

the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes.

AMENDMENT NO. 2853

At the request of Mr. HICKENLOOPER, the names of the Senator from Vermont (Mr. WELCH), the Senator from Vermont (Mr. SANDERS) and the Senator from New Hampshire (Mrs. SHAHEEN) were added as cosponsors of amendment No. 2853 intended to be proposed to S. 4638, a bill to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2025 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes.

AMENDMENT NO. 2863

At the request of Mr. YOUNG, the names of the Senator from South Dakota (Mr. ROUNDS) and the Senator from New York (Mr. SCHUMER) were added as cosponsors of amendment No. 2863 intended to be proposed to S. 4638, a bill to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2025 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes.

AMENDMENT NO. 2875

At the request of Ms. CANTWELL, the name of the Senator from Alaska (Mr. SULLIVAN) was added as a cosponsor of amendment No. 2875 intended to be proposed to S. 4638, a bill to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2025 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes.

AMENDMENT NO. 2915

At the request of Mr. HEINRICH, the names of the Senator from Indiana (Mr. YOUNG) and the Senator from South Dakota (Mr. ROUNDS) were added as cosponsors of amendment No. 2915 intended to be proposed to S. 4638, a bill to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2025 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes.

AMENDMENT NO. 2974

At the request of Ms. ERNST, the name of the Senator from Arkansas (Mr. COTTON) was withdrawn as a cosponsor of amendment No. 2974 intended to be proposed to S. 4638, a bill to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2025 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for

such fiscal year, and for other purposes.

AMENDMENT NO. 2988

At the request of Mr. CORNYN, the name of the Senator from Nevada (Ms. CORTEZ MASTO) was added as a cosponsor of amendment No. 2988 intended to be proposed to S. 4638, a bill to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2025 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes.

AMENDMENT NO. 2998

At the request of Mr. WARNOCK, the name of the Senator from Alaska (Ms. MURKOWSKI) was added as a cosponsor of amendment No. 2998 intended to be proposed to S. 4638, a bill to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2025 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes.

AMENDMENT NO. 3045

At the request of Mr. RUBIO, the name of the Senator from Nevada (Ms. ROSEN) was added as a cosponsor of amendment No. 3045 intended to be proposed to S. 4638, a bill to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2025 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes.

SUBMITTED RESOLUTIONS

SENATE RESOLUTION 768—CONGRATULATING THE FIGHTING IRISH OF THE UNIVERSITY OF NOTRE DAME MEN'S LACROSSE TEAM FOR WINNING THE 2024 NATIONAL COLLEGIATE ATHLETIC ASSOCIATION DIVISION I MEN'S LACROSSE NATIONAL CHAMPIONSHIP

Mr. BRAUN (for himself and Mr. YOUNG) submitted the following resolution; which was considered and agreed to:

S. RES. 768

Whereas, on May 27, 2024, the University of Notre Dame Men's Lacrosse Team (referred to in this preamble as the "Fighting Irish") won the 2024 National Collegiate Athletic Association (referred to in this preamble as the "NCAA") Division I title with a 15 to 5 win over the Maryland Terrapins in Philadelphia;

Whereas the victory marked the second national title and a consecutive national championship for the Fighting Irish;

Whereas the Fighting Irish is the first team since 2019 and 2021 to win back-to-back men's lacrosse NCAA national championships in consecutive seasons, and the eighth team in NCAA Division I history to accomplish the feat;

Whereas head coach Kevin Corrigan was supported by assistant coaches and staff, including Ryan Wellner, Chris Wojcik, Ryder

Garnsey, Rob Simpson, Joshua Skube, Mandy Merritt, Robby Hamman, Zach Korten, Darin Ottaviani, and Ron Powlus;

Whereas the full player roster of the 2024 national championship Fighting Irish team includes Christian Alacqua, Will Angrick, Sam Assaf, Fulton Bayman, Brock Behrman, Jake Bonomi, Tyler Buchner, Ross Burgmaster, Gavin Burlace, BJ Burlace, Max Busenkell, Chris Conlin, Jack Conroy, Declan Cooke, Anderson Davis, Conrad Delgado, Eric Dobson, Ronan Doherty, Will Donovan, Andrew Donovan, Casey Doyle, Pat Eilers, Liam Entenmann, Jordan Faison, Fisher Finley, Will Gallagher, Christian Gallaher, Griffin Grant, Reilly Gray, Andrew Greenspan, Logan Gutzwiller, Colin Hagstrom, Nick Harris, Ridge Johnson, Pat Kavanagh, Chris Kavanagh, Mick Lee, Shawn Lyght, Will Lynch, Michael Lynch, Will Maheras, Maxim Manyak, Devon McLane, Marco Napolitano, Danny Parker, Carter Parlette, Thomas Porell, Ben Ramsey, Thomas Ricciardelli, Jeffery Ricciardelli, Michael Ridgway, Nate Schwitzenberg, Jalen Seymour, Ryan Sforzo, Jake Sommer, Jake Taylor, Bryce Walker, Karter Williams, Mason Wordelman, and Alex Zepf;

Whereas Chris Kavanagh was named the Most Outstanding Player of the 2024 NCAA Championships;

Whereas Pat Kavanagh became the first men's lacrosse player in the history of the Fighting Irish to win the Tewaaraton Award, the most coveted individual honor in college lacrosse; and

Whereas Chris Kavanagh, Pat Kavanagh, Liam Entenmann, Shawn Lyght, Devon McLane and Ben Ramsey were named to the 2024 NCAA All-Tournament Team: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Senate—

(1) congratulates the University of Notre Dame men's lacrosse team for its victory in the National Collegiate Athletic Association (referred to in this resolution as the "NCAA") tournament, claiming the 2024 NCAA Division I title; and

(2) respectfully requests that the Secretary of the Senate transmit an enrolled copy of this resolution to—

(A) former president of the University of Notre Dame, Rev. John I. Jenkins, C.S.C.;

(B) the head coach of the University of Notre Dame men's lacrosse team, Kevin Corrigan; and

(C) the vice president and James E. Rohr director of athletics at Notre Dame University, Pete Bevacqua.

SENATE RESOLUTION 769—RECOGNIZING THE IMPORTANCE OF MENTAL HEALTH FOR YOUTH IN THE UNITED STATES, AND EXPRESSING THE PRESSING NEED FOR AWARENESS AND SUPPORT FOR MENTAL HEALTH CARE FOR CHILDREN AND ADOLESCENTS

Mr. PADILLA (for himself and Mr. TILLIS) submitted the following resolution; which was considered and agreed to:

S. RES. 769

Whereas, over the past few decades and during the COVID-19 pandemic, mental health issues among young people have steadily become worse;

Whereas the Department of Health and Human Services estimates that 49.5 percent of adolescents in the United States have faced a mental health disorder at some point in their lives;

Whereas the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention stated that in 2020, during

the COVID-19 pandemic, mental health-related emergency room visits for children aged 5 through 11 years increased by 24 percent, and for children aged 12 through 17 years increased more than 30 percent;

Whereas according to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention—

(1) suicide is the third leading cause of death among 14- to 18-year-olds in the United States; and

(2) over 20 percent of high school students seriously consider attempting suicide and 10 percent attempt to take their lives;

Whereas the National Institute of Mental Health states that mental health disorders, such as anxiety and depression, can lead to a higher propensity to engage in substance use; and

Whereas youth populations in rural or underserved areas are less likely to be connected to mental health care: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Senate recognizes the importance of mental health among youth in the United States, and that in order to increase awareness for mental health care for children and adolescents, the Federal Government must work collaboratively to—

(1) encourage States, local educational agencies, schools, and community organizations to support children, youth, and students experiencing mental health challenges at all grade levels by—

(A) improving the professional development given to educators so that educators are better equipped to—

(i) support student well-being through evidence-based prevention strategies; and

(ii) respond to signs and symptoms of mental health disorders among students that educators are in direct contact with;

(B) recognizing that young children often go misdiagnosed, undiagnosed, or face stigma when it comes to mental health disorders, and therefore lack adequate services and support when dealing with mental health challenges and crises;

(C) raising awareness for high-quality school- and campus-based mental health services that are evidence-based and trauma-informed; and

(D) evaluating the preservation of continuity of care for students whose treatment is interrupted;

(2) recognize that mental health and physical health are intertwined and can be treated through integrated care services, and that age is not a determinant for experiencing a mental health disorder, in that children can face mental health challenges even in early childhood;

(3) recognize the urgency for increasing public knowledge of mental health disorders by encouraging Federal, State, and local institutions to disseminate robust resources regarding the effects and available treatment options for various mental health disorders;

(4) address the stigmas associated with mental health challenges by urging States to adopt peer-to-peer mental health treatment models that prioritize community-based care;

(5) create a comprehensive strategy to contact isolated communities with little access to knowledge about and resources for supporting young people experiencing mental health disorders; and

(6) address and prevent adverse childhood experiences, including previous childhood trauma, and other childhood and family risk factors that can lead to involvement in the justice and child welfare systems.

SENATE RESOLUTION 770—EXPRESSING SUPPORT FOR THE DESIGNATION OF JULY 2024 AS “DISABILITY PRIDE MONTH”

Mrs. KLOBUCHAR (for herself and Mr. TILLIS) submitted the following resolution; which was considered and agreed to:

S. RES. 770

Whereas, according to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, an estimated 61,000,000 adults in the United States have a disability;

Whereas the United States Census Bureau reports that more than 3,000,000 children in the United States have a disability;

Whereas the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12101 et seq.) was signed into law on July 26, 1990;

Whereas individuals with disabilities remain at an increased risk of experiencing discrimination and social isolation;

Whereas individuals with disabilities are vital and make meaningful contributions to the workforce, arts, science, health care, technology, sports, education, law, and many more sectors; and

Whereas “Disability Pride Month” is celebrated in July by people across the United States: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Senate—

(1) expresses support for the designation of July 2024 as “Disability Pride Month”; and

(2) calls on the people of the United States, interest groups, and affected people to observe “Disability Pride Month” with appropriate celebrations and activities.

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION 38—EXPRESSING THE SENSE OF CONGRESS THAT OPERATION LEGEND WAS SUCCESSFUL IN REDUCING AND COMBATING VIOLENT CRIME IN THE LARGEST CITIES OF THE UNITED STATES AND THAT A FUTURE PRESIDENTIAL ADMINISTRATION COMMITTED TO ENFORCING AND MAINTAINING LAW AND ORDER SHOULD CONSIDER IMPLEMENTING A SIMILAR POLICY

Mrs. BLACKBURN (for herself, Mr. BRAUN, Mrs. CAPITO, Mr. CORNYN, Mr. CRAMER, Mr. CRUZ, Mr. SCHMITT, Mr. SCOTT of South Carolina, and Mr. YOUNG) submitted the following concurrent resolution; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary:

S. CON. RES. 38

Whereas, in the wake of a surge in violent crime throughout many of the largest cities in the United States, Attorney General William Barr announced the launch of Operation Legend on July 8, 2020;

Whereas this groundbreaking operation was named in honor of LeGend Taliferro, a 4-year-old boy from Kansas City, Missouri, who was tragically shot and killed while he was sleeping;

Whereas, throughout the summer of 2020, violent crime—including homicides, aggravated assaults, and firearm offenses—rose dramatically in large cities like Chicago, New York City, Kansas City, Philadelphia, and Memphis;

Whereas the Trump administration took decisive steps to curb the rampant violence occurring in these cities by instituting Operation Legend;

Whereas Operation Legend was a measured, coordinated, and effective initiative

that deployed Federal law enforcement agents to work in conjunction with State and local law enforcement officials to fight violent crime;

Whereas, over the course of 6 months, Operation Legend provided Federal law enforcement agents to 10 of the largest cities in the United States: Albuquerque, Baltimore, Chicago, Cleveland, Detroit, Indianapolis, Kansas City, Memphis, Milwaukee, and St. Louis;

Whereas Operation Legend was tremendously successful in targeting the surge in violent crime, resulting in over 6,000 arrests—including an estimated 467 arrests for homicide—in addition to the seizures of over 2,600 illegal firearms and over 17 kilograms of fentanyl;

Whereas, 4 years after the launch of Operation Legend, several major cities in the United States continue to struggle with waves of violent crime;

Whereas Kansas City recorded its deadliest year on record in 2023 with 185 homicides and, between 2022 and 2023, violent crime increased by 11.5 percent in Chicago, the homicide rate in Memphis rose by 50 percent, and Washington, D.C. saw a significant increase in homicides, carjackings, and armed robberies;

Whereas several of the largest cities in the United States continue to bear the brunt of violent crime surges, with their citizens feeling increasingly unsafe;

Whereas, according to Attorney General Merrick Garland, “there is no acceptable level of violent crime. Too many communities are still struggling, too many people are still scared”;

Whereas, according to a recent Gallup poll, 63 percent of people in the United States, the highest rate in decades, view crime as a serious problem; and

Whereas, given the continuing scourge of violent crime in several cities in the United States, an initiative similar to Operation Legend is essential to reducing violent crime in those areas: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives concurring), That it is the sense of Congress that a future presidential administration committed to enforcing or maintaining law and order should—

(1) consider instituting a policy similar to Operation Legend that deploys Federal law enforcement agents to systematically target crime in cities still plagued with rises in homicides and other violent offenses; and

(2) provide significant grant funding to State and local governments that shall be used to—

(A) hire and train more law enforcement officers, including by awarding bonuses to law enforcement officers;

(B) prevent violent crime by prioritizing stringent sentences for repeat offenders; and

(C) utilize public safety tools such as bail and pretrial detention to prevent dangerous offenders from returning to communities.

AMENDMENTS SUBMITTED AND PROPOSED

SA 3050. Mr. Kaine submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 4638, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2025 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 3051. Mr. Cotton submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 4638, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.