S. 627

At the request of Mr. SCHMITT, the name of the Senator from Georgia (Mr. OSSOFF) was added as a cosponsor of S. 627, a bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to make certain provisions with respect to qualified ABLE programs permanent.

S. 858

At the request of Mr. JUSTICE, the name of the Senator from Mississippi (Mrs. HYDE-SMITH) was added as a cosponsor of S. 858, a bill to authorize the National Medal of Honor Museum Foundation to establish a commemorative work on the National Mall to honor the extraordinary acts of valor, selfless service, and sacrifice displayed by Medal of Honor recipients.

S. 864

At the request of Mr. Marshall, the names of the Senator from Arkansas (Mr. BOOZMAN) and the Senator from New Hampshire (Mrs. Shaheen) were added as cosponsors of S. 864, a bill to amend title XXVII of the Public Health Service Act to apply financial assistance towards the cost-sharing requirements of health insurance plans, and for other purposes.

S. 949

At the request of Mr. Kelly, the name of the Senator from Michigan (Ms. Slotkin) was added as a cosponsor of S. 949, a bill to ensure that the National Park Service is fully staffed, and for other purposes.

S. 950

At the request of Mr. Kelly, the name of the Senator from Michigan (Ms. Slotkin) was added as a cosponsor of S. 950, a bill to ensure that the Forest Service is fully staffed, and for other purposes.

S. 963

At the request of Mr. CRAPO, the name of the Senator from Ohio (Mr. MORENO) was added as a cosponsor of S. 963, a bill to establish the Space National Guard.

S. 1060

At the request of Mr. Lee, the name of the Senator from Texas (Mr. Cruz) was added as a cosponsor of S. 1060, a bill to amend the Clayton Act to prevent conflicts of interest and promote competition in the sale and purchase of digital advertising.

S. 1090

At the request of Mr. Lee, the name of the Senator from Ohio (Mr. Moreno) was added as a cosponsor of S. 1090, a bill to amend section 2284 of title 28, United States Code, to establish special procedures for civil actions seeking to restrain executive branch actions.

S. 1099

At the request of Mr. Hawley, the name of the Senator from South Carolina (Mr. Graham) was added as a cosponsor of S. 1099, a bill to amend title 28, United States Code, to limit the authority of district courts of the United States to provide injunctive relief, and for other purposes.

S. 1137

At the request of Mr. COTTON, the name of the Senator from Ohio (Mr.

MORENO) was added as a cosponsor of S. 1137, a bill to provide that the Federal Communications Commission may not prevent a State or Federal correctional facility from utilizing jamming equipment, and for other purposes.

S. 1142

At the request of Mr. Padilla, the name of the Senator from California (Mr. Schiff) was added as a cosponsor of S. 1142, a bill to adjust the boundaries of the Golden Gate National Recreation Area to include the Scarper Ridge property.

S. 1193

At the request of Mr. DURBIN, the names of the Senator from Washington (Mrs. Murray), the Senator from Washington (Ms. CANTWELL), the Senator from Minnesota (Ms. SMITH), the Senator from New Mexico (Mr. Luján), the Senator from Connecticut (Mr. BLUMENTHAL), the Senator from Vermont (Mr. SANDERS), the Senator from Connecticut (Mr. MURPHY), the Senator from Massachusetts (Mr. MAR-KEY), the Senator from Wisconsin (Ms. BALDWIN), the Senator from New Hampshire (Mrs. Shaheen), the Senator from Minnesota (Ms. Klobuchar). the Senator from Vermont (Mr. Welch) and the Senator from New Jersey (Mr. BOOKER) were added as cosponsors of S. 1193, a bill to designate as wilderness certain Federal portions of the red rock canyons of the Colorado Plateau and the Great Basin Deserts in the State of Utah for the benefit of present and future generations of people in the Unites States.

S. 1196

At the request of Mr. Luján, the name of the Senator from Illinois (Ms. Duckworth) was added as a cosponsor of S. 1196, a bill to require Executive agencies to limit the use of special Government employees to 130 days, to require the maintenance of a public database of certain special Government employees, to require the release of financial disclosures filed by certain special Government employees, and for other purposes.

S.J. RES. 13

At the request of Mr. Kennedy, the name of the Senator from Montana (Mr. Daines) was added as a cosponsor of S.J. Res. 13, a joint resolution providing for congressional disapproval under chapter 8 of title 5, United States Code, of the rule submitted by the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency of the Department of the Treasury relating to the review of applications under the Bank Merger Act.

S.J. RES. 43

At the request of Mrs. Shaheen, the name of the Senator from Michigan (Ms. Slotkin) was added as a cosponsor of S.J. Res. 43, a joint resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States relating to contributions and expenditures intended to affect elections.

S. RES. 81

At the request of Mr. RICKETTS, the name of the Senator from Idaho (Mr.

RISCH) was added as a cosponsor of S. Res. 81, a resolution calling on the United Kingdom, France, and Germany (E3) to initiate the snapback of sanctions on Iran under United Nations Security Council Resolution 2231 (2015).

S. RES. 136

At the request of Mr. Durbin, the name of the Senator from New Mexico (Mr. Heinrich) was added as a cosponsor of S. Res. 136, a resolution affirming the rule of law and the legitimacy of judicial review.

# STATEMENTS ON INTRODUCED BILLS AND JOINT RESOLUTIONS

By Mr. GRASSLEY (for himself, Mr. Barrasso, Mrs. Black-burn, Mrs. Britt, Mr. Budd, Mr. Cornyn, Mr. Cramer, Mr. Cruz, Mr. Daines, Mr. Graham, Mr. Hagerty, Mr. Justice, Mr. Kennedy, Ms. Lummis, Mr. Marshall, Mrs. Moody, Mr. Moreno, Mr. Schmitt, Mr. Tillis, Mr. Tuberville, Mr. Cassidy, and Mr. Lee):

S. 1206. A bill to amend title 28, United States Code, to prohibit the issuance of national injunctions, and for other purposes; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Mr. GRASSLEY. Mr. President, today, 20 of my colleagues and I will introduce legislation to stop the abuse of universal injunctions that we are seeing all across the country—all of this to stop the Trump agenda.

Universal injunctions violate the words of the Constitution that we agreed that the courts can only hear "case or controversy." And that is a requirement of article III of the Constitution because they apply court orders to people not even parties to the lawsuits—so the necessity for doing away with universal injunctions violating the "case-or-controversy" requirements.

Universal injunctions were almost unheard of for the first 175 years of our history and only became common in the last decade. In addition to being unconstitutional, they are also antidemocratic. Universal injunctions have become a favorite tool of those seeking to obstruct President Trump's agenda.

Individual district judges who don't even have authority over any of the other 92 district courts are singlehandedly vetoing policies the American people elected President Trump to implement.

Now, universal injunctions have been used against both Democrat and Republican administrations since they have sprung up so numerously in the last few years.

But in the past 2 months alone, judges have issued more universal injunctions against the Trump administration than President Biden faced throughout his entire 4-year term.

By exercising power this way, the courts are doing great damage to the judicial process that they should be working to protect, and the Supreme

Court could stop this whole process, but the Supreme Court has not taken such action.

So it is Congress's job to legislate. So what would you expect? I am introducing legislation to solve this problem.

My bill prevents judges from providing nonparty relief, make temporary restraining orders immediately appealable, and reset the separation of powers. In short, I am trying to fix a bipartisan problem that has been plaguing both Democratic and Republican administrations alike.

# By Mr. THUNE (for himself and Ms. Klobuchar):

S. 1209. A bill to amend the Federal Crop Insurance Act and the Federal Agriculture Improvement and Reform Act of 1996 to make the native sod provisions applicable to the United States and to modify those provisions, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry.

Mr. THUNE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the text of the bill be printed in the RECORD.

There being no objection, the text of the bill was ordered to be printed in the RECORD, as follows:

#### S. 1209

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

### SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "American Prairie Conservation Act"

# SEC. 2. CROP PRODUCTION ON NATIVE SOD.

- (a) FEDERAL CROP INSURANCE.—Section 508(o) of the Federal Crop Insurance Act (7 U.S.C. 1508(o)) is amended by striking paragraph (3) and inserting the following:
- "(3) NATIVE SOD CONVERSION CERTIFICATION.—
- "(A) CERTIFICATION.—As a condition on the receipt of benefits under this subtitle, a producer that has tilled native sod acreage for the production of an insurable crop as described in paragraph (2)(A) shall certify that acreage to the Secretary using—
- "(i) an acreage report form of the Farm Service Agency (FSA-578 or any successor form); and
- "(ii) 1 or more maps.
- "(B) CORRECTIONS.—Beginning on the date on which a producer submits a certification under subparagraph (A), as soon as practicable after the producer discovers a change in tilled native sod acreage described in that subparagraph, the producer shall submit to the Secretary any appropriate corrections to a form or map described in clause (i) or (ii) of that subparagraph.
- "(C) ANNUAL REPORTS.—Not later than January 1, 2026, and each January 1 thereafter through January 1, 2030, the Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate and the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives a report that describes the tilled native sod acreage that has been certified under subparagraph (A) in each county and State as of the date of submission of the report."
- (b) NONINSURED CROP DISASTER ASSIST-ANCE.—Section 196(a)(4) of the Federal Agriculture Improvement and Reform Act of 1996 (7 U.S.C. 7333(a)(4)) is amended by striking subparagraph (C) and inserting the following:
- $^{\prime\prime}(C)$  Native sod conversion certification.—

- "(i) CERTIFICATION.—As a condition on the receipt of benefits under this section, a producer that has tilled native sod acreage for the production of an insurable crop as described in subparagraph (B)(i) shall certify that acreage to the Secretary using—
- "(I) an acreage report form of the Farm Service Agency (FSA-578 or any successor form); and
  - "(II) 1 or more maps.
- "(ii) Corrections.—Beginning on the date on which a producer submits a certification under clause (i), as soon as practicable after the producer discovers a change in tilled native sod acreage described in that clause, the producer shall submit to the Secretary any appropriate corrections to a form or map described in subclause (I) or (II) of that clause.
- "(iii) ANNUAL REPORTS.—Not later than January 1, 2026, and each January 1 thereafter through January 1, 2030, the Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate and the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives a report that describes the tilled native sod acreage that has been certified under clause (i) in each county and State as of the date of submission of the report."

# By Mr. DURBIN (for himself and Ms. DUCKWORTH):

S. 1210. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to modify the work opportunity credit for certain youth employees; to the Committee on Finance.

Mr. DURBIN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the text of the bill be printed in the RECORD.

There being no objection, the text of the bill was ordered to be printed in the RECORD, as follows:

### S. 1210

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled.

### SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Helping to Encourage Real Opportunities (HERO) for Youth Act of 2025".

# SEC. 2. MODIFICATION AND EXTENSION OF WORK OPPORTUNITY CREDIT FOR CERTAIN YOUTH EMPLOYEES.

- (a) EXPANSION OF CREDIT FOR SUMMER YOUTH.—
- (1) CREDIT ALLOWED FOR YEAR-ROUND EMPLOYMENT.—Section 51(d)(7)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended—
- (A) by striking clauses (i) and (iii) and redesignating clauses (ii) and (iv) as clauses (i) and (ii), respectively:
- (B) in clause (i) (as so redesignated), by striking "(or if later, on May 1 of the calendar year involved),";
- (C) by striking the period at the end of clause (ii) (as so redesignated) and inserting ", and"; and
- $\left( D\right)$  adding at the end the following new clause:
- "(iii) who will be employed for not more than 20 hours per week during any period between September 16 and April 30 in which such individual is regularly attending any secondary school."
- (2) INCREASE IN CREDIT AMOUNT.—Section 51(d)(7) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended by striking subparagraph (B) and by redesignating subparagraph (C) as subparagraph (B).
  - (3) Conforming amendments.—
- (A) Subparagraph (F) of section 51(d)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended by striking ''summer''.
- (B) Paragraph (7) of section 51(d) of such Code is amended—

- (i) by striking 'summer' each place it appears in subparagraphs (A);
- (ii) in subparagraph (B), as redesignated by paragraph (2), by striking "subparagraph (A)(iv)" and inserting "subparagraph (A)(ii)"; and
- (iii) by striking "SUMMER" in the heading thereof.
  - (b) CREDIT FOR DISCONNECTED YOUTH.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Paragraph (1) of section 51(d) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended by striking "or" at the end of subparagraph (I), by striking the period at the end of subparagraph (J) and inserting ", or", and by adding at the end the following new subparagraph:
  - "(K) an disconnected youth."
- (2) DISCONNECTED YOUTH.—Paragraph (14) of section 51(d) of such Code is amended to read as follows:
- "(14) DISCONNECTED YOUTH.—The term 'disconnected youth' means any individual who—
- ``(A)(i) is certified by the designated local agency as having attained age 16 but not age 25 on the hiring date, and
- "(ii) has self-certified (on a form prescribed by the Secretary) that such individual—
- "(I) has not regularly attended any secondary, technical, or post-secondary school during the 6-month period preceding the hiring date.
- "(II) has not been regularly employed during such 6-month period, and
- "(III) is not readily employable by reason of lacking a sufficient number of basic skills,
- ``(B) is certified by the designated local agency as—
- "(i) having attained age 16 but not age 21 on the hiring date, and
- "(ii) an eligible foster child (as defined in section 152(f)(1)(C)) who was in foster care during the 12-month period ending on the hiring date.".
- (c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall apply to individuals who begin work for the employer after the date of the enactment of this Act.

# By Mr. DURBIN (for himself and Ms. DUCKWORTH):

- S. 1211. A bill to amend the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act to provide funding, on a competitive basis, for summer and year-round employment opportunities for youth ages 14 through 24; to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions.
- Mr. DURBIN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the text of the bill be printed in the RECORD.

There being no objection, the text of the bill was ordered to be printed oin the RECORD, as follows:

### S. 1211

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

# SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Assisting In Developing Youth Employment Act" or the "AID Youth Employment Act".

# SEC. 2. YOUTH EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITIES.

- Title I of the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act is amended—
- (1) by redesignating subtitle E (29 U.S.C. 3241 et seq.) as subtitle F; and
- (2) by inserting after subtitle D (29 U.S.C. 3221 et seq.) the following:

#### "Subtitle E—Youth Employment Opportunities

# "SEC. 176. DEFINITIONS.

"In this subtitle:

- "(1) ELIGIBLE YOUTH.—The term 'eligible youth' means an individual who—
- "(A) is not younger than age 14 or older than age 24; and
  - "(B) is-
  - "(i) an in-school youth;
  - "(ii) an out-of-school youth; or
  - "(iii) an unemployed individual.
- "(2) INDIAN TRIBE; TRIBAL ORGANIZATION.— The terms 'Indian tribe' and 'tribal organization' have the meanings given the terms in section 4 of the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act (25 U.S.C. 5304).
- "(3) IN-SCHOOL YOUTH; OUT-OF-SCHOOL YOUTH.—The terms 'in-school youth' and 'out-of-school youth' have the meanings given the terms in section 129(a)(1).
- "(4) INSTITUTION OF HIGHER EDUCATION.— The term 'institution of higher education' has the meaning given the term in section 101 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001).
- "(5) MARGINALIZED.—The term 'marginalized', used with respect to an individual, includes individuals who are homeless, in foster care, involved in the juvenile or criminal justice system, or are not enrolled in or are at risk of dropping out of an educational institution and who live in an underserved community that has faced trauma through acute or long-term exposure to substantial discrimination, historical or cultural oppression, intergenerational poverty, civil unrest, a high rate of violence, or a high rate of drug overdose mortality.
- "(6) SUBSIDIZED EMPLOYMENT.—The term subsidized employment' means employment for which the employer receives a total or partial subsidy to offset costs of employing an eligible youth under this subtitle.
- "(7) TRIBAL AREA.—The term 'tribal area means—
- "(A) an area on or adjacent to an Indian reservation;
- "(B) land held in trust by the United States for Indians;
  - "(C) a public domain Indian allotment;
- "(D) a former Indian reservation in Oklahoma; and
- "(E) land held by an incorporated Native group, Regional Corporation, or Village Corporation under the provisions of the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act (43 U.S.C. 1601 et seq.).
- "(8) TRIBAL COLLEGE OR UNIVERSITY.—The term 'tribal college or university' has the meaning given the term 'Tribal College or University' in section 316(b) of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1059c(b)).
- "(9) TRIBALLY DESIGNATED HOUSING ENTITY.—The term 'tribally designated housing entity', used with respect to an Indian tribe (as defined in this section), has the meaning given in section 4 of the Native American Housing Assistance and Self-Determination Act of 1996 (25 U.S.C. 4103).

# "SEC. 176A. ALLOCATION OF FUNDS.

- "(a) Allocation.—Of the funds appropriated under section 176E that remain available after any reservation under subsection (b), the Secretary may make available—
- "(1) not more than \$1,800,000,000 in accordance with section 176B to provide eligible youth with subsidized summer employment opportunities; and
- (2) not more than \$2,400,000,000 in accordance with section 176C to provide eligible youth with subsidized year-round employment opportunities.
- "(b) RESERVATION.—The Secretary may reserve not more than 10 percent of the funds appropriated under section 176E to provide technical assistance and oversight, in order to assist eligible entities in applying for and administering grants awarded under this subtitle.

# "SEC. 176B. SUMMER EMPLOYMENT COMPETITIVE GRANT PROGRAM.

"(a) IN GENERAL.—

- "(1) GRANTS.—Using the amounts made available under 176A(a)(1), the Secretary shall award, on a competitive basis, planning and implementation grants.
- "(2) GENERAL USE OF FUNDS.—The Secretary shall award the grants to assist eligible entities by paying for the program share of the cost of—
- "(A) in the case of a planning grant, planning a summer youth employment program to provide subsidized summer employment opportunities; and
- "(B) in the case of an implementation grant, implementation of such a program, to provide such opportunities.
  - "(b) Periods and Amounts of Grants.-
- "(1) PLANNING GRANTS.—The Secretary may award a planning grant under this section for a 1-year period, in an amount of not more than \$250,000.
- "(2) IMPLEMENTATION GRANTS.—The Secretary may award an implementation grant under this section for a 3-year period, in an amount of not more than \$6,000,000.
  - "(c) ELIGIBLE ENTITIES.-
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—To be eligible to receive a planning or implementation grant under this section, an entity shall—
- "(A) be a-
- "(i) State, local government, or Indian tribe or tribal organization, that meets the requirements of paragraph (2); or
- "(ii) community-based organization that meets the requirements of paragraph (3); and
- "(B) meet the requirements for a planning or implementation grant, respectively, specified in paragraph (4).
- "(2) GOVERNMENT PARTNERSHIPS.—An entity that is a State, local government, or Indian tribe or tribal organization referred to in paragraph (1)(A)(i) shall demonstrate that the entity has entered into a partnership with State, local, or tribal entities—
  - "(A) that shall include—
- "(i) a local educational agency or tribal educational agency (as defined in section 6132 of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 7452));
- "(ii) a local board or tribal workforce development agency;
- "(iii) a State, local, or tribal agency serving youth under the jurisdiction of the juvenile justice system or criminal justice system:
- "(iv) a State, local, or tribal child welfare agency;
- "(v) a State, local, or tribal agency or community-based organization, with—
- "(I) expertise in providing counseling services and trauma-informed and gender-responsive trauma prevention, identification, referral, and support (including treatment) services: and
- "(II) a proven track record of serving lowincome, vulnerable youth and out-of-school youth.
- "(vi) if the State, local government, or Indian tribe or tribal organization is seeking an implementation grant and has not established a summer youth employment program, an entity that is carrying out a State, local, or tribal summer youth employment program; and
- "(vii) an employer or employer association; and
- "(B) that may include-
- "(i) an institution of higher education or tribal college or university;
- "(ii) a representative of a labor or labormanagement organization;
- "(iii) an entity that carries out a program that receives funding under the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act of 1974 (34 U.S.C. 11101 et seq.);

- "(iv) a collaborative applicant as defined in section 401 of the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 11360) or a private nonprofit organization that serves homeless individuals and households (including such an applicant or organization that serves individuals or households that are at risk of homelessness in tribal areas) or serves foster youth:
- "(v) an entity that carries out a program funded under the Carl D. Perkins Career and Technical Education Act of 2006 (20 U.S.C. 2301 et seq.), including Native American programs funded under section 116 of that Act (20 U.S.C. 2326) and tribally controlled post-secondary career and technical institution programs funded under section 117 of that Act (20 U.S.C. 2327);
  - "(vi) a local or tribal youth committee;
- "(vii) a State or local public housing agency or a tribally designated housing entity; and
- "(viii) another appropriate State, local, or tribal agency.
- "(3) COMMUNITY-BASED ORGANIZATION PARTNERSHIPS.—A community-based organization referred to in paragraph (1)(A)(ii) shall demonstrate that the organization has entered into a partnership with State, local, or tribal entities—
  - "(A) that shall include-
- "(i) a unit of general local government or tribal government;
- "(ii) an agency described in paragraph (2)(A)(i);
- "(iii) a local board or tribal workforce development agency;
- "(iv) a State, local, or tribal agency serving youth under the jurisdiction of the juvenile justice system or criminal justice system:
- "(v) a State, local, or tribal child welfare agency;
- "(vi) if the organization is seeking an implementation grant and has not established a summer youth employment program, an entity that is carrying out a State, local, or tribal summer youth employment program; and
- "(vii) an employer or employer association; and
- "(B) that may include one or more entities described in paragraph (2)(B).
- "(4) ENTITIES ELIGIBLE FOR PARTICULAR GRANTS.—
- "(A) ENTITIES ELIGIBLE FOR PLANNING GRANTS.—The Secretary may award a planning grant under this section to an eligible entity that—
- "(i) is preparing to establish or expand a summer youth employment program that meets the minimum requirements specified in subsection (d)(1)(B)(iv); and
- "(ii) has not received a grant under this section.
- ``(B) Entities eligible for implementation grants.—
- "(i) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may award an implementation grant under this section to an eligible entity that—
- "(I) has received a planning grant under this section; or
- "(II) has established a summer youth employment program and demonstrates a minimum level of capacity to enhance or expand the summer youth employment program described in the application submitted under subsection (d).
- "(ii) CAPACITY.—In determining whether an entity has the level of capacity referred to in clause (i)(II), the Secretary may include as capacity—
- $^{\hat{\alpha}}(I)$  the entity's staff capacity and staff training to deliver youth employment services; and
- "(II) the entity's existing youth employment services (as of the date of submission of

- the application submitted under subsection (d)) that are consistent with the application.

  "(d) APPLICATION —
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in paragraph (2), an eligible entity desiring to receive a grant under this section for a summer youth employment program shall submit an application to the Secretary at such time, in such manner, and containing such information as the Secretary may require, including, at a minimum, each of the following:
- "(A) With respect to an application for a planning or implementation grant—
- "(i) a description of the eligible youth for whom summer employment services will be provided;
- "(ii) a description of the eligible entity, and a description of the expected participation and responsibilities of each of the partners in the partnership described in subsection (c):
- "(iii) information demonstrating sufficient need for the grant in the State, local, or tribal population, which may include information showing—
- "(I) a high level of unemployment among youth (including young adults) ages 14 through 24:
  - "(II) a high rate of out-of-school youth;
- "(III) a high rate of homelessness;
- "(IV) a high rate of poverty;
- "(V) a high rate of adult unemployment;
- "(VI) a high rate of community or neighborhood crime:
  - "(VII) a high rate of violence; or
- "(VIII) a high level or rate on another indicator of need:
- "(iv) a description of the strategic objectives the eligible entity seeks to achieve through the program to provide eligible youth with core work readiness skills, which may include—
- "(I) financial literacy skills, including providing the support described in section 129(b)(2)(D);
- "(II) sector-based technical skills aligned with employer needs;
  - "(III) skills that—
- "(aa) are soft employment skills, early work skills, or work readiness skills; and
- "(bb) include social skills, communications skills, higher-order thinking skills, self-control, and positive self-concept; and
- "(IV) (for the marginalized eligible youth) basic skills like communication, math, and problem solving in the context of training for advancement to better jobs and postsecondary training; and
- "(v) information demonstrating that the eligible entity has obtained commitments to provide the non-program share described in paragraph (2) of subsection (h).
- "(B) With respect to an application for a planning grant—
- "(i) a description of the intermediate and long-term goals for planning activities for the duration of the planning grant;
- "(ii) a description of how grant funds will be used to develop a plan to provide summer employment services for eligible youth;
- "(iii) a description of how the eligible entity will carry out an analysis of best practices for identifying, recruiting, and engaging program participants, in particular the marginalized eligible youth;
- "(iv) a description of how the eligible entity will carry out an analysis of best practices for placing youth participants—
  - "(I) in opportunities that—
- "(aa) are appropriate, subsidized employment opportunities with employers based on factors including age, skill, experience, career aspirations, work-based readiness, and barriers to employment; and
- "(bb) may include additional services for participants, including core work readiness skill development and mentorship services;

- "(II) in summer employment that-
- "(aa) is not less than 6 weeks;
- "(bb) follows a schedule of not more than 20 hours per week:
- "(cc) pays wages at rates not less than the applicable Federal, State, or local minimum wage rate; and
- "(dd) for employment involving construction, pays wages at rates not less than those previously on similar construction in the locality as determined by the Secretary in accordance with subchapter IV of chapter 31 of title 40, United States Code (commonly known as the 'Davis-Bacon Act'); and
- "(v) a description of how the eligible entity plans to develop a mentorship program or connect youth with positive, supportive mentorships, consistent with paragraph (3).
- "(C) With respect to an application for an implementation grant—
- plans to identify, recruit, and engage program participants, in particular the marginalized eligible youth;
- "(ii) a description of the manner in which the eligible entity plans to place eligible youth participants in subsidized employment opportunities, and in summer employment, described in subparagraph (B)(iv);
- "(iii) (for a program serving the marginalized eligible youth) a description of workplaces for the subsidized employment involved, which may include workplaces in the public, private, and nonprofit sectors:
- "(iv) a description of how the eligible entity plans to provide or connect eligible youth participants with positive, supportive mentorships, consistent with paragraph (3);
- "(v) a description of services that will be available to employers participating in the youth employment program, to provide supervisors involved in the program with coaching and mentoring on—
- "(I) how to support youth development;
- "(II) how to structure learning and reflection; and
- "(III) how to deal with youth challenges in the workplace;
- "(vi) a description of how the eligible entity plans to offer structured pathways back into employment and a youth employment program under this section for eligible youth who have been terminated from employment or removed from the program;
- "(vii) a description of how the eligible entity plans to engage eligible youth beyond the duration of the summer employment opportunity, which may include—
- "(I) developing or partnering with a yearround youth employment program:
- "(II) referring eligible youth to other year-round programs, which may include—
- "(aa) programs funded under section 176C or the Carl D. Perkins Career and Technical Education Act of 2006 (20 U.S.C. 2301 et seq.);
- "(bb) after school programs;
- "(cc) secondary or postsecondary education programs;
  - "(dd) training programs;
- "(ee) cognitive behavior therapy programs;
- "(ff) apprenticeship programs; and
- "(gg) national service programs;
- "(III) employing a full-time, permanent staff person who is responsible for youth outreach, followup, and recruitment; or
- "(IV) connecting eligible youth with job development services, including career counseling, resume and job application assistance, interview preparation, and connections to job leads:
- "(viii) evidence of the eligible entity's capacity to provide the services described in this subsection; and
- "(ix) a description of the quality of the summer youth employment program, including a program that leads to a recognized postsecondary credential.

- "(2) Indian tribe; tribal organizations.—An eligible entity that is an Indian tribe or tribal organization and desires to receive a grant under this section for a summer youth employment program may, in lieu of submitting the application described in paragraph (1), submit an application to the Secretary that meets such requirements as the Secretary develops after consultation with the tribe or organization.
- "(3) MENTOR.—For purposes of subparagraphs (B)(iv), (B)(v), and (C)(iv) of paragraph (1), a mentor—
- "(A) shall be an individual who has been matched with an eligible youth based on the youth's needs:
- "(B) shall make contact with the eligible youth at least once each week;
- "(C) shall be a trusted member of the local community; and
  - "(D) may include-
- "(i) a mentor trained in trauma-informed care (including provision of trauma-informed trauma prevention, identification, referral, or support services to youth that have experienced or are at risk of experiencing trauma), conflict resolution, and positive youth development;
- "(ii) a job coach trained to provide youth with guidance on how to navigate the work-place and troubleshoot problems;
- "(iii) a supervisor trained to provide at least two performance assessments and serve as a reference; or
- "(iv) a peer mentor who is a former or current participant in the youth employment program involved.
- "(e) Awards for Populations and Areas.—
- "(1) POPULATIONS.—The Secretary shall reserve, from the amounts made available under section 176A(a)(1)—
- "(A) 50 percent to award grants under this section for planning or provision of subsidized summer employment opportunities for eligible youth who are in-school youth; and
- "(B) 50 percent to award such grants to plan for planning or provision of such opportunities for eligible youth who are out-ofschool youth or unemployed individuals.
  - "(2) AREAS.—
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—In awarding the grants, the Secretary shall consider the regional diversity of the areas to be served, to ensure that urban, suburban, rural, and tribal areas are receiving grant funds.
  - "(B) RURAL AND TRIBAL AREA INCLUSION.
- "(i) RURAL AREAS.—Not less than 20 percent of the amounts made available under section 176A(a)(1) for each fiscal year shall be made available for activities to be carried out in rural areas.
- "(ii) TRIBAL AREAS.—Not less than 5 percent of the amounts made available under section 176A(a)(1) for each fiscal year shall be made available for activities to be carried out in tribal areas.
- "(f) PROGRAM PRIORITIES.—In allocating funds under this section, the Secretary shall give priority to eligible entities—
- $\lq\lq(1)$  who propose to coordinate their activities—
- "(A) with local or tribal employers; and
- "(B) with agencies described in subsection (c)(2)(A)(i) to ensure the summer youth employment programs provide clear linkages to remedial, academic, and occupational programs carried out by the agencies;
- "(2) who propose a plan to increase private sector engagement in, and job placement through, summer youth employment; and
- "(3) who have, in their counties, States, or tribal areas (as compared to other counties in their State, other States, or other tribal areas, respectively), a high level or rate described in subsection (d)(1)(A)(iii).
  - "(g) USE OF FUNDS.—

- "(1) IN GENERAL.—An eligible entity that receives a grant under this section may use the grant funds for services described in subsection (d)
- "(2) DISCRETIONARY USES.—The eligible entity may also use the funds—
- (A) to provide wages to eligible youth in subsidized summer employment programs;
- "(B) to provide eligible youth with support services, including case management, child care assistance, child support services, and transportation assistance; and
- "(C) to develop data management systems to assist with programming, evaluation, and records management.
- "(3) ADMINISTRATION.—An eligible entity may reserve not more than 10 percent of the grant funds for the administration of activities under this section.
- "(4) CARRY-OVER AUTHORITY.—Any amounts provided to an eligible entity under this section for a fiscal year may, at the discretion of the Secretary, remain available to that entity for expenditure during the succeeding fiscal year to carry out programs under this section.
  - "(h) PROGRAM SHARE.—
- "(1) PLANNING GRANTS.—The program share for a planning grant awarded under this section shall be 100 percent of the cost described in subsection (a)(2)(A).
  - "(2) IMPLEMENTATION GRANTS.—
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—The program share for an implementation grant awarded under this section shall be 50 percent of the cost described in subsection (a)(2)(B).
- "(B) EXCEPTION.—Notwithstanding subparagraph (A), the Secretary—
- "(i) may increase the program share for an eligible entity; and
- "(ii) shall increase the program share for an Indian tribe or tribal organization to not less than 95 percent of the cost described in subsection (a)(2)(B).
- $\mbox{``(C)}$  Non-program share.—The eligible entity may provide the non-program share of the cost—
- "(i) in cash or in-kind, fairly evaluated, including plant, equipment, or services; and
- "(ii) from State, local, tribal or private (including philanthropic) sources and, in the case of an Indian tribe or tribal organization, from Federal sources.

# "SEC. 176C. YEAR-ROUND EMPLOYMENT COMPETITIVE GRANT PROGRAM.

- "(a) IN GENERAL.—
- "(1) GRANTS.—Using the amounts made available under 176A(a)(2), the Secretary shall award, on a competitive basis, planning and implementation grants.
- "(2) GENERAL USE OF FUNDS.—The Secretary shall award the grants to assist eligible entities by paying for the program share of the cost of—
- "(A) in the case of a planning grant, planning a year-round youth employment program to provide subsidized year-round employment opportunities; and
- "(B) in the case of an implementation grant, implementation of such a program to provide such opportunities.
- "(b) PERIODS AND AMOUNTS OF GRANTS.— The planning grants shall have the periods and amounts described in section 176B(b)(1). The implementation grants shall have the periods and grants described in section 176B(b)(2).
  - "(c) ELIGIBLE ENTITIES.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—To be eligible to receive a planning or implementation grant under this section, an entity shall, except as provided in paragraph (2)—
  - "(A) be a-
- "(i) State, local government, or Indian tribe or tribal organization, that meets the requirements of section 176B(c)(2); or

- ''(ii) community-based organization that meets the requirements of section 176B(c)(3); and
- "(B) meet the requirements for a planning or implementation grant, respectively, specified in section 176B(c)(4).
- "(2) YEAR-ROUND YOUTH EMPLOYMENT PROGRAMS.—For purposes of paragraph (1), any reference in section 176B(c)—
- "(A) to a summer youth employment program shall be considered to refer to a year-round youth employment program; and
- "(B) to a provision of section 176B shall be considered to refer to the corresponding provision of this section.
  - "(d) Application.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in paragraph (2), an eligible entity desiring to receive a grant under this section for a year-round youth employment program shall submit an application to the Secretary at such time, in such manner, and containing such information as the Secretary may require, including, at a minimum, each of the following:
- "(A) With respect to an application for a planning or implementation grant, the information and descriptions specified in section 176B(d)(1)(A).
- "(B) With respect to an application for a planning grant, the descriptions specified in section 176B(d)(1)(B), except that the description of an analysis for placing youth in employment described in clause (iv)(II)(bb) of that section shall cover employment that follows a schedule—
  - "(i) that consists of-
- "(I) not more than 15 hours per week for in-school youth; and
- $\lq\lq(II)$  not less than 20 and not more than 40 hours per week for out-of-school youth; and
- "(ii) that depends on the needs and workreadiness level of the population being served
- "(C) With respect to an application for an implementation grant, the descriptions and evidence specified in section 176B(d)(1)(C)—
- "(i) except that the reference in section 176B(d)(1)(C)(ii) to employment described in section 176B(d)(1)(B) shall cover employment that follows the schedule described in subparagraph (B); and
- "(ii) except that the reference to programs in clause (vii)(II)(aa) of that section shall be considered to refer only to programs funded under the Carl D. Perkins Career and Technical Education Act of 2006 (20 U.S.C. 2301 et seg.).
- (D) With respect to an application for an implementation grant—
- "(i) a description of how the eligible entity plans to provide mental health services, as needed, to eligible youth participants; and
- "(ii) a description of how the eligible entity plans to address barriers to participation among eligible youth, including provding transportation and child care.
- "(2) INDIAN TRIBE; TRIBAL ORGANIZATIONS.— An eligible entity that is an Indian tribe or tribal organization and desires to receive a grant under this section for a year-round youth employment program may, in lieu of submitting the application described in paragraph (1), submit an application to the Secretary that meets such requirements as the Secretary develops after consultation with the tribe or organization.
- "(3) MENTOR.—For purposes of paragraph (1), any reference in subparagraphs (B)(iv), (B)(v), and (C)(iv) of section 176B(d)(1) to a mentor shall be considered to refer to a mentor who—
- ''(A) shall be an individual described in subparagraphs (A) and (C) of section 176B(d)(3);
- "(B) shall make contact with the eligible youth at least twice each week; and

- " (C) may be an individual described in section 176B(d)(3)(D).
- "(4) YEAR-ROUND EMPLOYMENT.—For purposes of this subsection, any reference in section 176B(d)—
- "(A) to summer employment shall be considered to refer to year-round employment; and
- "(B) to a provision of section 176B shall be considered to refer to the corresponding provision of this section.
- "(e) AWARDS FOR POPULATIONS AND AREAS; PRIORITIES.—
- "(1) POPULATIONS.—The Secretary shall reserve, from the amounts made available under section 176A(a)(2)—
- "(A) 50 percent to award grants under this section for planning or provision of subsidized year-round employment opportunities for eligible youth who are in-school youth; and
- "(B) 50 percent to award such grants to plan for planning or provision of such opportunities for eligible youth who are out-ofschool youth or unemployed individuals.
- "(2) AREAS; PRIORITIES.—In awarding the grants, the Secretary shall—
  - "(A) carry out section 176B(e)(2); and
  - "(B) give priority to eligible entities—
  - "(i) who-
- "(I) propose the coordination and plan described paragraphs (1) and (2) of section 176B(f), with respect to year-round youth employment; and
- "(II) meet the requirements of section 176B(f)(3); or
  - "(ii) who-
- "(I) propose a plan to coordinate activities with entities carrying out State, local, or tribal summer youth employment programs, to provide pathways to year-round employment for eligible youth who are ending summer employment; and
- "(II) meet the requirements of section 176B(f)(3).
- "(f) USE OF FUNDS.—An eligible entity that receives a grant under this section may use the grant funds—
- "(1) for services described in subsection (d);
- "(2) as described in section 176B(g)(2), with respect to year-round employment programs; "(3) as described in section 176B(g)(3), with
- respect to activities under this section; and "(4) at the discretion of the Secretary, as
- described in section 176B(g)(4), with respect to activities under this section.
  - "(g) PROGRAM SHARE.—
- "(1) PLANNING GRANTS.—The provisions of section 176B(h)(1) shall apply to planning grants awarded under this section, with respect to the cost described in subsection (a)(2)(A).
- "(2) IMPLEMENTATION GRANTS.—The provisions of section 176B(h)(2) shall apply to implementation grants awarded under this section, with respect to the cost described in subsection (a)(2)(B).

# "SEC. 176D. EVALUATION AND ADMINISTRATION.

- "(a) PERFORMANCE MEASURES.—
- "(1) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary shall establish performance measures for purposes of carrying out annual reviews under subsection (b) and of developing and implementing a system of continuous quality improvement under subsection (c).
- "(2) COMPONENTS.—The performance measures for the eligible entities shall consist of—
- "(A) the indicators of performance described in paragraph (3); and
- "(B) an adjusted level of performance for each indicator described in subparagraph (A).
- "(3) Indicators of Performance.—
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—The indicators of performance shall consist of—
- "(i) the percentage of youth employment program participants who are in education

or training activities, or in employment, during the second quarter after exit from the program:

"(ii) the percentage of youth employment program participants who are in education or training activities, or in employment, during the fourth quarter after exit from the program;

"(iii) the percentage of youth employment program participants who obtain a recognized postsecondary credential, or a secondary school diploma or its recognized equivalent (subject to subparagraph (B)), during participation in or within 1 year after exit from the program; and

"(iv) the percentage of youth employment program participants who, during a program year, are in a youth employment program that includes an education or training program that leads to an outcome specified by the Secretary, which may include—

"(I) obtaining a recognized postsecondary credential or employment: or

"(II) achieving measurable skill gains toward such a credential or employment.

"(B) INDICATOR RELATING TO CREDENTIAL.—For purposes of subparagraph (A)(iii), youth employment program participants who obtain a secondary school diploma or its recognized equivalent shall be included in the percentage counted as meeting the criterion under such subparagraph only if such participants, in addition to obtaining such diploma or its recognized equivalent, have obtained or retained employment or are in a youth employment program that includes an education or training program leading to a recognized postsecondary credential within 1 year after exit from the program.

"(4) LEVELS OF PERFORMANCE.

"(A) IN GENERAL.—For each eligible entity, there shall be established, in accordance with this paragraph, levels of performance for each of the corresponding indicators of performance described in paragraph (3).

"(B) IDENTIFICATION IN APPLICATION.—Each eligible entity shall identify, in the application submitted under subsection (d) of section 176B or 176C, expected levels of performance for each of those indicators of performance for each program year covered by the application.

"(C) AGREEMENT ON ADJUSTED LEVELS OF PERFORMANCE.—The eligible entity shall reach agreement with the Secretary on levels of performance for each of those indicators of performance for each such program year. The levels agreed to shall be considered to be the adjusted levels of performance for the eligible entity for such program years and shall be incorporated into the application prior to the approval of such application.

"(b) ANNUAL REVIEW.—The Secretary shall carry out an annual review of each eligible entity receiving a grant under this subtitle. In conducting the review, the Secretary shall review the performance of the entity on the performance measures under this section and determine if the entity has used any practices that shall be considered best practices for purposes of this subtitle.

"(c) CONTINUOUS QUALITY IMPROVEMENT.-

"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall, in addition to conducting the annual review, develop and implement a system of continuous quality improvement designed to improve the quality of activities carried out under this subtitle.

"(2) ACTIVITIES.—In implementing the system, the Secretary shall carry out activities including—

"(A) using the performance measures established under this section, to assess the quality of employment programs funded under sections 176B and 176C and providing the eligible entities carrying out those pro-

grams with continuing feedback on their performance on those measures;

"(B) creating improvement plans to address quality issues concerning the employment programs;

"(C) providing targeted support (including technical assistance and training) to staff of the eligible entities on improving the quality of the employment programs in areas where the system demonstrates that improvements are needed; and

"(D) publishing and disseminating information on the quality of the employment programs.

"(d) REPORT TO CONGRESS .-

"(1) PREPARATION.—The Secretary shall prepare a report on the grant programs established by this subtitle, which report shall include a description of—

"(A) the eligible entities receiving funding under this subtitle:

"(B) the activities carried out by the eligible entities;

"(C) how the eligible entities were selected to receive funding under this subtitle;

"(D) an assessment of the results achieved by the grant programs including findings from the annual reviews conducted under subsection (b): and

"(E) a description of the development and implementation of, and outcomes from, the system of continuous quality improvement described in subsection (c).

"(2) SUBMISSION.—Not later than 3 years after the date of enactment of the AID Youth Employment Act, and annually thereafter, the Secretary shall submit a report described in paragraph (1) to the appropriate committees of Congress.

"(e) APPLICATION TO INDIAN TRIBES AND TRIBAL ORGANIZATIONS.—The Secretary may issue regulations that clarify the application of all the provisions of this subtitle to Indian tribes and tribal organizations.

#### "SEC. 176E. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIA-TIONS.

"There are authorized to be appropriated—"(1) to carry out section 176B, \$375,000,000

for each of fiscal years 2026 through 2030; and "(2) to carry out section 176C, \$500,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2026 through 2030.".

### SEC. 3. CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.

(a) References.-

(1) Section 121(b)(1)(C)(ii)(II) of the Workforce Investment and Opportunity Act (29 U.S.C. 3152(b)(1)(C)(ii)(II)) is amended by striking "subtitles C through E" and inserting "subtitles C through F".

(2) Section 503(b) of such Act (29 U.S.C. 3343(b)) is amended by inserting before the period the following: "(as such subtitles were in effect on the day before the date of enactment of this Act)".

(b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents in section 1(b) of such Act is amended by striking the item relating to the subtitle heading for subtitle E of title I and inserting the following:

#### "Subtitle E—Youth Employment Opportunities

"Sec. 176. Definitions.

"Sec. 176A. Allocation of funds.

"Sec. 176B. Summer employment competitive grant program.

"Sec. 176C. Year-round employment competitive grant program.

"Sec. 176D. Evaluation and administration. "Sec. 176E. Authorization of appropriations.

"Subtitle F—Administration".

# By Mr. PADILLA (for himself and Mr. Schiff):

S. 1215. A bill to establish the Cesar E. Chavez and the Farmworker Movement National Historical Park in the States of California and Arizona, and

for other purposes; to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources.

Mr. PADILLA. Mr. President, I rise today to reintroduce the César E. Chávez and the Farmworker Movement National Historical Park Act. This bill would establish the César E. Chávez and the Farmworker Movement National Historical Park in California and Arizona to preserve the nationally significant sites associated with César Chávez and the farm worker movement.

Today, March 31, we celebrate César Chávez Day, a day to honor and celebrate the life and legacy of the civil rights and labor leader whose impact reverberated throughout California and across the world. For César Chávez, it did not matter where you came from or what your job was; he believed in your fundamental right to dignity and respect.

In 2008, with strong bipartisan support, Congress enacted legislation directing the National Park Service to conduct a special resource study of sites that are significant to the life of César Chávez and the farm labor movement in the Western United States. The National Park Service evaluated over 100 sites and found that 5 sites were "nationally significant". Importantly, the Park Service wrote that these nationally significant sites depict a distinct and important aspect of American history associated with civil rights and labor movements that are not adequately represented or protected elsewhere. While the Park Service provided five management alternatives to protect these special places, they ultimately recommended that Congress establish a national historic park that would include several nationally significant sites.

In 2012, President Obama established the César E. Chávez National Monument. While this action was a critical step forward, the national monument omits many nationally significant sites and leaves many important stories untold. The creation of a national historical park, as originally recommended by the Park Service, would allow the National Park Service to tell the full story of César Chávez and the farm labor movement for the benefit of all Americans.

This legislation would also require the National Park Service to complete a National Historic Trail Study to determine the feasibility of creating the Farmworker Peregrinación National Historic Trail. If ultimately designated, this trail would commemorate the 1966 Delano to Sacramento March, a major milestone event in the farm labor movement.

As the son of immigrants from Mexico and the first Latino to represent California in the U.S. Senate, I believe the movement César Chávez created is as important today as it ever has been. The National Park System—which preserves our natural, historical, and cultural heritage while offering vital spaces for teaching, learning, and outdoor recreation—must paint the full

mosaic of America. Through the sites preserved by this bill, we will ensure that the National Park System preserves the diverse history of our Nation that is too often overlooked, ignored, or not represented.

I want to thank Congressman Ruiz for spearheading this effort with me to ensure that our national monuments and historical parks better reflect the diversity of America's heritage. I would also like to thank Senator SCHIFF for cosponsoring this legislation with me.

Today and every day, let's recommit to the work César Chávez began. As he would say: "La Lucha Sigue." We must not waver as we keep up the fight for justice and equality for all. I look forward to working with my colleagues to enact the César E. Chávez National Historical Park Act.

### SUBMITTED RESOLUTIONS

CONCURRENT RESOLU-SENATE TION 11—SUPPORTING THE GOALS AND IDEALS OF INTER-NATIONAL TRANSGENDER DAY OF VISIBILITY

Mr. SCHATZ (for himself, Mr. FETTERMAN, Ms. ROSEN, Mr. MARKEY. Mr. Durbin, Ms. Smith, Mr. Wyden, Mr. MERKLEY, Ms. BALDWIN, Ms. HIRONO. Mr. Booker, Mr. Whitehouse, Mr. Van HOLLEN, Mr. PADILLA, Mr. WELCH, Ms. WARREN, Mr. BLUMENTHAL, Mr. COONS, Mr. Schiff, and Ms. Duckworth) submitted the following concurrent resolution; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary:

### S. CON. RES. 11

Whereas International Transgender Day of Visibility was founded in 2009 to honor the achievements and contributions of the transgender community;

Whereas International Transgender Day of Visibility is designed to be encompassing of a large community of diverse individuals;

Whereas International Transgender Day of Visibility is a time to celebrate the lives and achievements of transgender individuals around the world, and to recognize the bravery it takes to live openly and authentically;

Whereas International Transgender Day of Visibility is also a time to raise awareness of the discrimination and violence that the transgender community still faces, which make it difficult and even unsafe or fatal for many transgender individuals to be visible;

Whereas the transgender community has suffered oppression disproportionately in many ways, including-

- (1) discrimination in employment and in the workplace;
- (2) discrimination in health care and hous-
- (3) discrimination in access to public services:
- (4) discrimination in educational institutions: and
- (5) disproportionate exposure to victimization and violence;

Whereas forms of anti-transgender oppression are exacerbated for transgender individuals of color, individuals with limited resources, immigrants, individuals living with disabilities, justice-involved individuals, and transgender youth;

Whereas a record number of antitransgender bills have been introduced in re-

cent years at all levels of government, targeting areas such as-

- (1) education, including by prohibiting school staff from acknowledging or respecting transgender pupils, colleagues, and family members, barring transgender students from accessing gender-appropriate programs and facilities, and censoring curriculum that allows readers to explore and engage with differing perspectives;
- (2) health care, including restrictions on medically necessary transition-related medical care and routine health care services:
- (3) public accommodations, such as safe access to public restrooms; and
- (4) identification documents, including by restricting the ability to realign or correct birth certificates and other forms of identification:

Whereas President Trump issued multiple Executive orders that attempt to erase transgender people, including-

- (1) Executive Order 14168 (90 Fed. Reg. 8615; relating to defending women from gender ideology extremism and restoring biological truth to the Federal Government):
- (2) Executive Order 14183 (90 Fed. Reg. 8757; relating to prioritizing military excellence and readiness):
- (3) Executive Order 14187 (90 Fed. Reg. 8771; relating to protecting children from chemical and surgical mutilation):
- (4) Executive Order 14190 (90 Fed. Reg. 8853: relating to ending radical indoctrination in K-12 schooling); and
- (5) Executive Order 14201 (90 Fed. Reg. 9279; relating to keeping men out of women's sports);

Whereas the transgender community and allies of the transgender community have made it clear that transgender individuals will not be erased and deserve to be accorded all of the rights and opportunities made available to all;

Whereas, before the creation of the United States, Indigenous two-spirit, transgender individuals existed across North America in many Native American communities, with specific terms in their own languages for these members of their communities and the social and spiritual roles they fulfilled, and while many were lost or actively suppressed by the efforts of missionaries, government agents, boarding schools, and settlers, twospirit individuals have promoted increased public awareness in recent decades;

Whereas transgender individuals continue to tell their stories and push for full equity under the law:

Whereas the civil-rights struggle has been strengthened and inspired by the leadership of the transgender community:

Whereas transgender individuals in the United States have made significant strides in elected office and political representation:

Whereas at least 36 States and the District of Columbia have at least 1 transgender elected official at the State or municipal

Whereas there are at least 23 openly transgender, gender-nonconforming, or nonbinary elected officials in State legislatures;

Whereas voters in the State of Delaware elected Sarah McBride as the first openly transgender member of Congress;

Whereas voters in the State of Virginia elected Danica Roem to be the first openly transgender State legislator in the United

Whereas voters in the State of Oklahoma elected Mauree Turner as the first openly nonbinary State legislator in the United

Whereas voters in the State of New Hampshire elected James Roesener as the first openly transgender man State legislator in the United States;

Whereas 6 States have at least 1 transgender or gender-non-conforming jurist on the bench:

Whereas more transgender individuals are appearing in movies, on television, and in all forms of media, raising awareness of their experiences and the importance of living authentically:

Whereas transgender individuals have created culture and history as artists, musicians, organizers, and leaders; and

Whereas International Transgender Day of Visibility is a time to celebrate the transgender community around the world: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives concurring), That Congress-

- (1) supports the goals and ideals of International Transgender Day of Visibility;
- (2) encourages the people of the United States to observe International Transgender Day of Visibility with appropriate ceremonies, programs, and activities;
- (3) celebrates the accomplishments and leadership of transgender individuals; and
- (4) recognizes the bravery of the transgender community as it fights for equal dignity and respect.

# PRIVILEGES OF THE FLOOR

Mr. DURBIN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that DeNay Adams, Quentin Mansfield, Victoria Esparza, and Kelsey Handschuh be granted floor privileges until April 3, 2025.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without

objection, it is so ordered.

Mr. WICKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the following law clerks on Senator Capito's staff be granted floor privileges until April 4, 2025: Camryn Runyon, Megan Banke, and Harry Kazenoff.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Senator from New Jersey.

# TRUMP ADMINISTRATION

Mr. BOOKER. Mr. President, I am really grateful you are in the Chair and grateful to be able to rise right now and speak.

I want to say at the top that I have a tremendous love for this institution. and a lot of that is born from the people that are here—from the pages I get to know in every class, to the folks that work the door, the clerks, the Parliamentarians. It is a special place, and a lot of people who are known here are not the ones that really keep this place functioning.

I come in here days and I have good moods or bad moods but always find myself lifted when I walk onto this floor. It is a sacred civic space. It is extraordinary. And I am always aware of the weight of history when I walk in here. No matter a good day, bad day, whether I am in a rush or not, when I touch the Senate floor, I feel something really magnificent.

I don't think that our Founders would have ever imagined a body like this with Black people on both sides of the aisle, with women serving here, with folks from many different backgrounds. We are in many ways doing what the Founders had envisioned, which was this idea of every generation making this a more perfect Union.