The Acting CHAIR. The question is on the amendment offered by the gentleman from Tennessee (Mr. OGLES).

The amendment was agreed to.

AMENDMENT NO. 8 OFFERED BY MR. OGLES

The Acting CHAIR. It is now in order to consider amendment No. 8 printed in House Report 118–7.

Mr. OGLES. Mr. Chair, I have an amendment at the desk.

The Acting CHAIR. The Clerk will designate the amendment.

The text of the amendment is as follows:

Page 6, line 9, strike "\$10,000" and insert "\$50.000".

The Acting CHAIR. Pursuant to House Resolution 199, the gentleman from Tennessee (Mr. OGLES) and a Member opposed each will control 5 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Tennessee.

Mr. OGLES. Mr. Chairman, again, accountability matters. If you are paid from an appropriation for the White House office or appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, you need to be held to a standard of utmost impartiality.

These folks are paid generous salaries and have large platforms as Cabinet Secretaries or senior White House aides. The monetary penalty should reflect their increased responsibility compared to rank-and-file employees.

The American people have had enough of the swamp, and its efforts to infuse authoritarianism into the fabric of American society.

This amendment, which raises the penalty from \$10,000 to \$50,000 for senior officials who abuse their office to violate Americans' constitutional rights deserve a costly penalty.

I urge adoption of this amendment, and I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. GOLDMAN of New York. Mr. Chair, I rise in opposition to the amendment at the desk.

The Acting CHAIR. The gentleman is recognized for 5 minutes.

Mr. GOLDMAN of New York. Mr. Chair, the problem with these civil penalties is not that it is going to bankrupt any government officials, but it has a tremendous chilling effect on anyone trying to do their job, on any Federal law enforcement or intelligence community official trying to protect our country, trying to enforce our laws, trying to keep Americans safe, trying to keep our democracy safe because what these penalties will do is create an amorphous barrier to this amorphous law where no one has any idea whether what they are doing is lawful or unlawful because who is to define lawful speech?

Well, traditionally, it is a court, and it is government officials who have to make that initial call, that initial discretionary decision whether or not speech is lawful. In what world, if they are risking a \$50,000 fine, are they ever going to take a risk to actually try to do something that might be on the line?

What these penalties will ultimately do is encourage good, upstanding, patriotic American Federal officials not to pursue their jobs, not to do their jobs in the way that we, the American people, need them to do their jobs, in a way that keeps us safe, in a way that enforces our criminal laws, in a way that protects us.

That will not happen because they are going to be fearful that they will lose a third to a quarter of their salary if they violate this H.R. 140.

Why on Earth would anyone take a chance if they are going to lose a third of their salary for an entire year on actually executing their job if they run the risk that someone somewhere is going to say that they stepped over the line and that in retrospect speech that they thought might be in furtherance of a crime wasn't actually in furtherance of a crime, and therefore, they lose their job and they lose a third of their salary?

□ 1715

It has an incredible trickle-down detrimental effect on any Federal official trying to do his or her job. Whether or not you realize that, that is how it is going to be perceived by every hardworking, patriotic American who has decided to go to work for their government.

You may think, my friends on the other side of the aisle, that the real problem here are Federal Government officials. You would be sorely mistaken, because I spent 10 years as a Federal career government official, working alongside every single law enforcement agent we had, and they are all trying to do their best.

What this law will do is it will prevent them from doing their best, and it will jeopardize every American in this country because of it.

Mr. Chair, I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. OGLES. Mr. Chairman, the purpose of this amendment is to create greater accountability, responsibility, thoughtfulness in these Cabinet secretaries and senior officials so that it is not partisan politics that rules the day, but, rather, the American people—or the interests of the American people

Mr. Chairman, I yield such time as he may consume to the gentleman from Kentucky (Mr. COMER).

Mr. COMER. Mr. Chairman, I rise in support of the Ogles amendment.

The Protecting Speech from Government Interference Act introduces newly created civil fines for the most senior officials.

My colleague's amendment further strengthens this enforcement penalty for senior officials by increasing the civil monetary fines up to \$50,000.

This \$50,000 will serve as a deterrent to the administration's most senior officials—Senate-confirmed Presidential appointees and the White House staff—to prevent them from censoring the lawful speech of ordinary Americans.

It is especially important that our Nation's most senior leaders are held to a higher level of accountability given their higher level of influence.

I thank the gentleman from Tennessee (Mr. OGLES) for proposing this amendment which preserves the carefully negotiated structure of the bill.

I ask my colleagues to vote "yes" on the amendment.

Mr. GOLDMAN of New York. Mr. Chairman, I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. OGLES. Mr. Chairman, I yield back the balance of my time.

The Acting CHAIR. The question is on the amendment offered by the gentleman from Tennessee (Mr. Ogles).

The amendment was agreed to.

 $\operatorname{Mr.}$ COMER. $\operatorname{Mr.}$ Chair, I move that the Committee do now rise.

The motion was agreed to.

Accordingly, the Committee rose; and the Speaker pro tempore (Mr. ALFORD) having assumed the chair, Mr. MOOLENAAR, Acting Chair of the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union, reported that that Committee, having had under consideration the bill (H.R. 140) to amend title 5, United States Code, to prohibit Federal employees from advocating for censorship of viewpoints in their official capacity, and for other purposes, had come to no resolution thereon.

RECESS

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 12(a) of rule I, the Chair declares the House in recess for a period of less than 15 minutes.

Accordingly (at 5 o'clock and 19 minutes p.m.), the House stood in recess.

□ 1731

AFTER RECESS

The recess having expired, the House was called to order by the Speaker pro tempore (Mr. MOOLENAAR) at 5 o'clock and 31 minutes p.m.

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Proceedings will resume on questions previously postponed.

Votes will be taken in the following order:

Adoption of H. Con. Res. 21; and

Motion to suspend the rules and pass H.R. 753.

The first electronic vote will be conducted as a 15-minute vote. Pursuant to clause 9 of rule XX, the remaining electronic vote will be conducted as a 5-minute vote.

SYRIA WAR POWERS RESOLUTION

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, the unfinished business is the vote on adoption of the concurrent resolution (H. Con. Res. 21) directing the President, pursuant to section 5(c) of the War Powers

Resolution, to remove the United States Armed Forces from Syria, on which the yeas and nays were ordered.

The Clerk read the title of the concurrent resolution.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the adoption of the concurrent resolution.

This is a 15-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 103, nays 321, not voting 11, as follows:

[Roll No. 136]

YEAS-103

Auchincloss Espaillat Mills Balint Fry Gaetz Mooney Moore (WI) Barragán Bean (FL) García (IL) Napolitano Beyer Garcia, Robert Nehls Biggs Gomez Norman Bishop (NC) Good (VA) Obernolte Blumenauer Blunt Rochester Gosar Ocasio-Cortez Green, Al (TX) Ogles Greene (GA) Omar Bonamici Griffith Pallone Hageman Bowman Perry Brecheen Harris Pingree Buck Hern Pocan Burchett Higgins (NY) Posev Hoyle (OR) Burgess Pressley Burlison Huffman Ramirez Bush Hunt Cammack Jacobs Rosendale Carson Javanal Roy Casar Jordan Sánchez Joyce (PA) Chu Santos Clarke (NY) Kelly (IL) Scanlon Cline Khanna Schakowsky Kildee Cloud Schweikert Larsen (WA) Collins Thanedar Lee (CA) Comer Tiffany Connolly Lee (PA) Tlaib Crane Luna Tokuda Deluzio Mace Tonko DeSaulnier Massie Torres (NY) McClintock Dingel1 Trahan Doggett McGovern Vargas Meng Donalds Velázquez Miller (IL) Emmer

NAYS-321

Adams Cherfilus-Ferguson Aderholt McCormick Finstad Fischbach Cicilline Aguilar Ciscomani Fitzgerald Alford Allen Clark (MA) Fitzpatrick Clyburn Fleischmann Allred Fletcher Clyde Amodei Cohen Flood Armstrong Cole Foster Babin Correa Foushee Bacon Baird Costa Foxx Frankel, Lois Courtney Balderson Craig Crawford Franklin, C. Banks Scott Barr Crenshaw Frost Beatty Crockett Fulcher Bentz Crow Gallagher Bera. Cuellar Gallego Bergman Garamendi Curtis Bice D'Esposito Garbarino **Bilirakis** Davids (KS) Garcia (TX) Bishop (GA) Davidson Garcia, Mike Bost Davis (IL) Gimenez Boyle (PA) Davis (NC) Golden (ME) Brown De La Cruz Goldman (NY) Brownley Dean (PA) Gonzales, Tony Buchanan DeGette Gonzalez, Bucshon DeLauro Vicente Budzinski DelBene Gooden (TX) Calvert DesJarlais Gottheimer Caraveo Diaz-Balart Granger Carbajal Graves (LA) Duarte Cárdenas Duncan Graves (MO) Carey Dunn (FL) Green (TN) Carl Edwards Grijalva Carter (GA) Ellzey Grothman Carter (LA) Escobar Guest Carter (TX) Eshoo Guthrie Cartwright Estes Harder (CA) Evans Harshbarger Case Casten Ezell Haves Castor (FL) Fallon Higgins (LA) Chavez-DeRemer Feenstra Hill

McGarvey Sewell Himes Hinson McHenry Sherman Horsford Meeks Sherrill Houchin Menendez Simpson Houlahan Meuser Slotkin Mfume Hoyer Smith (MO) Miller (OH) Huizenga Smith (NE) Miller (WV) Issa Smith (NJ) Ivey Miller-Meeks Smith (WA) Jackson (IL) Molinaro Smucker Jackson (NC) Moolenaar Sorensen Jackson (TX) Moore (AL) Soto Jackson Lee Moore (UT) Spanberger James Moran Spartz Jeffries. Morelle Stansbury Johnson (GA) Moskowitz Stanton Johnson (LA) Moulton Stauber Johnson (OH) Mrvan Stee1 Johnson (SD) Mullin Stefanik Joyce (OH) Murphy Steil Kamlager-Dove Nadler Stevens Kaptur Neal Stewart Kean (NJ) Neguse Strickland Keating Newhouse Strong Kelly (MS) Nickel Swalwell Kelly (PA) Norcross Svkes Kiggans (VA) Nunn (IA) Takano Owens Kiley Tennev Kilmer Palmer Thompson (CA) Kim (CA) Panetta Thompson (MS) Kim (NJ) Pappas Thompson (PA) Krishnamoorthi Pascrell Timmons Kuster Pavne Titus Kustoff Pelosi Torres (CA) LaHood Peltola Trone LaLota Pence Turner LaMalfa Perez Underwood Lamborn Peters Valadao Landsman Pettersen Van Drew Langworthy Pfluger Van Duyne Latta Porter Van Orden LaTurner Quigley Vasquez Lawler Raskin Veasey Reschenthaler Lee (FL) Wagner Rodgers (WA) Lee (NV) Walberg Lesko Rogers (AL) Waltz Letlow Rogers (KY) Rose Wasserman Levin Schultz Lofgren Ross Waters Lucas Rouzer Watson Coleman Luetkemeyer Ruiz Ruppersberger Weber (TX) Luttrell Webster (FL) Lynch Rutherford Magaziner Rvan Wenstrup Malliotakis Salazar Westerman Wexton Mann Salinas Manning Sarbanes Wild Williams (GA) Mast Scalise Matsui Williams (NY) Schiff McBath Schneider Williams (TX) Wilson (FL) McCarthy Scholten McCaul Scott (VA) Wilson (SC) McClain Scott, Austin Wittman McClellan Scott, David Womack Self McCollum Yakym McCormick Sessions Zinke NOT VOTING-11

Larson (CT) Arrington Phillips Castro (TX) Leger Fernandez Schrier Cleaver Lieu Steube Loudermilk

□ 1756

Messrs. SORENSEN, DAVIDSON, EVANS. AGUILAR. BABIN. PAYNE. DUNCAN, PETERS, VEASEY. KEATING, VAN DREW, and NADLER changed their vote from "yea" "nav.

Messrs. CARSON, DOGGETT, Ms. TLAIB, Messrs. GARCÍA of Illinois, and THANEDAR changed their vote from "nay" to "yea."

So the resolution was not agreed to. The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

Stated against:

Mr. LARSON of Connecticut. Mr. Speaker, I regrettably missed the vote on H. Con. Res. 21. Had I been present, I would have voted "nay" on rollcall No. 136.

Carl

Mr. LOUDERMILK. Mr. Speaker, I was unavoidably delayed outside of the Chamber. Had I been present, I would have voted "nay" on rollcall No. 136.

DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AF-FAIRS CREATION OF ON-SITE TREATMENT SYSTEMS AFFORD-ING VETERANS IMPROVEMENTS AND NUMEROUS GENERAL SAFE-TY ENHANCEMENTS ACT

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, the unfinished business is the vote on the motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill (H.R. 753) to direct the Secretary of Veterans Affairs to use on-site regulated medical waste treatment systems at certain Department of Veterans Affairs facilities, and for other purposes, as amended, on which the yeas and nays were ordered.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Illinois (Mr. Bost) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill, as amended.

This is a 5-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 426, nays 0, not voting 8, as follows:

[Roll No. 137]

YEAS-426

Adams Carson Donalds Carter (GA) Aderholt Duarte Aguilar Carter (LA) Duncan Dunn (FL) Alford Carter (TX) Allen Cartwright Edwards Ellzey Allred Casar Amodei Case Emmer Armstrong Casten Escobar Castor (FL) Arrington Eshoo Espaillat Auchincloss Chavez-DeRemer Babin Cherfilus-Estes Bacon McCormick Evans Chu Baird Ezell Balderson Cicilline Fallon Balint Ciscomani Feenstra Clark (MA) Ferguson Banks Barr Clarke (NY) Finstad Barragán Cline Fischbach Fitzgerald Bean (FL) Cloud Beatty Clyburn Fitzpatrick Bentz Clyde Fleischmann Bera Cohen Fletcher Bergman Cole Flood Collins Beyer Foster Bice Comer Foushee Biggs Connolly Foxx Frankel, Lois Bilirakis Correa Bishop (GA) Costa Franklin, C. Bishop (NC) Courtney Scott Frost Blumenauer Craig Blunt Rochester Crane Fry Bonamici Crawford Fulcher Bost Crenshaw Gaetz Bowman Gallagher Crockett Boyle (PA) Crow Gallego Garamendi Cuellar Brecheen Garbarino Brown Curtis Brownley D'Esposito García (IL) Davids (KS) Buchanan Garcia (TX) Buck Davidson Garcia, Mike Bucshon Davis (IL) Garcia Robert Budzinski Davis (NC) Gimenez De La Cruz Golden (ME) Burchett Burgess Dean (PA) Goldman (NY) DeGette Burlison Gomez Bush DeLauro Gonzales, Tony Calvert DelBene Gonzalez. Cammack Deluzio Vicente Good (VA) DeSaulnier Caraveo Carbajal DesJarlais Gooden (TX) Cárdenas Diaz-Balart Gosar Carey Dingell Gottheimer

Doggett

Granger