

**SECTION 1. BRIGADIER GENERAL JOHN T. WILDER POST OFFICE.**

(a) DESIGNATION.—The facility of the United States Postal Service located at 231 North Franklin Street in Greensburg, Indiana, shall be known and designated as the “Brigadier General John T. Wilder Post Office”.

(b) REFERENCES.—Any reference in a law, map, regulation, document, paper, or other record of the United States to the facility referred to in subsection (a) shall be deemed to be a reference to the “Brigadier General John T. Wilder Post Office”.

**HETTIE SIMMONS LOVE POST OFFICE BUILDING**

The bill (S. 3357) to designate the facility of the United States Postal Service located at 5120 Derry Street in Harrisburg, Pennsylvania, as the “Hettie Simmons Love Post Office Building” was ordered to be engrossed for a third reading, was read the third time, and passed, as follows:

S. 3357

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

**SECTION 1. HETTIE SIMMONS LOVE POST OFFICE BUILDING.**

(a) DESIGNATION.—The facility of the United States Postal Service located at 5120 Derry Street in Harrisburg, Pennsylvania, shall be known and designated as the “Hettie Simmons Love Post Office Building”.

(b) REFERENCES.—Any reference in a law, map, regulation, document, paper, or other record of the United States to the facility referred to in subsection (a) shall be deemed to be a reference to the “Hettie Simmons Love Post Office Building”.

**FIRST LIEUTENANT THOMAS MICHAEL MARTIN POST OFFICE BUILDING**

The bill (S. 3267) to designate the facility of the United States Postal Service located at 410 Dakota Avenue South in Huron, South Dakota, as the “First Lieutenant Thomas Michael Martin Post Office Building” was ordered to be engrossed for a third reading, was read the third time, and passed, as follows:

S. 3267

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

**SECTION 1. FIRST LIEUTENANT THOMAS MICHAEL MARTIN POST OFFICE BUILDING.**

(a) DESIGNATION.—The facility of the United States Postal Service located at 410 Dakota Avenue South in Huron, South Dakota, shall be known and designated as the “First Lieutenant Thomas Michael Martin Post Office Building”.

(b) REFERENCES.—Any reference in a law, map, regulation, document, paper, or other record of the United States to the facility referred to in subsection (a) shall be deemed to be a reference to the “First Lieutenant Thomas Michael Martin Post Office Building”.

**JOHN CHARLES TRAUB POST OFFICE**

The bill (S. 3419) to designate the facility of the United States Postal Service

located at 1765 Camp Hill Bypass in Camp Hill, Pennsylvania, as the “John Charles Traub Post Office” was ordered to be engrossed for a third reading, was read the third time, and passed, as follows:

S. 3419

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

**SECTION 1. JOHN CHARLES TRAUB POST OFFICE.**

(a) DESIGNATION.—The facility of the United States Postal Service located at 1765 Camp Hill Bypass in Camp Hill, Pennsylvania, shall be known and designated as the “John Charles Traub Post Office”.

(b) REFERENCES.—Any reference in a law, map, regulation, document, paper, or other record of the United States to the facility referred to in subsection (a) shall be deemed to be a reference to the “John Charles Traub Post Office”.

**LIEUTENANT WILLIAM D. LEO POST OFFICE BUILDING**

The bill (H.R. 3865) to designate the facility of the United States Postal Service located at 101 South 8th Street in Lebanon, Pennsylvania, as the “Lieutenant William D. Lebo Post Office Building” was ordered to a third reading, was read the third time, and passed.

**LANCE CORPORAL DAVID LEE ESPINOZA, LANCE CORPORAL JUAN RODRIGO RODRIGUEZ & SERGEANT ROBERTO ARIZOLA JR. POST OFFICE BUILDING**

The bill (H.R. 2754) to designate the facility of the United States Postal Service located at 2395 East Del Mar Boulevard in Laredo, Texas, as the “Lance Corporal David Lee Espinoza, Lance Corporal Juan Rodrigo Rodriguez & Sergeant Roberto Arizola Jr. Post Office Building” was ordered to a third reading, was read the third time, and passed.

**PAMELA JANE ROCK POST OFFICE BUILDING**

The bill (H.R. 3947) to designate the facility of the United States Postal Service located at 859 North State Road 21 in Melrose, Florida, as the “Pamela Jane Rock Post Office Building” was ordered to a third reading, was read the third time, and passed.

**RESOLUTIONS SUBMITTED TODAY**

Mr. SCHUMER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Senate proceed to the en bloc consideration of the following Senate resolutions: S. Res. 661, S. Res. 662, and S. Res. 663.

There being no objection, the Senate proceeded to consider the resolutions en bloc.

Mr. SCHUMER. Mr. President, this resolution concerns the criminal case pending in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York against Senator ROBERT MENEN-

DEZ and co-defendants. The parties have indicated that they may seek to introduce into evidence relevant documents and testimony from Senate staff and Members at the trial.

This resolution would authorize Senate individuals called to appear to testify and produce documents in this case and related proceedings, except concerning matters for which a privilege is asserted. It would also authorize the Senate legal counsel to represent individuals called to testify at trial as fact witnesses regarding their performance of official Senate responsibilities.

Mr. SCHUMER. I ask unanimous consent that the resolutions be agreed to, the preambles be agreed to, and the motions to reconsider be considered made and laid upon the table, all en bloc.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The resolutions were agreed to.

The preambles were agreed to.

(The resolutions, with their preambles, are printed in today's RECORD under “Submitted Resolutions.”)

**MORNING BUSINESS****BUDGETARY REVISIONS**

Mr. WHITEHOUSE. Mr. President, today the Senate passed H.R. 815, the National Security Act of 2024. This bill supports Ukrainian victory against Putin and his war machine, bolsters Israel's security, and reiterates our longstanding commitment to Taiwan and its democratic values. This legislation also provides needed humanitarian resources for Gaza, Ukraine, Armenia, Haiti, Sudan, the Rohingya, and others. And H.R. 815 contains my bipartisan Rebuilding Economic Prosperity and Opportunity, or REPO, for Ukrainians Act, co-authored with Senator RISC, which would provide additional assistance to Ukraine using assets from the Central Bank of the Russian Federation and other sovereign assets. Hundreds of billions of dollars of Russian sovereign assets have been frozen—including billions here in the United States—since the start of Russia's murderous invasion. This legislation will help Ukraine rebuild after it beats back the Russian invasion, by seizing and repurposing the Putin regime's frozen funds. Because this legislation only uses confiscated assets to assist Ukraine, any increases in direct spending are fully paid for.

I previously adjusted budgetary levels on March 8, 2024, to accommodate the Senate-passed national security supplemental and am making further revisions for the current House-passed version. Because H.R. 815 is still deficit-neutral with the addition of the REPO Act, I am adjusting the committee allocations and aggregates to accommodate the legislation. Section 121(c) of the Fiscal Responsibility Act of 2023 contains a reserve fund that authorizes the Budget Committee chairman to revise budget aggregates and

committee allocations for legislation that would not increase the deficit over the period of fiscal years 2024 to 2033.

Additionally, I am revising the allocation to the Committee on Appropriations, colloquially known as the 302(a), consistent with the bill before the Senate. It contains slightly less emergency-designated spending than the version that passed the Senate in February.

Section 251 of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985, as amended by the Fiscal Responsibility Act of 2023, establishes statutory limits on discretionary funding levels for fiscal years 2024 and 2025 and allows adjustments to those limits. Sections 302 and 314(a) of the Congressional Budget Act allow the chairman of the Budget Committee to revise the

allocations, aggregates, and levels consistent with those adjustments. I ask unanimous consent that the accompanying tables, which provide details about the adjustment, be printed in the RECORD. There being no objection, the material was ordered to be printed in the RECORD, as follows:

REVISIONS TO BUDGET AGGREGATES—BUDGET AUTHORITY AND OUTLAYS	
(Pursuant to Section 121 of the Fiscal Responsibility Act of 2023 and Section 314 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974)	
(\$ in billions)	
	2024
Current Spending Aggregates:	
Budget Authority .....	5,036.175
Outlays .....	5,097.363
Adjustment:	
Budget Authority .....	— 0.015
Outlays .....	— 7.022
Revised Aggregates:	
Budget Authority .....	5,036.160

REVISIONS TO ALLOCATIONS TO SENATE AUTHORIZING COMMITTEES  
(Pursuant to Section 121 of the Fiscal Responsibility Act of 2023)  
(\$ in billions)

	2024	2024–2028	2024–2033
Foreign Relations:			
Budget Authority .....	43.978	220.169	440.898
Outlays .....	39.915	215.035	435.773
Adjustments:			
Budget Authority .....	0.000	5.000	5.000
Outlays .....	0.000	5.000	5.000
Revised Allocation:			
Budget Authority .....	43.978	225.169	445.898
Outlays .....	39.915	220.035	440.773

Note: Division E of H.R. 815, the FEND Off Fentanyl Act, increased direct spending by \$60 million over 10 years and was already included in a revision that was filed on March 8. This further adjustment reflects the inclusion of Division F, the Rebuilding Economic Prosperity and Opportunity for Ukrainians Act, which spends an additional \$5 billion.

REVISIONS TO THE ALLOCATION TO THE COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2024  
(Pursuant to Section 314 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974)  
(\$ in billions)

	Current Allocation	Adjustments	Revised Allocation
Revised Security Budget Authority .....	953.841	0.000	953.841
Revised Nonsecurity Budget Authority .....	785.504	— 0.015	785.489
General Purpose Outlays .....	1,847.777	— 7.022	1,840.755

EMERGENCY DISCRETIONARY SPENDING IN H.R. 815 FOR FISCAL YEAR 2024  
(\$ in billions)

Detail of Adjustments Made Above	Emergency		
	Security	Nonsecurity	Total
Defense:			
Budget Authority .....	67.061	0.000	67.061
Outlays .....	4.919	0.000	4.919
Energy and Water:			
Budget Authority .....	0.149	0.098	0.247
Outlays .....	0.021	0.000	0.021
Homeland Security:			
Budget Authority .....	0.000	0.400	0.400
Outlays .....	0.000	0.005	0.005
Labor-HHS-Ed:			
Budget Authority .....	0.000	0.531	0.531
Outlays .....	0.000	0.098	0.098
Military Construction-VA:			
Budget Authority .....	0.282	0.000	0.282
Outlays .....	0.001	0.000	0.001
State-Foreign Operations:			
Budget Authority .....	0.000	26.808	26.808
Outlays .....	0.000	8.191	8.191
Total:			
Revised Discretionary Budget Authority .....	67.492	27.837	95.329
Revised Discretionary Outlays .....	4.941	8.294	13.235

Note: H.R. 815, the national security supplemental, contains \$95.329 billion of budget authority and \$13.235 billion of outlays designated as an emergency, spread across six subcommittees. Those amounts are \$15 million less in budget authority and \$7.022 billion less in outlays than the Senate-passed version, primarily because the passage of time results in less of the funding being spent in FY 2024.

REVISIONS TO BUDGET AGGREGATES—BUDGET AUTHORITY AND OUTLAYS—Continued  
(Pursuant to Section 121 of the Fiscal Responsibility Act of 2023 and Section 314 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974)  
(\$ in billions)

	2024
Outlays .....	5,090.341

REVISIONS TO BUDGET REVENUE AGGREGATES  
(Pursuant to Section 121 of the Fiscal Responsibility Act of 2023)  
(\$ in billions)

	2024	2024–2028	2024–2033
Current Revenue Aggregates ...	3,651.838	20,174.730	45,331.755
Adjustments .....	0.000	5.000	5.000
Revised Revenue Aggregates ...	3,651.838	20,179.730	45,336.755

Note: Division E of H.R. 815, the FEND Off Fentanyl Act, increases revenue by \$77 million over 10 years and was already included in a revision that was filed on March 8. This further adjustment reflects the inclusion of Division F, the Rebuilding Economic Prosperity and Opportunity for Ukrainians Act, which raises \$5 billion of revenue through sovereign assets confiscated from the Russian Federation.

TRIBUTE TO CARL IMHOFF

Ms. CANTWELL. Mr. President, I rise today to speak about and thank Carl Imhoff who is retiring after an exemplary 44-year career at the Department of Energy’s Pacific Northwest National Laboratory.

Carl’s insights and contributions have shaped our Nation’s approach to grid reliability, resiliency, and security. I can personally attest to how Carl’s keen understanding of how our Nation’s grid works has helped me draft and enact legislation ranging from measures to respond to the West Coast Electricity Crisis, to the Smart Grid Title of the 2007 Energy Bill, to numerous provisions related to boosting grid R&D, cybersecurity, and expanding transmission lines.

Aided by his forethought and vision, Carl has been a champion for infrastructure modernization. He understands and his work underscores the importance of the electricity grid as the backbone of our economic and national security, as well as the critical role it plays in decarbonization strategies that will power America into the future. His leadership has helped bring forward new approaches and technology advances to energy and grid challenges that will have an impact for years to come.

A native of Arkansas, Carl grew up learning about the intersection of technology, policy, and economic security through the work of his father John, a distinguished professor and long-time chair of the Department of Industrial Engineering at the University of Arkansas, who also served in an advisory

capacity on a variety of initiatives for Senators Pryor, Bumpers, and then-Governor Bill Clinton. From his mother Lois, an avid conservationist and community organizer, Carl took lessons on the value of public lands and waters and the necessity of their preservation. In fact, Carl paid his first visit to the hearing room of the Senate Energy and Natural Resources Committee as part of his mother’s work with the Ozark Society, which would ultimately lead to the Buffalo River’s designation as our first National River, way back in 1972.

With his own degrees in industrial engineering in hand, Carl brought these very sensibilities to Richland, WA, in 1980, when he joined PNNL. Carl began building not only his technical career, but also his reputation in the region as a collaborator and thought leader in charting the path forward for energy system reliability. Meanwhile, he took the opportunity as an avid outdoorsman to experience all the variety and adventures the Pacific Northwest’s public lands have to offer and shared them with his growing boys. Carl remains a student of the works of former Supreme Court Justice William O. Douglas, a Yakima native and confidant of President Franklin D. Roosevelt, who is renowned for his work in connection with the preservation of wilderness and wild and scenic rivers.

I have known Carl for the last two decades of his career at PNNL, much of which time he spent as the leader of the lab’s grid research and development portfolio. When I first took office in 2001, our region was experiencing the