

S. 1375

At the request of Mr. MARSHALL, the name of the Senator from West Virginia (Mrs. CAPITO) was added as a cosponsor of S. 1375, a bill to amend title XXVII of the Public Health Service Act to apply additional payments, discounts, and other financial assistance towards the cost-sharing requirements of health insurance plans, and for other purposes.

S. 1409

At the request of Mr. BLUMENTHAL, the name of the Senator from Mississippi (Mr. WICKER) was added as a cosponsor of S. 1409, a bill to protect the safety of children on the internet.

S. 1516

At the request of Ms. SMITH, the name of the Senator from Minnesota (Ms. KLOBUCHAR) was added as a cosponsor of S. 1516, a bill to authorize funding to expand and support enrollment at institutions of higher education that sponsor construction and manufacturing-oriented registered apprenticeship programs, and for other purposes.

S. 1530

At the request of Mr. GRAHAM, the name of the Senator from Vermont (Mr. WELCH) was added as a cosponsor of S. 1530, a bill to permit COPS grants to be used for the purpose of increasing the compensation and hiring of law enforcement officers, and for other purposes.

S. 1557

At the request of Ms. CANTWELL, the names of the Senator from Maine (Mr. KING) and the Senator from Louisiana (Mr. CASSIDY) were added as cosponsors of S. 1557, a bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to reform the low-income housing credit, and for other purposes.

S. 1573

At the request of Mr. BENNET, the names of the Senator from Michigan (Ms. STABENOW), the Senator from Mississippi (Mrs. HYDE-SMITH), the Senator from Minnesota (Ms. KLOBUCHAR), the Senator from New York (Mrs. GILLIBRAND) and the Senator from Minnesota (Ms. SMITH) were added as cosponsors of S. 1573, a bill to reauthorize the Prematurity Research Expansion and Education for Mothers who deliver Infants Early Act.

S. 1594

At the request of Mr. BLUMENTHAL, the name of the Senator from Georgia (Mr. OSSOFF) was added as a cosponsor of S. 1594, a bill to require the Secretary of Health and Human Services to convene a task force to develop strategies and coordinate efforts to eliminate preventable maternal mortality, and for other purposes.

S. 1641

At the request of Mr. CRUZ, the name of the Senator from Alabama (Mr. TUBERVILLE) was added as a cosponsor of S. 1641, a bill to require the Comptroller General of the United States to submit reports to Congress on theft of

mail and United States Postal Service property, and for other purposes.

S. 1785

At the request of Mr. MARKEY, the name of the Senator from Wisconsin (Ms. BALDWIN) was added as a cosponsor of S. 1785, a bill to establish programs to address addiction and overdoses caused by illicit fentanyl and other opioids, and for other purposes.

S.J. RES. 21

At the request of Mr. CRUZ, the name of the Senator from West Virginia (Mrs. CAPITO) was added as a cosponsor of S.J. Res. 21, a joint resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States to require that the Supreme Court of the United States be composed of nine justices.

S. RES. 156

At the request of Mr. PETERS, the name of the Senator from Texas (Mr. CORNYN) was added as a cosponsor of S. Res. 156, a resolution calling on the Government of the Russian Federation to release United States citizen Paul Whelan.

S. RES. 208

At the request of Mrs. SHAHEEN, the name of the Senator from Colorado (Mr. BENNET) was added as a cosponsor of S. Res. 208, a resolution expressing support for the designation of November 12, 2023, as "National Warrior Call Day" and recognizing the important of connecting warriors in the United States to support structures necessary to transition from the battlefield, especially peer-to-peer connection.

S. RES. 230

At the request of Ms. WARREN, the name of the Senator from Delaware (Mr. COONS) was added as a cosponsor of S. Res. 230, a resolution recognizing the 102nd anniversary of the 1921 Tulsa Race Massacre.

SUBMITTED RESOLUTIONS

SENATE RESOLUTION 231—EXPRESSING SUPPORT FOR THE DESIGNATION OF JUNE 2, 2023, AS "NATIONAL GUN VIOLENCE AWARENESS DAY" AND JUNE 2023 AS "NATIONAL GUN VIOLENCE AWARENESS MONTH"

Mr. DURBIN (for himself, Ms. DUCKWORTH, Mr. MARKEY, Mr. WELCH, Mrs. FEINSTEIN, Mr. MURPHY, Mr. MENENDEZ, Mr. MERKLEY, Mr. CARDIN, Mr. CASEY, Mr. WYDEN, Mr. BOOKER, Mr. LUJÁN, Ms. HIRONO, Ms. BALDWIN, Mr. REED, Mr. KAINE, Mr. WARNOCK, Ms. CANTWELL, Ms. KLOBUCHAR, Mr. HEINRICH, and Mr. PADILLA) submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary:

S. RES. 231

Whereas, each year in the United States, more than—

(1) 43,000 individuals are killed and 76,000 individuals are wounded by gunfire;

(2) 17,000 individuals are killed in homicides involving guns;

(3) 25,000 individuals die by suicide using a gun; and

(4) 500 individuals are killed in unintentional shootings;

Whereas, since 1968, more individuals have died from guns in the United States than have died on the battlefields of all the wars in the history of the United States;

Whereas 2022 was an especially deadly year for the United States, with an estimated 20,100 people killed in homicides involving guns or nonsuicide-related shootings;

Whereas, in 2022, unintentional shootings by children surpassed 350 incidents for the third year in a row, resulting in nearly 140 deaths annually;

Whereas, by one count, in 2022 in the United States, there were 646 mass-shooting incidents in which not fewer than 4 people were killed or wounded by gunfire;

Whereas, from 2010 to 2021 in the United States, 65,000 military veterans died by suicide, the overwhelming majority of such deaths being the result of a firearm;

Whereas, every year in the United States, nearly 4,000 children and teens are killed by gun violence and 15,000 children and teens are shot and wounded;

Whereas approximately 9,300 individuals in the United States under 25 years of age die because of gun violence annually, including Hadiya Pendleton, who, in 2013, was killed at 15 years of age in Chicago, Illinois, while standing in a park;

Whereas, on June 2, 2023, to recognize the 26th birthday of Hadiya Pendleton (born June 2, 1997), people across the United States will recognize "National Gun Violence Awareness Day" and wear orange in tribute to—

(1) Hadiya Pendleton and other victims of gun violence; and

(2) the loved ones of those victims; and

Whereas June 2023 is an appropriate month to designate as "National Gun Violence Awareness Month": Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Senate—

(1) supports—

(A) the designation of "National Gun Violence Awareness Month" and the goals and ideals of that month; and

(B) the designation of "National Gun Violence Awareness Day", in remembrance of the victims of gun violence; and

(2) calls on the people of the United States to—

(A) promote greater awareness of gun violence and gun safety;

(B) wear orange, the color that hunters wear to show that they are not targets, on "National Gun Violence Awareness Day";

(C) concentrate heightened attention on gun violence during the summer months, when gun violence typically increases; and

(D) bring community members and leaders together to discuss ways to make communities safer.

SENATE RESOLUTION 232—EXPRESSING SUPPORT FOR THE DESIGNATION OF MAY 17, 2023, AS "DIPG PEDIATRIC BRAIN CANCER AWARENESS DAY" TO RAISE AWARENESS OF, AND ENCOURAGE RESEARCH ON, DIFFUSE INTRINSIC PONTINE GLIOMA TUMORS AND PEDIATRIC CANCERS IN GENERAL

Mr. RUBIO (for himself, Mr. REED, Mrs. FISCHER, Mrs. CAPITO, Mr. BRAUN, Mr. CASEY, Mrs. HYDE-SMITH, and Mr. MARSHALL) submitted the following resolution; which was considered and agreed to:

S. RES. 232

Whereas diffuse intrinsic pontine glioma (referred to in this preamble as “DIPG”) tumors regularly affect 150 to 300 children in the United States each year;

Whereas brain tumors are the leading cause of cancer-related death among children;

Whereas DIPG tumors are the leading cause of pediatric brain cancer deaths;

Whereas, with respect to a child who is diagnosed with a DIPG tumor and receives treatment for a DIPG tumor, the median amount of time that the child survives after diagnosis is approximately 11 months;

Whereas, with respect to an individual who is diagnosed with a DIPG tumor, the rate of survival 5 years after diagnosis is approximately 2 percent;

Whereas the average age at which a child is diagnosed with a DIPG tumor is between 5 and 10 years, resulting in a life expectancy approximately 70 years shorter than the average life expectancy in the United States; and

Whereas the prognosis for children diagnosed with DIPG tumors has not improved during the past 50 years: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Senate—

(1) supports designating May 17, 2023, as “DIPG Pediatric Brain Cancer Awareness Day”;

(2) supports efforts—

(A) to better understand diffuse intrinsic pontine glioma tumors;

(B) to develop effective treatments for diffuse intrinsic pontine glioma tumors; and

(C) to provide comprehensive care for children with diffuse intrinsic pontine glioma tumors and their families; and

(3) encourages all individuals in the United States to become more informed about—

(A) diffuse intrinsic pontine glioma tumors;

(B) pediatric brain cancer in general; and

(C) challenges relating to research on pediatric cancers and ways to advance that research.

SENATE RESOLUTION 233—EX-PRESSING SUPPORT FOR THE DESIGNATION OF MAY 2023 AS MOTORCYCLE SAFETY AWARENESS MONTH

Ms. ERNST (for herself and Mr. PETERS) submitted the following resolution; which was considered and agreed to:

S. RES. 233

Whereas, in the United States, motorcycling is a great tradition enjoyed by an estimated 30,000,000 individuals annually, representing approximately 9 percent of the population;

Whereas motorcycles are a valuable component of the transportation mix;

Whereas motorcycles are fuel-efficient and decrease congestion while having little impact on the transportation infrastructure of the United States;

Whereas the motorcycling community promotes rider safety education, licensing, and motorcycle awareness;

Whereas the motorcycling community is committed to decreasing motorcycle crashes through training and safety education, personal responsibility, and increased public awareness;

Whereas approximately 87 percent of motorcycles operated on highways are operated in conjunction with other vehicles;

Whereas motorcyclist fatalities occur more frequently than passenger vehicle motorist fatalities;

Whereas motorcycle awareness is beneficial to all road users and will help decrease motorcycle crashes; and

Whereas the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration promotes Motorcycle Safety Awareness Month to encourage riders to be properly licensed, receive training, and wear personal protective equipment, and to remind all riders and motorists to always share the road: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Senate—

(1) supports the designation of Motorcycle Safety Awareness Month;

(2) recognizes the contribution of motorcycles to the transportation mix;

(3) encourages motorcycle awareness by all road users;

(4) recognizes that motorcyclists have a right to the road and that all motorists should safely share the roadways;

(5) encourages rider safety education, training, and proper gear for safe motorcycle operation; and

(6) supports the goals of Motorcycle Safety Awareness Month.

SENATE RESOLUTION 234—DESIGNATING MAY 2023 AS “OLDER AMERICANS MONTH”

Mr. KELLY (for himself, Mr. BRAUN, Mr. CASEY, Mr. SCOTT of Florida, Mr. VANCE, Mr. RICKETTS, Ms. WARREN, Mr. FETTERMAN, Mr. BLUMENTHAL, and Mr. RUBIO) submitted the following resolution; which was considered and agreed to:

S. RES. 234

Whereas President John F. Kennedy first designated May as “Senior Citizens Month” in 1963;

Whereas, in 1963, only approximately 17,778,000 individuals living in the United States were 65 years of age or older, approximately $\frac{1}{5}$ of those individuals lived in poverty, and few programs existed to meet the needs of older individuals in the United States;

Whereas, in 2022, there were more than 57,794,852 individuals who were 65 years of age or older living in the United States and those individuals accounted for 17.3 percent of the total population of the United States;

Whereas, during the COVID-19 pandemic—

(1) more than 853,670 individuals in the United States who were 65 years of age or older have died due to COVID-19; and

(2) more than 200,000 residents and workers in long-term care facilities, including more than 168,000 in nursing homes, have succumbed to the virus;

Whereas approximately 11,224 individuals in the United States turn 65 years of age each day;

Whereas, in 2022, more than 8,543,000 veterans of the Armed Forces were 65 years of age or older;

Whereas older individuals in the United States rely on Federal programs, such as programs under the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 301 et seq.), including the Medicare program under title XVIII of that Act (42 U.S.C. 1395 et seq.) and the Medicaid program under title XIX of that Act (42 U.S.C. 1396 et seq.), for financial security and high-quality affordable health care;

Whereas the Older Americans Act of 1965 (42 U.S.C. 3001 et seq.) provides—

(1) supportive services to help individuals in the United States who are 60 years of age or older maintain maximum independence in the homes and communities of those individuals; and

(2) funding for programs, including nutrition services, transportation, and care man-

agement to assist more than 10,000,000 older individuals in the United States each year;

Whereas, as local aging network leaders, Area Agencies on Aging are critical partners in the healthy aging continuum;

Whereas, in 2022, an estimated 6,779,000 individuals in the United States who were 65 years of age or older continued to work as full-time, year-round employees;

Whereas older individuals in the United States play an important role in society by continuing to contribute their experience, knowledge, wisdom, and accomplishments;

Whereas older individuals in the United States play vital roles in their communities and remain involved in volunteer work, the arts, cultural activities, and activities relating to mentorship and civic engagement;

Whereas more than 140,000 older individuals serve as AmeriCorps Seniors volunteers in the Foster Grandparent, Senior Companion Program, and the Retired and Senior Volunteer Program, helping communities by mentoring and tutoring children, providing independent living support and companionship to other older adults, addressing food insecurity, and more; and

Whereas a society that recognizes the success of older individuals and continues to enhance the access of older individuals to quality and affordable health care will—

(1) encourage the ongoing participation and heightened independence of older individuals; and

(2) ensure the continued safety and well-being of older individuals: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Senate—

(1) designates May 2023 as “Older Americans Month”; and

(2) encourages the people of the United States to provide opportunities for older individuals to continue to flourish by—

(A) emphasizing the importance and leadership of older individuals through public recognition of the ongoing achievements of older individuals;

(B) presenting opportunities for older individuals to share their wisdom, experience, and skills with younger generations; and

(C) recognizing older individuals as valuable assets in strengthening communities across the United States.

SENATE RESOLUTION 235—SUPPORTING THE DESIGNATION OF THE WEEK OF MAY 7, 2023, AS “CHILDREN’S MENTAL HEALTH AWARENESS WEEK” AND MAY 11, 2023, AS “CHILDREN’S MENTAL HEALTH AWARENESS DAY”

Mr. KING (for himself, Mr. CORNYN, and Mr. PADILLA) submitted the following resolution; which was considered and agreed to:

S. RES. 235

Whereas children in the United States have been documented to have undergone an acute public health crisis of mental and behavioral health for many years, even before the additional challenges of the COVID-19 pandemic;

Whereas a 2022 study found as many as 1 in 5 children in the United States have a mental, emotional, or behavioral health condition;

Whereas the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, based on survey data from the Youth Risk Behavior Survey, estimate that, in 2021, more than 4 in 10 (42 percent) high school students felt persistently sad or hopeless, and nearly 1 in 3 (29 percent) experienced poor mental health;

Whereas, in 2019, according to the Census Bureau, over 11 percent of children aged 3 to