

(bb) there were reasonable grounds for failure to submit the evidence previously.

**(II) Procedure**

The Commission may—

(aa) accept or hear additional evidence; or

(bb) remand the proceeding to the administrative law judge for the consideration of additional evidence.

**(d) Stay of proceedings**

Review by an administrative law judge or the Commission under this section shall not operate as a stay of a final civil sanction of the Authority unless the administrative law judge or Commission orders such a stay.

(Pub. L. 116-260, div. FF, title XII, § 1209, Dec. 27, 2020, 134 Stat. 3272.)

**Editorial Notes**

REFERENCES IN TEXT

This chapter, referred to in subsec. (b)(2)(A)(ii), was in the original “this Act” and was translated as reading “this title”, meaning title XII of div. FF of Pub. L. 116-260, to reflect the probable intent of Congress.

**§ 3059. Unfair or deceptive acts or practices**

The sale of a covered horse, or of any other horse in anticipation of its future participation in a covered race, shall be considered an unfair or deceptive act or practice in or affecting commerce under section 45(a) of this title if the seller—

(1) knows or has reason to know the horse has been administered—

(A) a bisphosphonate prior to the horse’s fourth birthday; or

(B) any other substance or method the Authority determines has a long-term degrading effect on the soundness of the covered horse; and

(2) fails to disclose to the buyer the administration of the bisphosphonate or other substance or method described in paragraph (1)(B).

(Pub. L. 116-260, div. FF, title XII, § 1210, Dec. 27, 2020, 134 Stat. 3274.)

**§ 3060. State delegation; cooperation**

**(a) State delegation**

**(1) In general**

The Authority may enter into an agreement with a State racing commission to implement, within the jurisdiction of the State racing commission, a component of the racetrack safety program or, with the concurrence of the anti-doping and medication control enforcement agency under section 3054(e) of this title, a component of the horseracing anti-doping and medication control program, if the Authority determines that the State racing commission has the ability to implement such component in accordance with the rules, standards, and requirements established by the Authority.

**(2) Implementation by State racing commission**

A State racing commission or other appropriate regulatory body of a State may not im-

plement such a component in a manner less restrictive than the rule, standard, or requirement established by the Authority.

**(b) Cooperation**

To avoid duplication of functions, facilities, and personnel, and to attain closer coordination and greater effectiveness and economy in administration of Federal and State law, where conduct by any person subject to the horseracing medication control program or the racetrack safety program may involve both a medication control or racetrack safety rule violation and violation of Federal or State law, the Authority and Federal or State law enforcement authorities shall cooperate and share information.

(Pub. L. 116-260, div. FF, title XII, § 1211, Dec. 27, 2020, 134 Stat. 3274.)

**CHAPTER 58—FULL EMPLOYMENT AND BALANCED GROWTH**

Sec.

- 3101. Congressional findings.
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- 3111. Congressional statement of purpose.
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**SUBCHAPTER II—POLICIES AND PROCEDURES FOR CONGRESSIONAL REVIEW**

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- 3132. Committee review.
- 3133. Exercise of rulemaking powers.

**SUBCHAPTER III—GENERAL PROVISIONS**

- 3151. Nondiscrimination.
- 3152. Labor standards.

**§ 3101. Congressional findings**

(a) The Congress finds that the Nation has suffered substantial unemployment and underemployment, idleness of other productive resources, high rates of inflation, and inadequate productivity growth, over prolonged periods of time, imposing numerous economic and social costs on the Nation. Such costs include the following:

(1) The Nation is deprived of the full supply of goods and services, the full utilization of labor and capital resources, and the related increases in economic well-being that would occur under conditions of genuine full employment, production, and real income, balanced growth, a balanced Federal budget, and the effective control of inflation.

(2) The output of goods and services is insufficient to meet pressing national priorities.

(3) Workers are deprived of the job security, income, skill development, and productivity necessary to maintain and advance their standards of living.

(4) Business and industry are deprived of the production, sales, capital flow, and produc-