

8611), which were published in the Federal Register for Friday, August 11, 1995 (60 FR 40997). The final regulations relate to conduit financing arrangements issued under the authority granted by section 7701(l).

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** September 11, 1995.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:**

Elissa J. Shendalman of the Office of the Associate Chief Counsel (International), (202) 622-3870 (not a toll-free number).

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:**

**Background**

The final regulations that are the subject of these corrections are under sections 871, 881, 1441, 1442, and 7701(l) of the Internal Revenue Code.

**Need for Correction**

As published, TD 8611 contains typographical errors that are in need of correction.

**Correction of Publication**

Accordingly, the publication of the final regulations which is the subject of FR Doc. 95-19446, are corrected as follows:

**§ 1.881-3 [Corrected]**

1. On page 41013, column 3, § 1.881-3, paragraph (e), paragraph (i) of *Example 25.*, line 1, the figure "10,000,000" is corrected to read "5,000,000".

2. On page 41013, column 3, § 1.881-3, paragraph (e), paragraph (i) of *Example 25.*, line 5, the figure "5,000,000" is corrected to read "10,000,000".

3. On page 41013, column 3, § 1.881-3, paragraph (e), paragraph (iii) of *Example 25.*, the first sentence "Pursuant to paragraph (d)(1)(i) of this section, the amount subject to recharacterization is a fraction the numerator of which is the average principal amount advanced from FS to DS and denominator of which is the average principal amount advanced from FP to FS." is corrected to read "Pursuant to paragraph (d)(1)(i) of this section, the amount subject to recharacterization is a fraction the numerator of which is the lowest aggregate principal amount advanced and the denominator of which is the principal amount advanced from FS to DS.".

**§ 1.1441-7 [Corrected]**

4. On page 41015, column 2, § 1.1441-7, paragraph (d)(2)(ii), paragraph (i) of *Example 4.*, the language "size. BK2 considers BK1 to enter into a loan" is corrected to read

"size. BK2 considers asking BK1 to enter into a loan".

Cynthia E. Grigsby,  
*Chief, Regulations Unit Assistant Chief Counsel (Corporate).*

[FR Doc. 95-26786 Filed 10-30-95; 8:45 am]

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**ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY**

**40 CFR Part 52**

[CA 162-1-7250a; FRL-5321-1]

**Approval and Promulgation of Implementation Plans; California State Implementation Plan Revision, South Coast Air Quality Management District**

**AGENCY:** Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

**ACTION:** Direct final rule.

**SUMMARY:** EPA is taking direct final action on revisions to the California State Implementation Plan. The revisions concern rules from the South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD). This approval action will incorporate these rules into the federally approved SIP. The intended effect of approving these rules is to regulate emissions of volatile organic compounds (VOCs) in accordance with the requirements of the Clean Air Act, as amended in 1990 (CAA or the Act). In addition, the final action on these rules serves as a final determination that the deficiencies in previous versions have been corrected and that on the effective date of this action, any sanctions or Federal Implementation Plan (FIP) obligations are permanently stopped. The revised rules control VOC emissions from graphic arts and the coating of wood products. Thus, EPA is finalizing the approval of these revisions into the California SIP under provisions of the CAA regarding EPA action on SIP submittals, SIPs for national primary and secondary ambient air quality standards and plan requirements for nonattainment areas.

**DATES:** This action is effective on January 2, 1996 unless adverse or critical comments are received by November 30, 1995. If the effective date is delayed, a timely notice will be published in the Federal Register.

**ADDRESSES:** Copies of the rule revisions and EPA's evaluation report for each rule are available for public inspection at EPA's Region IX office during normal business hours. Copies of the submitted rule revisions are available for inspection at the following locations:

Rulemaking Section (A-5-3), Air and Toxics Division, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region IX, 75 Hawthorne Street, San Francisco, CA 94105.

Environmental Protection Agency, Air Docket (6102), 401 "M" Street, SW., Washington, DC 20460.

California Air Resources Board, Stationary Source Division, Rule Evaluation Section, 2020 "L" Street, Sacramento, CA 92123-1095.

South Coast Air Quality Management District, 21865 E. Copley Drive, Diamond Bar, CA 91765-4182.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:**

Daniel A. Meer, Chief Rulemaking Section (A-5-3), Air and Toxics Division, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region IX, 75 Hawthorne Street, San Francisco, CA 94105, Telephone: (415) 744-1185.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:**

**Applicability**

The rules being approved into the California SIP include: SCAQMD Rules 1130, Graphic Arts, and 1136, Wood Products Coating. These rules were submitted by the California Air Resources Board (CARB) to EPA on October 16, 1995.

**Background**

On March 3, 1978, EPA promulgated a list of ozone nonattainment areas under the provisions of the Clean Air Act, as amended in 1977 (1977 Act or pre-amended Act), that included the South Coast Air Basin. 43 FR 8964, 40 CFR 81.305. On May 26, 1988, EPA notified the Governor of California, pursuant to section 110(a)(2)(H) of the 1977 Act, that the above districts' portions of the California SIP were inadequate to attain and maintain the ozone standard and requested that deficiencies in the existing SIP be corrected (EPA's SIP-Call). On November 15, 1990, the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990 were enacted. Pub. L. 101-549, 104 Stat. 2399, codified at 42 U.S.C. 7401-7671q. In amended section 182(a)(2)(A) of the CAA, Congress statutorily adopted the requirement that nonattainment areas fix their deficient reasonably available control technology (RACT) rules for ozone and established a deadline of May 15, 1991 for states to submit corrections of those deficiencies.

Section 182(a)(2)(A) applies to areas designated as nonattainment prior to enactment of the amendments and classified as marginal or above as of the date of enactment. It requires such areas to adopt and correct RACT rules pursuant to pre-amended section 172(b)

as interpreted in pre-amendment guidance.<sup>1</sup> EPA's SIP-Call used that guidance to indicate the necessary corrections for specific nonattainment areas. The South Coast Air Basin is classified as extreme;<sup>2</sup> therefore, this area was subject to the RACT fix-up requirement and the May 15, 1991 deadline.

The State of California submitted many revised RACT rules for incorporation into its SIP on October 13, 1995, including the rules being acted on in this document. This document addresses EPA's direct-final action for SCAQMD's Rules 1130, Graphic Arts, and 1136, Wood Products Coating. SCAQMD adopted Rules 1130 and 1136 on September 8, 1995. The submitted rules were found to be complete on October 23, 1995 pursuant to EPA's completeness criteria that are set forth in 40 CFR part 51 Appendix V<sup>3</sup> and is being finalized for approval into the SIP.

Rule 1130 limits emissions of volatile organic compounds (VOCs) emitted from graphic arts operations and Rule 1136 limits emissions of VOCs from wood coating operations. VOCs contribute to the production of ground level ozone and smog. This rule was originally adopted as part of SCAQMD's effort to achieve the National Ambient Air Quality Standard (NAAQS) for ozone and in response to EPA's SIP-Call and the section 182(a)(2)(A) CAA requirement. The following is EPA's evaluation and final action for this rule.

#### EPA Evaluation and Action

In determining the approvability of a VOC rule, EPA must evaluate the rule for consistency with the requirements of the CAA and EPA regulations, as found in section 110 and part D of the CAA and 40 CFR part 51 (Requirements for Preparation, Adoption, and Submittal of Implementation Plans). The EPA interpretation of these requirements, which forms the basis for today's action, appears in the various EPA policy

<sup>1</sup> Among other things, the pre-amendment guidance consists of those portions of the proposed post-1987 ozone and carbon monoxide policy that concern RACT, 52 FR 45044 (November 24, 1987); "Issues Relating to VOC Regulation Cutpoints, Deficiencies, and Deviations, Clarification to Appendix D of November 24, 1987 Federal Register Notice" (Blue Book) (notice of availability was published in the Federal Register on May 25, 1988); and the existing control technique guidelines (CTGs).

<sup>2</sup> The South Coast Air Basin retained its designation of nonattainment and was classified by operation of law pursuant to sections 107(d) and 181(a) upon the date of enactment of the CAA. See 55 FR 56694 (November 6, 1991).

<sup>3</sup> EPA adopted the completeness criteria on February 16, 1990 (55 FR 5830) and, pursuant to section 110(k)(1)(A) of the CAA, revised the criteria on August 26, 1991 (56 FR 42216).

guidance documents listed in footnote 1. Among those provisions is the requirement that a VOC rule must, at a minimum, provide for the implementation of RACT for stationary sources of VOC emissions. This requirement was carried forth from the pre-amended Act.

For the purpose of assisting state and local agencies in developing RACT rules, EPA prepared a series of Control Technique Guideline (CTG) documents. The CTGs are based on the underlying requirements of the Act and specify the presumptive norms for what is RACT for specific source categories. Under the CAA, Congress ratified EPA's use of these documents, as well as other Agency policy, for requiring States to "fix-up" their RACT rules. See section 182(a)(2)(A). The CTG applicable to Rule 1130 is entitled Control of Volatile Organic Emissions from Existing Stationary Sources—Volume VIII: Graphic Arts-Rotogravure and Flexography. EPA-450/2-78-033. Rule 1136 controls emissions from a source category for which EPA has not finalized a CTG. Accordingly, this rule was evaluated against the interpretation of EPA policy found in the Blue Book, referred to in footnote 1 and against other EPA policy including the EPA Region 9/CARB document entitled: Guidance Document for Correcting VOC Rule Deficiencies (April 1991), and EPA's draft CTG for wood furniture finishing and cleaning operations, released for comments on September 7, 1995 in the Federal Register, 60 FR 46595. In general, these guidance documents have been set forth to ensure that VOC rules are fully enforceable and strengthen or maintain the SIP.

SCAQMD's submitted Rule 1130, Graphic Arts, includes the following significant changes from the current SIP:

- Reduction of the VOC content of graphic arts material to 300 grams per liter in conformance with the applicable CTG,
- Revision of the combined capture and control efficiency requirement of emission control systems to conform to the RACT level of control,
- Deletion of the exempt compound list and reference to Rule 102 which contains definitions and the exempt compound list,
- Lowering of the minimum metal content requirement in flexographic metallic ink from 35% to 28% by weight,
- Lowering of the VOC limit for flexographic metallic ink from 485 grams/liter (g/l) to 460 g/l,
- Addition of a prohibition of sale provision,

- Addition of the definition of "Potential to Emit",

• Addition of an exemption for the application of metallic and matte finish ink, provided that a written certification to limit the total facility-wide potential VOC emissions to 10 tons per year is on file.

SCAQMD's Rule 1136, Wood Coating Operations, includes the following significant changes from the current SIP:

- Addition of language and equation for control device equivalency,
- Addition of USEPA approved test method and language regarding multiple test methods,
- Addition of a VOC averaging provision,
- Addition of fiberboard and particleboard coating VOC limits,
- Extension of final compliance dates to July 1, 1996,
- Addition of economic incentives for facilities converting to compliant, waterborne coatings earlier than the final compliance date. The available incentives are alternative recordkeeping requirements and use of alternate spray equipment, with written approval from the executive officer.

EPA has evaluated the submitted rules and has determined that they are consistent with the CAA, EPA regulations, and EPA policy. Therefore, SCAQMD's Rules 1130, Graphic Arts, and 1136, Wood Products Coating, are being approved under section 110(k)(3) of the CAA as meeting the requirements of section 110(a) and part D.

Nothing in this action should be construed as permitting or allowing or establishing a precedent for any future implementation plan. Each request for revision to the state implementation plan shall be considered separately in light of specific technical, economic, and environmental factors and in relation to relevant statutory and regulatory requirements.

EPA is publishing this document without prior proposal because the Agency views this as a noncontroversial amendment and anticipates no adverse comments. However, in a separate document in this Federal Register publication, the EPA is proposing to approve the SIP revision should adverse or critical comments be filed. This action will be effective January 2, 1996, unless, by November 30, 1995, adverse or critical comments are received.

If the EPA receives such comments, this action will be withdrawn before the effective date by publishing a subsequent document that will withdraw the final action. All public comments received will then be addressed in a subsequent final rule based on this action serving as a

proposed rule. The EPA will not institute a second comment period on this action. Any parties interested in commenting on this action should do so at this time. If no such comments are received, the public is advised that this action will be effective January 2, 1996.

#### Regulatory Process

Under the Regulatory Flexibility Act, 5 U.S.C. 600 et seq., EPA must prepare a regulatory flexibility analysis assessing the impact of any proposed or final rule on small entities. 5 U.S.C. 603 and 604. Alternatively, EPA may certify that the rule will not have a significant impact on a substantial number of small entities. Small entities include small businesses, small not-for-profit enterprises and government entities with jurisdiction over population of less than 50,000.

SIP approvals under sections 110 and 301(a) and subchapter I, Part D of the CAA do not create any new requirements, but simply approve requirements that the State is already imposing. Therefore, because the Federal SIP-approval does not impose any new requirements, I certify that it does not have a significant impact on any small entities affected. Moreover, due to the nature of the Federal-state relationship under the CAA, preparation of a regulatory flexibility analysis would constitute Federal inquiry into the economic reasonableness of state action. The CAA forbids EPA to base its actions concerning SIPs on such grounds. *Union Electric Co. v. U.S. E.P.A.*, 427 U.S. 246, 256-66 (S. Ct. 1976); 42 U.S.C. 7410 (a)(2).

#### Unfunded Mandates

Under Sections 202, 203, and 205 of the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995 ("Unfunded Mandates Act"), signed into law on March 22, 1995, EPA must undertake various actions in association with proposed or final rules that include a Federal mandate that may result in estimated costs of \$100 million or more to the private sector or to State, local, or tribal governments in the aggregate.

Through submission of this state implementation plan or plan revision, the State and any affected local or tribal governments have elected to adopt the program provided for under Part D of the Clean Air Act. These rules may bind State, local, and tribal governments to perform certain actions and also require the private sector to perform certain duties. The rules being approved by this action will impose no new requirements because affected sources are already subject to these regulations under State law. Therefore, no additional costs to

State, local, or tribal governments or to the private sector result from this action. EPA has also determined that this final action does not include a mandate that may result in estimated costs of \$100 million or more to State, local, or tribal governments in the aggregate or to the private sector.

This action has been classified as a Table 3 action for signature by the Regional Administrator under the procedures published in the Federal Register on January 19, 1989 (54 FR 2214-2225), as revised by a July 10, 1995 memorandum from Mary Nichols, Assistant Administrator for Air and Radiation. The Office of Management and Budget (OMB) has exempted this action from review under Executive Order 12866.

#### List of Subjects in 40 CFR Part 52

Environmental protection, Air pollution control, Hydrocarbons, Incorporation by reference, Intergovernmental relations, Ozone, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Volatile organic compounds.

Note: Incorporation by reference of the State Implementation Plan for the State of California was approved by the Director of the Federal Register on July 1, 1982.

Dated: October 19, 1995.

John Wise,

*Acting Regional Administrator.*

Part 52, chapter I, title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations is amended as follows:

#### PART 52—[AMENDED]

1. The authority citation for part 52 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 42 U.S.C. 7401-7671q.

#### Subpart F—California

2. Section 52.220 is amended by adding paragraph (c)(225) to read as follows:

#### § 52.220 Identification of plan.

\* \* \* \* \*

(c) \* \* \*

(225) New and amended regulations for the following APCDs were submitted on October 13, 1995 by the Governor's designee.

(i) Incorporation by reference.

(A) South Coast Air Quality Management District.

(I) Rules 1130 and 1136 adopted September 8, 1995.

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[FR Doc. 95-26887 Filed 10-30-95; 8:45 am]

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#### 40 CFR Part 52

[CA 162-1-7250c; FRL-5321-3]

#### Approval and Promulgation of Implementation Plans; California State Implementation Plan Revision; Interim Final Determination That State Has Corrected the Deficiencies

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Interim final determination.

SUMMARY: Elsewhere in today's Federal Register, EPA published a direct final rule fully approving revisions to the California State Implementation Plan (SIP). The revisions concern South Coast Air Quality Management District's (SCAQMD) Rules 1130 and 1136. On that date, EPA also published a proposed rulemaking to provide the public with an opportunity to comment on EPA's action. If a person submits adverse comments on EPA's proposed action within 30 days of publication of the proposed and direct final actions, EPA will withdraw its direct final action and will consider any comments received before taking final action on the State's submittal. Based on the proposed full approval, EPA is making an interim final determination by this action that the State has corrected the deficiency for which a sanctions clock began on January 20, 1994. This action will defer the application of the offset sanction and defer the application of the highway sanction. Although this action is effective upon publication, EPA will take comment. If no comments are received on EPA's proposed approval of the State's submittal, the direct final action published in today's Federal Register will also finalize EPA's determination that the State has corrected the deficiency that started the sanctions clock. If comments are received on EPA's proposed approval and this interim final action, EPA will publish a final document taking into consideration any comments received.

DATES: This interim final determination is effective on October 31, 1995. Comments must be received by November 30, 1995.

ADDRESSES: Comments should be sent to: Daniel A. Meer, Rulemaking Section (A-5-3), Air and Toxics Division, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region IX, 75 Hawthorne Street, San Francisco, CA 94105.

The state submittal and EPA's analysis for that submittal, which are the basis for this action, are available for public review at the above address and at the following locations: