

publication, the EPA states its intention to convert the direct final to a proposal should adverse or critical comments be filed. Thus, this direct final action will be effective August 14, 1995, unless, by July 13, 1995, adverse or critical comments are received.

If the EPA receives such comments, this action will be withdrawn before the effective date by publishing a subsequent notice that will withdraw the final action. All public comments received will then be addressed in a subsequent final rule based on this action serving as a proposed rule. The EPA will not institute a second comment period on this action. Any parties interested in commenting on this action should do so at this time. If no such comments are received, the public is advised that the direct final action will be effective August 14, 1995.

Regulatory Process

Under the Regulatory Flexibility Act, 5 U.S.C. 600 et seq., EPA must prepare a regulatory flexibility analysis assessing the impact of any proposed or final rule on small entities. 5 U.S.C. 603 and 604. Alternatively, EPA may certify that the rule will not have a significant impact on a substantial number of small entities. Small entities include small businesses, small not-for-profit enterprises and government entities with jurisdiction over population of less than 50,000.

SIP approvals under sections 110 and 301(a) and subchapter I, Part D of the CAA do not create any new requirements, but simply approve requirements that the State is already imposing. Therefore, because the Federal SIP-approval does not impose any new requirements, I certify that it does not have a significant impact on any small entities affected. Moreover, due to the nature of the Federal-state relationship under the CAA, preparation of a regulatory flexibility analysis would constitute Federal inquiry into the economic reasonableness of state action. The CAA forbids EPA to base its actions concerning SIPs on such grounds. *Union Electric Co. v. U.S. E.P.A.*, 427 U.S. 246, 256-66 (S. Ct. 1976); 42 U.S.C. 7410 (a)(2).

The OMB has exempted this action from review under Executive Order 12866.

List of Subjects in 40 CFR Part 52

Environmental protection, Air pollution control, Hydrocarbons, Incorporation by reference, Intergovernmental relations, Ozone, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Volatile organic compounds.

Note: Incorporation by reference of the State Implementation Plan for the State of California was approved by the Director of the Federal Register on July 1, 1982.

Dated: May 19, 1995.

Alexis Strauss,

Acting Regional Administrator.

Subpart F of part 52, chapter I, title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations is amended as follows:

PART 52—[AMENDED]

1. The authority citation for part 52 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 42 U.S.C. 7401-7671q.

Subpart F—California

2. Section 52.220 is amended by adding paragraphs (c)(214), (215), and (216) to read as follows:

§ 52.220 Identification of plan.

* * * * *

(c) * * *

(214) New and amended regulations for the following APCDs were submitted on January 24, 1995, by the Governor's designee.

(i) Incorporation by reference.

(A) South Coast Air Quality Management District.

(1) Rule 1151, adopted on December 9, 1994.

(215) New and amended regulations for the following APCDs were submitted on February 24, 1995, by the Governor's designee.

(i) Incorporation by reference.

(A) South Coast Air Quality Management District.

(1) Rules 1125 and 1126, adopted on January 13, 1995.

(216) New and amended regulations for the following APCDs were submitted on March 31, 1995, by the Governor's designee.

(i) Incorporation by reference.

(A) Mojave Desert Air Quality Management District.

(1) Rule 1116, adopted on February 22, 1995.

[FR Doc. 95-14391 Filed 6-12-95; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560-50-W

40 CFR Part 52

[CA-140-2-6993c; FRL 5212-2]

Approval and Promulgation of Implementation Plans; California State Implementation Plan Revision; Interim Final Determination that State has Corrected the Deficiency

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Interim final determination.

SUMMARY: Elsewhere in today's **Federal Register**, EPA is publishing a direct final rulemaking fully approving revisions to the California State Implementation Plan. The revisions concern rules from South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD) and Mojave Desert Air Quality Management District (MDAQMD): SCAQMD Rules 1125, 1126, and 1151, and MDAQMD Rule 1116. EPA is also publishing in today's **Federal Register** a proposed rulemaking to provide the public with an opportunity to comment on EPA's action. If a person submits adverse comments on EPA's proposed action within 30 days of publication of the proposed and direct final actions, EPA will withdraw its direct final action and will consider any comments received before taking final action on the State's submittal. Based on the proposed full approval, EPA is making an interim final determination by this action that the State has corrected the deficiencies for which sanctions clocks began on December 20, 1993 and April 14, 1994. This action will defer the application of the offset sanctions and defer the application of the highway sanctions. Although this action is effective upon publication, EPA will take comment. If no comments are received on EPA's proposed approval of the State's submittal, the direct final action published in this **Federal Register** will also finalize EPA's determination that the State has corrected the deficiencies that started the sanctions clocks. If comments are received on EPA's proposed approval and this interim final action, EPA will publish a final notice taking into consideration any comments received.

DATES: This interim final determination is effective June 13, 1995. Comments must be received by July 13, 1995.

ADDRESSES: Comments should be sent to: Rulemaking Section (A-5-3), Air and Toxics Division, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region IX, 75 Hawthorne Street, San Francisco, CA 94105.

The state submittal and EPA's analysis for that submittal, which are the basis for this action, are available for public review at the above address and at the following locations:

Environmental Protection Agency, Air Docket (6102), 401 M Street SW., Washington, DC 20460

California Air Resources Board, Stationary Source Division, Rule Evaluation Section, 2020 L Street, Sacramento, CA 92123-1095

Mojave Desert Air Quality Management District, 15428 Civic Drive, Victorville, CA 92392
South Coast Air Quality Management District, 21865 E. Copley Drive, Diamond Bar, CA 91765

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Nikole Reaksecker, Rulemaking Section (A-5-3), Air and Toxics Division, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region IX, 75 Hawthorne Street, San Francisco, CA 94105, Telephone: (415) 744-1187.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Background

On June 19, 1992, September 14, 1992, and May 13, 1993, the State submitted MDAQMD Rule 1116, SCAQMD Rule 1126, and SCAQMD Rule 1151 for which EPA published limited disapprovals in the **Federal Register** on December 20, 1993. 58 FR 66285, 58 FR 66283. On May 13, 1993, the State submitted SCAQMD Rule 1125 for which EPA published a limited disapproval in the **Federal Register** on April 14, 1994. 59 FR 17697. EPA's disapproval actions started 18-month clocks for the application of one sanction (followed by a second sanction 6 months later) under section 179 of the Clean Air Act (Act), and 24-month clocks for promulgation of a Federal Implementation Plan (FIP) under section 110(c) of the Act. The State subsequently submitted revised rules on January 24, 1995, February 24, 1995, and March 31, 1995. EPA has taken direct final action on these submittals pursuant to its modified direct final policy set forth at 59 FR 24054 (May 10, 1994). In the Rules section of this **Federal Register** EPA is issuing a direct final full approval of the State of California's submittal of SCAQMD Rule 1125, Metal Container, Closure, and Coil Coating Operations; SCAQMD Rule 1126, Magnet Wire Coating Operations; SCAQMD Rule 1151, Motor Vehicle and Mobile Equipment Non-Assembly Line Coating Operations; and MDAQMD Rule 1116, Automotive Refinishing Operations. In addition, in the Proposed Rules section of this **Federal Register** EPA is proposing full approval of the State's submittals.

Based on the proposed and direct final approval, EPA believes that it is more likely than not that the State has corrected the original disapproval deficiencies. Therefore, EPA is taking this final rulemaking action, effective on publication, finding that the State has corrected the deficiencies. However, EPA is also providing the public with an opportunity to comment on this final action. If, based on any comments on

this action and any comments on EPA's proposed full approval of the State's submittals, EPA determines that the State's submittals are not fully approvable and this final action was inappropriate, EPA will either propose or take final action finding that the State has not corrected the original disapproval deficiencies. As appropriate, EPA will also issue an interim final determination or a final determination that the deficiencies have not been corrected. Until EPA takes such an action, the application of sanctions will continue to be deferred and/or stayed.

This action does not stop the sanctions clocks that started for these areas on December 20, 1993 and April 14, 1994. However, this action will defer the application of the offsets sanctions and will defer the application of the highway sanctions. 59 FR 39832 (Aug. 4, 1994). If EPA's direct final action fully approving the State's submittals becomes effective, such action will permanently stop the sanctions clocks and will permanently lift any applied, stayed or deferred sanctions. If EPA must withdraw the direct final action based on adverse comments and EPA subsequently determines that the State, in fact, did not correct the disapproval deficiencies, EPA will also determine that the State did not correct the deficiencies and the sanctions consequences described in the sanctions rule will apply. 59 FR 39832, to be codified at 40 CFR 52.31.

II. EPA Action

EPA is taking interim final action finding that the State has corrected the disapproval deficiencies that started the sanctions clocks. Based on this action, application of the offset sanctions will be deferred and application of the highway sanctions will be deferred until EPA's direct final action fully approving the State's submittals becomes effective or until EPA takes action proposing or finally disapproving in whole or part the State submittals. If EPA's direct final action fully approving the State submittals becomes effective, at that time any sanctions clocks will be permanently stopped and any applied, stayed or deferred sanctions will be permanently lifted.

Because EPA has preliminarily determined that the State has an approvable plan, relief from sanctions should be provided as quickly as possible. Therefore, EPA is invoking the good cause exception under the Administrative Procedure Act (APA) in not providing an opportunity for

comment before this action takes effect.¹ 5 U.S.C. 553(b)(B). EPA believes that notice-and-comment rulemaking before the effective date of this action is impracticable and contrary to the public interest. EPA has reviewed the State's submittals and, through its proposed and direct final action is indicating that it is more likely than not that the State has corrected the deficiencies that started the sanctions clocks. Therefore, it is not in the public interest to initially impose sanctions or to keep applied sanctions in place when the State has most likely done all that it can to correct the deficiencies that triggered the sanctions clocks. Moreover, it would be impracticable to go through notice and comment rulemaking on a finding that the State has corrected the deficiencies prior to the rulemaking approving the State's submittals. Therefore, EPA believes that it is necessary to use the interim final rulemaking process to temporarily stay or defer sanctions while EPA completes its rulemaking process on the approvability of the State's submittals. Moreover, with respect to the effective date of this action, EPA is invoking the good cause exception to the 30-day notice requirement of the APA because the purpose of this notice is to relieve a restriction. See 5 U.S.C. 553(d)(1).

The Office of Management and Budget (OMB) has exempted this action from review under Executive Order 12866.

Under the Regulatory Flexibility Act, 5 U.S.C. Section 600 *et. seq.*, EPA must prepare a regulatory flexibility analysis assessing the impact of any proposed or final rule on small entities. 5 U.S.C. 603 and 604. Alternatively, EPA may certify that the rule will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities. Small entities include small businesses, small not-for-profit enterprises, and government entities with jurisdiction over populations of less than 50,000.

This action temporarily relieves sources of an additional burden potentially placed on them by the sanctions provisions of the Act. Therefore, I certify that it does not have an impact on any small entities.

List of Subjects in 40 CFR Part 52

Environmental protection, Air pollution control, Hydrocarbons, Incorporation by reference, Intergovernmental regulations, Reporting and recordkeeping

¹ As previously noted, however, by this action EPA is providing the public with a chance to comment on EPA's determination after the effective date and EPA will consider any comments received in determining whether to reverse such action.

requirements, Ozone, Volatile organic compounds.

Authority: 42 U.S.C. 7401-7671q.

Dated: May 19, 1995.

Alexis Strauss,

Acting Regional Administrator.

[FR Doc. 95-14392 Filed 6-12-95; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560-50-W

40 CFR Part 52

[CA 95-4-6981; FRL-5209-2]

Approval and Promulgation of Implementation Plans; California State Implementation Plan Revision, San Joaquin Valley Unified Air Pollution Control District

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: EPA is finalizing the approval of revisions to the California State Implementation Plan (SIP) proposed in the **Federal Register** on January 9, 1995. The revisions concern rules from the following district: San Joaquin Valley Unified Air Pollution Control District (SJVUAPCD). This approval action will incorporate these rules into the federally approved SIP. The intended effect of approving these rules is to regulate emissions of volatile organic compounds (VOCs) in accordance with the requirements of the Clean Air Act, as amended in 1990 (CAA or the Act). The revised rules control VOC emissions from polystyrene foam, polyethylene, and polypropylene manufacturing and polyester resin operations. Thus, EPA is finalizing the approval of these revisions into the California SIP under provisions of the CAA regarding EPA action on SIP submittals, SIPs for national primary and secondary ambient air quality standards and plan requirements for nonattainment areas.

EFFECTIVE DATE: This action is effective on July 13, 1995.

ADDRESSES: Copies of the rule revisions and EPA's evaluation report for each rule are available for public inspection at EPA's Region IX office during normal business hours. Copies of the submitted rule revisions are available for inspection at the following locations: Rulemaking Section (A-5-3), Air and Toxics Division, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region IX, 75 Hawthorne Street, San Francisco, CA 94105. Environmental Protection Agency, Air Docket (6102), 401 "M" Street SW., Washington, D.C. 20460.

California Air Resources Board, Stationary Source Division, Rule Evaluation Section, 2020 "L" Street, Sacramento, CA 95814. San Joaquin Valley Unified Air Pollution Control District 1999 Tuolumne Street, Fresno, CA 93721.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Christine Vineyard, Rulemaking Section, Air and Toxics Division, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region IX, 75 Hawthorne Street, San Francisco, CA 94105, Telephone: (415) 744-1197.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

On January 9, 1995 in 60 FR 2367, EPA proposed to approve the following rules into the California SIP: SJVUAPCD's Rule 4682, Polystyrene Foam, Polyethylene, and Polypropylene Manufacturing; and SJVUAPCD's Rule 4684, Polyester Resin Operations. Rule 4682 was adopted by SJVUAPCD on June 16, 1994 and Rule 4684 was adopted by SJVUAPCD on May 19, 1994. Both rules were submitted by the California Air Resources Board (CARB) to EPA on July 13, 1994. These rules were submitted in response to EPA's 1988 SIP-Call and the CAA sections 182(b)(2) (B) and (C) requirements that nonattainment areas submit reasonably available control technology (RACT) rules for all major sources of VOCs by November 15, 1992 (the RACT catch-up requirements). A detailed discussion of the background for each of the above rules and nonattainment area is provided in the NPRM cited above.

EPA has evaluated all of the above rules for consistency with the requirements of the CAA and EPA regulations and EPA interpretation of these requirements as expressed in the various EPA policy guidance documents referenced in the NPRM cited above. EPA has found that the rules meet the applicable EPA requirements. A detailed discussion of the rule provisions and evaluations has been provided in 60 FR 2367 and in technical support documents (TSDs) available at EPA's Region IX office (TSDs dated August 8, 1994—Rule 4682 and August 3, 1994—Rule 4684).

Response to Public Comments

A 30-day public comment period was provided in 60 FR 2367. No comments were received.

EPA Action

EPA is finalizing action to approve the above rules for inclusion into the California SIP. EPA is approving the submittal under section 110(k)(3) as

meeting the requirements of section 110(a) and Part D of the CAA. This approval action will incorporate these rules into the federally approved SIP. The intended effect of approving these rules is to regulate emissions of VOCs in accordance with the requirements of the CAA.

Nothing in this action should be construed as permitting or allowing or establishing a precedent for any future request for revision to any state implementation plan. Each request for revision to the state implementation plan shall be considered separately in light of specific technical, economic, and environmental factors and in relation to relevant statutory and regulatory requirements.

Regulatory Process

The OMB has exempted this action from review under Executive Order 12866.

List of Subjects in 40 CFR Part 52

Environmental protection, Air pollution control, Hydrocarbons, Incorporation by reference, Intergovernmental relations, Ozone, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Volatile organic compounds.

Note: Incorporation by reference of the State Implementation Plan for the State of California was approved by the Director of the Federal Register on July 1, 1982.

Dated: May 10, 1995.

David P. Howekamp,

Acting Regional Administrator.

Part 52, chapter I, title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations is amended as follows:

PART 52—[AMENDED]

1. The authority citation for part 52 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 42 U.S.C. 7401-7671q.

Subpart F—California

2. Section 52.220 is amended by adding paragraph (c) (198)(i)(C)(2) to read as follows:

§ 52.220 Identification of plan.

* * * * *

- (c) * * *
- (198) * * *
- (i) * * *
- (C) * * *

(2) Rule 4682 adopted on June 16, 1994 and Rule 4684 adopted on May 19, 1994.

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[FR Doc. 95-14452 Filed 6-12-95; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560-50-W