

many cases, they should have been granted 5, 10, 15 years ago.

And as I said, many of the folks in this category are public school teachers. They are government workers. They are nurses. They all have met the otherwise, oftentimes, stringent requirements for public service loan forgiveness, but this law has to be a law in time for them to be able to timely apply for this relief before Halloween.

So I am hoping—the President has indicated he supports this bill, but the President has got to sign this law as soon as possible so borrowers can finally experience freedom from financial and domestic abuse, freedom to control their own financial future, and freedom to enjoy the exact same benefits that other teachers and public servants have across the country.

I would like to close by saying that, this week, I actually had a chance to call Sara, who originally brought this issue to my attention. She told me that, without this law, and even if she had continued making all of her monthly payments for her divorced husband, it would have been impossible for her to get rid of this debt in her lifetime. She would literally have been tied to her ex-husband, and she left Texas to get away from that ex-husband, to move to Virginia. She would literally be tied to that former spouse for the rest of her life.

For Sara and for literally thousands of other borrowers impacted by this program, it is time for the President to sign this law and provide these borrowers the relief they deserve.

I yield the floor.

I suggest the absence of a quorum.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will call the roll.

The senior assistant legislative clerk proceeded to call the roll.

Mr. MORAN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the order for the quorum call be rescinded.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

RECOGNIZING HUMBOLDT, KANSAS

Mr. MORAN. Mr. President, this evening, I want to highlight a community in my State of Kansas that is a model for rural towns across our State and around the country. It is timely because, just yesterday, the New York City mayor joked that my home State of Kansas has “no brand” and then chuckled at his joke. I had planned to give this floor speech before the mayor of New York City used Kansas as a punch line, but now it seems a little more fitting and means even more.

Located in Allen County, KS, Humboldt is the home to about 2,000 residents. Like many small communities in rural America, Humboldt was facing declining population numbers as businesses moved away and buildings on Main Street were abandoned. Even the locally owned newspaper, which began business in 1864 and was the State's longest continuously running paper, the Humboldt Union, had to close its doors.

However, in the last couple of years, Humboldt has defied the odds. The vacant buildings on Main Street now boast thriving businesses and welcoming storefronts. Since 2020, Humboldt has gained a coffee shop, a variety of bars and restaurants, a fitness center, a microbrewery, a grocery store, a hotel, and the Humboldt Union has been reestablished. Even as the pandemic created new challenges for many small businesses, Humboldt's businesses were able to persevere.

In January, the travel desk of the New York Times selected Humboldt as a top destination in the world, alongside places like Greece, Australia, and Argentina—pretty ironic now.

The majority of growth and economic development in the community can be attributed to a civic organization called A Bolder Humboldt. This group was formed a few years ago by leaders like Paul Cloutier and is still going strong today.

Paul recently took me on a tour of downtown with the mayor, Mayor Nobby Davis, to see firsthand the renovations being done and to meet the owners of small businesses that are reshaping the town square.

Paul said:

I've lived in a lot of big cities, and the thing I loved about them was that they had complete neighborhoods, with a grocery store and a dry cleaner's and a bar and little restaurants, which is basically what a small town is or used to be.

A Bolder Humboldt is working to rebuild that ideal—that ideal American small town—for the 21st century.

I visited a cafe and a coffee shop owned by Josh Works, who is also involved in A Bolder Humboldt. His father owns B&W Trailer Hitches, and he set a standard during the recession in 2008 to prioritize and care for his staff and his community.

In addition, the community has rebuilt 10 blocks of the downtown streetscape with the help from a local business, Monarch Cement Company. Owned and run by Walter Wulf, this is a 110-year-old business, and it is a staple of this community.

The city has also developed Southwind Industrial Park, with the latest addition of Murphy Tractor and Equipment Company, providing new jobs for locals and new residents.

Humboldt has also gained fame as the hometown of Biblesta, which is an annual festival taking place this weekend, that has been going for six decades and features the world's largest Bible-themed parade.

Each year, City Manager Cole Herder addresses graduating high school seniors and presents them with mailboxes in the school's colors—black boxes with orange lettering. Each box has the student's name and “Humboldt, Kansas” stenciled in orange letters. Inside, there is an invitation. He appeals to students to pursue an education and new experiences, but he also encourages them to consider their hometown of Humboldt as the place to establish

their careers and raise their own families.

The community of Humboldt is a success story, and it is a role model. It demonstrates how teamwork, creative thinking, hard work, treating others with respect, and caring about the future of your community can make a positive difference for your city, the State, and for our entire Nation. That is our brand in Kansas.

I am proud to recognize the efforts of Humboldt with what we have called the Building Better Communities Award.

Today, in the U.S. Senate, I offer my congratulations and my gratitude for the kind of leadership and effort among all residents of the community to see that Humboldt is a good place to live today and, perhaps even more importantly, a great place to live tomorrow.

I yield the floor.

I suggest the absence of a quorum.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will call the roll.

The senior assistant legislative clerk proceeded to call the roll.

Mr. SCHUMER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the order for the quorum call be rescinded.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The majority leader.

VOTE ON MOTION

Mr. SCHUMER. Now, Mr. President, I know of no further debate on the motion to proceed to H.R. 6833.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The question is on agreeing to the motion. The motion was agreed to.

AFFORDABLE INSULIN NOW ACT

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will report the bill by title.

The legislative clerk read as follows:

A bill (H.R. 6833) to amend title XXVII of the Public Health Service Act, the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, and the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 to establish requirements with respect to cost-sharing for certain insulin products, and for other purposes.

AMENDMENT NO. 5745

(Purpose: In the nature of a substitute.)

Mr. SCHUMER. I call up substitute amendment No. 5745.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will report.

The legislative clerk read as follows:

The Senator from New York [Mr. SCHUMER] proposes an amendment numbered 5745.

Mr. SCHUMER. I ask to dispense with further reading of the amendment.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

(The amendment is printed in the RECORD of September 27, 2022, under “Text of Amendments.”)

Mr. SCHUMER. I ask for the yeas and nays.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there a sufficient second?

There appears to be a sufficient second.

The yeas and nays are ordered.

AMENDMENT NO. 6030 TO AMENDMENT NO. 5745

Mr. SCHUMER. I have an amendment at the desk.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will report.

The legislative clerk read as follows:

The Senator from New York [Mr. SCHUMER] proposes an amendment numbered 6030 to amendment No. 5745.

The amendment is as follows:

(Purpose: To add an effective date)

At the end add the following:

SEC. EFFECTIVE DATE.

This Act shall take effect on the date that is 1 day after the date of enactment of this Act.

Mr. SCHUMER. I ask unanimous consent that the reading of the amendment be dispensed with.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

MOTION TO COMMIT WITH AMENDMENT NO. 6031

Mr. SCHUMER. I move to commit H.R. 6833 to the Committee on Appropriations with instructions to report back forthwith with an amendment.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will report the motion.

The legislative clerk read as follows:

The Senator from New York [Mr. SCHUMER] moves to refer the bill to the Committee on Appropriations with instructions to report back with an amendment numbered 6031.

The amendment is as follows:

(Purpose: To add an effective date)

At the end add the following:

SEC. EFFECTIVE DATE.

This Act shall take effect on the date that is 5 days after the date of enactment of this Act.

Mr. SCHUMER. I ask unanimous consent that the reading of the amendment be dispensed with.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

Mr. SCHUMER. I ask for the yeas and nays.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there a sufficient second?

There appears to be a sufficient second.

The yeas and nays are ordered.

AMENDMENT NO. 6032 TO INSTRUCTIONS

Mr. SCHUMER. I have an amendment to the instructions at the desk.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will report.

The legislative clerk read as follows:

The Senator from New York [Mr. SCHUMER] proposes an amendment numbered 6032 to the instructions of the motion to commit.

The amendment is as follows:

(Purpose: To modify the effective date)

On page 1, line 3, strike "5" and insert "6".

Mr. SCHUMER. I ask to dispense with further reading of the amendment.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

CLOTURE MOTION

Mr. SCHUMER. I send a cloture motion to the substitute to the desk.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The cloture motion having been presented under rule XXII, the Chair directs the clerk to read the motion.

The senior assistant legislative clerk read as follows:

CLOTURE MOTION

We, the undersigned Senators, in accordance with the provisions of rule XXII of the Standing Rules of the Senate, do hereby move to bring to a close debate on amendment No. 5745 to Calendar No. 389, H.R. 6833, a bill to amend title XXVII of the Public Health Service Act, the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, and the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 to establish requirements with respect to cost-sharing for certain insulin products, and for other purpose.

Charles E. Schumer, Patrick J. Leahy, Brian Schatz, Tina Smith, Michael F. Bennet, Alex Padilla, Richard J. Durbin, Tammy Duckworth, Mazie Hirono, Jack Reed, Gary C. Peters, Jacky Rosen, Ben Ray Lujan, Robert P. Casey, Jr., Sherrod Brown, Tim Kaine, Edward J. Markey.

CLOTURE MOTION

Mr. SCHUMER. I send a cloture motion to H.R. 6833 to the desk.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The cloture motion having been presented under rule XXII, the Chair directs the clerk to read the motion.

The senior assistant legislative clerk read as follows:

CLOTURE MOTION

We, the undersigned Senators, in accordance with the provisions of rule XXII of the Standing Rules of the Senate, do hereby move to bring to a close debate on H.R. 6833, as amended, a bill to amend title XXVII of the Public Health Service Act, the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, and the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 to establish requirements with respect to cost-sharing for certain insulin products, and for other purposes.

Charles E. Schumer, Patrick J. Leahy, Brian Schatz, Tina Smith, Michael F. Bennet, Alex Padilla, Richard J. Durbin, Tammy Duckworth, Mazie Hirono, Jack Reed, Gary C. Peters, Jacky Rosen, Ben Ray Lujan, Robert P. Casey, Jr., Sherrod Brown, Tim Kaine, Edward J. Markey.

Mr. SCHUMER. Finally, I ask unanimous consent that the mandatory quorum calls for the cloture motions filed today, September 28, be waived.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

UNANIMOUS CONSENT AGREEMENT

Mr. SCHUMER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the notice of adoption of substantive regulations and submission for congressional approval from the Office of Congressional Workplace Rights be printed in the RECORD.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

There being no objection, the material was ordered to be printed in the RECORD, as follows:

NOTICE OF ADOPTION OF SUBSTANTIVE REGULATIONS AND SUBMISSION FOR CONGRESSIONAL APPROVAL

U.S. CONGRESS, OFFICE OF CONGRESSIONAL WORKPLACE RIGHTS,

Washington, DC., September 28, 2022.

Hon. PATRICK J. LEAHY,
President Pro Tempore of the Senate,
Washington, DC.

DEAR MR. PRESIDENT: Section 304(b)(3) of the Congressional Accountability Act of 1995 (CAA), 2 U.S.C. 1384(b)(3), requires that, with regard to substantive regulations under the CAA, after the Board of Directors (Board) of the Office of Congressional Workplace Rights (OCWR) has published a general notice of proposed rulemaking as required by subsection (b)(1), and received comments as required by subsection (b)(2), the Board shall adopt regulations and shall transmit notice of such action together with a copy of such regulations to the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the President pro tempore of the Senate for publication in the Congressional Record on the first day on which both Houses are in session following such transmittal.

The OCWR Board has adopted the proposed regulations in the Notice of Adoption of Substantive Regulations and Transmittal for Congressional Approval that accompany this transmittal letter. The Board requests that the accompanying Notice be published in both the House and Senate versions of the Congressional Record on the first day on which both Houses are in session following receipt of this transmittal. The Board also requests that Congress approve the proposed Regulations, as further specified in the accompanying Notice.

Any inquiries regarding the accompanying Notice should be addressed to Teresa James, Acting Executive Director of the Office of Congressional Workplace Rights, 110 Second Street, SE, Room LA-200, Washington, DC 20540-1099; telephone: 202-724-9250; email: OCWRinfo@ocwr.gov.

Sincerely,

BARBARA CHILDS WALLACE,
Chair of the Board of Directors.

Attachment.

FROM THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE OFFICE OF CONGRESSIONAL WORKPLACE RIGHTS

NOTICE OF ADOPTION OF REGULATIONS AND TRANSMITTAL FOR CONGRESSIONAL APPROVAL

Procedural Summary:
Issuance of the Board's Initial Notice of Proposed Rulemaking.

On or about April 26, 2022, the Board of Directors (Board) of the Office of Congressional Workplace Rights (OCWR) issued a Notice of Proposed Rulemaking in the Congressional Record at 168 Cong. Rec. S2157-S2169 (daily ed.), and at 168 Cong. Rec. H4498-H4508 (daily ed.). The Notice of Proposed Rulemaking was prompted by the promulgation by the Secretary of Labor in 2004, 2016, 2019, and 2020, of amended regulations regarding the overtime pay requirements of the FLSA.

Why did the Board propose these new Regulations?

Section 203(c)(2) of the CAA, 2 U.S.C. 1313(c)(2), requires that the Board of Directors propose substantive regulations implementing the FLSA overtime requirements that are "the same as substantive regulations promulgated by the Secretary of Labor to implement the statutory provisions . . . except insofar as the Board may determine, for good cause shown and stated together with the regulation, that a modification of such regulation would be more effective for