee on Indian Affairs of the Senate.
- (2) NATIVE AMERICAN.—The term "Native American" includes—
- (A) American Indian as defined in section 4 of the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act (25 U.S.C. 5304);
- (B) Alaska Native, within the meaning provided for the term "Native" in section 3(b) of the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act (43 23 U.S.C. 1602(b)); and
- (C) Native Hawaiian as defined in paragraph (9) of section 801 of the Native American Housing Assistance and Self-Determination Act (25 U.S.C. 4221(9)).

AMENDMENT NO. 40 OFFERED BY MR. CASE OF HAWAII

At the end of part 8 of subtitle D of title II of division D, add the following:

#### SEC. 30299I. PACIFIC ISLANDS LEADERSHIP DE-VELOPMENT INITIATIVE.

- (a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that routinized people-to-people exchange programs to bring Pacific Islands religious leaders, journalists, civil society members, politicians, and others to the United States strengthens existing relationships and advances United States interests and shared values in the region.
- (b) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of State shall develop and implement a program to promote educational and professional development for young adult leaders and professionals in the Pacific Islands with a demonstrated passion to contribute to the continued development of the Pacific Islands.
- (c) CONDUCT OF PROGRAM.—The program developed under this section shall be implemented on a routine basis and may be carried out through—
- (1) grants provided on a competitive basis to qualified organizations with demonstrated expertise relating to the Pacific Islands;
- (2) grants in amounts not to exceed \$50,000 provided on a competitive basis to qualified young leaders from the Pacific Islands for the purpose of carrying out projects dedicated to the improvement of their communities in the Pacific Islands;
- (3) regional workshops and professional and academic fellowships; and
  - (4) people-to-people exchanges.
  - (d) Report.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State, acting through the Assistant Secretary of State for Educational and Cultural Affairs, shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report on exchange programs for the Pacific Islands region.
- (2) ELEMENTS.—The report required by paragraph (1) shall include—
- (A) an assessment of factors constraining the number and frequency of International Visitor Leadership Program participants from countries of the Pacific Islands;
- (B) an identification of resources that are necessary to address the factors described in subparagraph (A); and
- (C) a strategy for connecting alumni and participants of the Department of State's professional development exchange programs in East Asia, such as the Young Southeast Asian Leaders Initiative (YSEALI) and the Young Pacific Leaders programs, to enhance inter and intra region people-to-people ties.
- (e) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— There are authorized to be appropriated \$10,000,000 for each of the fiscal years 2022 through 2026 to carry out this section.

### AMENDMENT NO. 41 OFFERED BY MR. CASTEN OF ILLINOIS

Page 170, after line 11, insert the following: "(d) ALTERNATIVE FINANCING OF RESEARCH FACILITIES AND INFRASTRUCTURE.—

- "(1) IN GENERAL.—Consistent with section 161(g) of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2201(g)), the Management and Operating contractors of the Department may enter into the lease-purchase of research facilities and infrastructure under the scope of their contract with the Department with the approval of the Secretary or their designee.
- "(2) LIMITATIONS.—To carry out lease-purchases approved by the Secretary under subsection (a), the Department shall only be required to have budget authority in an amount sufficient to cover the minimum required lease payments through the period required to exercise a termination provision in the lease agreement, plus any associated

lease termination penalties, regardless of whether such leased facility and infrastructure is on or off Government land, and if—

- "(A) the Department has established a mission need for the facility or infrastructure to be leased;
- "(B) the facility or infrastructure is general purpose, including offices, laboratories, cafeterias, utilities, and data centers;
- "(C) the Department is not a party to and has no financial obligations under the leasepurchase transaction entered into by the Management and Operating contractor, other than allowability of the lease cost and conveyance of Government land, if needed;
- "(D) the lease-purchase has an advance notice termination provision with reasonable pre-defined penalties that the Management and Operating contractor may exercise, at the direction of the Department, if funding for the lease is no longer available or the mission need ceases to exist;
- "(E) there is an option for a no cost transfer of ownership to the Government once the underlying financing is retired, but neither the Management and Operating contractor nor the Department are obligated to purchase the facility or infrastructure at any time during or after the lease term;
- "(F) the lease-purchase transaction, assuming exercise of the ownership option, is demonstrated to be the lowest lifecycle cost alternative for the Government; and
- "(G) the cumulative annual base rent for all lease-purchases of facilities and infrastructure, inclusive of any transactions under consideration, does not exceed 2 percent of the Management and Operating contract operating budget for the year the commitment is made for the lease.
- "(3) REPORTING.—Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of the America COMPETES Act of 2022, and biennially thereafter, the Department shall submit to the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives, and the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate, a report on the lease-purchase transactions that the Management and Operating contractors of the Department entered into under subsection (a) that includes—
- "(A) a list of the lease-purchase transactions entered into by each Management and Operating contractor and their respective costs;
- "(B) the annual percentage of each Management and Operating contract operating budget that is used for lease-purchase transactions for the year the commitments were made; and
- "(C) any other information the Secretary determines to be appropriate.
- "(4) AUTHORIZATION PERIOD.—The leasepurchases authorized under paragraph (1) may be entered into only during fiscal years 2022 through 2026.".
- Page 170, line 12, strike "(d)" and insert "(e)".
- Page 170, line 20, strike "(e)" and insert "(f)".

AMENDMENT NO. 42 OFFERED BY MS. CASTOR OF FLORIDA

# Page 800, after line 2, insert the following: SEC. 20303. SUPPORT FOR THE FIRST THREE COMMERCIAL-SCALE IMPLEMENTATIONS OF TRANSFORMATIVE INDUSTRIAL TECHNOLOGIES.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Subject to the availability of appropriations, the Secretary shall establish and carry out a program under which the Secretary provides grants and loan guarantees to eligible entities to carry out eligible projects.
  - (b) APPLICATIONS.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—To apply for a grant or loan guarantee under the program, an eligi-

- ble entity shall submit to the Secretary an application at such time, in such manner, and containing such information as the Secretary may require.
- (2) SELECTION.—In evaluating applications submitted under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall select applications that will result in the greatest—
- (A) improvement to the competitiveness of United States industry in global markets;
  - (B) reduction in energy use; or
  - (C) reduction in greenhouse gas emissions.
- (3) CONSULTATION.—In evaluating applications submitted under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall solicit input from outside technical and industry experts on the specific industry sectors in which eligible technologies would be implemented.
  - (c) GRANTS AND LOAN GUARANTEES .-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—In carrying out the program, the Secretary may not provide grants or loan guarantees to carry out more than three eligible projects for any category of eligible technology.
- (2) Grant amounts.—The amounts of the grants that may be provided to carry out eligible projects for each category of eligible technology shall be not more than the following:
- (A) 60 percent of the total eligible project costs for the first eligible project for the category of eligible technology.
- (B) 45 percent of the total eligible project costs for the second eligible project for the category of eligible technology.
- (C) 30 percent of the total eligible project costs for the third eligible project for the category of eligible technology.
  - (3) LOAN GUARANTEE AMOUNTS.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—In carrying out the program, the Secretary may not provide a loan guarantee for an amount that is greater than 80 percent of the applicable eligible project costs.
- (B) Grant and loan guarantee.—In any case in which an eligible entity is provided a grant and a loan guarantee under the program, such loan guarantee may not exceed the amount that is equal to 80 percent of the amount that is equal to the difference between—
- (i) the eligible project cost; and
- (ii) the amount of the grant.
- (4) PROJECT MILESTONES.—The Secretary shall work with the grant or loan guarantee recipient to develop project milestones and shall issue payments after the recipient demonstrates that the eligible project has reached such milestones.
  - (d) MONITORING AND REPORTING.-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall annually submit to Congress a report on how grants and loan guarantees provided under the program were used.
- (2) PROPRIETARY AND COMPETITIVE INFORMATION.—Each report submitted under paragraph (1) shall exclude any proprietary or competitive information relating to eligible entities that were provided a grant or loan guarantee, or eligible technologies that were implemented, under the program.
- (e) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section \$500,000,000 for fiscal year 2022 and \$1,000,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2023 through 2031, to remain available until expended.
  - (f) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) ELIGIBLE ENTITY.—The term "eligible entity" means any of the following entities, including a consortium or partnership of such entities:
- (A) An owner of an industrial plant at which an eligible technology would be implemented.
  - (B) A provider that—
  - (i) manufactures an eligible technology; or

- (ii) implements or integrates an eligible technology at an industrial plant.
- (C) Another entity involved in the implementation of the eligible technology at an industrial plant.
- (2) ELIGIBLE PROJECT.—The term "eligible project" means the implementation of an eligible technology at an industrial plant within the United States or its territories.
- (3) ELIGIBLE PROJECT COSTS.—The term "eligible project costs" includes any capital, installation, engineering, construction, and permitting costs related to carrying out an eligible project.
- (4) ELIGIBLE TECHNOLOGY.—The term "eligible technology" means, as determined by the Secretary, any technology that—
- (A) is an innovative technology described in section 454(b)(1) of the Energy Independence and Security Act of 2007 (42 U.S.C. 17113(b)(1)):
- (B) is demonstrated to be technically viable at pilot scale and ready for commercialscale implementation;
- (C) is able to significantly reduce the energy use or greenhouse gas emissions of the process with respect to which the eligible technology is implemented, relative to the technology available on the date of enactment of this Act; and
- (D) has the potential to significantly reduce annual United States industrial energy use or greenhouse gas emissions, relative to the United States industrial energy use or greenhouse gas emissions in calendar year 2021, if the eligible technology is widely implemented at appropriate existing and new industrial plants in the United States.
- (5) PROGRAM.—The term "program" means the program established under subsection (a).
- (6) SECRETARY.—The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of Energy.

AMENDMENT NO. 46 OFFERED BY MS. CHU OF CALIFORNIA

Add, at the end of the bill, the following (and conform the table of contents accordingly):

### DIVISION M—SENSE OF CONGRESS RE-GARDING NEGATIVE PERCEPTION OF PERSONS OF ASIAN ANCESTRY AND FEDERAL LAW ENFORCEMENT

#### SEC. 120001. SENSE OF CONGRESS REGARDING NEGATIVE PERCEPTION OF PER-SONS OF ASIAN ANCESTRY AND FED-ERAL LAW ENFORCEMENT.

- It is the sense of Congress that-
- (1) there are notable instances where certain Federal law enforcement officials and institutions have contributed towards a negative growing perception that being of Asian ancestry or having ties to China render an individual more suspect of espionage and that such perceptions have created a culture of fear that has negatively impacted the Asian immigrant and Asian American community;
- (2) national policy should guard against unjustly targeting scientists, academics, and institutional faculty members on the basis of Chinese ethnicity or familial background, which risks irreparable damage to careers, reputations, and lives, and erodes the freedom of intellectual and academic exchange;
- (3) the global competitiveness of the United States, including with the People's Republic of China, is harmed by hostility toward and unfair targeting of Chinese and Chinese American scientists and academics; and
- (4) Congress rejects any dangerous attempts to portray Chinese students, professors, and scholars with more suspicion than non-Chinese academics.

AMENDMENT NO. 48 OFFERED BY MR. CONNOLLY OF VIRGINIA

Page 1714, after line 6 insert the following:

### SEC. 80306. RECIPROCAL VISAS FOR NATIONALS OF SOUTH KOREA.

- (a) In General.—Section 101(a)(15)(E) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(15)(E)) is amended—
- (1) in clause (ii), by striking "or" after "capital;"; and
- (2) by adding at the end "or (iv) solely to perform services in a specialty occupation in the United States if the alien is a national of the Republic of Korea and with respect to whom the Secretary of Labor determines and certifies to the Secretary of Homeland Security and the Secretary of State that the intending employer has filed with the Secretary of Labor an attestation under section 212(t)(1):"
- (b) NUMERICAL LIMITATION.—Section 214(g) of such Act (8 U.S.C. 1184(g)) is amended by adding at the end the following:
- "(12)(A) The Secretary of State may not approve a number of initial applications submitted for aliens described in section 101(a)(15)(E)(iv) that is more than the applicable numerical limitations set out in this paragraph.
- "(B) The applicable numerical limitation referred to in subparagraph (A) is 15,000 for each fiscal year.
- "(C) The applicable numerical limitation referred to in subparagraph (A) shall only apply to principal aliens and not the spouses or children of such aliens."
- (c) SPECIALTY OCCUPATION DEFINED.—Section 214(i)(1) of such Act (8 U.S.C. 1184(i)(1)) is amended by striking "section 101(a)(15)(E)(iii)," and inserting "clauses (iii) and (iv) of section 101(a)(15)(E),".
- (d) ATTESTATION.—Section 212(t) of such Act (8 U.S.C. 1182(t)), as added by section 402(b)(2) of the United States-Chile Free Trade Agreement Implementation Act (Public Law 108-77; 117 Stat. 941), is amended—
- (1) by striking "or section 101(a)(15)(E)(iii)" each place it appears and inserting "or clause (iii) or (iv) of section 101(a)(15)(E)"; and
- (2) in paragraphs (3)(C)(i)(II), (3)(C)(ii)(II), and (3)(C)(iii)(II), by striking "or 101(a)(15)(E)(iii)" each place it appears.

AMENDMENT NO. 49 OFFERED BY MR. COSTA OF CALIFORNIA

Insert after section 30404 the following:

#### SEC. 30505. REPORT ON THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA'S INVESTMENTS IN FOR-EIGN MINING AND PROCESSING IN-DUSTRIES.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—No later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act and annually thereafter for five years, the Secretary of State, in consultation with the Secretary of Commerce and Secretary of Homeland Security, shall submit to the Committee on Foreign Affairs, the Committee on Energy and Commerce, and the Committee on Homeland Security of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Foreign Relations, the Committee on Finance, and the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs a report that—
- (1) describes the involvement of the Government of the People's Republic of China (PRC), state sponsored companies, and companies incorporated in the PRC in the exploration, planning, development, operation, production, financing, or ownership of mining or processing facilities in countries identified in the United States Geological Survey's (USGS) Annual Mineral Commodity Summaries for which the United States imports minerals, metals, and materials; and
- (2) evaluates strategic or security concerns and implications for United States national security and economic interests and the interests of the countries identified pursuant to paragraph (1) with respect to the PRC's

- involvement and influence in developing the country's mining and processing industries.
- (b) PUBLICATION.—The report required under subsection (a) shall be published on the respective websites of the Department of State, the Department of Commerce, and the Department of Homeland Security.

AMENDMENT NO. 50 OFFERED BY MR. COURTNEY OF CONNECTICUT

Page 853, line 18, strike "It is" and insert the following:

(a) IN GENERAL.—It is

Page 857, beginning line 4, insert the following:

- (b) Further Sense.—It is further the sense of Congress that—
- (1) it is in the national interest for the United States to become a formal signatory of the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea (UNCLOS), done at Montego Bay, Jamaica, December 10, 1982; and
- (2) the ratification of the UNCLOS remains a top priority of the United States Navy and the United States Coast Guard, the importance of which was most recently underscored by the strategic challenges the United States faces in the Asia-Pacific, the Arctic, and the Black Sea regions.

AMENDMENT NO. 58 OFFERED BY MS. DAVIDS OF KANSAS

Page 820, line 2, insert ", taking into consideration entering into such cooperative agreements or partnerships with small and medium manufacturers of such medical supplies" before the semicolon.

AMENDMENT NO. 61 OFFERED BY MS. DELBENE OF WASHINGTON

Page 748, strike lines 3 and 4, and insert the following:

(F) Advanced communications technology (including optical transmission components) and immersive technology.

AMENDMENT NO. 63 OFFERED BY MS. DELBENE OF WASHINGTON

Page 76, before line 14, add the following new section:

#### SEC. 10003. ADDITIONAL GAO REPORTING RE-QUIREMENT.

Section 9902(c)(1)(C) of William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116-283) is amended—

- (1) in clause (iii), by striking "; and" and inserting a semicolon; and
- (2) by inserting after clauve (iv) the following new clause:
- "(v) how projects are supporting the semiconductor needs of critical infrastructure industries in the United States, including those industries designated by the Cybersecurity and Infrastructure Security Agency as essential infrastructure industries; and".

AMENDMENT NO. 64 OFFERED BY MR. DELGADO OF NEW YORK

Page 575, after line 14, insert the following (and redesignate the subsequent clauses accordingly):

(iv) to support the modernization and expansion of United States manufacturing based on advances in technology and innovation;

Page 576, line 24, strike "or innovation sectors" and insert ", innovation, or manufacturing sectors".

Page 587, line 2, strike "and testing," and insert "testing, and scale-up for manufacturing".

Page 596, line 11, strike "and innovation sector" and insert ", innovation, and advanced manufacturing sectors".

AMENDMENT NO. 65 OFFERED BY MRS. DINGELL OF MICHIGAN

Page 1668, after line 13, insert the following:

### TITLE XII—CLIMATE CHANGE EDUCATION SEC. 71201. FINDINGS.

Congress makes the following findings:

- (1) The evidence for human-induced climate change is overwhelming and undeniable
- (2) Atmospheric carbon can be significantly reduced through conservation, by shifting to renewable energy sources such as solar, wind, tidal, and geothermal, and by increasing the efficiency of buildings, including domiciles, and transportation.
- (3) Providing clear information about climate change, in a variety of forms, can remove the fear and the sense of helplessness, and encourage individuals and communities to take action.
- (4) Implementation of measures that promote energy efficiency, conservation, and renewable energy will greatly reduce human impact on the environment.
- (5) Informing people of new technologies and programs as they become available will ensure maximum understanding and maximum effect of those measures.
- (6) More than 3,000,000 students graduate from high schools and colleges in the United States each year, armed with attitudes, skills, and knowledge about the climate that inform their actions.
- (7) The effect on the climate, positive or negative, of each of those 3,000,000 students lasts beyond a lifetime.
- (8) Those students need to be prepared to implement changes in professional and personal practices, to support and help develop new technology and policy, and to address the coming social and economic challenges and opportunities arising from a changing climate.
- (9) It has been demonstrated that the people of the United States overwhelmingly support teaching students about the causes, consequences, and potential solutions to climate change in all 50 States and more than 3,000 counties across the United States.
- (10) Only 30 percent of middle school and 45 percent of high school science teachers understand the extent of the scientific consensus on climate change.

### SEC. 71202. DEFINITIONS.

In this title:

- (1) ADMINISTRATOR.—The term "Administrator" means the Administrator of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration.
- (2) CLIMATE CHANGE EDUCATION.—The term "climate change education" means non-formal and formal interdisciplinary learning at all age levels about—
- (A) climate change, climate adaptation and mitigation, climate resilience, and climate justice; and
- (B) the effects of climate change, climate adaptation and mitigation, climate resilience, and climate justice on the environmental, energy, social, and economic systems of the United States.
- (3) CLIMATE LITERACY.—The term "climate literacy" means competence or knowledge of climate change, its causes and impacts, and the technical, scientific, economic, and social dynamics of promising solutions.
- (4) CLIMATE JUSTICE.—The term "climate justice" means the fair treatment and meaningful involvement of all people, regardless of race, color, culture, national origin, or income, with respect to the development, implementation, and enforcement of policies and projects to ensure that each person enjoys the same degree of protection from the adverse effects of climate change.
- (5) ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE.—The term "environmental justice" means the fair treatment and meaningful involvement of all people, regardless of race, color, culture, national origin, or income, with respect to the

- development, implementation, and enforcement of environmental laws, regulations, and policies to ensure that each person enjoys—
- (A) the same degree of protection from environmental and health hazards; and
- (B) equal access to any Federal agency action on environmental justice issues in order to have a healthy environment in which to live, learn, work, and recreate.
- (6) ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE COMMUNITY.— The term "environmental justice community" means a community with significant representation of communities of color, low-income communities, or Tribal and indigenous communities that experiences, or is at risk of experiencing, higher or more adverse human health or environmental effects as compared to other communities.
- (7) GREEN ECONOMY.—The term "green economy" means an economy that results in improved human and economic well-being and social equity by significantly reducing environmental risks and ecological scarcities.
- (8) Institution of Higher Education.—The term "institution of higher education" has the meaning given the term in section 101 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001).
- (9) LOCAL EDUCATIONAL AGENCY; STATE EDUCATIONAL AGENCY.—The terms "local educational agency" and "State educational agency" have the meanings given those terms in section 8101 of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 7801).
- (10) NONFORMAL.—The term "nonformal" means, with respect to learning, out-of-school educational programming carried out by nonprofit organizations and public agencies.
- (11) NONPROFIT ORGANIZATION.—The term "nonprofit organization" means an organization described in section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 and exempt from taxation under 501(a) of that Code.

### SEC. 71203. CLIMATE CHANGE EDUCATION PROGRAM.

The Administrator shall establish a Climate Change Education Program to—

- (1) increase the climate literacy of the United States by broadening the understanding of climate change, including possible long-term and short-term consequences, disproportionate impacts of those consequences, and potential solutions;
- (2) apply the latest scientific and technological discoveries, including through the use of the scientific assets of the Administration, to provide formal and nonformal learning opportunities to individuals of all ages, including individuals of diverse cultural and linguistic backgrounds; and
- (3) emphasize actionable information to help people understand and promote implementation of new technologies, programs, and incentives related to climate change, climate adaptation and mitigation, climate resilience, climate justice, and environmental justice.

### SEC. 71204. GRANT PROGRAM.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—As part of the Climate Change Education Program established under section 71203, the Administrator shall establish a program to make grants to the following:
- (1) State educational agencies, in partnership with local educational agencies and local nonprofit organizations, for the implementation of aspects of State climate literacy plans for grades 4 through 12 formal and informal climate change education that—
- (A) are aligned with State education standards;
- (B) ensure that students graduate from high school with climate literacy; and

- (C) include at least 1 of the following:
- (i) Relevant teacher training and professional development.
- (ii) Creation of applied learning project-based models, such as models making optimum use of green features improvements to school facilities, such as energy systems, lighting systems, water management, waste management, and school grounds improvements.
- (iii) Incorporation of climate change mitigation and green technologies into new and existing career and technical education career tracks and work-based learning experiences, including development of partnerships with labor organizations, trade organizations, and apprenticeship programs.
- (2) Institutions of higher education and networks or partnerships of such institutions to engage teams of faculty and students to develop applied climate research and deliver to local communities direct services related to local climate mitigation and adaptation issues, with priority given to projects that—
- (Å) foster long-term campus-community partnerships;
- (B) show potential to scale work beyond the grant term;
- $\left( C\right)$  are inclusive for all segments of the population; and
  - (D) promote equitable and just outcomes.
- (3) Professional associations and academic disciplinary societies for projects that build capacity at the State and national levels for continuing education by practicing professionals and the general public in green economy fields.
- (4) Youth corps organizations to engage in community-based climate mitigation and adaptation work that includes a substantive educational component.
- (b) CONSULTATION.—The Administrator shall annually consult with other relevant agencies of the Federal Government to determine ways in which grant making under subsection (a) can enhance and support other national climate education and training and environmental justice goals.
- (c) ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE COMMUNITIES.—The Administrator shall ensure that 40 percent of all funds appropriated for grants under paragraphs (2) and (4) of subsection (a) are directed into environmental justice communities
- (d) COMMUNITIES OF PRACTICE.—The Administrator shall establish communities of practice with respect to each of paragraphs (1) through (4) of subsection (a) in order to accelerate learning.

### SEC. 71205. REPORT.

Not later than 2 years after the date of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter, the Administrator shall submit to Congress a report that evaluates the scientific merits, educational effectiveness, and broader effects of activities carried out under this title.

### SEC. 71206. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIA-TIONS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—There is authorized to be appropriated to the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration to carry out this title \$50,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2022 through 2027.
- (b) ALLOCATION OF AMOUNTS FOR GRANT PROGRAM.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Amounts appropriated to carry out the grant program required by section 71204(a) shall be allocated as follows:
- (A) Not less than 40 percent and not more than 60 percent for grants made under paragraph (1) of such section.
- (B) Not less than 20 percent and not more than 40 percent for grants made under paragraph (2) of such section.
- (C) Not less than 5 percent and not more than 20 percent for grants made under paragraph (3) of such section.

- (D) Not less than 5 percent and not more than 20 percent for grants made under paragraph (4) of such section.
- (E) Such amount as the Administrator determines appropriate for the administration of this title.
- (2) EXCEPTION.—If amounts appropriated to carry out the grant program required by section 71204(a) do not exceed \$10,000,000 in any fiscal year, the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration may prioritize grants made under subparagraphs (A) and (B) of paragraph (1) of section 71204(a).

AMENDMENT NO. 66 OFFERED BY MR. DOYLE OF PENNSYLVANIA

Page 623, after line 2, insert the following: SEC. 10644. SUPPORT FOR COMMERCIAL DEPLOY-MENT.

Section 454 of the Energy Independence and Security Act of 2007 (42 U.S.C. 17113) is amended—

- (1) in subsection (b)(1), by inserting "commercial deployment," after "demonstration,";
  - (2) in subsection (d)—
- (A) in the heading, by inserting "and commercial deployment" after "demonstration"; and
  - (B) in paragraph (3)—
- (i) in the heading, by inserting "and commercial deployment" after "demonstration";
- (ii) by inserting "and commercial deployment" after "demonstration"; and
  - (3) in subsection (e)-
- (A) by striking "There are authorized" and inserting "(1) DEMONSTRATION AND COMMERCIAL DEPLOYMENT PROJECTS.—There are authorized";
- (B) by redesignating paragraphs (1) through (5) as subparagraphs (A) through (E), respectively; and
  - (C) by adding at the end the following:
- "(2) GRANTS.—There are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary to carry out activities under subsection (d)(1) \$1,000,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2022 through 2026 to fund the commercial deployment of technologies to achieve emissions reduction at high emitting non-power industrial facilities."

AMENDMENT NO. 67 OFFERED BY MS. ESCOBAR OF TEXAS

Page 1359, after line 17, add the following:

(Q) include environmental defenders to mitigate the impacts of climate change and work with allies and partners to ensure a level playing field exists when it comes to climate action.

AMENDMENT NO. 68 OFFERED BY MS. ESCOBAR OF TEXAS

Add at the end of division F the following: SEC. 50105. METRICS AND REPORTS ON TECHNOLOGIES RELATING TO IRREGULAR MIGRATION ALONG THE SOUTHERN BORDER.

- (a) METRICS.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Commissioner of U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) shall develop metrics to measure how procured technologies have helped deter or address irregular migration along the southern border, including ways in which technologies have altered migration routes and patterns.
- (b) Reports.—
- (1) INITIAL REPORT.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Commissioner shall submit to the Committee on Homeland Security of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs a report on progress made toward developing the metrics required under subsection (a).
- (2) FINAL REPORT.—Not later than 180 days after completion of the development of such

metrics, the Commissioner shall submit to the Committee on Homeland Security of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs a report on the findings of CBP relating to the effectiveness of implemented technologies on deterring or addressing irregular migration along the southern border.

AMENDMENT NO. 69 OFFERED BY MS. ESCOBAR OF TEXAS

Add at the end of division F the following:
SEC. 50105. REPORT ON CURRENT STANDARDS
AND GUIDELINES FOR MANAGING
PORTS OF ENTRY UNDER THE CONTROL OF THE DEPARTMENT OF
HOMELAND SECURITY.

Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Homeland Security, in coordination with the Secretary of Commerce, shall submit to the Committee on Homeland Security of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Afairs a report that contains an assessment of the current standards and guidelines for managing ports of entry under the control of the Department of Homeland Security. Such assessment shall include information relating to the following:

- (1) Staffing levels and need for additional staffing.
- (2) Rules governing the actions of Office of Field Operations officers.
- (3) Average delays for transit through air, land, and sea ports of entry.
- (4) Assessment of existing efforts and technologies used for border security, and the effect of the use of such efforts and technologies on facilitating trade at ports of entry and their impact on civil rights, private property rights, privacy rights, and civil liberties.
- (5) Economic impact of the policies and practices of CBP Agricultural Specialists and Office of Field Operations personnel.
- (6) Physical infrastructure and technological needs at ports of entry.
- (7) Data reflecting the specific needs of geographically separate ports of entry within the same U.S. Border Patrol sector.

AMENDMENT NO. 70 OFFERED BY MS. ESCOBAR OF TEXAS

Page 1425, after line 16, add the following: (h) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the President shall submit to Congress a report, with respect to activities under this section, on the implementation of measurable and sustainable development practices and an assessment of resources related to achieving carbon dioxide emission reduction targets for 2025 and 2030.

AMENDMENT NO. 71 OFFERED BY MS. ESCOBAR OF TEXAS

Page 1037, after line 6, insert the following: **SEC.** . **SENSE OF CONGRESS.** 

It is the sense of Congress that—

- (1) United States engagement with the leaders of the Western Hemisphere is critical to addressing the region's shared challenges and opportunities;
- (2) Congress encourages cooperation and further engagement specifically in policy areas on migration, climate, and economic development, underscoring the China-Community of Latin American and Caribbean States Forum Joint Action Plan (2022-2024) and other initiatives that signal China's growing influence and cooperation in the region; and
- (3) Congress encourages the development of an annual summit that convenes leaders of the Western Hemisphere on issues relating to root causes of migration, including the climate crisis, poverty, security, and other contributing factors to instability.

AMENDMENT NO. 72 OFFERED BY MS. ESCOBAR OF TEXAS

Page 1082, after line 10, insert the following:

### SEC. \_\_\_. REPORT AND BRIEFING ON CHINA'S ELECTION INTERFERENCE.

The Director of National Intelligence, in coordination with the heads of other appropriate Federal departments and agencies, shall submit to Congress a report on the existence of any security risks and threats posed by China to upcoming United States elections for Federal office.

AMENDMENT NO. 73 OFFERED BY MS. ESCOBAR OF TEXAS

Page 795, after line 9, insert the following: (m) SET ASIDE.—Not less than \$20,000,000 of the amount made available to carry out this section each fiscal year shall be used to award grants or direct loans under the program to eligible entities that are small businesses located in economically disadvantaged communities.

Page 795, line 10, strike "(m)" and insert "(n)".

AMENDMENT NO. 74 OFFERED BY MS. ESCOBAR OF TEXAS

Add at the end the following:

### DIVISION M—PROHIBITING USE OF FUNDS FOR PUBLICITY OR PROPAGANDA SEC. 120001. PROHIBITING USE OF FUNDS FOR PUBLICITY OR PROPAGANDA.

No part of any funds authorized to be appropriated or otherwise made available under this Act shall be used for publicity or propaganda purposes not authorized by the Congress.

AMENDMENT NO. 75 OFFERED BY MS. ESHOO OF CALIFORNIA

Page 69, line 11, strike "; and" and insert a semicolon.

Page 69, after line 11, insert the following (and redesignate the succeeding paragraph accordingly):

- (4) in subsection (c)(1)(B)—
- (A) in clause (i), by striking "; and" and inserting a semicolon; and
  - (B) by adding at the end the following:
- "(iii) the Federal Government could take specific actions to address shortages in the semiconductor supply chain, including—
- "(I) demand-side incentives, including incentives related to the information and communications technology supply chain; and
- "(II) additional incentives, at national and global scales, to accelerate utilization of leading-edge semiconductor nodes to address shortages in mature semiconductor nodes; and"; and

AMENDMENT NO. 77 OFFERED BY MS. ESHOO OF CALIFORNIA

Page 46, insert before line 1 the following: SEC. 3. PROHIBITING DISCRIMINATION AGAINST PEOPLE OF ASIAN DESCENT.

The President shall ensure that the provisions of this Act which are aimed at countering the influence of the Chinese Communist Party are implemented in a manner that does not result in discrimination against people of Asian descent on the basis of race, color, ethnicity, or nationality.

AMENDMENT NO. 84 OFFERED BY MR. FOSTER OF ILLINOIS

### Page 561, after line 3, insert the following: SEC. 10631A. NATIONAL LABORATORIES RES-TORATION AND MODERNIZATION.

- (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) NATIONAL LABORATORY.—The term "National Laboratory" has the meaning given the term in section 2 of the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 15801).
- (2) SECRETARY.—The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of Energy.
- (b) RESTORATION AND MODERNIZATION PROJECTS.—The Secretary shall fund

projects described in subsection (c) as needed to address the deferred maintenance, critical infrastructure needs, and modernization of National Laboratories.

- (c) PROJECTS DESCRIBED.—The projects referred to in subsection (b) are, as determined by the Secretary—
- (1) priority deferred maintenance projects at National Laboratories, including facilities sustainment for, upgrade of, and construction of research laboratories, administrative and support buildings, utilities, roads, power plants, and any other critical infrastructure; and
- (2) lab modernization projects at National Laboratories, including lab modernization projects relating to core infrastructure needed—
- (A) to support existing and emerging science missions with new and specialized requirements for world-leading scientific user facilities and computing capabilities; and
- (B) to maintain safe, efficient, reliable, and environmentally responsible operations.
- (d) SUBMISSION TO CONGRESS.—For each fiscal year through fiscal year 2026, at the same time as the annual budget submission of the President, the Secretary shall submit to the Committees on Appropriations and Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate and the Committees on Appropriations and Science, Space, and Technology of the House of Representatives a list of projects for which the Secretary will provide funding under this section, including a description of each project and the funding profile for the project.
  - (e) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—There is authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary to carry out this section \$6,100,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2022 through 2026.
- (2) OFFICE OF SCIENCE.—Not less than ¼ of the amounts made available to carry out this section each fiscal year shall be managed by the Office of Science of the Department of Energy.

AMENDMENT NO. 85 OFFERED BY MR. FOSTER OF ILLINOIS

Page 1711, insert after line 22 the following: (c) DUAL INTENT FOR F NONIMMIGRANTS IN STEM FIELDS PERMITTED.—Notwithstanding section 214(b) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1184(b)), an alien who is a bona fide student admitted to a program of study involving science, technology, engineering, or mathematics (as such term is defined in section 204(a)(1)(M) of such Act), may obtain a visa or be granted status under section 101(a)(15)(F) of such Act even if such alien intends to seek lawful permanent resident status in the United States.

AMENDMENT NO. 86 OFFERED BY MR. FOSTER OF ILLINOIS

Page 189, after line 5, insert the following: SEC. 10115. NATIONAL VIRTUAL BIOTECHNOLOGY LABORATORY.

The Office of Science may allocate any funds authorized under this title to the National Virtual Biotechnology Laboratory so long as such allocation is in conformity with the purpose and any other requirements of such authorization.

AMENDMENT NO. 87 OFFERED BY MR. FOSTER OF ILLINOIS

Page 210, line 3, after "systems" insert ", including identity and attribute validation services provided by Federal, State, and local governments".

Page 210, line 23, after "systems" insert ", including identity and attribute validation services provided by Federal, State, and local governments".

AMENDMENT NO. 90 OFFERED BY MR. GARAMENDI OF CALIFORNIA

Page 1714, insert after line 6 the following:

### SEC. 80306. SPECIAL IMMIGRANT VISAS FOR CERTAIN FULBRIGHT SCHOLARS.

- (a) SPECIAL IMMIGRANT VISAS FOR CERTAIN SCHOLARS.—Section 602(b) of the Afghan Allies Protection Act of 2009 (8 U.S.C. 1101 note) is amended—
- (1) in paragraph (1), by striking "an alien described in subparagraph (A), (B), or (C) of paragraph (2)" and inserting "an alien described in subparagraph (A), (B), (C), or (D) of paragraph (2)";
  - (2) in paragraph (2)—
- (A) in subparagraph (A)(iii), by striking "subparagraph (D)" and inserting "subparagraph (E)";
- (B) by redesignating subparagraphs (B), (C), (D), (E), and (F) as subparagraphs (C), (D), (E), (F), and (G), respectively;
- (C) by inserting after subparagraph (A) the following:
- "(B) FULBRIGHT AND OTHER SCHOLARS AS PRINCIPAL ALIEN.—An alien is described in this subparagraph if the alien is a national or citizen of Afghanistan and was selected between October 7, 2001 and August 31, 2022, to participate in—
- '(i) the J. William Fulbright Educational Exchange Program authorized under section 102 of the Mutual Educational and Cultural Exchange Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2452(a)(1)) including the Fulbright Scholar-in-Residence Grants and the Fulbright Foreign Language Teaching Assistant Program;
- "(ii) the Hubert H. Humphrey Fellowship Program pursuant to section 112(a)(2) of the Mutual Educational and Cultural Exchange Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2460(a)(2));
- "(iii) the International Visitor Leadership Program pursuant to section 112(a)(3) of the Mutual Educational and Cultural Exchange Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2460(a)(3)); or
- "(iv) any other educational or cultural exchange activity administered by the Secretary of State pursuant to sections 102 or 112 of the Mutual Educational and Cultural Exchange Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2452; 22 U.S.C. 2460) for which the Secretary determines that a participating alien is eligible for a special immigrant visa under this paragraph."; and
- (D) in subparagraph (C), as redesignated by subparagraph (B), by striking "subparagraph (A)" and inserting "subparagraph (A) or (B)";
- (3) in paragraph (4)(C), by striking "an alien described in subparagraph (A), (B), or (C) of paragraph (2)" and inserting "an alien described in subparagraph (A), (B), (C), or (D) of paragraph (2)";
- (4) in paragraph (5), by striking "an alien described in subparagraph (A), (B), or (C) of paragraph (2)" and inserting "an alien described in subparagraph (A), (B), (C), or (D) of paragraph (2)":
- (5) in paragraph (6), by striking "an alien described in subparagraph (A), (B), or (C) of paragraph (2)" and inserting "an alien described in subparagraph (A), (B), (C), or (D) of paragraph (2)"; and
- (6) in paragraph (9), by striking "an alien described in subparagraph (A), (B), or (C) of paragraph (2)" and inserting "an alien described in subparagraph (A), (B), (C), or (D) of paragraph (2)".
- (b) Numerical Limitations.—Section 602(b)(3) of the Afghan Allies Protection Act of 2009 (8 U.S.C. 1101 note) is amended—
- (1) by redesignating subparagraphs (B), (C), (D), (E), and (F) as subparagraphs (C), (D), (E), (F), and (G), respectively;
- (2) by inserting after subparagraph (A) the following new subparagraph:
- "(B) FULBRIGHT AND OTHER SCHOLARS.—An alien provided immigrant status pursuant to subparagraph (2)(B) shall not be counted against any numerical limitation under this section, or section 201, 202, 203, or 207 of the

- Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1151, 1152, 1153, and 1157).";
- (3) in subparagraph (E), as redesignated by paragraph (1),—
- (A) by striking "paragraph (C)" and inserting "subparagraph (D)"; and
- (B) by striking "subsection (b)(2)(D)" and inserting "paragraph (2)(E)";
- (4) in subparagraph (F), as redesignated by paragraph (1),—
- (A) by striking "paragraph (2)(D)" and inserting "paragraph (2)(E)"; and
- (B) by striking "subparagraph (D)" each place that it appears and inserting "subparagraph (E)"; and
- (5) in subparagraph (G), as redesignated by paragraph (1), by striking "subparagraphs (D) and (E)" and inserting "subparagraphs (E) and (F)".

AMENDMENT NO. 91 OFFERED BY MR. GARAMENDI OF CALIFORNIA

Page 744, line 10, strike "or".

Page 744, insert after line 10 the following: (B) is a covered nation (as defined under section 2533c(d) of title 10, United States Code): or

Page 744, line 11, strike "(B)" and insert "(C)".

AMENDMENT NO. 93 OFFERED BY MS. GARCIA OF TEXAS

At the end of division L, add the following: SEC. 110002. CENTERS OF EXCELLENCE FOR DO-MESTIC MARITIME WORKFORCE TRAINING AND EDUCATION.

Section 51706 of title 46, United States Code, is amended—

- (1) in subsection (a), by striking "of Transportation":
- (2) in subsection (b), in the subsection heading, by striking "Assistance" and inserting "Cooperative Agreements";
- (3) by redesignating subsection (c) as subsection (d):
- (4) in subsection (d), as redesignated by paragraph (3), by adding at the end the following:
- "(3) SECRETARY.—The term 'Secretary' means the Secretary of Transportation."; and
- (5) by inserting after subsection (b) the following:
  - "(c) GRANT PROGRAM.—
- "(1) DEFINITION OF ELIGIBLE INSTITUTION.—In this subsection, the term 'eligible institution' means a postsecondary educational institution as such term is defined in section 3 of the Carl D. Perkins Career and Technical Education Act of 2006 (20 U.S.C. 2302) that offers a 2-year program of study, a 1-year program of training, or is a postsecondary vocational institution.
  - "(2) Grant authorization.—
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of the Maritime Administration Authorization and Improvement Act, the Secretary, in consultation with the Secretary of Labor and the Secretary of Education, may award maritime career training grants to eligible institutions for the purpose of developing, offering, or improving educational or career training programs for American workers related to the maritime workforce.
- "(B) GUIDELINES.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of the Maritime Administration Authorization and Improvement Act, the Secretary shall—
- "(i) promulgate guidelines for the submission of grant proposals under this subsection; and
- "(ii) publish and maintain such guidelines on the website of the Department of Transportation.
- "(3) LIMITATIONS.—The Secretary may not award a grant under this subsection in an amount that is more than \$20,000,000.
  - "(4) REQUIRED INFORMATION.—

- "(A) IN GENERAL.—An eligible institution that desires to receive a grant under this subsection shall submit to the Secretary a grant proposal that includes a detailed description of—
- "(1) the specific project for which the grant proposal is submitted, including the manner in which the grant will be used to develop, offer, or improve an educational or career training program that is suited to maritime industry workers;
- "(ii) the extent to which the project for which the grant proposal is submitted will meet the educational or career training needs of maritime workers in the community served by the eligible institution;
- "(iii) the extent to which the project for which the grant proposal is submitted fits within any overall strategic plan developed by an eligible community; and
- "(iv) any previous experience of the eligible institution in providing maritime educational or career training programs.
- "(B) COMMUNITY OUTREACH REQUIRED.—In order to be considered by the Secretary, a grant proposal submitted by an eligible institution under this subsection shall—
- ``(i) demonstrate that the eligible institution—
- "(I) reached out to employers to identify—
  "(aa) any shortcomings in existing maritime educational and career training opportunities available to workers in the community; and
- "(bb) any future employment opportunities within the community and the educational and career training skills required for workers to meet the future maritime employment demand; and
- "(II) reached out to other similarly situated institutions in an effort to benefit from any best practices that may be shared with respect to providing maritime educational or career training programs to workers eligible for training and
  - "(ii) include a detailed description of—
- "(I) the extent and outcome of the outreach conducted under clause (i);
- "(II) the extent to which the project for which the grant proposal is submitted will contribute to meeting any shortcomings identified under clause (i)(I)(aa) or any maritime educational or career training needs identified under clause (i)(I)(b); and
- "(III) the extent to which employers, including small- and medium-sized firms within the community, have demonstrated a commitment to employing workers who would benefit from the project for which the grant proposal is submitted.
  - "(5) CRITERIA FOR AWARD OF GRANTS.—
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—Subject to the appropriation of funds, the Secretary shall award a grant under this subsection based on—
- "(i) a determination of the merits of the grant proposal submitted by the eligible institution to develop, offer, or improve maritime educational or career training programs to be made available to workers;
- "(ii) an evaluation of the likely employment opportunities available to workers who complete a maritime educational or career training program that the eligible institution proposes to develop, offer, or improve;
- "(iii) an evaluation of prior demand for training programs by workers in the community served by the eligible institution, as well as the availability and capacity of existing maritime training programs to meet future demand for training programs; and
- "(iv) any prior designation of an institution as a Center of Excellence for Domestic Maritime Workforce Training and Education.
- "(B) MATCHING REQUIREMENTS.—A grant awarded under this subsection may not be used to satisfy any private matching requirement under any other provision of law.

- "(6) PUBLIC REPORT.—Not later than December 15 in each of the calendar years 2021 through 2023, the Secretary shall make available on a publically available website a report and provide a briefing to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives—
- (A) describing each grant awarded under this subsection during the preceding fiscal year;
- "(B) assessing the impact of each award of a grant under this subsection in a fiscal year preceding the fiscal year referred to in subparagraph (A) on workers receiving training; and
- "(C) the performance of the grant awarded with respect to the indicators of performance under section 116(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (29 U.S.C. 3141(b)(2)(A)(i)).
- "(7) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out this subsection \$200,000,000.".

### AMENDMENT NO. 97 OFFERED BY MR. GOTTHEIMER OF NEW JERSEY

Add at the end of subtitle B of title IV of division C the following new section:

### SEC. 20419. GAO REPORT ON AUTOMATED SUP-PLY-CHAIN TRACKING APPLICATION.

Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General of the United States shall report to Congress on the possibility of the establishment of an automated supply-chain tracking application that provides near real-time insight into the amount of critical medical and health supplies available in the stockpile under section 319F-2(a) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 247d-6b(a)). Such report shall contain an evaluation of—

- (1) the feasibility of such an application; and
- (2) the potential benefits of such an application.

AMENDMENT NO. 98 OFFERED BY MR.
GOTTHEIMER OF NEW JERSEY

Page 756, after line 12, insert the following:

### SEC. 20209. DEPARTMENTS OF COMMERCE AND TRANSPORTATION SUPPLY CHAIN REPORT

Not later than 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Commerce, in consultation with the Secretary of Transportation, shall publish and submit to Congress a report on the following, related to supply chains in the United States:

- (1) Points of congestion or blockages.
- (2) Underlying causes of supply chain disruptions, shortages, and delays.
- (3) Other supply chain shortcomings which, with public or private investment, could be remedied to result in more efficient movement of goods into and within the United States.

AMENDMENT NO. 99 OFFERED BY MR. GOTTHEIMER OF NEW JERSEY

In division G, add at the end the following:

## TITLE XI—INTERAGENCY TASK FORCE TO ADDRESS CHINESE MARKET MANIPULATION IN THE UNITED STATES

#### SEC. 61101. ESTABLISHMENT OF INTERAGENCY TASK FORCE TO ADDRESS CHINESE MARKET MANIPULATION IN THE UNITED STATES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Department of Justice, the Federal Trade Commission, the Department of the Treasury, the Securities and Exchange Commission, and such other Federal agencies as the President determines appropriate shall establish a joint interagency task force to investigate allegations of systemic market manipulation and other potential violations of antitrust and competition

laws in the United States by companies established in the People's Republic of China, including allegations of efforts to illegally capture market share, fix or manipulate prices, and control the supply of goods in critical industries of the United States, including—

- (1) the pharmaceutical and medical devices industry;
  - (2) the renewable energy industry;
  - (3) the steel and aluminum industries; and (4) such other industries as the task force
- (4) such other industries as the task force considers appropriate.
- (b) REPORT.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the President shall provide to the appropriate congressional committees—
- (1) a briefing on the progress of the interagency task force and its findings as described in subsection (a); and
- (2) recommendations to the committees on potential amendments to antitrust and competition laws in the United States that would strengthen the ability of United States antitrust enforcement agencies to bring actions against anticompetitive business practices by Chinese companies.
- (c) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES DEFINED.—In this section, the term "appropriate congressional committees" means—
- (1) the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs, the Committee on Foreign Relations, the Committee on Finance, the Committee on the Judiciary, and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate; and
- (2) the Committee on Financial Services, the Committee on Foreign Affairs, the Committee on Ways and Means, the Committee on the Judiciary, and the Committee on Energy and Commerce of the House of Representatives.

# SEC. 61102. EXPANSION OF STUDY AND STRATEGY ON MONEY LAUNDERING BY THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA TO INCLUDE RISKS OF CONTRIBUTING TO CORRUPTION.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 6507 of the Anti-Money Laundering Act of 2020 (division F of Public Law 116–283) is amended—
  - (1) in subsection (a)—
- (A) in paragraph (3), by striking "; and" and inserting a semicolon;
- (B) in paragraph (4), by striking the period at the end and inserting "; and"; and
  - (C) by adding at the end the following:
- "(5) the ways in which such increased illicit finance risks may contribute to corruption involving Chinese firms and a strategy to combat such corruption."; and
- (2) in subsection (b), by inserting "and corruption" after "activities".
- (b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by subsection (a) shall take effect as if included in the enactment of the Anti-Money Laundering Act of 2020 (division F of Public Law 116-283).

### AMENDMENT NO. 102 OFFERED BY MR.

Page 287, after line 17, insert the following: (4) IMPROVING ACCESS TO STEM EDUCATION AT CTE INSTITUTIONS.—

- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Director shall award grants, on a competitive basis, to institutions of higher education (including postecondary vocational institutions) to support career and technical education in STEM and computer science relate fields.
- (2) PRIORITY.—In awarding grants under paragraph (1), the Director shall give priority to institutions that demonstrate effective strategies to recruit and provide career and technical education to veterans and members of the Armed Forces transitioning to the private sector workforce.
- (3) CAREER AND TECHNICAL EDUCATION DE-FINED.—In this paragraph, the term "career

and technical education" has the meaning given that term in section 3 of the Carl D. Perkins Career and Technical Education Act of 2006 (20 U.S.C. 2302).

AMENDMENT NO. 103 OFFERED BY MR. GOTTHEIMER OF NEW JERSEY

Page 1012, after line 6, insert the following new sections (and redesignate subsequent subsections as appropriate):

### SEC. 30223. STATEMENT OF POLICY.

- It shall be the policy of the United States to—
- (1) prioritize the Indo-Pacific region in United States foreign policy, and prioritize resources for achieving United States political and military objectives in the region;
- (2) exercise freedom of operations in the international waters and airspace in the Indo-Pacific maritime domains, which are critical to the prosperity, stability, and security of the Indo-Pacific region;
- (3) maintain forward-deployed forces in the Indo-Pacific region, including a rotational bomber presence, integrated missile defense capabilities, long-range precision fires, undersea warfare capabilities, and diversified and resilient basing and rotational presence, including support for pre-positioning strategies.
- (4) strengthen and deepen the alliances and partnerships of the United States to build capacity and capabilities, increase multilateral partnerships, modernize communications architecture, address anti-access and area denial challenges, and increase joint exercises and security cooperation efforts;
- (5) reaffirm the commitment and support of the United States for allies and partners in the Indo-Pacific region, including longstanding United States policy regarding—
- (A) Article V of the Treaty of Mutual Cooperation and Security between the United States and Japan, signed at Washington January 19, 1960;
- (B) Article III of the Mutual Defense Treaty between the United States and the Republic of Korea, signed at Washington October 1, 1953.
- (C) Article IV of the Mutual Defense Treaty between the United States and the Republic of the Philippines, signed at Washington August 30, 1951, including that, as the South China Sea is part of the Pacific, any armed attack on Philippine forces, aircraft or public vessels in the South China Sea will trigger mutual defense obligations under Article IV of our mutual defense treaty:
- (D) Article IV of the Australia, New Zealand, United States Security Treaty, done at San Francisco September 1, 1951; and
- (E) the Southeast Asia Collective Defense Treaty, done at Manila September 8, 1954, together with the Thanat-Rusk Communique of 1962:
- (6) collaborate with United States treaty allies in the Indo-Pacific to foster greater multilateral security and defense cooperation with other regional partners;
- (7) ensure the continuity of operations by the United States Armed Forces in the Indo-Pacific region, including, as appropriate, in cooperation with partners and allies, in order to reaffirm the principle of freedom of operations in international waters and airspace in accordance with established principles and practices of international law;
- (8) sustain the Taiwan Relations Act (Public Law 96-8; 22 U.S.C. 3301 et seq.) and the "Six Assurances" provided by the United States to Taiwan in July 1982 as the foundations for United States-Taiwan relations, and to deepen, to the fullest extent possible, the extensive, close, and friendly relations of the United States and Taiwan, including cooperation to support the development of capable, ready, and modern forces necessary for the defense of Taiwan;

- (9) enhance security partnerships with India, across Southeast Asia, and with other nations of the Indo-Pacific;
- (10) deter acts of aggression or coercion by the PRC against United States and allies' interests, especially along the First Island Chain and in the Western Pacific, by showing PRC leaders that the United States can and is willing to deny them the ability to achieve their objectives, including by—
- (A) consistently demonstrating the political will of the United States to deepening existing treaty alliances and growing new partnerships as a durable, asymmetric, and unmatched strategic advantage to the PRC's growing military capabilities and reach;
- (B) maintaining a system of forward-deployed bases in the Indo-Pacific region as the most visible sign of United States resolve and commitment to the region, and as platforms to ensure United States operational readiness and advance interoperability with allies and partners:
- (C) adopting a more dispersed force posture throughout the region, particularly the Western Pacific, and pursuing maximum access for United States mobile and relocatable launchers for long-range cruise, ballistic, and hypersonic weapons throughout the Indo-Pacific region;
- (D) fielding long-range, precision-strike networks to United States and allied forces, including ground-launched cruise missiles, undersea and naval capabilities, and integrated air and missile defense in the First Island Chain and the Second Island Chain, in order to deter and prevent PRC coercion and aggression, and to maximize the United States ability to operate;
- (E) strengthening extended deterrence to ensure that escalation against key United States interests would be costly, risky, and self-defeating; and
- (F) collaborating with allies and partners to accelerate their roles in more equitably sharing the burdens of mutual defense, including through the acquisition and fielding of advanced capabilities and training that will better enable them to repel PRC aggression or coercion; and
- (11) maintain the capacity of the United States to impose prohibitive diplomatic, economic, financial, reputational, and military costs on the PRC for acts of coercion or aggression, including to defend itself and its allies regardless of the point of origin of attacks against them.

# SEC. 30224. FOREIGN MILITARY FINANCING IN THE INDO-PACIFIC AND AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR SOUTHEAST ASIA MARITIME SECURITY PROGRAMS AND DIPLOMATIC OUTREACH ACTIVITIES.

- (a) FOREIGN MILITARY FINANCING FUND-ING.—In addition to any amount appropriated pursuant to section 23 of the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2763) (relating to foreign military financing assistance), there is authorized to be appropriated for each of fiscal years 2022 through fiscal year 2026 for activities in the Indo-Pacific region in accordance with this section—
  - (1) \$110,000,000 for fiscal year 2022;
  - (2) \$125,000,000 for fiscal year 2023;
  - (3) \$130,000,000 for fiscal year 2024;
  - (4) \$140,000,000 for fiscal year 2025; and
  - (5) \$150,000,000 for fiscal year 2026.
- (b) SOUTHEAST MARITIME LAW ENFORCEMENT INITIATIVE.—There is authorized to be appropriated \$10,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2022 through 2026 for the Department of State for International Narcotics Control and Law Enforcement (INCLE) for the support of the Southeast Asia Maritime Law Enforcement Initiative.
- (c) DIPLOMATIC OUTREACH ACTIVITIES.— There is authorized to be appropriated to the Department of State \$1,000,000 for each of fis-

- cal years 2022 through 2026, which shall be used—
- (1) to conduct, in coordination with the Department of Defense, outreach activities, including conferences and symposia, to familiarize partner countries, particularly in the Indo-Pacific region, with the United States' interpretation of international law relating to freedom of the seas; and
- (2) to work with allies and partners in the Indo-Pacific region to better align respective interpretations of international law relating to freedom of the seas, including on the matters of operations by military ships in exclusive economic zones, innocent passage through territorial seas, and transits through international straits.
- (d) Program Authorization and Purpose.—Using amounts appropriated pursuant to subsection (a), the Secretary of State, in coordination with the Secretary of Defense, is authorized to provide assistance for the purpose of increasing maritime security and domain awareness for countries in the Indo-Pacific region—
- (1) to provide assistance to national military or other security forces of such countries that have maritime security missions among their functional responsibilities;
- (2) to provide training to ministry, agency, and headquarters level organizations for such forces; and
- (3) to provide assistance and training to other relevant foreign affairs, maritime, or security-related ministries, agencies, departments, or offices that manage and oversee maritime activities and policy that the Secretary of State may so designate.
- (e) DESIGNATION OF ASSISTANCE.—Assistance provided by the Secretary of State under subsection (g) shall be known as the "Indo-Pacific Maritime Security Initiative" (in this section referred to as the "Initiative").
- (f) PROGRAM OBJECTIVES.—Assistance provided through the Initiative may be used to accomplish the following objectives:
- (1) Retaining unhindered access to and use of international waterways in the Indo-Pacific region that are critical to ensuring the security and free flow of commerce and to achieving United States national security objectives.
- (2) Improving maritime domain awareness in the Indo-Pacific region.
- (3) Countering piracy in the Indo-Pacific region.
- (4) Disrupting illicit maritime trafficking activities and other forms of maritime trafficking activity in the Indo-Pacific that directly benefit organizations that have been determined to be a security threat to the United States.
- (5) Enhancing the maritime capabilities of a country or regional organization to respond to emerging threats to maritime security in the Indo-Pacific region.
- (6) Strengthening United States alliances and partnerships in Southeast Asia and other parts of the Indo-Pacific region.
  - (g) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Of the amount appropriated pursuant to subsection (a) (relating to foreign military financing assistance), there is authorized to be appropriated to the Department of State for the Indo-Pacific Maritime Security Initiative and other related regional programs exactly—
  - (A) \$70,000,000 for fiscal year 2022;
  - (B) \$80,000,000 for fiscal year 2023;
  - (C) \$90,000,000 for fiscal year 2024;
  - (D) 100,000,000 for fiscal year 2025; and
  - (E) \$110,000,000 for fiscal year 2026.
- (2) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—The "Indo-Pacific Maritime Security Initiative" and funds authorized for the Initiative shall include existing regional programs carried out

- by the Department of State related to maritime security, including the Southeast Asia Maritime Security Initiative.
- (h) Eligibility and Priorities for Assist-ANCE.-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of State shall use the following considerations when selecting which countries in the Indo-Pacific region should receive assistance pursuant to the Initiative:
- (A) Assistance may be provided to a country in the Indo-Pacific region to enhance the capabilities of that country according to the objectives outlined in (f), or of a regional organization that includes that country, to conduct-
- (i) maritime intelligence, surveillance, and reconnaissance;
  - (ii) littoral and port security:
  - (iii) Coast Guard operations;
  - (iv) command and control; and
- (v) management and oversight of maritime activities.
- (B) Priority shall be placed on assistance to enhance the maritime security capabilities of the military or security forces of countries in the Indo-Pacific region that have maritime missions and the government agencies responsible for such forces.
  - (2) Types of assistance and training.
- (A) AUTHORIZED ELEMENTS OF ASSISTANCE. Assistance provided under paragraph (1)(A) may include the provision of equipment, training, and small-scale military construc-
- (B) REQUIRED ELEMENTS OF ASSISTANCE AND TRAINING.—Assistance and training provided under subparagraph (A) shall include elements that promote-
- (i) the observance of and respect for human rights; and
- (ii) respect for legitimate civilian authority within the country to which the assistance is provided.

#### SEC. 30225, FOREIGN MILITARY FINANCING COM-PACT PILOT PROGRAM IN THE INDO-PACIFIC.

- (a) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.-There is authorized to be appropriated \$20,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2022 and 2023 for the creation of a pilot program for foreign military financing (FMF) compacts.
  - (b) Assistance.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of State is authorized to create a pilot program, for a duration of two years, with an assessment for any additional or permanent programming, to provide assistance under this section for each country that enters into an FMF Challenge Compact with the United States pursuant to subsection (d) to support policies and programs that advance the progress of the country in achieving lasting security and civilian-military governance through respect for human rights, good governance (including transparency and free and fair elections), and cooperation with United States and international counter-terrorism, anti-trafficking, and counter-crime efforts
- (2) FORM OF ASSISTANCE.—Assistance under this subsection may be provided in the form of grants, cooperative agreements, contracts, or no-interest loans to the government of an eligible country described in subsection (c).
  - (c) ELIGIBLE COUNTRIES.
- (1) IN GENERAL.—A country shall be a candidate country for purposes of eligibility for assistance for fiscal years 2022 and 2023 if-
- (A) the country is classified as a lower middle income country in the then-most recent edition of the World Development Report for Reconstruction and Development published by the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development and has an income greater than the historical ceiling for International Development Association eligibility for the fiscal year involved; and

- (B) the Secretary of State determines that the country is committed to seeking just and democratic governance, including with a demonstrated commitment to-
- (i) the promotion of political pluralism, equality, and the rule of law;
  - (ii) respect for human and civil rights;
- (iii) protection of private property rights;
- (iv) transparency and accountability government;
- (v) anti-corruption; and
- (vi) the institution of effective civilian control, professionalization, and respect for human rights by and the accountability of the armed forces.
- (2) IDENTIFICATION OF ELIGIBLE COUNTRIES.— Not later than 90 days prior to the date on which the Secretary of State determines eligible countries for an FMF Challenge Compact, the Secretary-
- (A) shall prepare and submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report that contains a list of all eligible countries identified that have met the requirements under paragraph (1) for the fiscal year; and
- (B) shall consult with the appropriate congressional committees on the extent to which such countries meet the criteria described in paragraph (1).
  (d) FMF CHALLENGE COMPACT.—
- (1) COMPACT.—The Secretary of State may provide assistance for an eligible country only if the country enters into an agreement with the United States, to be known as an "FMF Challenge Compact" (in this subsection referred to as a "Compact") that establishes a multi-year plan for achieving shared security objectives in furtherance of the purposes of this title.
- (2) Elements.—The elements of the Compact shall be those listed in subsection (c)(1)(B) for determining eligibility, and be designed to significantly advance the performance of those commitments during the period of the Compact.
- (3) IN GENERAL.—The Compact should take into account the national strategy of the eligible country and shall include-
- (A) the specific objectives that the country and the United States expect to achieve during the term of the Compact, including both how the foreign military financing under the Compact will advance shared security interests and advance partner capacity building efforts as well as to advance national efforts towards just and democratic governance;
- (B) the responsibilities of the country and the United States in the achievement of such objectives:
- (C) regular benchmarks to measure, where appropriate, progress toward achieving such objectives: and
- (D) the strategy of the eligible country to sustain progress made toward achieving such objectives after expiration of the Compact.
- (e) CONGRESSIONAL CONSULTATION PRIOR TO COMPACT NEGOTIATIONS.—Not later than 15 days before commencing negotiations of a Compact with an eligible country, the Secretary of State shall consult with the appropriate congressional committees with respect to the proposed Compact negotiation and shall identify the objectives and mechanisms to be used for the negotiation of the Compact.
- (f) Assessment of Pilot Program and RECOMMENDATIONS.—Not later than 90 days after the conclusion of the pilot program. the Secretary of State shall provide a report to the appropriate congressional committees with respect to the pilot program, including an assessment of the success and utility of the pilot program established under this subsection in meeting United States objectives and a recommendation with respect to whether to continue a further foreign military financing compact program on a pilot or permanent basis.

AMENDMENT NO. 104 OFFERED BY MR. GOTTHEIMER OF NEW JERSEY

Page 763, line 4, strike the period and in-

sert ": and

- Page 763, insert after line 4 the following: (9) soliciting input from—
- (A) economically disadvantaged areas (as defined in section 20208); or
- (B) areas in which foreign competition resulted in mass factory layoffs.
- AMENDMENT NO. 105 OFFERED BY MR. GRIJALVA OF ARIZONA

Division H, page 1668, after line 13, insert the following new title:

#### TITLE XII-OFFICE OF EDUCATION TECH-NOLOGY TO SUPPORT THE BUREAU OF INDIAN EDUCATION

#### SEC. 71201. UPDATING BUREAU OF INDIAN AF-FAIRS PROGRAMS.

Part B of title XI of the Education Amendments of 1978 (25 U.S.C. 2021 et seq.) is amended by striking "Office of Indian Education Programs" each place it appears (in any font) and inserting "Bureau of Indian Education" (in the corresponding font).

### SEC. 71202. ESTABLISHMENT FOR THE OFFICE OF EDUCATION TECHNOLOGY TO SUPPORT THE BUREAU OF INDIAN EDU-CATION.

Section 1133 of the Education Amendments of 1978 (25 U.S.C. 2013) is amended by adding at the end the following:

- "(c) Bureau of Indian Education Office OF EDUCATION TECHNOLOGY.-
  - "(1) ESTABLISHMENT.-
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 24 months after the date of the enactment of this subsection, the Secretary shall establish the Office of Education Technology under the Assistant Secretary for Indian Affairs to be administered by the Deputy Assistant Secretary of Indian Affairs (Management).
- "(B) CAPACITY AND COORDINATION.—Not later than 36 months after the date of the enactment of this subsection, the Office of the Assistant Secretary of Indian Affairs shall coordinate with the Bureau of Indian Education Director to ensure consistent and timely coordination for the Office of Education Technology to be at full capacity.
- "(C) TRANSFER.—Not later than 37 months after the date of the enactment of this subsection, the Deputy Assistant Secretary of Indian Affairs (Management), the Secretary (in consultation with the Chief Information Officer for the Department of the Interior), the Assistant Secretary for Indian Affairs. and the Director of the Bureau of Indian Education shall transfer the Office of Educational Technology to the Bureau of Indian Education
- "(2) PURPOSE.—The Office of Education Technology shall ensure that the Bureau of Indian Education has the necessary education technology support to improve educational outcomes.
- "(3) DUTIES.—The Office of Education Technology shall-
- "(A) manage the procurement, distribution, and updates for information technology and related equipment:
- "(B) plan, coordinate, and implement policies related to information technology and related equipment:
- "(C) provide technical assistance for the agency school boards, Bureau of Indian Education Funded Schools, and early childhood services; and
- "(D) coordinate education technology programs and activities for the Bureau of Indian Education.
- "(d) IMPLEMENTATION OF EDUCATION TECH-NOLOGY MODERNIZATION SYSTEMS.-
- "(1) NEEDS ASSESSMENT.—Not later than 2 years after the date of the enactment of this subsection, the Office of the Assistant Secretary for Indian Affairs and the Bureau of

Indian Education shall complete a needs assessment of education technology for Bureau of Indian Education Funded Schools.

- "(2) IMPLEMENTATION.—Not later than 3 years after the date of the enactment of this subsection, the Secretary shall complete the implementation of a long-term modernization plan and report progress updates for Bureau of Indian Education Funded Schools.
- "(e) REPORTING.—Not later than 3 years after the date of the enactment of this subsection, and each fiscal year thereafter, the Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Natural Resources and Committee on Education and Labor of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Indian Affairs of the Senate, a report that contains—
- "(1) a yearly evaluation of the implementation of this Act, including a description of the progress of the Office of Information Technology in carrying out the activities described in subsection (c)(3); and
- "(2) such other information the Director of the Bureau of Indian Education, in coordination with the Assistant Secretary for Indian Affairs deems necessary.
  - "(f) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- "(1) BUREAU OF INDIAN EDUCATION FUNDED SCHOOLS.—The term 'Bureau of Indian Education Funded Schools' means Bureau of Indian Education operated schools, schools operated pursuant to a grant under the Tribally Controlled Schools Act of 1988 (25 U.S.C. 2501 et seq.), and schools operated pursuant to a contract under the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act (25 U.S.C. 5301 et seq.).
- "(2) OFFICE OF EDUCATION TECHNOLOGY.— The term 'Office of Education Technology' means the Office of Education Technology supporting the Bureau of Indian Education established under this subsection."

AMENDMENT NO. 108 OFFERED BY MRS. HAYES OF CONNECTICUT

Page 391, line 25, insert the following (and redesignate subsequent subsections accordingly):

(h) ELIGIBILITY.—Recipients of funds under this section may include institutions of higher education, research institutions, nonprofit organizations, private sector entities, consortia, or other entities, as defined by the Director.

AMENDMENT NO. 109 OFFERED BY MRS. HAYES OF CONNECTICUT

Page 259, after line 15, insert the following:

## Subtitle E—Manufacturing USA Program SEC. 10261. SUPPORTING GEOGRAPHIC DIVERSITY.

Section 34(e) of the National Institute of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 278s(e)) is amended by adding at the end the following:

- "(8) DIVERSITY PREFERENCES.—In awarding financial assistance under paragraph (1) for planning or establishing a Manufacturing USA institute, an agency head shall give special consideration to Manufacturing USA institutes that—
- "(A) contribute to the geographic diversity of the Manufacturing USA Program;
- "(B) are located in an area with a low per capita income; or
- "(C) are located in an area with a high proportion of socially disadvantaged residents."

AMENDMENT NO. 112 OFFERED BY MR. HORSFORD OF NEVADA

Page 174, lines 5 through 7, strike "with minority-serving institutions, non-Research I universities, and scientific societies" and insert "with Historically Black Colleges, Tribal Colleges, Minority Serving Institutions, emerging research institutions, and scientific societies".

AMENDMENT NO. 113 OFFERED BY MR. HORSFORD OF NEVADA

Page 1994, line 13, after "program" insert ", including students in rural areas".

Page 1996, line 23, after "program" insert ", including students in rural areas, if applicable".

AMENDMENT NO. 115 OFFERED BY MR. HUFFMAN OF CALIFORNIA

Add at the end of title  $\boldsymbol{X}$  of division  $\boldsymbol{H}$  the following:

SEC.

EXPANDING OPPORTUNITIES TO INCREASE THE DIVERSITY, EQUITY, AND INCLUSION OF HIGHLY SKILLED SCIENCE, TECHNOLOGY, ENGINEERING, AND MATHEMATICS ("STEM") PROFESSIONALS IN OCEAN

- RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT. (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Commerce shall expand opportunities to increase the number and the diversity, equity, and inclusion of highly skilled science, technology, engineering, and mathematics ("STEM" professionals working in National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration missionrelevant disciplines and broaden the recruitment pool to increase diversity, including expanded partnerships with minority-serving institutions, historically black colleges and universities, tribal colleges and universities. non-research universities, two-year technical degrees, and scientific societies.
- (b) AUTHORIZATION OF INDEPENDENT ORGANIZATION.—The Secretary shall authorize a nonpartisan and independent 501(c)(3) organization to build the public-private partnerships necessary to achieve these priorities.
  - (c) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) MINORITY-SERVING INSTITUTION.—The term "minority-serving institution" includes the entities described in paragraphs (1) through (7) of section 371(a) of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1067q(a)).
- (2) HISTORICALLY BLACK COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES.—The term "Historically Black Colleges and Universities" has the meaning given the term "part B institution" in section 322 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1061).
- (3) TRIBAL COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES.— The term "Tribal College or University" has the meaning given such term in section 316 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1059c).

AMENDMENT NO. 122 OFFERED BY MS. JACOBS OF CALIFORNIA

Add at the end of division D the following:

### TITLE VII—UNITED STATES COMMITMENT TO PEACEKEEPING

#### SEC. 30701. STATEMENT OF POLICY CONCERNING UNITED STATES ENGAGEMENT RE-GARDING UNITED NATIONS PEACE-KEEPING OPERATIONS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—It is the policy of the United States that the Permanent Representative of the United States to the United Nations—
- (1) support the development and implementation of standard performance assessment systems and investigative measures to identify exemplary performance and address mission-specific and system-wide weaknesses;
- (2) support the full implementation of a management reform agenda that decentralizes decision-making authority, simplifies and streamlines policy and processes, and strengthens accountability and transparency for managing United Nations offices and functions:
- (3) advocate for the development of a common political strategy in-country among relevant actors, including regional organizations, Member States, international financial institutions, and United Nations agencies, funds, and programs;
- (4) advocate for robust engagement with host countries and local communities, in-

cluding pushing for resources to be directed to community-led peace initiatives;

- (5) support efforts to deploy more mobile, adaptable, and agile forces for more effective peacekeeping operations;
- (6) support the development of a systemwide strategy on sustainable peacekeeping transitions that ensure planning and decision-making is based on measurable benchmarks, including ensuring the protection of civilians;
- (7) lead and advocate for efforts to promote and protect internationally recognized human rights standards regarding United Nations peacekeeping operations, including the robust funding and support of human rights positions:
- (8) advocate for efforts to develop a more comprehensive plan for accountability and justice, particularly relating to tracking misconduct and inclusion of survivors in decision-making, for peacekeepers and other United Nations staff involved in sexual exploitation, abuse, or other violations of human rights that contravene United Nations and United States rules, regulations, or values; and
- (9) engage in dialogue with Member States to secure a more favorable modification of United Nations scales of assessments of the peacekeeping budget that works to diversify the funding base and create a sustainable funding plan.
- (b) ADVOCACY OF PEACEKEEPING REFORMS AT THE UNITED NATIONS.—The Secretary of State shall instruct the Permanent Representative of the United States to the United Nations to use the voice, vote, and influence of the United States at the United Nations to accomplish the policy specified in subsection (a), consistent with the national security interests of the United States.

## SEC. 30702. REPEAL OF THE 25 PERCENT CAP ON UNITED STATES CONTRIBUTIONS TO UNITED NATIONS PEACEKEEPING OPERATIONS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Subsection (b) of section 404 of the Foreign Relations Authorization Act, Fiscal Years 1994 and 1995 (Public Law 103–236; 22 U.S.C. 287e note; relating to a limitation on United States contributions to United Nations peacekeeping operations) is repealed.
- (b) TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMEND-MENT.—Section 404 of the Foreign Relations Authorization Act, Fiscal Years 1994 and 1995 is amended by striking "(a) REASSESSMENT OF CONTRIBUTIONS PERCENTAGES.—"?
  - (c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—This section and the amendments made by this section shall take effect and apply on the date the Secretary of State, pursuant to section 30704, transmits to the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representative and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate written commitment from the Under-Secretary-General for Peace Operations to engage regularly with the United States regarding making significant progress toward implementing peacekeeping reforms described in section 4(c)(4) of the United Nations Participation Act of 1945, as amended by section 30703.
- (2) SNAP-BACK.—If by the date that is five years after the date of the enactment of this Act the Secretary of State, in consultation with the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate, determines significant progress has not been made toward implementing the peacekeeping reforms described in section 4(c)(4) of the United Nations Participation Act of 1945, as amended by section 30703, the repeal under subsection (a) of this section of the limitation described in subsection (b) of section 404 of the Foreign Relations Authorization Act,

Fiscal Years 1994 and 1995 (Public Law 103-236; 22 U.S.C. 287e note; relating to a limitation on United States contributions to United Nations peacekeeping operations) shall be null and void and without force or effect at law, and such subsection (b), as in effect on the day before such date of enactment, shall be carried out as if subsection (a) of this section had not been so enacted.

#### SEC. 30703. REPORTS ON UNITED STATES EF-FORTS TO ACHIEVE UNITED NA-TIONS PEACEKEEPING REFORM.

Section 4 of the United Nations Participation Act of 1945 (22 U.S.C. 287b) is amended—

- (1) in subsection (c)-
- (A) in paragraph (3)—
- (i) by striking subparagraph (B); and
- (ii) redesignating subparagraph (C) as subparagraph (B);
- (B) by redesignating paragraphs (4) and (5) as paragraphs (5) and (6), respectively;
- (C) by inserting after paragraph (3) the following new paragraph:
- "(4) UNITED NATIONS PEACEKEEPING REFORM.—A description of the status of United States efforts in the United Nations to ensure the United Nations—
- "(A) develops and implements standard peacekeeping operation performance assessment systems and investigative measures to identify exemplary performance and address operation-specific and system-wide weaknesses;
- "(B) fully implements a management reform agenda that decentralizes decisionmaking authority, simplifies and streamlines policy and processes, and strengthens accountability and transparency for managing United Nations offices and functions;
- "'(C) develops for each peacekeeping operation a common political strategy in-country among relevant actors, including regional organizations, Member States, international financial institutions, and United Nations agencies, funds, and programs;
- "(D) fully engages with host countries and local communities, including directing resources to community-led peace initiatives;
- "(E) deploys more mobile, adaptable, and agile forces for more effective peacekeeping operations:
- "(F) develops a system-wide strategy on sustainable peacekeeping transitions that ensure planning and decision-making is based on measurable benchmarks, including ensuring the protection of civilians:
- "(G) implements a system-wide strategy to protect internationally recognized human rights standards within United Nations peacekeeping operations, including robust funding and support of human rights positions within each peacekeeping operation;
- "(H) develops a more comprehensive plan for accountability and justice, particularly relating to tracking misconduct and inclusion of survivors in decision-making, for peacekeepers and other United Nations staff involved in sexual exploitation, abuse, or other violations of human rights that contravene United Nations and United States rules, regulations, or values; and
- "(I) modifies the United Nations scales of assessments of the peacekeeping budget to diversify the funding base and create a sustainable funding plan."; and
- (2) in subsection (d)(5), by striking subparagraph (B).

#### SEC. 30704. STRATEGY TO ADVOCATE FOR PEACE-KEEPING REFORMS AT THE UNITED NATIONS.

Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State shall submit to the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate a strategy for working with the United Nations to implement the peace-keeping reforms described in section 4(c)(4)

of the United Nations Participation Act of 1945, as amended by section 30703. The Secretary of State shall—

- (1)(A) seek to obtain written commitment from the Under-Secretary-General for Peace Operations to engage regularly with the United States regarding making significant progress toward implementing such reforms by not later than the date that is five years after the date of the enactment of this Act, in accordance with section 30702; and
- (B) transmit such commitment to such committees;
- (2) consult with such committees to establish parameters and benchmarks regarding such implementation; and
- (3) submit to such committees periodic progress reports regarding—
- (A) such establishment; and
- (B) implementation of such reforms.

### SEC. 30705. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

- (a) STRENGTHENING CONFLICT PREVENTION IN UNITED NATIONS MISSIONS.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report analyzing the ways in which conflict prevention aspects of United Nations missions may be strengthened. Such report shall include—
- (1) an analysis of the performance of existing early warning and rapid response systems and recommendations for the improvement of such systems;
- (2) an analysis on the performance of the civilian components of United Nations special political missions and peacekeeping operations and recommendations for strengthening such components;
- (3) recommendations on how other United Nations entities, including the United Nations Peacebuilding Fund, special political missions, and other agencies, funds, and programs could be better coordinated in a joint strategy; and
- (4) an assessment of the costs and benefits of the Department of State and the United States Agency for International Development sharing risk analysis data with select multilateral organizations, under specific circumstances, to better promote conflict prevention before peacekeeping engagement is needed.
- (b) Ensuring Considerations for Mission Transitions are Based on Comprehensive Assessments of Conflict Dynamics and Risks to Civilians.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report that analyzes the observed challenges, costs, and benefits of transitioning United Nations peacekeeping operations to host-country security forces, including—
- (1) case studies of communities that maintained peace and stabilization gains compared with communities that experienced a resurgence in instability, violence, or conflict at least five years after such a transition;
- (2) an analysis of the transition process and the effectiveness of measures to maintain long-term peace; and
- (3) an assessment of any additional resources needed to maintain peace and stabilization gains achieved after such a transition
- (c) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES DEFINED.—In this section, the term "appropriate congressional committees" means—
- (1) the Committee on Foreign Relations and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate: and
- (2) the Committee on Foreign Affairs and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.

AMENDMENT NO. 123 OFFERED BY MS. JACOBS OF CALIFORNIA

At the end of title III of division D, add the following:

Page 1011, line 21, strike "There is" and insert "(a) IN GENERAL.—There is".

Page 1012, after line 6, add the following:

- (b) LIMITATION.-
- (1) IN GENERAL -None of the funds authorized to be appropriated by subsection (a) may be used to provide assistance to any foreign security force units if the Secretary of State determines that such forces have engaged in patterns of torture or cruel, inhuman, or degrading treatment or punishment, prolonged detention without charges and trial, causing the disappearance of persons by the abduction and clandestine detention of those persons, authorized by high-ranking officials or other flagrant denial of the right to life, liberty, or the security of person, authorized by high-ranking officials pursuant to section 502B of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2304)
- (2) WAIVER.—The President may, on a caseby-case basis and for periods not to exceed 180 days, waive the prohibition in paragraph (1) if the President certifies to the appropriate congressional committees not later than 15 days before such waiver is to take effect that the waiver is vital to the national security interests of the United States or its partners and allies.

AMENDMENT NO. 125 OFFERED BY MS. JAYAPAL OF WASHINGTON

### Page 76, before line 14, insert the following: SEC. 10003. COMPTROLLER GENERAL REPORT.

Not later than September 30, 2023, the Comptroller General of the United States shall submit to Congress a report on the number and amount of awards made pursuant to sections 9902 and 9202(a)(1) of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116-283), disaggregated by recipients of each such award that are majority owned and controlled by minority individuals and majority owned and controlled by women.

### SEC. 10004. MODIFICATION TO CERTAIN GAO REPORTS.

- (a) Semiconductor Incentives.—Section 9902(c)(1) of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116–283) is amended—
- (1) in subparagraph (B)(ii), by striking "and" at the end;
- (2) by adding at the end the following new subparagraph:
- "(D) the number and amount of contracts and subcontracts awarded by a covered entity using funds made available under subsection (a) disaggregated by recipients of each such contract or subcontracts that are majority owned and controlled by minority individuals and majority owned and controlled by women; and".
- (b) DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE.—Section 9202(a)(1)(G)(ii)(I) of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116-283) is amended by inserting "(including whether recipients are majority owned and controlled by minority individuals and majority owned and controlled by women)" after "to whom"."

AMENDMENT NO. 126 OFFERED BY MR. JOHNSON OF GEORGIA

Add at the end of division J the following: TITLE V—DR. DAVID SATCHER CYBERSE-

#### TITLE V—DR. DAVID SATCHER CYBERSE-CURITY EDUCATION GRANT PROGRAM SEC. 90501. DR. DAVID SATCHER CYBERSECURITY EDUCATION GRANT PROGRAM.

- (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) DIRECTOR.—The term "Director" means the Director of the National Institute of Standards and Technology.

- (2) ENROLLMENT OF NEEDY STUDENTS.—The term "enrollment of needy students" has the meaning given the term in section 312(d) of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1058(d)).
- (3) HISTORICALLY BLACK COLLEGE OR UNIVERSITY.—The term "historically Black college or university" has the meaning given the term "part B institution" as defined in section 322 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1061).
- (4) Institution of Higher Education.—The term "institution of higher education" has the meaning given the term in section 101(a) of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001(a)).
- (5) MINORITY-SERVING INSTITUTION.—The term "minority-serving institution" means an institution listed in section 371(a) of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1067g(a)).
  - (b) AUTHORIZATION OF GRANTS.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to the availability of appropriations, the Director shall carry out the Dr. David Satcher Cybersecurity Education Grant Program by—
- (A) awarding grants to assist institutions of higher education that have an enrollment of needy students, historically Black colleges and universities, and minority-serving institutions, to establish or expand cybersecurity programs, to build and upgrade institutional capacity to better support new or existing cybersecurity programs, including cybersecurity partnerships with public and private entities, and to support such institutions on the path to producing qualified entrants in the cybersecurity workforce or becoming a National Center of Academic Excellence in Cybersecurity; and
- (B) awarding grants to build capacity at institutions of higher education that have an enrollment of needy students, historically Black colleges and universities, and minority-serving institutions, to expand cybersecurity education opportunities, cybersecurity programs, cybersecurity research, and cybersecurity partnerships with public and private entities.
- (2) RESERVATION.—The Director shall award not less than 50 percent of the amount available for grants under this section to historically Black colleges and universities and minority-serving institutions.
- (3) COORDINATION.—The Director shall carry out this section in coordination with appropriate Federal agencies, including the Department of Homeland Security.
- (4) SUNSET.—The Director's authority to award grants under paragraph (1) shall terminate on the date that is 5 years after the date the Director first awards a grant under paragraph (1).
- (c) APPLICATIONS.—An eligible institution seeking a grant under subsection (b) shall submit an application to the Director at such time, in such manner, and containing such information as the Director may reasonably require, including a statement of how the institution will use the funds awarded through the grant to expand cybersecurity education opportunities at the eligible institution.
- (d) ACTIVITIES.—An eligible institution that receives a grant under this section may use the funds awarded through such grant for increasing research, education, technical, partnership, and innovation capacity, including for—
- (1) building and upgrading institutional capacity to better support new or existing cybersecurity programs, including cybersecurity partnerships with public and private entities:
- (2) building and upgrading institutional capacity to provide hands-on research and training experiences for undergraduate and graduate students; and

- (3) outreach and recruitment to ensure students are aware of such new or existing cybersecurity programs, including cybersecurity partnerships with public and private entities
- (e) REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.—Not later than—
- (1) 1 year after the effective date of this section, as provided in subsection (g), and annually thereafter until the Director submits the report under paragraph (2), the Director shall prepare and submit to Congress a report on the status and progress of implementation of the grant program under this section, including on the number and nature of institutions participating, the number and nature of students served by institutions receiving grants, the level of funding provided to grant recipients, the types of activities being funded by the grants program, and plans for future implementation and development; and
- (2) 5 years after the effective date of this section, as provided in subsection (g), the Director shall prepare and submit to Congress a report on the status of cybersecurity education programming and capacity-building at institutions receiving grants under this section, including changes in the scale and scope of these programs, associated facilities, or in accreditation status, and on the educational and employment outcomes of students participating in cybersecurity programs that have received support under this section.
- (f) PERFORMANCE METRICS.—The Director shall establish performance metrics for grants awarded under this section.
- (g) EFFECTIVE DATE.—This section shall take effect 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act.

AMENDMENT NO. 127 OFFERED BY MS. KAPTUR OF OHIO

Page 790, beginning line 14, amend paragraph (4) to read as follows:

- (4) will result in economic development or economic diversification in economically distressed regions or localities, including any region or locality—
- (A) with a high proportion of residential and commercial properties that are vacant due to foreclosure, eviction, abandonment, or other causes:
- (B) with racial disparities in homeownership rates;
  - (C) with population loss;
- (D) where economic inequities have grown substantially due to job dislocation and outsourcing; and
- (E) in the case of a census tract located within a metropolitan area, where the median family income for such census tract does not exceed 80 percent of the greater of statewide median family income or the metropolitan area median family income.

AMENDMENT NO. 128 OFFERED BY MS. KAPTUR OF OHIO

Page 541, line 9, insert ", such as the Great Lakes region" after "United States".

AMENDMENT NO. 129 OFFERED BY MR. KILDEE OF MICHIGAN

Page 569, after line 15, insert the following: SEC. 10638. ARPA-E AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

Paragraph (2) of section 5012(o) of the America Competes Act (42 U.S.C. 16538(o)) is amended—

- (1) in subparagraph (D), by striking "and"; (2) in subparagraph (E), by striking the period and inserting "; and"; and
- (3) by inserting after subparagraph (E) the following:
  - "(F) \$1,000,000,000 for fiscal year 2026.".

AMENDMENT NO. 130 OFFERED BY MR. KILDEE OF MICHIGAN

Page 628, after line 6, insert the following (and redesignate the succeeding paragraphs accordingly):

(4) MICROELECTRONICS.—The term "microelectronics" refers to semiconductors and related materials, processing chemistries, design, fabrication, lithography, packaging, sensors, devices, integrated circuits, processors, computing architectures, modeling and simulation, software tools, and related technologies.

AMENDMENT NO. 132 OFFERED BY MR. KRISHNAMOORTHI OF ILLINOIS

Insert after section 30219G the following:

SEC. 30219H. NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE ESTI-MATE ON ESCALATION AND DE-ES-CALATION OF GRAY ZONE ACTIVI-TIES IN GREAT POWER COMPETI-TION.

- (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following:
- (1) The conventional power of the United States has driven foreign adversaries to a level of competition that does not always depend on military confrontation with the United States.
- (2) Rather than challenging the United States in a manner that could provoke a kinetic military response, foreign adversaries of the United States have turned to carrying out gray zone activities to advance the interests of such adversaries, weaken the power of the United States, and erode the norms that underpin the United States-led international order.
- (3) Gray zone activity falls on a spectrum of attribution and deniability that ranges from covert adversary operations, to detectible covert adversary operations, to unattributable adversary operations, to deniable adversary operations, to open adversary operations.
- (4) To adequately address such a shift to gray zone activity, the United States must understand what actions tend to either escalate or de-escalate such activity by our adversaries.
- (5) The laws, principles, and values of the United States are strategic advantages in great power competition with authoritarian foreign adversaries that carry out gray zone activities, because such laws, principles, and values increase the appeal of the governance model of the United States, and the United States-led international order, to states and peoples around the world.
- (6) The international security environment has demonstrated numerous examples of gray zone activities carried out by foreign adversaries, including the following activities of foreign adversaries:
- (A) Information operations, such as efforts by Russia to influence the 2020 United States Federal elections (as described in the March 15, 2021, intelligence community assessment of the Office of the Director of National Intelligence made publicly available on March 15, 2021).
- (B) Adversary political coercion operations, such as the wielding of energy by Russia, particularly in the context of Ukrainian gas pipelines, to coerce its neighbors into compliance with its policies.
- (C) Cyber operations, such as the use by China of cyber tools to conduct industrial espionage.
- (D) Provision of support to proxy forces, such as the support provided by Iran to Hezbollah and Shia militia groups.
- (E) Provocation by armed forces controlled by the government of the foreign adversary through measures that do not rise to the level of an armed attack, such as the use of the China Coast Guard and maritime militia by China to harass the fishing vessels of other countries in the South China Sea.

- (F) Alleged uses of lethal force on foreign soil, such as the 2018 attempts by Russia to poison Sergei Skripal in London.
- (G) The potential use by an adversary of technology that causes anomalous health incidents among United States Government personnel.
  - (b) NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE ESTIMATE.—
- (1) REQUIREMENT.—The Director of National Intelligence, acting through the National Intelligence Council, shall produce a National Intelligence Estimate on how foreign adversaries use gray zone activities to advance interests, what responses by the United States (or the allies or partners of the United States) would tend to result in the escalation or de-escalation of such gray zone activities by foreign adversaries, and any opportunities for the United States to minimize the extent to which foreign adversaries use gray zone activities in furtherance of great power competition.
- (2) MATTERS INCLUDED.—To the extent determined appropriate by the National Intelligence Council, the National Intelligence Estimate produced under paragraph (1) may include an assessment of the following topics:
- (A) Any potential or actual lethal or harmful gray zone activities carried out against the United States by foreign adversaries, including against United States Government employees and United States persons, whether located within or outside of the United States.
- (B) To the extent such activities have occurred, or are predicted to occur—
- (i) opportunities to reduce or deter any such activities; and
- (ii) any actions of the United States Government that would tend to result in the escalation or de-escalation of such activities.
- (C) Any incidents in which foreign adversaries could have used, but ultimately did not use, gray zone activities to advance the interests of such adversaries, including an assessment as to why the foreign adversary ultimately did not use gray zone activities.
- (D) The effect of lowering the United States Government threshold for the public attribution of detectible covert adversary operations, unattributable adversary operations, and deniable adversary operations.
- (E) The effect of lowering the United States Government threshold for responding to detectible covert adversary operations, unattributable adversary operations, and deniable adversary operations.
- (F) The extent to which the governments of foreign adversaries exercise control over any proxies or parastate actors used by such governments in carrying out gray zone activities.
- (G) The extent to which gray zone activities carried out by foreign adversaries affect the private sector of the United States.
- (H) The international norms that provide the greatest deterrence to gray zone activities carried out by foreign adversaries, and opportunities for strengthening those norms.
- (I) The effect, if any, of the strengthening of democratic governance abroad on the resilience of United States allies and partners to gray zone activities.
- (J) Opportunities to strengthen the resilience of United States allies and partners to gray zone activities, and associated tactics, carried out by foreign adversaries.
- (K) Opportunities for the United States to improve the detection of, and early warning for, such activities and tactics.
- (L) Opportunities for the United States to galvanize international support in responding to such activities and tactics.
  - (3) Submission to congress.—
- (A) SUBMISSION.—Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director shall submit to the Select Com-

- mittee on Intelligence of the Senate and the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives the National Intelligence Estimate produced under paragraph (1), including all intelligence reporting underlying the Estimate.
- (B) NOTICE REGARDING SUBMISSION.—If at any time before the deadline specified in subparagraph (A), the Director determines that the National Intelligence Estimate produced under paragraph (1) cannot be submitted by such deadline, the Director shall (before such deadline) submit to the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate and the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives a report setting forth the reasons why the National Intelligence Estimate cannot be submitted by such deadline and an estimated date for the submission of the National Intelligence Estimate.
- (C) FORM.—Any report under subparagraph (B) shall be submitted in unclassified form.
- (4) PUBLIC VERSION.—Consistent with the protection of intelligence sources and methods, at the same time as the Director submits to the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate and the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives the National Intelligence Estimate under paragraph (1), the Director shall make publicly available on the internet website of the Director an unclassified version of the key findings of the National Intelligence Estimate.
  - (5) DEFINITIONS.—In this subsection:
- (A) GRAY ZONE ACTIVITY.—The term "gray zone activity" means an activity to advance the national interests of a State that.—
- (i) falls between ordinary statecraft and open warfare;
- (ii) is carried out with an intent to maximize the advancement of interests of the state without provoking a kinetic military response by the United States; and
- (iii) falls on a spectrum that ranges from covert adversary operations, to detectible covert adversary operations, to unattributable adversary operations, to deniable adversary operations, to open adversary operations.
- (B) COVERT ADVERSARY OPERATION.—The term "covert adversary operation" means an operation by an adversary that—
- (i) the adversary intends to remain below the threshold at which the United States detects the operation; and
- (ii) does stay below such threshold.
- (C) DETECTIBLE COVERT ADVERSARY OPERATION.—The term "detectible covert adversary operation" means an operation by an adversary that—
- (i) the adversary intends to remain below the threshold at which the United States detects the operation; but
- (ii) is ultimately detected by the United States at a level below the level at which the United States will publicly attribute the operation to the adversary.
- (D) UNATTRIBUTABLE ADVERSARY OPERATION.—The term "unattributable adversary operation" means an operation by an adversary that the adversary intends to be detected by the United States, but remain below the threshold at which the United States will publicly attribute the operation to the adversary.
- (E) DENIABLE ADVERSARY OPERATION.—The term "deniable adversary operation" means an operation by an adversary that—
- (i) the adversary intends to be detected and publicly or privately attributed by the United States; and
- (ii) the adversary intends to deny, to limit the response by the United States, and any allies of the United States.
- (F) OPEN ADVERSARY OPERATION.—The term "open adversary operation" means an oper-

- ation by an adversary that the adversary openly acknowledges as attributable to the adversary.
  - (c) REQUIREMENT TO DEVELOP LEXICON.—
- (1) REQUIREMENT.—The Director of National Intelligence, acting through the National Intelligence Council, shall develop a lexicon of common terms (and corresponding definitions for such terms) for concepts associated with gray zone activities.
- (2) CONSIDERATIONS.—In developing the lexicon under paragraph (1), the National Intelligence Council shall include in the lexicon each term (and the corresponding definition for each term) specified in subsection (b)(5), unless the National Intelligence Council determines that an alternative term (or alternative definition)—
- (A) more accurately describes a concept associated with gray zone activities; or
- (B) is preferable for any other reason.
- (3) Report.-
- (A) PUBLICATION.—The Director of National Intelligence shall publish a report containing the lexicon developed under paragraph (1).
- (B) FORM.—The report under subparagraph (A) shall be published in unclassified form.

AMENDMENT NO. 133 OFFERED BY MR. KRISHNAMOORTHI OF ILLINOIS

Insert after section 30128 the following:

## SEC. 30129. REPORT ON COOPERATION BETWEEN CHINA AND UNITED ARAB EMIRATES.

- (a) REQUIREMENT.—Not later than 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence, in consultation with the heads of elements of the intelligence community that the Director determines appropriate, shall submit to the congressional intelligence committees a report containing the following:
- (1) Details on the cooperation between China and the United Arab Emirates regarding defense, security, technology, and other strategically sensitive matters that implicate the national security interests of the United States.
- (2) The most recent, as of the date of the report, quarterly assessment by the intelligence community of measures that the United Arab Emirates has implemented to safeguard technology of the United States and the reliability of any assurances by the United Arab Emirates (with respect to both current assurances and assurances being considered as of the date of the report).
- (3) A certification by the Director regarding whether such assurances described in paragraph (2) are viable and sufficient to protect technology of the United States from being transferred to China or other third parties.
- (b) FORM.—The report under subsection (a) may be submitted in classified form, but if so submitted shall include an unclassified executive summary.

  (c) DEFINITIONS.—In this section, the terms
- (c) DEFINITIONS.—In this section, the terms "intelligence community" and "congressional intelligence committees" have the meanings given such terms in section 3 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3003)

AMENDMENT NO. 134 OFFERED BY MR. LAMB OF PENNSYLVANIA

Page 371, after line 6, insert the following: (y) GAO TECHNOLOGY ASSESSMENT TO ADDRESS THE OPIOID EPIDEMIC.—

- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Comptroller General of the United States shall conduct a technology assessment on the use of current and emerging predictive analytic tools and technologies to address the opioid epidemic. Such assessment shall address the following:
- (A) The prevention of deaths occurring from overdoses of opioid drugs.
- (B) The improvement of Federal, State, and local government responses to the opioid

epidemic and the quality of interventions, treatments, and resources for opioid use disorder

- (C) The identification of challenges and risks related to the use of predictive analytic tools and technologies.
- (2) RECOMMENDATIONS.—Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General of the United States shall submit to Congress recommendations based on the findings of the technology assessment conducted under paragraph (1). Not later than 180 days after such date of enactment, the Comptroller General shall provide a briefing to Congress on the progress of such recommendations.
  - (3) DEFINITIONS.—In this subsection:
- (A) OPIOID DRUG.—The term "opioid drug" means a class of drugs that contains an opioid and includes heroin, synthetic opioids (including fentanyl), and prescription pain relievers.
- (B) OPIOID EPIDEMIC.—The term "opioid epidemic" means the misuse of and addiction to opioid drugs.

AMENDMENT NO. 136 OFFERED BY MR. LAMB OF PENNSYLVANIA

## At the end of division L, add the following: SEC. 110002. FREIGHT RAIL INNOVATION INSTITUTE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 229 of title 49, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

### "§ 22911. Freight Rail Innovation Institute

- "(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—Not later than 6 months after the date of the enactment of this section, the Secretary of Transportation, in coordination with the Secretary of Energy, representatives of the National Laboratories, the National Institute of Standards and Technology, and the National Science Foundation, and in partnership with an eligible institution of higher education and a freight rail locomotive manufacturer, shall establish a Freight Rail Innovation Institute (referred to in this section as the 'Institute') to carry out a research and development program—
- "(1) to develop—
- "(A) technologies necessary for the design, development, manufacturing, and operation of zero-emission battery and hydrogen-powered freight locomotives; and
- "(B) technologies that enhance freight rail safety, efficiency and utilization; and
  - "(2) to accelerate the deployment of—
- "(A) zero-emission locomotives, including passenger locomotives;
  - "(B) supporting supply chains;
- "(C) advanced freight and logistics systems; and
- $\mbox{\ensuremath{^{\prime\prime}}}(\mbox{\ensuremath{D}})$  related workforce development and education innovations.
  - "(b) ACTIVITIES.—The Institute shall—
- "(1) research, develop, and deploy zeroemission battery and hydrogen-powered freight locomotives and locomotive technologies:
- "(2) develop and operate testing programs and demonstration facilities;
- "(3) develop advanced technologies that advance freight rail safety, efficiency, logistics, and utilization;
- "(4) develop and deploy an operating prototype hydrogen powered locomotive;
- "(5) deploy a revenue service testing and demonstration program to accelerate commercial adoption of battery electric locomotives:
- "(6) develop specific technologies and innovations to support the manufacturing and deployment of zero-emission locomotives for passenger rail;
- "(7) pay wages to all laborers and mechanics employed by the Institute at rates that are not less than those prevailing for the same type of work for similar projects in the

immediate locality, consistent with the wage requirement set forth in section 113(a) of title 23, United States Code;

- "(8) ensure that the freight rail locomotive manufacturer that is associated with the Institute fully complies with the Buy America requirement set forth in section 22905(a) with respect to manufacturing and production associated with the Institute and as a result of new technologies, innovations, and methods developed at least in part by the Institute; and
- "(9) carry out other activities that the Secretary of Transportation considers necessary.
- "(c) APPLICANT REQUIREMENTS.—Applicants seeking to establish the Institute under this section shall—
- "(1) be a partnership consisting of at least 1 institution of higher education and at least 1 freight rail locomotive manufacturer, which shall enter into a cost-sharing agreement for purposes of the Institute; and
- "(2) submit a comprehensive proposal to the Secretary of Transportation that—
- "(A) identifies how activities described in subsection (b) will be carried out by the Institute; and
- "(B) includes a Memorandum of Understanding, signed by all partners, that comprehensively addresses all aspects of the Institute's work, including how intellectual property and revenue sharing from resulting technological developments will be handled;
- "(C) includes such other information as the Secretary may require.
- "(d) Considerations.—In selecting the applicant that will receive funding to establish the Institute, the Secretary of Transportation shall consider—
- "(1) the extent to which the applicant's proposal maximizes greenhouse gas reductions and other environmental benefits;
- "(2) the ability of the applicant's proposal to increase the use of low- and zero- emission freight rail technologies among the United States freight and passenger rail industry;
- "(3) the anticipated public benefits of the applicant's proposal, including the creation of construction, manufacturing, and services jobs that pay prevailing wages;
- "(4) proposed plans to train workers from the area surrounding the Institute to develop competitive advanced manufacturing, battery- or hydrogen-power, and advanced freight utilization, network safety and logistics technology skills:
- "(5) the degree to which the applicant, including its freight rail locomotive manufacturer, has experience—
- "(A) carrying out battery and hydrogen research on freight locomotives that reduce greenhouse gas emissions; and
- "(B) developing freight rail advanced signaling, network safety, and logistics technologies:
- "(6) the extent to which the applicant's proposal increases the proportional amount of goods moved by freight rail in the United States;
- "(7) the extent to which such proposal-
- "(A) maximizes the private share of the total cost of the institute beyond the minimum level required under subsection (d); and
- "(B) sustains the private investment up to and beyond 2026; and
- "(8) whether the proposed Institute is located at a site that—
- "(A) has legacy rail infrastructure;
- "(B) has access to freight rail tracks and rail connections; and
- "(C) is located on a redeveloped brownfield site in close proximity to a freight rail locomotive manufacturer, an institution of higher education, and a short line or regional railroad.

- "(e) FUNDING REQUIREMENT.—The non-Federal share of the costs of the Institute's research and development program shall be not less than 50 percent.
  - "(f) NOTIFICATION.-
- "(1) NOTICE.—Not later than 3 days after Congress appropriates funds for the Institute for any fiscal year, the Secretary of Transportation shall submit to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives—
- "(A) the institution of higher education and freight rail locomotive manufacturer that have been selected to receive such funding to operate the Institute; and
- "(B) a summary of activities to be carried out by the Institute.
- "(2) ANNUAL REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after Congress appropriates funds for the Institute for any fiscal year, the Secretary shall submit a report to the committees listed under paragraph (1) that summarizes the work of the Institute on—
- "(A) low- and zero-emission rail technologies:
- "(B) increased freight rail utilization; and "(C) training a workforce in advanced manufacturing, battery- or hydrogen-power, advanced freight utilization, network safety, logistics technology skills, and advanced rail safety and logistics technologies.
- "(g) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— There is authorized to be appropriated \$120,000,000 for each of the fiscal years 2022 through 2026, to carry out the activities of the Institute described in subsection (b). Such sums shall remain available until expended.
  - "(h) Definitions.—In this section:
- "(1) FREIGHT RAIL LOCOMOTIVE MANUFACTURER.—The term 'freight rail locomotive manufacturer' means a company—
- "(A) headquartered in the United States; and
- "(B) that is engaged in the design, manufacture, and sale of freight rail locomotives, train network systems, engines, parts, logistics, rail safety and braking systems, and other freight rail and locomotive products.
- "(2) INSTITUTION OF HIGHER EDUCATION.— The term 'institution of higher education' has the meaning given such term in section 101 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001)."
- (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The analysis for chapter 229 of title 49, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:
- "22911. Freight Rail Innovation Institute.".

  AMENDMENT NO. 138 OFFERED BY MR. LANGEVIN

OF RHODE ISLAND
Page 1714, insert after line 6 the following

(and conform the table of contents accordingly):

### TITLE IV—ADMISSION OF ESSENTIAL SCIENTISTS AND TECHNICAL EXPERTS

SEC. 80401. ADMISSION OF ESSENTIAL SCIENTISTS AND TECHNICAL EXPERTS TO PROMOTE AND PROTECT NATIONAL SECURITY INNOVATION BASE.

- (a) SPECIAL IMMIGRANT STATUS.—In accordance with the procedures established under subsection (f)(1), and subject to subsection (c)(1), the Secretary of Homeland Security may provide an alien described in subsection (b) (and the spouse and children of the alien if accompanying or following to join the alien) with the status of a special immigrant under section 101(a)(27) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(27)), if the alien—
- (1) submits a classification petition under section 204(a)(1)(G)(i) of such Act (8 U.S.C. 1154(a)(1)(G)(i)); and

- (2) is otherwise eligible to receive an immigrant visa and is otherwise admissible to the United States for permanent residence.
- (b) ALIENS DESCRIBED.—An alien is described in this subsection if—
  - (1) the alien-
- (A) is employed by a United States employer and engaged in work to promote and protect the National Security Innovation Base:
- (B) is engaged in basic or applied research, funded by the Department of Defense, through a United States institution of higher education (as defined in section 101 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001)); or
- (C) possesses scientific or technical expertise that will advance the development of critical technologies identified in the National Defense Strategy or the National Defense Science and Technology Strategy, required by section 218 of the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (Public Law 115–232; 132 Stat. 1679); and
- (2) the Secretary of Defense issues a written statement to the Secretary of Homeland Security confirming that the admission of the alien is essential to advancing the research, development, testing, or evaluation of critical technologies described in paragraph (1)(C) or otherwise serves national security interests.
  - (c) NUMERICAL LIMITATIONS.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The total number of principal aliens who may be provided special immigrant status under this section may not exceed—
- (A) 10 in each of fiscal years 2022 through 2030: and
- (B) 100 in fiscal year 2031 and each fiscal year thereafter.
- (2) EXCLUSION FROM NUMERICAL LIMITATION.—Aliens provided special immigrant status under this section shall not be counted against the numerical limitations under sections 201(d), 202(a), and 203(b)(4) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1151(d), 1152(a), and 1153(b)(4)).
- (d) DEFENSE COMPETITION FOR SCIENTISTS AND TECHNICAL EXPERTS.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall develop and implement a process to select, on a competitive basis from among individuals described in subsection (b), individuals for recommendation to the Secretary of Homeland Security for special immigrant status described in subsection (a).
- (e) AUTHORITIES.—In carrying out this section, the Secretary of Defense shall authorize appropriate personnel of the Department of Defense to use all personnel and management authorities available to the Department, including the personnel and management authorities provided to the science and technology reinvention laboratories, the Major Range and Test Facility Base (as defined in 196(i) of title 10, United States Code), and the Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency.
- (f) PROCEDURES.—Not later than 360 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Homeland Security and Secretary of Defense shall jointly establish policies and procedures implementing the provisions in this section, which shall include procedures for—
- (1) processing of petitions for classification submitted under subsection (a)(1) and applications for an immigrant visa or adjustment of status, as applicable; and
- (2) thorough processing of any required security clearances.
- (g) FEES.—The Secretary of Homeland Security shall establish a fee—
- (1) to be charged and collected to process an application filed under this section; and

- (2) that is set at a level that will ensure recovery of the full costs of such processing and any additional costs associated with the administration of the fees collected.
- (h) IMPLEMENTATION REPORT REQUIRED.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Homeland Security and Secretary of Defense shall jointly submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report that includes—
- (1) a plan for implementing the authorities provided under this section; and
- (2) identification of any additional authorities that may be required to assist the Secretaries in fully implementing section.
- (i) PROGRAM EVALUATION AND REPORT.—
- (1) EVALUATION.—The Comptroller General of the United States shall conduct an evaluation of the competitive program and special immigrant program described in subsections (a) through (g).
- (2) REPORT.—Not later than October 1, 2026, the Comptroller General shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report on the results of the evaluation conducted under paragraph (1).
  - (j) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) The term "appropriate congressional committees" means—
- (A) the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives; and
- (B) the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate.
- (2) The term "National Security Innovation Base" means the network of persons and organizations, including Federal agencies, institutions of higher education, Federally funded research and development centers, defense industrial base entities, nonprofit organizations, commercial entities, and venture capital firms that are engaged in the military and non-military research, development, funding, and production of innovative technologies that support the national security of the United States.

### AMENDMENT NO. 139 OFFERED BY MR. LANGEVIN OF RHODE ISLAND

Page 312, after line 25, insert the following:

- (i) INTEGRATING ART AND DESIGN INTO NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION INFORMAL STEM EDUCATION PROGRAM.—Section 3 of the STEM Education Act of 2015 (42 U.S.C. 1862q) is amended—
- (1) in subsection (a)—
- (A) in paragraph (2), by striking "and" at the end;
- (B) in paragraph (3), by striking the period and inserting "; and"; and
- (C) by adding at the end the following:
- "(4) the integration of art and design in STEM educational programs.";
- (2) in subsection (b)—
- (A) in paragraph (3), by striking "and" at the end:
- (B) in paragraph (4), by striking the period and inserting "; and"; and
  - (C) by adding at the end the following:
- "(5) design and testing of programming that integrates art and design in STEM education to promote creativity and innovation."; and
- (3) in subsection (c)(2)(B), as added by subsection (a)(4) of this section—
- (A) in clause (ix), by striking "and" at the end;
- (B) in clause (x), by striking the period and inserting "; and;"; and
- (C) by adding at the end the following:
- "(xi) the design and testing of programming that integrates art and design in STEM education to promote creativity and innovation.".

AMENDMENT NO. 141 OFFERED BY MR. LARSEN OF WASHINGTON

Page 1216, after line 24, insert the following:

(6) EXEMPTION FROM NUMERICAL LIMITATIONS.—The numerical limitations established in accordance with section 207 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1157) in any fiscal year shall not apply to aliens seeking refugee status pursuant to such section who are nationals of the PRC and residents of the XUAR.

AMENDMENT NO. 142 OFFERED BY MR. LARSEN OF WASHINGTON

At the end of subtitle A of title II of division D, add the following:

#### SEC. 30219H. PRIORITIZING DIGITAL INFRA-STRUCTURE AND CONNECTIVITY.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 1451 of the Better Utilization of Investments Leading to Development Act 2018 (22 U.S.C. 9613) is amended by inserting after subsection (i) the following:
- "(j) PRIORITIZING DIGITAL INFRASTRUCTURE AND CONNECTIVITY.—The Corporation should prioritize support to projects that—
- "(1) increase digital infrastructure and connectivity, including operators of voice and data networks, development options for countries with the greatest need for digital infrastructure investment and in cases in which competing digital infrastructure financing proposals lack high standards for data security and protection of users' human rights; and
- "(2) align with the Corporation's authorities relating to provisions of support as outlined in section 1421(a)."
- (b) REPORT.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the United States International Development Financing Corporation shall submit to the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate a report that includes an identification and description of—
- (1) regions and countries with the greatest need for investment in digital infrastructure, including the types of such digital infrastructure:
- (2) regions and countries in which investment in digital infrastructure will be most effective in promoting high standards for data security and protection of users' human rights; and
- (3) efforts of partner governments to provide digital infrastructure development financing initiatives and efforts of the Corporation to coordinate with such partner governments with respect to such digital infrastructure development financing.

AMENDMENT NO. 143 OFFERED BY MRS.

### LAWRENCE OF MICHIGAN

Page 367, after line 2, insert the following: (C) Promising practices at universities described in paragraph (1) for advancing diversity, equity, and inclusion in AI research programs.

Page 367, line 3, strike "(C)" and insert "(D)".

#### AMENDMENT NO. 144 OFFERED BY MRS. LAWRENCE OF MICHIGAN

Page 362, line 13, insert ", including in low-income, underserved, and disadvantaged communities" after "wastewater systems".

AMENDMENT NO. 145 OFFERED BY MRS. LEE OF NEVADA

Page 561, strike line 20 and all that follows through page 565, line 22, and insert the following:

### SEC. 10633. MANAGEMENT OF DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY DEMONSTRATION PROJECTS.

Section 41201 of the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act (42 U.S.C. 18861) is amended—

- (1) in subsection (b), by inserting "including the Office of Technology Transitions, the Loan Program Office, and all applied program offices," after "Department,";
- (2) in subsection (d), by inserting ", including by using the authorities in section 10636 of the America COMPETES Act of 2022," after "personnel";
- (3) by redesignating subsections (e), (f), and (g) as subsections (g), (h), and (i), respectively:
- (4) by adding after subsection (d) the following:
- "(e) ADDITIONAL AUTHORITY.—The Secretary may carry out and manage covered projects directly through the program.
- "(f) PROJECT TERMINATION.—Should an ongoing covered project receive an unfavorable review under subsection (c)(5), the Secretary or their designee may cease funding the covered project and reallocate the remaining funds to new or existing covered projects carried out by that program office.": and
- (5) in subsection (h)(1) (as so redesignated), by striking "The Secretary" and inserting "In accordance with section 9007 of Division Z of the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2021 (Public Law 116-260), the Secretary".

### AMENDMENT NO. 146 OFFERED BY MS. LEGER FERNANDEZ OF NEW MEXICO

Page 572, line 24, insert the following (and redesignate subsequent paragraphs accordingly):

"(10) TRIBAL GOVERNMENT.—The term 'Tribal Government' means the governing body of any Indian or Alaska Native Tribe, band, nation, pueblo, village, community, component band or component reservation, individually identified (including parenthetically) in the list published most recently as of the date of enactment of this Act pursuant to section 104 of the Federally Recognized Indian Tribe List Act of 1994 (25 U.S.C. 5131).

Page 574, line 10, after "State,", insert "Tribal,".

Page 579, line 20, strike "and"

Page 580, line 2, after "Universities", insert ", Tribal Colleges and Universities,".

Page 580, line 3, strike the period and insert ": and".

Page 580, line 4, insert the following:

"(E) ensuring that at least 1 eligible consortium designated as a regional technology and innovation hub significantly benefits an area or region whose economy significantly relies on or has recently relied on coal, oil, or natural gas production, development, or utilization.

AMENDMENT NO. 147 OFFERED BY MS. LEGER FERNANDEZ OF NEW MEXICO

Page 641, after line 22, insert the following:

### Subtitle G—Reports

### SEC. 10671. REPORT ON METHANE REMOVAL TECHNOLOGY.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 360 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate a report on the potential for, and technical and economic viability of, direct methane removal to significantly mitigate climate change, with special consideration given to natural methane sources, such as melting permafrost, and non-energy sector methane sources.
- (b) CONTENTS.—The report under subsection (a) shall include a summary of research, development, and demonstration needs, including an estimate of Federal funding requirements, to further examine and validate the technical and economic viability, and potential ancillary impacts, of direct methane removal technologies and ap-

proaches over the 10-year period beginning on the date of the enactment of this Act.

(c) COORDINATION.—In carrying out the report under subsection (a), the Secretary shall coordinate across all relevant programs and offices of the Department and other relevant Federal agencies.

AMENDMENT NO. 148 OFFERED BY MS. LEGER FERNANDEZ OF NEW MEXICO

## At the end of division L, add the following: SEC. 110002. ECONOMIC ADJUSTMENT ASSISTANCE FOR ENERGY AND INDUSTRIAL TRANSITION COMMUNITIES.

There is authorized to be appropriated \$240,000,000 in total for fiscal years 2023 through 2028 to the Secretary of Commerce for economic adjustment assistance as authorized by section 209 of the Public Works and Economic Development Act of 1965 (42 U.S.C. 3149) to provide assistance, including grants for technical assistance, planning, and predevelopment activities, to energy and industrial transition communities, including oil, gas, coal, nuclear, and biomass transition communities, and manufacturing transition communities.

### AMENDMENT NO. 149 OFFERED BY MS. LEGER FERNANDEZ OF NEW MEXICO

Page 1848, line 9, strike "or" at the end. Page 1848, line 11, strike the period and insert "; or".

Page 1848, after line 11, insert the following:

"(v) that target individuals recently employed in carbon-intensive industries, including the production, transportation, or distribution of fossil fuels and the generation of electricity from fossil fuels.

Page 1863, after line 11, insert the following:

- "(E) Individuals recently employed in Carbon-intensive industries.—An eligible entity applying to target individuals recently employed in carbon-intensive industries and establish or carry out pre-apprenticeship programs and apprenticeship programs in accordance with subsection (a)(1)(B)(v) shall include as part of their application a description of—
- "(i) specific strategies to target individuals recently employed in carbon-intensive industries for participation in the program;
- "(ii) a plan to assist the program participants in applying the skills utilized in carbon-intensive industries to employment opportunities in other sectors; and
- "(iii) wages and benefits offered to program participants that are commensurate with wages for similar work.

AMENDMENT NO. 150 OFFERED BY MR. LEVIN OF CALIFORNIA

Division H, page 1668, after line 13, insert the following new title:

### TITLE XII—PUBLIC LAND RENEWABLE ENERGY DEVELOPMENT ACT

### SEC. 71201. DEFINITIONS.

- In this title:
- (1) COVERED LAND.—The term "covered land" means land that is—  $\,$
- (A) Federal lands administered by the Secretary; and
- (B) not excluded from the development of geothermal, solar, or wind energy under—
- (i) a land use plan; or
- (ii) other Federal law.
- (2) EXCLUSION AREA.—The term "exclusion area" means covered land that is identified by the Bureau of Land Management as not suitable for development of renewable energy projects.
- (3) FEDERAL LAND.—The term "Federal land" means—
- (A) public lands; and
- (B) lands of the National Forest System as described in section 11(a) of the Forest and Rangeland Renewable Resources Planning Act of 1974 (16 U.S.C. 1609(a)).

- (4) FUND.—The term "Fund" means the Renewable Energy Resource Conservation Fund established by section 71204(c)(1).
- (5) LAND USE PLAN.—The term "land use plan" means—
- (A) in regard to Federal land, a land use plan established under the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.); and
- (B) in regard to National Forest System lands, a land management plan approved, amended, or revised under section 6 of the Forest and Rangeland Renewable Resources Planning Act of 1974 (16 U.S.C. 1604).
- Planning Act of 1974 (16 U.S.C. 1604).

  (6) PRIORITY AREA.—The term "priority area" means covered land identified by the land use planning process of the Bureau of Land Management as being a preferred location for a renewable energy project, including a designated leasing area (as defined in section 2801.5(b) of title 43, Code of Federal Regulations (or a successor regulation)) that is identified under the rule of the Bureau of Land Management entitled "Competitive Processes, Terms, and Conditions for Leasing Public Lands for Solar and Wind Energy Development and Technical Changes and Corrections" (81 Fed. Reg. 92122 (December 19, 2016)) (or a successor regulation).
- (7) PUBLIC LANDS.—The term "public lands" has the meaning given that term in section 103 of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1702).
- (8) RENEWABLE ENERGY PROJECT.—The term "renewable energy project" means a project carried out on covered land that uses wind, solar, or geothermal energy to generate energy
- (9) SECRETARY.—The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of the Interior.
- (10) VARIANCE AREA.—The term "variance area" means covered land that is—
  - (A) not an exclusion area;
  - (B) not a priority area; and
- (C) identified by the Secretary as potentially available for renewable energy development and could be approved without a plan amendment, consistent with the principles of multiple use (as defined in the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.)).

## SEC. 71202. LAND USE PLANNING; UPDATES TO PROGRAMMATIC ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT STATEMENTS.

- (a) PRIORITY AREAS.-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, in consultation with the Secretary of Energy, shall establish priority areas on covered land for geothermal, solar, and wind energy projects, consistent with the principles of multiple use (as defined in the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.)) and the renewable energy permitting goal enacted by the Consolidated Appropriations Act of 2021 (Public Law 116–260). Among applications for a given renewable energy source, proposed projects located in priority areas for that renewable energy source shall—
- (A) be given the highest priority for incentivizing deployment thereon; and
- (B) be offered the opportunity to participate in any regional mitigation plan developed for the relevant priority areas.
  - (2) ESTABLISHING PRIORITY AREAS.—
- (A) GEOTHERMAL ENERGY.—For geothermal energy, the Secretary shall establish priority areas as soon as practicable, but not later than 5 years, after the date of the enactment of this Act.
  - (B) Solar energy.—For solar energy—
- (i) solar designated leasing areas (including the solar energy zones established by Bureau of Land Management Solar Energy Program, established in October 2012), and any subsequent land use plan amendments, shall be considered to be priority areas for solar energy projects; and

- (ii) the Secretary shall complete a process to consider establishing additional solar priority areas as soon as practicable, but not later than 3 years, after the date of the enactment of this Act.
- (C) WIND ENERGY.—For wind energy, the Secretary shall complete a process to consider establishing additional wind priority areas as soon as practicable, but not later than 3 years, after the date of the enactment of this Act.
- (b) VARIANCE AREAS.—Variance areas shall be considered for renewable energy project development, consistent with the principles of multiple use (as defined in the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.)) and the renewable energy permitting goal enacted by the Consolidated Appropriations Act of 2021 (Public Law 116–260), and applications for a given renewable energy source located in those variance areas shall be timely processed in order to assist in meeting that goal.
  - (c) REVIEW AND MODIFICATION.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not less than once every 10 years, the Secretary shall—
- (A) review the adequacy of land allocations for geothermal, solar, and wind energy priority, exclusion, and variance areas for the purpose of encouraging and facilitating new renewable energy development opportunities; and
- (B) based on the review carried out under subparagraph (A), add, modify, or eliminate priority, variance, and exclusion areas.
- (2) EXCEPTION.—Paragraph (1) shall not apply to the renewable energy land use planning published in the Desert Renewable Energy Conservation Plan developed by the California Energy Commission, the California Department of Fish and Wildlife, the Bureau of Land Management, and the United States Fish and Wildlife Service until January 1, 2031.
- (d) COMPLIANCE WITH THE NATIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL POLICY ACT.—For purposes of this section, compliance with the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.) shall be accomplished—
- (1) for geothermal energy, by updating the document entitled "Final Programmatic Environmental Impact Statement for Geothermal Leasing in the Western United States", dated October 2008, and incorporating any additional regional analyses that have been completed by Federal agencies since that programmatic environmental impact statement was finalized;
- (2) for solar energy, by updating the document entitled "Final Programmatic Environmental Impact Statement (PEIS) for Solar Energy Development in Six Southwestern States", dated July 2012, and incorporating any additional regional analyses that have been completed by Federal agencies since that programmatic environmental impact statement was finalized; and
- (3) for wind energy, by updating the document entitled "Final Programmatic Environmental Impact Statement on Wind Energy Development on BLM-Administered Lands in the Western United States", dated July 2005, and incorporating any additional regional analyses that have been completed by Federal agencies since the programmatic environmental impact statement was finalized.
- (e) No Effect on Processing Site Specific Applications.—Site specific environmental review and processing of permits for proposed projects shall proceed during preparation of an updated programmatic environmental impact statement, resource management plan, or resource management plan amendment.
- (f) COORDINATION.—In developing updates required by this section, the Secretary shall coordinate, on an ongoing basis, with appro-

- priate State, Tribal, and local governments, transmission infrastructure owners and operators, developers, and other appropriate entities to ensure that priority areas identified by the Secretary are—
- (1) economically viable (including having access to existing and planned transmission lines):
- (2) likely to avoid or minimize impacts to habitat for animals and plants, recreation, cultural resources, and other uses of covered land: and
- (3) consistent with section 202 of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1712), including subsection (c)(9) of that section (43 U.S.C. 1712(c)(9)).

### SEC. 71203. LIMITED GRANDFATHERING.

- (a) DEFINITION OF PROJECT.—In this section, the term "project" means a system described in section 2801.9(a)(4) of title 43, Code of Federal Regulations (as in effect on the date of the enactment of this Act).
- (b) REQUIREMENT TO PAY RENTS AND FEES -Unless otherwise agreed to by the owner of a project, the owner of a project that applied for a right-of-way under section 501 of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1761) on or before December 19, 2017, shall be obligated to pay with respect to the right-of-way all rents and fees in effect before the effective date of the rule of the Bureau of Land Management entitled "Competitive Processes, Terms, and Conditions for Leasing Public Lands for Solar and Wind Energy Development and Technical Changes and Corrections" (81 Fed. Reg. 92122 (December 19, 2016)).

#### SEC. 71204. DISPOSITION OF REVENUES.

- (a) DISPOSITION OF REVENUES.—
- (1) AVAILABILITY.—Subject to future appropriations, and except as provided in paragraph (2), beginning on January 1, 2023, amounts collected from a wind or solar project as bonus bids, rentals, fees, or other payments under a right-of-way, permit, lease, or other authorization, are authorized to be made available as follows:
- (A) Twenty-five percent shall be paid by the Secretary of the Treasury to the State within the boundaries of which the revenue is derived.
- (B) Twenty-five percent shall be paid by the Secretary of the Treasury to the one or more counties within the boundaries of which the revenue is derived, to be allocated among the counties based on the percentage of land from which the revenue is derived.
- (C) Twenty-five percent shall be deposited in the Treasury and be made available to the Secretary to carry out the program established under this title, including the transfer of the funds by the Bureau of Land Management to other Federal agencies and State agencies to facilitate the processing of renewable energy permits on Federal land, with priority given to using the amounts, to the maximum extent practicable without detrimental impacts to emerging markets, to expediting the issuance of permits required for the development of renewable energy projects in the States from which the revenues are derived.
- (D) Twenty-five percent shall be deposited in the Renewable Energy Resource Conservation Fund established by subsection (c).
- (2) EXCEPTIONS.—Paragraph (1) shall not apply to the following:
- (A) Amounts collected under section 504(g) of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1764(g)).
- (B) Amounts deposited into the National Parks and Public Land Legacy Restoration Fund under section 200402(b) of title 54, United States Code.
- (b) PAYMENTS TO STATES AND COUNTIES.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Amounts paid to States and counties under subsection (a)(1) shall be

- used consistent with section 35 of the Mineral Leasing Act (30 U.S.C. 191).
- (2) PAYMENTS IN LIEU OF TAXES.—A payment to a county under paragraph (1) shall be in addition to a payment in lieu of taxes received by the county under chapter 69 of title 31, United States Code.
- (c) RENEWABLE ENERGY RESOURCE CONSERVATION FUND.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—There is established in the Treasury a fund to be known as the Renewable Energy Resource Conservation Fund, which shall be administered by the Secretary, in consultation with the Secretary of Agriculture.
- (2) USE OF FUNDS.—The Secretary may make amounts in the Fund available to Federal, State, local, and Tribal agencies to be distributed in regions in which renewable energy projects are located on Federal land. Such amounts may be used to—
  - (A) restore and protect—
- (i) fish and wildlife habitat for affected species;
- (ii) fish and wildlife corridors for affected species; and
- (iii) wetlands, streams, rivers, and other natural water bodies in areas affected by wind, geothermal, or solar energy development: and
- (B) preserve and improve recreational access to Federal land and water in an affected region through an easement, right-of-way, or other instrument from willing landowners for the purpose of enhancing public access to existing Federal land and water that is inaccessible or restricted.
- (3) PARTNERSHIPS.—The Secretary may enter into cooperative agreements with State and Tribal agencies, nonprofit organizations, and other appropriate entities to carry out the activities described in paragraph (2).
  - (4) INVESTMENT OF FUND.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—Amounts deposited in the Fund shall earn interest in an amount determined by the Secretary of the Treasury on the basis of the current average market yield on outstanding marketable obligations of the United States of comparable maturities.
- (B) USE.—Interest earned under subparagraph (A) may be expended in accordance with this subsection.
- (5) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—At the end of each fiscal year, the Secretary shall submit a report to the Committee on Natural Resources of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate that includes a description of—
- (A) the amount collected as described in subsection (a), by source, during that fiscal year:
- (B) the amount and purpose of payments during that fiscal year to each Federal, State, local, and Tribal agency under paragraph (2); and
- (C) the amount remaining in the Fund at the end of the fiscal year.
- (6) INTENT OF CONGRESS.—It is the intent of Congress that the revenues deposited and used in the Fund shall supplement (and not supplant) annual appropriations for activities described in paragraph (2).

### SEC. 71205. SAVINGS.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this title, the Secretary shall continue to manage public lands under the principles of multiple use and sustained yield in accordance with title I of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.) or the Forest and Rangeland Renewable Resources Planning Act of 1974 (43 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.), as applicable, including due consideration of mineral and nonrenewable energy-

related projects and other nonrenewable energy uses, for the purposes of land use planning, permit processing, and conducting environmental reviews.

AMENDMENT NO. 151 OFFERED BY MS. LOFGREN OF CALIFORNIA

Page 537, insert after line 4 the following (and redesignate the succeeding provisions accordingly):

- "(8) identify, assess, and make recommendations to address science and technology gaps that would not be met without federal investment:
- "(9) review administrative and legislative policies and funding opportunities that affect private sector science and technology activities, and identify and make recommendations on policies that ensure a level playing field for the participation and competitiveness of small- and medium-sized businesses;".

AMENDMENT NO. 152 OFFERED BY MS. LOFGREN OF CALIFORNIA

### Page 785, after line 11, insert the following: SEC. 20214. SUPERCOMPUTING FOR SAFER CHEMICALS (SUPERSAFE) CONSORTUM.

- (a) Establishment.-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Health and Human Services (referred to in this section as the "Secretary"), through the Director of the National Toxicology Program, and in collaboration with the heads of any other relevant Federal agencies (including the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency and the Secretary of Energy), shall form a consortium, to be known as the "Supercomputing for Safer Chemicals (SUPERSAFE) Consortium" (referred to in this section as the "Consortium") with the National Laboratories of the Department of Energy and public research institutions to carry out the activities described in subsection (b).
- (2) INCLUSION OF STATE AGENCIES.—The Secretary shall allow the head of a relevant State agency to join the Consortium on request of the State agency.
  - (b) Consortium Activities.-
- (1) In GENERAL.—The Consortium, working through the National Laboratories and public research institutions, shall use supercomputing, machine learning, and other similar capabilities—
- (A) to establish rapid approaches for largescale identification of toxic substances and the development of safer alternatives to toxic substances by developing and validating computational toxicology methods based on unique high-performance computing, artificial intelligence, machine learning, and precision measurements;
- (B) to address the need to identify safer chemicals for use in consumer and industrial products and in their manufacture to support the move away from toxic substances and toward safer-by-design alternatives; and
- (C) to make recommendations on how the information produced can be applied in risk assessments and other characterizations for use by the Environmental Protection Agency and other agencies in regulatory decisions, and by industry in identifying toxic and safer chemicals.
- (2) Models.—In carrying out paragraph (1), the Consortium—  $\,$
- (A) shall use supercomputers and other virtual tools to develop, validate, and run models to predict adverse health effects caused by toxic substances and to identify safe chemicals for use in products and manufacturing; and
- (B) may utilize, as needed, appropriate biological test systems to test and evaluate approaches and improve their predictability and reliability in industrial and regulatory applications.

- (c) PUBLIC RESULTS.—The Consortium shall make model predictions, along with supporting documentation, available to the public in an accessible format.
- (d) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—There is authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary to carry out this section—
  - (A) for fiscal year 2022, \$20,000,000;
  - (B) for fiscal year 2023, \$30,000,000; and
- (C) for each of fiscal years 2024 through 2026, \$35,000,000.
- (2) AVAILABILITY.—From the amounts made available under paragraph (1) for a fiscal year, not less than \$5,000,000 shall be available to the Environmental Protection Agency.

AMENDMENT NO. 153 OFFERED BY MS. LOFGREN OF CALIFORNIA

In section 30003, add at the end the following:

- (9) The United States must ensure key environmental, energy management, labor, and social responsibility standards are maintained across the technology supply chain, including—
- (A) prohibitions on human trafficking and fundamental rights outlined in the International Labor Organization (ILO) Declaration on the Fundamental Principles and Rights at Work and as defined by the ILO Conventions; and
- (B) that such rules, norms, and standards are in alignment with the values and interests of the United States, its allies and partners, and other stakeholders in the liberal international order.

### AMENDMENT NO. 154 OFFERED BY MR. LOWENTHAL OF CALIFORNIA

Page 1549, after line 7, insert the following: (d) DEFINITION OF PROTECTED LIVING MARINE RESOURCE.—Section 610(e) of the High Seas Driftnet Fishing Moratorium Protection Act (16 U.S.C. 1826k(e)) is amended by striking paragraph (1) and inserting the following:

- "(1) except as provided in paragraph (2), means nontarget fish, sea turtles, seabirds, or marine mammals that are protected under United States law or international agreement, including—
- "(A) the Marine Mammal Protection Act of 1972 (16 U.S.C. 1361 et seq.);
- "(B) the Endangered Species Act of 1973 (16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.);
- "(C) the Shark Finning Prohibition Act (16 U.S.C. 1822 note), including amendments made by that Act; and
- "(D) the Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora, done at Washington March 3, 1973 (27 UST 1087, TIAS 8249); but".

AMENDMENT NO. 156 OFFERED BY MRS. LURIA OF VIRGINIA

Add at the end the following:

## DIVISION M—NATIONAL SECURITY RESTRICTIONS ON USE OF CERTAIN FUNDS

SEC. 120001. PROHIBITION ON USE OF FUNDS TO OBTAIN COMMUNICATIONS EQUIPMENT OR SERVICES POSING NATIONAL SECURITY RISK.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 (Public Law 117-2; 135 Stat. 4) is amended by adding at the end the following:

### "TITLE XII—NATIONAL SECURITY RESTRICTIONS ON USE OF FUNDS

"SEC. 12001. PROHIBITION ON USE OF FUNDS TO OBTAIN COMMUNICATIONS EQUIPMENT OR SERVICES POSING NATIONAL SECURITY RISK.

"None of the funds made available under this Act or an amendment made by this Act may be used to purchase, rent, lease, or otherwise obtain any covered communications equipment or service, as defined in section 9 of the Secure and Trusted Communications Networks Act of 2019 (47 U.S.C. 1608).".

(b) TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMEND-MENT.—The table of contents in section 20 of the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 is amended by adding at the end the following:

"TITLE XII—NATIONAL SECURITY RESTRICTIONS ON USE OF FUNDS

"Sec. 12001. Prohibition on use of funds to obtain communications equipment or services posing national security risk.".

AMENDMENT NO. 157 OFFERED BY MR. MALINOWSKI OF NEW JERSEY

Add at the end of title III of division D the following:

#### SEC. 30326. MODIFICATION OF AUTHORITY OF THE PRESIDENT UNDER THE EX-PORT CONTROL REFORM ACT OF 2018.

Section 1753(a)(2)(F) of the Export Control Reform Act of 2018 (50 U.S.C. 4812(a)(2)(F)) is amended by inserting ", security, or" before "intelligence".

AMENDMENT NO. 158 OFFERED BY MRS. CAROLYN
B. MALONEY OF NEW YORK

Page 331, after line 11, insert the following: (1) GRANT PROGRAM TO INCREASE THE PARTICIPATION OF WOMEN AND UNDERREPRESENTED MINORITIES IN STEM FIELDS.—

- (1) PROGRAM AUTHORIZED.—The Director of the National Science Foundation shall award grants to eligible entities, on a competitive basis, to enable such eligible entities to carry out the activities described in paragraph (4), in order to increase the participation of women and underrepresented minorities in the fields of science, technology, engineering, and mathematics.
- (2) APPLICATION.—Each eligible entity that desires to receive a grant under this subsection shall submit an application to the National Science Foundation at such time, in such manner, and containing such information as the Director of the National Science Foundation may reasonably require.
- (3) AUTHORIZED ACTIVITIES.—An eligible entity that receives a grant under this subsection shall use such grant funds to carry out one or more of the following activities designed to increase the participation of women or minorities underrepresented in science and engineering, or both:
  - (A) Online workshops.
- (B) Mentoring programs that partner science, technology, engineering, or mathematics professionals with students.
- (C) Internships for undergraduate and graduate students in the fields of science, technology, engineering, and mathematics.
- (D) Conducting outreach programs that provide elementary school and secondary school students with opportunities to increase their exposure to the fields of science, technology, engineering, or mathematics.
- (E) Programs to increase the recruitment and retention of underrepresented faculty.
- (F) Such additional programs as the Director of the National Science Foundation may determine.
  - (4) Definitions.—In this subsection—
- (A) the term "minority" means American Indian, Alaskan Native, Black (not of Hispanic origin), Hispanic (including persons of Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, and Central or South American origin), Asian (including underrepresented subgroups), Native Hawaiian, Pacific Islander origin subgroup, or other ethnic group underrepresented in science and engineering; and
- (B) the term "underrepresented in science and engineering" means a minority group whose number of scientists and engineers per 10,000 population of that group is substantially below the comparable figure for scientists and engineers who are White and not

of Hispanic origin, as determined by the Secretary of Education under section 637.4(b) of title 34, Code of Federal Regulations.

(5) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this subsection \$15,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2023, 2024, 2025, 2026, and 2027.

AMENDMENT NO. 159 OFFERED BY MS. MANNING OF NORTH CAROLINA

Page 259, after line 15, add the following:

## Subtitle E—Manufacturing USA Program SEC. 10261. EXPANDING OPPORTUNITIES THROUGH THE MANUFACTURING USA PROGRAM.

- (a) PARTICIPATION OF MINORITY-SERVING INSTITUTIONS, HISTORICALLY BLACK COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES, AND TRIBAL COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Commerce, in consultation with the Secretary of Energy, the Secretary of Defense, and the heads of such other Federal agencies as the Secretary of Commerce considers relevant, shall coordinate with existing and new Manufacturing USA institutes to integrate covered entities as active members of the Manufacturing USA institutes, including through the development of preferences in selection criteria for proposals to create new Manufacturing USA institutes or renew existing Manufacturing USA institutes that include one or more covered entities.
- (2) COVERED ENTITIES.—For purposes of this subsection, a covered entity is—
- (A) an historically Black college or university:
- (B) a Tribal college or university;
- (C) a minority-serving institution; or
- (D) a minority business enterprise (as defined in section 1400.2 of title 15, Code of Federal Regulations, or successor regulation).

AMENDMENT NO. 160 OFFERED BY MS. MANNING OF NORTH CAROLINA

Page 1708, line 1, strike "DOCTORAL" and insert "ADVANCED DEGREE".

Page 1708, line 8, after "doctoral" insert the following: "or, in the case of an alien who works in a critical industry (as such term is defined in section 20208 of the America COMPETES Act of 2022), a master's".

AMENDMENT NO. 161 OFFERED BY MR. MCEACHIN OF VIRGINIA

Page 701, after line 24, insert the following: (xiii) Identifying opportunities to reuse and recycle critical goods, including raw materials, to increase resilience of supply chains.

AMENDMENT NO. 163 OFFERED BY MS. MENG OF NEW YORK

Page 1241, beginning line 21, strike section 30313 and insert the following:

#### SEC. \_\_\_ SENSE OF CONGRESS CONDEMNING ANTI-ASIAN RACISM AND DISCRIMI-NATION.

- (a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following findings:
- (1) Since the onset of the COVID-19 pandemic, crimes and discrimination against Asians and those of Asian descent have risen dramatically worldwide. In May 2020, United Nations Secretary General Antonio Guterres said "the pandemic continues to unleash a tsunami of hate and xenophobia, scapegoating and scare-mongering" and urged governments to "act now to strengthen the immunity of our societies against the
- (2) Over 2 million Asian Americans and Pacific Islanders are working on the front lines of the COVID-19 pandemic in healthcare, law enforcement, first responders, transportation, supermarkets, and other service industries. AAPI workers also make up a large share—between 6 percent and 12 percent based on sector—of the bio medical field.

- (3) The United States Census Bureau notes that Americans of Asian descent made up 7.2 percent of the population according to the 2020 decennial census, and that Asian Americans are the fastest-growing racial group in the United States, projected to represent 14 percent of the United States population by 2065.
- (4) Since January 2020, there has been a dramatic increase in reports of hate crimes and incidents against those of Asian descent;
- (5) According to reports, there are over 10,000 reported cases of anti-Asian American hate incidents and discrimination related to COVID-19 between March 19, 2020 and September 30, 2021:
- (6) Local police departments are reporting an exponential increase in anti-Asian hate incidents and crimes. The New York Police Department reported a 343 percent spike in anti-Asian crime in 2021 from 2020, and the San Francisco Police Department reported anti-AAPI hate crimes increased by 567 percent from 2020 to 2021:
- (7) Multiple incidents of anti-Asian violence occurred since March 2020, including a woman wearing a mask who was kicked and punched at a New York City subway station, two children and two adults were stabbed at a wholesale grocery store in Midland, Texas, a couple was assaulted and robbed by a group of attackers in Philadelphia, and a 16-year-old boy was sent to the hospital after being attacked by bullies in Los Angeles, California:
- (8) Anti-Asian discrimination and hate since the start of the COVID-19 outbreak has continued throughout the pandemic;
- (9) Since the start of 2021, there has been a surge in anti-Asian attacks targeting predominately elderly Asian Americans;
- (10) On January 30, 2021, an 84-year-old Thai man, Vicha Ratanapakdee, died from injuries sustained from an unprovoked assault while on his routine morning walk in San Francisco. California:
- (11) In January 2021, a series of attacks occurred in Oakland's Chinatown targeting Asian American seniors, the victims included a 91-year-old man, a 60-year-old man, and a 55-year-old woman, who were all violently shoved to the ground in three separate incidents:
- (12) In February 2021, victims of anti-Asian violence included a 61-year-old Filipino man who was attacked and slashed across his face on a New York City subway, a Filipino woman in her 80s who was punched in an unprovoked attack while riding a trolley in San Diego, and a 52-year-old Asian woman who was attacked and forcefully shoved while waiting in line outside of a bakery in Flushing, New York;
- (13) In December 2021, a 61-year-old Chinese man, Yao Pan Ma, died from injuries sustained from an unprovoked assault in April of 2021 in New York City:
- (14) Anti-Asian racism has also resulted in Asian American businesses being targeted for vandalism;
- (15) There are approximately 2 million Asian American-owned businesses that generate over \$700 billion in annual revenue and employ millions of workers;
- (16) More than 1,900,000 Asian American and Pacific Islander older adults, particularly those older adults who are recent immigrants or have limited English proficiency, may face even greater challenges in dealing with the COVID-19 pandemic, including discrimination, economic insecurity, and language isolation;
- (17) The World Health Organization (WHO) and the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) recognize that naming COVID-19 by its geographic location or linking it to a specific ethnicity perpetuates stigma;

- (18) In 2015, the WHO issued guidance calling on media outlets, scientists, and national authorities to avoid naming infectious diseases for locations to avoid stigmatizing groups of people:
- (19) On February 27, 2020, the Secretary of Health and Human Services stated, "ethnicity is not what causes the novel coronavirus" and that it is inappropriate and inaccurate to call COVID-19 the "Chinese virus";
- (20) On February 28, 2020, Dr. Mitch Wolfe, the Chief Medical Officer of the CDC, said, "Stigma is the enemy of public health":
- (21) On March 10, 2020, Dr. Robert Redfield, the Director of the CDC, testified that use of the term "Chinese coronavirus" is wrong and inappropriate;
- (22) On January 26, 2021, President Biden issued a Presidential Memorandum "Condemning and Combating Racism, Xenophobia, and Intolerance Against Asian Americans and Pacific Islanders in the United States"
- (b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress as follows:
- (1) The use of anti-Asian terminology and rhetoric related to COVID-19, such as the "Chinese Virus", "Wuhan Virus", and "Kung-flu", has perpetuated anti-Asian stigma
- (2) The use of anti-Asian rhetoric has resulted in Asian Americans being harassed, assaulted, and scapegoated for the COVID-19 pandemic.
- (3) The reprehensible attacks on people of Asian descent and the concerning increase in anti-Asian sentiment and racism in the United States and around the world have no place in a peaceful, civilized, and tolerant world.
- (4) The United States is a diverse country with a proud tradition of immigration, and the strength and vibrancy of the United States is enhanced by the diverse ethnic backgrounds and tolerance of its citizens, including Asian Americans and Pacific Island-
- (5) The United States Government should encourage foreign governments to use the official and scientific names for the COVID-19 pandemic, as recommended by the World Health Organization and the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.
- (6) The United States Government and other governments around the world must actively oppose racism and intolerance, and use all available and appropriate tools to combat the spread of anti-Asian racism and discrimination.

AMENDMENT NO. 166 OFFERED BY MR. MORELLE OF NEW YORK

Page 72, beginning on line 16, strike "is amended by adding at the end the following:" and insert "is amended—".

Page 72, after line 17, insert the following: (1) in subsection (a)(3)(A)(ii)(II), by inserting ", including for technologies based on organic and inorganic materials" before the semicolon at the end; and

(2) by adding at the end the following: AMENDMENT NO. 167 OFFERED BY MS. NEWMAN OF ILLINOIS

Page 552, line 24, after "transfer," insert "skills training and workforce development,".

AMENDMENT NO. 168 OFFERED BY MS. NEWMAN OF ILLINOIS

Page 728, line 24, strike "and"

Page 729, line 5, strike the period at the end and insert "; and".

Page 729, after line 5, insert the following: (C) small and medium sized manufacturers. Page 734, after line 19, insert the following: (9) Leverage existing mechanisms for the

(9) Leverage existing mechanisms for the Federal Government to provide supply chain

solutions, including manufacturing technology, in collaboration with the Manufacturing USA institutes and Manufacturing Extension Partnerships described in paragraph (1). The Manufacturing USA institutes and Manufacturing Extension Partnerships may provide products, tools, and workforce development solutions related to critical supply chain resiliency for United States manufacturers, with allocated resources specific to small and medium sized manufacturers.

AMENDMENT NO. 169 OFFERED BY MR. NORCROSS OF NEW JERSEY

Page 575, line 19, after "commercialization", insert "and domestic production".

Page 585, line 18, after "incubation", insert ", early-stage production".

Page 587, line 9, after "incubators", insert "and production testbeds".

AMENDMENT NO. 170 OFFERED BY MS. OCASIO-CORTEZ OF NEW YORK

Page 64, after line 11, insert the following: (f) LIMITATION ON USING AMOUNTS FOR STOCK BUYBACKS OR THE PAYMENT OF DIVIDENDS.—

- (1) IN GENERAL.—A person receiving amounts appropriated under this section or from a covered fund may not use such amounts—
- (A) to purchase an equity security that is listed on a national securities exchange of such person or any parent company of such person; or
- (B) to pay dividends or make other capital distributions with respect to the common stock (or equivalent interest) of the person.
- (2) COVERED FUND.—In this subsection, the term "covered fund" means—
- (A) the Creating Helpful Incentives to Produce Semiconductors (CHIPS) for America Fund:
- (B) the Creating Helpful Incentives to Produce Semiconductors (CHIPS) for America Defense Fund; and
- (C) the Creating Helpful Incentives to Produce Semiconductors (CHIPS) for America International Technology Security and Innovation Fund.

AMENDMENT NO. 172 OFFERED BY MR. O'HALLERAN OF ARIZONA

Page 698, line 7, strike "; and" and insert a semicolon.

Page 698, line 13, strike the period at the end and insert "; and".

Page 698, after line 13, insert the following:
(iv) how supply chain shocks could affect
rural, Tribal, and underserved communities.
AMENDMENT NO. 173 OFFERED BY MR. PAPPAS OF
NEW HAMPSHIRE

Page 1455, beginning line 24, insert the following:

"(B) Covered items may only be supplied pursuant to subparagraph (A) to the extent that United States entities that qualify as small business concerns are unable to manufacture covered items that meet the criteria identified in subparagraph (C)."

AMENDMENT NO. 175 OFFERED BY MR. PAPPAS OF NEW HAMPSHIRE

Page 1668, after line 13, insert the following:

### TITLE XII—INCREASING COMMUNITY ACCESS TO RESILIENCY GRANTS

### SEC. 71201. CENTRALIZED WEBSITE FOR RESIL-IENCY GRANTS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this subsection, the Administrator shall establish and regularly update a publicly available website that includes—
- (1) hyperlinks to all grants administered by the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration and hyperlinks to other Federal agencies that offer similar grants to as-

sist State, Tribal, and local governments with resiliency, adaptation, and mitigation of climate change and sea level rise; and

- (2) with respect to each such grant, the contact information for an individual who can offer assistance to State, Tribal, and local governments.
- (b) OUTREACH.—The Administrator shall conduct outreach activities to inform State, Tribal, and local governments of the resiliency, adaptation, and mitigation grants.
- (c) ADMINISTRATOR.—In this section, the term "Administrator" means the Secretary of Commerce acting through the Administrator of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration.

AMENDMENT NO. 176 OFFERED BY MR. PAPPAS OF NEW HAMPSHIRE

Page 172, line 15, after "institutions,", insert "institutions in rual and remote areas,".

AMENDMENT NO. 177 OFFERED BY MR. PAYNE OF NEW JERSEY

Page 1926, line 1, insert "library," before "community".

AMENDMENT NO. 189 OFFERED BY MS. PINGREE OF MAINE

Page 1668, after line 13, insert the following:

### TITLE XII—KEEP AMERICA'S WATERFRONTS WORKING

### SEC. 71201. WORKING WATERFRONTS GRANT PROGRAM.

The Coastal Zone Management Act of 1972 (16 U.S.C. 1451 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following:

#### "SEC. 320. WORKING WATERFRONTS GRANT PRO-GRAM.

- "(a) Working Waterfront Task Force.—
- "(1) ESTABLISHMENT AND FUNCTIONS.—The Secretary of Commerce shall establish a task force to work directly with coastal States, user groups, and coastal stakeholders to identify and address critical needs with respect to working waterfronts.
- "(2) MEMBERSHIP.—The members of the task force shall be appointed by the Secretary of Commerce, and shall include—
- "(A) experts in the unique economic, social, cultural, ecological, geographic, and resource concerns of working waterfronts; and
- "(B) representatives from the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration's Office of Coastal Management, the United States Fish and Wildlife Service, the Department of Agriculture, the Environmental Protection Agency, the United States Geological Survey, the Navy, the National Marine Fisheries Service, the Economic Development Agency, and such other Federal agencies as the Secretary considers appropriate.
- "(3) FUNCTIONS.—The task force shall—
- "(A) identify and prioritize critical needs with respect to working waterfronts in States that have a management program approved by the Secretary of Commerce pursuant to section 306, in the areas of—
- "(i) economic and cultural importance of working waterfronts to communities;
- "(ii) changing environments and threats working waterfronts face from environment changes, trade barriers, sea level rise, extreme weather events, ocean acidification, and harmful algal blooms; and
- "(iii) identifying working waterfronts and highlighting them within communities;
- "(B) outline options, in coordination with coastal States and local stakeholders, to address such critical needs, including adaptation and mitigation where applicable;
- "(C) identify Federal agencies that are responsible under existing law for addressing such critical needs; and
- "(D) recommend Federal agencies best suited to address any critical needs for which no agency is responsible under existing law.

- "(4) Information to be considered.—In identifying and prioritizing policy gaps pursuant to paragraph (3), the task force shall consider the findings and recommendations contained in section VI of the report entitled "The Sustainable Working Waterfronts Toolkit: Final Report', dated March 2013.
- "(5) REPORT.—Not later than 18 months after the date of the enactment of this section, the task force shall submit a report to Congress on its findings.
- "(6) IMPLEMENTATION.—The head of each Federal agency identified in the report pursuant to paragraph (3)(C) shall take such action as is necessary to implement the recommendations contained in the report by not later than 1 year after the date of the issuance of the report.
- "(b) Working Waterfront Grant Pro-Gram.—
- "(1) The Secretary shall establish a Working Waterfront Grant Program, in cooperation with appropriate State, regional, and other units of government, under which the Secretary may make a grant to any coastal State for the purpose of implementing a working waterfront plan approved by the Secretary under subsection (c).
- "(2) Subject to the availability of appropriations, the Secretary shall award matching grants under the Working Waterfronts Grant Program to coastal States with approved working waterfront plans through a regionally equitable, competitive funding process in accordance with the following:
- "(A) The Governor, or the lead agency designated by the Governor for coordinating the implementation of this section, where appropriate in consultation with the appropriate local government, shall determine that the application is consistent with the State's or territory's approved coastal zone plan, program, and policies prior to submission to the Secretary.
- "(B) In developing guidelines under this section, the Secretary shall consult with coastal States, other Federal agencies, and other interested stakeholders with expertise in working waterfront planning.
- "(C) Coastal States may allocate grants to local governments, Indian Tribes, agencies, or nongovernmental organizations eligible for assistance under this section.
- "(3) In awarding a grant to a coastal State, the Secretary shall consider—
- "(A) the economic, cultural, and historical significance of working waterfront to the coastal State:
- "(B) the demonstrated working waterfront needs of the coastal State as outlined by a working waterfront plan approved for the coastal State under subsection (c), and the value of the proposed project for the implementation of such plan;
- "(C) the ability to successfully leverage funds among participating entities, including Federal programs, regional organizations, State and other government units, landowners, corporations, or private organizations;
- "(D) the potential for rapid turnover in the ownership of working waterfront in the coastal State, and where applicable the need for coastal States to respond quickly when properties in existing or potential working waterfront areas or public access areas as identified in the working waterfront plan submitted by the coastal State come under threat or become available; and
- "(E) the impact of the working waterfront plan approved for the coastal State under subsection (c) on the coastal ecosystem and the users of the coastal ecosystem.
- "(4) The Secretary shall approve or reject an application for such a grant within 60 days after receiving an application for the grant.
  - "(c) Working Waterfront Plans.—

"(1) To be eligible for a grant under subsection (b), a coastal State must submit and have approved by the Secretary a comprehensive working waterfront plan in accordance with this subsection, or be in the process of developing such a plan and have an established working waterfront program at the State or local level, or the Secretary determines that an existing coastal land use plan for that State is in accordance with this subsection.

"(2) Such plan-

"(A) must provide for preservation and expansion of access to coastal waters to persons engaged in commercial fishing, recreational fishing and boating businesses, aquaculture, boatbuilding, or other water-dependent, coastal-related business;

"(B) shall include one or more of-

"(i) an assessment of the economic, social, cultural, and historic value of working waterfront to the coastal State:

"(ii) a description of relevant State and local laws and regulations affecting working waterfront in the geographic areas identified in the working waterfront plan;

"(iii) identification of geographic areas where working waterfronts are currently under threat of conversion to uses incompatible with commercial and recreational fishing, recreational fishing and boating businesses, aquaculture, boatbuilding, or other water-dependent, coastal-related business, and the level of that threat:

"(iv) identification of geographic areas with a historic connection to working waterfronts where working waterfronts are not currently available, and, where appropriate, an assessment of the environmental impacts of any expansion or new development of working waterfronts on the coastal ecosystem;

"(v) identification of other working waterfront needs including improvements to existing working waterfronts and working waterfront areas:

"(vi) a strategic and prioritized plan for the preservation, expansion, and improvement of working waterfronts in the coastal State:

"(vii) for areas identified under clauses (iii), (iv), (v), and (vi), identification of current availability and potential for expansion of public access to coastal waters;

"(viii) a description of the degree of community support for such strategic plan; and "(ix) a contingency plan for properties that revert to the coastal State pursuant to determinations made by the coastal State under subsection (g)(4)(C);

"(C) may include detailed environmental impacts on working waterfronts, including hazards, sea level rise, inundation exposure, and other resiliency issues:

"(D) may be part of the management program approved under section 306;

"(E) shall utilize to the maximum extent practicable existing information contained in relevant surveys, plans, or other strategies to fulfill the information requirements under this paragraph; and

"(F) shall incorporate the policies and regulations adopted by communities under local working waterfront plans or strategies in existence before the date of the enactment of this section.

"(3) A working waterfront plan-

"(A) shall be effective for purposes of this section for the 5-year period beginning on the date it is approved by the Secretary;

"(B) must be updated and re-approved by the Secretary before the end of such period; and

"(C) shall be complimentary to and incorporate the policies and objectives of regional or local working waterfront plans as in effect before the date of enactment of this section or as subsequently revised.

"(4) The Secretary may-

"(A) award planning grants to coastal States for the purpose of developing or revising comprehensive working waterfront plans; and

"(B) award grants consistent with the purposes of this section to States undertaking the working waterfront planning process under this section, for the purpose of preserving and protecting working waterfronts during such process.

"(5) Any coastal State applying for a working waterfront grant under this title shall—

"(A) develop a working waterfront plan, using a process that involves the public and those with an interest in the coastal zone;

"(B) coordinate development and implementation of such a plan with other coastal management programs, regulations, and activities of the coastal State: and

"(C) if the coastal State allows qualified holders (other than the coastal State) to enter into working waterfront covenants, provide as part of the working waterfront plan under this subsection a mechanism or procedure to ensure that the qualified holders are complying their duties to enforce the working waterfront covenant.

"(d) USES, TERMS, AND CONDITIONS .-

"(1) Each grant made by the Secretary under this section shall be subject to such terms and conditions as may be appropriate to ensure that the grant is used for purposes consistent with this section.

"(2) A grant under this section may be used—

"(A) to acquire a working waterfront, or an interest in a working waterfront;

"(B) to make improvements to a working waterfront, including the construction or repair of wharfs, boat ramps, or related facilities; or

"(C) for necessary climate adaptation mitigation.

"(e) PUBLIC ACCESS REQUIREMENT.—A working waterfront project funded by grants made under this section must provide for expansion, improvement, or preservation of reasonable and appropriate public access to coastal waters at or in the vicinity of a working waterfront, except for commercial fishing or other industrial access points where the coastal State determines that public access would be unsafe.

"(f) LIMITATIONS.—

"(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), a grant awarded under this section may be used to purchase working waterfront or an interest in working waterfront, including an easement, only from a willing seller and at fair market value.

"(2) A grant awarded under this section may be used to acquire working waterfront or an interest in working waterfront at less than fair market value only if the owner certifies to the Secretary that the sale is being entered into willingly and without coercion.

"(3) No Federal, State, or local entity may exercise the power of eminent domain to secure title to any property or facilities in connection with a project carried out under this section.

''(g) Allocation of Grants to Local Governments and Other Entities.—

"(1) The Secretary shall encourage coastal States to broadly allocate amounts received as grants under this section among working waterfronts identified in working waterfront plans approved under subsection (c).

"(2) Subject to the approval of the Secretary, a coastal State may, as part of an approved working waterfront plan, designate as a qualified holder any unit of State or local government or nongovernmental organization, if the coastal State is ultimately responsible for ensuring that the property will be managed in a manner that is consistent

with the purposes for which the land entered into the program.

"(3) A coastal State or a qualified holder designated by a coastal State may allocate to a unit of local government, nongovernmental organization, fishing cooperative, or other entity, a portion of any grant made under this section for the purpose of carrying out this section, except that such an allocation shall not relieve the coastal State of the responsibility for ensuring that any funds so allocated are applied in furtherance of the coastal State's approved working waterfront plan.

"(4) A qualified holder may hold title to or interest in property acquired under this section, except that—

"(A) all persons holding title to or interest in working waterfront affected by a grant under this section, including a qualified holder, private citizen, private business, nonprofit organization, fishing cooperative, or other entity, shall enter into a working waterfront covenant:

"(B) such covenant shall be held by the coastal State or a qualified holder designated under paragraph (2);

"(C) if the coastal State determines, on the record after an opportunity for a hearing, that the working waterfront covenant has been violated—

"(i) all right, title, and interest in and to the working waterfront covered by such covenant shall, except as provided in subparagraph (D), revert to the coastal State; and

"(ii) the coastal State shall have the right of immediate entry onto the working waterfront:

"(D) if a coastal State makes a determination under subparagraph (C), the coastal State may convey or authorize the qualified holder to convey the working waterfront or interest in working waterfront to another qualified holder; and

"(E) nothing in this subsection waives any legal requirement under any Federal or State law.

"(h) MATCHING CONTRIBUTIONS.—

"(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), the Secretary shall require that each coastal State that receives a grant under this section, or a qualified holder designated by that coastal State under subsection (g), shall provide matching funds in an amount equal to at least 25 percent of the total cost of the project carried out with the grant.

"(2) The Secretary may waive the application of paragraph (1) for any qualified holder that is an underserved community, a community that has an inability to draw on other sources of funding because of the small population or low income of the community, or for other reasons the Secretary considers appropriate.

"(3) A local community designated as a qualified holder under subsection (g) may utilize funds or other in-kind contributions donated by a nongovernmental partner to satisfy the matching funds requirement under this subsection.

"(4) As a condition of receipt of a grant under this section, the Secretary shall require that a coastal State provide to the Secretary such assurances as the Secretary determines are sufficient to demonstrate that the share of the cost of each eligible project that is not funded by the grant awarded under this section has been secured.

"(5) If financial assistance under this section represents only a portion of the total cost of a project, funding from other Federal sources may be applied to the cost of the project. Each portion shall be subject to match requirements under the applicable provision of law.

"(6) The Secretary shall treat as non-Federal match the value of a working waterfront

or interest in a working waterfront, including conservation and other easements, that is held in perpetuity by a qualified holder, if the working waterfront or interest is identified in the application for the grant and acquired by the qualified holder within 3 years of the grant award date, or within 3 years after the submission of the application and before the end of the grant award period. Such value shall be determined by an appraisal performed at such time before the award of the grant as the Secretary considers appropriate.

"(7) The Secretary shall treat as non-Federal match the costs associated with acquisition of a working waterfront or an interest in a working waterfront, and the costs of restoration, enhancement, or other improvement to a working waterfront, if the activities are identified in the project application and the costs are incurred within the period of the grant award, or, for working waterfront described in paragraph (6), within the same time limits described in that paragraph. These costs may include either cash or in-kind contributions.

"(i) LIMIT ON ADMINISTRATIVE COSTS.—No more than 5 percent of the funds made available to the Secretary under this section may be used by the Secretary for planning or administration of the program under this section.

``(j) OTHER TECHNICAL AND FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE.—

"(1) Up to 5 percent of the funds appropriated under this section may be used by the Secretary for purposes of providing technical assistance as described in this subsection.

"(2) The Secretary shall-

"(A) provide technical assistance to coastal States and local governments in identifying and obtaining other sources of available Federal technical and financial assistance for the development and revision of a working waterfront plan and the implementation of an approved working waterfront plan:

"(B) provide technical assistance to States and local governments for the development, implementation, and revision of comprehensive working waterfront plans, which may include, subject to the availability of appropriations, planning grants and assistance, pilot projects, feasibility studies, research, and other projects necessary to further the purposes of this section;

"(C) assist States in developing other tools to protect working waterfronts;

"(D) collect and disseminate to States guidance for best storm water management practices in regards to working waterfronts;

"(E) provide technical assistance to States and local governments on integrating resilience planning into working waterfront preservation efforts; and

"(F) collect and disseminate best practices on working waterfronts and resilience planning

"(k) Other Requirements — All laborers and mechanics employed by contractors or subcontractors in the performance of construction, alteration or repair work carried out, in whole or in part, with financial assistance made available under this section shall be paid wages at rates not less than those prevailing on projects of a character similar in the locality as determined by the Secretary of Labor in accordance with subchapter IV of chapter 31 of title 40, United States Code. With respect to the labor standards specified in this section, the Secretary of Labor shall have the authority and functions set forth in Reorganization Plan Numbered 14 of 1950 (64 Stat. 1267; 5 U.S.C. App.) and section 3145 of title 40, United States Code

"(1) Reports.—

"(1) The Secretary shall-

"(A) develop performance measures to evaluate and report on the effectiveness of the program under this section in accomplishing the purpose of this section; and

"(B) submit to Congress a biennial report that includes such evaluations, an account of all expenditures, and descriptions of all projects carried out using grants awarded under this section.

"(2) The Secretary may submit the biennial report under paragraph (1)(B) by including it in the biennial report required under section 316.

"(m) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

"(1) The term 'qualified holder' means a coastal State or a unit of local or coastal State government or a non-State organization designated by a coastal State under subsection (g).

"(2) The term 'Secretary' means the Secretary, acting through the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration.

"(3) The term 'working waterfront' means real property (including support structures over water and other facilities) that provides access to coastal waters to persons engaged in commercial and recreational fishing, recreational fishing and boating businesses, boatbuilding, aquaculture, or other water-dependent, coastal-related business and is used for, or that supports, commercial and recreational fishing, recreational fishing and boating businesses, boatbuilding, aquaculture, or other water-dependent, coastal-related business.

"(4) The term 'working waterfront covenant' means an agreement in recordable form between the owner of working waterfront and one or more qualified holders, that provides such assurances as the Secretary may require that—

"(A) the title to or interest in the working waterfront will be held by a grant recipient or qualified holder in perpetuity, except as provided in subparagraph (C);

"(B) the working waterfront will be managed in a manner that is consistent with the purposes for which the property is acquired pursuant to this section, and the property will not be converted to any use that is inconsistent with the purpose of this section;

"(C) if the title to or interest in the working waterfront is sold or otherwise exchanged—

"(i) all working waterfront owners and qualified holders involved in such sale or exchange shall accede to such agreement; and

"(ii) funds equal to the fair market value of the working waterfront or interest in working waterfront shall be paid to the Secretary by parties to the sale or exchange, and such funds shall, at the discretion of the Secretary, be paid to the coastal State in which the working waterfront is located for use in the implementation of the working waterfront plan of the State approved by the Secretary under this section; and

"(D) such covenant is subject to enforcement and oversight by the coastal State or by another person as determined appropriate by the Secretary.

"(n) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— There is authorized to be appropriated to the Grant Program \$15,000,000.".

AMENDMENT NO. 190 OFFERED BY MS. PLASKETT OF VIRGIN ISLANDS

Page 1668, after line 13, insert the following:

### SEC. 71104. SHOVEL-READY RESTORATION GRANTS FOR COASTLINES AND FISHERIES.

(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Administrator shall establish a grant program to provide funding and technical assistance to eligible entities for purposes of carrying out a project described in subsection (d).

(b) PROJECT PROPOSAL.—To be considered for a grant under this section, an eligible entity shall submit a grant proposal to the Administrator in a time, place, and manner determined by the Administrator. Such proposal shall include monitoring, data collection, and measurable performance criteria with respect to the project.

(c) DEVELOPMENT OF CRITERIA.—The Administrator shall select eligible entities to receive grants under this section based on criteria developed by the Administrator, in consultation with relevant offices of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, such as the Office of Habitat Conservation and the Office for Coastal Management.

(d) ELIGIBLE PROJECTS.—A proposal is eligible for a grant under this section if—

(1) the purpose of the project is to restore a marine, estuarine, coastal, or Great Lake habitat, including—

(A) restoration of habitat to protect or recover a species that is threatened, endangered, or a species of concern under the Endangered Species Act of 1973 (16 U.S.C. 1531 et sea.):

(B) through the removal or remediation of marine debris, including derelict vessels and abandoned, lost, and discarded fishing gear, in coastal and marine habitats: or

(C) for the benefit of-

(i) shellfish;

(ii) fish, including diadromous fish:

(iii) coral reef systems;

(iv) marine wildlife; or

(v) blue carbon ecosystems such as coastal wetlands, beaches, dunes, marshes, coastal forests, oyster beds, kelp forests, and submerged aquatic vegetation; or

(2) provides adaptation to climate change, including sequestering and storing carbon or by constructing, restoring, or protecting ecological features or nature-based infrastructure that protects coastal communities from sea level rise, coastal storms, or flooding.

(e) PRIORITY.—In determining which projects to fund under this section, the Administrator shall give priority to a proposed

roject—

(1) that would stimulate the economy;

(2) for which the applicant can demonstrate that the grant will fund work that will begin not more than 90 days after the date of award;

(3) for which the applicant can demonstrate that the grant will fund work that will employ fishermen who have been negatively impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic or pay a fisherman for the use of a fishing vessel:

(4) for which the applicant can demonstrate that any preliminary study or permit required before the project can begin has been completed or can be completed shortly after an award is made; or

(5) that includes communities that may not have adequate resources including low income communities, communities of color, Tribal communities, Indigenous communities, and rural communities.

(f) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— There is authorized to be appropriated to the Administrator \$10,000,000,000 for fiscal year 2022 to carry out this section, to remain available until expended.

(g) DEFINITIONS.—In this section, the following definitions apply:

(1) ADMINISTRATOR.—The term "Administrator" means the Administrator of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration.

(2) ELIGIBLE ENTITY.—The term "eligible entity" means a nonprofit, a for-profit business, an institution of higher education, or a State, local, Tribal, or Territorial government.

(3) FISHERMEN.—The term "fishermen" means commercial or for-hire fishermen or oyster farmers.

AMENDMENT NO. 191 OFFERED BY MR. POCAN OF WISCONSIN

At the end add the following:

### DIVISION M—AGRICULTURE FOREIGN INVESTMENT DISCLOSURE REFORM

SEC. 120001. SHORT TITLE.

This division may be cited as the "Agriculture Foreign Investment Disclosure Reform Act".

#### SEC. 120002. ANNUAL REPORTS.

The matter preceding paragraph (1) of section 2(b) of the Agricultural Foreign Investment Disclosure Act of 1978 (7 U.S.C. 3501(b)) is amended by striking "agricultural land" and all that follows through "effective date." and inserting "agricultural land on the day before the date of the enactment of the Agricultural Foreign Investment Disclosure Reform Act shall, beginning 180 days after such date of enactment, and annually thereafter, submit to the Secretary a report or certify to the Secretary that there has been no change in status with respect to the information required under paragraphs (1) through (8) since the most recent such report was submitted to the Secretary by such foreign person.".

#### SEC. 120003. REPORTS TO CONGRESS.

The Agricultural Foreign Investment Disclosure Act of 1978 (7 U.S.C. 3501 et seq.) is amended by inserting after section 4 the following:

### "SEC. 5. REPORTS TO CONGRESS.

"(a) Beginning 180 days after the date of the enactment of the Agricultural Foreign Investment Disclosure Reform Act, and annually thereafter, the Secretary shall, using information obtained under section 2, submit to the Congress a report on foreign investment in agricultural land in the United States.

"(b) Beginning 90 days after the date of the enactment of the Agricultural Foreign Investment Disclosure Reform Act, the Secretary shall, using information obtained under section 2, publish on the internet website of the Department of Agriculture, and update every 90 days thereafter, a database listing the agricultural lands owned by foreign persons. Such listing shall be limited to the information described in paragraphs (1), (3), (4), (5), and (7) of section 2(b), or if applicable, the certification made to the Secretary pursuant to such subsection.

"(c)(1) Not later than 90 days after the end of each covered period, the Secretary shall—

"(A) analyze information obtained by the Secretary under section 2 and determine the effects of foreign persons acquiring, transferring, and holding agricultural land, particularly the effects of such acquisitions, transfers, and holdings on family farms, rural communities and the domestic food supply; and

"(B) transmit to the President and Congress a report on the findings and conclusions of the Secretary regarding—

"(i) each analysis and determination made under subparagraph (A);

"(ii) trends and patterns in foreign acquisitions, transfers, and holdings of agricultural land: and

"(iii) recommendations to Congress with respect to the data and analysis.

"(2) In this subsection, the term 'covered period' means each of the following periods:

"(A) The 10-year period beginning on the date of the enactment of Agricultural Foreign Investment Disclosure Reform Act.

"(B) Each 10-year period thereafter."

### SEC. 120004. CIVIL PENALTY FOR FAILURE TO REPORT OR MISREPORTING.

Section 3(b) of the Agricultural Foreign Investment Disclosure Act of 1978 (7 U.S.C. 3502(b)) is amended by striking ", except that such amount shall not exceed 25 percent of

the fair market value, on the date of the assessment of such penalty, of the interest in agricultural land with respect to which such violation occurred".

AMENDMENT NO. 192 OFFERED BY MR. POCAN OF WISCONSIN

Page 989, line 7, add at the end before the period the following: ", DISTRIBUTION, STORAGE, AND DELIVERY".

Page 989, line 11, insert after "manufacturing" the following: ", distribution, storage, and delivery".

Page 989, after line 23, add the following:

(4) Enhancing the cold chain necessary for the production, delivery, storage, and distribution of vaccines.

Page 990, line 7, insert before "and" the following: ", distribution, storage, and delivery".

Page 990, line 7, insert after "manufacturing" the following: ", distributing, and delivering".

AMENDMENT NO. 193 OFFERED BY MR. POCAN OF WISCONSIN

Page 106, strike line 4 and insert

"(7) Funding.—Out of funds authorized to be appropriated under section 306(1) of the Department of Energy Research and Innovation Act (42 U.S.C. 18644(1)), there are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary \$30,000,000, for each center in existence or established under this subsection, for each of fiscal years 2022 through 2026.".

AMENDMENT NO. 194 OFFERED BY MS. PORTER OF CALIFORNIA

On page 848, line 6, strike ", and freedom from coercion;" and insert ", freedom from coercion, and a unified response to the threat of climate change;".

AMENDMENT NO. 195 OFFERED BY MS. PORTER OF CALIFORNIA

Page 1157, line 20, strike "and" at the end. Page 1157, line 23, strike the period at the end and insert "; and".

Page 1157, after line 23 insert the following: (L) an analysis of national security threats posed to the Pacific Islands by climate change.

AMENDMENT NO. 196 OFFERED BY MS. PORTER OF CALIFORNIA

## Page 1660, after line 6, insert the following: SEC. 71003. STUDY ON EFFECTS OF 6PPD-QUINONE.

Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Commerce, acting through the Administrator of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration shall seek to enter into an agreement with the National Academies of Science, Engineering, and Medicine to conduct a study on the effects of 6PPD-quinone on salmonids, aquatic species, and watersheds, including an economic analysis of declining salmon populations in the United States and the effect of such declining populations have on importation of salmon from other countries.

AMENDMENT NO. 200 OFFERED BY MS. PRESSLEY
OF MASSACHUSETTS

Page 214, after line 22, insert the following: (c) GAO REPORT TO CONGRESS.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General of the United States shall submit a detailed report to Congress on the impact of biometric identification systems on historically marginalized communities, including low-income communities and minority religious, racial, and ethnic groups. Such report should be made publicly available on an internet website.

AMENDMENT NO. 201 OFFERED BY MS. PRESSLEY OF MASSACHUSETTS

Page 226, line 5, strike "and" at the end.

Page 226, line 8, strike the period and insert "; and".

Page 226, after line 8, insert the following: (6) creating an office to study bias in the use of artificial intelligence systems and publish guidance to reduce disparate impacts on historically marginalized communities.

AMENDMENT NO. 205 OFFERED BY MS. ROSS OF NORTH CAROLINA

Page 1710, line 22, insert after "physical sciences," the following: "health professions and related programs,".

AMENDMENT NO. 207 OFFERED BY MS. ROSS OF NORTH CAROLINA

At the end of title XI of division H, add the following:

### SEC. 71104. LEASING ON THE OUTER CONTINENTAL SHELF.

(a) LEASING AUTHORIZED.—The Secretary of the Interior is authorized to grant leases pursuant to section 8(p)(1)(C) of the Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act (43 U.S.C. 1337(p)(1)(C)) in the areas withdrawn by the Presidential Memorandum entitled "Memorandum on the Withdrawal of Certain Areas of the United States Outer Continental Shelf from Leasing Disposition" (issued September 8, 2020) and the Presidential Memorandum entitled "Presidential Determination on the Withdrawal of Certain Areas of the United States Outer Continental Shelf from Leasing Disposition" (issued September 25, 2020).

(b) WITHDRAWALS.—Any Presidential withdrawal of an area of the Outer Continental Shelf from leasing under section 12(a) of the Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act (43 U.S.C. 1341(a)) issued after the date of enactment of this section shall apply only to leasing authorized under subsections (a) and (i) of section 8 of the Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act (43 U.S.C. 1337(a) and 1337(i)), unless otherwise specified.

AMENDMENT NO. 208 OFFERED BY MS. ROSS OF NORTH CAROLINA

Page 748, strike lines 3 and 4, and insert the following:

(F) Advanced communications technology (including optical transmission components) and educational technology.

AMENDMENT NO. 209 OFFERED BY MR. RUPPERSBERGER OF MARYLAND

At the end of division E, add the following new section:

#### SEC. 40103. DEFENSE PRIORITIES EFFECTIVE-NESS STUDY.

The Comptroller General of the United States shall study the effectiveness of the Defense Priorities and Allocations System (as described in part 700 of title 15, Code of Federal Regulations) at assuring the timely availability of industrial resources, including semiconductor and other microelectronics products, to meet national defense and emergency preparedness program requirements.

AMENDMENT NO. 210 OFFERED BY MR. RUSH OF ILLINOIS

Page 68, strike lines 13 and 14 and insert the following:

(C) by redesignating subparagraph (D) as subparagraph (E) and by inserting at the end of such subparagraph the following: "Any applicant with more than 100 employees shall provide data to the Secretary on the racial diversity of their workforce."; and

Page 69, after line 11, insert the following: (4) in subsection (c)(1)(C)(iii), by striking "including efforts to hire individuals from disadvantaged populations; and" and inserting "including—

"(I) efforts to hire individuals from disadvantaged populations; and

"(II) the aggregated racial diversity of workforce data for applicants who received awards made under the program and separately for applicants who unsuccessfully applied for such an award; and". Page 69, line 12, strike "(4)" and insert "(5)".

AMENDMENT NO. 213 OFFERED BY MS. SCANLON OF PENNSYLVANIA

Page 287, after line 17, insert the following: (4) COURSE-BASED UNDERGRADUATE RESEARCH EXPERIENCES.—

- (A) IN GENERAL.—The Director shall carry out a 4-year pilot program under which the Director shall award grants, on a competitive basis, to institutions of higher education and non-profit organizations (or consortia of such institutions or organizations) to establish a total of not fewer than five Centers to develop and scale up successful models for providing undergraduate students with hands-on, discovery-based research courses.
- (B) USE OF FUNDS.—Grants made under this paragraph shall be used to—
- (i) develop, assess, and disseminate models for providing undergraduate students with course-based research experiences across STEM disciplines and education levels;
- (ii) identify and address opportunities and challenges in facilitating implementation across a broad range of institution types, including minority-serving institutions and community colleges;
- (iii) identify and develop best practices to address barriers for faculty, including institutional culture, resources, and incentive structures;
- (iv) identify and address factors that may facilitate or discourage participation by students from all backgrounds;
- (v) provide faculty with curriculum, professional development, training, networking opportunities, and other support to enable the development, adaptation, or expansion of a discovery-based research course; and
- (vi) collect data and carry out research to evaluate the impacts of course-based undergraduate research experiences on the STEM workforce.
- (C) Partnerships.—In making awards under this paragraph, the Director shall consider the extent to which the proposed Center will establish partnerships among multiple types of academic institutions, including community colleges, emerging research institutions, historically Black colleges and universities, Tribal Colleges or Universities, and minority serving institutions, the private sector, and other relevant stakeholders in supporting programs and activities to facilitate faculty training and the widespread and sustained implementation of promising, evidence-based practices, models, programs, and curriculum.
- (D) REPORT.—Not later than 180 days after the date on which the pilot program is completed, the Director shall submit to Congress a report that includes—
- (i) an assessment, that includes feedback from the research community, of the effectiveness of the pilot program in increasing the number, diversity, and workforce readiness of STEM graduates; and
- (ii) if determined to be effective, a plan for permanent implementation of the pilot program.

AMENDMENT NO. 214 OFFERED BY MS. SCANLON OF PENNSYLVANIA

Page 579, line 10, by inserting "the top five" before "leading".

AMENDMENT NO. 215 OFFERED BY MR. SCHNEIDER OF ILLINOIS

### Page 785, after line 11, insert the following: SEC. 20214. GAO REPORT ON GLOBAL SEMICON-DUCTOR SHORTAGE.

Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General of the United States shall submit to Congress a report on the global semiconductor supply shortage and the impact of

that shortage on manufacturing in the United States.

AMENDMENT NO. 216 OFFERED BY MS. SCHRIER
OF WASHINGTON

Page 607, after line 23, insert the following: "(4) CLEAN ENERGY TECHNOLOGY.—The term 'clean energy technology' means a technology that significantly reduces energy use, increases energy efficiency, reduces greenhouse gas emissions, reduces emissions of other pollutants, or mitigates other negative environmental consequences of energy production, transmission or use.

AMENDMENT NO. 218 OFFERED BY MR. SHERMAN OF CALIFORNIA

At the end of division G insert the following:

## TITLE XI—DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS RELATING TO CERTAIN EXEMPTED TRANSACTIONS

#### SEC. 61101. IN GENERAL.

(a) AMENDMENT.—The Securities Exchange Act of 1934 is amended by inserting after section 13A (15 U.S.C. 78m-1) the following:

#### "SEC. 13B. DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS RELAT-ING TO CERTAIN EXEMPTED TRANS-ACTIONS.

- "(a) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, in the case of an issuer that conducts a covered exempted transaction, such issuer shall provide to the Commission, at such time and in such manner as the Commission may prescribe, the following:
  - "(1) The identity of the issuer.
- "(2) The place of incorporation of the issuer.
- "(3) The amount of the issuance and the net proceeds to the issuer.
- ``(4) The principal beneficial owners of the issuer.
- "(5) The intended use of the proceeds from such issuance, including—
- "(A) each country in which the issuer intends to invest such proceeds; and
- "(B) each industry in which the issuer intends to invest such proceeds.
- "(6) The exemption the issuer relies on with respect to such covered exempted transaction.
- "(b) AUTHORITY TO REVISE AND PROMULGATE RULES, REGULATIONS, AND FORMS.—The Commission shall, for the protection of investors and fair and orderly markets, revise and promulgate such rules, regulations, and forms as may be necessary to carry out this section. The Commission shall also issue rules to set conditions for future use of the exemptions for those issuers who do not comply with the disclosure requirements of this section.
- "(c) COVERED EXEMPTED TRANSACTION.— The term 'covered exempted transaction' means an issuance of a security that is exempt from registration under section 5 of the Securities Act of 1933 (15 U.S.C. 77e) that—
- "(1) is structured or intended to comply with—
- "(A) Rule 506(b) of Regulation D, as promulgated by the Commission;
- "(B) Regulation S, as promulgated by the Commission; or
- "(C) Rule 144A, as promulgated by the Commission; and
- "(2) either-
- ''(A) has an issuance equal to \$25,000,000 or greater; or
- "(B) with respect to any 1-year period, has, together with all covered exempted transactions in that period, an aggregate issuance of \$50,000,000 or greater.".
- (b) APPLICABILITY.—The amendment made by subsection (a) shall apply with respect to issuers of covered exempt transactions on the date that is 270 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.

- (c) REPORT.—The Commission shall, each quarter, submit to the Committee of Financial Services of the House of Representatives and Committee of Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs of the Senate a report that includes all information submitted by an issuer under section 13B of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as added by subsection (a), during the previous quarter if such issuer—
  - (1) is-
- (A) incorporated in the People's Republic of China; or
- (B) incorporated outside the People's Republic of China and has significant entities within the People's Republic of China being consolidated with the issuer where the assets of those entities within the People's Republic of China constitute the majority of assets of the consolidated entity; or
- (2) discloses in a filing made pursuant to section 13B of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as added by subsection (a), that the issuer intends to invest the proceeds from issuance of an exempted transaction in the People's Republic of China.

AMENDMENT NO. 219 OFFERED BY MS. SHERRILL OF NEW JERSEY

### At the end of division E, add the following: SEC. 40103. INFLATION STUDY.

The Comptroller General shall, not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, conduct a study and submit to the Congress a report that analyzes—

- (1) the impacts of this Act and the amendments made by this Act on inflation; and
- (2) how all amounts appropriated pursuant to this Act are spent.

AMENDMENT NO. 220 OFFERED BY MS. SHERRILL OF NEW JERSEY

Page 199, line 23, strike "Atmospheric Administration and" and insert "Atmospheric Administration,".

Page 199, line 24, after "Agency" insert the following: "the National Aeronautics and Space Administration, the National Science Foundation, and other Federal agencies, as appropriate.".

Page 200, line 5, after "systems" insert the following: "placed in-situ and on space-based platforms".

Page 201, line 4, strike "and"

Page 201, line 13, strike the period and insert a semicolon.

Page 201, after line 13, insert the following: "(F) coordinate with the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration to ensure data are managed, stewarded, and archived at all levels and promote full and open exchange at Federal and State levels, and with academia, industry, and other users; and

"(G) coordinate with international partners, including international standards organizations, to maintain global greenhouse gas measurement technical standards.".

Page 201, line 22, insert "from in-situ and space-based platforms" before the period at the end.

Page 204, line 2, after "including", insert the following "academia".

Page 204, line 3, strike "and local officials" and insert "local officials, and international partners".

Page 222, line 16, strike "and agility" and insert "agility, and interference mitigation methods".

AMENDMENT NO. 221 OFFERED BY MS. SHERRILL OF NEW JERSEY

At the end of title III of division C, add the following:

### SEC. 20303. IMPROVING THE NATURAL GAS DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM.

(a) PROGRAM.—The Secretary of Energy shall establish a grant program to provide financial assistance to States to offset the incremental rate increases paid by low-income households resulting from the implementation of infrastructure replacement, repair, and maintenance programs that are approved by the rate-setting entity and designed to accelerate the necessary replacement, repair, or maintenance of natural gas distribution systems.

(b) DATE OF ELIGIBILITY.—Awards may be provided under this section to offset rate increases described in subsection (a) occurring on or after the date of enactment of this Act.

- (c) PRIORITIZATION.—The Secretary shall collaborate with States to prioritize the distribution of grants made under this section. At a minimum, the Secretary shall consider prioritizing the distribution of grants to States which have—
- (1) authorized or adopted enhanced infrastructure replacement programs or innovative rate recovery mechanisms, such as infrastructure cost trackers and riders, infrastructure base rate surcharges, deferred regulatory asset programs, and earnings stability mechanisms; and
- (2) a viable means for delivering financial assistance to low-income households.
- (d) AUDITING AND REPORTING REQUIRE-MENTS.—The Secretary shall establish auditing and reporting requirements for States with respect to the performance of eligible projects funded pursuant to grants awarded under this section.

  (e) PREVAILING WAGES.—All laborers and
- (e) PREVAILING WAGES.—All laborers and mechanics employed by contractors or subcontractors in the performance of construction, alteration, or repair work assisted, in whole or in part, by a grant under this section shall be paid wages at rates not less than those prevailing on similar construction in the locality as determined by the Secretary of Labor in accordance with subchapter IV of chapter 31 of title 40. With respect to the labor standards in this subsection, the Secretary of Labor shall have the authority and functions set forth in Reorganization Plan Numbered 14 of 1950 (64 Stat. 1267; 5 U.S.C. App.) and section 3145 of title 40
  - (f) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) INNOVATIVE RATE RECOVERY MECHANISMS.—The term "innovative rate recovery mechanisms" means rate structures that allow State public utility commissions to modify tariffs and recover costs of investments in utility replacement incurred between rate cases.
- (2) LOW-INCOME HOUSEHOLD.—The term "low-income household" means a household that is eligible to receive payments under section 2605(b)(2) of the Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Act of 1981 (42 U.S.C. 8624(b)(2)).
- (g) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— There are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary to carry out this section \$250,000,000 in each of fiscal years 2022 through 2031.

AMENDMENT NO. 222 OFFERED BY MS. SHERRILL OF NEW JERSEY

Page 189, after line 5, insert the following: SEC. 10115. ADDITIONAL RESEARCH.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Energy shall support research to advance adoption of integrated rooftop solar, distributed solar, and microgrid technologies.
- (b) Funding.—There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section \$50,000,000.

AMENDMENT NO. 223 OFFERED BY MS. SHERRILL OF NEW JERSEY

Page 2005, after line 2, insert the following:

### TITLE V—CRITICAL SUPPLY CHAIN SECTORS APPRENTICESHIPS GRANTS

### SEC. 90501. GRANT REQUIREMENTS.

(a) AUTHORITY.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Labor may award grants, contracts, or cooperative

- agreements to eligible entities on a competitive basis for the purposes of expanding the offerings of apprenticeship programs registered under the national apprenticeship system in sectors across the national supply chain with workforce shortages.
- (2) COORDINATION AND TECHNICAL ASSIST-ANCE.—For the purposes of carrying out paragraph (1), the Secretary of Labor shall coordinate with State Offices of Apprenticeship to provide technical assistance, and take additional actions as warranted to support the workforce needs of such sectors.
- (b) APPLICATION.—An eligible entity desiring a grant under this section shall submit an application to the Secretary of Labor at such time, in such manner, and containing such information as the Secretary may reasonably require. At a minimum, each application shall include a proposal to—
- (1) serve employers and workers in sectors across the national supply chain that have workforce shortages and for whom access to a skilled workforce is critical to the function of the United States supply chain; and
- (2) provide opportunities in only nontraditional apprenticeship occupations that are suitable for apprenticeship programs.
- (d) DURATION.—Each grant awarded under this title shall be for a period not to exceed 4 years.
- (e) Definitions.—In this section:
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Except as otherwise provided, any term used in this title that is defined in section 2 of the National Apprenticeship Act, as amended by section 90103 of this Act shall have the meaning given the term in such section.
- (2) APPRENTICESHIP PROGRAM.—The term "apprenticeship program" means an apprenticeship program registered under the national apprenticeship system.
- (3) ELIGIBLE ENTITY.—The term "eligible entity" means—
- (A) a program sponsor of an apprenticeship program:
- (B) a State workforce development board or State workforce agency, or a local workforce development board or local workforce development agency;
- (C) an education and training provider, or a consortium of such providers;
- (D) if the applicant is in a State with a State apprenticeship agency, such State apprenticeship agency;
- (E) an Indian Tribe or Tribal organization:
- (F) an industry or sector partnership, a group of employers, a trade association, or a professional association that sponsors or participates in an apprenticeship program;
  - (G) a Governor of a State;
- (H) a labor organization or joint labormanagement organization; or
- (I) a qualified intermediary.
- (4) Workforce Shortage. The term "workforce shortage" means there are an insufficient number of individuals with the required skills and competencies needed for a particular occupation to meet the current and future demands of employers, as determined by the Secretary of Labor.
- (f) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this title such sums as may be necessary for fiscal year 2023 and each of the succeeding 4 fiscal years.

AMENDMENT NO. 224 OFFERED BY MS. SHERRILL OF NEW JERSEY

Page 1453, after line 11, insert the following:

### SEC. 40103. GAO REPORT ON INFLATION.

Not later than 18 months after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General shall submit to Congress a report that includes the following:

(1) An analysis of the effects of this Act on inflation for the year after the date of the enactment of this Act.

(2) A projection for how this Act will affect inflation during the second year following such date of enactment and for every year thereafter for the next 8 years.

AMENDMENT NO. 225 OFFERED BY MS. SHERRILL OF NEW JERSEY

At the end of title VI of division B, add the following:

### Subtitle G—Better Energy Storage Technology

### SEC. 10671. LONG-DURATION DEMONSTRATION INITIATIVE AND JOINT PROGRAM.

- (a) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—Section 3201(h)(3) of the Energy Act of 2020 (42 U.S.C. 17232(h)(3)) is amended by striking "\$30,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2021 through 2025" and inserting "\$45,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2022 through 2026".
- (b) TECHNICAL CORRECTION.—Effective as of the enactment of the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act, section 40334 of such Act is amended by striking "Energy Policy Act of 2020" and inserting "Energy Act of 2020".

AMENDMENT NO. 226 OFFERED BY MR. SMITH OF WASHINGTON

Add at the end of title III of division I the following:

#### SEC. 80306. CITIZENSHIP FOR CERTAIN CHIL-DREN BORN OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 104 of the Child Citizenship Act of 2000 (8 U.S. C. 1431 note) is amended to read as follows:

#### "SEC. 104. EFFECTIVE DATE.

"The amendments made by this title shall take effect 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act and shall apply—

- "(1) to individuals who satisfy the requirements of section 320 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1431), before, on, or after the date of the enactment of this Act; and
- "(2) to individuals who satisfy the requirements of section 322 (8 U.S.C. 1433) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as in effect on such effective date.".
  - (b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The amendments made by this section shall take effect on the date of the enactment of this section.
- (2) LIMITATION.—An individual who, before the date of the enactment of the Child Citizenship Act of 2000 (Public Law 106-395), satisfied the requirements of section 320(a) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1431(a)), or section 320(b) of such Act, if applicable, is deemed to be a citizen of the United States as of the date of the enactment of this section if such individual is not a citizen of the United States under any other Act.

### AMENDMENT NO. 227 OFFERED BY MR. SOTO OF FLORIDA

Page 76, before line 14, add the following new section:

### SEC. 10003. EXPANDING THE SEMICONDUCTOR INCENTIVE PROGRAM TO INCLUDE NONPROFITS.

Section 9901(2) of William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116-283) is amended by inserting "a nonprofit entity" before "a private entity".

AMENDMENT NO. 228 OFFERED BY MR. SOTO OF FLORIDA

At the end of division J, add the following new title:

### TITLE V—AI JOBS ACT OF 2021

### SEC. 90501. SENSE OF CONGRESS.

It is the sense of Congress that technology can improve the lives of individuals, but can also disrupt jobs, and for this reason, innovation should be encouraged while training and retraining American workers for our 21st century economy.

#### SEC. 90502. REPORT ON ARTIFICIAL INTEL-LIGENCE.

- (a) REPORT REQUIREMENTS.—Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Labor, in collaboration with the individuals and entities described in subsection (b), shall prepare and submit to the Committee on Education and Labor of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions of the Senate, a report on artificial intelligence and its impact on the workforce, which shall include the following:
- (1) Outline the specific data, and the availability of such data, necessary to properly analyze the impact and growth of artificial intelligence.
- (2) Identification of industries that are projected to have the most growth in artificial intelligence use, and whether the technology will result in the enhancement of workers' capabilities or their replacement.
- (3) Analysis of the expertise and education (including computer science literacy) needed to develop, operate, or work alongside artificial intelligence over the next two decades, as compared to the levels of such expertise and education among the workforce as of the date of enactment of this Act.
- (4) Analysis of which demographics (including ethnic, gender, economic, age, and regional) may experience expanded career opportunities, and which such demographics may be vulnerable to career displacement, due to artificial intelligence.
- (5) Any recommendations to alleviate workforce displacement, prepare future workforce members for the artificial-intelligence economy, and any other relevant observations or recommendations within the field of artificial intelligence.
- (b) COLLABORATION.—In preparing the report under subsection (a), the Secretary of Labor shall collaborate, through a series of public meetings, roundtables or other methods. with—
- (1) local educational agencies, institutions of higher education (including community colleges), workforce-training organizations, and National Laboratories:
- (2) a broad range of industrial stakeholders in the technology, manufacturing, and service sectors, including companies (large and small), think tanks, and industry organizations:
- (3) the National Academies of Science, including by sharing relevant information obtained as a result of the study conducted under section 5105 of the National Artificial Intelligence Initiative Act of 2020; and
- (4) the Secretary of Commerce, the National Science Foundation, and the heads of any other Federal agency the Secretary of Labor determines appropriate.

### SEC. 90503. DEFINITIONS.

In this title:

- (1) ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE.—The term "artificial intelligence" has the meaning given the term in section 5002 of the National Artificial Intelligence Initiative Act of 2020 (15 U.S.C. 9401).
- (2) COMMUNITY COLLEGE.—The term "community college" has the meaning given the term "junior or community college" in section 312(f) of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1058(f)).
- (3) Institution of Higher Education.—The term "institution of higher education" has the meaning given the term in section 102 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1002)
- (4) LOCAL EDUCATIONAL AGENCY.—The term "local educational agency" has the meaning given the term in section 8101 of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 7801).

AMENDMENT NO. 231 OFFERED BY MS. SPANBERGER OF VIRGINIA

Page 1848, line 21, insert "transportation," before "and other sectors".

AMENDMENT NO. 232 OFFERED BY MS. SPANBERGER OF VIRGINIA

At the end of subtitle A of title II of division D, add the following:

#### SEC. 30219H. REPORT ON MULTILATERAL EF-FORTS TO ADDRESS LATIN AMER-ICAN FENTANYL TRAFFICKING AND EFFORTS BETWEEN LATIN AMERICA AND CHINA ON FENTANYL TRAF-FICKING.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State, in consultation with the Attorney General and the Secretary of the Treasury, shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a written report that contains—
- (1) a description of United States Government efforts to gain a commitment from the governments of Latin American countries to combat the production and flow of illicit fentanyl products and the metrics used to measure the success of existing bilateral agreements with individual Latin American countries;
- (2) a plan for future steps the United States Government will take to urge the Latin American governments to combat illicit fentanyl production and trafficking originating in their respective countries;
- (3) a description of efforts between China and Latin American countries to combat the production and flow of illicit fentanyl products originating in China and Latin America;
- (4) a description of United States Government efforts to urge China and Latin American countries to detect and deter the financing of the production and flow of illicit fentanyl products originating in China and Latin America, to trace the proceeds of their sale, and to combat related corruption; and
- (5) a plan for future steps the United States Government will take to urge the Latin American governments and Chinese Government to address transnational criminal organizations and combat illicit fentanyl production and trafficking originating in
- their respective countries.
  (b) FORM OF REPORT.—The report required by subsection (a) shall be submitted in unclassified form with a classified annex.
- (c) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES DEFINED.—In this section, the term "appropriate congressional committees" means—
- (1) the Committee on Foreign Affairs, the Committee on the Judiciary, and the Committee on Financial Services of the House of Representatives; and
- (2) the Committee on Foreign Relations, the Committee on the Judiciary, and the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs of the Senate.

AMENDMENT NO. 233 OFFERED BY MS. SPANBERGER OF VIRGINIA

Page 689, line 12, before the period, insert the following: ", including the effect on consumer prices, job losses, national security, or economic competitiveness".

AMENDMENT NO. 234 OFFERED BY MS. SPEIER OF CALIFORNIA

Page 526, strike line 8.

Page 526, line 12, strike the period and insert "; and".

Page 526, after line 12, insert the following: (3) take into consideration any reports filed under subsection (d)(1) when issuing grant awards, cooperative agreements, or contracts.

### AMENDMENT NO. 236 OFFERED BY MS. STANSBURG OF NEW MEXICO

Add at the end of title III of division B the following new section:

#### SEC. 10310. MICROGRAVITY UTILIZATION POLICY.

- (a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that space technology and the utilization of the microgravity environment for science, engineering, and technology development is critical to long-term competitiveness with near-peer competitors, including China.
- (b) Policy.—To the greatest extent appropriate, the National Science Foundation (in this section referred to as the "Foundation") shall facilitate access to the microgravity environment for awardees of funding from the Foundation, including in private sector platforms, for the development of science, engineering, and technology.
- (c) REPORT.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Director of the Foundation shall provide to the appropriate committees of Congress a report on the Foundation's plan for facilitating awardee access to the microgravity environment.

AMENDMENT NO. 241 OFFERED BY MS. STRICKLAND OF WASHINGTON

At the end of title VI of division K, add the following:

## SEC. 106005. PROHIBITION ON LARGE SCALE TRANSPORTATION OF SODIUM CYANIDE BRIQUETTES FOR MINING PURPOSES IN THE UNITED STATES.

The Secretary of Commerce, in coordination with the Secretary of Transportation and the Secretary of Homeland Security, shall—

- (1) not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, issue an interim final rule that is effective not later than 30 days after publication in the Federal Register that bans the transportation of sodium cyanide briquettes for mining purposes in the United States, unless such sodium cyanide briquettes are packaged and transported in ISO steel containers and in accordance with the material's authorized packaging and transportation requirements under parts 171 through 180 of title 49, Code of Federal Regulations; and
- (2) complete, not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, a rule-making investigating and evaluating the impact on the supply chain, competitiveness, national security, labor, and safety implications of the transportation of sodium cyanide briquettes for mining purposes in the United States using a transportation method other than ISO steel containers, in accordance with the material's authorized packaging and transportation requirements.

### AMENDMENT NO. 242 OFFERED BY MR. SWALLWELL OF CALIFORNIA

At the end of title V of division D, insert the following:

#### SEC. 30504. REPORT ON SUPPORT FOR BIO-DEFENSE STEERING COMMITTEE IN IMPLEMENTATION OF NATIONAL BIODEFENSE STRATEGY.

- (a) REPORT.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence, in coordination with the heads of such other elements of the intelligence community as the Director may determine relevant, shall submit to the congressional intelligence committees a report on the efforts of the intelligence community to support the Biodefense Steering Committee in the implementation of the National Biodefense Strategy.
- (b) MATTERS.—The report under subsection (a) shall include the following:
- (1) A description of any previous, ongoing, or planned efforts or activities of the intelligence community to support the implementation of the National Biodefense Strategy by the Biodefense Steering Committee.

- (2) An inventory and assessment of any existing strategy, plan, or policy of the intelligence community, or interagency agreement entered into by the intelligence community, that relates to the provision of support to the Biodefense Steering Committee, including for the implementation of the National Biodefense Strategy.
- (3) A description of assessed opportunities for the intelligence community to further enhance the capabilities and effectiveness of the Biodefense Steering Committee with respect to the implementation of the National Biodefense Strategy.
- (4) An assessment of foreign biological threats emanating from the territory of, or sponsored by, a covered country.
- (c) FORM.—The report under subsection (a) may be submitted in classified form.
  - (d) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) BIODEFENSE.—The term "biodefense" includes actions to counter biological threats, reduce risks relating to biolgoical threats, and prepare for, respond to, and recover from, biological incidents.
- (2) BIODEFENSE STEERING COMMITTEE.—The "Biodefense Steering Committee" term means the committee established pursuant to the presidential memorandum issued on September 18, 2018, and titled "Presidential Memorandum on the Support for National Biodefense", or any successor to such committee.
- (3) BIOLOGICAL THREAT.—The term "biological threat" includes biological warfare. bioterrorism, naturally occurring infectious diseases, and accidental exposures.
- (4) Congressional intelligence commit-TEES: INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY.—The terms "congressional intelligence committees" and "intelligence community" have the meanings given those terms in section 3 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3003).
- (5) COVERED COUNTRY.—The term "covered country" means-
  - (A) the People's Republic of China;
  - (B) the Russian Federation;
- (C) the Islamic Republic of Iran;
- (D) the Democratic People's Republic of Korea:
- (E) any country with a known history of, or assessed to have conditions present for, infectious disease outbreaks or epidemics: and
- (F) any other country the Director of National Intelligence determines appropriate.
- (6) FOREIGN BIOLOGICAL THREAT.—The term "foreign biological threat" means biological warfare, bioterrorism, naturally occurring infectious diseases, and accidental exposures to biological materials, without regard to whether the threat originates from a state actor, a non-state actor, natural conditions. or an undetermined source.
- (7) NATIONAL BIODEFENSE STRATEGY.—The term "National Biodefense Strategy" means the strategy specified in section 1086 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2017 (6 U.S.C. 104).

AMENDMENT NO. 243 OFFERED BY MR. TAKANO OF CALIFORNIA

At the end of title III of division C, add the following:

#### SEC. 20303. CONSIDERATION OF ENERGY STOR-AGE SYSTEMS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 111(d) of the Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act of 1978 (16 U.S.C. 2621(d)) is amended by adding at the end the following:
- "(22) Consideration of energy storage SYSTEMS.—Each State shall consider requiring that, as part of a supply side resource planning process, an electric utility of the State demonstrate to the State that the electric utility considered an investment in energy storage systems based on appropriate factors, including-

- "(B) cost effectiveness;
- "(C) improved reliability;
- "(D) security; and
- "(E) system performance and efficiency."
- (b) TIME LIMITATIONS.—Section 112(b) of the Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act of 1978 (16 U.S.C. 2622(b)) is amended by adding at the end the following:
- '(9)(A) Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this paragraph, each State regulatory authority (with respect to each electric utility for which the State regulatory authority has ratemaking authority) and each nonregulated electric utility shall commence the consideration referred to in section 111, or set a hearing date for consideration, with respect to the standard established by paragraph (22) of section 111(d).
- "(B) Not later than 2 years after the date of enactment of this paragraph, each State regulatory authority (with respect to each electric utility for which the State regulatory authority has ratemaking authority), and each nonregulated electric utility, shall complete the consideration, and shall make the determination, referred to in section 111 with respect to the standard established by paragraph (22) of section 111(d)."
- (c) FAILURE TO COMPLY.—Section 112(c) of the Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act of 1978 (16 U.S.C. 2622(c)) is amended-
- (1) by striking "subsection (b)(2)" and inserting "subsection (b)"; and
- (2) by adding at the end the following: "In the case of the standard established by paragraph (22) of section 111(d), the reference contained in this subsection to the date of enactment of this Act shall be deemed to be a reference to the date of enactment of that paragraph.".
- (d) PRIOR STATE ACTIONS.—Section 112 of the Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act of 1978 (16 U.S.C. 2622) is amended by adding at the end the following:
- "(i) PRIOR STATE ACTIONS.—Subsections (b) and (c) of this section shall not apply to the standard established by paragraph (22) of section 111(d) in the case of any electric utility in a State if, before the enactment of this subsection-
- "(1) the State has implemented for such utility the standard concerned (or a comparable standard);
- (2) the State regulatory authority for such State or relevant nonregulated electric utility has conducted a proceeding to consider implementation of the standard concerned (or a comparable standard) for such utility: or
- (3) the State legislature has voted on the implementation of such standard (or a comparable standard) for such utility.
- (e) PRIOR AND PENDING PROCEEDINGS.—Section 124 of the Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act of 1978 (16 U.S.C. 2634) is amended by adding at the end the following: "In the case of the standard established by paragraph (22) of section 111(d), the reference contained in this section to the date of the enactment of this Act shall be deemed to be a reference to the date of enactment of such paragraph (22).'

### SEC. 20304. COORDINATION OF PROGRAMS.

To the maximum extent practicable, the Secretary of Energy shall ensure that the funding and administration of the different offices within the Grid Modernization Initiative of the Department of Energy and other programs conducting energy storage search are coordinated and streamlined.

AMENDMENT NO. 245 OFFERED BY MR. TONKO OF NEW YORK

At the end of title III of division C, add the following:

- "(A) total costs and normalized life cycle SEC. 20303. STATE FLEX-TECH ENERGY PRO-GRAM.
  - (a) IN GENERAL.--Part D of title III of the Energy Policy and Conservation Act (42 U.S.C. 6321 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following:

#### "SEC. 367. FLEX-TECH ENERGY PROGRAM TO EN-HANCE MANUFACTURING COMPETI-TIVENESS.

- "(a) FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE —Upon request from the State energy agency of a State that has in effect an approved State energy conservation plan under this part, or an Indian Tribe, the Secretary shall provide financial assistance to such State energy agency or Indian Tribe to be used for the development, implementation, improvement, or expansion of a flex-tech energy program described in subsection (b) to enhance manufacturing competitiveness.
- "(b) Flex-Tech Energy Program Ele-MENTS -
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—A flex-tech energy program may include-
- "(A) provision of technical and administrative assistance to manufacturers through qualified engineering firms, as determined
- by the State energy agency or Indian Tribe; "(B) provision of financial assistance to manufacturers-
- "(i) for energy studies of manufacturing facilities that are conducted by qualified engineering firms; and
- "(ii) to support the implementation of the measures and recommendations identified in energy studies conducted pursuant to clause (i), including the design, acquisition, installation, testing, operation, maintenance, and repair of energy- and water-using systems. resiliency-related measures, emissions reduction-related measures, utility cost savings measures, and measures related to advanced manufacturing technologies and artificial intelligence; and
- "(C) reporting on monitoring, tracking, and success metrics of the program.
- "(2) STUDIES.—An energy study of a manufacturing facility conducted pursuant to paragraph (1)(B) may include-
- '(A) an evaluation of the energy-using systems of the facility, including evaluation of the performance of such systems relative to design intent, operational needs of the facility and its occupants, and operation and maintenance procedures:
- "(B) an evaluation of emissions related to the facility, including greenhouse gas emissions, and recommendations on sustainability planning and practices;
- (C) an evaluation of potential energy efficiency, water efficiency, greenhouse gas emissions mitigation, and load reduction measures for the facility:
- "(D) an evaluation of potential on-site energy measures. including grid-interactive efficiency systems, combined heat and power, efficient compressed air systems, energy storage, energy management systems, renewable thermal systems, and electrification or other forms of fuel switching:
- "(E) recommendations on the use of new technologies by the applicable manufacturer:
- "(F) detailed estimates of potential implementation costs, operating cost savings, energy savings, emissions reductions, and simple payback periods, for measures and recommendations identified in such study.
- (3) QUALIFIED ENGINEERING FIRMS.—A State energy agency or Indian Tribe administering a flex-tech energy program shall maintain and regularly update a publicly available list of qualified engineering firms that are approved by the State energy agency or Indian Tribe to provide assistance to manufacturers pursuant to this section.
  - (c) Funding.-
- "(1) ALLOCATION.—Except as provided in paragraph (2), to the extent practicable, the

Secretary shall allocate funding made available to carry out this section in accordance with the formula used for distribution of Federal financial assistance provided pursuant to this part to States that have in effect an approved State energy conservation plan under this part.

"(2) INDIAN TRIBES.—The Secretary shall set aside and distribute not less than 5 percent of amounts made available for each fiscal year to carry out this section to provide financial assistance—

"(A) to Indian Tribes; or

"(B) directly to manufacturers located in Indian Country or, in the case of Alaska, an Alaska Native Village Statistical Area, as identified by the U.S. Census Bureau, for energy studies and implementation of the measures and recommendations identified in such energy studies, as described in subsection (b)(1)(B).

"(3) USE OF FUNDS.—

- "(A) ENERGY STUDIES; ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES.—A State energy agency or Indian Tribe that receives financial assistance pursuant to this section for a fiscal year may not—
- "(i) use more than 50 percent of such financial assistance for energy studies;
- $\lq\lq$ (ii) use more than  $\bar{50}$  percent of such financial assistance to support the implementation of recommendations from such energy studies; and
- "(iii) use more than 10 percent of such financial assistance for administrative expenses, including for outreach and technical assistance.
- "(B) INDIVIDUAL MANUFACTURING FACILITY.—A State energy agency that receives financial assistance pursuant to this section for a fiscal year may not use more than 5 percent of such financial assistance with respect to an individual manufacturing facility.
- "(4) SUPPLEMENT.—Financial assistance provided to a State energy agency or Indian Tribe pursuant to this section shall be used to supplement, not supplant, any Federal, State, or other funds otherwise made available to such State under this part.
- "(5) FINANCING.—To the extent practicable, a State energy agency or Indian Tribe shall implement a flex-tech energy program described in subsection (b) using funding provided under this Act, public financing, private financing, or any other sources of funds.

"(d) TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.—

- "(1) IN GENERAL.—Upon request of a State energy agency or Indian Tribe, the Secretary shall provide information and technical assistance in the development, implementation, improvement, or expansion of a flextech energy program described in subsection (b).
- "(2) INCLUSIONS.—Technical assistance provided pursuant to paragraph (1) may include program design options to, with respect to manufacturers that employ fewer than 500 full-time equivalent employees at a manufacturing facility—
- "(A) meet the needs of such manufacturers; and
- "(B) encourage the use of advanced manufacturing processes by such manufacturers, including use of additive manufacturing, advanced sensors and controls, techniques to reduce embedded emissions, and advanced composite materials.
  - "(e) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- "(1) INDIAN COUNTRY.—The term 'Indian Country' means—
- "(A) all land within the limits of any Indian reservation under the jurisdiction of the United States Government, notwithstanding the issuance of any patent, and, including rights-of-way running through the reservation:

- "(B) all dependent Indian communities within the borders of the United States whether within the original or subsequently acquired territory thereof, and whether within or without the limits of a State; and
- "(C) all Indian allotments, the Indian titles to which have not been extinguished, including rights-of-way running through the same.

"(2) INDIAN TRIBE.—The term 'Indian Tribe' has the meaning given the term in section 4 of the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act (25 U.S.C. 5304).

- "(3) STATE ENERGY AGENCY.—The term 'State energy agency' has the meaning given such term in section 391(10).".
- (b) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—The table of contents for the Energy Policy and Conservation Act is amended by adding after the item related to section 366 the following:

Sec. 367. Flex-tech energy program to enhance manufacturing competitiveness.".

(c) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—Section 365(f) of the Energy Policy and Conservation Act (42 U.S.C. 6325(f)) is amended by adding at the end the following:

"(3) FLEX-TECH ENERGY PROGRAM TO ENHANCE MANUFACTURING COMPETITIVENESS.—In addition to the authorization of appropriations under paragraph (1), for the purposes of carrying out section 367, there is authorized to be appropriated \$100,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2022 through 2026.".

AMENDMENT NO. 246 OFFERED BY MRS. TORRES OF CALIFORNIA

Page 1038, line 5, insert ", including for indigenous and African-descendant communities" before the semicolon.

Page 1038, line 15, insert ", including for in-

Page 1038, line 15, insert ", including for indigenous and African-descendant communities" before the semicolon.

Page 1039, line 6, insert "national, regional, and local" after "strengthen".

AMENDMENT NO. 247 OFFERED BY MRS. TORRES OF CALIFORNIA

In section 30247, add at the end the following:

(d) REPORT ON IMET ACTIVITIES.—

- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State shall provide a report to the House and Senate Appropriations Committees, House and Senate Armed Services Committee, Senate Foreign Relations Committee, and House Foreign Affairs Committee a report on the use of the International Military Education and Training Program (IMET) in the countries of Latin America since 2012, including relating to the following:
- (A) The number of security units trained in each country.
- (B) Which security service units, by country and unit, received IMET education and training despite credible allegations of corruption, impeding democratic processes, or involvement in drug trafficking prior to IMET program.
- (C) Which security service units, by country and unit, received IMET education and training, and subsequently had credible allegations of corruption, impeding democratic processes, or involvement in drug trafficking.
- (D) Which security service units, by country and unit, were involved in violations of human rights subsequent to their involvement in IMET programs.
- (2) FORM.—The report required under paragraph (1) shall be submitted in unclassified form but may contain a classified annex if necessary.

AMENDMENT NO. 248 OFFERED BY MRS. TORRES OF CALIFORNIA

Page 1047, line 3, strike "and" after the semicolon.

Page 1047, line 6, strike the period and insert "; and".

Page 1047, beginning line 7, insert the following:

(10) support and promote programs that support independent judicial sectors, anti-corruption efforts, rule of law activities, and good governance.

AMENDMENT NO. 250 OFFERED BY MRS. TRAHAN OF MASSACHUSETTS

Page 141, strike "\$50,000,000" and insert "\$100,000,000".

Page 142, strike lines 15 through 20 and insert the following:

- (B) in subparagraph (C), strik "\$105,000,000" and insert "\$150,000,000";
- (C) in subparagraph (D), strike "65,000,000 for fiscal year 2024; and" and insert "\$250,000,000 for fiscal year 2024;";
- (D) in subparagraph (E), strike "\$45,000,000 for fiscal year 2025." and insert "\$250,000,000 for fiscal year 2025; and"; and
  - (E) by adding at the end the following:

"(F) \$150,000,000 for fiscal year 2026.".

Page 151, line 5, strike "\$1,095,707,000" and insert "\$1,190,707,000".

Page 151, line 6, strike "\$1,129,368,490" and insert "\$1,364,368,490".

Page 151, line 7, strike "\$1,149,042,284" and insert "\$1,404,042,284".

Page 151, line 8, strike "\$1,243,097,244" and insert "\$1,398,097,244".

Page 187, strike lines 5 through 8 and insert the following:

- '(2) \$9.546.015.300 for fiscal year 2023:
- "(3) \$10,395,677,621 for fiscal year 2024;
- "(4) \$10,948,625,004 for fiscal year 2025; and
- "(5) \$11,300,798,345 for fiscal year 2026."

AMENDMENT NO. 251 OFFERED BY MRS. TRAHAN OF MASSACHUSETTS

Page 829, after line 23 insert the following:

### SEC. 20419. HIGH-QUALITY MASKS FOR CHIL-DREN.

- (a) INCLUSION IN STOCKPILE.—Section 319F—2(a)(1) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 247d-6b(a)(1)) is amended by inserting after "shall maintain a stockpile or stockpiles of drugs, vaccines and other biological products, medical devices, and other supplies (including personal protective equipment" the following: "(which may include high-quality pediatric masks, a percentage of which may be small adult masks for pediatric use)".
- (b) GUIDANCE FOR PEDIATRIC MASKS.—The Secretary of Health and Human Services, in consultation with the Director of the National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health, pediatricians, child health care provider organizations, manufacturers, and other relevant stakeholders, shall—
- (1) develop guidelines for the use of respirators, barrier face coverings, or masks for use in pediatric populations, which may be made available through the Strategic National Stockpile under section 319F-2 of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 247d-6b) for public health emergencies declared under section 319 of such Act (42 U.S.C. 247d); and
- (2) not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, submit to the Committee on Energy and Commerce of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Health, Education, Labor and Pensions of the Senate a report on pediatric masks that includes the guidelines developed under paragraph (1).

AMENDMENT NO. 252 OFFERED BY MS. UNDERWOOD OF ILLINOIS

Page 490, strike line 4.

Page 490, after line 3, insert the following:

(x) creating partnerships with local industries and local educational agencies to tailor STEM curricula and educational experiences to the needs of a particular local or regional economy; and

Page 490, line 5, strike "(x)" and insert "(xi)".

AMENDMENT NO. 253 OFFERED BY MS.
VELÁZQUEZ OF NEW YORK

At the end of title VI of division B, insert the following new subtitle:

### Subtitle G—SBIR, STTR, and Pilot Extensions

### SEC. 10671. SMALL BUSINESS INNOVATION PROGRAMS AND PILOT EXTENSIONS.

Section 9 of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 638) is amended by striking "2022" each place it appears and inserting "2027".

AMENDMENT NO. 254 OFFERED BY MR. WELCH OF VERMONT

Page 766, after line 18, add the following:

(c) USE OF FUNDS.—The Corporation may only use funds provided under subsection (a) to promote travel from countries the citizens and nationals of which are permitted to enter into the United States.

(d) REPORT REQUIRED.—Not later than 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, Brand USA shall submit to Congress a plan for obligating and expending the amounts described in subsection (a).

AMENDMENT NO. 257 OFFERED BY MS. WILD OF PENNSYLVANIA

Insert after section 30226 the following:

### SEC. 30227. PROHIBITION ON CERTAIN ASSISTANCE TO THE PHILIPPINES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—No funds authorized to be appropriated or otherwise made available by this Act are authorized to be made available to provide assistance for the Philippine National Police, including assistance in the form of equipment or training, until the Secretary of State certifies to the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate that the Government of the Philippines has—

(1) investigated and successfully prosecuted members of the Philippine National Police who have violated human rights, ensured that police personnel cooperated with judicial authorities in such cases, and affirmed that such violations have ceased;

(2) established that the Philippine National Police effectively protects the rights of trade unionists, journalists, human rights defenders, critics of the government, faith and religious leaders, and other civil society activists to operate without interference:

(3) taken effective steps to guarantee a judicial system that is capable of investigating, prosecuting, and bringing to justice members of the police and military who have committed human rights abuses; and

(4) fully complied with domestic and United States audits and investigations regarding the improper use of prior security assistance.

(b) WAIVER.—The President may, on a case-by-case basis and for periods not to exceed 180 days each, waive the prohibition under subsection (a) if the President certifies to the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate not later than 15 days before such waiver is to take effect that such waiver is vital to the national security interests of the United States or its partners and allies.

AMENDMENT NO. 259 OFFERED BY MS. WILLIAMS OF GEORGIA

Page 504, line 20, after "research,", insert "facilitate professional development, and provide mentorship".

Page 508, line 2, after "grant proposals", insert "and how to bolster grant management capacity for the entire grant lifecycle, from application to completion".

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to House Resolution 900, the gen-

tlewoman from Texas (Ms. JOHNSON) and the gentleman from Texas (Mr. Babin) each will control 10 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentle-woman from Texas.

Ms. JOHNSON of Texas. Madam Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

We have examined all of the amendments. I support them all, and I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. BABIN. Madam Speaker, this bloc of amendments includes nearly every single Democrat amendment that was made in order by the Rules Committee. I can't pretend to know why these particular amendments were made in order because that decision was made behind closed doors rather than in a bipartisan manner.

I will say that the sheer number of amendments being considered en bloc shows that even Members of the Speaker's own party didn't have the chance to contribute to the underlying bill until now

I will also say that, unfortunately, most of these provisions take a bad bill and simply make it worse. These amendments add studies on declining salmon populations, direct USDA to research fake meat, and establish an entirely new institute to focus on zero-emission locomotives.

Whether or not any of these are worthy policies, I think we can all agree that they do not belong in a legislative package meant to address the threat of the Chinese Communist Party and to make America more competitive globally.

America's economic success for generations has been driven by our investment in transformational basic research. The Chinese Communist Party wants to copy that success and take over as the global leader in science and technology. They are investing more money in R&D than we are and graduating many more STEM professionals than we are as well.

They have a laser focus on surpassing the United States and reaping the economic and national defense benefits that come with technological superiority.

They aren't wasting time on fake meat and trains, and we should not be either

I urge my colleagues to oppose these amendments, and I yield back the balance of my time.

Ms. JOHNSON of Texas. Madam Speaker, I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. SHERMAN. Madam Speaker, I include in the RECORD the accompanying three letters from Americans for Financial Reform, the Consumer Federation of America, and Public Citizen, which express support for my amendment, No. 573, which was included in En Bloc amendment No. 1 to H.R. 4521.

AMERICANS FOR FINANCIAL REFORM, February 2, 2022.

DEAR MEMBERS OF THE COMMITTEE: Americans for Financial Reform support Chairman Sherman's amendments to amend H.R. 4521, the America COMPETES Act.

We support Representative Sherman's amendments that would close some of the gaps that allow covered companies to escape from financial reporting requirements with the Securities and Exchange Commission through exemptions in Regulation D, Regulation S, and Rule 144A. This would increase transparency and accountability.

The amendment would require identification of:

Issuer

Issuer's place of incorporation Amount of issuance Principal beneficiaries of issuer

Use of proceeds, including each country and industry where proceeds are invested.

Sincerely,

AMERICANS FOR FINANCIAL REFORM.

CONSUMER FEDERATION OF AMERICA, February 2, 2022.

Re Support for Amendment #573 to H.R. 4521. Hon. Brad Sherman,

Washington, DC.

DEAR CONGRESSMAN SHERMAN: On behalf of the Consumer Federation of America (CFA), I am writing to express support for your amendment to H.R. 4521, the America COMPETES Act of 2022. By requiring certain privately held issuers to disclose basic information to the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), your amendment will promote additional transparency in the "private placement" market and enhance investor protection.

CFA has long been concerned about the rapid expansion and relative opacity of the private securities markets. Under the current exempt offering framework, foreign and domestic issuers can access virtually unlimited amounts of private capital without ever having to register with the SEC or engage in ongoing reporting under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Moreover, many other stakeholders, including state securities regulators, SEC Commissioners, leading academics and practitioners, and others—have echoed CFA's concerns in this regard.

In December of 2020, Congress passed the Holding Foreign Companies Accountable Act, which requires that any U.S. exchangelisted foreign company be delisted if, for three consecutive years, the PCAOB is unable to inspect the primary auditor of that company. As hearings held by the House Financial Services Subcommittee on Investor Protection, Entrepreneurship and Capital Markets have established, in the event that foreign issuers—and especially issuers based in the People's Republic of China (PRC), are prevented from listing on U.S. securities exchanges pursuant to the Holding Foreign Companies Accountable Act, it is possible and indeed likely that such issuers may attempt to utilize the exempt offering framework as a means to continue to raise large amounts of capital from U.S. investors. Your amendment anticipates this possibility and takes important steps to prevent it.

In summary, your amendment will enact important reforms to the exempt offering framework to enhance transparency for the investing public with respect to privately issued securities sold by foreign issuers. Such reforms are commendable in-and-of themselves. Your amendment would also compliment the Holding Foreign Companies Accountable Act by making it more difficult for foreign issuers to ignore its requirements while continuing to raise capital from U.S. investors. For those reasons, CFA is pleased to support your amendment.

Thank you for your attention to CFA's views. Please do not hesitate to contact me should you have any questions.

Sincerely.

DYLAN BRUCE, Financial Services Counsel, Consumer Federation of America. Public Citizen, Washington, DC, February 2, 2022.

Hon. NANCY PELOSI,

 $Speaker,\,House\,\,of\,\,Representatives,$ 

Washington DC.

DEAR SPEAKER PELOSI: On behalf of more than 500,000 members and supporters of Public Citizen, we support an amendment sponsored by Rep. Brad Sherman (D-Calif) to the "America COMPETES Act" regarding disclosure requirements of certain securities transactions, including those involving Chinese corporations.

Currently, foreign companies that wish to raise capital in American securities markets may do so through a number of exemptions (Rule 506(b), Regulation S, or Rule 144a) that allow them to avoid basic disclosures that apply to standard securities. In fact, more than 60 percent of capital raised in US securities markets is generated under one of these exemptions, according to a report from the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). As a matter of national security and basic investor protection, we believe that improved disclosure is warranted.

The Sherman Amendment would require firms using one of these exemptions to disclose: the place of incorporation of the issuer; the amount of capital raised; the principal beneficial owners; the intended use of the proceeds; each country in which the issuer intends to invest the proceeds; and each industry in which the issuer intends to invest such proceeds. This amendment will apply to transactions of more than \$25 million, or those the aggregate to more than \$50 million in a one-year period. Finally, the SEC must report to the House Financial Services Committee all those transactions that relate either to a firm incorporated in the People's Republic of China or maintains significant entities within China that are consolidated in the parent company.

We believe these additional disclosures will be valuable to investors as well as those responsible for national security to better understand how American capital is deployed.

For questions, please contact Bartlett Naylor.

Sincerely,

PUBLIC CITIZEN.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to House Resolution Number 900, the previous question is ordered on the amendments en bloc offered by the gentlewoman from Texas (Ms. JOHNSON).

The question is on the amendments en bloc.

The question was taken; and the Speaker pro tempore announced that the ayes appeared to have it.

Mr. BABIN. Madam Speaker, on that I demand the yeas and nays.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to section 3(s) of House Resolution 8, the yeas and nays are ordered.

Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, further proceedings on this question are postponed.

AMENDMENTS EN BLOC NO. 2 OFFERED BY MS. BONAMICI OF OREGON

Ms. BONAMICI. Madam Speaker, as the designee of Chairwoman JOHNSON, pursuant to House Resolution 900, I offer amendments en bloc.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Clerk will designate the amendments en bloc.

Amendments en bloc 2 consisting of amendment Nos. 8, 15, 18, 25, 44, 47, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 57, 59, 60, 62, 76, 78, 81, 82,

83, 88, 95, 100, 101, 107, 111, 114, 117, 118, 119, 120, 135, 137, 162, 174, 178, 187, 197, 202, 203, 204, 206, 211, 212, 229, 230, 235, 237, 238, 249, 255, 256, and 258 printed in part D of House Report 117–241, offered by Ms. Bonamici of Oregon:

AMENDMENT NO. 8 OFFERED BY MR. BANKS OF INDIANA

Insert after section 30325 the following:
SEC. 30326. DETERMINATION WITH RESPECT TO
THE IMPOSITION OF SANCTIONS ON
ENTITIES INVOLVED IN USING
UYGHUR FORCED LABOR.

- (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following:
- (1) U.S. Customs and Border Protection seized a shipment of 40.31 megawatts of modules manufactured by LONGi Green Energy Technology Co. in October 2021 out of the concerns that LONGi used forced Uyghur labor in Xinjiang.
- (2) The Department of Commerce added five Chinese entities to the entity list for participating in using forced Uyghur labor in Xinjiang in June 2021, these entities include: Hoshine Silicon Industry (Shanshan) Co., Ltd, Xinjiang Daqo New Energy Co., Ltd, Xinjiang East Hope Nonferrous Metals Co., Ltd, and Xinjiang GCL New Energy, Xinjiang Production and Construction Corps (XPCC).
- (3) The Uyghur Human Rights Policy Act of 2021 (Public Law 116-145), as amended by Public Law 117-78, requires the President to impose asset blocking sanctions on foreign persons responsible for serious human rights abuses in connection with forced labor in Xinjiang, China.
- (b) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Treasury, in consultation with the Secretary of State, shall report to the appropriate congressional committees a determination, including a detailed justification, regarding whether LONGi Green Energy Technology Co., Hoshine Silicon Industry (Shanshan) Co., Ltd, Xinjiang Daqo New Energy Co., Ltd, Xinjiang East Hope Nonferrous Metals Co., Ltd, and Xinjiang GCL New Energy, each meets the criteria for designation under section 6 of the Uvghur Human Rights Policy Act (Public Law 116-145), as amended by section 5 of the Uvghur Forced Labor Prevention Act (Public Law 117-78).
- (b) Public Availability of Information.— The report required under this section shall be made available on a publicly available website of the Federal Government.
- (c) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES DEFINED.—In this section, the term "appropriate congressional committees" means—
- (1) the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs, the Committee on Finance, the Committee on Foreign Relations, and the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate: and
- (2) the Committee on Financial Services, the Committee on Ways and Means, the Committee on Foreign Affairs, and the Committee on Armed Services of the House of Representatives.

AMENDMENT NO. 15 OFFERED BY MS. BONAMICI OF OREGON

Page 641, after line 22, insert the following: Subtitle G—Coastal and Ocean Acidification Stressors and Threats Research

### SECTION 10671. SHORT TITLE.

this subtitle may be cited as the "Coastal and Ocean Acidification Stressors and Threats Research Act of 2021" or the "COAST Research Act of 2021".

### SEC. 10672. PURPOSES.

(a) In General.—Section 12402(a) of the Federal Ocean Acidification Research and

Monitoring Act of 2009 (33 U.S.C. 3701(a)) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1)—

- (A) in the matter preceding subparagraph (A), by striking "development and coordination" and inserting "coordination and implementation";
- (B) in subparagraph (A), by striking "acidification on marine organisms" and inserting "acidification and coastal acidification on marine organisms"; and
- (C) in subparagraph (B), by striking "establish" and all that follows through the semicolon and inserting "maintain and advise an interagency research, monitoring, and public outreach program on ocean acidification and coastal acidification."
- fication and coastal acidification;";
  (2) in paragraph (2), by striking "establishment" and inserting "maintenance";
- (3) in paragraph (3), by inserting "and coastal acidification" after "ocean acidification"; and
- (4) in paragraph (4), by inserting "and coastal acidification that take into account other environmental and anthropogenic stressors" after "ocean acidification".
- (b) TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMEND-MENT.—Section 12402 of the Federal Ocean Acidification Research and Monitoring Act of 2009 (33 U.S.C. 3701(a)) is amended by striking "(a) Purposes.—".

#### SEC. 10673. DEFINITIONS.

Section 12403 of the Federal Ocean Acidification Research and Monitoring Act of 2009 (33 U.S.C. 3702) is amended—

- (1) in paragraph (1), by striking "of the Earth's oceans" and all that follows before the period at the end and inserting "and changes in the water chemistry of the Earth's oceans, coastal estuaries, and waterways caused by carbon dioxide from the atmosphere and the breakdown of organic matter";
- (2) in paragraph (3), by striking "Joint Subcommittee on Ocean Science and Technology of the National Science and Technology Council" and inserting "National Science and Technology Council Subcommittee on Ocean Science and Technology".
- (3) by redesignating paragraphs (1), (2), and (3) as paragraphs (2), (3), and (4), respectively;
- (4) by inserting before paragraph (2), as so redesignated, the following new paragraph:
- "(1) COASTAL ACIDIFICATION.—The term 'coastal acidification' means the combined decrease in pH and changes in the water chemistry of coastal oceans, estuaries, and other bodies of water from chemical inputs (including carbon dioxide from the atmosphere), freshwater inputs, and excess nutrient run-off from land and coastal atmospheric pollution that result in processes that release carbon dioxide, acidic nitrogen, and sulfur compounds as byproducts which end up in coastal waters."; and
- (5) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:
- "(5) STATE.—The term 'State' means each State of the United States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, American Samoa, Guam, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, the Virgin Islands of the United States, and any other territory or possession of the United States."

### SEC. 10674. INTERAGENCY WORKING GROUP.

Section 12404 of the Federal Ocean Acidification Research and Monitoring Act of 2009 (33 U.S.C. 3703) is amended—

- (1) in the heading, by striking "Sub-committee" and inserting "Working Group";
  - (2) in subsection (a)—

- (A) in paragraph (1), by striking "Joint Subcommittee on Ocean Science and Technology of the National Science and Technology Council shall coordinate Federal activities on ocean acidification and establish" and insert "Subcommittee shall establish and maintain":
- (B) in paragraph (2), by striking "Wildlife Service," and inserting "Wildlife Service, the Bureau of Ocean Energy Management, the Environmental Protection Agency, the Department of Agriculture, the Department of State, the Department of Energy, the Department of the Navy, the National Park Service, the Bureau of Indian Affairs, the National Institute of Standards and Technology, the Smithsonian Institution,"; and
- (C) in paragraph (3), in the heading, by striking "CHAIRMAN" and inserting "CHAIR";
  - (3) in subsection (b)-
- (A) in paragraph (1), by inserting ", including the efforts of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration to facilitate such implementation" after "of the plan";
  - (B) in paragraph (2)—
- (i) in subparagraph (A), by inserting "and coastal acidification" after "ocean acidification"; and
- (ii) in subparagraph (B), by inserting "and coastal acidification" after "ocean acidification":
- (C) in paragraph (4), by striking "; and" and inserting a semicolon;
  - (D) in paragraph (5)—
- (i) by striking "developed" and inserting "and coastal acidification developed"; and
- (ii) by striking the period at the end and inserting "and coastal acidification; and"; and
- (E) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:
- "(6) ensure that each of the Federal agencies represented on the interagency working group—
- "(A) participates in the Ocean Acidification Information Exchange established under paragraph (5); and
- "(B) delivers data and information to support the data archive system established under section 12406(d).";
- (4) in subsection (c), in paragraph (2)-
- (A) by inserting ", and to the Office of Management and Budget," after "House of Representatives": and
- (B) in subparagraph (B), by striking "the interagency research" and inserting "interagency strategic research";
- (5) by redesignating subsection (c) as subsection (d); and
- (6) by inserting after subsection (b) the following:
  - "(c) Advisory Board.—
- "(1) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Chair of the Subcommittee shall establish an Ocean Acidification Advisory Board.
- "(2) DUTIES.—The Advisory Board shall—
- ''(A) not later than 180 days before the Sub-committee submits the most recent report under subsection (d)(2)—
  - "(i) review such report;
- ''(ii) submit an analysis of such report to the Subcommittee for consideration in the final report submitted under subsection (d)(2); and
- "(iii) concurrently with the Subcommittee's final submission of the report under subsection (d)(2), the Advisory Board shall submit a copy of the analysis provided to the Subcommittee to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate, the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology of the House of Representatives, and the Committee on Natural Resources of the House of Representatives;
- "(B) not later than 180 days before the Subcommittee submits the most recent strategic research plan under subsection (d)(3) to Congress—

- "(i) review such plan;
- "(ii) submit an analysis of such plan and the implementation thereof to the Subcommittee for consideration in the final strategic research plan submitted under subsection (d)(3); and
- "(iii) concurrently with the Subcommittee's final submission of the strategic research plan under subsection (d)(3), the Advisory Board shall submit a copy of the analysis provided to the Subcommittee to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate, the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology of the House of Representatives, and the Committee on Natural Resources of the House of Representatives;
- "(C) provide ongoing advice to the Subcommittee and the interagency working group on matters related to Federal activities on ocean acidification and coastal acidification:
- "(D) advise the Subcommittee and the interagency working group on—
- "(i) efforts to coordinate research and monitoring activities related to ocean acidification and coastal acidification; and
- "(ii) the best practices for the standards developed for data archiving under section 12406(e):
- "(E) publish in the Federal Register a charter:
- ''(F) provide the Library of Congress with—  $\,$
- "(i) the charter described in subparagraph (E);
- "(ii) any schedules and minutes for meetings of the Advisory Board;
- ings of the Advisory Board;
  "(iii) any documents that are approved by
- the Advisory Board; and "(iv) any reports and analysis prepared by the Advisory Board; and
- "(G) establish a publicly accessible web page on the website of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, that contains the information described in clauses (i) through (iv) of subparagraph (F).
- "(3) MEMBERSHIP.—The Advisory Board shall consist of 24 members as follows:
- "(A) Two representatives of the shellfish and crab industry.
- "(B) One representative of the finfish industry.
- $\mbox{\ensuremath{^{\prime\prime}}}(C)$  One representative of seafood processors.
- "(D) Three representatives from academia, including both natural and social sciences.
- "(E) One representative of recreational fishing.
- "(F) One representative of a relevant nongovernmental organization.
- "(G) Six representatives from relevant State, local, and Tribal governments.
- "(H) One representative from the Alaska Ocean Acidification Network or a subsequent entity that represents the same geographical region and has a similar purpose.
- "(I) One representative from the California Current Acidification Network or a subsequent entity that represents the same geographical region and has a similar purpose.
- "(J) One representative from the Northeast Coastal Acidification Network or a subsequent entity that represents the same geographical region and has a similar purpose.
- "(K) One representative from the Southeast Coastal Acidification Network or a subsequent entity that represents the same geographical region and has a similar purpose.
- "(L) One representative from the Gulf of Mexico Coastal Acidification Network or a subsequent entity that represents the same geographical region and has a similar purpose.
- "(M) One representative from the Mid-Atlantic Coastal Acidification Network or a subsequent entity that represents the same

- geographical region and has a similar purpose.
- "(N) One representative from the Pacific Islands Ocean Observing System or a subsequent entity that represents the island territories and possessions of the United States in the Pacific Ocean, and the State of Hawaii and has a similar purpose.
- "(O) One representative from the Caribbean Regional Association for Coastal Ocean Observing or a subsequent entity that represents Puerto Rico and the United States Virgin Islands and has a similar purpose.
- "(P) One representative from the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration shall serve as an ex-officio member of the Advisory Board without a vote.
- "(4) APPOINTMENT OF MEMBERS.—The Chair of the Subcommittee shall—
- "(A) appoint members to the Advisory Board (taking into account the geographical interests of each individual to be appointed as a member of the Advisory Board to ensure that an appropriate balance of geographical interests are represented by the members of the Advisory Board) who—
- "(i) represent the interest group for which each seat is designated:
- "(ii) demonstrate expertise on ocean acidification or coastal acidification and its scientific, economic, industry, cultural, and community impacts: and
- "(iii) have a record of distinguished service with respect to ocean acidification or coastal acidification, and such impacts;
- "(B) give consideration to nominations and recommendations from the members of the interagency working group and the public for such appointments: and
- "(C) ensure that an appropriate balance of scientific, industry, and geographical interests are represented by the members of the Advisory Board.
- "(5) TERM OF MEMBERSHIP.—Each member of the Advisory Board—
- "(A) shall be appointed for a 5-year term;
- $\mbox{``(B)}$  may be appointed to more than one term.
- "(6) CHAIR.—The Chair of the Subcommittee shall appoint one member of the Advisory Board to serve as the Chair of the Advisory Board.
- "(7) MEETINGS.—Not less than once each calendar year, the Advisory Board shall meet at such times and places as may be designated by the Chair of the Advisory Board, in consultation with the Chair of the Subcommittee and the Chair of the interagency working group.
- "(8) BRIEFING.—The Chair of the Advisory Board shall brief the Subcommittee and the interagency working group on the progress of the Advisory Board as necessary or at the request of the Subcommittee.
- "(9) FEDERAL ADVISORY COMMITTEE ACT.— Section 14 of the Federal Advisory Committee Act shall not apply to the Advisory Board.".

### SEC. 10675. STRATEGIC RESEARCH PLAN.

Section 12405 of the Federal Ocean Acidification Research and Monitoring Act of 2009 (33 U.S.C. 3704) is amended—

- (1) in subsection (a)—
- (A) by striking "acidification" each place it appears and inserting "acidification and coastal acidification";
  - (B) in the first sentence—
- (i) by inserting ", and not later than every 5 years thereafter" after "the date of enactment of this Act";
- (ii) by inserting "address the socioeconomic impacts of ocean acidification and coastal acidification and to" after "mitigation strategies to"; and
- (iii) by striking "marine ecosystems" each place it appears and inserting "ecosystems"; and

- (C) in the second sentence, by inserting "and recommendations made by the Advisory Board in the review of the plan required under section 12404(c)(2)(B)(i)" after "subsection (d)";
- (2) in subsection (b)—
- (A) in paragraph (1), by inserting "and social sciences" after "among the ocean sciences";
  - (B) in paragraph (2)—
- (i) in subparagraph (A), by striking "impacts" and inserting "impacts, including trends of changes in ocean chemistry,";
  - (ii) in subparagraph (B)-
- (I) by striking "improve the ability to assess the" and inserting "assess the short-term and long-term"; and
- (II) by striking "; and" at the end and inserting a semicolon;
- (iii) by amending subparagraph (C) to read as follows:
- "(C) provide information for the—
- "(i) development of adaptation and mitigation strategies to address the socioeconomic impacts of ocean acidification and coastal acidification:
- "(ii) conservation of marine organisms and ecosystems;
- "(iii) assessment of the effectiveness of such adaptation and mitigation strategies; and"; and
- (iv) by adding at the end the following new subparagraph:
  - "(D) improve research on-
- "(i) ocean acidification and coastal acidification;
- "(ii) the interactions between and effects of multiple combined stressors including changes in water chemistry, changes in sediment delivery, hypoxia, and harmful algal blooms, on ocean acidification and coastal acidification: and
- "(iii) the effect of environmental stressors on marine resources and ecosystems;";
  - (C) in paragraph (3)—
- (i) in subparagraph (F), by striking "database development" and inserting "data management";
- (ii) in subparagraph (H) by striking "and" at the end; and
- (iii) by adding at the end the following new subparagraphs:
- "(J) assessment of adaptation and mitigation strategies; and
- "(K) education and outreach activities;";
- (D) in paragraph (4), by striking "set forth" and inserting "ensure an appropriate balance of contribution in establishing";
- (E) in paragraph (5), by striking "reports" and inserting "the best available peer-reviewed scientific reports":
  - (F) in paragraph (6)—
- (i) by inserting "and coastal acidification" after "ocean acidification"; and
- (ii) by striking "of the United States" and inserting "within the United States":
- (G) in paragraph (7), by striking "outline budget requirements" and inserting "estimate costs associated for full implementation of each element of the plan by fiscal year";
  - (H) in paragraph (8)—
- (i) by inserting "and coastal acidification" after "ocean acidification" each place it appears;
- (ii) by striking "its" and inserting "their"; and
- (iii) by striking "; and" at the end and inserting a semicolon;
- (I) in paragraph (9), by striking the period at the end and inserting "; and"; and
- (J) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:
- "(11) describe monitoring needs necessary to support potentially affected industry members, coastal stakeholders, fishery management councils and commissions, non-Federal resource managers, and scientific ex-

- perts on decision-making and adaptation related to ocean acidification and coastal acidification.'';
  - (3) in subsection (c)—
- (A) in paragraph (1)(C), by striking "surface":
- (B) in paragraph (2), by inserting "and coastal acidification" after "ocean acidification" each place it appears;
- (C) in paragraph (3)-
- (i) by striking "input, and" and inserting "inputs,";
- (ii) by inserting ", marine food webs," after "marine ecosystems"; and
- (iii) by inserting ", and modeling that supports fisheries management" after "marine organisms":
- (D) in paragraph (5), by inserting "and coastal acidification" after "ocean acidification"; and
- (E) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:
- "(8) Research to understand related and cumulative stressors and other biogeochemical processes occurring in conjunction with ocean acidification and coastal acidification."; and
- (4) by striking subsection (e) and inserting the following:
- "(e) ADVISORY BOARD EVALUATION.—Not later than 180 days before a plan is submitted to Congress, the Subcommittee shall provide the Advisory Board established under section 12404(c) a copy of the plan for purposes of review under paragraph (2)(B)(i) of such section.
- "(f) PUBLICATION AND PUBLIC COMMENT.— Not later than 90 days before the strategic research plan, or any revision thereof, is submitted to Congress, the Subcommittee shall publish the plan in the Federal Register and provide an opportunity for submission of public comments for a period of not less than 60 days."

### SEC. 10676. NOAA OCEAN ACIDIFICATION ACTIVITIES.

Section 12406 of the Federal Ocean Acidification Research and Monitoring Act of 2009 (33 U.S.C. 3705) is amended—

- (1) in subsection (a)—
- (A) in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by inserting "coordination," after "research, monitoring,";
  - (B) in paragraph (1)—
- (i) in subparagraph (B)—
- (I) by inserting "including the Integrated Ocean Observing System and the ocean observing assets of other Federal, State, and Tribal agencies," after "ocean observing assets."; and
- (II) by inserting "and agency and department missions, prioritizing the location of monitoring instruments, assets, and projects to maximize the efficiency of resources and to optimize understanding of socioeconomic impacts and ecosystem health" after "research program";
- (ii) in subparagraph (C)—
- (I) by striking "adaptation" and inserting "adaptation and mitigation"; and
- (II) by inserting "and supporting socioeconomically vulnerable States, local governments, Tribes, communities, and industries through technical assistance and mitigation strategies" after "marine ecosystems";
- (iii) in subparagraph (E), by striking "its impacts" and inserting "their respective impacts":
- (iv) in subparagraph (F), by striking "monitoring and impacts research" and inserting "research, monitoring, and adaptation and mitigation strategies"; and
- (v) by adding at the end the following new subparagraph:
- $\mbox{``(G)}$  research to improve understanding of the effect of—

- "(i) other environmental stressors on ocean acidification and coastal acidification;
- "(ii) multiple environmental stressors on living marine resources and coastal ecosystems; and
- "(iii) adaptation and mitigation strategies to address the socioeconomic impacts of ocean acidification and coastal acidification.";
- (C) in paragraph (2), by striking "critical research projects that explore" and inserting "critical research, education, and outreach projects that explore and communicate"; and
- (D) in paragraphs (1) and (2), by striking "acidification" each place it appears and inserting "acidification and coastal acidification": and
- (2) by adding at the end the following new subsections:
- "(c) RELATIONSHIP TO INTERAGENCY WORK-ING GROUP.—The National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration shall serve as the lead Federal agency responsible for coordinating the Federal response to ocean acidification and coastal acidification, by—
- "(1) leading the interagency working group in implementing the strategic research plan under section 12405;
- "(2) coordinating monitoring and research efforts among Federal agencies in cooperation with State, local, and Tribal government and international partners;
- "(3) maintaining an Ocean Acidification Information Exchange described under section 12404(b)(5) to allow for information to be electronically accessible, including information—
- "(A) on ocean acidification developed through or used by the ocean acidification program described under section 12406(a); or
- "(B) that would be useful to State governments, local governments, Tribal governments, resource managers, policymakers, researchers, and other stakeholders in mitigating or adapting to the impacts of ocean acidification and coastal acidification: and
- "(4) establishing and maintaining the data archive system under subsection (d).
  - "(d) DATA ARCHIVE SYSTEM.-
- "(1) Management.—The Secretary, in coordination with members of the interagency working group, shall provide for the longterm stewardship of, and access to, data relating to ocean acidification and coastal acidification by establishing and maintaining a data archive system that the National Center for Environmental Information uses to process, store, archive, provide access to, and incorporate to the extent possible, such data collected—
- "(A) through relevant federally-funded research; and
- "(B) by a Federal agency, State agency, local agency, Tribe, academic scientist, citizen scientist, or industry organization.
- "(2) EXISTING GLOBAL OR NATIONAL DATA AS-SETS.—In establishing and maintaining the data archive system under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall ensure that existing global or national data assets (including the data assets maintained by the National Centers for Environmental Information, the Integrated Ocean Observing System, and other existing data systems within Federal agencies) are incorporated to the greatest extent possible.
- "(e) STANDARDS, PROTOCOLS, AND PROCEDURES.—With respect to the data described in subsection (d), the Secretary, in coordination with members of the interagency working group, shall establish and revise as necessary the standards, protocols, or procedures for—
- "(1) processing, storing, archiving, and providing access to such data;
- "(2) the interoperability and intercalibration of such data;

- "(3) the collection of any metadata underlying such data; and
- "(4) sharing such data with State, local, and Tribal government programs, potentially affected industry members, coastal stakeholders, fishery management councils and commissions, non-Federal resource managers, and academia.
- "(f) DISSEMINATION OF OCEAN ACIDIFICATION DATA AND COASTAL ACIDIFICATION DATA.—
  The Secretary, in coordination with members of the interagency working group, shall disseminate the data described under subsection (d) to the greatest extent practicable by sharing such data on full and open access exchanges.
- "(g) REQUIREMENT.—Recipients of grants from the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration under this subtitle that collect data described under subsection (d) shall—
- "(1) collect such data in accordance with the standards, protocols, or procedures established pursuant to subsection (e); and
- "(2) submit such data to the data archive system under subsection (d) after publication, in accordance with any rules promulgated by the Secretary.".

### SEC. 10677. NSF OCEAN ACIDIFICATION ACTIVITIES.

Section 12407 of the Federal Ocean Acidification Research and Monitoring Act of 2009 (33 U.S.C. 3706) is amended—

- (1) by striking "ocean acidification" each place it appears and inserting "ocean acidification and coastal acidification";
  - (2) in subsection (a)-
- (A) in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by striking "its impacts" and inserting "their respective impacts";
- (B) in paragraph (3), by striking "and its impacts" and inserting "and their respective impacts";
- (C) in paragraph (4), by striking the period at the end and inserting "; and"; and
- (D) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:
- "(5) adaptation and mitigation strategies to address socioeconomic effects of ocean acidification and coastal acidification."; and
- (3) by adding at the end the following: "(d) REQUIREMENT.—Recipients of grants
- from the National Science Foundation under this subtitle that collect data described under section 12406(d) shall—
- "(1) collect data in accordance with the standards, protocols, or procedures established pursuant to section 12406(e); and
- "(2) submit such data to the Director and the Secretary after publication, in accordance with any rules promulgated by the Director or the Secretary.".

### SEC. 10678. NASA OCEAN ACIDIFICATION ACTIVITIES.

Section 12408 of the Federal Ocean Acidification Research and Monitoring Act of 2009 (33 U.S.C. 3707) is amended—

- (1) by striking "ocean acidification" each place it appears and inserting "ocean acidification and coastal acidification";
- (2) in subsection (a), by striking "its impacts" and inserting "their respective impacts"; and
- (3) by adding at the end the following new subsection:
- "(d) REQUIREMENT.—Researchers from the National Aeronautics and Space Administration under this subtitle that collect data described under section 12406(d) shall—
- "(1) collect such data in accordance with the standards, protocols, or procedures established pursuant to section 12406(e); and
- "(2) submit such data to the Administrator and the Secretary, in accordance with any rules promulgated by the Administrator or the Secretary.".

### SEC. 10679. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

Section 12409 of the Federal Ocean Acidification Research and Monitoring Act of 2009 (33 U.S.C. 3708) is amended—

- (1) in subsection (a), by striking "subtitle—" and all that follows through paragraph (4) and inserting the following: "subtitle—
  - "(1) \$30,500,000 for fiscal year 2022;
  - "(2) \$35,000,000 for fiscal year 2023;
  - "(3) \$40,000,000 for fiscal year 2024;
  - "(4) \$45,000,000 for fiscal year 2025; and "(5) \$50,000,000 for fiscal year 2026."; and
- (2) in subsection (b), by striking "subtitle—" and all that follows through paragraph (4) and inserting the following: "subtitle \$20,000,000 for each of the fiscal years 2022 through 2026."

AMENDMENT NO. 18 OFFERED BY MS. BONAMICI OF OREGON

Page 1668, after line 13, insert the following:

### TITLE XII—BLUE CARBON FOR OUR PLANET

### SEC. 71201. INTERAGENCY WORKING GROUP.

- (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The National Science and Technology Council Subcommittee on Ocean Science and Technology shall establish an Interagency Working Group on Coastal Blue Carbon.
- (b) PURPOSES.—The Interagency Working Group on Coastal Blue Carbon shall oversee the development of a national map of coastal blue carbon ecosystems, establish national coastal blue carbon ecosystem protection and restoration priorities, assess the biophysical, social, and economic impediments to coastal blue carbon ecosystem restoration, study the effects of climate change, environmental stressors, and human stressors on carbon sequestration rates, and preserve the continuity of coastal blue carbon data.
- (c) Membership.—The Interagency Working Group on Coastal Blue Carbon shall be comprised of senior representatives from the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, the Environmental Protection Agencv. the National Science Foundation, the National Aeronautics and Space Administration, the United States Geological Survey, the United States Fish and Wildlife Service. the National Park Service, the Bureau of Indian Affairs, the Smithsonian Institution, the Army Corps of Engineers, the Department of Agriculture, the Department of Energy, the Department of Defense, the Department of Transportation, the Department of State, the Federal Emergency Management Agency, and the Council on Environmental
- (d) CHAIR.—The Interagency Working Group shall be chaired by the Administrator.
- (e) RESPONSIBILITIES.—The Interagency Working Group shall—
- (1) oversee the development, update, and maintenance of a national map and inventory of coastal blue carbon ecosystems, including habitat types with a regional focus in analysis that is usable for local level protection planning and restoration;
- (2) develop a strategic assessment of the biophysical, chemical, social, statutory, regulatory, and economic impediments to protection and restoration of coastal blue carbon ecosystems;
- (3) develop a national strategy for foundational science necessary to study, synthesize, and evaluate the effects of climate change, environmental, and human stressors on sequestration rates and capabilities of coastal blue carbon ecosystems protection;
- (4) establish national coastal blue carbon ecosystem protection and restoration priorities, including an assessment of current Federal funding being used for restoration efforts:

- (5) ensure the continuity, use, and interoperability of data assets through the Smithsonian Environmental Research Center's Coastal Carbon Data Clearinghouse; and
- (6) assess current legal authorities to protect and restore blue carbon ecosystems.
  - (f) Reports to Congress.-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Interagency Working Group shall provide to the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology of the House of Representatives, the Committee on Natural Resources of the House of Representatives, and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate a report containing the following:
- (A) A summary of federally funded coastal blue carbon ecosystem research, monitoring, preservation, and restoration activities, including the budget for each of these activities and describe the progress in advancing the national priorities established in section 71204(a)(4)(A).
- (B) An assessment of biophysical, social, and economic impediments to coastal blue carbon ecosystem restoration, including the vulnerability of coastal blue carbon ecosystems to climate impacts, such as sealevel rise, ocean and coastal acidification, and other environmental and human stressors.
  - (2) STRATEGIC PLAN.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—The Interagency Working group shall create a strategic plan for Federal investments in basic research, development, demonstration, long-term monitoring and stewardship, and deployment of coastal blue carbon ecosystem projects for the 5-year period beginning at the start of the first fiscal year after the date on which the budget assessment is submitted under paragraph (1). The plan shall include an assessment of the use of existing Federal programs to protect and preserve coastal blue carbon ecosystems and identify the need for any additional authorities or programs.
- (B) TIMING.—The Interagency Working Group shall—
- (i) submit the strategic plan under paragraph (A) to the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology of the House of Representatives, the Committee on Natural Resources of the House of Representatives, and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate on a date that is not later than one year after the enactment of this Act and not earlier than the date on which the report under paragraph (1) is submitted to such committees of Congress; and
- (ii) submit a revised version of such plan not less than quinquennially thereafter.
- (C) FEDERAL REGISTER.—Not later than 90 days before the strategic plan under this paragraph, or any revision thereof, is submitted under subparagraph (B), the Interagency Working Group shall publish such plan in the Federal Register and provide an opportunity for submission of public comments for a period of not less than 60 days.

  SEC. 71202. NATIONAL MAP OF COASTAL BLUE
- CARBON ECOSYSTEMS.

  (a) NATIONAL MAP.—The Interagency Working Group shall—
- (1) produce, update at least once every five years, and maintain a national level map and inventory of coastal blue carbon ecosystems, including—
- (A) the species and types of habitats and species in the ecosystem;
- (B) the condition of such habitats including whether a habitat is degraded, drained, eutrophic, or tidally restricted;
- (C) type of public or private ownership and any protected status;
  - (D) the size of the ecosystem;

- (E) the salinity boundaries;
- (F) the tidal boundaries;
- (G) an assessment of carbon sequestration potential, methane production, and net greenhouse gas reductions including consideration of—
  - (i) quantification;
  - (ii) verifiability;
- (iii) comparison to a historical baseline, as available; and
- (iv) permanence of those benefits;
- (H) an assessment of cobenefits of ecosystem and carbon sequestration;
- (I) the potential for landward migration as a result of sea level rise:
- (J) any upstream restrictions detrimental to the watershed process and conditions such as dams, dikes, and levees;
- (K) the conversion of coastal blue carbon ecosystems to other land uses and the cause of such conversion; and
- (L) a depiction of the effects of climate change, including sea level rise, environmental stressors, and human stressors on the sequestration rate, carbon storage, and potential of coastal blue carbon ecosystems; and
  - (2) in carrying out paragraph (1)—
- (A) incorporate, to the extent possible, existing data collected through federally funded research and by a Federal agency, State agency, local agency, Tribe, including data collected from the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration Coastal Change Analysis Program, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service National Wetlands Inventory, United States Geological Survey LandCarbon program, Federal Emergency Management Agency LiDAR information coordination and knowledge program, Department of Energy Biological and Environmental Research program, and Department of Agriculture National Coastal Blue Carbon Assessment; and
- (B) engage regional technical experts in order to accurately account for regional differences in coastal blue carbon ecosystems.
- (b) USE.—The Interagency Working Group shall use the national map and inventory—
- (1) to assess the carbon sequestration potential of different coastal blue carbon habitats, and account for any regional differences:
- (2) to assess and quantify emissions from degraded and destroyed coastal blue carbon ecosystems;
- (3) to develop regional assessments and to provide technical assistance to regional, State, Tribal, and local government agencies, and regional information coordination entities as defined in section 123030(6) of the Integrated Coastal and Ocean Observation System Act (33 U.S.C. 3602);
- (4) to assess degraded coastal blue carbon ecosystems and their potential for restoration, including developing scenario modeling to identify vulnerable areas where management, protection, and restoration efforts should be focused;
- (5) produce future predictions of coastal blue carbon ecosystems and carbon sequestration rates in the context of climate change, environmental stressors, and human stressors; and
- (6) use such map to inform the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency's creation of the annual Inventory of U.S. Greenhouse Gas Emissions and Sinks.

# SEC. 71203. RESTORATION AND PROTECTIONS FOR EXISTING COASTAL BLUE CARBON ECOSYSTEMS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator shall—
- (1) lead the Interagency Working Group in implementing the strategic plan under section 71202(e)(2);
- (2) coordinate monitoring and research efforts among Federal agencies in cooperation with State, local, and Tribal government and

- international partners and nongovernmental organizations;
- (3) establish a national goal for conserving ocean and coastal blue carbon ecosystems within the territory of the United States, and as appropriate setting targets for restoration of degraded coastal blue carbon ecosystems;
- (4) in coordination with the Interagency Working Group and as informed by the report under section 71202(e) on current Federal expenditures on coastal blue carbon ecosystem restoration, identify—
- (A) national coastal blue carbon ecosystem protection and restoration priorities that would produce the highest rate of carbon sequestration and greatest ecosystem benefits such as flood protection, soil and beach retention, erosion reduction, biodiversity, water purification, and nutrient cycling in the context of other environmental stressors and climate change; and
- (B) ways to improve coordination and to prevent unnecessary duplication of effort among Federal agencies and departments with respect to research on coastal blue carbon ecosystems through existing and new coastal management networks; and
- (5) in coordination with State, local, and Tribal governments and coastal stakeholders, develop integrated pilot programs to restore degraded coastal blue carbon ecosystems in accordance with subsection (b).
- (b) INTEGRATED PILOT PROGRAMS TO RESTORE AND PROTECT DEGRADED COASTAL BLUE CARBON ECOSYSTEMS.—In carrying out subsection (a)(5), the Administrator shall—
- (1) establish integrated pilot programs that develop best management practices, including design criteria and performance functions for coastal blue carbon ecosystem restoration and protection, nature-based adaptation strategies, restoration areas that intersect with the built environments as green-gray infrastructure projects, management practices for landward progression or migration of coastal blue carbon ecosystems, and identify potential barriers to restoration efforts, and increase long-term carbon sequestration and storage;
- (2) ensure that the pilot programs cover geographically and ecologically diverse locations with significant ecological, economic, and social benefits, such as flood protection, soil and beach retention, erosion reduction, biodiversity, water purification, and nutrient cycling to reduce hypoxic conditions, and maximum potential for greenhouse gas emission reduction:
- (3) establish a procedure for reviewing applications for the pilot program, taking into account—
  - (A) quantification;
  - (B) verifiability;
- (C) additionality as compared to a historical baseline, when feasible; and
- (D) permanence of those benefits;
- (4) ensure, through consultation with the Interagency Working Group, that the goals and metrics for the pilot programs are communicated to the appropriate State, Tribe, and local governments, and to the general public;
- (5) coordinate with relevant Federal agencies on the Interagency Working Group to prevent unnecessary duplication of effort among Federal agencies and departments with respect to restoration and protection programs:
- (6) give priority to proposed eligible restoration activities that would—
- (A) result in long-term protection and sequestration of carbon stored in coastal and marine environments;
- (B) protect key habitats for fish, wildlife, and the maintenance of biodiversity;

- (C) provide coastal protection from development, storms, flooding, and land-based pollution:
- (D) protect coastal resources of national, historical, and cultural significance; and
- (E) benefit communities of color, low-income communities, Tribal or Indigenous communities, or rural communities; and
- (7) report to the Interagency Working Group, and Committee on Science, Space, and Technology of the House of Representatives, the Committee on Natural Resources of the House of Representatives, and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate on the total number of acres of land or water protected or restored through the program, the status of restoration projects, and the blue carbon sequestration potential of each restoration pilot project.

# SEC. 71204. NAS ASSESSMENT OF CONTAINMENT OF CARBON DIOXIDE IN DEEP SEAFLOOR ENVIRONMENT.

Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall seek to enter into an agreement with the National Academy of Sciences to conduct a comprehensive assessment on the long-term effects of geologic stores of carbon dioxide in a deep seafloor environment, including impacts on marine species and ecosystems.

#### SEC. 71205. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIA-TIONS.

There are authorized to be appropriated to the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration to carry out this title \$15,000,000 for each of the fiscal years 2023 through 2027.

#### SEC. 71206, DEFINITIONS.

In this title:

- (1) ADMINISTRATOR.—The term "Administrator" means the Under Secretary of Commerce for Oceans and Atmosphere in the Under Secretary's capacity as the Administrator of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration.
- (2) COASTAL BLUE CARBON ECOSYSTEM.—The term "coastal blue carbon ecosystem" refers to vegetated coastal habitats including mangroves, tidal marshes, seagrasses, kelp forests, and other tidal, freshwater, or saltwater wetlands, and their ability to sequester carbon from the atmosphere, accumulate it in biomass for years to decades, and store it in soils for centuries to millennia. Coastal blue carbon ecosystems include both autochthonous carbon and allochthonous carbon.
- (3) STATE.—The term "State" means each State of the United States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, American Samoa, Guam, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, the Virgin Islands of the United States, and any other territory of the United States.

AMENDMENT NO. 25 OFFERED BY MR. BUDD Insert after section 30258 the following:

### SEC. 30259. INTELLIGENCE ASSESSMENT.

Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State, in coordination with the Director of National Intelligence, shall submit to the Committee on Foreign Affairs and the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Foreign Relations and the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate a classified report, with an unclassified annex if appropriate, that assesses the degree to which, if any, the Russian Federation has coordinated with the People's Republic of China (PRC) regarding a potential further invasion of Ukraine. Such assessment shall also examine ways in which the PRC may have promised to help the Russian Federation offset the costs of prospective economic

sanctions, especially in the financial, technological, and energy sectors.

AMENDMENT NO. 44 OFFERED BY MR. CHABOT OF OHIO

Page 1668, after line 13, insert the following:

#### SEC. 71104. TROPICAL FOREST AND CORAL REEF CONSERVATION REAUTHORIZATION.

Section 806(d) of the Tropical Forest and Coral Reef Conservation Act of 1998 (22 U.S.C. 2431d(d)) is amended by adding at the end the following new paragraphs:

- "(9) \$20,000,000 for fiscal year 2022.
- "(10) \$20,000,000 for fiscal year 2023.
- "(11) \$20,000,000 for fiscal year 2024.
- "(12) \$20,000,000 for fiscal year 2024. "(12) \$20,000,000 for fiscal year 2025.
- "(13) \$20,000,000 for fiscal year 2026.".
- AMENDMENT NO. 47 OFFERED BY MR. COHEN OF TENNESSEE

Add at the end of title III of division I the following:

### SEC. 80306. FOREIGN CORRUPTION ACCOUNTABILITY.

- (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following:
- (1) When public officials and their allies use the mechanisms of government to engage in extortion or bribery, they impoverish their countries' economic health and harm citizens.
- (2) By empowering the United States Government to hold to account foreign public officials and their associates who engage in extortion or bribery, the United States can deter malfeasance and ultimately serve the citizens of fragile countries suffocated by corrupt bureaucracies.
- (3) The Special Inspector General for Afghan Reconstruction's 2016 report "Corruption in Conflict: Lessons from the U.S. Experience in Afghanistan" included the recommendation, "Congress should consider enacting legislation that authorizes sanctions against foreign government officials or their associates who engage in corruption.".
- (b) AUTHORIZATION OF IMPOSITION OF SANCTIONS.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of State may impose the sanctions described in paragraph (2) with respect to any foreign person who is an individual the Secretary of State determines—
- (A) engages in public corruption activities against a United States person, including—
  - (i) soliciting or accepting bribes;
- (ii) using the authority of the state to extort payments; or
- (iii) engaging in extortion; or
- (B) conspires to engage in, or knowingly and materially assists, sponsors, or provides significant financial, material, or technological support for any of the activities described in subparagraph (A).
- (2) SANCTIONS DESCRIBED.—
- (A) INADMISSIBILITY TO UNITED STATES.—A foreign person who is subject to sanctions under this section shall be—
  - (i) inadmissible to the United States;
- (ii) ineligible to receive a visa or other documentation to enter the United States: and
- (iii) otherwise ineligible to be admitted or paroled into the United States or to receive any other benefit under the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101 et seq.).
  - (B) CURRENT VISAS REVOKED.—
- (i) IN GENERAL.—The visa or other entry documentation of a foreign person who is subject to sanctions under this section shall be revoked regardless of when such visa or other entry documentation is issued.
- (ii) Effect of Revocation.—A revocation under clause (i) shall—
- (I) take effect immediately; and
- (II) automatically cancel any other valid visa or entry documentation that is in the foreign person's possession.

- (3) EXCEPTION TO COMPLY WITH LAW ENFORCEMENT OBJECTIVES AND AGREEMENT REGARDING HEADQUARTERS OF UNITED NATIONS.—Sanctions described under paragraph (2) shall not apply to a foreign person if admitting the person into the United States—
- (A) would further important law enforcement objectives; or
- (B) is necessary to permit the United States to comply with the Agreement regarding the Headquarters of the United Nations, signed at Lake Success June 26, 1947, and entered into force November 21, 1947, between the United Nations and the United States, or other applicable international obligations of the United States.
- (4) TERMINATION OF SANCTIONS.—The Secretary of State may terminate the application of sanctions under this subsection with respect to a foreign person if the Secretary of State determines and reports to the appropriate congressional committees not later than 15 days before the termination of the sanctions that.—
- (A) the person is no longer engaged in the activity that was the basis for the sanctions or has taken significant verifiable steps toward stopping the activity;
- (B) the Secretary of State has received reliable assurances that the person will not knowingly engage in activity subject to sanctions under this part in the future; or
- (C) the termination of the sanctions is in the national security interests of the United States
- (5) REGULATORY AUTHORITY.—The Secretary of State shall issue such regulations, licenses, and orders as are necessary to carry out this subsection.
- (6) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES DEFINED.—In this subsection, the term "appropriate congressional committees" means—
- (A) the Committee on the Judiciary and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives: and
- (B) the Committee on the Judiciary and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate.
- (c) Reports to Congress.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of State shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees, in accordance with paragraph (2), a report that includes—
- (A) a list of each foreign person with respect to whom the Secretary of State imposed sanctions pursuant to subsection (b) during the year preceding the submission of the report:
- (B) the number of foreign persons with respect to which the Secretary of State—
- (i) imposed sanctions under subsection (b)(1) during that year; and
- (ii) terminated sanctions under subsection (b)(4) during that year:
- (C) the dates on which such sanctions were imposed or terminated, as the case may be;
  (D) the reasons for imposing or termi-
- (E) the total number of foreign persons considered under subsection (b)(3) for whom sanctions were not imposed; and
- (F) recommendations as to whether the imposition of additional sanctions would be an added deterrent in preventing public corruption
- (2) Dates for submission.—

nating such sanctions;

- (A) INITIAL REPORT.—The Secretary of State shall submit the initial report under paragraph (1) not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.
- (B) SUBSEQUENT REPORTS.—The Secretary of State shall submit a subsequent report under paragraph (1) on December 10, or the first day thereafter on which both Houses of Congress are in session, of—
- (i) the calendar year in which the initial report is submitted if the initial report is

- submitted before December 10 of that calendar year; and
  - (ii) each calendar year thereafter.
  - (3) FORM OF REPORT.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—Each report required by paragraph (1) shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified annex.
- (B) EXCEPTION.—The name of a foreign person to be included in the list required by paragraph (1)(A) may be submitted in the classified annex authorized by subparagraph (A) only if the Secretary of State—
- (i) determines that it is vital for the national security interests of the United States to do so; and
- (ii) uses the annex in a manner consistent with congressional intent and the purposes of this section.
  - (4) PUBLIC AVAILABILITY.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—The unclassified portion of the report required by paragraph (1) shall be made available to the public, including through publication in the Federal Register.
- (B) NONAPPLICABILITY OF CONFIDENTIALITY REQUIREMENT WITH RESPECT TO VISA RECORDS.—The Secretary of State shall publish the list required by paragraph (1)(A) without regard to the requirements of section 222(f) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1202(f)) with respect to confidentiality of records pertaining to the issuance or refusal of visas or permits to enter the United States.
- (5) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES DEFINED.—In this subsection, the term "appropriate congressional committees" means—
- (A) the Committee on Foreign Affairs, and the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives; and
- (B) the Committee on Foreign Relations, and the Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate.
  - (d) SUNSET.-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The authority to impose sanctions under subsection (b) and the requirements to submit reports under subsection (c) shall terminate on the date that is 6 years after the date of enactment of this Act
- (2) CONTINUATION IN EFFECT OF SANCTIONS.—Sanctions imposed under subsection (b) on or before the date specified in paragraph (1), and in effect as of such date, shall remain in effect until terminated in accordance with the requirements of subsection (b)(4).
  - (e) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) ENTITY.—The term "entity" means a partnership, association, trust, joint venture, corporation, group, subgroup, or other organization.
- (2) FOREIGN PERSON.—The term "foreign person" means a person that is not a United States person.
- (3) UNITED STATES PERSON.—The term "United States person" means a person that is a United States citizen, permanent resident alien, entity organized under the laws of the United States or any jurisdiction within the United States (including foreign branches), or any person in the United States.
- (4) PERSON.—The term "person" means an individual or entity.
- (5) PUBLIC CORRUPTION.—The term "public corruption" means the unlawful exercise of entrusted public power for private gain, including by bribery, nepotism, fraud, or embezzlement.

Add at the end of division I the following:

# TITLE IV—CRIMINAL PROVISIONS SEC. 80401. JUSTICE FOR VICTIMS OF KLEPTOCRACY.

- (a) FORFEITED PROPERTY.-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 46 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

#### "§ 988. Accounting of certain forfeited property

- "(a) ACCOUNTING.—The Attorney General shall make available to the public an accounting of any property relating to foreign government corruption that is forfeited to the United States under section 981 or 982.
- "(b) FORMAT.—The accounting described under subsection (a) shall be published on the website of the Department of Justice in a format that includes the following:
- "(1) A heading as follows: 'Assets stolen from the people of and recovered by the United States', the blank space being filled with the name of the foreign government that is the target of corruption.
- "(2) The total amount recovered by the United States on behalf of the foreign people that is the target of corruption at the time when such recovered funds are deposited into the Department of Justice Asset Forfeiture Fund or the Department of the Treasury Forfeiture Fund
- "(c) UPDATED WEBSITE.—The Attorney General shall update the website of the Department of Justice to include an accounting of any new property relating to foreign government corruption that has been forfeited to the United States under section 981 or 982 not later than 14 days after such forfeiture, unless such update would compromise an ongoing law enforcement investigation."
- (2) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections for chapter 46 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:
- "988. Accounting of certain forfeited property.".
- (b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that recovered assets be returned for the benefit of the people harmed by the corruption under conditions that reasonably ensure the transparent and effective use, administration and monitoring of returned proceeds.

AMENDMENT NO. 51 OFFERED BY MS. CRAIG OF MINNESOTA

Add at the end of division J the following: TITLE V—SUPPORTING APPRENTICESHIP

### COLLEGES ACT OF 2021

### SEC. 90501. COMMUNITY OUTREACH GRANT PROGRAM.

- (a) In General.—From the amounts appropriated under subsection (f), the Secretary of Education shall provide grants to eligible entities for the purposes of expanding or supporting potential student and employer outreach carried out by such entities with respect to the construction and manufacturing-oriented registered apprenticeship programs offered by such entities.
- (b) AMOUNTS.—The total grant amount made to an eligible entity under this section may not exceed \$500,000.
- (c) USE OF GRANTS.—An eligible entity that receives a grant under this section shall use such grant for the outreach described in subsection (a), which shall include the following:
- (1) Outreach to high schools, for the purpose of educating students, parents, guardians, and faculty on the benefits of enrolling in the construction and manufacturing-oriented registered apprenticeship program offered by the eligible entity.
- (2) Outreach to local businesses and other potential employers for the purpose of educating such employers on the benefits of hiring graduates of such program, which shall—
- (A) primarily target relationship building with potential employers in rural, exurban, and suburban areas; and
- (B) seek to maximize the number of students who work in such areas after completing such program.
- (3) Outreach to local workforce development boards for the purpose of reaching non-

traditional student populations and prioritizing local needs.

- (d) APPLICATION REQUIREMENTS.—An eligible entity seeking a grant under this section shall submit an application to the Secretary at such time, in such manner, and containing such information as the Secretary may require.
- (e) PRIORITY.—In awarding grants under this section, the Secretary shall give priority to eligible entities that demonstrate outreach efforts targeted at increasing program enrollment for rural, first generation, minority, and nontraditional students, or other students from underrepresented population.
- (f) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— There are authorized to be appropriated \$5,000,000 to carry out this section for each of the fiscal years 2022 through 2026.

# SEC. 90502. STUDENT SUPPORT GRANT PROGRAM FOR EXPANDED ACADEMIC ADVISING.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—From the amounts appropriated under subsection (g), the Secretary of Education shall provide grants to eligible entities for the activities described in subsection (d).
- (b) AMOUNTS.—The total grant amount made to an eligible entity under this section may not exceed \$500,000.
- (c) MULTIPLE GRANTS PERMITTED.—An eligible entity may receive a grant under this section and section 90501.
- (d) USE OF GRANTS.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—An eligible entity that receives a grant under this section shall use such grant for advising and support services to enrollees of construction and manufacturing-oriented registered apprenticeship programs offered by such entity to increase retention and persistence for students.
- (2) REQUIREMENTS.—Such advising and support services shall include the following:
- (A) Expanding academic advising programs that provide services to students, including the following:
- (i) Career advising and professional development.
- (ii) Support for English as a second language students.
- (iii) Information and resource systems.
- (iv) Mentoring systems.
- (v) Other such programs.
- (B) Expanding student support programs that provide services to students, including the following:
- (i) Health and family-related services, including substance abuse disorder and mental health counseling.
  - (ii) Support for first-generation students.
- (iii) Childcare support.
- (iv) Other such programs.
- (v) In the case of an eligible entity that is a construction and manufacturing-oriented registered apprenticeship program, maintaining its accreditation by a nationally recognized accrediting agency or association recognized by the Secretary of Education pursuant to part H of title IV of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1099a et seq.),
- (e) APPLICATION REQUIREMENTS.—An eligible entity seeking a grant under this section shall submit an application to the Secretary at such time, in such manner, and containing such information as the Secretary may require.
  - (f) Report.
- (1) In general.—An eligible entity that receives a grant under this section shall submit to the Secretary a report on—  $\,$ 
  - (A) the activities supported by the grant;
    (B) the number of students participating i
- (B) the number of students participating in the activities supported by the grant;
- (C) any progress made in achieving the goals of the program supported by the grant, in general, and measuring in particular—

- (i) the effectiveness of the grant in expanding overall enrollment and program completion rates; and
- (ii) the effectiveness of the grant in expanding enrollment and program completion rates for underrepresented populations; and
- (D) such other information as the Secretary determines to be appropriate.
- (2) TIMELINE FOR SUBMISSION OF REPORT.— The report under paragraph (1) shall be submitted to the Secretary not later than 180 days after the date on which the eligible entity concludes the activities supported by the grant under this section.
- (g) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section \$5,000,000 for each of the fiscal years 2022 through 2026.

#### SEC. 90503. DEFINITIONS.

In this title:

- (1) CONSTRUCTION AND MANUFACTURING-ORI-ENTED APPRENTICESHIP COLLEGE.—The term "construction and manufacturing-oriented apprenticeship college" means—
- (A) an institution of higher education that is a sponsor of a construction and manufacturing-oriented registered apprenticeship program; or
- (B) a construction and manufacturing-oriented registered apprenticeship program.
- (2) CONSTRUCTION AND MANUFACTURING-ORIENTED REGISTERED APPRENTICESHIP PROGRAM.—The term "construction and manufacturing-oriented registered apprenticeship program" means a registered apprenticeship program that—
- (A) provides coursework and training in preparation for employment in the construction or manufactory industry (such as employment as a painter, drywall finisher, glazier, or glassworker);
- (B)(i) leads to a recognized postsecondary credential other than a certificate of completion of an apprenticeship; or
- (ii) awards credits that can be applied toward a recognized postsecondary credential; and
- (C) is accredited by a nationally recognized accrediting agency or association recognized by the Secretary of Education pursuant to part H of title IV of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1099a et seq.).
- (3) ELIGIBLE ENTITY.—The term "eligible entity" means a construction and manufacturing-oriented apprenticeship college.
- (4) FIRST GENERATION COLLEGE STUDENT.— The term "first generation college student" has the meaning given the term in section 402A(h) of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1070a-11(h)).
- (5) HIGH SCHOOL.—The term "high school" has the meaning given the term in section 8101 of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 7801).
- (6) Institution of Higher Education.—The term "institution of higher education" has the meaning given the term in section 101(a) of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001(a)).
- (7) OUTREACH.—The term "outreach" means communications and relationship-building opportunities undertaken by an eligible entity.
- (8) RECOGNIZED POSTSECONDARY CREDENTIAL.—The term "recognized postsecondary credential" has the meaning given the term in section 3 of the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (29 U.S.C. 3102).
- (9) REGISTERED APPRENTICESHIP PROGRAM.— The term "registered apprenticeship program" means an apprenticeship program registered under the Act of August 16, 1937 (commonly known as the "National Apprenticeship Act"; 50 Stat. 664, chapter 663; 29 U.S.C. 50 et seq.).
- (10) SECOND LANGUAGE.—The term "second language" means any language other than

English, including Braille and American Sign Language.

- (11) SECRETARY.—The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of Education.
- (12) UNDERREPRESENTED POPULATION.—The term "underrepresented population" means an individual who is from a group whose gender, ethnic background, or national origin is not traditionally represented in registered apprenticeship programs.

AMENDMENT NO. 52 OFFERED BY MS. CRAIG OF MINNESOTA

Page 743, after line 16, insert the following (and redesignate the succeeding section accordingly):

# SEC. 20208. AGRICULTURE AND FOOD SYSTEM SUPPLY CHAIN MONITORING AND ASSESSMENT.

- (a) ACTIVITIES.—Not later than 270 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Assistant Secretary, in consultation with the Secretary of Agriculture, shall identify and evaluate the stability and reliability of the agriculture and food system supply chain, including—
- (1) the state of the agriculture and food system workforce and any supply chain vulnerabilities related to the agriculture and food system workforce;
- (2) transportation bottlenecks in the distribution of agricultural inputs, processed and unprocessed food and food input products, and consumer-ready food products; and
- (3) opportunities to create training and education programs focused on high-quality jobs in the agriculture and food system that—
- (A) increase the stability of the agriculture and food system; and
- (B) alleviate supply chain bottlenecks in the distribution of agricultural inputs, processed and unprocessed food and food input products, and consumer-ready food products.
- (b) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—In carrying out subsection (a), the Assistant Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Energy and Commerce and the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation and the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate a report that contains the following:
- (1) An identification of the strengths, weaknesses, critical bottlenecks, workforce challenges and opportunities, and overall stability and reliability of the agriculture and food system supply chain.
- (2) An assessment of Federal, State, and local laws and regulations that—
- (A) increase the stability and reliability of the agriculture and food system supply chain: or
- (B) decrease or otherwise negatively impact, both in the present moment and in the future, the stability and reliability of the agriculture and food system supply chain.
- (3) Specific recommendations to improve the security, safety, and resilience of the agriculture and food system supply chain. The recommendations shall contain—
  - (A) long-term strategies;
  - (B) industry best practices;
- (C) risk mitigation actions to prevent future bottlenecks and vulnerabilities at all levels of the agriculture and food system supply chain; and
- (D) legislative and regulatory actions that would positively impact the security and resilience of the agriculture and food system supply chain.

AMENDMENT NO. 53 OFFERED BY MR. CRENSHAW OF TEXAS

Insert after section 30219G the following:

#### SEC. 30219H. REPORT GENERATION AND SHAR-ING ON LONG TERM COST OF BELT AND ROAD INITIATIVE TO THIRD COUNTIRES.

The Secretary of State shall coordinate with the Secretary of Treasury and the heads of other Federal agencies as relevant a report for each country participating or considering participating in the People's Republic of China's One Belt, One Road Initiative to show the full spectrum of negative costs on participant countries. The report shall—

- (1) show the long-term financial costs of such participation:
- (2) describe China's use of One Belt, One Road to enrich Chinese State Owned Enterprises:
- (3) provide examples of China's imposition of political cost on participating countries; and
- (4) contain any additional information determined necessary to dissuade future participation with China's debt trap and coercive infrastructure program.

AMENDMENT NO. 54 OFFERED BY MR. CRENSHAW OF TEXAS

Insert after section 30219G the following: SEC. 30219H. SENSE OF CONGRESS REGARDING

#### SEC. 30219H. SENSE OF CONGRESS REGARDING THE STATUS OF CHINA.

It is the sense of Congress that-

- (1) the People's Republic of China is a fully industrialized nation and no longer a developing nation; and
- (2) any international agreement that provides or accords China a favorable status or treatment as a "developing nation" should be updated to reflect the status of China.

AMENDMENT NO. 55 OFFERED BY MR. CRENSHAW OF TEXAS

#### Insert after section 30219G the following: SEC. 30219H. REPORT ON PROVIDING ACCESS TO UNCENSORED MEDIA IN CHINA.

Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State shall provide to Congress a classified report on what is needed to provide access to free and uncensored media in the Chinese market.

AMENDMENT NO. 57 OFFERED BY MR. CURTIS OF UTAH

Page 1248, after line 15, insert the following:

- (\_) develop a framework for reprimanding or disqualifying host cities and the countries in which they are located if the governments of such countries are actively committing mass atrocities—
- (A) during the Olympic and Paralympic bidding process; or
- (B) between a city's election as a host city and the duration of the Olympic and Paralympic Games that its government is hosting.

AMENDMENT NO. 59 OFFERED BY MR. RODNEY DAVIS OF ILLINOIS

At the end of title I of division C, add the following:

#### SEC. 20110. CRITICAL INFRASTRUCTURE MANU-FACTURING FEASIBILITY.

- (a) STUDY.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Commerce shall conduct a study to—
- (1) identify any product that is in high demand within each critical infrastructure sector that is being imported due to a manufacturing, material, or supply chain constraint in the United States;
- (2) analyze the costs and benefits of manufacturing the product in the United States, including any effects on—
- (A) jobs, employment rates, and labor conditions in the United States; and
- (B) the cost of the product;
- (3) identify any product described in paragraph (1) that feasibly may be manufactured in the United States; and

- (4) analyze the feasibility of, and any impediments to, manufacturing any product identified in paragraph (3) in—
  - (A) a rural area;
  - (B) an industrial park; or
  - (C) an industrial park in a rural area.
- (b) REPORT TO THE CONGRESS.—Not later than 18 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall—
- (1) submit to the Congress a report containing the results of the study required by subsection (a) with recommendations for products described in subsection (a)(1) that feasibly may be manufactured in the United States; and
- (2) make the report available to the public on the website of the Department of Commerce.
- (c) LIMITATION ON AUTHORITY.—This section shall not be interpreted to provide the Secretary of Commerce with authority to compel a person or company to provide information described in this section.
- (d) DEFINITION OF CRITICAL INFRASTRUCTURE SECTOR.—In this Act, the term "critical infrastructure sector" means each of the 16 designated critical infrastructure sectors identified in Presidential Policy Directive 21 of February 12, 2013 (Critical Infrastructure Security and Resilience)

AMENDMENT NO. 60 OFFERED BY MS. DELAURO OF CONNECTICUT

On Page 1668, after Line 13, insert the following:

### SEC. 71104. PROHIBITION ON SALE OF AMERICAN MINK.

- (a) PROHIBITION.—No person may possess, acquire, receive, transport, offer for sale, sell, or purchase any American mink (Neovison vison) raised in captivity for fur production.
- (b) PENALTY.—A violation of subsection (a) shall be treated as an act prohibited by section 3 of the Lacey Act Amendments of 1981 (16 U.S.C. 3372) and is subject to penalty pursuant to section 4 of that Act (16 U.S.C. 3373).
- (c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—This section shall take effect on December 31, 2022.

AMENDMENT NO. 62 OFFERED BY MS. DELBENE OF WASHINGTON

Page 1428, line 21, insert "or aircraft" after "motor vehicle".

AMENDMENT NO. 76 OFFERED BY MS. ESHOO OF CALIFORNIA

Add at the end of division F the following new section:

### SEC. 50105. IMPROVING CYBERSECURITY OF SMALL ENTITIES.

- (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) ADMINISTRATOR.—The term "Administrator" means the Administrator of the Small Business Administration.
- (2) ANNUAL CYBERSECURITY REPORT; SMALL BUSINESS; SMALL ENTITY; SMALL GOVERNMENTAL JURISDICTION; SMALL ORGANIZATION.—
  The terms "annual cybersecurity report", "small business", "small entity", "small governmental jurisdiction", and "small organization" have the meanings given those terms in section 2220D of the Homeland Security Act of 2002, as added by subsection (b).
- (3) CISA.—The term "CISA" means the Cybersecurity and Infrastructure Security Agency.
- (4) COMMISSION.—The term "Commission" means the Federal Trade Commission.
- (5) SECRETARY.—The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of Commerce.
- (b) Annual Report.-
- (1) AMENDMENT.—Subtitle A of title XXII of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 651 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following:

#### "SEC. 2220D. ANNUAL CYBERSECURITY REPORT FOR SMALL ENTITIES.

"(a) Definitions.—

- "(1) ADMINISTRATION.—The term 'Administration' means the Small Business Administration.
- ''(2) ADMINISTRATOR.—The term 'Administrator' means the Administrator of the Administration.
- "(3) ANNUAL CYBERSECURITY REPORT.—The term 'annual cybersecurity report means the annual cybersecurity report published and promoted under subsections (b) and (c), respectively.
- "(4) COMMISSION.—The term 'Commission' means the Federal Trade Commission.
- ''(5) ELECTRONIC DEVICE.—The term 'electronic device' means any electronic equipment that is—
- "(A) used by an employee or contractor of a small entity for the purpose of performing work for the small entity;
- "(B) capable of connecting to the internet or another communication network; and
- "(C) capable of sending, receiving, or processing personal information.
- "(6) NIST.—The term 'NIST' means the National Institute of Standards and Technology.
- "(7) SMALL BUSINESS.—The term 'small business' has the meaning given the term 'small business concern' under section 3 of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 632).
- (8) SMALL ENTITY.—The term 'small entity' means—
  - "(A) a small business;
- $\mbox{``(B)}$  a small governmental jurisdiction; and
  - "(C) a small organization.
- "(9) SMALL GOVERNMENTAL JURISDICTION.— The term 'small governmental jurisdiction' means governments of cities, counties, towns, townships, villages, school districts, or special districts with a population of less than 50,000.
- "(10) SMALL ORGANIZATION.—The term 'small organization' means any not-for-profit enterprise that is independently owned and operated and is not dominant in its field.
  - "(b) Annual Cybersecurity Report.—
- "(1) In general.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this section, and not less frequently than annually thereafter, the Director shall publish a report for small entities that documents and promotes evidence-based cybersecurity policies and controls for use by small entities, which shall—
- "(A) include basic controls that have the most impact in protecting small entities against common cybersecurity threats and risks:
- "(B) include protocols and policies to address common cybersecurity threats and risks posed by electronic devices, regardless of whether the electronic devices are—
- "(i) issued by the small entity to employees and contractors of the small entity; or
- "(ii) personal to the employees and contractors of the small entity; and
  - "(C) recommend, as practicable-
- "(i) measures to improve the cybersecurity of small entities; and
- "(ii) configurations and settings for some of the most commonly used software that can improve the cybersecurity of small entities.
- "(2) EXISTING RECOMMENDATIONS.—The Director shall ensure that each annual cybersecurity report published under paragraph (1) incorporates—
- "(A) cybersecurity resources developed by NIST, as required by the NIST Small Business Cybersecurity Act (Public Law 115-236); and
- "(B) the most recent version of the Cybersecurity Framework, or successor resource, maintained by NIST.
- "(3) CONSIDERATION FOR SPECIFIC TYPES OF SMALL ENTITIES.—The Director may include and prioritize the development of cybersecu-

- rity recommendations, as required under paragraph (1), appropriate for specific types of small entities in addition to recommendations applicable for all small entities.
- "(4) CONSULTATION.—In publishing the annual cybersecurity report under paragraph (1), the Director shall, to the degree practicable and as appropriate, consult with—
- "(A) the Administrator, the Secretary of Commerce, the Commission, and the Director of NIST:
- "(B) small entities, insurers, State governments, companies that work with small entities, and academic and Federal and non-Federal experts in cybersecurity; and
- "(C) any other entity as determined appropriate by the Director.
- "(c) Promotion of Annual Cybersecurity Report for Small Businesses.—
- "(1) PUBLICATION.—The annual cybersecurity report, and previous versions of the report as appropriate, published under subsection (b)(1) shall be—
- "(A) made available, prominently and free of charge, on the public website of the Agency; and
- "(B) linked to from relevant portions of the websites of the Administration and the Minority Business Development Agency, as determined by the Administrator and the Director of the Minority Business Development Agency, respectively.
- "(2) Promotion generally.—The Director, the Administrator, and the Secretary of Commerce shall, to the degree practicable, promote the annual cybersecurity report through relevant resources that are intended for or known to be regularly used by small entities, including agency documents, websites, and events.
- "(d) Training and Technical Assistance.—The Director, the Administrator, and the Director of the Minority Business Development Agency shall make available to employees of small entities voluntary training and technical assistance on how to implement the recommendations of the annual cybersecurity report."
- (2) TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—The table of contents in section 1(b) of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (Public 107–296; 116 Stat. 2135) is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 2220C the following:
- "Sec. 2220D. Annual cybersecurity report for small entities"
- (c) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—
- (1) In GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter for 10 years, the Secretary shall submit to Congress a report describing methods to improve the cybersecurity of small entities, including through the adoption of policies, controls, and classes of products and services that have been demonstrated to reduce cybersecurity risk.
- (2) MATTERS TO BE INCLUDED.—The report required under paragraph (1) shall—
- (A) identify barriers or challenges for small entities in purchasing or acquiring classes of products and services that promote the cybersecurity of small entities;
- (B) assess market availability, market pricing, and affordability of classes of products and services that promote the cybersecurity of small entities, with particular attention to identifying high-risk and underserved sectors or regions:
- (C) estimate the costs and benefits of policies that promote the cybersecurity of small entities, including—
  - (i) tax breaks;
- (ii) grants and subsidies; and
- (iii) other incentives as determined appropriate by the Secretary;
- (D) describe evidence-based cybersecurity controls and policies that improve the cybersecurity of small entities;

- (E) with respect to the incentives described in subparagraph (C), recommend measures that can effectively improve cybersecurity at scale for small entities; and
- (F) include any other matters as the Secretary determines relevant.
- (3) SPECIFIC SECTORS OF SMALL ENTITIES.— In preparing the report required under paragraph (1), the Secretary may include matters applicable for specific sectors of small entities in addition to matters applicable to all small entities
- (4) CONSULTATION.—In preparing the report required under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall consult with—
- (A) the Administrator, the Director of CISA, and the Commission; and
- (B) small entities, insurers of risks related to cybersecurity, State governments, cybersecurity and information technology companies that work with small entities, and academic and Federal and non-Federal experts in cybersecurity.
- (d) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this section or the amendments made by this section shall be construed to provide any additional regulatory authority to CISA.

AMENDMENT NO. 78 OFFERED BY MR. FALLON OF TEXAS

Insert after section 30128 the following:

# SEC. 30129. AUTHORIZATION TO HIRE ADDITIONAL STAFF FOR THE OFFICE OF FOREIGN ASSET CONTROL OF THE DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY.

The Secretary of the Treasury, acting through the Director of the Office of Foreign Assets Control, is authorized to hire an additional 10 full-time employees to carry out activities of the Office associated with the People's Republic of China.

AMENDMENT NO. 81 OFFERED BY MR. FITZGERALD OF WISCONSIN

### Page 1689, after line 4, insert the following: SEC. 80203. MERGERS INVOLVING FOREIGN GOVERNMENT SUBSIDIES.

- (a) ACCOUNTING FOR FOREIGN GOVERNMENT SUBSIDIES.—A person required to file a notification required by section 7A of the Clayton Act (15 U.S.C. 18a) that received a subsidy from a foreign state shall include in such notification a detailed accounting of each such subsidy.
- (b) AUTHORITY OF ANTITRUST REGU-LATORS.—The Federal Trade Commission, with the concurrence of the Assistant Attornev General in charge of the Antitrust Division of the Department of Justice and by rule in accordance with section 553 of title 5, consistent with purposes of this section shall require that the notification required under subsection (a) be in such form and contain such documentary material and information relevant to a proposed acquisition as is necessary and appropriate to enable the Federal Trade Commission and the Assistant Attorney General in charge of the Antitrust Division of the Department of Justice to determine whether such acquisition may, if consummated, violate the antitrust laws.
- (c) DEFINITIONS.—For the purposes of this section:
- (1) FOREIGN STATE.—The term "foreign state" shall have the meaning given it in section 1603(a) of title 28, United States Code.
- (2) Subsidy.—The term "subsidy" includes a direct subsidy, a grant, a loan (including a below-market loan), a loan guarantee, a tax concession, a preferential governmental procurement policy, or other form of economic support including ownership or control by a foreign state.
- (d) EFFECTIVE DATE.—This section shall take effect on the date on which the rule described in subsection (b) takes effect.

AMENDMENT NO. 82 OFFERED BY MR. FORTENBERRY OF NEBRASKA

Page 1668, after line 13, insert the following:

# TITLE XII—ELIMINATE, NEUTRALIZE, AND DISRUPT WILDLIFE TRAFFICKING REAUTHORIZATION AND IMPROVEMENTS

### SEC. 71201. SENSE OF CONGRESS.

It is the sense of Congress that-

(1) the United States Government should continue to work with international partners, including nations, nongovernmental organizations, and the private sector, to identify long-standing and emerging areas of concern in wildlife poaching and trafficking related to global supply and demand; and

(2) the activities and required reporting of the Presidential Task Force on Wildlife Trafficking, established by Executive Order 13648 (78 Fed. Reg. 40621), and modified by sections 201 and 301 of the Eliminate, Neutralize, and Disrupt Wildlife Trafficking Act of 2016 (16 U.S.C. 7621 and 7631) should be reauthorized to minimize the disruption of the work of such Task Force.

#### SEC. 17202. DEFINITIONS.

Section 2 of the Eliminate, Neutralize, and Disrupt Wildlife Trafficking Act of 2016 (16 U.S.C. 7601) is amended—

- (1) in paragraph (3), by inserting "involving local communities" after "approach to conservation":
- (2) by amending paragraph to read as follows:
- "(4) COUNTRY OF CONCERN.—The term 'country of concern' means a foreign country specially designated by the Secretary of State pursuant to section 201(b) as a major source of wildlife trafficking products or their derivatives, a major transit point of wildlife trafficking products or their derivatives, or a major consumer of wildlife trafficking products, in which—
- "(A) the government has actively engaged in, or knowingly profited from, the trafficking of protected species; or
- "(B) the government facilitates such trafficking through conduct that may include a persistent failure to make serious and sustained efforts to prevent and prosecute such trafficking."; and
- (3) in paragraph (11), by striking "section 201" and inserting "section 301".

### SEC. 17203. FRAMEWORK FOR INTERAGENCY RE-SPONSE AND REPORTING.

- (a) REAUTHORIZATION OF REPORT ON MAJOR WILDLIFE TRAFFICKING COUNTRIES.—Section 201 of the Eliminate, Neutralize, and Disrupt Wildlife Trafficking Act of 2016 (16 U.S.C. 7621) is amended—
- (1) in subsection (a), by striking "annually thereafter" and inserting "biennially thereafter by June 1 of each year in which a report is required"; and
- (2) by amending subsection (c) to read as follows:
- "(c) DESIGNATION.—A country may be designated as a country of concern under subsection (b) regardless of such country's status as a focus country.".
- (b) PRESIDENTIAL TASK FORCE ON WILDLIFE TRAFFICKING RESPONSIBILITIES.—Section 301(a) of the Eliminate, Neutralize, and Disrupt Wildlife Trafficking Act of 2016 (16 U.S.C. 7631(a)) is amended—
- (1) in paragraph (4), by striking "and" at the end;
- (2) by redesignating paragraph (5) as paragraph (10); and
- (3) by inserting after paragraph (4) the following:
- "(5) pursue programs and develop a strategy—
- "(A) to expand the role of technology for anti-poaching and anti-trafficking efforts, in partnership with the private sector, foreign

governments, academia, and nongovernmental organizations (including technology companies and the transportation and logistics sectors); and

"(B) to enable local governments to develop and use such technologies;

"(6) consider programs and initiatives that address the expansion of the illegal wildlife trade to digital platforms, including the use of digital currency and payment platforms for transactions by collaborating with the private sector, academia, and nongovernmental organizations, including social media, e-commerce, and search engine companies, as appropriate:

"(7)(A) establish and publish a procedure for removing from the list in the biennial report any country of concern that no longer meets the definition of country of concern under section 2(4):

"(B) include details about such procedure in the next report required under section 201;

"(8)(A) implement interventions to address the drivers of poaching, trafficking, and demand for illegal wildlife and wildlife products in focus countries and countries of concern:

"(B) set benchmarks for measuring the effectiveness of such interventions; and

"(C) consider alignment and coordination with indicators developed by the Task Force;

"(9) consider additional opportunities to increase coordination between law enforcement and financial institutions to identify trafficking activity; and".

(c) PRESIDENTIAL TASK FORCE ON WILDLIFE TRAFFICKING STRATEGIC REVIEW.—Section 301 of the Eliminate, Neutralize, and Disrupt Wildlife Trafficking Act of 2016 (16 U.S.C. 7631), as amended by subsection (b), is further amended—

(1) in subsection (d)—

- (A) in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by striking "annually" and inserting "biennially".
- (B) in paragraph (4), by striking "and" at the end;
- (C) in paragraph (5), by striking the period at the end and inserting "; and"; and

(D) by adding at the end the following:

"(6) an analysis of the indicators developed by the Task Force, and recommended by the Government Accountability Office, to track and measure inputs, outputs, law enforcement outcomes, and the market for wildlife products for each focus country listed in the report, including baseline measures, as appropriate, for each indicator in each focus country to determine the effectiveness and appropriateness of such indicators to assess progress and whether additional or separate indicators, or adjustments to indicators, may be necessary for focus countries."; and

### (2) by striking subsection (e). SEC. 17204. FUNDING SAFEGUARDS.

- (a) PROCEDURES FOR OBTAINING CREDIBLE INFORMATION.—Section 620M(d) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2378d(d)) is amended—
- (1) by redesignating paragraphs (4), (5), (6), and (7) as paragraphs (5), (6), (7), and (8), respectively; and
- (2) by inserting after paragraph (3) the following:
- "(4) routinely request and obtain such information from the United States Agency for International Development, the United States Fish and Wildlife Service, and other relevant Federal agencies that partner with international nongovernmental conservation groups:".
- (b) REQUIRED IMPLEMENTATION.—The Secretary of State shall implement the procedures established pursuant to section 620M(d) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, as amended by subsection (a), including vetting individuals and units, whenever the United

States Agency for International Development, the United States Fish and Wildlife Service, or any other relevant Federal agency that partners with international nongovernmental conservation groups provides assistance to any unit of the security forces of a foreign country.

#### SEC. 17205. ISSUANCE OF SUBPOENAS IN WILD-LIFE TRAFFICKING CIVIL PENALTY ENFORCEMENT ACTIONS.

- (a) ENDANGERED SPECIES ACT OF 1973.—Section 11(e) of the Endangered Species Act of 1973 (16 U.S.C. 1540(e)) is amended by adding at the end the following:
  - "(7) ISSUANCE OF SUBPOENAS.—
- "(A) In general.—For the purposes of any inspection or investigation relating to the import into, or the export from, the United States of any fish or wildlife or plants covered under this Act or relating to the delivery, receipt, carrying, transport, shipment, sale, or offer for sale in interstate or foreign commerce of any such fish or wildlife or plants imported into or exported from the United States, the Secretary, may issue subpoenas for the attendance and testimony of witnesses and the production of any papers, books, or other records relevant to the subject matter under investigation.
- "(B) FEES AND MILEAGE FOR WITNESSES.—A witness summoned under subparagraph (A) shall be paid the same fees and mileage that are paid to witnesses in the courts of the United States.
  - "(C) REFUSAL TO OBEY SUBPOENAS .-
- "(i) IN GENERAL.—In the case of a contumacy or refusal to obey a subpoena served on any person pursuant to this paragraph, the district court of the United States for any judicial district in which the person is found, resides, or transacts business, on application by the United States and after notice to that person, shall have jurisdiction to issue an order requiring that person to appear and give testimony before the Secretary, to appear and produce documents before the Secretary, or both.
- "(ii) FAILURE TO OBEY.—Any failure to obey an order issued by a court under clause (i) may be punished by that court as a contempt of that court."
- (b) LACEY ACT AMENDMENTS OF 1981.—Section 6 of the Lacey Act Amendments of 1981 (16 U.S.C. 3375) is amended by adding at the end the following:
  - "(e) ISSUANCE OF SUBPOENAS.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—For the purposes of any inspection or investigation relating to the import into, or the export from, the United States of any fish or wildlife or plants covered under the Lacey Act of 1900 (16 U.S.C. 3371 et seq.) or relating to the transport, sale, receipt, acquisition, or purchase in interstate or foreign commerce of any such fish or wildlife or plants imported into or exported from the United States, the Secretary may issue subpoenas for the attendance and testimony of witnesses and the production of any papers, books, or other records relevant to the subject matter under investigation.
- "(2) FEES AND MILEAGE FOR WITNESSES.—A witness summoned under paragraph (1) shall be paid the same fees and mileage that are paid to witnesses in the courts of the United States.
  - "(3) Refusal to obey subpoenas.-
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—In the case of a contumacy or refusal to obey a subpoena served on any person pursuant to this subsection, the district court of the United States for any judicial district in which the person is found, resides, or transacts business, on application by the United States and after notice to that person, shall have jurisdiction to issue an order requiring that person to appear and give testimony before the Secretary, to appear and produce documents before the Secretary, or both.

- "(B) FAILURE TO OBEY .-- Any failure to obey an order issued by a court under subparagraph (A) may be punished by that court as a contempt of that court."
- (c) BALD AND GOLDEN EAGLE PROTECTION
- (1) CIVIL PENALTIES.—Subsection (b) of the first section of the Act of June 8, 1940 (16 U.S.C. 668(b)) (commonly known as the "Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act"), is amended-
- (A) by striking "(b) Whoever, within the" and inserting the following:
  - "(b) CIVIL PENALTIES
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—Whoever, within the"; and
  - (B) by adding at the end the following:
- "(2) Hearings; issuance of subpoenas.-
- "(A) HEARINGS.—Hearings held during proceedings for the assessment of civil penalties under paragraph (1) shall be conducted in accordance with section 554 of title 5, United States Code.
- "(B) ISSUANCE OF SUBPOENAS.-
- "(i) IN GENERAL.—For purposes of any hearing held during proceedings for the assessment of civil penalties under paragraph (1), the Secretary may issue subpoenas for the attendance and testimony of witnesses and the production of relevant papers, books, and documents, and may administer oaths.
- (ii) FEES AND MILEAGE FOR WITNESSES.witness summoned pursuant to clause (i) shall be paid the same fees and mileage that are paid to witnesses in the courts of the United States
- '(iii) Refusal to obey subpoenas.—
- "(I) IN GENERAL.—In the case of a contumacy or refusal to obey a subpoena served on any person pursuant to this subparagraph. the district court of the United States for any judicial district in which the person is found, resides, or transacts business, on application by the United States and after notice to that person, shall have jurisdiction to issue an order requiring that person to appear and give testimony before the Secretary, to appear and produce documents before the Secretary, or both.
- "(II) FAILURE TO OBEY.—Any failure to obey an order issued by a court under subclause (I) may be punished by that court as a contempt of that court."
- (2) INVESTIGATORY SUBPOENAS.—Section 3 of the Act of June 8, 1940 (16 U.S.C. 668b) (commonly known as the "Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act"), is amended by adding at the end the following:
- '(d) ISSUANCE OF SUBPOENAS.-
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—For the purposes of any inspection or investigation relating to the import into or the export from the United States of any bald or golden eagles covered under this Act, or any parts, nests, or eggs of any such bald or golden eagles, the Secretary may issue subpoenas for the attendance and testimony of witnesses and the production of any papers, books, or other records relevant to the subject matter under investigation.
- "(2) FEES AND MILEAGE FOR WITNESSES .witness summoned under paragraph (1) shall be paid the same fees and mileage that are paid to witnesses in the courts of the United States
- "(3) Refusal to obey subpoends.
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—In the case of a contumacy or refusal to obey a subpoena served on any person pursuant to this subsection, the district court of the United States for any judicial district in which the person is found, resides, or transacts business, on application by the United States and after notice to that person, shall have jurisdiction to issue an order requiring that person to appear and give testimony before the Secretary, to appear and produce documents before the Secretary, or both.

"(B) FAILURE TO OBEY.—Any failure to obey an order issued by a court under subparagraph (A) may be punished by that court as a contempt of that court.".

AMENDMENT NO. 83 OFFERED BY MR. FOSTER OF ILLINOIS

Page 641, after line 22, insert the following:

#### Subtitle G-National Nuclear University Research Infrastructure Reinvestment SEC. 10671. SHORT TITLE.

This subtitle may be cited as the "National Nuclear University Research Infrastructure Reinvestment Act of 2021".

#### SEC. 10672. PURPOSES.

The purposes of this subtitle are-

- (1) to upgrade the nuclear research capabilities of universities in the United States to meet the research requirements of advanced nuclear energy systems;
- (2) to ensure the continued operation of university research reactors;
- (3) to coordinate available resources to enable the establishment, including the start and efficient completion of construction, of new nuclear science and engineering facilities: and
  - (4) to support—
- (A) workforce development critical to maintaining United States leadership in nuclear science and engineering and related disciplines; and
- (B) the establishment or enhancement of nuclear science and engineering capabilities and other, related capabilities at historically Black colleges and universities. Tribal colleges or universities, minority-serving institutions, EPSCoR universities, junior or community colleges, and associate-degree-granting colleges

#### SEC. 10673. UNIVERSITY INFRASTRUCTURE COL-LABORATION.

Section 954(a) of the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16274(a)) is amended-

- (1) in paragraph (2) by amending subparagraph (D) to read as follows:
- (D) promote collaborations, partnerships. and knowledge sharing between institutions of higher education, National Laboratories, other Federal agencies, industry, and associated labor unions; and".
- (2) by amending paragraph (4) to read as follow:
- "(4) STRENGTHENING UNIVERSITY RESEARCH AND TRAINING REACTORS AND ASSOCIATED IN-FRASTRUCTURE.-
- (A) IN GENERAL.—In carrying out the program under this subsection, the Secretary may support-
- "(i) converting research reactors from high-enrichment fuels to low-enrichment fuels and upgrading operational instrumentation:
- "(ii) revitalizing and upgrading existing nuclear science and engineering infrastructure that support the development of advanced nuclear technologies and applications:
- "(iii) regional or subregional universityled consortia to-
- "(I) broaden access to university research reactors;
- "(II) enhance existing university-based nuclear science and engineering infrastructure;
- "(III) provide project management, technical support, quality engineering and inspections, manufacturing, and nuclear material support.";
- "(iv) student training programs, in collaboration with the United States nuclear industry, in relicensing and upgrading reactors, including through the provision of technical assistance; and
- "(v) reactor improvements that emphasize research, training, and education, including through the Innovations in Nuclear Infra-

structure and Education Program or any similar program.

"(B) Of any amounts appropriated to carry out the program under this subsection, there is authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary to carry out clauses (ii) and (iii) of subparagraph (A) \$55,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2022 through 2026."

#### SEC. 10674. ADVANCED NUCLEAR RESEARCH IN-FRASTRUCTURE ENHANCEMENT SUBPROGRAM.

Section 954(a) of the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16274(a)), as amended by section 3, is further amended-

- (1) by redesignating paragraphs (5) through (8) as paragraphs (6) through (9), respectively:
- (2) by inserting after paragraph (4) the following:
- "(5) ADVANCED NUCLEAR RESEARCH INFRA-STRUCTURE ENHANCEMENT.-
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall carry out a subprogram to be known as the Advanced Nuclear Research Infrastructure Enhancement Subprogram in order to-
- "(i) demonstrate various advanced nuclear reactor and nuclear microreactor concepts;
- "(ii) establish medical isotope production reactors or other specialized applications;
- "(iii) advance other research infrastructure that, in the determination of the Secretary, is consistent with the mission of the Department.
- "(B) NEW NUCLEAR SCIENCE AND ENGINEER-ING FACILITIES.—In carrying out the subprogram, the Secretary shall establish-
- "(i) not more than 4 new research reactors; and
- "(ii) new nuclear science and engineering facilities, as required to address research demand and identified infrastructure gaps.
- "(C) LOCATIONS.—New research reactors and facilities established under subparagraph (B) shall be established in a manner
- "(i) supports the regional or subregional consortia described in paragraph (4)(C); and
  - "(ii) encourages the participation of-
- "(I) historically Black colleges and univer-
  - "(II) Tribal colleges or universities;
  - "(III) minority-serving institutions;
  - "(IV) EPSCoR universities;
  - "(V) junior or community colleges; and
  - "(VI) associate-degree-granting colleges.
- "(D) FUEL REQUIREMENTS.—New research reactors established under subparagraph (B) shall not use high-enriched uranium, as defined in section 2001 of division Z of the Consoli5 dated Appropriations Act of 2021.
- (E) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS. Of any amounts appropriated to carry out the program under this section, there are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary to carry out the subprogram under this paragraph-
  - "(i) \$10,000,000 for fiscal year 2022:
  - "(ii) \$45,000,000 for fiscal year 2023;
  - "(iii) \$60,000,000 for fiscal year 2024:
- "(iv) \$65,000,000 for fiscal year 2025;
- "(v) \$80,000,000 for fiscal year 2026:
- "(vi) \$140,000,000 for fiscal year 2027;
- "(vii) \$120,000,000 for fiscal year 2028; and
- "(viii) \$80,000,000 for fiscal year 2029."; and (3) by amending paragraph (9), as redesignated by paragraph (1) of this section, to
- read as follows: "(9) DEFINITIONS.—In this subsection:
- ASSOCIATE-DEGREE-GRANTING LEGE.—The term 'associate-degree- granting college' means an institution of higher education (as determined under section 101 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 20 U.S.C. 1001) that-
- "(i) is a nonprofit institution that offers a 2-year associate-degree program or a 2-year certificate program; or

- "(ii) is a proprietary institution that offers a 2-year associate degree program;
- "(B) JUNIOR FACULTY.—The term 'junior faculty' means a faculty member who was awarded a doctorate less than 10 years before receipt of an award from the grant program described in paragraph (2)(B);
- "(C) JUNIOR OR COMMUNITY COLLEGE.—The term "junior or community college: has the meaning given the term in section 312 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1058);
- EPSCOR UNIVERSITY.—The 'EPSCoR university' means an institution of higher education located in a State eligible to participate in the program defined in section 502 of the America COMPETES Reauthorization Act of 2010 (42 U.S.C. 1862p note):
- "(E) HISTORICALLY BLACK COLLEGE OR UNI-VERSITY.-The term 'historically Black college or university' has the meaning given the term 'part B institution' in section 322 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1061):
- "(F) MINORITY-SERVING INSTITUTION.—The term 'minority-serving institution' means a Hispanic-serving institution, an Alaska Native-serving institution, a Native Hawaiianserving institutions, a Predominantly Black Institution, an Asian American and Native American Pacific Islander-serving institution, or a Native American-serving nontribal institution as described in section 371 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1067q(a); and
- "(G) TRIBAL COLLEGE OR UNIVERSITY.—The term "Tribal College or University" has the meaning given such term in section 316 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1059c)."

### SEC. 10675. SCIENCE EDUCATION AND HUMAN RESOURCES SCHOLARSHIPS, FELLOWSHIPS, AND RESEARCH AND DE-VELOPMENT PROJECTS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The purpose of this section is to support a diverse workforce for the complex landscape associated with effective and equitable development of advanced nuclear energy technologies, including interdisciplinary research to enable positive impacts and avoid potential negative impacts across the lifespan of nuclear energy technologies.
- (b) NONTECHNICAL NUCLEAR RESEARCH. Section 313 of the Omnibus Appropriations Act, 2009 (Public Law 111-8; 42 U.S.C. 16274a) is amended:
- (1) in subsection (b)(2), after "engineer-, by inserting ", which may include nontechnical nuclear research.";
- (2) in subsection (c), by inserting after paragraph (2) the following:
- "(3) Nontechnical nuclear research.-The term 'nontechnical nuclear research' means research with specializations such as social sciences or law that can support an increase in community engagement, participation, and confidence in nuclear energy systems, including the navigation of the licensing required for advanced reactor deployment, aligned with the objectives in section 951(a)(2) of the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16271(a)(2))."; and
- in subsection (d)(1), striking "\$30,000,000" and inserting "\$45,000,000".
- AMENDMENT NO. 88 OFFERED BY MR. GALLAGHER

OF WISCONSIN

At the end of division E of title VI, add the following new section:

### SEC. 40103. AMERICAN SECURITY DRONE ACT.

- (a) SHORT TITLE.—This section may be cited as the "American Security Drone Act of 2022"
  - (b) Definitions.—In this section:
- (1) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMIT-TEES.—The term "appropriate congressional committees" means-
- (A) the congressional defense committees as defined in section 101(a) of title 10, United States Code;

- (B) the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology, and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives; and
- (C) the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate.
- (2) COVERED FOREIGN ENTITY.—The term "covered foreign entity" means an entity included on a list developed and maintained by the Federal Acquisition Security Council that includes entities in the following categories:
- (A) An entity included on the Consolidated Screening List.
- (B) Any entity that is subject to extrajudicial direction from a foreign government, as determined by the Secretary of Homeland Security.
- (C) Any entity the Secretary of Homeland Security, in coordination with the Director of National Intelligence and the Secretary of Defense, determines poses a national security risk.
- (D) Any entity domiciled in the People's Republic of China or subject to influence or control by the Government of the People's Republic of China or the Communist Party of the People's Republic of China, as determined by the Secretary of Homeland Secu-
- (E) Any subsidiary or affiliate of an entity described in subparagraphs (A) through (D).
- (3) EXECUTIVE AGENCY.—The term "executive agency" has the meaning given that term in section 133 of title 41, United States Code.
- (4) Unmanned Aircraft System: Has -Except as otherwise provided, the terms "unmanned aircraft system" and "UAS" mean an unmanned aircraft and associated elements (consisting of communication links and the components that control the unmanned aircraft) that are required for the operator to operate safely and efficiently in the national airspace system.
- (c) Prohibition on Procurement of Un-MANNED AIRCRAFT SYSTEMS FROM COVERED FOREIGN ENTITIES .-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided under paragraphs (2) and (3), the head of an executive agency may not procure any unmanned aircraft system that is manufactured, assembled, designed, or patented by a covered foreign entity that are required for the operator to operate safely and efficiently in the national airspace system. The Federal Acquisition Security Council, in coordination with the Secretary of Transportation, shall develop and update a list of associated elements.
- (2) EXEMPTION.—The Secretary of Homeland Security, the Secretary of Defense, and the Attorney General are exempt from the restriction under paragraph (1) if the operation or procurement-
- (A) is for the sole purposes of research, evaluation, training, testing, or analysis
  - (i) electronic warfare;
- (ii) information warfare operations;
- (iii) development of UAS or counter-UAS technology;
- (iv) counterterrorism or counterintelligence activities; or
- (v) Federal criminal investigations, including forensic examinations; and
- (B) is required in the national interest of the United States.
- (3) WAIVER.—The head of an executive agency may waive the prohibition under paragraph (1)-
- (A) with the approval of the Secretary of Homeland Security or the Secretary of Defense: and
  - (B) upon notification to Congress.
- (d) PROHIBITION ON OPERATION OF UN-MANNED AIRCRAFT SYSTEMS FROM COVERED FOREIGN ENTITIES.

- PROHIBITION.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—Beginning on the date that is 2 years after the date of the enactment of this Act, an executive agency may not operate an unmanned aircraft system manufactured, assembled, designed, or patented by a covered foreign entity.
- (B) APPLICABILITY TO CONTRACTED SERV--The prohibition under subparagraph ICES .-(A) applies to any unmanned aircraft systems that are being used by any executive agency through the method of contracting for the services of unmanned aircraft sys-
- (2) Exemption.—The Secretary of Homeland Security, the Secretary of Defense, and the Attorney General are exempt from the restriction under paragraph (1) if the operation or procurement-
- (A) is for the sole purposes of research, evaluation, training, testing, or analysis for-
  - (i) electronic warfare;
  - (ii) information warfare operations:
- (iii) development of UAS or counter-UAS technology:
- (iv) counterterrorism or counterintelligence activities: or
- (v) Federal criminal investigations, including forensic examinations; and
- (B) is required in the national interest of the United States.
- (3) WAIVER.—The head of an executive agency may waive the prohibition under paragraph (1) on a case-by-case basis-
- (A) with the approval of the Secretary of Homeland Security or the Secretary of Defense: and
  - (B) upon notification to Congress.
- (4) REGULATIONS AND GUIDANCE.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Homeland Security shall prescribe regulations or guidance to implement this subsection.
- (e) PROHIBITION ON USE OF FEDERAL FUNDS FOR PURCHASES AND OPERATION OF UNMANNED AIRCRAFT SYSTEMS FROM COVERED FOREIGN ENTITIES .-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Beginning on the date that is 2 years after the date of the enactment of this Act, except as provided in paragraphs (2) and (3), Federal funds awarded through a contract, grant, or cooperative agreement entered into on or after such effective date, or otherwise made available, may not be used-
- (A) to purchase a unmanned aircraft system, or a system to counter unmanned aircraft systems, that is manufactured, assembled, designed, or patented by a covered foreign entity; or
- (B) in connection with the operation of such a drone or unmanned aircraft system.
- (2) Exemption.—An executive agency is exempt from the restriction under paragraph (1) if the operation or procurement is for the sole purposes of research, evaluation, training, testing, or analysis, as determined by the Secretary of Homeland Security, the Secretary of Defense, or the Attorney General, for-
  - (A) electronic warfare:
  - (B) information warfare operations;
- (C) development of UAS or counter-UAS technology;
- (D) counterterrorism or counterintelligence activities;
- (E) Federal criminal investigations, including forensic examinations; or
- (F) the safe integration of UAS in the national airspace (as determined in consultation with the Secretary of Transportation); and
- (G) is required in the national interest of the United States.
- (3) WAIVER.—The head of an executive agency may waive the prohibition under paragraph (1) on a case-by-case basis—

- (A) with the approval of the Secretary of Homeland Security or the Secretary of Defense; and
  - (B) upon notification to Congress.
- (4) REGULATIONS.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Federal Acquisition Regulatory Council shall prescribe regulations or guidance, as necessary, to implement the requirements of this subsection relating to Federal contracts.
- (f) PROHIBITION ON USE OF GOVERNMENT-ISSUED PURCHASE CARDS TO PURCHASE UN-MANNED AIRCRAFT SYSTEMS FROM COVERED FOREIGN ENTITIES.—Effective immediately, Government-issued Purchase Cards may not be used to procure any unmanned aircraft system from a covered foreign entity.
- (g) MANAGEMENT OF EXISTING INVENTORIES OF UNMANNED AIRCRAFT SYSTEMS FROM COVERED FOREIGN ENTITIES.—
- (1) In GENERAL.—Effective immediately, all executive agencies must account for existing inventories of unmanned aircraft systems manufactured, assembled, designed, or patented by a covered foreign entity in their personal property accounting systems, regardless of the original procurement cost, or the purpose of procurement due to the special monitoring and accounting measures necessary to track the items' capabilities.
- (2) CLASSIFIED TRACKING.—Due to the sensitive nature of missions and operations conducted by the United States Government, inventory data related to unmanned aircraft systems manufactured, assembled, designed, or patented by a covered foreign entity may be tracked at a classified level.
- (3) EXCEPTIONS.—The Department of Defense and Department of Homeland Security may exclude from the full inventory process, unmanned aircraft systems that are deemed expendable due to mission risk such as recovery issues or that are one-time-use unmanned aircraft system due to requirements and low cost.
- (h) COMPTROLLER GENERAL REPORT.—Not later than 275 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General of the United States shall submit to Congress a report on the amount of commercial off-the-shelf drones and unmanned aircraft systems procured by Federal departments and agencies from covered foreign entities.
- (i) GOVERNMENT-WIDE POLICY FOR PROCURE-MENT OF UNMANNED AIRCRAFT SYSTEMS.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of the Office of Management and Budget, in coordination with the Department of Homeland Security, Department of Transportation, the Department of Justice, and other Departments as determined by the Director of the Office of Management and Budget, and in consultation with the National Institute of Standards and Technology, shall establish a government-wide policy for the procurement of UAS—
- (A) for non-Department of Defense and non-intelligence community operations; and
- (B) through grants and cooperative agreements entered into with non-Federal enti-
- (2) INFORMATION SECURITY.—The policy developed under paragraph (1) shall include the following specifications, which to the extent practicable, shall be based on industry standards and technical guidance from the National Institute of Standards and Technology, to address the risks associated with processing, storing and transmitting Federal information in a UAS:
- (A) Protections to ensure controlled access of UAS.
- (B) Protecting software, firmware, and hardware by ensuring changes to UAS are properly managed, including by ensuring

- UAS can be updated using a secure, controlled, and configurable mechanism.
- (C) Cryptographically securing sensitive collected, stored, and transmitted data, including proper handling of privacy data and other controlled unclassified information.
- (D) Appropriate safeguards necessary to protect sensitive information, including during and after use of UAS.
- (E) Appropriate data security to ensure that data is not transmitted to or stored in non-approved locations.
- (F) The ability to opt out of the uploading, downloading, or transmitting of data that is not required by law or regulation and an ability to choose with whom and where information is shared when it is required.
- (3) REQUIREMENT.—The policy developed under paragraph (1) shall reflect an appropriate risk-based approach to information security related to use of UAS.
- (4) REVISION OF ACQUISITION REGULATIONS.— Not later than 180 days after the date on which the policy required under paragraph (1) is issued—
- (A) the Federal Acquisition Regulatory Council shall revise the Federal Acquisition Regulation, as necessary, to implement the policy; and
- (B) any executive agency or other Federal entity not subject to, or not subject solely to, the Federal Acquisition Regulation shall revise applicable policy, guidance, or regulations, as necessary, to implement the policy.
- (5) EXEMPTION.—In developing the policy required under paragraph (1), the Director of the Office of Management and Budget shall incorporate an exemption to the policy for the following reasons:
- (A) In the case of procurement for the purposes of training, testing or analysis for—
- (i) electronic warfare; or
- (ii) information warfare operations.
- (B) In the case of researching UAS technology, including testing, evaluation, research, or development of technology to counter UAS.
- (C) In the case of a head of the procuring executive agency determining, in writing, that no product that complies with the information security requirements described in paragraph (2) is capable of fulfilling mission critical performance requirements, and such determination—
- (i) may not be delegated below the level of the Deputy Secretary of the procuring executive agency;
  - (ii) shall specify—
- (I) the quantity of end items to which the waiver applies, the procurement value of which may not exceed \$50,000 per waiver; and
- (II) the time period over which the waiver applies, which shall not exceed 3 years;
- (iii) shall be reported to the Office of Management and Budget following issuance of such a determination; and
- (iv) not later than 30 days after the date on which the determination is made, shall be provided to the Committee on Homeland Security and Government Affairs of the Senate and the Committee on Oversight and Reform of the House of Representatives.
- (j) STUDY ON THE SUPPLY CHAIN FOR UNMANNED AIRCRAFT SYSTEMS AND COMPONENTS.—
- (1) REPORT REQUIRED.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment, in consultation with the Administrator of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration, shall provide to the appropriate congressional committees a report on the supply chain for covered unmanned aircraft systems, including a discussion of current and projected future demand for covered unmanned aircraft systems.

- (2) ELEMENTS.—The report under paragraph (1) shall include the following:
- (A) A description of the current and future global and domestic market for covered unmanned aircraft systems that are not widely commercially available except from a covered foreign entity.
- (B) A description of the sustainability, availability, cost, and quality of secure sources of covered unmanned aircraft systems domestically and from sources in allied and partner countries.
- (C) The plan of the Secretary of Defense to address any gaps or deficiencies identified in subparagraph (B), including through the use of funds available under the Defense Production Act of 1950 (50 U.S.C. 4501 et seq.) and partnerships with the National Aeronautics and Space Administration and other interested persons.
- (D) Such other information as the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment determines to be appropriate.
- (3) COVERED UNMANNED AIRCRAFT SYSTEM DEFINED.—In this subsection, the term "covered unmanned aircraft system" means an unmanned aircraft system (as defined in subsection (b)) and any components of such a system.

AMENDMENT NO. 95 OFFERED BY MISS GONZÁLEZ-COLÓN OF PUERTO RICO

Page 407, after line 25, insert the following: SEC. 10310. RECOGNITION OF THE ARECIBO OB-SERVATORY.

- (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following:
- (1) The Department of Defense began developing the Arecibo Observatory located in Barrio Esperanza, Arecibo, Puerto Rico, during the 1950s, and its characteristic instrument, a large radio telescope of 305 meters in diameter was completed in 1963.
- (2) The facility was later owned by the National Science Foundation, and supported by the National Aeronautics and Space Administration and various university partners.
- (3) The Arecibo Observatory's 305-meter fixed spherical radio telescope, was the world's largest single-dish radio telescope until the Five-Hundred-Meter Aperture Spherical Radio Telescope located in Gizhou, China, began observing in 2016.
- (4) The 305-meter radio telescope made unparalleled contributions to the fields of radio astronomy, planetary, and atmospheric sciences, and played a role in inspiring thousands of students in Puerto Rico, the Nation, and the world to pursue careers in STEM fields through the Arecibo Observatory Education and Public Outreach Programs.
- (5) The radio telescope significantly advanced the field of radio astronomy, including the first indirect detection of gravitational waves, the first detection of extrasolar planets, innumerable contributions to the field of time domain astronomy and the study of the interstellar medium, and played a key role in the search for extraterrestrial intelligence.
- (6) The Arecibo Observatory had the best planetary radar system in the world, used by the National Aeronautics and Space Administration for near-Earth object detection and was an essential part of the agency's planetary defense program.
- (7) The planetary radar at the Arecibo Observatory has contributed fundamentally and significantly to the knowledge of the solar system.
- (8) The Arecibo Observatory's Incoherent Scatter Radar and supporting facilities have provided fundamental understanding of the ionosphere and upper atmosphere, and the interface between the atmosphere and space that protects the planet from solar wind, meteors, and other potential threats.

- (9) December 1, 2021, marks the 1-year anniversary of the uncontrolled collapse sustained by the radio telescope after a series of cable failures in tower 4.
- (b) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of Congress that the Congress—  $\,$
- (1) acknowledges the loss of the Arecibo Observatory's radio telescope due to its collapse and its implications for the loss of a unique world-class multidisciplinary science facility which conducted research in the areas of space and atmospheric sciences, radar astronomy and planetary sciences, astronomy, and astrophysics:
- (2) acknowledges that the uncontrolled collapse of the 305-meter radio telescope represents a loss of astronomical observation capabilities, scientific research and development, planetary defense capabilities, and applied science capabilities for the United States;
- (3) recognizes the rich scientific, educational, and economic benefits that the Arecibo Telescope has made to the people of Puerto Rico, the Nation, and the world;
- (4) recognizes the work and contributions made by the thousands of dedicated staff who have supported the Arecibo Observatory for close to 6 decades:
- (5) commends the National Science Foundation for convening a virtual workshop in June 2021, to explore ideas for future scientific and educational activities at the Arecibo Observatory; and
- (6) encourages the National Science Foundation, the National Aeronautics and Space Administration, and other agencies to explore opportunities for strengthening and expanding the role of the Arecibo Observatory in Puerto Rico through education, outreach, and diversity programs, and future research capabilities and technology at the site.

### AMENDMENT NO. 100 OFFERED BY MR. GOTTHEIMER OF NEW JERSEY

Page 1115, after line 6, add the following:

(P) opportunities of potential partnership with Israel and other regional nations in areas such as technological cooperation in areas critical to national security.

### AMENDMENT NO. 101 OFFERED BY MR. GOTTHEIMER OF NEW JERSEY

At the end of subtitle D of title I of division D, add the following:

# SEC. 30135. REPORT ON LINKS BETWEEN PRIVATE SECTOR CHINESE TECHNOLOGY AND SOCIAL MEDIA COMPANIES AND THE PEOPLE'S LIBERATION ARMY, CHINESE INTELLIGENCE, AND THE CHINESE COMMUNIST PARTY.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The President shall prepare and submit to Congress a report on links between private sector Chinese technology and social media companies and the People's Liberation Army, Chinese intelligence, and the Chinese Communist Party.
- (b) MATTERS TO BE INCLUDED.—The report required by subsection (a) shall include a discussion and analysis of—
- (1) national security risks from illicit or coercive technology transfer;
- (2) Chinese investment in private sector United States and allied nation technology companies in fields such as artificial intelligence, biotechnology, next-generation energy technology and other areas determined to be vital to the national security of the United States by Secretaries of Commerce, Energy, and Defense; and
- (3) key technology focus areas (as such term is defined in section 20208(16) of this Act).
- (c) FORM.—The report required by subsection (a) shall be submitted in unclassified form and made available to the public, but may contain a classified annex.

AMENDMENT NO. 107 OFFERED BY MRS. HAYES OF CONNECTICUT

At the end of title III of division B, add the following:

### SEC. 10310. HANDS-ON LEARNING OPPORTUNITIES IN STEM EDUCATION.

- (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) ESEA TERMS.—The terms "elementary school", "high school", "secondary school", and "State" have the meanings given the terms in section 8101 of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 7801).
- (2) ELIGIBLE NONPROFIT PROGRAM.—The term "eligible nonprofit program"—
- (A) means a nonprofit program serving prekindergarten, elementary school, or secondary school students; and
- (B) includes a program described in subparagraph (A) that covers the continuum of education from prekindergarten through high school and is available in every State.
- (3) DIRECTOR.—The term "Director" means the Director of the National Science Foundation.
- (4) STEM.—The term "STEM" means science, technology, engineering, and mathematics.
- (b) PURPOSES.—The purposes of this section are to—  $\,$
- (1) provide effective, compelling, and engaging means for teaching and reinforcing fundamental STEM concepts and inspiring the youth of the United States to pursue careers in STEM-related fields;
- (2) expand the STEM workforce pipeline by developing and training students for careers in United States STEM fields; and
- (3) broaden participation in the STEM workforce by underrepresented population groups.
- (c) Program Authorized.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Director shall, subject to the availability of appropriations for such purposes, make awards to eligible nonprofit programs for supporting hands-on learning opportunities in STEM education, including via after-school activities and innovative learning opportunities such as robotics competitions and for the purposes of evaluating the impact of such programs on STEM learning and disseminating the results of such evaluations.
- (2) PRIORITY.—In making awards under the program, the Director shall give priority to eligible nonprofit programs serving students that attend elementary schools or secondary schools (including high schools) that—
- (A) are implementing comprehensive support and improvement activities or targeted support and improvement activities under paragraph (1) or (2) of section 1111(d) of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 6311(d)); or
- (B) serve high percentages of students who are eligible for a free or reduced price lunch under the Richard B. Russell National School Lunch Act (42 U.S.C. 1751 et seq.) (which, in the case of a high school, may be calculated using comparable data from the schools that feed into the high school).

AMENDMENT NO. 111 OFFERED BY MR. HILL OF ARKANSAS

Add at the end of division I the following:

### TITLE IV—OTHER MATTERS

### SEC. 80401. REGISTRATION OF AGENT.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 190 of title 28, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

### "\$ 5002. Registration of an agent for the service of process on covered entities

"(a) IN GENERAL.—A covered entity conducting business in the United States shall register with the Department of Commerce not less than one agent residing in the United States if the covered entity—

- "(1) is organized under the laws of, or has its principal place of business in, a foreign country:
- "(2) is traded in shares and such shares are held in majority by any individual or group of individuals reside in a foreign country; or
- "(3) is owned by individuals or other entities who reside or are headquartered outside of the United States and the majority of business earnings of the covered entity are derived from commerce outside of the United States.
- "(b) FILING.—A registration required under subsection (a) shall be filed with the Department of Commerce not later than 30 days after—
- "(1) the date of enactment of this Act; or "(2) the departure of the previously registered agent from employment or contract with the covered entity.
- "(c) Purpose of Registered Agent.-
- "(1) AVAILABILITY.—A covered entity shall ensure that not less than one registered agent on whom process may be served is available at the business address of the registered agent each day from 9 a.m. to 5 p.m. in the time zone of the business address, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and Federal holidays.
- "(2) COMMUNICATION.—The registered agent shall be required to be available to accept service of process on behalf of the covered entity under which the agent is registered by the means of any communication included in the registration submitted to the Department of Commerce.
- "(d) COOPERATION.—A registered agent shall cooperate in good faith with the United States Government and representatives of other individuals and entities
- "(e) REQUIRED INFORMATION.—The registration submitted to the Department of Commerce shall include the following information:
- "(1) The name of the covered entity registering an agent under this section.
- "(2) The name of the Chief Executive Officer, President, Partner, Chairman, or other controlling individual of the covered entity.
- "(3) The name of the individual who is being registered as the agent for the service of process.
- (4) The business address of the covered entity registering an agent under this section.
- "(5) The business address of the individual who is being registered as the agent for the service of process.
- "(6) Contact information, including an email address and phone number for the individual who is being registered as the agent for the service of process.
- "(7) The date on which the agent shall begin to accept service of process under this section.
- "(f) Website.—The information submitted to the Department of Commerce pursuant to this section shall be made available on a publicly accessible database on the website of the Department of Commerce.
- "(g) PERSONAL JURISDICTION.—A covered entity that registers an agent under this section thereby consents to the personal jurisdiction of the State or Federal courts of the State in which the registered agent is located for the purpose of any regulatory proceeding or civil action relating to such covered entity.
  - "(h) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- ``(1) COVERED ENTITY.—The term 'covered entity' means—
- "(A) a corporation, partnership, association, organization, or other combination of persons established for the purpose of commercial activities; or
- "(B) a trust or a fund established for the purpose of commercial activities.
- "(2) DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE.—The term 'Department of Commerce' means the United States Department of Commerce.".

- (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections for chapter 190 of title 28, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:
- "5002. Registration of an agent for the service of process on covered entities.".

AMENDMENT NO. 114 OFFERED BY MS. HOULAHAN OF PENNSYLVANIA

Page 785, insert after line 11 the following: Subtitle C—Defense Supply Chain Risk Management

### SEC. 20221. RISK MANAGEMENT FOR DEPART-MENT OF DEFENSE SUPPLY CHAINS.

- (a) RISK MANAGEMENT FOR ALL DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE SUPPLY CHAINS.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment shall—
- (1) develop and issue implementing guidance for risk management for Department of Defense supply chains for materiel for the Department, including pharmaceuticals;
- (2) identify, in coordination with the Commissioner of Food and Drugs, supply chain information gaps regarding reliance on foreign suppliers of drugs, including active pharmaceutical ingredients and final drug products; and
- (3) submit to Congress a report regarding—
- (A) existing information streams, if any, that may be used to assess the reliance by the Department of Defense on high-risk foreign suppliers of drugs;
- (B) vulnerabilities in the drug supply chains of the Department of Defense; and
- (C) any recommendations to address—
- (i) information gaps identified under paragraph (2); and
- (ii) any risks related to such reliance on foreign suppliers.
- (b) RISK MANAGEMENT FOR DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE PHARMACEUTICAL SUPPLY CHAIN.—The Director of the Defense Health Agency shall—
- (1) not later than one year after the issuance of the guidance required by subsection (a)(1), develop and publish implementing guidance for risk management for the Department of Defense supply chain for pharmaceuticals; and
  - (2) establish a working group—
- (A) to assess risks to the pharmaceutical supply chain;
- (B) to identify the pharmaceuticals most critical to beneficiary care at military treatment facilities; and
- (C) to establish policies for allocating scarce pharmaceutical resources in case of a supply disruption.
- (c) RESPONSIVENESS TESTING OF DEFENSE LOGISTICS AGENCY PHARMACEUTICAL CONTRACTS.—The Director of the Defense Logistics Agency shall modify Defense Logistics Agency Instructions 5025.03 and 3110.01—
- (1) to require Defense Logistics Agency Troop Support to coordinate annually with customers in the military departments to conduct responsiveness testing of the Defense Logistics Agency's contingency contracts for pharmaceuticals; and
- (2) to include the results of that testing, as reported by customers in the military departments, in the annual reports of the Warstopper Program.

AMENDMENT NO. 117 OFFERED BY MR. ISSA OF CALIFORNIA

Page 756, after line 12, add the following:

### SEC. 20209. SUPPLY CHAIN REPORT REQUIRED.

Not later than 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall conduct a governmentwide study and submit to Congress a report on the steps that can be implemented within 30 days after submitting the report to immediately address the supply chain crisis.

AMENDMENT NO. 118 OFFERED BY MR. JACKSON OF TEXAS

At the end of subtitle B of title I, add the following:

# SEC. 30116. REPORT ON FOREIGN INVESTMENT IN THE AGRICULTURE SECTOR OF THE UNITED STATES.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter for 10 years, the Secretary of State, in consultation with the Secretary of Agriculture, shall submit to Congress a report on foreign investment in the agriculture sector of the United States and the impact of such investment on the national security of the United States.
- (b) PRIORITY.—In preparing the report required by subsection (a), the Secretaries shall prioritize investment by the People's Republic of China in the agriculture sector of the United States.

AMENDMENT NO. 119 OFFERED BY MR. JACKSON OF TEXAS

Page 1218, after line 6, insert the following: (2) remove Israel as a permanent agenda item and to bring an end to the "Commission of Inquiry" to investigate the State of Israel; AMENDMENT NO. 120 OFFERED BY MR. JACKSON OF TEXAS

Page 1249, after line 2, insert the following: (5) not hold future Olympic games in countries that are committing genocide;

AMENDMENT NO. 135 OFFERED BY MR. LAMB OF PENNSYLVANIA

### Page 641, after line 22, insert the following: Subtitle G—Steel Upgrading Partnerships and Emissions Reduction

#### SEC. 10671. LOW-EMISSIONS STEEL MANUFAC-TURING RESEARCH PROGRAM.

(a) PROGRAM.—Subtitle D of title IV of the Energy Independence and Security Act of 2007 (42 U.S.C. 17111 et seq.) is amended by inserting after section 454 the following:

### "SEC. 454A. LOW-EMISSIONS STEEL MANUFAC-TURING RESEARCH PROGRAM.

- "(a) PURPOSE.—The purpose of this section is to encourage the research and development of innovative technologies aimed at—
- "(1) increasing the technological and economic competitiveness of industry and manufacturing in the United States; and
- "(2) achieving significant net nonwater greenhouse emissions reductions in the production processes for iron, steel, and steel mill products.
- "(b) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- "(1) COMMERCIALLY AVAILABLE STEELMAKING.—The term 'commercially available steelmaking' means the current production method of iron, steel, and steel mill products.
- "(2) CRITICAL MATERIAL.—The term 'critical material' has the meaning given such term in section 7002 of division Z of the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2021 (Public Law 116–260).
- "(3) CRITICAL MINERAL.—The term 'critical mineral' has the meaning given such term in section 7002 of division Z of the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2021 (Public Law 116–260).
- ''(4) ELIGIBLE ENTITY.—The term 'eligible entity' means—
- "(A) an institution of higher education;
- "(B) an appropriate State or Federal entity, including a federally funded research and development center of the Department;
  - "(C) a nonprofit research institution;
  - "(D) a private entity;
- "(E) any other relevant entity the Secretary determines appropriate; and
- "(F) a partnership or consortium of two or more entities described in subparagraphs (A) through (E).
- "(5) LOW-EMISSIONS STEEL MANUFACTURING.—The term 'low-emissions steel man-

ufacturing' means advanced or commercially available steelmaking with the reduction, to the maximum extent practicable, of net nonwater greenhouse gas emissions to the atmosphere from the production of iron, steel, and steel mill products.

- "(c) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of the America COMPETES Act of 2022, the Secretary shall establish a program of research, development, demonstration, and commercial application of advanced tools, technologies, and methods for low-emissions steel manufacturing.
- "(d) REQUIREMENTS.—In carrying out the program under subsection (c), the Secretary shall—
- "(1) coordinate this program with the programs and activities authorized in title VI of division Z of the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2021;
- "(2) coordinate across all relevant program offices of the Department, including the Office of Science, Office of Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy, the Office of Fossil Energy, and the Office of Nuclear Energy;
- "(3) leverage, to the extent practicable, the research infrastructure of the Department, including scientific computing user facilities, x-ray light sources, neutron scattering facilities, and nanoscale science research centers; and
- "(4) conduct research, development, and demonstration of low-emissions steel manufacturing technologies that have the potential to increase domestic production and employment in advanced and commercially available steelmaking.
  - "(e) STRATEGIC PLAN.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of the America COMPETES Act of 2022, the Secretary shall develop a 5-year strategic plan identifying research, development, demonstration, and commercial application goals for the program established in subsection (c). The Secretary shall submit this plan to the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate.
- "(2) CONTENTS.—The strategic plan submitted under paragraph (1) shall—
- "(A) identify programs at the Department related to low-emissions steel manufacturing that support the research, development, demonstration, and commercial application activities described in this section, and the demonstration projects under subsection (h);
- "(B) establish technological and programmatic goals to achieve the requirements of subsection (d); and
- "(C) include timelines for the accomplishment of goals developed under the plan.
- "(3) UPDATES TO PLAN.—Not less than once every two years, the Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate an updated version of the plan under paragraph (1).
- "(f) Focus Areas.—In carrying out the program established in subsection (c), the Secretary shall focus on—
- "(1) medium- and high-temperature heat generation technologies used for low-emissions steel manufacturing, which may include—
- "(A) alternative fuels, including hydrogen and biomass;
- "(B) alternative reducing agents, including hydrogen:
- $\mbox{``(C)}$  renewable heat generation technology, including solar and geothermal;
- "(D) electrification of heating processes, including through electrolysis; and
  - "(E) other heat generation sources;

- "(2) carbon capture technologies for advanced and commercially available steelmaking processes, which may include—
- "(A) combustion and chemical looping technologies;
- "(B) use of slag to reduce carbon dioxide emissions:
  - "(C) pre-combustion technologies; and
  - "(D) post-combustion technologies;
- "(3) smart manufacturing technologies and principles, digital manufacturing technologies, and advanced data analytics to develop advanced technologies and practices in information, automation, monitoring, computation, sensing, modeling, and networking
- "(A) model and simulate manufacturing production lines;
- "(B) monitor and communicate production line status: and
- "(C) model, simulate, and optimize the energy efficiency of manufacturing processes;
- "(4) technologies and practices that minimize energy and natural resource consumption, which may include—
- "(A) designing products that enable reuse, refurbishment, remanufacturing, and recycling;
- "(B) minimizing waste from advanced and commercially available steelmaking processes, including through the reuse of waste as resources in other industrial processes for mutual benefit;
- "(C) increasing resource efficiency; and
- "(D) increasing the energy efficiency of advanced and commercially available steelmaking processes;
- "(5) alternative materials and technologies that produce fewer emissions during production and result in fewer emissions during use, which may include—
  - "(A) innovative raw materials;
- "(B) high-performance lightweight materials;
- "(C) substitutions for critical materials and critical minerals; and
- "(D) other technologies that achieve significant carbon emission reductions in lowemissions steel manufacturing, as determined by the Secretary; and
- "(6) high-performance computing to develop advanced materials and manufacturing processes contributing to the focus areas described in paragraphs (1) through (5), including—
- "(A) modeling, simulation, and optimization of the design of energy efficient and sustainable products; and
- "(B) the use of digital prototyping and additive manufacturing to enhance product design.
- "(g) TESTING AND VALIDATION.—The Secretary, in consultation with the Director of the National Institute of Standards and Technology, shall support the development of standardized testing and technical validation of advanced and commercially available steelmaking and low-emissions steel manufacturing through collaboration with one or more National Laboratories, and one or more eligible entities.
  - "(h) DEMONSTRATION.—
- "(1) ESTABLISHMENT.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of the America COMPETES Act of 2022, the Secretary, in carrying out the program established in subsection (c), and in collaboration with industry partners, institutions of higher education, and the National Laboratories, shall support an initiative for the demonstration of low-emissions steel manufacturing, as identified by the Secretary, that uses either—
  - "(A) a single technology; or
- "(B) a combination of multiple technologies.
- "(2) SELECTION REQUIREMENTS.—Under the initiative established under paragraph (1),

- the Secretary shall select eligible entities to carry out demonstration projects and to the maximum extent practicable—
- "(A) encourage regional diversity among eligible entities, including participation by rural States;
- "(B) encourage technological diversity among eligible entities; and
- "(C) ensure that specific projects selected—
- "(i) expand on the existing technology demonstration programs of the Department; and
- "(ii) prioritize projects that leverage matching funds from non-Federal sources.
- "(3) REPORTS.—The Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate—
- "(A) not less frequently than once every two years for the duration of the demonstration initiative under this subsection, a report describing the performance of the initiative; and
- "(B) if the initiative established under this subsection is terminated, an assessment of the success of, and education provided by, the measures carried out by recipients of financial assistance under the initiative.
  - "(i) ADDITIONAL COORDINATION.-
- "(1) Manufacturing u.s.a..—In carrying out this section the Secretary shall consider—
- "(A) leveraging the resources of relevant existing Manufacturing USA Institutes described in section 34(d) of the National Institute of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 278s(d));
- "(B) integrating program activities into a relevant existing Manufacturing USA Institute: or
- "(C) establishing a new institute focused on low-emissions steel manufacturing.
- "(2) OTHER FEDERAL AGENCIES.—In carrying out this section, the Secretary shall coordinate with other Federal agencies that are carrying out research and development initiatives to increase industrial competitiveness and achieve significant net nonwater greenhouse emissions reductions through low-emissions steel manufacturing, including the Department of Defense, Department of Transportation, and the National Institute of Standards and Technology.
- '(j) OTHER REQUIREMENTS.—All laborers and mechanics employed by contractors or subcontractors in the performance of construction, alteration or repair work carried out, in whole or in part, with assistance made available under this section shall be paid wages at rates not less than those prevailing on projects of a character similar in the locality as determined by the Secretary of Labor in accordance with subchapter IV of chapter 31 of title 40. United States Code. With respect to the labor standards specified in this section, the Secretary of Labor shall have the authority and functions set forth in Reorganization Plan Numbered 14 of 1950 (64 Stat. 1267; 5 U.S.C. App.) and section 3145 of title 40, United States Code."
- (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—Section 1(b) of the Energy Independence and Security Act of 2007 (42 U.S.C. 17001 note) is amended in the table of contents by inserting after the item relating to section 454 the following:
- "Sec. 454A. Low-Emissions Steel Manufacturing Research Program.".

AMENDMENT NO. 137 OFFERED BY MR. LANGEVIN OF RHODE ISLAND

Add at the end of division F the following: SEC. 50105. CRITICAL TECHNOLOGY SECURITY CENTERS.

(a) CRITICAL TECHNOLOGY SECURITY CENTERS.—Title III of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 181 et seq.) is amended

by adding at the end the following new section:

### "SEC. 323. CRITICAL TECHNOLOGY SECURITY CENTERS.

- "(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this section, the Secretary, acting through the Under Secretary for Science and Technology, and in coordination with the Director of the Cybersecurity and Infrastructure Security Agency, shall award grants, contracts, or coperative agreements to covered entities for the establishment of not fewer than four cybersecurity-focused Critical Technology Security Centers to evaluate and test the security of devices and technologies that underpin national critical functions.
- "(b) INITIAL CENTERS.—With respect to the Critical Technology Security Centers referred to in subsection (a), four of such centers shall be as follows:
- "(1) The Center for Network Technology Security, to study the security of information and communications technology that underpins national critical functions related to communications.
- "(2) The Center for Connected Industrial Control System Security, to study the security of connected programmable data logic controllers, supervisory control and data acquisition servers, and other networked industrial equipment.
- "(3) The Center for Open Source Software Security, to study vulnerabilities in open source software used to support national critical functions.
- "(4) The Center for Federal Critical Software Security, to study the security of software used by the Federal Government that performs functions critical to trust (such as affording or requiring elevated system privileges or direct access to networking and computing resources).
- "(c) Additional Centers.—The Under Secretary may, in coordination with the Director, award grants, contracts, or cooperative agreements to covered entities for the establishment of additional Critical Technology Security Centers to address technologies vital to national critical functions.
- "(d) SELECTION OF CRITICAL TECHNOLOGIES.—Before awarding a grant, contract, or cooperative agreement to a covered entity to establish a Critical Technology Security Center, the Under Secretary shall consult with the Director, who shall provide the Under Secretary a list of technologies within the remit of the center that support national critical functions.
- "(e) RESPONSIBILITIES.—In studying the security of technologies within its remit, each center shall have the following responsibilities:
- "(1) Conducting rigorous security testing to identify vulnerabilities in such technologies.
- "(2) Reporting new vulnerabilities found and the tools, techniques, and practices used to uncover such vulnerabilities to the developers of such technologies in question and to the Cybersecurity and Infrastructure Security Agency.
- "(3) With respect to such technologies, developing new capabilities for vulnerability discovery, management, and mitigation.
- "(4) Assessing the security of software essential to national critical functions.
- "(5) Supporting existing communities of interest, including by granting funds, in remediating vulnerabilities discovered within such technologies.
- "(6) Utilizing findings to inform and support the future work of the Cybersecurity and Infrastructure Security Agency.
- "(f) APPLICATION.—To be eligible for an award of a grant, contract, or cooperative agreement as a Critical Technology Security Center pursuant to subsection (a), a covered

entity shall submit to the Secretary an application at such time, in such manner, and including such information as the Secretary may require

may require.
"(g) PUBLIC REPORTING OF
VULNERABILITIES.—The Undersecretary shall
ensure that vulnerabilities identified by a
Critical Technology Security Center are publicly reported through the National Vulnerability Database, as appropriate.
"(h) ADDITIONAL GUIDANCE.—The Under

"(h) ADDITIONAL GUIDANCE.—The Under Secretary, in coordination with the Director, shall develop, and periodically update, guidance, including eligibility and any additional requirements, for how Critical Technology Security Centers may award funds to communities of interest to remediate vulnerabilities under subsection (e)(5).

"(i) BIANNUAL REPORTS.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this section and every two years thereafter, the Under Secretary shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report that includes, with respect to each Critical Technology Security Center the following:

"(1) A summary of the work performed by each such center.

"(2) Information relating to the allocation of Federal funds at each such center.

"(3) A description of each vulnerability identified, including information relating to the corresponding software weakness.

"(4) An assessment of the criticality of each vulnerability identified pursuant to paragraph (3).

"(5) A list of critical technologies studied by each center, including an explanation by the Under Secretary for any deviations from the list of technologies provided by the Director before the distribution of funding to the center.

"(6) A list of tools, techniques, and procedures used by each such center.

"(j) CONSULTATION WITH RELEVANT AGENCIES.—In carrying out this section, the Under Secretary shall consult with the heads of other Federal agencies conducting cybersecurity research, including the following:

"(1) The National Institute of Standards and Technology.

``(2) The National Science Foundation.

"(3) Relevant agencies within the Department of Energy.

"(4) Relevant agencies within the Department of Defense.

"(k) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section—

"(1) \$40,000,000 for fiscal year 2022;

"(2) \$42,000,000 for fiscal year 2023;

"(3) \$44,000,000 for fiscal year 2024;

"(4) \$46,000,000 for fiscal year 2025; and

"(5) \$49,000,000 for fiscal year 2026.

"(1) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

''(1) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES.—The term 'appropriate congressional committees' means—

"(A) the Committee on Homeland Security of the House of Representatives; and

"(B) the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate.

"(2) COVERED ENTITY.—The term 'covered entity' means a university or federally funded research and development center, including a national laboratory, or a consortia thereof.

"(3) CRITICAL TECHNOLOGY.—The term 'critical technology' means technology relating to a national critical function.

"(4) OPEN SOURCE SOFTWARE.—The term open source software means software for which the human-readable source code is freely available for use, study, re-use, modification, enhancement, and redistribution by the users of such software."

(b) IDENTIFICATION OF CERTAIN TECHNOLOGY.—Paragraph (1) of section 2202(e) of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C.

603(e)) is amended by adding at the end the following new subparagraph:

"(S) To identify the technologies within the remits of the Critical Technology Security centers as described in section 322 that are vital to national critical functions."

(c) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents in section 1(b) of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 321 the following new item:

"Sec. 323. Critical Technology Security Centers.".

AMENDMENT NO. 162 OFFERED BY MR. MCKINLEY
OF WEST VIRGINIA

Page 790, beginning on line 22, amend subsection (e) to read as follows:

(e) Prohibition.—In carrying out the program, the Secretary may not award grants or direct loans for projects that will source solar components from, or supply their solar components to, any facility that—

(1) uses forced labor; or

(2) is located in-

(A) an area controlled by the Taliban or any entity designated by the Secretary of State as a foreign terrorist organization; or

 $\left( B\right)$  a foreign country of concern, as defined in section 10306 of this Act.

AMENDMENT NO. 174 OFFERED BY MR. PAPPAS OF NEW HAMPSHIRE

At the end of title VI of division D, add the following:

### SEC. 30613. RURAL EXPORT CENTER.

(a) Definitions.—In this section:

(1) ASSISTANT SECRETARY.—The term "Assistant Secretary" means the Assistant Secretary of Commerce and Director General of the United States and Foreign Commercial Service appointed pursuant to section 2301(a)(2) of the Export Enhancement Act of 1988 (15 U.S.C. 4721(a)(2)).

(2) COMMERCIAL SERVICE.—The term "Commercial Service" means the United States and Foreign Commercial Service established under section 2301(a)(1) of the Export Enhancement Act of 1988 (15 U.S.C. 4721(a)(1)).

(b) Establishment of the Rural Export Center.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Assistant Secretary shall establish a Rural Export Center (in this section referred to as the "Center") for the purpose of providing businesses located in rural areas in the United States with resources to help those businesses export their products.

(2) LOCATION OF THE CENTER.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—The Center shall be established at an office of the Commercial Service in the United States in existence before the date of the enactment of this Act.

(B) CRITERIA FOR SELECTING LOCATION.—In selecting a location for the Center, the Assistant Secretary shall give preference—

(i) based on expertise and operations at Commercial Service offices that support rural businesses exporting to new markets before the date of the enactment of this Act;

(ii) to such offices not located in major metropolitan areas.

(C) LOCATION OF STAFF.—Any researcher or staff directly supporting the operation of the Center shall be primarily based at the Center.

(c) EXPORT CENTER OPERATIONS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Center shall—

(A) provide in-depth, customized, and actionable market research services that—

(i) a business may opt into based on need; and

(ii) are–

(I) focused on actionable and measurable results for a business;

(II) business- and product-specific;

(III) targeted to not more than 3 international markets;

(IV) based on high-quality data, including data from international trade association subscription databases; and

(V) based on market analysis and export services of the Commercial Service available before the date of the enactment of this Act, including the Rural America's Intelligence Service for Exporters program; and

(B) conduct strategic planning and export support services for rural businesses as needed.

(2) MEASURE OF EFFECTIVENESS.—To measure the effectiveness of the Center, the Center shall collect and make available data on—

(A) the number of businesses that sign up for market research assistance;

(B) the number of export assistance services a business engages in following the research assistance, including—

(i) trade shows;

(ii) trade missions; and

 $\left( \text{iii} \right)$  other services facilitated by the Center; and

(C) the total monetary value of exports facilitated by the services provided by the Center.

(3) Website for the center.—The Center shall maintain an internet website that includes—

(A) data collected by the Center;

(B) best practices for rural businesses beginning to evaluate export opportunities; and

(C) appropriate contact information for staff at the Center.

AMENDMENT NO. 178 OFFERED BY MR. PERLMUTTER OF COLORADO

In division G, add at the end the following:

### TITLE XI—SAFE BANKING

### SEC. 61101. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS; PURPOSE.

(a) SHORT TITLE.—This title may be cited as the "Secure And Fair Enforcement Banking Act of 2022" or the "SAFE Banking Act of 2022".

(b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents for this title is as follows:

### TITLE XI—SAFE BANKING

Sec. 61101. Short title; table of contents; purpose.

Sec. 61102. Safe harbor for depository institutions.

Sec. 61103. Protections for ancillary businesses.

Sec. 61104. Protections under Federal law.

Sec. 61105. Rules of construction.

Sec. 61106. Requirements for filing suspicious activity reports.

Sec. 61107. Guidance and examination procedures.

Sec. 61108. Annual diversity and inclusion report.

Sec. 61109. GAO study on diversity and inclusion.

Sec. 61110. GAO study on effectiveness of certain reports on finding certain persons.

Sec. 61111. Application of this title with respect to hemp-related legitimate businesses and hemp-related service providers.

Sec. 61112. Banking services for hemp-related legitimate businesses and hemp-related service providers.

Sec. 61113. Requirements for deposit account termination requests and orders.

Sec. 61114. Definitions.

Sec. 61115. Discretionary surplus funds.

(c) Purpose.—The purpose of this title is to increase public safety by ensuring access to financial services to cannabis-related legitimate businesses and service providers and reducing the amount of cash at such businesses.

### SEC. 61102. SAFE HARBOR FOR DEPOSITORY INSTITUTIONS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—A Federal banking regulator may not—
- (1) terminate or limit the deposit insurance or share insurance of a depository institution under the Federal Deposit Insurance Act (12 U.S.C. 1811 et seq.), the Federal Credit Union Act (12 U.S.C. 1751 et seq.), or take any other adverse action against a depository institution under section 8 of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act (12 U.S.C. 1818) solely because the depository institution provides or has provided financial services to a cannabis-related legitimate business or service provider;
- (2) prohibit, penalize, or otherwise discourage a depository institution from providing financial services to a cannabis-related legitimate business or service provider or to a State, political subdivision of a State, or Indian Tribe that exercises jurisdiction over cannabis-related legitimate businesses;
- (3) recommend, incentivize, or encourage a depository institution not to offer financial services to an account holder, or to downgrade or cancel the financial services offered to an account holder solely because—
- (A) the account holder is a cannabis-related legitimate business or service provider, or is an employee, owner, or operator of a cannabis-related legitimate business or service provider:
- (B) the account holder later becomes an employee, owner, or operator of a cannabis-related legitimate business or service provider; or
- (C) the depository institution was not aware that the account holder is an employee, owner, or operator of a cannabis-related legitimate business or service provider:
- lated legitimate business or service provider;
  (4) take any adverse or corrective supervisory action on a loan made to—
- (A) a cannabis-related legitimate business or service provider, solely because the business is a cannabis-related legitimate business or service provider;
- (B) an employee, owner, or operator of a cannabis-related legitimate business or service provider, solely because the employee owner, or operator is employed by, owns, or operates a cannabis-related legitimate business or service provider, as applicable; or
- (C) an owner or operator of real estate or equipment that is leased to a cannabis-related legitimate business or service provider, solely because the owner or operator of the real estate or equipment leased the equipment or real estate to a cannabis-related legitimate business or service provider, as applicable; or
- (5) prohibit or penalize a depository institution (or entity performing a financial service for or in association with a depository institution) for, or otherwise discourage a depository institution (or entity performing a financial service for or in association with a depository institution) from, engaging in a financial service for a cannabis-related legitimate business or service provider.
- (b) SAFE HARBOR APPLICABLE TO DE NOVO INSTITUTIONS.—Subsection (a) shall apply to an institution applying for a depository institution charter to the same extent as such subsection applies to a depository institution.

### SEC. 61103. PROTECTIONS FOR ANCILLARY BUSINESSES.

For the purposes of sections 1956 and 1957 of title 18, United States Code, and all other provisions of Federal law, the proceeds from a transaction involving activities of a cannabis-related legitimate business or service provider shall not be considered proceeds from an unlawful activity solely because—

- (1) the transaction involves proceeds from a cannabis-related legitimate business or service provider; or
- (2) the transaction involves proceeds from—
- (A) cannabis-related activities described in section 61114(4)(B) conducted by a cannabis-related legitimate business; or
- (B) activities described in section 61114(13)(A) conducted by a service provider. SEC. 61104. PROTECTIONS UNDER FEDERAL LAW.
- (a) IN GENERAL.—With respect to providing a financial service to a cannabis-related legitimate business (where such cannabis-related legitimate business operates within a State, political subdivision of a State, or Indian country that allows the cultivation, production, manufacture, sale, transportation, display, dispensing, distribution, or purchase of cannabis pursuant to a law or regulation of such State, political subdivision, or Indian Tribe that has jurisdiction over the Indian country, as applicable) or a service provider (wherever located), a depository institution, entity performing a financial service for or in association with a depository institution, or insurer that provides a financial service to a cannabis-related legitimate business or service provider, and the officers, directors, and employees of that depository institution, entity, or insurer may not be held liable pursuant to any Federal law or regulation-
- (1) solely for providing such a financial service; or
- (2) for further investing any income derived from such a financial service.
- (b) Protections for Federal Reserve BANKS AND FEDERAL HOME LOAN BANKS. With respect to providing a service to a depository institution that provides a financial service to a cannabis-related legitimate business (where such cannabis-related legitimate business operates within a State, political subdivision of a State, or Indian country that allows the cultivation, production, manufacture, sale, transportation, display, dispensing, distribution, or purchase of cannabis pursuant to a law or regulation of such State, political subdivision, or Indian Tribe that has jurisdiction over the Indian country, as applicable) or service provider (wherever located), a Federal reserve bank or Federal Home Loan Bank, and the officers, directors, and employees of the Federal reserve bank or Federal Home Loan Bank, may not be held liable pursuant to any Federal law or regulation-
- (1) solely for providing such a service; or
- (2) for further investing any income derived from such a service.
- (c) Protections for Insurers—With respect to engaging in the business of insurance within a State, political subdivision of a State, or Indian country that allows the cultivation, production, manufacture, sale, transportation, display, dispensing, distribution, or purchase of cannabis pursuant to a law or regulation of such State, political subdivision, or Indian Tribe that has jurisdiction over the Indian country, as applicable, an insurer that engages in the business of insurance with a cannabis-related legitimate business or service provider or who otherwise engages with a person in a transaction permissible under State law related to cannabis, and the officers, directors, and employees of that insurer may not be held liable pursuant to any Federal law or regula-
- (1) solely for engaging in the business of insurance; or
- (2) for further investing any income derived from the business of insurance.
- (d) Forfeiture.—
- (1) DEPOSITORY INSTITUTIONS.—A depository institution that has a legal interest in the

collateral for a loan or another financial service provided to an owner, employee, or operator of a cannabis-related legitimate business or service provider, or to an owner or operator of real estate or equipment that is leased or sold to a cannabis-related legitimate business or service provider, shall not be subject to criminal, civil, or administrative forfeiture of that legal interest pursuant to any Federal law for providing such loan or other financial service.

(2) FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS AND FEDERAL HOME LOAN BANKS.—A Federal reserve bank or Federal Home Loan Bank that has a legal interest in the collateral for a loan or another financial service provided to a depository institution that provides a financial service to a cannabis-related legitimate business or service provider, or to an owner or operator of real estate or equipment that is leased or sold to a cannabis-related legitimate business or service provider, shall not be subject to criminal, civil, or administrative forfeiture of that legal interest pursuant to any Federal law for providing such loan or other financial service.

#### SEC. 61105. RULES OF CONSTRUCTION.

(a) No REQUIREMENT TO PROVIDE FINANCIAL SERVICES.—Nothing in this title shall require a depository institution, entity performing a financial service for or in association with a depository institution, or insurer to provide financial services to a cannabis-related legitimate business, service provider, or any other business.

- (b) GENERAL EXAMINATION, SUPERVISORY, AND ENFORCEMENT AUTHORITY.—Nothing in this title may be construed in any way as limiting or otherwise restricting the general examination, supervisory, and enforcement authority of the Federal banking regulators, provided that the basis for any supervisory or enforcement action is not the provision of financial services to a cannabis-related legitimate business or service provider.
- (c) BUSINESS OF INSURANCE.—Nothing in this title shall interfere with the regulation of the business of insurance in accordance with the Act of March 9, 1945 (59 Stat. 33, chapter 20; 15 U.S.C. 1011 et seq.) (commonly known as the "McCarran-Ferguson Act") and the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act (12 U.S.C. 5301 et seq.).

#### SEC. 61106. REQUIREMENTS FOR FILING SUS-PICIOUS ACTIVITY REPORTS.

Section 5318(g) of title 31, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

- "(5) REQUIREMENTS FOR CANNABIS-RELATED LEGITIMATE BUSINESSES.—
- '(A) IN GENERAL —With respect to a financial institution or any director, officer, employee, or agent of a financial institution that reports a suspicious transaction pursuant to this subsection, if the reason for the report relates to a cannabis-related legitimate business or service provider, the report shall comply with appropriate guidance issued by the Financial Crimes Enforcement Network. Not later than the end of the 180day period beginning on the date of enactment of this paragraph, the Secretary shall update the February 14, 2014, guidance titled 'BSA Expectations Regarding Marijuana-Related Businesses' (FIN-2014-G001) to ensure that the guidance is consistent with the purpose and intent of the SAFE Banking Act of 2022 and does not significantly inhibit the provision of financial services to a cannabisrelated legitimate business or service provider in a State, political subdivision of a State, or Indian country that has allowed the cultivation, production, manufacture, transportation, display, dispensing, distribution, sale, or purchase of cannabis pursuant to law or regulation of such State, political

subdivision, or Indian Tribe that has jurisdiction over the Indian country.

- "(B) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of this paragraph:
- "(i) Cannabis.—The term 'cannabis' has the meaning given the term 'marihuana' in section 102 of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 802).
- "(ii) CANNABIS-RELATED LEGITIMATE BUSI-NESS.—The term 'cannabis-related legitimate business' has the meaning given that term in section 61114 of the SAFE Banking Act of 2022.
- "(iii) Indian country.—The term 'Indian country' has the meaning given that term in section 1151 of title 18.
- "(iv) Indian Tribe.—The term 'Indian Tribe' has the meaning given that term in section 102 of the Federally Recognized Indian Tribe List Act of 1994 (25 U.S.C. 479a).
- "(v) FINANCIAL SERVICE.—The term 'financial service' has the meaning given that term in section 61114 of the SAFE Banking Act of 2022.
- "(vi) SERVICE PROVIDER.—The term 'service provider' has the meaning given that term in section 61114 of the SAFE Banking Act of 2022.
- "(vii) STATE.—The term 'State' means each of the several States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, and any territory or possession of the United States."

### SEC. 61107. GUIDANCE AND EXAMINATION PROCEDURES.

Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Financial Institutions Examination Council shall develop uniform guidance and examination procedures for depository institutions that provide financial services to cannabis-related legitimate businesses and service providers.

### SEC. 61108. ANNUAL DIVERSITY AND INCLUSION REPORT.

The Federal banking regulators shall issue an annual report to Congress containing—

- (1) information and data on the availability of access to financial services for minority-owned and women-owned cannabis-related legitimate businesses; and
- (2) any regulatory or legislative recommendations for expanding access to financial services for minority-owned and womenowned cannabis-related legitimate businesses.

### SEC. 61109. GAO STUDY ON DIVERSITY AND INCLUSION.

- (a) STUDY.—The Comptroller General of the United States shall carry out a study on the barriers to marketplace entry, including in the licensing process, and the access to financial services for potential and existing minority-owned and women-owned cannabisrelated legitimate businesses.
- (b) REPORT.—The Comptroller General shall issue a report to the Congress—
- (1) containing all findings and determinations made in carrying out the study required under subsection (a); and
- (2) containing any regulatory or legislative recommendations for removing barriers to marketplace entry, including in the licensing process, and expanding access to financial services for potential and existing minority-owned and women-owned cannabis-related legitimate businesses.

#### SEC. 61110. GAO STUDY ON EFFECTIVENESS OF CERTAIN REPORTS ON FINDING CERTAIN PERSONS.

Not later than 2 years after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General of the United States shall carry out a study on the effectiveness of reports on suspicious transactions filed pursuant to section 5318(g) of title 31, United States Code, at finding individuals or organizations suspected or known to be engaged with

transnational criminal organizations and whether any such engagement exists in a State, political subdivision, or Indian Tribe that has jurisdiction over Indian country that allows the cultivation, production, manufacture, sale, transportation, display, dispensing, distribution, or purchase of cannabis. The study shall examine reports on suspicious transactions as follows:

- (1) During the period of 2014 until the date of the enactment of this Act, reports relating to marijuana-related businesses.
- (2) During the 1-year period after date of the enactment of this Act, reports relating to cannabis-related legitimate businesses.

#### SEC. 61111. APPLICATION OF THIS TITLE WITH RESPECT TO HEMP-RELATED LE-GITIMATE BUSINESSES AND HEMP-RELATED SERVICE PROVIDERS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The provisions of this title (other than sections 61106 and 61110) shall apply with respect to hemp-related legitimate businesses and hemp-related service providers in the same manner as such provisions apply with respect to cannabis-related legitimate businesses and service providers.
  - (b) Definitions.—In this section:
- (1) CBD.—The term "CBD" means cannabidiol
- (2) HEMP.—The term "hemp" has the meaning given that term under section 297A of the Agricultural Marketing Act of 1946 (7 U.S.C. 1639o).
- (3) HEMP-RELATED LEGITIMATE BUSINESS.— The term "hemp-related legitimate business" means a manufacturer, producer, or any person or company that—
- (A) engages in any activity described in subparagraph (B) in conformity with the Agricultural Improvement Act of 2018 (Public Law 115–334) and the regulations issued to implement such Act by the Department of Agriculture, where applicable, and the law of a State or political subdivision thereof or Indian Tribe; and
- (B) participates in any business or organized activity that involves handling hemp, hemp-derived CBD products, and other hemp-derived cannabinoid products, including cultivating, producing, extracting, manufacturing, selling, transporting, displaying, dispensing, distributing, or purchasing hemp, hemp-derived CBD products, and other hemp-derived cannabinoid products.
- (4) HEMP-RELATED SERVICE PROVIDER.—The term "hemp-related service provider"—
- (A) means a business, organization, or other person that—
- (i) sells goods or services to a hemp-related legitimate business: or
- (ii) provides any business services, including the sale or lease of real or any other property, legal or other licensed services, or any other ancillary service, relating to hemp, hemp-derived CBD products, or other hemp-derived cannabinoid products; and
- (B) does not include a business, organization, or other person that participates in any business or organized activity that involves handling hemp, hemp-derived CBD products, or other hemp-derived cannabinoid products, including cultivating, producing, manufacturing, selling, transporting, displaying, dispensing, distributing, or purchasing hemp, hemp-derived CBD products, and other hemp-derived cannabinoid products.

#### SEC. 61112. BANKING SERVICES FOR HEMP-RE-LATED LEGITIMATE BUSINESSES AND HEMP-RELATED SERVICE PRO-VIDERS.

- (a) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds that—
- (1) the Agriculture Improvement Act of 2018 (Public Law 115-334) legalized hemp by removing it from the definition of 'marihuana' under the Controlled Substances Act:
- (2) despite the legalization of hemp, some hemp businesses (including producers, manu-

- facturers, and retailers) continue to have difficulty gaining access to banking products and services; and
- (3) businesses involved in the sale of hempderived CBD products are particularly affected, due to confusion about the legal status of such products.
- (b) FEDERAL BANKING REGULATORS' HEMP BANKING GUIDANCE.—Not later than the end of the 90-day period beginning on the date of enactment of this Act, the Federal banking regulators shall update their existing guidance, as applicable, regarding the provision of financial services to hemp-related legitimate businesses and hemp-related service providers to address—
- (1) compliance with financial institutions' existing obligations under Federal laws and implementing regulations determined relevant by the Federal banking regulators, including subchapter II of chapter 53 of title 31, United States Code, and its implementing regulation in conformity with this title and the Department of Agriculture's rules regulating domestic hemp production (7 CFR 990); and
- (2) best practices for financial institutions to follow when providing financial services, including processing payments, to hemp-related legitimate businesses and hemp-related service providers.
  - (c) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) FINANCIAL INSTITUTION.—The term "financial institution"—
- (A) has the meaning given that term under section 5312(a) of title 31, United States Code: and
- (B) includes a bank holding company, as defined under section 2(a) of the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956 (12 U.S.C. 1841(a)).
- (2) HEMP TERMS.—The terms "CBD", "hemp", "hemp-related legitimate business", and "hemp-related service provider" have the meaning given those terms, respectively, under section 61111.

## SEC. 61113. REQUIREMENTS FOR DEPOSIT ACCOUNT TERMINATION REQUESTS AND ORDERS.

- (a) Termination Requests or Orders Must Be Valid.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—An appropriate Federal banking agency may not formally or informally request or order a depository institution to terminate a specific customer account or group of customer accounts or to otherwise restrict or discourage a depository institution from entering into or maintaining a banking relationship with a specific customer or group of customers unless—
- (A) the agency has a valid reason for such request or order; and
- (B) such reason is not based solely on reputation risk.
- (2) TREATMENT OF NATIONAL SECURITY THREATS.—If an appropriate Federal banking agency believes a specific customer or group of customers is, or is acting as a conduit for, an entity which—
  - (A) poses a threat to national security;
- (B) is involved in terrorist financing;
- (C) is an agency of the Government of Iran, North Korea, Syria, or any country listed from time to time on the State Sponsors of Terrorism list;
- (D) is located in, or is subject to the jurisdiction of, any country specified in subparagraph (C); or
- (E) does business with any entity described in subparagraph (C) or (D), unless the appropriate Federal banking agency determines that the customer or group of customers has used due diligence to avoid doing business with any entity described in subparagraph (C) or (D), such belief shall satisfy the requirement under paragraph (1).
  - (b) NOTICE REQUIREMENT.—

- (1) IN GENERAL.—If an appropriate Federal banking agency formally or informally requests or orders a depository institution to terminate a specific customer account or a group of customer accounts, the agency shall—
- (A) provide such request or order to the institution in writing; and
- (B) accompany such request or order with a written justification for why such termination is needed, including any specific laws or regulations the agency believes are being violated by the customer or group of customers, if any.
- (2) JUSTIFICATION REQUIREMENT.—A justification described under paragraph (1)(B) may not be based solely on the reputation risk to the depository institution.
  - (c) Customer Notice.—
- (1) NOTICE REQUIRED.—Except as provided under paragraph (2) or as otherwise prohibited from being disclosed by law, if an appropriate Federal banking agency orders a depository institution to terminate a specific customer account or a group of customer accounts, the depository institution shall inform the specific customer or group of customers of the justification for the customer's account termination described under subsection (b).
  - (2) NOTICE PROHIBITED.—
- (A) NOTICE PROHIBITED IN CASES OF NATIONAL SECURITY.—If an appropriate Federal banking agency requests or orders a depository institution to terminate a specific customer account or a group of customer accounts based on a belief that the customer or customers pose a threat to national security, or are otherwise described under subsection (a)(2), neither the depository institution nor the appropriate Federal banking agency may inform the customer or customers of the justification for the customer's account termination.
- (B) NOTICE PROHIBITED IN OTHER CASES.—If an appropriate Federal banking agency determines that the notice required under paragraph (1) may interfere with an authorized criminal investigation, neither the depository institution nor the appropriate Federal banking agency may inform the specific customer or group of customers of the justification for the customer's account termination
- (d) REPORTING REQUIREMENT.—Each appropriate Federal banking agency shall issue an annual report to the Congress stating—
- (1) the aggregate number of specific customer accounts that the agency requested or ordered a depository institution to terminate during the previous year; and
- (2) the legal authority on which the agency relied in making such requests and orders and the frequency on which the agency relied on each such authority.
- (e) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of this section:
- (1) APPROPRIATE FEDERAL BANKING AGEN-CY.—The term "appropriate Federal banking agency" means—
- (A) the appropriate Federal banking agency, as defined under section 3 of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act (12 U.S.C. 1813); and
- (B) the National Credit Union Administration, in the case of an insured credit union.
- (2) DEPOSITORY INSTITUTION.—The term "depository institution" means—
- (A) a depository institution, as defined under section 3 of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act (12 U.S.C. 1813); and
  - (B) an insured credit union.

### SEC. 61114. DEFINITIONS.

In this title:

(1) BUSINESS OF INSURANCE.—The term "business of insurance" has the meaning given such term in section 1002 of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act (12 U.S.C. 5481).

- (2) CANNABIS.—The term "cannabis" has the meaning given the term "marihuana" in section 102 of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 802).
- (3) CANNABIS PRODUCT.—The term "cannabis product" means any article which contains cannabis, including an article which is a concentrate, an edible, a tincture, a cannabis-infused product, or a topical.
- (4) CANNABIS-RELATED LEGITIMATE BUSINESS.—The term "cannabis-related legitimate business" means a manufacturer, producer, or any person or company that—
- (A) engages in any activity described in subparagraph (B) pursuant to a law established by a State or a political subdivision of a State, as determined by such State or political subdivision; and
- (B) participates in any business or organized activity that involves handling cannabis or cannabis products, including cultivating, producing, manufacturing, selling, transporting, displaying, dispensing, distributing, or purchasing cannabis or cannabis products.
- (5) DEPOSITORY INSTITUTION.—The term "depository institution" means—
- (A) a depository institution as defined in section 3(c) of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act (12 U.S.C. 1813(c));
- (B) a Federal credit union as defined in section 101 of the Federal Credit Union Act (12 U.S.C. 1752); or
- (C) a State credit union as defined in section 101 of the Federal Credit Union Act (12 U.S.C. 1752).
- (6) FEDERAL BANKING REGULATOR —The term "Federal banking regulator" means each of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, the Bureau of Consumer Financial Protection, the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, the Federal Housing Finance Agency, the Financial Crimes Enforcement Network, the Office of Foreign Asset Control, the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency, the National Credit Union Administration, the Department of the Treasury, or any Federal agency or department that regulates banking or financial services, as determined by the Secretary of the Treasury.
- (7) FINANCIAL SERVICE.—The term "financial service"—
- (A) means a financial product or service, as defined in section 1002 of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act (12 U.S.C. 5481), regardless if the customer receiving the product or service is a consumer or commercial entity:
- (B) means a financial product or service, or any combination of products and services, permitted to be provided by—
- (i) a national bank or a financial subsidiary pursuant to the authority provided under—
- (I) the provision designated "Seventh" of section 5136 of the Revised Statutes of the United States (12 U.S.C. 24); or
- (II) section 5136A of the Revised Statutes of the United States (12 U.S.C. 24a); and
- (ii) a Federal credit union, pursuant to the authority provided under the Federal Credit Union Act:
- (C) includes the business of insurance;
- (D) includes, whether performed directly or indirectly, the authorizing, processing, clearing, settling, billing, transferring for deposit, transmitting, delivering, instructing to be delivered, reconciling, collecting, or otherwise effectuating or facilitating of payments or funds, where such payments or funds are made or transferred by any means, including by the use of credit cards, debit cards, other payment cards, or other access devices, accounts, original or substitute checks, or electronic funds transfers;
- (E) includes acting as a money transmitting business which directly or indirectly

- makes use of a depository institution in connection with effectuating or facilitating a payment for a cannabis-related legitimate business or service provider in compliance with section 5330 of title 31, United States Code, and any applicable State law; and
- (F) includes acting as an armored car service for processing and depositing with a depository institution or a Federal reserve bank with respect to any monetary instruments (as defined under section 1956(c)(5) of title 18, United States Code.
- (8) INDIAN COUNTRY.—The term "Indian country" has the meaning given that term in section 1151 of title 18.
- (9) INDIAN TRIBE.—The term "Indian Tribe" has the meaning given that term in section 102 of the Federally Recognized Indian Tribe List Act of 1994 (25 U.S.C. 479a).
- (10) INSURER.—The term "insurer" has the meaning given that term under section 313(r) of title 31, United States Code.
- (11) MANUFACTURER.—The term "manufacturer" means a person who manufactures, compounds, converts, processes, prepares, or packages cannabis or cannabis products.
- (12) PRODUCER.—The term "producer" means a person who plants, cultivates, harvests, or in any way facilitates the natural growth of cannabis.
- (13) SERVICE PROVIDER.—The term "service provider"—
- (A) means a business, organization, or other person that—  $\,$
- (i) sells goods or services to a cannabis-related legitimate business; or
- (ii) provides any business services, including the sale or lease of real or any other property, legal or other licensed services, or any other ancillary service, relating to cannabis; and
- (B) does not include a business, organization, or other person that participates in any business or organized activity that involves handling cannabis or cannabis products, including cultivating, producing, manufacturing, selling, transporting, displaying, dispensing, distributing, or purchasing cannabis or cannabis products.
- (14) STATE.—The term "State" means each of the several States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, and any territory or possession of the United States

### SEC. 61115. DISCRETIONARY SURPLUS FUNDS.

Section 7(a)(3)(A) of the Federal Reserve Act (12 U.S.C. 289(a)(3)(A)) is amended by reducing the dollar figure by \$6,000,000.

AMENDMENT NO. 187 OFFERED BY MR. PFLUGER OF TEXAS

At the end of title VI of division D, add the following:

### SEC. 30613. REPORT ON GLOBAL EXPORTS OF NATURAL GAS PRODUCTION.

Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State shall submit to Congress a report on the following:

- (1) The economic policies of foreign countries with natural gas resources and reserves as such policies relate to the development and production of their natural gas resources and reserves and the extent and status of their natural gas resources and reserves.
- (2) The potential to export the natural gas production of such foreign countries to the global market and the impact of the export of such natural gas production on the global market.
- (3) A description of actions taken by the United States Government to foster natural gas exports to foreign countries that may have an interest in importing natural gas from the United States.

AMENDMENT NO. 197 OFFERED BY MR. POSEY OF FLORIDA

Page 632, line 10, strike "; and" and insert a semicolon.

Page 632, line 18, strike the period and insert "and"

Page 632, after line 18, insert the following: (9) methods and techniques for domestic processing of materials for microelectronics and their components.

AMENDMENT NO. 202 OFFERED BY MR. QUIGLEY OF ILLINOIS

At the end of division D, add the following:

### TITLE VII—PREVENTING FUTURE PANDEMICS

### SEC. 30701. SHORT TITLE.

This title may be cited as the "Preventing Future Pandemics Act of 2022".

#### SEC. 30702. DEFINITIONS.

In this title:

- (1) WILDLIFE MARKET.—The term "wildlife market"—
- (A) means a commercial market or subsection of a commercial market—
- (i) where live mammalian or avian wildlife is held, slaughtered, or sold for human consumption as food or medicine whether the animals originated in the wild or in a captive environment; and
- (ii) that delivers a product in communities where alternative nutritional or protein sources are readily available and affordable;
  - (B) does not include-
- (i) markets in areas where no other practical alternative sources of protein or meat exists, such as wildlife markets in rural areas on which indigenous people and rural local communities rely to feed themselves and their families; and
- (ii) processors of dead wild game and fish.
- (2) COMMERCIAL TRADE IN LIVE WILDLIFE.— The term "commercial trade in live wildlife"—
- (A) means commercial trade in live wildlife for human consumption as food or medicine; and
  - (B) does not include—
  - (i) fish;
  - (ii) invertebrates;
  - (iii) amphibians and reptiles; and
  - (iv) the meat of ruminant game species—
- (I) traded in markets in countries with effective implementation and enforcement of scientifically based, nationally implemented policies and legislation for processing, transport, trade, and marketing; and
- (II) sold after being slaughtered and processed under sanitary conditions.
- (3) ONE HEALTH.—The term "One Health" means a collaborative, multi-sectoral, and transdisciplinary approach working at the local, regional, national, and global levels with the goal of achieving optimal health outcomes that recognizes the interconnection between—
- (A) people, animals, both wild and domestic, and plants; and
- (B) the environment shared by such people, animals, and plants.
- (4) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES.—The term "appropriate congressional committees" means—
- (A) the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate;
- (B) the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate;
- (C) the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives; and
- (D) the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.

### SEC. 30703. STUDY ON RISK OF WILDLIFE MAR-KETS ON THE EMERGENCE OF NOVEL VIRAL PATHOGENS.

(a) STUDY.—Not later than 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the

- Secretary of State, in consultation with the Administrator of the United States Agency for International Development, the Secretary of Health and Human Services, the Secretary of the Interior, and the Secretary of Agriculture shall enter into an agreement with the National Academies of Sciences, Engineering, and Medicine to evaluate the risk wildlife markets pose to human health through the emergence or reemergence of pathogens and activities to reduce the risk of zoonotic spillover. The study shall evaluate—
- (1) the impact of physical proximity to and the role of human use of terrestrial wildlife for food or medicine on the emergence or reemergence of pathogens, including novel pathogens;
- (2) the conditions at live wildlife markets and within the associated supply chain that elevate risk factors leading to such emergence, reemergence, or transmission of pathogens, including sanitary conditions and the physical proximity of animals;
- (3) animal taxa that present a high risk of contributing to zoonotic spillover and the associated risk factors that increase the emergence, reemergence, or transmission of pathogens;
- (4) emerging pathogen risk reduction measures and control options across wildlife markets and the associated supply chain; and
- (5) the methods by which the United States might work with international partners to effectively promote diversified, culturally appropriate alternative sources of nutritious food, protein, and related income in communities that currently rely upon the human use of wildlife as food or medicine for subsistence, while ensuring that existing natural habitats are not fragmented, degraded, or destroyed and that human pressure on natural habitats is not increased by this process.
- (b) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the date of the agreement under subsection (a), the Secretaries described in such subsection shall submit a report on the findings of the study described in such subsection to—
- (1) the appropriate congressional committees;
- (2) the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions and the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate; and
- (3) the Committee on Energy and Commerce and the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives.
- (c) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— There is authorized to be appropriated such sums as are necessary for the development of the study described in this section.

# SEC. 30704. COUNTRY-DRIVEN APPROACH TO END THE COMMERCIAL TRADE IN LIVE WILDLIFE AND ASSOCIATED WILD-LIFE MARKETS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 120 days after the completion of the study required by section 30703, the Secretary of State, in coordination with the Administrator of the United States Agency for International Development and the heads of other relevant Federal departments and agencies, including the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, the Secretary of Agriculture, and the Secretary of the Interior, and after consideration of the results of such study and best available scientific findings of practices and behaviors occurring at the source of zoonoses spillover and spread, shall publicly release a list of countries the governments of which express willingness to end the domestic and international commercial trade in live wildlife and associated wildlife markets for human consumption, as defined for purposes of this Act-

- (1) immediately:
- (2) after a transitional period; and
- (3) aspirationally, over a long-term period.
- (b) GLOBAL HEALTH SECURITY ZOONOSIS PLANS.—The Secretary of State and the Administrator of the United States Agency for International Development shall work bilaterally with the governments of the countries listed pursuant to subsection (a) to establish Global Health Security Zoonoses Plans that—
- (1) outline actions to address novel pathogens of zoonotic origin that have the potential to become epidemics or pandemics;
- (2) identify incentives and strengthened policies; and
- (3) provide technical support to communities, policy makers, civil society, law enforcement and other stakeholders to end the domestic and international commercial trade in live wildlife and associated wildlife markets for human consumption immediately, during a transitional period, or aspirationally.
- (c) UPDATES.—The list of countries required by subsection (a), the corresponding Global Health Security Zoonosis plans established pursuant to subsection (b), and any actions taken under such plans to end the commercial trade in live wildlife and associated wildlife markets for human consumption immediately, during a transitional period, or aspirationally, shall be reviewed, updated, and publicly released annually by the Secretary and Administrator, following review of the most recent scientific data.

#### SEC. 30705. SENSE OF CONGRESS.

It is the sense of Congress that global institutions, including the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations, the World Organisation for Animal Health, the World Health Organization, and the United Nations Environment Programme, together with leading intergovernmental and nongovernmental organizations, veterinary and medical colleges, the Department of State, and the United States Agency for International Development, should—

- (1) promote the paradigm of One Health as an effective and integrated way to address the complexity of emerging disease threats; and
- (2) support improved community health, biodiversity conservation, forest conservation and management, sustainable agriculture, and the safety of livestock, domestic animals, and wildlife in developing countries, particularly in tropical landscapes where there is an elevated risk of zoonotic disease spill over.

### SEC. 30706. STATEMENT OF POLICY.

- It is the policy of the United States to-
- (1) support the availability of scalable and sustainable alternative sources of protein and nutrition for local communities, where appropriate, in order to minimize human reliance on the commercial trade in live wild-life for human consumption;
  - (2) support foreign governments to-
- (A) reduce commercial trade in live wildlife for human consumption;
- (B) transition from the commercial trade in live wildlife for human consumption to sustainably produced alternate protein and nutritional sources;
- (C) establish and effectively manage and protect natural habitat, including protected and conserved areas and the lands of Indigenous peoples and local communities, particularly in countries with tropical forest hotspots for emerging diseases; and
- (D) strengthen public health capacity, particularly in countries where there is a high risk of emerging zoonotic viruses and other infectious diseases;

- (3) respect the rights and needs of indigenous peoples and local communities dependent on such wildlife for nutritional needs and food security; and
- (4) facilitate international cooperation by working with international partners through intergovernmental, international, and nongovernmental organizations such as the United Nations to—
- (A) lead a resolution at the United Nations Security Council or General Assembly and World Health Assembly outlining the danger to human and animal health from emerging zoonotic infectious diseases, with recommendations for implementing the closure of wildlife markets and prevention of the commercial trade in live wildlife for human consumption, except where the consumption of wildlife is necessary for local food security or where such actions would significantly disrupt a readily available and irreplaceable food supply;
- (B) raise awareness and build stakeholder engagement networks, including civil society, the private sector, and local and regional governments on the dangerous potential of wildlife markets as a source of zoonotic diseases and reduce demand for the consumption of wildlife through evidence-based behavior change programs, while ensuring that existing wildlife habitat is not encroached upon or destroyed as part of this process;
- (C) encourage and support alternative forms of sustainable food production, farming, and shifts to sustainable sources of protein and nutrition instead of terrestrial wildlife, where able and appropriate, and reduce consumer demand for terrestrial and freshwater wildlife through enhanced local and national food systems, especially in areas where wildlife markets play a significant role in meeting subsistence needs while ensuring that existing wildlife habitat is not encroached upon or destroyed as part of this process; and
- (D) strive to increase biosecurity and hygienic standards implemented in farms, gathering centers, transport, and market systems around the globe, especially those specializing in the provision of products intended for human consumption.

### SEC. 30707. PREVENTION OF FUTURE ZOONOTIC SPILLOVER EVENTS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of State and the Administrator of the United States Agency for International Development, in consultation with the Director of the United States Fish and Wildlife Service, the Secretary of Agriculture, the Director of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, and the heads of other relevant departments and agencies, shall work with foreign governments, multilateral entities, intergovernmental organizations, international partners, private sector partners, and nongovernmental organizations to carry out activities supporting the following objectives, recognizing that multiple interventions will likely be necessary to make an impact, and that interventions will need to be tailored to the situation to-
- (1) pursuant to section 30704, close wildlife markets and prevent associated commercial trade in live wildlife, placing a priority focus on countries with significant markets for live wildlife for human consumption, high-volume commercial trade and associated markets, trade in and across urban centers, and trade for luxury consumption or where there is no dietary necessity—
- (A) through existing treaties, conventions, and agreements;
- (B) by amending existing protocols or agreements:
  - (C) by pursuing new protocols; or
- (D) by other means of international coordination;

- (2) improve regulatory oversight and reduce commercial trade in live wildlife and eliminate practices identified to contribute to zoonotic spillover and emerging pathogens:
- (3) prevent commercial trade in live wildlife through programs that combat wildlife trafficking and poaching, including by—
- (A) providing assistance to improve law enforcement;
- (B) detecting and deterring the illegal import, transit, sale, and export of wildlife;
- (C) strengthening such programs to assist countries through legal reform;
- (D) improving information sharing and enhancing capabilities of participating foreign governments;
- (E) supporting efforts to change behavior and reduce demand for such wildlife products;
- (F) leveraging United States private sector technologies and expertise to scale and enhance enforcement responses to detect and prevent such trade; and
- (G) strengthening collaboration with key private sector entities in the transportation industry to prevent and report the transport of such wildlife and wildlife products;
- (4) leverage strong United States bilateral relationships to support new and existing inter-Ministerial collaborations or Task Forces that can serve as regional One Health models:
- (5) build local agricultural and food safety capacity by leveraging expertise from the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) and institutions of higher education with agricultural or natural resource expertise:
- (6) work through international organizations to develop a set of objective risk-based metrics that provide a cross-country comparable measure of the level of risk posed by wildlife trade and marketing and can be used to track progress nations make in reducing risks, identify where resources should be focused, and potentially leverage a peer influence effect:
- (7) prevent the degradation and fragmentation of forests and other intact ecosystems to minimize interactions between wildlife and human and livestock populations that could contribute to spillover events and zoonotic disease transmission, including by providing assistance or supporting policies to, for example—
- (A) conserve, protect, and restore the integrity of such ecosystems;
- (B) support the rights and needs of Indigenous People and local communities and their ability to continue their effective stewardship of their traditional lands and territories:
- (C) support the establishment and effective management of protected areas, prioritizing highly intact areas; and
- (D) prevent activities that result in the destruction, degradation, fragmentation, or conversion of intact forests and other intact ecosystems and biodiversity strongholds, including by governments, private sector entities, and multilateral development financial institutions:
- (8) offer appropriate alternative livelihood and worker training programs and enterprise development to wildlife traders, wildlife breeders, and local communities whose members are engaged in the commercial trade in live wildlife for human consumption;
- (9) ensure that the rights of Indigenous Peoples and local communities are respected and their authority to exercise these rights is protected;
- (10) strengthen global capacity for prevention, prediction, and detection of novel and existing zoonoses with pandemic potential, including the support of innovative technologies in coordination with the United

- States Agency for International Development, the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, and other relevant departments and agencies; and
- (11) support the development of One Health systems at the local, regional, national, and global levels in coordination with the United States Agency for International Development, the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, and other relevant departments and agencies, particularly in emerging infectious disease hotspots, through a collaborative, multisectoral, and transdisciplinary approach that recognizes the interconnections among people, animals, plants, and their shared environment to achieve equitable and sustainable health outcomes.

### (b) ACTIVITIES.—

- (1) GLOBAL COOPERATION.—The United States Government, working through the United Nations and its components, as well as international organization such as Interpol, the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations, and the World Organisation for Animal Health, and in furtherance of the policies described in section 30706, shall—
- (A) collaborate with other member states, issue declarations, statements, and communiques urging countries to close wildlife markets, and prevent commercial trade in live wildlife for human consumption; and
- (B) urge increased enforcement of existing laws to end wildlife trafficking.
- (2) INTERNATIONAL COALITIONS.—The Secretary of State shall seek to build new, and support existing, international coalitions focused on closing wildlife markets and preventing commercial trade in live wildlife for human consumption, with a focus on the following efforts:
- (A) Providing assistance and advice to other governments in the adoption of legislation and regulations to close wildlife markets and associated trade over such time rame and in such manner as to minimize the increase of wildlife trafficking and poaching.
- (B) Creating economic and enforcement pressure for the immediate shut down of uncontrolled, unsanitary, or illicit wildlife markets and their supply chains to prevent their operation.
- (C) Providing assistance and guidance to other governments on measures to prohibit the import, export, and domestic commercial trade in live wildlife for the purpose of human consumption.
- (D) Implementing risk reduction interventions and control options to address zoonotic spillover along the supply chain for the wildlife market system.
- (E) Engaging and receiving guidance from key stakeholders at the ministerial, local government, and civil society level, including Indigenous Peoples, in countries that will be impacted by this title and where wildlife markets and associated wildlife trade are the predominant source of meat or protein, in order to mitigate the impact of any international efforts on food security, nutrition, local customs, conservation methods, or cultural norms.
- (F) Promoting private sector engagement and public-private partnerships with industry groups (such as the transportation industry) to address transport and movement of live wildlife to supply the commercial trade in live wildlife for human consumption.
- (c) UNITED STATES AGENCY FOR INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT.—
  - (1) SUSTAINABLE FOOD SYSTEMS FUNDING.-
- (A) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—In addition to any other amounts provided for such purposes, there is authorized to be appropriated such sums as necessary for each fiscal year from 2021 through 2030 to the

United States Agency for International Development to reduce demand for consumption of wildlife from wildlife markets and support shifts to diversified alternative and sustainably produced sources of nutritious food and protein in communities that rely upon the consumption of wildlife for food security, while ensuring that existing wildlife habitat is not encroached upon or destroyed as part of this process, using a multisectoral approach and including support for demonstration programs.

- (B) ACTIVITIES.—The Bureau for Development, Democracy and Innovation (DDI), the Bureau for Resilience and Food Security (RFS), and the Bureau for Global Health (GH) of the United States Agency for International Development shall, in partnership with United States and international institutions of higher education and nongovernmental organizations, co-develop approaches focused on safe, sustainable food systems that support and incentivize the replacement of terrestrial wildlife in diets, while ensuring that existing wildlife habitat is not encroached upon or destroyed as part of this process.
- (2) ADDRESSING THREATS AND CAUSES OF ZOONOTIC DISEASE OUTBREAKS.—The Administrator of the United States Agency for International Development, in consultation with the Secretary of the Interior, shall increase activities in United States Agency for International Development programs related to conserving biodiversity, combating wildlife trafficking, sustainable landscapes, global health, food security, and resilience in order to address the threats and causes of zoonotic disease outbreaks, including through—
  - (A) education;
- (B) capacity building;
- (C) strengthening human, livestock, and wildlife health monitoring systems of pathogens of zoonotic origin to support early detection and reporting of novel and known pathogens for emergence of zoonotic disease and strengthening cross-sectoral collaboration to align risk reduction approaches in consultation with the Director of the Centers for Disease Control and the Secretary of Health and Human Services;
- (D) improved domestic and wild animal disease monitoring and control at production and market levels;
- (E) development of alternative livelihood opportunities where possible;
- (F) preventing degradation and fragmentation of forests and other intact ecosystems and restoring the integrity of such ecosystems, particularly in tropical countries, to prevent the creation of new pathways for zoonotic pathogen transmission that arise from interactions among wildlife, humans, and livestock populations:
- (G) minimizing interactions between domestic livestock and wild animals in markets and captive production;
- (H) supporting shifts from wildlife markets to diversified, safe, affordable, and accessible alternative sources of protein and nutrition through enhanced local and national food systems while ensuring that existing wildlife habitat is not encroached upon or destroyed as part of this process;
- (I) improving community health, forest management practices, and safety of livestock production in tropical landscapes, particularly in hotspots for zoonotic spillover and emerging infectious diseases;
- (J) preventing degradation and fragmentation of forests and other intact ecosystems, particularly in tropical countries, to minimize interactions between wildlife, human, and livestock populations that could contribute to spillover events and zoonotic disease transmission, including by providing assistance or supporting policies to—

- (i) conserve, protect, and restore the integrity of such ecosystems; and
- (ii) support the rights of Indigenous People and local communities and their ability to continue their effective stewardship of their intact traditional lands and territories; and
- (K) supporting development and use of multi-data sourced predictive models and decisionmaking tools to identify areas of highest probability of zoonotic spillover and to determine cost-effective monitoring and mitigation approaches; and
- (L) other relevant activities described in section 30706 that are within the mandate of the United States Agency for International Development.
- (3) IMMEDIATE RELIEF FUNDING TO STABILIZE PROTECTED AREAS.—The Administrator of the United States Agency for International Development and the Secretary of State are authorized to administer immediate relief funding to stabilize protected areas and conservancies.
- (d) STAFFING REQUIREMENTS.—The Administrator of the United States Agency for International Development, in collaboration with the United States Fish and Wildlife Service, the United States Department of Agriculture Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service, the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, and other Federal entities as appropriate, is authorized to hire additional personnel—
- (1) to undertake programs aimed at reducing the risks of endemic and emerging infectious diseases and exposure to antimicrobial resistant pathogens;
- (2) to provide administrative support and resources to ensure effective and efficient coordination of funding opportunities and sharing of expertise from relevant United States Agency for International Development bureaus and programs, including emerging pandemic threats:
- (3) to award funding to on-the-ground projects;
- (4) to provide project oversight to ensure accountability and transparency in all phases of the award process; and
- (5) to undertake additional activities under this title.
- (e) REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.—
- (1) UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF STATE.—
  (A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter until 2030, the Secretary of State and the Administrator of the United States Agency for International Development shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report—
  - (i) describing-
- (I) the actions taken pursuant to this title, including through the application of findings and recommendations generated from the study required by section 30703 and the provision of United States technical assistance;
- (II) the impact and effectiveness of international cooperation on shutting down wild-life markets:
- (III) the impact and effectiveness of international cooperation on disrupting, deterring, and ultimately ending wildlife trafficking; and
- (IV) the impact and effectiveness of international cooperation on preventing the import, export, and domestic commercial trade in live wildlife for the purpose of human use as food or medicine, while accounting for the differentiated needs of vulnerable populations who depend upon such wildlife as a predominant source of meat or protein; and
  - (ii) identifying—
- (I) foreign countries that continue to enable the operation of wildlife markets as defined by this title and the associated trade of wildlife products for human use as food or medicine that feeds such markets;

- (II) foreign governments, networks, or individuals who aid and abet or otherwise facilitate illicit wildlife trafficking; and
- (III) recommendations for incentivizing or enforcing compliance with laws and policies to close wildlife markets pursuant to section 30704 and uncontrolled, unsanitary, or illicit wildlife markets and end the associated commercial trade in live wildlife for human use as food or medicine, which may include visa restrictions and other diplomatic or economic tools.
- (B) FORM.—The report required under this paragraph shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified annex.
- (2) UNITED STATES AGENCY FOR INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Administrator of the United States Agency for International Development shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report—
- (A) describing the actions taken pursuant to this title:
- (B) describing the impact and effectiveness of key strategies for reducing demand for consumption of such wildlife and associated wildlife markets:
- (C) summarizing additional personnel hired with funding authorized under this title, including the number hired in each bureau; and
- (D) describing partnerships developed with other institutions of higher learning and nongovernmental organizations.

### SEC. 30708. ONE HEALTH TASK FORCE.

- (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established a task force to be known as the "One Health Task Force".
- (b) DUTIES OF TASK FORCE.—The duties of the Task Force shall be to—  $\,$
- (1) ensure an integrated approach across the Federal Government and globally to the prevention of, early detection of, preparedness for, and response to zoonotic spillover and the outbreak and transmission of zoonotic diseases that may pose a threat to public health security;
- (2) not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, develop and publish, on a publicly accessible website, a plan for global biosecurity and zoonotic disease prevention and response that leverages expertise in public health, consumer education and communication, behavior change, wildlife health, wildlife conservation, livestock production, veterinary health, food safety. sustainable forest management, communitybased conservation, rural food security, and indigenous rights to coordinate zoonotic disease surveillance internationally, including support for One Health institutions around the world that can prevent and provide early detection of zoonotic outbreaks; and
- (3) expand the scope of the implementation of the White House's Global Health Security Strategy to more robustly support the prevention of zoonotic spillover and respond to zoonotic disease investigations and outbreaks by establishing a 10-year strategy with specific Federal Government domestic and international goals, priorities, and timelines for action, including to—
- (A) recommend policy actions and mechanisms in developing countries to reduce the risk of zoonotic spillover and zoonotic disease emergence and transmission, including in support of those activities described in section 30707;
- (B) identify new mandates, authorities, and incentives needed to strengthen the global zoonotic disease plan under paragraph (2):
- (C) define and list priority areas as countries or regions determined to be of high risk for zoonotic disease emergence, as well as

based on, but not limited to, factors that include wildlife biodiversity, livestock production, human population density, and active drivers of disease emergence such as land use change, including forest degradation and loss, intensification of livestock production, and wildlife trade:

- (D) prioritize engagement in programs that target tropical countries and regions experiencing high rates of biodiversity loss, deforestation, forest degradation, and land conversion and countries with significant markets for live wildlife for human consumption; and
- (E) identify and recommend actions to address existing gaps in efforts to prevent and respond to domestic zoonotic disease emergence and transmission.
  - (c) Membership.-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The members of the Task Force established pursuant to subsection (a) shall be composed of representatives from each of the following agencies:
- (A) One permanent Chairperson at the level of Deputy Assistant Secretary or above from the following agencies, to rotate every 2 years in an order to be determined by the Administrator:
- (i) The Department of Agriculture or the Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service.
- (ii) The Department of Health and Human Services or the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.
- (iii) The Department of the Interior or the United States Fish and Wildlife Service.
- (iv) The Department of State.
- (v) The United States Agency for International Development.
  - (vi) The National Security Council.
- (B) At least 13 additional members, with at least 1 from each of the following agencies:
- (i) The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.
  - (ii) The Department of Agriculture.
- (iii) The Department of Defense.
- (iv) The Department of State.
- (v) The Environmental Protection Agency.
- (vi) The National Science Foundation.
- (viii) The National Institutes of Heatth.
  (viii) The National Institute of Standards
- and Technology.

  (ix) The Office of Science and Technology Policy.
- (x) The United States Agency for International Development.
- $\left(xi\right)$  The United States Fish and Wildlife Service.
- (xii) The Department of Homeland Security, FEMA.
- rity, FEMA.
  (xiii) United States Customs and Border
- (2) TIMING OF APPOINTMENTS.—Appointments to the Task Force shall be made not later than 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.
  - (3) TERMS.-
- (A) IN GENERAL.—Each member shall be appointed for a term of 2 years.
- (B) VACANCIES.—Any member appointed to fill a vacancy occurring before the expiration of the term for which the member's predecessor was appointed shall be appointed only for the remainder of that term. A member may serve after the expiration of that term until a successor has been appointed.
  - (d) Meeting.—
- (1) INITIAL MEETING.—The Task Force shall hold its initial meeting not later than 45 days after the final appointment of all members under subsection (c)(2).
  - (2) Meetings.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—The Task Force shall meet at the call of the Chairperson.
- (B) QUORUM.—Eight members of the Task Force shall constitute a quorum, but a lesser number may hold hearings.
  - (e) COMPENSATION.—

- (1) PROHIBITION OF COMPENSATION.—Except as provided in paragraph (2), members of the Task Force may not receive additional pay, allowances, or benefits by reason of their service on the Task Force.
- (2) Travel expenses.—Each member shall receive travel expenses, including per diem in lieu of subsistence, in accordance with applicable provisions under subchapter I of chapter 57 of title 5, United States Code.
- (f) Reports.-
- (1) REPORT TO TASK FORCE.—Not later than 6 months after the date of the enactment of this Act and annually thereafter, the Federal agencies listed in subsection (c) shall submit a report to the Task Force containing a detailed statement with respect to the results of any programming within their agencies that addresses the goals of zoonotic spillover and disease prevention.
- (2) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act and annually thereafter, the Task Force shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees and the National Security Advisor a report containing a detailed statement of the recommendations of the Council pursuant to subsection (b).
- (g) FACA.—Section 14(a)(2)(B) of the Federal Advisory Committee Act shall not apply to the Task Force. This task force shall be authorized for 7 years after the date of the enactment of this Act and up to an additional 2 years at the discretion of the Task Force Chair.

### SEC. 30709. RESERVATION OF RIGHTS.

Nothing in this title shall restrict or otherwise prohibit—  $\,$ 

- (1) legal and regulated hunting, fishing, or trapping activities for subsistence, sport, or recreation: or
- (2) the lawful domestic and international transport of legally harvested fish or wildlife trophies.

AMENDMENT NO. 203 OFFERED BY MR. RESCHENTHALER OF PENNSYLVANIA

At the end of division B. add the following:

### Subtitle G—National Academies Science, Technology, and Security Roundtable

### SEC. 10671. AD-HOC COMMITTEE ON RESEARCH SECURITY.

Section 1746(b) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2020 (Public Law 116-92; 42 U.S.C. 6601 note) is amended—

- (1) in paragraph (3)(B), by striking "involving federally funded research and development" and inserting "facing the United States research enterprise";
- (2) by redesignating paragraph (5) as paragraph (6);
- (3) by inserting after paragraph (4) the following new paragraph:
- "(5) AD-HOC COMMITTEE.—
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—The roundtable shall convene an ad-hoc committee to study and make recommendations on research security issues consistent with paragraph (3).
- "(B) STUDY AND REPORT.—Not later than 180 days after the first meeting of the ad-hoc committee convened under subparagraph (A), such committee shall—
- "(i) complete a fast-track consensus study on the feasibility of establishing an independent, non-profit entity (referred to in this paragraph as the 'entity') to further protect the United States research enterprise against foreign interference, theft, and espionage; and
- "(ii) submit to the relevant committees a report on the results of the study.
- "(C) ELEMENTS.—The report required under subparagraph (B)(ii) shall include analysis and recommendations with respect to each of the following:
- ``(i) The organizational structure of the entity.

- "(ii) The appropriate relationship between the entity and the Federal government, including the interagency working group established under subsection (a).
- "(iii) The appropriate level of financial resources needed to establish the entity.
- "(iv) A self-sustaining funding model for the entity.
- "(v) Whether and how the entity can-
- "(I) enable informed, proactive, and unbiased risk assessment for and by the United States research enterprise;
- "(II) in coordination with the interagency working group established under subsection (a), the Federal agencies that comprise the working group, and the roundtable under this subsection, promote actionable and timely information sharing among the United States research enterprise about foreign interference, theft, and espionage of research and development;
- "(III) provide non-punitive, non-legally binding advice to the United States research enterprise, including frontline researchers, about foreign inference, theft, and espionage including advice with respect to risks associated with international partnerships and foreign talent recruitment programs;
- "(IV) secure the trust and active participation of the United States research enterprise;
- "(V) regularly conduct open-source intelligence analysis to provide actionable and timely unclassified information to the United States research enterprise about foreign interference, theft, and espionage, including analysis to be tailored specifically for the purpose of assisting frontline researchers in making security-informed decisions: and
- "(VI) offer products and services to the United States research enterprise to help inform research security efforts such as analyses of global research and development trends, advice regarding intellectual property production and protection, market analyses, and risk assessment for day-to-day activities such as collaboration, travel, and hiring.
- "(vi) Such other information and recommendations as the committee considers necessary to ensure that the entity operates effectively.": and
- (4) in paragraph (6), as so redesignated, by striking "2024" and inserting "2025".

AMENDMENT NO. 204 OFFERED BY MR. RESCHENTHALER OF PENNSYLVANIA

Page 697, line 5, strike "and semiconductors" and insert ", semiconductors, and rare earth permanent magnets".

AMENDMENT NO. 206 OFFERED BY MS. ROSS OF NORTH CAROLINA

Add at the end the following:

### DIVISION M—EMERGING TECHNOLOGY LEADS

### SEC. 120001. EMERGING TECHNOLOGY LEADS.

- (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) COVERED INDIVIDUAL.—The term "covered individual" means—
- (A) an individual serving in a Senior Executive Service position, as that term is defined in section 3132(a) of title 5, United States Code:
  - (B) an individual who—
- (i) is serving in a position to which section 5376 of title 5, United States Code, applies; and
- (ii) has a significant amount of seniority and experience, as determined by the head of the applicable covered Federal agency; or
- (C) another individual who is the equivalent of an individual described in subparagraph (A) or (B), as determined by the head of the applicable covered Federal agency.
- (2) COVERED FEDERAL AGENCY.—The term "covered Federal agency" means—

- (A) an agency listed in section 901(b) of title 31, United States Code; or
- (B) an element of the intelligence community, as defined in section 3 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3003).
- (b) APPOINTMENT OR DESIGNATION.—Each covered Federal agency that is also substantially engaged in the development, application, or oversight of emerging technologies shall consider appointing or designating a covered individual as an emerging technology lead to advise the agency on the responsible use of emerging technologies, including artificial intelligence, provide expertise on responsible policies and practices, collaborate with interagency coordinating bodies, and provide input for procurement policies.
- (c) INFORMING CONGRESS.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the President shall inform Congress of each covered Federal agency in which a covered individual has been appointed or designated as an emerging technology lead under subsection (b) and provide Congress with a description of the authorities and responsibilities of the covered individuals so appointed.

AMENDMENT NO. 211 OFFERED BY MR. RYAN OF

# Page 756, insert after line 12 the following: SEC. 20209. NATIONAL COMMISSION ON CRITICAL SUPPLY CHAINS.

- (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—Congress shall establish a National Commission on Critical Supply Chains (referred to in this section as the "Commission").
- (b) PURPOSES.—The purposes of the Commission shall be to—  $\,$
- (1) convene an independent entity that brings together national experts in a highly visible forum to conduct a systematic study and give guidance to Congress on the complex and strategically important issues related to rebuilding critical American supply chains:
- (2) identify the critical supply chains in which the United States is dependent on materials, products, equipment, or services from foreign countries and in which substantial harm would come to U.S. economic security, national defense, or way of life if those supply chains were compromised or no longer available;
- (3) investigate in depth and report on existing dependencies, limitations, and risks to the United States for each of these critical supply chains, including considerations for medical supplies, equipment, and medications; rare earth materials; precision-integrated circuits and microchips; machine tools and production equipment; defense components and homeland security capabilities; scientific equipment needed for advanced technology research and development; clothing and textiles; and food and agricultural products;
- (4) assess and provide guidance on key questions, including—
- (A) which driving forces are pushing U.S. companies to offshore their procurement or their manufacturing operations;
- (B) how the United States can predict and prevent future supply chain disruptions;
- (C) what the United States can do to reduce future vulnerabilities and risks;
- (D) whether the United States can make the American supply chain resilient enough to protect necessary capabilities and resources:
- (E) which manufacturing activities should be performed strictly within the United States to ensure economic and national security:
- (F) what actions should be taken by the United States to increase domestic manufacturing to meet critical supply chain needs and improve its terms of trade; and

- (G) what would be the effects of a new national manufacturing strategy on employment, growth, innovation, and national security; and
- (5) develop and propose specific recommendations, submit a biannual comprehensive report (and intermediate updates as necessary to maintain timely and relevant information), and provide Congressional oversight to Congress to be used as a resource for legislative actions to mitigate the risks of future American supply chain disruptions.
- (c) Membership.
- (1) MEMBERS.—The Commission shall be composed of 12 members, of whom—
- (A) three members shall be appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives, in consultation with the chairpersons of relevant committees, including the Committee on Ways and Means, Committee on Energy and Commerce, Committee on Science, Space, and Technology, Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure, Committee on Armed Services, Committee on Natural Resources, Committee on Small Business, Committee on Homeland Security, and Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives:
- (B) three members shall be appointed by the minority leader of the House of Representatives, in consultation with the ranking minority Members of relevant committees, including the Committees described in subparagraph (A):
- (C) three members shall be appointed by the President pro tempore of the Senate upon the recommendation of the majority leader of the Senate, in consultation with the chairpersons of relevant committees, including the Committee on Finance, Committee on Commerce, Science, and Technology, Committee on Armed Services, Committee on Energy and Natural Resources, Committee on Small Business and Entrepreneurship, Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs, Committee on Environment and Public Works, and Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate; and
- (D) three members shall be appointed by the President pro tempore of the Senate upon the recommendation of the minority leader of the Senate, in consultation with the ranking minority Members of relevant committees, including the Committees described in subparagraph (C).
- (2) CHAIR; VICE CHAIR.—
- (A) APPOINTMENT.—Not later than 30 days after the initial meeting of the Commission, the Commission shall elect a Chair and Vice Chair from among the Commission's members by a simple majority vote, and such Chair and Vice Chair shall be members of the Commission who were appointed by appointing authorities from different political parties under paragraph (1).
- (B) PRESENCE.—For purposes of appointing the Chair, all 12 members must be present. If all 12 members are not present, appointment of the chair shall be delayed until the next meeting of the Commission at which all 12 members are present.
- (C) TIMING.—If a quorum is not present at that initial meeting, the Chair shall be appointed at the first meeting after that at which a quorum is present. If a Vice Chair is elected before the Chair and no Chair is elected, the Vice Chair shall serve as acting Chair until the Chair is elected.
- (D) NEW CHAIR AND VICE CHAIR EACH CONGRESS.—A new Chair and Vice Chair shall be elected with respect to each Congress. Any member that was a Chair or Vice Chair in a Congress may not be elected to be a Chair or Vice Chair in a subsequent Congress.
- (3) QUALIFICATIONS.—
- (A) Areas of expertise.—

- (i) IN GENERAL.—Each individual appointed to the Commission shall have substantial expertise in one or more of the following areas:
- (I) Supply chain expertise, including the following:
- (aa) Advanced manufacturing, with a focus on distributed operations and supply chain management.
  - (bb) Economics of U.S. manufacturing.
- (cc) Supply chain logistics.
- (dd) Supplier certification and quality assurance processes.
- (ee) Raw materials sourcing and distribution.
- (ff) Metrics used by Original Equipment Manufacturer purchasing managers and chief financial officers to make purchasing decisions.
- (II) Critical domain expertise, including the following:
- (aa) Health care, medical device, and pharmaceutical manufacturing.
- (bb) Mining, supply, and usage of rare earth materials.
- (cc) Precision-integrated circuits, microchips, and semiconductor manufacturing.
- (dd) Defense component manufacturing and homeland security products.
- (ee) Advanced machine tools and production equipment.
- (ff) Scientific equipment for high-precision research and development.
- (gg) Clothing and textiles manufacturing.
- (hh) Food production and agricultural products manufacturing.
- (III) Industrial policy expertise, including knowledge of industrial organization, development economics, and policy tools that have been used by the United States and other developing or industrial economies in the world.
- (ii) COMPOSITION.—The composition of the members of the Commission shall ensure the Commission has substantial expertise in all areas described in clause (i).
- (B) NONGOVERNMENT APPOINTEES.—An individual appointed to the Commission may not be an officer or employee of the Federal Government.
  - (4) APPOINTMENT REQUIREMENTS.—
- (A) INITIAL APPOINTMENTS.—Members of the Commission shall be appointed not later than 45 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.
- (B) TERM OF APPOINTMENTS.—The term of each member of the Commission shall expire on December 31 of the second session of the Congress in which the member is appointed to the Commission.
- (C) APPOINTMENTS WITH EACH CONGRESS.—Appointments to the Commission made after the initial appointments to the Commission under subparagraph (A) shall be made not later than 30 days after the date on which each Congress convenes.
- (D) RENEWAL OF APPOINTMENTS.—A member of the Commission may be reappointed for additional terms of service upon mutual agreement between such member and the appointing authority that appointed such member to the Commission.
- (E) VACANCIES.—A vacancy in the Commission shall not affect the powers of the Commission and shall be filled by the same appointing authority that made the original appointment. Any member appointed to fill a vacancy occurring before the expiration of the term for which the member's predecessor was appointed shall be appointed only for the remainder of that term. A member may serve after the expiration of that member's term until a successor has taken office. A vacancy in the Commission shall be filled in the manner in which the original appointment was made by not later than 30 days after the date such vacancy occurs.

- (F) REMOVAL.—A member of the Commission may be removed from the Commission at any time by the appointing authority that appointed such member to the Commission should the member fail to meet Commission responsibilities.
- (5) COMPENSATION; TRAVEL EXPENSES.-Each member of the Commission may be compensated at a rate not to exceed the daily equivalent of the annual rate of basic pay in effect for a position at level IV of the Executive Schedule under section 5315 of title 5, United States Code, for each day during which the member is engaged in the actual performance of the duties of the Commission. Travel expenses of members of the Commission shall be allowed at rates authorized for employees of agencies under subchapter I of chapter 57 of title 5. United States Code, except that foreign travel for official purposes by members of the Commission is not authorized.
  - (d) MEETING REQUIREMENTS.-
- (1) INITIAL MEETING.—The Commission shall convene for an initial meeting not later than 45 days after the initial members of the Commission are all appointed. An initial meeting may be convened so long as at least 10 members are present.
- (2) SUBSEQUENT MEETINGS.—After the initial meeting under paragraph (1), the Commission shall meet upon the call of the Chair or as determined by a majority of Commission members.
- (3) EXPECTATIONS FOR ATTENDANCE BY MEMBERS.—Members are expected to attend all Commission meetings. In the case of an absence, members are expected to report to the Chair prior to the meeting and allowance may be made for an absent member to participate remotely. Members will still be responsible for fulfilling prior commitments, regardless of attendance status. If a member is absent from multiple meetings, the member may be reviewed by the Chair and appointing authority that appointed such member to the Commission and further action will be considered, including removal and replacement on the Commission.
- (4) QUORUM.—A majority of the members of the Commission shall constitute a quorum.
- (5) VOTING.—Each member of the Commission shall be entitled to one vote, which shall be equal to the vote of every other member of the Commission.
- (6) MEETING NOTES.—Meetings notes shall be made available to the congressional committees of jurisdiction.
- (e) Subcommittees and Working Groups.—
  The Commission may choose, at the discretion of the Chair and Vice Chair, to establish subcommittees and working groups for any purpose consistent with the duties of the Commission. Any findings, conclusions, or recommendations made by a subcommittee or working group shall be considered by the full Commission, which shall be responsible for determining any final findings, conclusions, and recommendations. Each such subcommittee or working group shall operate only for the Congressional Session with respect to which such subcommittee or group was established.
- (f) Administration and Powers of Commission.—
- (1) HEARINGS.—The Commission may, for the purpose of carrying out this Act—
- (A) hold such hearings, sit and act at such times and places, take such testimony, receive such evidence, and administer such oaths as the Commission considers appropriate; and
- (B) subject to paragraph (2), require the attendance and testimony of witnesses and the production of books, records, correspondence, memoranda, papers, and documents.
  - (2) OBTAINING OFFICIAL DATA.—

- (A) IN GENERAL.—The Commission may secure directly from any executive department, bureau, agency, board, commission, office, independent establishment, or other instrumentality of the Federal Government or a State, local, Tribal, or territorial government any information, suggestions, estimates, and statistics to enable the Commission to carry out this Act. Each such department, bureau, agency, board, commission, office, independent establishment, or instrumentality shall, to the extent authorized by law, furnish such information, suggestions, estimates, and statistics directly to the Commission, upon request of the Chair of the Commission and the Vice Chair of the Commission or any member designated by a majority of the Commission.
- (B) RECEIPT, HANDLING, STORAGE, AND DISSEMINATION.—Any information, suggestions, estimates, and statistics submitted under subparagraph (A) shall only be received, handled, stored, and disseminated by members of the Commission and its staff, consistent with applicable Federal law.
- (3) Public hearings and meetings.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—The Commission shall hold public hearings and meetings as determined appropriate by the Commission.
- (B) PROTECTION OF CERTAIN INFORMATION.— Any public hearings and meetings of the Commission shall be conducted in a manner consistent with applicable Federal law regarding the protection of data submitted to the Commission under paragraph (3).
  - (4) Personnel.-
  - (A) STAFF.—
- (i) APPOINTMENT; COMPENSATION; TRAVEL EXPENSES —The Chair of the Commission, in consultation with Vice Chair of the Commission, and in accordance with rules agreed upon by the Commission, may appoint and fix the compensation of an executive director and other additional technical and administrative personnel as may be necessary to enable the Commission to carry out its duties, without regard to the provisions of title 5. United States Code, governing appointments in the competitive service, and without regard to the provisions of chapter 51 and subchapter III of chapter 53 of such title relating to classification and General Schedule pay rates, except that no rate of pay fixed under this clause may exceed the equivalent of that payable for a position at level V of the Executive Schedule under section 5316 of title 5. United States Code, Travel expenses of the executive director and other additional technical and administrative personnel of the Commission shall be allowed at rates authorized for employees of agencies under subchapter I of chapter 57 of title 5. United States Code, except that foreign travel for official purposes by such director and personnel of the Commission is not authorized.
- (ii) TECHNICAL STAFF EXPERTISE REQUIRE-MENT.—Technical staff of the Commission shall be individuals with substantial expertise in one or more of the areas described in subsection (c)(2). The expertise of such technical staff shall augment the ability of the Commission to have substantial expertise in all areas so described.
- (iii) Personnel as federal employees.—
- (I) IN GENERAL.—The executive director and any other personnel of the Commission shall be treated as employees under section 2105 of title 5, United States Code, for purposes of chapters 63, 81, 83, 84, 85, 87, 89, and 90 of such title.
- (II) Members of commission.—Subclause (I) shall not be construed to apply to members of the Commission.
- (iv) DETAILEES.—Any Federal Government employee may be detailed to the Commission without reimbursement from the Commission, and such detailee shall retain the

- rights, status, and privileges of his or her regular employment without interruption.
- (v) EXPERTS AND CONSULTANTS.—The Commission may procure temporary and intermittent services of experts and consultants in accordance with section 3109 of title 5, United States Code, but at a rate not to exceed the daily equivalent of the annual rate of basic pay in effect for a position at level IV of the Executive Schedule under section 5315 of title 5, United States Code.
  - (B) ASSISTANCE FROM FEDERAL AGENCIES.—
- (i) GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION.— The Administrator of General Services shall provide to the Commission, on a reimbursable basis, administrative support and other services necessary to carry out the duties of the Commission.
- (ii) OTHER DEPARTMENTS AND AGENCIES.—In addition to the assistance described in subparagraph (A), departments and agencies of the Federal Government may provide to the Commission such services, funds, facilities, and staff as such departments and agencies determine appropriate and as authorized by Federal law.
- (g) SECURITY CLEARANCES.—The members and staff of the Commission shall obtain, if necessary to carry out the functions of the Commission, appropriate security clearances for access to any classified briefing, records, and materials to be reviewed by such members or staff. The appropriate Federal agencies or departments shall cooperate with the Commission in expeditiously providing to the members and staff of the Commission security clearances pursuant to existing procedures and requirements, except that no person may be provided with access to classified information under this Act without the appropriate security clearance.
- (h) Reports.—
- (1) REPORTS.—Not later than December 1 of each year that the Commission remains active and in operation, the Commission shall submit to the majority and minority leaders of the House of Representatives and Senate a comprehensive report on the findings, conclusions, and recommendations of the Commission with respect to such year and including an executive summary of the Commission's purposes and activities and any relevant references and materials with respect to such year. Notwithstanding the previous sentence, the Commission shall not be required to submit a report under this paragraph with respect to the first year in which such Commission is active and in operation if the Commission is so active and in operation for fewer than six months of such first year.
- (2) CLASSIFIED INFORMATION.—In the case that a report submitted under this subsection includes classified information, the Commission shall also submit to the majority and minority leaders of the House of Representatives and Senate a redacted version of such report with such classified information included as a classified annex to such report.
- (3) PUBLIC AVAILABILITY.—Reports submitted under this subsection, or the redacted versions of such reports (if applicable), shall be made publicly available on a centralized Federal internet website
- Federal internet website.

  (i) APPLICABILITY OF FACA.—Except as provided in subsection (j), the provisions of the Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App.) shall apply to the activities of the Commission.
  - (j) TERMINATION.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Commission, and all the authorities of the Commission under this Act, shall remain active and in operation until the last day of the 10-year period beginning on the date of the enactment of this Act.
- (2) ADMINISTRATIVE ACTIVITIES.—The Commission may use the 60-day period following

the date of termination of the Commission for the purpose of concluding its activities, including providing testimony to Congress concerning its results and disseminating the final report of the Commission.

(k) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— For purposes of carrying out this section, there is authorized to be appropriated to the Commission \$6,000,000 for fiscal year 2022 and such sums as may be necessary for each fiscal year thereafter through fiscal year 2032, to be available until expended.

AMENDMENT NO. 212 OFFERED BY MS. SALAZAR OF FLORIDA

Add at the end of part 1 of subtitle D of title II of division D the following:

### SEC. \_\_\_. REPORT ON MAJOR CHINESE INFRA-STRUCTURE INVESTMENTS.

Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State shall submit to Congress a report on major Chinese infrastructure investments in Latin America and the Caribbean and the extent to which the countries that host these investments are able to meet the interest and principal payments associated with any outstanding loans.

AMENDMENT NO. 229 OFFERED BY MR. SOTO OF FLORIDA

Page 641, after line 22, insert the following:

### Subtitle G—Additional Provisions

#### SEC. 10671. ESTABLISHMENT OF BLOCKCHAIN AND CRYPTOCURRENCY SPECIALIST POSITION WITHIN OSTP.

The Director of the Office of Science and Technology Policy shall establish a blockchain and cryptocurrencies advisory specialist position within the Office to advise the President on matters relating to blockchain and cryptocurrencies.

AMENDMENT NO. 230 OFFERED BY MS. SPANBERGER OF VIRGINIA

Insert after section 30219G the following

### SEC. 30219H. REPORT ON OPEN RADIO ACCESS NETWORKS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Commerce, in consultation with the Secretary of State, shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report on the national security implications of open radio access networks (Open RAN or O-RAN) that—
- (1) provides information on the United States Government's international engagement to support United States leadership in Open RAN, including the Department of State's diplomatic efforts to ensure United States leadership in international standard setting bodies for Open RAN;
- (2) describes the involvement of China headquartered companies in Open RAN standards setting bodies such as the O-RAN Alliance:
- (3) reviews the national security risks posed by the presence of entities included on the Bureau of Industry and Security's "Entity List" in the O-RAN Alliance;
- (4) determines whether entities that do business in the United States can participate in the O-Ran Alliance under existing sanctions and export control laws;
- (5) analyzes whether United States national security is affected by the limited number of telecommunications equipment vendors, and examines whether the advent and deployment of Open RAN would expand the number of equipment and service providers:
- (6) outlines how the United States can work with allies, partners, and other countries to ensure that Open RAN maintains the highest security and privacy standards; and
- (7) identifies steps the United States can take to assert leadership in Open RAN.

- (b) APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS DEFINED.—In this section, the term "appropriate congressional committees" means—
- (1) the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives;
- (2) the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate;
- the Senate;
  (3) the Committee on Energy and Com-
- merce of the House of Representatives; and (4) the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate.

AMENDMENT NO. 235 OFFERED BY MS. STANSBURY OF NEW MEXICO

Page 641, after line 22, insert the following: Subtitle G—Partnerships for Energy Security and Innovation

#### SEC. 10671. FOUNDATION FOR ENERGY SECURITY AND INNOVATION.

- (a) Definitions.—In this section:
- (1) BOARD.—The term "Board" means the Board of Directors described in subsection (b)(2)(A).
- (2) DEPARTMENT.—The term "Department" means the Department of Energy.
- (3) EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR.—The term "Executive Director" means the Executive Director described in subsection (b)(5)(A).
- (4) FOUNDATION.—The term "Foundation" means the Foundation for Energy Security and Innovation established under subsection (b)(1).
- (5) HISTORICALLY BLACK COLLEGE AND UNIVERSITY.—The term "historically Black college and university" has the meaning given the term "part B institution" in section 322 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1061).
- (6) INDIVIDUAL LABORATORY-ASSOCIATED FOUNDATION.—The term "Individual Laboratory-Associated Foundation" means a Laboratory Foundation established by an operating contractor of a National Laboratory.
- (7) MINORITY SERVING INSTITUTION.—The term "minority serving institution" includes the entities described in any of the paragraphs (1) through (7) of section 371(a) of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1067a(a)).
- (8) NATIONAL LABORATORY.—The term "National Laboratory" has the meaning given the term in section 2 of the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 15801).
- (9) SECRETARY.—The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of Energy.
- (10) TRIBAL COLLEGE AND UNIVERSITY.—The term "Tribal College and University" has the meaning given in section 316 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1059c).
- (b) FOUNDATION FOR ENERGY SECURITY AND INNOVATION.—
  - (1) ESTABLISHMENT.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall establish a nonprofit corporation to be known as the "Foundation for Energy Security and Innovation".
- (B) MISSION.—The mission of the Foundation shall be—  $\,$
- (i) to support the mission of the Department; and
- (ii) to advance collaboration with energy researchers, institutions of higher education, industry, and nonprofit and philanthropic organizations to enable the commercialization of energy technologies.
- (C) LIMITATION.—The Foundation shall not be an agency or instrumentality of the Federal Government.
- (D) TAX-EXEMPT STATUS.—The Board shall take all necessary and appropriate steps to ensure that the Foundation is an organization that is described in section 501(c) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 and exempt from taxation under section 501(a) of that Code.
- (E) COLLABORATION WITH EXISTING ORGANIZATIONS.—The Secretary may collaborate

- with 1 or more organizations to establish the Foundation and carry out the activities of the Foundation.
  - (2) BOARD OF DIRECTORS.—
- (A) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Foundation shall be governed by a Board of Directors.
  - (B) COMPOSITION.—
- (i) IN GENERAL.—The Board shall be composed of the ex officio nonvoting members described in clause (ii) and the appointed voting members described in clause (iii).
- (ii) EX OFFICIO MEMBERS.—The ex officio members of the Board shall be the following individuals or designees of those individuals:
  - (I) The Secretary.
- (II) The Under Secretary for Science and Energy.
- (III) The Under Secretary for Nuclear Security.
  - (IV) The Chief Commercialization Officer.
  - (iii) APPOINTED MEMBERS.—
- (I) INITIAL MEMBERS.—The Secretary and the other ex officio members of the Board shall—
- (aa) seek to enter into an agreement with the National Academies of Sciences, Engineering, and Medicine to develop a list of individuals to serve as members of the Board who are well-qualified and will meet the requirements of subclauses (II) and (III); and
- (bb) appoint the initial members of the Board from that list, if applicable, in consultation with the National Academies of Sciences, Engineering, and Medicine.
- (II) REPRESENTATION.—The appointed members of the Board shall reflect a broad cross-section of stakeholders from academia, National Laboratories, industry, nonprofit organizations, State or local governments, the investment community, and the philanthropic community.
- (III) EXPERIENCE.—The Secretary shall ensure that a majority of the appointed members of the Board—
- (aa)(AA) has experience in the energy sector:
- (BB) has research experience in the energy field; or
- (CC) has experience in technology commercialization or foundation operations; and
- (bb) to the extent practicable, represents diverse regions, sectors, and communities.
  - (C) CHAIR AND VICE CHAIR.-
- (i) IN GENERAL.—The Board shall designate from among the members of the Board—
- (I) an individual to serve as Chair of the Board; and
- (II) an individual to serve as Vice Chair of the Board.
- (ii) Terms.—The term of service of the Chair and Vice Chair of the Board shall end on the earlier of—  $\,$
- (I) the date that is 3 years after the date on which the Chair or Vice Chair of the Board, as applicable, is designated for the position; and
- (II) the last day of the term of service of the member, as determined under subparagraph (D)(i), who is designated to be Chair or Vice Chair of the Board, as applicable.
- (iii) Representation.—The Chair and Vice Chair of the Board—  $\,$
- (I) shall not be representatives of the same area of subject matter expertise, or entity, as applicable, under subparagraph (B)(iii)(II); and
- (II) shall not be representatives of any area of subject matter expertise, or entity, as applicable, represented by the immediately preceding Chair and Vice Chair of the Board.
  - (D) TERMS AND VACANCIES.—
  - (i) Terms.—
- (I) IN GENERAL.—The term of service of each appointed member of the Board shall be not more than 5 years.
- (II) INITIAL APPOINTED MEMBERS.—Of the initial members of the Board appointed under subparagraph (B)(iii)(I), half of the

- members shall serve for 4 years and half of the members shall serve for 5 years, as determined by the Chair of the Board.
- (ii) VACANCIES.—Any vacancy in the membership of the appointed members of the Board—
- (I) shall be filled in accordance with the bylaws of the Foundation by an individual capable of representing the same area or entity, as applicable, as represented by the vacating board member under subparagraph (B)(iii)(II):
- (II) shall not affect the power of the remaining appointed members to execute the duties of the Board; and
- (III) shall be filled by an individual selected by the Board.
  - (E) MEETINGS; QUORUM.-
- (i) INITIAL MEETING.—Not later than 60 days after the Board is established, the Secretary shall convene a meeting of the ex officio and appointed members of the Board to incorporate the Foundation.
- (ii) QUORUM.—A majority of the appointed members of the Board shall constitute a quorum for purposes of conducting the business of the Board.
  - (F) DUTIES.—The Board shall—
- (i) establish bylaws for the Foundation in accordance with subparagraph (G):
- (ii) provide overall direction for the activities of the Foundation and establish priority activities:
- (iii) carry out any other necessary activities of the Foundation; and
- (iv) evaluate the performance of the Executive Director.
  - (G) BYLAWS.-
- (i) IN GENERAL.—The bylaws established under subparagraph (F)(i) may include—
- (I) policies for the selection of Board members, officers, employees, agents, and contractors of the Foundation;
- (II) policies, including ethical standards,
- (aa) the acceptance, solicitation, and disposition of donations and grants to the Foundation, including appropriate limits on the ability of donors to designate, by stipulation or restriction, the use or recipient of donated funds; and
- (bb) the disposition of assets of the Foundation;
- (III) policies that subject all employees, fellows, trainees, and other agents of the Foundation (including ex officio and appointed members of the Board) to conflict of interest standards; and
- (IV) the specific duties of the Executive Director.
- (ii) REQUIREMENTS.—The Board shall ensure that the bylaws of the Foundation and the activities carried out under those bylaws shall not—
- (I) reflect unfavorably on the ability of the Foundation to carry out activities in a fair and objective manner; or
- (II) compromise, or appear to compromise, the integrity of any governmental agency or program, or any officer or employee employed by, or involved in, a governmental agency or program.
  - (H) COMPENSATION.—
- (i) IN GENERAL.—No member of the Board shall receive compensation for serving on the Board.
- (ii) CERTAIN EXPENSES.—In accordance with the bylaws of the Foundation, members of the Board may be reimbursed for travel expenses, including per diem in lieu of subsistence, and other necessary expenses incurred in carrying out the duties of the Board.
- (I) RESTRICTION ON MEMBERSHIP.—No employee of the Department shall be appointed as a member of the Board of Directors.
- (3) PURPOSES.—The purposes of the Foundation are—

- (A) to support the Department in carrying out the mission of the Department to ensure the security and prosperity of the United States by addressing civilian energy and environmental challenges through transformative science and technology solutions; and
- (B) to increase private and philanthropic sector investments that support efforts to create, characterize, develop, test, validate, and commercialize innovative technologies that address crosscutting national energy challenges, including those affecting minority, rural, and other underserved communities, by methods that include—
- (i) fostering collaboration and partnerships with researchers from the Federal Government, State governments, institutions of higher education, including historically Black colleges and universities, Tribal Colleges or Universities, and minority-serving institutions, federally funded research and development centers, industry, and nonprofit organizations for the research, development, or commercialization of transformative energy and associated technologies:
- (ii) strengthening and sharing best practices relating to regional economic development through scientific and energy innovation, including in partnership with an Individual Laboratory-Associated Foundation;
- (iii) promoting new product development that supports job creation;
- (iv) administering prize competitions-
- (I) to accelerate private sector competition and investment; and
- (II) that complement the use of prize authority by the Department;
- (v) supporting programs that advance technology maturation, especially where there may be gaps in Federal or private funding in the commercialization of a prototype technology:
- (vi) supporting efforts to broaden participation in energy technology development among individuals from historically underrepresented groups or regions; and
- (vii) facilitating access to Department facilities, equipment, and expertise to assist in tackling national challenges.
  - (4) ACTIVITIES.—
- (A) STUDIES, COMPETITIONS, AND PROJECTS.—The Foundation may conduct and support studies, competitions, projects, and other activities that further the purposes of the Foundation described in paragraph (3).
  - (B) FELLOWSHIPS AND GRANTS.—
- (i) IN GENERAL.—The Foundation may award fellowships and grants for activities relating to research, development, demonstration, or commercialization of energy and other Department-supported technologies.
- (ii) FORM OF AWARD.—A fellowship or grant under clause (i) may consist of a stipend, health insurance benefits, funds for travel, and funds for other appropriate expenses.
- (iii) SELECTION.—In selecting a recipient for a fellowship or grant under clause (i), the Foundation—
- (I) shall make the selection based on the technical and commercialization merits of the proposed project of the potential recipient; and
- (II) may consult with a potential recipient regarding the ability of the potential recipient to carry out various projects that would further the purposes of the Foundation described in paragraph (3).
- (iv) NATIONAL LABORATORIES.—A National Laboratory that applies for or accepts an award under clause (i) shall not be considered to be engaging in a competitive process.
- (C) Accessing facilities and expertise.—The Foundation may work with the Department—  $\,$

- (i) to leverage the capabilities and facilities of National Laboratories to commercialize technology; and
- (ii) to assist with resources, including by providing information on the assets of each National Laboratory that may enable the commercialization of technology.
- (D) Training and education.—The Foundation may support programs that provide training to researchers, scientists, other relevant personnel at National Laboratories and institutions of higher education, and previous or current recipients of or applicants for Department funding to help research, develop, demonstrate, and commercialize federally funded technology.
- (E) MATURATION FUNDING.—The Foundation shall support programs that provide maturation funding to researchers to advance the technology of those researchers for the purpose of moving products from a prototype stage to a commercial stage.
- (F) STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT.—The Foundation shall convene, and may consult with, representatives from the Department, institutions of higher education, National Laboratories, the private sector, and commercialization organizations to develop programs for the purposes of the Foundation described in paragraph (3) and to advance the activities of the Foundation.
- (G) INDIVIDUAL AND FEDERAL LABORATORY-ASSOCIATED FOUNDATIONS.—
- (i) DEFINITION OF COVERED FOUNDATION.—In this subparagraph, the term "covered foundation" means each of the following:
- $\hbox{$(I)$ An Individual Laboratory-$\bar{A}$ ssociated Foundation.}$
- (II) A Federal Laboratory-Associated Foundation established pursuant to subsection (c)(1).
- (ii) SUPPORT.—The Foundation shall provide support to and collaborate with covered foundations.
- (iii) GUIDELINES AND TEMPLATES.—For the purpose of providing support under clause (ii), the Secretary shall establish suggested guidelines and templates for covered foundations. including—
- (I) a standard adaptable organizational design for responsible management;
- (II) standard and legally tenable bylaws and money-handling procedures; and
- (III) a standard training curriculum to orient and expand the operating expertise of personnel employed by covered foundations.
- (iv) AFFILIATIONS.—Nothing in this subparagraph requires—
- (I) an existing Individual Laboratory-Associated Foundation to modify current practices or affiliate with the Foundation: or
- (II) a covered foundation to be bound by charter or corporate bylaws as permanently affiliated with the Foundation.
- (H) SUPPLEMENTAL PROGRAMS.—The Foundation may carry out supplemental programs—
- (i) to conduct and support forums, meetings, conferences, courses, and training workshops consistent with the purposes of the Foundation described in paragraph (3);
- (ii) to support and encourage the understanding and development of data that promotes the translation of technologies from the research stage, through the development and maturation stage, and ending in the market stage;
- (iii) for writing, editing, printing, publishing, and vending books and other materials relating to research carried out under the Foundation and the Department; and
- (iv) to conduct other activities to carry out and support the purposes of the Foundation described in paragraph (3).
- (I) EVALUATIONS.—The Foundation shall support the development of an evaluation

- methodology, to be used as part of any program supported by the Foundation, that shall—
- (i) consist of qualitative and quantitative metrics; and
- (ii) include periodic third-party evaluation of those programs and other activities of the Foundation.
- (J) COMMUNICATIONS.—The Foundation shall develop an expertise in communications to promote the work of grant and fellowship recipients under subparagraph (B), the commercialization successes of the Foundation, opportunities for partnership with the Foundation, and other activities.
- (K) AUTHORITY OF FOUNDATION.—The Foundation shall be the sole entity responsible for carrying out the activities described in this paragraph.
  - (5) Administration.—
- (A) EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR.—The Board shall hire an Executive Director of the Foundation, who shall serve at the pleasure of the Board. Subject to the compliance with the policies and bylaws established by the Board pursuant to paragraph (2)(G), the Executive Director shall be responsible for the daily operations of the Foundation in carrying out the activities of the Foundation described in paragraph (4).
- (B) ADMINISTRATIVE CONTROL.—No member of the Board, officer or employee of the Foundation or of any program established by the Foundation, or participant in a program established by the Foundation, shall exercise administrative control over any Federal employee.
- (C) STRATEGIC PLAN.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Foundation shall submit to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate and the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology of the House of Representatives a strategic plan that contains—
- (i) a plan for the Foundation to become financially self-sustaining in fiscal year 2023 and thereafter (except for the amounts provided each fiscal year under paragraph (12)(A)(iii)):
- (ii) a forecast of major crosscutting energy challenge opportunities, including short- and long-term objectives, identified by the Board, with input from communities representing the entities and areas of subject matter expertise, as applicable, described in paragraph (2)(B)(iii)(II):
- (iii) a description of the efforts that the Foundation will take to be transparent in the processes of the Foundation, including processes relating to—
- (I) grant awards, including selection, review, and notification;
- (II) communication of past, current, and future research priorities; and
- (III) solicitation of and response to public input on the opportunities identified under clause (ii);
- (iv) a description of the financial goals and benchmarks of the Foundation for the following 10 years;
- (v) a description of the efforts undertaken by the Foundation to engage historically underrepresented groups or regions, including through collaborations with historically Black colleges and universities, Tribal Colleges and Universities, minority-serving institutions, and minority-owned and womenowned businesses: and
- (vi) a description of the efforts undertaken by the Foundation to ensure maximum complementarity and minimum redundancy with investments made by the Department.
- (D) ANNUAL REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the date on which the Foundation is established, and every 2 years thereafter, the Foundation shall submit to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate, the Committee on Science, Space, and

- Technology of the House of Representatives, and the Secretary a report that, for the year covered by the report—
- (i) describes the activities of the Foundation and the progress of the Foundation in furthering the purposes of the Foundation described in paragraph (3);
- (ii) provides a specific accounting of the source and use of all funds made available to the Foundation to carry out those activities to ensure transparency in the alignment of Department missions and policies with national security;
- (iii) describes how the results of the activities of the Foundation could be incorporated into the procurement processes of the General Services Administration; and
- (iv) includes a summary of each evaluation conducted using the evaluation methodology described in paragraph (4)(I).
- (E) EVALUATION BY COMPTROLLER GENERAL.—Not later than 5 years after the date on which the Foundation is established, the Comptroller General of the United States shall submit to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate and the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology of the House of Representatives—
- (i) an evaluation of-
- (I) the extent to which the Foundation is achieving the mission of the Foundation; and (II) the operation of the Foundation; and
- (ii) any recommendations on how th Foundation may be improved.
- (F) AUDITS.—The Foundation shall—
- (i) provide for annual audits of the financial condition of the Foundation; and
- (ii) make the audits, and all other records, documents, and papers of the Foundation, available to the Secretary and the Comptroller General of the United States for examination or audit.
- (G) SEPARATE FUND ACCOUNTS.—The Board shall ensure that any funds received under paragraph (12)(A) are held in a separate account from any other funds received by the Foundation.
  - (H) INTEGRITY.—
- (i) In GENERAL.—To ensure integrity in the operations of the Foundation, the Board shall develop and enforce procedures relating to standards of conduct, financial disclosure statements, conflicts of interest (including recusal and waiver rules), audits, and any other matters determined appropriate by the Board.
- (ii) Financial conflicts of interest.—To mitigate conflicts of interest and risks from malign foreign influence, any individual who is an officer, employee, or member of the Board is prohibited from any participation in deliberations by the Foundation of a matter that would directly or predictably affect any financial interest of—
  - (I) the individual:
- (II) a relative (as defined in section 109 of the Ethics in Government Act of 1978 (5 U.S.C. App.)) of that individual; or
- (III) a business organization or other entity in which the individual has an interest, including an organization or other entity with which the individual is negotiating employment.
- (I) INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY.—The Board shall adopt written standards to govern the ownership and licensing of any intellectual property rights developed by the Foundation or derived from the collaborative efforts of the Foundation.
- (J) Liability.-
- (i) IN GENERAL.—The United States shall not be liable for any debts, defaults, acts, or omissions of—
- (I) the Foundation:
- (II) a Federal entity with respect to an agreement of that Federal entity with the Foundation; or

- (III) an Individual Laboratory-Associated Foundation with respect to an agreement of that Federal entity with the Foundation.
- (ii) FULL FAITH AND CREDIT.—The full faith and credit of the United States shall not extend to any obligations of the Foundation.
- (K) NONAPPLICABILITY OF FACA.—The Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App.) shall not apply to the Foundation or an Individual Laboratory-Associated Foundation.
  - (6) DEPARTMENT COLLABORATION.—
- (A) NATIONAL LABORATORIES.—The Secretary shall collaborate with the Foundation to develop a process to ensure collaboration and coordination between the Department, the Foundation, and National Laboratories—
- (i) to streamline contracting processes between National Laboratories and the Foundation, including by—
- (I) streamlining the ability of the Foundation to transfer equipment and funds to National Laboratories;
- (II) standardizing contract mechanisms to be used by the Foundation in engaging with National Laboratories; and
- (III) streamlining the ability of the Foundation to fund endowed positions at National Laboratories:
- (ii) to allow a National Laboratory or site of a National Laboratory—
- (I) to accept and perform work for the Foundation, consistent with provided resources, notwithstanding any other provision of law governing the administration, mission, use, or operations of the National Laboratory or site, as applicable; and
- (II) to perform that work on a basis equal to other missions at the National Laboratory; and
- (iii) to permit the director of any National Laboratory or site of a National Laboratory to enter into a cooperative research and development agreement or negotiate a licensing agreement with the Foundation pursuant to section 12 of the Stevenson-Wydler Technology Innovation Act of 1980 (15 U.S.C. 3710a)
- (B) DEPARTMENT LIAISONS.—The Secretary shall appoint liaisons from across the Department to collaborate and coordinate with the Foundation, including not less than 1 liaison from the Office of Technology Transitions, who shall ensure that the Foundation works in conjunction with and does not duplicate existing activities and programs carried out by the Department including the Technology Commercialization Fund.
- (C) ADMINISTRATION.—The Secretary shall leverage appropriate arrangements, contracts, and directives to carry out the process developed under subparagraph (A).
- (7) NATIONAL SECURITY.—Nothing in this subsection exempts the Foundation from any national security policy of the Department.
- (8) SUPPORT SERVICES.—The Secretary may provide facilities, utilities, and support services to the Foundation if it is determined by the Secretary to be advantageous to the research programs of the Department.
- (9) ANTI-DEFICIENCY ACT.—Subsection (a)(1) of section 1341 of title 31, United States Code (commonly referred to as the "Anti-Deficiency Act"), shall not apply to any Federal officer or employee carrying out any activity of the Foundation using funds of the Foundation.
- (10) PREEMPTION OF AUTHORITY.—This subsection shall not preempt any authority or responsibility of the Secretary under any other provision of law.
- (11) Transfer funds.—The Foundation may transfer funds to the Department, which shall be subject to all applicable Federal limitations relating to federally funded research.
  - (12) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—There is authorized to be appropriated—

- (i) not less than \$1,500,000 for the Secretary for fiscal year 2022 to establish the Founda-
- (ii) not less than \$30,000,000 for the Foundation for fiscal year 2023 to carry out the activities of the Foundation; and
- (iii) not less than \$3,000,000 for the Foundation for each of the fiscal years 2024 through 2026, for administrative and operational
- (B) LIMITATION.—None of the funds authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary by subparagraph (A)(i) of this paragraph shall be used for construction.
- (C) Cost share.—Funds made available under subparagraph (A)(ii) shall be required to be cost-shared by a partner of the Foundation other than the Department or a National Laboratory.
  (c) NATIONAL ENERGY TECHNOLOGY LABORA-
- TORY-ASSOCIATED FOUNDATION.
  - (1) Establishment -
- (A) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the National Energy Technology Laboratory may establish, or enter into an agreement with a nonprofit organization to establish, a Federal Laboratory-Associated Foundation (referred to in this subsection as a "Laboratory Foundation") to support the mission of the National Energy Technology Laboratory.
- (B) NOT AGENCY OR INSTRUMENTALITY.—A Laboratory Foundation shall not be an agency or instrumentality of the Federal Government.
- (C) GOVERNANCE STRUCTURE.—A Laboratory Foundation established under subparagraph (A) shall have a separate governance structure from, and shall be managed independently of, the National Energy Technology Laboratory.
- (2) ACTIVITIES.—Activities of a Laboratory Foundation may include-
- (A) conducting support studies, competitions, projects, research, and other activities that further the purpose of the Laboratory Foundation:
- (B) carrying out programs to foster collaboration and partnership among researchers from the Federal Government, State governments, institutions of higher education, federally funded research and development centers, and industry and nonprofit organizations relating to the research, development, and commercialization of federally supported technologies;
- (C) carrying out programs to leverage technologies to support new product development that supports regional economic development:
- (D) administering prize competitions-
- (i) to accelerate private sector competition and investment; and
- (ii) that complement the use of prize authority by the Department:
- (E) providing fellowships and grants to research and development personnel at, or affiliated with, federally funded centers, in accordance with paragraph (3); and
  - (F) carrying out programs-
- (i) that allow scientists from foreign countries to serve in research capacities in the United States or other countries in association with the National Energy Technology Laboratory;
- (ii) that provide opportunities for employees of the National Energy Technology Laboratory to serve in research capacities in foreign countries;
- (iii) to conduct studies, projects, or research in collaboration with national and international nonprofit and for-profit organizations, which may include the provision of stipends, travel, and other support for personnel:
- (iv)(I) to hold forums, meetings, ferences, courses, and training workshops that may include undergraduate, graduate,

- post-graduate, and post-doctoral accredited courses; and
- (II) for the accreditation of those courses by the Laboratory Foundation at the State and national level for college degrees or continuing education credits;
- (v) to support and encourage teachers and students of science at all levels of education;
- (vi) to promote an understanding of science amongst the general public;
- (vii) for writing, editing, printing, publishing, and vending of relevant books and other materials: and
- (viii) for the conduct of other activities to carry out and support the purpose of the Laboratory Foundation.
  - (3) Fellowships and grants.-
- (A) Selection.—Recipients of fellowships and grants described in paragraph (2)(E) shall be selected-
- (i) by a Laboratory Foundation and the donors to a Laboratory Foundation;
- (ii) subject to the agreement of the head of the agency the mission of which is supported by a Laboratory Foundation; and
- (iii) in the case of a fellowship, based on the recommendation of the employees of the National Energy Technology Laboratory at which the fellow would serve.
- (B) EXPENSES.—Fellowships and grants described in paragraph (2)(E) may include stipends, travel, health insurance, benefits, and other appropriate expenses.
- (4) LIABILITY.—The United States shall not be liable for any debts, defaults, acts, or omissions of a Laboratory Foundation.
- (5) Other laws.—This subsection shall not alter or supersede any other provision of law governing the authority, scope, establishment, or use of nonprofit organizations by a Federal agency.

AMENDMENT NO. 237 OFFERED BY MR. STAUBER OF MINNESOTA

Page 985, after line 10, insert the following: (5) an assessment of the intersection between illicit fentanyl trafficking originating in China and the illicit fentanyl trafficked over the United States-Mexico border into the United States.

AMENDMENT NO. 238 OFFERED BY MRS. STEEL OF CALIFORNIA

Page 1341, after line 19, add the following: (10) the U.S. Special Presidential Envoy for Climate should seek to work with other countries to require China end its classification of "developing nation" within the Paris Agreement.

AMENDMENT NO. 249 OFFERED BY MRS. TORRES OF CALIFORNIA

Page 256, line 20, after "Database", insert , subject to the availability of appropriations'

Page 257, line 14, after "program", insert or its designee"

- Page 257, after line 24, insert the following: (3) Database content.—The Database may include the following:
- (A) Basic company information.
- (B) An overview of capabilities, accreditations, and products.
- (C) Proprietary information.
- (D) Such other items as the Director considers necessary.
- (4) STANDARD CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM.—The Database may use the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) Codes as follows:
  - (A) Sector 31-33—Manufacturing.
- (B) Sector 54—Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services.
- 48-49—Transportation Sector Warehousing.
- (5) LEVELS.—The Database may be multileveled as agreed to under terms of mutual disclosure as follows:
- (A) Level 1 may have basic company information and shall be available to the public.

- (B) Level 2 may have a deeper, nonproprietary overview into capabilities, products, and accreditations and shall be available to all companies that contribute to the Database
- (C) Level 3 may hold proprietary information.

Page 258, line 1, strike "(3)" and insert "(7)"

Page 258, line 21, insert at the end the following: "The Director may make aggregated, de-identified information available to contributing companies, Centers, or the public, as the Director considers appropriate, in support of the purposes of this section.

Page 258, strike line 22 through page 259, line 2, and insert the following:

- (g) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— There are authorized to be appropriated—
- (1) \$31,000,000 for fiscal year 2022 to develop and launch the Database; and
- (2) \$26,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2023 through 2026 to maintain, update, and support Federal coordination of the State supply chain databases maintained by the Centers.

AMENDMENT NO. 255 OFFERED BY MR. WENSTRUP OF OHIO

At the appropriate place in division D, insert the following:

#### \_\_\_. REPORT ON GLOBAL CCP INVESTMENT SEC. IN PORT INFRASTRUCTURE.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence, in consultation with the Secretary of State and the Secretary of Defense, shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report documenting all Chinese investment in port infrastructure globally, during the period beginning on January 1, 2012, and ending on the date of the submission of the report, and the commercial and economic implications of such investments. The report shall also includes the following:
- (1) A review of existing and potential or planned future Chinese investments, including investments by government entities, and state-owned enterprises, in port infrastructure at such ports.
- (2) Any known Chinese interest in establishing a military presence at or near such ports.
- (3) An assessment of China's current and potential future ability to leverage commercial ports for military purposes and the implications of such ability for the national and economic security of the United States.
- (b) FORM —The report required by subsection (a) shall be submitted in unclassified form but may include a classified annex produced consistent with the protection of sources and methods.
- (c) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMIT-TEES DEFINED.—In this Act, the term "appropriate congressional committees" means-
- (1) the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence, the Committee on Armed Services, and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives; and
- (2) the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate, the Committee on Armed Services, and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate.

AMENDMENT NO. 256 OFFERED BY MS. WILD OF PENNSYLVANIA

Page 1023, after line 3, add the following:

### SEC. 30227. PRIORITIZATION AND PROTECTION OF INTERNATIONAL RESEARCH.

(a) LIST OF ALLIED COUNTRIES.—The Secretary of State, in consultation with the Director of the Office of Science and Technology Policy, the National Security Council, the Secretary of Energy, the Director of the National Science Foundation, and the heads of other relevant agencies, shall create

a list of allied countries with which joint international research and cooperation would advance United States national interests and advance scientific knowledge in key technology focus areas.

(b) ESTABLISHMENT OF SECURITY PROCEDURES.—The Secretary of State, in consultation with the individuals and entities listed in subsection (a), shall collaborate with similar entities in the countries appearing on the list created pursuant to subsection (a) to develop, coordinate, and agree to general security policies and procedures for governmental, academic, and private sector research, to prevent sensitive research from being disclosed to adversaries.

(c) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State, in consultation with the individuals and entities listed in subsection (a), and allied countries appearing on the list created pursuant to subsection (a), shall submit a report to Congress that identifies the most promising international research ventures that leverage resources and advance research in key technology focus areas.

AMENDMENT NO. 258 OFFERED BY MS. WILLIAMS
OF GEORGIA

Add at the end of the bill the following:

### DIVISION M—COMMITTEE ON SMALL BUSINESS

### SEC. 110001. CHILD CARE RESOURCE GUIDE.

The Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 631 et seq.) is amended—

- (1) by redesignating section 49 as section 50; and
- (2) by inserting after section 48 the following new section:

### "SEC. 49. CHILD CARE RESOURCE GUIDE.

"(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 2 years after the date of the enactment of this section and not less frequently than every 5 years thereafter, the Administrator shall publish or update a resource guide, applicable to various business models as determined by the Administrator, for small business concerns operating as child care providers.

"(b) GUIDANCE ON SMALL BUSINESS CONCERN MATTERS.—The resource guide required under subsection (a) shall include guidance for such small business concerns related to—

"(1) operations (including marketing and management planning);

"(2) finances (including financial planning, financing, payroll, and insurance);

"(3) compliance with relevant laws (including the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 and this Act):

"(4) training and safety (including equipment and materials);

"(5) quality (including eligibility for funding under the Child Care and Development Block Grant Act of 1990 as an eligible child care provider); and

"(6) any other matters the Administrator determines appropriate.

"(c) Consultation Required.—Before publication or update of the resource guide required under subsection (a), the Administrator shall consult with the following:

"(1) The Secretary of Health and Human Services.

"(2) Representatives from lead agencies designated under section 658D of the Child Care and Development Block Grant Act of 1990

"(3) Representatives from local or regional child care resource and referral organizations described in section 658E(c)(3)(B)(iii)(I) of the Child Care and Development Block Grant Act of 1990.

"(4) Any other relevant entities as determined by the Administrator.

"(d) Publication and Dissemination Required.—

"(1) PUBLICATION.—The Administrator shall publish the resource guide required

under subsection (a) on a publicly accessible website of the Administration.

"(2) DISTRIBUTION.—

"(A) ADMINISTRATOR.—The Administrator shall distribute the resource guide required under subsection (a) to offices within the Administration, including district offices, and to the persons consulted under subsection (c).

"(B) OTHER ENTITIES.—Women's business centers (as described under section 29), small business development centers, chapters of the Service Corps of Retired Executives (established under section 8(b)(1)(B)), and Veteran Business Outreach Centers (as described under section 32) shall distribute to small business concerns operating as child care providers, sole proprietors operating as child care providers, and child care providers that have limited administrative capacity (as determined by the Administrator)—

"(i) the resource guide required under subsection (a): and

"(ii) other resources available that the Administrator determines to be relevant.".

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to House Resolution 900, the gentlewoman from Oregon (Ms. Bonamici) and the gentleman from Texas (Mr. Babin) each will control 10 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentle-woman from Oregon.

Ms. BONAMICI. Madam Speaker, I yield myself 1 minute.

Madam Speaker, this is a package of en bloc amendments that are bipartisan. It includes the amendment that offered with Representative GONZÁLEZ-COLÓN and Representative Posey for the Federal Ocean Acidification Research and Monitoring Act. which is very important to address ocean acidification, and also the amendment I offered with Mr. Posey to create an interagency working group on blue carbon led by NOAA to oversee the development of a national map of blue carbon ecosystems.

This package of amendments will improve the very important America COMPETES Act, and I urge its passage.

Madam Speaker, I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. BABIN. Madam Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

This bloc of amendments we are now considering includes 51 bipartisan provisions that were handpicked by the Rules Committee and Democrat leadership out of more than 600 amendments that Members submitted for consideration.

I appreciate these Members taking a page out of the Science, Space, and Technology Committee's playbook and working across the aisle to try to move these provisions forward.

### □ 1730

If the entire bill had been done in this way, we would certainly have a more focused and effective legislation that could have garnered bipartisan support.

This block of amendments includes several provisions that have gone through the proper channels of being marked up and reported out of the committee.

Unfortunately, it also includes provisions that have not gone through reg-

ular order. Members weren't given the opportunity to review, improve, and vote on these policies in committee. Having a Democrat and Republican cosponsor an amendment does not mean they are fully vetted or bipartisan either.

But by tossing together a massive partisan package, the Speaker has made it clear that she does not value regular order. And by ignoring regular order, she has limited Member input. So Members feel the need to take advantage of any opportunity to move their priorities, even if they have nothing to do with increasing our competitiveness with China.

Much like the expansive jurisdictional reach of this legislation, this block of amendments is simply a smorgasbord of policies, and they would best be considered individually rather than en bloc.

I will leave it to the amendment sponsors to explain why Members should support this en bloc.

Madam Speaker, I reserve the balance of my time.

Ms. BONAMICI. Madam Speaker, we have no further speakers, but I want to address the package of en bloc amendments.

Again, these amendments will improve the America COMPETES Act, which is so important for United States leadership and to incentivize and ramp up U.S. manufacturing. It is a very important bill, strengthened by this en bloc amendment, and I urge its passage.

Madam Speaker, I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. BABIN. Madam Speaker, I yield back the balance of my time.

Ms. BONAMICI. Madam Speaker, I yield back the balance of my time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to House Resolution 900, the previous question is ordered on the amendments en bloc offered by the gentlewoman from Oregon (Ms. BONAMICI).

The question is on the amendments en bloc.

The question was taken; and the Speaker pro tempore announced that the aves appeared to have it.

Mr. CLYDE. Madam Speaker, on that I demand the yeas and nays.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to section 3(s) of House Resolution 8, the yeas and nays are ordered.

Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, further proceedings on this question are postponed.

AMENDMENTS EN BLOC NO. 3 OFFERED BY MS. LOFGREN OF CALIFORNIA

Ms. LOFGREN. Madam Speaker, as the designee of Chairwoman JOHNSON, pursuant to House Resolution 900, I offer amendments en bloc.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Clerk will designate the amendments en bloc.

Amendments en bloc No. 3 consisting of amendment Nos. 6, 7, 13, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 37, 45, 79, 80, 92, 94, 96, 106, 110, 116, 121, 155, 164, 165, 180, 181, 182, 183, 185,

186, 188, 198, 199, 217, 240, 244 and 261, printed in part D of House Report 117–241, offered by Ms. LOFGREN of California:

AMENDMENT NO. 6 OFFERED BY MR. BALDERSON OF OHIO

Strike section 30606. Strike section 30609.

AMENDMENT NO. 7 OFFERED BY MR. BALDERSON

OF OHIO

Add at the end the following:

#### DIVISION M—COMPRESSED GAS CYL-INDER SAFETY AND OVERSIGHT IM-PROVEMENTS

### SEC. 120001. DEFINITIONS.

- In this division, the following definitions apply:
- (1) FOREIGN MANUFACTURER OF CYLINDERS; FMOC.—The terms "foreign manufacturer of cylinders" and "FMOC" mean an entity that manufactures cylinders outside of the United States intended to be represented, marked, certified, or sold as qualified for use in transporting hazardous material in commerce in the United States.
- (2) IN GOOD STANDING.—The term "in good standing" means an FMOC that—
- (A) is has been authorized by the Secretary pursuant to section 107.807 of title 49, Code of Federal Regulations; and
- (B) has demonstrated 3 years of compliance with section 107 of title 49, United States Code, and chapter 51 of title 49, United States Code.
- (3) CYLINDER.—The term "cylinder" means any cylinder specified under sections 178.36 through 178.68 of title 49, Code of Federal Regulations.
- (4) SECRETARY.—The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of Transportation.

### SEC. 120002. AUTHORIZATION OF FOREIGN MANUFACTURER OF CYLINDERS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall issue regulations to provide that an authorization provided to an FMOC pursuant to section 107.807 of title 49, Code of Federal Regulations, or any similar successor regulation, shall be for a period of not longer than 1 year, except as provided for in subsection (b).
- (b) 5-YEAR AUTHORIZATION.—The Secretary may approve a 5-year authorization of an FMOC pursuant to such section if the following requirements are met:
- (1) The FMOC attests that none of the cylinders made by such manufacturer are prohibited from entry to the United States under section 307 of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1307).
  - (2) The FMOC certifies that—
- (A) the information provided pursuant to section 120006 is accurate; and
- (B) the FMOC has a proactive responsibility to inform the Secretary if any such information materially changes.
- (3) The FMOC provides proof of the minimum financial responsibility required under section 120003.
- (4) The Secretary determines the FMOC is in good standing.
- (c) FACILITY INSPECTIONS.—
- (1) PENALTIES.—The Secretary may suspend or terminate an authorization of an FMOC described in this division if such FMOC obstructs or prevents the Secretary from carrying out an inspection under section 107.807(c) of title 49, Code of Federal Regulations.
- (2) DEFINITION OF OBSTRUCTS.—For the purposes of this subsection, the term "obstructs" means taking actions that are known, or reasonably should be known, to prevent, hinder, or impede an inspection.
- (d) INTERACTION WITH OTHER STATUTES, AGREEMENTS, REGULATIONS.—Nothing in this section may be construed to prevent the har-

monization of cylinder standards otherwise authorized by law or regulation.  $\,$ 

(e) OTHER ČAUSE FOR ŠUSPENSION OR TERMINATION.—The Secretary may suspend or terminate an authorization of an FMOC described in this division upon determination that the FMOC knowingly or intentionally misrepresented responses to the Secretary required by law or regulation or the requirements of sections 120003 and 120006.

#### SEC. 120003. PROOF OF MINIMUM FINANCIAL RE-SPONSIBILITY REQUIRED AT TIME OF APPLICATION.

Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall issue such regulations as are necessary to establish minimum levels of financial responsibility required for entities to receive approval pursuant to section 107.807 of title 49, Code of Federal Regulations.

### SEC. 120004. REEVALUATION BY REQUEST FOR RELATED VIOLATIONS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall issue such regulations as necessary to establish a process for any interested party to request a reevaluation of the authorization of FMOC cylinders under section 107.807 of title 49, Code of Federal Regulations, to review the accuracy and safety of the actions of such manufacturer.
- (b) PETITION FOR REEVALUATION.—Such regulations shall allow an interested party to file a petition if such party has evidence of inaccurate, changed, or fraudulent attestations or responses made by an FMOC to the Secretary under section 120002 or 120006.

# SEC. 120005. NOTICE AND COMMENT FOR APPLICATIONS BY FOREIGN MANUFACTURERS OF CYLINDERS.

Upon receipt of an application for approval under section 107.807 of title 49, Code of Federal Regulations, or any similar successor regulation, the Secretary shall timely publish notification of such application in the Federal Register and provide 30 days for public comment on such application prior to approval.

# SEC. 120006. ADDITIONAL QUESTIONS TO ENSURE SAFETY AND COMPLIANCE WITH DOT PROCESS.

- (a) ADDITIONAL QUESTIONS.—The Secretary shall require as part of an application for approval pursuant to section 107.807 of title 49, Code of Federal Regulations, or any similar successor regulation, that the applicant answer the following questions:
- (1) Whether the FMOC applying, or any entity controlling more than 10 percent of such FMOC, has ever been subject to a civil monetary penalty under title 49, United States Code, relating to any actions carried out as an authorized FMOC or during the application for authorization under such section.
- (2) Whether the FMOC applying, or any entity controlling more than 10 percent of such FMOC, has been delinquent in the payment of any civil monetary penalties or other fines or fees under title 49, United States Code
- (3) Whether the FMOC applying, or any entity controlling more than 10 percent of such FMOC, is subject to the Do Not Pay Initiative established under section 3354 of title 31, United States Code, as of the date of application
- (4) Whether the FMOC applying, or any entity controlling more than 10 percent of such FMOC, is listed in the Military End User List of the Department of Commerce as of the date of application.
- (5) Whether the FMOC applying, or any entity controlling more than 10 percent of such FMOC, is identified by the Department of Defense as an entity listed under section 1237 of the Strom Thurmond National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1999 (50 U.S.C. 1701 note) as of the date of application.

- (6) Does the FMOC applying certify that the FMOC has the requisite minimum financial responsibility as required in section 120004, and that such financial responsibility will continue throughout entirety of the requested authorization period.
- (7) Whether the FMOC applying, or any entity controlling more than 10 percent of such FMOC, has been found guilty of a criminal penalty or assessed a civil penalty under section 1760 John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 section (50 U.S.C. 4819).
- (8) Whether the FMOC applying, or any entity controlling more than 10 percent of such FMOC, is currently subject to a final antidumping or countervailing duty order from the Department of Commerce as of the date of application.
- (b) DENIAL OF APPLICATION.—The Secretary may deny an application for approval under section 107.807 of title 49, Code of Federal Regulations, based on the responses to the questions required under subsection (a).

#### SEC. 120007. FOREIGN MANUFACTURERS LISTING APPROVALS.

Not less than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter, the Secretary shall publish and maintain on the website of the Department of Transportation, a list of authorized FMOCs and the duration of such authorization.

### SEC. 120008. AUTHORIZING FOREIGN INSPEC-

Not less than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall update section 107.807(d) of title 49, Code of Federal Regulations, to—

- (1) require that in any case in which the Associate Administrator determines there is good cause, an inspection under such section shall be carried out annually for such duration as the Associated Administrator determines appropriate;
- (2) specify that a refusal of inspection under such section shall result in a loss of a status of in good standing;
- (3) allow the Associate Administrator to request at the discretion of the Administrator, production of test and production records and random sample testing; and
- (4) allow for the recovery of all associated costs of foreign inspections to include travel, time, and other costs, as determined by the Secretary.

### AMENDMENT NO. 13 OFFERED BY MRS. BICE OF OKLAHOMA

Page 1393, after line 3, insert the following: (d) LIMITATION.—None of the funds authorized in subsection (b) shall be appropriated until the President submits to Congress a report detailing the processes and analyses used in, and participants to the process of, setting the United States' emissions reduction target as part of the Nationally Determined Contribution to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change.

AMENDMENT NO. 26 OFFERED BY MR. BURGESS OF TEXAS

Page 1689, strike line 7 and all that follows through line 24 on page 1707.

AMENDMENT NO. 27 OFFERED BY MR. BURGESS OF TEXAS

Page 788, line 7, strike "75,000,000" and insert "375,000,000".

Page 795, line 9, strike "600,000,000" and insert "300,000,000".

AMENDMENT NO. 28 OFFERED BY MR. BURGESS OF TEXAS

At the end of division C, insert the following new title:

### TITLE V—ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

### SEC. 20501. PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE ACT HIRING AUTHORITY RESTRICTED.

The Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency may not hire or pay the salary or expense of any officer or employee of the Environmental Protection Agency under subsection (f) or (g) of section 207 of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 209) who is not already receiving pay under either such subsection on the date of the enactment of this Act.

AMENDMENT NO. 29 OFFERED BY MR. BURGESS OF TEXAS

Strike section 30609 (relating to building United States economic growth and technological innovation through the Green Climate Fund).

AMENDMENT NO. 30 OFFERED BY MR. BURGESS OF TEXAS

At the appropriate place in subtitle A of title II of division C, insert the following:

#### SEC. 20 . RESTRICTIONS ON CERTAIN FED-ERAL DEPARTMENT OR AGENCY RESPIRATOR MASK ACQUISITIONS.

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no Federal funds may be used by any Federal department or agency to acquire KN-95 respirator masks produced or manufactured in the People's Republic of China if N-95 respirator masks produced or manufactured in the United States of satisfactory quality with respect to safety standards are available in sufficient and reasonably available commercial quantities.

AMENDMENT NO. 37 OFFERED BY MRS. CAMMACK OF FLORIDA

Strike section 30609.

AMENDMENT NO. 45 OFFERED BY MS. CHENEY OF WYOMING

Page 743, insert after line 16 the following (and redesignate the subsequent provisions accordingly):

# SEC. 20208. ENSURING CONSIDERATION OF THE NATIONAL SECURITY IMPACTS OF URANIUM AS A CRITICAL MINERAL.

- (a) In General.—The Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Secretary of Energy and the Secretary of Commerce, shall conduct an assessment of the effect on national security that would result from uranium ceasing to be designated as a critical mineral by the Secretary of the Interior under section 7002(c) of the Energy Act of 2020 (30 U.S.C. 1606(c)).
- (b) REPORT.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees (as defined in section 101(a) of title 10, United States Code) a report on the findings of the assessment conducted under subsection (a), including—
- (1) the effects of the loss of domestic uranium production, conversion, fabrication, and enrichment on—
- (A) Federal national security programs, including any existing and potential future uses of unobligated uranium originating from domestic sources; and
- (B) the energy security of the United States;
- (2) a description of the extent of the reliance of the United States on imports of uranium from foreign sources, including from state-owned entities, to supply fuel for commercial reactors; and
- (3) the effects of such reliance and other factors on the domestic production, conversion, fabrication, and enrichment of uranium.
- (c) URANIUM CRITICAL MINERAL DESIGNATION CHANGE RESTRICTED.—Notwithstanding section 7002(c) of the Energy Act of 2020 (30 U.S.C. 1606(c)), until the submission of the report required under subsection (b), the designation of uranium as a critical mineral pursuant to such section may not be altered or eliminated.

AMENDMENT NO. 79 OFFERED BY MR. FEENSTRA OF IOWA

At the end of title III of division C, add the following:

### SEC. 20303. SUSTAINABLE AVIATION FUEL WORK-ING GROUP.

- (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary of Energy shall establish a Sustainable Aviation Fuel Working Group, in this section referred to as the "Working Group".
- (b) MEMBERSHIP.—In establishing the Working Group, the Secretary shall appoint members representing the following:
- (1) The Bioenergy Technologies Office of the Department of Energy.
  - (2) The Department of Agriculture.
- (3) The commercial aviation alternative fuels initiative.
  - (4) The Federal Aviation Administration.
- (5) The national labs.
- (6) At least 4 current or future sustainable aviation fuel producers representing 4 of the currently approved ASTM D7566 sustainable aviation fuel production pathways.
  - (7) A biorefinery.
- (8) An engine original equipment manufacturer.
- (9) Agriculture research universities.
- (10) Canada.
- (11) Mexico.
- (c) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this section, the Working Group shall submit to the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate a report that identifies the research and development needs for each partner and cross-fertilization program across Federal agencies necessary for cost-competitive and equivalent safety compared to petroleum-based jet fuel, while offering improved sustainability and energy supply security for aviation.

AMENDMENT NO. 80 OFFERED BY MR. FITZGERALD OF WISCONSIN

Page 866, line 10, strike "and".

Page 866, line 18, strike the period and insert ": and".

Page 866, beginning line 19, insert the following:

- (H) include a description of clearly defined program metrics, goals, targets, and planned outcomes for such strategy, a plan to monitor and evaluate such strategy, and progress made toward achieving such goals, targets, and planned outcomes; and
- (I) include a description that elaborates how the United States Government will align strategic planning and coordination with key allies and partners to effectively respond to the PRC's Belt and Road Initiative, particularly in the Indo-Pacific.

AMENDMENT NO. 92 OFFERED BY MR. GARCIA OF CALIFORNIA

Page 2912, after line 4, insert the following:

### DIVISION M—PROTECTING U.S. ENERGY SECURITY

### SEC. 120001. PROHIBITION ON REDUCING ENERGY INDEPENDENCE.

This Act, and the amendments made by this Act, shall not take effect until the date on which the Secretary of Energy, in consultation with other Federal agencies as appropriate, submits to Congress a certification that implementation of this Act, and the amendments made by this Act, will not reduce the energy security or energy independence of the United States.

AMENDMENT NO. 94 OFFERED BY MR. GIMINEZ OF FLORIDA

Page 2912, after line 4, insert the following:

### DIVISION M—PROTECTING AMERICAN CONSUMERS

### SEC. 120001. PROHIBITION ON RAISING ENERGY PRICES.

This Act, and the amendments made by this Act, shall not take effect until the date on which the Secretary of Energy, in consultation with other Federal agencies as appropriate, submits to Congress a certification that implementation of this Act, and the amendments made by this Act, will not increase the average price of energy for American consumers outside of normal market factors

AMENDMENT NO. 96 OFFERED BY MR. GOODEN OF TEXAS

Page 1302, line 25, insert "data servicing operations owned by Chinese entities or" before "targeted digital surveillance".

- Page 1304, after line 8, insert the following:

  (()) Whether any Chinese entity that provides cloud computing products or services is engaged in a joint venture or servicing arrangement with a United States entity, and the nature of such operations.
- (\_) Whether United States entities can operate freely in the People's Republic of China and what, if any, restrictions apply to the services and operations of such entities.
- (\_) Any support the Government of the People's Republic of China provides to cloud computing entities in terms of equipment and services that may act as a subsidy for such operations.

Page 1307, after line 12, add the following:

( ) CHINESE ENTITY.—The term "Chinese entity" means an entity organized under the laws of China or any jurisdiction within China, including a foreign branch of such entity

AMENDMENT NO. 106 OFFERED BY MR. GROTHAM OF WISCONSIN

Page 1384, beginning line 15, strike section 30609.

AMENDMENT NO. 110 OFFERED BY MR. HILL OF ARKANSAS

Page 1853, line 2, strike "and" and insert "or".

AMENDMENT NO. 116 OFFERED BY MR. ISSA OF CALIFORNIA

Strike title I of division J and insert the following:

### TITLE I—INDUSTRY-RECOGNIZED APPRENTICESHIP PROGRAMS

### SEC. 90101. INDUSTRY-RECOGNIZED APPRENTICESHIP PROGRAMS.

The final rule on "Apprenticeship Programs, Labor Standards for Registration, Amendment of Regulations" (relating to industry-recognized apprenticeship programs) published in the Federal Register by the Department of Labor on March 11, 2020 (85 Fed. Reg. 14294 et seq.) shall have the force and effect of law.

AMENDMENT NO. 121 OFFERED BY MR. JACKSON OF TEXAS

Strike section 30609.

AMENDMENT NO. 155 OFFERED BY MR. LUETKEMEYER OF MISSOURI

At the end of division  $\ensuremath{G}$  insert the following:

# TITLE XI—STUDY ON LISTED COMPANIES IN UNITED STATES FINANCIAL PRODUCTS SEC. 61101. IN GENERAL.

- (a) STUDY.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act and annually for the 3 years thereafter, the Securities and Exchange Commission, in consultation with the Secretary of State and the Secretary of the Treasury, shall conduct a study on the presence of listed companies in the United States financial products.
- (b) REPORT.—Not later than 30 days after the completion of a study required under subsection (a), the Securities and Exchange Commission shall submit a report to the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs of the Senate and the Committee on Financial Services of the House of Representatives that includes—
- (1) the name and provider of each exchange-traded fund and index fund that includes a listed company;

- (2) the total number of exchange-traded funds and index funds described in paragraph (1):
- (3) the total value of all investments in listed companies;
- (4) the total number of investors investing in listed companies, and
- (5) the number of exchange-traded fund and index fund providers that notified investors that a financial product of the provider included a listed company.
- (c)CONGRESSIONAL BRIEFING.—The Chairman of the Commission (or a designee) shall brief the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs of the Senate and the Committee on Financial Services of the House of Representatives with respect to each report submitted under subsection (b).
- (d) LISTED COMPANY DEFINED.—In this section, the term "listed company" means a company—
- (1) included on—
- (A) the Military Encl-User list or the Entity List of the Bureau of Industry and Security of the Department of Commerce;
- (B) the Non-SDN Chinese Military-Industrial Complex Companies List of the Office of Foreign Assets Control; or
- (C) the Chinese Military Companies list in accordance with section 1260H of the National Defense Authorization Art for Fiscal Year 2021; or
- (2) for which sanctions are imposed pursuant to the Global Magnitsky Human Rights Accountability Act (22 U.S.C. 2656 note).

AMENDMENT NO. 164 OFFERED BY MR. MEUSER OF PENNSYLVANIA

Strike section 50103.

AMENDMENT NO. 165 OFFERED BY MRS. MILLER OF ILLINOIS

Pages 300 through 301, lines 25 through 4, strike "by—" and all that follows through "load;" and insert "by student debt load;".

AMENDMENT NO. 180 OFFERED BY MR. PERRY OF PENNSYLVANIA

Strike subsection (b) of section 50101.

AMENDMENT NO. 181 OFFERED BY MR. PERRY OF PENNSYLVANIA

Strike division L of the bill.

AMENDMENT NO. 182 OFFERED BY MR. PERRY OF PENNSYLVANIA

Strike section 110001 and insert the following:

### SEC. 110001. ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT ADMINISTRATION SUNSET.

On the date that is 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Economic Development Administration is hereby abolished and any authority provided to such Administration in law shall cease. The Director of the Office of Management and Budget shall take such actions as are necessary to carry out this section.

AMENDMENT NO. 183 OFFERED BY MR. PERRY OF PENNSYLVANIA

Page 1471, line 16, insert "and" after the semicolon.

Page 1471, strike lines 19 through 21.

AMENDMENT NO. 185 OFFERED BY MR. PERRY OF PENNSYLVANIA

Beginning on page 1384, line 15, strike section 30609.

AMENDMENT NO. 186 OFFERED BY MR. PERRY OF PENNSYLVANIA

Page 1149, beginning line 3, strike section 30299C.

AMENDMENT NO. 188 OFFERED BY MR. PFLUGER
OF TEXAS

In section 30609, strike subsection (c).

AMENDMENT NO. 198 OFFERED BY MR. POSEY OF FLORIDA

At the end of subtitle A of title IV of division C, add the following new section:

#### SEC. 20405. DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE PRIORITY FOR DOMESTICALLY SOURCED BO-VINE HEPARIN.

In selecting heparin for acquisition by the Department of Defense (regardless of whether the end use of such acquisition involves military or civilian application), the Secretary of Defense shall provide priority for domestically sourced, fully traceable, bovine heparin approved by the Food and Drug Administration when available.

AMENDMENT NO. 199 OFFERED BY MR. POSEY OF  ${\tt FLORIDA}$ 

Page 187, line 15, strike "title or the amendments made by this title, the Secretary" and insert "Act or the amendments made by this Act, the relevant agency head".

Page 188, line 16, strike "Secretary" and insert 'relevant agency head'.

AMENDMENT NO. 217 OFFERED BY MR. SCHWEIKERT OF ARIZONA

Strike title X of division G.

AMENDMENT NO. 240 OFFERED BY MRS. STEEL OF CALIFORNIA

#### At the end of division L, add the following: SEC. 110002. PROHIBITION ON CERTAIN CON-TRACTS FOR PORT OPERATION AND MANAGEMENT.

An owner or operator of a port in the United States may not enter into a contract for the operation or management of such port with an entity that is—

- (1) a Chinese, Russian, North Korean, or Iranian state-owned enterprise; or
- (2) any foreign entity for which any percentage is owned by a country listed in paragraph (1).

AMENDMENT NO. 244 OFFERED BY MS. TENNEY OF NEW YORK

Page 1149, strike section 30299C.

AMENDMENT NO. 261 OFFERED BY MR. OWENS OF UTAH

Insert after section 30325 the following:

# SEC. 30326. DETERMINATION OF SANCTIONS ON UNITED FRONT RELIGIOUS WORK BUREAU.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a determination, including a detailed justification, on whether the United Front's Religious Work Bureau of the Chinese Communist Party, or any component or official thereof, meets the criteria for the application of sanctions pursuant to—
- (1) section 1263 of the Global Magnitsky Human Rights Accountability Act (subtitle F of title XII of Public Law 114–328; 22 U.S.C. 2656 note); or
- (2) section 6 of the Uyghur Human Rights Policy Act of 2020 (Public Law 116-145; 22 U.S.C. 6901 note).
- (b) EXCEPTION RELATING TO IMPORTATION OF GOODS.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, the authority or a requirement to impose sanctions under this section shall not include the authority or a requirement to impose sanctions on the importation of goods.
- (2) GOOD DEFINED.—In this section, the term "good" means any article, natural or manmade substance, material, supply, or manufactured product, including inspection and test equipment, and excluding technical data.
- (c) FORM.—The determination required by subsection (a) shall be submitted in unclassified form but may contain a classified annex.
- (d) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES DEFINED.—In this section, the term "appropriate congressional committees" means—
- (1) the Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on Foreign Affairs, the Perma-

nent Select Committee on Intelligence, the Committee on Financial Services, and the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives; and

(2) the Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on Foreign Relations, the Select Committee on Intelligence, the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs, and the Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to House Resolution 900, the gentlewoman from California (Ms. Lofgren) and the gentleman from Texas (Mr. Babin) each will control 10 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentlewoman from California.

Ms. LOFGREN. Madam Speaker, I yield myself 1 minute.

Madam Speaker, these amendments, although I am sure offered in good faith, diminish the value in the underlying bill. Not only the underlying bill, but the bipartisan amendments just adopted or that we will adopt tomorrow or Friday.

Madam Speaker, I urge my colleagues to oppose these amendments, and I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. BABIN. Madam Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Madam Speaker, this block of amendments includes nearly every single Republican amendment that was made in order by the Committee on Rules.

Out of more than 600 amendments submitted to the Committee on Rules, only 37 Republican amendments were made in order. There is no rhyme or reason to which amendments were accepted and which were rejected. I want to be very, very clear, that I do not support the underlying legislation here. But that said, the amendments being considered in this block were the only chance that most Republican Members have had to have any impact at all on this massive, nearly 3,000-page bill.

Because so few committees held markup or bipartisan discussions in their provisions in this bill, there have been very few opportunities to review or revise this legislation. Among this block of amendments were safeguards, improvements, and cost-saving measures.

My colleagues, Representatives Garcia and Burgess, offered an amendment that would prohibit the massive climate change provisions in this bill from taking effect until the Secretary of Energy can certify that they will not reduce our energy independence.

Representative GROTHMAN's amendment that would strike the \$8 billion in taxpayer funds from being given to a U.N. climate fund—a slush fund, if you will—the same fund that has given the Chinese Communist Party already \$100 million. And Representative BICE's amendment would demand accountability from the administration before allocating any funding to this fund.

Representatives Gimenez and Burgess would require the Secretary of Energy to ensure that no provisions in

this bill will raise energy costs for Americans.

Madam Speaker, unfortunately, these amendments improve on the underlying legislation but cannot ultimately fix this legislation. So while I urge my colleagues to vote for these amendments, I remain opposed to this sprawling partisan bill.

Madam Speaker, I reserve the balance of my time.

Ms. LOFGREN. Madam Speaker, I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. BABIN. Madam Speaker, we have no further speakers, and I yield back the balance of my time.

Ms. LOFGREN. Madam Speaker, once again, I urge opposition to this en bloc amendment, and I yield back the balance of my time.

Ms. CHENEY. Madam Speaker, I rise in support of my Amendment No. 45 that would prohibit the Secretary of the Interior from altering the designation of uranium as a critical mineral until completing a report assessing the effects of a loss of domestic uranium production. The Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Secretaries of Energy and Commerce, is to conduct the assessment of the national security impact of removing uranium from the list and submit a follow-up report. The U.S. Geological Survey, which updates the critical minerals list every three years, published its revised methodology in May noting that "Fuel minerals, including uranium, were explicitly excluded from consideration in this analysis." Removing uranium from this list, as the Biden Administration is proposing, is another effort to cave to the whims of environmental groups. The impact of this is not exclusive to national security. Domestic uranium production has almost completely idled and foreign state-owned entities have increasingly become the source of uranium for our reactors. Keeping it as a resource on the list will go a long way to restoring and securing American uranium production.

As we produce less energy at home, our national security enterprise is forced into further reliance on our adversaries for critical resources, emboldening them and weakening our global standing as they attempt to undermine our interests. The United States requires U.S.-origin uranium and nuclear technologies for use in the production of uranium-based products for U.S. defense systems, critical to national defense for the purpose of nuclear weapons and the naval fleet, providing propulsion for 11 aircraft carriers and 70 submarines. The Chinese are buying up mining operations across the globe. Removing uranium from the critical minerals list would be a dangerous and misguided decision as it is a vital component to both our national security and energy security. As China and Russia utilize their state-owned enterprises for energy dominance, we must endeavor to leverage our own resources for geopolitical security. This bill is fundamentally flawed and will not be more competitive or secure. However, the inclusion of this amendment would mark a sincere step in addressing diverse challenges to our national security. I urge adoption of my amendment and the Republican amendments

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to House Resolution 900, the previous question is ordered on the

amendments en bloc offered by the gentlewoman from California (Ms. LOF-CPEN)

The question is on the amendments en bloc.

The question was taken; and the Speaker pro tempore announced that the noes appeared to have it.

Mr. CLYDE. Madam Speaker, on that I demand the yeas and nays.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to section 3(s) of House Resolution 8, the yeas and nays are ordered.

Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, further proceedings on this question are postponed.

Pursuant to clause 1(c) of rule XIX further consideration of H.R. 4521 is postponed.

### THE BIDEN CRISES

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Ms. Leger Fernandez). Under the Speaker's announced policy of January 4, 2021, the gentleman from Louisiana (Mr. Johnson) is recognized for 60 minutes as the designee of the minority leader.

### GENERAL LEAVE

Mr. JOHNSON of Louisiana. Madam Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that all Members have 5 legislative days to revise and extend their remarks and include extraneous material on the subject of my Special Order.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Louisiana?

There was no objection.

Mr. JOHNSON of Louisiana. Madam Speaker, once again, an opportunity for bipartisan work on behalf of the American people has been blocked by the House Democrat leadership.

Madam Speaker, you might have seen last year, the Senate passed a bipartisan bill to help counter the rise of China, and we all recognize that this is the existential threat of our generation. The rise of China is something that should keep all of us up at night and we ought to be acting upon it.

And you might have also seen this year that the House was negotiating in good faith a companion bill to that Senate bill that passed in bipartisan fashion last year. But that was all before the rug was pulled out from underneath all of us by the House Democrat leadership just a few days ago. And it is as if the Democrat leadership here has forgotten how a bill becomes a law.

Now, look, these are the facts. There is not a mandate for radical legislation here. In the election cycle of 2020, what we got was a divided House. We got a divided Senate. The Senate is 50/50.

The Democrat majority in the House has the slimmest margin since World War II, but they seem to have forgotten that. So they are trying to act unilaterally. They are trying to bypass regular procedure. They are trying to skip over the regular committee process to have amendment and debate to legislation. And they are defying the opportunity for Republicans to work

with our colleagues to address these great crises.

Madam Speaker, so we are here to remind the American people tonight—my colleagues will be speaking over this hour—that there is a failure going on here and there are huge consequences to that for the American people. And of course, the failures are not limited to what is happening in this Chamber. It is the Biden administration itself. So we will be talking about these crises tonight.

My colleagues will come up one by one representing people from all across the country to talk about these great dilemmas that we are facing, unprecedented crises because of the policy choices and the actions of the White House and the Democrat leadership in Congress.

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One of those that we will be talking about tonight is the passivity that we have seen in addressing the border crisis

Madam Speaker, I was in my office for the last couple of hours, I got multiple calls from constituents back home who are deeply concerned about what they are watching play out on the television in the news every night. They are seeing the border completely overrun. They are seeing the number of illegal crossings at the border, which has risen, at a faster rate under President Biden than at any time in recent history. The result is truly catastrophic for the country.

We have an historic amount of illegal drugs coming across the border. That is just one aspect of this crisis that affects every American. Today, fentanyl overdoses—listen—fentanyl overdoses are now the leading cause of death for Americans age 18 to 45—the leading cause of death.

What are the Democrats doing to address this? Nothing. They are not allowing us to do anything about it because we can't move our legislation. So we are here to talk about this issue and to raise the alarm, to let the American people know what it is we are facing.

The Biden administration is asleep at the wheel when it comes to their number one job. The first job is to keep this country safe, to secure our borders, to maintain our sovereignty, to protect the American people. If you are an independent voter, it is becoming very clear that these Democrats cannot be trusted to fulfill even the most basic functions of government at any level.

Many public schools remain closed or they are operating part-time. Defunding and demonizing police is leading to crime in our streets, and many Americans can't even get their own tax returns or Social Security checks or veterans benefits because of the Biden administration's Federal Government staffing policies.

Democrats like to call themselves the party of competent government, but it is obviously clear to everyone who is paying attention that the last 12