

2016, in the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers West Urban 50,000 to 1,500,000 published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics.】

“(B) ADJUSTED INTEREST PAYMENTS.—There is authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary for deposit into the Development Fund \$5,124,902.12.”.

Mr. SCHUMER. I further ask unanimous consent that the committee-reported amendment be agreed to; the bill, as amended, be considered read a third time and passed; and the motion to reconsider be considered made and laid upon the table with no intervening action or debate.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The committee-reported amendment was agreed to.

The bill (S. 950), as amended, was ordered to be engrossed for a third reading, was read the third time, and passed as follows:

S. 950

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the “Technical Correction to the Shoshone-Paiute Tribes of the Duck Valley Reservation Water Rights Settlement Act of 2023”.

SEC. 2. AUTHORIZATION OF PAYMENT OF ADJUSTED INTEREST ON DEVELOPMENT FUND.

Section 10807(b)(3) of the Omnibus Public Land Management Act of 2009 (Public Law 111–11; 123 Stat. 1409) is amended—

(1) by striking “There is” and inserting the following:

“(A) IN GENERAL.—There is”; and

(2) by adding at the end the following:

“(B) ADJUSTED INTEREST PAYMENTS.—There is authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary for deposit into the Development Fund \$5,124,902.12.”.

ELIMINATE USELESS REPORTS ACT OF 2023

Mr. SCHUMER. Madam President, I ask unanimous consent that the Senate proceed to the immediate consideration of Calendar No. 194, S. 2073.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will report the bill by title.

The senior assistant legislative clerk read as follows:

A bill (S. 2073) to amend title 31, United States Code, to require agencies to include a list of outdated or duplicative reporting requirements in annual budget justifications, and for other purposes.

There being no objection, the Senate proceeded to consider the bill, which had been reported from the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs with an amendment to strike all after the enacting clause and insert in lieu thereof the following:

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the “Eliminate Useless Reports Act of 2023”.

SEC. 2. SUNSETS FOR AGENCY REPORTS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 1125 of title 31, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by redesignating subsection (c) as subsection (d);

(2) by striking subsections (a) and (b) and inserting the following:

“(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

“(1) BUDGET JUSTIFICATION MATERIALS.—The term ‘budget justification materials’ has the meaning given the term in section 3(b)(2) of the Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act of 2006 (31 U.S.C. 6101 note; Public Law 109–282).

“(2) RECURRING PLAN OR REPORT.—The term ‘recurring plan or report’—

“(A) means any plan or report submitted to Congress by not less than 1 agency on a recurring basis—

“(i) in accordance with Federal law; or

“(ii) at the direction of a congressional report; and

“(B) does not include any plan or report that is required to be submitted to the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate.

“(3) RELEVANT CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEE.—The term ‘relevant congressional committee’ means a congressional committee to which a recurring plan or report is required to be submitted.

“(b) AGENCY IDENTIFICATION OF UNNECESSARY REPORTS.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—The head of each agency shall include in the budget justification materials of the agency—

“(A) subject to paragraph (2), a list of each recurring plan or report submitted by the agency that the head of the agency determines to be outdated or duplicative;

“(B) with respect to each recurring plan or report described in subparagraph (A)—

“(i) a recommendation on whether to sunset, modify, consolidate, or reduce the frequency of the submission of the recurring plan or report;

“(ii) a citation to each provision of law or directive in a congressional report that requires or requests the submission of the recurring plan or report; and

“(iii) a list of the relevant congressional committees for the recurring plan or report; and

“(C) a justification explaining, with respect to each recommendation described in subparagraph (B)(i) relating to a recurring plan or report—

“(i) why the head of the agency made the recommendation, which may include an estimate of the resources expended by the agency to prepare and submit the recurring plan or report; and

“(ii) the understanding of the head of the agency of the purpose of the recurring plan or report.

“(2) AGENCY CONSULTATION.—

“(A) IN GENERAL.—In preparing the list required under paragraph (1)(A), if, in submitting a recurring plan or report, an agency is required to coordinate or consult with another agency or entity, the head of the agency submitting the recurring plan or report shall consult with the head of each agency or entity with whom consultation or coordination is required.

“(B) INCLUSION IN LIST.—If, after a consultation under subparagraph (A), the head of each agency or entity consulted under that subparagraph agrees that a recurring plan or report is outdated or duplicative, the head of the agency required to submit the recurring plan or report shall—

“(i) include the recurring plan or report in the list described in paragraph (1)(A); and

“(ii) identify each agency or entity with which the head of the agency is required to coordinate or consult in submitting the recurring plan or report.

“(C) DISAGREEMENT.—If the head of any agency or entity consulted under subparagraph (A) does not agree that a recurring plan or report is outdated or duplicative, the head of the agency required to submit the recurring plan or report shall not include the recurring plan or report in the list described in paragraph (1)(A).

“(3) GOVERNMENT-WIDE OR MULTI-AGENCY PLAN AND REPORT SUBMISSIONS.—With respect to a recurring plan or report required to be submitted by not less than 2 agencies, the Director of the Office of Management and Budget shall—

“(A) determine whether the requirement to submit the recurring plan or report is outdated or duplicative; and

“(B) make recommendations to Congress accordingly.

“(c) DISPOSITION OF RECOMMENDATIONS.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—With respect to a recommendation on a recurring plan or report included in budget justification materials by the head of an agency under subsection (b)(1)(B)(i), the chair and ranking member of each relevant congressional committee may—

“(A) in coordination with any other relevant congressional committee, as necessary, agree or disagree with the recommendation or postpone a decision on the recommendation; and

“(B) notify each agency that submits a recommendation of the disposition of the recommendation under subparagraph (A).

“(2) LEGISLATIVE STEPS.—If a relevant congressional committee agrees with an agency recommendation submitted under subsection (b)(1)(B)(i), the relevant congressional committee may take the necessary legislative steps to accomplish the recommendation, which may include consulting with the agency that submits the recurring plan or report that is the subject of the recommendation to prepare appropriate legislation.

“(3) AGENCY REQUIREMENTS.—Nothing in this section shall be construed to relieve the head of an agency from a requirement to submit a recurring plan or report.”; and

(3) in subsection (d), as so redesignated, by striking “in the budget of the United States Government, as provided by section 1105(a)(37)” and inserting “in the budget justification materials of each agency”.

(b) BUDGET CONTENTS.—Section 1105(a) of title 31, United States Code, is amended by striking paragraph (39).

Mr. SCHUMER. I ask unanimous consent that the committee-reported substitute amendment be agreed to; the bill, as amended, be considered read a third time and passed; and the motion to reconsider be considered made and laid upon the table with no intervening action or debate.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The committee-reported amendment, in the nature of a substitute, was agreed to.

The bill (S. 2073), as amended, was ordered to be engrossed for a third reading, was read the third time, and passed.

NOAA WEATHER RADIO MODERNIZATION ACT OF 2023

Mr. SCHUMER. Madam President, I ask unanimous consent that the Senate proceed to the immediate consideration of Calendar No. 259, S. 1416.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The clerk will report the bill by title.

The senior assistant legislative clerk read as follows:

A bill (S. 1416) to provide guidance for and investment in the upgrade and modernization of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration Weather Radio All Hazards Network, and for other purposes.

There being no objection, the Senate proceeded to consider the bill.

Mr. SCHUMER. I ask unanimous consent that the bill be considered read a third time and passed and the motion to reconsider be considered made and laid upon the table.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The bill (S. 1416) was ordered to be engrossed for a third reading, was read the third time, and passed as follows:

S. 1416

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the “NOAA Weather Radio Modernization Act of 2023” or the “NWR Modernization Act of 2023”.

SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.

(a) NOAA WEATHER RADIO.—The term “NOAA Weather Radio” means the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration Weather Radio All Hazards network.

(b) UNDER SECRETARY.—The term “Under Secretary” means the Under Secretary of Commerce for Oceans and Atmosphere and the Administrator of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration.

SEC. 3. UPGRADING EXISTING SYSTEMS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Under Secretary shall, to the maximum extent practicable, upgrade systems of NOAA Weather Radio in use as of the date of the enactment of this Act in order to expand coverage and ensure the reliability of NOAA Weather Radio.

(b) REQUIREMENTS.—In carrying out subsection (a), the Under Secretary shall—

(1) maintain support for systems described in such subsection that serve areas not covered by or having poor quality cellular service;

(2) ensure consistent maintenance and operations monitoring, with timely repairs to equipment and antennas at broadcast transmitter sites;

(3) enhance the ability to amplify non-weather emergency messages through NOAA Weather Radio as necessary; and

(4) acquire additional transmitters as required to expand coverage to rural and underserved communities, units of the National Park System, and National Recreation Areas.

SEC. 4. MODERNIZATION INITIATIVE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Under Secretary shall, to the maximum extent practicable, modernize NOAA Weather Radio to ensure the capabilities and coverage of NOAA Weather Radio remain valuable to the public.

(b) REQUIREMENTS.—In carrying out subsection (a), the Under Secretary shall—

(1) upgrade the telecommunications infrastructure of NOAA Weather Radio to accelerate the transition of broadcasts to media that provide an increase in reliability and repairability over copper media;

(2) accelerate software upgrades to the Advanced Weather Interactive Processing System of the National Weather Service, or any relevant successors of the system, in order to implement partial county notifications and alerts;

(3) enhance the accessibility and usability of data and feeds of NOAA Weather Radio, with the feedback of the public and user groups;

(4) develop options, including satellite backup capability and commercial provider partnerships, for continuity of service provided by NOAA Weather Radio in the event of outages among Weather Forecast Offices;

(5) research and develop alternative options, including microwave capabilities, to transmit signals from NOAA Weather Radio to transmitters that are remote or do not have Internet Protocol capability; and

(6) transition critical applications to the Integrated Dissemination Program of the National Weather Service, or any relevant successors of the program.

(c) PRIORITIES.—In carrying out subsections (a) and (b), the Under Secretary shall prioritize practices, capabilities, and technologies recommended in the assessment required by subsection (d) in order to maximize the accessibility of NOAA Weather Radio, particularly in remote areas of the United States and areas that are at risk for a lack of access to weather information in the event of an emergency weather event.

(d) ASSESSMENT.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Under Secretary shall complete and submit to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology of the House of Representatives an assessment of access to NOAA Weather Radio.

(2) CONSIDERATIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS.—In conducting the assessment required by paragraph (1), the Under Secretary shall take into consideration and provide recommendations on—

(A) the need for continuous, adequate, and operational real-time broadcasts from NOAA Weather Radio;

(B) solicited input on the compatibility of NOAA Weather Radio data with third-party platforms that provide online services, such as websites and mobile device applications, or deliver access to NOAA Weather Radio;

(C) existing or new management systems, which promote consistent, efficient, and compatible access to NOAA Weather Radio;

(D) the ability of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration to aggregate real-time broadcast feeds at one or more central locations;

(E) effective coordination between agencies with responsibilities relating to emergencies and natural disasters;

(F) the potential effects of an electromagnetic pulse or geomagnetic disturbance on NOAA Weather Radio; and

(G) improvements of hazardous weather and water event communications to more clearly inform action and increase the likelihood that the public takes such action to prevent the loss of life or property.

NATIONAL WEATHER SERVICE COMMUNICATIONS IMPROVEMENT ACT

Mr. SCHUMER. Madam President, I ask unanimous consent the Senate proceed to the immediate consideration of Calendar No. 260, S. 1414.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will report the bill by title.

The senior assistant legislative clerk read as follows:

A bill (S. 1414) to improve the instant messaging service used by the National Weather Service, and for other purposes.

There being no objection, the Senate proceeded to consider the bill, which had been reported from the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation.

Mr. SCHUMER. I ask unanimous consent that the bill be considered read a third time and passed and that the motion to reconsider be considered made and laid upon the table.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The bill (S. 1414) was ordered to be engrossed for a third reading, was read a third time, and passed, as follows:

S. 1414

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the “National Weather Service Communications Improvement Act”.

SEC. 2. NATIONAL WEATHER SERVICE COMMUNICATIONS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Title IV of the Weather Research and Forecasting Innovation Act of 2017 (15 U.S.C. 8541 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“SEC. 415. NATIONAL WEATHER SERVICE COMMUNICATIONS.

“(a) IMPROVEMENT OF INSTANT MESSAGING SERVICE.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—The Director of the National Weather Service shall improve the instant messaging service used by personnel of the National Weather Service by implementing by October 1, 2027, a commercial off-the-shelf communications solution that replaces the instant messaging service commonly referred to as ‘NWSChat’.

“(2) REQUIREMENTS.—The communications solution implemented under paragraph (1) shall—

“(A) be hosted on the public cloud; and

“(B) satisfy requirements set forth by the Director to ensure that the solution—

“(i) best accommodates future growth;

“(ii) performs successfully with increased numbers of users;

“(iii) is easy to use for the majority of users; and

“(iv) is similar to systems already in commercial use.

“(3) DEFINITION OF PUBLIC CLOUD.—In this subsection, the term ‘public cloud’ means an information technology model in which service providers make computing services, including compute and storage and develop-and-deploy environments and applications, available on-demand to organizations and individuals over the public internet.

“(b) NO ADDITIONAL FUNDS AUTHORIZED.—Funds to carry out this section may only come from amounts authorized to be appropriated to the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration before the date of the enactment of the National Weather Service Communications Improvement Act.”.

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents in section 1(b) of the Weather Research and Forecasting Innovation Act of 2017 is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 414 the following:

“Sec. 415. National Weather Service communications.”.

REUSE EXCESS PROPERTY ACT

Mr. SCHUMER. Madam President, I ask unanimous consent the Senate proceed to the immediate consideration of Calendar No. 264, S. 2685.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will report the bill by title.

The senior assistant legislative clerk read as follows:

A bill (S. 2685) to make data and internal guidance on excess personal property publicly available, and for other purposes.

There being no objection, the Senate proceeded to consider the bill which had been reported from the Committee on Homeland Security and Government Affairs, with an amendment to strike all after the enacting clause and insert in lieu thereof the following:

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the “Reuse Excess Property Act”.