Jennifer Smith, showed extraordinary innovation, dedication, and skill in crafting their future city. Their vision and hard work exemplified the value of STEM education and showcased the limitless potential of our youth.

I congratulate the Dutchman Ducks team and everyone involved in this impressive accomplishment and thank them for representing our great capital region with excellence on this national stage.

I wish them all success in their future endeavors as they continue to electrify our world with ingenuity and passion.

Let's hear it for today's leaders amongst the young people in this country.

CELEBRATING HAWKEYE SUPERSTAR CAITLIN CLARK

(Mr. NUNN of Iowa asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. NUNN of Iowa. Madam Speaker, I rise today to celebrate Hawkeye superstar and West Des Moines native Caitlin Clark.

March is upon us, and the madness is real.

As we look forward to the Big Ten Women's Tournament already underway, we have a phenomenon coming from the heart of the heartland, Ms. Caitlin Clark.

After surpassing the all-time scoring record in women's basketball in February, Caitlin became the NCAA Division I all-time leading scorer for both men's and women's basketball.

In Iowa's win over Ohio State on Sunday, Caitlin reached an outstanding record of 3,685 career points, and she is just getting started.

Caitlin is a leader both on and off the court who serves as a role model for young women across our State and the country.

As a dad of five young daughters, our babysitter even helped make Caitlin Clark who she is by constantly getting dunked on by Caitlin Clark in high school. Ms. Liz Sutton, you, the coaches, the fans, the team, and the family are what make Caitlin Clark and Iowa so proud today. Thanks for all you are doing.

Most importantly, as Iowa sets its focus on the Big Ten Tournament in March, join me in congratulating Caitlin for what she has done and what she will continue to do.

AMERICAN CANCER SOCIETY'S DISCOVERY SHOP

(Ms. KAPTUR asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend her remarks.)

Ms. KAPTUR. Madam Speaker, in the Ninth District of Ohio, the American Cancer Society Discovery Shop in Sylvania, Ohio, in Lucas County, won the Denise Noel Award for bringing in the most sales out of any location in our entire country.

The award is presented by the American Cancer Society to a person or group that has made significant contributions to the Discovery program. The Discovery Shop, which is a volunteer-run thrift store, sells donated clothes, household goods, antiques, collectibles, jewelry, artwork, and small furniture.

Purchases at these fine establishments help the American Cancer Society fund advocacy research and patient support programs to improve the lives of cancer patients and their families.

Anita Schuller, the manager of the Sylvania location, attributes the store's success to the involvement of the community and the dedication of its volunteers. Volunteers at the store credit Ms. Schuller's leadership and her ability to create and maintain a positive atmosphere for the award.

In this home away from home for many, there is not one person that does not go above and beyond for their Sylvania and our broader community.

Madam Speaker, congratulations to Ms. Schuller and the entire team.

HONORING STEVE SUTTON

(Mr. MOLINARO asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. MOLINARO. Madam Speaker, I rise today to honor a very special guest joining me in D.C. here in the House gallery today, Mr. Steve Sutton, a retired social studies teacher from Red Hook, New York.

He is not just any teacher. He was, in fact, my teacher and the man responsible for my desire to enter into public service.

Mr. Sutton's passion for government inspired me to get involved, leading me to student council, mock trial, and the Presidential Classroom program here in Washington.

Later, I served as the youngest mayor in America, State assemblyman, county executive, and now a Member of Congress.

One of the proudest moments for me was calling Mr. Sutton on election night to tell him that I would be serving here in Congress, the same institution we studied in his classroom.

Now, not everyone will pursue a career in public service, but everyone is capable of achieving their version of success, and that is why teachers like Steve Sutton matter. They push us, through our unique talents, to achieve our dreams.

Mr. Sutton helped me realize my life's calling to make a difference.

To you, Mr. Steve Sutton, and all the teachers like you nationwide, we are so very grateful.

CELEBRATING THE LIFE OF CHARLIE GRIFFIN

(Mr. WITTMAN asked and was given permission to address the House for 1

minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. WITTMAN. Madam Speaker, I rise today to celebrate the life of Captain Charlie "Griff" Griffin.

I grew up there, working on the Outer Banks in the fishing community. I remember Griff vividly.

Griff was a personality. Griff was bigger than life. He loved fishing. He loved the fishing community. He loved everything about what was going on there on the Outer Banks.

I remember his infectious laugh. I remember his voice on the radio, as you see here, saying: "Got him on."

Griff was indeed a friend to all in the fishing community, and he will be sorely missed.

He leaves behind a community of fishermen whose lives were touched by his kind soul and his kind words. We looked at him as a friend and mentor.

I pray that God brings peace to his loved ones. I know his love for his son, Jake, and his love for his dogs, including Leila, who was tragically lost on the same day as Griff.

We know it is a difficult time for folks in the fishing community there in the Outer Banks, but we know that his life will live on forever. He will be remembered and cherished.

Rest in peace, Griff.

REMEMBERING THE LIFE OF CHAD

(Mr. MURPHY asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. MURPHY. Madam Speaker, I rise today to remember the life of Chad Dunn, who tragically passed away in a boating accident in Oregon Inlet in North Carolina this past week. He was taken far too soon.

As a member of the fishing community, Chad was beloved by those who knew him, as well as his passion for the sea. Whether casting lines into the ocean's depths or navigating the tumultuous waters of life, Chad approached every challenge with courage and grace. Life is precious, and Chad seized every moment to live his life to the fullest. His spirit of adventure serves as a reminder for all of us to do the same.

While the sea may have claimed Chad's physical existence, his spirit remains in our hearts and our minds, especially those in the boating community and fishing community of Oregon Inlet in the Outer Banks.

I pray that God brings peace to his loved ones in this very difficult time. May his life be forever remembered, cherished, and beloved by those who loved and knew him.

Rest in peace, Chad.

EXPANDING ACCESS TO CAPITAL ACT OF 2023

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. WITTMAN). Pursuant to House Resolution 1052 and rule XVIII, the Chair declares the House in the Committee of

the Whole House on the state of the Union for the further consideration of the bill, H.R. 2799.

Will the gentlewoman from Minnesota (Mrs. FISCHBACH) kindly take the chair.

□ 0914

IN THE COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE

Accordingly, the House resolved itself into the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union for the further consideration of the bill (H.R. 2799) to make reforms to the capital markets of the United States, and for other purposes, with Mrs. FISCHBACH (Acting Chair) in the chair.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The Acting CHAIR. When the Committee of the Whole rose on Thursday, March 7, 2024, amendment No. 5 printed in part B of House Report 118–407 offered by the gentleman from California (Mr. SHERMAN) had been disposed of.

AMENDMENT NO. 6 OFFERED BY MS. HOULAHAN

The Acting CHAIR. It is now in order to consider amendment No. 6 printed in part B of House Report 118–407.

Ms. HOULAHAN. Madam Chair, I have an amendment at the desk.

The Acting CHAIR. The Clerk will designate the amendment.

The text of the amendment is as follows:

Page 29, line 25, strike "and" at the end. Page 29, after line 25, insert the following: (2) examining the effects of the failure of Silicon Valley Bank in the United States on—

(A) insured depository institutions (as defined in section 3 of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act) with less than \$10,000,000,000 in consolidated assets; and

(B) small business lending; and

Page 30, line 1, strike "(2)" and insert "(3)".

The Acting CHAIR. Pursuant to House Resolution 1052, the gentle-woman from Pennsylvania (Ms. HOULAHAN) and a Member opposed each will control 5 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentlewoman from Pennsylvania.

Ms. HOULAHAN. Madam Chair, I rise today to urge my colleagues to support my very straightforward amendment to protect small businesses and community banks in the wake of financial crisis, and I thank Ranking Member WATERS for the opportunity to lead on this issue.

I want to take this Chamber back 1 year ago to the collapse of Silicon Valley Bank that sent our financial system into disarray. In 48 hours' time, one of the largest U.S. banks failed, impacting customers, investors, businesses, and stockholders across our Nation.

Silicon Valley Bank's failure subsequently led to the collapse of Signature and Silvergate Banks in rapid succession as well, making this crisis one of the most significant banking failures in United States history.

After moments like these, it is important that Congress and key agencies like the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission fully understand the scope

and impacts to our economy. Transparency and accountability are essential to instill confidence in our capital markets and to prevent another crisis from tanking our economy in the same way.

In conducting the analysis, we must not only examine and understand the impact of the broader macroeconomy, but we must also make a concerted effort to understand the effects on small businesses and community banks that drive our Main Streets.

According to Federal Reserve data, deposits at smaller community banks dropped by \$120 billion in the week following the collapse. This is especially troubling when we consider that smaller banks hold approximately 36 percent of our business loans, according to the FDIC.

In other words, community banks took a hit in the immediate aftermath of the failure, which is especially concerning considering the high number of Main Street businessowners that utilize them.

Our Federal Government has a responsibility to gather data on exactly how this crisis impacted our mom-and-pop shops and the community banks that they depend on for crucial lines of capital. We must ensure that we learn from and take action to prevent the missteps and events of the past as well.

That is why I am offering this very straightforward and very commonsense amendment to ensure that the SEC's Advocate for Small Business Capital Formation study the effects of the collapse of Silicon Valley Bank on community banks and small business lending alike.

The Advocate, whose job it is to advance the interests of small businesses and their investors, would then be required, under this amendment, to provide Congress and the SEC with a report of its findings and recommendations

One month after the Silicon Valley Bank's collapse, I had a chance to meet with a group of local Pennsylvania bank leaders, including Customers Bank, Presence Bank, and First Resource Bank, located in my district. Each one of these banks was deeply concerned about their ability to serve the small businesses that drive the economy, create and sustain jobs, and fund the American Dream.

I specifically recall the CEO of Customers Bank, located in the Sixth Congressional District, sharing the account of the fear that small businesses had when this happened. They were concerned that they would not be able to meet payroll and other obligations.

This conversation, and outreach from many other concerned businesses in my community, is why I am putting forward this amendment. At the end of the day, these are jobs and livelihoods that are at stake.

I want to also be clear and address a falsehood. This amendment does not attempt to imply that the SEC regulates banks. This amendment clearly speaks to the responsibilities of the Advocate for Small Business Capital Formation to advance the interests of small businesses and their investors. It will allow Congress to take the requisite action to protect small businesses and community banks ahead of future financial crises and help them be more secure and more resilient.

Once again, I urge my colleagues, both Democrat and Republican, to support my straightforward and very commonsense amendment to protect our Main Streets and to ensure accountability and transparency in our financial system.

Madam Chair, I yield the balance of my time to the gentlewoman from California (Ms. WATERS), and I thank her for her continued leadership.

Ms. WATERS. Madam Chair, I thank my colleague from Pennsylvania for offering this important amendment which mandates the SEC report on the impact Silicon Valley Bank's collapse has had on local banks and small business lending.

Our committee's previous examination of the 2023 banking crisis, while informative, should not be the end of the story. With the expertise of its talented and knowledgeable staff, the SEC can supplement our reporting and is sure to provide further valuable insight into what exactly happened and how regulators and lawmakers can avoid this from occurring again in the future.

Madam Chair, I urge my colleagues to vote "yes" on this amendment.

Mrs. WAGNER. Madam Chair, I claim the time in opposition, and I am indeed opposed to this amendment.

The Acting CHAIR. The gentlewoman from Missouri is recognized for 5 minutes.

Mrs. WAGNER. Madam Chair, Republicans agree that the failure of Silicon Valley Bank and other institutions last March should be studied to better understand their impact on lending and community banks. That is why the Financial Services Committee devoted much of last spring and summer to holding a series of bipartisan hearings to better understand the bank failures and their consequences. We also advanced a package of legislation in response to the bank failures.

However, studies about lending and community banks should be done by banking regulators. Such a study is far outside the expertise of the SEC and especially the Advocate for Small Business Capital Formation.

H.R. 2799 does not include a study on banking services for venture funds. However, the focus of our study is to better understand venture capital and the potential obstacles preventing their growth or hindering their ability to serve the entrepreneurs they invest in, especially for smaller venture funds outside of major financial hubs.

The study required by this amendment is materially different. The SEC is very experienced in regulating and studying venture funds, but bank lending and community banks are far outside the SEC's remit.

While I appreciate my colleague's interest in better understanding the implications of the bank failures on lending, this is not the proper package for this amendment.

For those reasons, I urge my colleagues to reject this amendment and support the underlying legislation.

Madam Chair, I yield back the balance of my time.

Ms. HOULAHAN. Madam Chair, I yield back the balance of my time.

The Acting CHAIR. The question is on the amendment offered by the gentlewoman from Pennsylvania (Ms. HOULAHAN).

The question was taken; and the Acting Chair announced that the noes appeared to have it.

Ms. HOULAHAN. Madam Chair, I demand a recorded vote.

The Acting CHAIR. Pursuant to clause 6 of rule XVIII, further proceedings on the amendment offered by the gentlewoman from Pennsylvania will be postponed.

AMENDMENT NO. 7 OFFERED BY MS. TLAIB

The Acting CHAIR. It is now in order to consider amendment No. 7 printed in part B of House Report 118–407.

Ms. TLAIB. Madam Chair, I have an amendment at the desk made in order by the rule.

The Acting CHAIR. The Clerk will designate the amendment.

The text of the amendment is as follows:

Page 5, before line 1, insert the following: SEC. 2. LIMITATION WITH RESPECT TO CERTAIN COMPANIES.

An exemption or benefit provided under this Act or the amendments made by this Act may only apply to a company that does not impose junk fees on customers.

The Acting CHAIR. Pursuant to House Resolution 1052, the gentle-woman from Michigan (Ms. TLAIB) and a Member opposed each will control 5 minutes

The Chair recognizes the gentlewoman from Michigan.

Ms. TLAIB. Madam Chair, we all know there are incredibly important issues that are facing many of our families, and one of them is the rise in just uncontrollable corporate greed that we continue to see.

If you want your child to sit next to you on the airplane, expect a fee. If you cancel your cable early, expect a fee. If you pay your credit card late, in Michigan, average credit card late fees from big banks are more than \$20. Sadly, even the medical industry imposes hidden costs and surprise bills. Collectively, these junk fees cost our residents billions of dollars each year, Madam Chair.

The telecommunications industry alone takes in an estimated \$28 billion in fees annually from our residents. This is wrong. It is actually sick. We must push back against corporate greed.

Consumers should not have to deal with hidden charges and fees. None of my residents should have to deal with this, especially as the rising cost of services and fees continue to happen on top of these hidden fees. In this Chamber, we should all make sure that any law we pass does not support companies that exploit consumers. It is so important.

My amendment is simple. It ensures that any exemptions or benefits provided in this act may not apply to companies that impose the junk fees on our residents. That is it.

The act makes it easier for companies that employ gig workers to pay them in equity in lieu of a real salary. It exempts small issuers from disclosing basic financial information like revenues and expenses. It expands exemptions for venture capital funds, which played a significant part in the Silicon Valley Bank failure.

Regulation on the private funds industry would revert back to pre-Dodd-Frank era, allowing such funds to avoid supplying the SEC with basic information.

Such Wall Street giveaways we know are problematic and debatable. What is not debatable is that this body would relax or roll back regulations meant to protect our retirees and at the same time reward the companies that are literally negatively impacting our hardworking families with hidden fees and surprise costs. It is maddening.

I urge my colleagues to protect consumers and to promote transparency—they deserve to know—by adopting my amendment, which would ensure that those companies that benefit from this act do not also profit from imposing junk fees on our residents.

Madam Chair, I yield the balance of my time to the gentlewoman from Pennsylvania (Ms. HOULAHAN).

Ms. HOULAHAN. Madam Chair, I thank Representative TLAIB for yielding to me.

I rise today in opposition to H.R. 2799, the Expanding Access to Capital Act of 2023, because it would remove critical safeguards against fraud and abuse in our financial markets at the expense of everyday Americans.

This bill represents a set of policies that would deregulate Wall Street and further enrich the wealthiest of our communities, all while reducing investor confidence and protections for retirees and for mom-and-pop investors.

We already see the practices of private equity funds making single family homes unaffordable and an increasing number of rural hospitals inaccessible. The last thing we need to do is to make the situation worse.

It is for this reason, at the appropriate time, that I will offer a motion to recommit this bill back to committee. If the House rules permitted, I would have offered the motion with an important amendment to this bill. Instead of enabling bad actors, my amendment would protect the privacy of women utilizing in vitro fertilization by prohibiting the Securities and Exchange Commission from requiring a business that provides IVF treatments from disclosing any personal identity

information on the individual who is receiving the treatment, the medical or support personnel who are providing that treatment, or the clients of such businesses.

□ 0930

In the Dobbs decision, we saw the Supreme Court tear away our constitutional right to privacy. All Americans, regardless of where they live, should be able to access the assisted reproductive technologies that they need to start or grow their families, including IVF, without the fear that their personal information will be shared. Our medical providers deserve to be able to do their jobs and to help patients make their best decisions for their circumstances without fear of retribution.

Madam Chair, I include the text of my amendment in the RECORD. I hope that my colleagues will join me in voting for the motion to recommit.

Ms. Houlahan moves to recommit the bill H.R. 2799 to the Committee on Financial Services with instructions to report the same back to the House forthwith with the following amendment:

After section 1, insert the following:

SEC. 2. PROHIBITION ON RESTRICTING IVF TREATMENTS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The Securities and Exchange Commission may not—
- (1) require an issuer that provides in vitro fertilization treatments to women, regardless of the location of such treatment, to disclose any personal identifying information of—
- (A) the women who receive such treatment:
- (B) medical or support personnel providing services to the treatment center where the treatments are performed; or
 - (C) clients of such issuer; or
- (2) take any enforcement action solely on the basis of the provision of such treatments.
- (b) LISTING STANDARDS.—The Commission may not approve any listing standards of a national securities exchange that requires a public company that provides in vitro fertilization treatments to women, regardless of the location of such treatment, to disclose any personal identifying information of—
- (1) the women who receive such treatment; (2) medical or support personnel providing services to the treatment center where the treatments are performed; or
 - (3) clients of such issuer.

Ms. TLAIB. Madam Chair, may I inquire how much time is remaining.

The Acting CHAIR. The gentlewoman from Michigan has 30 seconds remaining.

Ms. TLAIB. Madam Chair, I reserve the balance of my time.

Mrs. WAGNER. Madam Chair, I claim the time in opposition to this amendment.

The Acting CHAIR. The gentlewoman from Missouri is recognized for 5 minutes.

Mrs. WAGNER. Madam Chair, I rise in opposition to the amendment offered by the gentlewoman from Michigan.

Not only is this amendment problematic, but as drafted, it is also unenforceable. Nowhere in Federal law is the term "junk fees" defined—not in our securities laws and not in this amendment.

I know the Biden administration's financial regulators like to create new terms to advance the President's political agenda, but we shouldn't be making up new terms without defining them here in Congress.

The companies impacted by this amendment would be equally in the dark

How can a company know if a given fee is so-called junk when neither the SEC nor the amendment can define it?

Should they just charge no fees at all, potentially putting some firm out of business?

The only fees Democrats seem to want to spare from this political crusade are those charged by the government itself. For example, the IRS charges fees to folks who pay their taxes late. I get it. No one wants to pay fees, but charging fees for a product or service is a normal part of doing busi-

Madam Chair. I urge my colleagues to oppose this amendment, and I reserve the balance of my time.

Ms. TLAIB. Madam Chair, yes, but it is surprise fees. It is hidden fees. Many of the residents outside this Chamber would disagree.

I think it is really important to understand the underlying bill amends the security laws, and the security laws are administered by the SEC. Be that as it may, it is incredibly important to understand that, of course, there are fees, but hidden fees. We are talking about hidden, surprise fees that our residents know nothing about. That is the essence of why we need this amendment.

Again, we cannot continue to allow our residents to be impacted negatively by the fact that they don't want to be transparent. They want to hide these fees. They don't want us to know exactly what they are charging us.

So, again, I think it is incredibly important.

Madam Chair, I yield back the balance of my time.

Mrs. WAGNER. Madam Chair, may I inquire how much time I have remaining.

The Acting CHAIR. The gentlewoman from Missouri has 3½ minutes remain-

Mrs. WAGNER. Madam Chair, I just want to reiterate my opposition to this amendment.

As I said, the only fees Democrats seem to want to spare from the political crusade are those charged by the government itself. As I said, the Internal Revenue Service charges fees to folks who pay their taxes late.

There is no definition of junk fee anywhere in here.

I would also like to point out to the gentlewoman from Michigan that I was a sponsor of the Families Fly Together Act which did away with additional fees for children who are accompanied by their parents on a plane. Those children get to fly free with their parents. That was my piece of legislation. It is called Families Fly Together. It was in

the base legislation of the Federal Aviation Administration reauthorization, and it passed this U.S. House Chamber without the gentlewoman from Michigan's support.

Madam Chair, I urge my colleagues to oppose this amendment, and I yield back the balance of my time.

The Acting CHAIR. The question is on the amendment offered by the gentlewoman from Michigan (Ms. TLAIB).

The question was taken; and the Acting Chair announced that the noes appeared to have it.

Ms. TLAIB. Madam Chair, I demand a recorded vote.

The Acting CHAIR. Pursuant to clause 6 of rule XVIII, further proceedings on the amendment offered by the gentlewoman from Michigan will be postponed.

AMENDMENT NO. 8 OFFERED BY MR. LYNCH

The Acting CHAIR. It is now in order to consider amendment No. 8 printed in part B of House Report 118-407.

Mr. LYNCH. Madam Chair, I have an amendment at the desk.
The Acting CHAIR. The Clerk will

designate the amendment.

The text of the amendment is as fol-

Page 5, before line 1, insert the following: SEC. 2. EFFECTIVE DATE.

This Act and the amendments made by this Act shall take effect on the date the Securities and Exchange Commission, in consultation with State securities regulators, certifies to Congress that nothing in this Act or the amendments made by this Act will increase fraud.

The Acting CHAIR. Pursuant to House Resolution 1052, the gentleman from Massachusetts (Mr. LYNCH) and a Member opposed each will control 5 minutes

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Massachusetts.

Mr. LYNCH. Madam Chair, in the interest of investor protection, my amendment would prevent H.R. 2799 from taking effect unless the Securities and Exchange Commission certifies to Congress that this misguided legislation will not increase the amount of fraud in our financial sys-

Importantly, this certification would be based on SEC consultation with our State securities regulators.

As ranking member of the Subcommittee on Digital Assets, Financial Technology and Inclusion, I am strongly supportive of reducing barriers to capital market participation in a manner that maximizes investor protection, regulatory oversight, and responsible capital formation. Unfortunately, this bill removes basic protections and promotes reckless deregulation at the expense of all three.

Not surprisingly, our State securities regulators are overwhelmingly opposed to the so-called Expanding Access to Capital Act because it would preempt critical State laws that are in place to protect retail investors against fraud and other financial misconduct.

In my own State of Massachusetts, our longtime Secretary of the Com-

monwealth and chief securities regulator, Bill Galvin, reports this bill would significantly undermine the State's ability to regulate financial middlemen such as finders and private placement brokers and that these financial intermediaries regularly promote private investments that are both high risk and nonliquid.

By providing these individuals with a virtual safe harbor from registration and other important investor protection requirements, H.R. 2799 will weaken oversight and enforcement in this area. According to Secretary Galvin, finders will be "invisible to regulators and market observers until problems arise.'

The Massachusetts Securities Division has, in fact, commenced several recent enforcement actions related to finder misconduct, including the solicitation of fraudulent promissory notes to further a Ponzi scheme and the use of scam investment tactics to raise small business capital for businesses that never materialized. These schemes have cost Massachusetts investors millions of dollars.

Similarly, the North American Securities Administrators Association, which is on the front line of investor protections across our country, strongly opposes this legislation on the grounds that it would make it impossible for State securities regulators to promote responsible capital formation and protect investors in the States.

Under existing investor protection statutes and registration requirements, regulators are able to directly engage with small business owners and entrepreneurs to educate them on responsible options for raising capital, help them avoid compliance mistakes, and deter fraud that will harm investors and businesses alike.

The bill before us, however, would undermine these efforts by obscuring finders and other middlemen from the lines of sight of State and Federal regulatory authorities.

Moreover, bad actors are increasingly peddling cryptocurrency asset securities. In the wake of the abrupt collapse of FTX and the conviction of its founder, Sam Bankman-Fried, for stealing nearly \$10 billion in customer funds, we are well aware of the volatility of the cryptocurrency sector and its susceptibility to financial fraud. We should be strengthening transparency and accountability in the private securities markets rather than facilitating reckless financial behavior.

Madam Chair, our capital markets are the envy of the world, specifically because of the robust State and Federal regulatory regimes that function to protect investors and promote confidence in capital formation.

H.R. 2799 will dismantle this framework. That is precisely why a variety of consumer and investor protection advocates also strongly oppose the bill, including the Consumer Federation of America, Americans for Financial Reform, and Public Citizen. They report

that an alarming proportion of the individuals who act as financial middlemen already have numerous red flags on their records, presenting an elevated risk of fraud to investors.

Madam Chair, I urge my colleagues on both sides of the aisle to support this commonsense investor protection amendment, and I reserve the balance of my time.

Mrs. WAGNER. Madam Chair, I rise in opposition to the amendment.

The Acting CHAIR. The gentlewoman from Missouri is recognized for 5 minutes.

Mrs. WAGNER. Madam Chair, I appreciate the gentleman's concern about fraud in our financial system—it is a serious problem that impacts far too many Americans. However, his intent in offering this unnecessary and unworkable amendment seems to be to ensure this bill never takes effect.

This amendment would provide State regulators and unelected bureaucrats with veto power over duly passed laws. That should concern everyone in this Chamber.

Let's dig into this.

First, the amendment is unnecessary. The Federal securities laws already include broad antifraud provisions that are designed to protect investors. The same provisions offer recourse against those who have engaged in security fraud.

The Federal securities laws also include bad actor disqualifications that prevent fraudsters from benefiting from certain privileges offered under the securities laws.

To be clear, nothing in the Expanding Access to Capital Act would modify, remove, or limit the securities laws' antifraud or bad actor provisions in any way, period.

Second, the amendment is entirely unworkable. For example, the amendment broadly states the SEC must "consult with State security regulators."

All States? Certain States?

If so, who decides which States?

Can one State block the law from taking effect?

Congress does not need approval from the executive branch agencies and State regulators to do its job.

Let's be serious. Fewer companies are entering our public markets than at any time in recent history, and the current SEC is ignoring its statutory mandate to facilitate capital formation.

Congress has an obligation to make law to address these glaring issues. I would welcome my Democratic colleagues to join Republicans in our efforts to help small businesses, entrepreneurs, and investors by supporting H.R. 2799.

Madam Chair, I reserve the balance of my time.

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE ACTING CHAIR

The Acting CHAIR. The Chair will remind all persons in the gallery that they are here as guests of the House and that any manifestation of approval

or disapproval of proceedings or other audible conversation is in violation of the rules of the House.

Mr. LYNCH. Madam Chair, may I inquire how much time I have remaining.

The Acting CHAIR. The gentleman from Massachusetts has 30 seconds remaining.

Mr. LYNCH. Very briefly, Madam Chair, I would just add that in this bill there are several preemption provisions that prevent State regulators from actually doing their jobs, and that is problematic. They are, in many cases, elected officials. They are not unelected officials. Their responsibility is to protect investors, and they have done a good job in all 50 States.

So, again, Madam Chair, for all the reasons I previously stated, I ask Members on both sides of the aisle to please support this commonsense amendment.

Madam Chair, I yield back the balance of my time.

Mrs. WAGNER. Madam Chair, may I inquire how much time I have remaining.

The Acting CHAIR. The gentlewoman from Missouri has $2\frac{1}{2}$ minutes remaining.

Mrs. WAGNER. Madam Chair, I would mention to my good friend, my colleague, Mr. Lynch, that the preemption clauses were struck in the manager's amendment. I do certainly appreciate the gentleman's concern about fraud in our financial system. However, his intent in offering this very unnecessary and unworkable amendment seems to be to ensure this bill never takes effect.

Madam Chair, I urge my colleagues to oppose this amendment, and I yield back the balance of my time.

The Acting CHAIR. The question is on the amendment offered by the gentleman from Massachusetts (Mr. Lynch).

The question was taken; and the Acting Chair announced that the noes appeared to have it.

Mr. LYNCH. Madam Chair, I demand a recorded vote.

The Acting CHAIR. Pursuant to clause 6 of rule XVIII, further proceedings on the amendment offered by the gentleman from Massachusetts will be postponed.

AMENDMENT NO. 9 OFFERED BY MS. WATERS

The Acting CHAIR. It is now in order to consider amendment No. 9 printed in part B of House Report 118–407.

Ms. WATERS. Madam Chair, I have an amendment at the desk made in order under the rule.

The Acting CHAIR. The Clerk will designate the amendment.

The text of the amendment is as follows:

Insert after section 2202 the following:

SEC. 2203. ANNUAL DISCLOSURES ON INVEST-MENTS BY NON-EXEMPT PRIVATE FUND ADVISERS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 204(b) of the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80b-4(b)) is amended by adding at the end the following:
- "(12) ANNUAL DISCLOSURES ON INVESTMENTS BY NON-EXEMPT PRIVATE FUND ADVISERS.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—Each investment adviser who advises private funds and is not exempt from registration pursuant to section 203(m) shall file an annual report with the Commission disclosing the aggregate number and aggregate dollar amount of all investments (including derivatives) made by such private funds during the previous year in—

'(i) women-owned companies;

"(ii) minority-owned companies;

"(iii) LGBTQ-owned companies;

"(iv) veteran-owned companies;

``(v) companies owned by individuals with a disability; and

"(vi) companies domiciled in, or projects located, in rural America.

"(B) DEFINITIONS.—In this paragraph:

"(i) DISABILITY.—The term 'disability' has the meaning given that term in section 3 of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990.

"(ii) LGBTQ.—The term 'LGBTQ' means lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, and queer.

"(iii) MINORITY.—The term 'minority' has the meaning given that term in section 308(b) of the Financial Institutions Reform, Recovery, and Enforcement Act of 1989 and includes any indigenous person in the United States or the territories of the United States.

"(iv) Owned.—With respect to a company and a class of individuals, the company is 'owned' by such individuals if—

"(I) more than 50 percent of the voting securities of the company are owned by 1 or more individuals in such class; and

"(II) the management and daily business operations of the company are controlled by 1 or more individuals in such class.

"(v) VETERAN.—The term veteran has the meaning given the term in section 101(2) of title 38, United States Code.".

(b) RULEMAKING.—Not later than the end of the 18-month period beginning on the date of enactment of this Act, the Securities and Exchange Commission shall issue rules to carry out the amendment made by this section

Insert after section 2302 the following:

SEC. 2303. ANNUAL DISCLOSURES ON INVEST-MENTS BY QUALIFYING VENTURE CAPITAL FUNDS.

- (a) Annual Disclosures on Investments.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Each person described in section 3(c)(1) of the Investment Company Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80a–3(c)(1)) that would not be a person described in such section but for the amendments made by section 2302, shall file an annual report with the Commission disclosing the aggregate number and aggregate dollar amount of all investments (including derivatives) made by such person during the previous year in—
 - (A) women-owned companies;
 - (B) minority-owned companies;
 - (C) LGBTQ-owned companies;
 - (D) veteran-owned companies;
- (E) companies owned by individuals with a disability; and
- (F) companies domiciled in, or projects located, in rural America.
- (2) Definitions.—In this paragraph:
- (A) DISABILITY.—The term "disability" has the meaning given that term in section 3 of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990.
- (B) LGBTQ.—The term "LGBTQ" means lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, and queer.
- (C) MINORITY.—The term "minority" has the meaning given that term in section 308(b) of the Financial Institutions Reform, Recovery, and Enforcement Act of 1989 and includes any indigenous person in the United States or the territories of the United States.

(D) OWNED.-With respect to a company and a class of individuals, the company is "owned" by such individuals if-

(i) more than 50 percent of the voting securities of the company are owned by 1 or more individuals in such class; and

(ii) the management and daily business operations of the company are controlled by 1 or more individuals in such class.

(E) VETERAN.—The term veteran has the meaning given the term in section 101(2) of title 38, United States Code.

(b) RULEMAKING.—Not later than the end of the 18-month period beginning on the date of enactment of this Act, the Securities and Exchange Commission shall issue rules to carry out this section.

The Acting CHAIR. Pursuant to House Resolution 1052, the gentlewoman from California (Ms. WATERS) and a Member opposed each will control 5 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentlewoman from California.

Ms. WATERS. Madam Chair, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Madam Chair, my amendment will provide needed transparency into the opaque world of private equity and venture capital funds, particularly around their investments in minority-owned, women-owned, veteran-owned, and rural businesses.

Today, these private funds play a big role in capital allocation, from mergers and acquisitions and non-bank lending, to restructurings and bankruptcies.

As of 2021, private funds held more than \$7 trillion in investments. Venture capital funds manage nearly \$1.3 trillion, providing funding to startups and early-stage companies across the country.

These are staggering numbers, but the amount going to minority-owned and women-owned businesses is not. For example, the White House earlier this month noted that Black-founded companies receive less than 1 percent of venture capital funding annually, while women-founded businesses receive just about 2 percent.

□ 0945

When I was the chairwoman of the Financial Services Committee, the first thing I did was to create a Subcommittee on Diversity and Inclusion.

Our committee convened dozens of hearings on diversity and inclusion, receiving hundreds of hours of testimony that highlighted one overwhelming conclusion, which was the clear business case for supporting and investing in diversity.

Study after study has found that diverse companies consistently outperform nondiverse companies despite being disproportionately undercapitalized. This is good for industry, good for business, and good for investors.

Yet, limited access to financing is restricting the ability of women and businessowners of color to fulfill their potential, generate jobs, and contribute to their communities. Because private funds do not have the same transparency requirements as other large investors, it is difficult to gauge the number, size, and scope of their commitments to women-owned, diverse-owned, veteran-owned, and rural businesses.

Moreover, following the murder of George Floyd in 2020, a number of private firms pledged to make advancements on racial and gender equity as part of their business strategy. Without accurate and timely information, investors and the public cannot hold these fund managers accountable

That is why my amendment is so important. If private funds want to take advantage of the ability to peddle their investments to the public, which is what this bill would permit, then at the very least, they need to show how they are investing in all of America.

Madam Chair, I ask all Members to support my amendment, and I reserve the balance of my time.

Mrs. WAGNER. Madam Chair, I claim the time in opposition as I am opposed to this amendment.

The Acting CHAIR. The gentlewoman from Missouri is recognized for 5 min-

Mrs. WAGNER. Madam Chair, I rise in opposition to the amendment offered by the ranking member. This amendment is problematic on several fronts.

First, it is an attempt to impose more onerous disclosure requirements on actors in the private markets than what exists in the public markets. Doing so would be unprecedented, even for an overzealous regulator.

For decades, our security laws have intentionally featured vastly different disclosure requirements between our public markets and our private markets. This amendment would destroy that intentional distinction by mandating an unworkable disclosure regime on private funds that is more onerous than what is required of any public company.

The public disclosure of the type of information required by this amendment could be weaponized by activists to name and shame market participants for pursuing an investment strategy that may not be politically favorable to the progressive left.

This would be counterproductive and against the spirit of the securities laws, which are not intended to encourage investments in any one sector or type of business.

The increased compliance costs resulting from this amendment would disproportionately hurt smaller emerging funds, advisers, and investment companies, many of which are minority owned, women owned, veteran owned, and rural.

If Democrats are serious about wanting to help underserved communities thrive, they will oppose this amendment. Instead, they should support the underlying bill, which would help Americans from all walks of life realize their version of the American Dream.

Madam Chair, I reserve the balance of my time.

Ms. WATERS. Madam Chair, I yield myself the balance of my time.

My commonsense amendment would require private funds to disclose their has been demanded.

investments in women-owned, minority-owned, veteran-owned, and rural businesses.

For far too long, these well-perwell-deserving businesses forming, have been undercapitalized and underinvested in by wealthy firms that made empty promises when it was trendy to do so.

We know that what gets measured and reported gets done. This amendment would provide the kind of transparency that investors, particularly public pension plans, want—to ensure they are investing in the most profitable parts of the economy.

Madam Chair, I strongly urge Members to vote "yes" on my amendment, and I yield back the balance of my time.

Mrs.WAGNER. Madam Chair, if Democrats are serious about wanting to help underserved communities thrive, they will oppose this amendment. Instead, they should support the underlying bill, which will help Americans from all walks of life realize their version of the American Dream.

Madam Chair, I urge my colleagues to oppose this amendment, and I yield back the balance of my time.

The Acting CHAIR. The question is

on the amendment offered by the gentlewoman from California WATERS).

The question was taken; and the Acting Chair announced that the noes appeared to have it.

Ms. WATERS. Madam Chair, I demand a recorded vote.

The Acting CHAIR. Pursuant to clause 6 of rule XVIII, further proceedings on the amendment offered by the gentlewoman from California will be postponed.

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE ACTING CHAIR

The Acting CHAIR. Pursuant to clause 6 of Rule XVIII, proceedings will now resume on those amendments printed in part B of House Report 118-407 on which further proceedings were postponed, in the following order:

Amendment No. 6 by Ms. Houlahan of Pennsylvania.

Amendment No. 7 of Ms. TLAIB of Michigan.

Amendment No. 8 by Mr. LYNCH of Massachusetts.

Amendment No. 9 by Ms. WATERS of California.

The Chair will reduce to 2 minutes the minimum time for any electronic vote after the first vote in the series.

AMENDMENT NO. 6 OFFERED BY MS. HOULAHAN

The Acting CHAIR. The unfinished business is the demand for a recorded vote on amendment No. 6, printed in part B of House Report 118-407, offered by the gentlewoman from Pennsylvania (Ms. HOULAHAN), on which further proceedings were postponed and on which the noes prevailed by voice vote.

Clerk will redesignate The amendment.

The Clerk redesignated the amend-

RECORDED VOTE

The Acting CHAIR. A recorded vote

Langworthy

Flood

Rodgers (WA)

A recorded vote was ordered. The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—ayes 200, noes 203, not voting 34, as follows:

[Roll No. 73]

AYES-200 Adams Golden (ME) Peltola Aguilar Gomez Perez Gonzales Tony Allred Peters Gonzalez, Amo Pettersen Balint Vicente Phillips Gottheimer Barragán Pingree Beatty Harder (CA) Plaskett Hayes Houlahan Bera Pocan Beyer Pressley Bishop (GA) Hoyer Quigley Blumenauer Blunt Rochester Huffman Ramirez Ivev Raskin Jackson (IL) Ross Bowman Boyle (PA) Jackson (NC) Ruiz Jacobs Ruppersberger Jayapal Brown Rvan Brownley Jeffries Sablan Budzinski Kamlager-Dove Salinas Bush Kaptur Sánchez Kelly (IL) Caraveo Cárdenas Sarbanes Khanna Scanlon Carson Kildee Carter (LA) Schakowsky Kilmer Cartwright Krishnamoorthi Schiff Schneider Case Kuster Scholten Casten Landsman Schrier Castor (FL) Larsen (WA) Castro (TX) Larson (CT) Scott (VA) Scott, David Lee (CA) Chu Clark (MA) Lee (NV) Sewell Clarke (NY) Lee (PA) Sherman Leger Fernandez Sherrill Cleaver Clyburn Levin Slotkin Cohen Lien Smith (WA) Connolly Lofgren Sorensen Correa Luna Soto Spanberger Costa. Lvnch Magaziner Courtney Spartz Manning Stansbury Crockett Matsui Stanton McBath Crow Stevens Cuellar McClellan Strickland Davids (KS) McCollum Suozzi McGarvey Davis (IL) Svkes Davis (NC) McGovern Thanedar Dean (PA) Meeks Thompson (CA) DeGette Menendez Thompson (MS) DeLauro Meng Titus DelBene Mfume Tlaib Deluzio Morelle Tokuda DeSaulnier Moskowitz Tonko Moulton Dingell Torres (CA) Doggett Mrvan Torres (NY) Escobar Mullin Trahan Eshoo Napolitano Trone Espaillat Neal Underwood Evans Neguse Fletcher Vargas Nickel Vasquez Foster Norcross Veasey Foushee Norton Frankel, Lois Ocasio-Cortez Velázquez Frost Omar Wasserman Schultz Gaetz Pallone Waters Gallego Panetta Garamendi Watson Coleman Pappas Wexton García (IL) Pascrell Garcia (TX) Pavne Garcia, Robert Wilson (FL)

NOES-203

Aderholt Buchanan Curtis Alford Bucshon D'Esposito Allen Burchett Davidson Amodei Burgess De La Cruz Burlison Armstrong DesJarlais Arrington Calvert Diaz-Balart Babin Cammack Duarte Bacon Carey Duncan Dunn (FL) Baird Carl Carter (GA) Balderson Edwards Ellzey Carter (TX) Chavez-DeRemer Banks Emmer Barr Bean (FL) Estes Ciscomani Cline Ezell Bentz Bergman Cloud Fallon Bice Clyde Feenstra Biggs Cole Collins Ferguson Bilirakis Finstad Fischbach Bishop (NC) Comer Fitzpatrick Fleischmann Rost. Crane Brecheen Crawford

Foxx Latta Rogers (AL) Franklin, Scott LaTurner Rogers (KY) Lawler Rose Fulcher Lee (FL) Rosendale Gallagher Lesko Rouzer Garbarino Letlow Roy Garcia, Mike Loudermilk Rutherford Gimenez Lucas Salazar Good (VA) Luetkemever Scalise Gooden (TX) Luttrell Schweikert Graves (LA) Mace Scott, Austin Graves (MO) Malliotakis Self Green (TN) Maloy Sessions Greene (GA) Mann Simpson Smith (MO) Griffith Massie Grothman Mast Smith (NE) Guest McCaul Smith (NJ) McClain Guthrie Smucker Hageman McClintock Stauber Harris McCormick Stee1 McHenry Hern Stefanik Higgins (LA) Meuser Miller (IL) Steil Hill Steube Hinson Miller (OH) Strong Houchin Miller (WV Tenney Hudson Miller-Meeks Thompson (PA) Huizenga Mills Tiffany Hunt Molinaro Timmons Issa Moolenaar Jackson (TX) Turner Moore (AL) Van Drew James Moore (UT) Van Duyne Johnson (SD) Movlan Van Orden Jordan Murphy Wagner Joyce (OH) Nehls Newhouse Walberg Jovce (PA) Waltz Kean (NJ) Norman Weber (TX) Kelly (MS) Nunn (IA) Kelly (PA) Obernolte Webster (FL) Kiggans (VA) Ogles Wenstrup Kiley Kim (CA) Owens Westerman Palmer Williams (TX) Kustoff Wilson (SC) Pence LaHood Perry Wittman Pfluger LaLota Womack LaMalfa Yakym Reschenthaler Lamborn Zinke

NOT VOTING-34

Auchineless Gosar Mooney Moore (WI) Boebert Granger Green, Al (TX) Buck Moran Carbajal Grijalya. Nadler Harshbarger Casar Porter Cherfilus-Himes Radewagen McCormick Horsford Swalwell Crenshaw Hoyle (OR) Takano Donalds Jackson Lee Valadao Fitzgerald Johnson (GA) Williams (GA) Goldman (NY) Keating Williams (NY) González-Colón Kim (NJ)

\square 1021

Messrs. CARL, MILLER of Ohio, WILSON of South Carolina, Ms. FOXX, Messrs. BACON, CALVERT, STAUBER, HIGGINS of Louisiana, BANKS, CISCOMANI, and LAHOOD changed their vote from "aye" to "no."

Mses. LEGER FERNANDEZ, WASSERMAN SCHULTZ, Messrs. GAETZ, and HOYER changed their vote from "no" to "aye."

So the amendment was rejected.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

Stated for:

Mr. GREEN of Texas. Mr. Chair, had I been present, I would have voted "aye" on rollcall No. 73.

Mr. NADLER. Mr. Chair, had I been present, I would have voted "aye" on rollcall No. 73.

AMENDMENT NO. 7 OFFERED BY MS. TLAIB

The Acting CHAIR (Mr. WEBER of Texas). The unfinished business is the demand for a recorded vote on amendment No. 7, printed in part B of House Report 118–407, offered by the gentlewoman from Michigan (Ms. TLAIB), on which further proceedings were postponed and on which the noes prevailed by voice vote.

The Clerk will redesignate the amendment.

The Clerk redesignated the amendment

RECORDED VOTE

The Acting CHAIR. A recorded vote has been demanded.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The Acting CHAIR. This will be a 2-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—ayes 204, noes 212, not voting 21, as follows:

[Roll No. 74]

AYES-204

Adams Golden (ME) Pappas Aguilar Gomez Pascrell Gonzalez. Amo Pavne Balint Vicente Barragán Gottheimer Peltola Beatty Green, Al (TX) Peters Bera Harder (CA) Pettersen Beyer Haves Phillips Bishop (GA) Pingree Himes Blumenauer Horsford Plaskett Blunt Rochester Houlahan Pocan Bonamici Pressley Hover Hoyle (OR) Bowman Quigley Boyle (PA) Huffman Ramirez Brown Raskin Ivey Brownley Jackson (IL) Ross Budzinski Jackson (NC) Ruiz Bush Jacobs Ruppersberger Caraveo Jayapal Ryan Cárdenas Sablan Jeffries Carson Kamlager-Dove Salinas Carter (LA) Kaptur Sánchez Keating Sarbanes Cartwright Casar Kelly (IL) Scanlon Khanna Case Schakowsky Casten Kildee Schiff Castor (FL) Kilmei Schneider Castro (TX) Krishnamoorthi Scholten Cherfilus-Kuster Schrier Scott (VA) McCormick Landsman Chu Scott David Larsen (WA) Clark (MA) Larson (CT) Sewell Clarke (NY) Lee (CA) Sherman Cleaver Lee (NV) Sherrill Clyburn Lee (PA) Slotkin Leger Fernandez Cohen Smith (WA) Connolly Levin Sorensen Correa Lieu Soto Costa Lofgren Spanberger Courtney Lvnch Stansbury Craig Magaziner Stanton Crockett Manning Stevens Strickland Matsui Crow Cuellar McBath Suozzi Davids (KS) McClellan Swalwell McCollum Davis (IL) Svkes Davis (NC) McGarvey Takano Dean (PA) McGovern Thanedar DeGette Meeks Thompson (CA) DeLauro Menendez Thompson (MS) DelBene Meng Mfume Titus Deluzio Tlaib DeSaulnier Moore (WI) Tokuda Dingell Morelle Tonko Moskowitz Torres (CA) Doggett Escobar Moulton Torres (NY) Eshoo Mrvan Trahan Espaillat Mullin Trone Evans Nadler Underwood Fletcher Napolitano Vargas Foster Neal Vasquez Foushee Neguse Velázquez Frankel, Lois Nickel Wasserman Norcross Schultz Waters Gallego Norton Ocasio-Cortez Garamendi Watson Coleman García (IL) Wexton Garcia (TX) Pallone Wild Wilson (FL) Garcia, Robert Panetta

NOES-212

Bacon Baird Aderholt Bice Alford Biggs Allen Balderson Bilirakis Allred Banks Bishop (NC) Amodei Barr Bost Bean (FL) Brecheen Armstrong Arrington Bentz Buchanan Babin Bergman Bucshon

Wexton

Wilson (FL)

Wild

Burchett Murphy Hageman Harris Burgess Nehls Burlison Harshbarger Newhouse Calvert Hern Norman Higgins (LA) Cammack Nunn (IA) Hill Carey Obernolte Carl Hinson Ogles Carter (GA) Houchin Owens Carter (TX) Hudson Palmer Chavez-DeRemer Huizenga. Pence Ciscomani Hunt Perez Cline Tssa. Perry Jackson (TX) Cloud Pfluger Clyde James Posey Johnson (SD) Cole Reschenthaler Collins Jordan Rodgers (WA) Comer Joyce (OH) Rogers (AL) Crane Joyce (PA) Rogers (KY) Crawford Kean (NJ) Rose Crenshaw Kelly (MS) Rosendale Curtis Kelly (PA) Rouzer D'Esposito Kiggans (VA) Rov Davidson Kiley Kim (CA) Rutherford De La Cruz Salazar DesJarlais Kustoff Scalise Diaz-Balart LaHood Schweikert Donalds LaLota Scott, Austin Lamborn Duarte Self Duncan Langworthy Sessions Dunn (FL) Latta Simpson Smith (MO) Edwards LaTurner Ellzey Lawler Smith (NE) Lee (FL) Emmer Smith (NJ) Estes Lesko Smucker Ezell Letlow Spartz Loudermilk Fallon Stauber Feenstra Lucas Steel Ferguson Luetkemeyer Stefanik Finstad Luna Steil Fischbach Luttrell Steube Fitzgerald Mace Malliotakis Strong Fitzpatrick Tenney Fleischmann Maloy Thompson (PA) Flood Mann Tiffany Massie Foxx Timmons Mast Turner Fulcher McCau1 Van Drew Gaetz McClain Van Duyne Gallagher McClintock Van Orden Garbarino McCormick Wagner Garcia, Mike McHenry Gimenez Gonzales, Tony Meuser Miller (IL) Walberg Waltz Good (VA) Miller (OH) Weber (TX) Gooden (TX) Miller (WV) Webster (FL) Wenstrup Graves (LA) Miller-Meeks Graves (MO) Mills Westerman Williams (NY) Green (TN) Molinaro Williams (TX) Greene (GA) Moolenaar Griffith Moore (AL) Wilson (SC) Grothman Moore (UT) Wittman Womack Guest Moran Guthrie Moylar

NOT VOTING-21

Auchincloss Gosar Mooney Boebert Granger Porter Buck Grijalva Radewagen Carbajal Valadao Jackson Lee Franklin, Scott Johnson (GA) Veasey Goldman (NY) Kim (NJ) Williams (GA) González-Colón

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE ACTING CHAIR

The Acting CHAIR (during the vote). There is 1 minute remaining.

□ 1026

So the amendment was rejected. The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

Stated for:

Mr. VEASEY. Mr. Chair, had I been present, I would have voted "aye" on rollcall No. 74.

Stated against:

Mr. YAKYM. Mr. Chair, I was unavoidably detained. Had I been present, I would have voted "nay" on rollcall No. 74.

PERSONAL EXPLANATION

Mr. AUCHINCLOSS. Mr. Chair, I was necessarily absent from votes. Had I been present, I would have voted "aye" on rollcall No. 73 and "aye" on rollcall No. 74.

The Acting CHAIR. The unfinished business is the demand for a recorded vote on amendment No. 8, printed in part B of House Report 118-407, offered by the gentleman from Massachusetts (Mr. LYNCH), on which further proceedings were postponed and on which the noes prevailed by voice vote.

will redesignate The Clerk amendment.

The Clerk redesignated the amendment.

RECORDED VOTE

The Acting CHAIR. A recorded vote has been demanded.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The Acting CHAIR. This will be a 2minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—ayes 208, noes 211, not voting 18, as follows:

[Roll No. 75]

AYES-208 Adams Garamendi Norcross Aguilar García (IL) Norton Allred Garcia (TX) Ocasio-Cortez Garcia, Robert Amo Omar Auchincloss Golden (ME) Pallone Balint Gomez Panetta Barragán Gonzalez, Pappas Beatty Vicente Pascrell Bera Gottheimer Pavne Beyer Green, Al (TX) Pelosi Bishop (GA) Harder (CA) Peltola Blumenauer Haves Perez Blunt Rochester Himes Peters Bonamici Horsford Pettersen Bowman Houlahan Phillips Boyle (PA) Hoyer Pingree Hoyle (OR) Brown Plaskett Brownley Huffman Pocan Pressley Budzinski Ivey Jackson (IL) Quigley Bush Caraveo Jackson (NC) Ramirez Cárdenas Jacobs Raskin Carson Javapal Ross Carter (LA) Jeffries Ruiz Cartwright Kamlager-Dove Ruppersberger Casar Kaptur Rvan Sablan Case Keating Casten Kelly (IL) Salinas Castor (FL) Khanna. Sánchez Castro (TX) Kildee Sarbanes Cherfilus Kilmer Scanlon McCormick Krishnamoorthi Schakowsky Chu Kuster Schiff Clark (MA) Landsman Schneider Clarke (NY) Larsen (WA) Scholten Cleaver Larson (CT) Schrier Scott (VA) Clyburn Lee (CA) Scott, David Lee (NV) Cohen Connolly Lee (PA) Sewell Correa Leger Fernandez Sherman Sherrill Costa Levin Courtney Lieu Slotkin Smith (WA) Craig Lofgren Crockett Lvnch Sorensen Magaziner Crow Soto Spanberger Cuellar Manning Davids (KS) Matsui Stansbury Davis (IL) McBath Stanton Davis (NC) McClellan Stevens Dean (PA) McCollum Strickland McGarvey DeGette Suozzi Swalwell DeLauro McGovern DelBene Meeks Sykes Deluzio Menendez Takano DeSaulnier Thanedar Meng Dingell Mfume Thompson (CA) Doggett Moore (WI) Thompson (MS) Escobar Morelle Titus Moskowitz Eshoo Tlaib Tokuda Tonko Espaillat MoultonEvans Mrvan Fletcher Mullin Torres (CA) Foster Nadler Torres (NY) Trahan Foushee Napolitano Frankel, Lois Neal Trone Frost Neguse Underwood Vargas Gallego Nickel

Vasquez Wasserman Schultz Veasev Velázquez Waters Watson Coleman

NOES-211

Gaetz Aderholt Miller-Meeks Gallagher Alford Mills Garbarino Molinaro Amodei Garcia, Mike Moolenaar Armstrong Gimenez Moore (AL) Arrington Gonzales, Tony Moore (UT) Babin Good (VA) Moran Gooden (TX) Bacon Moylan Baird Graves (LA) Murphy Balderson Graves (MO) Nehls Green (TN) Banks Newhouse Greene (GA) Barr Norman Bean (FL) Griffith Nunn (IA) Bentz Grothman Obernolte Guest Bergman Ogles Bice Guthrie Owens Biggs Hageman Palmer Bilirakis Harris Pence Bishop (NC) Harshbarger Perry Bost Hern Pfluger Brecheen Higgins (LA) Posev Buchanan Hill. Reschenthaler Bucshon Hinson Rodgers (WA) Burchett Houchin Rogers (KY) Burgess Huizenga Burlison Rose Hunt Rosendale Calvert Tssa. Rouzer Cammack Jackson (TX) Rov Carey James Rutherford Johnson (SD) Carl Carter (GA) Salazar Jordan Carter (TX) Joyce (OH) Scalise Schweikert Chavez-DeRemer Joyce (PA) Kean (NJ) Scott, Austin Ciscomani Cline Kelly (MS) Self Cloud Kelly (PA) Sessions Clyde Kiggans (VA) Simpson Smith (MO) Cole Kiley Kim (CA) Collins Smith (NE) Kustoff Comer Smith (N.I) Crane LaHood Smucker Crawford LaLota Spartz Crenshaw LaMalfa Stauber Curtis Lamborn Steel D'Esposito Langworthy Stefanik Latta Davidson Steil De La Cruz LaTurner Steube DesJarlais Lawler Strong Lee (FL) Diaz-Balart Tennev Donalds Lesko Thompson (PA) Duarte Letlow Tiffany Duncan Loudermilk Timmons Dunn (FL) Lucas Turner Edwards Luetkemeyer Van Drew Ellzey Luna Van Duvne Emmer Luttrell Van Orden Estes Mace Wagner Malliotakis Ezell Walberg Fallon Malov Waltz Feenstra Mann Weber (TX) Ferguson Massie Webster (FL) Finstad Mast Wenstrup Fischbach McCaul Westerman Fitzgerald McClain Williams (NY) Fitznatrick McClintock Williams (TX) Fleischmann McCormick Flood McHenry Wilson (SC) Wittman Foxx Meuser Miller (IL) Franklin, Scott Womack Miller (OH) Yakvm Fulcher Zinke Miller (WV)

NOT VOTING-

Boebert Granger Mooney Buck Grijalya Porter Carbajal Hudson Radewagen Goldman (NY) Jackson Lee Rogers (AL) Valadao González-Colón Johnson (GA) Kim (NJ) Williams (GA)

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE ACTING CHAIR

The Acting CHAIR (during the vote). There is 1 minute remaining.

\Box 1031

So the amendment was rejected. The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

AMENDMENT NO. 9 OFFERED BY MS. WATERS The Acting CHAIR. The unfinished business is the demand for a recorded Adams

Aguilar

Allred

vote on amendment No. 9, printed in part B of House Report 118-407, offered by the gentlewoman from California (Ms. WATERS), on which further proceedings were postponed and on which the noes prevailed by voice vote.

The Clerk will redesignate amendment.

The Clerk redesignated the amendment.

RECORDED VOTE

The Acting CHAIR. A recorded vote has been demanded.

A recorded vote was ordered.

Gomez

Gonzalez.

The Acting CHAIR. This will be a 2minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—aves 206, noes 217. not voting 15, as follows:

[Roll No. 76]

AYES-206 Garcia, Robert

Pascrell

Payne

Pelosi

Vicente Amo Peltola. Auchincloss Gottheimer Peters Balint Green, Al (TX) Harder (CA) Pettersen Barragán Phillips Beatty Hayes Pingree Bera. Himes Plaskett Beyer Horsford Pocan Bishop (GA) Houlahan Presslev Blumenauer Hover Quigley Hoyle (OR) Blunt Rochester Ramirez Bonamici Huffman Raskin Bowman Ivev Ross Boyle (PA) Jackson (IL) Ruiz Brown Jackson (NC) Ruppersberger Brownley Jacobs Ryan Jayapal Budzinski Sablan Rush Jeffries. Salinas Kamlager-Dove Caraveo Sánchez Cárdenas Kaptur Sarbanes Carson Keating Scanlon Carter (LA) Kelly (IL) Schakowsky Cartwright Khanna Schiff Casar Kildee Schneider Case Kilmer Scholten Casten Krishnamoorthi Schrier Castor (FL) Kuster Scott (VA) Castro (TX) Landsman Scott, David Cherfilus-Larsen (WA) Sewell McCormick Larson (CT) Sherman Lee (CA) Chu Sherrill. Lee (NV) Clark (MA) Slotkin Clarke (NY) Lee (PA) Smith (WA) Cleaver Leger Fernandez Sorensen Clyburn Levin Soto Cohen Lieu Spanberger Connolly Lofgren Stansbury Lynch Magaziner Correa Stanton Costa Stevens Courtney Manning Strickland Craig Crockett Matsui Suozzi McBath Swalwell Crow McClellan Sykes Cuellar McCollum Davids (KS) McGarvey Takano Thanedar Davis (IL) McGovern Thompson (CA) Davis (NC) Meeks Dean (PA) Menendez Thompson (MS) Titus DeGette Meng Tlaib DeLauro Mfume Moore (WI) Tokuda DelBene Morelle Tonko Deluzio Torres (CA) Moskowitz DeSaulnier Torres (NY) Moulton Dingell Doggett Mrvan Trahan Escobar Mullin Underwood Eshoo Nadler Espaillat Napolitano Vargas Vasquez Evans Nea1 Veasey Fletcher Neguse ${\bf Foster}$ Velázquez Nickel Wasserman Foushee Norcross Frankel, Lois Norton Schultz Frost Ocasio-Cortez Waters Watson Coleman Gallego Omar Garamendi Pallone Wexton García (IL) Panetta Wild Wilson (FL) Garcia (TX) Pappas

Aderholt Gallagher Miller-Meeks Alford Garbarino Mills Garcia, Mike Molinaro Amodei Gimenez Moolenaar Golden (ME) Armstrong Moore (AL) Gonzales, Tony Arrington Moore (UT) **Bahin** Good (VA) Moran Gooden (TX) Bacon Moylan Baird Graves (LA) Murphy Balderson Graves (MO) Nehls Banks Green (TN) Newhouse Greene (GA) Barr Norman Bean (FL) Griffith Nunn (IA) Grothman Bentz Obernolte Bergman GuestOgles Bice Guthrie Owens Biggs Hageman Palmer Bilirakis Harris Pence Bishop (NC) Harshbarger Perez Boebert Hern Higgins (LA) Perry Bost Pfluger Brecheen Hill Posey Buchanan Hinson Reschenthaler Bucshon Houchin Rodgers (WA) Burchett Hudson Rogers (AL) Burgess Huizenga Rogers (KY) Burlison Hunt Rose Calvert Issa Rosendale Jackson (TX) Cammack Rouzer Carey James Carl Johnson (LA) Roy Rutherford Carter (GA) Johnson (SD) Salazar Carter (TX) Jordan Chavez-DeRemer Joyce (OH) Scalise Ciscomani Joyce (PA) Schweikert Kean (NJ) Scott, Austin Cline Cloud Kelly (MS) Self Clyde Kelly (PA) Sessions Kiggans (VA) Cole Simpson Collins Kiley Smith (MO) Kim (CA) Comer Smith (NE) Crane Kustoff Smith (NJ) Crawford LaHood Smucker LaLota LaMalfa Crenshaw Spartz Curtis Stauber D'Esposito Lamborn Steel Davidson Langworthy Stefanik De La Cruz Latta Steil. DesJarlais LaTurner Steube Diaz-Balart Lawler Strong Lee (FL) Donalds Tennev Lesko Duarte Thompson (PA) Duncan Letlow Tiffany Dunn (FL) Loudermilk Timmons Edwards Lucas Turner Ellzev Luetkemever Van Drew Emmer Luna Van Duvne Estes Luttrell Van Orden Ezell Mace Wagner Malliotakis Fallon Walberg Maloy Feenstra Waltz Ferguson Mann Weber (TX) Finstad Massie Webster (FL) Fischbach Mast Wenstrup McCaul Fitzgerald Westerman Fitzpatrick McClain Williams (NY) Fleischmann McClintock McCormick Williams (TX) Flood Foxx McHenry Wilson (SC) Franklin, Scott Wittman Meuser Miller (IL) Womack Fry Fulcher Miller (OH) Yakym Gaetz Miller (WV) Zinke

NOT VOTING-

Buck Granger Mooney Carbajal Grijalya Porter Goldman (NY) Jackson Lee Radewagen González-Colón Johnson (GA) Valadao Gosar Kim (NJ) Williams (GA)

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE ACTING CHAIR The Acting CHAIR (during the vote). There is 1 minute remaining.

□ 1035

Mr. JOHNSON of Louisiana changed his vote from "present" to "no."

So the amendment was rejected.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

The Acting CHAIR (Mr. CURTIS). There being no further amendment under the rule, the Committee rises.

Accordingly, the Committee rose; and the Speaker pro tempore (Mr. Weber of Texas) having assumed the chair, Mr. Curtis, Acting Chair of the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union, reported that that Committee, having had under consideration the bill (H.R. 2799) to make reforms to the capital markets of the United States, and for other purposes, and, pursuant to House Resolution 1052, he reported the bill back to the House with sundry further amendments adopted in the Committee of the Whole.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under the rule, the previous question is ordered.

Is a separate vote demanded on any amendment reported from the Committee of the Whole? If not, the Chair will put them en gros.

The amendments were agreed to.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. question is on the engrossment and third reading of the bill.

The bill was ordered to be engrossed and read a third time, and was read the third time.

MOTION TO RECOMMIT

Ms. HOULAHAN. Mr. Speaker, I have a motion to recommit at the desk.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Clerk will report the motion to recom-

The Clerk read as follows:

Ms. Houlahan of Pennsylvania moves to recommit the bill H.R. 2799 to the Committee on Financial Services.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 2(b) of rule XIX, the previous question is ordered on the motion to recommit.

The question is on the motion to recommit.

The question was taken; and the Speaker pro tempore announced that the noes appeared to have it.

Ms. HOULAHAN. Mr. Speaker, on that I demand the yeas and nays.

The yeas and nays were ordered.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 9 of rule XX, the Chair will reduce to 5 minutes the minimum time for any electronic vote on the question of passage.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 205, nays 213, not voting 14, as follows:

[Roll No. 77]

YEAS-205

Adams Caraveo Costa Aguilar Cárdenas Courtney Allred Craig Carson Carter (LA) Crockett Auchineloss Cartwright Crow Balint Cuellar Casar Barragán Case Davids (KS) Casten Beatty Davis (IL) Castor (FL) Bera Davis (NC) Beyer Castro (TX) Dean (PA) Bishop (GA) DeGette Cherfilus-McCormick Blumenauer DeLauro Chu Clark (MA) Blunt Rochester DelBene Bonamici Deluzio Bowman Clarke (NY) DeSaulnier Boyle (PA) Cleaver Clyburn Dingell Brown Doggett Brownley Escobar Cohen Eshoo Espaillat Budzinski Connolly Bush Correa

Lynch

Magaziner

Manning

Matsui

McBath

McClellan

McCollum

McGarvey

McGovern

Menendez

Moore (WI)

Moskowitz

Napolitano

Meeks

Meng

Mfume

Morelle

Moulton

Mrvan

Mullin

Nadler

Neal

Neguse

Nickel

Omar

Pallone

Panetta

Pappas

Payne

Pelosi

Perez

Peters

Pettersen

Phillips

Pingree

Pocan

Presslev

Quigley

Ramirez

Ruppersberger

NAYS-213

Raskin

Ross

Ryan

Salinas

Sánchez

DesJarlais

Donalds

Duarte

Duncan

Edwards

Ellzey

Emmer

Estes

Ezell

Fallon

Feenstra

Ferguson

Fischbach

Fitzgerald

Fitzpatrick

Fleischmann

Franklin, Scott

Finstad

Flood

Foxx

Fry

Fulcher

Gallagher

Garbarino

Gimenez

Good (VA)

Gooden (TX)

Graves (LA)

Graves (MO)

Green (TN)

Griffith

Guest

Hern

Hill

Hinson

Guthrie

Hageman

Harshbarger

Higgins (LA)

Grothman

Greene (GA)

Garcia, Mike

Gonzales, Tony

Gaetz

Dunn (FL)

Diaz-Balart

Peltola

Pascrell

Norcross

Ocasio-Cortez

Evans			
Fletcher			
Foster			
Foushee			
Frankel, Lois			
Frost			
Gallego			
Garamendi			
García (IL)			
Garcia (TX)			
Garcia, Robert			
Golden (ME)			
Gomez			
Gonzalez,			
Vicente			
Gottheimer			
Green, Al (TX)			
Harder (CA)			
Hayes			
Himes			
Horsford			
Houlahan			
Hoyer			
Hoyle (OR)			
Huffman			
Ivey			
Jackson (IL)			
Jackson (NC)			
Jacobs			
Jayapal			
Jeffries			
Kamlager-Dove			
Kaptur			
Keating			
Kelly (IL)			
Khanna			
Kildee			
Kilmer			
Krishnamoorthi			
Kuster			
Landsman			
Larsen (WA)			
Larson (CT)			
Larson (C1) Lee (CA)			
Lee (UA)			
Lee (NV) Lee (PA)			
Lee (PA)			
Leger Fernandez			
Levin			
Lieu			
Lofgren			

Aderholt

Alford

Allen

Amodei

Babin

Bacon

Baird

Banks

Barr

Bentz

Bice

Biggs

Bost

Boebert

Brecheen

Buchanan

Bucshon

Burchett Burgess

Burlison

Cammack

Carter (GA)

Carter (TX)

Ciscomani

Chavez-DeRemer

Calvert

Carey

 Carl

Cline

Cloud

Clyde

Collins

Comer

Crane

Curtis

Crawford

Crenshaw

D'Esposito

De La Cruz

Davidson

Cole

Armstrong

Arrington

Balderson

Bean (FL)

Bergman

Bishop (NC)

Sarbanes Scanlon Schakowsky Schiff Schneider Scholten Schrier Scott (VA) Scott, David Sewell Sherman Sherrill Slotkin Smith (WA) Sorensen Soto Spanberger Stansbury Stanton Stevens Strickland Suozzi Swalwell Svkes Takano Thanedar Thompson (CA) Thompson (MS) Titus Tlaib

Tokuda

Tonko

Trahan

Trone

Vargas

Veasey

Waters

Wexton

Houchin

Hudson

Hunt

James

Jordan

Huizenga

Jackson (TX)

Johnson (LA)

Johnson (SD)

Joyce (OH)

Jovce (PA)

Kean (NJ)

Kelly (MS)

Kelly (PA)

Kim (CA)

Kustoff

LaHood

LaLota LaMalfa

Lamborn

LaTurner

Lee (FL)

Latta

Lawler

Lesko

Letlow

Lucas

Luna

Mace

Malov

Mann

Mast

Massie

McCaul

McClain

McClintock

McCormick

McHenry

Meuser

Luttrell

Loudermilk

Luetkemeyer

Malliotakis

Langworthy

Kiley

Kiggans (VA)

Vasquez

Velázquez

Wasserman

Schultz

Wilson (FL)

Watson Coleman

Torres (CA)

Torres (NY)

Underwood

Miller (IL) Miller (OH) Miller (WV) Miller-Meeks Mills Molinaro Moolenaar Moore (AL) Moore (UT) Moran Murphy Nehls Newhouse Norman Nunn (IA) Obernolte Ogles Owens Palmer Pence Perry Pfluger Reschenthaler Bilirakis Buck Carbajal Gosar ing.

Rodgers (WA) Steube Rogers (AL) Strong Rogers (KY) Tenney Thompson (PA) Rose Rosendale Tiffany Rouzer Timmons Rov Turner Rutherford Van Drew Salazar Van Duvne Van Orden Scalise Schweikert Wagner Scott, Austin Walberg Waltz Self Sessions Weber (TX) Simpson Webster (FL) Smith (MO) Wenstrup Westerman Smith (N.I) Williams (NY) Smucker Williams (TX) Spartz Wilson (SC) Stauber Wittman Steel Womack Stefanik Yakym Steil Zinke NOT VOTING-14 Mooney

Granger Grijalya Porter Jackson Lee Valadao Goldman (NY) Johnson (GA) Williams (GA) Kim (NJ)

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE The SPEAKER pro tempore (during the vote). There are 2 minutes remain-

\Box 1044

So the motion to recommit was rejected.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the passage of the bill.

The question was taken; and the Speaker pro tempore announced that the ayes appeared to have it.

RECORDED VOTE

Ms. WATERS. Mr. Speaker, I demand a recorded vote.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. This is a 5-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—ayes 212, noes 205, not voting 15, as follows:

[Roll No. 78] AYES-212

	111100 212	
Aderholt	Chavez-DeRemer	Fleischmann
Alford	Ciscomani	Flood
Allen	Cline	Foxx
Amodei	Cloud	Franklin, Scott
Armstrong	Clyde	Fry
Arrington	Cole	Fulcher
Babin	Collins	Gaetz
Bacon	Comer	Gallagher
Baird	Crane	Garbarino
Balderson	Crawford	Garcia, Mike
Banks	Crenshaw	Gimenez
Barr	Curtis	Gonzales, Tony
Bean (FL)	D'Esposito	Gooden (TX)
Bentz	Davidson	Graves (LA)
Bergman	De La Cruz	Graves (MO)
Bice	DesJarlais	Green (TN)
Biggs	Diaz-Balart	Greene (GA)
Bilirakis	Donalds	Griffith
Bishop (NC)	Duarte	Grothman
Boebert	Duncan	Guest
Bost	Dunn (FL)	Guthrie
Brecheen	Edwards	Hageman
Buchanan	Ellzey	Harris
Bucshon	Emmer	Harshbarger
Burchett	Estes	Hern
Burgess	Ezell	Higgins (LA)
Burlison	Fallon	Hill
Calvert	Feenstra	Hinson
Cammack	Ferguson	Houchin
Carey	Finstad	Hudson
Carl	Fischbach	Huizenga
Carter (GA)	Fitzgerald	Hunt
Carter (TX)	Fitzpatrick	Issa

Jackson (TX) James Johnson (LA) Johnson (SD) Jordan Joyce (OH) Joyce (PA) Kean (NJ) Kelly (MS) Kelly (PA) Kiggans (VA) Kiley Kim (CA) Kustoff LaHood LaLota LaMalfa Lamborn Langworthy Latta LaTurner Lawler Lee (FL) Lesko Letlow Loudermilk Lucas Luetkemever Luna Luttrell Mace Malliotakis Malov Mann Massie Mast McCaul McClain

Scott, Austin McClintock McCormick Self McHenry Sessions Meuser Miller (IL) Simpson Smith (MO) Miller (OH) Smith (NE) Miller (WV Smith (NJ) Miller-Meeks Smucker Mills Spartz Molinaro Stauber Moolenaar Steel Moore (AL) Stefanik Moore (UT) Steil Moran Steube Nehls Strong Newhouse Tenney Norman Thompson (PA) Nunn (IA) Tiffany Obernolte Timmons Ogles Turner Owens Van Drew Palmer Van Duyne Pence Van Orden Perry Wagner Pfluger Walberg Posey Waltz Reschenthaler Weber (TX) Rodgers (WA) Webster (FL) Rogers (AL) Wenstrup Rogers (KY) Westerman Rose Williams (NY) Rosendale Williams (TX) Rouzer Wilson (SC) Roy Rutherford Wittman Womack Salazar Scalise Yakym Schweikert Zinke

NOES-205

Espaillat McGovern Adams Meeks Aguilar Evans Allred Fletcher Amo Foster Auchincloss Foushee Balint Frankel, Lois Barragán Frost Gallego Beatty Bera Garamendi García (IL) Bever Bishop (GA) Garcia (TX Blumenauer Garcia, Robert Blunt Rochester Golden (ME) Bonamici Gomez Rowman Gonzalez Boyle (PA) Vicente Brown Gottheimer Green, Al (TX) Brownley Harder (CA) Budzinski Bush Caraveo Himes Cárdenas Horsford Carson Houlahan Carter (LA) Hover Hoyle (OR) Cartwright Casar Huffman Case Ivev Jackson (IL) Casten Castor (FL) Jackson (NC) Castro (TX) Jacobs Cherfilus-Jayapal McCormick Jeffries Chu Kamlager-Dove Clark (MA) Kaptur Clarke (NY) Keating Kelly (IL) Cleaver Clyburn Khanna Cohen Kildee Connolly Kilmer Correa Krishnamoorthi Costa Kuster Salinas Landsman Sánchez Courtney Larsen (WA) Sarbanes Craig Crockett Larson (CT) Scanlon Crow Lee (CA) Schakowsky Cuellar Lee (NV) Schiff Davids (KS) Schneider Lee (PA) Davis (IL) Leger Fernandez Scholten Schrier Scott (VA) Davis (NC) Levin Dean (PA) Lieu DeGette Lofgren Scott, David DeLauro Sewell Lynch Magaziner DelBene Sherman Deluzio Manning Sherrill DeSaulnier Matsui Slotkin Smith (WA) McBath Dingell McClellan Doggett Sorensen Escobar McCollum Soto Eshoo Spanberger McGarvey

Menendez Meng Mfume Moore (WI) Morelle Moskowitz Moulton Mrvan Mullin Nadler Napolitano Neal Neguse Nickel Norcross Ocasio-Cortez Omar Pallone Panetta Pappas Pascrell Pavne Pelosi Peltola Perez Peters Pettersen Phillips Pingree Pocan Presslev Quigley Ramirez Raskin Ross Ruiz Ruppersberger Ryan

Stansbury Titus Veasey Stanton Tlaib Velázquez Stevens Tokuda Wasserman Strickland Tonko Schultz Torres (CA) Suozzi Waters Swalwell Torres (NY) Watson Coleman Sykes Trahan Wexton Takano Trone Wild Thanedar Underwood Wilson (FL) Thompson (CA) Vargas Thompson (MS) Vasquez

NOT VOTING-15

Buck Carbajal Goldman (NY) Good (VA) Gosar Granger Grijalva Jackson Lee Johnson (GA) Kim (NJ) Mooney Murphy Porter Valadao Williams (GA)

□ 1051

So the bill was passed.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

PERSONAL EXPLANATION

Ms. GRANGER. Mr. Speaker, I was unable to attend votes due to circumstances beyond my control. Had I been present, I would have voted "nay" on rollcall No. 73, "nay" on rollcall No. 74, "nay" on rollcall No. 75, "nay" on rollcall No. 76, "nay" on rollcall No. 77, and "aye" on rollcall No. 78.

PERSONAL EXPLANATION

Mr. VALADAO. Mr. Speaker, due to a family emergency, I was not present for today's votes on amendments to H.R. 2799, the Motion to Recommit, and final passage of H.R. 2799. Had I been present, I would have voted "nay" on rollcall No. 73, "nay" on rollcall No. 74, "nay" on rollcall No. 75, "nay" on rollcall No. 76, "nay" on rollcall No. 77, and "aye" on rollcall No. 78.

PERSONAL EXPLANATION

Ms. PORTER. Mr. Speaker, I was unable to be present to cast my votes today. Had I been present, I would have voted "aye" on rollcall Nos. 73, 74, 75, and 76; "yea" on rollcall No. 77; and "nay" on rollcall No. 78.

ADJOURNMENT FROM FRIDAY, MARCH 8, 2024, TO MONDAY, MARCH 11, 2024

Mr. CISCOMANI. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that when the House adjourns today, it adjourn to meet at noon on Monday next for morning-hour debate and 2 p.m. for legislative business.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Arizona?

There was no objection.

CENTRAL NEBRASKA WILDFIRES

(Mr. SMITH of Nebraska asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. SMITH of Nebraska. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to offer my condolences and thoughts to Nebraskans impacted by recent, severe wildfires and recognize the extraordinary response of emergency personnel across the Third District of Nebraska.

Last week, central Nebraska wildfires claimed over 70,000 acres in 24 hours in the counties of Lincoln, Cus-

ter, Dawson, and Logan. While the windswept flames forced evacuations and destroyed livestock, structures, supplies, pasture, and miles of fence, thanks to the courageous efforts of responders to ensure the safety of Nebraskans, no lives were lost.

From across the State, emergency personnel, pilots, and more than 50 local and volunteer fire departments came together to contain the blaze. Countless private citizens pitched in to move livestock, disk fields, and transport water.

In fact, the Red Willow Rural Fire Department testified to the vital help of community members, saying: We couldn't do what we do without area farmers and ranchers.

My deep gratitude goes out to Third District volunteers and businesses who came together to assist in recovery. From local businesses donating livestock feed and fencing repair supplies to GoFundMe recovery efforts, the remarkable generosity in the face of disaster shows what Nebraskans are made of: quick to lend a hand, with greater concern for their neighbor than for the cost to themselves.

□ 1100

WE HAVE A STRONG STATE OF THE UNION THANKS TO PRESIDENT BIDEN

(Mr. PAYNE asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. PAYNE. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to discuss the strong state of the Union thanks to President Biden. I had the distinct honor of speaking with the President right before and right after his historic State of the Union Address last night.

President Biden's leadership has created the strongest economy in the world with almost 15 million new jobs created in this country. He has saved Americans billions of dollars with lower costs for medications, healthcare insurance, and the removal of junk fees. His actions will cut climate pollution in half by 2030. His focus on infrastructure has created 40,000 projects in 4,500 American communities.

He signed the first major bipartisan gun safety bill in 30 years to protect Americans from gun violence, and he has expanded benefits for military vet-

The list of successes goes on and on. The state of the Union is strong, and under President Biden's leadership, it continues to get stronger.

AMERICANS DESERVE A BETTER LEADER THAN PRESIDENT BIDEN

(Mr. LANGWORTHY asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. LANGWORTHY. Mr. Speaker, in his State of the Union Address last

night, President Biden chose to give a divisive campaign speech instead of bringing Americans together with a hopeful vision for the future.

He completely failed to take ownership of his disastrous border policies and weak leadership, and instead tried to pass the blame on House Republicans.

President Biden tried to pass the blame for the border crisis he created by executive order, pushed for legislation that would codify his bad policies, and failed to mention that House Republicans passed H.R. 2, the strongest border bill in history that has been sitting in the Senate on CHUCK SCHUMER's desk since last May.

Last night, President Biden claimed that we have the best economy in the world. The American people aren't buying that lie. They have to pay for Biden's inflationary policies every single day from groceries to gas to energy bills and housing.

The American Dream is unaffordable under President Joe Biden. He single-handedly created the crisis at our borders, crushed our economy, crippled the American energy sector, plunged us deeper into debt, enabled violent crime in our major cities, and made it harder to raise a family or own a business in the United States. Americans deserve a better leader than Joe Biden.

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. LAWLER). Members are reminded to refrain from engaging in personalities toward the President.

ANOTHER ASSAULT ON THE RIGHTS OF WOMEN

(Ms. ROSS asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend her remarks.)

Ms. ROSS. Mr. Speaker, I rise today in strong opposition to the Alabama Supreme Court's decision declaring that frozen embryos created through IVF are people, upsetting family planning and medical science.

This ruling is just the latest in a long line of assaults on the rights of women since Roe v. Wade was overturned. Within days of the decision, women struggling to get pregnant were faced with the devastating reality that their appointments had been canceled and that their hopes of starting a family were put on pause.

Mr. Speaker, we cannot accept this latest attempt to control women and our bodies. There are 184 House Republicans who have cosponsored bills that would classify embryos as children under Federal law—despite their empty and meaningless promises to support IVF.

Now is the time for action.

RECOGNIZING THE 50TH ANNIVER-SARY OF THE WESTERN ENERGY ALLIANCE

(Mr. NEWHOUSE asked and was given permission to address the House