

(2) Additional guarantees**(A) In general**

The Secretary may issue additional loan guarantees for a project to cover—

- (i) up to 80 percent of the excess of actual project costs; but
- (ii) not to exceed 15 percent of the amount of the original loan guarantee.

(B) Principal and interest

Subject to subparagraph (A), the Secretary shall guarantee 100 percent of the principal and interest of a loan guarantee made under subparagraph (A).

(Pub. L. 109-58, title XV, §1516, Aug. 8, 2005, 119 Stat. 1091.)

Editorial Notes

REFERENCES IN TEXT

Title XIV, referred to in subsec. (a), is title XIV of Pub. L. 109-58, Aug. 8, 2005, 119 Stat. 1061, which enacted subchapter XIII of this chapter and section 13557 of this title.

SUBCHAPTER XV—INCENTIVES FOR INNOVATIVE TECHNOLOGIES

§ 16511. Definitions

In this subchapter:

(1) Commercial technology**(A) In general**

The term “commercial technology” means a technology in general use in the commercial marketplace.

(B) Inclusions

The term “commercial technology” does not include a technology solely by use of the technology in a demonstration project funded by the Department.

(2) Cost

The term “cost” has the meaning given the term “cost of a loan guarantee” within the meaning of section 661a(5)(C) of title 2.

(3) Eligible project

The term “eligible project” means a project described in section 16513 of this title.

(4) Guarantee**(A) In general**

The term “guarantee” has the meaning given the term “loan guarantee” in section 661a of title 2, except that a loan guarantee may guarantee any debt obligation of a non-Federal borrower to any Eligible Lender (as defined in section 609.2 of title 10, Code of Federal Regulations).

(B) Inclusion

The term “guarantee” includes a loan guarantee commitment (as defined in section 661a of title 2).

(5) Obligation

The term “obligation” means the loan or other debt obligation that is guaranteed under this section.

(6) State

The term “State” has the meaning given the term in section 6802 of this title.

(7) State energy financing institution**(A) In general**

The term “State energy financing institution” means a quasi-independent entity or an entity within a State agency or financing authority established by a State—

- (i) to provide financing support or credit enhancements, including loan guarantees and loan loss reserves, for eligible projects; and
- (ii) to create liquid markets for eligible projects, including warehousing and securitization, or take other steps to reduce financial barriers to the deployment of existing and new eligible projects.

(B) Inclusion

The term “State energy financing institution” includes an entity or organization established to achieve the purposes described in clauses (i) and (ii) of subparagraph (A) by an Indian Tribal entity or an Alaska Native Corporation.

(Pub. L. 109-58, title XVII, §1701, Aug. 8, 2005, 119 Stat. 1117; Pub. L. 117-58, div. D, title IV, §40401(c)(1), Nov. 15, 2021, 135 Stat. 1037; Pub. L. 117-169, title V, §50141(e), Aug. 16, 2022, 136 Stat. 2043.)

Editorial Notes

AMENDMENTS

2022—Par. (4)(A). Pub. L. 117-169 inserted “, except that a loan guarantee may guarantee any debt obligation of a non-Federal borrower to any Eligible Lender (as defined in section 609.2 of title 10, Code of Federal Regulations)” before period at end.

2021—Pars. (6), (7). Pub. L. 117-58 added pars. (6) and (7).

Statutory Notes and Related Subsidiaries

WAGE RATE REQUIREMENTS

For provisions relating to rates of wages to be paid to laborers and mechanics on projects for construction, alteration, or repair work funded under div. D or an amendment by div. D of Pub. L. 117-58, including authority of Secretary of Labor, see section 18851 of this title.

§ 16512. Terms and conditions**(a) In general**

Except for division C of Public Law 108-324 [15 U.S.C. 720 et seq.], the Secretary shall make guarantees under this or any other Act for projects, including projects receiving financial support or credit enhancements from a State energy financing institution, on such terms and conditions as the Secretary determines, after consultation with the Secretary of the Treasury, only in accordance with this section.

(b) Specific appropriation or contribution**(1) In general**

Except as provided in paragraph (2), the cost of a guarantee shall be paid by the Secretary using an appropriation made for the cost of the guarantee, subject to the availability of such an appropriation.

(2) Insufficient appropriations

If sufficient appropriated funds to pay the cost of a guarantee are not available, then the guarantee shall not be made unless—