

S. Res. 584. A resolution designating March 7, 2024, as “National Slam the Scam Day” to raise awareness about pervasive government imposter scams and to promote education to prevent government imposter scams; considered and agreed to.

By Mr. BRAUN (for himself and Mr. YOUNG):

S. Res. 585. A resolution recognizing the 150th anniversary of the Harrison residence, home of Brigadier General and President Benjamin Harrison and First Lady Caroline Harrison; considered and agreed to.

#### ADDITIONAL COSPONSORS

S. 91

At the request of Mr. HAGERTY, the names of the Senator from Mississippi (Mrs. HYDE-SMITH) and the Senator from Oregon (Mr. MERKLEY) were added as cosponsors of S. 91, a bill to award a Congressional Gold Medal to 60 diplomats, in recognition of their bravery and heroism during the Holocaust.

S. 597

At the request of Mr. BROWN, the name of the Senator from Kansas (Mr. MORAN) was added as a cosponsor of S. 597, a bill to amend title II of the Social Security Act to repeal the Government pension offset and windfall elimination provisions.

S. 949

At the request of Mrs. GILLIBRAND, the name of the Senator from Massachusetts (Mr. MARKEY) was added as a cosponsor of S. 949, a bill to amend the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008 to transition the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico to the supplemental nutrition assistance program, and for other purposes.

S. 1723

At the request of Ms. WARREN, the name of the Senator from California (Ms. BUTLER) was added as a cosponsor of S. 1723, a bill to establish the Truth and Healing Commission on Indian Boarding School Policies in the United States, and for other purposes.

S. 1954

At the request of Mr. SANDERS, the name of the Senator from California (Mr. PADILLA) was added as a cosponsor of S. 1954, a bill to improve the provision of health care furnished by the Department of Veterans Affairs for veterans diagnosed with diabetes and heart disease, and for other purposes.

S. 2311

At the request of Mr. PADILLA, the name of the Senator from Arizona (Mr. KELLY) was added as a cosponsor of S. 2311, a bill to require the Secretary of the Treasury to mint coins in commemoration of the 2028 Olympic and Paralympic Games in Los Angeles, California.

S. 2619

At the request of Ms. HIRONO, the name of the Senator from Maine (Mr. KING) was added as a cosponsor of S. 2619, a bill to amend the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 to eliminate the prohibition on indirect costs with respect to aquaculture assistance, and for other purposes.

S. 2825

At the request of Mr. CORNYN, the name of the Senator from Mississippi (Mr. WICKER) was added as a cosponsor of S. 2825, a bill to award a Congressional Gold Medal to the United States Army Dustoff crews of the Vietnam War, collectively, in recognition of their extraordinary heroism and lifesaving actions in Vietnam.

S. 2861

At the request of Mrs. GILLIBRAND, the names of the Senator from Illinois (Ms. DUCKWORTH), the Senator from Delaware (Mr. COONS), the Senator from Illinois (Mr. DURBIN), the Senator from Tennessee (Mrs. BLACKBURN) and the Senator from New Mexico (Mr. HEINRICH) were added as cosponsors of S. 2861, a bill to award a Congressional Gold Medal to Billie Jean King, an American icon, in recognition of a remarkable life devoted to championing equal rights for all, in sports and in society.

S. 3014

At the request of Mr. MORAN, the name of the Senator from Indiana (Mr. YOUNG) was added as a cosponsor of S. 3014, a bill to establish requirements for the Federal Trade Commission with respect to certain rules related to automotive retailing, and for other purposes.

S. 3345

At the request of Ms. ERNST, the name of the Senator from Indiana (Mr. YOUNG) was added as a cosponsor of S. 3345, a bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to provide that floor plan financing includes the financing of certain trailers and campers.

S. 3452

At the request of Mr. TESTER, the names of the Senator from Oregon (Mr. MERKLEY) and the Senator from Rhode Island (Mr. WHITEHOUSE) were added as cosponsors of S. 3452, a bill to authorize the Secretary of Veterans Affairs to determine the eligibility or entitlement of a member or former member of the Armed Forces described in subsection (a) to a benefit under a law administered by the Secretary solely based on alternative sources of evidence when the military service records or medical treatment records of the member or former member are incomplete because of damage or loss of records after being in the possession of the Federal Government, and for other purposes.

S. 3791

At the request of Mr. CARPER, the name of the Senator from Louisiana (Mr. CASSIDY) was added as a cosponsor of S. 3791, a bill to reauthorize the America's Conservation Enhancement Act, and for other purposes.

S. 3818

At the request of Mr. RICKETTS, the name of the Senator from Minnesota (Ms. SMITH) was added as a cosponsor of S. 3818, a bill to amend the Clean Air Act to include fuel for ocean-going vessels as additional renewable fuel for which credits may be generated under the renewable fuel program.

S. RES. 566

At the request of Mrs. HYDE-SMITH, the name of the Senator from Nebraska (Mrs. FISCHER) was added as a cosponsor of S. Res. 566, a resolution designating September 2024 as “National Cholesterol Education Month” and September 30, 2024, as “LDL-C Awareness Day”.

S. RES. 583

At the request of Ms. SMITH, the name of the Senator from New Jersey (Mr. BOOKER) was added as a cosponsor of S. Res. 583, a resolution recognizing the 100th anniversary of the National League of Cities and the support it provides to municipalities across the United States.

AMENDMENT NO. 1628

At the request of Ms. LUMMIS, the name of the Senator from Idaho (Mr. RISCH) was added as a cosponsor of amendment No. 1628 intended to be proposed to H.R. 4366, a bill making appropriations for military construction, the Department of Veterans Affairs, and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2024, and for other purposes.

AMENDMENT NO. 1629

At the request of Ms. LUMMIS, the name of the Senator from Idaho (Mr. RISCH) was added as a cosponsor of amendment No. 1629 intended to be proposed to H.R. 4366, a bill making appropriations for military construction, the Department of Veterans Affairs, and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2024, and for other purposes.

AMENDMENT NO. 1630

At the request of Ms. LUMMIS, the name of the Senator from Idaho (Mr. RISCH) was added as a cosponsor of amendment No. 1630 intended to be proposed to H.R. 4366, a bill making appropriations for military construction, the Department of Veterans Affairs, and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2024, and for other purposes.

AMENDMENT NO. 1631

At the request of Ms. LUMMIS, the name of the Senator from Wyoming (Mr. BARRASSO) was added as a cosponsor of amendment No. 1631 intended to be proposed to H.R. 4366, a bill making appropriations for military construction, the Department of Veterans Affairs, and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2024, and for other purposes.

AMENDMENT NO. 1632

At the request of Ms. LUMMIS, the name of the Senator from Idaho (Mr. RISCH) was added as a cosponsor of amendment No. 1632 intended to be proposed to H.R. 4366, a bill making appropriations for military construction, the Department of Veterans Affairs, and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2024, and for other purposes.

AMENDMENT NO. 1649

At the request of Mr. BOOKER, the name of the Senator from Connecticut

(Mr. BLUMENTHAL) was added as a cosponsor of amendment No. 1649 intended to be proposed to H.R. 4366, a bill making appropriations for military construction, the Department of Veterans Affairs, and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2024, and for other purposes.

## AMENDMENT NO. 1650

At the request of Mr. BOOKER, the name of the Senator from Connecticut (Mr. BLUMENTHAL) was added as a cosponsor of amendment No. 1650 intended to be proposed to H.R. 4366, a bill making appropriations for military construction, the Department of Veterans Affairs, and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2024, and for other purposes.

## SUBMITTED RESOLUTIONS

# SENATE RESOLUTION 584—DESIGNATING MARCH 7, 2024, AS “NATIONAL SLAM THE SCAM DAY” TO RAISE AWARENESS ABOUT PERVASIVE GOVERNMENT IMPOSTER SCAMS AND TO PROMOTE EDUCATION TO PREVENT GOVERNMENT IMPOSTER SCAMS

Ms. COLLINS (for herself, Mr. KELLY, Ms. SINEMA, Mr. BLUMENTHAL, Mr. SCOTT of Florida, Mr. RUBIO, and Mr. BRAUN) submitted the following resolution; which was considered and agreed to:

## S. RES. 584

Whereas hundreds of thousands of individuals in the United States are targeted by government imposter scams each year, including Social Security-related and Internal Revenue Service-related government imposter scams;

Whereas government imposter scams involve scammers contacting individuals in the United States and impersonating employees of government agencies, such as the Social Security Administration, to demand payment or personal information, which defrauds the people of the United States and erodes trust in the government agencies that the scammers impersonate;

Whereas, since 2013, the fraud hotline of the Special Committee on Aging of the Senate has received more than 10,000 complaints from individuals in all 50 States, the District of Columbia, and the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico regarding possible government imposter scams;

Whereas there were more than 228,000 government imposter scams reported to the Federal Trade Commission in 2023;

Whereas the Federal Trade Commission has estimated that victims lost more than \$617,000,000 to government imposter scams in 2023;

Whereas, according to the Federal Trade Commission, in 2023, older adults reported larger median individual losses as a result of government imposter scams than younger adults;

Whereas, according to the Federal Trade Commission, in 2023, individuals reported losing more than \$126,500,000 to Social Security-related imposter scams;

Whereas, in 2023, Social Security-related imposter scams represented the largest category of complaints received by the fraud hotline of the Special Committee on Aging of the Senate; and

Whereas increased awareness of, and education about, government imposter scams help to thwart government imposter scammers: Now, therefore, be it

*Resolved*, That the Senate—

(1) designates March 7, 2024, as “National Slam the Scam Day”;

(2) recognizes National Slam the Scam Day as an opportunity to raise awareness about scams that involve individuals impersonating government employees by any means, including by mail, telephone, electronic mail, or internet websites (referred to in this resolution as “government imposter scams”);

(3) recognizes that law enforcement agencies, consumer protection groups, telephone companies, area agencies on aging, and financial institutions all play vital roles in—

(A) preventing government imposter scams from targeting the people of the United States; and

(B) educating the people of the United States about government imposter scams;

(4) encourages—

(A) the implementation of policies to prevent government imposter scams; and

(B) the improvement of measures to protect the people of the United States from government imposter scams;

(5) encourages members of the public to—

(A) ignore solicitations from individuals falsely claiming to represent government agencies;

(B) share information about government imposter scams with family and friends; and

(C) report government imposter scams to—

(i) the Office of the Inspector General of the Social Security Administration;

(ii) the Treasury Inspector General for Tax Administration; or

(iii) the Federal Trade Commission; and

(6) honors the commitment and dedication of the individuals and organizations that work tirelessly to fight against government imposter scams.

# SENATE RESOLUTION 585—RECOGNIZING THE 150TH ANNIVERSARY OF THE HARRISON RESIDENCE, HOME OF BRIGADIER GENERAL AND PRESIDENT BENJAMIN HARRISON AND FIRST LADY CAROLINE HARRISON

Mr. BRAUN (for himself and Mr. YOUNG) submitted the following resolution; which was considered and agreed to:

## S. RES. 585

Whereas, in 1874, construction began on the Italianate-style Harrison residence, carriage house, brick drive, and landscaping;

Whereas Brigadier General and President Benjamin Harrison (referred to in this preamble as “President Harrison”) and First Lady Caroline Harrison chose every detail of the Harrison residence, from the interior layout to the Italianate red brick design;

Whereas H. Brandt was the architect of the Harrison residence and Petrie and Cummings were the excavators;

Whereas the 10,000 square-foot Harrison residence was finished in 1 year at a cost of \$24,008.59, complete with 16 rooms, 3 stories, and a basement;

Whereas 2-feet-thick Indiana limestone made up the basement of the Harrison residence, and 380,552 bricks completed the structure;

Whereas the finest French plate windows were installed in the Harrison residence, along with conveniences not enjoyed by most Victorians, including—

(1) running water;

(2) a coal-fed furnace;

(3) 23 working gaslight fixtures; and

(4) 12-foot ceilings;

Whereas President Harrison, Caroline, and their 2 children, Russell and Mary, lived in the Delaware Street Harrison residence;

Whereas President Harrison held many of his famous front porch speeches at the Harrison residence while running for President in 1888;

Whereas President Harrison resided in the Harrison residence after returning from the presidency and passed away in the residence on March 13, 1901;

Whereas, in 1937, the Arthur Jordan Foundation purchased the Harrison residence and furniture from Mary Lord Dimmick Harrison, widow of President Harrison;

Whereas the Harrison residence was used as a dormitory for female students in the Jordan Conservatory of Music, housed in a readapted home on a southern adjoining lot;

Whereas the dormitory residents of the Harrison residence gave tours of the first floor to the public;

Whereas, in 1951, the Jordan Conservatory of Music moved to Butler University, where it continued to be known as Jordan College of the Arts;

Whereas, in 1964, the Department of the Interior named the Harrison residence a National Historic Landmark;

Whereas, in 1966, the Arthur Jordan Foundation created the President Benjamin Harrison Foundation to maintain and operate the Harrison residence in accordance with the statement of purpose;

Whereas, in 2003, the President Benjamin Harrison Foundation earned accreditation by the American Association of Museums;

Whereas, in 2010, the Board of Directors changed the name of the President Benjamin Harrison Foundation to the Benjamin Harrison Presidential Site (referred to in this preamble as the “Presidential Site”);

Whereas, as of 2023, the Harrison residence has more than 30,000 visitors from across the country and world;

Whereas the Presidential Site has raised more than \$6,800,000 in the capitol campaign “Old Glory, New Vision” to make substantial renovations and improvements to the historic structure and grounds of the Harrison residence;

Whereas tens of thousands of students visit the Harrison residence to learn more about the Federal Government;

Whereas the Presidential Site has developed nationally recognized programming, including Future Presidents of America, Project POTUS, and Candlelight Theater; and

Whereas the Harrison residence has become the location of many special speakers, events, a naturalization ceremony site for many citizens, and an election voting site: Now, therefore, be it

*Resolved*, That the Senate—

(1) celebrates the Harrison residence as a historic landmark that preserves the history of Brigadier General and President Benjamin Harrison (referred to in this resolution as “President Harrison”), the only President elected from the State of Indiana, and the family of President Harrison;

(2) recognizes the prominent role the Harrison residence, as a museum, continues to play in civic education and engagement for individuals of all ages through their programs and endeavors;

(3) recognizes the Benjamin Harrison Presidential Site for its historical significance and community efforts in involving the public of the United States with its system of self-government; and

(4) commemorates the 150th anniversary of the Harrison residence, and as President