Whereas Evan Gershkovich is an accredited reporter, with a history of working in Russia for the Moscow Times, Agence France-Presse, and the Wall Street Journal;

Whereas Evan Gershkovich is known to his family, friends, and colleagues as someone who is adventurous, curious, and who has an abiding love for Russia and its people;

Whereas Evan Gershkovich, a trailblazing and intrepid journalist, actively reported on stories across Russia, including the vast wildfires across Siberia, the COVID-19 pandemic, the Russian economy, and the Government of the Russian Federation's unlawful invasion of Ukraine:

Whereas, on March 29, 2023, Evan Gershkovich was arrested in Yekaterinburg while reporting on behalf of the Wall Street Journal:

Whereas, on April 7, 2023, the Government of the Russian Federation charged Evan Gershkovich with espionage;

Whereas the Government of the Russian Federation has failed to publicly provide evidence of Evan Gershkovich's criminal action to credibly render a charge of espionage:

Whereas the last time an American journalist was detained on allegations of espionage in Russia was in 1986 during the era of the Soviet Union;

Whereas, on April 10, 2023, Secretary of State Antony Blinken designated Evan Gershkovich wrongfully detained by the Government of the Russian Federation; and

Whereas, on April 17, 2023, the United States was joined by 46 United Nations Member States in a joint statement expressing deep concern over the detention of Evan Gershkovich by the Government of the Russian Federation: Now. therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Senate—

- (1) calls on the Government of the Russian Federation to immediately release Evan Gershkovich, who has been wrongfully detained since March 2023;
- (2) urges all United States executive branch officials, including President Joseph R. Biden, Secretary of State Antony Blinken, and Special Presidential Envoy for Hostage Affairs Roger D. Carstens, to raise the case of Evan Gershkovich and to press for his immediate release in all interactions with the Government of the Russian Federation:
- (3) urges the Government of the Russian Federation to provide full, unfettered, and consistent consular access, in accordance with its international obligations, to Evan Gershkovich while he remains in detention:
- (4) urges the Government of the Russian Federation to respect the human rights of Evan Gershkovich;
- (5) urges the Government of the Russian Federation to respect the rights of accredited journalists to freely and independently report the news without fear of arbitrary detention or reprisal:
- (6) urges the Government of the Russian Federation to desist from detaining, imprisoning, and otherwise seeking to intimidate journalists in order to curtail or censor an independent press;
- (7) condemns the Government of the Russian Federation's continued use of detentions and prosecutions of United States citizens and lawful permanent residents for political purposes;
- (8) calls for the immediate release of Paul Whelan, who has been wrongfully detained in Russia since December 2018:
- (9) expresses continued support for all American citizens and lawful permanent residents detained in Russia and abroad, including Marc Fogel, who faces a politicized, excessive sentence for his alleged offense. Vladimir Kara-Murza, who has endured multiple attempts on his life and years of persecution by the Putin regime, and others; and

(10) expresses sympathy for and solidarity with the families of Evan Gershkovich, Paul Whelan, and all other American citizens and lawful permanent residents wrongfully detained abroad for the personal hardship experienced as a result of the arbitrary and baseless arrest and detention of their loved ones.

# AMENDMENTS SUBMITTED AND PROPOSED

SA 1290. Ms. HASSAN (for herself and Mr. CASSIDY) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 1092 proposed by Mrs. Murray (for herself and Ms. COLLINS) to the bill H.R. 4366, making appropriations for military construction, the Department of Veterans Affairs, and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2024, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 1291. Mr. RUBIO (for himself and Mr. Scott of Florida) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 3935, to amend title 49, United States Code, to reauthorize and improve the Federal Aviation Administration and other civil aviation programs, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 1292. Mr. SCHUMER (for Mrs. Murray) proposed an amendment to the bill H.R. 3935, supra.

SA 1293. Mr. SCHUMER proposed an amendment to amendment SA 1292 proposed by Mr. SCHUMER (for Mrs. MURRAY) to the bill H.R. 3935, supra.

SA 1294. Mr. SCHUMER proposed an amendment to the bill H.R. 3935, supra.

SA 1295. Mr. SCHUMER proposed an amendment to amendment SA 1294 proposed by Mr. SCHUMER to the bill H.R. 3935, supra.

SA 1296. Mr. CRUZ (for himself and Ms. Lummis) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 1092 proposed by Mrs. Murray (for herself and Ms. Collins) to the bill H.R. 4366, making appropriations for military construction, the Department of Veterans Affairs, and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2024, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 1297. Mr. CRUZ (for himself and Mr. CORNYN) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 3935, to amend title 49, United States Code, to reauthorize and improve the Federal Aviation Administration and other civil aviation programs, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 1298. Mr. CRUZ (for himself, Mr. Lee, Mr. Cotton, Mr. Barrasso, Mr. Tuberville, Mr. Braun, Mr. Marshall, and Mr. Schmitt) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 1292 proposed by Mr. Schumer (for Mrs. Murray) to the bill H.R. 3935, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 1299. Mr. PAUL submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2968, to reauthorize the National Flood Insurance Program; which was referred to the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs.

# TEXT OF AMENDMENTS

SA 1290. Ms. HASSAN (for herself and Mr. Cassidy) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 1092 proposed by Mrs. MURRAY (for herself and Ms. Collins) to the bill H.R. 4366, making appropriations for military construction, the Department of Veterans Affairs, and related agencies for the fiscal year ending Sep-

tember 30, 2024, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place in division A, insert the following:

SEC. \_\_\_\_\_. REPORT ON PREVENTIVE MAINTE-NANCE FOR FACILITIES OF THE VET-ERANS HEALTH ADMINISTRATION.

- (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following:
- (1) The infrastructure of the Department of Veterans Affairs at medical facilities of the Veterans Health Administration around the country continues to age with each passing year.
- (2) As those facilities continue to age, infrastructure funding is strained, with resources spent on repairing older buildings rather than on making new improvements.
- (3) As the Department of Veterans Affairs proactively works to ensure that its older buildings are safely and effectively operating, it is critical that the Department plan for preventive maintenance and repairs that will fix more than just a current breakdown, but also prevent future breakdowns to the greatest extent possible, including through modernization and replacement projects.
- (b) REPORT.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Veterans Affairs shall submit to Congress a report describing how the Secretary is incorporating planning and goals for preventive maintenance of facilities of the Veterans Health Administration into the overall infrastructure budgeting and implementation process of the Department of Veterans Affairs.

SA 1291. Mr. RUBIO (for himself and Mr. Scott of Florida) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 3935, to amend title 49, United States Code, to reauthorize and improve the Federal Aviation Administration and other civil aviation programs, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. \_\_\_\_\_. DISASTER RELIEF SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2023, AMEND-MENT.

The Secretary of Agriculture may use amounts made available by title I of the Disaster Relief Supplemental Appropriations Act, 2023 (division N of Public Law 117-328; 136 Stat. 5201), under the heading "Office of THE SECRETARY" under the heading "PROC-ESSING, RESEARCH AND MARKETING" under "AGRICULTURAL the heading PRO-GRAMS" under the heading "DEPART-MENT OF AGRICULTURE" to provide assistance for losses described under that heading in that Act in the form of block grants to eligible States and territories.

SA 1292. Mr. SCHUMER (for Mrs. MURRAY) proposed an amendment to the bill H.R. 3935, to amend title 49, United States Code, to reauthorize and improve the Federal Aviation Administration and other civil aviation programs, and for other purposes; as follows:

Strike all after the enacting clause and insert the following:

# SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Continuing Appropriations Act, 2024 and Other Extensions Act".

# SEC. 2. TABLE OF CONTENTS.

The table of contents of this Act is as follows:

Sec. 1. Short Title. Sec. 2. Table of Contents.

Sec. 3. References.

DIVISION A—CONTINUING APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2024

DIVISION B—OTHER MATTERS
Title I—Extensions and other matters

Title II—FAA Extension Title III—Health and Human Services Title IV—Budgetary Effects

## SEC. 3. REFERENCES.

Except as expressly provided otherwise, any reference to "this Act" contained in any division of this Act shall be treated as referring only to the provisions of that division.

# DIVISION A—CONTINUING APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2024

The following sums are hereby appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, and out of applicable corporate or other revenues, receipts, and funds, for the several departments, agencies, corporations, and other organizational units of Government for fiscal year 2024, and for other purposes, namely:

SEC. 101. Such amounts as may be necessary, at a rate for operations as provided in the applicable appropriations Acts for fiscal year 2023 and under the authority and conditions provided in such Acts, for continuing projects or activities (including the costs of direct loans and loan guarantees) that are not otherwise specifically provided for in this Act, that were conducted in fiscal year 2023, and for which appropriations, funds, or other authority were made available in the following appropriations Acts:

- (1) The Agriculture, Rural Development, Food and Drug Administration, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2023 (division A of Public Law 117-328), except section 729, and including the matter under the headings "Food for Peace Title II Grants" "McGovern-Dole International Food for Education and Child Nutrition Program Grants' in title I of division M of Public Law 117-328. the matter under the headings "Agricultural Research Service-Buildings and Facilities", "Food Safety and Inspection Service" "Rural Housing Service-Rural Community Facilities Program Account" (except all that follows after "expended" in such matter and except that such matter shall be applied by substituting "\$25,300,000" for "\$75,300,000"), and "Rural Utilities Service—Rural Water and Waste Disposal Program Account" cept all that follows after "expended" in such matter and except that such matter shall be applied by substituting "\$60,000,000" for "\$325,000,000") in title I of division N of Public Law 117-328, and section 2102 in title I of such division N.
- (2) The Commerce, Justice, Science, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2023 (division B of Public Law 117–328), except section 540, and except section 521(d)(1) shall be applied by substituting "\$122,572,000" for "\$705,768,000", and including the matter under the headings "Federal Prison System—Buildings and Facilities" and "National Science Foundation—STEM Education" (except all that follows after "2024" in such matter and except that such matter shall be applied by substituting "\$92,000,000" for "\$217,000,000") in title II of division N of Public Law 117-328, and the second paragraph under each of the headings "National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration—Operations, Research, and Facilities" (except all that follows after "2024" in such paragraph and except that such paragraph shall be apsubstituting "\$42.000.000" '\$62,000,000''), "National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration-Procurement, Acquisition and Construction", "National Aeronautics and Space Administration-Con-

struction and Environmental Compliance and Restoration", and "National Science Foundation—Research and Related Activities" (except all that follows after "2024" in such paragraph and except that such paragraph shall be applied by substituting "\$608,162,000" for "\$818,162,000") in title II of such division N.

- (3) The Department of Defense Appropriations Act, 2023 (division C of Public Law 117–328).
- (4) The Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2023 (division D of Public Law 117–328), except the first proviso under the heading "SPR Petroleum Account", and except the second paragraph under the heading "Title 17 Innovative Technology Loan Guarantee Program", and including the matter under the heading "Energy Programs—Nuclear Energy" in title II of division M of Public Law 117–328 and the second paragraph under each of the headings "Corps of Engineers—Civil—Department of the Army—Construction" and "Corps of Engineers—Civil—Department of the Army—Operation and Maintenance" in title IV of division N of Public Law 117–328.
- (5) The Financial Services and General Government Appropriations Act, 2023 (division E of Public Law 117–328).
- (6) The Department of Homeland Security Appropriations Act, 2023 (division F of Public Law 117–328), section 2602 of title VI of division N of Public Law 117–328, and title III of division O of Public Law 117–328.
- (7) The Department of the Interior, Environment, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2023 (division G of Public Law 117-328), except section 443, and including the second paragraph under each of the headings "Department of the Interior—Departmental Offices—Department-Wide Programs—Wildland Fire Management" and "Related Agencies—Department of Agriculture—Forest Service—Wildland Fire Management" in title VII of division N of Public Law 117-328.
- (8) The Departments of Labor, Health and Human Services, and Education, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2023 (division H of Public Law 117–328), section 145 of division A of Public Law 117–180, and the second paragraph under the heading "Administration for Children and Families—Low Income Home Energy Assistance" in title VIII of division N of Public Law 117–328.
- (9) The Legislative Branch Appropriations Act, 2023 (division I of Public Law 117–328), and section 6 in the matter preceding division A of Public Law 117–328.
- (10) The Military Construction, Veterans Affairs, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2023 (division J of Public Law 117–328), except the matter preceding the first provisos under the headings "Medical Services", "Medical Community Care", "Medical Support and Compliance", and "Medical Facilities" shall be applied by substituting "\$0" for "\$261,000,000", "\$4,300,000,000", "\$1,400,000,000", and "\$1,500,000,000", respectively.
- (11) The Department of State, Foreign Operations, and Related Programs Appropriations Act, 2023 (division K of Public Law 117-328), except section 7069, and including the matter under the headings "Department of State—Administration of Foreign Affairs-Diplomatic Programs" (except all that follows after "2024" in such matter and except that such matter shall be applied by sub-"\$87,054,000" for "\$147,054,000"), "Bilateral Economic Assistance-Funds Appropriated to the President-International Disaster Assistance" (except all that follows after "expended" in such matter and except that such matter shall be applied by substituting "\$637,902,000" for "\$937,902,000"), "Bilateral Economic Assistance-Funds Appropriated to the President-Assistance for

Europe, Eurasia and Central Asia", "Bilateral Economic Assistance—Department of State-Migration and Refugee Assistance" (except all that follows after "expended" in such matter and except that such matter applied substituting "\$915,048,000" "\$1,535,048,000"), for "International Security Assistance-Department of State-International Narcotics Control and Law Enforcement" (except all that follows after "2024" in such matter and except that such matter shall be applied by substituting "\$74,996,000" for "\$374,996,000") in title VII of division M of Public Law 117-328

(12) The Transportation, Housing and Urban Development, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2023 (division L of Public Law 117–328), except sections 153 and 420, and including the matter under the headings "Public and Indian Housing—Tenant-Based Rental Assistance" and "Housing Programs—Project-Based Rental Assistance ititle X of division N of Public Law 117–328.

SEC. 102. (a) No appropriation or funds made available or authority granted pursuant to section 101 for the Department of Defense shall be used for:

- (1) the new production of items not funded for production in fiscal year 2023 or prior years;
- (2) the increase in production rates above those sustained with fiscal year 2023 funds; or
- (3) the initiation, resumption, or continuation of any project, activity, operation, or organization (defined as any project, subproject, activity, budget activity, program element, and subprogram within a program element, and for any investment items defined as a P-1 line item in a budget activity within an appropriation account and an R-1 line item that includes a program element and subprogram element within an appropriation account) for which appropriations, funds, or other authority were not available during fiscal year 2023.
- (b) No appropriation or funds made available or authority granted pursuant to section 101 for the Department of Defense shall be used to initiate multi-year procurements utilizing advance procurement funding for economic order quantity procurement unless specifically appropriated later.

SEC. 103. Appropriations made by section 101 shall be available to the extent and in the manner that would be provided by the pertinent appropriations Act.

SEC. 104. Except as otherwise provided in section 102, no appropriation or funds made available or authority granted pursuant to section 101 shall be used to initiate or resume any project or activity for which appropriations, funds, or other authority were not available during fiscal year 2023.

SEC. 105. Appropriations made and authority granted pursuant to this Act shall cover all obligations or expenditures incurred for any project or activity during the period for which funds or authority for such project or activity are available under this Act.

SEC. 106. Unless otherwise provided for in this Act or in the applicable appropriations Act for fiscal year 2024, appropriations and funds made available and authority granted pursuant to this Act shall be available until whichever of the following first occurs:

- (1) The enactment into law of an appropriation for any project or activity provided for in this Act.
- (2) The enactment into law of the applicable appropriations Act for fiscal year 2024 without any provision for such project or activity.
  - (3) November 17, 2023.

SEC. 107. Expenditures made pursuant to this Act shall be charged to the applicable

appropriation, fund, or authorization whenever a bill in which such applicable appropriation, fund, or authorization is contained is enacted into law.

SEC. 108. Appropriations made and funds made available by or authority granted pursuant to this Act may be used without regard to the time limitations for submission and approval of apportionments set forth in section 1513 of title 31, United States Code, but nothing in this Act may be construed to waive any other provision of law governing the apportionment of funds.

SEC. 109. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, except section 106, for those programs that would otherwise have high initial rates of operation or complete distribution of appropriations at the beginning of fiscal year 2024 because of distributions of funding to States, foreign countries, grantees, or others, such high initial rates of operation or complete distribution shall not be made, and no grants shall be awarded for such programs funded by this Act that would impinge on final funding prerogatives.

SEC. 110. This Act shall be implemented so that only the most limited funding action of that permitted in the Act shall be taken in order to provide for continuation of projects

and activities.

SEC. 111. (a) For entitlements and other mandatory payments whose budget authority was provided in appropriations Acts for fiscal year 2023, except the matter under the heading "Cost of War Toxic Exposures Fund" in title II of division J of Public Law 117-328, and for activities under the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008, activities shall be continued at the rate to maintain program levels under current law, under the authority and conditions provided in the applicable appropriations Act for fiscal year 2023, to be continued through the date specified in section 106(3).

(b) Notwithstanding section 106, obligations for mandatory payments due on or about the first day of any month that begins after October 2023 but not later than 30 days after the date specified in section 106(3) may continue to be made, and funds shall be available for such payments.

SEC. 112. Amounts made available under section 101 for civilian personnel compensation and benefits in each department and agency may be apportioned up to the rate for operations necessary to avoid furloughs within such department or agency, consistent with the applicable appropriations Act for fiscal year 2023, except that such authority provided under this section shall not be used until after the department or agency has taken all necessary actions to reduce or defer non-personnel-related administrative expenses.

SEC. 113. Funds appropriated by this Act may be obligated and expended notwithstanding section 10 of Public Law 91-672 (22 U.S.C. 2412), section 15 of the State Department Basic Authorities Act of 1956 (22 U.S.C. 2680), section 313 of the Foreign Relations Authorization Act, Fiscal Years 1994 and 1995 (22 U.S.C. 6212), and section 504(a)(1) of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3094(a)(1)).

SEC. 114. (a)(1) For each amount incorporated by reference in this Act from amounts provided by division M or N of Public Law 117-328, each section or paragraph of an account providing each such amount, as applicable, shall be applied as if that section or paragraph ended with the following sentence: "The amount provided herein is designated by the Congress as an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985."

(2) Each amount incorporated by reference in this Act that was previously designated by the Congress as an emergency require-

ment pursuant to section 4001(a)(1) of S. Con. Res. 14 (117th Congress), the concurrent resolution on the budget for fiscal year 2022, and section 1(e) of H. Res. 1151 (117th Congress), as engrossed in the House of Representatives on June 8, 2022, or as being for disaster relief pursuant to a concurrent resolution on the budget in the Senate and section 1(f) of H. Res. 1151 (117th Congress), as engrossed in the House of Representatives on June 8, 2022, is designated by the Congress as being an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 or as being for disaster relief pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(D) of such Act, respectively.

(b)(1) Each amount incorporated by reference in this Act that was specified to meet the terms of section 4004(b)(5)(B) of S. Con. Res. 14 (117th Congress), the concurrent resolution on the budget for fiscal year 2022, and section 1(g)(2) of H. Res. 1151 (117th Congress), as engrossed in the House of Representatives on June 8, 2022, or as additional new budget authority for purposes of section 4004(b)(5) of such concurrent resolution and section 1(g) of such House resolution, is provided to meet the terms of section 251(b)(2)(F)(ii)(I) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985, or is additional new budget authority as specified for purposes of section 251(b)(2)(F) of such Act, respectively.

(2) Each amount incorporated by reference in this Act for "Department of Labor-Employment and Training Administration-State Unemployment Insurance and Employment Service Operations" that was specified to meet the terms of a concurrent resolution on the budget in the Senate and section 1(j)(2) of H. Res. 1151 (117th Congress), as engrossed in the House of Representatives on June 8, 2022, or as additional new budget authority for purposes of a concurrent resolution on the budget in the Senate and section 1(j) of such House resolution, is provided to meet the terms of section 251(b)(2)(E)(ii) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985, or is additional new budget authority as specified for the purposes of section 251(b)(2)(E) of such Act, respectively.

(3) Each amount incorporated by reference in this Act for "Department of Health and Human Services-Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services—Health Care Fraud and Abuse Control Account" that was specified to meet the terms of a concurrent resolution on the budget in the Senate, or as additional new budget authority for purposes of a concurrent resolution on the budget in the Senate and section 1(h) of H. Res. 1151 (117th Congress), as engrossed in the House of Representatives on June 8, 2022, is provided to meet the terms of section 251(b)(2)(C)(ii) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985, or is additional new budget authority as specified for the purposes of section 251(b)(2)(C) of such Act, respectively.

(4) Each amount incorporated by reference in this Act for "Social Security Administration-Limitation on Administrative Expenses" that was specified to meet the terms of a concurrent resolution on the budget in the Senate, or as additional new budget authority for purposes of a concurrent resolution on the budget in the Senate and section 1(i) of H. Res. 1151 (117th Congress), as engrossed in the House of Representatives on June 8, 2022, is provided to meet the terms of section 251(b)(2)(B)(ii)(III) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985, or is additional new budget authority as specified for the purposes of section 251(b)(2)(B) of such Act, respectively.

(c) Each amount designated in this Act by the Congress as an emergency requirement

pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 shall be available (or repurposed or rescinded, if applicable) only if the President subsequently so designates all such amounts and transmits such designations to the Congress.

SEC. 115. (a) Rescissions or cancellations of discretionary budget authority that continue pursuant to section 101 in Treasury Appropriations Fund Symbols (TAFS)-

(1) to which other appropriations are not provided by this Act, but for which there is a current applicable TAFS that does receive an appropriation in this Act: or

(2) which are no-year TAFS and receive other appropriations in this Act, may be continued instead by reducing the rate for operations otherwise provided by section 101 for such current applicable TAFS, as long as doing so does not impinge on the final funding prerogatives of the Congress.

(b) Rescissions or cancellations described in subsection (a) shall continue in an amount equal to the lesser of-

(1) the amount specified for rescission or cancellation in the applicable appropriations Act referenced in section 101 of this Act; or

(2) the amount of balances available, as of October 1, 2023, from the funds specified for rescission or cancellation in the applicable appropriations Act referenced in section 101 of this Act.

(c) No later than November 17, 2023, the Director of the Office of Management and Budget shall provide to the Committees on Appropriations of the House of Representatives and the Senate a comprehensive list of the rescissions or cancellations that will continue pursuant to section 101: Provided, That the information in such comprehensive list shall be periodically updated to reflect any subsequent changes in the amount of balances available, as of October 1, 2023, from the funds specified for rescission or cancellation in the applicable appropriations Act referenced in section 101, and such updates shall be transmitted to the Committees on Appropriations of the House of Representatives and the Senate upon request.

SEC. 116. Amounts made available by section 101 for "Farm Service Agency—Agricultural Credit Insurance Fund Program Account" may be apportioned up to the rate for operations necessary to accommodate approved applications for direct and guaranteed farm ownership loans, as authorized by 7 U.S.C. 1922 et seq. SEC. 117. Amounts made available by sec-

tion 101 for "Rural Housing Service-Rental Assistance Program" may be apportioned up to the rate for operations necessary to maintain activities as authorized by section 521(a)(2) of the Housing Act of 1949.

SEC. 118. Amounts made available by section 101 for "Domestic Food Programs-Food and Nutrition Service-Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children (WIC)" may be apportioned at the rate for operations necessary to maintain participation.

SEC. 119. Amounts made available by section 101 for "Domestic Food Programs-Food and Nutrition Service-Commodity Assistance Program" may be apportioned up to the rate for operations necessary to maintain current program caseload in the Commodity Supplemental Food Program.

SEC. 120. Section 260 of the Agricultural Marketing Act of 1946 (7 U.S.C. 1636i) and section 942 of the Livestock Mandatory Reporting Act of 1999 (7 U.S.C. 1635 note; Public Law 106-78) shall be applied by substituting the date specified in section 106(3) of this Act for "September 30, 2023".

SEC. 121. Amounts made available by section 101 for "National Telecommunications and Information Administration-Salaries

and Expenses" may be apportioned up to the rate for operations necessary to administer broadband programs.

SEC. 122. (a) Funds previously made available in the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2017 (Public Law 115-31) and the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2018 (Public Law 115–141) under the heading "National Aeronautics and Space Administration-Space Operations" that were available for obligation through fiscal year 2018 and fiscal year 2019. available respectively. are to remain through fiscal year 2027 for the liquidation of valid obligations incurred in fiscal years 2017 through 2019.

(b)(1) Subject to paragraph (2), this section shall become effective immediately upon enactment of this Act.

(2) If this Act is enacted after September 30, 2023, this section shall be applied as if it were in effect on September 30, 2023.

SEC. 123. For purposes of section 235(b) of the Sentencing Reform Act of 1984 (18 U.S.C. 3551 note; Public Law 98–473; 98 Stat. 2032), as such section relates to chapter 311 of title 18, United States Code, and the United States Parole Commission, each reference in such section to "36 years" or "36-year period" shall be deemed a reference to "36 years and 17 days" or "36-year and 17-day period", respectively.

SEC. 124. Notwithstanding sections 102 and 104, amounts made available by section 101 to the Department of Defense for "Shipbuilding and Conversion, Navy" may be apportioned up to the rate for operations necessary for "Ohio Replacement Submarine (Full Funding)" in an amount not to exceed \$621,270,000 for the procurement of one Columbia Class Submarine.

SEC. 125. (a) The remaining unobligated balances, as of September 30, 2023, from amounts provided under the heading "Department of Defense-Operation and Maintenance-Overseas Humanitarian, Disaster, and Civic Aid" in division C of Public Law 117-43 and division B of Public Law 117-70, are hereby permanently rescinded and, in addition to amounts otherwise provided by section 101, an amount of additional new budget authority equivalent to the amount rescinded pursuant to this subsection is hereby appropriated on September 30, 2023, for an additional amount for fiscal year 2023, to remain available until September 30, 2024, for the same purposes and under the same authorities provided under such heading in Public Laws 117-43 and 117-70, in addition to other funds as may be available for such purposes: Provided. That the new budget authority provided by this subsection may be transferred to any appropriation account of the Department of State for support of Operation Allies Welcome or any successor operation: Provided further. That upon any such transfer, the funds shall be merged with the appropriation to which the funds are transferred except that such funds may be made available for such purposes notwithstanding any requirement or limitation applicable to the appropriation to which transferred, including sections 2(c)(1) and 2(c)(2) of the Migration and Refugee Assistance Act with respect to the "United States Emergency Refugee and Migration Assistance Fund" and in section 4(a) and section 4(b) of the State Department Basic Authorities Act of 1956 with respect to funds transferred to the "Emergencies in the Diplomatic and Consular Service" account: Provided further, That section 2215 of title 10, United States Code, shall not apply to a transfer of funds under this section: Provided further, That the transfer authority provided under this section is in addition to any other transfer authority provided by law: Provided further, That the exercise of the authority of this subsection shall be subject to prior consultation with, and the regular notification procedures of, the Committees on Appropriations of the House of Representatives and the Senate: *Provided further*, That the new budget authority provided by this subsection is designated by the Congress as being for an emergency requirement pursuant to section 4001(a)(1) of S. Con. Res. 14 (117th Congress), the concurrent resolution on the budget for fiscal year 2022 and to legislation establishing fiscal year 2024 budget enforcement in the House of Representatives.

(b)(1) Subject to paragraph (2), this section shall become effective immediately upon enactment of this Act.

(2) If this Act is enacted after September 30, 2023, this section shall be applied as if it were in effect on September 30, 2023.

SEC. 126. In addition to amounts otherwise provided by section 101, for "Operation and Maintenance—Operation and Maintenance, Defense-Wide", there is appropriated \$4,499,000,000, for an additional amount for fiscal year 2024, to remain available until September 30, 2024, to respond to the situation in Ukraine and for related expenses: Provided, That of such amount, \$25,517,000 shall be transferred to accounts under the heading "Military Personnel"; \$3,910,483,000 shall be transferred to accounts under the heading "Operation and Maintenance", of which \$1,500,000,000 shall be for the Ukraine Assistance Initiative Security \$1,500,000,000 may be transferred to accounts under the headings "Operation and Maintenance" and "Procurement" for replacement of defense articles from the stocks of the Department of Defense, and for reimbursement for defense services of the Department of Defense and military education and training, provided to the government of Ukraine or to foreign countries that have provided support to Ukraine at the request of the United States and funds transferred pursuant to such authority shall be merged with and available for the same purposes and for the same time period as the appropriations to which transferred; \$475,275,000 shall be transferred to accounts under the heading "Procurement" to respond to the situation in Ukraine and for related or other expenses; \$83,725,000 shall be transferred to accounts under the heading "Research, Development, Test and Evaluation"; \$3,000,000 shall be transferred to "Other Department of Defense Programs—Office of the Inspector General"; and \$1,000,000 shall be transferred to "Re-Agencies—Intelligence Community lated Management Account": Provided further. That funds transferred pursuant to this section shall be available for programs. projects, activities or operations for which funds were made available to the Department of Defense in division M of Public Law 117-328, under the authorities and conditions in that Act: Provided further. That none of the funds provided in this section may be obligated or expended until 10 days after the Secretary of Defense provides the Committees on Appropriations of the House of Representatives and the Senate a detailed execution plan for such funds: Provided further, That the Secretary of Defense may reduce this notification period on a case-by-case basis for urgent national security requirements: Provided further, That upon a determination that all or part of the funds transferred pursuant to the first proviso are not necessary for the purposes provided herein, such amounts may be transferred back to this appropriation: Provided further, That the transfer authority provided herein is in addition to any other transfer authority provided by law: Provided further, That the reporting requirements in sections 1201 and 1202 of title II of division M of Public Law 117-328 shall apply to the funds made available pursuant to this section: Provided further, That such amount is designated by the Congress as being for an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

SEC. 127. During the period covered by this Act, section 714(b)(2)(B) of title 10, United States Code, shall be applied by substituting "four years" for "two years".

SEC. 128. (a) Notwithstanding section 101, title II of division E of Public Law 117–328 shall be applied by adding the following new heading and appropriation language under the heading "Executive Office of the President and Funds Appropriated to the President."

"OFFICE OF PANDEMIC PREPAREDNESS AND RESPONSE POLICY

## "SALARIES AND EXPENSES

"For necessary expenses of the Office of Pandemic Preparedness and Response Policy, as authorized by section 2104 of the PRE-VENT Pandemics Act (42 U.S.C. 300hh-3), \$3,700,000, of which not to exceed \$5,000 shall be available for official reception and representation expenses."

(b) Notwithstanding section 101, section 201 of title II of division E of Public Law 117–328 shall be applied by inserting "Office of Pandemic Preparedness and Response Policy" after "Office of Administration".

SEC. 129. Notwithstanding section 101, the matter preceding the first proviso under the heading "Office of Personnel Management—Salaries and Expenses" in division E of Public Law 117-328 shall be applied by substituting "\$219,076,000" for "\$190,784,000".

SEC. 130. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, except section 106, the District of Columbia may expend local funds made available under the heading "District of Columbia—District of Columbia Funds" for such programs and activities under the District of Columbia Appropriations Act, 2023 (title IV of division E of Public Law 117–328) at the rate set forth in the Fiscal Year 2024 Local Budget Act of 2023 (D.C. Act 25–161), as modified as of the date of enactment of this Act.

SEC. 131. Amounts made available by section 101 to the Department of Homeland Security under the heading "Federal Emergency Management Agency—Disaster Relief Fund" may be apportioned up to the rate for operations necessary to carry out response and recovery activities under the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act. (42 U.S.C. 5121 et. seg.)

SEC. 132. In addition to amounts otherwise provided by section 101, for "Federal Emergency Management Agency-Disaster Relief ', there is appropriated \$5,999,000,000, for an additional amount for fiscal year 2024, to remain available until expended, of which \$1,000,000 shall be transferred to "Office of the Inspector General-Operations and Support" for audits and investigations of activities funded under "Federal Emergency Management Agency-Disaster Relief Fund" and \$5,500,000,000 shall be for major disasters declared pursuant to the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 5121 et seq.): Provided, That such amount is designated by the Congress as being for an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

SEC. 133. (a) Sections 1309(a) and 1319 of the National Flood Insurance Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 4016(a) and 4026) shall be applied by substituting the date specified in section 106(3) of this Act for "September 30, 2023".

(b)(1) Subject to paragraph (2), this section shall become effective immediately upon enactment of this Act.

(2) If this Act is enacted after September 30, 2023, this section shall be applied as if it were in effect on September 30, 2023.

SEC. 134. Section 227(a) of the Federal Cybersecurity Enhancement Act of 2015 (6 U.S.C. 1525(a)) shall be applied by substituting the date specified in section 106(3) of this Act for "September 30, 2023".

SEC. 135. Amounts made available by section 101 for "Department of the Interior—Department-Wide Programs—Wildland Fire Management" and "Department of Agriculture—Forest Service—Wildland Fire Management" shall be available for the Federal wildland firefighter base salary increase provided under section 40803(d)(4)(B) of Public Law 117–58 and may be apportioned up to the rate for operations necessary to continue to fund such base salary increase.

SEC. 136. (a) Amounts made available by section 101 for "Department of Education—Student Aid Administration" may be apportioned up to the rate for operations necessary to ensure the continuation of student loan servicing activities, including supporting borrowers reentering repayment.

(b) The limitation in section 302 of division H of Public Law 117-328 regarding transfers increasing any appropriation shall be applied to transfers to appropriations under the heading "Department of Education—Student Aid Administration" during the period covered by this Act by substituting "10 percent" for "3 percent" for the purposes of the continuation of basic operations, including student loan servicing, business process operations, digital customer care, common origination and disbursement, cybersecurity activities, and information technology systems.

SEC. 137. Activities authorized by part A of title IV (other than under section 403(c) or 418) and section 1108(b) of the Social Security Act shall continue through the date specified in section 106(3), in the manner authorized for fiscal year 2023, and out of any money in the Treasury of the United States not otherwise appropriated, there are hereby appropriated such sums as may be necessary for such purpose.

SEC. 138. During the period covered by this Act, section 401(a)(1)(A) of the Additional Ukraine Supplemental Appropriations Act, 2022 (Public Law 117-128) shall be applied by substituting the date specified in section 106(3) of this Act for "September 30, 2023": Provided, That such amount is designated by the Congress as being for an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

SEC. 139. Amounts provided by section 101 for "Department of Health and Human Services—Office of the Secretary—Public Health and Social Services Emergency Fund" for activities carried out by the Assistant Secretary for Preparedness and Response may be obligated under the authorities and conditions of division H of Public Law 117–328 in an account and budget structure under the heading "Department of Health and Human Services—Administration for Strategic Preparedness and Response" to one or more applicable accounts.

SEC. 140. In addition to amounts otherwise provided by section 101, for "Government Accountability Office-Salaries and Expenses". there is appropriated \$2,000,000, for an additional amount for fiscal year 2024, to remain available until expended, of which \$1,000,000 shall be for the oversight of amounts provided in this Act to respond to the situation in Ukraine and for related expenses, division M of Public Law 117-328, division B of Public Law 117-180, Public Law 117-128, and division of Public Law 117-103 and of which \$1,000,000 shall be for audits and investigations relating to disasters and emergencies declared pursuant to the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 5121 et seq.) for calendar year

2023: Provided, That such amount is designated by the Congress as being for an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

SEC. 141. Notwithstanding section 101, section 126 of division J of Public Law 117-328 shall be applied during the period covered by this Act by substituting "fiscal year 2017, fiscal year 2018, and fiscal year 2019" for "fiscal year 2017 and fiscal year 2018".

SEC. 142. In addition to amounts otherwise provided by section 101, for "Bilateral Economic Assistance—Funds Appropriated to the President-Economic Support Fund", there is appropriated \$1,650,000,000, for an additional amount for fiscal year 2024, to remain available until September 30, 2025, for assistance for Ukraine, which may include budget support: Provided, That such funds may be made available notwithstanding any other provision of law that restricts assistance to foreign countries and may be made available as contributions: Provided further That the authorities and conditions of section 1705 of title VII of division M of Public Law 117-328 shall apply to funds provided by this section: Provided further, That of such funds, \$1,000,000 shall be transferred to "Department of State and Related Agency-Department of State-Administration of Foreign Affairs-Office of Inspector General" and \$1,000,000 shall be transferred to "United States Agency for International Development-Funds Appropriated to the President-Office of Inspector General": Provided further, That such transfer authority is in addition to any transfer authority otherwise provided by law: Provided further, That such amount is designated by the Congress as being for an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

SEC. 143. The authority provided by section 2401 of the Afghanistan Supplemental Appropriations Act, 2022 (division C of Public Law 117–43) shall continue in effect through the date specified in section 106(3) of this Act.

SEC. 144. Notwithstanding section 101, the matter under the heading "Bilateral Economic Assistance-Independent Agencies-Millennium Challenge Corporation" in title III of division K of Public Law 117-328 shall be applied by inserting the following new provisos before the last proviso: "Provided further, That the member of the Board described in section 604(c)(3)(B)(ii) of the Millennium Challenge Act of 2003, as amended (22 U.S.C. 7703(c)(3)(B)(ii)), whose term began on September 16, 2019, shall continue to serve in such appointment until March 31, 2024: Provided further, That in the event that a new member of the Board described in section 604(c)(3)(B) of such Act (22 U.S.C. 7703(c)(3)(B)) is appointed prior to March 31, 2024, the term of the member of the Board whose term began on September 16, 2019. shall terminate as of the date of such appointment:".

SEC. 145. Notwithstanding section 101, the matter preceding the first proviso under the heading "Department of Transportation—Federal Aviation Administration—Facilities and Equipment" in title I of division L of Public Law 117–328 shall be applied by substituting "\$617,000,000" for "\$570,000,000" and substituting "\$2,174,200,000" for "\$2,221,200,000".

# DIVISION B—OTHER MATTERS TITLE I—EXTENSIONS AND OTHER MATTERS

SEC. 2101. EXTENSION OF CERTAIN PROVISIONS
OF THE COMPACT OF FREE ASSOCIATION WITH THE FEDERATED
STATES OF MICRONESIA AND THE
FEDERAL PROGRAM AND SERVICES
AGREEMENTS WITH THE FEDERATED STATES OF MICRONESIA
AND THE REPUBLIC OF THE MARSHALL ISLANDS.

- (a) Grant and Other Financial Assistance.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—During the period beginning on October 1, 2023, and ending on November 17, 2023, any activities described in sections 211, 212, and 215 of the Compact of Free Association between the Government of the United States of America and the Government of the Federated States of Micronesia set forth in section 201(a) of the Compact of Free Association Amendments Act of 2003 (48 U.S.C. 1921 note; Public Law 108-188) shall, with the mutual consent of the Federated States of Micronesia, continue in the manner authorized and required for fiscal year 2023 under the agreements described in paragraphs (4) and (5) of section 462(b) of that Compact.
- (2) Funding.—There is appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to carry out the activities authorized under paragraph (1) an amount equal to the pro rata portion of the amount appropriated for those activities for fiscal year 2023.
- (b) FEDERAL PROGRAMS AND SERVICES.— During the period beginning on October 1. 2023, and ending on the date on which a new Federal programs and services agreement with the applicable country enters into force, any activities described in sections 131. 132. and 221(a) of the Compact of Free Association between the Government of the United States of America and the Government of the Federated States of Micronesia set forth in section 201(a) of the Compact of Free Association Amendments Act of 2003 (48) U.S.C. 1921 note; Public Law 108-188) and sections 131, 132, and 221(a) of the Compact of Free Association between the Government of the United States of America and the Government of the Republic of the Marshall Islands set forth in section 201(b) of that Act shall, with the mutual consent of the Federated States of Micronesia or the Republic of the Marshall Islands, as applicable, continue in the manner authorized and required for fiscal year 2023 under the agreement described in section 462(b)(1) of the Compact of Free Association between the Government of the United States of America and the Government of the Federated States of Micronesia set forth in section 201(a) of that Act and the agreement described in section 462(b)(1) of the Compact of Free Association between the Government of the United States of America and the Government of the Republic of the Marshall Islands set forth in section 201(b) of that Act, respectively.

## SEC. 2102. EXTENSION OF DEADLINE TO PROMUL-GATE CERTAIN REGULATIONS.

Section 413(a) of the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act (25 U.S.C. 5373(a)) is amended—

- (1) in paragraph (2), by striking "21 months" and inserting "38 months"; and
- (2) in paragraph (3), by striking "30 months" and inserting "50 months".

# TITLE II—FAA EXTENSION

# Subtitle A—Federal Aviation Programs SEC. 2201. AIRPORT IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM.

(a) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— Section 48103(a) of title 49, United States Code, is amended—

- (1) in paragraph (5) by striking the "and" at the end:
- (2) in paragraph (6) by striking the period at the end and inserting "; and"; and
- (3) by adding at the end the following:
- "(7) \$842,076,502 for the period beginning on October 1, 2023, and ending on December 31, 2023."
- (b) OBLIGATION AUTHORITY.—Subject to limitations specified in advance in appropriation Acts, sums made available pursuant to the amendment made by subsection (a) may be obligated at any time through September 30, 2024, and shall remain available until expended.
- (c) PROGRAM IMPLEMENTATION.—For purposes of calculating funding apportionments and meeting other requirements under sections 47114, 47115, 47116, and 47117 of title 49, United States Code, for the period beginning on October 1, 2023, and ending on December 31, 2023, the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration shall—
- (1) first calculate such funding apportionments on an annualized basis as if the total amount available under section 48103 of such title for fiscal year 2024 was \$3,350,000,000; and
- (2) then reduce by 75 percent—
- (A) all funding apportionment amounts calculated under paragraph (1); and
- (B) amounts made available pursuant to subsections (b) and (f)(2) of section 47117 of such title.
- (d) EXTENSION OF PROJECT GRANT AUTHOR-ITY.—Section 47104(c) of title 49, United States Code, is amended in the matter preceding paragraph (1) by striking "September 30, 2023," and inserting "December 31, 2023,".
- (e) EXTENSION OF SPECIAL RULE FOR APPORTIONMENTS.—Section 47114(c)(1)(J) of title 49, United States Code, is amended by striking "2023 to" and inserting "2023, and for the period beginning on October 1, 2023, and ending on December 31, 2023, to".

# SEC. 2202. EXTENSION OF EXPIRING AUTHORI-TIES; MISCELLANEOUS AUTHORIZA-

- (a) AUTHORITY TO PROVIDE INSURANCE.— Section 44310(b) of title 49, United States Code, is amended by striking "September 30, 2023" and inserting "December 31, 2023".
- (b) UNMANNED AIRCRAFT TEST RANGES.— Section 44803(h) of title 49, United States Code, is amended by striking "September 30, 2023" and inserting "December 31, 2023".
- (c) SPECIAL AUTHORITY FOR CERTAIN UNMANNED AIRCRAFT SYSTEMS.—Section 44807(d) of title 49, United States Code, is amended by striking "September 30, 2023" and inserting "December 31, 2023".
- (d) EXTENSION OF AIRPORT SAFETY AND AIR-SPACE HAZARD MITIGATION AND ENFORCE-MENT.—Section 44810(h) of title 49, United States Code, is amended by striking "September 30, 2023" and inserting "December 31, 2023"
- (e) COMPETITIVE ACCESS REPORTING REQUIREMENT.—Section 47107(r)(3) of title 49, United States Code, is amended by striking "October 1, 2023" and inserting "January 1, 2024".
- (f) MARSHALL ISLANDS, MICRONESIA, AND PALAU.—Section 47115(i) of title 49, United States Code, is amended by inserting ", and for the period beginning on October 1, 2023, and ending on December 31, 2023" after "fiscal years 2018 through 2023".
- (g) SUPPLEMENTAL DISCRETIONARY FUNDS.— Section 47115(j)(4)(A) of title 49, United States Code, is amended by inserting at the end the following:
- "(vi) \$140,401,003 for the period beginning on October 1, 2023, and ending on December 31, 2023."
- (h) COMPATIBLE LAND USE PLANNING AND PROJECTS BY STATE AND LOCAL GOVERN-MENTS.—Section 47141(f) of title 49, United

- States Code, is amended by striking "September 30, 2023" and inserting "December 31, 2023".
- (i) NON-MOVEMENT AREA SURVEILLANCE PILOT PROGRAM.—Section 47143(c) of title 49, United States Code, is amended by striking "October 1, 2023" and inserting "January 1, 2024".
- (j) WEATHER REPORTING PROGRAMS.—Section 48105 of title 49, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:
- "(5) \$9,803,278 for the period beginning on October 1, 2023, and ending on December 31, 2023.".
- (k) LEARNING PERIOD.—Section 50905(c)(9) of title 51, United States Code, is amended by striking "October 1, 2023" and inserting "January 1, 2024".
- (1) MIDWAY ISLAND AIRPORT.—Section 186(d) of the Vision 100—Century of Aviation Reauthorization Act (Public Law 108–176; 117 Stat. 2518) is amended by inserting "and for the period beginning on October 1, 2023, and ending on December 31, 2023," after "fiscal years 2018 through 2023".
- (m) FINAL ORDER ESTABLISHING MILEAGE AND ADJUSTMENT ELIGIBILITY.—Section 409(d) of the Vision 100—Century of Aviation Reauthorization Act (49 U.S.C. 41731 note) is amended by striking "September 30, 2023" and inserting "December 31, 2023".
- (n) CONTRACT WEATHER OBSERVERS.—Section 2306(b) of the FAA Extension, Safety, and Security Act of 2016 (Public Law 114–190; 130 Stat. 641) is amended by striking "October 1, 2023" and inserting "January 1, 2024".
- (0) REMOTE TOWER PILOT PROGRAM.—Section 161(a)(10) of the FAA Reauthorization Act of 2018 (49 U.S.C. 47104 note) is amended by striking "September 30, 2023" and inserting "December 31, 2023".
- (p) AIRPORT ACCESS ROADS IN REMOTE LOCATIONS; STORAGE FACILITIES FOR SNOW REMOVAL EQUIPMENT.—Section 162 of the FAA Reauthorization Act of 2018 (49 U.S.C. 47102 note) is amended by inserting "and for the period beginning on October 1, 2023, and ending on December 31, 2023" after "fiscal years 2018 through 2023".
- (q) UAS REMOTE DETECTION AND IDENTIFICATION PILOT PROGRAM.—Section 372(d) of the FAA Reauthorization Act of 2018 (49 U.S.C. 44810 note) is amended by striking "September 30, 2023" and inserting "December 31, 2023".
- (r) ADVISORY COMMITTEE FOR AVIATION CONSUMER PROTECTION.—Section 411(h) of the FAA Modernization and Reform Act of 2012 (49 U.S.C. 42301 note) is amended by striking "September 30, 2023" and inserting "December 31, 2023".
- (s) AVIATION CONSUMER ADVOCATE.—Section 424(e) of the FAA Reauthorization Act of 2018 (49 U.S.C. 42302 note) is amended by striking "September 30, 2023" and inserting "December 31, 2023".
- (t) ADVISORY COMMITTEE ON AIR TRAVEL NEEDS OF PASSENGERS WITH DISABILITIES.—Section 439(g) of the FAA Reauthorization Act of 2018 (49 U.S.C. 41705 note) is amended by striking "September 30, 2023" and inserting "December 31, 2023".
- (u) ENHANCED TRAFFIC SERVICES.—Section 547(e) of the FAA Reauthorization Act of 2018 (49 U.S.C. 40103 note) is amended by striking "September 30, 2023" and inserting "December 31, 2023".
- (v) PILOT PROGRAM FOR REDEVELOPMENT OF AIRPORT PROPERTIES.—Section 822(k) of the FAA Modernization and Reform Act of 2012 (49 U.S.C. 47141 note) is amended by striking "September 30, 2023" and inserting "December 31, 2023".

# SEC. 2203. FEDERAL AVIATION ADMINISTRATION OPERATIONS.

Section 106(k) of title 49, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1)—

- (A) in subparagraph (E) by striking "and" at the end;
- (B) in subparagraph (F) by striking the period at the end and inserting "; and"; and
- (C) by inserting after subparagraph (F) the following:
- "(G) \$2,995,027,322 for the period beginning on October 1, 2023, and ending on December 31, 2023."; and
- (2) in paragraph (3) by inserting "and for the period beginning on October 1, 2023, and ending on December 31, 2023" after "fiscal years 2018 through 2023".

# SEC. 2204. AIR NAVIGATION FACILITIES AND EQUIPMENT.

Section 48101(a) of title 49, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

"(7) 740,273,224 for the period beginning on October 1, 2023, and ending on December 31, 2023."

# SEC. 2205. RESEARCH, ENGINEERING, AND DEVELOPMENT.

Section 48102(a) of title 49, United States Code, is amended—

- (1) in paragraph (14), by striking "and";
- (2) in paragraph (15) by striking the period at the end and inserting "; and"; and
  - (3) by adding at the end the following:
- "(16) \$64,098,360 for the period beginning on October 1, 2023, and ending on December 31, 2023."

# SEC. 2206. SMALL COMMUNITY AIR SERVICE.

- (a) ESSENTIAL AIR SERVICE AUTHORIZATION.—Section 41742(a)(2) of title 49, United States Code, is amended by striking "2023" and inserting "2023, and \$89,191,486 for the period beginning on October 1, 2023, and ending on December 31, 2023,".
- (b) AIRPORTS NOT RECEIVING SUFFICIENT SERVICE.—Section 41743(e)(2) of title 49, United States Code, is amended by inserting ", and \$2,513,661 for the period beginning on October 1, 2023, and ending on December 31, 2023," after "fiscal years 2018 through 2023".

## Subtitle B—Aviation Revenue Provisions SEC. 2211. EXPENDITURE AUTHORITY FROM AIR-PORT AND AIRWAY TRUST FUND.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 9502(d)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended—
- (1) in the matter preceding subparagraph (A) by striking "October 1, 2023" and inserting "January 1, 2024"; and
- (2) in subparagraph (A) by striking the semicolon at the end and inserting "or title II of division B of the Continuing Appropriations Act, 2024 and Other Extensions Act,".
- (b) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Section 9502(e)(2) of such Code is amended by striking "October 1, 2023" and inserting "January 1, 2024"

## SEC. 2212. EXTENSION OF TAXES FUNDING AIR-PORT AND AIRWAY TRUST FUND.

- (a) FUEL TAXES.—Section 4081(d)(2)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended by striking "September 30, 2023" and inserting "December 31, 2023".
  - (b) TICKET TAXES.—
- (1) PERSONS.—Section 4261(k)(1)(A)(ii) of such Code is amended by striking "September 30, 2023" and inserting "December 31, 2003"
- (2) PROPERTY.—Section 4271(d)(1)(A)(ii) of such Code is amended by striking "September 30, 2023" and inserting "December 31, 2022"
  - (c) Fractional Ownership Programs.—
- (1) FUEL TAX.—Section 4043(d) of such Code is amended by striking "September 30, 2023" and inserting "December 31, 2023".
- (2) TREATMENT AS NONCOMMERCIAL AVIATION.—Section 4083(b) of such Code is amended by striking "October 1, 2023" and inserting "January 1, 2024".
- (3) EXEMPTION FROM TICKET TAX.—Section 4261(j) of such Code is amended by striking "September 30, 2023" and inserting "December 31, 2023".

## Subtitle C—Expiring Counter-UAS Authorities

#### SEC. 2221. PROTECTION OF CERTAIN FACILITIES AND ASSETS FROM UNMANNED AIR-CRAFT.

Section 210G(i) of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 124n(i)) is amended by striking "on the date that is 4 years after the date of enactment of this section" and inserting "on November 18, 2023".

## TITLE III—HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Subtitle A—Animal Drug and Animal Generic Drug User Fee Amendments

# CHAPTER 1—FEES RELATING TO ANIMAL DRUGS

## SEC. 2301. SHORT TITLE; FINDING.

- (a) SHORT TITLE.—This chapter may be cited as the "Animal Drug User Fee Amendments of 2023".
- (b) FINDING.—Congress finds that the fees authorized by the amendments made in this chapter will be dedicated toward expediting the animal drug development process and the review of new and supplemental animal drug applications and investigational animal drug submissions as set forth in the goals identified for purposes of part 4 of subchapter C of chapter VII of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 379j-11 et seq.), in the letters from the Secretary of Health and Human Services to the Chairman of the Committee on Energy and Commerce of the House of Representatives and the Chairman of the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions of the Senate as set forth in the Congressional Record.

## SEC. 2302. DEFINITIONS.

Section 739 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 379j-11) is amended—

- (1) in paragraph (3), by striking "national drug code" and inserting "National Drug Code"; and
- (2) by amending paragraph (8)(I) to read as follows:
- "(I) The activities necessary for implementation of the United States and European Union Mutual Recognition Agreement for Pharmaceutical Good Manufacturing Practice Inspections, and the United States and United Kingdom Mutual Recognition Agreement Sectoral Annex for Pharmaceutical Good Manufacturing Practices, and other mutual recognition agreements, with respect to animal drug products subject to review, including implementation activities prior to and following product approval."

# SEC. 2303. AUTHORITY TO ASSESS AND USE ANIMAL DRUG FEES.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 740(a)(1)(A)(ii) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 379j–12(a)(1)(A)(ii)) is amended—
- (1) in subclause (I), by striking "and" at
- (2) in subclause (II), by striking the period at the end and inserting "; and"; and
- (3) by adding at the end the following:
- "(III) an application for conditional approval under section 571 of a new animal drug for which an animal drug application submitted under section 512(b)(1) has been previously approved under section 512(d)(1) for another intended use."

  (b) FEE REVENUE AMOUNTS.—Section
- (b) FEE REVENUE AMOUNTS.—Section 740(b)(1) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 379j–12(b)(1)) is amended to read as follows:
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to subsections (c), (d), (f), and (g), for each of fiscal years 2024 through 2028, the fees required under subsection (a) shall be established to generate a total revenue amount of \$33,500,000."
  - (c) ANNUAL FEE SETTING; ADJUSTMENTS.—
- (1) ANNUAL FEE SETTING.—Section 740(c)(1) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 379j-12(c)(1)) is amended to read as follows:

- "(1) ANNUAL FEE SETTING.—Not later than 60 days before the start of each fiscal year beginning after September 30, 2023, the Secretary shall—
- "(A) establish for that fiscal year animal drug application fees, supplemental animal drug application fees, animal drug sponsor fees, animal drug establishment fees, and animal drug product fees based on the revenue amounts established under subsection (b) and the adjustments provided under this subsection; and
- ``(B) publish such fee revenue amounts and fees in the Federal Register.".
- (2) INFLATION ADJUSTMENT.—Section 740(c)(2) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 379j–12(c)(2)) is amended—
  - (A) in subparagraph (A)—
- (i) in the matter preceding clause (i), by striking "2020" and inserting "2025"; and (ii) in clause (iii), by striking "Baltimore"
- and inserting "Arlington-Alexandria"; and
  (B) in subparagraph (B), by striking "2020"
- (B) in subparagraph (B), by striking "2020" and inserting "2025".
- (3) WORKLOAD ADJUSTMENTS.—Section 740(c)(3) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 379j-12(c)(3)) is amended—
  - (A) in subparagraph (A)—
- (i) in the matter preceding clause (i)—
- (I) by striking "2020" and inserting "2025"; and
- (II) by striking "subparagraphs (B) and (C)" and inserting "subparagraph (B)";
- (ii) in clause (i) by striking "and" at the end; and
- (iii) by striking clause (ii) and inserting the following:
- "(ii) such adjustment shall be made for each fiscal year that the adjustment determined by the Secretary is greater than 3 percent, except for the first fiscal year that the adjustment is greater than 3 percent; and
- "(iii) the Secretary shall publish in the Federal Register notice under paragraph (1) the amount of such adjustment and the supporting methodologies.":
  - (B) by striking subparagraph (B); and
- (C) by redesignating subparagraph (C) as subparagraph (B).
- (4) Final Year adjustment.—Section 740(c)(4) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 379j-12(c)(4)) is amended to read as follows:
- "(4) OPERATING RESERVE ADJUSTMENT.-
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—For fiscal year 2025 and each subsequent fiscal year, after the fee revenue amount established under subsection (b) is adjusted in accordance with paragraphs (2) and (3), the Secretary shall—
- "(i) increase the fee revenue amount for such fiscal year, if necessary to provide an operating reserve of not less than 12 weeks; or
- "(ii) if the Secretary has an operating reserve in excess of the number of weeks specified in subparagraph (C) for that fiscal year, the Secretary shall decrease the fee revenue amount to provide not more than the number of weeks specified in subparagraph (C) for that fiscal year.
- "(B) CARRYOVER USER FEES.—For purposes of this paragraph, the operating reserve of carryover user fees for the process for the review of animal drug applications does not include carryover user fees that have not been appropriated.
- "(C) NUMBER OF WEEKS OF OPERATING RE-SERVES.—The number of weeks of operating reserves specified in this subparagraph is—
  - "(i) 22 weeks for fiscal year 2025;
- ''(ii) 20 weeks for fiscal year 2026;
- "(iii) 18 weeks for fiscal year 2027; and "(iv) 16 weeks for fiscal year 2028.
- "(D) PUBLICATION.—If an adjustment to the operating reserve is made under this paragraph, the Secretary shall publish in the

- Federal Register notice under paragraph (1) the rationale for the amount of the adjustment and the supporting methodologies.".
- (d) EXEMPTION FROM FEES.—Section 740(d)(4) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 379j–12(d)(4)) is amended to read as follows:
- "(4) EXEMPTION FROM FEES.—Fees under paragraphs (2), (3), and (4) of subsection (a) shall not apply with respect to any person who is the named applicant or sponsor of an animal drug application, supplemental animal drug application, or investigational animal drug submission if such application or submission involves the intentional genomic alteration of an animal that is intended to produce a drug, device, or biological product subject to fees under section 736, 738, 744B, or 744H
  - (e) CREDITING AND AVAILABILITY OF FEES.—
- (1) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—Section 740(g)(3) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 379j–12(g)(3)) is amended by striking "2019 through 2023" and inserting "2024 through 2028".
- (2) COLLECTION SHORTFALLS.—Section 740(g) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 379j-12(g)) is amended—
- (A) in paragraph (3), by striking "and paragraph (5)"; and
- (B) by striking paragraph (5).

# SEC. 2304. REAUTHORIZATION; REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

Section 740A of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 379j-13) is amended—

- (1) in subsection (a), by striking "2018" and inserting "2023";
- (2) by striking "2019" each place it appears in subsections (a) and (b) and inserting "2024"; and
  - (3) in subsection (d)—
- (A) in paragraph (1), by striking "2023" and inserting "2028"; and
- (B) in paragraph (5), by striking "2023" and inserting "2028".

# SEC. 2305. SAVINGS CLAUSE.

Notwithstanding the amendments made by this chapter, part 4 of subchapter C of chapter VII of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 379j–11 et seq.), as in effect on the day before the date of enactment of this chapter, shall continue to be in effect with respect to animal drug applications and supplemental animal drug applications (as defined in such part as of such day) that on or after October 1, 2018, but before October 1, 2023, were accepted by the Food and Drug Administration for filing with respect to assessing and collecting any fee required by such part for a fiscal year prior to fiscal year 2024. SEC. 2306. EFFECTIVE DATE.

The amendments made by this chapter shall take effect on October 1, 2023, or the date of the enactment of this Act, whichever is later, except that fees under part 4 of subchapter C of chapter VII of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 379j–11 et seq.), as amended by this chapter, shall be assessed for animal drug applications and supplemental animal drug applications received on or after October 1, 2023, regardless of the date of the enactment of this Act.

# SEC. 2307. SUNSET DATES.

- (a) AUTHORIZATION.—Sections 739 and 740 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 21 U.S.C. 379j-11; 379j-12) shall cease to be effective October 1, 2028.
- (b) REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.—Section 740A of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 379j-13) shall cease to be effective January 31, 2029.
- (c) PREVIOUS SUNSET PROVISION.—Effective October 1, 2023, subsections (a) and (b) of section 107 of the Animal Drug User Fee Amendments of 2018 (Public Law 115-234) are repealed.

# CHAPTER 2—FEES RELATING TO GENERIC ANIMAL DRUGS

## SEC. 2311. SHORT TITLE: FINDING.

- (a) SHORT TITLE.—This chapter may be cited as the "Animal Generic Drug User Fee Amendments of 2023".
- (b) FINDING.—Congress finds that the fees authorized by the amendments made in this chapter will be dedicated toward expediting the generic new animal drug development process and the review of abbreviated applications for generic new animal drugs, supplemental abbreviated applications for generic new animal drugs, and investigational submissions for generic new animal drugs as set forth in the goals identified for purposes of part 5 of subchapter C of chapter VII of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 379j-21 et seq.), in the letters from the Secretary of Health and Human Services to the Chairman of the Committee on Energy and Commerce of the House of Representatives and the Chairman of the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions of the Senate as set forth in the Congressional Record.

## SEC. 2312. AUTHORITY TO ASSESS AND USE GE-NERIC NEW ANIMAL DRUG FEES.

- (a) GENERIC INVESTIGATIONAL NEW ANIMAL Drug File Fee.—Section 741(a) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 379j-21(a)) is amended by adding at the end the following:
- "(4) GENERIC INVESTIGATIONAL NEW ANIMAL DRUG FILE FEE.
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—
- "(i) NEW FILE REQUEST.—Each person that submits a request to establish a generic investigational new animal drug file on or after October 1, 2023, shall be assessed a fee as established under subsection (c).
- "(ii) NEW SUBMISSION TO ESTABLISHED FILE.—Each person that makes a submission to a generic investigational new animal drug file on or after October 1, 2023, where such file was established prior to October 1, 2023, shall be assessed a fee for the first submission on or after October 1, 2023, as established under subsection (c).
  - "(B) PAYMENT.-
- "(i) NEW FILE REQUEST.—The fee required by subparagraph (A)(i) shall be due upon submission of the request to establish the generic investigational new animal drug file.
- "(ii) NEW SUBMISSION TO ESTABLISHED FILE.—The fee required by subparagraph (A)(ii) shall be due upon the first submission to the generic investigational new animal drug file.
- (C) EXCEPTIONS —
- "(i) TERMINATING AN EXISTING GENERIC IN-VESTIGATIONAL NEW ANIMAL DRUG FILE.—If a person makes a submission to the generic investigational new animal drug file to terminate that file, the person shall not be subject to a fee under subparagraph (A)(ii) for that submission.
- "(ii) Transferring an existing generic INVESTIGATIONAL NEW ANIMAL DRUG FILE.—If a person makes a submission to the generic investigational new animal drug file to transfer that file to a different generic new animal drug sponsor, the person shall not be subject to a fee under subparagraph (A)(ii) for that submission."
- (b) FEE REVENUE AMOUNTS.—Section 741(b) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 379j-21(b)) is amended-
  - (1) in paragraph (1)-
- (A) by striking "2019 through 2023" and inserting "2024 through 2028"; and
- (B) by striking "\$18,336,340" and inserting "\$25,000,000"; and
- (2) in paragraph (2)-
- (A) in subparagraph (A)-
- (i) by striking "25 percent" and inserting "20 percent"; and

- (ii) by inserting before the semicolon at the end the following: "and fees under subsection (a)(4) (relating to generic investigational new animal drug files)";
- (B) in subparagraph (B), by striking "37.5 percent" and inserting "40 percent"; and
- (C) in subparagraph (C), by striking "37.5 percent" and inserting "40 percent"
- (c) Annual Fee Setting; Adjustments.-
- (1) ANNUAL FEE SETTING.— Section 741(c)(1) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act. (21 U.S.C. 379j-21(c)(1)) is amended to read as follows:
- "(1) Annual fee setting.—The Secretary shall establish, not later than 60 days before the start of each fiscal year beginning after September 30, 2023, for that fiscal year
- '(A) abbreviated application fees that are based on the revenue amounts established under subsection (b), the adjustments provided under this subsection, and the amount of fees anticipated to be collected under subsection (a)(4) during that fiscal year:
- "(B) generic new animal drug sponsor fees. and generic new animal drug product fees. based on the revenue amounts established under subsection (b) and the adjustments provided under this subsection; and
- "(C) a generic investigational new animal drug file fee of \$50,000 for each request or submission described in subsection (a)(4)(A)."
- (2)INFLATION ADJUSTMENT.—Section 741(c)(2) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 379j-21(c)(2)) is amend-
  - (A) in subparagraph (A)-
- (i) in the matter preceding clause (i), by striking "2020" and inserting "2025"; and
- (ii) in clause (iii), by striking "Baltimore" and inserting "Arlington-Alexandria"; and
- (B) in subparagraph (B), by striking "2020" and inserting "2025".
- WORKLOAD ADJUSTMENT.—Section 741(c)(3) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 379j-21(c)(3)) is amend-
  - (A) in subparagraph (A)—
- (i) in the matter preceding clause (i), by striking "2020" and inserting "2025";
  - (ii) in clause (i)—
- (I) by striking "and investigational generic new animal drug protocol submissions" and inserting "investigational generic new animal drug protocol submissions, requests to establish a generic investigational new animal drug file, and generic investigational new animal drug meeting requests"; and
- (II) by striking "; and" and inserting a semicolon:
- (iii) by redesignating clause (ii) as clause (iii): and
- (iv) by inserting after clause (i) the following:
- "(ii) if the workload adjustment calculated by the Secretary under clause (i) exceeds 25 percent, the Secretary shall use 25 percent for the adjustment; and"; and
- (B) in subparagraph (B), by striking "2021 through 2023" and inserting "2026 through 2028".
- FINAL YEAR ADJUSTMENT.—Section 741(c)(4) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 379j-21(c)(4)) is amend-
- (A) by striking "2023" each place it appears and inserting "2028"; and
- (B) by striking "2024" and inserting "2029" (d) FEE WAIVER OR REDUCTION; EXEMPTION FROM FEES.—Subsection (d) of section 741 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 379i-21) is amended to read as fol-
- lows:
  "(d) FEE WAIVER OR REDUCTION.—The Secretary shall grant a waiver from, or a reduction of, one or more fees assessed under subsection (a) where the Secretary finds that the generic new animal drug is intended sole-

- ly to provide for a minor use or minor spe-
- cies indication.".

  (e) EFFECT OF FAILURE TO PAY FEES.—Section 741(e) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 379j-21(e)) is amended by striking "The Secretary may discontinue" and inserting "A request to establish a generic investigational new animal drug file that is submitted by a person subject to fees under subsection (a) shall be considered incomplete and shall not be accepted for action by the Secretary until all fees owed by such person have been paid. The Secretary may discontinue".
- (f) ASSESSMENT OF FEES.—Section 741(f)(2) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 379j-21(f)(2)) is amended by striking "sponsors, and generic new animal drug products at any time" and inserting "products, generic new animal drug sponsors, and generic investigational new animal drug files
- (g) CREDITING AND AVAILABILITY OF FEES.— Section 741(g) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 379j-21(g)) is amend-
- (1) in paragraph (3), by striking "2019 through 2023" and inserting "2024 through 2028";
- (2) by striking the second paragraph (4) (relating to Offset), as added by section 202 of the Animal Generic Drug User Fee Amendments of 2013 (Public Law 113-14); and
  - (3) by adding at the end the following:
- "(5) RECOVERY OF COLLECTION SHORT-FALLS.—The amount of fees otherwise authorized to be collected under this section shall be increased-
- "(A) for fiscal year 2026, by the amount, if any, by which the amount collected under this section and appropriated for fiscal year 2024 falls below the amount of fees authorized for fiscal year 2024 under paragraph (3);
- "(B) for fiscal year 2027, by the amount, if any, by which the amount collected under this section and appropriated for fiscal year 2025 falls below the amount of fees authorized for fiscal year 2025 under paragraph (3): and
- "(C) for fiscal year 2028, by the amount, if any, by which the amount collected under this section and appropriated for fiscal years 2026 and 2027 (including estimated collections for fiscal year 2027) falls below the amount of fees authorized for such fiscal years under paragraph (3)."
- (h) DEFINITIONS.—Section 741(k) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 379i-21(k)) is amended-
- (1) by redesignating paragraphs (8), (9), (10), and (11) as paragraphs (9), (10), (11), and (13), respectively:
- (2) by inserting after paragraph (7) the following:
- "(8) GENERIC INVESTIGATIONAL NEW ANIMAL DRUG MEETING REQUEST -The term 'generic investigational new animal drug meeting request' means a request submitted by a generic new animal drug sponsor to meet with the Secretary to discuss an investigational submission for a generic new animal drug.";
- (3) in paragraph (11) (as so redesignated), by adding at the end the following:
- "(I) The activities necessary for exploration and implementation of the United States and European Union Mutual Recognition Agreement for Pharmaceutical Good Manufacturing Practice Inspections, and the United States and United Kingdom Mutual Recognition Agreement Sectoral Annex for Pharmaceutical Good Manufacturing Practices, and other mutual recognition agreements, with respect to generic new animal drug products subject to review, including implementation activities prior to and following product approval."; and
- (4) by inserting after paragraph (11) (as so redesignated) the following:

"(12) REQUEST TO ESTABLISH A GENERIC IN-VESTIGATIONAL NEW ANIMAL DRUG FILE.—The term 'request to establish a generic investigational new animal drug file' means the submission to the Secretary of a request to establish a generic investigational new animal drug file to contain investigational submissions for a generic new animal drug."

## SEC. 2313. REAUTHORIZATION; REPORTING RE-QUIREMENTS.

Section 742 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 379j-22) is amended-(1) in subsection (a), by striking "2018" and

inserting "2023"; (2) by striking "2019" each place it appears in subsections (a) and (b) and inserting "2024": and

(3) in subsection (d), by striking "2023" each place it appears and inserting "2028". SEC. 2314. SAVINGS CLAUSE.

Notwithstanding the amendments made by this chapter, part 5 of subchapter C of chapter VII of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 379j-21 et seq.), as in effect on the day before the date of enactment of this chapter, shall continue to be in effect with respect to abbreviated applications for a generic new animal drug and supplemental abbreviated applications for a generic new animal drug (as defined in such part as of such day) that on or after October 1, 2018, but before October 1, 2023, were accepted by the Food and Drug Administration for filing with respect to assessing and collecting any fee required by such part for a fiscal year prior to fiscal year 2024.

## SEC. 2315. EFFECTIVE DATE.

The amendments made by this chapter shall take effect on October 1, 2023, or the date of the enactment of this Act, whichever is later, except that fees under part 5 of subchapter C of chapter VII of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 379i-21 et seq.), as amended by this chapter, shall be assessed for abbreviated applications for a generic new animal drug and supplemental abbreviated applications for a generic new animal drug received on or after October 1. 2023, regardless of the date of enactment of this Act.

# SEC. 2316. SUNSET DATES.

(a) AUTHORIZATION.—Section 741 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 379i-21) shall cease to be effective October 1. 2028

(b) REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.—Section 742 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 379j-22) shall cease to be effective January 31, 2029.

(c) Previous Sunset Provision.—Effective October 1, 2023, subsections (a) and (b) of section 206 of the Animal Generic Drug User Fee Amendments of 2018 (Public Law 115-234) are repealed.

# Subtitle B-Public Health Extenders

#### SEC. 2321. EXTENSION FOR COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTERS, NATIONAL HEALTH SERV-ICE CORPS. AND TEACHING HEALTH CENTERS THAT OPERATE GME PRO-GRAMS.

- (a) TEACHING HEALTH CENTERS THAT OPER-ATE GRADUATE MEDICAL EDUCATION PRO-GRAMS.—Section 340H(g) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 256h(g)) is amended-
- (1) by striking "and \$126,500,000" and inserting "\$126,500,000"; and
- (2) by inserting "and \$16,635,616 for the period beginning on October 1, 2023, and ending on November 17, 2023," before "to remain available"
- (b) EXTENSION FOR COMMUNITY HEALTH CEN-TERS.—Section 10503(b)(1)(F) of the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (42 U.S.C. 254b-2(b)(1)(F)) is amended-
- (1) by striking "and \$4,000,000,000" and inserting ", \$4,000,000,000"; and
- (2) by inserting ", and \$526,027,397 for the period beginning on October 1, 2023, and end-

ing on November 17, 2023" before the semicolon.

- (c) EXTENSION FOR THE NATIONAL HEALTH SERVICE CORPS.—Section 10503(b)(2) of the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (42 U.S.C. 254b-2(b)(2)) is amended-
- (1) in subparagraph (G), by striking "and" at the end:
- (2) in subparagraph (H), by striking the period at the end and inserting "; and"; and

(3) by adding at the end the following:

- "(I) \$40,767,123 for the period beginning on October 1, 2023, and ending on November 17,
- (d) APPLICATION OF PROVISIONS.—Amounts appropriated pursuant to the amendments made by this section shall be subject to the requirements contained in Public Law 117-328 for funds for programs authorized under sections 330 through 340 of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 254b et seq.).
- (e) TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMEND-MENT.—Section 3014(h)(4) of title 18, United States Code, is amended-
- (1) by striking "Other Extensions Act,, and inserting "Other Extensions Act," ': and
- (2) by striking "and section 301(d) of division BB of the Consolidated Appropriations Act. 2021.' and inserting "section 301(d) of division BB of the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2021, and section 2321(d) of the Continuing Appropriations Act. 2024 and Other Extensions Act"

#### SEC. 2322. EXTENSION OF SPECIAL DIABETES PROGRAMS.

- (a) EXTENSION OF SPECIAL DIABETES PRO-GRAMS FOR TYPE I DIABETES.—Section 330B(b)(2) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 254c-2(b)(2)) is amended-
- (1) in subparagraph (C), by striking "and" at the end:
- (2) in subparagraph (D), by striking the period and inserting "; and"; and

(3) by adding at the end the following:

- (E) \$19,726,027 for the period beginning on October 1, 2023, and ending on November 17, 2023, to remain available until expended.
- (b) EXTENDING FUNDING FOR SPECIAL DIABE-PROGRAMS Indians.—Section FOR 330C(c)(2) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 254c-3(c)(2)) is amended-
- (1) in subparagraph (C), by striking "and" at the end:
- (2) in subparagraph (D), by striking the period and inserting "; and"; and
  - (3) by adding at the end the following:
- (E) \$19.726.027 for the period beginning on October 1, 2023, and ending on November 17, 2023, to remain available until expended.".

## Subtitle C-Necessary Authorities To Respond to Threats

# SEC. 2331. EXTENSION OF AUTHORITY TO MAKE CERTAIN APPOINTMENTS OF NATIONAL DISASTER MEDICAL SYSTEM PERSONNEL.

Section 2812(c)(4)(B) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 300hh-11(c)(4)(B)) is amended by striking "September 30, 2023" and inserting "November 17, 2023"

#### 2332. TEMPORARY REASSIGNMENT OF STATE AND LOCAL PERSONNEL DUR-ING A PUBLIC HEALTH EMERGENCY.

Section 319(e)(8) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 247d(e)(8)) is amended by striking "September 30, 2023" and inserting "November 17, 2023"

## SEC. 2333. EXTENSION OF NATIONAL ADVISORY COMMITTEES.

- (a) NATIONAL ADVISORY COMMITTEE ON CHILDREN AND DISASTERS.—Section 2811A(g) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 300hh-10b(g)) is amended by striking "September 30, 2023" and inserting "November 17, 2023"
- (b) NATIONAL ADVISORY COMMITTEE ON SEN-IORS AND DISASTERS.—Section 2811B(g)(1) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C.

300hh-10c(g)(1)) is amended by striking "September 30, 2023" and inserting "November 17,

(c) NATIONAL ADVISORY COMMITTEE ON INDI-VIDUALS WITH DISABILITIES AND DISASTERS.-Section 2811C(g)(1) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 300hh-10d(g)(1)) is amended by striking "September 30, 2023" and inserting "November 17, 2023"

## Subtitle D-Medicaid

## SEC. 2341. DSH DELAY.

Section 1923(f)(7)(A) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1396r-4(f)(7)(A)) is amended-

(1) in clause (i)-

- (A) in the matter preceding subclause (I), by striking "For each of fiscal years 2024 through 2027" and inserting "For the period beginning November 18, 2023, and ending September 30, 2024, and for each of fiscal years 2025 through 2027"; and
- (B) in subclauses (I) and (II), by inserting "or period" after "the fiscal year" each place it appears; and
- (2) in clause (ii), by striking "for each of fiscal years 2024 through 2027" and inserting "for the period beginning November 18, 2023, and ending September 30, 2024, and for each of fiscal years 2025 through 2027.".

## SEC. 2342. MIF REDUCTION.

Section 1941(b)(3)(A) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1396w-1(b)(3)(A)) is amended by striking "\$7,000,000,000" and inserting ``\$6,357,<del>1</del>17,810`

#### Subtitle E—Human Services

## SEC. 2351. EXTENSION OF CHILD AND FAMILY SERVICES PROGRAMS.

Activities authorized by part B of title IV of the Social Security Act shall continue through November 17, 2023, in the manner authorized for fiscal year 2023, and out of any money in the Treasury of the United States not otherwise appropriated, there are hereby appropriated such sums as may be necessary for such purpose.

#### SEC. 2352. SEXUAL RISK AVOIDANCE EDUCATION EXTENSION.

Section 510 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 710) is amended-

- (1) in subsection (a)—
- (A) in paragraph (1)—
- (i) in the matter preceding subparagraph
- (I) by inserting "and for the period beginning on October 1, 2023, and ending on November 17, 2023" after "2023"; and
- (II) by inserting "(or, with respect to such period, for fiscal year 2024)" after "for the fiscal year"; and
- (ii) in subparagraph (A), by inserting "or period" after "fiscal year" each place it appears; and
  - (B) in paragraph (2)—
- (i) in subparagraph (A), by inserting "and with respect to fiscal year 2024, for the period described in paragraph (1)" after "2023"; and
- (ii) in subparagraph (B)(i), by inserting "(or, with respect to fiscal year 2024, for the period described in paragraph (1))" after "for the fiscal year"; and
  - (2) in subsection (f)-
- (A) in paragraph (1), by inserting ", and for the period beginning on October 1, 2023, and ending on November 17, 2023, an amount equal to the pro rata portion of the amount appropriated for the corresponding period for fiscal year 2023" after "2023"; and
- (B) in paragraph (2), by inserting "and for the period described in paragraph (1)," after "2023.".

# SEC. 2353. PERSONAL RESPONSIBILITY EDU-CATION EXTENSION.

Section 513 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 713) is amended-

- (1) in subsection (a)—
- (A) in paragraph (1)—

- (i) in subparagraph (A)-
- (I) in the matter preceding clause (i), by inserting "and for the period beginning on October 1, 2023, and ending on November 17, 2023" after "2023"; and
- (II) in clause (i), by inserting "or period" after "for the fiscal year";
- (ii) in subparagraph (B)(i), by inserting the following after the period: "The previous sentence shall not apply with respect to State allotments under this paragraph for the period beginning on October 1, 2023, and ending on November 17, 2023."; and
- (iii) in subparagraph (C)(i)-
- (I) by inserting "or the period described in subparagraph (A)" after "for a fiscal year"; and
- (II) by inserting "or period" after "the fiscal year":
- (B) in paragraph (3)—
- (i) by inserting "or the period described in paragraph (1)(A)" after "for a fiscal year"; and
- (ii) by inserting "or period" after "such fiscal year"; and
- (C) in paragraph (4)—
- (i) by inserting "and for the period described in paragraph (1)(A)" after "fiscal years 2010 through 2023";
- (ii) by inserting "and for the period so described" after "fiscal years 2012 through 2023"; and
- (iii) by inserting "or the period so described" after "for a fiscal year";
  - (2) in subsection (c)—
- (A) in each of paragraphs (1) and (2), by striking "From" and inserting "Subject to paragraph (3), from"; and
  - (B) by adding at the end the following:
- "(3) EXCEPTION.—Paragraphs (1) and (2) shall not apply with respect to any amount appropriated under subsection (f) for the period described in subsection (a)(1)(A)."; and
- (3) in subsection (f), by inserting ", and for the period beginning on October 1, 2023, and ending on November 17, 2023, an amount equal to the pro rata portion of the amount appropriated for the corresponding period for fiscal year 2023" after "2023".

# TITLE IV—BUDGETARY EFFECTS

# SEC. 2401. BUDGETARY EFFECTS.

- (a) STATUTORY PAYGO SCORECARDS.—The budgetary effects of this division shall not be entered on either PAYGO scorecard maintained pursuant to section 4(d) of the Statutory Pay-As-You-Go Act of 2010.
- (b) SENATE PAYGO SCORECARDS.—The budgetary effects of this division shall not be entered on any PAYGO scorecard maintained for purposes of section 4106 of H. Con. Res. 71 (115th Congress).
- (c) CLASSIFICATION OF BUDGETARY EFFECTS.—Notwithstanding Rule 3 of the Budget Scorekeeping Guidelines set forth in the joint explanatory statement of the committee of conference accompanying Conference Report 105–217 and section 250(c)(8) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985, the budgetary effects of this division shall not be estimated—
- (1) for purposes of section 251 of such Act; (2) for purposes of an allocation to the
- Committee on Appropriations pursuant to section 302(a) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974; and
- (3) for purposes of paragraph (4)(C) of section 3 of the Statutory Pay-As-You-Go Act of 2010 as being included in an appropriation Act

SA 1293. Mr. SCHUMER proposed an amendment to amendment SA 1292 proposed by Mr. SCHUMER (for Mrs. Murray) to the bill H.R. 3935, to amend title 49, United States Code, to reauthorize and improve the Federal Avia-

tion Administration and other civil aviation programs, and for other purposes; as follows:

At the end add the following:

## SEC. EFFECTIVE DATE.

This Act shall take effect on the date that is 1 day after the date of enactment of this Act.

SA 1294. Mr. SCHUMER proposed an amendment to the bill H.R. 3935, to amend title 49, United States Code, to reauthorize and improve the Federal Aviation Administration and other civil aviation programs, and for other purposes; as follows:

At the end add the following: **SEC. EFFECTIVE DATE.** 

This Act shall take effect on the date that is 3 days after the date of enactment of this Act.

SA 1295. Mr. SCHUMER proposed an amendment to amendment SA 1294 proposed by Mr. SCHUMER to the bill H.R. 3935, to amend title 49, United States Code, to reauthorize and improve the Federal Aviation Administration and other civil aviation programs, and for other purposes; as follows:

On page 1, line 3, strike "3 days" and insert "4 days".

SA 1296. Mr. CRUZ (for himself and Ms. Lummis) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 1092 proposed by Mrs. Murray (for herself and Ms. Collins) to the bill H.R. 4366, making appropriations for military construction, the Department of Veterans Affairs, and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2024, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

In the matter under the heading "OPERATIONS AND RESEARCH" under the heading "NATIONAL HIGHWAY TRAFFIC SAFETY ADMINISTRATION" in title I of division C, strike the period at the end and insert the following: ": Provided, That none of the funds made available under this Act may be used to pay the salary of an individual carrying out the responsibilities of the position of Administrator of the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration in an acting or temporary capacity who was nominated to that position and whose nomination was subsequently withdrawn."

SA 1297. Mr. CRUZ (for himself and Mr. CORNYN) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 3935, to amend title 49, United States Code, to reauthorize and improve the Federal Aviation Administration and other civil aviation programs, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. \_\_\_\_. ADVANCING EFFORTS SEEKING COM-PLIANCE BY MEXICO WITH TREATY ON UTILIZATION OF WATERS OF THE COLORADO AND TIJUANA RIVERS AND OF THE RIO GRANDE.

The Secretary of State shall use the voice, vote, diplomatic capital, and resources of the United States to ensure that United States diplomats and officials of the U.S. Section of

the International Boundary and Water Commission are able to advance efforts seeking compliance by the United Mexican States with the Treaty on Utilization of Waters of the Colorado and Tijuana Rivers and of the Rio Grande, signed at Washington February 3, 1944, and to establish understandings to provide predictable and reliable future deliveries of water by the United Mexican States.

SA 1298. Mr. CRUZ (for himself, Mr. Lee, Mr. Cotton, Mr. Barrasso, Mr. Tuberville, Mr. Braun, Mr. Marshall, and Mr. Schmitt) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 1292 proposed by Mr. Schumer (for Mrs. Murray) to the bill H.R. 3935, to amend title 49, United States Code, to reauthorize and improve the Federal Aviation Administration and other civil aviation programs, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of the bill, add the following:

# SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS. (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as

- the "Secure the Border Act of 2023".

  (b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of con-
- tents for this Act is as follows:
- Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
  DIVISION A—BORDER SECURITY

Sec. 101. Definitions.

Sec. 102. Border wall construction.

Sec. 103. Strengthening the requirements for barriers along the southern border

- Sec. 104. Border and port security technology investment plan.
- Sec. 105. Border security technology program management.
- Sec. 106. U.S. Customs and Border Protection technology upgrades.
  Sec. 107. U.S. Customs and Border Protec-
- tion personnel.
- Sec. 108. Anti-Border Corruption Act reauthorization.
- Sec. 109. Establishment of workload staffing models for U.S. Border Patrol and Air and Marine Operations of CBP.
- Sec. 110. Operation Stonegarden. Sec. 111. Air and Marine Operations flight
  - ec. 111. Air and Marine Operations flight hours.
- Sec. 112. Eradication of carrizo cane and salt cedar.
- Sec. 113. Border patrol strategic plan.
- Sec. 114. U.S. Customs and Border Protection spiritual readiness.
- Sec. 115. Restrictions on funding.
- Sec. 116. Collection of DNA and biometric information at the border.
- Sec. 117. Eradication of narcotic drugs and formulating effective new tools to address yearly losses of life; ensuring timely updates to U.S. Customs and Border Protection field manuals.
- Sec. 118. Publication by U.S. Customs and Border Protection of operational statistics.
- Sec. 119. Alien criminal background checks. Sec. 120. Prohibited identification documents at airport security checkpoints; notification to immigration agencies.
- Sec. 121. Prohibition against any COVID-19 vaccine mandate or adverse action against DHS employees.
- Sec. 122. CBP One app limitation.
- Sec. 123. Report on Mexican drug cartels.
- Sec. 124. GAO study on costs incurred by
  States to secure the southwest
  border.
- Sec. 125. Report by Inspector General of the Department of Homeland Security.

- Sec. 126. Offsetting authorizations of appropriations.
- Sec. 127. Report to Congress on foreign terrorist organizations.
- Sec. 128. Assessment by Inspector General of the Department of Homeland Security on the mitigation of unmanned aircraft systems at the southwest border.

## DIVISION B—IMMIGRATION ENFORCEMENT AND FOREIGN AFFAIRS

# TITLE I—ASYLUM REFORM AND BORDER PROTECTION

- Sec. 101. Safe third country.
- Sec. 102. Credible fear interviews.
- Sec. 103. Clarification of asylum eligibility.
- Sec. 104. Exceptions.
- Sec. 105. Employment authorization.
- Sec. 106. Asylum fees.
- Sec. 107. Rules for determining asylum eligibility. Sec. 108. Firm resettlement.
- Sec. 109. Notice concerning frivolous asylum applications.
- Sec. 110. Technical amendments.
- Sec. 111. Requirement for procedures relating to certain asylum applications.

## TITLE II—BORDER SAFETY AND MIGRANT PROTECTION

- Sec. 201. Inspection of applicants for admission.
- Sec. 202. Operational detention facilities.
- TITLE III—PREVENTING UNCONTROLLED MIGRATION FLOWS IN THE WESTERN HEMISPHERE
- Sec. 301. United States policy regarding Western Hemisphere cooperation on immigration and asvlum.
- Sec. 302. Negotiations by Secretary of State. Sec. 303. Mandatory briefings on United States efforts to address the border crisis.

## TITLE IV—ENSURING UNITED FAMILIES AT THE BORDER

Sec. 401. Clarification of standards for family detention.

# TITLE V-PROTECTION OF CHILDREN

- Sec. 501. Findings.
- of unaccompanied Sec. 502. Repatriation alien children.
- Sec. 503. Special immigrant juvenile status for immigrants unable to reunite with either parent.
- Sec. 504. Rule of construction.
- TITLE VI—VISA OVERSTAYS PENALTIES Sec. 601. Expanded penalties for illegal entry or presence.

# TITLE VII—IMMIGRATION PAROLE REFORM

- Sec. 701. Immigration parole reform.
- Sec. 702. Implementation.
- Sec. 703. Cause of action.
- Sec. 704. Severability.

# TITLE VIII—LEGAL WORKFORCE

- Sec. 801. Employment eligibility verification process.
- Sec. 802. Employment eligibility verification system.
- Sec. 803. Recruitment, referral, and continuation of employment.
- Sec. 804. Good faith defense.
- Sec. 805. Preemption and States' rights.
- Sec. 806. Repeal.
- Sec. 807. Penalties.
- Sec. 808. Fraud and misuse of documents.
- Sec. 809. Protection of Social Security Administration programs.
- Sec. 810. Fraud prevention.
- Sec. 811. Use of employment eligibility verification photo tool.
- Sec. 812. Identity authentication employment eligibility verification pilot programs.

- Sec. 813. Inspector General audits.
- Sec. 814. Agriculture workforce study.
- Sec. 815. Sense of Congress on further implementation.

Sec. 816. Repealing regulations.

# DIVISION A—BORDER SECURITY

# SEC. 101. DEFINITIONS.

- In this division:
- (1) CBP.—The term "CBP" means U.S. Customs and Border Protection.
- (2) COMMISSIONER.—The term "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of U.S. Customs and Border Protection.
- (3) DEPARTMENT.—The term "Department" means the Department of Homeland Security.
- (4) OPERATIONAL CONTROL.—The term "operational control" has the meaning given such term in section 2(b) of the Secure Fence Act of 2006 (Public Law 109-367; 8 U.S.C. 1701 note).
- (5) Secretary.—The term "Secretary means the Secretary of Homeland Security.
- (6) SITUATIONAL AWARENESS.—The term "situational awareness" has the meaning given such term in section 1092(a)(7) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2017 (Public Law 114-328; 6 U.S.C. 223(a)(7)
- (7) UNMANNED AIRCRAFT SYSTEM.—The term 'unmanned aircraft system' has the meaning given such term in section 44801 of title United States Code.

## SEC. 102. BORDER WALL CONSTRUCTION.

- (a) IN GENERAL.
- (1) IMMEDIATE RESUMPTION OF BORDER WALL CONSTRUCTION.—Not later than seven days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall resume all activities related to the construction of the border wall along the border between the United States and Mexico that were underway or being planned for prior to January 20, 2021.
- (2) Use of funds.—To carry out this section, the Secretary shall expend all unexpired funds appropriated or explicitly obligated for the construction of the border wall that were appropriated or obligated, as the case may be, for use beginning on October 1, 2019.
- (3) USE OF MATERIALS -Any unused materials purchased before the date of the enactment of this Act for construction of the border wall may be used for activities related to the construction of the border wall in accordance with paragraph (1).
  (b) PLAN TO COMPLETE TACTICAL INFRA-
- STRUCTURE AND TECHNOLOGY.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act and annually thereafter until construction of the border wall has been completed, the Secretary shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees an implementation plan, including annual benchmarks for the construction of 200 miles of such wall and associated cost estimates for satisfying all requirements of the construction of the border wall, including installation and deployment of tactical infrastructure, technology, and other elements as identified by the Department prior to January 20, 2021, through the expenditure of funds appropriated or explicitly obligated, as the case may be, for use, as well as any future funds appropriated or otherwise made available by Congress.
  - (c) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMIT-The term "appropriate congressional committees" means the Committee on Homeland Security and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate.
- (2) TACTICAL INFRASTRUCTURE.—The term "tactical infrastructure" includes boat

- ramps, access gates, checkpoints, lighting, and roads associated with a border wall.
- (3) TECHNOLOGY.—The term "technology" includes border surveillance and detection technology, including linear ground detection systems, associated with a border wall.

#### SEC. 103. STRENGTHENING THE REQUIREMENTS FOR BARRIERS ALONG THE SOUTH-ERN BORDER.

Section 102 of the Illegal Immigration Reform and Immigrant Responsibility Act of 1996 (Division C of Public Law 104-208; 8 U.S.C. 1103 note) is amended-

- (1) by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:
- "(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Homeland Security shall take such actions as may be necessary (including the removal of obstacles to detection of illegal entrants) to design, test, construct, install, deploy, integrate, and operate physical barriers, tactical infrastructure, and technology in the vicinity of the southwest border to achieve situational awareness and operational control of the southwest border and deter, impede, and detect unlawful activity.":
  - (2) in subsection (b)-
- (A) in the subsection heading, by striking "FENCING AND ROAD IMPROVEMENTS" and inserting "PHYSICAL BARRIERS":
  - (B) in paragraph (1)-
- (i) in the heading, by striking "FENCING" and inserting "BARRIERS":
- (ii) by amending subparagraph (A) to read as follows:
- "(A) REINFORCED BARRIERS.—In carrying out this section, the Secretary of Homeland Security shall construct a border wall, including physical barriers, tactical infrastructure, and technology, along not fewer than 900 miles of the southwest border until situational awareness and operational control of the southwest border is achieved.";
- (iii) by amending subparagraph (B) to read as follows:
- "(B) PHYSICAL BARRIERS AND TACTICAL IN-FRASTRUCTURE.—In carrying out this section, the Secretary of Homeland Security shall deploy along the southwest border the most practical and effective physical barriers, tactical infrastructure, and technology available for achieving situational awareness and operational control of the southwest border.'
- (iv) in subparagraph (C)-
- (I) by amending clause (i) to read as follows:
- "(i) IN GENERAL.—In carrying out this section, the Secretary of Homeland Security shall consult with the Secretary of the Interior, the Secretary of Agriculture, appropriate representatives of State, Tribal, and local governments, and appropriate private property owners in the United States to minimize the impact on natural resources, commerce, and sites of historical or cultural significance for the communities and residents located near the sites at which physical barriers, tactical infrastructure, and technology are to be constructed. Such consultation may not delay such construction for longer than seven days.": and
  - (II) in clause (ii)-
- (aa) in subclause (I), by striking "or" after the semicolon at the end;
- (bb) by amending subclause (II) to read as follows:
- "(II) delay the transfer to the United States of the possession of property or affect the validity of any property acquisition by the United States by purchase or eminent domain, or to otherwise affect the eminent domain laws of the United States or of any State: or": and
- (cc) by adding at the end the following new subclause:
- "(III) create any right or liability for any party."; and

- (v) by striking subparagraph (D);
- (C) in paragraph (2)—

serting "this section"; and

- (i) by striking "Attorney General" and inserting "Secretary of Homeland Security":
- serting "Secretary of Homeland Security";
  (ii) by striking "this subsection" and in-
- (iii) by striking "construction of fences" and inserting "the construction of physical barriers, tactical infrastructure, and technology":
- (D) by amending paragraph (3) to read as follows:
- "(3) AGENT SAFETY.—In carrying out this section, the Secretary of Homeland Security, when designing, testing, constructing, installing, deploying, integrating, and operating physical barriers, tactical infrastructure, or technology, shall incorporate such safety features into such design, test, construction, installation, deployment, integration, or operation of such physical barriers, tactical infrastructure, or technology, as the case may be, that the Secretary determines are necessary to maximize the safety and effectiveness of officers and agents of the Department of Homeland Security or of any other Federal agency deployed in the vicinity of such physical barriers, tactical infrastructure, or technology."; and
- (E) in paragraph (4), by striking "this subsection" and inserting "this section";
  - (3) in subsection (c)-
- (A) by amending paragraph (1) to read as follows:
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary of Homeland Security shall waive all legal requirements necessary to ensure the expeditious design, testing, construction, installation, deployment, integration, operation, and maintenance of the physical barriers, tactical infrastructure, and technology under this section. The Secretary shall ensure the maintenance and effectiveness of such physical barriers, tactical infrastructure, or technology. Any such action by the Secretary shall be effective upon publication in the Federal Register.";
- (B) by redesignating paragraph (2) as paragraph (3); and
- (C) by inserting after paragraph (1) the following new paragraph:
- "(2) NOTIFICATION.—Not later than seven days after the date on which the Secretary of Homeland Security exercises a waiver pursuant to paragraph (1), the Secretary shall notify the Committee on Homeland Security of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate of such waiver."; and
- (4) by adding at the end the following new subsections:
- "(e) TECHNOLOGY.—In carrying out this section, the Secretary of Homeland Security shall deploy along the southwest border the most practical and effective technology available for achieving situational awareness and operational control.
  - "(f) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- "(1) ADVANCED UNATTENDED SURVEILLANCE SENSORS.—The term 'advanced unattended surveillance sensors' means sensors that utilize an onboard computer to analyze detections in an effort to discern between vehicles, humans, and animals, and ultimately filter false positives prior to transmission.
- "(2) OPERATIONAL CONTROL.—The term 'operational control' has the meaning given such term in section 2(b) of the Secure Fence Act of 2006 (Public Law 109-367; 8 U.S.C. 1701 note).
- "(3) PHYSICAL BARRIERS.—The term 'physical barriers' includes reinforced fencing, the border wall, and levee walls.
- "(4) SITUATIONAL AWARENESS.—The term situational awareness' has the meaning given such term in section 1092(a)(7) of the

- National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2017 (Public Law 114-328; 6 U.S.C. 223(a)(7)).
- "(5) TACTICAL INFRASTRUCTURE.—The term 'tactical infrastructure' includes boat ramps, access gates, checkpoints, lighting, and roads.
- "(6) TECHNOLOGY.—The term 'technology' includes border surveillance and detection technology, including the following:
- "(A) Tower-based surveillance technology.
  "(B) Deployable, lighter-than-air ground surveillance equipment.
- "(C) Vehicle and Dismount Exploitation Radars (VADER)
- "(D) 3-dimensional, seismic acoustic detection and ranging border tunneling detection technology.
- $\mbox{``(E)}$  Advanced unattended surveillance sensors.
- "(F) Mobile vehicle-mounted and manportable surveillance capabilities.
- "(G) Unmanned aircraft systems.
- "(H) Tunnel detection systems and other seismic technology.
- "(I) Fiber-optic cable.
- "(J) Other border detection, communication, and surveillance technology.
- "(7) UNMANNED AIRCRAFT SYSTEM.—The term 'unmanned aircraft system' has the meaning given such term in section 44801 of title 49, United States Code.".

# SEC. 104. BORDER AND PORT SECURITY TECHNOLOGY INVESTMENT PLAN.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Commissioner, in consultation with covered officials and border and port security technology stakeholders, shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a strategic 5-year technology investment plan (in this section referred to as the "plan"). The plan may include a classified annex, if appropriate.
- (b) CONTENTS OF PLAN.—The plan shall include the following:
- (1) An analysis of security risks at and between ports of entry along the northern and southern borders of the United States.
- (2) An identification of capability gaps with respect to security at and between such ports of entry to be mitigated in order to—
- (A) prevent terrorists and instruments of terror from entering the United States;
- (B) combat and reduce cross-border criminal activity, including—
- (i) the transport of illegal goods, such as illicit drugs; and
  (ii) human smuggling and human traf-
- ficking; and
- (C) facilitate the flow of legal trade across the southwest border.
- (3) An analysis of current and forecast trends relating to the number of aliens who—
- (A) unlawfully entered the United States by crossing the northern or southern border of the United States; or
- (B) are unlawfully present in the United States.
- (4) A description of security-related technology acquisitions, to be listed in order of priority, to address the security risks and capability gaps analyzed and identified pursuant to paragraphs (1) and (2), respectively.
- (5) A description of each planned security-related technology program, including objectives, goals, and timelines for each such program.
- (6) An identification of each deployed security-related technology that is at or near the end of the life cycle of such technology.
- (7) A description of the test, evaluation, modeling, and simulation capabilities, including target methodologies, rationales, and timelines, necessary to support the acquisition of security-related technologies pursuant to paragraph (4).

- (8) An identification and assessment of ways to increase opportunities for communication and collaboration with the private sector, small and disadvantaged businesses, intragovernment entities, university centers of excellence, and Federal laboratories to ensure CBP is able to engage with the market for security-related technologies that are available to satisfy its mission needs before engaging in an acquisition of a security-related technology.
- (9) An assessment of the management of planned security-related technology programs by the acquisition workforce of CBP.
- (10) An identification of ways to leverage already-existing acquisition expertise within the Federal Government.
- (11) A description of the security resources, including information security resources, required to protect security-related technology from physical or cyber theft, diversion, sabotage, or attack.
- (12) A description of initiatives to-
- (A) streamline the acquisition process of CBP; and
- (B) provide to the private sector greater predictability and transparency with respect to such process, including information relating to the timeline for testing and evaluation of security-related technology.
- (13) An assessment of the privacy and security impact on border communities of security-related technology.
- (14) In the case of a new acquisition leading to the removal of equipment from a port of entry along the northern or southern border of the United States, a strategy to consult with the private sector and community stakeholders affected by such removal.
- (15) A strategy to consult with the private sector and community stakeholders with respect to security impacts at a port of entry described in paragraph (14).
- (16) An identification of recent technological advancements in the following:
- (A) Manned aircraft sensor, communication, and common operating picture technology.
- (B) Unmanned aerial systems and related technology, including counter-unmanned aerial system technology.
- (C) Surveillance technology, including the following:
  - (i) Mobile surveillance vehicles.
- (ii) Associated electronics, including cameras, sensor technology, and radar.
- (iii) Tower-based surveillance technology.
- (iv) Advanced unattended surveillance sensors.
- (v) Deployable, lighter-than-air, ground surveillance equipment.
- (D) Nonintrusive inspection technology, including non-x-ray devices utilizing muon tomography and other advanced detection technology.
  - (E) Tunnel detection technology.
- (F) Communications equipment, including the following:
  - (i) Radios.
  - (ii) Long-term evolution broadband.
  - (iii) Miniature satellites.
- (c) LEVERAGING THE PRIVATE SECTOR.—To the extent practicable, the plan shall—
- (1) leverage emerging technological capabilities, and research and development trends, within the public and private sectors;
- (2) incorporate input from the private sector, including from border and port security stakeholders, through requests for information, industry day events, and other innovative means consistent with the Federal Acquisition Regulation; and
- (3) identify security-related technologies that are in development or deployed, with or without adaptation, that may satisfy the mission needs of CBP.

- (d) FORM.—To the extent practicable, the plan shall be published in unclassified form on the website of the Department.
- (e) DISCLOSURE.—The plan shall include an identification of individuals not employed by the Federal Government, and their professional affiliations, who contributed to the development of the plan.
- (f) UPDATE AND REPORT.—Not later than the date that is two years after the date on which the plan is submitted to the appropriate congressional committees pursuant to subsection (a) and biennially thereafter for ten years, the Commissioner shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees—
- an update of the plan, if appropriate;
- (2) a report that includes—
- (A) the extent to which each security-related technology acquired by CBP since the initial submission of the plan or most recent update of the plan, as the case may be, is consistent with the planned technology programs and projects described pursuant to subsection (b)(5); and
- (B) the type of contract and the reason for acquiring each such security-related technology.
  - (g) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES.—The term "appropriate congressional committees" means—
- (A) the Committee on Homeland Security and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives; and
- (B) the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate.
- (2) COVERED OFFICIALS.—The term "covered officials" means—
- (A) the Under Secretary for Management of the Department;
- (B) the Under Secretary for Science and Technology of the Department; and
- (C) the Chief Information Officer of the Department.
- (3) UNLAWFULLY PRESENT.—The term "unlawfully present" has the meaning provided such term in section 212(a)(9)(B)(ii) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1182(a)(9)(B)(ii)).

# SEC. 105. BORDER SECURITY TECHNOLOGY PROGRAM MANAGEMENT.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Subtitle C of title IV of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 231 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

# "SEC. 437. BORDER SECURITY TECHNOLOGY PRO-GRAM MANAGEMENT.

- "(a) Major Acquisition Program De-Fined.—In this section, the term 'major acquisition program' means an acquisition program of the Department that is estimated by the Secretary to require an eventual total expenditure of at least \$100,000,000 (based on fiscal year 2023 constant dollars) over its lifecycle cost.
- "(b) PLANNING DOCUMENTATION.—For each border security technology acquisition program of the Department that is determined to be a major acquisition program, the Secretary shall—
- "(1) ensure that each such program has a written acquisition program baseline approved by the relevant acquisition decision authority:
- "(2) document that each such program is satisfying cost, schedule, and performance thresholds as specified in such baseline, in compliance with relevant departmental acquisition policies and the Federal Acquisition Regulation; and
- "(3) have a plan for satisfying program implementation objectives by managing contractor performance.
- "(c) ADHERENCE TO STANDARDS.—The Secretary, acting through the Under Secretary

- for Management and the Commissioner of U.S. Customs and Border Protection, shall ensure border security technology acquisition program managers who are responsible for carrying out this section adhere to relevant internal control standards identified by the Comptroller General of the United States. The Commissioner shall provide information, as needed, to assist the Under Secretary in monitoring management of border security technology acquisition programs under this section.
- '(d) PLAN —The Secretary, acting through the Under Secretary for Management, in coordination with the Under Secretary for Science and Technology and the Commissioner of U.S. Customs and Border Protection, shall submit to the Committee on Homeland Security of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate a plan for testing, evaluating, and using independent verification and validation of resources relating to the proposed acquisition of border security technology. Under such plan, the proposed acquisition of new border security technologies shall be evaluated through a series of assessments. processes, and audits to ensure-
- "(1) compliance with relevant departmental acquisition policies and the Federal Acquisition Regulation; and
- "(2) the effective use of taxpayer dollars.".
  (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents in section 1(b) of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 436 the following new item:
- "Sec. 437. Border security technology program management.".
- (c) PROHIBITION ON ADDITIONAL AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—No additional funds are authorized to be appropriated to carry out section 437 of the Homeland Security Act of 2002, as added by subsection (a).

# SEC. 106. U.S. CUSTOMS AND BORDER PROTECTION TECHNOLOGY UPGRADES.

- (a) Secure Communications.—The Commissioner shall ensure that each CBP officer or agent, as appropriate, is equipped with a secure radio or other two-way communication device that allows each such officer or agent to communicate—
- (1) between ports of entry and inspection stations; and
- (2) with other Federal, State, Tribal, and local law enforcement entities.
- (b) BORDER SECURITY DEPLOYMENT PROGRAM.—
- (1) EXPANSION.—Not later than September 30, 2025, the Commissioner shall—
- (A) fully implement the Border Security Deployment Program of CBP; and
- (B) expand the integrated surveillance and intrusion detection system at land ports of entry along the northern and southern borders of the United States.
- (2) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—In addition to amounts otherwise authorized to be appropriated for such purpose, there is authorized to be appropriated \$33,000,000 for fiscal years 2024 and 2025 to carry out paragraph (1).
- (c) UPGRADE OF LICENSE PLATE READERS AT PORTS OF ENTRY.—
- (1) UPGRADE.—Not later than two years after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Commissioner shall upgrade all existing license plate readers in need of upgrade, as determined by the Commissioner, on the northern and southern borders of the United States.
- (2) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—In addition to amounts otherwise authorized to be appropriated for such purpose, there is authorized to be appropriated \$125,000,000 for fiscal years 2023 and 2024 to carry out paragraph (1).

# SEC. 107. U.S. CUSTOMS AND BORDER PROTECTION PERSONNEL.

- (a) RETENTION BONUS.—To carry out this section, there is authorized to be appropriated up to \$100,000,000 to the Commissioner to provide a retention bonus to any front-line U.S. Border Patrol law enforcement agent—
- (1) whose position is equal to or below level GS-12 of the General Schedule;
- (2) who has five years or more of service with the U.S. Border Patrol; and
- (3) who commits to two years of additional service with the U.S. Border Patrol upon acceptance of such bonus.
- (b) BORDER PATROL AGENTS.—Not later than September 30, 2025, the Commissioner shall hire, train, and assign a sufficient number of Border Patrol agents to maintain an active duty presence of not fewer than 22,000 full-time equivalent Border Patrol agents, who may not perform the duties of processing coordinators.
- (c) PROHIBITION AGAINST ALIEN TRAVEL.— No personnel or equipment of Air and Marine Operations may be used for the transportation of non-detained aliens, or detained aliens expected to be administratively released upon arrival, from the southwest border to destinations within the United States.
- (d) GAO REPORT.—If the staffing level required under this section is not achieved by the date associated with such level, the Comptroller General of the United States shall—
- (1) conduct a review of the reasons why such level was not so achieved; and
- (2) not later than September 30, 2027, publish on a publicly available website of the Government Accountability Office a report relating thereto.

# SEC. 108. ANTI-BORDER CORRUPTION ACT REAUTHORIZATION.

- (a) HIRING FLEXIBILITY.—Section 3 of the Anti-Border Corruption Act of 2010 (6 U.S.C. 221; Public Law 111–376) is amended by striking subsection (b) and inserting the following new subsections:
- "(b) WAIVER REQUIREMENT.—Subject to subsection (c), the Commissioner of U.S. Customs and Border Protection shall waive the application of subsection (a)(1)—
- "(1) to a current, full-time law enforcement officer employed by a State or local law enforcement agency who—
- "(A) has continuously served as a law enforcement officer for not fewer than three years:
- "(B) is authorized by law to engage in or supervise the prevention, detection, investigation, or prosecution of, or the incarceration of any person for, any violation of law, and has statutory powers for arrest or apprehension; and
- "(C) is not currently under investigation, has not been found to have engaged in criminal activity or serious misconduct, has not resigned from a law enforcement officer position under investigation or in lieu of termination, and has not been dismissed from a law enforcement officer position;
- "(2) to a current, full-time Federal law enforcement officer who—
- "(A) has continuously served as a law enforcement officer for not fewer than three years;
- "(B) is authorized to make arrests, conduct investigations, conduct searches, make seizures, carry firearms, and serve orders, warrants, and other processes;
- "(C) is not currently under investigation, has not been found to have engaged in criminal activity or serious misconduct, has not resigned from a law enforcement officer position under investigation or in lieu of termination, and has not been dismissed from a law enforcement officer position; and

- "(D) holds a current Tier 4 background investigation or current Tier 5 background investigation; or
- "(3) to a member of the Armed Forces (or a reserve component thereof) or a veteran, if such individual—
- "(A) has served in the Armed Forces for not fewer than three years;
- "(B) holds, or has held within the past five years, a Secret, Top Secret, or Top Secret/ Sensitive Compartmented Information clearance:
- "(C) holds, or has undergone within the past five years, a current Tier 4 background investigation or current Tier 5 background investigation;
- "(D) received, or is eligible to receive, an honorable discharge from service in the Armed Forces and has not engaged in criminal activity or committed a serious military or civil offense under the Uniform Code of Military Justice: and
- "(E) was not granted any waivers to obtain the clearance referred to in subparagraph (B).
- "(c) TERMINATION OF WAIVER REQUIREMENT; SNAP-BACK.—The requirement to issue a waiver under subsection (b) shall terminate if the Commissioner of U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) certifies to the Committee on Homeland Security of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate that CBP has met all requirements pursuant to section 107 of the Secure the Border Act of 2023 relating to personnel levels. If at any time after such certification personnel levels fall below such requirements, the Commissioner shall waive the application of subsection (a)(1) until such time as the Commissioner re-certifies to such Committees that CBP has so met all such requirements.'
- (b) SUPPLEMENTAL COMMISSIONER AUTHOR-ITY; REPORTING; DEFINITIONS.—The Anti-Border Corruption Act of 2010 is amended by adding at the end the following new sections: "SEC. 5. SUPPLEMENTAL COMMISSIONER AU-THORITY.
- "(a) NONEXEMPTION.—An individual who receives a waiver under section 3(b) is not exempt from any other hiring requirements relating to suitability for employment and eligibility to hold a national security designated position, as determined by the Commissioner of U.S. Customs and Border Protection.
- "(b) BACKGROUND INVESTIGATIONS.—An individual who receives a waiver under section 3(b) who holds a current Tier 4 background investigation shall be subject to a Tier 5 background investigation.
- "(c) ADMINISTRATION OF POLYGRAPH EXAMINATION.—The Commissioner of U.S. Customs and Border Protection is authorized to administer a polygraph examination to an applicant or employee who is eligible for or receives a waiver under section 3(b) if information is discovered before the completion of a background investigation that results in a determination that a polygraph examination is necessary to make a final determination regarding suitability for employment or continued employment, as the case may be.

# "SEC. 6. REPORTING.

- "(a) ANNUAL REPORT.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this section and annually thereafter while the waiver authority under section 3(b) is in effect, the Commissioner of U.S. Customs and Border Protection shall submit to Congress a report that includes, with respect to each such reporting period, the following:
- "(1) Information relating to the number of waivers granted under such section 3(b).
- "(2) Information relating to the percentage of applicants who were hired after receiving such a waiver.

- "(3) Information relating to the number of instances that a polygraph was administered to an applicant who initially received such a waiver and the results of such polygraph.
- "(4) An assessment of the current impact of such waiver authority on filling law enforcement positions at U.S. Customs and Border Protection.
- "(5) An identification of additional authorities needed by U.S. Customs and Border Protection to better utilize such waiver authority for its intended goals.
- "(b) ADDITIONAL INFORMATION.—The first report submitted under subsection (a) shall include the following:
- "(1) An analysis of other methods of employment suitability tests that detect deception and could be used in conjunction with traditional background investigations to evaluate potential applicants or employees for suitability for employment or continued employment, as the case may be.
- "(2) A recommendation regarding whether a test referred to in paragraph (1) should be adopted by U.S. Customs and Border Protection when the polygraph examination requirement is waived pursuant to section 3(b). "SEC. 7. DEFINITIONS.

"In this Act:

- "(1) FEDERAL LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER.— The term 'Federal law enforcement officer' means a 'law enforcement officer', as such term is defined in section 8331(20) or 8401(17) of title 5. United States Code.
- "(2) SERIOUS MILITARY OR CIVIL OFFENSE.— The term 'serious military or civil offense' means an offense for which—
- "(A) a member of the Armed Forces may be discharged or separated from service in the Armed Forces; and
- "(B) a punitive discharge is, or would be, authorized for the same or a closely related offense under the Manual for Court-Martial, as pursuant to Army Regulation 635–200, chapter 14–12.
- "(3) TIER 4; TIER 5.—The terms 'Tier 4' and 'Tier 5', with respect to background investigations, have the meaning given such terms under the 2012 Federal Investigative Standards.
- "(4) VETERAN.—The term 'veteran' has the meaning given such term in section 101(2) of title 38, United States Code.".
- (c) POLYGRAPH EXAMINERS.—Not later than September 30, 2025, the Secretary shall increase to not fewer than 150 the number of trained full-time equivalent polygraph examiners for administering polygraphs under the Anti-Border Corruption Act of 2010, as amended by this section.

## SEC. 109. ESTABLISHMENT OF WORKLOAD STAFF-ING MODELS FOR U.S. BORDER PA-TROL AND AIR AND MARINE OPER-ATIONS OF CBP.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Commissioner, in coordination with the Under Secretary for Management, the Chief Human Capital Officer, and the Chief Financial Officer of the Department, shall implement a workload staffing model for each of the following:
  - (1) The U.S. Border Patrol.
- (2) Air and Marine Operations of CBP.
- (b) RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE COMMISSIONER.—Subsection (c) of section 411 of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 211), is amended—
- (1) by redesignating paragraphs (18) and (19) as paragraphs (20) and (21), respectively; and
- (2) by inserting after paragraph (17) the following new paragraphs:
- "(18) implement a staffing model for the U.S. Border Patrol, Air and Marine Operations, and the Office of Field Operations that includes consideration for essential frontline operator activities and functions,

- variations in operating environments, present and planned infrastructure, present and planned technology, and required operations support levels to enable such entities to manage and assign personnel of such entities to ensure field and support posts possess adequate resources to carry out duties specified in this section;
- "(19) develop standard operating procedures for a workforce tracking system within the U.S. Border Patrol, Air and Marine Operations, and the Office of Field Operations, train the workforce of each of such entities on the use, capabilities, and purpose of such system, and implement internal controls to ensure timely and accurate scheduling and reporting of actual completed work hours and activities;".
  - (c) Report.
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act with respect to subsection (a) and paragraphs (18) and (19) of section 411(c) of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (as amended by subsection (b)), and annually thereafter with respect to such paragraphs (18) and (19), the Secretary shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report that includes a status update on the following:
- (A) The implementation of such subsection (a) and such paragraphs (18) and (19).
- (B) Each relevant workload staffing model.
- (2) DATA SOURCES AND METHODOLOGY REQUIRED.—Each report required under paragraph (1) shall include information relating to the data sources and methodology used to generate each relevant staffing model.
- (d) INSPECTOR GENERAL REVIEW.—Not later than 90 days after the Commissioner develops the workload staffing models pursuant to subsection (a), the Inspector General of the Department shall review such models and provide feedback to the Secretary and the appropriate congressional committees with respect to the degree to which such models are responsive to the recommendations of the Inspector General, including the following:
- (1) Recommendations from the Inspector General's February 2019 audit.
- (2) Any further recommendations to improve such models.
- (e) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES DEFINED.—In this section, the term "appropriate congressional committees" means—
- (1) the Committee on Homeland Security of the House of Representatives; and
- (2) the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate.

  SEC. 110. OPERATION STONEGARDEN.
- SEC. 110. OPERATION STONEGARDEN.
  (a) IN GENERAL.—Subtitle A of title XX of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 601 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end

# the following new section: "SEC. 2010. OPERATION STONEGARDEN.

- "(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established in the Department a program to be known as 'Operation Stonegarden', under which the Secretary, acting through the Administrator, shall make grants to eligible law enforcement agencies, through State administrative agencies, to enhance border security in accordance with this section.
- "(b) ELIGIBLE RECIPIENTS.—To be eligible to receive a grant under this section, a law enforcement agency shall—
  - "(1) be located in—
- "(A) a State bordering Canada or Mexico;
- "(B) a State or territory with a maritime border;
- "(2) be involved in an active, ongoing, U.S. Customs and Border Protection operation coordinated through a U.S. Border Patrol sector office; and

- "(3) have an agreement in place with U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement to support enforcement operations.
- (c) PERMITTED USES.—A recipient of a grant under this section may use such grant for costs associated with the following:
- "(1) Equipment, including maintenance and sustainment.
- "(2) Personnel, including overtime and backfill, in support of enhanced border law enforcement activities.
- "(3) Any activity permitted for Operation Stonegarden under the most recent fiscal year Department of Homeland Security's Homeland Security Grant Program Notice of Funding Opportunity.
- "(d) PERIOD OF PERFORMANCE.—The Secretary shall award grants under this section to grant recipients for a period of not fewer than 36 months.
- "(e) NOTIFICATION.—Upon denial of a grant to a law enforcement agency, the Administrator shall provide written notice to the Committee on Homeland Security of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate, including the reasoning for such denial.
- "(f) REPORT.—For each of fiscal years 2024 through 2028 the Administrator shall submit to the Committee on Homeland Security of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate a report that contains—
- "(1) information on the expenditure of grants made under this section by each grant recipient; and
- "(2) recommendations for other uses of such grants to further support eligible law enforcement agencies.
- "(g) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— There is authorized to be appropriated \$110,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2024 through 2028 for grants under this section."
- (b) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Subsection (a) of section 2002 of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 603) is amended to read as follows:
- "(a) Grants Authorized.—The Secretary, through the Administrator, may award grants under sections 2003, 2004, 2009, and 2010 to State, local, and Tribal governments, as appropriate."
- (c) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents in section 1(b) of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 2009 the following new item:
- "Sec. 2010. Operation Stonegarden.".

# SEC. 111. AIR AND MARINE OPERATIONS FLIGHT HOURS.

- (a) AIR AND MARINE OPERATIONS FLIGHT HOURS.—Not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall ensure that not fewer than 110,000 annual flight hours are carried out by Air and Marine Operations of CBP.
- (b) UNMANNED AIRCRAFT SYSTEMS.—The Secretary, after coordination with the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration, shall ensure that Air and Marine Operations operate unmanned aircraft systems on the southern border of the United States for not less than 24 hours per day.
- (c) PRIMARY MISSIONS.—The Commissioner shall ensure the following:
- (1) The primary missions for Air and Marine Operations are to directly support the following:
- (A) U.S. Border Patrol activities along the borders of the United States.
- (B) Joint Interagency Task Force South and Joint Task Force East operations in the transit zone.
- (2) The Executive Assistant Commissioner of Air and Marine Operations assigns the

- greatest priority to support missions specified in paragraph (1).
- fied in paragraph (1).

  (d) High Demand Flight Hour Require-MENTS.—The Commissioner shall—
- (1) ensure that U.S. Border Patrol Sector Chiefs identify air support mission-critical hours; and
- (2) direct Air and Marine Operations to support requests from such Sector Chiefs as a component of the primary mission of Air and Marine Operations in accordance with subsection (c)(1)(A).
- (e) CONTRACT AIR SUPPORT AUTHORIZATIONS.—The Commissioner shall contract for air support mission-critical hours to meet the requests for such hours, as identified pursuant to subsection (d).
- (f) SMALL UNMANNED AIRCRAFT SYSTEMS.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Chief of the U.S. Border Patrol shall be the executive agent with respect to the use of small unmanned aircraft by CBP for the purposes of the following:
- (A) Meeting the unmet flight hour operational requirements of the U.S. Border Patrol.
- (B) Achieving situational awareness and operational control of the borders of the United States.
- (2) COORDINATION.—In carrying out paragraph (1), the Chief of the U.S. Border Patrol shall coordinate—
- (A) flight operations with the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration to ensure the safe and efficient operation of the national airspace system; and
- (B) with the Executive Assistant Commissioner for Air and Marine Operations of CBP to—
- (i) ensure the safety of other CBP aircraft flying in the vicinity of small unmanned aircraft operated by the U.S. Border Patrol; and
- (ii) establish a process to include data from flight hours in the calculation of got away statistics.
- (3) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Paragraph (3) of section 411(e) of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 211(e)) is amended—
- (A) in subparagraph (B), by striking "and" after the semicolon at the end;
- (B) by redesignating subparagraph (C) as subparagraph (D); and
- (C) by inserting after subparagraph (B) the following new subparagraph:
- "(C) carry out the small unmanned aircraft (as such term is defined in section 44801 of title 49, United States Code) requirements pursuant to subsection (f) of section 111 of the Secure the Border Act of 2023; and".
- (g) SAVINGS CLAUSE.—Nothing in this section may be construed as conferring, transferring, or delegating to the Secretary, the Commissioner, the Executive Assistant Commissioner for Air and Marine Operations of CBP, or the Chief of the U.S. Border Patrol any authority of the Secretary of Transportation or the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration relating to the use of airspace or aviation safety.
  - (h) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) GOT AWAY.—The term "got away" has the meaning given such term in section 1092(a)(3) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2017 (Public Law 114–328; 6 U.S.C. 223(a)(3)).
- (2) Transit zone.—The term "transit zone" has the meaning given such term in section 1092(a)(8) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2017 (Public Law 114-328; 6 U.S.C. 223(a)(8)).

# SEC. 112. ERADICATION OF CARRIZO CANE AND SALT CEDAR.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary, in coordination with the heads of relevant Federal, State, and local agencies, shall hire contractors to begin eradicating the carrizo cane plant and any

- salt cedar along the Rio Grande River that impedes border security operations. Such eradication shall be completed—
- (1) by not later than September 30, 2027, except for required maintenance; and
- (2) in the most expeditious and cost-effective manner possible to maintain clear fields of view.
- (b) APPLICATION.—The waiver authority under subsection (c) of section 102 of the Illegal Immigration Reform and Immigrant Responsibility Act of 1996 (8 U.S.C. 1103 note), as amended by section 103 of this division, shall apply to activities carried out pursuant to subsection (a).
- (c) REPORT.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Homeland Security of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate a strategic plan to eradicate all carrizo cane plant and salt cedar along the Rio Grande River that impedes border security operations by not later than September 30, 2027.
- (d) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— There is authorized to be appropriated \$7,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2024 through 2028 to the Secretary to carry out this subsection.

## SEC. 113. BORDER PATROL STRATEGIC PLAN.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act and biennially thereafter, the Commissioner, acting through the Chief of the U.S. Border Patrol, shall issue a Border Patrol Strategic Plan (referred to in this section as the "plan") to enhance the security of the borders of the United States.
- (b) ELEMENTS.—The plan shall include the following:
- (1) A consideration of Border Patrol Capability Gap Analysis reporting, Border Security Improvement Plans, and any other strategic document authored by the U.S. Border Patrol to address security gaps between ports of entry, including efforts to mitigate threats identified in such analyses, plans, and documents.
- (2) Information relating to the dissemination of information relating to border security or border threats with respect to the efforts of the Department and other appropriate Federal agencies.
- (3) Information relating to efforts by U.S. Border Patrol to—
- (A) increase situational awareness, including—
- (i) surveillance capabilities, such as capabilities developed or utilized by the Department of Defense, and any appropriate technology determined to be excess by the Department of Defense; and
- (ii) the use of manned aircraft and unmanned aircraft;
- (B) detect and prevent terrorists and instruments of terrorism from entering the United States;
- (C) detect, interdict, and disrupt between ports of entry aliens unlawfully present in the United States;
- (D) detect, interdict, and disrupt human smuggling, human trafficking, drug trafficking, and other illicit cross-border activity.
- (E) focus intelligence collection to disrupt transnational criminal organizations outside of the international and maritime borders of the United States; and
- (F) ensure that any new border security technology can be operationally integrated with existing technologies in use by the Department.
- (4) Information relating to initiatives of the Department with respect to operational coordination, including any relevant task forces of the Department.

- (5) Information gathered from the lessons learned by the deployments of the National Guard to the southern border of the United States
- (6) A description of cooperative agreements relating to information sharing with State, local, Tribal, territorial, and other Federal law enforcement agencies that have jurisdiction on the borders of the United States.
- (7) Information relating to border security information received from the following:
- (A) State, local, Tribal, territorial, and other Federal law enforcement agencies that have jurisdiction on the borders of the United States or in the maritime environment.
- (B) Border community stakeholders, including representatives from the following:
- (i) Border agricultural and ranching organizations.
- (ii) Business and civic organizations.
- (iii) Hospitals and rural clinics within 150 miles of the borders of the United States.
- (iv) Victims of crime committed by aliens unlawfully present in the United States.
- (v) Victims impacted by drugs, transnational criminal organizations, cartels, gangs, or other criminal activity.
- (vi) Farmers, ranchers, and property owners along the border.
- (vii) Other individuals negatively impacted by illegal immigration.
- (8) Information relating to the staffing requirements with respect to border security for the Department.
- (9) A prioritized list of Department research and development objectives to enhance the security of the borders of the United States.
- (10) An assessment of training programs, including such programs relating to the following:
- (A) Identifying and detecting fraudulent documents.
- (B) Understanding the scope of CBP enforcement authorities and appropriate use of force policies.
- (C) Screening, identifying, and addressing vulnerable populations, such as children and victims of human trafficking.

# SEC. 114. U.S. CUSTOMS AND BORDER PROTECTION SPIRITUAL READINESS.

Not later than one year after the enactment of this Act and annually thereafter for five years, the Commissioner shall submit to the Committee on Homeland Security of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate a report on the availability and usage of the assistance of chaplains, prayer groups, houses of worship, and other spiritual resources for members of CBP who identify as religiously affiliated and have attempted suicide, have suicidal ideation, or are at risk of suicide, and metrics on the impact such resources have in assisting religiously affiliated members who have access to and utilize such resources compared to religiously affiliated members who do not. SEC. 115. RESTRICTIONS ON FUNDING.

(a) ARRIVING ALIENS.—No funds are authorized to be appropriated to the Department to process the entry into the United States of aliens arriving in between ports of entry.

- (b) RESTRICTION ON NONGOVERNMENTAL ORGANIZATION SUPPORT FOR UNLAWFUL ACTIVITY.—No funds are authorized to be appropriated to the Department for disbursement to any nongovernmental organization that facilitates or encourages unlawful activity, including unlawful entry, human trafficking, human smuggling, drug trafficking, and drug smuggling.
- (c) RESTRICTION ON NONGOVERNMENTAL OR-GANIZATION FACILITATION OF ILLEGAL IMMI-GRATION.—No funds are authorized to be appropriated to the Department for disburse-

ment to any nongovernmental organization to provide, or facilitate the provision of, transportation, lodging, or immigration legal services to inadmissible aliens who enter the United States after the date of the enactment of this Act.

# SEC. 116. COLLECTION OF DNA AND BIOMETRIC INFORMATION AT THE BORDER.

Not later than 14 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall ensure and certify to the Committee on Homeland Security of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate that CBP is fully compliant with Federal DNA and biometric collection requirements at United States land borders.

# SEC. 117. ERADICATION OF NARCOTIC DRUGS AND FORMULATING EFFECTIVE NEW TOOLS TO ADDRESS YEARLY LOSSES OF LIFE; ENSURING TIMELY UPDATES TO U.S. CUSTOMS AND BORDER PROTECTION FIELD MANUALS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and not less frequently than triennially thereafter, the Commissioner of U.S. Customs and Border Protection shall review and update, as necessary, the current policies and manuals of the Office of Field Operations related to inspections at ports of entry, and the U.S. Border Patrol related to inspections between ports of entry, to ensure the uniform implementation of inspection practices that will effectively respond to technological and methodological changes designed to disguise unlawful activity, such as the smuggling of drugs and humans, along the border.
- (b) REPORTING REQUIREMENT.—Not later than 90 days after each update required under subsection (a), the Commissioner of U.S. Customs and Border Protection shall submit to the Committee on Homeland Security and the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs and the Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate a report that summarizes any policy and manual changes pursuant to subsection (a).

# SEC. 118. PUBLICATION BY U.S. CUSTOMS AND BORDER PROTECTION OF OPERATIONAL STATISTICS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than the seventh day of each month beginning with the second full month after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Commissioner of U.S. Customs and Border Protection shall publish on a publicly available website of the Department of Homeland Security information relating to the total number of alien encounters and nationalities, unique alien encounters and nationalities, gang-affiliated apprehensions and nationalities, drug seizures, alien encounters included in the terrorist screening database and nationalities, arrests of criminal aliens or individuals wanted by law enforcement and nationalities, known got aways, encounters with deceased aliens, and all other related or associated statistics recorded by U.S. Customs and Border Protection during the immediately preceding month. Each such publication shall include the following:
- (1) The aggregate such number, and such number disaggregated by geographic regions, of such recordings and encounters, including specifications relating to whether such recordings and encounters were at the southwest, northern, or maritime border.
- (2) An identification of the Office of Field Operations field office, U.S. Border Patrol sector, or Air and Marine Operations branch making each recording or encounter.
- (3) Information relating to whether each recording or encounter of an alien was of a single adult, an unaccompanied alien child, or an individual in a family unit.

- (4) Information relating to the processing disposition of each alien recording or encounter
- (5) Information relating to the nationality of each alien who is the subject of each recording or encounter.
- (6) The total number of individuals included in the terrorist screening database (as such term is defined in section 2101 of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 621)) who have repeatedly attempted to cross unlawfully into the United States.
- (7) The total number of individuals included in the terrorist screening database who have been apprehended, including information relating to whether such individuals were released into the United States or removed.
- (b) EXCEPTIONS.—If the Commissioner of U.S. Customs and Border Protection in any month does not publish the information required under subsection (a), or does not publish such information by the date specified in such subsection, the Commissioner shall brief the Committee on Homeland Security of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate regarding the reason relating thereto, as the case may be, by not later than the date that is two business days after the tenth day of such month.
  - (c) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) ALIEN ENCOUNTERS.—The term "alien encounters" means aliens apprehended, determined inadmissible, or processed for removal by U.S. Customs and Border Protection.
- (2) GOT AWAY.—The term "got away" has the meaning given such term in section 1092(a) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2017 (6 U.S.C. 223(a)).
- (3) TERRORIST SCREENING DATABASE.—The term "terrorist screening database" has the meaning given such term in section 2101 of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 621).
- (4) UNACCOMPANIED ALIEN CHILD.—The term "unaccompanied alien child" has the meaning given such term in section 462(g) of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 279(g)).

# SEC. 119. ALIEN CRIMINAL BACKGROUND CHECKS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than seven days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Commissioner shall certify to the Committee on Homeland Security and the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs and the Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate that CBP has real-time access to the criminal history databases of all countries of origin and transit for aliens encountered by CBP to perform criminal history background checks for such aliens.
- (b) STANDARDS.—The certification required under subsection (a) shall also include a determination whether the criminal history databases of a country are accurate, up to date, digitized, searchable, and otherwise meet the standards of the Federal Bureau of Investigation for criminal history databases maintained by State and local governments.
- (c) CERTIFICATION.—The Secretary shall annually submit to the Committee on Homeland Security and the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs and the Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate a certification that each database referred to in subsection (b) which the Secretary accessed or sought to access pursuant to this section met the standards described in subsection (b).

#### SEC. 120. PROHIBITED IDENTIFICATION DOCU-MENTS AT AIRPORT SECURITY CHECKPOINTS; NOTIFICATION TO IMMIGRATION AGENCIES.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator may not accept as valid proof of identification a prohibited identification document at an airport security checkpoint.
- (b) NOTIFICATION TO IMMIGRATION AGENCIES.—If an individual presents a prohibited identification document to an officer of the Transportation Security Administration at an airport security checkpoint, the Administrator shall promptly notify the Director of U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement, the Director of U.S. Customs and Border Protection, and the head of the appropriate local law enforcement agency to determine whether the individual is in violation of any term of release from the custody of any such agency.
- (c) Entry Into Sterile Areas.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in paragraph (2), if an individual is found to be in violation of any term of release under subsection (b), the Administrator may not permit such individual to enter a sterile area.
- (2) EXCEPTION.—An individual presenting a prohibited identification document under this section may enter a sterile area if the individual—
- (A) is leaving the United States for the purposes of removal or deportation; or
- (B) presents a covered identification document.
- (d) COLLECTION OF BIOMETRIC INFORMATION FROM CERTAIN INDIVIDUALS SEEKING ENTRY INTO THE STERILE AREA OF AN AIRPORT.—Beginning not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall collect biometric information from an individual described in subsection (e) prior to authorizing such individual to enter into a sterile area.
- (e) INDIVIDUAL DESCRIBED.—An individual described in this subsection is an individual who—
- wno—
  (1) is seeking entry into the sterile area of an airport;
- (2) does not present a covered identification document; and
- (3) the Administrator cannot verify is a national of the United States.
- (f) Participation in IDENT.—Beginning not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Administrator, in coordination with the Secretary, shall submit biometric data collected under this section to the Automated Biometric Identification System (IDENT).
  - (g) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) ADMINISTRATOR.—The term "Administrator" means the Administrator of the Transportation Security Administration.
- (2) BIOMETRIC INFORMATION.—The term "biometric information" means any of the following:
  - (A) A fingerprint.
  - (B) A palm print.
  - (C) A photograph, including—
- (i) a photograph of an individual's face for use with facial recognition technology; and
- (ii) a photograph of any physical or anatomical feature, such as a scar, skin mark, or tattoo.
- (D) A signature.
- (E) A voice print.
- (F) An iris image.
- (3) COVERED IDENTIFICATION DOCUMENT.— The term "covered identification document" means any of the following, if the document is valid and unexpired:
- (A) A United States passport or passport card.
- (B) A biometrically secure card issued by a trusted traveler program of the Department of Homeland Security, including—
  - (i) Global Entry;

- (ii) Nexus:
- (iii) Secure Electronic Network for Travelers Rapid Inspection (SENTRI); and
  - (iv) Free and Secure Trade (FAST).
- (C) An identification card issued by the Department of Defense, including such a card issued to a dependent.
- (D) Any document required for admission to the United States under section 211(a) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1181(a)).
- (E) An enhanced driver's license issued by a State.
- (F) A photo identification card issued by a federally recognized Indian Tribe.
- (G) A personal identity verification credential issued in accordance with Homeland Security Presidential Directive 12.
- (H) A driver's license issued by a province of Canada.
- (I) A Secure Certificate of Indian Status issued by the Government of Canada.
- (J) A Transportation Worker Identification Credential.
- $\left(K\right)$  A Merchant Mariner Credential issued by the Coast Guard.
- (L) A Veteran Health Identification Card issued by the Department of Veterans Affairs.
- (M) Any other document the Administrator determines, pursuant to a rulemaking in accordance with section 553 of title 5, United States Code, will satisfy the identity verification procedures of the Transportation Security Administration.
- (4) IMMIGRATION LAWS.—The term "immigration laws" has the meaning given that term in section 101 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101).
- (5) PROHIBITED IDENTIFICATION DOCUMENT.— The term "prohibited identification document" means any of the following (or any applicable successor form):
- $\left(A\right)$  U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement Form I–200, Warrant for Arrest of Alien.
- (B) U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement Form I-205, Warrant of Removal/
- (C) U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement Form I-220A, Order of Release on Recognizance.
- (D) U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement Form I-220B, Order of Supervision.
- (E) Department of Homeland Security Form I-862, Notice to Appear.
- (F) U.S. Customs and Border Protection Form I-94, Arrival/Departure Record (including a print-out of an electronic record).
- (G) Department of Homeland Security Form I-385. Notice to Report.
- (H) Any document that directs an individual to report to the Department of Homeland Security.
- (I) Any Department of Homeland Security work authorization or employment verification document.
- (6) STERILE AREA.—The term "sterile area" has the meaning given that term in section 1540.5 of title 49, Code of Federal Regulations, or any successor regulation.

# SEC. 121. PROHIBITION AGAINST ANY COVID-19 VACCINE MANDATE OR ADVERSE ACTION AGAINST DHS EMPLOYEES.

- (a) LIMITATION ON IMPOSITION OF NEW MAN-DATE.—The Secretary may not issue any COVID-19 vaccine mandate unless Congress expressly authorizes such a mandate.
- (b) PROHIBITION ON ADVERSE ACTION.—The Secretary may not take any adverse action against a Department employee based solely on the refusal of such employee to receive a vaccine for COVID-19.
- (c) REPORT.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall report to the Committee on Homeland Security of the House of Rep-

- resentatives and the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate on the following:
- (1) The number of Department employees who were terminated or resigned due to the COVID-19 vaccine mandate.
- (2) An estimate of the cost to reinstate such employees.
- (3) How the Department would effectuate reinstatement of such employees.
- (d) RETENTION AND DEVELOPMENT OF UNVACCINATED EMPLOYEES.—The Secretary shall make every effort to retain Department employees who are not vaccinated against COVID-19 and provide such employees with professional development, promotion and leadership opportunities, and consideration equal to that of their peers.

## SEC. 122. CBP ONE APP LIMITATION.

- (a) LIMITATION.—The Department may use the CBP One Mobile Application or any other similar program, application, internet-based portal, website, device, or initiative only for inspection of perishable cargo.
- (b) REPORT.—Not later than 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Commissioner shall report to the Committee on Homeland Security of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate the date on which CBP began using CBP One to allow aliens to schedule interviews at land ports of entry, how many aliens have scheduled interviews at land ports of entry using CBP One, the nationalities of such aliens, and the stated final destinations of such aliens within the United States, if any.

#### SEC. 123. REPORT ON MEXICAN DRUG CARTELS.

Not later than 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, Congress shall commission a report that contains the following:

- (1) A national strategy to address Mexican drug cartels, and a determination regarding whether there should be a designation established to address such cartels.
- (2) Information relating to actions by such cartels that causes harm to the United States.

# SEC. 124. GAO STUDY ON COSTS INCURRED BY STATES TO SECURE THE SOUTHWEST BORDER.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General of the United States shall conduct a study to examine the costs incurred by individual States as a result of actions taken by such States in support of the Federal mission to secure the southwest border, and the feasibility of a program to reimburse such States for such costs.
- (b) CONTENTS.—The study required under subsection (a) shall include consideration of the following:
- (1) Actions taken by the Department of Homeland Security that have contributed to costs described in such subsection incurred by States to secure the border in the absence of Federal action, including the termination of the Migrant Protection Protocols and cancellation of border wall construction.
- (2) Actions taken by individual States along the southwest border to secure their borders, and the costs associated with such actions.
- (3) The feasibility of a program within the Department of Homeland Security to reimburse States for the costs incurred in support of the Federal mission to secure the southwest border.

#### SEC. 125. REPORT BY INSPECTOR GENERAL OF THE DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY.

(a) REPORT.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act and annually thereafter for five years, the Inspector General of the Department of Homeland Security shall submit to the Committee on Homeland Security of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate a report examining the economic and security impact of mass migration to municipalities and States along the southwest border. Such report shall include information regarding costs incurred by the following:

- (1) State and local law enforcement to secure the southwest border.
- (2) Public school districts to educate students who are aliens unlawfully present in the United States.
- (3) Healthcare providers to provide care to aliens unlawfully present in the United States who have not paid for such care.
- (4) Farmers and ranchers due to migration impacts to their properties.
- (b) CONSULTATION.—To produce the report required under subsection (a), the Inspector General of the Department of Homeland Security shall consult with the individuals and representatives of the entities described in paragraphs (1) through (4) of such subsection. SEC. 126. OFFSETTING AUTHORIZATIONS OF AP-

PROPRIATIONS.

- (a) OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY AND EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT.—No funds are authorized to be appropriated for the Alternatives to Detention Case Management Pilot Program or the Office of the Immigration Detention Ombudsman for the Office of the Secretary and Emergency Management of the Department of Homeland Security.
- (b) MANAGEMENT DIRECTORATE.—No funds are authorized to be appropriated for electric vehicles or St. Elizabeths campus construction for the Management Directorate of the Department of Homeland Security.
- (c) INTELLIGENCE, ANALYSIS, AND SITUATIONAL AWARENESS.—There is authorized to be appropriated \$216,000,000 for Intelligence, Analysis, and Situational Awareness of the Department of Homeland Security.
- (d) U.S. CUSTOMS AND BORDER PROTECTION.—No funds are authorized to be appropriated for the Shelter Services Program for U.S. Customs and Border Protection.

# SEC. 127. REPORT TO CONGRESS ON FOREIGN TERRORIST ORGANIZATIONS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act and annually thereafter for five years, the Secretary of Homeland Security shall submit to the Committee on Homeland Security of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate an assessment of foreign terrorist organizations attempting to move their members or affiliates into the United States through the southern, northern, or maritime border.

(b) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term "foreign terrorist organization" means an organization described in section 219 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1189).

# SEC. 128. ASSESSMENT BY INSPECTOR GENERAL OF THE DEPARTMENT OF HOME-LAND SECURITY ON THE MITIGATION OF UNMANNED AIRCRAFT SYSTEMS AT THE SOUTHWEST BORDER.

Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Inspector General of the Department of Homeland Security shall submit to the Committee on Homeland Security of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate an assessment of U.S. Customs and Border Protection's ability to mitigate unmanned aircraft systems at the southwest border. Such assessment shall include information regarding any intervention between January 1, 2021, and the date of the enactment of this Act, by any Federal agency affecting in any

manner U.S. Customs and Border Protection's authority to so mitigate such systems.

# DIVISION B—IMMIGRATION ENFORCEMENT AND FOREIGN AFFAIRS TITLE I—ASYLUM REFORM AND BORDER PROTECTION

## SEC. 101. SAFE THIRD COUNTRY.

Section 208(a)(2)(A) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1158(a)(2)(A)) is amended—

- (1) by striking "if the Attorney General determines" and inserting "if the Attorney General or the Secretary of Homeland Security determines—";
- (2) by striking "that the alien may be removed" and inserting the following:
  - "(i) that the alien may be removed";
- (3) by striking ", pursuant to a bilateral or multilateral agreement, to" and inserting "to":
- (4) by inserting "or the Secretary, on a case by case basis," before "finds that";
- (5) by striking the period at the end and inserting "; or"; and
- (6) by adding at the end the following:
- "(ii) that the alien entered, attempted to enter, or arrived in the United States after transiting through at least one country outside the alien's country of citizenship, nationality, or last lawful habitual residence en route to the United States, unless—
- "(I) the alien demonstrates that he or she applied for protection from persecution or torture in at least one country outside the alien's country of citizenship, nationality, or last lawful habitual residence through which the alien transited en route to the United States, and the alien received a final judgment denying the alien protection in each country;
- "(II) the alien demonstrates that he or she was a victim of a severe form of trafficking in which a commercial sex act was induced by force, fraud, or coercion, or in which the person induced to perform such act was under the age of 18 years; or in which the trafficking included the recruitment, harboring, transportation, provision, or obtaining of a person for labor or services through the use of force, fraud, or coercion for the purpose of subjection to involuntary servitude, peonage, debt bondage, or slavery, and was unable to apply for protection from persecution in each country through which the alien transited en route to the United States as a result of such severe form of trafficking; or
- "(III) the only countries through which the alien transited en route to the United States were, at the time of the transit, not parties to the 1951 United Nations Convention relating to the Status of Refugees, the 1967 Protocol Relating to the Status of Refugees, or the United Nations Convention against Torture and Other Cruel, Inhuman or Degrading Treatment or Punishment.".

# SEC. 102. CREDIBLE FEAR INTERVIEWS.

Section 235(b)(1)(B)(v) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1225(b)(1)(B)(v)) is amended by striking "there is a significant possibility" and all that follows, and inserting ", taking into account the credibility of the statements made by the alien in support of the alien's claim, as determined pursuant to section 208(b)(1)(B)(iii), and such other facts as are known to the officer, the alien more likely than not could establish eligibility for asylum under section 208, and it is more likely than not that the statements made by, and on behalf of, the alien in support of the alien's claim are true."

# SEC. 103. CLARIFICATION OF ASYLUM ELIGIBILITY.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 208(b)(1)(A) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1158(b)(1)(A)) is amended by inserting after

"section 101(a)(42)(A)" the following: "(in accordance with the rules set forth in this section), and is eligible to apply for asylum under subsection (a)".

- (b) PLACE OF ARRIVAL.—Section 208(a)(1) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1158(a)(1)) is amended—
- (1) by striking "or who arrives in the United States (whether or not at a designated port of arrival and including an alien who is brought to the United States after having been interdicted in international or United States waters).": and
- United States waters),"; and
  (2) by inserting after "United States" the
  following: "and has arrived in the United
  States at a port of entry (including an alien
  who is brought to the United States after
  having been interdicted in international or
  United States waters),".

## SEC. 104. EXCEPTIONS.

Paragraph (2) of section 208(b) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1158(b)(2)) is amended to read as follows:

- '(2) Exceptions.—
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—Paragraph (1) shall not apply to an alien if the Secretary of Homeland Security or the Attorney General determines that—
- "(i) the alien ordered, incited, assisted, or otherwise participated in the persecution of any person on account of race, religion, nationality, membership in a particular social group, or political opinion:
- "(ii) the alien has been convicted of any felony under Federal, State, tribal, or local law:
- "(iii) the alien has been convicted of any misdemeanor offense under Federal, State, tribal, or local law involving—
- "(I) the unlawful possession or use of an identification document, authentication feature, or false identification document (as those terms and phrases are defined in the jurisdiction where the conviction occurred), unless the alien can establish that the conviction resulted from circumstances showing that—
- "(aa) the document or feature was presented before boarding a common carrier;
- "(bb) the document or feature related to the alien's eligibility to enter the United States;
- "(cc) the alien used the document or feature to depart a country wherein the alien has claimed a fear of persecution; and
- "(dd) the alien claimed a fear of persecution without delay upon presenting himself or herself to an immigration officer upon arrival at a United States port of entry;
- "(II) the unlawful receipt of a Federal public benefit (as defined in section 401(c) of the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996 (8 U.S.C. 1611(c))), from a Federal entity, or the unlawful receipt of similar public benefits from a State, tribal, or local entity; or
- "(III) possession or trafficking of a controlled substance or controlled substance paraphernalia, as those phrases are defined under the law of the jurisdiction where the conviction occurred, other than a single offense involving possession for one's own use of 30 grams or less of marijuana (as marijuana is defined under the law of the jurisdiction where the conviction occurred);
- "(iv) the alien has been convicted of an offense arising under paragraph (1)(A) or (2) of section 274(a), or under section 276;
- "(v) the alien has been convicted of a Federal, State, tribal, or local crime that the Attorney General or Secretary of Homeland Security knows, or has reason to believe, was committed in support, promotion, or furtherance of the activity of a criminal street gang (as defined under the law of the jurisdiction where the conviction occurred or in section 521(a) of title 18, United States Code);

"(vi) the alien has been convicted of an offense for driving while intoxicated or impaired, as those terms are defined under the law of the jurisdiction where the conviction occurred (including a conviction for driving while under the influence of or impaired by alcohol or drugs), without regard to whether the conviction is classified as a misdemeanor or felony under Federal, State, tribal, or local law, in which such intoxicated or impaired driving was a cause of serious bodily injury or death of another person;

"(vii) the alien has been convicted of more than one offense for driving while intoxicated or impaired, as those terms are defined under the law of the jurisdiction where the conviction occurred (including a conviction for driving while under the influence of or impaired by alcohol or drugs), without regard to whether the conviction is classified as a misdemeanor or felony under Federal, State, tribal, or local law;

"(viii) the alien has been convicted of a crime—

"(I) that involves conduct amounting to a crime of stalking:

"(II) of child abuse, child neglect, or child abandonment; or

"(III) that involves conduct amounting to a domestic assault or battery offense, including—

"(aa) a misdemeanor crime of domestic violence, as described in section 921(a)(33) of title 18, United States Code:

"(bb) a crime of domestic violence, as described in section 40002(a)(12) of the Violence Against Women Act of 1994 (34 U.S.C. 12291(a)(12)); or

"(cc) any crime based on conduct in which the alien harassed, coerced, intimidated, voluntarily or recklessly used (or threatened to use) force or violence against, or inflicted physical injury or physical pain, however slight, upon a person—

"(AA) who is a current or former spouse of the alien;

"(BB) with whom the alien shares a child; "(CC) who is cohabitating with, or who has cohabitated with, the alien as a spouse:

"(DD) who is similarly situated to a spouse of the alien under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction where the offense occurred: or

"(EE) who is protected from that alien's acts under the domestic or family violence laws of the United States or of any State, tribal government, or unit of local government:

"(ix) the alien has engaged in acts of battery or extreme cruelty upon a person and the person—

" $(\tilde{I})$  is a current or former spouse of the alien:

"(II) shares a child with the alien;

"(III) cohabitates or has cohabitated with the alien as a spouse;

"(IV) is similarly situated to a spouse of the alien under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction where the offense occurred: or

"(V) is protected from that alien's acts under the domestic or family violence laws of the United States or of any State, tribal government, or unit of local government;

"(x) the alien, having been convicted by a final judgment of a particularly serious crime, constitutes a danger to the community of the United States;

"(xi) there are serious reasons for believing that the alien has committed a serious nonpolitical crime outside the United States prior to the arrival of the alien in the United States:

"(xii) there are reasonable grounds for regarding the alien as a danger to the security of the United States;

"(xiii) the alien is described in subclause (I), (II), (III), (IV), or (VI) of section

212(a)(3)(B)(i) or section 237(a)(4)(B) (relating to terrorist activity), unless, in the case only of an alien inadmissible under subclause (IV) of section 212(a)(3)(B)(i), the Secretary of Homeland Security or the Attorney General determines, in the Secretary's or the Attorney General's discretion, that there are not reasonable grounds for regarding the alien as a danger to the security of the United States;

"(xiv) the alien was firmly resettled in another country prior to arriving in the United States; or

"(xv) there are reasonable grounds for concluding the alien could avoid persecution by relocating to another part of the alien's country of nationality or, in the case of an alien having no nationality, another part of the alien's country of last habitual residence.

"(B) SPECIAL RULES.—

"(i) PARTICULARLY SERIOUS CRIME; SERIOUS NONPOLITICAL CRIME OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES.—

"(I) IN GENERAL.—For purposes of subparagraph (A)(x), the Attorney General or Secretary of Homeland Security, in their discretion, may determine that a conviction constitutes a particularly serious crime based on—

"(aa) the nature of the conviction;

"(bb) the type of sentence imposed; or

"(cc) the circumstances and underlying facts of the conviction.

"(II) DETERMINATION.—In making a determination under subclause (I), the Attorney General or Secretary of Homeland Security may consider all reliable information and is not limited to facts found by the criminal court or provided in the underlying record of conviction

"(III) TREATMENT OF FELONIES.—In making a determination under subclause (I), an alien who has been convicted of a felony (as defined under this section) or an aggravated felony (as defined under section 101(a)(43)), shall be considered to have been convicted of a particularly serious crime.

"(IV) INTERPOL RED NOTICE.—In making a determination under subparagraph (A)(xi), an Interpol Red Notice may constitute reliable evidence that the alien has committed a serious nonpolitical crime outside the United States

"(ii) CRIMES AND EXCEPTIONS.—

"(I) DRIVING WHILE INTOXICATED OR IM-PAIRED.—A finding under subparagraph (A)(vi) does not require the Attorney General or Secretary of Homeland Security to find the first conviction for driving while intoxicated or impaired (including a conviction for driving while under the influence of or impaired by alcohol or drugs) as a predicate offense. The Attorney General or Secretary of Homeland Security need only make a factual determination that the alien previously was convicted for driving while intoxicated or impaired as those terms are defined under the jurisdiction where the conviction occurred (including a conviction for driving while under the influence of or impaired by alcohol or drugs).

"(II) STALKING AND OTHER CRIMES.—In making a determination under subparagraph (A)(viii), including determining the existence of a domestic relationship between the alien and the victim, the underlying conduct of the crime may be considered, and the Attorney General or Secretary of Homeland Security is not limited to facts found by the criminal court or provided in the underlying record of conviction.

''(III) BATTERY OR EXTREME CRUELTY.—In making a determination under subparagraph (A)(ix), the phrase 'battery or extreme cruelty' includes—

"(aa) any act or threatened act of violence, including any forceful detention, which re-

sults or threatens to result in physical or mental injury;

"(bb) psychological or sexual abuse or exploitation, including rape, molestation, incest, or forced prostitution, shall be considered acts of violence; and

"(cc) other abusive acts, including acts that, in and of themselves, may not initially appear violent, but that are a part of an overall pattern of violence.

"(IV) EXCEPTION FOR VICTIMS OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE.—An alien who was convicted of an offense described in clause (viii) or (ix) of subparagraph (A) is not ineligible for asylum on that basis if the alien satisfies the criteria under section 237(a)(7)(A).

"(C) SPECIFIC CIRCUMSTANCES.—Paragraph (1) shall not apply to an alien whose claim is based on—

"(i) personal animus or retribution, including personal animus in which the alleged persecutor has not targeted, or manifested an animus against, other members of an alleged particular social group in addition to the member who has raised the claim at issue:

"(ii) the applicant's generalized disapproval of, disagreement with, or opposition to criminal, terrorist, gang, guerilla, or other non-state organizations absent expressive behavior in furtherance of a discrete cause against such organizations related to control of a State or expressive behavior that is antithetical to the State or a legal unit of the State;

"(iii) the applicant's resistance to recruitment or coercion by guerrilla, criminal, gang, terrorist, or other non-state organizations;

"(iv) the targeting of the applicant for criminal activity for financial gain based on wealth or affluence or perceptions of wealth or affluence;

"(v) the applicant's criminal activity; or

"(vi) the applicant's perceived, past or present, gang affiliation.

"(D) DEFINITIONS AND CLARIFICATIONS.—

"(i) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of this paragraph:

"(I) FELONY.—The term 'felony' means—

"(aa) any crime defined as a felony by the relevant jurisdiction (Federal, State, tribal, or local) of conviction; or

"(bb) any crime punishable by more than one year of imprisonment.

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} ``(II) & MISDEMEANOR.—The & term & `misdemeanor' means— \end{tabular}$ 

"(aa) any crime defined as a misdemeanor by the relevant jurisdiction (Federal, State, tribal, or local) of conviction; or

"(bb) any crime not punishable by more than one year of imprisonment.

"(ii) CLARIFICATIONS.-

"(I) CONSTRUCTION.—For purposes of this paragraph, whether any activity or conviction also may constitute a basis for removal is immaterial to a determination of asylum eligibility.

"(II) ATTEMPT, CONSPIRACY, OR SOLICITA-TION.—For purposes of this paragraph, all references to a criminal offense or criminal conviction shall be deemed to include any attempt, conspiracy, or solicitation to commit the offense or any other inchoate form of the offense.

"(III) EFFECT OF CERTAIN ORDERS.—

"(aa) IN GENERAL.—No order vacating a conviction, modifying a sentence, clarifying a sentence, or otherwise altering a conviction or sentence shall have any effect under this paragraph unless the Attorney General or Secretary of Homeland Security determines that—

"(AA) the court issuing the order had jurisdiction and authority to do so; and

"(BB) the order was not entered for rehabilitative purposes or for purposes of ameliorating the immigration consequences of the conviction or sentence.

"(bb) Ameliorating IMMIGRATION CON-SEQUENCES.—For purposes of item (aa)(BB), the order shall be presumed to be for the purpose of ameliorating immigration consequences if-

"(AA) the order was entered after the initiation of any proceeding to remove the alien from the United States; or

"(BB) the alien moved for the order more than one year after the date of the original order of conviction or sentencing, whichever is later.

"(cc) Authority of immigration judge.— An immigration judge is not limited to consideration only of material included in any order vacating a conviction, modifying a sentence, or clarifying a sentence to determine whether such order should be given any effect under this paragraph, but may consider such additional information as the immigration judge determines appropriate.

"(E) ADDITIONAL LIMITATIONS.—The Secretary of Homeland Security or the Attorney General may by regulation establish additional limitations and conditions, consistent with this section, under which an alien shall be ineligible for asylum under paragraph (1).

(F) No JUDICIAL REVIEW —There shall be no judicial review of a determination of the Secretary of Homeland Security or the Attorney General under subparagraph (A)(xiii)."

## SEC. 105. EMPLOYMENT AUTHORIZATION.

Paragraph (2) of section 208(d) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1158(d)) is amended to read as follows:

"(2) EMPLOYMENT AUTHORIZATION.

"(A) AUTHORIZATION PERMITTED.—An applicant for asylum is not entitled to employment authorization, but such authorization may be provided under regulation by the Secretary of Homeland Security. An applicant who is not otherwise eligible for employment authorization shall not be granted such authorization prior to the date that is 180 days after the date of filing of the application for asylum.

"(B) TERMINATION.—Each grant of employment authorization under subparagraph (A), and any renewal or extension thereof, shall be valid for a period of 6 months, except that such authorization, renewal, or extension shall terminate prior to the end of such 6 month period as follows:

(i) Immediately following the denial of an asylum application by an asylum officer, unless the case is referred to an immigration judge.

"(ii) 30 days after the date on which an immigration judge denies an asylum application, unless the alien timely appeals to the Board of Immigration Appeals.

"(iii) Immediately following the denial by the Board of Immigration Appeals of an appeal of a denial of an asylum application.

"(C) RENEWAL.—The Secretary of Homeland Security may not grant, renew, or extend employment authorization to an alien if the alien was previously granted employment authorization under subparagraph (A), and the employment authorization was terminated pursuant to a circumstance described in subparagraph (B)(i), (ii), or (iii), unless a Federal court of appeals remands the alien's case to the Board of Immigration Appeals.

(D) INELIGIBILITY.—The Secretary Homeland Security may not grant employment authorization to an alien under this paragraph if the alien-

"(i) is ineligible for asylum under subsection (b)(2)(A); or

"(ii) entered or attempted to enter the United States at a place and time other than lawfully through a United States port of entry.'

## SEC. 106. ASYLUM FEES.

Paragraph (3) of section 208(d) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1158(d)) is amended to read as follows:

"(3) FEES.-

"(A) APPLICATION FEE.—A fee of not less than \$50 for each application for asylum shall be imposed. Such fee shall not exceed the cost of adjudicating the application. Such fee shall not apply to an unaccompanied alien child who files an asylum application in proceedings under section 240.

"(B) EMPLOYMENT AUTHORIZATION.—A fee may also be imposed for the consideration of an application for employment authorization under this section and for adjustment of status under section 209(b). Such a fee shall not exceed the cost of adjudicating the applica-

"(C) PAYMENT.—Fees under this paragraph may be assessed and paid over a period of time or by installments.

"(D) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to limit the authority of the Attorney General or Secretary of Homeland Security to set adjudication and naturalization fees in accordance with section 286(m)."

#### SEC. 107. RULES FOR DETERMINING ASYLUM ELI-GIBILITY.

Section 208 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1158) is amended by adding at the end the following:

'(f) Rules for Determining Asylum Eligi-BILITY.—In making a determination under subsection (b)(1)(A) with respect to whether an alien is a refugee within the meaning of section 101(a)(42)(A), the following shall apply:

"(1) PARTICULAR SOCIAL GROUP.—The Secretary of Homeland Security or the Attorney General shall not determine that an alien is a member of a particular social group unless the alien articulates on the record, or provides a basis on the record for determining. the definition and boundaries of the alleged particular social group, establishes that the particular social group exists independently from the alleged persecution, and establishes that the alien's claim of membership in a particular social group does not involve-

"(A) past or present criminal activity or association (including gang membership);

"(B) presence in a country with generalized violence or a high crime rate;

"(C) being the subject of a recruitment effort by criminal, terrorist, or persecutory groups:

"(D) the targeting of the applicant for criminal activity for financial gain based on perceptions of wealth or affluence:

"(E) interpersonal disputes of which governmental authorities in the relevant society or region were unaware or uninvolved:

"(F) private criminal acts of which governmental authorities in the relevant society or region were unaware or uninvolved:

"(G) past or present terrorist activity or association:

"(H) past or present persecutory activity or association; or

"(I) status as an alien returning from the

United States.

"(2) POLITICAL OPINION.—The Secretary of Homeland Security or the Attorney General may not determine that an alien holds a political opinion with respect to which the alien is subject to persecution if the political opinion is constituted solely by generalized disapproval of, disagreement with, or opposition to criminal, terrorist, gang, guerilla, or other non-state organizations and does not include expressive behavior in furtherance of a cause against such organizations related to efforts by the State to control such organizations or behavior that is antithetical to or otherwise opposes the ruling legal entity of the State or a unit thereof.

PERSECUTION.—The Secretary Homeland Security or the Attorney General may not determine that an alien has been subject to persecution or has a well-founded fear of persecution based only on-

"(A) the existence of laws or government policies that are unenforced or infrequently enforced, unless there is credible evidence that such a law or policy has been or would be applied to the applicant personally; or

"(B) the conduct of rogue foreign government officials acting outside the scope of their official capacity.

"(4) Discretionary determination.

"(A) ADVERSE DISCRETIONARY FACTORS.— The Secretary of Homeland Security or the Attorney General may only grant asylum to an alien if the alien establishes that he or she warrants a favorable exercise of discretion. In making such a determination, the Attorney General or Secretary of Homeland Security shall consider, if applicable, an alien's use of fraudulent documents to enter the United States, unless the alien arrived in the United States by air, sea, or land directly from the applicant's home country without transiting through any other coun-

"(B) FAVORABLE EXERCISE OF DISCRETION NOT PERMITTED.—Except as provided in subparagraph (C), the Attorney General or Secretary of Homeland Security shall not favorably exercise discretion under this section for any alien who-

"(i) has accrued more than one year of unlawful presence in the United States, as defined in sections 212(a)(9)(B)(ii) and (iii). prior to filing an application for asylum:

'(ii) at the time the asylum application is filed with the immigration court or is referred from the Department of Homeland Security has-

"(I) failed to timely file (or timely file a request for an extension of time to file) any required Federal, State, or local income tax returns:

"(II) failed to satisfy any outstanding Federal, State, or local tax obligations; or

'(III) income that would result in tax liability under section 1 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 and that was not reported to the Internal Revenue Service:

'(iii) has had two or more prior asylum applications denied for any reason:

'(iv) has withdrawn a prior asylum application with prejudice or been found to have abandoned a prior asylum application:

'(v) failed to attend an interview regarding his or her asylum application with the Department of Homeland Security, unless the alien shows by a preponderance of the evidence that-

"(I) exceptional circumstances prevented the alien from attending the interview; or

"(II) the interview notice was not mailed to the last address provided by the alien or the alien's representative and neither the alien nor the alien's representative received notice of the interview: or

"(vi) was subject to a final order of removal, deportation, or exclusion and did not file a motion to reopen to seek asylum based on changed country conditions within one year of the change in country conditions.

"(C) EXCEPTIONS.-If one or more of the adverse discretionary factors set forth in subparagraph (B) are present, the Attorney General or the Secretary, may, notwithstanding such subparagraph (B), favorably exercise discretion under section 208-

"(i) in extraordinary circumstances, such as those involving national security or foreign policy considerations; or

"(ii) if the alien, by clear and convincing evidence, demonstrates that the denial of the application for asylum would result in exceptional and extremely unusual hardship to the alien.

"(5) LIMITATION.—If the Secretary or the Attorney General determines that an alien fails to satisfy the requirement under paragraph (1), the alien may not be granted asylum based on membership in a particular social group, and may not appeal the determination of the Secretary or Attorney General, as applicable. A determination under this paragraph shall not serve as the basis for any motion to reopen or reconsider an application for asylum or withholding of removal for any reason, including a claim of ineffective assistance of counsel, unless the alien complies with the procedural requirements for such a motion and demonstrates that counsel's failure to define, or provide a basis for defining, a formulation of a particular social group was both not a strategic choice and constituted egregious conduct.

"(6) STEREOTYPES.—Evidence offered in support of an application for asylum that promotes cultural stereotypes about a country, its inhabitants, or an alleged persecutor, including stereotypes based on race, religion, nationality, or gender, shall not be admissible in adjudicating that application, except that evidence that an alleged persecutor holds stereotypical views of the applicant shall be admissible

"(7) Definitions.—In this section:

- "(A) The term 'membership in a particular social group' means membership in a group that is—
- "(i) composed of members who share a common immutable characteristic;
- "(ii) defined with particularity; and
- "(iii) socially distinct within the society in question.
- "(B) The term 'political opinion' means an ideal or conviction in support of the furtherance of a discrete cause related to political control of a state or a unit thereof.
- "(C) The term 'persecution' means the infliction of a severe level of harm constituting an exigent threat by the government of a country or by persons or an organization that the government was unable or unwilling to control. Such term does not include—
- "(i) generalized harm or violence that arises out of civil, criminal, or military strife in a country;
- "(ii) all treatment that the United States regards as unfair, offensive, unjust, unlawful, or unconstitutional;
- "(iii) intermittent harassment, including brief detentions;
- "(iv) threats with no actual effort to carry out the threats, except that particularized threats of severe harm of an immediate and menacing nature made by an identified entity may constitute persecution; or
- "(v) non-severe economic harm or property damage.".

# SEC. 108. FIRM RESETTLEMENT.

Section 208 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1158), as amended by this title, is further amended by adding at the end the following:

"(g) FIRM RESETTLEMENT.—In determining whether an alien was firmly resettled in another country prior to arriving in the United States under subsection (b)(2)(A)(xiv), the following shall apply:

- "(1) IN GENERAL.—An alien shall be considered to have firmly resettled in another country if, after the events giving rise to the alien's asylum claim—
- "(A) the alien resided in a country through which the alien transited prior to arriving in or entering the United States and—
- "(i) received or was eligible for any permanent legal immigration status in that country;
- "(ii) resided in such a country with any non-permanent but indefinitely renewable

legal immigration status (including asylee, refugee, or similar status, but excluding status of a tourist); or

"(iii) resided in such a country and could have applied for and obtained an immigration status described in clause (ii);

"(B) the alien physically resided voluntarily, and without continuing to suffer persecution or torture, in any one country for one year or more after departing his country of nationality or last habitual residence and prior to arrival in or entry into the United States, except for any time spent in Mexico by an alien who is not a native or citizen of Mexico solely as a direct result of being returned to Mexico pursuant to section 235(b)(3) or of being subject to metering; or

"(C) the alien is a citizen of a country other than the country in which the alien alleges a fear of persecution, or was a citizen of such a country in the case of an alien who renounces such citizenship, and the alien was present in that country after departing his country of nationality or last habitual residence and prior to arrival in or entry into the United States.

"(2) BURDEN OF PROOF.—If an immigration judge determines that an alien has firmly resettled in another country under paragraph (1), the alien shall bear the burden of proving the bar does not apply.

"(3) FIRM RESETTLEMENT OF PARENT.—An alien shall be presumed to have been firmly resettled in another country if the alien's parent was firmly resettled in another country, the parent's resettlement occurred before the alien turned 18 years of age, and the alien resided with such parent at the time of the firm resettlement, unless the alien establishes that he or she could not have derived any permanent legal immigration status or any non-permanent but indefinitely renewable legal immigration status (including asylum, refugee, or similar status, but excluding status of a tourist) from the alien's parent."

## SEC. 109. NOTICE CONCERNING FRIVOLOUS ASY-LUM APPLICATIONS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 208(d)(4) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1158(d)(4)) is amended—
- (1) in the matter preceding subparagraph (A), by inserting "the Secretary of Homeland Security or" before "the Attorney General";
- (2) in subparagraph (A), by striking "and of the consequences, under paragraph (6), of knowingly filing a frivolous application for asylum; and" and inserting a semicolon;
- (3) in subparagraph (B), by striking the period and inserting "; and"; and
- (4) by adding at the end the following:
- "(C) ensure that a written warning appears on the asylum application advising the alien of the consequences of filing a frivolous application and serving as notice to the alien of the consequence of filing a frivolous application."
- (b) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Section 208(d)(6) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1158(d)(6)) is amended by striking "If the" and all that follows and inserting:
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—If the Secretary of Homeland Security or the Attorney General determines that an alien has knowingly made a frivolous application for asylum and the alien has received the notice under paragraph (4)(C), the alien shall be permanently ineligible for any benefits under this chapter, effective as the date of the final determination of such an application.

"(B) CRITERIA.—An application is frivolous if the Secretary of Homeland Security or the Attorney General determines, consistent with subparagraph (C), that—

"(1) it is so insufficient in substance that it is clear that the applicant knowingly filed the application solely or in part to delay removal from the United States, to seek employment authorization as an applicant for asylum pursuant to regulations issued pursuant to paragraph (2), or to seek issuance of a Notice to Appear in order to pursue Cancellation of Removal under section 240A(b); or

"(ii) any of the material elements are knowingly fabricated.

"(C) SUFFICIENT OPPORTUNITY TO CLARIFY.— In determining that an application is frivolous, the Secretary or the Attorney General, must be satisfied that the applicant, during the course of the proceedings, has had sufficient opportunity to clarify any discrepancies or implausible aspects of the claim.

"(D) WITHHOLDING OF REMOVAL NOT PRE-CLUDED.—For purposes of this section, a finding that an alien filed a frivolous asylum application shall not preclude the alien from seeking withholding of removal under section 241(b)(3) or protection pursuant to the Convention Against Torture."

## SEC. 110. TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS.

Section 208 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1158) is amended—

- (1) in subsection (a)-
- (A) in paragraph (2)(D), by inserting "Secretary of Homeland Security or the" before "Attorney General"; and
- (B) in paragraph (3), by inserting "Secretary of Homeland Security or the" before "Attorney General";
  - (2) in subsection (c)—
- (A) in paragraph (1), by striking "Attorney General" each place such term appears and inserting "Secretary of Homeland Security";
- (B) in paragraph (2), in the matter preceding subparagraph (A), by inserting "Secretary of Homeland Security or the" before "Attorney General"; and
- (C) in paragraph (3), by inserting "Secretary of Homeland Security or the" before "Attorney General"; and
  - (3) in subsection (d)—
- (A) in paragraph (1), by inserting "Secretary of Homeland Security or the" before "Attorney General" each place such term appears; and
  - (B) in paragraph (5)—
- (i) in subparagraph (A), by striking "Attorney General" and inserting "Secretary of Homeland Security"; and
- (ii) in subparagraph (B), by inserting "Secretary of Homeland Security or the" before "Attorney General".

#### SEC. 111. REQUIREMENT FOR PROCEDURES RE-LATING TO CERTAIN ASYLUM APPLI-CATIONS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Attorney General shall establish procedures to expedite the adjudication of asylum applications for aliens—
- (1) who are subject to removal proceedings under section 240 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1229a); and
- (2) who are nationals of a Western Hemisphere country sanctioned by the United States, as described in subsection (b), as of January 1, 2023.
- (b) WESTERN HEMISPHERE COUNTRY SANCTIONED BY THE UNITED STATES DESCRIBED.—Subsection (a) shall apply only to an asylum application filed by an alien who is a national of a Western Hemisphere country subject to sanctions pursuant to—
- (1) the Cuban Liberty and Democratic Solidarity (LIBERTAD) Act of 1996 (22 U.S.C. 6021 note);
- (2) the Reinforcing Nicaragua's Adherence to Conditions for Electoral Reform Act of 2021 or the RENACER Act (50 U.S.C. 1701 note); or
- (3) Executive Order 13692 (80 Fed. Reg. 12747; declaring a national emergency with respect to the situation in Venezuela).
- (c) APPLICABILITY.—This section shall only apply to an alien who files an application for

asylum after the date of the enactment of this Act.

# TITLE II—BORDER SAFETY AND MIGRANT PROTECTION

# SEC. 201. INSPECTION OF APPLICANTS FOR ADMISSION.

Section 235 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1225) is amended—

- (1) in subsection (b)—
- (A) in paragraph (1)—
- (i) in subparagraph (A)-
- (I) in clauses (i) and (ii), by striking "section 212(a)(6)(C)" and inserting "subparagraph (A) or (C) of section 212(a)(6)"; and
  - (II) by adding at the end the following:
- "(iv) INELIGIBILITY FOR PAROLE.—An alien described in clause (i) or (ii) shall not be eligible for parole except as expressly authorized pursuant to section 212(d)(5), or for parole or release pursuant to section 236(a)."; and
  - (ii) in subparagraph (B)-
- (I) in clause (ii), by striking "asylum." and inserting "asylum and shall not be released (including pursuant to parole or release pursuant to section 236(a) but excluding as expressly authorized pursuant to section 212(d)(5)) other than to be removed or returned to a country as described in paragraph (3)."; and
  - (II) in clause (iii)(IV)—
- (aa) in the header by striking "DETENTION" and inserting "DETENTION, RETURN, OR REMOVAL"; and
- (bb) by adding at the end the following: "The alien shall not be released (including pursuant to parole or release pursuant to section 236(a) but excluding as expressly authorized pursuant to section 212(d)(5)) other than to be removed or returned to a country as described in paragraph (3).";
  - (B) in paragraph (2)—
  - (i) in subparagraph (A)—
- (I) by striking "Subject to subparagraphs (B) and (C)," and inserting "Subject to subparagraph (B) and paragraph (3),"; and
- (II) by adding at the end the following: "The alien shall not be released (including pursuant to parole or release pursuant to section 236(a) but excluding as expressly authorized pursuant to section 212(d)(5)) other than to be removed or returned to a country as described in paragraph (3)."; and
  - (ii) by striking subparagraph (C);
- (C) by redesignating paragraph (3) as paragraph (5); and
- (D) by inserting after paragraph (2) the following:
- "(3) RETURN TO FOREIGN TERRITORY CONTIG-UOUS TO THE UNITED STATES.—
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Homeland Security may return to a foreign territory contiguous to the United States any alien arriving on land from that territory (whether or not at a designated port of entry) pending a proceeding under section 240 or review of a determination under subsection (b)(1)(B)(iii)(III).
- "(B) MANDATORY RETURN.—If at any time the Secretary of Homeland Security cannot—
- ''(i) comply with its obligations to detain an alien as required under clauses (ii) and (iii)(IV) of subsection (b)(1)(B) and subsection (b)(2)(A); or
- "(ii) remove an alien to a country described in section 208(a)(2)(A),

the Secretary of Homeland Security shall, without exception, including pursuant to parole or release pursuant to section 236(a) but to section 212(d)(5), return to a foreign territory contiguous to the United States any alien arriving on land from that territory (whether or not at a designated port of entry) pending a proceeding under section 240 or review of a determination under subsection (b)(1)(B)(iii)(III).

- "(4) ENFORCEMENT BY STATE ATTORNEYS GENERAL.—The attorney general of a State, or other authorized State officer, alleging a violation of the detention, return, or removal requirements under paragraph (1), (2), or (3) that affects such State or its residents, may bring an action against the Secretary of Homeland Security on behalf of the residents of the State in an appropriate United States district court to obtain appropriate injunctive relief."; and
- (2) by adding at the end the following:
- (e) AUTHORITY TO PROHIBIT INTRODUCTION OF CERTAIN ALIENS.—If the Secretary of Homeland Security determines, in his discretion, that the prohibition of the introduction of aliens who are inadmissible under subparagraph (A) or (C) of section 212(a)(6) or under section 212(a)(7) at an international land or maritime border of the United States is necessary to achieve operational control (as defined in section 2 of the Secure Fence Act of 2006 (8 U.S.C. 1701 note)) of such border, the Secretary may prohibit, in whole or in part, the introduction of such aliens at such border for such period of time as the Secretary determines is necessary for such purpose.

# SEC. 202. OPERATIONAL DETENTION FACILITIES.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than September 30, 2023, the Secretary of Homeland Security shall take all necessary actions to reopen or restore all U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement detention facilities that were in operation on January 20, 2021, that subsequently closed or with respect to which the use was altered, reduced, or discontinued after January 20, 2021. In carrying out the requirement under this subsection, the Secretary may use the authority under section 103(a)(11) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1103(a)(11)).
- (b) SPECIFIC FACILITIES.—The requirement under subsection (a) shall include at a minimum, reopening, or restoring, the following facilities:
- (1) Irwin County Detention Center in Georgia.
- (2) C. Carlos Carreiro Immigration Detention Center in Bristol County, Massachu-
- (3) Etowah County Detention Center in Gadsden, Alabama.
- (4) Glades County Detention Center in Moore Haven, Florida.
  - (5) South Texas Family Residential Center.
  - (c) EXCEPTION.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in paragraphs (2) and (3), the Secretary of Homeland Security is authorized to obtain equivalent capacity for detention facilities at locations other than those listed in subsection (b).
- (2) LIMITATION.—The Secretary may not take action under paragraph (1) unless the capacity obtained would result in a reduction of time and cost relative to the cost and time otherwise required to obtain such capacity.
- (3) SOUTH TEXAS FAMILY RESIDENTIAL CENTER.—The exception under paragraph (1) shall not apply to the South Texas Family Residential Center. The Secretary shall take all necessary steps to modify and operate the South Texas Family Residential Center in the same manner and capability it was operating on January 20, 2021.
- (d) PERIODIC REPORT.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and every 90 days thereafter until September 30, 2027, the Secretary of Homeland Security shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a detailed plan for and a status report on—
- (1) compliance with the deadline under subsection (a);
- (2) the increase in detention capabilities required by this section—

- (A) for the 90-day period immediately preceding the date such report is submitted; and
- (B) for the period beginning on the first day of the fiscal year during which the report is submitted, and ending on the date such report is submitted;
- (3) the number of detention beds that were used and the number of available detention beds that were not used during—
- (A) the 90-day period immediately preceding the date such report is submitted; and
- (B) the period beginning on the first day of the fiscal year during which the report is submitted, and ending on the date such report is submitted;
- (4) the number of aliens released due to a lack of available detention beds; and
- (5) the resources the Department of Homeland Security needs in order to comply with the requirements under this section.
- (e) NOTIFICATION.—The Secretary of Homeland Security shall notify Congress, and include with such notification a detailed description of the resources the Department of Homeland Security needs in order to detail all aliens whose detention is mandatory or nondiscretionary under the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101 et seq.)—
- (1) not later than 5 days after all U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement detention facilities reach 90 percent of capacity;
- (2) not later than 5 days after all U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement detention facilities reach 95 percent of capacity; and
- (3) not later than 5 days after all U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement detention facilities reach full capacity.
- (f) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES.—In this section, the term "appropriate congressional committees" means—
- (1) the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives;
- (2) the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives;
- (3) the Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate; and
- (4) the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate.

# TITLE III—PREVENTING UNCONTROLLED MIGRATION FLOWS IN THE WESTERN HEMISPHERE

#### SEC. 301. UNITED STATES POLICY REGARDING WESTERN HEMISPHERE COOPERA-TION ON IMMIGRATION AND ASY-LUM.

It is the policy of the United States to enter into agreements, accords, and memoranda of understanding with countries in the Western Hemisphere, the purposes of which are to advance the interests of the United States by reducing costs associated with illegal immigration and to protect the human capital, societal traditions, and economic growth of other countries in the Western Hemisphere. It is further the policy of the United States to ensure that humanitarian and development assistance funding aimed at reducing illegal immigration is not expended on programs that have not proven to reduce illegal immigrant flows in the aggregate.

# SEC. 302. NEGOTIATIONS BY SECRETARY OF STATE.

(a) AUTHORIZATION TO NEGOTIATE.—The Secretary of State shall seek to negotiate agreements, accords, and memoranda of understanding between the United States, Mexico, Honduras, El Salvador, Guatemala, and other countries in the Western Hemisphere with respect to cooperation and burden sharing required for effective regional immigration enforcement, expediting legal claims by aliens for asylum, and the processing, detention, and repatriation of foreign nationals seeking to enter the United States unlawfully. Such agreements shall be designed to

facilitate a regional approach to immigration enforcement and shall, at a minimum, provide that—

- (1) the Government of Mexico authorize and accept the rapid entrance into Mexico of nationals of countries other than Mexico who seek asylum in Mexico, and process the asylum claims of such nationals inside Mexico, in accordance with both domestic law and international treaties and conventions governing the processing of asylum claims;
- (2) the Government of Mexico authorize and accept both the rapid entrance into Mexico of all nationals of countries other than Mexico who are ineligible for asylum in Mexico and wish to apply for asylum in the United States, whether or not at a port of entry, and the continued presence of such nationals in Mexico while they wait for the adjudication of their asylum claims to conclude in the United States;
- (3) the Government of Mexico commit to provide the individuals described in paragraphs (1) and (2) with appropriate humanitarian protections;
- (4) the Government of Honduras, the Government of El Salvador, and the Government of Guatemala each authorize and accept the entrance into the respective countries of nationals of other countries seeking asylum in the applicable such country and process such claims in accordance with applicable domestic law and international treaties and conventions governing the processing of asylum claims:
- (5) the Government of the United States commit to work to accelerate the adjudication of asylum claims and to conclude removal proceedings in the wake of asylum adjudications as expeditiously as possible:
- (6) the Government of the United States commit to continue to assist the governments of countries in the Western Hemisphere, such as the Government of Honduras, the Government of El Salvador, and the Government of Guatemala, by supporting the enhancement of asylum capacity in those countries; and
- (7) the Government of the United States commit to monitoring developments in hemispheric immigration trends and regional asylum capabilities to determine whether additional asylum cooperation agreements are warranted.
- (b) NOTIFICATION IN ACCORDANCE WITH CASE-ZABLOCKI ACT.—The Secretary of State shall, in accordance with section 112b of title 1, United States Code, promptly inform the relevant congressional committees of each agreement entered into pursuant to subsection (a). Such notifications shall be submitted not later than 48 hours after such agreements are signed.
- (c) ALIEN DEFINED.—In this section, the term "alien" has the meaning given such term in section 101 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101).

# SEC. 303. MANDATORY BRIEFINGS ON UNITED STATES EFFORTS TO ADDRESS THE BORDER CRISIS.

- (a) BRIEFING REQUIRED.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and not less frequently than once every 90 days thereafter until the date described in subsection (b), the Secretary of State, or the designee of the Secretary of State, shall provide to the appropriate congressional committees an in-person briefing on efforts undertaken pursuant to the negotiation authority provided by section 302 of this title to monitor, deter, and prevent illegal immigration to the United States, including by entering into agreements, accords, and memoranda of understanding with foreign countries and by using United States foreign assistance to stem the root causes of migration in the Western Hemisphere.
- (b) TERMINATION OF MANDATORY BRIEF-ING.—The date described in this subsection is

the date on which the Secretary of State, in consultation with the heads of other relevant Federal departments and agencies, determines and certifies to the appropriate congressional committees that illegal immigration flows have subsided to a manageable rate

(c) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES DEFINED.—In this section, the term "appropriate congressional committees" means the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate.

# TITLE IV—ENSURING UNITED FAMILIES AT THE BORDER

# SEC. 401. CLARIFICATION OF STANDARDS FOR FAMILY DETENTION.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 235 of the William Wilberforce Trafficking Victims Protection Reauthorization Act of 2008 (8 U.S.C. 1232) is amended by adding at the end the following:
- "(j) CONSTRUCTION.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, judicial determination, consent decree, or settlement agreement, the detention of any alien child who is not an unaccompanied alien child shall be governed by sections 217, 235, 236, and 241 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1187, 1225, 1226, and 1231). There is no presumption that an alien child who is not an unaccompanied alien child should not be detained.
- ``(2) Family detention.—The Secretary of Homeland Security shall—
- "(A) maintain the care and custody of an alien, during the period during which the charges described in clause (i) are pending, who—
- "(i) is charged only with a misdemeanor offense under section 275(a) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1325(a)); and
- "(ii) entered the United States with the alien's child who has not attained 18 years of age; and
- "(B) detain the alien with the alien's child"
- (b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that the amendments in this section to section 235 of the William Wilberforce Trafficking Victims Protection Reauthorization Act of 2008 (8 U.S.C. 1232) are intended to satisfy the requirements of the Settlement Agreement in Flores v. Meese, No. 85–4544 (C.D. Cal), as approved by the court on January 28, 1997, with respect to its interpretation in Flores v. Johnson, 212 F. Supp. 3d 864 (C.D. Cal. 2015), that the agreement applies to accompanied minors.
- (c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendment made by subsection (a) shall take effect on the date of the enactment of this Act and shall apply to all actions that occur before, on, or after such date.
- (d) PREEMPTION OF STATE LICENSING REQUIREMENTS.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, judicial determination, consent decree, or settlement agreement, no State may require that an immigration detention facility used to detain children who have not attained 18 years of age, or families consisting of one or more of such children and the parents or legal guardians of such children, that is located in that State, be licensed by the State or any political subdivision thereof.

# TITLE V—PROTECTION OF CHILDREN SEC. 501. FINDINGS.

Congress makes the following findings:

(1) Implementation of the provisions of the Trafficking Victims Protection Reauthorization Act of 2008 that govern unaccompanied alien children has incentivized multiple surges of unaccompanied alien children arriving at the southwest border in the years since the bill's enactment.

- (2) The provisions of the Trafficking Victims Protection Reauthorization Act of 2008 that govern unaccompanied alien children treat unaccompanied alien children from countries that are contiguous to the United States disparately by swiftly returning them to their home country absent indications of trafficking or a credible fear of return, but allowing for the release of unaccompanied alien children from noncontiguous countries into the interior of the United States, often to those individuals who paid to smuggle them into the country in the first place.
- (3) The provisions of the Trafficking Victims Protection Reauthorization Act of 2008 governing unaccompanied alien children have enriched the cartels, who profit hundreds of millions of dollars each year by smuggling unaccompanied alien children to the southwest border, exploiting and sexually abusing many such unaccompanied alien children on the perilous journey.
- (4) Prior to 2008, the number of unaccompanied alien children encountered at the southwest border never exceeded 1,000 in a single year.
- (5) The United States is currently in the midst of the worst crisis of unaccompanied alien children in our Nation's history, with over 350,000 such unaccompanied alien children encountered at the southwest border since Joe Biden became President.
- (6) In 2022, during the Biden Administration, 152,057 unaccompanied alien children were encountered, the most ever in a single year and an over 400 percent increase compared to the last full fiscal year of the Trump Administration in which 33,239 unaccompanied alien children were encountered.
- (7) The Biden Administration has lost contact with at least 85,000 unaccompanied alien children who entered the United States since Joe Biden took office.
- (8) The Biden Administration dismantled effective safeguards put in place by the Trump Administration that protected unaccompanied alien children from being abused by criminals or exploited for illegal and dangerous child labor.
- (9) A recent New York Times investigation found that unaccompanied alien children are being exploited in the labor market and "are ending up in some of the most punishing jobs in the country."
- (10) The Times investigation found unaccompanied alien children, "under intense pressure to earn money" in order to "send cash back to their families while often being in debt to their sponsors for smuggling fees, rent, and living expenses," feared "that they had become trapped in circumstances they never could have imagined."
- (11) The Biden Administration's Department of Health and Human Services Secretary Xavier Becerra compared placing unaccompanied alien children with sponsors, to widgets in an assembly line, stating that, "If Henry Ford had seen this in his plant, he would have never become famous and rich. This is not the way you do an assembly line.".
- (12) Department of Health and Human Services employees working under Secretary Xavier Becerra's leadership penned a July 2021 memorandum expressing serious concern that "labor trafficking was increasing" and that the agency had become "one that rewards individuals for making quick releases, and not one that rewards individuals for preventing unsafe releases.".
- (13) Despite this, Secretary Xavier Becerra pressured then-Director of the Office of Refugee Resettlement Cindy Huang to prioritize releases of unaccompanied alien children over ensuring their safety, telling her "if she could not increase the number of discharges he would find someone who could" and then-Director Huang resigned one month later.

- (14) In June 2014, the Obama-Biden Administration requested legal authority to exercise discretion in returning and removing unaccompanied alien children from non-contiguous countries back to their home coun-
- (15) In August 2014, the House of Representatives passed H.R. 5320, which included the Protection of Children Act.
- (16) This title ends the disparate policies of the Trafficking Victims Protection Reauthorization Act of 2008 by ensuring the swift return of all unaccompanied alien children to their country of origin if they are not victims of trafficking and do not have a fear of return.

#### SEC. 502. REPATRIATION OF UNACCOMPANIED ALIEN CHILDREN.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 235 of the William Wilberforce Trafficking Victims Protection Reauthorization Act of 2008 (8 U.S.C. 1232) is amended—
  - (1) in subsection (a)—
- (A) in paragraph (2)—
- (i) by amending the heading to read as follows: "Rules for unaccompanied alien chil-DREN.—'':
  - (ii) in subparagraph (A)-
- (I) in the matter preceding clause (i), by striking "who is a national or habitual resident of a country that is contiguous with the United States":
- (II) in clause (i), by inserting "and" at the end:
- (III) in clause (ii), by striking "; and" and inserting a period; and
- (IV) by striking clause (iii); and
- (iii) in subparagraph (B)-
- (I) in the matter preceding clause (i), by striking "(8 U.S.C. 1101 et seq.) mayinserting "(8 U.S.C. 1101 et seq.)—
- (II) in clause (i), by inserting before "permit such child to withdraw" the following: 'may''; and
- (III) in clause (ii), by inserting before "return such child" the following: "shall"; and
  - (B) in paragraph (5)(D)-
- (i) in the matter preceding clause (i), by striking ", except for an unaccompanied alien child from a contiguous country subject to exceptions under subsection (a)(2)," and inserting "who does not meet the criteria listed in paragraph (2)(A)"; and
- (ii) in clause (i), by inserting before the semicolon at the end the following: ", which shall include a hearing before an immigration judge not later than 14 days after being screened under paragraph (4)";
  - (2) in subsection (b)—
  - (A) in paragraph (2)—
- (i) in subparagraph (A), by inserting before the semicolon the following: "believed not to meet the criteria listed in subsection (a)(2)(A)"; and
- (ii) in subparagraph (B), by inserting before the period the following: "and does not meet the criteria listed in subsection (a)(2)(A)"; and
- (B) in paragraph (3), by striking "an unaccompanied alien child in custody shall" and all that follows, and inserting the following: "an unaccompanied alien child in custody—
- "(A) in the case of a child who does not meet the criteria listed in subsection (a)(2)(A), shall transfer the custody of such child to the Secretary of Health and Human Services not later than 30 days after determining that such child is an unaccompanied alien child who does not meet such criteria;
- "(B) in the case of a child who meets the criteria listed in subsection (a)(2)(A), may transfer the custody of such child to the Secretary of Health and Human Services after determining that such child is an unaccompanied alien child who meets such criteria."; and
  - (3) in subsection (c)—

- (A) in paragraph (3), by inserting at the end the following:
- "(D) Information about individuals with WHOM CHILDREN ARE PLACED.-
- "(i) Information to be provided to home-LAND SECURITY.—Before placing a child with an individual, the Secretary of Health and Human Services shall provide to the Secretary of Homeland Security, regarding the individual with whom the child will be placed, information on-
  - (I) the name of the individual;
- "(II) the social security number of the individual;
  - "(III) the date of birth of the individual;
- "(IV) the location of the individual's residence where the child will be placed;
- (V) the immigration status of the individual, if known; and
- "(VI) contact information for the individual
- "(ii) ACTIVITIES OF THE SECRETARY OF HOMELAND SECURITY.—Not later than 30 days after receiving the information listed in clause (i), the Secretary of Homeland Security, upon determining that an individual with whom a child is placed is unlawfully present in the United States and not in removal proceedings pursuant to chapter 4 of title II of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1221 et seq.), shall initiate such removal proceedings."; and
  - (B) in paragraph (5)-
- (i) by inserting after "to the greatest extent practicable" the following: "(at no expense to the Government)"; and
- (ii) by striking "have counsel to represent them" and inserting "have access to counsel to represent them".
- (b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall apply to any unaccompanied alien child (as such term is defined in section 462(g) of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 279(g))) apprehended on or after the date that is 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.

#### SEC. 503. SPECIAL IMMIGRANT JUVENILE STATUS FOR IMMIGRANTS UNABLE TO RE-UNITE WITH EITHER PARENT.

Section 101(a)(27)(J) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(27)(J))

- (1) in clause (i), by striking ", and whose reunification with 1 or both of the immigrant's parents is not viable due to abuse, neglect, abandonment, or a similar basis found under State law"; and
  - (2) in clause (iii)-
- (A) in subclause (I), by striking "and" at the end:
- (B) in subclause (II), by inserting "and" after the semicolon; and
  - (C) by adding at the end the following:
- '(III) an alien may not be granted special immigrant status under this subparagraph if the alien's reunification with any one parent or legal guardian is not precluded by abuse. neglect, abandonment, or any similar cause under State law;".

# SEC. 504. RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.

Nothing in this title shall be construed to limit the following procedures or practices relating to an unaccompanied alien child (as defined in section 462(g)(2) of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 279(g)(2))):

- (1) Screening of such a child for a credible fear of return to his or her country of origin.
- (2) Screening of such a child to determine whether he or she was a victim of traf-
- (3) Department of Health and Human Services policy in effect on the date of the enactment of this Act requiring a home study for such a child if he or she is under 12 years of age.

# TITLE VI-VISA OVERSTAYS PENALTIES SEC. 601. EXPANDED PENALTIES FOR ILLEGAL ENTRY OR PRESENCE.

Section 275 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1325) is amended-

- (1) in subsection (a) by inserting after "for a subsequent commission of any such offense" the following: "or if the alien was previously convicted of an offense under subsection (e)(2)(A)":
  - (2) in subsection (b)—
- (A) in paragraph (1), by striking "at least \$50 and not more than \$250" and inserting "not less than \$500 and not more than \$1,000": and
- (B) in paragraph (2), by inserting after "in the case of an alien who has been previously subject to a civil penalty under this subsection" the following: "or subsection (e)(2)(B)"; and
  - (3) by adding at the end the following: "(e) VISA OVERSTAYS.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL, -An alien who was admitted as a nonimmigrant has violated this paragraph if the alien, for an aggregate of 10 days or more, has failed-
- '(A) to maintain the nonimmigrant status in which the alien was admitted, or to which it was changed under section 248, including complying with the period of stay authorized by the Secretary of Homeland Security in connection with such status; or
- "(B) to comply otherwise with the conditions of such nonimmigrant status.
- "(2) PENALTIES.—An alien who has violated paragraph (1)-
  - "(A) shall-
- "(i) for the first commission of such a violation, be fined under title 18, United States Code, or imprisoned not more than 6 months, or both: and
- "(ii) for a subsequent commission of such a violation, or if the alien was previously convicted of an offense under subsection (a), be fined under such title 18, or imprisoned not more than 2 years, or both; and
- "(B) in addition to, and not in lieu of, any penalty under subparagraph (A) and any other criminal or civil penalties that may be imposed, shall be subject to a civil penalty
- "(i) not less than \$500 and not more than \$1,000 for each violation; or
- '(ii) twice the amount specified in clause (i), in the case of an alien who has been previously subject to a civil penalty under this subparagraph or subsection (b).

## TITLE VII—IMMIGRATION PAROLE REFORM

# SEC. 701. IMMIGRATION PAROLE REFORM.

Section 212(d)(5) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1182(d)(5)) is amended to read as follows:

- "(5)(A) Except as provided in subparagraphs (B) and (C) and section 214(f), the Secretary of Homeland Security, in the discretion of the Secretary, may temporarily parole into the United States any alien applying for admission to the United States who is not present in the United States, under such conditions as the Secretary may prescribe, on a case-by-case basis, and not according to eligibility criteria describing an entire class of potential parole recipients, for urgent humanitarian reasons or significant public benefit. Parole granted under this subparagraph may not be regarded as an admission of the alien. When the purposes of such parole have been served in the opinion of the Secretary, the alien shall immediately return or be returned to the custody from which the alien was paroled. After such return, the case of the alien shall be dealt with in the same manner as the case of any other applicant for admission to the United States.
- (B) The Secretary of Homeland Security may grant parole to any alien who-

- "(i) is present in the United States without lawful immigration status;
- "(ii) is the beneficiary of an approved petition under section 203(a);
- "(iii) is not otherwise inadmissible or removable; and
- "(iv) is the spouse or child of a member of the Armed Forces serving on active duty.
- "(C) The Secretary of Homeland Security may grant parole to any alien—
- "(i) who is a national of the Republic of Cuba and is living in the Republic of Cuba; "(ii) who is the beneficiary of an approved
- petition under section 203(a); "(iii) for whom an immigrant visa is not
- immediately available;
  "(iv) who meets all eligibility require-
- "(iv) who meets all eligibility requirements for an immigrant visa;
- "(v) who is not otherwise inadmissible; and "(vi) who is receiving a grant of parole in furtherance of the commitment of the United States to the minimum level of annual legal migration of Cuban nationals to the United States specified in the U.S.-Cuba Joint Communiqué on Migration, done at New York September 9, 1994, and reaffirmed in the Cuba-United States: Joint Statement on Normalization of Migration, Building on the Agreement of September 9, 1994, done at New York May 2, 1995.
- "(D) The Secretary of Homeland Security may grant parole to an alien who is returned to a contiguous country under section 235(b)(3) to allow the alien to attend the alien's immigration hearing. The grant of parole shall not exceed the time required for the alien's immigration hearing scheduled on the same calendar day as the grant, and to immediately thereafter be escorted back to the contiguous country. A grant of parole under this subparagraph shall not be considered for purposes of determining whether the alien is inadmissible under this Act.
- "(E) For purposes of determining an alien's eligibility for parole under subparagraph (A), an urgent humanitarian reason shall be limited to circumstances in which the alien establishes that—
- ``(i)(I) the alien has a medical emergency; and
- "(II)(aa) the alien cannot obtain necessary treatment in the foreign state in which the alien is residing; or
- "(bb) the medical emergency is life threatening and there is insufficient time for the alien to be admitted to the United States through the normal visa process;
- "(ii) the alien is the parent or legal guardian of an alien described in clause (i) and the alien described in clause (i) is a minor;
- "(iii) the alien is needed in the United States in order to donate an organ or other tissue for transplant and there is insufficient time for the alien to be admitted to the United States through the normal visa proc-
- "(iv) the alien has a close family member in the United States whose death is imminent and the alien could not arrive in the United States in time to see such family member alive if the alien were to be admitted to the United States through the normal visa process:
- "(v) the alien is seeking to attend the funeral of a close family member and the alien could not arrive in the United States in time to attend such funeral if the alien were to be admitted to the United States through the normal visa process:
- "(vi) the alien is an adopted child with an urgent medical condition who is in the legal custody of the petitioner for a final adoption-related visa and whose medical treatment is required before the expected award of a final adoption-related visa; or
- "(vii) the alien is a lawful applicant for adjustment of status under section 245 and is

returning to the United States after temporary travel abroad.

- "(F) For purposes of determining an alien's eligibility for parole under subparagraph (A), a significant public benefit may be determined to result from the parole of an alien only if—
- "(i) the alien has assisted (or will assist, whether knowingly or not) the United States Government in a law enforcement matter;
- "(ii) the alien's presence is required by the Government in furtherance of such law enforcement matter; and
- "(iii) the alien is inadmissible, does not satisfy the eligibility requirements for admission as a nonimmigrant, or there is insufficient time for the alien to be admitted to the United States through the normal visa process.
- "'(G) For purposes of determining an alien's eligibility for parole under subparagraph (A), the term 'case-by-case basis' means that the facts in each individual case are considered and parole is not granted based on membership in a defined class of aliens to be granted parole. The fact that aliens are considered for or granted parole one by one and not as a group is not sufficient to establish that the parole decision is made on a 'case-by-case basis'
- "(H) The Secretary of Homeland Security may not use the parole authority under this paragraph to parole an alien into the United States for any reason or purpose other than those described in subparagraphs (B), (C), (D), (E), and (F).
- "(I) An alien granted parole may not accept employment, except that an alien granted parole pursuant to subparagraph (B) or (C) is authorized to accept employment for the duration of the parole, as evidenced by an employment authorization document issued by the Secretary of Homeland Security
- "(J) Parole granted after a departure from the United States shall not be regarded as an admission of the alien. An alien granted parole, whether as an initial grant of parole or parole upon reentry into the United States, is not eligible to adjust status to lawful permanent residence or for any other immigration benefit if the immigration status the alien had at the time of departure did not authorize the alien to adjust status or to be eligible for such benefit.
- "(K)(i) Except as provided in clauses (ii) and (iii), parole shall be granted to an alien under this paragraph for the shorter of—
- "(I) a period of sufficient length to accomplish the activity described in subparagraph (D), (E), or (F) for which the alien was granted parole; or
  - "(II) 1 year.
- "(ii) Grants of parole pursuant to subparagraph (A) may be extended once, in the discretion of the Secretary, for an additional period that is the shorter of—
- "(I) the period that is necessary to accomplish the activity described in subparagraph (E) or (F) for which the alien was granted parole; or
  - "(II) 1 year.
- "(iii) Aliens who have a pending application to adjust status to permanent residence under section 245 may request extensions of parole under this paragraph, in 1-year increments, until the application for adjustment has been adjudicated. Such parole shall terminate immediately upon the denial of such adjustment application.
- "(L) Not later than 90 days after the last day of each fiscal year, the Secretary of Homeland Security shall submit to the Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate and the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives and make available to the public, a report—
- "(i) identifying the total number of aliens paroled into the United States under this

- paragraph during the previous fiscal year; and
- "(ii) containing information and data regarding all aliens paroled during such fiscal year, including—
  - "(I) the duration of parole;
  - "(II) the type of parole; and
- $\lq\lq(III)$  the current status of the aliens so paroled. $\lq\lq$  .

#### SEC. 702. IMPLEMENTATION.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subsection (b), this title and the amendments made by this title shall take effect on the date that is 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.
- (b) EXCEPTIONS.—Notwithstanding subsection (a), each of the following exceptions apply:
- (1) Any application for parole or advance parole filed by an alien before the date of the enactment of this Act shall be adjudicated under the law that was in effect on the date on which the application was properly filed and any approved advance parole shall remain valid under the law that was in effect on the date on which the advance parole was approved.
- (2) Section 212(d)(5)(J) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as added by section 701 of this title, shall take effect on the date of the enactment of this Act.
- (3) Aliens who were paroled into the United States pursuant to section 212(d)(5)(A) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1182(d)(5)(A)) before January 1, 2023, shall continue to be subject to the terms of parole that were in effect on the date on which their respective parole was approved.

#### SEC. 703. CAUSE OF ACTION.

Any person, State, or local government that experiences financial harm in excess of \$1,000 due to a failure of the Federal Government to lawfully apply the provisions of this title or the amendments made by this title shall have standing to bring a civil action against the Federal Government in an appropriate district court of the United States for appropriate relief.

# SEC. 704. SEVERABILITY.

If any provision of this title or any amendment by this title, or the application of such provision or amendment to any person or circumstance, is held to be unconstitutional, the remainder of this title and the application of such provision or amendment to any other person or circumstance shall not be affected.

# TITLE VIII—LEGAL WORKFORCE

# SEC. 801. EMPLOYMENT ELIGIBILITY VERIFICATION PROCESS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 274A(b) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1324a(b)) is amended to read as follows:
- "(b) EMPLOYMENT ELIGIBILITY VERIFICATION PROCESS.—
- "(1) NEW HIRES, RECRUITMENT, AND REFER-RAL.—The requirements referred to in paragraphs (1)(B) and (3) of subsection (a) are, in the case of a person or other entity hiring, recruiting, or referring an individual for employment in the United States, the following:
- $\lq\lq(A)$  ATTESTATION AFTER EXAMINATION OF DOCUMENTATION.—
- "(i) ATTESTATION.—During the verification period (as defined in subparagraph (E)), the person or entity shall attest, under penalty of perjury and on a form, including electronic format, designated or established by the Secretary by regulation not later than 6 months after the date of the enactment of title VIII of division B of the Secure the Border Act of 2023, that it has verified that the individual is not an unauthorized alien by—
- "(I) obtaining from the individual the individual's social security account number or

United States passport number and recording the number on the form (if the individual claims to have been issued such a number), and, if the individual does not attest to United States nationality under subparagraph (B), obtaining such identification or authorization number established by the Department of Homeland Security for the alien as the Secretary of Homeland Security may specify, and recording such number on the form; and

"(II) examining-

"(aa) a document relating to the individual presenting it described in clause (ii); or

"(bb) a document relating to the individual presenting it described in clause (iii) and a document relating to the individual presenting it described in clause (iv).

"(ii) DOCUMENTS EVIDENCING EMPLOYMENT AUTHORIZATION AND ESTABLISHING IDENTITY.— A document described in this subparagraph is an individual's—

"(I) unexpired United States passport or passport card;

"(II) unexpired permanent resident card that contains a photograph;

"(III) unexpired employment authorization card that contains a photograph;

"(IV) in the case of a nonimmigrant alien authorized to work for a specific employer incident to status, a foreign passport with Form I-94 or Form I-94A, or other documentation as designated by the Secretary specifying the alien's nonimmigrant status as long as the period of status has not yet expired and the proposed employment is not in conflict with any restrictions or limitations identified in the documentation:

"(V) passport from the Federated States of Micronesia (FSM) or the Republic of the Marshall Islands (RMI) with Form I-94 or Form I-94A, or other documentation as designated by the Secretary, indicating nonimmigrant admission under the Compact of Free Association Between the United States and the FSM or RMI; or

"(VI) other document designated by the Secretary of Homeland Security, if the document—

"(aa) contains a photograph of the individual and biometric identification data from the individual and such other personal identifying information relating to the individual as the Secretary of Homeland Security finds, by regulation, sufficient for purposes of this clause;

"(bb) is evidence of authorization of employment in the United States; and

"(cc) contains security features to make it resistant to tampering, counterfeiting, and fraudulent use.

"(iii) DOCUMENTS EVIDENCING EMPLOYMENT AUTHORIZATION.—A document described in this subparagraph is an individual's social security account number card (other than such a card which specifies on the face that the issuance of the card does not authorize employment in the United States).

"(iv) DOCUMENTS ESTABLISHING IDENTITY OF INDIVIDUAL.—A document described in this subparagraph is—

"(I) an individual's unexpired State issued driver's license or identification card if it contains a photograph and information such as name, date of birth, gender, height, eye color, and address;

"(II) an individual's unexpired United States military identification card;

"(III) an individual's unexpired Native American tribal identification document issued by a tribal entity recognized by the Bureau of Indian Affairs; or

"(IV) in the case of an individual under 18 years of age, a parent or legal guardian's attestation under penalty of law as to the identity and age of the individual.

"(v) AUTHORITY TO PROHIBIT USE OF CERTAIN DOCUMENTS.—If the Secretary of Homeland

Security finds, by regulation, that any document described in clause (i), (ii), or (iii) as establishing employment authorization or identity does not reliably establish such authorization or identity or is being used fraudulently to an unacceptable degree, the Secretary may prohibit or place conditions on its use for purposes of this paragraph.

"(vi) SIGNATURE.—Such attestation may be manifested by either a handwritten or electronic signature.

"(B) INDIVIDUAL ATTESTATION OF EMPLOY-MENT AUTHORIZATION.—During the verification period (as defined in subparagraph (E)), the individual shall attest, under penalty of perjury on the form designated or established for purposes of subparagraph (A). that the individual is a citizen or national of the United States, an alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence, or an alien who is authorized under this Act or by the Secretary of Homeland Security to be hired, recruited, or referred for such employment. Such attestation may be manifested by either a handwritten or electronic signature. The individual shall also provide that individual's social security account number or United States passport number (if the individual claims to have been issued such a number), and, if the individual does not attest to United States nationality under this subparagraph, such identification or authorization number established by the Department of Homeland Security for the alien as the Secretary may specify.

"(C) RETENTION OF VERIFICATION FORM AND VERIFICATION.—

"(i) IN GENERAL.—After completion of such form in accordance with subparagraphs (A) and (B), the person or entity shall—

"(I) retain a paper or electronic version of the form and make it available for inspection by officers of the Department of Homeland Security, the Department of Justice, or the Department of Labor during a period beginning on the date of the recruiting or referral of the individual, or, in the case of the hiring of an individual, the date on which the verification is completed, and ending—

"(aa) in the case of the recruiting or referral of an individual, 3 years after the date of the recruiting or referral; and

"(bb) in the case of the hiring of an individual, the later of 3 years after the date the verification is completed or one year after the date the individual's employment is terminated; and

"(II) during the verification period (as defined in subparagraph (E)), make an inquiry, as provided in subsection (d), using the verification system to seek verification of the identity and employment eligibility of an individual

"(ii) CONFIRMATION.—

"(I) CONFIRMATION RECEIVED.—If the person or other entity receives an appropriate confirmation of an individual's identity and work eligibility under the verification system within the time period specified, the person or entity shall record on the form an appropriate code that is provided under the system and that indicates a final confirmation of such identity and work eligibility of the individual.

TENTATIVE NONCONFIRMATION RE-"(II) CEIVED .- If the person or other entity receives a tentative nonconfirmation of an individual's identity or work eligibility under the verification system within the time period specified, the person or entity shall so the individual for verification is sought. If the individual does not contest the nonconfirmation within the time period specified, the nonconfirmation shall be considered final. The person or entity shall then record on the form an appropriate code which has been provided under the system to indicate a final nonconfirma-

tion. If the individual does contest the nonconfirmation, the individual shall utilize the process for secondary verification provided under subsection (d). The nonconfirmation will remain tentative until a final confirmation or nonconfirmation is provided by the verification system within the time period specified. In no case shall an employer terminate employment of an individual because of a failure of the individual to have identity and work eligibility confirmed under this section until a nonconfirmation becomes final. Nothing in this clause shall apply to a termination of employment for any reason other than because of such a failure. In no case shall an employer rescind the offer of employment to an individual because of a failure of the individual to have identity and work eligibility confirmed under this subsection until a nonconfirmation becomes final. Nothing in this subclause shall apply to a rescission of the offer of employment for any reason other than because of such a fail-

"(III) FINAL CONFIRMATION OR NONCONFIRMATION RECEIVED.—If a final confirmation or nonconfirmation is provided by the verification system regarding an individual, the person or entity shall record on the form an appropriate code that is provided under the system and that indicates a confirmation or nonconfirmation of identity and work eligibility of the individual.

"(IV) EXTENSION OF TIME.—If the person or other entity in good faith attempts to make an inquiry during the time period specified and the verification system has registered that not all inquiries were received during such time, the person or entity may make an inquiry in the first subsequent working day in which the verification system registers that it has received all inquiries. If the verification system cannot receive inquiries at all times during a day, the person or entity merely has to assert that the entity attempted to make the inquiry on that day for the previous sentence to apply to such an inquiry, and does not have to provide any additional proof concerning such inquiry.

"(V) CONSEQUENCES OF NONCONFIRMATION.—
"(aa) TERMINATION OR NOTIFICATION OF CONTINUED EMPLOYMENT.—If the person or other
entity has received a final nonconfirmation
regarding an individual, the person or entity
may terminate employment of the individual
(or decline to recruit or refer the individual).
If the person or entity does not terminate
employment of the individual or proceeds to
recruit or refer the individual, the person or
entity shall notify the Secretary of Homeland Security of such fact through the
verification system or in such other manner
as the Secretary may specify.

"(bb) FAILURE TO NOTIFY.—If the person or entity fails to provide notice with respect to an individual as required under item (aa), the failure is deemed to constitute a violation of subsection (a)(1)(A) with respect to that individual.

"(VI) CONTINUED EMPLOYMENT AFTER FINAL NONCONFIRMATION.—If the person or other entity continues to employ (or to recruit or refer) an individual after receiving final nonconfirmation, a rebuttable presumption is created that the person or entity has violated subsection (a)(1)(A).

''(D) EFFECTIVE DATES OF NEW PROCEDURES.—

"(i) HIRING.—Except as provided in clause (iii), the provisions of this paragraph shall apply to a person or other entity hiring an individual for employment in the United States as follows:

"(I) With respect to employers having 10,000 or more employees in the United States on the date of the enactment of title VIII of division B of the Secure the Border

Act of 2023, on the date that is 6 months after the date of the enactment of title.

"(II) With respect to employers having 500 or more employees in the United States, but less than 10,000 employees in the United States, on the date of the enactment of title VIII of division B of the Secure the Border Act of 2023, on the date that is 12 months after the date of the enactment of such title.

"(III) With respect to employers having 20 or more employees in the United States, but less than 500 employees in the United States, on the date of the enactment of title VIII of division B of the Secure the Border Act of 2023, on the date that is 18 months after the date of the enactment of such title.

"(IV) With respect to employers having one or more employees in the United States, but less than 20 employees in the United States, on the date of the enactment of title VIII of division B of the Secure the Border Act of 2023, on the date that is 24 months after the date of the enactment of such title.

"(ii) RECRUITING AND REFERRING.—Except as provided in clause (iii), the provisions of this paragraph shall apply to a person or other entity recruiting or referring an individual for employment in the United States on the date that is 12 months after the date of the enactment of title VIII of division B of the Secure the Border Act of 2023.

'(iii) AGRICULTURAL LABOR OR SERVICES — With respect to an employee performing agricultural labor or services, this paragraph shall not apply with respect to the verification of the employee until the date that is 36 months after the date of the enactment of title VIII of division B of the Secure the Border Act of 2023. For purposes of the preceding sentence, the term 'agricultural labor or services' has the meaning given such term by the Secretary of Agriculture in regulations and includes agricultural labor as defined in section 3121(g) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, agriculture as defined in section 3(f) of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 (29 U.S.C. 203(f)), the handling, planting, drying, packing, packaging, processing, freezing, or grading prior to delivery for storage of any agricultural or horticultural commodity in its unmanufactured state, all activities required for the preparation, processing or manufacturing of a product of agriculture (as such term is defined in such section 3(f)) for further distribution, and activities similar to all the foregoing as they relate to fish or shellfish facilities. An employee described in this clause shall not be counted for purposes of clause (i).

"(iv) Extensions.—

"(I) ON REQUEST.—Upon request by an employer having 50 or fewer employees, the Secretary shall allow a one-time 6-month extension of the effective date set out in this subparagraph applicable to such employer. Such request shall be made to the Secretary and shall be made prior to such effective date.

"(II) FOLLOWING REPORT.—If the study under section 814 of title VIII of division B of the Secure the Border Act of 2023 has been submitted in accordance with such section, the Secretary of Homeland Security may extend the effective date set out in clause (iii) on a one-time basis for 12 months.

"(v) Transition rule.—Subject to paragraph (4), the following shall apply to a person or other entity hiring, recruiting, or referring an individual for employment in the United States until the effective date or dates applicable under clauses (i) through (iii)

"(I) This subsection, as in effect before the enactment of title VIII of division B of the Secure the Border Act of 2023.

"(II) Subtitle A of title IV of the Illegal Immigration Reform and Immigrant Responsibility Act of 1996 (8 U.S.C. 1324a note), as in effect before the effective date in section 807(c) of title VIII of division B of the Secure the Border Act of 2023.

"(III) Any other provision of Federal law requiring the person or entity to participate in the E-Verify Program described in section 403(a) of the Illegal Immigration Reform and Immigrant Responsibility Act of 1996 (8 U.S.C. 1324a note), as in effect before the effective date in section 807(c) of title VIII of division B of the Secure the Border Act of 2023, including Executive Order 13465 (8 U.S.C. 1324a note; relating to Government procurement).

"(E) VERIFICATION PERIOD DEFINED.—

"(i) IN GENERAL.—For purposes of this paragraph:

"(I) In the case of recruitment or referral, the term 'verification period' means the period ending on the date recruiting or referring commences.

"(II) In the case of hiring, the term 'verification period' means the period beginning on the date on which an offer of employment is extended and ending on the date that is three business days after the date of hire, except as provided in clause (iii). The offer of employment may be conditioned in accordance with clause (ii).

"(ii) JOB OFFER MAY BE CONDITIONAL.—A person or other entity may offer a prospective employee an employment position that is conditioned on final verification of the identity and employment eligibility of the employee using the procedures established under this paragraph.

"(iii) SPECIAL RULE.—Notwithstanding clause (i)(II), in the case of an alien who is authorized for employment and who provides evidence from the Social Security Administration that the alien has applied for a social security account number, the verification period ends three business days after the alien receives the social security account number.

 $\lq\lq(2)$  REVERIFICATION FOR INDIVIDUALS WITH LIMITED WORK AUTHORIZATION.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subparagraph (B), a person or entity shall make an inquiry, as provided in subsection (d), using the verification system to seek reverification of the identity and employment eligibility of all individuals with a limited period of work authorization employed by the person or entity during the three business days after the date on which the employee's work authorization expires as follows:

"(i) With respect to employers having 10,000 or more employees in the United States on the date of the enactment of title VIII of division B of the Secure the Border Act of 2023, beginning on the date that is 6 months after the date of the enactment of such title.

"(ii) With respect to employers having 500 or more employees in the United States, but less than 10,000 employees in the United States, on the date of the enactment of title VIII of division B of the Secure the Border Act of 2023, beginning on the date that is 12 months after the date of the enactment of such title.

"(iii) With respect to employers having 20 or more employees in the United States, but less than 500 employees in the United States, on the date of the enactment of title VIII of division B of the Secure the Border Act of 2023, beginning on the date that is 18 months after the date of the enactment of such title.

"(iv) With respect to employers having one or more employees in the United States, but less than 20 employees in the United States, on the date of the enactment of title VIII of division B of the Secure the Border Act of 2023, beginning on the date that is 24 months after the date of the enactment of such title.

"(B) AGRICULTURAL LABOR OR SERVICES.—With respect to an employee performing ag-

ricultural labor or services, or an employee recruited or referred by a farm labor contractor (as defined in section 3 of the Migrant and Seasonal Agricultural Worker Protection Act (29 U.S.C. 1801)), subparagraph (A) shall not apply with respect to the reverification of the employee until the date that is 36 months after the date of the enactment of title VIII of division B of the Secure the Border Act of 2023. For purposes of the preceding sentence, the term 'agricultural labor or services' has the meaning given such term by the Secretary of Agriculture in regulations and includes agricultural labor as defined in section 3121(g) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, agriculture as defined in section 3(f) of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 (29 U.S.C. 203(f)), the handling, planting, drying, packing, packaging, processing, freezing, or grading prior to delivery for storage of any agricultural or horticultural commodity in its unmanufactured state, all activities required for the preparation, processing, or manufacturing of a product of agriculture (as such term is defined in such section 3(f)) for further distribution, and activities similar to all the foregoing as they relate to fish or shellfish facilities. An employee described in this subparagraph shall not be counted for purposes of subparagraph (A).

"(C) REVERIFICATION.—Paragraph (1)(C)(ii) shall apply to reverifications pursuant to this paragraph on the same basis as it applies to verifications pursuant to paragraph (1), except that employers shall—

"(i) use a form designated or established by the Secretary by regulation for purposes of this paragraph; and

"(ii) retain a paper or electronic version of the form and make it available for inspection by officers of the Department of Homeland Security, the Department of Justice, or the Department of Labor during the period beginning on the date the reverification commences and ending on the date that is the later of 3 years after the date of such reverification or 1 year after the date the individual's employment is terminated.

"(3) Previously hired individuals.—

``(A) On a mandatory basis for certain employees.—

"(i) IN GENERAL.—Not later than the date that is 6 months after the date of the enactment of title VIII of division B of the Secure the Border Act of 2023, an employer shall make an inquiry, as provided in subsection (d), using the verification system to seek verification of the identity and employment eligibility of any individual described in clause (ii) employed by the employer whose employment eligibility has not been verified under the E-Verify Program described in section 403(a) of the Illegal Immigration Reform and Immigrant Responsibility Act of 1996 (8 U.S.C. 1324a note).

"(ii) INDIVIDUALS DESCRIBED.—An individual described in this clause is any of the following:

"(I) An employee of any unit of a Federal, State, or local government.

"(II) An employee who requires a Federal security clearance working in a Federal, State, or local government building, a military base, a nuclear energy site, a weapons site, or an airport or other facility that requires workers to carry a Transportation Worker Identification Credential (TWIC).

"(III) An employee assigned to perform work in the United States under a Federal contract, except that this subclause—

"(aa) is not applicable to individuals who have a clearance under Homeland Security Presidential Directive 12 (HSPD 12 clearance), are administrative or overhead personnel, or are working solely on contracts that provide Commercial Off The Shelf goods or services as set forth by the Federal Acquisition Regulatory Council, unless they are subject to verification under subclause (II); and

"(bb) only applies to contracts over the simple acquisition threshold as defined in section 2.101 of title 48, Code of Federal Regulations.

"(B) ON A MANDATORY BASIS FOR MULTIPLE USERS OF SAME SOCIAL SECURITY ACCOUNT NUMBER.—In the case of an employer who is required by this subsection to use the verification system described in subsection (d), or has elected voluntarily to use such system, the employer shall make inquiries to the system in accordance with the following:

'(i) The Commissioner of Social Security shall notify annually employees (at the employee address listed on the Wage and Tax Statement) who submit a social security account number to which more than one employer reports income and for which there is a pattern of unusual multiple use. The notification letter shall identify the number of employers to which income is being reported as well as sufficient information notifying the employee of the process to contact the Social Security Administration Fraud Hotline if the employee believes the employee's identity may have been stolen. The notice shall not share information protected as private, in order to avoid any recipient of the notice from being in the position to further commit or begin committing identity theft.

"(ii) If the person to whom the social security account number was issued by the Social Security Administration has been identified and confirmed by the Commissioner, and indicates that the social security account number was used without their knowledge, the Secretary and the Commissioner shall lock the social security account number for employment eligibility verification purposes and shall notify the employers of the individuals who wrongfully submitted the social security account number that the employee may not be work eligible.

"(iii) Each employer receiving such notification of an incorrect social security account number under clause (ii) shall use the verification system described in subsection (d) to check the work eligibility status of the applicable employee within 10 business days of receipt of the notification.

"(C) ON A VOLUNTARY BASIS.—Subject to (2).paragraph and subparagraphs through (C) of this paragraph, beginning on the date that is 30 days after the date of the enactment of title VIII of division B of the Secure the Border Act of 2023, an employer may make an inquiry, as provided in subsection (d), using the verification system to seek verification of the identity and employment eligibility of any individual employed by the employer. If an employer chooses voluntarily to seek verification of any individual employed by the employer, the employer shall seek verification of all individuals employed at the same geographic location or, at the option of the employer, all individuals employed within the same job category, as the employee with respect to whom the employer seeks voluntarily to use the verification system. An employer's decision about whether or not voluntarily to seek verification of its current workforce under this subparagraph may not be considered by any government agency in any proceeding, investigation, or review provided for in this

"(D) VERIFICATION.—Paragraph (1)(C)(ii) shall apply to verifications pursuant to this paragraph on the same basis as it applies to verifications pursuant to paragraph (1), except that employers shall—

"(i) use a form designated or established by the Secretary by regulation for purposes of this paragraph; and "(ii) retain a paper or electronic version of the form and make it available for inspection by officers of the Department of Homeland Security, the Department of Justice, or the Department of Labor during the period beginning on the date the verification commences and ending on the date that is the later of 3 years after the date of such verification or 1 year after the date the individual's employment is terminated.

"(4) EARLY COMPLIANCE.—

"(A) FORMER E-VERIFY REQUIRED USERS, IN-CLUDING FEDERAL CONTRACTORS.—Notwithstanding the deadlines in paragraphs (1) and (2), beginning on the date of the enactment of title VIII of division B of the Secure the Border Act of 2023, the Secretary is authorized to commence requiring employers required to participate in the E-Verify Program described in section 403(a) of the Illegal Immigration Reform and Immigrant Responsibility Act of 1996 (8 U.S.C. 1324a note), including employers required to participate in such program by reason of Federal acquisition laws (and regulations promulgated under those laws, including the Federal Acquisition Regulation), to commence compliance with the requirements of this subsection (and any additional requirements of such Federal acquisition laws and regulation) in lieu of any requirement to participate in the E-Verify Program.

"(B) FORMER E-VERIFY VOLUNTARY USERS AND OTHERS DESIRING EARLY COMPLIANCE.—
Notwithstanding the deadlines in paragraphs (1) and (2), beginning on the date of the enactment of title VIII of division B of the Secure the Border Act of 2023, the Secretary shall provide for the voluntary compliance with the requirements of this subsection by employers voluntarily electing to participate in the E-Verify Program described in section 403(a) of the Illegal Immigration Reform and Immigrant Responsibility Act of 1996 (8 U.S.C. 1324a note) before such date, as well as by other employers seeking voluntary early compliance.

"(5) COPYING OF DOCUMENTATION PERMITTED.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the person or entity may copy a document presented by an individual pursuant to this subsection and may retain the copy, but only (except as otherwise permitted under law) for the purpose of complying with the requirements of this subsection.

"(6) LIMITATION ON USE OF FORMS.—A form designated or established by the Secretary of Homeland Security under this subsection and any information contained in or appended to such form, may not be used for purposes other than for enforcement of this Act and any other provision of Federal criminal law.

"(7) GOOD FAITH COMPLIANCE.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, a person or entity is considered to have complied with a requirement of this subsection notwithstanding a technical or procedural failure to meet such requirement if there was a good faith attempt to comply with the requirement.

 $\lq\lq(B)$  Exception if failure to correct after notice.—Subparagraph (A) shall not apply if—

"(i) the failure is not de minimus;

"(ii) the Secretary of Homeland Security has explained to the person or entity the basis for the failure and why it is not de minimus:

"(iii) the person or entity has been provided a period of not less than 30 calendar days (beginning after the date of the explanation) within which to correct the failure;

"(iv) the person or entity has not corrected the failure voluntarily within such period.

"(C) EXCEPTION FOR PATTERN OR PRACTICE VIOLATORS.—Subparagraph (A) shall not apply to a person or entity that has engaged or is engaging in a pattern or practice of violations of subsection (a)(1)(A) or (a)(2).

"(8) SINGLE EXTENSION OF DEADLINES UPON CERTIFICATION.-In a case in which the Secretary of Homeland Security has certified to the Congress that the employment eligibility verification system required under subsection (d) will not be fully operational by the date that is 6 months after the date of the enactment of title VIII of division B of the Secure the Border Act of 2023, each deadline established under this section for an employer to make an inquiry using such system shall be extended by 6 months. No other extension of such a deadline shall be made exauthorized under cept as paragraph (1)(D)(iv)."

(b) DATE OF HIRE.—Section 274A(h) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1324a(h)) is amended by adding at the end the following:

"(4) DEFINITION OF DATE OF HIRE.—As used in this section, the term 'date of hire' means the date of actual commencement of employment for wages or other remuneration, unless otherwise specified."

# SEC. 802. EMPLOYMENT ELIGIBILITY VERIFICATION SYSTEM.

Section 274A(d) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1324a(d)) is amended to read as follows:

"(d) EMPLOYMENT ELIGIBILITY VERIFICATION SYSTEM —

"(1) IN GENERAL.—Patterned on the employment eligibility confirmation system established under section 404 of the Illegal Immigration Reform and Immigrant Responsibility Act of 1996 (8 U.S.C. 1324a note), the Secretary of Homeland Security shall establish and administer a verification system through which the Secretary (or a designee of the Secretary, which may be a nongovernmental entity)—

"(A) responds to inquiries made by persons at any time through a toll-free electronic media concerning an individual's identity and whether the individual is authorized to be employed; and

"(B) maintains records of the inquiries that were made, of verifications provided (or not provided), and of the codes provided inquirers as evidence of their compliance with their obligations under this section.

"(2) INITIAL RESPONSE.—The verification system shall provide confirmation or a tentative nonconfirmation of an individual's identity and employment eligibility within 3 working days of the initial inquiry. If providing confirmation or tentative nonconfirmation, the verification system shall provide an appropriate code indicating such confirmation or such nonconfirmation.

"(3) Secondary confirmation process in CASE OF TENTATIVE NONCONFIRMATION.—In cases of tentative nonconfirmation, the Secretary shall specify, in consultation with the Commissioner of Social Security, an available secondary verification process to confirm the validity of information provided and to provide a final confirmation or nonconfirmation not later than 10 working days after the date on which the notice of the tentative nonconfirmation is received by the employee. The Secretary, in consultation with the Commissioner, may extend this deadline once on a case-by-case basis for a period of 10 working days, and if the time is extended, shall document such extension within the verification system. The Secretary, in consultation with the Commissioner, shall notify the employee and employer of such extension. The Secretary, in consultation with the Commissioner, shall create a standard process of such extension

and notification and shall make a description of such process available to the public. When final confirmation or nonconfirmation is provided, the verification system shall provide an appropriate code indicating such confirmation or nonconfirmation.

"(4) DESIGN AND OPERATION OF SYSTEM.— The verification system shall be designed and operated—

"(A) to maximize its reliability and ease of use by persons and other entities consistent with insulating and protecting the privacy and security of the underlying information;

"(B) to respond to all inquiries made by such persons and entities on whether individuals are authorized to be employed and to register all times when such inquiries are not received;

"(C) with appropriate administrative, technical, and physical safeguards to prevent unauthorized disclosure of personal information:

"(D) to have reasonable safeguards against the system's resulting in unlawful discriminatory practices based on national origin or citizenship status, including—

"(i) the selective or unauthorized use of the system to verify eligibility; or

"(ii) the exclusion of certain individuals from consideration for employment as a result of a perceived likelihood that additional verification will be required, beyond what is required for most job applicants:

"(E) to maximize the prevention of identity theft use in the system; and

"(F) to limit the subjects of verification to the following individuals:

"(i) Individuals hired, referred, or recruited, in accordance with paragraph (1) or (4) of subsection (b).

"(ii) Employees and prospective employees, in accordance with paragraph (1), (2), (3), or (4) of subsection (b)

"(iii) Individuals seeking to confirm their own employment eligibility on a voluntary basis.

"(5) Responsibilities of commissioner of SOCIAL SECURITY.—As part of the verification system, the Commissioner of Social Security, in consultation with the Secretary of Homeland Security (and any designee of the Secretary selected to establish and administer the verification system), shall establish a reliable, secure method, which, within the time periods specified under paragraphs (2) and (3), compares the name and social security account number provided in an inquiry against such information maintained by the Commissioner in order to validate (or not validate) the information provided regarding an individual whose identity and employment eligibility must be confirmed, the correspondence of the name and number, and whether the individual has presented a social security account number that is not valid for employment. The Commissioner shall not disclose or release social security information (other than such confirmation or nonconfirmation) under the verification system except as provided for in this section or section 205(c)(2)(I) of the Social Security Act.

(6) Responsibilities of secretary of HOMELAND SECURITY.—As part the verification system, the Secretary of Homeland Security (in consultation with any designee of the Secretary selected to establish and administer the verification system), shall establish a reliable, secure method, which, within the time periods specified under paragraphs (2) and (3), compares the name and alien identification or authorization number (or any other information as determined relevant by the Secretary) which are provided in an inquiry against such information maintained or accessed by the Secretary in order to validate (or not validate) the information provided, the correspondence of the name and number, whether the alien is authorized to be employed in the United States, or to the extent that the Secretary determines to be feasible and appropriate, whether the records available to the Secretary verify the identity or status of a national of the United States.

"(7) UPDATING INFORMATION.—The Commissioner of Social Security and the Secretary of Homeland Security shall update their information in a manner that promotes the maximum accuracy and shall provide a process for the prompt correction of erroneous information, including instances in which it is brought to their attention in the secondary verification process described in paragraph (3).

``(8) Limitation on use of the verification system and any related systems.—

"(A) NO NATIONAL IDENTIFICATION CARD.— Nothing in this section shall be construed to authorize, directly or indirectly, the issuance or use of national identification cards or the establishment of a national identification card.

"(B) CRITICAL INFRASTRUCTURE.—The Secretary may authorize or direct any person or entity responsible for granting access to, protecting, securing, operating, administering, or regulating part of the critical infrastructure (as defined in section 1016(e) of the Critical Infrastructure Protection Act of 2001 (42 U.S.C. 5195c(e))) to use the verification system to the extent the Secretary determines that such use will assist in the protection of the critical infrastructure.

"(9) REMEDIES.—If an individual alleges that the individual would not have been dismissed from a job or would have been hired for a job but for an error of the verification mechanism, the individual may seek compensation only through the mechanism of the Federal Tort Claims Act, and injunctive relief to correct such error. No class action may be brought under this paragraph."

# SEC. 803. RECRUITMENT, REFERRAL, AND CONTINUATION OF EMPLOYMENT.

(a) Additional Changes to Rules for Recruitment, Referral, and Continuation of Employment.—Section 274A(a) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1324a(a)) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1)(A), by striking "for a fee":

(2) in paragraph (1), by amending subparagraph (B) to read as follows:

"(B) to hire, continue to employ, or to recruit or refer for employment in the United States an individual without complying with the requirements of subsection (b)."; and

(3) in paragraph (2), by striking "after hiring an alien for employment in accordance with paragraph (1)," and inserting "after complying with paragraph (1),".

(b) DEFINITION.—Section 274A(h) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1324a(h)), as amended by section 801(b) of this title, is further amended by adding at the end the following:

"(5) Definition of recruit or refer.—As used in this section, the term 'refer' means the act of sending or directing a person who is in the United States or transmitting documentation or information to another, directly or indirectly, with the intent of obtaining employment in the United States for such person. Only persons or entities referring for remuneration (whether on a retainer or contingency basis) are included in the definition, except that union hiring halls that refer union members or nonunion individuals who pay union membership dues are included in the definition whether or not they receive remuneration, as are labor service entities or labor service agencies, whether public, private, for-profit, or nonprofit, that refer, dispatch, or otherwise facilitate the hiring of laborers for any period of time by a third

party. As used in this section, the term 'recruit' means the act of soliciting a person who is in the United States, directly or indirectly, and referring the person to another with the intent of obtaining employment for that person. Only persons or entities referring for remuneration (whether on a retainer or contingency basis) are included in the definition, except that union hiring halls that refer union members or nonunion individuals who pay union membership dues are included in this definition whether or not they receive remuneration, as are labor service entities or labor service agencies, whether public, private, for-profit, or nonprofit that recruit, dispatch, or otherwise facilitate the hiring of laborers for any period of time by a third party.

(c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall take effect on the date that is 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, except that the amendments made by subsection (a) shall take effect 6 months after the date of the enactment of this Act insofar as such amendments relate to continuation of employment.

#### SEC. 804. GOOD FAITH DEFENSE.

Section 274A(a)(3) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1324a(a)(3)) is amended to read as follows:

"(3) GOOD FAITH DEFENSE.-

"(A) DEFENSE.—An employer (or person or entity that hires, employs, recruits, or refers (as defined in subsection (h)(5)), or is otherwise obligated to comply with this section) who establishes that it has complied in good faith with the requirements of subsection (b)—

"(i) shall not be liable to a job applicant, an employee, the Federal Government, or a State or local government, under Federal, State, or local criminal or civil law for any employment-related action taken with respect to a job applicant or employee in good-faith reliance on information provided through the system established under subsection (d); and

"(ii) has established compliance with its obligations under subparagraphs (A) and (B) of paragraph (1) and subsection (b) absent a showing by the Secretary of Homeland Security, by clear and convincing evidence, that the employer had knowledge that an employee is an unauthorized alien.

"(B) MITIGATION ELEMENT.—For purposes of subparagraph (A)(i), if an employer proves by a preponderance of the evidence that the employer uses a reasonable, secure, and established technology to authenticate the identity of the new employee, that fact shall be taken into account for purposes of determining good faith use of the system established under subsection (d).

"(C) FAILURE TO SEEK AND OBTAIN VERIFICATION.—Subject to the effective dates and other deadlines applicable under subsection (b), in the case of a person or entity in the United States that hires, or continues to employ, an individual, or recruits or refers an individual for employment, the following requirements apply:

"(i) FAILURE TO SEEK VERIFICATION.—

"(I) IN GENERAL.—If the person or entity has not made an inquiry, under the mechanism established under subsection (d) and in accordance with the timeframes established under subsection (b), seeking verification of the identity and work eligibility of the individual, the defense under subparagraph (A) shall not be considered to apply with respect to any employment, except as provided in subclause (II).

"(II) SPECIAL RULE FOR FAILURE OF VERIFICATION MECHANISM.—If such a person or entity in good faith attempts to make an inquiry in order to qualify for the defense under subparagraph (A) and the verification

mechanism has registered that not all inquiries were responded to during the relevant time, the person or entity can make an inquiry until the end of the first subsequent working day in which the verification mechanism registers no nonresponses and qualify for such defense.

"(ii) FAILURE TO OBTAIN VERIFICATION.—If the person or entity has made the inquiry described in clause (i)(I) but has not received an appropriate verification of such identity and work eligibility under such mechanism within the time period specified under subsection (d)(2) after the time the verification inquiry was received, the defense under subparagraph (A) shall not be considered to apply with respect to any employment after the end of such time period."

## SEC. 805. PREEMPTION AND STATES' RIGHTS.

Section 274A(h)(2) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1324a(h)(2)) is amended to read as follows:

"(2) Preemption.

- "(A) SINGLE, NATIONAL POLICY.—The provisions of this section preempt any State or local law, ordinance, policy, or rule, including any criminal or civil fine or penalty structure, insofar as they may now or hereafter relate to the hiring, continued employment, or status verification for employment eligibility purposes, of unauthorized aliens.
- '(B) STATE ENFORCEMENT OF FEDERAL LAW.-
- "(i) Business licensing.—A State, locality, municipality, or political subdivision may exercise its authority over business licensing and similar laws as a penalty for failure to use the verification system described in subsection (d) to verify employment eligibility when and as required under subsection (b).
- "(ii) General rules.—A State, at its own cost, may enforce the provisions of this section, but only insofar as such State follows the Federal regulations implementing this section, applies the Federal penalty structure set out in this section, and complies with all Federal rules and guidance concerning implementation of this section. Such State may collect any fines assessed under this section. An employer may not be subject to enforcement, including audit and investigation, by both a Federal agency and a State for the same violation under this section. Whichever entity, the Federal agency or the State, is first to initiate the enforcement action, has the right of first refusal to proceed with the enforcement action. The Secretary must provide copies of all guidance, training, and field instructions provided to Federal officials implementing the provisions of this section to each State.'

# SEC. 806. REPEAL.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Subtitle A of title IV of the Illegal Immigration Reform and Immigrant Responsibility Act of 1996 (8 U.S.C. 1324a note) is repealed.
- (b) References.—Any reference in any Federal law, Executive order, rule, regulation, or delegation of authority, or any document of, or pertaining to, the Department of Homeland Security, Department of Justice, or the Social Security Administration, to the employment eligibility confirmation system established under section 404 of the Illegal Immigration Reform and Immigrant Responsibility Act of 1996 (8 U.S.C. 1324a note) is deemed to refer to the employment eligibility confirmation system established under section 274A(d) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as amended by section 802 of this title.
- (c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—This section shall take effect on the date that is 30 months after the date of the enactment of this Act.
- (d) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections, in section 1(d) of the Illegal Immi-

gration Reform and Immigrant Responsibility Act of 1996, is amended by striking the items relating to subtitle A of title IV.

## SEC. 807. PENALTIES.

Section 274A of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1324a) is amended-

- (1) in subsection (e)(1)—
  (A) by striking "Attorney General" each place such term appears and inserting "Secretary of Homeland Security"; and
- (B) in subparagraph (D), by striking "Service" and inserting "Department of Homeland Security";
  - (2) in subsection (e)(4)-
- (A) in subparagraph (A), in the matter before clause (i), by inserting ", subject to paragraph (10)," after "in an amount";
- (B) in subparagraph (A)(i), by striking "not less than \$250 and not more than \$2,000" and inserting "not less than \$2,500 and not more than \$5,000":
- (C) in subparagraph (A)(ii), by striking "not less than \$2,000 and not more than \$5,000" and inserting "not less than \$5,000 and not more than \$10,000";
- (D) in subparagraph (A)(iii), by striking not less than \$3,000 and not more than \$10,000" and inserting "not less than \$10,000 and not more than \$25,000"; and
- (E) by moving the margin of the continuation text following subparagraph (B) two ems to the left and by amending subparagraph (B) to read as follows:
- "(B) may require the person or entity to take such other remedial action as is appropriate.":
- (3) in subsection (e)(5)—
- (A) in the paragraph heading, strike "PA-PERWORK":
- (B) by inserting ", subject to paragraphs (10) through (12)," after "in an amount";
- (C) by striking "\$100" and inserting **`\$1,000**;;
- (D) by striking "\$1,000" and inserting '\$25,000''; and
- (E) by adding at the end the following: "Failure by a person or entity to utilize the employment eligibility verification system as required by law, or providing information to the system that the person or entity knows or reasonably believes to be false, shall be treated as a violation of subsection (a)(1)(A).
- (4) by adding at the end of subsection (e) the following:
- "(10) EXEMPTION FROM PENALTY FOR GOOD FAITH VIOLATION.—In the case of imposition of a civil penalty under paragraph (4)(A) with respect to a violation of subsection (a)(1)(A) or (a)(2) for hiring or continuation of employment or recruitment or referral by person or entity and in the case of imposition of a civil penalty under paragraph (5) for a violation of subsection (a)(1)(B) for hiring or recruitment or referral by a person or entity, the penalty otherwise imposed may be waived or reduced if the violator establishes that the violator acted in good faith.
- "(11) MITIGATION ELEMENT.—For purposes of paragraph (4), the size of the business shall be taken into account when assessing the level of civil money penalty.
- "(12) AUTHORITY TO DEBAR EMPLOYERS FOR CERTAIN VIOLATIONS.-
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—If a person or entity is determined by the Secretary of Homeland Security to be a repeat violator of paragraph (1)(A) or (2) of subsection (a), or is convicted of a crime under this section, such person or entity may be considered for debarment from the receipt of Federal contracts, grants, or cooperative agreements in accordance with the debarment standards and pursuant to the debarment procedures set forth in the Federal Acquisition Regulation.
- "(B) DOES NOT HAVE CONTRACT, GRANT, AGREEMENT.—If the Secretary of Homeland

Security or the Attorney General wishes to have a person or entity considered for debarment in accordance with this paragraph, and such a person or entity does not hold a Federal contract, grant, or cooperative agreement, the Secretary or Attorney General shall refer the matter to the Administrator of General Services to determine whether to list the person or entity on the List of Parties Excluded from Federal Procurement. and if so, for what duration and under what

"(C) HAS CONTRACT, GRANT, AGREEMENT.—If the Secretary of Homeland Security or the Attorney General wishes to have a person or entity considered for debarment in accordance with this paragraph, and such person or entity holds a Federal contract, grant, or cooperative agreement, the Secretary or Attornev General shall advise all agencies or departments holding a contract, grant, or cooperative agreement with the person or entity of the Government's interest in having the person or entity considered for debarment, and after soliciting and considering the views of all such agencies and departments, the Secretary or Attorney General may refer the matter to any appropriate lead agency to determine whether to list the person or entity on the List of Parties Excluded from Federal Procurement, and if so, for what duration and under what scope.

"(D) REVIEW.—Any decision to debar a person or entity in accordance with this paragraph shall be reviewable pursuant to part 9.4 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation.

"(13) Office for State and Local Govern-MENT COMPLAINTS.—The Secretary of Homeland Security shall establish an office-

- "(A) to which State and local government agencies may submit information indicating potential violations of subsection (a), (b), or (g)(1) that were generated in the normal course of law enforcement or the normal course of other official activities in the State or locality;
- "(B) that is required to indicate to the complaining State or local agency within five business days of the filing of such a complaint by identifying whether the Secretary will further investigate the information provided:
- "(C) that is required to investigate those complaints filed by State or local government agencies that, on their face, have a substantial probability of validity;
- "(D) that is required to notify the complaining State or local agency of the results of any such investigation conducted; and
- "(E) that is required to report to the Congress annually the number of complaints received under this paragraph, the States and localities that filed such complaints, and the resolution of the complaints investigated by the Secretary."; and
- (5) by amending paragraph (1) of subsection (f) to read as follows:
- "(1) CRIMINAL PENALTY.—Any person or entity which engages in a pattern or practice of violations of subsection (a) (1) or (2) shall be fined not more than \$5,000 for each unauthorized alien with respect to which such a violation occurs, imprisoned for not more than 18 months, or both, notwithstanding the provisions of any other Federal law relating to fine levels."

# SEC. 808. FRAUD AND MISUSE OF DOCUMENTS.

Section 1546(b) of title 18. United States Code, is amended-

(1) in paragraph (1), by striking "identification document," and inserting "identification document or document meant to establish work authorization (including the documents described in section 274A(b) of the Immigration and Nationality Act),"; and

(2) in paragraph (2), by striking "identification document" and inserting "identification document or document meant to establish work authorization (including the documents described in section 274A(b) of the Immigration and Nationality Act).".

# SEC. 809. PROTECTION OF SOCIAL SECURITY ADMINISTRATION PROGRAMS.

- (a) FUNDING UNDER AGREEMENT.—Effective for fiscal years beginning on or after October 1, 2023, the Commissioner of Social Security and the Secretary of Homeland Security shall enter into and maintain an agreement which shall—
- (1) provide funds to the Commissioner for the full costs of the responsibilities of the Commissioner under section 274A(d) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1324a(d)), as amended by section 802 of this title, including—
- (A) acquiring, installing, and maintaining technological equipment and systems necessary for the fulfillment of the responsibilities of the Commissioner under such section 274A(d), but only that portion of such costs that are attributable exclusively to such responsibilities; and
- (B) responding to individuals who contest a tentative nonconfirmation provided by the employment eligibility verification system established under such section;
- (2) provide such funds annually in advance of the applicable quarter based on estimating methodology agreed to by the Commissioner and the Secretary (except in such instances where the delayed enactment of an annual appropriation may preclude such quarterly payments); and
- (3) require an annual accounting and reconciliation of the actual costs incurred and the funds provided under the agreement, which shall be reviewed by the Inspectors General of the Social Security Administration and the Department of Homeland Security
- CONTINUATION OF EMPLOYMENT VERIFICATION IN ABSENCE OF TIMELY AGREE-MENT.—In any case in which the agreement required under subsection (a) for any fiscal year beginning on or after October 1, 2023, has not been reached as of October 1 of such fiscal year, the latest agreement between the Commissioner and the Secretary of Homeland Security providing for funding to cover the costs of the responsibilities of the Commissioner under section 274A(d) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1324a(d)) shall be deemed in effect on an interim basis for such fiscal year until such time as an agreement required under subsection (a) is subsequently reached, except that the terms of such interim agreement shall be modified by the Director of the Office of Management and Budget to adjust for inflation and any increase or decrease in the volume of requests under the employment eligibility verification system. In any case in which an interim agreement applies for any fiscal year under this subsection, the Commissioner and the Secretary shall, not later than October 1 of such fiscal year, notify the Committee on Ways and Means, the Committee on the Judiciary, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Finance, the Committee on the Judiciary, and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate of the failure to reach the agreement required under subsection (a) for such fiscal year. Until such time as the agreement required under subsection (a) has been reached for such fiscal year, the Commissioner and the Secretary shall, not later than the end of each 90-day period after October 1 of such fiscal year, notify such Committees of the status of negotiations between the Commissioner and the Secretary in order to reach such an agreement.

#### SEC. 810. FRAUD PREVENTION.

- (a) BLOCKING MISUSED SOCIAL SECURITY AC-COUNT NUMBERS.—The Secretary of Homeland Security, in consultation with the Commissioner of Social Security, shall establish a program in which social security account numbers that have been identified to be subject to unusual multiple use in the employment eligibility verification system established under section 274A(d) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1324a(d)). as amended by section 802 of this title, or that are otherwise suspected or determined to have been compromised by identity fraud or other misuse, shall be blocked from use for such system purposes unless the individual using such number is able to establish, through secure and fair additional security procedures, that the individual is the legitimate holder of the number.
- (b) ALLOWING SUSPENSION OF USE OF CER-TAIN SOCIAL SECURITY ACCOUNT NUMBERS .-The Secretary of Homeland Security, in consultation with the Commissioner of Social Security, shall establish a program which shall provide a reliable, secure method by which victims of identity fraud and other individuals may suspend or limit the use of their social security account number or other identifying information for purposes of the employment eligibility verification system established under section 274A(d) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1324a(d)), as amended by section 802 of this title. The Secretary may implement the program on a limited pilot program basis before making it fully available to all individuals.
- (c) Allowing Parents To Prevent Theet OF THEIR CHILD'S IDENTITY—The Secretary of Homeland Security, in consultation with the Commissioner of Social Security, shall establish a program which shall provide a reliable, secure method by which parents or legal guardians may suspend or limit the use of the social security account number or other identifying information of a minor under their care for the purposes of the employment eligibility verification system established under 274A(d) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1324a(d)), as amended by section 802 of this title. The Secretary may implement the program on a limited pilot program basis before making it fully available to all individuals.

# SEC. 811. USE OF EMPLOYMENT ELIGIBILITY VERIFICATION PHOTO TOOL.

An employer who uses the photo matching tool used as part of the E-Verify System shall match the photo tool photograph to both the photograph on the identity or employment eligibility document provided by the employee and to the face of the employee submitting the document for employment verification purposes.

#### SEC. 812. IDENTITY AUTHENTICATION EMPLOY-MENT ELIGIBILITY VERIFICATION PILOT PROGRAMS.

Not later than 24 months after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Homeland Security, after consultation with the Commissioner of Social Security and the Director of the National Institute of Standards and Technology, shall establish by regulation not less than 2 Identity Authentication Employment Eligibility Verification pilot programs, each using a separate and distinct technology (the "Authentication Pilots"). The purpose of the Authentication Pilots shall be to provide for identity authenand employment verification with respect to enrolled new employees which shall be available to any employer that elects to participate in either of the Authentication Pilots. Any participating employer may cancel the employer's participation in the Authentication Pilot after one year after electing to participate without prejudice to future participation. The Secretary shall report to the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives and the Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate the Secretary's findings on the Authentication Pilots, including the authentication technologies chosen, not later than 12 months after commencement of the Authentication Pilots.

#### SEC. 813. INSPECTOR GENERAL AUDITS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Inspector General of the Social Security Administration shall complete audits of the following categories in order to uncover evidence of individuals who are not authorized to work in the United States:
- (1) Workers who dispute wages reported on their social security account number when they believe someone else has used such number and name to report wages.
- (2) Children's social security account numbers used for work purposes.
- (3) Employers whose workers present significant numbers of mismatched social security account numbers or names for wage reporting.
- (b) Submission.—The Inspector General of the Social Security Administration shall submit the audits completed under subsection (a) to the Committee on Ways and Means of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Finance of the Senate for review of the evidence of individuals who are not authorized to work in the United States. The Chairmen of those Committees shall then determine information to be shared with the Secretary of Homeland Security so that such Secretary can investigate the unauthorized employment demonstrated by such evidence.

## SEC. 814. AGRICULTURE WORKFORCE STUDY.

Not later than 36 months after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Department of Homeland Security, in consultation with the Secretary of the Department of Agriculture, shall submit to the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives and the Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate, a report that includes the following:

- (1) The number of individuals in the agricultural workforce.
- (2) The number of United States citizens in the agricultural workforce
- (3) The number of aliens in the agricultural workforce who are authorized to work in the United States.
- (4) The number of aliens in the agricultural workforce who are not authorized to work in the United States
- (5) Wage growth in each of the previous ten years, disaggregated by agricultural sector.
- (6) The percentage of total agricultural industry costs represented by agricultural labor during each of the last ten years.
- (7) The percentage of agricultural costs invested in mechanization during each of the last ten years.
- (8) Recommendations, other than a path to legal status for aliens not authorized to work in the United States, for ensuring United States agricultural employers have a workforce sufficient to cover industry needs, including recommendations to—
  - (A) increase investments in mechanization;
  - (B) increase the domestic workforce; and
- (C) reform the H-2A program.

# SEC. 815. SENSE OF CONGRESS ON FURTHER IMPLEMENTATION.

It is the sense of Congress that in implementing the E-Verify Program, the Secretary of Homeland Security shall ensure any adverse impact on the Nation's agricultural workforce, operations, and food security are considered and addressed.

# SEC. 816. REPEALING REGULATIONS.

The rules relating to "Temporary Agricultural Employment of H–2A Nonimmigrants

in the United States" (87 Fed. Reg. 61660 (Oct. 12, 2022)) and to "Adverse Effect Wage Rate Methodology for the Temporary Employment of H-2A Nonimmigrants in Non-Range Occupations in the United States" (88 Fed. Reg. 12760 (Feb. 28, 2023)) shall have no force or effect, may not be reissued in substantially the same form, and any new rules that are substantially the same as such rules may not be issued.

SA 1299. Mr. PAUL submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2968, to reauthorize the National Flood Insurance Program; which was referred to the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs; as follows:

At the end, add the following:

# SEC. 3. RESTRICTION ON FLOOD INSURANCE COVERAGE.

- (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) NATIONAL FLOOD INSURANCE PROGRAM.— The term "National Flood Insurance Program" means the program established under the National Flood Insurance Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 4001 et seq.).
- (2) POLICYHOLDER.—The term "policyholder" means the holder of a policy under the National Flood Insurance Program.
- (3) PRIMARY RESIDENCE.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—The term "primary residence" means a single-family dwelling, condominium unit, apartment unit, or unit within a cooperative building in which a policyholder, or the spouse of a policyholder, lives for—
- (i) more than 50 percent of the 365 days immediately following the effective date of the policy; or
- (ii) not more than 50 percent of the 365 days immediately following the effective date of the policy if the policyholder—
  - (I) has only 1 residence; and
- (II) does not lease the residence described in subclause (I) to another party or use the residence for rental or income property at any time during the policy term with respect to the residence
- (B) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—For the purposes of subparagraph (A), a policyholder and the spouse of a policyholder may not collectively have more than 1 primary residence.
- (4) SINGLE-FAMILY DWELLING.—The term "single-family dwelling" means—
- (A) a residential single-family building in which the total floor area devoted to non-residential uses is less than 50 percent of the total floor area of the building; or
- (B) a single-family residential unit within a 2-to-4-family building, other residential building, business, or non-residential building in which commercial uses are less than 50 percent of the total floor area of the unit.
- (b) Prohibition.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the National Flood Insurance Program may only cover—
- (1) in the case of a residential property, the primary residence of a policyholder, provided that the primary residence is not appraised at more than \$250,000; and

- (2) a nonresidential property of a policyholder, provided that the property is not appraised at more than \$500,000.
- (c) APPLICATION.—The prohibition under subsection (b) shall apply to any property covered under the National Flood Insurance Program before, on, or after the date of enactment of this Act.

# AUTHORITY FOR COMMITTEES TO MEET

Mr. REED. Madam President, I have five requests for committees to meet during today's session of the Senate. They have the approval of the Majority and Minority Leaders.

Pursuant to rule XXVI, paragraph 5(a), of the Standing Rules of the Senate, the following committees are authorized to meet during today's session of the Senate:

#### COMMITTEE ON ARMED SERVICES

The Committee on Armed Services is authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on Thursday, September 28, 2023, at 9:30 a.m., to conduct a hearing on nominations.

# $\begin{array}{c} \text{COMMITTEE ON ENERGY AND NATURAL} \\ \text{RESOURCES} \end{array}$

The Committee on Energy and Natural Resources is authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on Thursday, September 28, 2023, at 10 a.m., to conduct a hearing.

## COMMITTEE ON FINANCE

The Committee on Finance is authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on Thursday, September 28, 2023, at 10 a.m., to conduct a hearing on nominations.

# COMMITTEE ON THE JUDICIARY

The Committee on the Judiciary is authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on Thursday, September 28, 2023, at 10 a.m., to conduct an executive business meeting.

SUBCOMMITTEE ON CHEMICAL SAFETY, WASTE MANAGEMENT, ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE, AND REGULATORY OVERSIGHT

The Subcommittee on Chemical Safety, Waste Management, Environmental justice, and Regulatory Oversight of the Committee on Environment and Public Works is authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on Thursday, September 28, 2023, at 10 a.m., to conduct a hearing.

# PRIVILEGES OF THE FLOOR

Mr. RICKETTS. Madam President, I ask unanimous consent that the following interns in my office be granted

floor privileges until October 31, 2023: Stephen Trainer, Kayla Fink, Sarah Gregory, and Johnathan Smith.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

# ORDERS FOR FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 29, 2023

Mr. SCHUMER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that when the Senate completes its business today, it recess until 10 a.m. on Friday, September 29; that following the prayer and pledge, the time for the two leaders be reserved for their use later in the day and morning business be closed; that upon conclusion of morning business, the Senate resume consideration of H.R. 3935; further, that at 12 noon, the Senate execute the order of September 27, 2023, relating to the Gee and McGrath nominations, and that all debate time be considered expired and the Senate vote on confirmation of the nominations in the order listed.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

# RECESS UNTIL 10 A.M. TOMORROW

Mr. SCHUMER. Mr. President, if there is no further business to come before the Senate, I ask that it stand in recess under the previous order.

There being no objection, the Senate, at 7 p.m., adjourned until Friday, September 29, 2023, at 10 a.m.

# NOMINATIONS

Executive nominations received by the Senate:

# DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

APRILLE JOY ERICSSON, OF NEW YORK, TO BE AN ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF DEFENSE. (NEW POSITION)

# DEPARTMENT OF STATE

JACOB J. LEW, OF NEW YORK, TO BE AMBASSADOR EXTRAORDINARY AND PLENIPOTENTIARY OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA TO THE STATE OF ISRAEL. JOHN N. NKENGASONG, OF GEORGIA, TO BE AMBASSADOR, OF GEORGIA, TO BE AMBASSADOR EXPERTING THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER

JOHN N. NKENGASONG, OF GEORGIA, TO BE AMBAS-SADOR-AT-LARGE FOR GLOBAL HEALTH SECURITY AND DIPLOMACY. (NEW POSITION)

# CONFIRMATIONS

Executive nominations confirmed by the Senate September 28, 2023:

POSTAL REGULATORY COMMISSION

ROBERT G. TAUB, OF NEW YORK, TO BE A COMMISSIONER OF THE POSTAL REGULATORY COMMISSION FOR A TERM EXPIRING OCTOBER 14, 2028.

THOMAS G. DAY, OF VIRGINIA, TO BE A COMMISSIONER

THOMAS G. DAY, OF VIRGINIA, TO BE A COMMISSIONER OF THE POSTAL REGULATORY COMMISSION FOR A TERM EXPIRING OCTOBER 14, 2028.