

Limitation.
 Conflicting laws repealed.

the court for want of proof of the citizenship of the claimant or alienage shall be reinstated and readjudicated in accordance with the provisions of this Act: *Provided further*, That nothing in this Act shall be construed to authorize the presentation of any other claims than those upon which suit has heretofore been brought in the Court of Claims: *Provided further*, That all Acts and parts of Acts in so far as they conflict with the provisions of this Act are hereby repealed."

Approved, January 11, 1915.

January 11, 1915.
 [S. 2651.]

[Public, No. 229.]

CHAP. 8.—An Act Providing for the purchase and disposal of certain lands containing the minerals kaolin, kaolinite, fuller's earth, china clay, and ball clay, in Tripp County, formerly a part of the Rosebud Indian Reservation in South Dakota.

Public lands.
 Entries allowed for kaolin, etc., on ceded lands of Rosebud Indian Reservation, S. Dak.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That all lands containing the minerals kaolin, kaolinite, fuller's earth, china clay, and ball clay, in Tripp County in what was formerly within the Rosebud Indian Reservation in South Dakota, as have heretofore been opened to settlement and entry under Acts of Congress which did not authorize the disposal of such mineral lands, shall be open to exploration and purchase and be disposed of under the general provisions of the mining laws of the United States, and the proceeds arising therefrom shall be deposited in the Treasury for the same purpose for which the proceeds arising from the disposal of other lands within the reservation in which such mineral-bearing lands are located were deposited: *Provided*, That the same person, association, or corporation shall not locate or enter more than one claim, not exceeding one hundred and sixty acres in area, hereunder: *Provided further*, That none of the lands or mineral deposits, the disposal of which is herein provided for, shall be disposed of at less price than that fixed by the applicable mining or coal-land laws, and in no instance at less than their appraised value to be determined by the Secretary of the Interior.

Provisos.
 Area restriction.
 Minimum price.

Approved, January 11, 1915.

January 11, 1915.
 [S. 6106.]

[Public, No. 230.]

CHAP. 9.—An Act Validating locations of deposits of phosphate rock heretofore made in good faith under the placer-mining laws of the United States.

Public lands.
 Placer locations for phosphate rock validated.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That where public lands containing deposits of phosphate rock have heretofore been located in good faith under the placer-mining laws of the United States and upon which assessment work has been annually performed, such locations shall be valid and may be perfected under the provisions of said placer-mining laws, and patents whether heretofore or hereafter issued thereon shall give title to and possession of such deposits: *Provided*, That this Act shall not apply to any locations made subsequent to the withdrawal of such lands from location, nor shall it apply to lands included in an adverse or conflicting lode location unless such adverse or conflicting location is abandoned.

Proviso.
 Application restricted.

Approved, January 11, 1915.

January 11, 1915.
 [S. 7107.]

[Public, No. 231.]

CHAP. 10.—An Act To authorize the construction of a bridge across the Ohio River at Metropolis, Illinois.

Ohio River.
 Paducah and Illinois Railroad Company may bridge, at Metropolis, Ill.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Paducah and Illinois Railroad Company, a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of Kentucky, its successors and assigns, be, and is

hereby, authorized to construct, maintain, and operate a bridge and approaches thereto across the Ohio River, at a point suitable to the interests of navigation, at Metropolis, Illinois, in accordance with the provisions of the Acts of Congress approved December seventeenth, eighteen hundred and seventy-two, and February fourteenth, eighteen hundred and eighty-three, authorizing the construction of bridges across the Ohio River, and of the Act entitled "An Act to regulate the construction of bridges across navigable waters," approved March twenty-third, nineteen hundred and six.

SEC. 2. That the right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved, January 11, 1915.

Construction.
Vol. 17, p. 398; Vol. 22, p. 414.

Vol. 34, p. 84.

Amendment.

CHAP. 11.—An Act To authorize the Government Exhibit Board for the Panama-Pacific International Exposition to install any part or parts of the Government exhibit at the said exposition either in the exhibit palaces of the Panama-Pacific International Exposition Company or in the Government building at said exposition.

January 11, 1915.
[S. 6454.]

[Public, No. 232.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Government Exhibit Board, created by the sundry civil Act approved June twenty-third, nineteen hundred and thirteen, is hereby authorized to install, display, and maintain any part or parts of the exhibit of the United States Government at the Panama-Pacific International Exposition in the exhibit palaces provided by the Panama-Pacific International Exposition Company or in the Government building provided for in the sundry civil Act approved August first, nineteen hundred and fourteen, as the said Government Exhibit Board may determine.

Panama-Pacific Exposition.
Installation of Government exhibits modified.
Ante, p. 76.

Ante, p. 607.

Approved, January 11, 1915.

CHAP. 13.—An Act For the coinage of certain gold and silver coins in commemoration of the Panama-Pacific International Exposition, and for other purposes.

January 16, 1915.
[S. 6039.]

[Public, No. 233.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury shall cause to be coined at the United States mint at San Francisco not exceeding three thousand gold coins of the denomination of \$50 each, ten thousand gold coins of the denomination of \$2.50 each, twenty-five thousand gold coins of the denomination of \$1 each, and not exceeding two hundred thousand silver coins of the denomination of 50 cents each, all of legal weight and fineness; said coins to be struck in commemoration of the Panama-Pacific International Exposition. The words, devices, and designs upon said coins shall be determined and prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury, and all provisions of law relative to the coinage and legal-tender value of all other gold and silver coins shall be applicable to the coins issued under and in accordance with the provisions of this Act; and one-half of the issue of \$50 gold coins herein authorized shall be similar in shape to the octagonal \$50 gold pieces issued in California in eighteen hundred and fifty-one; and the entire issue of said \$50, \$2.50, and \$1 coins herein authorized shall be sold and delivered by the Secretary of the Treasury to the Panama-Pacific International Exposition Company at par, under rules and regulations and in amounts to be prescribed by him. The coinage shall be executed as soon as may be and the delivery of said coins to begin not later than the day of the opening of the exposition. Said 50-cent coins herein authorized shall be issued only upon the request of the Panama-Pacific International Exposition Company, and shall be

Panama-Pacific Exposition.
Gold and silver coins to commemorate, authorized.

Designs, etc.

Octagon \$50 gold piece.

Delivery to Exposition Company.

Issue of 50-cent coins.