promote the free and unobstructed flow of commerce, and for other purposes.

S. 4368

At the request of Mrs. BRITT, the name of the Senator from Kansas (Mr. MARSHALL) was added as a cosponsor of S. 4368, a bill to amend title XIX of the Social Security Act to require, as a condition of receiving Federal Medicaid funding, that States do not prohibit in vitro fertilization (IVF) services, and for other purposes.

S. 4396

At the request of Mrs. Murray, the names of the Senator from Maryland (Mr. Cardin) and the Senator from North Dakota (Mr. Cramer) were added as cosponsors of S. 4396, a bill to amend title 38, United States Code, to authorize an individual who is awarded the Purple Heart for service in the Armed Forces to transfer unused Post-9/11 Educational Assistance to a family member, and for other purposes.

S. 4445

At the request of Ms. Duckworth, the names of the Senator from Michigan (Mr. Peters), the Senator from Washington (Ms. Cantwell), the Senator from Maryland (Mr. Van Hollen), the Senator from Montana (Mr. Tester), the Senator from New Jersey (Mr. Menendez) and the Senator from Nevada (Ms. Cortez Masto) were added as cosponsors of S. 4445, a bill to protect and expand nationwide access to fertility treatment, including in vitro fertilization

S. 4459

At the request of Mr. COTTON, the names of the Senator from North Dakota (Mr. CRAMER) and the Senator from Utah (Mr. Lee) were added as cosponsors of S. 4459, a bill to amend section 301 of the Immigration and Nationality Act to clarify those classes of individuals born in the United States who are not nationals or citizens of the United States at birth.

S. 4464

At the request of Mr. ROUNDS, the names of the Senator from Tennessee (Mrs. BLACKBURN) and the Senator from Arizona (Mr. Kelly) were added as cosponsors of S. 4464, a bill to require the United States Postal Service to apply certain requirements when closing a processing, shipping, delivery, or other facility supporting a post office, and for other purposes.

S. 4484

At the request of Mr. COTTON, the names of the Senator from Wyoming (Mr. BARRASSO) and the Senator from Idaho (Mr. CRAPO) were added as cosponsors of S. 4484, a bill to impose sanctions with respect to foreign persons of the International Criminal Court engaged in any effort to investigate, arrest, detain, or prosecute any protected person of the United States and its allies, and for other purposes.

S.J. RES. 39

At the request of Mrs. GILLIBRAND, the name of the Senator from Nevada (Ms. Cortez Masto) was added as a co-

sponsor of S.J. Res. 39, a joint resolution expressing the sense of Congress that the article of amendment commonly known as the "Equal Rights Amendment" has been validly ratified and is enforceable as the 28th Amendment to the Constitution of the United States, and the Archivist of the United States must certify and publish the Equal Rights Amendment as the 28th Amendment without delay.

S.J. RES. 82

At the request of Mr. PAUL, the name of the Senator from Utah (Mr. LEE) was added as a cosponsor of S.J. Res. 82, a joint resolution providing for congressional disapproval under chapter 8 of title 5, United States Code, of the rule submitted by the Food and Drug Administration relating to "Medical Devices; Laboratory Developed Tests".

S.J. RES. 90

At the request of Mr. Marshall, the name of the Senator from Oklahoma (Mr. Mullin) was added as a cosponsor of S.J. Res. 90, a joint resolution providing for congressional disapproval under chapter 8 of title 5, United States Code, of the rule submitted by the Department of Health and Human Services relating to "Nondiscrimination in Health Programs and Activities".

S.J. RES. 91

At the request of Mr. Lankford, the name of the Senator from Kentucky (Mr. McConnell) was added as a cosponsor of S.J. Res. 91, a joint resolution providing for congressional disapproval under chapter 8 of title 5, United States Code, of the rule submitted by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services relating to "Medicare and Medicaid Programs; Minimum Staffing Standards for Long-Term Care Facilities and Medicaid Institutional Payment Transparency Reporting".

S.J. RES. 94

At the request of Mr. GRASSLEY, the name of the Senator from Alaska (Ms. MURKOWSKI) was added as a cosponsor of S.J. Res. 94, a joint resolution providing for congressional disapproval under chapter 8 of title 5, United States Code, of the proposed rule submitted by the Office of Refugee Resettlement of the Administration for Children and Families of the Department of Health and Human Services relating to the Unaccompanied Children Program Foundational Rule.

S. RES. 505

At the request of Mrs. BRITT, the name of the Senator from Arkansas (Mr. BOOZMAN) was added as a cosponsor of S. Res. 505, a resolution condemning the use of sexual violence and rape as a weapon of war by the terrorist group Hamas against the people of Israel.

S. RES. 574

At the request of Mr. Scott of Florida, the name of the Senator from Kansas (Mr. Marshall) was added as a cosponsor of S. Res. 574, a resolution expressing support for starting and growing a family through in vitro fertilization.

S. RES. 599

At the request of Mr. TILLIS, the names of the Senator from Massachusetts (Mr. Markey) and the Senator from Montana (Mr. Daines) were added as cosponsors of S. Res. 599, a resolution protecting the Iranian political refugees, including female former political prisoners, in Ashraf-3 in Albania.

S. RES. 638

At the request of Mr. SCHUMER, the names of the Senator from Colorado (Mr. Bennet), the Senator from Maine (Mr. KING), the Senator from Nevada (Ms. CORTEZ MASTO), the Senator from New Jersey (Mr. MENENDEZ), the Senator from New Mexico (Mr. LUJÁN), the Senator from Ohio (Mr. BROWN) and the Senator from Virginia (Mr. KAINE) were added as cosponsors of S. Res. 638. a resolution calling for the immediate release of Ryan Corbett, a United States citizen who was wrongfully detained by the Taliban on August 10, 2022, and condemning the wrongful detention of Americans by the Taliban.

S. RES. 669

At the request of Mrs. BLACKBURN, the name of the Senator from Missouri (Mr. SCHMITT) was added as a cosponsor of S. Res. 669, a resolution designating October, 10, 2024, as "American Girls in Sports Day".

S. RES. 718

At the request of Mr. Marshall, the name of the Senator from Ohio (Mr. Vance) was added as a cosponsor of S. Res. 718, a resolution expressing the sense of the Senate that the United States Government should immediately place a moratorium on all federally funded gain-of-function research given the increased safety concerns.

S. RES. 725

At the request of Mrs. BLACKBURN, the name of the Senator from Texas (Mr. CRUZ) was added as a cosponsor of S. Res. 725, a resolution affirming the legal status of contraception following the Supreme Court's decision in Dobbs v. Jackson Women's Health Organization, 597 U.S. 215 (2022).

STATEMENTS ON INTRODUCED BILLS AND JOINT RESOLUTIONS

By Mr. PADILLA (for himself and Ms. BUTLER):

S. 4489. A bill to designate the Federal building located at 50 United Nations Plaza in San Francisco, California, as the "Senator Dianne Feinstein Federal Building," and for other purposes; to the Committee on Environment and Public Works.

Mr. PADILLA. Madam President, I rise to speak in support of my bill to rename an iconic Federal building in San Francisco after my former colleague, mentor, and dear friend, the late Senator Dianne Feinstein.

Dianne was a towering figure not just in modern California politics but in the history of our State and our Nation. She broke barriers throughout her career. Her leadership as the first woman to serve as the mayor of San Francisco in the aftermath of the tragic assassination of Mayor George Moscone and Supervisor Harvey Milk showcased her unique ability to lead with grace and strength in the face of adversity.

This bill would designate the Federal building at 50 United Nations Plaza in San Francisco as the "Senator Dianne Feinstein Federal Building." Located just steps away from San Francisco City Hall, where Dianne served for 18 years, the Federal building is a cornerstone of the San Francisco Civic Center.

This Neoclassical building was completed in 1936 as part of the city's efforts to rebuild its Civic Center following the devastation caused by the 1906 earthquake. It received a major renovation in 2013 to upgrade building systems, restore historically significant architecture, and redesign office workspaces. In 2017, the building was added to the National Register of Historic Places.

Today, the six-story, 350,000-squarefoot Federal building is home to the General Services Administration's Region 9 headquarters as well as Department of Education staff. The building is LEED Platinum certified, a wellknown global standard given to the most sustainable and energy-efficient buildings. The building's renovation also received several prestigious awards, including the National Project Achievement Award from the Construction Management Association of America and the Preservation Design Award from the California Preservation Foundation.

Over the past several months, I have worked to introduce bills that would honor Dianne's lifetime of service by commemorating public spaces in her memory. The Federal building at 50 U.N. Plaza stands as a reminder of the responsibility that the Federal Government holds in serving the public. Dianne spent her life dedicated to that responsibility, and it is only fitting that we honor her by renaming this Federal building in her beloved hometown.

I thank Senator BUTLER for joining me in this effort, and I urge my colleagues to pass this bill as swiftly as possible.

By Mr. DURBIN (for himself and Ms. Murkowski):

S. 4514. A bill to clarify that amounts from declinations should be deposited in the Crime Victims Fund and to temporarily provide additional deposits into the Crime Victims Fund; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Mr. DURBIN. Madam President, I ask unanimous consent that the text of the bill be printed in the RECORD.

There being no objection, the text of the bill was ordered to be printed in the RECORD, as follows:

S. 4514

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Crime Victims Fund Stabilization Act of 2024".

Section 1402(b)(6) of the Victims of Crime Act of 1984 (34 U.S.C. 20101(b)(6)) is amend-

- ed—
 (1) in subparagraph (A), by striking "or" at the end;
- (2) in subparagraph (B), by striking the period at the end and inserting a semicolon; and
- (3) by adding at the end the following:
- "(C) a declination of a criminal prosecution or other similar final disposition not involving a conviction; or
- "(D) during the period beginning on the date of enactment of this subparagraph and ending on September 30, 2029, sections 3729 through 3731 of title 31, United States Code (commonly known as the False Claims Act'), except that—
- "(i) amounts necessary to remunerate qui tam plaintiffs as described in subsection (d) of section 3730 of title 31, United States Code, are not available for deposit to the Fund; and
- "(ii) amounts necessary to reimburse the United States Government for the damages which the Government sustains from an act described in subsection (a) of section 3729 of title 31, United States Code, are not available for deposit to the Fund.".

SUBMITTED RESOLUTIONS

SENATE RESOLUTION 727—DESIGNATING JUNE 2024 AS "GREAT OUTDOORS MONTH"

Mr. DAINES (for himself, Mr. Peters, Mr. King, Mrs. Shaheen, Mr. Wyden, Mr. Tester, Mr. Hickenlooper, Mr. Van Hollen, Mr. Marshall, and Mr. Manchin) submitted the following resolution; which was considered and agreed to:

S. RES. 727

Whereas hundreds of millions of individuals in the United States participate in outdoor recreation annually;

Whereas Congress enacted the Outdoor Recreation Jobs and Economic Impact Act of 2016 (Public Law 114–249; 130 Stat. 999) to assess and analyze the outdoor recreation economy of the United States and the effects attributable to the outdoor recreation economy on the overall economy of the United States:

Whereas the Outdoor Recreation Satellite Account, updated in November 2023 by the Bureau of Economic Analysis of the Department of Commerce, shows that outdoor recreation generated \$1,100,000,000 in economic output in 2022, comprising approximately 2 percent of the current-dollar gross domestic product;

Whereas the Outdoor Recreation Satellite Account shows that, in 2022, the outdoor recreation sector grew 3 times faster than the overall economy of the United States, while also providing 5,000,000 jobs across the United States:

Whereas the Great American Outdoors Act (Public Law 116-152; 134 Stat. 682) provides billions of dollars to help eliminate the maintenance backlog on public lands and waters and fully funds the Land and Water Conservation Fund;

Whereas regular outdoor recreation is associated with economic growth, positive health outcomes, and better quality of life;

Whereas outdoor recreation activities at the Federal, State, and local levels have seen a recent surge in participation;

Whereas many outdoor recreation businesses are small businesses that are cornerstones of rural communities, and outdoor recreation is part of the national heritage of the United States;

Whereas it is imperative that the United States ensure that access to outdoor recreation is available to all its people for generations to come; and

Whereas June 2024 is an appropriate month to designate as "Great Outdoors Month" to provide an opportunity to celebrate the importance of the great outdoors: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Senate-

- (1) designates June 2024 as "Great Outdoors Month"; and
- (2) encourages all individuals in the United States to responsibly participate in recreation activities in the great outdoors during June 2024 and year-round.

SENATE RESOLUTION 728—COM-MENDING THE UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH ALABAMA ON THE OCCA-SION OF ITS 60TH ANNIVERSARY AND ITS YEARS OF SERVICE TO THE STATE OF ALABAMA AND THE UNITED STATES

Mrs. BRITT (for herself and Mr. Tuberville) submitted the following resolution; which was considered and agreed to:

S. RES. 728

Whereas the University of South Alabama was chartered by an act of the Alabama Legislature on May 3, 1963, following the efforts of local leaders who saw a great need for a 4-year degree-granting institution along the fast-growing Alabama Gulf Coast;

Whereas the University of South Alabama's first classes were held on June 8, 1964, on a new campus in West Mobile, with 276 total students;

Whereas, in 1969, the Alabama Legislature passed legislation establishing a new medical school, and in 1973, the University of South Alabama began providing medical education at the Frederick P. Whiddon College of Medicine:

Whereas, in 1970, the University of South Alabama's adoption of Mobile General Hospital and the creation of its new medical school gave rise to what is today University of South Alabama Health (referred to in this preamble as "USA Health");

Whereas USA Health in Mobile, Alabama is—

- (1) the only academic health system along the upper Gulf Coast;
- (2) home to USA Health Children's & Women's Hospital, which serves the area with the only pediatric emergency center, Level III Neonatal Intensive Care Unit, and Pediatric Intensive Care Unit;
- (3) home to USA Health University Hospital, which serves the area with the only Level 1 trauma center, burn center, and comprehensive stroke center;
- (4) home to USA Health Providence Hospital, which serves the area with a full-service 349-bed hospital that provides 24/7 emergency care and a Level III trauma center;
- (5) home to the USA Health Mitchell Cancer Institute, which serves the area as the only academic cancer treatment and research facility along the upper Gulf Coast, using continuous research and technological advancements to best treat patients; and
- (6) home to the USA Health Physician Enterprise, the region's largest multispecialty practice, providing patients with primary and specialty care, including many services unique in the community;