

TIME TO ACT

(Mr. GARAMENDI asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. GARAMENDI. Mr. Speaker, later today, we are going to be taking up an extraordinary piece of legislation and voting on whether this Nation is going to be all in on a new nuclear arms race or whether we are going to modulate and think about what it is that we are funding. We are basically going to be funding the potential destruction of all that exists on this planet.

I will also address the House on an issue that occurred yesterday in Maine. Another assault weapon was used to murder at least 16 people, with perhaps another 50 being wounded.

It is time for this House to act on extending the previous ban on assault weapons. This has nothing to do with the Second Amendment. This has everything to do with war on the American people.

CONGRATULATING LAS VEGAS ACES

(Ms. TITUS asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Ms. TITUS. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to acknowledge, congratulate, and celebrate the victory of the Las Vegas Aces, who won the 2023 Women's National Basketball Association championship.

On October 18, 2023, the Aces defeated the New York Liberty 70–69 in game four of the WNBA Finals. They won despite two of their starters being out with injuries, star guard Chelsea Gray and center Kiah Stokes.

They won and have had an amazing two-cycle victory as champions under the leadership of Hall of Fame Head Coach Becky Hammon.

Owner Mark Davis and team president Nikki Fargas have proven once again that investing in women's sports is investing in success.

In the championship game, the Finals Most Valuable Player, A'ja Wilson, led the way with 24 points and 16 rebounds; Jackie Young added 16 points; and Kelsey Plum—Plum Dawg, they call her—delivered a well-rounded performance of rebounds, assists, and points.

The Aces certainly raised the stakes when securing another championship for Vegas, firmly establishing District One as the sports capital of the world.

All of southern Nevada is very proud, and I can't wait to cheer the team on next year as they go for three in a row.

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO OFFER RESOLUTION RAISING A QUESTION OF THE PRIVILEGES OF THE HOUSE

Ms. GREENE of Georgia. Mr. Speaker, pursuant to clause 2(a)(1) of rule IX, I seek recognition to give notice of my

intention to raise a question of the privileges of the House.

The form of the resolution is as follows:

A resolution censuring Representative RASHIDA TLAIB for anti-Semitic activity, sympathizing with terrorist organizations, and leading an insurrection at the United States Capitol complex.

Whereas, in May 2019, RASHIDA TLAIB said that she celebrated the Holocaust and felt a “calming feeling” when thinking about the genocide of millions of Jews;

Whereas, in 2020, RASHIDA TLAIB retweeted an illustration with the caption, “From the river to the sea, Palestine will be free,” and this Palestine Liberation Organization, PLO, slogan has been adopted by Hamas and calls for the elimination of Israel and death to all Jews;

Whereas, in September 2022, RASHIDA TLAIB, as a member of the Congressional Progressive Caucus, displayed her disdain for Israel, saying: “You cannot claim to hold progressive values yet back Israel's apartheid government”;

Whereas, instead of denouncing the horrors of Hamas slaughtering Israelis and demanding the release of all hostages held by Hamas, RASHIDA TLAIB stated on October 8, 2023: “The path to the future must include lifting the blockade, ending the occupation, and dismantling the apartheid system that creates the suffocating, dehumanizing conditions that can lead to resistance”;

Whereas, RASHIDA TLAIB exhibited her hatred for America by reposting a message on October 12, 2023, blaming America for allowing the deaths of Palestinian babies at the hands of Israel;

Whereas, RASHIDA TLAIB led an insurrection at the United States Capitol complex on October 18, 2023, which put Members of Congress, their staffs, and Capitol visitors in danger by shutting down elevators, stairwells, and points of egress, while obstructing official business in both the House of Representatives and the Senate, including a Senate Foreign Relations Committee hearing;

Whereas, the insurrection led by RASHIDA TLAIB was organized by Jewish Voice for Peace, which the Anti-Defamation League calls “a radical anti-Israel activist group that advocates for a complete economic, cultural, and academic boycott of the State of Israel” and that believes “Israeli policies and actions are motivated by deeply rooted Jewish racial chauvinism and religious supremacism”;

Whereas, members of the Southern Poverty Law Center, a far-left non-profit organization, were present at the insurrection at the Capitol on October 18, 2023;

Whereas, several insurrectionists at the Capitol belong to a group messaging chat called “Global Intifada,” which is the Arabic word for “rebellion” or “uprising,” and refers to a se-

ries of protests and violent riots carried out by Palestinians in Israel during the last century;

Whereas, by leading an anti-American and anti-Semitic insurrection on October 18, 2023, RASHIDA TLAIB followed Hezbollah's orders to carry out a “day of unprecedented anger” following an explosion at a Gazan hospital, lying about Israel's responsibility for the attack, which United States intelligence agencies said was not perpetrated by Israel; and

Whereas, Members of Congress who denounce the United States while praising terrorist organizations are unfit to hold office:

Now, therefore, be it resolved that Representative RASHIDA TLAIB be censured; Representative RASHIDA TLAIB forthwith present herself in the well of the House of Representatives for the pronouncement of censure; and Representative RASHIDA TLAIB be censured with the public reading of this resolution by the Speaker.

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. FITZGERALD). Under rule IX, a resolution offered from the floor by a Member other than the majority leader or the minority leader as a question of the privileges of the House has immediate precedence only at a time designated by the Chair within 2 legislative days after the resolution is properly noticed.

Pending that designation, the form of the resolution noticed by the gentleman from Georgia will appear in the RECORD at this point.

The Chair will not at this point determine whether the resolution constitutes a question of privilege. That determination will be made at the time designated for consideration of the resolution.

□ 1015

REMOVAL OF NAME OF MEMBER AS COSPONSOR OF H.R. 3721

Mr. GARAMENDI. Mr. Speaker, I hereby remove my name as a cosponsor of H.R. 3721.

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. ALLEN). The gentleman's request is granted.

ENERGY AND WATER DEVELOPMENT AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2024

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to House Resolution 756 and rule XVIII, the Chair declares the House in the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union for the further consideration of the bill, H.R. 4394.

Will the gentleman from Wisconsin (Mr. FITZGERALD) kindly take the chair.

□ 1017

IN THE COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE

Accordingly, the House resolved itself into the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union for the

further consideration of the bill (H.R. 4394) making appropriations for energy and water development and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2024, and for other purposes, with Mr. FITZGERALD (Acting Chair) in the chair.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The Acting CHAIR. When the Committee of the Whole rose on Wednesday, October 25, 2023, amendment No. 35 printed in Part B of House Report 118-242 offered by the gentleman from Texas (Mr. FALLON) had been disposed of.

AMENDMENT NO. 36 OFFERED BY MR. GARAMENDI

The Acting CHAIR. It is now in order to consider amendment No. 36 printed in part B of House Report 118-242.

Mr. GARAMENDI. Mr. Chair, I have an amendment at the desk.

The Acting CHAIR. The Clerk will designate the amendment.

The text of the amendment is as follows:

At the end of the bill (before the short title), insert the following:

SEC. _____. None of the funds made available by this Act may be used for the Savannah River Plutonium Modernization Program.

The Acting CHAIR. Pursuant to House Resolution 756, the gentleman from California (Mr. GARAMENDI) and a Member opposed each will control 5 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from California.

Mr. GARAMENDI. Mr. Chair, I rise today to offer a critical amendment to pause wasteful and unnecessary spending at the Savannah River Plutonium Processing Facility.

This is a responsible measure. It will pause the development of this nuclear facility while we fix the cost overruns and mismanagement associated with this.

Given the rhetoric of the Republican side of the aisle about reining in excessive spending, this amendment should be something that we would all agree on.

The estimated cost of the Savannah River facility tripled from \$3.6 billion to nearly \$11 billion since the start of the project. It will likely continue to increase since this program is not scheduled to be completed until 2035.

According to the August Government Accountability Office report, it will probably be delayed even further until 2038.

Why are we spending \$11 billion on this wasteful facility? You would think it might be part of our critical national security, but that is not the case.

For those unfamiliar with this facility, it is being built to produce plutonium pits, which is the core of a nuclear weapon. We already have thousands of these pits.

Some will stand up here and say, oh, my. We need to replace them because they age out. These pits will last at least 100 years.

Some studies by independent panels of scientists and academics have suggested that these pits have an even longer life cycle.

That is why in the House-passed fiscal year 2024 NDAA, the House Armed Services Committee adopted my amendment for an independent assessment of plutonium-pit aging by experts.

If we really care about responsible government spending, we must ensure there is a need before allocating billions of dollars to rebuild a stockpile that we already have in place and that really should never be used.

To reiterate, this amendment is a pause on next year's spending because we really do need to evaluate the science.

By the way, it is only \$858 million, but hey, every dollar counts. This pause is essential, timely and a prudent step.

In our haste to build new nuclear bombs, we must allocate those costs appropriately. A January 2023 GAO report found that the National Nuclear Security Administration lacks a comprehensive schedule or cost estimate on what we are doing here with this particular program. The NNSA has not even identified all of the activities or milestones to achieve an 80 pit per year production capacity.

I am sure that some will argue, wrongly, in my view, that I am undermining national security. They will make exaggerated claims about the necessity to engage in a nuclear arms race.

Well, we are, but the question is, are we doing it wisely? The answer is no. We are spending money unnecessarily and in an ill-advised way.

As a citizen, I am also aware that we face challenges here at home. We have heard many of those. I also know that the new Speaker wants to rein in unnecessary expenditures. I would suggest that this is one.

Mr. Chair, I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. FLEISCHMANN. Mr. Chairman, I rise in opposition to the amendment.

The Acting CHAIR. The gentleman from Tennessee is recognized for 5 minutes.

Mr. FLEISCHMANN. Mr. Chairman, as we have been debating the amendments to this energy and water bill, for some of the amendments I have risen in strong support and strong opposition.

With all due respect to the gentleman from California, I rise in the staunchest opposition to his amendment.

Mr. Chairman, our Nation's nuclear deterrent—and for the people at home watching—is done through the NNSA. The NNSA is the National Nuclear Security Administration. It is part of the Department of Energy.

As part of that key mission and as part of this great bill, we are fully funding and need to continue to fully fund the updates to our weapons programs to keep our nuclear deterrent strong.

Currently, the plutonium pits are being done and made at Los Alamos.

They do an outstanding job. We are so fortunate that our great friends at the Savannah River reservation—and I have been there, and I have been in this facility that is being built—will work to create new plutonium pits.

The world is a dangerous place. Vladimir Putin, with his outrageous, wrong invasion of Ukraine must be stopped.

This man has basically threatened to use nuclear weapons. That is intolerable rhetoric. That is intolerable conduct. The strongest way to oppose that is to have a robust nuclear deterrent.

Our bill does that. Los Alamos does that. The NNSA does that. Thank goodness our friends at the great Savannah River reservation have done that for years and will continue to help our Nation's nuclear arsenal with this facility to produce plutonium pits. The Chinese are growing their nuclear arsenal. The world is moving in the wrong direction.

My hero, Ronald Reagan, in 1980 said, grow our nuclear deterrent, and he did that. I can remember standing in a college class with 200 students. I was the only person to stand up to fight the nuclear freeze.

Ronald Reagan was right. We defeated the evil empire, the Soviet Union, because we did not do a freeze. We stood up and built up our nuclear deterrent. We have to do that now.

Our partners at Savannah River are there. They are ready. This facility will supplement that.

With all due respect to the gentleman from California, he is wrong on this. America needs its nuclear deterrent. The NNSA needs to be kept strong, and this plutonium pit production for Savannah River needs to go forward.

Mr. Chairman, I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. FLEISCHMANN. Mr. Chairman, I yield to Ms. KAPTUR, my ranking member.

Ms. KAPTUR. Mr. Chairman, I thank the gentleman for yielding, and I share the gentleman's strong passion for making sure that America has the very best deterrent on the face of the Earth in view of what we are facing not only in the Middle East, but obviously, as you stated, in Ukraine and with what is happening on the high seas around the globe. We are so proud of our nuclear Navy.

I rise in reluctant opposition to this amendment because of my dear friendship with Congressman GARAMENDI, and I respect his efforts to try to have a responsible nuclear deterrent and weapons program.

I understand that. This amendment itself would prohibit funding, as has been stated, for the plutonium pit production at the Savannah River processing facility.

We all know that plutonium modernization is a key aspect to meeting our nuclear weapons stockpile requirements and maintaining the Nation's nuclear deterrent.

On both sides of the aisle of our subcommittee, we have had complete support, really, in ensuring that our country maintains a safe, secure, and credible nuclear deterrent while also addressing the threat of nuclear non-proliferation and terrorism.

However, on our side of the aisle, at least, we continue to be troubled by the unsustainable spending in the Department of Energy's weapons program.

I have to say that the concerns about the budget deficit and so forth attend to every agency, including this one.

There have been cost overruns at a level that are historic, and I think we have to have rigor in terms of managing whatever funds are allocated to that important task.

I wholeheartedly agree with Chair FLEISCHMANN that the National Nuclear Security Administration needs to improve its program management—I hope they are hearing us—given that more than half of its projects are over cost or behind schedule. That is not really a good record for something so important.

The Acting CHAIR. The time of the gentleman has expired.

Mr. FLEISCHMANN. Mr. Chairman, I rise as the designee of the gentleman from Texas (Ms. GRANGER).

Mr. Chairman, I move to strike the last word.

The Acting CHAIR. The gentleman from Tennessee is recognized for 5 minutes.

Mr. FLEISCHMANN. Mr. Chairman, I yield to the gentlewoman from Ohio (Ms. KAPTUR), my ranking member.

□ 1030

Ms. KAPTUR. Mr. Chair, I thank the gentleman for yielding. We, as a committee and as a Congress, have to face the realities of future defense caps and begin making important decisions to prioritize within those programs. Only through strategic prioritization can the program achieve success in meeting the needs of stockpile requirements and maintaining our Nation's critical nuclear deterrent.

Nonetheless, prohibiting all funds to one strategic investment of plutonium modernization at the Savannah River Plutonium Processing Facility is not the right approach at this time.

Mr. Chair, I thank all of my colleagues. In working together, we will find the right path for America. I urge my colleagues to vote against this amendment, and I thank Congressman GARAMENDI for making sure we spend our dollars wisely.

Mr. FLEISCHMANN. Mr. Chair, I yield to the distinguished gentleman from South Carolina (Mr. WILSON).

Mr. WILSON of South Carolina. Mr. Chairman, today I rise in opposition to this amendment by my good friend, Lieutenant Governor JOHN GARAMENDI. I am grateful to see Chairman FLEISCHMANN working with Ranking Member MARCY KAPTUR as we oppose this amendment.

This is a time when the Chinese Communist Party is conducting the largest nuclear buildup in world history. War criminal Putin is invading Ukraine and threatens nuclear weapons. The dictatorship in Tehran is invading Israel; it is developing nuclear weapons while chanting, "Death to Israel, Death to America." In defense, we should be modernizing America's nuclear arsenal.

We did not choose the war of dictators with the rule of gun who are invading democracies with rule of law, but we are in this. Ukraine has been invaded, Israel has been invaded, and they threaten Taiwan.

Plutonium pit production is among the most critical national security needs. As with every weapon, we must continue to invest in improvements to our nuclear inventory to achieve peace through strength in the tradition, as the chairman has so correctly said, of Ronald Reagan.

Sadly and incredibly, last night, BBC News broadcast a report: Russia has just rehearsed a massive nuclear strike capability. This was presented on Russian Putin's state TV last night as the defense minister reviewed with the war criminal Vladimir Putin of how current this is.

The United States currently has a statutory requirement of producing 80 plutonium pits per year, as close as we can to 2030. Of those 80, the Savannah River Site will be responsible for producing 50. As the only Member of Congress who has actually worked at the Savannah River Site, I know of the competence and capabilities of people at this site.

Mr. FLEISCHMANN. Mr. Chairman, I yield to the gentleman from South Carolina (Mr. DUNCAN). I would explain to the Chairman that this fine gentleman is my counterpart on the authorization side on the Energy and Commerce Committee. He has been a strong leader in nuclear and has been my partner. I am the appropriator, and he is the authorizer.

Mr. DUNCAN. Mr. Chairman, I speak in opposition to this amendment because it puts American security at risk. Plutonium pits, a key component of nuclear warhead production, have not been regularly produced in the United States since 1989.

We are forced to refurbish our existing stockpile of warheads to keep up with the demand. We can only do that for so long because the components degrade. Russia and China are ramping up their capacity to produce new nuclear weapon components. We need to show our adversaries we are capable of maintaining a strong and modernized nuclear deterrent.

In fact, Speaker JOHNSON yesterday reiterated, "Peace through strength." We have a statutory obligation to manufacture at least 80 plutonium pits annually by the year 2030 just to maintain our national defense goals.

H Canyon at Savannah River Site is a critical component. It is the last of

its kind in the Nation to help the disassembly and assembly process. This amendment is misguided.

Mr. Chairman, I would invite the gentleman from California to actually come down to South Carolina and visit the Savannah River Site because I have been told you haven't. You are talking about something you don't even really know about just because you want to cut funding away and you don't like nuclear weapons.

The plutonium pit project at Savannah River Site in South Carolina will be responsible for producing over half of the minimum annual requirement. We must continue to support Savannah River Site to maintain a dominant nuclear force in the world, and I urge my colleagues to vote "no" on this amendment.

Mr. FLEISCHMANN. Mr. Chairman, I yield to the gentleman from Georgia (Mr. ALLEN).

Mr. ALLEN. Mr. Chair, I rise in opposition to this amendment, which would prohibit funding for plutonium pit production at the Savannah River Site. I appreciate my friend from California's concern of cost.

The Acting CHAIR. The time of the gentleman has expired.

Mr. FLEISCHMANN. Mr. Chair, I rise as the designee of the gentlewoman from Texas (Ms. GRANGER).

Mr. Chair, I move to strike the last word.

The Acting CHAIR. The gentleman from Tennessee is recognized for 5 minutes.

Mr. FLEISCHMANN. Mr. Chair, I yield to the gentleman from Georgia (Mr. ALLEN).

Mr. ALLEN. Mr. Chair, I rise in opposition to this amendment, which would prohibit funding for plutonium pit production at the Savannah River Site. My friend mentioned the cost overruns, and I appreciate his concern with that.

Let me tell you. I spent 40 years in the construction business. In the last 2 years, concrete has doubled in price, steel has doubled in price, and there is a lot of concrete and steel in plutonium. We do need to deal with the inflation we are seeing out there.

The Savannah River Site, also known as SRS, is a Department of Energy site conducting important work to defend our national security, and Georgia's 12th District is home to approximately 30 percent of the workforce.

Currently under construction at the Savannah River Site is the Savannah River Plutonium Processing Facility. Required by law, this is part of a two-site strategy with Los Alamos National Laboratory and the Savannah River Site tasked with producing plutonium pits to help improve resiliency and mitigate risk in the United States' pit production. Let me say that again: to mitigate risk in the United States' pit production.

This shortsighted amendment would critically threaten this urgent national security mission. The Savannah River Site is committed to nuclear modernization to ensure America's nuclear

deterrent is safe and reliable. To say otherwise is simply not true.

Mr. Chair, I urge a "no" vote on this amendment.

Mr. FLEISCHMANN. Mr. Chair, I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. GARAMENDI. Mr. Chairman, I have a question. I have a question about fairness in the debate. The chair of the subcommittee has offered two pro forma amendments, giving my side of the debate no opportunity whatsoever to respond to the issues that have been raised.

Mr. Chairman, I am curious, is fairness out of order on this floor?

The Acting CHAIR. The gentleman is recognized.

Mr. GARAMENDI. Mr. Chairman, I posed a question to the Chair. Does the Chair have an answer to my question?

Is fairness out of order on this floor?

The Acting CHAIR. The gentleman has not stated a parliamentary inquiry.

The gentleman will state his parliamentary inquiry.

PARLIAMENTARY INQUIRIES

Mr. GARAMENDI. Mr. Chair, a parliamentary inquiry would be: Sir, how can I achieve, under the rules of the House, a fair debate with equal time on the issue?

Mr. Chairman, I have a parliamentary question before the Chair. Fair is fair, guys.

The Acting CHAIR. The gentleman is free to consult House Resolution 756, which sets the terms for consideration of this bill.

Mr. GARAMENDI. Further parliamentary inquiry, Mr. Chairman.

The Acting CHAIR. The gentleman will state his parliamentary inquiry.

Mr. GARAMENDI. Mr. Chairman, in an effort to achieve that consultation, sir, could the House provide me with information since I do not have before me the rules of the House.

Perhaps they can provide me the rules of the House and I could read it, or perhaps the Chair can provide some advice on that particular section of the rules.

The Acting CHAIR. The Chair would inform the gentleman that the rule allows for 10 pro forma amendments that are granted respectively to the chair and ranking minority member of the Committee on Appropriations or their designees.

Mr. GARAMENDI. Further parliamentary inquiry, Mr. Chair.

The Acting CHAIR. The gentleman will state his parliamentary inquiry.

Mr. GARAMENDI. Mr. Chairman, if I might ask another parliamentary question, sir. As the author of this amendment, do I have the opportunity to propose 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 of those pro forma amendments?

The Acting CHAIR. That is correct.

Mr. GARAMENDI. Well, then let us get started.

The Acting CHAIR. The gentleman is recognized.

Mr. GARAMENDI. Mr. Chair, I have a pro forma amendment.

The Acting CHAIR. The gentleman is recognized for his remaining time.

Mr. GARAMENDI. How many minutes do I have remaining, sir?

The Acting CHAIR. The gentleman would have to be recognized as the designee of the chair or ranking minority member of the Committee on Appropriations to be allowed to offer a pro forma amendment.

The gentleman is recognized for 1 minute and 15 seconds at this point as the proponent of the amendment.

Mr. GARAMENDI. Mr. Chairman, this House has always operated in a fair and evenhanded way. And I must say, the use of the pro forma amendment by my colleagues on the Republican side creates a very unfair debate, in which the points put forward in opposition to my amendment, I do not have time to deal with.

However, I will take whatever time I have remaining and not spend much time on the necessity for fairness in the debate, which has a whole lot to do with the time available.

Now, very, very quickly, since I have only a minute and some seconds left here.

This is not an end to the plutonium pit production. What it says is to pause for 1 year, an \$850 million expenditure on what has become not a plutonium pit but a dollar pit. Billions and billions of dollars have been spent on the Savannah facility, first, to somehow deal with the nuclear waste. That didn't work.

It has been repurposed to build plutonium pits. The reality here is there will not be a pit built in Savannah River for at least a decade. So all of this chatter about the safety of this Nation is nonsense. The reality here is we have a money pit.

The Acting CHAIR. The time of the gentleman has expired.

Ms. KAPTUR. Mr. Chairman, I rise as the designee of the gentleman from Connecticut (Ms. DeLauro).

Mr. Chair, I move to strike the last word.

The Acting CHAIR. The gentleman is recognized for 5 minutes.

Ms. KAPTUR. Mr. Chair, I yield to the gentleman from California (Mr. GARAMENDI).

Mr. GARAMENDI. Mr. Chair, apparently, we want a debate on the plutonium pit issue. Well, let it happen. Let's get some facts here. The 80 pits per year has little to do with nuclear arms, nuclear bombs, it has everything to do with a number that was invented by the committees of this House.

So what are we going to do with these pits?

First of all, the pits will not be built in Savannah River for at least a decade, and quite likely 15 years. Yes, perhaps they will in 15 years produce 50 pits per year. For what purpose?

Specifically, now the pit production is taking place at Los Alamos National Laboratories, which is diligently and wastefully moving forward to produce 30 pits per year.

The first pit at Savannah River—that is the war reserve pit—it is likely to be produced in 3 to 4 years from now, beginning at the rate of one a year and eventually moving to 30 per year, which will probably take a full decade and several billion dollars to do.

What is that pit going to be used for?

Maybe we ought to know before we start talking about the safety of this world and this Nation.

The pits that are going to be built at Savannah River are specifically for a new nuclear bomb, the 87-1, which has not yet been produced.

□ 1045

Presumably, that bomb will go on the new Sentinel missile, which in and of itself is \$150 billion that we will spend to replace the Minuteman III missiles that are now in the silos in the upper Midwest.

By the way, the Minuteman IIIs are perfectly good for at least another decade, so why are we spending that money? Presumably because we decided a decade ago that we ought to do it and that somehow the Minuteman III missiles wouldn't continue to work.

In a recent test this year, the Minuteman III worked perfectly well, and there has been no indication that the Minuteman III missile cannot continue to work perfectly well for the next decade or more. We have not yet calculated the full cost of replacing the Minuteman III with the new Sentinel program, but the estimates are well over \$150 billion.

For what purpose? To make us safer? No. It won't make us safer at all.

By the way, what bomb will be put on the Sentinel while we await the 87-1? Guess what it is? It is the existing bomb that we have on the Minuteman III. That new weapon, the 87-1, is at least a decade away, and the cost is unknown, but you had better get your billion dollars together because it will surely be in that range.

We need a debate about all of this. This is not about national security. This is about a new nuclear arms race that puts humanity on this planet in serious jeopardy. We have quite enough weapons to deter anybody from using a nuclear weapon, and yes, so do China and Russia.

This is about deterrence. How many bombs, how many weapons, how many delivery systems are necessary for deterrence? If it is a war, yes, all three countries have quite enough to terminate life on this planet. We don't need more to achieve a victory in a nuclear war. We have quite enough already. We can target wherever we need to target—in China, in Russia, wherever. We have quite enough for that.

As a deterrent, we have quite enough for deterrence. Yes, Putin rattled the nuclear saber. To what effect? What effect did his rattling achieve? Nothing.

Ms. KAPTUR. Mr. Chair, I yield back the balance of my time.

The Acting CHAIR. The question is on the amendment offered by the gentleman from California (Mr. GARAMENDI).

The question was taken; and the Acting Chair announced that the yeas appeared to have it.

Mr. GARAMENDI. Mr. Chair, I demand a recorded vote.

The Acting CHAIR. Pursuant to clause 6 of rule XVIII, further proceedings on the amendment offered by the gentleman from California will be postponed.

AMENDMENT NO. 37 OFFERED BY MR. GARAMENDI

The Acting CHAIR. It is now in order to consider amendment No. 37 printed in part B of House Report 118-242.

Mr. GARAMENDI. Mr. Chair, I have an amendment at the desk.

The Acting CHAIR. The Clerk will designate the amendment.

The text of the amendment is as follows:

At the end of the bill (before the short title), insert the following:

SEC. _____. None of the funds made available by this Act may be used for the W87-1 Modification Program.

The Acting CHAIR. Pursuant to House Resolution 756, the gentleman from California (Mr. GARAMENDI) and a Member opposed each will control 5 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from California.

Mr. GARAMENDI. Mr. Chairman, I think I will take a deep breath. I was a little wound up a few moments ago. If the opposition to this amendment would like to go through that process of an additional 5 minutes, we will play that game, and I would actually appreciate doing that.

There is a lot that we need to discuss here. There is a lot that this House needs to consider, and it is about the nuclear enterprise. It is about a 10-year mission that we have been on to rebuild our nuclear programs.

One part of that nuclear program is a new nuclear bomb to be put on the new Sentinel rockets that replace the Minuteman III. A moment ago, I discussed the situation. Do we really need to spend \$120 billion, \$150 billion over the next decade to replace the Minuteman III and a new nuclear bomb? The answer is, we have time. We have time.

As I said a few moments ago, the Minuteman III will work for a considerable period into the future, and the nuclear weapon that is presently on the Minuteman III is going to work for many more years. It is not aging out. It is perfectly reliable.

What is this 87-1 all about? It is a new bomb. It, in fact, is the first new bomb that we have built in many years. Presumably, it will work better than the bomb that is presently on the Minuteman III and will be used on the new Sentinel rocket when it is ready to be placed into new silos upon which we will spend billions of dollars building the silos and the infrastructure.

The 87-1, this brings us right back to the previous question that we had about plutonium pit production. Do we need additional pit production? I ask all of us to take a calendar, look at the years ahead, and begin to put in place

the arrival of the new Sentinel, which will surely be at least a decade, if not longer. Then, look at the pit production that will be able to be put in place in Los Alamos, one a year, two, three, four, five. We will be stacking up new pits in Los Alamos well ahead of the need for this new weapon to be put on the Sentinel rocket. We will have an inventory of pits that would be used for the 87-1.

What I am saying here in this amendment is, wait a minute. Take a look at the calendar. Take a look at the way these pieces fit together—billions of dollars in Savannah River to build nuclear pits that will not even be available for at least a decade and a half. Take a look at the pits we are producing and will be able to produce at Los Alamos and the stockpile of pits that would then be available for the timing of the 87-1, should we ever decide that we need it.

We do not need to spend this money today on the 87-1 or on Savannah River. This is a pause. We heard the new Speaker stand right there and tell us that we have a deficit problem.

We sure as hell do have a deficit problem. Part of it is how we spend our money. We ought to take a look at that.

That is what these amendments are about. These amendments are about spending money unnecessarily now. We have things that we desperately need to do. We need to educate, to research, to be in competition economically with China. Yet, here we are. A small amount of money here, pause this expenditure. Pause it. We are not doing away with the 87-1, although that is another argument we might have someday. Right now, why are we spending this money today? Why?

The new Speaker wants to deal with the deficit. Deal with this. Pause this expenditure. We have plenty of time to deal with this.

For those who argue that this has something to do with our current national security, you are dead wrong because this will not be available for at least a decade, and you can argue whether we even need it then.

Mr. Chairman, I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. FLEISCHMANN. Mr. Chairman, I rise in strong opposition to the amendment.

The Acting CHAIR. The gentleman from Tennessee is recognized for 5 minutes.

Mr. FLEISCHMANN. Mr. Chair, once again, I respectfully and vehemently disagree with my friend and colleague, the gentleman from California (Mr. GARAMENDI).

I represent the great people of the city of Oak Ridge in Tennessee, the birthplace of the Manhattan Project. The NNSA has a facility there. It is called the Y-12 facility. We are building the uranium processing facility.

That became very apparent to me when I was a college freshman correctly arguing against a nuclear freeze,

against a room full of liberal, radical, leftist students. I knew I was right then because I knew Ronald Reagan was right. What I didn't know then was that nuclear weapons deteriorate. I thought if you had a nuclear weapon, you could put it on a shelf, and if you needed it, you could go get it. The reality is that nuclear weapons, by their nature, deteriorate and have to be updated.

Now, through three administrations—the Obama administration, the Trump administration, and now the Biden administration—I have worked hand in hand with the NNSA, the National Nuclear Security Administration. To do what? To make sure that our current nuclear arsenal, our nuclear deterrent, is strong.

Where I disagree respectfully and most vehemently with my colleague from California is that our resolve is to tell the world today, whether it is in Moscow, Beijing, or any of the other countries that have a nuclear capability—and sadly, to my colleague, there are at least 10 countries now that have the ability to produce and deliver a nuclear weapon. That is scary. The resolve of the people of the United States must be to have a strong nuclear deterrent today and in the future. That is why we have to have this program. That is why we have to keep our Nation's nuclear arsenal strong and vibrant now and in the future.

Specifically, Mr. Chairman, the W87-1 Modification Program will replace the W78 warhead and support fielding the Air Force Sentinel missile system. Mr. Chair, we have our nuclear triad—land based; sea, with our great United States Navy; and Air Force. It is a triad, and it is a strong triad. This is the message to the world, that we can never have a nuclear weapon used and deployed.

Listen to Mr. Putin. He is threatening it. That is outrageous. We can never have that type of rhetoric in the world. We have to stand against that.

The strongest way to do that is a nuclear deterrent and a commitment, not only to our friends in Savannah River, not only to our friends in Oak Ridge, but all over the United States. We have strong weapons labs that are doing a great job. The men and women of the NNSA are our great patriots. They are within the Department of Energy. The customer is the Department of Defense, but we are doing a tremendous job.

I wish the world were a benign place. I wish it were a world without nuclear weapons, but they are existent. They are there. We are the leader in protecting the free world. We have to protect the people of the United States. We have to send a message.

Mr. Chair, I, therefore, strongly and vehemently oppose the gentleman's amendment. I yield back the balance of my time.

The Acting CHAIR. The question is on the amendment offered by the gentleman from California (Mr. GARAMENDI).

The question was taken; and the Acting Chair announced that the noes appeared to have it.

Mr. GARAMENDI. Mr. Chair, I demand a recorded vote.

The Acting CHAIR. Pursuant to clause 6 of rule XVIII, further proceedings on the amendment offered by the gentleman from California will be postponed.

AMENDMENT NO. 38 OFFERED BY MS. HAGEMAN

The Acting CHAIR. It is now in order to consider amendment No. 38 printed in part B of House Report 118-242.

Ms. HAGEMAN. Mr. Chair, I have an amendment at the desk.

The Acting CHAIR. The Clerk will designate the amendment.

The text of the amendment is as follows:

At the end of the bill (before the short title), insert the following:

SEC. _____. None of the funds made available by this Act may be used to implement the Industrial Decarbonization Roadmap published by the Department of Energy and dated September 2022 (DOE/EE-2635).

The Acting CHAIR. Pursuant to House Resolution 756, the gentlewoman from Wyoming (Ms. HAGEMAN) and a Member opposed each will control 5 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentlewoman from Wyoming.

□ 1100

Ms. HAGEMAN. Mr. Chair, I rise in support of my amendment No. 38 to H.R. 4394, which would prohibit the use of taxpayer funds from going to the Department of Energy's implementation of its proposed Industrial Decarbonization Roadmap.

The Industrial Decarbonization Roadmap identifies and targets four different categories of so-called CO₂ emitters—residential, commercial, industrial, and transportation sectors. In other words, pretty much every aspect of our lives.

What does this portend in the real world? We are already experiencing the consequences of this administration's decision to target residential carbon emissions by attacking those home appliances that actually work, from gas stoves to washers and dryers to water heaters, thereby causing the price of these critically important appliances to skyrocket while also reducing their availability.

We are also suffering through this administration's decision to target the transportation sector by imposing tailpipe emission requirements, fuel efficiency standards, and propping up the electric vehicle industry, thereby causing the price of our cars and trucks to skyrocket while also reducing their availability.

What is the outcome of these misguided efforts? Government imposed wretchedness, of course, but that is what this administration does best. It is no wonder that automobile repossession are at an all-time high because of bad policies imposed by bureaucrats who are shielded from both account-

ability and having to suffer the consequences of their bad decisions, but real Americans suffer every day.

This roadmap is bad policy, and I urge the adoption of my amendment.

Mr. Chair, I reserve the balance of my time.

Ms. KAPTUR. Mr. Chair, I rise in strong opposition to this amendment.

The Acting CHAIR. The gentlewoman from Ohio is recognized for 5 minutes.

Ms. KAPTUR. Mr. Chair, I invite the gentlewoman to come into any pulmonary ward in this country and see the cancers that attend to people who have suffered from carbon ingestion in their careers.

This amendment prohibits funds to implement the Industrial Decarbonization Roadmap published by the Department of Energy in September 2022.

The purpose of the roadmap is to develop a strategic approach to decarbonizing the Nation's industrial sector—I come from industrial America—while simultaneously creating good-paying jobs for American workers, spurring economic growth, developing U.S. leadership in these new technologies, and creating a cleaner, more equitable, and healthier workplace for all Americans.

The industrial sector represents 30 percent of energy-related carbon dioxide emissions in the United States. To address the climate crisis, we must address these emissions. We have a lot more people living in this country now. When I was born, there were 146 million. Today, we have about 335. It is going to go up to 400 million people. We have to think about our way of life and how we meet the demands of a new era.

In addressing these emissions, we will also dramatically improve air quality and reduce millions of early deaths in our country and around the world.

The roadmap focused on proven steps for energy technology innovation: advancing early-stage research and development, investing in multiple process strategies, and scaling through demonstrations and integrating solutions, including on the factory floor and places where equipment is repaired.

America has always been about the future. A successful industrial decarbonization strategy is critical to supporting the existing 11.4 million workers in American manufacturing and growing a future workforce in the clean industry transition.

There is a lot of training that has to be done there. How is it that our firefighters across this country, just in the last few years, have discovered the cancers that attend to working in that extremely dangerous and important patriotic service to the people of our country? Their equipment is important, and what happens to their lungs and their bodies is really important.

Again, I invite you to come with me into the hospitals of this country and meet the families of workers who have died and the people suffering because of carbon ingestion.

While it is clear we need an all-of-the-above energy strategy that taps domestic oil and gas and invests in clean energy, we must continue to promote energy innovation, a cleaner workplace in all sectors of the economy, and in the American home as well.

Mr. Chair, I strongly urge my colleagues to vote against this amendment, and I reserve the balance of my time.

Ms. HAGEMAN. Mr. Chair, the administration's roadmap targets those key industries that significantly contribute to the stability of our Nation's economy and supply chain; namely, the petroleum refining, chemicals, iron and steel, cement, and food and beverage industries.

Instead of helping our American businesses, families, and communities, the roadmap requires the use of substantially less efficient, less reliable, and more costly energy resources, including so-called clean energy, hoping to ultimately replace our ability to access our very own domestic, affordable, and reliable energy resources.

One of the goals mentioned in the roadmap is to "prepare the existing 11.4 million American manufacturing workers and future workforce for the clean industry transition."

When I hear that this administration seeks to prepare the existing 11.4 million American manufacturing workers for the clean energy transition and then watch as they attempt to shut down our mines while exporting manufacturing jobs to countries with dirtier products and less effective environmental policies led by dictators and despots, I admit I am more than skeptical as to what preparing actually means.

This administration's roadmap is unworkable and will bankrupt our country.

Mr. Chair, I reserve the balance of my time.

Ms. KAPTUR. Mr. Chair, mining is a really difficult industry. I yield back the balance of my time.

Ms. HAGEMAN. Mr. Chair, another goal highlighted in the roadmap supports a transition to no-carbon fuels.

Mr. Chairman, Americans see through these goals. The reality is that no-carbon fuels are not only no such thing—and only a charlatan would argue otherwise—but they receive four times the amount in Federal subsidies while producing less than one-fifth of the energy as compared to our legacy industries.

These fuels are not only unreliable, even with the ridiculous amount of taxpayer subsidies, but environmentally destructive and require massive amounts of land per unit of energy produced. They kill birds and other wildlife by the millions.

These unreliable projects simply cannot compete with our traditional and reliable energy resources, a fact borne out by their need for massive Federal subsidies to be viable at all. Figures from the U.S. Energy Information Administration show that renewables received \$15.6 billion in subsidies during

fiscal year 2022 and an estimated \$1.2 trillion from the so-called Inflation Reduction Act and are the largest recipient of such subsidies.

It is thus entirely foreseeable that the second largest recipient of subsidies, according to the Energy Information Administration, are lower-income families who struggle to pay their utility bills, proving that this administration is hell-bent on imposing energy poverty on every sector of our society.

Why are they struggling? They are struggling because of rising energy prices and rising utility fees as a result of this administration's forced energy poverty. We simply cannot afford to pursue this energy transition imposed on us by radical leftists.

As the sole Representative of a State whose main industries have been hijacked by the Federal Government in the name of this pie-in-the-sky transition, I voice my strong opposition to this roadmap. I ask my colleagues to join me in defunding the Department of Energy's implementation of this proposed Industrial Decarbonization Roadmap.

Mr. Chair, I yield back the balance of my time.

The Acting CHAIR. The question is on the amendment offered by the gentleman from Wyoming (Ms. HAGEMAN).

The amendment was agreed to.

AMENDMENT NO. 39 OFFERED BY MS. HAGEMAN

The Acting CHAIR. It is now in order to consider amendment No. 39 printed in part B of House Report 118-242.

Ms. HAGEMAN. Mr. Chair, I have an amendment at the desk.

The Acting CHAIR. The Clerk will designate the amendment.

The text of the amendment is as follows:

At the end of the bill (before the short title), insert the following:

SEC. _____. None of the funds made available by this Act may be used for the SuperTruck III program of the Department of Energy.

The Acting CHAIR. Pursuant to House Resolution 756, the gentleman from Wyoming (Ms. HAGEMAN) and a Member opposed each will control 5 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Wyoming.

Ms. HAGEMAN. Mr. Chair, I rise in support of my amendment No. 39 to H.R. 4394, which prohibits funding from going toward the SuperTruck 3 program.

According to the Department of Energy, this program is unlike previous SuperTruck programs; its primary focus being on electrification and meeting so-called green energy goals rather than improving fuel efficiency.

DOE's Office of Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy initially launched the SuperTruck initiatives in 2009 with the aim of improving heavy-duty truck efficiency by 50 percent while the follow-up SuperTruck 2 in 2016 sought to double fuel efficiency for 18-wheeler, or class 8, trucks.

Since then, the program has taken a drastic turn away from these goals. DOE has repurposed this program towards the research and development of lowering greenhouse gas emissions. SuperTruck 3 was created to fund projects to electrify medium- and heavy-duty freight trucks.

Mr. Chairman, Americans are tired of their taxpayer dollars being used to fund programs that ultimately cause more harm than good. We simply cannot afford to support programs that share the same fundamental goals outlined in the Green New Deal. They will destroy our economy and force a change in behavior by reducing the availability of the goods that Americans actually want.

Mr. Chair, I urge support of my amendment, and I reserve the balance of my time.

Ms. KAPTUR. Mr. Chair, I rise in strong opposition to this amendment.

The Acting CHAIR. The gentleman from Ohio is recognized for 5 minutes.

Ms. KAPTUR. Mr. Chair, as a daughter of automotive and truck America and an aficionado of NASCAR and having spent a lot of my time on drag strips across the country, including my own reasons, I really rise in strong opposition to this amendment because it is not about the future. It is about the past.

This amendment prohibits funds for the Department of Energy's SuperTruck 3 program within the Office of Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy. It is hard to make an engine. It is hard to conceive it. It is hard to build it. It takes a lot of creativity to understand propulsion. The parts of the country that I represent specialize in that.

The Department of Energy initially launched the SuperTruck initiative in 2009 to improve heavy-duty truck freight efficiency by 50 percent. That is a gulp.

The second iteration, SuperTruck 2, sought to double fuel efficiency for 18-wheeler trucks.

SuperTruck 3 is currently working to improve medium- and heavy-duty truck efficiencies and reduce emissions of freight transportation, that is underway.

This program consists of a public-private partnership with General Motors, Ford Motor Company, Daimler Truck North America, Volvo Group North America, and PACCAR.

Now, I want America to succeed. I want the free world to succeed. This program is building on a proven track record. Within 7 years, four truck makers exceeded the SuperTruck 1 goals and the five SuperTruck 2 projects are on track to more than double their fuel efficiency.

I invite the gentleman to come with me through some of these companies and some of these research sites to see what it takes to make America more fuel efficient.

These efforts help create good-paying jobs here at home and boost American

supply chains, not in China, not in Japan, not anywhere else in the world, but right here.

Oil prices are on the rise again. Our transportation sector is currently largely dependent on petroleum and thus subject to oil price volatility and what will become diminished supplies in the decades ahead. I don't want America to be stuck on the whims of dictators throughout the world. It is common sense we should be developing energy alternatives and promoting energy proficiency and advancement in our transportation sector.

While it is clear that we need an all-of-the-above energy strategy that taps domestic oil and gas, we must also invest in alternative energy options to diversify our energy portfolio, including hydrogen, hydrogen fuel cells. Where the market is moving, the companies are moving. We need to help to propel that advancement sooner rather than later.

Mr. Chair, I strongly urge my colleagues to vote against this amendment, and I reserve the balance of my time.

The Acting CHAIR. Members are reminded to direct their remarks to the Chair.

□ 1115

Ms. HAGEMAN. Mr. Chair, some may argue that this program remains aimed at improving fuel efficiency rather than a repurposed agenda aimed at fulfilling radical Green New Deal priorities.

I refer those who would make this argument to a quote from Senator MERKLEY in support of this program. He said: "Climate chaos is the greatest existential threat of our lifetimes, and it is going to take an all-hands-on-deck approach to slash pollution—much of which comes from the transportation sector—that is fanning the flames of the crisis. . . . we can use new technologies to chart a path forward . . . and lead the world toward a more sustainable future. . . . as we work to thwart the most catastrophic impact of the climate crisis."

Now, setting aside for a moment the absurdity of the statement, you can tell it was made by a politician who will never be held accountable for the consequences of such actions or actually be required to live under the rules he seeks to impose. He will always be able to afford whatever vehicle he chooses, but not so much for the rest of us.

It is not just left-leaning politicians who spout hyperbole and demand net-zero emissions by 2050. It is also our Federal agencies. Secretary Granholm said: "Getting to net-zero carbon emission . . . means we must aggressively cut down the largest source of emissions: the transportation sector."

Then, to highlight this, she referred to the SuperTruck program. She said: DOE's first two SuperTruck initiatives led to a massive leap in fuel efficiency. "This new funding triples down on . . .

a push toward electrifying trucks of all sizes, along with efforts to expand EV charging access and develop low-emission car engines.”

Large scale use of electric vehicles will not happen unless mandated by the Federal Government. This is borne out by the figures from the U.S. Energy Information Administration. The fact is that this wasteful spending is absolutely not sustainable.

Mr. Chair, I urge the adoption of my amendment, and I reserve the balance of my time.

Ms. KAPTUR. Mr. Chair, I yield to the gentleman from Tennessee (Mr. FLEISCHMANN), the chair of the Energy and Water Subcommittee.

Mr. FLEISCHMANN. Mr. Chair, I thank the ranking member for yielding.

On this issue I agree with Ranking Member KAPTUR. While I recognize the current administration has gone too far in pursuing its climate goals, I believe there are aspects of this program we can all support. In particular, the SuperTruck program awardees represent the largest producers of medium- and heavy-duty trucks in the United States. The potential research and development of benefits are still worthy of pursuit. For these reasons, I oppose the gentleman's amendment.

Ms. KAPTUR. Mr. Chair, I yield back the balance of my time.

Ms. HAGEMAN. Mr. Chair, in Wyoming, we have many instances of EV drivers getting stranded out in the cold soon after charging their vehicles. We had a California driver, just a few months ago in Riverton, who charged his vehicle enough to go 120 miles but ran out of kilovolts halfway over the mountain, about 60 miles.

On this particular occasion, it wasn't even very cold, at least not by Wyoming standards. Had he been in the same spot just a week or so earlier, he would have been stuck in minus 20-degree temperature with 60-mile-an-hour winds.

The town of Jackson just realized that paying \$1 million each for a fleet of electric buses didn't make them any more operational in our harsh winter conditions, having found out the hard way that they are unreliable and simply will not work at higher elevations and in single-digit temperatures.

The point I am making is that this transition that is being forced upon us by this administration is not only wrong-handed, it is downright dangerous.

Mr. Chair, supporting this program is not supporting fuel efficiency. It is another way to prop up the forced energy transition to unreliable resources.

For that reason, I urge the adoption of my amendment, and I yield back the balance of my time.

The Acting CHAIR. The question is on the amendment offered by the gentleman from Wyoming (Ms. HAGEMAN).

The question was taken; and the Acting Chair announced that the ayes appeared to have it.

Mr. FLEISCHMANN. Mr. Chair, I demand a recorded vote.

The Acting CHAIR. Pursuant to clause 6 of rule XVIII, further proceedings on the amendment offered by the gentleman from Wyoming will be postponed.

AMENDMENT NO. 40 OFFERED BY MS. HAGEMAN

The Acting CHAIR. It is now in order to consider amendment No. 40 printed in part B of House Report 118-242.

Ms. HAGEMAN. Mr. Chair, I have an amendment at the desk.

The Acting CHAIR. The Clerk will designate the amendment.

The text of the amendment is as follows:

At the end of the bill (before the short title), insert the following:

SEC. ____ None of the funds made available by this Act may be used to finalize, implement, administer, or enforce the proposed rule entitled “Energy Conservation Program: Energy Conservation Standards for Consumer Water Heaters” published by the Department of Energy in the Federal Register on July 28, 2023 (88 Fed. Reg. 49058).

The Acting CHAIR. Pursuant to House Resolution 756, the gentleman from Wyoming (Ms. HAGEMAN) and a Member opposed each will control 5 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Wyoming.

Ms. HAGEMAN. Mr. Chair, I rise in support of my amendment No. 40 to H.R. 4394 which prohibits the use of funds to finalize, implement, administer, or enforce the tyrannical, unnecessary, and wrongheaded “Energy Conservation Standards for Consumer Water Heaters.”

In late July of this year, the office of Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy proposed a rule to enforce strict conservation standards for consumer water heaters, holding affordable and reliable home appliances hostage to the will of a bunch of unelected bureaucrats in the Federal Government.

All of this is being done in the name of the allegedly reducing global emissions and enforcing an energy transition that will do nothing to actually change global temperatures, either in the short or long term, but will absolutely cause a substantial increase in the cost of our appliances.

We are facing some serious crises in this country: an open border, over 8 million illegal aliens invading America, a broken supply chain, bone-crushing inflation, China spying on us from above, a war in the Middle East, et cetera.

What does this administration focus on? Making all of us poor in order to force us to use costly appliances that don't work.

This administration is incapable of addressing the real issues that are important to the American public. What do they do? They target the home appliances, tools, and vehicles that actually work, from gas stoves to water heaters, from air-conditioners to lawnmowers, from the internal combustion engine to reliable vehicles. This nonsense needs to stop.

Mr. Chair, I encourage the adoption of my amendment, and I reserve the balance of my time.

Ms. KAPTUR. I rise in opposition to the gentleman's amendment.

The Acting CHAIR. The gentleman from Ohio is recognized for 5 minutes.

Ms. KAPTUR. Mr. Chair, first, I oppose the amendment because the Department of Energy is charged with implementing congressionally directed energy efficiency standards. They are implementing the laws we passed.

The Department of Energy drafts energy efficiency regulations with the full participation of the manufacturers and the public at large, and they do issue their guidelines and regulations for review.

The end result is people save money. They save money on water heaters. They save money on what it costs to wash clothes at home and on refrigerators.

When these standards are set forth, they also promote innovation. You get a lot of new inventions across the country, and we can see the results of that every day. The benefits are real.

As a result of the Department of Energy's efficiency actions in the past, cost savings for American families and businesses are projected to reach nearly \$2 trillion by 2030. It not only makes sense for the consumer. Frankly, it makes sense for the country because it means that the systems to supply the energy are also more efficient. It drives us to be better at what we do.

It is estimated per household the energy efficiencies achieved already have amounted to over \$6,000 of savings for every American every month when you pay every one of those bills: your gas bills, your electric bills, everything else you have to pay for in your house.

The Department of Energy estimates that this specific rule would slash household utility costs by over \$11 billion annually to save consumers \$198 billion on their energy bills over 30 years when we look at the whole. With the population growing, we have to do a better job of trying to save resources in order to make sure that everyone has the ability to access them.

Stopping the Department of Energy from finalizing, implementing, or enforcing energy efficiency standards basically is bicycling backward and will only create uncertainty for manufacturers and consumers.

For consumers, costs go up when we don't pay attention. With respect to the proposed energy efficiency standards for consumer water heaters, I urge my colleagues with concerns to participate fully in the rulemaking process, as I have done with respect to my concerns about the proposed energy efficiency standards for distribution transformers. That is appropriate. It is a response people can take to the proposed rule and companies can take.

Congress has vested the Department of Energy with the authority to promulgate these rules. Let us fully participate in the process. Let's make

America better. Let's modernize America.

Mr. Chair, I urge my colleagues to reject this amendment, and I yield back the balance of my time.

Ms. HAGEMAN. Mr. Chair, in this latest proposal, the administration is intentionally attempting to force an increase in the cost of water heaters for consumers and to take those water heaters that actually work off the market.

What did I call that a few minutes ago? Oh, yeah, government-imposed wretchedness.

The cost of home appliances is skyrocketing all because of this administration's war on prosperity. With new regulations, government-imposed market uncertainty, and an intentionally disrupted supply chain, there is certainly a method to their madness.

A new word and concept has been born. This administration and radical bureaucrats running it have one goal in mind, and they call it de-development. Let that sink in.

Throughout most of modern history, our political leaders have sought to improve our standard of living, to improve prosperity, and to make our everyday goods and needs more affordable, not less so, yet that is where we are now. The Biden administration is intentionally seeking to make us all poorer, to make us more dependent on the government, to take away our ability to feed, clothe, and house our families.

It is the concept of de-development that underlies the very purpose of the Energy Conservation Standards for Consumer Water Heaters. It is for that reason that we must make sure that such standards never go into effect.

More than 9 million water heaters are sold in the United States every year. What water heaters we use should be a matter of personal freedom and economic choice. Our water heater manufacturers have built the most efficient and environmentally friendly products in the world. That isn't enough, no, not when the goal is not to make our necessary appliances more affordable but when the goal is to use regulations to change human behavior.

I will say it again. When government-imposed wretchedness is not a byproduct of agency action but the purpose of the action itself, you know that you have an out-of-control government that must be starved of money. That is exactly what my amendment does. It starves these new standards of the lifeblood that they need to be weaponized against the American people.

The bottom line is this: The Biden administration doesn't care about personal freedom or economic choice, and Democrats are cheering every opportunity they get to intervene in the day-to-day lives of Americans.

Congress has the authority and responsibility to challenge the extent to which these proposed standards are both technically feasible and economically justified, and they are neither.

This administration's strategy to destroy everything that works is causing energy poverty in vulnerable communities. While powerful clean energy companies are reaping the benefits of billions and billions of dollars in Federal taxpayer subsidies, the consumers are bearing the burden of the costs.

Many Americans are already struggling to heat their homes, pay their utilities, and put food on the table, primarily because of this administration's failed energy policies. This proposed rule only worsens those problems while solving absolutely nothing.

I ask my colleagues to join me in support of freedom and economic prosperity by supporting my amendment to defund this administration's proposed rule by preventing them from finalizing, implementing, and enforcing rulemaking pertaining to energy conservation standards for consumer water heaters. This is tyranny and it needs to stop.

Mr. Chairman, I yield back the balance of my time.

The Acting CHAIR. The question is on the amendment offered by the gentleman from Wyoming (Ms. HAGEMAN).

The amendment was agreed to.

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE ACTING CHAIR

The Acting CHAIR. Pursuant to clause 6 of rule XVIII, proceedings will now resume on those amendments printed in part B of House Report 118-242 on which further proceedings were postponed, in the following order:

Amendment No. 3 by Mr. PERRY of Pennsylvania.

Amendment No. 12 by Mr. NEGUSE of Colorado.

Amendment No. 14 by Mr. WESTERMAN of Arkansas.

Amendment No. 15 by Mr. GRIFFITH of Virginia.

Amendment No. 16 by Mr. ROY of Texas.

Amendment No. 19 by Mr. PERRY of Pennsylvania.

Amendment No. 20 by Mr. NORMAN of South Carolina.

Amendment No. 25 by Mr. PERRY of Pennsylvania.

Amendment No. 26 by Mr. PERRY of Pennsylvania.

Amendment No. 27 by Mr. PERRY of Pennsylvania.

Amendment No. 28 by Mr. PERRY of Pennsylvania.

Amendment No. 29 by Mr. PERRY of Pennsylvania.

Amendment No. 30 by Mr. PERRY of Pennsylvania.

Amendment No. 31 by Mr. PERRY of Pennsylvania.

Amendment No. 32 by Mr. PERRY of Pennsylvania.

Amendment No. 36 by Mr. GARAMENDI of California.

Amendment No. 37 by Mr. GARAMENDI of California.

Amendment No. 39 by Ms. HAGEMAN of Wyoming.

The Chair will reduce to 2 minutes the minimum time for any electronic vote after the first vote in this series.

□ 1130

AMENDMENT NO. 3 OFFERED BY MR. PERRY

The Acting CHAIR. The unfinished business is the demand for a recorded vote on amendment No. 3, printed in part B of House Report 118-242 offered by the gentleman from Pennsylvania (Mr. PERRY), on which further proceedings were postponed and on which the ayes prevailed by voice vote.

The Clerk will redesignate the amendment.

The Clerk redesignated the amendment.

RECORDED VOTE

The Acting CHAIR. A recorded vote has been demanded.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—ayes 156, noes 265, not voting 17, as follows:

[Roll No. 529]

AYES—156

Alford	Fry	Miller (IL)
Allen	Fulcher	Miller (WV)
Amodei	Gaetz	Mills
Armstrong	Gallagher	Moolenaar
Arrington	Garcia, Mike	Mooney
Babin	Jimenez	Moore (AL)
Baird	Good (VA)	Moore (UT)
Balderson	Gooden (TX)	Moran
Banks	Gosar	Murphy
Barr	Granger	Nehls
Bean (FL)	Graves (MO)	Norman
Bentz	Green (TN)	Ogles
Biggs	Greene (GA)	Owens
Bilirakis	Griffith	Palmer
Bishop (NC)	Grothman	Pence
Boebert	Guest	Perry
Bost	Guthrie	Posey
Brecheen	Hageman	Reschenthaler
Buck	Harris	Rodgers (WA)
Burchett	Harshbarger	Rose
Burgess	Hern	Rosendale
Burlison	Higgins (LA)	Rouzer
Cammack	Hill	Roy
Carey	Houchin	Rutherford
Carl	Hudson	Salazar
Carter (GA)	Hunt	Scalise
Cline	Issa	Schweikert
Cloud	Jackson (TX)	Scott, Austin
Clyde	Johnson (OH)	Self
Collins	Johnson (SD)	Sessions
Comer	Jordan	Smith (MO)
Crane	Joyce (PA)	Smith (NE)
Crenshaw	Kelly (MS)	Smucker
Davidson	Kustoff	Spartz
De La Cruz	LaHood	Steil
DesJarlais	LaMalfa	Steube
Donalds	Lamborn	Strong
Duarte	Langworthy	Tenney
Duncan	Latta	Thompson (PA)
Dunn (FL)	Lee (FL)	Tiffany
Ellzey	Letlow	Timmons
Emmer	Loudermilk	Van Duyne
Estes	Luna	Walberg
Fallon	Luttrell	Weber (TX)
Feenstra	Mann	Webster (FL)
Ferguson	Massie	Wenstrup
Finstad	Mast	Westerman
Fischbach	McCarthy	Williams (TX)
Fitzgerald	McClintock	Wilson (SC)
Flood	McCormick	Wittman
Foxx	McHenry	Yakym
Franklin, Scott	Meuser	Zinke

NOES—265

Adams	Blumenauer	Cárdenas
Aderholt	Blunt Rochester	Carson
Aguilar	Bonamici	Carter (LA)
Allred	Bowman	Carter (TX)
Auchincloss	Boyle (PA)	Cartwright
Bacon	Brown	Casar
Balint	Brownley	Case
Barragán	Buchanan	Casten
Beatty	Bucshon	Castor (FL)
Bera	Budzinski	Castro (TX)
Bergman	Bush	Chavez-DeRemer
Beyer	Calvert	Cherfilus-
Bice	Caraveo	McCormick
Bishop (GA)	Carbajal	Chu

Ciscomani
Clark (MA)
Clarke (NY)
Cleaver
Clyburn
Cohen
Cole
Connolly
Costa
Courtney
Craig
Crawford
Crockett
Crow
Cuellar
Curtis
D'Esposito
Davids (KS)
Davis (IL)
Davis (NC)
Dean (PA)
DeGette
DeLauro
DelBene
Deluzio
DeSaulnier
Diaz-Balart
Dingell
Doggett
Edwards
Escobar
Eshoo
Espallat
Evans
Ezell
Fitzpatrick
Fleischmann
Fletcher
Foster
Foushee
Frankel, Lois
Frost
Gallego
Garbarino
Garcia (IL)
Garcia (TX)
Garcia, Robert
Goldman (NY)
Gomez
Gonzales, Tony
Gonzalez,
Vicente
González-Colón
Gottheimer
Graves (LA)
Green, Al (TX)
Grijalva
Harder (CA)
Hayes
Higgins (NY)
Himes
Hinson
Horsford
Houlahan
Hoyer
Hoyle (OR)
Huffman
Huizenga
Ivey
Jackson (IL)
Jackson (NC)
Jacobs
James
Jayapal
Jeffries
Johnson (GA)

NOT VOTING—17

Correa
Garamendi
Golden (ME)
Jackson Lee
Kelly (PA)
Lesko

□ 1158

Messrs. FOSTER, STANTON, WOMACK, CALVERT, Mrs. GONZÁLEZ-COLÓN, Mr. SARBANES, Mrs. BEATTY, and Mr. BERGMAN changed their vote from “aye” to “no.”

Messrs. GUTHRIE, KELLY of Mississippi, and ARRINGTON changed their vote from “no” to “aye.”

So the amendment was rejected.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

Pfluger
Plaskett
Pocan
Porter
Pressley
Quigley
Radewagen
Ramirez
Raskin
Rogers (AL)
Rogers (KY)
Ross
Ruiz
Ruppersberger
Ryan
Sablan
Salinas
Sánchez
Sarbanes
Scanlon
Schakowsky
Schiff
Schneider
Scholten
Schrier
Scott (VA)
Lieu
Scott, David
Sewell
Sherman
Sherrill
Simpson
Slotkin
Smith (NJ)
Smith (WA)
Sorensen
Soto
Stansbury
Stanton
Staubert
Steel
Stefanik
Stevens
Strickland
Sykes
Takano
Thanedar
Thompson (CA)
Thompson (MS)
Titus
Tlaib
Moulton
Tokuda
Tonko
Torres (CA)
Torres (NY)
Trahan
Trone
Turner
Underwood
Valadao
Van Drew
Van Orden
Vargas
Vasquez
Veasey
Wagner
Wasserman
Schultz
Watson Coleman
Wexton
Wild
Williams (GA)
Williams (NY)
Wilson (FL)
Womack

Spanberger
Swalwell
Velázquez
Waltz
Waters

AMENDMENT NO. 12 OFFERED BY MR. NEGUSE

The Acting CHAIR (Mr. STEUBE). The unfinished business is the demand for a recorded vote on amendment No. 12, printed in part B of House Report 118–242 offered by the gentleman from Colorado (Mr. NEGUSE), on which further proceedings were postponed and on which the ayes prevailed by voice vote.

The Clerk will redesignate the amendment.

The Clerk redesignated the amendment.

RECORDED VOTE

The Acting CHAIR. A recorded vote has been demanded.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The Acting CHAIR. This is a 2-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—ayes 277, noes 142, not voting 19, as follows:

[Roll No. 530]

AYES—277

Adams
Aderholt
Aguiar
Allred
Amodei
Armstrong
Auchincloss
Balint
Barr
Barragán
Beatty
Bera
Bergman
Beyer
Bishop (GA)
Blumenauer
Blunt Rochester
Boebert
Bonamici
Bost
Fry
Bowman
Boyle (PA)
Brown
Brownley
Buck
Budzinski
Bush
Calvert
Caraveo
Carbajal
Cárdenas
Carey
Carson
Carter (LA)
Cartwright
Casar
Case
Casten
Castor (FL)
Castro (TX)
Chavez-DeRemer
Cherfilus-
McCormick
Chu
Ciscomani
Clark (MA)
Clarke (NY)
Cleaver
Clyburn
Cohen
Cole
Connolly
Costa
Courtney
Craig
Crenshaw
Crockett
Crow
Cuellar
Davids (KS)
Davis (IL)
Davis (NC)
Dean (PA)
DeGette
DeLauro
DelBene
Deluzio

DeSaulnier
DesJarlais
Diaz-Balart
Dingell
Doggett
Donalds
Escobar
Eshoo
Espallat
Estes
Evans
Fitzgerald
Fitzpatrick
Fleischmann
Fletcher
Foster
Foushee
Frankel, Lois
Frost
Garcia (IL)
Garcia (TX)
Garcia, Mike
Garcia, Robert
Gimenez
Goldman (NY)
Gomez
Gonzalez,
Vicente
Gottheimer
Graves (LA)
Gimenez
Goldman (NY)
Gomez
Gonzalez,
Vicente
Gottheimer
Graves (LA)
Green, Al (TX)
Greene (GA)
Griffith
Grijalva
Guest
Hageman
Harder (CA)
Hayes
Higgins (LA)
Higgins (NY)
Hill
Himes
Hinson
Horsford
Houlahan
Hoyer
Hoyle (OR)
Hudson
Huffman
Ivey
Jackson (IL)
Jackson (NC)
Jacobs
James
Jayapal
Jeffries
Johnson (GA)
Kamlager-Dove
Kaptur
Kean (NJ)
Keating
Kelly (IL)
Khanna

Peters
Pettersen
Plaskett
Pocan
Porter
Pressley
Quigley
Ramirez
Raskin
Rogers (AL)
Rose
Ross
Ruiz
Ruppersberger
Rutherford
Ryan
Sablan
Salazar
Salinas
Sánchez
Sarbanes
Scalise
Scanlon
Schakowsky
Schiff
Schneider
Scholten

Alford
Allen
Arrington
Babin
Bacon
Baird
Balderson
Banks
Bean (FL)
Bentz
Biggs
Bilirakis
Bishop (NC)
Brecheen
Bucshon
Burchett
Burgess
Burlison
Cammack
Carl
Carter (GA)
Carter (TX)
Cline
Cloud
Clyde
Collins
Comer
Crane
Crawford
Curtis
D'Esposito
Davidson
De La Cruz
Duarte
Duncan
Dunn (FL)
Edwards
Ellzey
Emmer
Ezell
Fallon
Feenstra
Ferguson
Finstad
Fischbach
Flood
Foxy
Franklin, Scott

Schrier
Scott (VA)
Scott, Austin
Scott, David
Sewell
Sherman
Sherrill
Simpson
Slotkin
Smith (MO)
Smith (NE)
Smith (WA)
Smucker
Sorensen
Soto
Spanberger
Stansbury
Stanton
Staubert
Steil
Stevens
Strickland
Sykes
Takano
Thanedar
Thompson (CA)
Thompson (MS)

NOES—142

Fulcher
Gallagher
Garbarino
Gonzales, Tony
Gonzalez-Colón
Good (VA)
Gooden (TX)
Gosar
Granger
Graves (MO)
Green (TN)
Grothman
Guthrie
Harris
Harshbarger
Hern
Houchin
Hunt
Issa
Jackson (TX)
Johnson (OH)
Johnson (SD)
Jordan
Joyce (PA)
Kelly (MS)
Kiggans (VA)
Kim (CA)
Kustoff
LaHood
LaLota
LaMalfa
Latta
Lee (FL)
Loudermilk
Lucas
Luttrell
Malliotakis
Mann
Massie
Mast
McCarthy
McClain
McClintock
McCormick
McHenry
Miller (IL)
Miller (WV)
Mills

NOT VOTING—19

Bice
Buchanan
Correa
Golden (ME)
Huizenga
Jackson Lee
Joyce (OH)

Kelly (PA)
Lesko
Miller (OH)
Moylan
Phillips
Pingree
Rodgers (WA)

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE ACTING CHAIR
The Acting CHAIR (during the vote). There is 1 minute remaining.

□ 1202

Mses. GARCIA of Texas, BLUNT ROCHESTER, and WATERS changed their vote from “no” to “aye.”

So the amendment was agreed to.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

Stated against:

Mr. HUIZENGA. Mr. Chair, had I been present for rollcall vote No. 530, on Agreeing to the Amendment, I would have voted “no.”

AMENDMENT NO. 14 OFFERED BY MR. WESTERMAN

The Acting CHAIR. The unfinished business is the demand for a recorded vote on amendment No. 14, printed in part B of House Report 118-242 offered by the gentleman from Arkansas (Mr. WESTERMAN), on which further proceedings were postponed and on which the ayes prevailed by voice vote.

The Clerk will redesignate the amendment.

The Clerk redesignated the amendment.

RECORDED VOTE

The Acting CHAIR. A recorded vote has been demanded.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The Acting CHAIR. This will be a 2-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—ayes 212, noes 213, not voting 13, as follows:

[Roll No. 531]

AYES—212

Aderholt	Ferguson	Lee (FL)
Alford	Finstad	Letlow
Allen	Fischbach	Loudermilk
Amodei	Fitzgerald	Lucas
Armstrong	Fleischmann	Luetkemeyer
Arrington	Flood	Luna
Babin	Fox	Luttrell
Bacon	Franklin, Scott	Mace
Baird	Fry	Malliotakis
Balderson	Fulcher	Mann
Banks	Gaetz	Massie
Barr	Gallagher	Mast
Bean (FL)	Garbarino	McCarthy
Bentz	Garcia, Mike	McCaul
Bergman	Gimenez	McClain
Bice	Gonzales, Tony	McClintock
Biggs	Gonzalez-Colon	McCormick
Bilirakis	Good (VA)	McHenry
Bishop (NC)	Gooden (TX)	Meuser
Boebert	Gosar	Miller (IL)
Bost	Granger	Miller (WV)
Brecheen	Graves (LA)	Miller-Meeks
Buchanan	Graves (MO)	Mills
Buck	Green (TN)	Moolenaar
Bucshon	Greene (GA)	Mooney
Burchett	Griffith	Moore (AL)
Burgess	Grothman	Moore (UT)
Burlison	Guest	Moran
Calvert	Guthrie	Murphy
Cammack	Hageman	Nehls
Carey	Harris	Newhouse
Carl	Harshbarger	Norman
Carter (GA)	Hern	Nunn (IA)
Carter (TX)	Higgins (LA)	Oberholte
Ciscomani	Hill	Ogles
Cline	Hinson	Owens
Cloud	Houchin	Palmer
Clyde	Hudson	Pence
Cole	Huizenga	Perry
Collins	Hunt	Pfleger
Comer	Issa	Posey
Crane	Jackson (TX)	Radewagen
Crawford	James	Reschenthaler
Crenshaw	Johnson (OH)	Rogers (AL)
Curtis	Johnson (SD)	Rogers (KY)
D'Esposito	Jordan	Rose
Davidson	Joyce (OH)	Rosendale
De La Cruz	Joyce (PA)	Rouzer
DesJarlais	Kean (NJ)	Roy
Diaz-Balart	Kelly (MS)	Rutherford
Donalds	Kiggans (VA)	Salazar
Duarte	Kiley	Scalise
Duncan	Kim (CA)	Schweikert
Dunn (FL)	Kustoff	Scott, Austin
Edwards	LaHood	Self
Ellzey	LaMalfa	Sessions
Emmer	Lamborn	Simpson
Estes	Langworthy	Smith (MO)
Ezell	Latta	Smith (NE)
Fallon	LaTurner	Smith (NJ)
Feenstra	Lawler	Smucker

Spartz
Stauber
Steel
Stefanik
Steil
Steube
Strong
Tenney
Thompson (PA)
Tiffany

Adams
Aguilar
Allred
Auchincloss
Balint
Barragan
Beatty
Bera
Beyer
Bishop (GA)
Blumenauer
Blunt Rochester
Bonamici
Bowman
Boyle (PA)
Brown
Brownley
Budzinski
Bush
Caraveo
Carbajal
Cardenas
Carson
Carter (LA)
Cartwright
Casar
Case
Casten
Castor (FL)
Castro (TX)
Chavez-DeRemer
Cherfilus-
McCormick
Chu
Clark (MA)
Clarke (NY)
Cleaver
Clyburn
Cohen
Connolly
Costa
Courtney
Craig
Crockett
Crow
Cuellar
Davids (KS)
Davis (IL)
Davis (NC)
Dean (PA)
DeGette
DeLauro
DeBene
Deluzio
DeSaulnier
Dingell
Doggett
Escobar
Espallat
Evans
Fitzpatrick
Fletcher
Foster
Foushee
Frankel, Lois
Frost
Gallego
Garamendi
Garcia (IL)
Garcia (TX)
Garcia, Robert

Correa
Golden (ME)
Jackson Lee
Kelly (PA)
Lesko

Timmons
Turner
Valadao
Van Drew
Van Dyne
Van Orden
Wagner
Walberg
Weber (TX)
Webster (FL)

NOES—213

Goldman (NY)
Gomez
Gonzalez,
Vicente
Gottheimer
Green, Al (TX)
Grijalva
Harder (CA)
Hayes
Higgins (NY)
Himes
Horsford
Houlahan
Hoyer
Hoyle (OR)
Huffman
Ivey
Jackson (IL)
Jackson (NC)
Jacobs
Jayapal
Jeffries
Johnson (GA)
Kamlager-Dove
Kaptur
Keating
Kelly (IL)
Khanna
Kildee
Kilmer
Kim (NJ)
Krishnamoorthi
Kuster
LaLota
Landsman
Larsen (WA)
Larson (CT)
Lee (CA)
Lee (NV)
Lee (PA)
Leger Fernandez
Levin
Lieu
Lofgren
Lynch
Magaziner
Manning
Matsui
McBath
McClellan
McCollum
McGarvey
McGovern
Meeks
Menendez
Meng
Mfume
Molinaro
Moore (WI)
Morelle
Moskowitz
Moulton
Mrvan
Mullin
Nadler
Napolitano
Neal
Neguse
Nickel
Norcross
Norton
Ocasio-Cortez

NOT VOTING—13

Miller (OH)
Moylan
Phillips
Pingree
Rodgers (WA)

Wenstrup
Westerman
Williams (NY)
Williams (TX)
Wilson (SC)
Wittman
Womack
Yakym
Zinke

Omar
Pallone
Panetta
Pappas
Pascrell
Payne
Pelosi
Peltola
Perez
Peters
Pettersen
Plaskett
Pocan
Porter
Pressley
Quigley
Ramirez
Raskin
Ross
Ruiz
Ruppersberger
Ryan
Sablan
Salinas
Sanchez
Sarbanes
Scanlon
Schakowsky
Schiff
Schneider
Scholten
Schrier
Scott (VA)
Scott, David
Sewell
Sherman
Sherrill
Slotkin
Smith (WA)
Sorensen
Soto
Spanberger
Stansbury
Stanton
Stevens
Strickland
Sykes
Takano
Thanedar
Thompson (CA)
Thompson (MS)
Titus
Tlaib
Tokuda
Tonko
Torres (CA)
Torres (NY)
Trahan
Trone
Underwood
Vargas
Vasquez
Veasey
Velazquez
Wasserman
Schultz
Waters
Watson Coleman
Wexton
Wild
Williams (GA)
Wilson (FL)

□ 1207

Mr. CISCOMANI changed his vote from “no” to “aye.”

So the amendment was rejected.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

AMENDMENT NO. 15 OFFERED BY MR. GRIFFITH

The Acting CHAIR. The unfinished business is the demand for a recorded vote on amendment No. 15, printed in part B of House Report 118-242 offered by the gentleman from Virginia (Mr. GRIFFITH), on which further proceedings were postponed and on which the noes prevailed by voice vote.

The Clerk will redesignate the amendment.

The Clerk redesignated the amendment.

RECORDED VOTE

The Acting CHAIR. A recorded vote has been demanded.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The Acting CHAIR. This will be a 2-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—ayes 161, noes 257, not voting 20, as follows:

[Roll No. 532]

AYES—161

Aderholt	Gonzales, Tony	Mooney
Alford	Good (VA)	Moore (AL)
Allen	Gooden (TX)	Moran
Armstrong	Gosar	Murphy
Arrington	Graves (LA)	Nehls
Babin	Green (TN)	Norman
Balderson	Greene (GA)	Oberholte
Banks	Griffith	Ogles
Barr	Grothman	Owens
Bean (FL)	Guest	Palmer
Bentz	Guthrie	Pence
Biggs	Hageman	Perry
Bilirakis	Harris	Pfleger
Bishop (NC)	Harshbarger	Posey
Boebert	Hern	Reschenthaler
Bost	Hill	Rogers (AL)
Brecheen	Houchin	Rogers (KY)
Buck	Hudson	Rose
Bucshon	Huizenga	Rosendale
Burchett	Hunt	Roy
Burgess	Issa	Salazar
Burlison	Jackson (TX)	Scalise
Cammack	Johnson (OH)	Schweikert
Carey	Johnson (SD)	Self
Carl	Jordan	Sessions
Carter (GA)	Joyce (PA)	Smith (MO)
Carter (TX)	Kelly (MS)	Smucker
Ciscomani	Kustoff	Spartz
Cline	Clyde	Stauber
Cloud	Cole	Steel
Clyde	Collins	Stefanik
Cole	Comer	Steube
Collins	Crane	Strong
Comer	Crawford	Tenney
Crane	Davidson	Thompson (PA)
Crawford	De La Cruz	Tiffany
Crenshaw	Duarte	Timmons
Curtis	Duncan	Van Drew
D'Esposito	Edwards	Van Dyne
Davidson	Ellzey	Van Orden
De La Cruz	Emmer	Walberg
DesJarlais	Estes	Weber (TX)
Diaz-Balart	Ezell	Webster (FL)
Donalds	Fallon	Wenstrup
Duarte	Ferguson	Westerman
Duncan	Finstad	Williams (NY)
Dunn (FL)	Fischbach	Williams (TX)
Edwards	Fitzgerald	Wilson (SC)
Ellzey	Franklin, Scott	Wittman
Emmer	Fry	Womack
Estes	Fulcher	Yakym
Ezell	Gaetz	Zinke
Fallon	Gallagher	
Feenstra	Gimenez	

NOES—257

Adams	Amodei	Baird
Aguilar	Auchincloss	Balint
Allred	Bacon	Barragan

The Acting CHAIR (during the vote).
There is 1 minute remaining.

Beatty
Bera
Bergman
Beyer
Bice
Bishop (GA)
Blumenauer
Blunt Rochester
Bonamici
Bowman
Boyle (PA)
Brown
Brownley
Buchanan
Budzinski
Bush
Calvert
Caraveo
Carbajal
Cárdenas
Carson
Carter (LA)
Carter (TX)
Cartwright
Casar
Case
Casten
Castor (FL)
Castro (TX)
Chavez-DeRemer
Cherfilus-
McCormick
Chu
Ciscomani
Clark (MA)
Clarke (NY)
Cleave
Clyburn
Cohen
Connolly
Costa
Courtney
Craig
Crockett
Crow
Cuellar
Curtis
D'Esposito
Davids (KS)
Davis (IL)
Davis (NC)
Dean (PA)
DeGette
DeLauro
DelBene
Deluzio
DeSaulnier
DesJarlais
Diaz-Balart
Dingell
Doggett
Dunn (FL)
Escobar
Eshoo
Espallat
Evans
Feenstra
Fitzpatrick
Fleischmann
Fletcher
Flood
Foster
Foushee
Foxy
Frankel, Lois
Frost
Gallego
Garamendi
Garbarino
Garcia (IL)
Garcia (TX)
Garcia, Mike
Garcia, Robert
Goldman (NY)

NOT VOTING—20

Correa
Crenshaw
Donalds
Golden (ME)
González-Colón
Higgins (LA)
Jackson Lee

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE ACTING CHAIR

The Acting CHAIR (during the vote).
There is 1 minute remaining.

Norcross
Norton
Nunn (IA)
Ocasio-Cortez
Omar
Pallone
Panetta
Pappas
Pascarell
Payne
Pelosi
Peltola
Perez
Peters
Pettersen
Plaskett
Pocan
Porter
Pressley
Quigley
Ramirez
Raskin
Ross
Ruiz
Ruppersberger
Rutherford
Ryan
Sablan
Salinas
Sánchez
Sarbanes
Scanlon
Schiff
Schneider
Scholten
Schrier
Scott (VA)
Scott, Austin
Scott, David
Sewell
Sherman
Sherrill
Simpson
Slotkin
Smith (NE)
Smith (NJ)
Smith (WA)
Sorensen
Soto
Spanberger
Stansbury
Stanton
Stevens
Strickland
Sykes
Takano
Thanedar
Thompson (CA)
Thompson (MS)
Titus
Tlaib
Tokuda
Tonko
Torres (CA)
Torres (NY)
Trahan
Trone
Turner
Underwood
Valadao
Vargas
Vasquez
Veasey
Velázquez
Wagner
Wasserman
Schultz
Waters
Watson Coleman
Wexton
Wild
Williams (GA)
Wilson (FL)

□ 1210
So the amendment was rejected.
The result of the vote was announced
as above recorded.

PERSONAL EXPLANATION

Mrs. RODGERS of Washington. Mr. Chair, I was absent from votes on the floor earlier today. Had I been present, I would have voted “no” on rollcall No. 530, “aye” on rollcall No. 531, and “aye” on rollcall No. 532.

AMENDMENT NO. 16 OFFERED BY MR. ROY

The Acting CHAIR. The unfinished business is the demand for a recorded vote on amendment No. 16, printed in part B of House Report 118-242 offered by the gentleman from Texas (Mr. Roy), on which further proceedings were postponed and on which the noes prevailed by voice vote.

The Clerk will redesignate the amendment.

The Clerk redesignated the amendment.

RECORDED VOTE

The Acting CHAIR. A recorded vote has been demanded.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The Acting CHAIR. This will be a 2-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—ayes 137, noes 287, not voting 14, as follows:

[Roll No. 533]

AYES—137

Alford
Allen
Armstrong
Arrington
Babin
Balderson
Banks
Barr
Bean (FL)
Bentz
Biggs
Bilirakis
Bishop (NC)
Boebert
Bost
Brecheen
Buck
Burchett
Burgess
Cammack
Carey
Carl
Cline
Cloud
Clyde
Collins
Comer
Crane
Crawford
D'Esposito
Davidson
De La Cruz
DesJarlais
Donalds
Duarte
Duncan
Edwards
Elizay
Emmer
Ezell
Fallon
Ferguson
Finstad
Fischbach
Fitzgerald
Foxy

NOES—287

Adams
Aguilar
Allred
Amodei
Auchincloss
Bacon
Baird
Balint
Barragán
Beatty
Miller (WV)
Mills
Mooney
Moore (AL)
Moran
Murphy
Nehls
Norman
Ogles
Owens
Palmer
Pence
Perry
Pfluger
Posey
Reschenthaler
Rodgers (WA)
Rogers (AL)
Rogers (KY)
Rose
Rosendale
Rouzer
Roy
Scalise
Schweikert
Self
Sessions
Smith (MO)
Spartz
Staubert
Stefanik
Steube
Strong
Tiffany
Timmmons
Van Drew
Van Duyne
Walberg
Weber (TX)
Webster (FL)
Wenstrup
Westerman
Williams (TX)
Wilson (SC)
Wittman

Blumenauer
Blunt Rochester
Bonamici
Bowman
Boyle (PA)
Brown
Brownley
Buchanan
Bucshon
Budzinski
Burlison
Bush
Calvert
Caraveo
Carbajal
Cárdenas
Carson
Carter (GA)
Carter (LA)
Carter (TX)
Cartwright
Casar
Case
Casten
Castor (FL)
Castro (TX)
Chavez-DeRemer
Cherfilus-
McCormick
Chu
Ciscomani
Clark (MA)
Clarke (NY)
Cleave
Clyburn
Cohen
Cole
Connolly
Costa
Courtney
Craig
Crenshaw
Crockett
Crow
Cuellar
Curtis
Davids (KS)
Davis (IL)
Davis (NC)
Dean (PA)
DeGette
DeLauro
DelBene
Deluzio
DeSaulnier
Diaz-Balart
Dingell
Doggett
Dunn (FL)
Escobar
Eshoo
Espallat
Estes
Evans
Feenstra
Fitzpatrick
Fleischmann
Fletcher
Flood
Foster
Foushee
Frankel, Lois
Frost
Gallego
Garamendi
Garbarino
Garcia (IL)
Garcia (TX)
Garcia, Mike
Garcia, Robert
Gimenez
Goldman (NY)
Gomez
Gonzales, Tony
Gonzalez,
Vicente
González-Colón
Gottheimer
Granger
Graves (LA)
Green, Al (TX)
Griffith
Grijalva
Harder (CA)
Hayes
Higgins (NY)
Himes
Hinson
Horsford
Houlahan
Hoyer
Hoyle (OR)
Huffman
Issa
Ivey
Jackson (IL)
Jackson (NC)
Jacobs
James
Jayapal
Jeffries
Johnson (GA)
Joyce (OH)
Kamlager-Dove
Kaptur
Kean (NJ)
Keating
Kelly (IL)
Khanna
Kiggans (VA)
Kildee
Kiley
Kilmer
Kim (CA)
Kim (NJ)
Krishnamoorthi
Kuster
LaLota
Landsman
Larsen (WA)
Larson (CT)
LaTurner
Lawler
Lee (CA)
Lee (FL)
Lee (NV)
Lee (PA)
Leger Fernandez
Levin
Lieu
Lofgren
Lucas
Luetkemeyer
Lynch
Mace
Magaziner
Malliotakis
Mann
Manning
Mast
Matsui
McBath
McClellan
McColum
McGarvey
McGovern
McHenry
Meeks
Menendez
Meng
Mfume
Miller-Meeks
Molinaro
Moore (UT)
Moore (WI)
Morelle
Moskowitz
Moulton
Mrvan
Mullin
Nadler
Napolitano
Neal
Neguse
Newhouse
Nickel
Ocasio-Cortez
Omar
Pallone
Panetta
Pappas
Pascarell
Payne
Pelosi
Peltola
Perez
Peters
Pettersen
Plaskett
Pocan
Porter
Pressley
Quigley
Radewagen
Ramirez
Raskin
Ross
Ruiz
Ruppersberger
Rutherford
Ryan
Sablan
Salazar
Salinas
Sánchez
Sarbanes
Scanlon
Schakowsky
Schiff
Schneider
Scholten
Schrier
Scott (VA)
Scott, Austin
Scott, David
Sewell
Sherman
Sherrill
Simpson
Slotkin
Smith (NE)
Smith (WA)
Smucker
Sorensen
Soto
Spanberger
Stansbury
Stanton
Steel
Steil
Stevens
Strickland
Sykes
Takano
Tenney
Thanedar
Thompson (CA)
Thompson (MS)
Thompson (PA)
Titus
Tlaib
Tokuda
Tonko
Torres (CA)
Torres (NY)
Trahan
Trone
Turner
Underwood
Valadao
Van Orden
Vargas
Vasquez
Veasey
Velázquez
Wagner
Wasserman
Schultz
Waters
Watson Coleman
Wexton
Wild
Williams (GA)
Williams (NY)
Wilson (FL)
Womack
Yakym
Zinke

NOT VOTING—14

Aderholt
Correa
Golden (ME)
Jackson Lee
Kelly (PA)
Lesko
Miller (OH)
Moylan
Phillips
Pingree
Santos
Smith (NJ)
Swellwell
Waltz

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE ACTING CHAIR

The Acting CHAIR (during the vote).
There is 1 minute remaining.

□ 1213

So the amendment was rejected.

The result of the vote was announced
as above recorded.

AMENDMENT NO. 19 OFFERED BY MR. PERRY

The Acting CHAIR. The unfinished
business is the demand for a recorded
vote on amendment No. 19, printed in
part B of House Report 118–242 offered
by the gentleman from Pennsylvania
(Mr. PERRY), on which further pro-
ceedings were postponed and on which
the noes prevailed by voice vote.

The Clerk will redesignate the
amendment.

The Clerk redesignated the amend-
ment.

RECORDED VOTE

The Acting CHAIR. A recorded vote
has been demanded.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The Acting CHAIR. This will be a 2-
minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic de-
vice, and there were—ayes 135, noes 284,
not voting 19, as follows:

[Roll No. 534]

AYES—135

Alford	Gaetz	Miller (WV)
Allen	Gonzales, Tony	Mills
Arrington	Good (VA)	Mooney
Babin	Gooden (TX)	Moore (AL)
Balderson	Gosar	Moran
Banks	Green (TN)	Murphy
Barr	Greene (GA)	Nehls
Bean (FL)	Griffith	Norman
Biggs	Grothman	Ogles
Bilirakis	Guest	Owens
Bishop (NC)	Guthrie	Palmer
Boebert	Hageman	Pence
Bost	Harris	Perry
Brecheen	Harshbarger	Pfluger
Buck	Hern	Posey
Burchett	Higgins (LA)	Reschenthaler
Burgess	Hill	Rogers (KY)
Burlison	Houchin	Rose
Cammack	Hudson	Rosendale
Carey	Huizenga	Rouzer
Carl	Hunt	Roy
Cline	Jackson (TX)	Scalise
Cloud	Johnson (OH)	Schweikert
Clyde	Johnson (SD)	Self
Collins	Jordan	Sessions
Comer	Joyce (PA)	Smith (MO)
Crane	Kelly (MS)	Smith (NJ)
Crawford	Kustoff	Smucker
Davidson	LaHood	Spartz
De La Cruz	LaMalfa	Stauber
DesJarlais	Lamborn	Stefanik
Donalds	Langworthy	Steube
Duncan	Latta	Strong
Ellzey	Lucas	Tenney
Emmer	Luna	Thompson (PA)
Ezell	Luttrell	Tiffany
Fallon	Mace	Timmons
Ferguson	Malliotakis	Van Drew
Finstad	Massie	Van Duyne
Fischbach	McCarthy	Walberg
Fitzgerald	McClain	Weber (TX)
Foxx	McClintock	Webster (FL)
Franklin, Scott	McCormick	Williams (TX)
Fry	Meuser	Wilson (SC)
Fulcher	Miller (IL)	Wittman

NOES—284

Adams	Barragán	Bowman
Aderholt	Beatty	Boyle (PA)
Aguilar	Bentz	Brown
Allred	Bergman	Brownley
Amodei	Beyer	Buchanan
Armstrong	Bice	Bucshon
Auchincloss	Bishop (GA)	Budzinski
Bacon	Blumenauer	Bush
Baird	Blunt Rochester	Calvert
Balint	Bonamici	Caraveo

Carbajal	Houlahan	Payne
Cárdenas	Hoyer	Pelosi
Carson	Hoyle (OR)	Peltola
Carter (GA)	Huffman	Perez
Carter (LA)	Issa	Peters
Carter (TX)	Ivey	Pettersen
Cartwright	Jackson (IL)	Plaskett
Casar	Jackson (NC)	Pocan
Case	Jacobs	Porter
Casten	James	Pressley
Castro (TX)	Jayapal	Quigley
Chavez-DeRemer	Jeffries	Radewagen
Cherfilus-	Johnson (GA)	Ramirez
McCormick	Joyce (OH)	Raskin
Chu	Kamlager-Dove	Rodgers (WA)
Ciscomani	Kaptur	Rogers (AL)
Clark (MA)	Kean (NJ)	Ross
Clarke (NY)	Keating	Ruiz
Cleaver	Kelly (IL)	Ruppersberger
Clyburn	Khanna	Rutherford
Cohen	Kiggans (VA)	Ryan
Cole	Kildee	Sablan
Connolly	Kiley	Salazar
Costa	Kilmer	Salinas
Courtney	Kim (CA)	Sánchez
Craig	Kim (NJ)	Scanlon
Crenshaw	Krishnamoorthi	Schakowsky
Crockett	Kuster	Schiff
Crow	LaLota	Schneider
Cuellar	Landsman	Scholten
Curtis	Larsen (WA)	Schrier
D'Esposito	Larson (CT)	Scott (VA)
Daids (KS)	LaTurner	Scott, Austin
Davis (IL)	Lawler	Scott, David
Davis (NC)	Lee (CA)	Sherman
Dean (PA)	Lee (FL)	Sherrill
DeGette	Lee (PA)	Simpson
DeLauro	Leger Fernandez	Simpson
DelBene	Letlow	Slotkin
Deluzio	Levin	Smith (NE)
DeSaulnier	Lieu	Smith (WA)
Diaz-Balart	Lofgren	Sorensen
Dingell	Luetkemeyer	Soto
Doggett	Lynch	Spanberger
Duarte	Magaziner	Stansbury
Dunn (FL)	Mann	Stanton
Edwards	Manning	Steel
Escobar	Mast	Steil
Eshoo	Matsui	Stevens
Espallat	McBath	Strickland
Estes	McCauley	Sykes
Evans	McClellan	Takano
Feenstra	McCollum	Thanedar
Fitzpatrick	McGovern	Thompson (CA)
Fleischmann	McGovern	Thompson (MS)
Fletcher	McHenry	Titus
Flood	Meeke	Tlaib
Foster	Menendez	Tokuda
Foushee	Meng	Tonko
Frankel, Lois	Mfume	Torres (CA)
Frost	Miller-Meeks	Torres (NY)
Gallagher	Molinaro	Trahan
Galleo	Moolenaar	Trone
Garamendi	Moore (UT)	Turner
Garbarino	Moore (WI)	Underwood
Garcia (IL)	Morelle	Valadao
Garcia (TX)	Moskowitz	Van Orden
Garcia, Mike	Moulton	Vargas
Garcia, Robert	Mrvan	Vasquez
Gimenez	Mullin	Veasey
Goldman (NY)	Nader	Velázquez
Gomez	Napolitano	Wagner
Gonzalez,	Neal	Wasserman
Vicente	Neguse	Schultz
González-Colón	Newhouse	Waters
Gottheimer	Nickel	Watson Coleman
Granger	Norcross	Wenstrup
Graves (LA)	Norton	Westerman
Graves (MO)	Nunn (IA)	Wexton
Green, Al (TX)	Oberholte	Wild
Grijalva	Ocasio-Cortez	Williams (GA)
Harder (CA)	Omar	Williams (NY)
Hayes	Pallone	Wilson (FL)
Higgins (NY)	Panetta	Womack
Himes	Pappas	Yakym
Hinson	Pascrell	Zinke

NOT VOTING—19

Bera	Lee (NV)	Santos
Castor (FL)	Lesko	Sarbanes
Correa	Loudermilk	Sewell
Golden (ME)	Miller (OH)	Swalwell
Horsford	Moylan	Waltz
Jackson Lee	Phillips	
Kelly (PA)	Pingree	

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE ACTING CHAIR

The Acting CHAIR (during the vote).
There is 1 minute remaining.

□ 1217

So the amendment was rejected.

The result of the vote was announced
as above recorded.

Stated against:

Mr. BERA. Mr. Chair, I missed one vote
today. Had I been present, I would have voted
“no” on rollcall No. 534.

AMENDMENT NO. 20 OFFERED BY MR. NORMAN

The Acting CHAIR. The unfinished
business is the demand for a recorded
vote on amendment No. 20, printed in
part B of House Report 118–242 offered
by the gentleman from South Carolina
(Mr. NORMAN), on which further pro-
ceedings were postponed and on which
the noes prevailed by voice vote.

The Clerk will redesignate the
amendment.

The Clerk redesignated the amend-
ment.

RECORDED VOTE

The Acting CHAIR. A recorded vote
has been demanded.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The Acting CHAIR. This will be a 2-
minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic de-
vice, and there were—ayes 105, noes 319,
not voting 14, as follows:

[Roll No. 535]

AYES—105

Alford	Fulcher	McClintock
Allen	Gaetz	Miller (IL)
Banks	Good (VA)	Miller (WV)
Bean (FL)	Gooden (TX)	Mills
Biggs	Gosar	Mooney
Bilirakis	Green (TN)	Moore (AL)
Bishop (NC)	Greene (GA)	Moran
Boebert	Griffith	Nehls
Bost	Grothman	Norman
Brecheen	Guest	Ogles
Buck	Hageman	Owens
Burchett	Harris	Palmer
Burlison	Harshbarger	Perry
Cammack	Hern	Posey
Carey	Higgins (LA)	Rodgers (WA)
Carl	Houchin	Rose
Cline	Hudson	Rosendale
Cloud	Hunt	Rouzer
Clyde	Issa	Roy
Collins	Jackson (TX)	Scalise
Comer	Johnson (OH)	Schweikert
Crane	Johnson (SD)	Self
Davidson	Jordan	Sessions
De La Cruz	Kelly (MS)	Stauber
DesJarlais	Kustoff	Steube
Donalds	LaMalfa	Strong
Duncan	Langworthy	Tiffany
Ellzey	Loudermilk	Timmons
Estes	Luna	Van Drew
Ezell	Luttrell	Webster (FL)
Fallon	Mace	Westerman
Ferguson	Mann	Williams (TX)
Fischbach	Massie	Wilson (SC)
Foxx	Mast	Wittman
Fry	McClain	Yakym

NOES—319

Adams	Beyer	Carson
Aderholt	Bice	Carter (GA)
Aguilar	Bishop (GA)	Carter (LA)
Allred	Blumenauer	Carter (TX)
Amodei	Blunt Rochester	Cartwright
Armstrong	Bonamici	Casas
Arrington	Bowman	Case
Auchincloss	Boyle (PA)	Casten
Babin	Brown	Castor (FL)
Bacon	Brownley	Castro (TX)
Baird	Buchanan	Chavez-DeRemer
Balderson	Bucshon	Cherfilus-
Balint	Budzinski	McCormick
Barr	Burgess	Chu
Barragán	Bush	Ciscomani
Beatty	Calvert	Clark (MA)
Bentz	Caraveo	Clarke (NY)
Bera	Carbajal	Cleaver
Bergman	Cárdenas	Clyburn

Cohen
Cole
Connolly
Costa
Courtney
Craig
Crawford
Crockett
Crow
Cuellar
Curtis
D'Esposito
Davids (KS)
Davis (IL)
Davis (NC)
Dean (PA)
DeGette
DeLauro
DeBene
Deluzio
DeSaulnier
Diaz-Balart
Dingell
Doggett
Duarte
Dunn (FL)
Edwards
Emmer
Escobar
Eshoo
Espallat
Evans
Feenstra
Finstad
Fitzgerald
Fitzpatrick
Fleischmann
Fletcher
Flood
Foster
Foushee
Frankel, Lois
Franklin, Scott
Frost
Gallagher
Gallego
Garamendi
Garbarino
Garcia (IL)
Garcia (TX)
Garcia, Mike
Garcia, Robert
Gimenez
Goldman (NY)
Gomez
Gonzales, Tony
Gonzalez, Vicente
González-Colón
Gottheimer
Granger
Graves (LA)
Graves (MO)
Green, Al (TX)
Grijalva
Guthrie
Harder (CA)
Hayes
Higgins (NY)
Hill
Himes
Hinson
Horsford
Houlahan
Hoyer
Hoyle (OR)
Huffman
Huizenga
Ivey
Jackson (IL)
Jackson (NC)
Jacobs
James
Jayapal
Jeffries
Johnson (GA)
Joyce (OH)
Joyce (PA)
Kamlager-Dove

Kaptur
Kean (NJ)
Keating
Kelly (IL)
Khanna
Kiggans (VA)
Kildee
Kiley
Kilmer
Kim (CA)
Kim (NJ)
Krishnamoorthi
Kuster
LaHood
LaLota
Lamborn
Landsman
Larsen (WA)
Larson (CT)
Latta
LaTurner
Lawler
Lee (CA)
Lee (FL)
Lee (NV)
Lee (PA)
Leger Fernandez
Letlow
Levin
Lieu
Lofgren
Lucas
Luetkemeyer
Lynch
Magaziner
Malliotakis
Manning
Matsui
McBath
McCarthy
McCaul
McClellan
McCollum
McCormick
McGarvey
McGovern
McHenry
Meeks
Menendez
Meng
Meuser
Mfume
Miller-Meeks
Molinaro
Moolenaar
Moore (UT)
Moore (WI)
Morelle
Moskowitz
Moulton
Mrvan
Mullin
Murphy
Nadler
Napolitano
Neal
Neguse
Newhouse
Nickel
Norcross
Norton
Nunn (IA)
Obenrolte
Ocasio-Cortez
Omar
Pallone
Panetta
Pappas
Pascrell
Payne
Pelosi
Peltola
Pence
Perez
Peters
Pettersen
Pluger
Plaskett
Pocan

Porter
Pressley
Quigley
Radewagen
Ramirez
Raskin
Reschenthaler
Rogers (AL)
Rogers (KY)
Ross
Ruiz
Ruppersberger
Rutherford
Ryan
Sablan
Salazar
Salinas
Sánchez
Sarbanes
Scanlon
Schakowsky
Schiff
Schneider
Scholten
Schrier
Scott (VA)
Scott, Austin
Scott, David
Sewell
Sherman
Sherrill
Simpson
Slotkin
Smith (MO)
Smith (NE)
Smith (NJ)
Smith (WA)
Smucker
Sorensen
Soto
Spanberger
Stansbury
Stanton
Steel
Stefanik
Steil
Stevens
Strickland
Sykes
Takano
Tenney
Thanedar
Thompson (CA)
Thompson (MS)
Thompson (PA)
Titus
Tlaib
Tokuda
Tonko
Torres (CA)
Torres (NY)
Torres (PA)
Trahan
Trone
Turner
Underwood
Valadao
Van Duyn
Van Orden
Vargas
Vasquez
Veasey
Velázquez
Wagner
Walberg
Wasserman
Schultz
Watson Coleman
Weber (TX)
Wenstrup
Wexton
Wild
Williams (GA)
Williams (NY)
Wilson (FL)
Womack
Zinke

NOT VOTING—14

Correa
Crenshaw
Golden (ME)
Jackson Lee
Kelly (PA)

Lesko
Miller (OH)
Moylan
Phillips
Pingree

Santos
Spartz
Swalwell
Waltz

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE ACTING CHAIR
The Acting CHAIR (during the vote).
There is 1 minute remaining.

□ 1220

Mr. GUTHRIE changed his vote from
“aye” to “no.”

So the amendment was rejected.

The result of the vote was announced
as above recorded.

AMENDMENT NO. 25 OFFERED BY MR. PERRY

The Acting CHAIR. The unfinished
business is the demand for a recorded
vote on amendment No. 25, printed in
part B of House Report 118-242 offered
by the gentleman from Pennsylvania
(Mr. PERRY), on which further pro-
ceedings were postponed and on which
the noes prevailed by voice vote.

The Clerk will redesignate the
amendment.

The Clerk redesignated the amend-
ment.

RECORDED VOTE

The Acting CHAIR. A recorded vote
has been demanded.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The Acting CHAIR. This will be a 2-
minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic de-
vice, and there were—ayes 115, noes 306,
not voting 17, as follows:

[Roll No. 536]

AYES—115

Alford
Allen
Arrington
Babin
Babin
Banks
Bean (FL)
Biggs
Bilirakis
Bishop (NC)
Boebert
Bost
Brecheen
Buchanan
Buck
Burchett
Burgess
Burlison
Cammack
Carter (GA)
Cline
Cloud
Clyde
Comer
Crane
Crawford
Davidson
De La Cruz
Donalds
Duncan
Dunn (FL)
Ellzey
Emmer
Estes
Fallon
Feenstra
Ferguson
Finstad
Fischbach
Fitzgerald

Foxx
Franklin, Scott
Fulcher
Gaetz
Gallagher
Good (VA)
Gooden (TX)
Gosar
Green (TN)
Greene (GA)
Hageman
Harris
Hern
Higgins (LA)
Hill
Houchin
Hudson
Huizenga
Hunt
Issa
Jackson (TX)
Johnson (SD)
Jordan
LaHood
LaMalfa
Lamborn
Loudermilk
Luna
Mace
Mann
Massie
Mast
McCarthy
McClintock
McCormick
Miller (IL)
Mills
Mooney
Moore (AL)

Moore (UT)
Moran
Murphy
Nehls
Norman
Nunn (IA)
Ogles
Owens
Palmer
Perry
Pfluger
Posey
Rodgers (WA)
Rosendale
Rouzer
Roy
Rutherford
Salazar
Scalise
Schweikert
Self
Sessions
Spartz
Steil
Steube
Tiffany
Timmons
Van Drew
Van Duyn
Weber (TX)
Webster (FL)
Westerman
Williams (TX)
Wilson (SC)
Wittman
Yakym
Zinke

NOES—306

Adams
Aderholt
Aguilar
Allred
Amodei
Armstrong
Auchincloss
Bacon
Baird
Balderson
Balint
Bowman
Boyle (PA)
Brown

Beatty
Bentz
Bera
Bergman
Beyer
Bice
Bishop (GA)
Blumenauer
Blunt Rochester
Bonamici
Bowman
Boyle (PA)
Brown

Casar
Case
Casten
Castor (FL)
Castro (TX)
Chavez-DeRemer
Cherfilus-
McCormick
Chu
Ciscomani
Clark (MA)
Clarke (NY)
Cleaver
Clyburn
Cohen
Cole
Collins
Connolly
Costa
Courtney
Craig
Crenshaw
Crockett
Crow
Cuellar
Curtis
D'Esposito
Davids (KS)
Davis (IL)
Davis (NC)
Dean (PA)
DeGette
DeLauro
DeBene
Deluzio
DeSaulnier
DesJarlais
Diaz-Balart
Dingell
Doggett
Duarte
Edwards
Escobar
Eshoo
Espallat
Evans
Ezell
Fitzpatrick
Fleischmann
Fletcher
Flood
Foster
Foushee
Frankel, Lois
Frost
Fry
Gallego
Garamendi
Garbarino
Garcia (IL)
Garcia (TX)
Garcia, Mike
Garcia, Robert
Gimenez
Goldman (NY)
Gomez
Gonzales, Tony
Gonzalez, Vicente
González-Colón
Gottheimer
Granger
Graves (LA)
Graves (MO)
Green, Al (TX)
Grijalva
Griffith
Guthrie
Harder (CA)
Harshbarger
Hayes
Higgins (NY)
Himes
Hinson
Horsford
Houlahan
Hoyer
Hoyle (OR)
Huffman

Ivey
Jackson (IL)
Jackson (NC)
Jacobs
James
Jayapal
Jeffries
Johnson (GA)
Johnson (OH)
Joyce (OH)
Joyce (PA)
Kamlager-Dove
Kaptur
Kean (NJ)
Keating
Kelly (IL)
Kelly (MS)
Khanna
Kiggans (VA)
Kildee
Kiley
Kilmer
Kim (CA)
Kim (NJ)
Kishnamoorthi
Kuster
Kustoff
LaLota
Landsman
Langworthy
Larsen (WA)
Larson (CT)
Latta
LaTurner
Lawler
Lee (CA)
Lee (FL)
Lee (NV)
Lee (PA)
Leger Fernandez
Letlow
Levin
Lieu
Lofgren
Lucas
Luetkemeyer
Luttrell
Lynch
Magaziner
Malliotakis
Manning
Matsui
McBath
McCaul
McClain
McClellan
McCollum
McGarvey
McGovern
Meeks
Menendez
Meng
Meuser
Mfume
Miller-Meeks
Molinaro
Moolenaar
Moore (WI)
Morelle
Moskowitz
Moulton
Mrvan
Mullin
Nadler
Napolitano
Neal
Neguse
Newhouse
Nickel
Norcross
Norton
Obenrolte
Ocasio-Cortez
Omar
Pallone
Panetta
Pappas
Pascrell
Payne

Pelosi
Peltola
Pence
Perez
Peters
Pettersen
Plaskett
Pocan
Porter
Pressley
Quigley
Radewagen
Ramirez
Raskin
Reschenthaler
Rogers (KY)
Rose
Ross
Ruiz
Ruppersberger
Ryan
Sablan
Salinas
Sánchez
Sarbanes
Scanlon
Schakowsky
Schiff
Schneider
Scholten
Schrier
Scott (VA)
Scott, Austin
Scott, David
Sewell
Sherman
Sherrill
Simpson
Slotkin
Smith (MO)
Smith (NE)
Smith (NJ)
Smith (WA)
Smucker
Sorensen
Soto
Spanberger
Stansbury
Stanton
Stauber
Steel
Stefanik
Stevens
Strickland
Strong
Sykes
Takano
Tenney
Thanedar
Thompson (CA)
Thompson (MS)
Thompson (PA)
Titus
Tlaib
Tokuda
Tonko
Torres (CA)
Torres (NY)
Trahan
Trone
Underwood
Valadao
Van Orden
Vargas
Vasquez
Veasey
Velázquez
Wagner
Walberg
Wasserman
Schultz
Watson Coleman
Wenstrup
Wexton
Wild
Williams (GA)
Williams (NY)
Wilson (FL)
Womack

NOT VOTING—17

Calvert
Correa
Golden (ME)
Grothman
Jackson Lee
Kelly (PA)

Lesko
McHenry
Miller (OH)
Moylan
Phillips
Pingree

Rogers (AL)
Santos
Swalwell
Turner
Waltz

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE ACTING CHAIR

The Acting CHAIR (during the vote).
There is 1 minute remaining.

□ 1224

So the amendment was rejected.

The result of the vote was announced
as above recorded.

Stated for:

Mr. GROTHMAN. Mr. Chair, I was involved
in an important meeting. Had I been present,
I would have voted “aye” on rollcall No. 536.

AMENDMENT NO. 26 OFFERED BY MR. PERRY

The Acting CHAIR. The unfinished
business is the demand for a recorded
vote on amendment No. 26, printed in
part B of House Report 118–242 offered
by the gentleman from Pennsylvania
(Mr. PERRY), on which further pro-
ceedings were postponed and on which
the noes prevailed by voice vote.

The Clerk will redesignate the
amendment.

The Clerk redesignated the amend-
ment.

RECORDED VOTE

The Acting CHAIR. A recorded vote
has been demanded.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The Acting CHAIR. This will be a 2-
minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic de-
vice, and there were—ayes 123, noes 300,
not voting 15, as follows:

[Roll No. 537]

AYES—123

Alford	Franklin, Scott	Miller (WV)
Allen	Fulcher	Mills
Armstrong	Gaetz	Mooney
Babin	Gimenez	Moore (AL)
Banks	Good (VA)	Moore (UT)
Bean (FL)	Gooden (TX)	Moran
Bentz	Gosar	Murphy
Biggs	Green (TN)	Nehls
Billarakis	Greene (GA)	Norman
Bishop (NC)	Griffith	Nunn (IA)
Boebert	Grothman	Ogles
Bost	Hageman	Owens
Brecheen	Harris	Palmer
Buck	Harshbarger	Perry
Burchett	Hern	Pfuger
Burgess	Higgins (LA)	Posey
Burlison	Houchin	Rodgers (WA)
Cammack	Hudson	Rose
Carter (GA)	Huizenga	Rosendale
Cline	Hunt	Rouzer
Cloud	Issa	Roy
Clyde	Jackson (TX)	Rutherford
Collins	Johnson (SD)	Salazar
Comer	Jordan	Scalise
Crane	Joyce (PA)	Schweikert
Crenshaw	LaHood	Self
Davidson	LaMalfa	Sessions
De La Cruz	Lamborn	Smucker
DesJarlais	Lawler	Spartz
Donalds	Loudermilk	Steube
Duncan	Luna	Tiffany
Dunn (FL)	Luttrell	Timmons
Ellzey	Mace	Van Drew
Emmer	Mann	Van Duyne
Estes	Massie	Weber (TX)
Fallon	Mast	Webster (FL)
Feenstra	McCarthy	Williams (TX)
Ferguson	McClintock	Wilson (SC)
Finstad	McCormick	Wittman
Fitzgerald	Meuser	Yakym
Fox	Miller (IL)	Zinke

NOES—300

Adams	Balderson	Bishop (GA)
Aderholt	Balint	Blumenauer
Aguilar	Barr	Blunt Rochester
Allred	Barragán	Bonamici
Amodel	Beatty	Bowman
Arrington	Bera	Boyle (PA)
Auchincloss	Bergman	Brown
Bacon	Beyer	Brownley
Baird	Bice	Buchanan

Bucshon	Himes	Payne
Budzinski	Hinson	Pelosi
Bush	Horsford	Peltola
Calvert	Houlahan	Pence
Caraveo	Hoyer	Perez
Carbajal	Hoyle (OR)	Peters
Cárdenas	Huffman	Petterson
Carey	Ivey	Plaskett
Carl	Jackson (IL)	Pocan
Carson	Jackson (NC)	Porter
Carter (LA)	Jacobs	Pressley
Carter (TX)	James	Quigley
Cartwright	Jayapal	Radewagen
Case	Jeffries	Ramirez
Casten	Johnson (GA)	Raskin
Castor (FL)	Johnson (OH)	Reschenthaler
Castro (TX)	Joyce (OH)	Rogers (AL)
Chavez-DeRemer	Kamlager-Dove	Rogers (KY)
Cherfilus-	Kaptur	Ross
McCormick	Kean (NJ)	Ruiz
Chu	Keating	Ruppersberger
Ciscomani	Kelly (IL)	Ryan
Clark (MA)	Kelly (MS)	Sablan
Clarke (NY)	Khanna	Salinas
Cleaver	Kiggans (VA)	Sánchez
Clyburn	Kildee	Sarbanes
Cohen	Kiley	Scanlon
Cole	Kilmer	Schakowsky
Connolly	Kim (CA)	Schiff
Costa	Kim (NJ)	Schneider
Courtney	Krishnamoorthi	Scholten
Craig	Kuster	Schrier
Crawford	Kustoff	Scott (VA)
Crockett	LaLota	Scott, Austin
Crow	Landsman	Scott, David
Cuellar	Langworthy	Sewell
Curtis	Larsen (WA)	Sherman
D'Esposito	Larson (CT)	Sherrill
David (KS)	Latta	Simpson
Davis (IL)	LaTurner	Slotkin
Davis (NC)	Lee (CA)	Smith (MO)
Dean (PA)	Lee (FL)	Smith (NE)
DeGette	Lee (NV)	Smith (NJ)
DeLauro	Lee (PA)	Smith (WA)
DelBene	Leger Fernandez	Sorensen
Deluzio	Letlow	Stansbury
DeSaulnier	Levin	Spanberger
Diaz-Balart	Lieu	Stanton
Dingell	Lofgren	Staubert
Doggett	Lucas	Steel
Duarte	Luetkemeyer	Stefanik
Edwards	Lynch	Steil
Escobar	Magaziner	Stevens
Eshoo	Malliotakis	Strickland
Espallat	Manning	Strong
Evans	Matsui	Sykes
Ezell	McBath	Takano
Fitzpatrick	McCaul	Tenney
Fleischmann	McClain	Thanedar
Fletcher	McClellan	Thompson (CA)
Flood	McCollum	Thompson (MS)
Foster	McGarvey	Thompson (PA)
Foushee	McGovern	Titus
Frankel, Lois	McHenry	Tlaib
Frost	Meeks	Tokuda
Fry	Menendez	Torres (CA)
Gallagher	Meng	Torres (NY)
Gallego	Mfume	Trahan
Garamendi	Miller-Meeks	Trone
Garbarino	Molinaro	Underwood
Garcia (IL)	Moolenaar	Valadao
Garcia (TX)	Moore (WI)	Van Orden
Garcia, Mike	Morelle	Vargas
Garcia, Robert	Moskowitz	Vasquez
Goldman (NY)	Moulton	Veasey
Gomez	Mrvan	Velázquez
Gonzales, Tony	Mullin	Wagner
Gonzalez,	Nadler	Walberg
Vicente	Napolitano	Wasserman
González-Colón	Neal	Schultz
Gottheimer	Neguse	Waters
Granger	Newhouse	Watson Coleman
Graves (LA)	Nickel	Wenstrup
Graves (MO)	Norcross	Westerman
Green, Al (TX)	Norton	Wexton
Grijalva	Oberholte	Wild
Guest	Ocasio-Cortez	Williams (GA)
Guthrie	Omar	Williams (NY)
Harder (CA)	Pallone	Wilson (FL)
Hayes	Pappas	Womack
Higgins (NY)	Pascrell	
Hill		

NOT VOTING—15

Casas	Kelly (PA)
Correa	Lesko
Fischbach	Miller (OH)
Golden (ME)	Moylan
Jackson Lee	Phillips

Pingree
Santos
Swalwell
Turner
Waltz

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE ACTING CHAIR

The Acting CHAIR (during the vote).
There is 1 minute remaining.

□ 1227

So the amendment was rejected.

The result of the vote was announced
as above recorded.

AMENDMENT NO. 27 OFFERED BY MR. PERRY

The Acting CHAIR. The unfinished
business is the demand for a recorded
vote on amendment No. 27, printed in
part B of House Report 118–242 offered
by the gentleman from Pennsylvania
(Mr. PERRY), on which further pro-
ceedings were postponed and on which
the noes prevailed by voice vote.

The Clerk will redesignate the
amendment.

The Clerk redesignated the amend-
ment.

RECORDED VOTE

The Acting CHAIR. A recorded vote
has been demanded.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The Acting CHAIR. This will be a 2-
minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic de-
vice, and there were—ayes 137, noes 283,
not voting 18, as follows:

[Roll No. 538]

AYES—137

Alford	Franklin, Scott	Miller (IL)
Allen	Fry	Miller (WV)
Armstrong	Fulcher	Mills
Arrington	Gaetz	Mooney
Babin	Good (VA)	Moore (AL)
Banks	Gooden (TX)	Moran
Barr	Gosar	Murphy
Bean (FL)	Graves (MO)	Nehls
Bentz	Green (TN)	Norman
Biggs	Greene (GA)	Nunn (IA)
Billarakis	Griffith	Ogles
Bishop (NC)	Grothman	Owens
Boebert	Guthrie	Palmer
Bost	Hageman	Perry
Brecheen	Harris	Pfuger
Burchett	Harshbarger	Posey
Burgess	Hern	Rodgers (WA)
Burlison	Higgins (LA)	Rose
Cammack	Hill	Rosendale
Carter (GA)	Houchin	Rouzer
Cline	Hudson	Roy
Cloud	Huizenga	Rutherford
Collins	Hunt	Salazar
Comer	Issa	Scalise
Crane	Jackson (TX)	Schweikert
Crenshaw	Johnson (OH)	Self
Davidson	Johnson (SD)	Sessions
De La Cruz	Jordan	Smucker
DesJarlais	Joyce (PA)	Spartz
Donalds	Kelly (MS)	Steil
Duncan	Kustoff	Steube
Dunn (FL)	LaHood	Strong
Ellzey	Lamborn	Tiffany
Emmer	Lawler	Timmons
Estes	Loudermilk	Van Drew
Ezell	Luetkemeyer	Van Duyne
Fallon	Luna	Wagner
Feenstra	Luttrell	Weber (TX)
Ferguson	Mace	Webster (FL)
Finstad	Mann	Williams (TX)
Fischbach	Massie	Wilson (SC)
Fitzgerald	Mast	Wittman
Fox	McCarthy	Yakym
	McClintock	Zinke
	McCormick	
	Meuser	

NOES—283

Adams	Balint	Blunt Rochester
Aderholt	Barragán	Bonamici
Aguilar	Beatty	Bowman
Allred	Bera	Boyle (PA)
Amodel	Bergman	Brown
Auchincloss	Beyer	Brownley
Bacon	Bice	Buchanan
Baird	Bishop (GA)	Bucshon
Balderson	Blumenauer	Budzinski

Bush
Calvert
Caraveo
Carbajal
Cárdenas
Carey
Carson
Carter (LA)
Carter (TX)
Cartwright
Case
Casten
Castor (FL)
Castro (TX)
Chavez-DeRemer
Cherfilus-
McCormick
Chu
Ciscomani
Clark (MA)
Clarke (NY)
Cleaver
Clyburn
Cohen
Cole
Connolly
Costa
Courtney
Craig
Crockett
Crow
Cuellar
Curtis
D'Esposito
Davids (KS)
Davis (IL)
Davis (NC)
Dean (PA)
DeGette
DeLauro
DelBene
Deluzio
DeSaulnier
Diaz-Balart
Dingell
Doggett
Duarte
Edwards
Escobar
Eshoo
Espallat
Evans
Fitzpatrick
Fleischmann
Fletcher
Flood
Foster
Foushee
Frankel, Lois
Frost
Gallagher
Gallego
Garamendi
Garbarino
Garcia (IL)
Garcia (TX)
Garcia, Mike
Garcia, Robert
Gimenez
Goldman (NY)
Gomez
Gonzales, Tony
Gonzalez,
Vicente
González-Colón
Gottheimer
Granger
Graves (LA)
Green, Al (TX)
Grijalva
Guest
Harder (CA)
Hayes
Higgins (NY)
Himes
Hinson
Horsford

Houlahan
Hoyer
Hoyle (OR)
Huffman
Ivey
Jackson (IL)
Jackson (NC)
Jacobs
James
Jayapal
Jeffries
Johnson (GA)
Joyce (OH)
Kamlager-Dove
Kaptur
Kean (NJ)
Keating
Kelly (IL)
Khanna
Kiggans (VA)
Kildee
Kiley
Kilmer
Kim (CA)
Kim (NJ)
Krishnamoorthi
Kuster
LaLota
LaMalfa
Landsman
Langworthy
Larsen (WA)
Larson (CT)
Latta
LaTurner
Lee (CA)
Lee (FL)
Lee (NV)
Lee (PA)
Leger Fernandez
Letlow
Levin
Lieu
Lofgren
Lucas
Lynch
Magaziner
Manning
Matsui
McBath
McCaul
McClain
McClellan
McCollum
McGarvey
McGovern
Meeks
Menendez
Meng
Mfume
Miller-Meeks
Molinaro
Moolenaar
Moore (WI)
Morelle
Moskowitz
Moulton
Mrvan
Mullin
Nadler
Napolitano
Neal
Neguse
Newhouse
Nickel
Norcross
Norton
Obernolte
Ocasio-Cortez
Omar
Pallone
Panetta
Pappas
Pascrell
Payne
Pelosi
Peltola

Pence
Perez
Peters
Pettersen
Plaskett
Pocan
Porter
Pressley
Quigley
Radewagen
Ramirez
Raskin
Reschenthaler
Rogers (AL)
Rogers (KY)
Ross
Ruiz
Ruppersberger
Ryan
Sablan
Salinas
Sánchez
Sarbanes
Scanlon
Schakowsky
Schiff
Schneider
Scholten
Schrier
Scott (VA)
Scott, Austin
Scott, David
Sewell
Sherman
Sherrill
Simpson
Slotkin
Smith (MO)
Smith (NE)
Smith (NJ)
Smith (WA)
Sorensen
Soto
Spanberger
Stansbury
Stanton
Stauber
Steel
Stefanik
Stevens
Strickland
Sykes
Takano
Tenney
Thanedar
Thompson (CA)
Thompson (MS)
Thompson (PA)
Titus
Tlaib
Tokuda
Tonko
Torres (CA)
Torres (NY)
Trahan
Trone
Underwood
Valadao
Van Orden
Vargas
Vasquez
Veasey
Velázquez
Walberg
Wasserman
Schultz
Waters
Watson Coleman
Westerman
Wexton
Wild
Agullar
Williams (GA)
Williams (NY)
Williams (FL)
Womack

NOT VOTING—18

Casas
Clyde
Correa
Golden (ME)
Jackson Lee
Kelly (PA)
Lesko
Malliotakis
McHenry
Miller (OH)
Moore (UT)
Moylan
Phillips
Pingree
Santos
Swalwell
Turner
Waltz

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE ACTING CHAIR

The Acting CHAIR (during the vote).
There is 1 minute remaining.

□ 1229

So the amendment was rejected.

The result of the vote was announced
as above recorded.

Stated for:

Mr. CLYDE. Mr. Chair, I was inextricably detained. Had I been present, I would have voted “aye” on rollcall 538.

AMENDMENT NO. 28 OFFERED BY MR. PERRY

The Acting CHAIR. The unfinished business is the demand for a recorded vote on amendment No. 28, printed in part B of House Report 118-242 offered by the gentleman from Pennsylvania (Mr. PERRY), on which further proceedings were postponed and on which the noes prevailed by voice vote.

The Clerk will redesignate the amendment.

The Clerk redesignated the amendment.

RECORDED VOTE

The Acting CHAIR. A recorded vote has been demanded.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The Acting CHAIR. This will be a 2-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—ayes 105, noes 316, not voting 17, as follows:

[Roll No. 539]

AYES—105

Alford
Armstrong
Arrington
Babin
Banks
Bean (FL)
Biggs
Bilirakis
Bishop (NC)
Boebert
Brecht
Buck
Burchett
Burgess
Burlison
Carl
Cline
Cloud
Clyde
Collins
Comer
Crane
Crenshaw
Davidson
DesJarlais
Donalds
Duncan
Ellzey
Ezell
Fallon
Feenstra
Ferguson
Finstad
Fischbach
Fitzgerald

Fox
Fry
Gaetz
Good (VA)
Gooden (TX)
Gosar
Green (TN)
Greene (GA)
Griffith
Grothman
Hageman
Harris
Harshbarger
Hern
Higgins (LA)
Houchin
Hudson
Hunt
Jackson (TX)
Johnson (SD)
Jordan
Joyce (PA)
LaHood
Lamborn
Lamborn
Luttrell
Mann
Massie
Mast
McClintock
McCormick
Meuser
Miller (IL)
Miller (WV)

Mills
Mooney
Moore (AL)
Moore (UT)
Moran
Murphy
Nehls
Norman
Ogles
Owens
Perry
Posey
Rodgers (WA)
Rose
Rosendale
Rouzer
Roy
Rutherford
Scalise
Schweikert
Self
Sessions
Steube
Strong
Tiffany
Timmons
Van Drew
Van Dwyne
Weber (TX)
Wenstrup
Williams (TX)
Wilson (SC)
Wittman
Yakym
Zinke

NOES—316

Adams
Aderholt
Agullar
Allen
Allred
Amodei
Auchincloss
Bacon
Baird
Balderson
Balint
Barr
Barragán
Beatty
Bentz
Bera
Bergman
Beyer
Bice

Bishop (GA)
Blumenauer
Blunt Rochester
Bonamici
Bost
Bowman
Boyle (PA)
Brown
Brownley
Buchanan
Bucshon
Budzinski
Bush
Calvert
Cammack
Caraveo
Carbajal
Cárdenas
Carey

Cohen
Cole
Connolly
Costa
Courtney
Craig
Crawford
Crockett
Crow
Cuellar
Curtis
D'Esposito
Davids (KS)
Davis (IL)
Davis (NC)
Dean (PA)
DeGette
DeLauro
DelBene
Deluzio
DeSaulnier
Diaz-Balart
Dingell
Doggett
Duarte
Dunn (FL)
Edwards
Emmer
Escobar
Eshoo
Espallat
Estes
Evans
Fitzpatrick
Fleischmann
Fletcher
Flood
Foster
Foushee
Frankel, Lois
Franklin, Scott
Frost
Fulcher
Gallagher
Gallego
Garamendi
Garbarino
Garcia (IL)
Garcia (TX)
Garcia, Mike
Garcia, Robert
Goldman (NY)
Gomez
Gonzales, Tony
Gonzalez,
Vicente
González-Colón
Gottheimer
Granger
Graves (LA)
Graves (MO)
Green, Al (TX)
Grijalva
Guest
Guthrie
Harder (CA)
Hayes
Higgins (NY)
Hill
Himes
Hinson
Horsford
Houllahan
Hoyle (OR)
Huffman
Huizenga
Issa
Ivey
Jackson (IL)
Jackson (NC)
Jacobs
James
Jayapal
Jeffries
Johnson (GA)
Johnson (OH)
Joyce (OH)

Kamlager-Dove
Kaptur
Kean (NJ)
Keating
Kelly (IL)
Kelly (MS)
Khanna
Kiggans (VA)
Kildee
Kiley
Kilmer
Kim (CA)
Kim (NJ)
Krishnamoorthi
Kuster
Kustoff
LaLota
LaMalfa
Landsman
Langworthy
Larsen (WA)
Larson (CT)
Latta
LaTurner
Lawler
Lee (CA)
Lee (FL)
Lee (NV)
Lee (PA)
Leger Fernandez
Letlow
Levin
Lieu
Lofgren
Lucas
Luetkemeyer
Lynch
Mace
Magaziner
Malliotakis
Manning
Matsui
McBath
McCarthy
McCaul
McClain
McClellan
McCollum
McGarvey
McGovern
Meeks
Menendez
Meng
Mfume
Miller-Meeks
Molinaro
Moolenaar
Moore (WI)
Morelle
Moskowitz
Moulton
Mrvan
Mullin
Nadler
Napolitano
Neal
Neguse
Newhouse
Nickel
Norcross
Norton
Nunn (IA)
Obernolte
Ocasio-Cortez
Omar
Pallone
Panetta
Pappas
Pascrell
Payne
Pelosi
Peltola
Pence
Perez
Peters
Pettersen
Pfluger

Plaskett
Pocan
Porter
Pressley
Quigley
Radewagen
Ramirez
Raskin
Reschenthaler
Rogers (AL)
Rogers (KY)
Ross
Ruiz
Ruppersberger
Ryan
Sablan
Salazar
Salinas
Sánchez
Sarbanes
Scanlon
Schakowsky
Schiff
Schneider
Scholten
Schrier
Scott (VA)
Scott, Austin
Scott, David
Sewell
Sherman
Sherrill
Simpson
Slotkin
Smith (MO)
Smith (NE)
Smith (NJ)
Smith (WA)
Smucker
Sorensen
Soto
Spanberger
Stansbury
Stanton
Stauber
Steel
Stefanik
Stevens
Strickland
Sykes
Takano
Tenney
Thanedar
Thompson (CA)
Thompson (MS)
Thompson (PA)
Titus
Tlaib
Tokuda
Tonko
Torres (CA)
Torres (NY)
Trahan
Trone
Underwood
Valadao
Van Orden
Vargas
Vasquez
Veasey
Velázquez
Walberg
Wasserman
Schultz
Waters
Watson Coleman
Webster (FL)
Westerman
Wexton
Wild
Williams (GA)
Williams (NY)
Wilson (FL)
Womack

NOT VOTING—17

Correa
De La Cruz
Gimenez
Golden (ME)
Jackson Lee
Kelly (PA)
Lesko
McHenry
Miller (OH)
Moylan
Phillips
Pingree

Santos
Spartz
Swalwell
Turner
Waltz

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE ACTING CHAIR

The Acting CHAIR (during the vote).
There is 1 minute remaining.

□ 1232

So the amendment was rejected.

The result of the vote was announced
as above recorded.

AMENDMENT NO. 29 OFFERED BY MR. PERRY

The Acting CHAIR. The unfinished
business is the demand for a recorded
vote on amendment No. 29, printed in
part B of House Report 118–242 offered
by the gentleman from Pennsylvania
(Mr. PERRY), on which further pro-
ceedings were postponed and on which
the noes prevailed by voice vote.

The Clerk will redesignate the
amendment.

The Clerk redesignated the amend-
ment.

RECORDED VOTE

The Acting CHAIR. A recorded vote
has been demanded.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The Acting CHAIR. This will be a 2-
minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic de-
vice, and there were—ayes 134, noes 283,
not voting 21, as follows:

[Roll No. 540]

AYES—134

Alford	Foxx	Mills
Allen	Franklin, Scott	Mooney
Armstrong	Gimenez	Moore (AL)
Arrington	Good (VA)	Moore (UT)
Babin	Gooden (TX)	Moran
Banks	Gosar	Murphy
Barr	Green (TN)	Nehls
Bean (FL)	Greene (GA)	Norman
Bentz	Griffith	Nunn (IA)
Biggs	Grothman	Ogles
Bilirakis	Guthrie	Owens
Bishop (NC)	Hageman	Palmer
Boebert	Harris	Perry
Bost	Harshbarger	Pfuger
Brecheen	Hern	Posey
Buck	Higgins (LA)	Reschenthaler
Burchett	Hill	Rodgers (WA)
Burgess	Houchin	Rose
Burlison	Hudson	Rosendale
Cammack	Huizenga	Rouzer
Carl	Hunt	Roy
Carter (GA)	Issa	Rutherford
Cline	Jackson (TX)	Salazar
Cloud	Johnson (OH)	Scalise
Clyde	Johnson (SD)	Schweikert
Collins	Jordan	Self
Comer	Joyce (PA)	Sessions
Crane	Kelly (MS)	Smucker
Crawford	Kustoff	Spartz
Crenshaw	LaHood	Steil
Davidson	LaMalfa	Steube
DesJarlais	Lamborn	Strong
Donalds	Loudermilk	Tiffany
Duncan	Luna	Timmons
Dunn (FL)	Luttrell	Van Drew
Ellzey	Mace	Van Dyne
Emmer	Mann	Weber (TX)
Estes	Massie	Webster (FL)
Ezell	Mast	Wenstrup
Fallon	McCarthy	Westerman
Feenstra	McClintock	Williams (TX)
Ferguson	McCormick	Wilson (SC)
Finstad	Meuser	Wittman
Fischbach	Miller (IL)	Yakym
Fitzgerald	Miller (WV)	

NOES—283

Adams	Barragán	Boyle (PA)
Aderholt	Beatty	Brown
Aguilar	Bera	Brownley
Allred	Bergman	Buchanan
Amodei	Beyer	Bucshon
Auchincloss	Bice	Budzinski
Bacon	Blumenauer	Bush
Baird	Blunt Rochester	Calvert
Balderson	Bonamici	Caraveo
Balint	Bowman	Carbajal

Cárdenas	Hoyer	Pence
Carey	Hoyle (OR)	Perez
Carson	Huffman	Peters
Carter (LA)	Ivey	Pettersen
Carter (TX)	Jackson (IL)	Plaskett
Cartwright	Jackson (NC)	Pocan
Casar	Jacobs	Porter
Case	James	Pressley
Casten	Jayapal	Quigley
Castor (FL)	Jeffries	Radewagen
Castro (TX)	Johnson (GA)	Ramirez
Chavez-DeRemer	Joyce (OH)	Raskin
Cherfilus-	Kamlager-Dove	Rogers (KY)
McCormick	Kaptur	Ross
Chu	Kean (NJ)	Ruiz
Ciscomani	Keating	Ruppersberger
Clark (MA)	Kelly (IL)	Ryan
Clarke (NY)	Khanna	Sablan
Cleaver	Kiggans (VA)	Salinas
Clyburn	Kildee	Sánchez
Cohen	Kiley	Sarbanes
Cole	Kilmer	Scanlon
Connolly	Kim (CA)	Schakowsky
Costa	Kim (NJ)	Schiff
Courtney	Krishnamoorthi	Schneider
Craig	Kuster	Scholten
Crockett	Landisman	Schrier
Crow	Langworthy	Scott (VA)
Cuellar	Larson (CT)	Scott, Austin
Curtis	Latta	Scott, David
Davids (KS)	LaTurner	Sewell
Davis (IL)	Lawler	Sherman
Davis (NC)	Lee (CA)	Sherrill
Dean (PA)	Lee (FL)	Simpson
DeGette	Lee (NV)	Slotkin
DeLauro	Lee (PA)	Smith (MO)
DelBene	Leger Fernandez	Smith (NE)
Deluzio	Letlow	Smith (NJ)
DeSaulnier	Levin	Smith (WA)
Diaz-Balart	Lieu	Sorensen
Dingell	Lofgren	Soto
Doggett	Lucas	Spanberger
Duarte	Luetkemeyer	Stansbury
Edwards	Lynch	Stanton
Escobar	Magaziner	Staubert
Eshoo	Malliotakis	Steel
Espallat	Manning	Stefanik
Evans	Matsui	Stevens
Fitzpatrick	McBath	Strickland
Fleischmann	McCaul	Sykes
Fletcher	McClain	Takano
Flood	McClellan	Tenney
Foster	McCollum	Thandard
Foushee	McGarvey	Thompson (CA)
Frankel, Lois	McGovern	Thompson (MS)
Frost	McHenry	Thompson (PA)
Fry	Meeke	Titus
Fulcher	Menendez	Tlaib
Gallagher	Meng	Tokuda
Gallego	Mfume	Tonko
Garamendi	Miller-Meeks	Torres (CA)
Garbarino	Molinaro	Torres (NY)
Garcia (IL)	Moolenaar	Trahan
Garcia (TX)	Moore (WI)	Trone
Garcia, Mike	Morelle	Underwood
Garcia, Robert	Moskowitz	Valadao
Goldman (NY)	Moulton	Van Orden
Gomez	Mrvan	Vargas
Gonzales, Tony	Mullin	Vasquez
Gonzalez,	Nadler	Veasey
Vicente	Napolitano	Velázquez
González-Colón	Neal	Wagner
Gottheimer	Neguse	Walberg
Granger	Newhouse	Wasserman
Graves (LA)	Nickel	Schultz
Graves (MO)	Norcross	Waters
Green, Al (TX)	Norton	Watson Coleman
Grijalva	Obernolte	Wexton
Guest	Ocasio-Cortez	Wild
Harder (CA)	Omar	Williams (GA)
Hayes	Pallone	Williams (NY)
Higgins (NY)	Panetta	Wilson (FL)
Himes	Pappas	Womack
Hinson	Pascrell	Zinke
Horsford	Payne	
Houlahan	Peltola	

NOT VOTING—21

Bishop (GA)	Kelly (PA)	Phillips
Correa	LaLota	Pingree
D'Esposito	Larsen (WA)	Rogers (AL)
De La Cruz	Lesko	Santos
Gaetz	Miller (OH)	Swallow
Golden (ME)	Moylan	Turner
Jackson Lee	Pelosi	Waltz

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE ACTING CHAIR

The Acting CHAIR (during the vote).
There is 1 minute remaining.

□ 1235

So the amendment was rejected.

The result of the vote was announced
as above recorded.

AMENDMENT NO. 30 OFFERED BY MR. PERRY

The Acting CHAIR. The unfinished
business is the demand for a recorded
vote on amendment No. 30, printed in
part B of House Report 118–242 offered
by the gentleman from Pennsylvania
(Mr. PERRY), on which further pro-
ceedings were postponed and on which
the noes prevailed by voice vote.

The Clerk will redesignate the
amendment.

The Clerk redesignated the amend-
ment.

RECORDED VOTE

The Acting CHAIR. A recorded vote
has been demanded.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The Acting CHAIR. This will be a 2-
minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic de-
vice, and there were—ayes 122, noes 299,
not voting 17, as follows:

[Roll No. 541]

AYES—122

Alford	Good (VA)	Moore (AL)
Armstrong	Gooden (TX)	Moore (UT)
Arrington	Gosar	Moran
Babin	Green (TN)	Murphy
Banks	Greene (GA)	Nehls
Barr	Griffith	Norman
Bean (FL)	Grothman	Nunn (IA)
Biggs	Guthrie	Ogles
Bishop (NC)	Hageman	Owens
Boebert	Harris	Palmer
Bost	Harshbarger	Perry
Brecheen	Hern	Pfuger
Buck	Higgins (LA)	Posey
Burchett	Hill	Reschenthaler
Burlison	Houchin	Rodgers (WA)
Cammack	Huizenga	Rose
Carter (GA)	Hunt	Rosendale
Cline	Issa	Rouzer
Cloud	Jackson (TX)	Roy
Clyde	Johnson (OH)	Rutherford
Comer	Johnson (SD)	Scalise
Crane	Jordan	Schweikert
Crenshaw	Joyce (PA)	Self
Davidson	Kelly (MS)	Sessions
DesJarlais	Kustoff	Smucker
Donalds	LaHood	Spartz
Duncan	LaMalfa	Steil
Dunn (FL)	Lamborn	Steube
Ellzey	Loudermilk	Tenney
Emmer	Luttrell	Tiffany
Estes	Mann	Timmons
Fallon	Massie	Van Drew
Feenstra	Mast	Van Dyne
Ferguson	McCarthy	Weber (TX)
Finstad	McClintock	Webster (FL)
Fischbach	McCormick	Wenstrup
Fitzgerald	Meuser	Williams (TX)
	Miller (IL)	Wittman
	Miller (WV)	Yakym
	Mills	Zinke
	Mooney	

NOES—299

Adams	Bilirakis	Carey
Aderholt	Bishop (GA)	Carl
Aguilar	Blumenauer	Carson
Allen	Blunt Rochester	Carter (LA)
Allred	Bonamici	Carter (TX)
Amodei	Bowman	Cartwright
Auchincloss	Boyle (PA)	Casar
Bacon	Brown	Case
Baird	Brownley	Casten
Balderson	Buchanan	Castor (FL)
Balint	Bucshon	Castro (TX)
Barragán	Budzinski	Chavez-DeRemer
Beatty	Burgess	Cherfilus-
Bentz	Bush	McCormick
Bera	Calvert	Chu
Bergman	Caraveo	Ciscomani
Beyer	Carbajal	Clark (MA)
Bice	Cárdenas	Clarke (NY)

Cleaver
Clyburn
Cohen
Cole
Collins
Connolly
Costa
Courtney
Craig
Crawford
Crockett
Crow
Cuellar
Curtis
D'Esposito
Davids (KS)
Davis (IL)
Davis (NC)
Dean (PA)
DeGette
DeLauro
DelBene
Deluzio
DeSaulnier
Diaz-Balart
Dingell
Doggett
Duarte
Edwards
Escobar
Eshoo
Espallat
Evans
Ezell
Fitzpatrick
Fleischmann
Fletcher
Flood
Foster
Foushee
Frankel, Lois
Frost
Fry
Gallagher
Gallego
Garamendi
Garbarino
Garcia (IL)
Garcia (TX)
Garcia, Mike
Garcia, Robert
Gimenez
Goldman (NY)
Gonzales, Tony
Gonzalez,
Vicente
González-Colón
Gottheimer
Granger
Graves (LA)
Graves (MO)
Green, Al (TX)
Grijalva
Guest
Harder (CA)
Hayes
Higgins (NY)
Himes
Hinson
Horsford
Houlahan
Hoyer
Hoyle (OR)
Hudson
Huffman
Ivey
Jackson (IL)
Jackson (NC)
Jacobs
James
Jayapal
Jeffries
Johnson (GA)

NOT VOTING—17

Correa
De La Cruz
Golden (ME)
Gomez
Jackson Lee
Kelly (PA)

Lesko
Miller (OH)
Molinaro
Moylan
Pelosi
Phillips

Pocan
Porter
Pressley
Quigley
Radewagen
Ramirez
Raskin
Rogers (AL)
Rogers (KY)
Ross
Ruiz
Ruppersberger
Ryan
Sablan
Salazar
Salinas
Sánchez
Sarbanes
Scanlon
Schakowsky
Schiff
Schneider
Scholten
Schrier
Scott (VA)
Scott, Austin
Scott, David
Sewell
Sherman
Sherrill
Simpson
Slotkin
Smith (MO)
Smith (NE)
Smith (NJ)
Smith (WA)
Sorensen
Soto
Spanberger
Stansbury
Stanton
Stauber
Steel
Stefanik
Stevens
Strickland
Strong
Sykes
Takano
Thanedar
Thompson (CA)
Thompson (MS)
Thompson (PA)
Titus
Tlaib
Tokuda
Tonko
Torres (CA)
Torres (NY)
Trahan
Trone
Underwood
Valadao
Van Orden
Vargas
Vasquez
Veasey
Velázquez
Wagner
Walberg
Wasserman
Schultz
Waters
Watson Coleman
Westerman
Wexton
Wild
Williams (GA)
Williams (NY)
Wilson (FL)
Wilson (SC)
Womack

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE ACTING CHAIR

The Acting CHAIR (during the vote).
There is 1 minute remaining.

□ 1238

So the amendment was rejected.

The result of the vote was announced
as above recorded.

Stated against:

Mr. GOMEZ. Mr. Chair, today, I was not recorded on rollcall vote No. 541. Had I been present, I would have voted “no” on rollcall No. 541.

AMENDMENT NO. 31 OFFERED BY MR. PERRY

The Acting CHAIR. The unfinished business is the demand for a recorded vote on amendment No. 31, printed in part B of House Report 118-242 offered by the gentleman from Pennsylvania (Mr. PERRY), on which further proceedings were postponed and on which the noes prevailed by voice vote.

The Clerk will redesignate the amendment.

The Clerk redesignated the amendment.

RECORDED VOTE

The Acting CHAIR. A recorded vote has been demanded.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The Acting CHAIR. This will be a 2-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—ayes 130, noes 287, not voting 21, as follows:

[Roll No. 542]

AYES—130

Alford
Allen
Armstrong
Arrington
Babin
Banks
Barr
Bean (FL)
Bentz
Biggs
Bilirakis
Bishop (NC)
Boebert
Bost
Brecheen
Buck
Burchett
Burgess
Burlison
Carl
Carter (GA)
Cline
Cloud
Clyde
Collins
Comer
Crane
Crawford
Crenshaw
Davidson
DesJarlais
Donalds
Duncan
Ellzey
Emmer
Estes
Ezell
Fallon
Feenstra
Ferguson
Finstad
Miller (IL)
Fitzgerald
Foxx

NOES—287

Adams
Aderholt
Aguliar
Allred
Amodei
Auchincloss
Bacon
Baird
Balderson
Balint
Barragán
Beatty
Bera
Bergman
Beyer
Bice
Bishop (GA)
Blumenauer
Blunt Rochester
Bonamici
Bowman
Boyle (PA)
Brown
Brownley
Buchanan
Bucshon
Budzinski
Bush
Calvert
Cammack
Caraveo
Carbajal
Cárdenas
Carey
Carson
Carter (LA)

Carter (TX)
Cartwright
Casar
Case
Casten
Castor (FL)
Castro (TX)
Chavez-DeRemer
Cherfilus-
McCormick
Chu
Ciscomani
Clark (MA)
Clarke (NY)
Cleaver
Clyburn
Cohen
Cole
Connolly
Costa
Courtney
Craig
Crockett
Crow
Cuellar
Curtis
D'Esposito
Davids (KS)
Davis (IL)
Davis (NC)
Dean (PA)
DeGette
DeLauro
DelBene
Deluzio
DeSaulnier
Diaz-Balart
Dingell
Doggett
Duarte
Dunn (FL)
Edwards
Escobar
Eshoo
Espallat
Evans
Fitzpatrick
Fleischmann
Fletcher
Flood
Foster
Foushee
Frankel, Lois
Frost
Fry
Gallagher
Gallego
Garamendi
Garbarino
Garcia (IL)
Garcia (TX)
Garcia, Mike
Garcia, Robert
Gimenez
Goldman (NY)
Gomez
Gonzales, Tony
González-Colón
Gottheimer
Granger
Graves (LA)
Graves (MO)
Green, Al (TX)
Grijalva
Guest
Harder (CA)
Hayes
Higgins (NY)
Himes
Hinson
Horsford
Houlahan
Hoyer
Hoyle (OR)
Huffman
Hunt
Issa
Ivey
Jackson (IL)
Jackson (NC)
Jacobs
James
Jayapal
Jeffries
Johnson (GA)
Johnson (GA)
Johnston
Kaptur
Kean (NJ)
Keating
Kelly (IL)
Khanna
Kiggans (VA)
Kildee
Kiley
Kilmer
Kim (CA)
Kim (NJ)
Krishnamoorthi
Kuster
LaLota
Landsman
Langworthy
Larsen (WA)
Larson (CT)
Latta
LaTurner
Lawler
Lee (CA)
Lee (FL)
Lee (NV)
Lee (PA)
Leger Fernandez
Letlow
Levin
Lieu
Lofgren
Lucas
Lynch
Magaziner
Manning
Matsui
McBath
McCaul
McClain
McClellan
McCollum
McGarvey
McGovern
McHenry
Meeks
Menendez
Meng
Mfume
Miller-Meeks
Moolenaar
Moore (WI)
Morelle
Moskowitz
Moulton
Mrvan
Mullin
Nadler
Napolitano
Neal
Neguse
Newhouse
Nickel
Norcross
Norton
Oberholte
Ocasio-Cortez
Omar
Pallone
Panetta
Pappas
Pascrell
Payne
Peltola
Pence
Perez
Peters
Pettersen
Plaskett

NOT VOTING—21

Correa
De La Cruz
Golden (ME)
Gonzalez,
Vicente
Jackson Lee
Kelly (PA)
Lesko
Luna
Malliotakis
Miller (OH)
Moore (WI)
Moylan
Pelosi
Phillips
Pingree
Perez
Peters
Pettersen
Pfluger
Plaskett
Pocan
Porter
Pressley
Quigley
Radewagen
Ramirez
Raskin
Rogers (AL)
Rogers (KY)
Ross
Ruiz
Ruppersberger
Ryan
Sablan
Salinas
Sánchez
Sarbanes
Scanlon
Schakowsky
Schiff
Schneider
Scholten
Schrier
Scott (VA)
Scott, Austin
Scott, David
Sewell
Sherman
Sherrill
Simpson
Slotkin
Smith (NE)
Smith (NJ)
Smith (WA)
Sorensen
Soto
Spanberger
Stanton
Stauber
Stefanik
Steil
Stevens
Strickland
Sykes
Takano
Tenney
Thanedar
Thompson (CA)
Thompson (MS)
Thompson (PA)
Titus
Tlaib
Tokuda
Tonko
Torres (CA)
Torres (NY)
Trahan
Trone
Underwood
Valadao
Van Orden
Vargas
Vasquez
Veasey
Velázquez
Wagner
Walberg
Wasserman
Schultz
Waters
Watson Coleman
Wexton
Wild
Williams (GA)
Williams (NY)
Wilson (FL)
Wilson (SC)
Womack

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE ACTING CHAIR

The Acting CHAIR (during the vote).
There is 1 minute remaining.

□ 1241

So the amendment was rejected.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

AMENDMENT NO. 32 OFFERED BY MR. PERRY

The Acting CHAIR. The unfinished business is the demand for a recorded vote on amendment No. 32, printed in part B of House Report 118–242 offered by the gentleman from Pennsylvania (Mr. PERRY), on which further proceedings were postponed and on which the noes prevailed by voice vote.

The Clerk will redesignate the amendment.

The Clerk redesignated the amendment.

RECORDED VOTE

The Acting CHAIR. A recorded vote has been demanded.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The Acting CHAIR. This will be a 2-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—ayes 122, noes 295, not voting 21, as follows:

[Roll No. 543]

AYES—122

Alford	Franklin, Scott	Miller (IL)
Allen	Fulcher	Miller (WV)
Armstrong	Gaetz	Mills
Arrington	Good (VA)	Mooney
Babin	Gooden (TX)	Moore (AL)
Banks	Gosar	Moore (UT)
Barr	Graves (MO)	Moran
Bean (FL)	Green (TN)	Murphy
Bentz	Greene (GA)	Nehls
Biggs	Griffith	Norman
Bilirakis	Grothman	Ogles
Bishop (NC)	Guthrie	Owens
Boebert	Hageman	Palmer
Bost	Harris	Perry
Brecheen	Harshbarger	Posey
Buck	Hern	Rodgers (WA)
Burchett	Higgins (LA)	Rose
Burlison	Hill	Rosendale
Cammack	Houchin	Rouzer
Carl	Hudson	Roy
Carter (GA)	Hunt	Rutherford
Cline	Issa	Scalise
Cloud	Jackson (TX)	Scott, Austin
Clyde	Johnson (SD)	Self
Collins	Jordan	Sessions
Comer	Joyce (PA)	Smith (MO)
Crane	Kelly (MS)	Spartz
Crawford	Kustoff	Steube
Crenshaw	LaMalfa	Strong
DesJarlais	Lamborn	Timmons
Duncan	Loudermilk	Van Drew
Dunn (FL)	Luetkemeyer	Van Duyne
Ellzey	Luttrell	Weber (TX)
Estes	Mace	Webster (FL)
Ezell	Mann	Westerman
Fallon	Massie	Williams (TX)
Feenstra	Mast	Wilson (SC)
Ferguson	McCarthy	Wittman
Fischbach	McClintock	Yakym
Fitzgerald	McCormick	Zinke
Foxx	Meuser	

NOES—295

Adams	Blunt Rochester	Cartwright
Aderholt	Bonamici	Casar
Aguilar	Bowman	Case
Allred	Boyle (PA)	Casten
Amodei	Brown	Castor (FL)
Auchincloss	Brownley	Castro (TX)
Bacon	Buchanan	Chavez-DeRemer
Baird	Bucshon	Cherfilus-
Balderson	Budzinski	McCormick
Balint	Burgess	Chu
Barragán	Bush	Ciscomani
Beatty	Calvert	Clark (MA)
Bera	Caraveo	Clarke (NY)
Bergman	Carbajal	Cleaver
Beyer	Cárdenas	Clyburn
Bice	Carey	Cohen
Bishop (GA)	Carter (LA)	Cole
Blumenauer	Carter (TX)	Connolly

Costa	Kean (NJ)	Quigley
Courtney	Keating	Radewagen
Craig	Kelly (IL)	Ramirez
Crockett	Khanna	Raskin
Crow	Kiggans (VA)	Reschenthaler
Cuellar	Kildee	Rogers (AL)
Curtis	Kiley	Rogers (KY)
D'Esposito	Kilmer	Ross
Daids (KS)	Kim (CA)	Ruiz
Davidson	Kim (NJ)	Ruppersberger
Davis (IL)	Krishnamoorthi	Ryan
Davis (NC)	Kuster	Sablan
Dean (PA)	LaHood	Salazar
DeGette	LaLota	Salinas
DeLauro	Landsman	Sánchez
DeBene	Langworthy	Sarbanes
Deluzio	Larsen (WA)	Scanlon
DeSaulnier	Larson (CT)	Schakowsky
Diaz-Balart	Latta	Schiff
Dingell	LaTurner	Schneider
Doggett	Lawler	Scholten
Duarte	Lee (CA)	Schrier
Edwards	Lee (FL)	Scott (VA)
Emmer	Lee (NV)	Scott, David
Escobar	Lee (PA)	Sewell
Eshoo	Leger Fernandez	Sherman
Espallat	Letlow	Sherrill
Evans	Levin	Simpson
Finstad	Lieu	Slotkin
Fitzpatrick	Lofgren	Smith (NE)
Fleischmann	Lucas	Smith (NJ)
Fletcher	Lynch	Smith (WA)
Flood	Magaziner	Smucker
Foster	Malliotakis	Sorensen
Foushee	Manning	Soto
Frankel, Lois	Matsui	Spanberger
Frost	McBath	Stansbury
Fry	McCaul	Stanton
Gallagher	McClain	Staubert
Gallego	McClellan	Steel
Garamendi	McCollum	Stefanik
Garbarino	McGarvey	Steil
Garcia (IL)	McGovern	Stevens
Garcia (TX)	McHenry	Strickland
Garcia, Mike	Meeks	Sykes
Garcia, Robert	Menendez	Takano
Gimenez	Meng	Tenney
Goldman (NY)	Mfume	Thandhar
Gomez	Miller-Meeks	Thompson (CA)
Gonzales, Tony	Moolenaar	Thompson (MS)
Gonzalez,	Morelle	Thompson (PA)
Vicente	Moskowitz	Tiffany
González-Colón	Moulton	Titus
Gottheimer	Mrvan	Tlaib
Granger	Mullin	Tokuda
Graves (LA)	Nadler	Tonko
Green, Al (TX)	Napolitano	Torres (CA)
Grijalva	Neal	Torres (NY)
Guest	Neguse	Trahan
Harder (CA)	Newhouse	Trone
Hayes	Nickel	Underwood
Higgins (NY)	Norcross	Valadao
Himes	Norton	Van Orden
Hinson	Nunn (IA)	Vargas
Horsford	Oberholte	Vasquez
Houlihan	Ocasio-Cortez	Veasey
Hoyer	Omar	Velázquez
Hoyle (OR)	Pallone	Wagner
Huffman	Panetta	Walberg
Huizenga	Pappas	Wasserman
Ivey	Pascarell	Schultz
Jackson (IL)	Payne	Waters
Jackson (NC)	Peltola	Watson Coleman
Jacobs	Pence	Wenstrup
James	Perez	Wexton
Jayapal	Peters	Wild
Jeffries	Pettersen	Williams (GA)
Johnson (GA)	Pfluger	Williams (NY)
Johnson (OH)	Plaskett	Wilson (FL)
Joyce (OH)	Pocan	Womack
Kamlager-Dove	Porter	
Kaptur	Pressley	

NOT VOTING—21

Carson	Lesko	Phillips
Correa	Luna	Pingree
De La Cruz	Miller (OH)	Santos
Donalds	Molinaro	Schweikert
Golden (ME)	Moore (WI)	Swalwell
Jackson Lee	Moylan	Turner
Kelly (PA)	Pelosi	Waltz

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE ACTING CHAIR

The Acting CHAIR (during the vote).
There is 1 minute remaining.

□ 1244

So the amendment was rejected.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

AMENDMENT NO. 36 OFFERED BY MR. GARAMENDI

The Acting CHAIR. The unfinished business is the demand for a recorded vote on amendment No. 36, printed in part B of House Report 118–242 offered by the gentleman from California (Mr. GARAMENDI), on which further proceedings were postponed and on which the noes prevailed by voice vote.

The Clerk will redesignate the amendment.

The Clerk redesignated the amendment.

RECORDED VOTE

The Acting CHAIR. A recorded vote has been demanded.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The Acting CHAIR. This will be a 2-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—ayes 116, noes 303, not voting 19, as follows:

[Roll No. 544]

AYES—116

Adams	Garcia, Robert	Omar
Balint	Goldman (NY)	Pallone
Barragán	Gomez	Panetta
Beatty	Grijalva	Pascarell
Beyer	Harder (CA)	Payne
Blumenauer	Higgins (NY)	Peltola
Blunt Rochester	Hoyle (OR)	Pocan
Bonamici	Huffman	Porter
Brown	Jacobs	Pressley
Burchett	Jayapal	Quigley
Bush	Johnson (GA)	Ramirez
Carbajal	Kamlager-Dove	Raskin
Cárdenas	Keating	Ruiz
Carter (LA)	Khanna	Ruppersberger
Casar	Kildee	Sablan
Casten	Kim (NJ)	Salinas
Castro (TX)	Kuster	Scanlon
Cherfilus-	Lee (CA)	Schakowsky
McCormick	Lee (PA)	Schiff
Chu	Levin	Schneider
Clark (MA)	Lieu	Sewell
Cohen	Lofgren	Sherman
Connolly	Massie	Smith (WA)
Crockett	Matsui	Sorensen
Crow	McClellan	Stansbury
Davis (IL)	McCollum	Sykes
Dean (PA)	McGarvey	Takano
DeSaulnier	McGovern	Thompson (CA)
Dingell	Meeks	Tlaib
Doggett	Menendez	Tokuda
Escobar	Meng	Tonko
Eshoo	Mfume	Trahan
Espallat	Mullin	Underwood
Foster	Nadler	Vargas
Foushee	Napolitano	Velázquez
Frost	Neguse	Waters
Garamendi	Nickel	Watson Coleman
Garcia (IL)	Norton	Williams (GA)
Garcia (TX)	Ocasio-Cortez	Wilson (FL)

NOES—303

Aderholt	Boebert	Chavez-DeRemer
Aguilar	Bost	Ciscomani
Alford	Bowman	Clarke (NY)
Allen	Boyle (PA)	Cleaver
Allred	Brecheen	Cline
Amodei	Brownley	Cloud
Auchincloss	Buchanan	Clyburn
Babin	Buck	Clyde
Bacon	Bucshon	Cole
Baird	Budzinski	Collins
Balderson	Burgess	Comer
Barr	Burlison	Costa
Bean (FL)	Calvert	Courtney
Bentz	Cammack	Craig
Bera	Caraveo	Crane
Bergman	Carey	Crawford
Bice	Carl	Crenshaw
Biggs	Carson	Cuellar
Bilirakis	Carter (GA)	Curtis
Bishop (GA)	Carter (TX)	D'Esposito
Bishop (NC)	Cartwright	Daids (KS)
	Case	Davidson
	Castor (FL)	Davis (NC)

DeGette Jordan
DeLauro Joyce (OH)
DelBene Joyce (PA)
Deluzio Kaptur
DesJarlais Kean (NJ)
Diaz-Balart Kelly (IL)
Donalds Kelly (MS)
Duarte Kiggans (VA)
Duncan Kiley
Dunn (FL) Kilmer
Edwards Kim (CA)
Ellzey Krishnamoorthi
Emmer Kustoff
Estes LaHood
Evans LaLota
Ezell LaMalfa
Fallon Lamborn
Feenstra Landsman
Ferguson Langworthy
Finstad Larsen (WA)
Fischbach Larson (CT)
Fitzgerald Latta
Fitzpatrick LaTurner
Fleischmann Lawler
Fletcher Lee (FL)
Flood Lee (NV)
Foxy Leger Fernandez
Frankel, Lois Letlow
Franklin, Scott Loudermilk
Fry Lucas
Fulcher Luetkemeyer
Gaetz Luna
Gallagher Luttrell
Gallego Lynch
Garbarino Mace
Garcia, Mike Magaziner
Gimenez Malliotakis
Gonzales, Tony Mann
Gonzalez, Manning
Vicente Mast
González-Colón McBath
Good (VA) McCarthy
Gooden (TX) McCaul
Gosar McClain
Gottheimer McClintock
Granger McCormick
Graves (LA) McHenry
Graves (MO) Meuser
Green (TN) Miller (IL)
Green, Al (TX) Miller (WV)
Greene (GA) Miller-Meeks
Griffith Mills
Grothman Molinaro
Guest Moolenaar
Guthrie Mooney
Hageman Moore (AL)
Harris Moore (UT)
Harshbarger Moran
Hayes Morelle
Hern Moskowitz
Higgins (LA) Moulton
Hill Mrvan
Himes Murphy
Hinson Neal
Horsford Nehls
Houchin Newhouse
Houlahan Norcross
Hoyer Norman
Huizenga Nunn (IA)
Hunt Obernolte
Issa Ogles
Ivey Owens
Jackson (IL) Palmer
Jackson (NC) Pappas
Jackson (TX) Pence
James Perez
Jeffries Perry
Johnson (OH) Peters
Johnson (SD) Pettersen

NOT VOTING—19

Banks Lesko
Correa Miller (OH)
De La Cruz Moore (WI)
Golden (ME) Moylan
Hudson Pelosi
Jackson Lee Phillips
Kelly (PA) Pingree

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE ACTING CHAIR

The Acting CHAIR (during the vote).
There is 1 minute remaining.

□ 1247

So the amendment was rejected.
The result of the vote was announced
as above recorded.
Stated for:

Pfluger
Plaskett
Posey
Radewagen
Reschenthaler
Rodgers (WA)
Rogers (AL)
Rogers (KY)
Rose
Rosendale
Ross
Rouzer
Rutherford
Ryan
Salazar
Sánchez
Sarbanes
Scalise
Scholten
Schrier
Schweikert
Scott (VA)
Scott, Austin
Scott, David
Self
Sessions
Sherrill
Simpson
Slotkin
Smith (MO)
Smith (NE)
Smith (NJ)
Smucker
Soto
Spanberger
Spartz
Stanton
Stauber
Steel
Stefanik
Steil
Steube
Stevens
Strickland
Strong
Tenney
Thanedar
Thompson (MS)
Thompson (PA)
Tiffany
Timmons
Titus
Torres (CA)
Torres (NY)
Trone
Valadao
Van Drew
Moran
Van Dwyne
Van Orden
Vasquez
Veasey
Wagner
Walberg
Wasserman
Schultz
Weber (TX)
Webster (FL)
Wenstrup
Westerman
Wexton
Wild
Williams (NY)
Williams (TX)
Wilson (SC)
Wittman
Womack
Yakym
Zinke

Mr. BOWMAN. Mr. Chair, during rollcall No. 544 on H.R. 4394, I mistakenly recorded my vote as “no” when I should have voted “aye.”

AMENDMENT NO. 37 OFFERED BY MR. GARAMENDI

The Acting CHAIR. The unfinished business is the demand for a recorded vote on amendment No. 37, printed in part B of House Report 118-242 offered by the gentleman from California (Mr. GARAMENDI), on which further proceedings were postponed and on which the noes prevailed by voice vote.

The Clerk will redesignate the amendment.

The Clerk redesignated the amendment.

RECORDED VOTE

The Acting CHAIR. A recorded vote has been demanded.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The Acting CHAIR. This is a 2-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—ayes 121, noes 299, not voting 18, as follows:

[Roll No. 545]

AYES—121

Adams
Aguilar
Auchincloss
Balint
Barragán
Beatty
Beyer
Blunt Rochester
Bonamici
Bowman
Brown
Burchett
Bush
Carbajal
Cárdenas
Carter (LA)
Casar
Casten
Castro (TX)
Cherfilus-
McCormick
Chu
Clark (MA)
Clarke (NY)
Cleaver
Crockett
Crow
Davis (IL)
Dean (PA)
DeGette
DeSaulnier
Dingell
McClellan
Doggett
McGarvey
McGovern
Meeks
Evans
Foster
Foushee
Frost
Gallogo
Garamendi

NOES—299

Aderholt
Alford
Allen
Allred
Amodei
Armstrong
Arrington
Babin
Bacon
Baird
Balderson
Banks
Barr
Bean (FL)
Bentz
Bera
Bergman
Bice
Biggs
Bilirakis

Crawford
Crenshaw
Cuellar
Curtis
D’Esposito
Davids (KS)
Davidson
Davis (NC)
DeLauro
DelBene
Deluzio
DesJarlais
Diaz-Balart
Donalds
Duarte
Duncan
Dunn (FL)
Edwards
Ellzey
Emmer
Escobar
Estes
Ezell
Fallon
Feenstra
Ferguson
Finstad
Fischbach
Fitzgerald
Fitzpatrick
Fleischmann
Fletcher
Flood
Foxy
Frankel, Lois
Franklin, Scott
Fry
Fulcher
Gaetz
Gallagher
Garbarino
Garcia, Mike
Gimenez
Gonzales, Tony
Gonzalez,
Vicente
González-Colón
Good (VA)
Gooden (TX)
Gosar
Gottheimer
Granger
Graves (LA)
Graves (MO)
Green (TN)
Greene (GA)
Griffith
Grothman
Guest
Guthrie
Hageman
Harris
Harshbarger
Hayes
Hern
Higgins (LA)
Higgins (NY)
Hill
Himes
Hinson
Horsford
Houchin
Houlahan
Hoyer
Huizenga
Hunt
Issa
Ivey
Jackson (IL)
Jackson (NC)
Jackson (TX)

James
Jeffries
Johnson (OH)
Johnson (SD)
Jordan
Joyce (OH)
Joyce (PA)
Kaptur
Kean (NJ)
Kelly (MS)
Kiggans (VA)
Kiley
Kilmer
Kim (CA)
Kustoff
LaHood
LaLota
LaMalfa
Lamborn
Landsman
Langworthy
Larson (CT)
Latta
LaTurner
Lawler
Lee (FL)
Lee (NV)
Letlow
Loudermilk
Lucas
Luna
Luttrell
Lynch
Mace
Magaziner
Malliotakis
Mann
Manning
Mast
McBath
McCarthy
McCaul
McClain
McClintock
McCollum
McCormick
Meuser
Miller (IL)
Miller (WV)
Miller-Meeks
Mills
Molinaro
Moolenaar
Mooney
Moore (AL)
Moore (UT)
Moran
Morelle
Moskowitz
Moulton
Mrvan
Neal
Nehls
Newhouse
Norcross
Norman
Nunn (IA)
Obernolte
Ogles
Owens
Palmer
Pappas
Pascrell
Pence
Perez
Perry
Peters
Pettersen
Pfluger
Plaskett
Posey

NOT VOTING—18

Correa Lesko
De La Cruz McHenry
Golden (ME) Miller (OH)
Hudson Chavez-DeRemer
Jackson Lee Ciscomani
Kelly (PA) Cline
Pelosi Cloud
Turner Clyburn
Waltz Clyde
Cohen
Cole
Collins
Comer
Connolly
Costa
Courtney
Craig
Crane

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE ACTING CHAIR
The Acting CHAIR (during the vote).
There is 1 minute remaining.

□ 1250

So the amendment was rejected.
The result of the vote was announced
as above recorded.

AMENDMENT NO. 39 OFFERED BY MS. HAGEMAN

The Acting CHAIR. The unfinished business is the demand for a recorded vote on amendment No. 39, printed in part B of House Report 118-242 offered by the gentlewoman from Wyoming (Ms. HAGEMAN), on which further proceedings were postponed and on which the ayes prevailed by voice vote.

The Clerk will redesignate the amendment.

The Clerk redesignated the amendment.

RECORDED VOTE

The Acting CHAIR. A recorded vote has been demanded.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The Acting CHAIR. This will be a 2-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—ayes 176, noes 241, not voting 21, as follows:

[Roll No. 546]

AYES—176

Aderholt	Fulcher	Moore (AL)
Alford	Gaetz	Moore (UT)
Allen	Gallagher	Moran
Armstrong	Garbarino	Murphy
Arrington	Garcia, Mike	Nehls
Babin	Gimenez	Norman
Bacon	González-Colón	Oberholte
Balderson	Good (VA)	Ogles
Banks	Gooden (TX)	Owens
Barr	Gosar	Palmer
Bean (FL)	Graves (LA)	Perry
Bentz	Green (TN)	Pfuger
Bergman	Greene (GA)	Posey
Bice	Grothman	Radewagen
Biggs	Guest	Reschenthaler
Bilirakis	Guthrie	Rodgers (WA)
Bishop (NC)	Harris	Rogers (AL)
Boebert	Harshbarger	Rogers (KY)
Bost	Hern	Rose
Brecheen	Higgins (LA)	Rosendale
Buchanan	Hill	Rouzer
Buck	Hinson	Roy
Bucshon	Houchin	Rutherford
Burchett	Huizenga	Salazar
Burgess	Hunt	Scalise
Burlison	Issa	Schweikert
Calvert	Jackson (TX)	Scott, Austin
Cammack	James	Self
Carey	Johnson (OH)	Sessions
Carl	Johnson (SD)	Smith (MO)
Carter (GA)	Jordan	Smith (NJ)
Ciscomani	Kelly (MS)	Smucker
Cline	Kustoff	Spartz
Cloud	LaLota	Stauber
Clyde	LaMalfa	Stefanik
Cole	Lamborn	Steil
Collins	Langworthy	Steube
Comer	Latta	Strong
Crane	Lee (FL)	Tenney
Crawford	Letlow	Thompson (PA)
D'Esposito	Loudermilk	Tiffany
Davidson	Luna	Timmons
DesJarlais	Luttrell	Valadao
Donalds	Malliotakis	Van Drew
Duarte	Mann	Van Dwyne
Duncan	Massie	Van Orden
Dunn (FL)	Mast	Wagner
Ellzey	McCarthy	Walberg
Emmer	McClain	Weber (TX)
Estes	McClintock	Webster (FL)
Ezell	McCormick	Westerman
Fallon	Meuser	Williams (NY)
Feenstra	Miller (IL)	Williams (TX)
Ferguson	Miller (WV)	Wilson (SC)
Finstad	Miller-Meeks	Wittman
Fitzgerald	Mills	Womack
Foxx	Molinaro	Yakym
Franklin, Scott	Moolenaar	Zinke
Fry	Mooney	

NOES—241

Adams	Balint	Blumenauer
Aguilar	Barragán	Blunt Rochester
Allred	Beatty	Bonamici
Amodei	Bera	Bowman
Auchincloss	Beyer	Boyle (PA)
Baird	Bishop (GA)	Brown

Brownley	Higgins (NY)	Panetta
Budzinski	Himes	Pappas
Bush	Horsford	Pascarell
Caraveo	Houlahan	Payne
Carbajal	Hoyer	Peltola
Cárdenas	Hoyle (OR)	Pence
Carson	Huffman	Perez
Carter (LA)	Ivey	Peters
Carter (TX)	Jackson (IL)	Pettersen
Cartwright	Jackson (NC)	Plaskett
Casar	Jacobs	Pocan
Case	Jayapal	Porter
Casten	Jeffries	Pressley
Castor (FL)	Johnson (GA)	Quigley
Castro (TX)	Joyce (OH)	Ramirez
Chavez-DeRemer	Joyce (PA)	Raskin
Cherfilus-	Kamla-Dove	Ross
McCormick	Kaptur	Ruiz
Chu	Kean (NJ)	Ruppersberger
Clark (MA)	Keating	Ryan
Clarke (NY)	Kelly (IL)	Sablan
Cleaver	Khanna	Salinas
Clyburn	Kiggans (VA)	Sánchez
Cohen	Kildee	Sarbanes
Connolly	Kiley	Scanlon
Costa	Kilmer	Schakowsky
Courtney	Kim (CA)	Schiff
Craig	Kim (NJ)	Schneider
Crenshaw	Krishnamoorthi	Scholten
Crockett	Kuster	Schrier
Crow	LaHood	Scott (VA)
Cuellar	Landsman	Scott, David
Curtis	Larsen (WA)	Sewell
Davids (KS)	Larson (CT)	Sherman
Davis (IL)	LaTurner	Sherrill
Davis (NC)	Lawler	Simpson
Dean (PA)	Lee (CA)	Slotkin
DeGette	Lee (NV)	Smith (NE)
DeLauro	Lee (PA)	Smith (WA)
DeBene	Leger Fernandez	Sorensen
Deluzio	Levin	Soto
DeSaulnier	Lieu	Spanberger
Diaz-Balart	Lofgren	Stansbury
Dingell	Lucas	Stanton
Doggett	Lynch	Steel
Edwards	Mace	Stevens
Escobar	Magaziner	Strickland
Eshoo	Manning	Sykes
Espallat	Matsui	Takano
Evans	McBath	Thanedar
Fitzpatrick	McCaul	Thompson (CA)
Fleischmann	McClellan	Thompson (MS)
Fletcher	McCollum	Titus
Flood	McGarvey	Tlaib
Foster	McGovern	Tokuda
Foushee	Meeks	Tonko
Frankel, Lois	Menendez	Torres (CA)
Frost	Meng	Torres (NY)
Gallego	Mfume	Trahan
Garamendi	Morelle	Trone
Garcia (IL)	Moskowitz	Underwood
Garcia (TX)	Moulton	Vargas
Garcia, Robert	Mrvan	Vasquez
Goldman (NY)	Mullin	Veasey
Gomez	Nadler	Velázquez
Gonzales, Tony	Napolitano	Wasserman
Gonzalez,	Neal	Schultz
Vicente	Neguse	Waters
Gottheimer	Newhouse	Watson Coleman
Granger	Nickel	Wenstrup
Graves (MO)	Norcross	Wexton
Green, Al (TX)	Norton	Wild
Griffith	Nunn (IA)	Williams (GA)
Grijalva	Ocasio-Cortez	Wilson (FL)
Harder (CA)	Omar	
Hayes	Pallone	

NOT VOTING—21

Correa	Kelly (PA)	Pelosi
De La Cruz	Lesko	Phillips
Fischbach	Luetkemeyer	Pingree
Golden (ME)	McHenry	Santos
Hageman	Miller (OH)	Swalwell
Hudson	Moore (WI)	Turner
Jackson Lee	Moylan	Waltz

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE ACTING CHAIR

The Acting CHAIR (during the vote). There is 1 minute remaining.

□ 1254

So the amendment was rejected.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

□ 1300

AMENDMENT NO. 41 OFFERED BY MR. JACKSON

The Acting CHAIR. It is now in order to consider amendment No. 41 printed in part B of House Report 118-242.

Mr. JACKSON of Texas. Mr. Chair, I have an amendment at the desk.

The Acting CHAIR. The Clerk will designate the amendment.

The text of the amendment is as follows:

At the end of the bill (before the short title), insert the following:

SEC. ____ None of the funds made available by this Act may be used by the National Nuclear Security Administration to halt the construction of a High Explosive Synthesis, Formulation, and Production facility at the Pantex Plant near Amarillo, Texas.

The Acting CHAIR. Pursuant to House Resolution 756, the gentleman from Texas (Mr. JACKSON) and a Member opposed each will control 5 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Texas.

Mr. JACKSON of Texas. Mr. Chair, the National Nuclear Security Administration's Pantex plant in Amarillo, Texas, is one of our Nation's most valuable and vital military assets as it is our strategic force's only nuclear weapons assembly and disassembly facility.

The saying within the military's nuclear enterprise is "all roads lead to Pantex" because this site in my district is a mandatory stop for every single nuclear weapon within our inventory.

This amendment will prohibit the Biden administration from halting construction of the much-needed High Explosive Synthesis, Formulation, and Production Facility at Pantex.

This major construction project will enhance our nuclear deterrence capability by allowing the NNSA to modernize and scale its high explosive production capabilities to meet pressing and urgent stockpile requirements.

Right now, we rely on a single, external vendor for large-scale synthesis, formulation, and blending for high explosive products. There have been repeated issues with this vendor, including lack of prioritization and even late deliveries. This presents a single point of failure in the nuclear enterprise which jeopardizes our nuclear weapons production.

Once this new facility is constructed at Pantex, NNSA will be able to meet all long-term high explosive material needs for the weapons stockpile while successfully mitigating nearly all risks associated with production.

Given the threat environment we face in the world today, many people might assume that the Federal Government has made adequate investments in Pantex and modernized appropriately. Those assumptions would be dead wrong. Many of the facilities at the Pantex plant were built in the 1940s and the 1950s.

Today, in 2023, you are required to wear a hardhat when entering some of the buildings because the ceiling is

crumbling down on top of the workers that work there.

Since I have been in Congress, I have ensured that adequate funding has been provided each year to maintain the facility's modernization efforts.

While I have disagreed with the Biden administration nearly every step of the way on just about every issue, one of the only things they seemed to be doing right was prioritizing modernization of our Nation's nuclear enterprise.

Just when I thought this administration grasped how critical it is to ensure the viability of our Nation's nuclear deterrent, I opened the budget request for this year only to see that they had completely zeroed out this project.

Now, this administration wants to let our nuclear forces erode while they continue to pump billions of dollars into woke, green, and social initiatives.

This cut was rejected by both the House and Senate Armed Services Committees, as well as by House appropriators, because we can all see what President Biden apparently cannot.

The United States must be the unquestioned leader in the ability to project peace through strength.

The House has successfully authorized and will soon appropriate the funds for Pantex because we all understand how critical it is to modernize the facilities where our nuclear weapons are made. We must take our Nation's nuclear enterprise out of the crosshairs of the Biden administration.

The world is a dangerous place at the moment with global threats from China, Iran, Russia, and North Korea. We must provide adequate investment in our nuclear deterrence capability to ensure these bad actors never doubt our strategic readiness, and the Pantex plant in Amarillo is a key component of that.

I urge all Members to support my amendment to prohibit the administration from halting construction on this critical modernization initiative.

Madam Chair, I reserve the balance of my time.

Ms. KAPTUR. Madam Chair, I rise in opposition to this amendment.

The Acting CHAIR (Mrs. KIM of California). The gentlewoman from Ohio is recognized for 5 minutes.

Ms. KAPTUR. Madam Chair, I have long been a champion of ensuring that the United States maintains a safe, secure, and credible nuclear deterrent while addressing the threat of nuclear proliferation and terrorism.

I wholeheartedly agree with Chair FLEISCHMANN that the National Nuclear Security Administration needs to improve its program and project management given that more than half of its projects are over cost or behind schedule.

We must also face the realities of future defense caps and begin making important decisions to prioritize within this program.

As one step in the prioritization process, the National Nuclear Security

Administration proposed pausing, not phasing out, construction of this facility to focus resources on high-priority items necessary for nuclear weapon modernization efforts.

Only through strategic prioritization can the program achieve success in meeting the needs of stockpile requirements and maintaining the nation's nuclear deterrent.

We should not prohibit the NNSA from pausing certain activities, especially since those issues will be resolved through conferencing funding levels.

Madam Chair, I urge my colleagues to vote against this amendment, and I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. JACKSON of Texas. Madam Chair, I appreciate having the support of all my colleagues on this amendment, and I yield back the balance of my time.

The Acting CHAIR. The question is on the amendment offered by the gentleman from Texas (Mr. JACKSON).

The amendment was agreed to.

AMENDMENT NO. 42 OFFERED BY MR. LAMBORN

The Acting CHAIR. It is now in order to consider amendment No. 42 printed in part B of House Report 118-242.

Mr. LAMBORN. Madam Chair, I have an amendment at the desk.

The Acting CHAIR. The Clerk will designate the amendment.

The text of the amendment is as follows:

At the end of the bill (before the short title), insert the following:

SEC. _____. None of the funds appropriated or otherwise made available by this Act may be used to admit any individual who is a citizen of any country on the current list of sensitive countries to any facility of a national security laboratory, as such term is defined in section 4002 of the Atomic Energy Defense Act, other than areas accessible to the general public.

The Acting CHAIR. Pursuant to House Resolution 756, the gentleman from Colorado (Mr. LAMBORN) and a Member opposed each will control 5 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Colorado.

Mr. LAMBORN. Madam Chair, I rise today in support of my amendment that restricts citizens of any country on the list of sensitive countries from entering any U.S. national security laboratory facility.

From Los Alamos to Oak Ridge, our national labs perform critical national security activities that are the bedrock of our defense. They oversee the stewardship of our national stockpile which maintains our safe, secure, credible, and effective nuclear deterrent force.

Unlike our adversaries, the United States has upheld the zero-yield testing standard set in place by the Comprehensive Test Ban Treaty. We have done this by choosing to make a massive investment in our national labs to develop a more responsible nuclear testing regime that does not require super-critical explosions.

I was stunned to hear recent reports, though, of Biden administration offi-

cials inviting citizens from our two greatest adversaries to observe U.S. nuclear weapons tests. Russia and China should not have insider access to our testing. This is the latest in a series of misguided and naive national security actions made by Biden administration officials. These are the same officials who have sworn oaths to protect and defend the U.S. Constitution and who are appointed as caretakers for our Nation's most sensitive national security activities.

Proponents of this policy argue that inviting foreign observers to view our tests would encourage our adversaries to be more transparent about their activities. However, China and Russia have had ample opportunity to be more open about their nuclear weapons development and deployments and refuse to do so.

Allowing adversaries to observe our nuclear testing activities is allowing them to derive our methods and procedures, and this destroys deterrence. As chairman of the House Armed Services Strategic Forces Subcommittee, one of my priorities has been to strengthen and protect our nuclear arsenal.

In the world today, nothing could jeopardize our national security more than losing this advantage. For that reason, I encourage my colleagues to adopt this amendment and protect our nuclear assets.

Madam Chair, I close by saying that I ask that we adopt this amendment by acclamation, and I yield back the balance of my time.

The Acting CHAIR. The question is on the amendment offered by the gentleman from Colorado (Mr. LAMBORN).

The amendment was agreed to.

AMENDMENT NO. 43 OFFERED BY MRS. LUNA

The Acting CHAIR. It is now in order to consider amendment No. 43 printed in part B of House Report 118-242.

Mrs. LUNA. Madam Chair, I have an amendment at the desk.

The Acting CHAIR. The Clerk will designate the amendment.

The text of the amendment is as follows:

At the end of the bill (before the short title), insert the following:

SEC. _____. The salary of Michael Connor, Assistant Secretary of the Army for Civil Works, shall be reduced to \$1.

The Acting CHAIR. Pursuant to House Resolution 756, the gentlewoman from Florida (Mrs. LUNA) and a Member opposed each will control 5 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentlewoman from Florida.

Mrs. LUNA. Madam Chair, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

The Army Corps has halted beach renourishment projects in Florida due to the perpetual public easement access policy. This is now affecting more than nine counties in Florida where the Corps has refused to renourish our beaches without stripping property rights from every homeowner, an unattainable requirement.

The Corps has renourished Florida's beaches for the past two decades using

temporary construction easements to proceed with beach renourishment. The Corps is now going back and enforcing this new policy dating back to 1996, but it has not enforced the same policy for the past two decades. They refuse to address the threat of shore erosion while continuing to watch our beaches disappear before our very eyes.

Numerous members of the Florida delegation have reached out to Assistant Secretary Conner at the Corps to resolve this issue. The unelected bureaucrats at the Army Corps of Engineers have a different agenda. They have stonewalled every single one of us every single step of the way. The Corps has neither followed up nor followed through on proceeding with scheduled beach renourishment projects where we are in dire need due to damage from recent hurricanes.

If the Army Corps does nothing, our beaches will continue to dissipate and our homes will be susceptible to destruction.

The truth is, the Army Corps did not require perpetual easements before, and they do not need them now. The responsibility for the inevitable degradation of Florida beaches, marine life, and economy will rest entirely with the Army Corps of Engineers.

I do not know who the Army Corps works for, but it is clear that it is not the American people. This amendment puts the Army Corps on notice for their shameful neglect of Floridians and forces them to get to work on restoring our beaches.

Madam Chair, I reserve the balance of my time.

Ms. KAPTUR. Madam Chair, I rise in opposition to the amendment.

The Acting CHAIR. The gentlewoman from Ohio is recognized for 5 minutes.

Ms. KAPTUR. Madam Chair, this amendment the gentlewoman has offered raises serious constitutional issues and may amount to an unconstitutional bill of attainder.

This is not the way to handle policy disputes, with Michael Conner, the Assistant Secretary of the Army for civil works.

This amendment prioritizes, I am sad to say, legislative theater over the American people, and it has no chance of becoming law.

Madam Chair, I strongly urge my colleagues to vote against this harmful amendment, and I reserve the balance of my time.

Mrs. LUNA. Madam Chair, I yield back the balance of my time.

Ms. KAPTUR. Madam Chair, I yield to the gentleman from Tennessee (Mr. FLEISCHMANN), the chair of the Energy and Water Subcommittee.

Mr. FLEISCHMANN. Madam Chair, I thank the ranking member for yielding.

While I can completely understand the frustrations many of my colleagues may experience in some of their dealings with some of the aspects and personnel in the executive branch, respectfully, I think reducing the sala-

ries to a dollar is not likely to solve the problem. In fact, it may create even more problems in a challenging environment.

So with all due respect to my colleague from Florida, I urge my colleagues to oppose this amendment.

Ms. KAPTUR. Madam Chair, I yield back the balance of my time.

The Acting CHAIR. The question is on the amendment offered by the gentlewoman from Florida (Mrs. LUNA).

The question was taken; and the Acting Chair announced that the ayes appeared to have it.

Ms. KAPTUR. Madam Chair, I demand a recorded vote.

The Acting CHAIR. Pursuant to clause 6 of rule XVIII, further proceedings on the amendment offered by the gentlewoman from Florida will be postponed.

□ 1315

AMENDMENT NO. 44 OFFERED BY MRS. LUNA

The Acting CHAIR. It is now in order to consider amendment No. 44 printed in part B of House Report 118-242.

Mrs. LUNA. Madam Chair, I have an amendment at the desk.

The Acting CHAIR. The Clerk will designate the amendment.

The text of the amendment is as follows:

At the end of the bill (before the short title), insert the following:

SEC. ____ None of the funds made available by this Act may be used to implement or enforce Corps of Engineers memorandum CERE-AP, issued by the South Atlantic division on July 9, 1996, relating to "Approval of Perpetual Beach Storm Damage Reduction Easement as a Standard Estate".

The Acting CHAIR. Pursuant to House Resolution 756, the gentlewoman from Florida (Mrs. LUNA) and a Member opposed each will control 5 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentlewoman from Florida.

Mrs. LUNA. Madam Chair, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

The Army Corps has halted many beach renourishment projects in Florida. It is now affecting nine counties. Ultimately, in our eyes, this 1996 policy is completely out of date and needs to be defunded.

Obviously we have massive concerns, to include habitat for endangered species in my community; a number of private homeowners that will have their properties destroyed; and, in addition to that, it is going to financially impact our community, as much of our income for that area depends on travel as well as our beaches.

I am asking for support for this amendment. I think that it is something that would benefit not just my constituents, but many of those in Florida.

Madam Chair, I yield back the balance of my time.

Ms. KAPTUR. Madam Chair, I rise in opposition to this amendment.

The Acting CHAIR. The gentlewoman from Ohio is recognized for 5 minutes.

Ms. KAPTUR. Madam Chair, this amendment would prohibit funds for

the Corps of Engineers to implement or enforce guidance from the 1996 memo called Approval of Perpetual Beach Storm Damage Reduction Easement As a Standard Estate. That is engineering language. While this may sound like a lot of jargon, it is actually an attempt to have one area of Florida treated differently than other areas.

Beach renourishment is an important function of the Corps of Engineers and includes the adding of sediment onto or directly adjacent to an eroding beach, something that our country on many coasts now is experiencing. The Corps of Engineers generally requires that real estate easements are granted when performing work, which makes sense, because the taxpayers are footing the bill for the improvement.

Further, it seems particularly of interest to taxpayers that, if our taxpayer dollars are improving private property, then there should be an easement provided.

In this case, that wasn't required in the past, but the Corps of Engineers realized it wasn't following standard procedures and decided to implement that going forward.

This really comes down to one basic question: Do we want to treat one area of the country differently than all the rest of the areas are supposed to be treated? I believe we should strive for consistency in implementing the laws and regulations of this country, especially when it comes to projects funded with taxpayer dollars.

For these reasons, I urge my colleagues to vote against this amendment.

Madam Chair, I yield back the balance of my time.

The Acting CHAIR. The question is on the amendment offered by the gentlewoman from Florida (Mrs. LUNA).

The amendment was agreed to.

AMENDMENT NO. 45 OFFERED BY MR. MCCORMICK

The Acting CHAIR. It is now in order to consider amendment No. 45 printed in part B of House Report 118-242.

Mr. MCCORMICK. Madam Chair, I have an amendment at the desk.

The Acting CHAIR. The Clerk will designate the amendment.

The text of the amendment is as follows:

At the end of the bill (before the short title), insert the following:

SEC. ____ None of the funds made available by this Act may be used to close the Toto Creek, Bolding Mill, Duckett Mill, Old Federal, Van Pugh South Campground, Sawnee, or Bald Ridge Creek campgrounds located at Lake Sidney Lanier, Georgia.

The Acting CHAIR. Pursuant to House Resolution 756, the gentleman from Georgia (Mr. MCCORMICK) and a Member opposed each will control 5 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Georgia.

Mr. MCCORMICK. Madam Chair, I rise to offer my amendment No. 45 to H.R. 4394, the Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies Appropriations Act for fiscal year 2024.

My amendment No. 45 prevents the Army Corps of Engineers from closing campgrounds around Lake Lanier. My amendment will ensure that these campgrounds are open for my constituents and for people all over the country to enjoy the outdoors of Georgia's Sixth District.

Lake Lanier is the most visited lake of the 464 federally operated lakes in the United States, with well over 10 million visitors from all over the country annually. The Army Corps of Engineers runs the lake and the campgrounds and parks surrounding it.

Over the past summer, the Corps suggested they close some of the campgrounds around the lake citing the lack of appropriations and need for maintenance. Congress provided \$8.31 billion in annual appropriations for 2023, which was 26 percent above the fiscal year 2023 Presidential budget request. Frankly, the Corps seems to have not properly budgeted.

This is Big Government at its finest, wasteful, always asking for more, and never trying to save or be more efficient. The Army Corps must do better by focusing on the needs of the community where it operates. The more control locally, the better.

The families of Georgia's Sixth, as well as all those who seek to visit Lake Lanier, should not have to bear the consequences of mismanagement of funds. These campgrounds must remain open.

I reserve the balance of my time.

Ms. KAPTUR. Madam Chair, I rise in opposition to the amendment.

The Acting CHAIR. The gentlewoman from Ohio is recognized for 5 minutes.

Ms. KAPTUR. This amendment prohibits funds provided by this act from closing campgrounds or parks operated by the Army Corps of Engineers and located at or around Lake Sidney Lanier, Georgia.

I can certainly understand the strong interest in preventing the Corps from closing campgrounds and parks in a particular area. Frankly, I wish my area had one, but we don't have Corps facilities like that. The gentleman has been blessed.

The Corps of Engineers is one of the Nation's leading Federal providers of outdoor recreation. Its recreation sites receive 262 million visits each year and include more than 400 lake and river projects in 43 States. Unfortunately, the Corps of Engineers' recreation funding has been declining in recent years.

I support the notion that we do not want the Corps to begin closing recreation sites due to lack of funding. However, this is an issue that affects hundreds of sites across dozens of States. I do not believe we here today should begin the practice of using funding prohibitions to carve out special designations, but instead should develop a comprehensive solution, fair to all regions across our Nation, to address the challenge of funding the Corps' recreation sites.

I would welcome the opportunity to work with the gentleman on that and obviously the chair of the full committee.

For this reason, I oppose the amendment at this time, but look forward to working with my colleagues to develop a solution to the larger problem. Maybe we can even give a little attention to the Great Lakes. Wouldn't that be great?

Madam Chair, I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. McCORMICK. Madam Chair, I am glad it is agreed that this is a problem nationwide. I am focused on my district, however. I think I am the representation for my district.

I think, in fiscal year 2023, the operations and management budget for the Army Corps was 11 percent more than the previous year, at \$5.08 billion instead of \$4.57 billion, which makes our case that there is no reason to use these funds to close the most popular destination for people from all over to come to our lake in our district.

Therefore, Madam Chair, I now, more than ever, think it is important to protect our outdoors. Keep the campgrounds around Lake Lanier open and accessible to the public.

Madam Chair, I yield back the balance of my time.

The Acting CHAIR. The question is on the amendment offered by the gentleman from Georgia (Mr. McCORMICK).

The amendment was agreed to.

AMENDMENT NO. 46 OFFERED BY MR. NORMAN

The Acting CHAIR. It is now in order to consider amendment No. 46 printed in part B of House Report 118-242.

Mr. NORMAN. Madam Chair, I have an amendment at the desk.

The Acting CHAIR. The Clerk will designate the amendment.

The text of the amendment is as follows:

At the end of the bill (before the short title), insert the following:

SEC. _____. None of the funds made available by this Act may be used to carry out the final rule titled "Energy Conservation Program: Energy Conservation Standards for Manufactured Housing" (88 Fed. Reg. 32728 (May 31, 2022)).

The Acting CHAIR. Pursuant to House Resolution 756, the gentleman from South Carolina (Mr. NORMAN) and a Member opposed each will control 5 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from South Carolina for 5 minutes.

Mr. NORMAN. Madam Chair, my amendment would prohibit funding for the Biden administration's rule titled, "Energy Conservation Program: Energy Conservation Standards for Manufactured Housing." It would prohibit the Department of Energy from carrying out regulations that increase the regulatory burdens.

This is a topic that I am very familiar with. I met with the manufacturers of some manufactured housing. For those who don't know, manufactured housing is built in an enclosed environment. What they have done with the

passage of the regulations would put the most affordable housing out of business, like changing the rafter sizes from 2 by 2s, 2 by 4s to 2 by 10s or 2 by 8s, 2 by 6s. It is just not practically feasible to do this.

Who would be against the title of an energy conservation program? What this does is much deeper than what this title says.

In May 2022, the DOE developed the energy standards for manufactured homes that would raise the price of new manufactured homes by, in total, thousands of dollars, which would be passed onto the homeowners from cost increases that is far in excess of any return that they would get from the energy savings. Since then, the costs of these DOE standards have become even higher as mortgage rates have increased dramatically.

The standards would limit consumer choices and severely threaten the affordability of new manufactured homes, and this is the most affordable home that the country is now putting on the market. Stick-built homes or building custom homes, as we did in the old days, are just not feasible now.

Manufactured housing represents one of the best opportunities for helping families realize the American Dream, and it counts for roughly 6 percent of the housing stock, this being the largest source of unsubsidized affordable housing in the country.

In South Carolina, one in five South Carolina families lives in a manufactured home. The average price of a new manufactured home is \$75,000. The median income of a manufactured home buyer in South Carolina is about 30,000. The availability of affordable manufactured homeownership is in jeopardy if this new regulation is put into effect. We shouldn't trade off housing affordability for the sake of energy efficiency, which will limit the dream of homeownership.

Madam Chair, I yield back the balance of my time.

The Acting CHAIR. The question is on the amendment offered by the gentleman from South Carolina (Mr. NORMAN).

The amendment was agreed to.

□ 1330

AMENDMENT NO. 47 OFFERED BY MR. NORMAN

The Acting CHAIR. It is now in order to consider amendment No. 47 printed in part B of House Report 118-242.

Mr. NORMAN. Madam Chair, I have an amendment at the desk.

The Acting CHAIR. The Clerk will designate the amendment.

The text of the amendment is as follows:

At the end of the bill (before the short title), insert the following:

SEC. _____. None of the funds made available by this Act may be used for the Department of Energy Office of Science's Office of Scientific Workforce Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion.

The Acting CHAIR. Pursuant to House Resolution 756, the gentleman

from South Carolina (Mr. NORMAN) and a Member opposed each will control 5 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from South Carolina.

Mr. NORMAN. Madam Chair, my amendment would prohibit funding for policies that advance the Biden administration's radical DEI agenda, diversity, equity, and inclusion.

Specifically, my amendment would prohibit the use of funds for the Department of Energy's Office of Scientific Workforce Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion. This office's mission is to promote diverse, equitable, and inclusive workplaces. Now, even science must bow to equity and inclusion. Science should be rooted in fact and research, not wokeism.

We have seen what happens when DOE prioritizes diversity and inclusion over all else. It results in hiring non-binary nuclear officials like Sam Brinton, who uses they/them pronouns to address his cohorts.

It is time to be serious. We cannot waste taxpayer dollars funding an office of science whose sole purpose is to promote diversity, equity, and inclusion over science.

Madam Chair, I urge my colleagues to support my amendment, and I reserve the balance of my time.

Ms. KAPTUR. Madam Chair, I rise in strong opposition to this amendment.

The Acting CHAIR. The gentlewoman from Ohio is recognized for 5 minutes.

Ms. KAPTUR. Madam Chair, as I understand it, this amendment prohibits the use of funds for the Department of Energy's Office of Scientific Workforce Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion.

This bill already includes harmful riders that show Republicans are not interested in bills that can gain bipartisan support and become law.

During our full committee markup—I remember it well—Republicans added a provision that prohibits funds for any diversity, equity, and inclusion office, program, or training. The underlying bill already includes section 606 that prohibits funds related to advancing racial equity and support for underserved communities and related to diversity, equity, inclusion, and accessibility in the Federal workforce.

In addition, section 605 of the underlying bill prohibits any activities related to “critical race theory” that, as we heard during the markups when I asked the question, none of my Republican colleagues could even define. I don't see a definition in your presentation here today.

How many times do the individuals on the other side of the aisle need to emphasize that they do not like the words “diversity, equity, and inclusion?”

I know when we were educated, we were always taught about “e pluribus unum,” out of many, one. That is what makes our Nation great, that we aren't just one widget, that, in fact, our common experience is our shared heritages, wherever they might be from. It makes

us a more interesting place, and it also connects us to the broader world beyond our shores.

I really do not understand why these provisions are necessary on an energy and water bill, and I hope that my colleagues would stop targeting those who may be different from themselves—or they might think they are—and embrace acceptance or at least tolerance of others.

Madam Chair, I urge my colleagues to reject this amendment, and I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. NORMAN. Madam Chair, I think my good friends on the left don't realize the cost of DEI is borne by the businesses in this country now more than ever when they are paying double and triple for gas and have supply chain shortages, interest rates at a 40-year high, and inflation that we have never seen the likes of.

We have seen what DEI does in the military. The military is down 25 to 30 percent. If you want a definition, define for me the pronouns “they” and “them.” If you are referring to your fellow coworkers as “they” and “them,” does that make sense? No, that is the stupidest, craziest idea to even entertain.

People are trying to put food on the table, trying to protect their loved ones, and you are really promoting this with a price tag? You all ought to be ashamed of yourselves for doing this at a time when America is struggling like never before.

It has a price tag to it, and to even have to discuss this is really unbelievable in today's world.

Madam Chair, I yield back the balance of my time.

The Acting CHAIR. The question is on the amendment offered by the gentleman from South Carolina (Mr. NORMAN).

The question was taken; and the Acting Chair announced that the ayes appeared to have it.

Ms. KAPTUR. Madam Chair, I demand a recorded vote.

The Acting CHAIR. Pursuant to clause 6 of rule XVIII, further proceedings on the amendment offered by the gentleman from South Carolina will be postponed.

AMENDMENT NO. 48 OFFERED BY MR. NORMAN

The Acting CHAIR. It is now in order to consider amendment No. 48 printed in part B of House Report 118-242.

Mr. NORMAN. Madam Chair, I have an amendment at the desk.

The Acting CHAIR. The Clerk will designate the amendment.

The text of the amendment is as follows:

At the end of the bill (before the short title), insert the following:

SEC. _____. None of the funds made available by this Act may be used for the Interagency Working Group on the Social Cost of Greenhouse Gases.

The Acting CHAIR. Pursuant to House Resolution 756, the gentleman from South Carolina (Mr. NORMAN) and a Member opposed each will control 5 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from South Carolina.

Mr. NORMAN. Madam Chair, this is my amendment, which is similar to what we talked about before on the DEI lunacy. My amendment would prohibit funds from being used by the Interagency Working Group on the Social Cost of Greenhouse Gases.

The interagency working group was originally convened by the Obama administration before being disbanded by the Trump administration and reimposed through Biden's radical climate Executive Order No. 13990. Democrats use the social cost of greenhouse gas metrics to justify sweeping climate policies and strict regulations.

I will add that President Biden, when asked what the main concerns and threats for America are, mentioned climate change. We have people being blown up over in Israel, and his focus is climate change.

Madam Chair, I urge my colleagues to support my amendment and ensure we don't waste valuable tax dollars and resources to fund the Biden administration's radical climate agenda.

The other thing I would add is we have to, for dollars that are just vaguely named in these bills, see where the money actually goes. I think America would be astounded.

Madam Chair, I reserve the balance of my time.

Ms. KAPTUR. Madam Chair, I rise in strong opposition to this amendment.

The Acting CHAIR. The gentlewoman from Ohio is recognized for 5 minutes.

Ms. KAPTUR. Madam Chair, this amendment would prohibit funds for the Interagency Working Group on the Social Cost of Greenhouse Gases.

In my part of the country, we recognize what greenhouse gases are. We have to contain methane at many landfills that have let that stuff belch out into the atmosphere. The satellites that take photos of the Earth from a distance can show us that when we weren't conscious of greenhouse gases, we were breaking through the ozone layer, and we have been able to heal that over time with concerted effort. Those who care to know about greenhouse gases have plenty of evidence around us.

We know that the work of this particular group is crucial to making sure the government accounts for the potential impacts of government actions on the climate.

Now, I just left a group of farmers back in Ohio, and I can tell you that their fields are being washed out because of added rainfall at a level they have never seen before.

We have the saltwater creeping up the Mississippi River right now. I was just talking to one of the Members on the other side of the aisle yesterday concerned about Baton Rouge and what is happening with the ocean and saltwater coming north. This has never happened before. This is very unusual.

Whether it is gases in the air—I think of Canada this past summer. In

my part of the country, we never had the kind of fog, I call it, that came from those forest fires down into our region and even made it here to Washington, D.C., and down to the panhandle. This is all new.

As I have said, it is undeniable that we are witnessing growing weather events stemming from climate change occurring in real time, even to the point where we can see it with our own eyes.

As of the end of August, there have been more than 23 disasters in 2023 alone costing at least \$1 billion each. With the costs of trying to pick up after these terrible events, whether we are talking about Hawaii or other places in our country that have been hit hard, our homeland security and disaster assistance accounts have tripled because of what is going on.

We know that the events this year have exceeded the previous records set in 2020, and we still have a few more months to go before this year is done. We don't have the luxury to pretend that climate change isn't impacting us—whatever name you call it—or that our actions aren't somehow related to it.

Tell the American citizens who lost businesses or homes and loved ones from hurricanes, wildfires, and other recent natural disasters, and those who continue to face unrelenting flooding in the Midwest, that there are no costs from climate change because there sure are.

It is already past time for aggressive action to address climate change and its impacts.

The truth is that it is having catastrophic social and economic impacts here in the United States and across the globe, and these are real and unrelenting. Pretending that it doesn't exist simply won't make it go away.

Madam Chair, I strongly urge my colleagues to vote against this harmful amendment and would enjoy talking to the gentleman at any time about my part of the country and what we endure. From what I see in your part of the country, you have issues there, as well.

Madam Chair, I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. NORMAN. Madam Chair, I am glad the gentlewoman mentioned forest fires. If you talk to any forester, this is something we could have a direct impact on.

Do you know how much thatch is causing a lot of these fires? Thatch, in a lot of cases, is this high, and the environmentalists won't let them cut some dead trees and won't let them take the thatch out. How stupid is that? It defies logic.

You mentioned the oceans. Try to explain to anybody in this country how man is going to control the oceans.

We are all for clean water and clean air, but the price tag that is put on these programs that are paying some bureaucrat to give his opinion is, again, lunacy at its highest at a time

in this country when Americans cannot afford it.

I promise in your district, if you talk to your constituents and put the price tag on it, I think they would have a different opinion than your President saying that climate change is the biggest existential threat in this country. There are far greater things than that.

Madam Chair, I yield back the balance of my time.

The Acting CHAIR. The question is on the amendment offered by the gentleman from South Carolina (Mr. NORMAN).

The amendment was agreed to.

□ 1345

AMENDMENT NO. 49 OFFERED BY MR. NORMAN

The Acting CHAIR. It is now in order to consider amendment No. 49 printed in part B of House Report 118-242.

Mr. NORMAN. Madam Chair, I have an amendment at the desk.

The Acting CHAIR. The Clerk will designate the amendment.

The text of the amendment is as follows:

At the end of the bill (before the short title), insert the following:

SEC. _____. None of the funds made available by this Act may be used to consider the social cost of greenhouse gases in the development and implementation of a budget for a Federal agency, in any Federal procurement processes, or when preparing an environmental review pursuant to the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.).

The Acting CHAIR. Pursuant to House Resolution 756, the gentleman from South Carolina (Mr. NORMAN) and a Member opposed each will control 5 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from South Carolina.

Mr. NORMAN. Madam Speaker, this is similar to the other amendments we have been talking about. This particular amendment, 49, prohibits the use of funds for the consideration of the social cost of greenhouse gases in the development and implementation of budgets, Federal procurement processes, or environmental reviews.

I don't know how you calculate that, but the dollars are going toward it. President Biden is directing agencies to consider the social cost of greenhouse gases in the development and implementation of budgets in the Federal procurement process.

Democrats use the social cost of greenhouse gas metrics to justify funding sweeping climate policies and strict regulations.

Where is it legitimately going to? To my good friends on the left, if it were coming out of your paycheck, I think you would probably have a different opinion of where the money should be used.

This is, again, similar to what we have been talking about. It is similar to what we face in the Financial Services Committee where groups are demanding banks, banks that loan money, fill out 500-page reports on the carbon imprint that banks have. How stupid is that?

Again, this is down the same lines we have talked about.

Madam Chair, I reserve the balance of my time.

Ms. KAPTUR. Madam Chair, I rise in strong opposition to this amendment.

The Acting CHAIR. The gentlewoman from Ohio is recognized for 5 minutes.

Ms. KAPTUR. Madam Chair, all I wish to say on this is there is an old expression: Don't try to fool Mother Nature. I would say and advise, don't ignore Mother Nature.

I strongly urge my colleagues to vote against this harmful amendment, and I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. NORMAN. Madam Chair, I wish during a lot of the hearings I have been to and the advocates for us humans controlling the climate and those like Al Gore who says, "the oceans are boiling"—he literally said that—it fits right in line with this radical agenda that America can't afford now.

I urge support of my amendment, and I yield back the balance of my time.

The Acting CHAIR. The question is on the amendment offered by the gentleman from South Carolina (Mr. NORMAN).

The amendment was agreed to.

AMENDMENT NO. 50 OFFERED BY MR. NORMAN

The Acting CHAIR. It is now in order to consider amendment No. 50 printed in part B of House Report 118-242.

Mr. NORMAN. Madam Chair, I have an amendment at the desk.

The Acting CHAIR. The Clerk will designate the amendment.

The text of the amendment is as follows:

At the end of the bill (before the short title), insert the following:

SEC. _____. None of the funds made available by this Act may be used for the American Climate Corps.

The Acting CHAIR. Pursuant to House Resolution 756, the gentleman from South Carolina (Mr. NORMAN) and a Member opposed each will control 5 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from South Carolina.

Mr. NORMAN. Madam Chair, my amendment is similar to the others that I have proposed. It prohibits funding for the American Climate Corps that the Biden administration recently established through an executive order. Thank God it is not binding after his administration is gone.

The Biden administration describes the American Climate Corps as a workforce training and service initiative for careers in the clean energy and climate reliance economy. The corps will focus on equity and environmental justice.

Instead of funding Democrats woke climate agenda, why don't you focus on a pro-growth agenda that spurs the economy and prioritizes American energy independence?

Imagine if this administration reversed course and instead of buying it from OPEC countries that hate America, maybe buying it from our country where we have a 100-year supply, if not more, and become energy independent.

I am in the construction business. I haven't seen too many trucks that operate on batteries. When I get on a plane, I don't see too many airplanes flying on batteries or solar panels, much less the batteries that are made predominantly in China, which is a country that doesn't like us.

I urge passage of my amendment, and I reserve the balance of my time.

Ms. KAPTUR. Madam Chair, I rise in opposition to this amendment.

The Acting CHAIR. The gentlewoman from Ohio is recognized for 5 minutes.

Ms. KAPTUR. Madam Chair, here is another amendment that prohibits something else. The gentleman's amendment would prohibit funding for the American Climate Corps.

I have been a long-time supporter of the idea of engaging young Americans in helping to build our country forward as the original Civilian Conservation Corps did many, many years ago.

People who became a part of that saw a part of America that they had never seen before. They made friends. They learned new skills. It gave people a pride in our Nation that was incalculable.

The whole intent of the American Climate Corps is to engage young Americans in helping our Nation build forward, whether they would be weatherizing homes, planting trees, installing solar infrastructure, mitigating coastal erosion, permitting fires and flooding—the gentleman talked about some of the needs of our national forests—constructing and maintaining public trails, and so much more.

From the western Great Plains to the coast and Great Lakes, we are witnessing the wreckage brought about by changing climate with a ferocity that knows no bounds.

Our success in tackling this challenge will require bold and innovative strategies and connecting to the younger generation.

Last month when the President announced the American Climate Corps, he talked about training young people in high-demand skills for jobs in the clean energy economy, as well.

This program will give a new generation of Americans the skills that our grandparents had, which are necessary to access good-paying jobs that are aligned with high-quality employment opportunities after they complete their paid training and service. It is really a program for America and for the next generation, and I would welcome that.

It used to be that most persons had someone in their family who joined the U.S. military. Today, less than 1 percent of America's families are connected to the U.S. military.

We have to find other means to engage our younger people in patriotic service, and this is one of those. I believe we must continue to invest in America's next generation, our future workforce, and this is such a positive way to do it.

I strongly urge my colleagues to vote against this amendment, and I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. NORMAN. Madam Chair, to my friends on the other side of the aisle, I agree with you. The people that joined the corps, they are well-meaning people.

They work. They build trails, as you mentioned. They fix houses up. Their motives are pure, or they wouldn't do that. It requires physical labor. I have met them on-site.

What this does has nothing to do with the good that they do. It just burdens them. In America, we have become the country we were in the past not by guaranteeing equal outcomes but by guaranteeing equal opportunity.

What I want to do is grant the opportunity for people to join the American Climate Corps to reach their highest potential.

It is not putting the money or making them fill out some crazy form like the banks are having to do. For those who have been in the private sector, they would be with us at every level to stop this kind of rampant spending of our tax dollars.

I urge support of this amendment, and I yield back the balance of my time.

The Acting CHAIR. The question is on the amendment offered by the gentleman from South Carolina (Mr. NORMAN).

The question was taken; and the Acting Chair announced that the ayes appeared to have it.

Ms. KAPTUR. Madam Chair, I demand a recorded vote.

The Acting CHAIR. Pursuant to clause 6 of rule XVIII, further proceedings on the amendment offered by the gentleman from South Carolina will be postponed.

AMENDMENT NO. 51 OFFERED BY MR. NORMAN

The Acting CHAIR. It is now in order to consider amendment No. 51 printed in part B of House Report 118-242.

Mr. NORMAN. Madam Chair, I have an amendment at the desk.

The Acting CHAIR. The Clerk will designate the amendment.

The text of the amendment is as follows:

At the end of the bill (before the short title), insert the following:

SEC. _____. The salary of Jennifer M. Granholm, Secretary of the Department of Energy, shall be reduced to \$1.

The Acting CHAIR. Pursuant to House Resolution 756, the gentleman from South Carolina (Mr. NORMAN) and a Member opposed each will control 5 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from South Carolina.

Mr. NORMAN. Madam Chair, my amendment cuts the salary of the Secretary of the Department of Energy, Jennifer Granholm, to \$1. The job that she has done is far below standard by any measure.

She testified and promoted a company in Greenville—my State, not in my district but my State—that she was a former board member on and requested funds from the American taxpayer.

I have learned now with bureaucrats who make wrong decisions, the only way you deal with them is to cut their salary. I recommend that her salary be cut to a dollar.

I reserve the balance of my time.

Ms. KAPTUR. Madam Chair, I rise in opposition.

The Acting CHAIR. The gentlewoman from Ohio is recognized for 5 minutes.

Ms. KAPTUR. Madam Chair, this amendment raises serious constitutional issues and may amount to an unconstitutional bill of attainder. This is not the way to handle policy disputes with the Secretary of Energy for our country.

This amendment prioritizes legislative theater over the American people and doesn't have a chance of becoming law.

I strongly urge my colleagues to vote against this harmful amendment, and I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. NORMAN. Madam Chair, I yield the balance of my time to the gentleman from Michigan (Mr. JAMES), my good friend.

Mr. JAMES. Madam Chair, this is not political theater, far from it. This is accountability to the American people.

I rise today in support of this amendment to reduce the salary of Secretary Granholm to \$1 because I cannot make her pay us back.

The job of the Secretary of Energy is to secure American energy independence, but she is not securing American energy independence. She is depleting it, and she should be held accountable to the people for failing to deliver on her job.

You see, Madam Speaker, before Ms. Granholm was Energy Secretary, she promoted the same failed policies while serving as Governor of Michigan and presided over what is now known as Michigan's Lost Decade, a legacy that we are still paying for at home.

She presided over the mass exodus of our jobs and our children from our State. She presided over the crippling of our economy, foreclosures of so many of our homes, and the closing of our businesses.

She embarrassed us with the RASCO fiasco when she offered \$9 million in tax credits to promote a job program that actually went to a convicted embezzler who lived out of a trailer.

You know what she did when she was done gutting and embarrassing our State, Madam Speaker? She left. She got on a plane and headed for California where she took a faculty position at Berkeley while leaving Michiganders at home struggling in the snow.

Madam Chair, while this amendment today is not about her time in Michigan, past behavior is the best indicator of future performance.

We should be appalled but not surprised by the same malpractice, malfeasance, and mistreatment of the office that she assumes currently, and she has inflicted serious pain on the

American people and jeopardizes our American independence moving forward.

Since this administration took office, Madam Chair, we have gone from energy independence to energy reliance on dictators and despots around the world.

Secretary Granholm sold off our Strategic Petroleum Reserve and sold out Americans and our national security. All the worse, she went on television and laughed in our faces just before gas prices hit their peak.

The American people's pain is their plan, Madam Chair. They are making gas unaffordable and are trading away our national resources to China, our number one adversary, all so they can implement their pipe dream of forced EV transition. I won't call it treason, but many in my district have.

The policies she is seeking to impose, the billions of dollars in penalties for our autos through her EV mandates would crater the number one industry in Michigan.

We do not fear the future, but we demand to be a part of it. Madam Chair, the consequence of her failures is the reason folks in my district are standing on a picket line right now.

The unrealistic, untimely, and unjust forced EV mandates she supports is building the Chinese middle class on the backs of middle-class families in Michigan and around America.

It is time for her to pay, and Congress is holding her accountable. This is the essence of what the Article I branch of government should be doing. It is holding an out-of-control administration accountable to the people. She failed in Michigan, and we will not let her fail America.

This is a warning to the American people that policies that hurt them will stop with the 118th Congress.

□ 1400

These policies have not worked anywhere. They have tried and they have failed. In the real world, failure means your employer takes your pay. This town needs to start operating a little bit more like the real world.

Madam Chair, that is why I support this resolution, and I encourage all of my colleagues to support it as well.

Mr. NORMAN. Madam Chair, I yield back the balance of my time.

Ms. KAPTUR. Madam Chair, I would say in reaction to what I just heard on the floor here, there must be two Jennifer Granholms because the one I know is simply exceptional.

Madam Chair, I yield to the gentleman from Tennessee (Mr. FLEISCHMANN), the chair of the Energy and Water Subcommittee.

Mr. FLEISCHMANN. Madam Chair, I thank my ranking member for yielding to me, and I did hear both of my colleagues. Respectfully, I disagree with this amendment.

I do not think that attempting to reduce salaries to a dollar is likely to address this problem, and it may very

well create more problems than it attempts to solve.

Madam Chair, I respectfully oppose the amendment and urge my colleagues to oppose the same.

Ms. KAPTUR. Madam Chair, I yield back the balance of my time.

The Acting CHAIR. The question is now on the amendment offered by the gentleman from South Carolina (Mr. NORMAN).

The question was taken; and the Acting Chair announced that the yeas appeared to have it.

Mr. JAMES. Madam Chair, I demand a recorded vote.

The Acting CHAIR. Pursuant to clause 6 of rule XVIII, further proceedings on the amendment offered by the gentleman from South Carolina will be postponed.

AMENDMENT NO. 52 OFFERED BY MR. OGLES

The Acting CHAIR. It is now in order to consider amendment No. 52 printed in part B of House Report 118-242.

Mr. OGLES. Madam Chair, I have an amendment at the desk.

The Acting CHAIR. The Clerk will designate the amendment.

The text of the amendment is as follows:

At the end of the bill (before the short title) insert the following:

SEC. _____. None of the funds made available by this Act may be used to enforce any COVID-19 mask mandates.

The Acting CHAIR. Pursuant to House Resolution 756, the gentleman from Tennessee (Mr. OGLES) and a Member opposed each will control 5 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Tennessee.

Mr. OGLES. Madam Chair, my amendment prohibits the funds from being appropriated by this Act for being used to enforce any COVID-19 mask mandates. Policies involving mandatory masks implementation are not about safety nor are they about science. Mask mandates are, at their core, about control.

Dr. Tom Jefferson, a leading epidemiologist who coauthored what The New York Times opinion section called the most rigorous and comprehensive analysis of scientific studies conducted on the efficacy of masks for reducing the spread of respiratory illnesses, including COVID-19, found that there was no evidence that masks made any difference.

He found that wearing a mask in public places makes little or no difference in the number of infections. For my colleagues and friends on the other side who do privately believe that masks or a mask mandate should be in place, I would say that unfortunately mask mandates include all masks. Yet, the gold standard, N95 masks, have been proven ineffective.

Madam Chair, I reserve the balance of my time.

Ms. KAPTUR. Madam Chair, I rise in opposition to this amendment.

The Acting CHAIR. The gentlewoman is recognized for 5 minutes.

Ms. KAPTUR. Mr. Chairman, his amendment would prohibit any funds to enforce COVID-19 mask mandates.

I must say, America used to focus on big issues. I remember as a child we tried to figure out how to eradicate polio coast-to-coast, and you know what, we did it.

America was inspired by a great a President, JOHN KENNEDY, to land a man on the moon, and we did. America did it. We worked together to defeat Soviet communism, and guess what, we did it. We have remnants of that tyrannical regime still seated, and history will show whether we meet the challenge or not. But most of America wants to defeat Vladimir Putin's unconscionable invasion, unprovoked to the adjoining nation of Ukraine.

This amendment is one more controversial poison pill policy rider dealing with face masks. You know what, I didn't really come to Congress to worry about the face masks. I find the majority's odd interest in this peculiar.

Preventing diseases reduces healthcare costs, such as hospitalizations, pharmaceuticals, and benefits employers by resulting in less employee absenteeism. I find it very odd—here we are moving into Halloween and people are spending millions of dollars on masks to go all around the country and parade around in neighborhoods in masks.

Yet, when we talk about facial masks to fight the COVID-19 virus, which is a wicked one, it has been politicized to a level that it is almost a theater of the absurd.

From January 3, 2020, to September 27, 2023, there were how many deaths in our country from COVID?

Madam Chair, there were 1,127,152 deaths from COVID-19 in our country alone. That is 1,127,152 deaths. Some of the people who died we knew and loved, and some were people serving in this room.

Madam Chair, I strongly urge my colleagues to vote against this harmful amendment and to focus on great quests, not ridiculousness.

Madam Chair, I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. OGLES. Mr. Chair, I too believe in reaching for the moon, for achieving big things. We eradicated polio using science. We went to the moon using science. Mask mandates were based off of fear and control.

Dr. Jefferson goes on to say in his study that policymakers who impose mask mandates on Americans were convinced by nonrandomized studies—flawed observational studies not rooted in science. It was about control.

Mr. Chairman, I find, as a Member of Congress, any action of this body that infringes on liberty to be a problem, any action by this body that infringes on law to be a problem, and any action by this body that infringes the Constitution of this great country to be a problem.

Mr. Chairman, I stand here in great opposition to using money to take the

liberty away from hardworking Americans of freedom that has been fought for and bled for, and I will not rest.

Mr. Chairman, I yield back the balance of my time.

The Acting CHAIR (Mr. MOORE of Alabama). The question is on the amendment offered by the gentleman from Tennessee (Mr. OGLES).

The amendment was agreed to.

AMENDMENT NO. 53 OFFERED BY MR. OGLES

The Acting CHAIR. It is now in order to consider amendment No. 53 printed in part B of House Report 118-242.

Mr. OGLES. Mr. Chair, I have an amendment at the desk.

The Acting CHAIR. The Clerk will designate the amendment.

The text of the amendment is as follows:

At the end of the bill (before the short title), insert the following:

SEC. _____. None of the funds made available by this Act may be used to finalize the rule entitled "Energy Conservation Program: Energy Conservation Standards for Automatic Commercial Ice Makers" published by the Department of Energy in the Federal Register on September 25, 2023 (88 Fed. Reg. 65628).

The Acting CHAIR. Pursuant to House Resolution 756, the gentleman from Tennessee (Mr. OGLES) and a Member opposed each will control 5 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Tennessee.

Mr. OGLES. Mr. Chairman, well, here we go again, the administration's war on appliances continues.

First it was gas stoves, then it was water heaters, and now it is ice makers. I live in the country; I like a glass of iced tea—operative word there is iced.

The Department of Energy has proposed a rule to impose stringent regulations on commercial automatic ice makers in the name of energy efficiency. For my fellow Americans watching this amendment debate, if someone knocks on the door of your local business and tells you they are from the Office of Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy, don't answer.

We have seen this play before. In 2014, the Obama administration pushed a rule to force different sectors of the American economy to comply with more restrictive energy standards—targeting hotels, targeting hospitals, targeting schools, office buildings, supermarkets, and restaurants.

At the time, the proposed rule was projected to cost manufacturers \$24 million over a 30-year period, about a quarter of industry's profits. That is what this rule would do. It is time to get the government out of the ice making business and get back to the business of achieving great things.

Mr. Chairman, I reserve the balance of my time.

Ms. KAPTUR. Mr. Chairman, I rise to oppose the gentleman's amendment.

The Acting CHAIR. The gentleman from Ohio is recognized for 5 minutes.

Ms. KAPTUR. Mr. Chairman, the Department of Energy is charged with im-

plementing congressionally directed energy efficiency standards. So the Department is fulfilling the obligations in law. Now, if individuals want to comment on that there is a way to do that, to fully participate in the rulemaking process, and I urge our colleagues to do that.

Again, the gentleman's interests seem to be rather narrow, and to create false fears—whether it is masks or whether it is trying to get better equipment—more energy efficient equipment in the country to help everyone, businesses that use ice making machines, and homeowners who have ice making in their home.

This specific rule would save Americans over \$44 million in annual operating costs. That is pretty good. We make American industry more efficient and we make it cheaper. They save money.

We are trying to act in the interest of the American people. There is a quote in this Chamber, "Let us develop the resources of our land, call forth its powers, build up its institutions, promote all its great interests and see whether we also in our day and generation may not perform something worthy to be remembered." That is what we should aspire to.

In saving the American people money in helping them to promote their companies to save money to make America better, I think that we are on the right path. I think the gentleman's amendment is misdirected, and I oppose it.

Mr. Chairman, I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. OGLES. Mr. Chairman, I appreciate my colleague's sentiment, and I would just say that at a time when we have increased electrification in this country, at a time when we have continued stress and demand for electricity in this country—even in Tennessee the lauded and respected TVA had brownouts this past winter because of the demand for energy.

Rather than increasing our own energy production, rather than focusing on supporting a new innovative nuclear technology to expand our ability to be energy independent, to produce more energy, they are focusing on ice makers.

Mr. Chairman, this is ridiculous. This is absurd. This is nothing more than a woke Biden administration that is, once again, regulating and rulemaking against businesses that ultimately will cost consumers more money.

Mr. Chairman, I would ask for adoption of my amendment, and I yield back the balance of my time.

The Acting CHAIR. The question is on the amendment offered by the gentleman from Tennessee (Mr. OGLES).

The amendment was agreed to.

□ 1415

AMENDMENT NO. 54 OFFERED BY MR. PALMER

The Acting CHAIR. It is now in order to consider amendment No. 54 printed in part B of House Report 118-242.

Mr. PALMER. Mr. Chair, I have an amendment at the desk.

The Acting CHAIR. The Clerk will designate the amendment.

The text of the amendment is as follows:

At the end of the bill (before the short title), insert the following:

SEC. _____. None of the funds made available by this Act may be used to implement, administer, or enforce the rule entitled "Energy Conservation Program: Energy Conservation Standards for Room Air Conditioners" published by the Department of Energy in the Federal Register on May 26, 2023 (88 Fed. Reg. 34298).

The Acting CHAIR. Pursuant to House Resolution 756, the gentleman from Alabama (Mr. PALMER) and a Member opposed each will control 5 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Alabama.

Mr. PALMER. Mr. Chairman, I rise in support of my amendment.

Federal bureaucrats at the Department of Energy are once again attacking Americans' freedom to choose the appliances that they want in their homes. They tried to take 50 percent of the gas stoves off the market. Now, they are coming for your room air-conditioners. My straightforward amendment would block DOE's overzealous regulation on room air-conditioner units from taking effect.

Summers in Alabama, as you know, Mr. Chairman, are hot. My constituents, like millions of Americans, use air-conditioners to fight this heat. For people who are so concerned about global warming, you would think they would want to make air-conditioners less expensive, not more.

I grew up dirt poor, and we couldn't afford an air-conditioner. That was the case for most of the people we knew where I grew up.

What I am afraid of is that the Biden administration wants us to go back to those times. This rule fits a pattern of Democratic energy policies that make life more difficult and more expensive, especially for low-income and middle-income Americans who will struggle to afford the up-front costs of more expensive air-conditioning units.

Mr. Chairman, this amendment shows the clear difference in the vision between House Republicans and the Biden administration and House Democrats. House Republicans believe in American energy abundance, and the administration believes in energy restrictions. We believe in consumer choice, and the administration believes in heavyhanded government mandates. We believe consumers back home can make their own decisions, while the administration believes Federal Biden bureaucrats should decide what Americans can and can't do on a daily basis.

If a consumer wants a more energy-efficient room air-conditioning unit, they have the freedom to choose one based on what they think is best, not what the Biden bureaucrats think is best. This rule is another example of vast government overreach and should be stopped.

Mr. Chairman, I therefore urge my colleagues to support my amendment, and I reserve the balance of my time.

Ms. KAPTUR. Mr. Chair, I rise in opposition to the amendment.

The Acting CHAIR. The gentlewoman from Ohio is recognized for 5 minutes.

Ms. KAPTUR. Mr. Chair, the Department of Energy is charged with implementing congressionally directed energy efficiency standards, and I think it is safe to assume that virtually all Americans, let alone all the people in this room, have benefited from these types of efficiency standards over the course of their lifetimes.

Today, the typical new room air-conditioner uses 39 percent less energy than its 1990 counterpart. In that 33-year time span, the Department of Energy raised the efficiency standard for room air-conditioners three times, and real results happened.

The Department of Energy estimates that these new standards will save American families and consumers approximately—are you ready?—\$1.5 billion per year on their electricity bills.

Mr. Chair, I urge my colleagues to reject this amendment, and I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. PALMER. Mr. Chair, this is another example of bureaucratic overreach. Congress is pretty clear in its lawmaking, and as we are finding out, as the Supreme Court takes up these issues, we are trying to restore legislative authority to this House.

In regard to this amendment, again, as I said, it shows the clear difference between the vision of the House Republicans and the Biden administration and the House Democrats.

I think what the American public needs is the opportunity to choose what they need for their homes, and I believe if we continue down this path with Republican initiatives on energy, we are going to bring down energy costs, but we will also respect the right of American citizens to buy whatever they think they need.

Mr. Chairman, I urge a “yea” vote on my amendment, and I yield back the balance of my time.

The Acting CHAIR. The question is on the amendment offered by the gentleman from Alabama (Mr. PALMER).

The amendment was agreed to.

The Acting CHAIR. The Chair understands that amendment No. 55 will not be offered.

AMENDMENT NO. 56 OFFERED BY MR. PFLUGER

The Acting CHAIR. It is now in order to consider amendment No. 56 printed in part B of House Report 118–242.

Mr. PFLUGER. Mr. Chair, I have an amendment at the desk.

The Acting CHAIR. The Clerk will designate the amendment.

The text of the amendment is as follows:

At the end of the bill (before the short title), insert the following:

SEC. _____. The salary of Gene Rodrigues, Assistant Secretary for Electricity for the Office of Electricity, shall be reduced to \$1.

The Acting CHAIR. Pursuant to House Resolution 756, the gentleman

from Texas (Mr. PFLUGER) and a Member opposed each will control 5 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Texas.

Mr. PFLUGER. Mr. Chairman, it is unfortunate that we have to be here to talk about this. As a member of the Energy and Commerce Committee, as the Representative of one of the most important energy production areas in the country, this is a national security issue.

The Biden administration's assault on our baseload, dispatchable generation of electricity has resulted in record-high prices for consumers and looming resource inadequacies throughout the country, and it has threatened our grid reliability.

Just a few weeks ago, the Department of Energy's Assistant Secretary for Electricity, Mr. Rodrigues, testified before the Energy and Commerce Committee regarding policies to enhance the reliability and efficiency in powering American homes. I am sad to say that at this hearing, Mr. Rodrigues, who is the head of electricity at the Department of Energy, had no idea how much electricity the United States uses each year. He stated that the reason he was chosen for this position was not because he was a subject matter expert.

It saddens me to be standing here, but that is just not an acceptable position, and this glaring lack of knowledge is not okay. It is unacceptable from the head of the Department of Energy's electricity division.

This administration has worked every day to transform energy industries and to push a green agenda that doesn't work, that is not reliable, that doesn't take into account reliability. Their own named Assistant Secretary doesn't know how much electricity we use.

When you look at examples of what they have pushed for—a substantial increase in electric vehicles and other policies—you have to ask the question: If they don't know how much electricity we currently use, then will they know how much electricity we would require with their mandates for electric vehicles?

In Texas alone, if all of our cars were electrified today, just as an example, the State would need approximately an additional 110 terawatt-hours of electricity per year, the average annual electricity consumption of 11 million homes. The added electricity demand would result in a 30 percent increase over current consumption. That is the kind of example that I expect Mr. Rodrigues and others within the Department of Energy to know.

This is a gigantic increase in demand. This administration continues to put American producers and consumers in a bad situation. It is critical that we have good leadership at DOE.

Let me make this clear: I want the Assistant Secretary to be successful. We should all want these people in

leadership positions to be successful. If he succeeds, our country wins. However, when you are the Assistant Secretary for Electricity and don't know every detail about electricity in the United States, then you are not succeeding.

It is for that reason that I recommend this amendment to reduce his salary to \$1 and remind DOE of their core mission, which is to help Americans with reliable and affordable energy.

Mr. Chair, I reserve the balance of my time.

Ms. KAPTUR. Mr. Chair, I rise in opposition to the amendment.

The Acting CHAIR. The gentlewoman from Ohio is recognized for 5 minutes.

Ms. KAPTUR. Mr. Chair, this amendment raises serious constitutional issues and may amount to an unconstitutional bill of attainder.

This is not the way to handle policy disputes with Mr. Rodrigues, the Assistant Secretary for Electricity at the Department of Energy's Office of Electricity. He has very impressive credentials, with over two decades of work in industry in California and Arizona, parts of our country that understand the new pressures on producing power. Look at the forest fires that have occurred out there and the stresses on the environment that cause millions of people not to have electricity. He has actually lived in places in our country that have experienced it first.

He has impressive degrees in law and obviously in business, so I don't think they are being fair to this gentleman, and this is certainly not the way to handle this.

This amendment prioritizes legislative theater over the American people. It has no chance of becoming law.

Mr. Chair, I strongly urge my colleagues to vote against this harmful amendment, and I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. PFLUGER. Mr. Chair, I yield to the gentleman from Tennessee (Mr. FLEISCHMANN).

Mr. FLEISCHMANN. Mr. Chairman, I hold my dear colleague and friend from Texas in the highest esteem. I think he is one of our brightest and best Members, and he has served so well on the Energy and Commerce Committee. It is a pleasure and privilege to serve with him. I play baseball with him, and candidly, he is a much better baseball player than I am. I trust his judgment, but respectfully, on this issue, I want to be consistent.

I have opposed reducing salaries to \$1 in the previous amendments. He articulated his issues very well, but I do think this causes a dangerous, difficult precedent. In that regard, I urge a “no” vote.

Mr. PFLUGER. Mr. Chair, I yield back the balance of my time.

Ms. KAPTUR. Mr. Chair, I yield back the balance of my time, as well.

The Acting CHAIR. The question is on the amendment offered by the gentleman from Texas (Mr. PFLUGER).

The question was taken; and the Acting Chair announced that the ayes appeared to have it.

Ms. KAPTUR. Mr. Chair, I demand a recorded vote.

The Acting CHAIR. Pursuant to clause 6 of rule XVIII, further proceedings on the amendment offered by the gentleman from Texas will be postponed.

AMENDMENT NO. 57 OFFERED BY MR. PFLUGER

The Acting CHAIR. It is now in order to consider amendment No. 57 printed in part B of House Report 118-242.

Mr. PFLUGER. Mr. Chair, I have an amendment at the desk.

The Acting CHAIR. The Clerk will designate the amendment.

The text of the amendment is as follows:

At the end of the bill (before the short title), insert the following:

SEC. _____. The salary of Andrew Light, Assistant Secretary of Energy for International Affairs, shall be reduced to \$1.

The Acting CHAIR. Pursuant to House Resolution 756, the gentleman from Texas (Mr. PFLUGER) and a Member opposed each will control 5 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Texas.

Mr. PFLUGER. Mr. Chair, the most important tool our country has is energy. It is the underpinning of our economy. It forms a foundational piece of our national security. We see this playing out in all parts of the world right now.

The prosperity of our country rests on the abundant natural resources that we have that no other country has. We are blessed to have those natural resources.

This has been reaffirmed as Americans have seen the events unfold in places like Ukraine. Make no mistake, the single biggest important impetus for Russia's unprovoked attack on Ukraine was the belief that Vladimir Putin would not weaponize energy, and he did.

We recognize the critical importance of secure, abundant, affordable resources and affordable energy better than anywhere else. Because we know what it takes to produce it, we understand how devastating it would be to lose it, and we see the potential before us if we had the opportunity to unleash our full energy capabilities.

Our Nation is blessed with natural resources and a strong, innovative spirit that encapsulates the American character. Nowhere is this more evident than in my own district with the Permian Basin, which produces over 40 percent of the country's oil production.

While climate alarmists scream that oil and gas are bad, I feel confident in saying that if they were serious about reducing carbon emissions, we would actually produce it here, where we do it much cleaner, much better, more efficiently, and with higher labor standards than anywhere else. Don't export that to our adversaries.

Unfortunately, this administration has done just that. They would rather

look to our adversaries for energy than embrace the innovation that is being done right here at home.

When looking to supply the energy needs for Americans, I respectfully ask that the President call the mayor of Midland, Texas, not OPEC, for our energy needs.

At a time when our world is increasingly destabilized, our Nation needs us to lead from the front. Our domestic energy production is too important an asset to be left out of our national security toolkit, and we must use this unique asset not only for our benefit here domestically but around the world.

LNG, much of which is produced in the Permian Basin—10 percent, by the way, worldwide—will play the leading role in helping reach developing nations to provide them with clean, affordable, reliable energy to power their economies.

Global demand for LNG will continue to increase, with estimates nearly double what it is now in the next 20 years.

□ 1430

This is a massive opportunity for our country to lead, and if we don't have advisers in this administration who think critically about American energy as a national security tool, the consequences will be severe.

Under this administration, senior advisers have praised China as a leader in clean energy, begged OPEC to produce more oil than doing it here domestically and tried to sabotage the credibility of American producers here.

That is why I am leading an amendment to reduce the salary of Andrew Light, the Department of Energy's Assistant Secretary for International Affairs, to \$1. We need the administration to focus on our own strength, our own inventions, and our own capabilities.

Mr. Chair, I yield back the balance of my time.

Ms. KAPTUR. Mr. Chair, I rise in opposition to the amendment.

The Acting CHAIR. The gentlewoman from Ohio is recognized for 5 minutes.

Ms. KAPTUR. Mr. Chair, first of all, the gentleman's amendment raises serious constitutional issues, and like others this afternoon, may amount to an unconstitutional bill of attainder. This is really not the way to handle policy disputes with Andrew Light, Assistant Secretary of Energy for International Affairs.

First of all, I think I have to say: Energy security for our country understands the global environment in which we exist and function, and that is both the commercial marketplace as well as on the defense ledger.

This is a very, very important job. This gentleman has very broad experience prior to coming to his current position, even in the area of atmospheric sciences, trying to understand some of the science as well as the security issues involved in America remaining energy independent in perpetuity here at home.

The amendment prioritizes legislative theater again over the American people. It doesn't have any chance of becoming law, and I strongly urge my colleagues to vote against this harmful amendment.

Mr. Chair, I yield to the gentleman from Tennessee (Mr. FLEISCHMANN), Chair of the Energy and Water Development, and Related Agencies Subcommittee.

Mr. FLEISCHMANN. Mr. Chair, I thank the gentlewoman for yielding to me.

Mr. Chair, as with the previous amendment, I fully understand and appreciate my distinguished colleague's frustrations. However, I respectfully disagree that reducing the salary to a dollar is the way to address that.

Mr. Chair, I respectfully urge a "no" vote on that, and I thank my esteemed colleague for his amendment.

Ms. KAPTUR. Mr. Chair, I yield back the balance of my time.

The Acting CHAIR. The question is on the amendment offered by the gentleman from Texas (Mr. PFLUGER).

The question was taken; and the Acting Chair announced that the ayes appeared to have it.

Ms. KAPTUR. Mr. Chair, I demand a recorded vote.

The Acting CHAIR. Pursuant to clause 6 of rule XVIII, further proceedings on the amendment offered by the gentleman from Texas will be postponed.

AMENDMENT NO. 58 OFFERED BY MR. ROSENDALE

The Acting CHAIR. It is now in order to consider amendment No. 58 printed in part B of House Report 118-242.

Mr. ROSENDALE. Mr. Chair, I have an amendment at the desk.

The Acting CHAIR. The Clerk will designate the amendment.

The text of the amendment is as follows:

At the end of the bill (before the short title), insert the following:

SEC. _____. The total amount of appropriations made available by this Act is hereby reduced by \$1,553,000,000.

The Acting CHAIR. Pursuant to House Resolution 756, the gentleman from Montana (Mr. ROSENDALE) and a Member opposed each will control 5 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Montana.

Mr. ROSENDALE. Mr. Chairman, my amendment No. 58 would reduce the total appropriations for the Department of the Interior, Environment, and Related Agencies by \$1.55 billion, bringing the total cost of the bill down from nearly \$58 billion to \$56.4 billion.

I submitted this amendment to get the total cost of this year's appropriation bills closer to the fiscal year 2022 levels.

I have been traveling around the State of Montana for quite extensive periods of time over the last several months and I have yet to find a single person that feels like we didn't have enough spending or government in fiscal year 2022.

As a matter of fact, most of them truly believe that we had far too much government and it was engaged in trying to run their lives and they did not want to see it anymore.

I believe that the Federal Government had more than enough funding in FY22 and that it is time to rein in the out-of-control spending. To get their spending under control, the Federal agencies must begin operating at the same levels, or at very least, receive only modest increases.

The American people are sick and tired of the D.C. cartel running up the tab on the American people while our constituents are struggling to make ends meet.

To be clear, my amendment still allows for modest increases in the fiscal year 2022 spending for energy and water. I am not trying to slash funding or cripple necessary infrastructure. I am trying to ensure that taxpayer dollars are used efficiently and that we get the government off the path to financial ruin.

Mr. Chair, I reserve the balance of my time.

Ms. KAPTUR. Will the gentleman yield?

Mr. ROSENDALE. I yield to the gentlewoman from Ohio.

PARLIAMENTARY INQUIRY

Ms. KAPTUR. Mr. Chair, I have a parliamentary inquiry.

The Acting CHAIR. The gentlewoman will state her parliamentary inquiry.

Ms. KAPTUR. When the gentleman began his remarks, he referred to the Interior bill. This is the Energy bill. I wonder if the gentleman could clarify that.

Mr. ROSENDALE. Mr. Chair, I misspoke. This is for Interior. This is for Interior. Excuse me. Mr. Chair, this is for Energy.

Ms. KAPTUR. I think the RECORD will have to be corrected.

Mr. FLEISCHMANN. Mr. Chair, I claim time in opposition to the amendment.

The Acting CHAIR. The gentleman from Tennessee is recognized for 5 minutes.

Mr. FLEISCHMANN. Mr. Chair, in regard to the energy and water bill that is before the House today, I respectfully rise in opposition to the amendment.

We discussed earlier today in some very strong and positive debates about the role of the NNSA and the strong nuclear arsenal aspect of the Department of Energy, which is so critically important, and I debated against my Democratic colleagues in that regard. That is all part of this great energy and water bill. It is a wonderful robust bill, not only for the Department of Energy, but also for the water side of the bill.

The reduction proposed in this amendment would negatively impact national security and critical infrastructure programs in the bill. As I alluded to, this bill has both defense and nondefense spending in it.

The amendment makes no distinction of where the reductions would come from, instead allowing the Biden administration to administer the reductions as they see fit. I would not trust the administration to do that. I think Congress needs to do that. That would likely affect the NNSA, as I have alluded to, and I cannot respectfully support any amendment that would jeopardize the balance of this bill, therefore, I oppose the gentleman's amendment.

Mr. Chair, I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. ROSENDALE. Mr. Chair, under Secretary Granholm, we have seen America's energy prices skyrocket with no clear plan to help Americans other than to further deplete our Strategic Petroleum Reserves.

The Department of Energy has done nothing to show they deserve an increase in funding from last year. Secretary Granholm routinely speaks about how her intention is to quickly move away from traditional energy industries. Many Americans rely on these industries for their livelihoods. This administration shows a lack of clear consideration of these people and industries, even as they are necessary during our transition to clean energy.

Furthermore, the very people that get hurt the most by this reckless administration's actions are the ones at the lowest end of the income scale. Quite frankly, if you just look at one section of this legislation, we don't want to compromise our national defense. One section, \$1.2 billion, the Office of Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy is where the Federal Government is picking winners and losers to try and develop different types of fuel, including biofuels and batteries and the Federal Government should not be involved in that.

The free market knows how to do it. They know how to do it the best. They have demonstrated they know how to do it the most efficiently.

Further, Mr. Chair, I would just like to say that there is no reason that we cannot remove a meager \$1.55 billion from this total bill.

I yield back the balance of my time.

The Acting CHAIR. The question is on the amendment offered by the gentleman from Montana (Mr. ROSENDALE).

The question was taken; and the Acting Chair announced that the ayes appeared to have it.

Mr. FLEISCHMANN. Mr. Chair, I demand a recorded vote.

The Acting CHAIR. Pursuant to clause 6 of rule XVIII, further proceedings on the amendment offered by the gentleman from Montana will be postponed.

Ms. KAPTUR. Mr. Chair, I rise as the designee of the gentlewoman from Connecticut (Ms. DELAURO).

Mr. Chair, I move to strike the last word.

The Acting CHAIR. The gentlewoman from Ohio is recognized for 5 minutes.

Ms. KAPTUR. Mr. Chair, I yield 5 minutes to the gentlewoman from Florida (Ms. CASTOR).

The Acting CHAIR. The gentlewoman is recognized for 5 minutes.

Ms. CASTOR of Florida. Mr. Chair, I thank Ranking Member KAPTUR for her leadership in yielding the time and I thank the gentleman from Tennessee and all the professional staff who have been working hard over the past day and a half to get appropriations back on track in the people's House.

Mr. Chair, I rise in opposition to H.R. 4394.

In the midst of all the turmoil across the globe and weeks of GOP chaos here on Capitol Hill, there is good news to share with the American people. It is a story of American innovation that is benefiting our neighbors and communities all across this great country. Innovation that is putting money back into people's pockets at a time they really need it.

Over the past year since Democrats passed and President Biden signed historic laws investing in infrastructure and clean energy and American workers, the American economy has been booming and our neighbors are enjoying some lower costs, good-paying jobs are being created, and folks back home are building safer, healthier, more resilient communities.

Infrastructure and clean energy are reducing pollution. They are improving our health. They are countering China's push to control supply chains, and that is why this GOP bill must fail.

The GOP bill takes America backwards. The GOP bill is a gift to China. This GOP bill is a recipe for higher energy bills.

The Democrats simply are not going to let the GOP take us backwards. It has been about 1 year since I stood by President Biden as he signed the historic clean energy law, the Inflation Reduction Act, and let me tell you it has been difficult to keep up with all of the announcements of new American factories and jobs in Ohio, in Tennessee, in Kentucky, Georgia, South Carolina, Pennsylvania.

I keep a list here. Suniva, a U.S. solar manufacturer in Norcross, Georgia, announced 240 jobs. They are the ones who fought cheap Chinese exports.

Stellantis and Samsung are building an EV battery plant in Kokomo, Indiana, 1,400 workers.

Polaris is building in Huntsville, Alabama, electric utility vehicles for the Army.

LG Energy Solution and Honda, \$3.8 billion for EV battery plants. The list goes on and on.

America is the envy of the world because we have a clean energy law that is creating jobs. Along with the infrastructure and the CHIPS and Science Act, in Florida, we have seen about \$500 million in new investments and about 1,700 jobs. Across the country at the lowest estimate, there are about 170,000 new jobs.

America is the envy of the world because of our clean energy laws. I will

say it again. Our economy is booming, and we are not going to let the Republicans take us backwards.

Just this morning, it was announced that U.S. gross domestic product, a measure of all goods and services produced in the United States, rose at 4.9 percent which was much better than anyone expected. Private sector investment is flocking to clean energy and infrastructure projects in your districts and mine.

Clean energy projects don't just create new good-paying jobs. They also lower energy costs for our neighbors back home and all American families and we sure do need it.

In the Tampa-St. Pete area that I have the privilege of representing, electric bills are out of sight. They are astronomical.

□ 1445

In a single year, this past year, the average Tampa Electric Company customer saw an increase by a whopping \$492. Why? Because they generate electricity based on oil and gas, primarily.

Thankfully, cleaner, cheaper energy, and energy efficiency is on its way to lower people's electric bills, and we cannot let the Republicans gut what we are doing in clean energy to lower electric bills.

Here is another good, new report that Floridians and all Americans needed.

Yesterday, the Biden administration announced help for consumers to afford these high energy bills. Florida will receive \$106 million in Federal funds to lower home energy bills. I haven't even mentioned the high cost of extreme weather. Extreme heat across the country is hurting farmers. It is fueling fires and costly extreme weather events, and it is creating higher insurance premiums. Indeed, we just lived through the hottest summer on record. It was roasting. We have to reduce pollution that is causing this overheating and the higher cost on communities.

Mr. Chair, at the appropriate time today, I will offer this motion to recommit to send this bill back to committee. If the House rules permitted, I would have offered the motion with an important amendment to this bill. My amendment would strike two sections, 311 and 312.

Mr. Chair, I include in the RECORD the text of my amendment.

Ms. Castor of Florida moves to recommit the bill H.R. 4394 to the Committee on Appropriations with the following amendment. Strike sections 311 and 312.

Ms. CASTOR of Florida. Mr. Chair, I urge my colleagues to vote "yes." Please tank this bill which takes us backwards.

Ms. KAPTUR. Mr. Chairman, I yield back the balance of my time.

AMENDMENT NO. 59 OFFERED BY MR. ROSENDALE

The Acting CHAIR (Mr. MURPHY). It is now in order to consider amendment No. 59 printed in part B of House Report 118-242.

Mr. ROSENDALE. Mr. Chair, I have an amendment at the desk.

The Acting CHAIR. The Clerk will designate the amendment.

The text of the amendment is as follows:

At the end of the bill (before the short title), insert the following:

SEC. ____ The total amount of appropriations made available by title I of this Act is hereby reduced by \$620,000,000.

The Acting CHAIR. Pursuant to House Resolution 756, the gentleman from Montana (Mr. ROSENDALE) and a Member opposed each will control 5 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Montana.

Mr. ROSENDALE. Mr. Chairman, my amendment No. 59 reduces spending; specifically, it cuts funding for the Army Corps of Engineers back to the FY22 levels.

This year's appropriation would increase Army Corps' funding by \$910 million from last year. My amendment would reduce funding for the Army Corps by \$620 million in order to bring it back to FY22 levels. That still leaves in place a \$290 million increase.

Unfortunately, the Army Corps of Engineers has a long history of running over budget and out of schedule. The solution to the Army Corps wasting taxpayers' money is not to reward them with more money. Instead, we must demand that the Army Corps of Engineers be more responsible and more efficient.

In Montana alone, there are multiple instances of the Army Corps' projects running well beyond their budgets and then turning to State and local governments to make up the costs.

The Army Corps has shown a complete dereliction of duty by trying to transfer costs, operation, and maintenance of the Fish Bypass Channel, which is part of the Lower Yellowstone Irrigation Project.

The Army Corps is shifting operating costs that they agreed to take on to the farmers and ranchers who are already facing increased costs. In fact, before the Army Corps of Engineers even cut the ribbon on this project, it was in need of repairs. I witnessed it myself.

The Lower Yellowstone Irrigation Project was created as the Newlands Reclamation Act, signed into law in 1902. The purpose of the Lower Yellowstone Irrigation Project is to divert water from the Yellowstone River to irrigators in eastern Montana and western North Dakota.

Currently, the Lower Yellowstone Irrigation Project is a dependable, reliable source of irrigation water for approximately 58,000 acres of land in four irrigation districts across Montana.

The Army Corps of Engineers proposed a fish bypass channel in Montana to address the pallid sturgeon populations in the Lower Missouri River because it was cheaper, not out of the goodness of their heart.

The farmers did not ask for nor did they receive more water or a better system. No, as a matter of fact, just

quite the opposite has happened. The system doesn't function as well and it costs them more to operate.

The Army Corps now wants to wash its hands of this project and pass the cost to 350 families and communities that rely upon this irrigation to provide for their livelihoods. This burden from the lack of planning by the Corps of Engineers should only be transferred on to a third party that is at fault.

The government is the only one who decided to place the pallid sturgeon on the Endangered Species List and should pay for the consequences and costs resulting from that action, not the small community that has relied upon this irrigation for over the past century.

Mr. Chairman, I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. FLEISCHMANN. Mr. Chairman, I rise to oppose the amendment.

The Acting CHAIR. The gentleman from Tennessee is recognized for 5 minutes.

Mr. FLEISCHMANN. Mr. Chair, I wish to thank my friend, the distinguished gentleman from Montana, for offering this amendment.

I know many of us have frustrations with some of the Army Corps' projects. However, this reduction by \$620 million I must oppose for several reasons.

The reduction proposed in this amendment would, in my view, jeopardize critical ongoing Corps of Engineers projects across this great country, including in my district, the great Chickamauga Lock Project in the Third District of Tennessee.

All too often the Corps of Engineers fails to finish what it starts. This bill provides funding to complete a number of significant projects. A cut of this magnitude would, in my view, undermine public safety and America's economic competitiveness.

It is in that regard that I respectfully urge my colleagues to oppose this amendment, and I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. ROSENDALE. Mr. Chairman, FY 2022, Corps of Engineers, \$8.34 billion. FY 2023, \$8.66 billion. FY24, \$5.57 billion.

We cannot continue to reward bad behavior.

A recent project in Texas, the Ike Dike coastal barrier project, is currently projected to cost \$57 billion, representing the largest civil engineering project in United States history, which is 68 percent higher than the recent estimate of \$34 billion.

There is not a contractor that has built a home that would have a homeowner abide by those types of terms and conditions.

How can the Army Corps of Engineers be allowed to receive such a massive amount of funds when their project estimates are so routinely off base? Their time frames with which they are estimating to complete them are just as bad.

A project in Michigan for the New Lock at the Soo is currently projected

to cost \$394 million more than the Biden administration's proposed funding.

The list goes on and on and on. We cannot continue to reward this bad behavior.

Mr. Chairman, once again, we have seen these projects go over budget and over time. The Corps of Engineers should not be rewarded, and I urge my colleagues to support this amendment.

The Acting CHAIR. The question is on the amendment offered by the gentleman from Montana (Mr. ROSENDALE).

The question was taken; and the Acting Chair announced that the noes appeared to have it.

Mr. ROSENDALE. Mr. Chair, I demand a recorded vote.

The Acting CHAIR. Pursuant to clause 6 of rule XVIII, further proceedings on the amendment offered by the gentleman from Montana will be postponed.

AMENDMENT NO. 60 OFFERED BY MR. ROSENDALE

The Acting CHAIR. It is now in order to consider amendment No. 60 printed in part B of House Report 118-242.

Mr. ROSENDALE. Mr. Chair, I rise as the designee of the gentleman from Texas (Mr. ROY), and I have an amendment at the desk.

The Acting CHAIR. The Clerk will designate the amendment.

The text of the amendment is as follows:

At the end of the bill (before the short title) insert the following:

SEC. ____ None of the funds made available by this Act may be used to implement any of the following Executive orders:

(1) Executive Order 13990, relating to Protecting Public Health and the Environment and Restoring Science To Tackle the Climate Crisis.

(2) Executive Order 14008, relating to Tackling the Climate Crisis at Home and Abroad.

(3) Section 6 of Executive Order 14013, relating to Rebuilding and Enhancing Programs To Resettle Refugees and Planning for the Impact of Climate Change on Migration.

(4) Executive Order 14030, relating to Climate-Related Financial Risk.

(5) Executive Order 14057, relating to Catalyzing Clean Energy Industries and Jobs Through Federal Sustainability.

(6) Executive Order 14082, relating to Implementation of the Energy and Infrastructure Provisions of the Inflation Reduction Act of 2022.

(7) Executive Order 14096, relating to Revitalizing Our Nation's Commitment to Environmental Justice for All.

The Acting CHAIR. Pursuant to House Resolution 756, the gentleman from Montana (Mr. ROSENDALE) and a Member opposed each will control 5 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Montana.

Mr. ROSENDALE. Mr. Chairman, this amendment prohibits any of the funding in the Energy and Water Appropriations bill from being used to carry out President Biden's executive orders on climate change.

These executive orders served as the catalyst for some of the Department of Energy's most radical actions, includ-

ing the Justice40 Initiative, a radical environmental justice initiative that directs 40 percent of Federal clean energy and energy efficiency spending based on race, migrant status, and other characteristics.

A moment ago, you heard me speaking about relying upon the marketplace and the free market to develop the most effective, efficient, and technologically advanced methods with which we can fuel everything that we have now, whether that is electric turbines or motor vehicles. To base it upon race, migrant status, and other characteristics demonstrates why exactly the Federal Government should not be involved in this type of action.

The Department of Energy's transition to carbon pollution-free energy sources, a zero-emissions fleet, and a net-zero building portfolio—the power grid from Canada to Mexico around the country cannot sustain pushing everything to renewable energies when they are only operating at solar about 18 percent and wind energy at the very most efficient, 40 percent of full power when we happen to have wind blowing.

This is not the way for us to go, and I would ask that we prohibit those funds from being used for such purposes.

Mr. Chairman, I reserve the balance of my time.

Ms. KAPTUR. Mr. Chair, I rise in strong opposition to this amendment.

The Acting CHAIR. The gentlewoman from Ohio is recognized for 5 minutes.

Ms. KAPTUR. Mr. Chair, as of the end of August, there have been more than 23 disasters in our country, just this year, costing at least a billion dollars each—each. That exceeds the previous record set in 2020, and we have not even finished this year yet.

This morning, as I drove to work, I was listening to the Representative from Hawaii talk about the recovery in Maui and ongoing efforts there and the struggle and the positive attitude of the people to try to rebuild. Don't try to tell American citizens who have lost businesses or homes and loved ones from hurricanes, wildfires, other natural disasters and who continue to face unrelenting flooding in the middle part of the country that there are no costs from climate change.

Talk to any insurance company, property insurance company. Disaster costs have risen substantially across this country, and they are growing. In fact, they have tripled. The Federal Disaster Assistance Office, just the Federal side, it is billions and billions and billions more dollars.

It is already past time for aggressive action to address climate change and its impacts, and pretending that it doesn't exist won't make it go away.

We must maintain American leadership for our clean energy future and not cede all the economic opportunity, which Congresswoman CASTOR just talked about when she was here on the floor, to China and other countries who surely want to be right at our ankles

and try to dump product into this country.

We have to stand on our own two feet and be as great a Nation as we really are and seize the horizon.

Mr. Chair, I strongly urge my colleagues to vote against this harmful amendment, and I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. ROSENDALE. Mr. Chairman, building on the coast does not cause climate change, but it certainly exposes you to incredible risk of having your house washed away. Now, I am not a genius, nor am I climatologist or a weatherman, but even I know that simple fact.

In 2021, the Strategic Petroleum Reserve had a total of 610 million barrels of crude oil in it.

Here is what our Department of Energy has done: reduced it down to 347 million barrels of crude, the lowest level since 1983.

The emissions in our country have gone down. It is demonstrated very clearly that by placing us more obligated to purchase our energy overseas, all we are doing is creating more pollution problems around the Earth. We do it cleaner. We do it safer. We do it with the strongest environmental standards, and we do it with the best labor practices around the world.

Mr. Chairman, I hope my colleagues can support this. There is no reason for the Federal Government to be involved in directing what type of energies we should develop.

Mr. Chairman, I yield back the balance of my time.

□ 1500

The Acting CHAIR. The question is on the amendment offered by the gentleman from Montana (Mr. ROSENDALE).

The question was taken; and the Acting Chair announced that the noes appeared to have it.

Mr. ROSENDALE. Mr. Chair, I demand a recorded vote.

The Acting CHAIR. Pursuant to clause 6 of rule XVIII, further proceedings on the amendment offered by the gentleman from Montana will be postponed.

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE ACTING CHAIR

The Acting CHAIR. Pursuant to clause 6 of rule XVIII, proceedings will now resume on those amendments printed in part B of House Report 118-242 on which further proceedings were postponed, in the following order:

Amendment No. 43 by Mrs. LUNA of Florida.

Amendment No. 47 by Mr. NORMAN of South Carolina.

Amendment No. 50 by Mr. NORMAN of South Carolina.

Amendment No. 51 by Mr. NORMAN of South Carolina.

Amendment No. 56 by Mr. PFLUGER of Texas.

Amendment No. 57 by Mr. PFLUGER of Texas.

Amendment No. 58 by Mr. ROSENDALE of Montana.

Amendment No. 59 by Mr. ROSENDALE of Montana.

Amendment No. 60 by Mr. ROSENDALE of Montana.

The Chair will reduce to 2 minutes the minimum time for any electronic vote after the first vote in this series.

AMENDMENT NO. 43 OFFERED BY MRS. LUNA

The Acting CHAIR. The unfinished business is the demand for a recorded vote on amendment No. 43, printed in part B of House Report 118–242 offered by the gentleman from Florida (Mrs. LUNA), on which further proceedings were postponed and on which the ayes prevailed by voice vote.

The Clerk will redesignate the amendment.

The Clerk redesignated the amendment.

RECORDED VOTE

The Acting CHAIR. A recorded vote has been demanded.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The Acting CHAIR. This will be a 15-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—ayes 120, noes 291, not voting 27, as follows:

[Roll No. 547]

AYES—120

Aderholt	Fitzgerald	Miller (WV)
Alford	Foxx	Mills
Allen	Franklin, Scott	Moolenaar
Arrington	Fry	Mooney
Babin	Fulcher	Moore (AL)
Balderson	Gaetz	Murphy
Banks	Gallagher	Nehls
Bean (FL)	Gonzales, Tony	Norman
Bentz	Good (VA)	Ogles
Bergman	Gooden (TX)	Palmer
Biggs	Gosar	Pfluger
Bishop (NC)	Green (TN)	Posey
Boebert	Grothman	Reschenthaler
Brecheen	Guthrie	Rodgers (WA)
Buchanan	Hageman	Rosendale
Burchett	Harris	Roy
Burgess	Harshbarger	Rutherford
Burlison	Hern	Schweikert
Cammack	Higgins (LA)	Self
Carey	Houchin	Sessions
Carl	Hudson	Smith (MO)
Carter (GA)	Hunt	Smith (NE)
Carter (TX)	Jackson (TX)	Smucker
Cline	Johnson (SD)	Stefanik
Cloud	Jordan	Steil
Clyde	LaHood	Steube
Collins	LaMalfa	Strong
Comer	Lamborn	Tenney
Crane	Langworthy	Tiffany
Curtis	Letlow	Timmons
Davidson	Loudermilk	Van Drew
DesJarlais	Luna	Van Dwyne
Donalds	Luttrell	Van Orden
Duarte	Mann	Weber (TX)
Duncan	Massie	Webster (FL)
Emmer	Mast	Williams (TX)
Estes	McClain	Wilson (SC)
Ferguson	McCormick	Wittman
Finstad	McHenry	Yakym
Fischbach	Miller (IL)	Zinke

NOES—291

Adams	Bishop (GA)	Cárdenas
Aguilar	Blumenauer	Carson
Allred	Blunt Rochester	Carter (LA)
Amodei	Bonamici	Cartwright
Armstrong	Bost	Casar
Auchincloss	Bowman	Case
Bacon	Boyle (PA)	Casten
Baird	Brown	Castor (FL)
Balint	Brownley	Castro (TX)
Barr	Buck	Chavez-DeRemer
Barragán	Bucshon	Cherfilus-
Beatty	Budzinski	McCormick
Bera	Bush	Chu
Beyer	Calvert	Ciscomani
Bice	Caraveo	Clark (MA)
Bilirakis	Carbajal	Clarke (NY)

Cleaver	Joyce (PA)	Pettersen
Clyburn	Kamlager-Dove	Plaskett
Cole	Kaptur	Pocan
Connolly	Kean (NJ)	Porter
Costa	Keating	Pressley
Courtney	Kelly (IL)	Quigley
Craig	Kelly (MS)	Radewagen
Crawford	Khanna	Ramirez
Crenshaw	Kiggans (VA)	Raskin
Crockett	Kildee	Rogers (AL)
Crow	Kiley	Rogers (KY)
Cuellar	Kilmer	Rose
D'Esposito	Kim (CA)	Ross
Daids (KS)	Kim (NJ)	Rouzer
Davis (IL)	Krishnamoorthi	Ruiz
Davis (NC)	Kuster	Ruppersberger
Dean (PA)	Kustoff	Ryan
DeGette	LaLota	Sablan
DelBene	Landsman	Salinas
Deluzio	Larsen (WA)	Sánchez
DeSaulnier	Larson (CT)	Sarbanes
Diaz-Balart	Latta	Scalise
Dingell	LaTurner	Scanlon
Doggett	Lawler	Schakowsky
Dunn (FL)	Lee (CA)	Schiff
Edwards	Lee (FL)	Schneider
Elizy	Lee (NV)	Scholten
Escobar	Lee (PA)	Schrier
Eshoo	Leger Fernandez	Scott (VA)
Españolat	Levin	Scott, Austin
Evans	Lieu	Scott, David
Ezell	Lofgren	Sewell
Feenstra	Lucas	Sherman
Fitzpatrick	Luetkemeyer	Sherrill
Fleischmann	Lynch	Simpson
Fletcher	Mace	Slotkin
Flood	Magaziner	Smith (NJ)
Foster	Malliotakis	Smith (WA)
Foushee	Manning	Sorensen
Frankel, Lois	Matsui	Soto
Frost	McBath	Spanberger
Gallego	McCaul	Spartz
Garamendi	McClellan	Stansbury
Garbarino	McClintock	Stanton
Garcia (IL)	McGarvey	Steel
Garcia, Mike	McGovern	Stevens
Garcia, Robert	Meeks	Strickland
Jimenez	Menendez	Sykes
Goldman (NY)	Meng	Takano
Gomez	Meuser	Thanedar
Gonzalez,	Mfume	Thompson (CA)
Vicente	Miller-Meeks	Thompson (MS)
Gottheimer	Molinaro	Thompson (PA)
Granger	Moore (UT)	Titus
Graves (LA)	Moran	Tlaib
Graves (MO)	Morelle	Tokuda
Green, Al (TX)	Moskowitz	Tonko
Grijalva	Moulton	Torres (CA)
Guest	Mrvan	Torres (NY)
Harder (CA)	Mullin	Trahan
Hayes	Nadler	Trone
Higgins (NY)	Napolitano	Turner
Hill	Neal	Underwood
Himes	Neguse	Valadao
Hinson	Newhouse	Vargas
Horsford	Nickel	Vasquez
Houlihan	Norcross	Veasey
Hoyer	Norton	Velázquez
Hoyle (OR)	Nunn (IA)	Wagner
Huffman	Obernolte	Walberg
Huizenga	Ocasio-Cortez	Wasserman
Issa	Omar	Schultz
Ivey	Owens	Waters
Jackson (IL)	Pallone	Watson Coleman
Jackson (NC)	Panetta	Wenstrup
Jacobs	Pappas	Westerman
James	Pascrell	Wexton
Jayapal	Payne	Wild
Jeffries	Peltola	Williams (GA)
Johnson (GA)	Pence	Williams (NY)
Johnson (OH)	Perez	Wilson (FL)
Joyce (OH)	Peters	Womack

NOT VOTING—27

Cohen	Griffith	Pelosi
Correa	Jackson Lee	Perry
De La Cruz	Kelly (PA)	Phillips
DeLauro	Lesko	Pingree
Fallon	McCarthy	Salazar
Garcia (TX)	McCormack	Santos
Golden (ME)	Miller (OH)	Staubert
González-Colón	Moore (WI)	Stawell
Greene (GA)	Moylan	Waltz

□ 1529

Messrs. OWENS, TONKO, BAIRD, AUSTIN SCOTT of Georgia, MOORE of Utah, BARR, WENSTRUP, and Ms.

WILSON of Florida changed their vote from “aye” to “no.”

Messrs. BERGMAN and GROTHMAN changed their vote from “no” to “aye.”

So the amendment was rejected.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

Stated against:

Ms. MCCOLLUM. Mr. Chair, had I been present, I would have voted “no” on rollcall No. 547.

AMENDMENT NO. 47 OFFERED BY MR. NORMAN

The Acting CHAIR. The unfinished business is the demand for a recorded vote on amendment No. 47, printed in part B of House Report 118–242 offered by the gentleman from South Carolina (Mr. NORMAN), on which further proceedings were postponed and on which the ayes prevailed by voice vote.

The Clerk will redesignate the amendment.

The Clerk redesignated the amendment.

RECORDED VOTE

The Acting CHAIR. A recorded vote has been demanded.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The Acting CHAIR. This will be a 2-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—ayes 207, noes 204, not voting 28, as follows:

[Roll No. 548]

AYES—207

Aderholt	Edwards	Kelly (MS)
Alford	Elizy	Kiggans (VA)
Allen	Emmer	Kiley
Amodei	Estes	Kustoff
Armstrong	Ezell	LaHood
Arrington	Feenstra	LaLota
Babin	Ferguson	LaMalfa
Bacon	Finstad	Lamborn
Baird	Fischbach	Langworthy
Balderson	Fitzgerald	Latta
Banks	Fleischmann	LaTurner
Barr	Flood	Lawler
Bean (FL)	Foxx	Lee (FL)
Bentz	Franklin, Scott	Letlow
Bergman	Fry	Loudermilk
Bice	Fulcher	Lucas
Biggs	Gaetz	Luetkemeyer
Bilirakis	Gallagher	Luna
Bishop (NC)	Garcia, Mike	Luttrell
Boebert	Jimenez	Mace
Bost	Gonzales, Tony	Malliotakis
Brecheen	Good (VA)	Mann
Buchanan	Gooden (TX)	Massie
Buck	Gosar	Mast
Bucshon	Granger	McCaul
Burchett	Graves (LA)	McClain
Burgess	Graves (MO)	McClintock
Burlison	Green (TN)	McCormick
Calvert	Griffith	McHenry
Cammack	Grothman	Meuser
Carey	Guest	Miller (IL)
Carl	Guthrie	Miller (WV)
Carter (GA)	Hageman	Miller-Meeks
Carter (TX)	Harris	Mills
Ciscomani	Harshbarger	Molinaro
Cline	Hern	Moolenaar
Cloud	Higgins (LA)	Mooney
Clyde	Hill	Moore (AL)
Cole	Hinson	Moore (UT)
Collins	Houchin	Moran
Comer	Hudson	Murphy
Crane	Huizenga	Nehls
Crawford	Hunt	Newhouse
Crenshaw	Issa	Norman
Curtis	Jackson (TX)	Nunn (IA)
D'Esposito	James	Obernolte
Davidson	Johnson (LA)	Ogles
DesJarlais	Johnson (OH)	Owens
Diaz-Balart	Johnson (SD)	Palmer
Donalds	Jordan	Pence
Duarte	Joyce (OH)	Pfluger
Duncan	Joyce (PA)	Posey
Dunn (FL)	Kean (NJ)	Radewagen

Reschenthaler
Rodgers (WA)
Rogers (AL)
Rogers (KY)
Rose
Rosendale
Rouzer
Roy
Rutherford
Salazar
Scalise
Schweikert
Scott, Austin
Self
Sessions
Simpson

Smith (MO)
Smith (NE)
Smith (NJ)
Smucker
Spartz
Steel
Stefanik
Steil
Steube
Strong
Tenney
Thompson (PA)
Tiffany
Timmons
Turner
Valadao

Van Drew
Van Duyne
Van Orden
Wagner
Walberg
Weber (TX)
Webster (FL)
Wenstrup
Westerman
Williams (NY)
Williams (TX)
Wilson (SC)
Wittman
Womack
Yakym
Zinke

□ 1535

Mses. SALAZAR and GRANGER changed their vote from “no” to “aye.”

So the amendment was agreed to.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

Stated against:

Ms. MCCOLLUM. Mr. Chair, had I been present, I would have voted “NO” on rollcall No. 548.

AMENDMENT NO. 50 OFFERED BY MR. NORMAN

The Acting CHAIR. The unfinished business is the demand for a recorded vote on amendment No. 50, printed in part B of House Report 118–242 offered by the gentleman from South Carolina (Mr. NORMAN), on which further proceedings were postponed and on which the ayes prevailed by voice vote.

The Clerk will redesignate the amendment.

The Clerk redesignated the amendment.

RECORDED VOTE

The Acting CHAIR. A recorded vote has been demanded.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The Acting CHAIR. This will be a 2-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—ayes 208, noes 209, not voting 22, as follows:

[Roll No. 549]

AYES—208

NOES—204

Adams
Aguilar
Allred
Auchincloss
Balint
Barragán
Beatty
Bera
Beyer
Bishop (GA)
Blumenauer
Blunt Rochester
Bonamici
Bowman
Boyle (PA)
Brown
Brownley
Budzinski
Bush
Caraveo
Carbajal
Cárdenas
Carson
Carter (LA)
Cartwright
Casar
Case
Casten
Castor (FL)
Castro (TX)
Chavez-DeRemer
Cherfilus-
McCormick
Chu
Clark (MA)
Clarke (NY)
Cleaver
Clyburn
Connolly
Costa
Courtney
Craig
Crockett
Crow
Cuellar
Davids (KS)
Davis (IL)
Davis (NC)
Dean (PA)
DeGette
DeBene
Deluzio
DeSaulnier
Dingell
Doggett
Escobar
Espallat
Evans
Fitzpatrick
Fletcher
Foster
Foushee
Frankel, Lois
Frost
Gallego
Garamendi
Garcia (IL)
Garcia, Robert

Goldman (NY)
Gomez
González-Colón
Gottheimer
Green, Al (TX)
Grijalva
Harder (CA)
Hayes
Higgins (NY)
Himes
Horsford
Houlahan
Hoyer
Hoyle (OR)
Huffman
Ivey
Jackson (IL)
Jackson (NC)
Jacobs
Jayapal
Jeffries
Johnson (GA)
Kamlager-Dove
Kaptur
Keating
Kelly (IL)
Khanna
Kildee
Kilmer
Kim (CA)
Kim (NJ)
Krishnamoorthi
Kuster
Landsman
Larsen (WA)
Larson (CT)
Lee (CA)
Lee (NV)
Lee (PA)
Leger Fernandez
Levin
Lieu
Lofgren
Lynch
Magaziner
Manning
Matsui
McBath
McClellan
McGarvey
McGovern
Meeks
Menendez
Meng
Mfume
Morelle
Moskowitz
Moulton
Mrvan
Nadler
Napolitano
Neal
Neguse
Nickel
Norcross
Norton
Ocasio-Cortez
Omar
Pallone

Panetta
Pappas
Pascarell
Payne
Peltola
Perez
Peters
Pettersen
Plaskett
Pocan
Porter
Pressley
Quigley
Ramirez
Raskin
Ross
Ruiz
Ruppersberger
Ryan
Sablan
Salinas
Sánchez
Sarbanes
Scanlon
Schakowsky
Schiff
Schneider
Scholten
Schrier
Scott (VA)
Scott, David
Sewell
Sherman
Sherrill
Slotkin
Sorensen
Soto
Spanberger
Stansbury
Stanton
Stevens
Strickland
Sykes
Takano
Thanedar
Thompson (CA)
Thompson (MS)
Titus
Tlaib
Tokuda
Tonko
Torres (CA)
Torres (NY)
Trahan
Burlison
Calvert
Cammack
Carey
Vasquez
Veasey
Velázquez
Wasserman
Schultz
Waters
Watson Coleman
Wexton
Wild
Williams (GA)
Wilson (FL)

NOT VOTING—28

Cohen
Correa
De La Cruz
DeLauro
Fallon
Garbarino
Garcia (TX)
Golden (ME)
Gonzalez,
Vicente

Greene (GA)
Jackson Lee
Kelly (PA)
Lesko
McCarthy
McCollum
Miller (OH)
Moore (WI)
Moylan
Mullin

Pelosi
Perry
Phillips
Pingree
Santos
Smith (WA)
Stauber
Swailewell
Waltz

Aderholt
Alford
Allen
Amodei
Armstrong
Arrington
Babin
Bacon
Baird
Balderson
Banks
Barr
Bean (FL)
Bentz
Bergman
Bice
Biggs
Bilirakis
Bishop (NC)
Boebert
Bost
Brecheen
Buchanan
Buck
Bucshon
Burchett
Burgess
Burlison
Calvert
Cammack
Carey
Vasquez
Carl
Carter (GA)
Carter (TX)
Ciscomani
Cline
Cloud
Clyde
Cole
Collins
Comer
Crane
Crawford
Crenshaw
Curtis
D'Esposito
Davidson
DesJarlais
Diaz-Balart
Donalds
Duarte
Duncan
Dunn (FL)
Edwards

Ellzey
Emmer
Estes
Ezell
Feenstra
Ferguson
Finstad
Fischbach
Fitzgerald
Fleischmann
Flood
Foxy
Franklin, Scott
Fry
Fulcher
Gaetz
Gallagher
Garbarino
Garcia, Mike
Gimenez
Gonzales, Tony
Good (VA)
Gooden (TX)
Gosar
Granger
Graves (LA)
Graves (MO)
Green (TN)
Griffith
Grothman
Guest
Guthrie
Hageman
Harris
Harshbarger
Hern
Higgins (LA)
Hill
Hinson
Houchin
Hudson
Huizenga
Hunt
Issa
Jackson (TX)
James
Johnson (LA)
Johnson (OH)
Johnson (SD)
Jordan
Joyce (PA)
Kean (NJ)
Kelly (MS)
Kiggans (VA)

Kiley
Kim (CA)
Kustoff
LaHood
LaLota
LaMalfa
Lamborn
Langworthy
Latta
LaTurner
Lawler
Lee (FL)
Letlow
Loudermilk
Lucas
Luettkemeyer
Luna
Luttrell
Mace
Malliotakis
Mann
Massie
Mast
McCaul
McClain
McClintock
McCormick
McHenry
Meuser
Miller (IL)
Miller (WV)
Miller-Meeks
Mills
Molinaro
Moolenaar
Mooney
Moore (AL)
Moore (UT)
Moran
Murphy
Nehls
Newhouse
Norman
Nunn (IA)
Oberholte
Ogles
Owens
Palmer
Pence
Pfluger
Posey
Radewagen
Reschenthaler
Rodgers (WA)

Rogers (AL)
Rogers (KY)
Rose
Rosendale
Rouzer
Roy
Rutherford
Salazar
Scalise
Schweikert
Scott, Austin
Self
Sessions
Simpson
Smith (MO)
Smith (NE)

Smith (NJ)
Smucker
Walberg
Steel
Stefanik
Steil
Steube
Strong
Tenney
Thompson (PA)
Tiffany
Timmons
Turner
Valadao
Van Drew
Van Duyne

NOES—209

Adams
Aguilar
Allred
Auchincloss
Balint
Barragán
Beatty
Bera
Beyer
Bishop (GA)
Blumenauer
Blunt Rochester
Bonamici
Bowman
Boyle (PA)
Brown
Brownley
Budzinski
Bush
Caraveo
Carbajal
Cárdenas
Carson
Carter (LA)
Cartwright
Casar
Case
Casten
Castor (FL)
Castro (TX)
Chavez-DeRemer
Cherfilus-
McCormick
Chu
Clark (MA)
Clarke (NY)
Cleaver
Clyburn
Connolly
Costa
Courtney
Craig
Crockett
Crow
Cuellar
Davids (KS)
Davis (IL)
Davis (NC)
Dean (PA)
DeGette
DeLauro
DeBene
Deluzio
DeSaulnier
Dingell
Doggett
Escobar
Espallat
Evans
Fitzpatrick
Fletcher
Foster
Foushee
Frankel, Lois
Frost
Gallego
Garamendi
Garcia (IL)
Garcia, Robert
Goldman (NY)

Gomez
Gonzalez,
Vicente
González-Colón
Gottheimer
Green, Al (TX)
Grijalva
Harder (CA)
Hayes
Higgins (NY)
Himes
Horsford
Houlahan
Hoyer
Hoyle (OR)
Huffman
Ivey
Jackson (IL)
Jackson (NC)
Jacobs
Jayapal
Jeffries
Johnson (GA)
Joyce (OH)
Kamlager-Dove
Kaptur
Keating
Kelly (IL)
Khanna
Kildee
Kilmer
Kim (NJ)
Krishnamoorthi
Kuster
Landsman
Larsen (WA)
Larson (CT)
Lee (CA)
Lee (NV)
Lee (PA)
Leger Fernandez
Levin
Lieu
Lofgren
Lynch
Magaziner
Manning
Matsui
McBath
McClellan
McCollum
McGarvey
McGovern
Meeks
Menendez
Meng
Mfume
Morelle
Moskowitz
Moulton
Mrvan
Mullin
Nadler
Napolitano
Neal
Neguse
Nickel
Norcross
Norton
Ocasio-Cortez
Omar

Van Orden
Wagner
Walberg
Weber (TX)
Webster (FL)
Wenstrup
Westerman
Williams (NY)
Williams (TX)
Wilson (SC)
Wittman
Womack
Yakym
Zinke

Pallone
Panetta
Pappas
Pascarell
Payne
Pelosi
Peltola
Perez
Peters
Pettersen
Plaskett
Pocan
Porter
Pressley
Quigley
Ramirez
Raskin
Ross
Ruiz
Ruppersberger
Ryan
Sablan
Salinas
Sánchez
Sarbanes
Scanlon
Schakowsky
Schiff
Schneider
Scholten
Schrier
Scott (VA)
Scott, David
Sewell
Sherman
Sherrill
Slotkin
Sorensen
Soto
Spanberger
Stansbury
Stanton
Stevens
Strickland
Sykes
Takano
Thanedar
Thompson (CA)
Thompson (MS)
Titus
Tlaib
Tokuda
Tonko
Torres (CA)
Torres (NY)
Trahan
Trone
Underwood
Vargas
Vasquez
Veasey
Velázquez
Wasserman
Schultz
Waters
Watson Coleman
Wexton
Williams (GA)
Wilson (FL)

NOT VOTING—22

Cohen
Correa
De La Cruz
Fallon
Garcia (TX)
Golden (ME)
Greene (GA)
Jackson Lee

Kelly (PA)
Lesko
McCarthy
Miller (OH)
Moore (WI)
Moylan
Perry
Phillips

Pingree
Santos
Smith (WA)
Stauber
Swailewell
Waltz

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE ACTING CHAIR

The Acting CHAIR (during the vote).
There is 1 minute remaining.

□ 1543

So the amendment was rejected.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

The Acting CHAIR. Pursuant to clause 6(h) of rule XVIII, the Committee rises.

Accordingly, the Committee rose; and the Speaker pro tempore (Mr. THOMPSON of Pennsylvania) having assumed the chair, Mr. MURPHY, Acting Chair of the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union, reported to the House that during consideration of the bill (H.R. 4394) making appropriations for energy and water development and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2024, and for other purposes, pursuant to House Resolution 756, the votes cast by the Delegates and the Resident Commissioner were decisive on a recorded vote on the amendment offered by the gentleman from South Carolina (Mr. NORMAN).

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Clerk will designate the amendment.

The Clerk designated the amendment.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 6(h) of rule XVIII, the Chair will put the question to the House de novo.

The question is on the amendment.

The question was taken; and the Speaker pro tempore announced that the ayes appeared to have it.

Mr. MEEKS. Mr. Speaker, on that I demand the yeas and nays.

The yeas and nays were ordered.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. This will be a 2-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 207, nays 204, not voting 22, as follows:

[Roll No. 550]

YEAS—207

Aderholt	Carter (TX)	Franklin, Scott
Alford	Ciscomani	Fry
Allen	Cline	Fulcher
Amodei	Cloud	Gaetz
Armstrong	Clyde	Gallagher
Arrington	Cole	Garbarino
Babin	Collins	Garcia, Mike
Bacon	Comer	Gimenez
Baird	Crane	Gonzales, Tony
Balderson	Crawford	Good (VA)
Banks	Crenshaw	Gooden (TX)
Barr	Curtis	Gosar
Bean (FL)	D'Esposito	Granger
Bentz	Davidson	Graves (LA)
Bergman	DesJarlais	Graves (MO)
Bice	Diaz-Balart	Green (TN)
Biggs	Donalds	Griffith
Bilirakis	Duarte	Grothman
Bishop (NC)	Duncan	Guest
Boebert	Dunn (FL)	Guthrie
Bost	Edwards	Hageman
Brecheen	Elizey	Harris
Buchanan	Emmer	Harshbarger
Buck	Estes	Hern
Bucshon	Ezell	Higgins (LA)
Burchett	Feenstra	Hill
Burgess	Ferguson	Hinson
Burlison	Finstad	Houchin
Calvert	Fischbach	Hudson
Cammack	Fitzgerald	Huizenga
Carey	Fleischmann	Hunt
Carl	Flood	Issa
Carter (GA)	Foxx	Jackson (TX)

James	McHenry	Scott, Austin
Johnson (LA)	Meuser	Self
Johnson (OH)	Miller (IL)	Sessions
Johnson (SD)	Miller (WV)	Simpson
Jordan	Miller-Meeks	Smith (MO)
Joyce (PA)	Mills	Smith (NE)
Kean (NJ)	Molinaro	Smith (NJ)
Kelly (MS)	Moolenaar	Smucker
Kiggans (VA)	Mooney	Spartz
Kiley	Moore (AL)	Steel
Kim (CA)	Moore (UT)	Stefanik
Kustoff	Moran	Steil
LaHood	Murphy	Steube
LaLota	Nehls	Strong
LaMalfa	Newhouse	Tenney
Lamborn	Norman	Thompson (PA)
Langworthy	Nunn (IA)	Tiffany
Latta	Obernolte	Timmons
LaTurner	Ogles	Turner
Lawler	Owens	Valadao
Lee (FL)	Palmer	Van Drew
Letlow	Pence	Van Duyne
Loudermilk	Pfluger	Van Orden
Lucas	Posey	Wagner
Luetkemeyer	Reschenthaler	Walberg
Luna	Rodgers (WA)	Weber (TX)
Luttrell	Rogers (AL)	Webster (FL)
Mace	Rogers (KY)	Wenstrup
Malliotakis	Rose	Westerman
Mann	Rosendale	Williams (NY)
Massie	Rouzer	Williams (TX)
Mast	Roy	Wilson (SC)
McCaul	Rutherford	Wittman
McClain	Salazar	Womack
McClintock	Scalise	Yakym
McCormick	Schweikert	Zinke

NAYS—204

Adams	Fletcher	McGovern
Agullar	Poster	Meeks
Allred	Poushee	Menendez
Auchincloss	Frankel, Lois	Meng
Balint	Frost	Mfume
Barragán	Gallego	Morelle
Beatty	Garamendi	Moskowitz
Bera	Garcia (IL)	Moulton
Beyer	Garcia, Robert	Mrvan
Bishop (GA)	Goldman (NY)	Mullin
Blumenauer	Gomez	Nadler
Blunt Rochester	Gonzalez,	Napolitano
Bonamici	Vicente	Neal
Bowman	Gottheimer	Neguse
Boyle (PA)	Green, Al (TX)	Nickel
Brown	Grijalva	Norcross
Brownley	Harder (CA)	Ocasio-Cortez
Budzinski	Hayes	Omar
Bush	Higgins (NY)	Pallone
Caraveo	Himes	Panetta
Carbajal	Horsford	Pappas
Cárdenas	Houlahan	Pascrell
Carson	Hoyer	Payne
Carter (LA)	Hoyle (OR)	Pelosi
Cartwright	Huffman	Peltola
Casar	Ivey	Perez
Case	Jackson (IL)	Peters
Casten	Jackson (NC)	Petterson
Castor (FL)	Jacobs	Pocan
Castro (TX)	Jayapal	Porter
Chavez-DeRemer	Jeffries	Pressley
Cheriflous	Johnson (GA)	Quigley
McCormick	Joyce (OH)	Ramirez
Chu	Kamlager-Dove	Raskin
Clark (MA)	Kaptur	Ross
Clarke (NY)	Keating	Ruiz
Cleaver	Kelly (IL)	Ruppersberger
Clyburn	Khanna	Ryan
Connolly	Kildee	Salinas
Costa	Kilmer	Sánchez
Courtney	Kim (NJ)	Sarbanes
Craig	Krishnamoorthi	Scanlon
Crockett	Kuster	Schakowsky
Crow	Landsman	Schiff
Cuellar	Larsen (WA)	Schneider
Davids (KS)	Larson (CT)	Scholten
Davis (IL)	Lee (CA)	Schrier
Davis (NC)	Lee (NV)	Scott (VA)
Dean (PA)	Lee (PA)	Scott, David
DeGette	Leger Fernandez	Sewell
DeLauro	Levin	Sherman
DelBene	Lieu	Sherrill
Deluzio	Lofgren	Slotkin
DeSaulnier	Lynch	Sorensen
Dingell	Magaziner	Soto
Doggett	Manning	Spanberger
Escobar	Matsui	Stansbury
Eshoo	McBath	Stanton
Españal	McClellan	Stevens
Evans	McCollum	Strickland
Fitzpatrick	McGarvey	Sykes

Takano	Torres (CA)	Velázquez
Thanedar	Torres (NY)	Wasserman
Thomson (CA)	Trahan	Schultz
Thompson (MS)	Trone	Watson Coleman
Titus	Underwood	Wexton
Tlaib	Vargas	Wild
Tokuda	Vasquez	Williams (GA)
Tonko	Veasey	Wilson (FL)

NOT VOTING—22

Cohen	Kelly (PA)	Santos
Correa	Lesko	Smith (WA)
De La Cruz	McCarthy	Stauber
Fallon	Miller (OH)	Swalwell
Garcia (TX)	Moore (WI)	Waltz
Golden (ME)	Perry	Waters
Greene (GA)	Phillips	
Jackson Lee	Pingree	

□ 1549

So the amendment was agreed to.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 6(h) of rule XVIII, the Committee will resume its sitting.

□ 1553

IN THE COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE

Accordingly, the House resolved itself into the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union for the further consideration of the bill (H.R. 4394) making appropriations for energy and water development and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2024, and for other purposes, with Mr. MURPHY (Acting Chair) in the chair.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The Acting CHAIR. When the Committee of the Whole rose earlier today, the amendment offered by the gentleman from South Carolina (Mr. NORMAN) had been rejected and agreed to on a recorded vote which the votes cast by the Delegates and Resident Commissioner were decisive.

That result has since been rejected by the House.

□ 1545

AMENDMENT NO. 51 OFFERED BY MR. NORMAN

The Acting CHAIR. The unfinished business is the demand for a recorded vote on amendment 51, printed in part B of House Report 118-242 offered by the gentleman from South Carolina (Mr. NORMAN), on which further proceedings were postponed and on which the noes prevailed by voice vote.

The Clerk will redesignate the amendment.

The Clerk redesignated the amendment.

RECORDED VOTE

The Acting CHAIR. A recorded vote has been demanded.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The Acting CHAIR. This will be a 2-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—ayes 166, noes 247, not voting 26, as follows:

[Roll No. 551]

AYES—166

Aderholt	Babin	Bentz
Alford	Baird	Bergman
Allen	Balderson	Biggs
Amodei	Banks	Bilirakis
Armstrong	Barr	Bishop (NC)
Arrington	Bean (FL)	Boebert

Bost	Harris	Murphy	Magaziner	Perez	Stanton	Carl	Hern	Moran
Brecheen	Harshbarger	Nehls	Manning	Peters	Steel	Carter (GA)	Higgins (LA)	Murphy
Buchanan	Hern	Norman	Matsui	Pettersen	Stevens	Cline	Hill	Nehls
Burchett	Higgins (LA)	Ogles	McBath	Plaskett	Strickland	Cloud	Houchin	Norman
Burgess	Hill	Owens	McClellan	Pocan	Sykes	Clyde	Hudson	Ogles
Burlison	Houchin	Palmer	McCollum	Porter	Takano	Collins	Huizenga	Palmer
Cammack	Hudson	Pence	McGarvey	Pressley	Thanedar	Comer	Hunt	Pence
Carey	Huizenga	Pfluger	McGovern	Ramirez	Thompson (CA)	Crane	Issa	Pfluger
Carl	Hunt	Posey	Meeks	Raskin	Thompson (MS)	Crawford	Jackson (TX)	Posey
Carter (GA)	Issa	Radewagen	Menendez	Rodgers (WA)	Titus	Crenshaw	Johnson (LA)	Reschenthaler
Cline	Jackson (TX)	Reschenthaler	Meng	Rodgers (KY)	Tlaib	Curtis	Johnson (OH)	Rodgers (WA)
Cloud	James	Rogers (AL)	Mfume	Ross	Tokuda	Davidson	Johnson (SD)	Rogers (AL)
Clyde	Johnson (LA)	Rose	Moore (UT)	Ruiz	Tonko	DesJarlais	Jordan	Rose
Collins	Johnson (OH)	Rosendale	Morelle	Ruppersberger	Torres (CA)	Donalds	Joyce (PA)	Rosendale
Comer	Johnson (SD)	Rouzer	Moskowitz	Ryan	Torres (NY)	Duarte	Kelly (MS)	Rouzer
Crane	Jordan	Roy	Moulton	Sablan	Trahan	Duncan	Kustoff	Rutherford
Crawford	Joyce (PA)	Rutherford	Mrvan	Salazar	Trone	Dunn (FL)	LaHood	Scalise
Crenshaw	Kelly (MS)	Scalise	Mullin	Salinas	Turner	Ellzey	LaLota	Schweikert
Davidson	Nadler	Schweikert	Napolitano	Sánchez	Underwood	Emmer	LaMalfa	Self
DesJarlais	LaHood	Scott, Austin	Neal	Sarbanes	Valadao	Estes	Lamborn	Sessions
Donalds	LaMalfa	Self	Neguse	Scanlon	Vargas	Ezell	Langworthy	Smith (MO)
Duarte	Lamborn	Sessions	Newhouse	Schakowsky	Vasquez	Feenstra	Latta	Smith (NE)
Duncan	Langworthy	Smith (MO)	Nickel	Schiff	Veasey	Finstad	LaTurner	Smith (NJ)
Dunn (FL)	Latta	Smith (NE)	Norcross	Schneider	Velázquez	Fischbach	Lee (FL)	Smucker
Emmer	LaTurner	Smith (NJ)	Norton	Scholten	Wagner	Fitzgerald	Letlow	Spartz
Estes	Lee (FL)	Smucker	Nunn (IA)	Schrier	Scott (VA)	Fox	Loudermilk	Stefanik
Ezell	Letlow	Spartz	Obornolte	Scott, David	Sewell	Franklin, Scott	Luetkemeyer	Steube
Feenstra	Loudermilk	Stefanik	Ocasio-Cortez	Scott, David	Sherman	Fry	Luna	Strong
Ferguson	Luetkemeyer	Steil	Omar	Sewell	Sherrill	Fulcher	Luttrell	Tenney
Finstad	Luna	Steube	Pallone	Sherman	Simpson	Gaetz	Malliotakis	Tiffany
Fischbach	Luttrell	Strong	Panetta	Sherrill	Wexton	Gallagher	Mann	Timmons
Fitzgerald	Mace	Tenney	Pappas	Simpson	Wild	Garcia, Mike	Massie	Van Drew
Fox	Malliotakis	Thompson (PA)	Pascarell	Slotkin	Williams (GA)	Gimenez	Mast	Van Dyne
Franklin, Scott	Mann	Tiffany	Payne	Sorensen	Williams (NY)	Gonzales, Tony	McCauley	Van Orde
Fry	Massie	Timmons	Pelosi	Soto	Wilson (FL)	Good (VA)	McClain	Walberg
Fulcher	Mast	Van Drew	Peltola	Spanberger	Womack	Gooden (TX)	McClintock	Weber (TX)
Gaetz	McCauley	Van Orde		Stansbury		Gosar	McCormick	Meuser
Gallagher	McClain	Walberg				Graves (LA)	McHenry	Miller (IL)
Garcia, Mike	McClintock	Weber (TX)				Graves (MO)	Meuser	Miller (WV)
Gimenez	McCormick	Westerman				Green (TN)	Miller (WV)	Miller-Meeks
Gonzales, Tony	Meuser	Williams (TX)				Grothman	Mills	Wilson (SC)
Good (VA)	Miller (IL)	Wittman				Guest	Moolenaar	Wittman
Gooden (TX)	Miller (WV)	Yakym				Guthrie	Mooney	Zinke
Gosar	Miller-Meeks	Zinke				Hageman	Moore (AL)	
Graves (MO)	Mills							
Green (TN)	Molinaro							
Grothman	Moolenaar							
Guest	Mooney							
Guthrie	Moore (AL)							
Hageman	Moran							

NOES—247

Adams	Costa	Grijalva
Aguilar	Courtney	Harder (CA)
Allred	Craig	Hayes
Auchincloss	Crockett	Higgins (NY)
Bacon	Crow	Himes
Balint	Cuellar	Hinson
Barragán	Curtis	Horsford
Beatty	D'Esposito	Houlihan
Bera	Davids (KS)	Hoyer
Beyer	Davis (IL)	Hoyle (OR)
Bice	Davis (NC)	Huffman
Bishop (GA)	Dean (PA)	Ivey
Blumenauer	DeGette	Jackson (IL)
Blunt Rochester	DeLauro	Jackson (NC)
Bonamici	DelBene	Jacobs
Bowman	Deluzio	Jayapal
Boyle (PA)	DeSaulnier	Jeffries
Brown	Diaz-Balart	Johnson (GA)
Brownley	Dingell	Joyce (OH)
Buck	Doggett	Kamlaager-Dove
Bucshon	Edwards	Kaptur
Budzinski	Ellzey	Kean (NJ)
Bush	Eshoo	Keating
Calvert	Españillat	Kelly (IL)
Caraveo	Evans	Khanna
Carbajal	Fitzpatrick	Kiggans (VA)
Cárdenas	Fleischmann	Kildee
Carson	Fletcher	Kiley
Carter (LA)	Flood	Kilmer
Carter (TX)	Foster	Kim (CA)
Cartwright	Foushee	Kim (NJ)
Casar	Frankel, Lois	Krishnamoorthi
Case	Frost	Kuster
Casten	Gallego	LaLota
Castor (FL)	Garamendi	Landsman
Castro (TX)	Garbarino	Larsen (WA)
Chavez-DeRemer	Garcia (IL)	Larson (CT)
Cherfilus-	Garcia, Robert	Lawler
McCormick	Goldman (NY)	Lee (CA)
Chu	Gomez	Lee (NV)
Ciscomani	Gonzalez,	Lee (PA)
Clark (MA)	Vicente	Leger Fernandez
Clarke (NY)	González-Colón	Levin
Cleaver	Gotthelmer	Lieu
Clyburn	Granger	Lofgren
Cole	Graves (LA)	Lucas
Connolly	Green, Al (TX)	Lynch

NOT VOTING—26

Cohen Jackson Lee Phillips
Correa Kelly (PA) Pingree
De La Cruz Lesko Quigley
Escobar McCarthy Santos
Fallon McHenry Smith (WA)
Garcia (TX) Miller (OH)
Goldina (ME) Moore (WI)
Greene (GA) Moylan
Griffith Perry

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE ACTING CHAIR

The Acting CHAIR (during the vote).
There is 1 minute remaining.

□ 1553

So the amendment was rejected.

The result of the vote was announced
as above recorded.

AMENDMENT NO. 56 OFFERED BY MR. PFLUGER

The Acting CHAIR. The unfinished
business is the demand for a recorded
vote on amendment No. 56, printed in
part B of House Report 118-242 offered
by the gentleman from Texas (Mr.
PFLUGER), on which further pro-
ceedings were postponed and on which
the ayes prevailed by voice vote.

The Clerk will redesignate the
amendment.

The Clerk redesignated the amend-
ment.

RECORDED VOTE

The Acting CHAIR. A recorded vote
has been demanded.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The Acting CHAIR. This will be a 2-
minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic de-
vice, and there were—ayes 160, noes 250,
not voting 29, as follows:

[Roll No. 552]

AYES—160

Aderholt	Barr	Bost
Alford	Bean (FL)	Brecheen
Allen	Bentz	Buchanan
Armstrong	Bergman	Burchett
Arrington	Biggs	Burgess
Babin	Bilirakis	Burlison
Balderson	Bishop (NC)	Cammack
Banks	Boebert	Carey
		Adams
		Aguilar
		Allred
		Amodei
		Auchincloss
		Bacon
		Baird
		Balint
		Barragán
		Beatty
		Bera
		Beyer
		Bice
		Bishop (GA)
		Blumenauer
		Blunt Rochester
		Bonamici
		Bowman
		Boyle (PA)
		Brown
		Brownley
		Buck
		Bucshon
		Budzinski
		Bush
		Calvert
		Caraveo
		Carbajal
		Cárdenas
		Carson
		Carter (LA)
		Carter (TX)
		Cartwright
		Casar
		Case
		Casten
		Castor (FL)
		Castro (TX)
		Chavez-DeRemer
		Cherfilus-
		McCormick
		Chu
		Ciscomani
		Clark (MA)
		Clarke (NY)
		Cleaver
		Clyburn
		Cole
		Connolly
		Costa
		Courtney
		Craig
		Crockett
		Crow
		Cuellar
		D'Esposito
		Davids (KS)
		Davis (IL)
		Davis (NC)
		Dean (PA)
		DeGette
		DeLauro
		DelBene
		Deluzio
		DeSaulnier
		Diaz-Balart
		Dingell
		Doggett
		Edwards
		Eshoo
		Españillat
		Evans
		Fitzpatrick
		Fleischmann
		Fletcher
		Flood
		Foster
		Foushee
		Frankel, Lois
		Gallego
		Garamendi
		Garbarino
		Garcia (IL)
		Garcia, Robert
		Goldman (NY)
		Gomez
		Gonzalez,
		Vicente
		González-Colón
		Gotthelmer
		Granger
		Green, Al (TX)
		Grijalva
		Harder (CA)
		Hayes
		Higgins (NY)
		Himes
		Hinson
		Horsford
		Houlihan
		Hoyer
		Hoyle (OR)
		Huffman
		Ivey
		Jackson (IL)
		Jackson (NC)
		Jacobs
		James
		Jayapal
		Jeffries
		Johnson (GA)
		Joyce (OH)
		Kamlaager-Dove
		Kaptur
		Kean (NJ)
		Keating
		Kelly (IL)
		Khanna
		Kiggans (VA)
		Kildee
		Kiley
		Kilmer
		Kim (CA)
		Kim (NJ)
		Krishnamoorthi
		Kuster
		Landsman
		Larsen (WA)
		Lawler
		Lee (CA)
		Lee (NV)
		Lee (PA)
		Leger Fernandez
		Levin
		Lieu
		Lofgren
		Lucas
		Lynch
		Mace
		Magaziner
		Manning
		Matsui
		McBath
		McClellan
		McCollum
		McGarvey
		McGovern
		Meeks
		Menendez
		Meng
		Mfume
		Molinaro

NOES—250

Adams	Craig	Hoyle (OR)
Aguilar	Crockett	Huffman
Allred	Crow	Ivey
Amodei	Cuellar	Jackson (IL)
Auchincloss	D'Esposito	Jackson (NC)
Bacon	Davids (KS)	Jacobs
Baird	Davis (IL)	James
Balint	Davis (NC)	Jayapal
Barragán	Dean (PA)	Jeffries
Beatty	DeGette	Johnson (GA)
Bera	DeLauro	Joyce (OH)
Beyer	DelBene	Kamlaager-Dove
Bice	Deluzio	Kaptur
Bishop (GA)	DeSaulnier	Kean (NJ)
Blumenauer	Diaz-Balart	Keating
Blunt Rochester	Dingell	Kelly (IL)
Bonamici	Doggett	Khanna
Bowman	Edwards	Kiggans (VA)
Boyle (PA)	Eshoo	Kildee
Brown	Españillat	Kiley
Brownley	Evans	Kilmer
Buck	Fitzpatrick	Kim (CA)
Bucshon	Fleischmann	Kim (NJ)
Budzinski	Fletcher	Krishnamoorthi
Bush	Flood	Kuster
Calvert	Foster	Landsman
Caraveo	Foushee	Larsen (WA)
Carbajal	Frankel, Lois	Lawler
Cárdenas	Frost	Lee (CA)
Carson	Gallego	Lee (NV)
Carter (LA)	Garamendi	Lee (PA)
Carter (TX)	Garbarino	Leger Fernandez
Cartwright	Garcia (IL)	Levin
Casar	Garcia, Robert	Lieu
Case	Goldman (NY)	Lofgren
Casten	Gomez	Lucas
Castor (FL)	Gonzalez,	Lynch
Castro (TX)	Vicente	Mace
Chavez-DeRemer	González-Colón	Magaziner
Cherfilus-	Gotthelmer	Manning
McCormick	Granger	Matsui
Chu	Green, Al (TX)	McBath
Ciscomani	Grijalva	McClellan
Clark (MA)	Harder (CA)	McCollum
Clarke (NY)	Hayes	McGarvey
Cleaver	Higgins (NY)	McGovern
Clyburn	Himes	Meeks
Cole	Hinson	Menendez
Connolly	Horsford	Meng
Costa	Houlihan	Mfume
Courtney	Hoyer	Molinaro

Moore (UT) Radewagen Strickland
 Moore (WI) Ramirez Sykes
 Morelle Raskin Takano
 Moskowitz Rogers (KY) Thanedar
 Moulton Ross Thompson (CA)
 Mrvan Ruiz Thompson (MS)
 Mullin Ruppertsberger Thompson (PA)
 Nadler Ryan
 Napolitano Sablan
 Neal Salazar
 Neguse Salinas
 Newhouse Sanchez
 Nickel Sarbanes
 Norcross Scanlon
 Norton Schakowsky
 Nunn (IA) Schiff
 Obernolte Schneider
 Ocasio-Cortez Scholten
 Omar Schrier
 Owens Scott (VA)
 Pallone Scott, Austin
 Panetta Scott, David
 Pappas Sewell
 Pascrell Sherman
 Payne Sherrill
 Pelosi Simpson
 Peltola Slotkin
 Perez Sorensen
 Peters Soto
 Pettersen Spanberger
 Plaskett Stansbury
 Pocan Stanton
 Porter Wilson
 Pressley Steel
 Stevens

NOT VOTING—29

Cohen Jackson Lee
 Correa Kelly (PA)
 De La Cruz Larson (CT)
 Escobar Lesko
 Fallon McCarthy
 Ferguson Miller (OH)
 Garcia (TX) Moylan
 Golden (ME) Perry
 Greene (GA) Phillips
 Griffith Pingree

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE ACTING CHAIR

The Acting CHAIR (during the vote).
 There is 1 minute remaining.

□ 1556

So the amendment was rejected.

The result of the vote was announced
 as above recorded.

AMENDMENT NO. 57 OFFERED BY MR. PFLUGER

The Acting CHAIR. The unfinished
 business is the demand for a recorded
 vote on amendment No. 57, printed in
 part B of House Report 118–242 offered
 by the gentleman from Texas (Mr.
 PFLUGER), on which further pro-
 ceedings were postponed and on which
 the ayes prevailed by voice vote.

The Clerk will redesignate the
 amendment.

The Clerk redesignated the amend-
 ment.

RECORDED VOTE

The Acting CHAIR. A recorded vote
 has been demanded.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The Acting CHAIR. This will be a 2-
 minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic de-
 vice, and there were—ayes 164, noes 249,
 not voting 26, as follows:

[Roll No. 553]

AYES—164

Aderholt Bentz
 Alford Bergman
 Allen Biggs
 Armstrong Bilirakis
 Arrington Bishop (NC)
 Babin Boebert
 Balderson Bost
 Banks Brecheen
 Barr Buchanan
 Bean (FL) Burchett

Burgess Burlison
 Cammack
 Carey
 Carl
 Carter (GA)
 Cline
 Cloud
 Clyde
 Collins

Comer Crane
 Crawford Crawford
 Crenshaw
 Curtis
 D'Esposito
 Davidson Johnson (LA)
 DesJarlais Johnson (OH)
 Donalds Johnson (SD)
 Duarte Jordan
 Duncan Joyce (PA)
 Dunn (FL) Kelly (MS)
 Elizey Kustoff
 Emmer LaHood
 Estes LaLota
 Ezell LaMalfa
 Feenstra Lamborn
 Ferguson Langworthy
 Finstad Latta
 Fischbach LaTurner
 Fitzgerald Lee (FL)
 Foxx Letlow
 Franklin, Scott Loudermilk
 Fry Luetkemeyer
 Fulcher Luna
 Gaetz Luttrell
 Gallagher Malliotakis
 Garcia, Mike Mann
 Gimenez Massie
 Gonzales, Tony Mast
 Good (VA) McCaul
 Gooden (TX) McClain
 Gosar McClintock
 Graves (LA) McCormick
 Graves (MO) McHenry
 Green (TN) Meuser
 Grothman Miller (IL)
 Guest Miller (WV)
 Guthrie Miller-Meeks
 Hageman Mills
 Harris Moolenaar
 Harshbarger Mooney
 Hern Moore (AL)
 Higgins (LA) Moran
 Hill Murphy

NOES—249

Adams Crow
 Aguilar Cuellar
 Alred Davids (KS)
 Amodei Davis (IL)
 Auchincloss Davis (NC)
 Bacon Dean (PA)
 Baird DeGette
 Balint DeLauro
 Barragán DelBene
 Beatty Deluzio
 Bera DeSaulnier
 Beyer Diaz-Balart
 Bice Dingell
 Bishop (GA) Doggett
 Blumenauer Edwards
 Blunt Rochester Eshoo
 Bonamici Espallat
 Bowman Evans
 Boyle (PA) Fitzpatrick
 Brown Fleischmann
 Brownley Fletcher
 Buck Flood
 Bucshon Foster
 Budzinski Foushee
 Bush Frankel, Lois
 Calvert Frost
 Caraveo Gallego
 Carbajal Garamendi
 Carson Garbarino
 Carter (LA) Garcia (IL)
 Carter (TX) Garcia, Robert
 Cartwright Goldman (NY)
 Casar Gomez
 Case Gonzalez,
 Casten Vicente
 Castor (FL) González-Colón
 Castro (TX) Gottheimer
 Chavez-DeRemer Granger
 Cherfilus- Green, Al (TX)
 McCormick Grijalva
 Chu Harder (CA)
 Ciscomani Hayes
 Clark (MA) Higgins (NY)
 Clarke (NY) Himes
 Cleaver Hinson
 Clyburn Horsford
 Cole Houlihan
 Connolly Hoyer
 Costa Hoyle (OR)
 Courtney Huffman
 Craig Ivey
 Crockett Jackson (IL)

Houchin Nehls
 Hudson Norman
 Huizenga Ogles
 Hunt Palmer
 Issa Pence
 Jackson (TX) Pfluger
 Johnson (LA) Posey
 Johnson (OH) Reschenthaler
 Johnson (SD) Rodgers (WA)
 Jordan Rogers (AL)
 Joyce (PA) Rose
 Kelly (MS) Rosendale
 Kustoff Rouzer
 LaHood Roy
 LaLota Rutherford
 LaMalfa Scalise
 Lamborn Schweikert
 Langworthy Self
 Latta Sessions
 LaTurner Smith (MO)
 Lee (FL) Smith (NE)
 Letlow Smith (NJ)
 Loudermilk Smucker
 Luetkemeyer Spartz
 Luna Stefanik
 Luttrell Steil
 Malliotakis Steube
 Mann Strong
 Massie Tenney
 Mast Tiffany
 McCaul Timmons
 McClain Van Drew
 McClintock Van Duyne
 McCormick Van Orden
 McHenry Walberg
 Meuser Weber (TX)
 Miller (IL) Webster (FL)
 Miller (WV) Wenstrup
 Mills Westerman
 Moolenaar Williams (TX)
 Mooney Wilson (SC)
 Moore (AL) Wittman
 Moran Yakym
 Murphy Zinke

Jackson (NC)
 Jacobs
 James
 Jayapal
 Jeffries
 Johnson (GA)
 Joyce (OH)
 Kamlager-Dove
 Kaptur
 Kean (NJ)
 Keating
 Kelly (IL)
 Khanna
 Kiggans (VA)
 Kildee
 Kiley
 Kilmer
 Kim (CA)
 Kim (NJ)
 Krishnamoorthi
 Kuster
 Landsman
 Larsen (WA)
 Larson (CT)
 Lawler
 Lee (CA)
 Lee (NV)
 Lee (PA)
 Leger Fernandez
 Levin
 Lieu
 Lofgren
 Lucas
 Lynch
 Mace
 Magaziner
 Manning
 Matsui
 McBath
 McClellan
 McCollum
 McGarvey
 McGovern
 Meeks
 Menendez
 Meng
 Mfume
 Molinaro
 Moore (UT)
 Moore (WI)
 Morelle
 Moskowitz

Moulton
 Mrvan
 Mullin
 Nadler
 Napolitano
 Neal
 Neguse
 Newhouse
 Nickel
 Norcross
 Norton
 Nunn (IA)
 Obernolte
 Ocasio-Cortez
 Omar
 Owens
 Pallone
 Panetta
 Pappas
 Pascrell
 Payne
 Pelosi
 Peltola
 Perez
 Peters
 Pettersen
 Plaskett
 Pocan
 Porter
 Pressley
 Radewagen
 Ramirez

NOT VOTING—26

Cárdenas Griffith
 Cohen Jackson Lee
 Correa Kelly (PA)
 De La Cruz Lesko
 Escobar McCarthy
 Fallon Miller (OH)
 Garcia (TX) Moylan
 Golden (ME) Perry
 Greene (GA) Phillips

Pingree
 Quigley
 Santos
 Smith (WA)
 Stauber
 Swalwell
 Waltz
 Waters

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE ACTING CHAIR

The Acting CHAIR (during the vote).
 There is 1 minute remaining.

□ 1559

So the amendment was rejected.

The result of the vote was announced
 as above recorded.

AMENDMENT NO. 58 OFFERED BY MR. ROSENDALE

The Acting CHAIR. The unfinished
 business is the demand for a recorded
 vote on amendment No. 58, printed in
 part B of House Report 118–242 offered
 by the gentleman from Montana (Mr.
 ROSENDALE), on which further pro-
 ceedings were postponed and on which
 the ayes prevailed by voice vote.

The Clerk will redesignate the
 amendment.

The Clerk redesignated the amend-
 ment.

RECORDED VOTE

The Acting CHAIR. A recorded vote
 has been demanded.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The Acting CHAIR. This is a 2-
 minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic de-
 vice, and there were—ayes 100, noes 314,
 not voting 25, as follows:

[Roll No. 554]

AYES—100

Arrington Burgess
 Babin Burlison
 Banks Cammack
 Barr Cline
 Bean (FL) Cloud
 Bergman Clyde
 Biggs Collins
 Bilirakis Comer
 Bishop (NC) Crane
 Boebert Davidson
 Brecheen DesJarlais
 Buck Donalds
 Burchett Duarte

Duncan
 Estes
 Ezell
 Ferguson
 Fischbach
 Fitzgerald
 Franklin, Scott
 Fry
 Fulcher
 Gaetz
 Good (VA)
 Gooden (TX)
 Gosar

Green (TN)
Grothman
Hageman
Harris
Harshbarger
Hern
Higgins (LA)
Hill
Houchin
Hudson
Huizenga
Hunt
Issa
Jackson (TX)
Johnson (LA)
Johnson (SD)
Jordan
Kelly (MS)
Kustoff
LaMalfa
Lamborn

NOES—314

Adams
Aderholt
Aguilar
Alford
Allen
Allred
Amodei
Armstrong
Auchincloss
Bacon
Baird
Balderson
Balint
Barragán
Beatty
Bentz
Bera
Beyer
Bice
Bishop (GA)
Blumenauer
Blunt Rochester
Bonamici
Bost
Bowman
Boyle (PA)
Brown
Brownley
Buchanan
Bucshon
Budzinski
Bush
Calvert
Caraveo
Carbajal
Carey
Carl
Carson
Carter (GA)
Carter (LA)
Carter (TX)
Cartwright
Casar
Case
Casten
Castor (FL)
Castro (TX)
Chavez-DeRemer
Cherfilus-
McCormick
Chu
Ciscomani
Clark (MA)
Clarke (NY)
Cleaver
Clyburn
Cole
Connolly
Costa
Courtney
Craig
Crawford
Crenshaw
Crockett
Crow
Cuellar
Curtis
D'Esposito
Davids (KS)
Davis (IL)
Davis (NC)
Dean (PA)
DeGette
DeLauro
DelBene
Deluzio

NOES—314

Rosendale
Roy
Scalise
Schweikert
Mace
Mann
Massie
McClintock
McCormick
McHenry
Miller (WV)
Timmons
Van Drew
Van Dwyne
Weber (TX)
Webster (FL)
Westerman
Williams (TX)
Wilson (SC)
Wittman

NOES—314

DeSaulnier
Diaz-Balart
Dingell
Doggett
Dunn (FL)
Edwards
Ellzey
Emmer
Eshoo
Españolat
Evans
Feenstra
Finstad
Fitzpatrick
Fleischmann
Fletcher
Flood
Foster
Foushee
Frankel, Lois
Frost
Gallagher
Gallego
Garamendi
Garbarino
Garcia (IL)
Garcia, Mike
Garcia, Robert
Gimenez
Goldman (NY)
Gomez
Gonzales, Tony
Gonzalez, Vicente
González-Colón
Gottheimer
Granger
Graves (LA)
Graves (MO)
Green, Al (TX)
Griffith
Grijalva
Guest
Guthrie
Harder (CA)
Hayes
Higgins (NY)
Himes
Hinson
Horsford
Houlahan
Hoyer
Hoyle (OR)
Huffman
Ivey
Jackson (IL)
Jackson (NC)
Jacobs
James
Jayapal
Jeffries
Johnson (GA)
Johnson (OH)
Joyce (OH)
Joyce (PA)
Kamlager-Dove
Kaptur
Kean (NJ)
Keating
Kelly (IL)
Khanna
Kiggans (VA)
Kildee
Kiley
Kilmer

Peters
Pettersen
Pfluger
Plaskett
Pocan
Porter
Pressley
Radewagen
Ramirez
Raskin
Reschenthaler
Rogers (AL)
Rogers (KY)
Ross
Rouzer
Ruiz
Ruppersberger
Rutherford
Ryan
Sablan
Salazar
Salinas
Sánchez
Sarbanes
Scanlon
Schakowsky
Schiff
Schneider
Scholten
Schrier

Cárdenas
Cohen
Correa
De La Cruz
Escobar
Fallon
Garcia (TX)
Golden (ME)
Greene (GA)

Scott (VA)
Scott, Austin
Scott, David
Sessions
Sewell
Sherman
Sherrill
Simpson
Slotkin
Smith (MO)
Smith (NE)
Smith (NJ)
Sorensen
Soto
Spanberger
Stansbury
Stanton
Steel
Steil
Stevens
Strickland
Sykes
Takano
Tenney
Thanedar
Thompson (CA)
Thompson (MS)
Thompson (PA)
Tiffany
Titus

NOT VOTING—25

Jackson Lee
Kelly (PA)
Larson (CT)
Lesko
Miller (OH)
Moylan
Perry
Phillips
Pingree

Tlaib
Tokuda
Tonko
Torres (CA)
Torres (NY)
Trahan
Trone
Turner
Underwood
Valadao
Van Orden
Vargas
Vasquez
Veasey
Velázquez
Wagner
Walberg
Wasserman
Schultz
Watson Coleman
Wenstrup
Wexton
Wild
Williams (GA)
Williams (NY)
Wilson (FL)
Womack
Yakym
Zinke

Lamborn
Luna
Luttrell
Mann
Massie
McClintock
McCormick
McHenry
Mills
Mooney
Moore (AL)

NOES—335

Adams
Aderholt
Aguilar
Alford
Allred
Amodei
Auchincloss
Babin
Bacon
Baird
Balderson
Balint
Barragán
Beatty
Bentz
Bera
Bergman
Beyer
Bice
Bilirakis
Bishop (GA)
Blumenauer
Blunt Rochester
Bonamici
Bost
Bowman
Boyle (PA)
Brown
Brownley
Buchanan
Bucshon
Budzinski
Burgess
Bush
Calvert
Caraveo
Carbajal
Carey
Carl
Carson
Carter (GA)
Carter (LA)
Carter (TX)
Cartwright
Casar
Case
Casten
Castor (FL)
Castro (TX)
Chavez-DeRemer
Cherfilus-
McCormick
Chu
Ciscomani
Clark (MA)
Clarke (NY)
Cleaver
Clyburn
Cole
Connolly
Costa
Courtney
Craig
Crenshaw
Crockett
Crow
Cuellar
Curtis
D'Esposito
Davids (KS)
Davis (IL)
Davis (NC)
Dean (PA)
DeGette
DeLauro
DelBene
Deluzio
DeSaulnier
Diaz-Balart
Dingell
Doggett
Dunn (FL)
Edwards
Ellzey
Eshoo
Españolat

Nehls
Norman
Ogles
Palmer
Posey
Rodgers (WA)
Rose
Rosendale
Roy
Schweikert
Scott, Austin

NOES—335

Evans
Ezell
Feenstra
Ferguson
Finstad
Fischbach
Fitzgerald
Fitzpatrick
Fleischmann
Fletcher
Flood
Foster
Foushee
Frankel, Lois
Frost
Gallagher
Gallego
Garamendi
Garbarino
Garcia (IL)
Garcia, Mike
Garcia, Robert
Gimenez
Goldman (NY)
Gomez
Gonzales, Tony
Gonzalez, Vicente
González-Colón
Gottheimer
Granger
Graves (LA)
Graves (MO)
Green, Al (TX)
Griffith
Grijalva
Guest
Guthrie
Harder (CA)
Harris
Hayes
Higgins (NY)
Hill
Himes
Hinson
Horsford
Houchin
Houlahan
Hoyer
Hoyle (OR)
Hudson
Huffman
Ivey
Jackson (IL)
Jackson (NC)
Jacobs
James
Jayapal
Jeffries
Johnson (GA)
Johnson (OH)
Johnson (SD)
Joyce (OH)
Joyce (PA)
Kamlager-Dove
Kaptur
Kean (NJ)
Keating
Kelly (IL)
Kelly (MS)
Khanna
Kiggans (VA)
Kildee
Kiley
Kilmer
Kim (CA)
Kim (NJ)
Krishnamoorthi
Kuster
Kustoff
LaHood
LaLota
Landsman
Langworthy
Larsen (WA)
Larson (CT)

Self
Smucker
Spartz
Steube
Timmons
Van Dwyne
Williams (TX)
Wilson (SC)
Wittman

NOES—335

Latta
LaTurner
Lawler
Lee (CA)
Lee (FL)
Lee (NV)
Lee (PA)
Leger Fernandez
Letlow
Levin
Lieu
Lofgren
Loudermilk
Lucas
Luetkemeyer
Lynch
Mace
Magaziner
Malliotakis
Manning
Mast
Matsui
McBath
McCarthy
McCaul
McClain
McClellan
McCollum
McGarvey
McGovern
Meeks
Menendez
Meng
Meuser
Mfume
Miller (IL)
Miller (WV)
Molinaro
Moolenaar
Moore (UT)
Moore (WI)
Moran
Morelle
Moskowitz
Moulton
Mrvan
Mullin
Murphy
Nadler
Napolitano
Neal
Neguse
Newhouse
Nickel
Norcross
Norton
Nunn (IA)
Oberholte
Ocasio-Cortez
Omar
Owens
Pallone
Panetta
Pappas
Pascarelli
Payne
Pelosi
Peltola
Pence
Perez
Peters
Pettersen
Pfluger
Plaskett
Pocan
Porter
Pressley
Radewagen
Ramirez
Raskin
Reschenthaler
Rogers (AL)
Rogers (KY)
Ross
Rouzer

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE ACTING CHAIR
The Acting CHAIR (during the vote).
There is 1 minute remaining.

□ 1602

So the amendment was rejected.
The result of the vote was announced
as above recorded.

AMENDMENT NO. 59 OFFERED BY MR. ROSENDALE

The Acting CHAIR. The unfinished
business is the demand for a recorded
vote on amendment No. 59, printed in
part B of House Report 118-242 offered
by the gentleman from Montana (Mr.
ROSENDALE), on which further pro-
ceedings were postponed and on which
the noes prevailed by voice vote.

The Clerk will redesignate the
amendment.

The Clerk redesignated the amend-
ment.

RECORDED VOTE

The Acting CHAIR. A recorded vote
has been demanded.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The Acting CHAIR. This is a 2-
minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic de-
vice, and there were—ayes 76, noes 335,
not voting 27, as follows:

[Roll No. 555]

AYES—76

Allen
Arrington
Banks
Barr
Bean (FL)
Biggs
Bishop (NC)
Boebert
Brecheen
Buck
Burlison
Cammack
Cline
Cloud
Collins
Comer
Crane
Crawford
Davidson
DesJarlais
Donalds
Duarte
Duncan
Emmer
Estes
Foxy
Franklin, Scott
Fry
Fulcher
Gaetz
Good (VA)
Gooden (TX)
Gosar
Green (TN)
Grothman
Hageman
Harshbarger
Hern
Higgins (LA)
Huizenga
Issa
Jackson (TX)
Jordan
LaMalfa

Ruiz	Sorensen	Turner	Feenstra	Jordan	Posey	Pallone	Sarbanes	Thompson (CA)
Ruppersberger	Soto	Underwood	Ferguson	Joyce (OH)	Reschenthaler	Panetta	Scanlon	Thompson (MS)
Rutherford	Spanberger	Valadao	Finstad	Joyce (PA)	Rodgers (WA)	Pappas	Schakowsky	Titus
Ryan	Stansbury	Van Drew	Fischbach	Kelly (MS)	Rogers (AL)	Pascarell	Schiff	Tlaib
Sablan	Stanton	Van Orden	Fitzgerald	Kiggans (VA)	Rogers (KY)	Payne	Schneider	Tokuda
Salazar	Steel	Vargas	Fleischmann	Kim (CA)	Rose	Pelosi	Scholten	Tonko
Salinas	Stefanik	Vasquez	Flood	Kustoff	Rosendale	Peltola	Schrier	Torres (CA)
Sánchez	Steil	Veasey	Foxx	LaHood	Rouzer	Perez	Scott (VA)	Torres (NY)
Sarbanes	Stevens	Velázquez	Franklin, Scott	LaLota	Roy	Peters	Scott, David	Trahan
Scalise	Strickland	Fry	Franklin, Scott	LaMalfa	Rutherford	Pettersen	Sewell	Trone
Scanlon	Strong	Fulcher	Gaetz	Lamborn	Salazar	Plaskett	Sherman	Underwood
Schakowsky	Sykes	Walberg	Gallagher	Langworthy	Scalise	Pocan	Sherrill	Vargas
Schiff	Takano	Wasserman	Garbarino	Latta	Schweikert	Porter	Simpson	Vasquez
Schneider	Tenney	Schultz	Garcia, Mike	LaTurner	Scott, Austin	Pressley	Slotkin	Veasey
Scholten	Thanedar	Watson Coleman	Gimenez	Lawler	Self	Radewagen	Sorensen	Velázquez
Schrier	Thompson (CA)	Weber (TX)	Gonzales, Tony	Loudermilk	Sessions	Ramirez	Soto	Wagner
Scott (VA)	Thompson (MS)	Webster (FL)	González-Colón	Lucas	Smith (MO)	Raskin	Spanberger	Wasserman
Scott, David	Thompson (PA)	Wenstrup	Good (VA)	Luetkemeyer	Smith (NE)	Ross	Stansbury	Schultz
Sessions	Tiffany	Westerman	Gooden (TX)	Luna	Smith (NJ)	Ruiz	Stanton	Watson Coleman
Sewell	Titus	Wexton	Gosar	Luttrell	Smucker	Ruppersberger	Stevens	Wexton
Sherman	Tlaib	Wild	Granger	Mann	Spartz	Ryan	Strickland	Wild
Sherrill	Tokuda	Williams (GA)	Graves (LA)	Massie	Steel	Sablan	Sykes	Williams (GA)
Simpson	Tonko	Williams (NY)	Graves (MO)	Mast	Stefanik	Salinas	Takano	Wilson (FL)
Slotkin	Torres (CA)	Wilson (FL)	Green (TN)	McClain	Steil	Sánchez	Thanedar	Zinke
Smith (MO)	Torres (NY)	Womack	Griffith	McClintock	Steube			
Smith (NE)	Trahan	Yakym	Griffith	McCormick	Strong			
Smith (NJ)	Trone	Zinke	Griffith	McHenry	Tenney			

NOT VOTING—27

Armstrong	Garcia (TX)	Phillips
Burchett	Golden (ME)	Pingree
Cárdenas	Greene (GA)	Quigley
Clyde	Jackson Lee	Santos
Cohen	Kelly (PA)	Smith (WA)
Correa	Lesko	Stauber
De La Cruz	Miller (OH)	Swalwell
Escobar	Moylan	Waltz
Fallon	Perry	Waters

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE ACTING CHAIR

The Acting CHAIR (during the vote).
There is 1 minute remaining.

□ 1606

So the amendment was rejected.

The result of the vote was announced
as above recorded.

AMENDMENT NO. 60 OFFERED BY MR. ROSENDALE

The Acting CHAIR. The unfinished business is the demand for a recorded vote on amendment No. 60, printed in part B of House Report 118–242 offered by the gentleman from Montana (Mr. ROSENDALE), on which further proceedings were postponed and on which the noes prevailed by voice vote.

The Clerk will redesignate the amendment.

The Clerk redesignated the amendment.

RECORDED VOTE

The Acting CHAIR. A recorded vote has been demanded.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The Acting CHAIR. This will be a 2-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—ayes 192, noes 222, not voting 25, as follows:

[Roll No. 556]

AYES—192

Aderholt	Bishop (NC)	Collins
Alford	Boebert	Comer
Allen	Bost	Crane
Amodei	Brecheen	Crenshaw
Armstrong	Buck	Curtis
Arrington	Burchett	D'Esposito
Babin	Burgess	Davidson
Bacon	Burlison	DesJarlais
Baird	Calvert	Diaz-Balart
Balderson	Cammack	Donalds
Banks	Carey	Duarte
Barr	Carl	Duncan
Bean (FL)	Carter (TX)	Dunn (FL)
Bentz	Ciscomani	Edwards
Bergman	Cline	Ellzey
Bice	Cloud	Emmer
Biggs	Clyde	Estes
Bilirakis	Cole	Ezell

Adams	Dean (PA)
Aguilar	DeGette
Allred	DeLauro
Auchincloss	DelBene
Balint	Deluzio
Barragán	DeSaulnier
Beatty	Dingell
Bera	Doggett
Beyer	Eshoo
Bishop (GA)	Españillat
Blumenauer	Evans
Blunt Rochester	Fitzpatrick
Bonamici	Fletcher
Bowman	Foster
Boyle (PA)	Foushee
Brown	Frankel, Lois
Brownley	Frost
Buchanan	Gallego
Bucshon	Garamendi
Budzinski	Garcia (IL)
Bush	Garcia, Robert
Caraveo	Goldman (NY)
Carbajal	Gomez
Carson	Gonzalez,
Carter (GA)	Vicente
Carter (LA)	Gottheimer
Cartwright	Green, Al (TX)
Casar	Grijalva
Case	Harder (CA)
Casten	Hayes
Castor (FL)	Higgins (NY)
Castro (TX)	Himes
Chavez-DeRemer	Horsford
Cherfilus-	Houlahan
McCormick	Hoyer
Chu	Hoyle (OR)
Clark (MA)	Huffman
Clarke (NY)	Ivey
Cleaver	Jackson (IL)
Clyburn	Jackson (NC)
Connolly	Jacobs
Costa	Jayapal
Courtney	Jeffries
Craig	Johnson (GA)
Crawford	Kamlager-Dove
Crockett	Kaptur
Crow	Kean (NJ)
Cuellar	Keating
Davids (KS)	Kelly (IL)
Davis (IL)	Khanna
Davis (NC)	Kildee

NOES—222

Kiley	Kilmer
Kim (NJ)	Krishnamoorthi
Kuster	Kuster
Landsman	Larsen (WA)
Larson (CT)	Lee (CA)
Lee (CA)	Lee (FL)
Lee (FL)	Lee (NV)
Lee (NV)	Lee (PA)
Lee (PA)	Leger Fernandez
Letlow	Levin
Lieu	Lofgren
Lofgren	Lynch
Mace	Magaziner
Magaziner	Malliotakis
Manning	Matsui
McBath	McCarthy
McCauley	McClellan
McClellan	McCollum
McCollum	McGarvey
McGovern	Meeks
Meeks	Menendez
Menendez	Meng
Mfume	Molinaro
Moore (WI)	Moskowitz
Moulton	Mrvan
Mullin	Nadler
Nadler	Napolitano
Neal	Neguse
Newhouse	Nickel
Nickel	Norcross
Norton	Nunn (IA)
Ocasio-Cortez	Omar

NOT VOTING—25

Cárdenas	Jackson Lee	Quigley
Cohen	Kelly (PA)	Santos
Correa	Lesko	Smith (WA)
De La Cruz	Miller (OH)	Stauber
Escobar	Morelle	Swalwell
Fallon	Moylan	Waltz
Garcia (TX)	Perry	Waters
Golden (ME)	Phillips	
Greene (GA)	Pingree	

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE ACTING CHAIR

The Acting CHAIR (during the vote).
There is 1 minute remaining.

□ 1609

So the amendment was rejected.

The result of the vote was announced
as above recorded.

The Acting CHAIR (Mr. NUNN). There being no further amendments, under the rule, the Committee rises.

Accordingly, the Committee rose; and the Speaker pro tempore (Mr. MURPHY) having assumed the chair, Mr. NUNN, Acting Chair of the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union, reported that that Committee, having had under consideration the bill (H.R. 4394) making appropriations for energy and water development and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2024, and for other purposes, and, pursuant to House Resolution 756, he reported the bill back to the House with sundry amendments adopted in the Committee of the Whole.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under the rule, the previous question is ordered.

Is a separate vote demanded on any amendment reported from the Committee of the Whole? If not, the Chair will put them en gros.

The amendments were agreed to.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the engrossment and third reading of the bill.

The bill was ordered to be engrossed and read a third time, and was read the third time.

MOTION TO RECOMMIT

Ms. CASTOR of Florida. Mr. Speaker, I have a motion to recommit at the desk.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Clerk will report the motion to recommit.

The Clerk read as follows:

Ms. Castor of Florida moves to recommit the bill H.R. 4394 to the Committee on Appropriations.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 2(b) of rule XIX, the previous question is ordered on the motion to recommit.

The question is on the motion to recommit.

The question was taken; and the Speaker pro tempore announced that the yeas appeared to have it.

Ms. CASTOR of Florida. Mr. Speaker, on that I demand the yeas and nays.

The yeas and nays were ordered.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 9 of rule XX, the Chair will reduce to 5 minutes the minimum time for any electronic vote on the question of passage.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 199, nays 210, not voting 23, as follows:

[Roll No. 557]

YEAS—199

Adams	Gonzalez,	Pallone
Aguilar	Vicente	Panetta
Allred	Gottheimer	Pappas
Auchincloss	Green, Al (TX)	Pascarell
Balint	Grijalva	Payne
Barragán	Harder (CA)	Pelosi
Beatty	Hayes	Peltola
Bera	Higgins (NY)	Perez
Beyer	Himes	Peters
Bishop (GA)	Horsford	Pettersen
Blumenauer	Houlihan	Pocan
Blunt Rochester	Hoyer	Porter
Bonamici	Hoyle (OR)	Pressley
Bowman	Huffman	Ramirez
Boyle (PA)	Ivey	Raskin
Brown	Jackson (IL)	Ross
Brownley	Jackson (NC)	Ruiz
Budzinski	Jacobs	Ruppersberger
Bush	Jayapal	Ryan
Caraveo	Jeffries	Salinas
Carbajal	Johnson (GA)	Sánchez
Carson	Kamlager-Dove	Sarbanes
Carter (LA)	Kaptur	Scanlon
Cartwright	Keating	Schakowsky
Casar	Kelly (IL)	Schiff
Case	Khanna	Schneider
Casten	Kildee	Scholten
Castor (FL)	Kimmer	Schrier
Castro (TX)	Kim (NJ)	Scott (VA)
Cherfilus-	Krishnamoorthi	Scott, David
McCormick	Kuster	Sewell
Chu	Landsman	Sherman
Clark (MA)	Larsen (WA)	Sherrill
Clarke (NY)	Larson (CT)	Slotkin
Cleaver	Lee (CA)	Sorensen
Clyburn	Lee (NV)	Soto
Connolly	Lee (PA)	Spanberger
Costa	Leger Fernandez	Stansbury
Courtney	Levin	Stanton
Craig	Lieu	Stevens
Crockett	Lofgren	Strickland
Crow	Lynch	Sykes
Cuellar	Magaziner	Takano
Davids (KS)	Manning	Thanedar
Davis (IL)	Matsui	Thompson (CA)
Davis (NC)	McBath	Thompson (MS)
Dean (PA)	McClellan	Titus
DeGette	McCollum	Tlaib
DeLauro	McGarvey	Tokuda
DeBene	McGovern	Tonko
Deluzio	Meeks	Torres (CA)
DeSaulnier	Menendez	Torres (NY)
Dingell	Meng	Trahan
Doggett	Mfume	Trone
Eshoo	Moore (WI)	Underwood
Espallat	Morelle	Vargas
Evans	Moskowitz	Vasquez
Fletcher	Moulton	Veasey
Foster	Mrvan	Velázquez
Foushee	Mullin	Wasserman
Frankel, Lois	Nadler	Schultz
Frost	Napolitano	Watson Coleman
Galleo	Neal	Wexton
Garamendi	Neguse	Wild
Garcia (IL)	Nickel	Williams (GA)
Garcia, Robert	Norcross	Wilson (FL)
Goldman (NY)	Ocasio-Cortez	
Gomez	Omar	

NAYS—210

Fulcher	Miller (IL)
Alford	Miller (WV)
Gaetz	Miller-Meeks
Gallagher	Mills
Garbarino	Molinaro
Garcia, Mike	Moolenaar
Gimenez	Mooney
Gonzales, Tony	Moore (AL)
Good (VA)	Moore (UT)
Gooden (TX)	Moran
Gosar	Murphy
Granger	Nehls
Graves (LA)	Newhouse
Graves (MO)	Norman
Green (TN)	Nunn (IA)
Griffith	Oberholte
Grothman	Ogles
Guest	Owens
Guthrie	Palmer
Hageman	Pence
Harris	Pfluger
Harshbarger	Posey
Hern	Reschenthaler
Higgins (LA)	Rodgers (WA)
Hill	Rogers (AL)
Hinson	Rogers (KY)
Houchin	Rose
Hudson	Rosendale
Huizenga	Rouzer
Hunt	Roy
Issa	Rutherford
Jackson (TX)	Salazar
James	Scalise
Carter (GA)	Johnson (OH)
Carter (TX)	Johnson (SD)
Chavez-DeRemer	Jordan
Ciscomani	Joyce (OH)
Cline	Joyce (PA)
Cloud	Kean (NJ)
Clyde	Kelly (MS)
Cole	Kiggans (VA)
Cole	Kiley
Collins	Kim (CA)
Comer	Kustoff
Crane	LaHood
Crawford	LaLota
Crenshaw	LaMalfa
Curtis	Lamborn
D'Esposito	Langworthy
Duncan	Latta
Dunn (FL)	LaTurner
Edwards	Lawler
Elizy	Lee (FL)
Emmer	Letlow
Estes	Loudermilk
Ezell	Lucas
Feenstra	Luetkemeyer
Ferguson	Luna
Finstad	Luttrell
Fischbach	Mace
Fitzgerald	Malliotakis
Fitzpatrick	Mann
Fleischmann	Massie
Flood	Mast
Foxx	McCarthy
Franklin, Scott	McCauley
Fry	McClain
	McClintock
	McCormick
	McHenry
	Meuser

NOT VOTING—23

Cárdenas	Greene (GA)	Quigley
Cohen	Jackson Lee	Santos
Correa	Kelly (PA)	Smith (WA)
De La Cruz	Lesko	Staubert
Escobar	Miller (OH)	Swalwell
Fallon	Perry	Waltz
Garcia (TX)	Phillips	Waters
Golden (ME)	Pingree	

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore (during the vote). There are 2 minutes remaining.

□ 1618

So the motion to recommit was rejected.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the passage of the bill.

Pursuant to clause 10 of rule XX, the yeas and nays are ordered.

This is a 5-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 210, nays 199, not voting 24, as follows:

[Roll No. 558]

YEAS—210

Aderholt	Gaetz	Miller (IL)
Alford	Gallagher	Miller (WV)
Allen	Garbarino	Miller-Meeks
Amodei	Garcia, Mike	Mills
Armstrong	Gimenez	Molinaro
Arrington	Gonzales, Tony	Moolenaar
Babin	Good (VA)	Mooney
Bacon	Gooden (TX)	Moore (AL)
Baird	Gosar	Moore (UT)
Balderson	Granger	Moran
Banks	Graves (LA)	Murphy
Barr	Graves (MO)	Nehls
Bean (FL)	Green (TN)	Newhouse
Bentz	Griffith	Norman
Bergman	Grothman	Nunn (IA)
Bice	Guest	Oberholte
Biggs	Guthrie	Ogles
Bilirakis	Hageman	Owens
Bishop (NC)	Harris	Palmer
Boebert	Harshbarger	Pence
Bost	Hern	Pfluger
Brecheen	Higgins (LA)	Posey
Buchanan	Hill	Reschenthaler
Buchshon	Hinson	Rodgers (WA)
Burchett	Houchin	Rogers (AL)
Burgess	Hudson	Rogers (KY)
Burlison	Huizenga	Rose
Calvert	Hunt	Rosendale
Cammack	Issa	Rouzer
Carey	Jackson (TX)	Roy
Carl	James	Rutherford
Carter (GA)	Johnson (LA)	Salazar
Carter (TX)	Johnson (OH)	Scalise
Chavez-DeRemer	Johnson (SD)	Schweikert
Ciscomani	Jordan	Scott, Austin
Cline	Joyce (OH)	Self
Cloud	Joyce (PA)	Sessions
Clyde	Kean (NJ)	Simpson
Cole	Kelly (MS)	Smith (MO)
Collins	Kiggans (VA)	Smith (NE)
Comer	Kiley	Smith (NJ)
Crane	Kim (CA)	Smucker
Crawford	Kustoff	Spartz
Crenshaw	LaHood	Steel
Curtis	LaLota	Stefanik
D'Esposito	LaMalfa	Stell
Davidson	Lamborn	Steube
DesJarlais	Langworthy	Strong
Diaz-Balart	Latta	Tenney
Donalds	LaTurner	Thompson (PA)
Duarte	Lawler	Tiffany
Duncan	Lee (FL)	Timmons
Dunn (FL)	Letlow	Turner
Edwards	Loudermilk	Valadao
Elizy	Lucas	Van Drew
Emmer	Luetkemeyer	Van Dwyne
Estes	Luna	Van Orden
Ezell	Luttrell	Wagner
Feenstra	Mace	Walberg
Ferguson	Malliotakis	Weber (TX)
Finstad	Mann	Webster (FL)
Fischbach	Massie	Wenstrup
Fitzgerald	Mast	Westerman
Fitzpatrick	McCarthy	Williams (NY)
Fleischmann	McCauley	Williams (TX)
Flood	McClain	Wilson (SC)
Foxx	McClintock	Wittman
Franklin, Scott	McCormick	Womack
Fry	McHenry	Yakym
	Meuser	Zinke

NAYS—199

Adams	Caraveo	Courtney
Aguilar	Carbajal	Craig
Allred	Carson	Crockett
Auchincloss	Carter (LA)	Crow
Balint	Cartwright	Cuellar
Barragán	Casar	Davids (KS)
Beatty	Case	Davis (IL)
Bera	Casten	Davis (NC)
Beyer	Castor (FL)	Dean (PA)
Bishop (GA)	Castro (TX)	DeGette
Blumenauer	Cherfilus-	DeLauro
Blunt Rochester	McCormick	DeBene
Bonamici	Chu	Deluzio
Bowman	Clark (MA)	DeSaulnier
Boyle (PA)	Clarke (NY)	Dingell
Brown	Cleaver	Doggett
Buck	Clyburn	Eshoo
Budzinski	Connolly	Espallat
Bush	Costa	Evans

Fletcher	Levin	Salinas
Foster	Lieu	Sánchez
Foushee	Lofgren	Sarbanes
Frankel, Lois	Lynch	Scanlon
Frost	Magaziner	Schakowsky
Gallego	Manning	Schiff
Garamendi	Matsui	Schneider
Garcia (IL)	McBath	Scholten
Garcia, Robert	McClellan	Schrier
Goldman (NY)	McCollum	Scott (VA)
Gomez	McGarvey	Scott, David
Gonzalez,	McGovern	Sewell
Vicente	Meeks	Sherman
Gottheimer	Menendez	Sherrill
Green, Al (TX)	Meng	Slotkin
Grijalva	Mfume	Sorensen
Harder (CA)	Moore (WI)	Soto
Hayes	Morelle	Spanberger
Higgins (NY)	Moskowitz	Stansbury
Himes	Moulton	Stanton
Horsford	Mrvan	Stevens
Houlahan	Mullin	Strickland
Hoyer	Nadler	Sykes
Hoyle (OR)	Napolitano	Takano
Huffman	Neal	Thanedar
Ivey	Neguse	Thompson (CA)
Jackson (IL)	Nickel	Thompson (MS)
Jackson (NC)	Norcross	Titus
Jacobs	Ocasio-Cortez	Tlaib
Jayapal	Omar	Tokuda
Jeffries	Pallone	Tonko
Johnson (GA)	Panetta	Torres (CA)
Kamlager-Dove	Pappas	Torres (NY)
Kaptur	Pascarell	Trahan
Keating	Payne	Trone
Kelly (IL)	Pelosi	Underwood
Khanna	Peltola	Vargas
Kildee	Perez	Vasquez
Killmer	Peters	Veasey
Kim (NJ)	Pettersen	Velázquez
Krishnamoorthi	Pocan	Wasserman
Kuster	Porter	Schultz
Landsman	Pressley	Watson Coleman
Larsen (WA)	Ramirez	Wexton
Larson (CT)	Raskin	Wild
Lee (CA)	Ross	Williams (GA)
Lee (NV)	Ruiz	Wilson (FL)
Lee (PA)	Ruppersberger	
Leger Fernandez	Ryan	

NOT VOTING—24

Brownley	Golden (ME)	Pingree
Cárdenas	Greene (GA)	Quigley
Cohen	Jackson Lee	Santos
Correa	Kelly (PA)	Smith (WA)
De La Cruz	Lesko	Stauber
Escobar	Miller (OH)	Swalwell
Fallon	Perry	Waltz
Garcia (TX)	Phillips	Waters

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. VALADAO) (during the vote). There are 2 minutes remaining.

□ 1624

So the bill was passed.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

PERSONAL EXPLANATION

Mr. SWALWELL. Mr. Chair, I was unfortunately unable to attend today's vote for personal reasons. Had I been in attendance, I would have voted on:

Roll Call No. 529: NO; Roll Call No. 530: YES; Roll Call No. 531: NO; Roll Call No. 532: NO; Roll Call No. 533: NO; Roll Call No. 534: NO; Roll Call No. 535: NO; Roll Call No. 536: NO; Roll Call No. 537: NO; Roll Call No. 538: NO; Roll Call No. 539: NO; Roll Call No. 540: NO; Roll Call No. 541: NO; Roll Call No. 542: NO; Roll Call No. 543: NO; Roll Call No. 544: NO.

Roll Call No. 545: NO; Roll Call No. 546: NO; Roll Call No. 547: NO; Roll Call No. 548: NO; Roll Call No. 549: NO; Roll Call No. 550: NO; Roll Call No. 551: NO; Roll Call No. 552: NO; Roll Call No. 553: NO; Roll Call No. 554: NO; Roll Call No. 555: NO; Roll Call No. 556:

NO; Roll Call No. 557: YES; and Roll Call No. 558: NO.

□ 1630

AUTHORIZING THE CLERK TO MAKE CORRECTIONS IN ENGROSSMENT OF H.R. 4394, ENERGY AND WATER DEVELOPMENT AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2024

Mr. FLEISCHMANN. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that the Clerk be authorized to make technical corrections in the engrossment of H.R. 4394, to include corrections in spelling, punctuation, section numbering cross-referencing, and the insertion of appropriate headings.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Tennessee?

There was no objection.

REMOVAL OF NAME OF MEMBER AS COSPONSOR OF H.R. 3347

Mrs. CHAVEZ-DeREMÉR. Mr. Speaker, I hereby remove my name as cosponsor of H.R. 3347.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The gentleman's request is granted.

MOMENT OF SILENCE HONORING VICTIMS OF BOMBINGS IN BEIRUT, LEBANON

(Mr. MURPHY asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. MURPHY. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to honor those servicemembers whose lives were taken in the tragic Beirut bombing 40 years ago.

On October 23, 1983, 2 suicide bombers took the lives of 220 marines, 18 sailors, and 3 soldiers at the marine barracks in Beirut, Lebanon, wounding another 128 Americans.

A few minutes later, in a coordinated attack, another suicide bomber blew up the French barracks about 4 miles away, killing 58 French paratroopers.

On Monday, my good friend Congressman GREG PENCE—who had been stationed in these barracks not a week prior to the attack—and I attended the 40th anniversary memorial service in my district, in Jacksonville, North Carolina.

Jacksonville is home to the world renowned Camp Lejeune, for which the 24th Marine Amphibious Unit deployed to Beirut under the direction of President Ronald Reagan.

Their mission was a peacekeeping one. Today, etched in the stone of the Beirut Memorial in Jacksonville is a line that reads: "They came in peace."

Eastern North Carolina continues to grieve today for the loss of life and the loss of loved ones in the devastating attack 40 years ago.

Mr. Speaker, in honor of these fallen heroes, I ask that the House observe a moment of silence.

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO OFFER RESOLUTION RAISING A QUESTION OF THE PRIVILEGES OF THE HOUSE

Ms. BALINT. Mr. Speaker, pursuant to clause 2(a)(1) of rule IX, I rise to give notice of my intention to raise a question of the privileges of the House.

The form of the resolution is as follows:

H. Res. 610, Censuring Representative MARJORIE TAYLOR GREENE.

Whereas, Representative MARJORIE TAYLOR GREENE has repeatedly fanned the flames of racism, anti-Semitism, hate speech against the LGBTQ community, Islamophobia, anti-Asian hate, xenophobia, and other forms of hatred;

Whereas, Representative MARJORIE TAYLOR GREENE has repeatedly debased the memories of thousands of victims of the terrorist attacks on September 11, 2001, by perpetuating conspiracy theories to shift blame and responsibility for the mass murder;

Whereas, Representative MARJORIE TAYLOR GREENE has repeatedly assaulted the foundation of our democracy by perpetuating conspiracy theories related to the January 6 attack on the Capitol which sought to halt the peaceful transfer of power;

Whereas, MARJORIE TAYLOR GREENE has repeatedly called for violence against elected Representatives and their families;

Whereas, MARJORIE TAYLOR GREENE has repeatedly espoused anti-Semitic rhetoric and conspiracy theories, including through inflammatory evocations of the Holocaust;

Whereas, on May 20, 2021, MARJORIE TAYLOR GREENE said that the mask mandate in the House of Representatives was akin to Jews being "put in trains and taken to gas chambers in Nazi Germany";

Whereas, on May 25, 2021, Representative MARJORIE TAYLOR GREENE tweeted that, "Vaccinated employees get a vaccination logo just like the Nazis forced Jewish people to wear a gold star";

Whereas, on February 26, 2022, Representative MARJORIE TAYLOR GREENE appeared at a white nationalist event that was condemned by the Republican Jewish coalition as "appalling and outrageous that a Member of Congress would share a platform with an individual who has actively spread anti-Semitic bile, mocked the Holocaust, and promoted dangerous anti-Israel conspiracy theories;

Whereas, on September 1, 2022, Representative MARJORIE TAYLOR GREENE posted a tweet comparing President Joe Biden to Adolf Hitler that said, "Joe Biden is Hitler. #NaziJoe has to go";

Whereas, on September 1, 2022, Representative MARJORIE TAYLOR GREENE posted another tweet of a doctored video showing President Biden speaking with audio of Hitler, swastikas in the background and a mustache akin to that of Hitler;

Whereas, on July 21, 2021, Representative MARJORIE TAYLOR GREENE said