through Global Entry airport lanes, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs.

By Mr. WELCH (for himself and Mr. Luján):

S. 5539. A bill to require systematic review of artificial intelligence systems before deployment by the Federal Government, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs.

By Mrs. BLACKBURN (for herself and Ms. Duckworth):

S. 5540. A bill to amend title XVIII of the Social Security Act to clarify payment rules for manual wheelchairs under part B of the Medicare program; to the Committee on Finance.

By Mr. SCHMITT:

S. 5541. A bill to amend the Public Health Service Act to reauthorize the Stop, Observe, Ask, and Respond to Health and Wellness Training Program; to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions.

By Mr. HAGERTY:

S. 5542. A bill to prohibit the use of Federal funds to remove the border wall or to dispose of materials previously acquired by the Federal Government to construct the border wall; to the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs.

By Mr. COONS (for himself and Mr. TILLIS):

S. 5543. A bill to amend the Fair Credit Reporting Act to prohibit consumer reporting agencies from furnishing consumer reports containing adverse items of information about a consumer that resulted from that consumer being unlawfully or wrongfully detained abroad or held hostage abroad; considered and passed.

SUBMISSION OF CONCURRENT AND SENATE RESOLUTIONS

The following concurrent resolutions and Senate resolutions were read, and referred (or acted upon), as indicated:

By Mr. BOOKER:

S. Res. 927. A resolution commemorating and supporting the goals of World AIDS Day; to the Committee on Foreign Relations.

ADDITIONAL COSPONSORS

S. 1631

At the request of Mr. Peters, the name of the Senator from New York (Mr. Schumer) was added as a cosponsor of S. 1631, a bill to enhance the authority granted to the Department of Homeland Security and Department of Justice with respect to unmanned aircraft systems and unmanned aircraft, and for other purposes.

At the request of Mr. KIM, his name was added as a cosponsor of S. 1631, supra.

S. 2311

At the request of Mr. Padilla, the name of the Senator from New York (Mr. Schumer) was added as a cosponsor of S. 2311, a bill to require the Secretary of the Treasury to mint coins in commemoration of the 2028 Olympic and Paralympic Games in Los Angeles, California.

S. 2454

At the request of Mr. Lankford, the name of the Senator from Michigan (Mr. Peters) was added as a cosponsor of S. 2454, a bill to require reports on

and investments in pharmaceutical supply chain resiliency to reduce reliance on the People's Republic of China for finished pharmaceutical products and active pharmaceutical ingredients.

S. 2975

At the request of Mr. MORAN, the name of the Senator from New Jersey (Mr. BOOKER) was added as a cosponsor of S. 2975, a bill to amend title 38, United States Code, to improve payment and processing of payments or allowances for beneficiary travel, and for other purposes.

S. 3661

At the request of Mr. Cotton, the name of the Senator from Michigan (Mr. Peters) was added as a cosponsor of S. 3661, a bill to direct the Secretary of Agriculture to periodically assess cybersecurity threats to. vulnerabilities in, the agriculture and food critical infrastructure sector and to provide recommendations to enhance their security and resilience, to require the Secretary of Agriculture to conduct an annual cross-sector simulation exercise relating to a food-related emergency or disruption, and for other purposes.

S. 3815

At the request of Mr. TILLIS, the names of the Senator from South Dakota (Mr. ROUNDS) and the Senator from New Hampshire (Mrs. SHAHEEN) were added as cosponsors of S. 3815, a bill to direct the Securities and Exchange Commission to promulgate rules with respect to the electronic delivery of certain required disclosures, and for other purposes.

S. 4057

At the request of Mr. Coons, the name of the Senator from Maryland (Mr. VAN HOLLEN) was added as a cosponsor of S. 4057, a bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to postpone tax deadlines and reimburse paid late fees for United States nationals who are unlawfully or wrongfully detained or held hostage abroad, and for other purposes.

S. 4280

At the request of Mr. Blumenthal, the name of the Senator from New Mexico (Mr. Luján) was added as a cosponsor of S. 4280, a bill to amend titles XVIII and XIX of the Social Security Act to require skilled nursing facilities, nursing facilities, intermediate care facilities for the intellectually disabled, and inpatient rehabilitation facilities to permit essential caregivers access during any period in which regular visitation is restricted.

S. 4365

At the request of Ms. Murkowski, the name of the Senator from Michigan (Mr. Peters) was added as a cosponsor of S. 4365, a bill to provide public health veterinary services to Indian Tribes and Tribal organizations for rabies prevention, and for other purposes.

S. 4510

At the request of Mrs. BLACKBURN, the name of the Senator from Michigan

(Ms. STABENOW) was added as a cosponsor of S. 4510, a bill to amend the American Taxpayer Relief Act of 2012 to delay implementation of the inclusion of oral-only ESRD-related drugs in the Medicare ESRD prospective payment system.

S. 4619

At the request of Ms. SMITH, the name of the Senator from Wisconsin (Ms. BALDWIN) was added as a cosponsor of S. 4619, a bill to revise sections 552, 1461, and 1462 of title 18, United States Code, and section 305 of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1305), and for other purposes.

S. 5148

At the request of Ms. Collins, the name of the Senator from Michigan (Mr. Peters) was added as a cosponsor of S. 5148, a bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to allow certain family caregivers to contribute to a Roth IRA.

S. 5329

At the request of Mr. WYDEN, the name of the Senator from South Carolina (Mr. GRAHAM) was added as a cosponsor of S. 5329, a bill to amend section 321 of the Tariff Act of 1930 to enhance transparency with respect to shipments seeking an administrative exemption from duties for low-value entries, and for other purposes.

S. 5391

At the request of Ms. ERNST, the name of the Senator from Michigan (Mr. Peters) was added as a cosponsor of S. 5391, a bill to establish a National STEM Week to promote American innovation and enhance STEM education pathways for all students, including those in rural, urban, and underserved communities.

S. 5408

At the request of Mr. Schumer, the names of the Senator from Hawaii (Mr. Schatz), the Senator from California (Mr. Padilla), the Senator from Illinois (Ms. Duckworth), the Senator from West Virginia (Mr. Manchin) and the Senator from Utah (Mr. Romney) were added as cosponsors of S. 5408, a bill to require the Secretary of the Treasury to mint commemorative coins in recognition of the life and legacy of Roberto Clemente.

SUBMITTED RESOLUTIONS

SENATE RESOLUTION 927—COM-MEMORATING AND SUPPORTING THE GOALS OF WORLD AIDS DAY

Mr. BOOKER submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations:

S. RES. 927

Whereas, as of the end of 2023, an estimated 39,900,000 people were living with human immunodeficiency virus (referred to in this preamble as "HIV") or acquired immunodeficiency syndrome (referred to in this preamble as "AIDS"), including 1,400,000 children;

Whereas, in the United States, more than 790,000 people with AIDS have died since the

beginning of the HIV epidemic, including over 19,000 deaths among people with diagnosed HIV in 2022, with the disease disproportionately affecting communities of color;

Whereas, in 2022, over 37,000 people became newly diagnosed with HIV in the United States:

Whereas, while all races and ethnicities are affected by HIV in the United States, communities of color are disproportionately impacted;

Whereas, in order to address the HIV epidemic in the United States, on August 18, 1990, Congress enacted the Ryan White Comprehensive AIDS Resources Emergency Act (Public Law 101–381; 104 Stat. 576) (commonly referred to as the "Ryan White CARE Act") to provide primary medical care and essential support services for people living with HIV who are uninsured or underinsured;

Whereas the Ryan White HIV/AIDS Program provides services and support for over half of all people diagnosed with HIV in the United States;

Whereas, to further focus attention on the HIV/AIDS epidemic among minority communities in the United States, in 1998, the Minority AIDS Initiative was established to provide funds to State and local institutions and organizations to best serve the health care costs and support the needs of racial and ethnic minorities living with HIV:

Whereas the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals established a global target to end AIDS as a public health threat by 2030:

Whereas, in order to further address the global HIV/AIDS epidemic, in 2003, Congress and the Administration of President George W. Bush, with bi-partisan support, created the President's Emergency Plan for AIDS Relief (referred to in this preamble as "PEPFAR"), which, for more than 2 decades, has served as the primary policy instrument of the United States to address HIV/AIDS in the developing world;

Whereas the United States PEPFAR program remains the largest commitment in history by any country to combat a single disease:

Whereas 25,000,000 lives have been saved through PEPFAR;

Whereas, as of September 30, 2023, PEPFAR has supported treatment for more than 20,000,000 people, and has enabled 5,500,000 infants of mothers living with HIV to be born HIV-free;

Whereas, in fiscal year 2023, PEPFAR directly supported HIV testing and counseling for 71,100,000 people;

Whereas the Global Fund to Fight AIDS, Tuberculosis and Malaria was launched in 2002, and, as of 2023, has helped provide antiretroviral therapy to approximately 25,000,000 people living with HIV/AIDS and to 695,000 pregnant women to prevent the transmission of HIV/AIDS to their children, saving an estimated 65,000,000 lives:

Whereas the United States is the largest donor to the Global Fund to Fight AIDS, Tuberculosis and Malaria, and every \$1 contributed by the United States leverages an additional \$2 from other donors, as required by law.

Whereas considerable progress has been made in the fight against HIV/AIDS, including a nearly 40-percent reduction in new HIV infections, a 60-percent reduction in new HIV infections among children, and a 50-percent reduction in the number of AIDS-related deaths between 2010 and 2023;

Whereas approximately 30,700,000 people had access to antiretroviral therapy in 2023, compared to only 7,800,000 people who had access to such therapy in 2010;

Whereas research funded by the National Institutes of Health found that HIV treat-

ment not only saves the lives of people living with HIV, but people living with HIV on effective antiretroviral therapy and who are durably virally suppressed cannot sexually transmit HIV, proving that HIV treatment is prevention:

Whereas it is estimated that, without treatment, half of all infants living with HIV will die before their second birthday;

Whereas, despite the remarkable progress in combating HIV, significant challenges remain:

Whereas there were approximately 1,300,000 new HIV infections in 2023 globally, structural barriers continue to make testing and treatment programs inaccessible to highly vulnerable populations, and an estimated 5,400,000 people living with HIV globally still do not know their HIV status;

Whereas children living with HIV are significantly less likely than adults to know their HIV status, and, as a result, are prevented from accessing life-saving treatment:

Whereas the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention reports that over 37,000 people were diagnosed with HIV in the United States in 2022, and 13 percent of the 1,200,000 people in the United States living with HIV are not aware of their HIV status;

Whereas men who have sex with men (referred to in this preamble as "MSM"), particularly young MSM of color, are the population most affected by HIV in the United States:

Whereas southern States bear the greatest burden of HIV in the United States, accounting for 49 percent of new infections in 2022;

Whereas people living with HIV are frequently susceptible to other infections, such as hepatitis B and C and tuberculosis;

Whereas the opioid and heroin epidemics have led to increased numbers of new HIV infections among people who inject drugs, and the crisis has disproportionately affected nonurban areas, where HIV prevalence rates have been low historically and have limited services for HIV prevention and treatment and substance use disorder treatment;

Whereas December 1 of each year is internationally recognized as "World AIDS Day"; and

Whereas, in 2024, commemorations for World AIDS Day will recognize the essential role of community and collective action to sustain and accelerate HIV progress in the global HIV/AIDS response: Now, therefore, be

Resolved, That the Senate-

(1) supports the goals and ideals of World AIDS Day, including the goal to achieve zero new human immunodeficiency virus (referred to in this resolution as "HIV") infections, zero discrimination, and zero acquired immunodeficiency syndrome (referred to in this resolution as "AIDS")-related deaths;

(2) commends achievements in combating HIV/AIDS through the Ryan White Comprehensive AIDS Resources Emergency Act (Public Law 101–381; 104 Stat. 576), the Ryan White HIV/AIDS Treatment Extension Act of 2009 (Public Law 111–87; 123 Stat. 2885), the Minority HIV/AIDS Initiative, the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, the National Institutes of Health, the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, the Office of Minority Health, and the Office of the Secretary of Health and Human Services;

(3) commends achievements in combating HIV/AIDS made by the President's Emergency Plan for AIDS Relief, the Global Fund to Fight AIDS, Tuberculosis and Malaria, and the Joint United Nations Programme on HIV/AIDS:

(4) supports efforts to end the HIV epidemic in the United States and around the world by 2030;

(5) supports continued funding for prevention, care, and treatment services, and research programs for communities impacted by HIV and people living with HIV in the United States and globally;

(6) urges, in order to ensure that an AIDS-free generation is achievable, rapid action by all countries toward further expansion and scale-up of testing and antiretroviral treatment programs, including efforts to reduce growing disparities and improve access for children to life-saving medications;

(7) encourages the scaling up of comprehensive prevention services, including biomedical and structural interventions, to ensure inclusive access to programs and appropriate protections for all people at risk of contracting HIV, especially in communities disproportionately impacted:

(8) calls for greater focus on the HIV-related vulnerabilities of women and girls, including women and girls at risk for or who have survived violence or faced discrimination as a result of the disease:

(9) supports continued leadership by the United States in domestic, bilateral, multilateral, and private sector efforts to fight HIV:

(10) encourages input from civil society in the development and implementation of domestic and global HIV policies and programs that guide the response;

(11) encourages and supports greater degrees of ownership and shared responsibility by developing countries in order to ensure the sustainability of the domestic responses to HIV/AIDS by those countries; and

(12) urges other members of the international community to sustain and scale up their support for and financial contributions to efforts around the world to combat HIV.

AMENDMENTS SUBMITTED AND PROPOSED

SA 3331. Mr. CRAPO submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 82, to amend title II of the Social Security Act to repeal the Government pension offset and windfall elimination provisions: which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 3332. Ms. BALDWIN (for herself, Mr. MARKEY, Mr. SCHATZ, Mr. MERKLEY, Mr. BOOKER, Mr. MURRAY, Mr. DURBIN, Mr. KIM, Ms. WARREN, Ms. HIRONO, Mr. VAN HOLLEN, Mr. MURPHY, Ms. SMITH, Mr. WHITEHOUSE, Mr. BLUMENTHAL, Mr. WYDEN, Mr. PADILLA, Mr. HICKENLOOPER, Mr. FETTERMAN, Ms. KLOBUCHAR, and Mr. HEINRICH) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the bill H.R. 5009, to reauthorize wildlife habitat and conservation programs, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table.

TEXT OF AMENDMENTS

SA 333. Mr. CRAPO submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 82, to amend title II of the Social Security Act to repeal the Government pension offset and windfall elimination provisions; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

Strike section 4 and insert the following: **SEC. 4. EFFECTIVE DATE.**

(a)IN GENERAL.—The amendments made by this Act shall take effect on the date on which the condition described in paragraph (1) of subsection (b) is met and shall apply with respect to monthly insurance benefits payable under title II of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 401 et seq.) for months beginning on or after such date.

(b)REQUIREMENT TO OFFSET GPO AND WEP REPEAL.—