D'Esposito James Ogles Davidson Johnson (LA) Owens De La Cruz Johnson (OH) Palmer DesJarlais Johnson (SD) Pence Diaz-Balart Jordan Perry Joyce (OH) Donalds Pfluger Joyce (PA) Duarte Posev Reschenthaler Duncan Kean (NJ) Dunn (FL) Kelly (MS) Rodgers (WA) Edwards Kelly (PA) Rogers (AL) Kiggans (VA) Rogers (KY) Ellzey Kiley Kim (CA) Emmer Rose Rosendale Estes Ezell Kustoff Rouzer Roy Rutherford Fallon LaHood LaLota Feenstra Ferguson LaMalfa Salazar Finstad Lamborn Santos Langworthv Fischbach Scalise Fitzgerald Latta Schweikert Fitzpatrick LaTurner Scott, Austin Fleischmann Lawler Self Lee (FL) Sessions Flood Foxx Lesko Simpson Franklin, C. Letlow Smith (MO) Scott Loudermilk Smith (NE) Frv Lucas Smith (NJ) Fulcher Luetkemeyer Smucker Gaetz Luna Spartz Luttrell Gallagher Stauber Garbarino Mace Steel Garcia, Mike Malliotakis Stefanik Gimenez Mann Steil Gonzales, Tony Massie Steube Good (VA) Mast Stewart Gooden (TX) McCarthy Strong Gosar McCaul Tenney Thompson (PA) Granger McClain Graves (LA) McClintock Tiffanv Graves (MO) McCormick Timmons Green (TN) McHenry Turner Greene (GA) Valadao Meuser Griffith Miller (IL) Van Drew Grothman Miller (OH) Van Duvne Guest Miller (WV) Van Orden Guthrie Miller-Meeks Wagner Hageman Mills Walberg Molinaro Harris Waltz Weber (TX) Harshbarger Moolenaar Webster (FL) Hern Mooney Moore (AL) Higgins (LA) Wenstrup Hill Moore (UT) Westerman Hinson Williams (NY) Moran Houchin Murphy Williams (TX) Hudson Nehls Wilson (SC) Huizenga Newhouse Wittman Hunt Norman Womack Nunn (IA) Yakym Jackson (TX) Zinke Obernolte

#### NOT VOTING-

Cherfilus-McCormick

Crenshaw Wasserman Schiff Schultz

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE The SPEAKER pro tempore (during

the vote). There are 2 minutes remaining.

## □ 2116

Mr. GRAVES of Louisiana changed his vote from "yea" to "nay."

Mr. MOULTON changed his vote from "nay" to "yea."

So the motion to recommit was rejected.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

Stated for:

Mr SCHIFF Mr. Speaker, had I been present, I would have voted "yea" on rollcall No. 24.

SPEAKER pro tempore. The The question is on the passage of the bill.

The question was taken; and the Speaker pro tempore announced that the ayes appeared to have it.

Mr. NEAL. Mr. Speaker, on that I demand the yeas and nays.

The yeas and nays were ordered. This is a 5-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 221, nays 210, not voting 3, as follows:

#### [Roll No. 25]

YEAS-221 Aderholt Gallagher Miller (WV) Alford Garbarino Miller-Meeks Allen Garcia, Mike Mills Amodei Gimenez Molinaro Gonzales, Tony Armstrong Moolenaar Arrington Good (VA) Mooney Gooden (TX) Moore (AL) Babin Bacon Gosar Moore (UT) Baird Granger Moran Balderson Graves (LA) Murphy Banks Graves (MO) Nehls Newhouse Barr Green (TN) Bean (FL) Greene (GA) Norman Bentz Griffith Nunn (IA) Bergman Grothman Obernolte Bice Guest Ogles Biggs Guthrie Owens Bilirakis Hageman Palmer Bishop (NC) Pence Boebert Harshbarger Perrv Bost Pfluger Hern Higgins (LA) Brecheen Posey Reschenthaler Buchanan Hill Buck Hinson Rodgers (WA) Bucshon Houchin Rogers (AL) Burchett Hudson Rogers (KY) Huizenga Burgess Rose Rosendale Burlison Hunt Calvert Issa Rouzer Cammack Jackson (TX) Roy Carey James Rutherford Johnson (LA) Carl Salazar Carter (GA) Johnson (OH) Santos Carter (TX) Chavez-DeRemer Johnson (SD) Scalise Schweikert Jordan Joyce (OH) Ciscomani Scott, Austin Cline Joyce (PA) Self Kean (NJ) Cloud Sessions Clyde Kelly (MS) Simpson Smith (MO) Cole Kelly (PA) Collins Kiggans (VA) Smith (NE) Kiley Kim (CA) Comer Smith (NJ) Crane Smucker Crawford Kustoff Spartz LaHood Curtis Stauber D'Esposito LaLota Stee1 Stefanik Davidson LaMalfa De La Cruz Lamborn Steil Langworthy Steube DesJarlais Diaz-Balart Stewart Latta Donalds LaTurner Strong Duarte Lawler Tenney Lee (FL) Duncan Thompson (PA) Dunn (FL) Lesko Tiffany Timmons Edwards Letlow Ellzev Loudermilk Turner Lucas Luetkemeyer Emmer Valadao Van Drew Estes Van Duyne Fallon Luttrell Van Orden Feenstra Mace Wagner Ferguson Malliotakis Walberg Waltz Weber (TX) Finstad Mann Massie Fischbach Mast Webster (FL) Fitzgerald McCarthy Fitzpatrick Wenstrup McCaul Westerman Fleischmann McClainWilliams (NY) Flood Foxx McClintock Williams (TX) Franklin, C. McCormick Wilson (SC) Scott McHenry Wittman Fry Meuser Womack Miller (IL) Fulcher Yakym Miller (OH) Zinke Gaetz

#### NAYS-210

Brownley Clark (MA) Budzinski Clarke (NY) Bush Cleaver Caraveo Clyburn Carbajal Cohen Cárdenas Connolly Carson Correa. Carter (LA) Costa CartwrightCourtney Casar Craig Case Crockett Casten Crow Castor (FL) Cuellar Castro (TX) Davids (KS) Davis (IL) Davis (NC) Chu Cicilline

Dean (PA) DeLauro DelBene Deluzio DeSaulnier Dingell Doggett Escobar Eshoo Espaillat Evans Fletcher Foushee Frankel, Lois Frost Gallego Garamendi García (IL) Garcia (TX) Garcia, Robert Golden (ME) Goldman (NY) Gomez Gonzalez, Vicente Gottheimer Green (TX) Grijalva Harder (CA) Hayes Higgins (NY) Himes Horsford Houlahan Hoyer Hoyle (OR) Huffman Ivey Jackson (IL) Jackson (NC) Jackson Lee Jacobs Jayapal Jeffries Johnson (GA) Kamlager-Dove Kaptur Keating Kelly (IL) Khanna Kildee Kilmer Kim (NJ)

Krishnamoorthi Ross Kuster Ruiz Landsman Ruppersberger Larsen (WA) Ryan Larson (CT) Salinas Lee (CA) Sánchez Lee (PA) Sarbanes Leger Fernandez Scanlon Levin Schakowsky Lieu Schiff Lofgren Schneider Lvnch Scholten Magaziner Schrier Manning Scott (VA) Matsui Scott, David McBath Sewell. McCollum Sherman McGarvey Sherrill McGovern Slotkin Meeks Smith (WA) Menendez Sorensen Meng Soto Mfume Spanberger Moore (WI) Stansbury Morelle Stanton Moskowitz Stevens Moulton Strickland Mrvan Swalwell Mullin Sykes Nadler Takano Napolitano Thanedar Neal Thompson (CA) Neguse Thompson (MS) Nickel Titus Norcross Tlaib Ocasio-Cortez Tokuda Omar Tonko Pallone Torres (CA) Panetta Torres (NY) Pappas Trahan Pascrel1 Trone Pavne Underwood Pelosi Vargas Peltola Perez Vasquez Veasey Peters Velázquez Pettersen Wasserman Phillips Pingree Schultz Waters Pocan Watson Coleman Porter Pressley Wexton

#### NOT VOTING-3

Quigley

Ramirez

Raskin

Wild

Williams (GA)

Wilson (FL)

Cherfilus-McCormick

Crenshaw Lee (NV)

### $\square$ 2123

So the bill was passed.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

Stated against:

Mrs. LEE of Nevada, Mr. Speaker, had I been present, I would have voted "nay" rollcall No. 25.

#### RECOGNIZING DAVE WILLIAMS

(Mr. THOMPSON of Pennsylvania asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. THOMPSON of Pennsylvania. Mr. Speaker, I rise to recognize an individual who serves as a voice for Pennsylvania agriculture.

Dave Williams of Honesdale, Pennsylvania, has been a key voice in agriculture for more than 20 years. A farmer himself, Mr. Williams never expected to air on nearly 30 radio stations, three networks, and weekly on PCN-TV.

This weekend, Dave will kick off his 25th year broadcasting from the Pennsylvania Farm Show, the largest indoor agricultural expo in the country.

Adams Aguilar Allred Auchineloss Balint Barragán Beatty Bera Beyer Bishop (GA) Blumenauer Blunt Rochester Bonamici Bowman Boyle (PA) Brown

Dave got his start on Wayne County's oldest AM station reaching just 10,000 listeners. Today, he reaches nearly 6 million people a week on both radio and television.

Mr. Speaker, Dave continues to be an important voice for Pennsylvania's number one industry and uses his platform to advocate for agriculture. His role allows him to highlight the important work of our farmers, ranchers, and producers who supply this Nation and the world with our food and our fiber.

Mr. Speaker, I thank Dave for being the voice of Pennsylvania agriculture.

### COMMENDING LEBRON JAMES

(Mr. PAYNE asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. PAYNE. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to commend basketball superstar LeBron James for calling out sports media bias.

Late last year, a photo resurfaced of Dallas Cowboys' owner Jerry Jones blocking the integration of an Arkansas high school in 1957. Mr. James asked why he was not getting any questions about this photo and stated that the media had plenty of questions after former teammate Kyrie Irving promoted an anti-Semitic film on social media.

Jerry Jones owns an \$8 billion sports franchise, the world's most valuable one according to Forbes. The Cowboys rank among the worst NFL teams for minority hiring.

The possible connection between these points is far more important than the hateful beliefs of one basketball player. Yet, the media asks about Irving and stays quiet about Jones.

It is a question the media needs to answer for James and the Black community in America.

#### RECOGNIZING NATIONAL LAW EN-FORCEMENT APPRECIATION DAY

(Mr. CARTER of Georgia asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. CARTER of Georgia. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to recognize National Law Enforcement Appreciation Day.

National Law Enforcement Appreciation Day is an opportunity for citizens to recognize the difficult and sometimes impossible jobs police officers have chosen to do.

There is no doubt that morale across law enforcement in our country has decreased due to negative public sentiment over the last few years.

However, our selfless public servants have not let that deter them from doing their jobs.

To have a strong police force, the officers must know that their communities support the work that they are doing.

That is why I am proud to recognize our men and women in uniform.

I encourage everyone in the First Congressional District to go above and beyond today and every day to show their appreciation to our law enforcement. They are the best among us and deserve our unwavering support.

#### REPARATIONS

(Ms. JACKSON-LEE asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Ms. JACKSON LEE. Mr. Speaker, it has been 38 years, and I rise with enthusiasm on reintroducing H.R. 40, the Commission to Study and Develop Reparation Proposals for African Americans Act.

I am pleased to reintroduce this legislation and to acknowledge to my friends and colleagues that it was first introduced in 1989 after the implementation of the American Civil Liberties Act that provided compensation to Japanese Americans.

H.R. 40 does not focus on all of that only. It focuses on the study of slavery and the understanding of what would be the next steps to end the vast disparities in the African-American community even today in 2023. And so this introduction allows for a study, an analysis, and action.

I am pleased with the more than 350 organizations, CEOs, scholars, State and local officials, and Members of Congress who have been supportive in understanding the era of slavery in this country.

The 13th amendment may have ended slavery, but the disparities exist.

Let us pass H.R. 40, the Commission to Study and Develop Reparation Proposals for African Americans Act.

Mr. Speaker, I am pleased to re-introduce H.R. 40, the Commission to Study and Develop Reparations Proposals for African Americans Act. This legislation was first introduced by retired Member of Congress John Conyers of Michigan in 1989 and was intended to examine the institution of slavery in the colonies and the United States from 1619 to the present, and further recommend appropriate remedies.

Since the initial introduction of this legislation, its proponents have made substantial progress in elevating the discussion of reparations and reparatory justice at the national level and joining the mainstream international debate on the issues. Though some have tried to deflect the importance of these conversations by focusing on individual monetary compensation, the real issue is whether and how this nation can come to grips with the legacy of slavery that still infects current society. Through legislation, resolutions, news, and litigation, we are moving closer to making more strides in the movement toward reparations.

Today there are more people at the table—more activists, more scholars, more CEOs, more state and local officials, and more Members of Congress. However, despite this progress and the election of the first American President of African descent, the legacy of slavery lingers heavily in this nation. While we have focused on the societal effects of slavery and segregation, its continuing economic implications remain largely ignored by main-

stream analysis. These economic issues are the root cause of many critical issues in the African American community today, such as education, healthcare and criminal justice policy, including policing practices. The call for reparations represents a commitment to entering a constructive dialogue on the role of slavery and racism in shaping present-day conditions in our community and American society.

Over the last several years, we have had a distinguished academic and activist panel from the National African American Reparations Commission dive into some of the most salient points in the discussion of reparations. I am supporting this effort by continuing to hold the annual reparations retrospective at the Annual Legislative Conference of the Congressional Black Caucus.

I believe that H.R. 40 is a crucial piece of legislation because it goes beyond exploring the economic implications of slavery and segregation. It is a holistic bill in the sense that it seeks to establish a commission to also examine the moral and social implications of slavery. In short, the Commission aims to study the impact of slavery and continuing discrimination against African Americans, resulting directly and indirectly from slavery to segregation to the desegregation process and the present day. The commission would also make recommendations concerning any form of apology and compensation to begin the long-delayed process of atonement for slavery.

With the over criminalization and policing of black bodies, a reoccurring issue in African American communities, I believe this conversation is both relevant and crucial to restoring trust in governmental institutions in many communities. As in years past, I welcome open and constructive discourse on H.R. 40 and the creation of this commission in the 118th Congress. Though the times and circumstance may change, the principal problem of slavery continues to weigh heavily on this country. A federal commission can help us reach into this dark past and bring us into a brighter future.

# IN SUPPORT OF LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS

(Mr. HIGGINS of Louisiana asked and was given permission to address the House for  $1\ \text{minute.}$ )

Mr. HIGGINS of Louisiana. Mr. Speaker, the men and women from sea to shining sea that wear a badge have sworn an oath to the Constitution. That oath is not to a sheriff or a marshal or a chief, it is to the people of their community and deeper, the principles that have built our country.

We put on our badges and uniforms, and we say good-bye to our wives not knowing if we will return.

For many, many years on my way to night shift I would tell my wife I loved her, and she would hand me my little lunch. She would say: "Come home safe." I would say: "Don't worry about me, worry about the other guy." That was our little ritual, but the truth was we never knew if I was coming home.

Right now men and women across the country are having similar conversations and wearing a badge. Just know we love you and respect you. This body supports you.